THE WEATHER.
Fair and mild
Tuesday, easterly and southerly winds, generally fair with stationary or a little higher temperature.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY INTHINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 60 50
BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, MONDAY, JANUARY 3, 1916.
366

ESTAB[illegible]ED [illegible]58
A Happy [illegible]
Yea[illegible]
TICKELL & S[illegible]

Hon. W.T. White Made K.C.M.G.

New Year's Honors List Includes Many Canadians

OTTAWA, Dec. 31.—The following announcement was issued from the government house tonight:

"His Majesty the King has been pleased to approve the following appointments:

"To the perrage: Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, president Canadian Pacific Railway Company, Montreal.

"To be Knights Companion of the Order of St. Michael and St. George: Hon. W. T. White, minister of finance; Mr. Collingwood, Schebrebber, C.M.G., consulting engineer to the government.

"To be Knights Bachelor: Brigadier-General Bertram, deputy chairman of Imperial munitions board; Chief Justice Haultain, Regina; John Kennedy, consulting engineer, Montreal; Hon. L. O. Taillon, K.C., Montreal.

"To be Military Commander of the Bath: Major-General Gwatkin, chief of the Canadian general staff, Ottawa.

"To be Civil Commander of the Bath: Major-General John Carson, Montreal (now abroad on active service).

"To be Commanders of the Order of St. Michael and St. George: Lieutenant-Colonel Grasett, chief constable of Toronto; Surgeon-General Carleton Jones, Ottawa (now on active service); Brigadier-General J. C. McDougall, commanding the Canadian training camp in England; Wm. Brymner, president Canadian Academy of Arts.

"Royal Red Cross: Matron M. K. MacDonald."

New Year's In Quebec

MONTREAL, Jan. 3.—Quebec, with a tobaggan slide higher than ever, and a new open air skating rink on Dufferen Terrace. Quebec has started her winter sports in earnest. It is doubtful whether any previous winter season saw so many American visitors as have registered at the Chaleau, or have announced their intention of coming in January, Boston, New York and Philadelphia are sending large contingents, one Philadelphia millionaire alone having reserved twelve rooms, while their are quite a few from Chicago and the Middle West. Officers from the 33rd took part in the New Year's Eve dance, so that the old grandfather clock which commanded the supper room, faced a lively scene yet the rememberance of the war kept a restraining influence over the festivities and made impossible, the thought of any boisterous revelry. One New Yorker expressed his sympathy by handing over $100 to the Patriotic Fund and said he would collect twenty more such subscriptions from his friends, on Wall street on his return. On the stroke of midnight announcing the New Year, Father Time emerged from the grandfather clock and was followed by a fairy attendance of a train of six pretty little children who threw roses at the delighted guests. Many prominent leaders in Quebec society attended the New Year's dinner.

Boy Drowned In St. Lawrence

BROCKVILLE, Dec. 31.—A very sad drowning accident occurred this afternoon about four o'clock, when James Ira, the six-year-old son of Mr. J. T. Beattie lost his life in the St. Lawrence River. Nothwithstanding the combined efforts of Dr. W. F. Jackson and Fire Chief Brady, who used the pulmotor, it was impossible to revive the boy.

Another British Steamer Sunk

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 3.—The British steamer "Glengyle", nine thousand tons, has been sunk. There are about one hundred survivors. It was on a voyage from Shanghai to London.

Will Proclaim Martial Law

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 3.—An Athens newspaper states Martial Law will be proclaimed in Greece on January 15th, and the Chamber of Deputies will be summoned on the 17th to ratify the proclamation.

RUSSIANS OFFENSIVE OF GREAT IMPORTANCE

Capture Heights Overlooking Czernowitz in New Drive to Counter Recent German Operations in Balkans

LARGE NUMBERS SPLENDIDLY EQUIPPED

Plan to Break Backbone of the Foe—To Effect Junction with Allies in Balkans—Roumania Favorable to Entente Allies

Russian Successes

LONDON, Jan. 3.—The Russians have captured the heights northeast of Czernowitz, Bukowina, according to a despatch to Reuter's Telegram Company from Petrograd. Eight hundred and seventy prisoners fell into the hands of the Russians.

Important Drive

Russia's campaign in Bessarabia continues to be the most important visible war activity. From the Pripet to the Roumanian frontier, over a front of at least 300 miles, a huge Russian force with a great appearance of confidence is hurling sledge-hammer blows at the opposing force, which, according to all accounts, totals at least a million and a half men.

Well Prepared

Petrograd reports considerable successes in the early stages of the campaign, and despatches emphasize the excellent equipment, supplies and munitions which Russia laid up for this purpose during a period of comparative passivity.

London Pleased

Some London observers, speculating on the meaning of the Bessarabia move, hail it as one of the most ambitious strategic plans since the beginning of the hostilities, and predict that it will prove a colossal attempt to break the backbone of the Germanic allies' whole line across the Balkans.

Will Meet Allies in Balkans.

Thus one critic says:

"The plan is that Russia and the other allies, moving from different sides, shall meet in the Balkans and gain complete mastery of that peninsula If they succeed, Turkey will be subdued and the vitals of Austria-Hungary menaced."

So long as Russia keeps up her present activity just north of the Roumanian border, the attitude of Roumania will continue to grow in importance.

Roumania Favorable

LONDON, Jan. 3.—While the attitude of the Roumanian Government has been a matter of speculation, particularly since the invasion of Bulgaria by the Russians seems to have been held in abeyance for the moment, the attitude of the people as a whole is in no doubt. It is well known that the Conservative party is wholeheartedly with the Allies and that it represents the most progressive and enlightened section of public opinion.

No Doubt of Attitude

Mr. Take Jonescu, who is the leader of this party, has just issued to the Central News correspondent at Bucharest, a statement which leaves no doubt as to where the Conservatives stand with regard to participation in the war.

"I can assure you," he says, "that the Roumanian army will never march beside the Germans. If it was impossible when the Russians were retreating, still more is it impossible now when the Russians are strengthening their positions daily. Any statements to the contrary that you may hear are absolute falsehoods.

Regrets Inaction

"For my own part, I regret that Roumania did not enter the war at the same time as Bulgaria did, but I still hope, in common with the rest of my countrymen, and what I believe to be the immense majority of them, that Roumania will sooner or later participate in the war against the Germans."

This statement of the ex-premier of Roumania has been very well received in London and is considered to foreshadow important developments in Roumania whenever the position of the Russian armies has become more clearly established.

ANOTHER LINER NARROWLY ESCAPES

LONDON, Jan. 2.—How the Ellerman liner City of Marseilles escaped the fate of the Persia was told for the first time in despatches received here today from Bombay.

The City of Marseilles, which arrived at Bombay on December 8, reported that while in the Mediterranean she was pursued and fired upon by a submarine. She was not hit, and finally shook off her pursuer.

The attack occurred on the morning of November 23, when the City of Marseilles was off the Sardinian coast. A submarine some three and a half miles distant opened fire without warning. Fragments of the first shell scattered upon the deck of the liner.

The City of Marseilles worked up to her maximum speed, and when a second shot from the submarine barely missed her rudder she opened fire with her stern gun on the undersea boat.

The submarine continued firing, but failed to score a hit. Eight shots were fired by the City of Marseilles and soon after the last one the submarine was seen to list heavily to port. She disappeared shortly afterwards.

Japanese Fleet For Suez Canal

(Canadian Press Special)

TOKO, Jan. 3.—The crew of the Japanese freight steamer "Kenkokee Marse", which was sunk by a German submarine in the Mediterranean last Wednesday, has landed at Cannes, France. The announcement is made that a Japanese squadron will sail for the Suez Canal, presumably to protect Japanese shipping. Armored cruisers Kasuga, Zookiwa and Chilose have been selected

COL. J. L. BIGGAR RECEIVES PROMOTION

He Is Made Director-General of Transports And Supply

OTTAWA, Jan. 2.—(Special).—Col. J. Lyons Biggar has been promoted to the position of Director-General of Transports and Supply, in recognition of the unremitting energy and efficient work which he has shown since the outbreak of the war in looking after the multifarious duties of arranging for the transport and transport supplies of the Canadian troops. In Canada more than two hundred thousand troops have been moved by rail, while the ocean transport has involved the carrying of some 125,000 troops across the Atlantic and to Bermuda. In the whole work there has not been a single hitch of any importance, and only one life has been lost. That fatality was in the case of a soldier who fell off a train while en route to Valcartier. Col. Biggar is a brother of Mr. W. H. Biggar, Vice-President of the C.P.R., and of the late City Solicitor of Toronto, Mr. C. W. R. Biggar.

Ireland Not to Be Excepted

LONDON, Jan. 2.—According to an announcement made by the Press Association, Ireland is not to be excepted from the new compulsory recruiting bill.

HIS SENTIMENT

"Are you fond of lobster salad, doctor?" asked the hostess.

"No," replied the doctor, "I'm not fond of it. But I'm very grateful to it."

Within the Military Circle

BELLEVILLE

Lieut. H. A. Fish and Capt. Geen have reported for duty with the 155th Battalion.

Lieut. Fish will take charge of the recruiting at Stirling.

Capt. Turnbull of the 155th Battalion has left for Coe Hill to take charge of recruiting.

The concert that took place yesterday afternoon and evening, given by the 155th Battalion, will be repeated in two weeks time.

A recruiting meeting will take place at Ameliasburg tomorrow evening. Lieut. Sandford and officers of the 155th Batt. will speak.

Ptes. W. R. Guy, D. Stewart and R. D. Collier, of the 80th Batt., have been admitted to the General Hospital at Belleville.

Sergt. W. Roberts, Ptes. E. Booth and E. Sykes, of the 80th Batt., have been admitted to the Napanee General Hospital.

Pte. W. Etherington, of the 80th, has been admitted to the Picton Hospital.

Sergt. Smith, of the 80th Batt., has been discharged from the Belleville General Hospital.

Ptes. T. Hunter, E. L. Kirk, of the 80th Batt., have been discharged from the Picton Hospital.

Pte. H. J. Smith, of the 80th Batt., has been discharged from the Napanee Hospital.

The recruiting for both the 80th and 155th Battalions is very brisk just now. The 80th Battalion received 22 recruits last week.

80TH BATTALION ORDERS.

Orderly officer for today—Lt. A. J. McMillan; for tomorrow—Lt. J. H. Alp.

Orderly Sergt. for today—Corp. Webster, A. Co.; for tomorrow—Corp. Coon, A. Co.

Orderly Corp. for today—Corp. Grant, A. Co.; for tomorrow—Corp. Dunlop, A. Co.

KINGSTON

The German prisoners at Fort Henry have just received 2,400 pounds of presents from the German and Austrian Prisoners' Relief Association, New York. The shipment contained sweaters, clothes of all kinds, mouth organs, cigars, tobacco and other things. These have all been distributed to the men interned in Fort Henry.

Lieut Stagg, who left Barriefield camp with a draft of the 59th battalion, has been sent to France from Shorncliffe, Eng.

Since the School of Cookery started to teach men how to cook for units there has been no complaints about the food supplied to the soldier. Complaints were common before the school taught men how to cook and serve properly the excellent ration served by the government. The next School of Military Cookery will open here on January 15th.

March 15th is the date set by Lt.-Col. Low and the officers of the 146th Battalion, when they expect to get the Frontenac Regiment complete. That will be 90 days from the 15 of December. Every effort will be put forth to have the battalion up to strength on the date set.

The 146th battalion has arranged a series of meetings which will take place as follows: Napanee, Jan. 4th; Arden, Jan. 5th; Tamworth, Jan. 10; Sharbot Lake, Jan. 11; Sydenham, Jan 12. All these meetings will be for recruiting purposes, following the big opening rally in the City Hall on Monday night, Jan. 3rd.

The prisoners at Fort Henry have been supplied with hockey sticks and pucks. These will be used on the new rink built recently. There will be many a fall on the ice before the Rhinelanders learn to play the Canadian game, but there would be many more falls if they got a few Canadians to teach them the game.

The Provisional School of Infantry gave an "At-Home" last night in the City Hall and the affair was one of the most brilliant successes of the military season in the city. There were fully 300 present in response to the invitations which had been sent out. The officers, with a few exceptions, were in khaki, whilst the ladies were dressed in the usual costume common to receptions, dances and the better class of social functions. Dancing commenced at nine o'clock. Arbuckle's orchestra furnishing the music. At twelve o'clock the dancers entered Ontario hall, where the tables were set for an excellent supper. This was in charge of Sergt. Tierney, caterer for the P.S.I., and it was served in the way in which Sergt. Tierney always serves a meal. The tables were beautifully decorated with a profusion of flowers and smilax, and the eatables were of the best. After supper the dancing was continued in the City Hall until day was almost breaking over Fort Henry. One of the unique features of the dance last night was the throwing of hundreds of red, white and blue ribbons over wires that had been stretched in all directions while the band played "Auld Land Syne," and the dancers glided in and out among the colored strands until they resembled so many gaudy flies in a network of finely spun gauze. The officers and committee who promoted the function of last night deserve much credit for the success of their undertaking.

ENEMY SUB. SINKS BIG BRITISH LINER

Over Three Hundred Lives Lost When Steamer Persia Sinks—Goes Down in Five Minutes After Being Torpedoed

ONE AMERICAN REPORTED TO BE A VICTIM

Only Four Boatloads Escape From Doomed Vessel—Worst Disaster Since Lusitania—A Terrible Toll For 1915

Official Announcement

LONDON, Jan. 2.—The British Admiralty announces that the Peninsular & Oriental Line steamship Persia, of 7,974 tons, which left London for Bombay on December [illegible] was torpedoed and sunk without warning by an enemy submarine on Thursday afternoon at one o'colck, off the Island of Crete. The vessel carried about 300 in her crew and 2[illegible] passengers, including eighty-six women, thirty children and three Americans. Mr. Robert McNeely, United States Consul at Aden; Mr. Dowd McNeely, his brother and Secretary, and Charles H. Grant of Boston, a salesman. Mr. McNeely and his brother are from Monroe, N.C., and the Aden post to which Mr. McNeely was bound was his first Consular position.

Four Boats Safe

As only four small boats escaped it is feared this culmination of the [illegible] of the incidents in 1915 by Teutonic submarines is only eclipsed in horror by the sinking of the Lusitania on May 7 when the sea murderers sent 1,198 persons including a hundred Americans, to a watery grave. The Persia's death list will reach a little over 300.

Nearly 160 Survivors Landed

Unofficial despatches from Carlo state that the British steamship Persia, sunk in the Mediterranean on Thursday, was torpepoed without warning and sank in five minutes. Between 150 and 160 survivors have been landed at Alexandria, Egypt, and it has been estimated that the total loss of life will be slightly over 300.

The survivors comprise the Chief Officer, Second Officer, seven engineers, twenty-seven seamen, sixty-three Lascars, and fifty-nine passengers.

Americans Drowned

Robert N. McNeely, American Consul at Aden, Arabia, is believed to have been drowned.

Reuter's Cairo correspondent makes the unreserved statement that Mr. McNeely lost his wife. Charles Grant of Boston was saved.

To Make Enquiry

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—Secretary of State Lansing to-day cabled Arthur Garrels, American Consul at Alexandria, Egypt, to take depositions of all survivors of the British liner Persia, sunk in the Mediterranian with the loss of several American lives, to determine, if possible, whether it was destroyed by a torpedo or a mine.

To Await Facts

Two of the highest officials of the State Department said that there are "so many elements of doubt" in the case that it would be imprudent to make any statement. They are contenting themselves at present with determining the facts.

If the further investigation proves that the Persia was torpedoed without warning it was definitely indicated that the United States Government will suspend all further negotiations with Germany and Austria until satisfacton is given in the Persia case.

A Terrible Toll.

The list of ocean horrors for 1915 includes these vessels sunk by German or Austrian submarines:

Vessel, Nationality and Date.
The Falaba, British, March 28—Dead, 101.
The Lusitania, British, May 7—Dead 1,198.
The Arabic, British, August 19—Dead 39.
The Hesperian, British, September 6—Dead 32.
The Ancona, Italian, November 7—Dead 208.
The Yasaka Maru, Japanese, December 21.
The Ville de la Clotat, French, December 24—Dead 86.
Total dead, 1,659.

Wilson to Return Home

HOT SPRINGS, VIRGINA, Jan. 3.—President Wilson will cut short his honeymoon and return to Washington tonight because of new developments caused by the destruction of the steamship Persia.

FIGHTING PARSONS' BATTALION SUGGESTED

Sir Sam Thinks Thousand Would-Be Chaplains Might be Organized

OTTAWA, Jan. 2.—Major-General Sir Sam Hughes believes that the Church militant in Canada ought to furnish a fighting parsons' battalion. The applications for positions as chaplains in the overseas forces now total upwards of a thousand, says General Sir Sam, and he has put forward the suggestion that the hundreds of clergymen anxious to see service under the colors might be organized into a real fighting unit and carry "the sword of the Lord and of Gideon" into the firing line. If the clergymen who want to enlist accept the suggestion a fighting pastors' battalion will be organized.

Kingston Holds Civic Service

KINGSTON, Jan. 2.—A civic service of intercession was held in the City Hall this afternoon. Major Sutherland and the members of the City Council were in attendance. Rev. Dr. Macgillivray, Moderator of the Presbyterian General Assembly, presided, and an address was given by the Bishop of Kingston.

AGREEMENT [illegible] WITH [illegible]

Government to Gran[illegible] Demands of Trade Unionists—[illegible]onference Is Succes[illegible]

[illegible]DON, Jan. 2.—[illegible] account of [illegible] conference held F[illegible] evening [illegible] Premier Asquith, [illegible] David Lloyd [illegible], the Minister of [illegible]itions, and [illegible] deputation from the [illegible]malgamated [illegible]ty of Engineers, which is the [illegible] influential trade union body and [illegible]des most of the trades concerned [illegible] the manufacture of munitions, [illegible] tonight by the Press Bureau, [illegible] that the Government has decided [illegible] acquiesce in all the demands of [illegible] trade unionists in return for their [illegible] to the immediate intro[illegible] [illegible] Lloyd George's scheme of labor [illegible].

[illegible] Press Bureau's account is made [illegible] the most part of excerpts from [illegible] Asquith's remarks to the deputation [illegible] the conference, which lasted [illegible] hours, but includes also the [illegible]ment that the deputation agreed, [illegible] the conference was closed, [illegible] on behalf of the membership [illegible] society the scheme of dilution [illegible] co-operate actively therein." [illegible] bill, covering the union demands, will be pushed through Parliament as [illegible] as possible. The demands [illegible] [illegible] matters of pay and conditions [illegible] for unskilled workmen and [illegible] introduced under the dilution [illegible]. The Government had al[illegible] agreed to restore the status quo [illegible] the war.

E[illegible]IAN FORCE CAPTURES SUPPLIES

LONDON, Jan. 2.—The following official communication was issued last night:

"The British Officer Commanding in Egypt reports under today's date that our force which advanced from Matrus (Mersa Matura) to round up Harun's camp, found that he had retreated in haste, leaving one month's supplies, 400 sheep, 90 camels and 200 tents.

"The booty captured after the action at Majid includes 1,200 rounds of small-arm ammunition, 300 sheep and 84 camels. In addition 60 camels were destroyed by artillery fire."

PEACE PARTY TO GO TO HAGUE

(Canadian Press Special)

COPENHAGEN, Jan 3.—The German Government has granted the Ford Peace party permission to travel through Germany to the Hague under severe restrictions. The party will be locked in a special train and none permitted to set foot on German soil. They will not be permitted to carry documents of any kind, written, printed or typewritten, nor cameras, opera glasses or gold coin.

LABORERS UNDER MILITARY CONTROL

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, Jan. 3.—All port and dock laborers have been placed under military control in order to prevent possible strikes duing the effort to emove the accumulation of merchandise.

Wife (calmly): "It's all right, dear. The guests of the Moneybags' ball are just coming home, and I slipped down and gave the front door a slam, so the neighbors would think we were there."

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIANS

OTTAWA, Jan. 2.—Following is this afternoon's casualty list:—

7TH BATTALION

Previously reported wounded and now wounded and missing since September 27—Private Patrick Roach, Kingston, Ont.

13TH BATTALION

Died of wounds December 22—Private Walter Leary, Port Moncton, N.S.

21ST BATTALION

Killed in action December 20—Private Arthur Carman, Kingston.

Wounded—Private George Spicer, Garden Hill, Que.

22ND BATTALION

Severely wounded—Private J. E. Sparrow, Hull, Que.

25TH BATTALION

Killed in action December 22—Private Albert Hill, Halifax, N.S.

26TH BATTALION

Wounded December 27—Lieut. Percy Clark Sherren, Crapaud, P.E.I.

29TH BATTALION

Died of wounds December 22—Private Christopher Matthew Ranson, South Vancouver.

36TH BATTALION

Died December 31.—Private Herbert Bodwell, Ingersoll, Ont.

56TH BATTALION

Seriously ill—Private Stanley French, 226 Silver Birch avenue, Toronto, Ont.; Private Albert Thomas Quance, Barrie, Ont.

CANADIAN CAVALRY DEPOT

Seriously ill—Private Edgar Reid, [illegible]

JANUARY SALE

$2.50 Boys' Buster Knitted Wool Suits, cardinal shade, sale price, suit $1.39
75c. Boys' Plain Wool Undershirts, also heavy knitted top shirts on sale at, each .... 50c.
$1.25 to $1.50 Men's Flannel Top Shirts, all sizes, on sale at, each .... 98c.
$1.00 Men's heavy English Flannelette Night Gowns, on sale at, each .... 75c.
75c. and $1.00 Men's and Boys' Knitted Wool Caps, light and dark colors, on sale, each .... 50c.
25c. and 35c. Heavy and Fine Elastic Suspenders, on sale at, each .... 19c.
Great sale of Men's Mocha Mitts and Gloves, also men's Heavy Mitts at greatly reduced prices.
Clearing Sale of the balance of our Horse Blankets, only 25 left to clear out.
An immense range of enamelled Ware on sale at, each, ... 15c.
Enamelled Water Pails on sale at each .... 39c.
Nickel Plated Solid Copper Tea Kettles, each $1.39

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

A
Happy and Prosperous
New Year
To One and All

ADAMS' The Shoeman

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers

CARD OF THANKS

Mrs. James Malyea and family desire to express their thanks to many friends and acquaintances for their kindness at the time of their recent bereavement.

SURROGATE COURT

Probate granted to Rev. A. E. Cameron and Robert Curry English of the will of the late Dickson English of the Township of Tyendinaga. Mikel, Stewart & Baalim, solicitors for executors.

TRIAL FIXED

Herbert Rose alias Avery of this city, who is accused of bigamy, was this morning brought up for election. He elected to be tried before Judge Deroche and his trial was fixed for Thursday, 6th inst., at 10 o'clock.

CHRISTMAS DAY PLATES

"The pie plates belonging to those who very kindly assisted in providing for the dinner at the Barracks on Christmas Day have been taken to the Khaki Club as a more convenient place from which to get them.

The committee was hoping to have sent the plates to the owners but few of them have indentification marks and those that did unfortunately lost them in being washed. They may be called for anytime."

SUCCESSFUL DANCE

On New Year's Eve a most successful dance took place at Ramsay's academy, Belleville. Upwards of 125 couple were present and to the sweet strains of music furnished by the Sills' orchestra danced the old year out and the new year in. At midnight luncheon was served. The committee in charge were Messrs. W. F. Bennett, T. Ramsays and H. A. E. Wright.

WAY vs. SHAW

W. C. Mikel, K.C., applied before Hon. Mr. Justice Britton in the Supreme Court of Ontario, on behalf of defendant for leave to put in further evidence in this case, which was tried at Belleville Non Jury Sittings, Dec. 9th last. Leave granted., January 13th, fixed for putting in evidence; costs of same to be paid by defendant in any event and $50.00 to be paid into Court as security. E. Gus Porter, K.C., for plaintiff.

ANTI LOCAL OPTION MEETING

A mass meeting was held in Griffin's Opera House last night opposing Local Option in this city. A large crowd was present to hear the songs, music and speeches. Mr. J. F. Wills, K.C., was chairman of the meeting, and gave a short address. Hon. Harry Corby also spoke briefly. The principal speaker of the evening, Mr. James A. Livingston, of Grimsby, was unable to be present until a little after ten o'clock, owing to having filled another engagement the same day and the slippery roads made it difficult for an automobile to run at even fair speed.

Mr. Fred Burke sang "Take Me Back to Canada," and as an encore "Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep." "An Irish Lullaby," sang by Mr. Harold Barrett, proved a popular number and he responded to an encore.

The XVth Regimental Band was engaged for the evening and furnished excellent music.

MILITARY PROMOTION

The official Gazette of the 1st of January, 1916, contains the following promotion:—

49th Regiment (Hastings Rifles).—Major H. H. Alger is granted the honorary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel under the provisions of K.R.&O., 1910, (C.M.) para. 216, 24 July, 1915.

15th Regiment (Argyll Light Infantry).—To be Major: Captain A. E. MacColl, 16th June, 1915.

THE ELECTION

Never in the City of Belleville was there more interest manifested in a municipal election than that of today. This was largely owing to the fact that Local Option was being voted upon. That the vote will be the largest ever polled in the city there is no doubt. The organization on both sides was excellent and in consequence voters were taken to the various polls in the city in large numbers.

THE SUNNY COURSE

What you have not
You can't bestow,
No matter what
Of joy or woe.
So if you'd be
A fount of light
Your mind hold free
Of thoughts of night.
And if of cheer
You'd be the source
You'd better steer
The sunny course.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. (Rev.) Locke of Toronto is visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. H. Lattimer, John street.

Misses G. Weese and Preston, of Belleville, spent Ney Year's in Cobourg.

Col. Ponton, of this city is suffering from an attack of pneumonia, but his condition is by no means serious.

Mrs. A. H. Wheatley and Miss Irene Aitken, of London, Ont., who were spending the holiday with Mrs. J. G. Meagher, 9 Octavia St., have returned home.

Mr. J. Arthur Hayes of Toronto spent New Year's with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Hayes, 27 Catherine St.

The Messrs. G. Dickson, L. Millard, I. Wallis, R. Wilson, T. Hammond and C. Cornelius, of Kingston, were guests of their lady friends of Belleville over the holiday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Linn, College Hill, have returned from spending the Christmas holidays at Arnprior, where they have been visiting Mrs. Linn's brother, J. R. McQuigge.

DEATH ROLL

Since New Year's morning the reaper of death has been busy in the city and vicinity, cutting off a number.

MARGARET G. PALMER

On Sunday, Margaret G. Palmer, aged 3 years and 5 months, passed away. The little one was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Adam Palmer, residing at 22 Pope street, Belleville.

WM. J. ROSS

After being ill for some months, Mr. William James Ross at an early hour this morning joined the great majority. Deceased who was in his 35 year was born in Belleville, being the youngest son of the late Mr. James Ross. He was an unmarried man and had many friends in the city. Mr. Ross was a member of St. Michael's Church. A mother, three brothers and two sisters survive. The brothers are Jack, of Alaska. Walter and James of this city. The sisters are: Mrs. Wernock, of Flint, Mich., and Mrs. McCondon, of Toronto.

MILDRED LESLIE

Miss Mildred Leslie, daughter of the late Mr. Robt. Leslie, of Thurlow Township, died on New Year's Day. Deceased was in her 30th year and had been ill for some time. She was born in Thurlow, where she lived all her life. Miss Leslie was a member of the Presbyterian Church and a young woman much respected. A mother and four sisters survive. The sisters are:—Mrs. C. Rollins, of Saskatchewan; Misses Blanche, Winnifred and Luella, at home.

REV. JOHN FERGUSON

On New Year's night Rev. John Ferguson, a well known minister of the Methodist church, residing with his daughter, Mrs. A. F. Sherman, John street, Belleville, passed away to his reward. Deceased was 85 years of age and owing to ill health had been for some years superannuated. He was born near Renfrew town, being the eldest of a family of 14 children. He was married to Miss Catherine Pomeroy of Camden East, and 11 years ago the aged couple celebrated their golden wedding. Mrs. Ferguson predeceased him some three years ago. During his many years in the ministry Rev. Mr. Ferguson was pastor of several circuits in the Bay of Quinte and Montreal Conference. He was a forcible speaker, and a great revivalist. Two sons, Frank C., of New York, and John, a Consular in China, and three daughters, Mrs. S. Andersons, Mrs. Hermon of Belleville, and Mrs. Toplin of Welsley, Mass., survive.

LIONEL M. PARKER

Relatives received the sad intelligence yesterday of the death of Mr. Lionel Montrose Parker, which occured on Saturday at San Force Hospital, Porto Rico. Deceased succumbed after an attack of Duegue Fever a tropical disease, and other complications developed. Deceased was a son of the late Mr. Joseph M. Parker and was born at Camden East, on March 23, 1866. He was employed at the Mr. D. M. Water's Drug Store for many years and later went to Chicago and entered into business with his brother, F. J. Parker. He then went to Bayamon, Porto Rico and was engaged there up to the time of his death in the fruit farming business and owned one of the best farms in that locality.

Besides leaving his wife and two children the late Mr. Parker is survived by four brothers: Mr. T. Parker, of Tornoto; Sir Gilbert Parker, Bart, M. P., of London, England, Mr. Arthur Parker, of SanFrancisco, and one sister, Miss Josephine Parker, of Belleville. To the bereaved ones will be extended the heartfelt sympathy of many friends in this city.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES
BEST YEAST IN THE WORLD
Bread made with Royal Yeast will keep fresh and moist longer than that made with any other.
MADE IN CANADA

W. L. McKinnon. Dean H. Pettes.
Harry L. Shepherd
We offer for sale—
$3000 West Beverley R. T. Co Sask.
8% Maturing 15 instalments (annuity). Denominations $3,000.
Principal and Interest payable at Swift Current, Sask.
Interest payable 10th of January.
The bonds are countersigned by the Minister of Telephones of the Prov. of Sask. making the legality indisputable. In this way the Government guarantees the legality.
STATISTICS OF MUNICIPALITY
(as furnished us)
This telephone line is situated in Township 15, Range 15, west of 3rd Meridian, and it comprises 6,400 acres of land assessable.
Price of land in this district is $25. per acre.
The total debt including this issue is $3,000.
This telephone line runs 12½ miles and has 16 subscribers. The soil in the district is chocolate loam, best adapted to mixed farming. The nearest railway station is Beverley, where there are two grain elevators located, with a capacity of 50,000 bushels.
NOTE—These bonds are dated Oct. 18th, 1915, and the first payment of principal and interest is due Jan. 18th, 1917.
PRICE: Rate to Yield 7½%.
Consult
R. W. ADAMS,
27 Campbell Street
Belleville, Ont.
Representing
W. L. McKINNON & CO.
MUNICIPAL DEBENTURES
McKINNON BUILDING
TORONTO ONT.

Cruel War Says Ballin

BERLIN, via Amsterdam, Dec. 31.—Albert Ballin, director-general of the Hamburg-American Line, and now, at the special request of the Kaiser, in charge of the German railway system, contributed to the Berlin and Hamburg papers an article, in which he says:

"Christmas, 1915, found the peoples of Europe still embroiled in the most cruel and idiotic war the world has ever seen. They are immersed in a hopless struggle, in the sorrowful work of converting their beautiful old hemisphere into a mass of ruins, for the benefit of the world on the other side of the ocean and to the joy of the Yellow Race—the men who one day will be call upon to construct peace, but conceive it their noblest duty not only to banish war from our generation, but also to wipe out the European armaments' fever for decades to come.

"They will also have to seek guarantees that an economic war shall not follow this bloody war. The men who negotiate peace for Germany will see to it that we do not become the stepchildren of our Dear Lord and Master."

Herr Ballin's statement that Germany must seek guarantees that an economic war will not follow peace may have been called forth by a statement recently made by Walter Runciman, president of the British Board of Trade, urging the total ruin of German trade. Mr. Runciman declared in the House of Commons, on December 24, that Germany is beaten from a commercial standpoint, adding: "We must see to it that she does not recover."

He said the Board of Trade was taking steps to wrest the control of European oil fields from Germany and to wipe out German trade in England. Mr. Runciman asserted that the economic and commercial war between England and Germany must be fought to the finish even after armed hostilities have ceased.

Herr Ballin is one of the closest friends and most trusted advisors of the Kaiser and is recognized as the head of the great overseas industries of Germany.

Toronto Election Results For 1916

Mayor—Thomas L. Church.

Board of Control—Joseph E. Thompson, John O'Neill, Jr, Thomas Foster, R. H. Cameron.

Aldermen—Ward 1—W. D. Robbins, A. H. Wagstaff; W. W. Hiltz; Ward 2—Dr. C. A. Risk, John R. Beamish, H. H. Ball; Ward 3—C. Alfred Maguire, J. G. Ramsden, Samuel McBride; Ward 4—Russell Nesbitt, John A. Cowan, Louis M. Singer; Ward 5—Garnet A. Archibald, Robert H. Graham, William R. Plewman; Ward 6—Frederick McBrien, Joseph Gibbons, Donald C. MacGregor; Ward 7—Samuel Ryding, F. G. I. Whetter.

Board of Education—Ward 1—Dr. G. J. Steele, xGeorge Oakley; Ward 2—Dr. John Noble, xWilliam H. Shaw. Ward 3—William Houston (accl.), xC. A. B. Brown; Ward 4—Miles Vokes, xRhys D. Fairbairn; Ward 5—W. O. McTaggart, xDr. Caroline S. Brown; Ward 6—W. W. Hodgson (accl.), xDr. John Hunter; Ward 7—F. B. Edmunds xDr. R. R. Hopkins.

xElected one year ago for two-year term.

Mayor Church was elected by a 3 to 1 vote.

Long Range Fire Opened on Nancy

PARIS, Jan. 3—Special—The French war office reports that a German long-range gun opened fire on Nancy Saturday. It threw about 10 projectiles on the town and its environs, killing two inhabitants and slightly wounding several others. The French batteries immediately shelled the gun.

French artillery have been particularly active in the Vosges, especially in the vicinity of Muhlbach. The usual artillery engagements are reported from other parts of the front.

FOR AFTERNOONS.

A Decidedly Smart Frock For Early Fall.

This handsome frock is featured with a tunic that lengthens from the hip to the hem of the skirt. The simple bodice is smartly trimmed with self ball buttons. Please notice the oddly shaped sleeves and the wide crushed girdle with metal embroidery. Dainty collar and cuffs of georgette crape finished with black val insertion give interesting finishes.

GOLDENROD SATIN.

SOME APRONS.

Three Hints For Christmas Presents Made In Advance.

Just now, before winter festivities get into full swing, is an excellent time for tucking away a few Christmas gifts in anticipation of the busy season ahead. Aprons, fancy ones and practical ones, make such acceptable gifts that one can always use at least three when apportioning the gifts at Christmas time. One woman always gives a special friend an apron at gift time, and the friend has come to regard this as an institution, ever awaiting with intense interest to see the latest variety of apron. There is a delightful little sewing apron in progress now for that same friend. It is made from two thicknesses of fine batiste. The outer piece is embroidered first. There are two buttonholed slits near the center front of the apron, leaving a panel effect which is elongated into a rounded bib, also buttonholed.

There is a wreathed medallion for an initial, with several little floral sprays to be worked in light pastel colors. After this much of the embroidery is done the outer piece is basted to a plain piece of the material, and the two are buttonholed together around the entire outside edge with the exception of the top. When a facing has been placed across the back of the apron through which can be run a ribbon and the bib is tacked in places on the plain foundation, there will be a deep pocketed sewing apron that is as practical as could be desired.

A separate lace edged pocket is a feature in a new sewing apron which is made of voile, is quite rounded and faced very plainly and demurely for at least four inches. The pocket is attached by lace edged ribbons to the band of the apron by snap fasteners or button and buttonhole.

A stole apron for a dear little kiddie's first day at school is too pretty not to mention. It is exactly the same back and front and slips over the head, tying on each side with dainty ribbons. A few tucks at the top give a pretty flare to the apron, which is rounded, lace edged and embroidered.

Children's School Luncheons

During recent years the problem of the proper feeding of school children has come to be recognized by educators as a very grave one. The child of school age must grow and must also work.

It is costly to educate a child, and the cost is largely wasted if the child is so improperly nourished as to be unfit for mental effort. Certainly a hungry child is in no condition to turn his undivided attention toward the work of the schoolroom.

Another important factor is play. There is a direct connection between the muscular activity involved in play and the food elements necessary for the building of a strong body.

As it has been proved in many instances, particularly in the large cities, that many children are actually hungry the greater portion of the time, it is obvious that such children are not receiving the full benefit from the money being spent for their education.

The question of feeding the child in the school is therefore receiving more and more consideration as time goes on, and in several instances where various methods have been tried the results have been very marked.

In one girls' school in New York city each child is given a cup of milk or cocoa during the morning, and at noon soup is sold by the school at 1 cent. Here also, as the year wanes, greater progress is noted.

This instance is not cited as an exceptional case, but as an example to show that when children are fed at school the results are apparent, even though the children may not actually be underfed in their homes.

In the schools for backward children the results of feeding in the school have been more apparent.

It is said that in France, where a system of serving meals to school children was most carefully worked out, the effect is to simplify the relief work, as no parent can bring a hungry child in order to gain sympathy.

As the question of food for school children is so important educationally, and at the same time is not entirely an educational problem, it offers an opportunity for co-operation between the educators, social organizations and parents.

The domestic science classes afford another good opportunity for the serving of nourishing food to the children throughout the school. The class prepares one hot dish daily, which is served with the cold luncheons brought from home. Each girl pays 10 cents a week, which pays for the food.

In the rural school a very simple equipment will answer all the purposes of cooking and serving. If the school is able to have a fireless cooker a soup or stew can be prepared at some one's home, taken to the school and kept hot until lunchtime. As in the rural districts many children live a long way from the school, it is almost a necessity that a hot dish be prepared for them.

In one rural school a plan was put into operation whereby a hot dish was served at a cost of 2 cents. Where the parent was not able to pay this amount the food was served free, or the parent was allowed to contribute vegetables or other farm products. Each week one of the larger girls was appointed as chef, with three smaller girls as assistants. The preparing of the lunch was completed before 9 o'clock in the morning and was put on the oil stove in the entry at the proper time. Each child brought a cup, plate, knife, fork, spoon and two napkins from home, one napkin being used as a tablecloth.

Not only did this plan work out well from a standpoint of proper nutrition for the children, but the lunch hour became a lesson in table manners. In this way many children who receive little training at home are enabled to see how other people behave at meals, and the tactful teacher can do a great deal of good in imparting lessons in table deportment.

There have been enough experiments made to prove the value of nutritious food served at the school, and it is doubtless but a question of a short time now before educators generally will come to see the responsibilities and opportunities lying dormant in this field. As the teacher is likely to be more or less overworked, too much should not be expected of her in this line, but if the parents will become interested in this subject much good can be accomplished. Clubwomen all over the country are beginning to realize that here is a work close at hand and in conjunction with the school officials can do a great deal toward insuring the proper amount of nutritious food for each child of school age, and thus help to bring up a generation of healthy bodies as well as trained minds, for without the one the attaining of the other is doubly hard.

Missed Fire.

Putton-Ayres—I am caviare to the general, you know. Miss Innocent—Oh, are you, really? My brother is in the military too.

Misery travels free through the whole world.—Schiller.

His Cure.

A man who married a widow has invented a device to cure her of eternally praising her former husband. Whenever she begins to descant on his noble qualities, this ingenious No. 2 merely says, "Poor, dear man—how I do wish he had not died!"

Less Liquor Used Now.

For the first time in its history, the big distillery of Hiram Walker & Sons, Ltd., Walkerville, is closed for a longer period than is customary, and will not resume operations until next October at the earliest, according to the announcement made a few days ago by Franklin H. Walker, President of the company.

"We have always closed down from July to October," said Mr. Walker, "but this year we did not reopen in October as usual. We have a big surplus supply of liquor on hand, about 7,000,000 gallons, and there is not as much demand as formerly for the product, because of the war and other reasons. In view of this, our distillery will remain closed until next October at least. But we are taking care of our old employees, having provided other work for them."

The annual report of the Dominion Inland Revenue Department, just issued, bears out Mr. Walker's explanation that there is not now the demand of former years for liquor. The report shows per capita consumption of spirits in Canada has fallen to a lower level than in any period during the past five years. It indicates that Canadians per head consumed .872 gallons in 1915, as compared with 1.061 the previous year. Of beer the consumption was 6,071 gallons per capita, as compared with 7.2 gallons in 1914; of wines .095, against .124 in 1914.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

New Year
Greetings
To All

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

McFEE'S,
Complete Sight
Service

Is the natural result of years of sincere effort to make it effective and dependable.

By the adoption from time to time of the most approved methods in the practice of Optometry and Optical work.

Making these methods uniformly effective by care and experience.

Angus McFee
The Store with the Big Clock

In Value and Cost
You Benefit
At Wallbridge & Clarke's

Asparagus Tips (tins) .... 25c.
French Peas (tins) 15, 20, 22 & 25c
Petite Carrots (tins) .... 15c.
Little Red Beets (tins) .... 15c.
Rhubarb in Gallon Tins.
Corn on the Cob French Beans
French Mushrooms Honey Drop Corn
Spinach Succotash
Ripe Tomatoes Celery
Lettuce Parsley
Fresh-Grated Horseradish
Welch's Grape Juice (pint bot's) 25c.
Self-Rising Buckwheat Flour
2 pkgs. 25c.
Pure Maple Syrup.
Old Fashion Buckwheat Flour
small sacks 25c.
Fancy Cheese — (packages and jars)
Genuine Roquefort
Fine Old Cheddar
Hawaiian Pineapple (tins) 25 & 35c.
Royal Anne Cherries (large tins) 35c.
Finest Selected Apricots
(tins) 25 & 30c.
Sliced Peaches (tins) .... 20c & 35c.
Seedless Grapes (in tins) ...... 20c.
Peaches (halves) in tins .... 15c.
Finest English Jams and Jellies
Whole Ox Tongues in glass and tins
Finest Sugar-Cured Hams.
Delicious Teas and Coffee.
Finest Seedless Oranges
and Florida Grape Fruit.

HOUSES FOR SALE

Near West Belleville Church, 10 minutes from market; conveniences and good cellars. Also six roomed house to rent with one acre of garden, barn and electric light, etc.

BUGGY FOR SALE
W. SMITH, Builder
33 Howard St. Phone 673

ARENA
TURNBULL ST
BAND
Tuesday
Thursday
Saturday

Weatherwise Birds.

The seagull makes a splendid living barometer. If a covey of seagulls fly seaward early in the morning sailors and fishermen know that the day will be fine and the wind fair, but if the birds keep inland, though there be no haze hanging out toward the sea to denote unpleasant weather, interested folk know that the elements will be unfavorable.

When Willie Minds the Baby.

I betcha Skinny Martin
An' Fatty Wilson, too,
An' Walter Gray an' Oscar Ayer
An' even Sissy Pugh
Are out there plannin' somethin'
I haven't ever done.
I don't know what, but ennyhow
They're gonta have some fun.

I guess they're all a-sayin':
"I wonder where he's at?
He ain't been out this afternoon,"
Or somethin' else like that.
But let 'em keep on whistlin';
I guess it's jest as well.
If things keeps up th' way they go
A feller shouldn't tell.

Wisht I'd been borned a orphant
Without no kin a' tall;
I wouldn't have t' stick around
An' hear a youngen squall.
There ain't much use a-bein'
A boy, as I kin see,
If you have always got t' have
Too many folks—like me.

Cheap Sale

Sample Sweater Coats
for
Men, Women and Children, away below regular value.

HUNDREDS OF SAMPLES
In Hosiery, Gloves, Mitts, etc., on sale this week.

WHITE SILK BLOUSES,
Made of Good Jap Silk, warranted to wear and wash well; worth $1.75 on sale at $1.19 each.
20 dozen Women's Ribbed Hose. worth 35c. On sale at 25c. pair.
50 dozen Penman's Wool Sox only .... 25c. pair
Great bargains in Wool Blankets Flannelette Blankets and Staple Dry Goods.
You can save money here.

Wims & Co

80th Battalion Photographs
Are
Now on Sale
At
Waters' DRUG STORE
See these in the Window

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip

Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.

Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows.

F. W. L. CARRE
Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward counties.
Phone 366 2/6 Albert St., City

SANTA CLAUS' WEARING GLASSES
Of course! Santa is a wise old man, open to progressive ideas. For some years he has felt eye-strain owing to his increasing mail. Therefore he has ordered several pairs of glasses
OF OUR MAKE.
Now he is happy and advises all of you —
Especially the Children.
—to pay him a visit during holiday season and vacation.
Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Belleville's Eyesight Specialist.

The Company
and Staff
extend to you
and yours
Greetings and
Good Wishes
for a
Happy
New Year

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Advertise in The Intelligencer

WEDDING BELLS

GORMAN—LATTIMER

A pretty wedding took place on Saturday, New Year's Day, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Lattimer, Belleville, Ont., when their only sister, Mabel, was married to Mr. J. L. R. Gorman of Belleville. The home was prettily decorated with mums and ferns and the ceremony was performed by Rev. J. H. Locke of Toronto. The bride was given away by her brother and was unattended. Little Helen Lattimer, the bride's niece, was a pretty little flower girl, in a French dress and carried a basket of roses and lily of the valley. The bridal marches were played by Mrs. W. H. Lattimer. The wedding luncheon followed the ceremony and Mr. and Mrs. Gorman left for a trip west, the latter travelling in navy blue chiffon broadcloth with seal coat, ermine furs and hat to match.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES

HOCKEY

The Kingston C. I. team and the Belleville Juniors clashed together on Friday evening, Dec. 31, the former team winning by the close score of 6—5. The line-up:

Belleville—Phillips, goal; Pemlock, l.d.; Holway, r.d.; G. Arnott, rover; L. Arnott, centre; Green, r.w.; Whalen, l.w.

K.C.I.—Walsh, goal; Carroll, l.d.; Ferguson, r.d.; Paul, rover; Stewart, centre; Toland, r.w.; Gratton, l.w.

Umpire—Lieut. B. Whitty.

1st. Period

Belleville secured the puck and carried the play into K.C.I.'s territory and after 15 minutes of play G. Arnot scored the first and last goal of the period for Belleville.

Belleville, 1—K. C. I., 0.

2nd Period

The K.C.I. came out with three new men on their team this period, Belleville playing their same men. This period the K.C.I.'s with the fresh men scored 2 goals during the first 10 minutes of play. Belleville then scored a goal, at this time the referee put the K.C.I.'s net minder off for 2 minutes for dropping to his knees, also the K.C.I.'s centre for disputing. Belleville took advantage of this shortage of men and scored 2 goals. At the last few minutes of play the K.C.I. forward line playing a good combination, made a rush and scored the last goal for that period.

Belleville, 4—K.C.I., 3.

3rd Period.

This period K.C.I. again changed their men and Belleville still played the same team.

A number of end to end rushes were made by the K.C.I. team, which resulted in their securing 2 goals. Here Ferguson, the light defence of the K. C. I.'s, was laid out and carried off the ice, though nothing seemed to strike him, and they finished the game with six men each, Belleville putting off G. Arnott.

Resuming the game Belleville evened the score. From now till the end of the game was the most exciting part, each team trying to score. The frequent rushes of the K.C.I.'s defence were stopped by Holway and Pemlock of the Belleville team. The K.C.I.'s forward line, securing the puck, played a combination game and scored the last goal, the result being a victory for the K.C.I.

Total score: K.C.I., 6—Belleville, 5.

Notes Of The Game

Whalen, Belleville's little left wing, put up a grand game.

The Kingston goal keeper, in the second period, was easily the star of the team.

Holway is a good check and stops many a dangerous play but he hardly gets away quick enough when he gets the puck.

Ten men to seven doesn't give the seven men much of a chance.

Ernie Lang of this city has been appointed an official referee of the O. H. A. for the winter and will referee th intermediate hockey match at Cobourg to-night between Cobourg and Peterborough.

The Lindsay Belleville Junior game which was to have taken place at Lindsay tonight, has been postponed until Wednesday night, as there is no ice out there.

OVERCOATS
Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat! We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.
Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.
ARTHUR McGIE
1 208 Front Street

Woman's World

A SMART WORKBASKET.

Interesting New Fixtures In an Old Necessity.

A CHRISTMAS HINT.

This attractive workbasket is of straw in its natural color, and the linings are of heavy gobelin blue silk. The quaint scissors are of the best steel, and the other fixtures—bodkin, thimble, needlecase and ribbon shuttle—are of hand carved ivory. The silk top drawn up with a handsome silk cord will keep dust out of the interior

Good Cookies.

Soft Molasses Cookies—One cup of molasses, one and three-fourths teaspoonfuls of soda, one cup of sour milk, one-half cup of melted shortening, two teaspoonfuls of ginger, one teaspoonful of salt.

Put the soda with the molasses and beat thoroughly; add milk, shortening, ginger, salt, and flour. Only enough flour must be used to allow the mixture to drop easily from the spoon; so judgment must be exercised as to the quantity needed. Let the batter stand several hours in a cold place to chill thoroughly. Take one-half of mixture at a time on a lightly-floured board, and roll lightly to one-fourth of an inch thickness, shape with a round cutter first dipped in flour. Bake in a slightly floured or buttered pan.

Nut Goodies—Yolks of two eggs, one cup of brown sugar, one cup of chopped nut meat, whites of two eggs, six tablespoonfuls of flour, pinch of salt.

Beat yolks of eggs until thick and lemon colored; put in sugar gradually, then the nuts, the whites of eggs beaten stiff, and the flour and salt after sifting them together. Drop the batter from tip of spoon on a buttered pan, let the batter spread, and bake in a moderate oven.

Chocolate Cakes—Three eggs, one-fourth cupful of butter, one-half cupful of sugar, three squares of chocolate, one cup of stale bread crumbs, three tablespoonfuls of flour.

Beat eggs until light, then cream butter, add sugar and combine these with the eggs; then put in the chocolate (melted), bread crumbs and flour. Spread mixture in a shallow buttered pan and bake in a slow oven. Shape with a tiny biscuit cutter while warm, and when cold put two pieces together with a thin layer of icing. Cover tops with icing.

Sandlets—One-half cupful of butter, one cupful of sugar, one egg, one and three-fourths cupfuls of flour, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, white of one egg, blanched almonds, one tablespoonful of sugar, one-fourth teaspoonful of cinnamon.

Cream the butter, add sugar gradually and egg well beaten; then put in flour with salt and baking powder sifted with it. Chill, and toss one-half of dough on a floured board and roll one-eighth inch thick. Shape with a square cutter, and brush over each cake with white of egg and sprinkle with cinnamon. Split the almonds and arrange three halves on top of each cake. Bake in a buttered pan and slow oven.

Food Combinations.

For dinner salads use only the simple green salads with French dressing.

Serve tomatoes in some form with veal.

Serve caper sauce only with mutton.

With roast lamb serve mashed potatoes, green peas, or string beans and mint sauce.

With roast chicken serve mashed potatoes, onions and a sour jelly.

Any vegetable harmonizes with beef.

With roast beef serve potatoes baked in the pan and a sweet watermelon or peach pickle.

With roast pork serve baked potatoes, a green vegetable and a sour apple sauce.

With broiled steak serve creamed potatoes and a crisp fried vegetable like egg plant.

With fricassed meats serve baked potatoes.

With roast meats serve potatoes mashed or roasted in the pan with the meat.

Serve potatoes plain boiled when new.

Intricacy of Shell Making.

There are no fewer than eighty-four gauges necessary to the making of a single shell.

New Machine Gun.

The French are about to bring into action a monster machine gun. It discharges 3,200 shots a minute.

◆

"Your honor, I wish to state that I have twice as much contempt for this court as any man in the room."—Youth's Companion.

SIGNALS FROM AIR CRAFT.

Soot Clouds, Mirror Flashes and Torch Bombs Are Used.

To an army commander the value of a military aeroplane is its power to locate hostile artillery and direct gunfire rather than its bomb dropping possibilities. Thus it is very necessary that a pilot several thousand feet in the air should be able to communicate with the headquarters staff on earth so that he may convey the necessary information for the guidance of gunners hurling shells at targets miles ahead which they cannot see.

A very ingenious method of signaling from an aeroplane is by means of soot clouds. An apparatus filled with lampblack rests near the hand of the aviator, and when he presses a lever some of this soot passes down a pipe and is discharged in a black cloud. The pipe is so delicately arranged that the clouds may be small or large. The operator can spell out the Morse telegraphic code in little clouds, and they can be read from the earth when the aviator is 4,000 feet high.

Another clever means of signaling from air craft is that carried out by means of lamps and mirrors. A lamp which has a flash of 10,000 candle power sends piercing rays of light through a tube fitted with powerful magnifying glasses. When a message is sent the operator directs his flasher in the required direction, presses a button, and a brilliant light flashes out, long or short, according to the pressure. The officers on earth receive the message and may send a reply in the same way, being provided with similar mirrors and lamps. The rays of light sent out are almost as bright as sunlight, so that they can be seen with the naked eye for a distance of four miles in the daytime and at night for a distance of eight miles.

When military aviators wish to drop a written communication to the earth without descending they utilize an ingenious bomb. This contains the document, and the projectile is weighted so that it falls sharp end first. As the end strikes the ground a trigger is released, which sets fire to a torch on top, and thus the location of the bomb is indicated day or night.

GRADED THE HASH.

High Cost of Living In the Early Days In California.

The high cost of living? Bless you, you don't know the first thing about high prices in these days. Compared with what Mark Twain, Horace Greeley and others used to pay for a square meal in California's early days, your eight course dinner at Astrobilt or Cherry's is really a cheap affair.

But all who frequented the famous old El Dorado hotel at Hangtown (now Placerville, Cal.) paid these prices, and gladly. Those were the palmy days of pioneer life, when the hash was graded in two classes—"low grade" and "18 carat." Here is the way the menu ran:

Soups.	
Bean	$1.00
Oxtail (short)	1.50
Roast.	
Beef, Mexican (prime cut)	1.50
Beef, Upalong	1.00
Beef, with one fair sized potato	1.25
Beef, tame, from the states	1.50
Vegetables.	
Baked beans, plain	.75
Baked beans, greased	1.00
Two potatoes, medium sized	.50
Two potatoes, peeled	.75
Entrees.	
Sauerkraut	1.00
Bacon, fried	1.00
Bacon, stuffed	1.50
Hash, low grade	.75
Hash, 18 carat	1.00
Game.	
Codfish balls, per pair	.75
Grizzly, roast	1.00
Grizzly, fried	.75
Jack rabbit, whole	1.00
Pastry.	
Rice pudding, plain	.75
Rice pudding with molasses	1.00
Rice pudding with brandied peaches	2.00
Square meal with dessert	3.00

Payable in advance.
Gold scales on end of the bar.

Midnight Conference.

Elsie's Mother (anxiously as Elsie comes upstairs at 12:10 a. m.)—Has Mr. Longmore said anything, Elsie? Elsie—Not yet, mamma. Elsie's Mother (a little impatiently)—What can be the matter with the man? Do you think he is afraid to propose? Elsie—Oh, no, mamma; he isn't afraid, but our house is so small that I think he feels a little delicate about asking to somewhere to live.

Evidences of Wisdom.

"What do you see in that woman?" growled her husband. "Why must you tag after her all the time?"

"I think I might learn much from her," retorted his wife.

"And why?"

"Well, for instance, she says that she once jilted you."

Province Aids Recruiting.

The Ontario Government has distributed $24,500 to the various military units of the Province at work recruiting for overseas service. According to Hon. W. H. Hearst about fifty units have participated, the division having been made after careful investigation and study of the situation by military men.

The total announced includes the $5,000 which Hon. Mr. Hearst on the recent recruiting tag day promised to contribute to the Citizens' Recruiting League Fund, the understanding being that this money will go to the Toronto military units.

The distribution just completed carried into effect the promise made on behalf of the Government by Hon. W. J. Hanna, several months ago at Massey Hall, when the Government also made known its intention of spending half a million dollars on machine guns. Unlike other funds provided for machine guns by municipal organizations the Ontario contribution is now being converted into guns, which will shortly be available.

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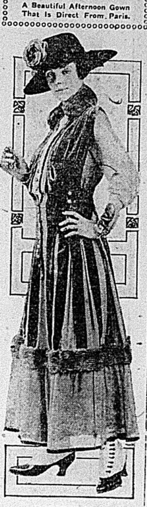
There was silence, and then an older lawyer walked slowly to the front of the room and deposited a $10 bill with the clerk. He then adressed the judge as follows:

AN IMPORTED FROCK.

A Beautiful Afternoon Gown That Is Direct From Paris.



REAL ELEGANCE.

Velvet striped georgette crape in a midnight blue shade is used to fashion this frock. Please note how cleverly the velvet stripe has been arranged to form the bodice and part of the skirt, even the flare, which is cut off by a band of Russian squirrel and ends in a deep flounce of plain crape. This material furnishes the sleeves, which are cuffed with a patch of velvet stripe. The collar is of squirrel, while the vest is white georgette crape fastened with ball crochet buttons. With this gorgeous gown goes a midnight blue velvet hat of tall crown and wide brim that gives just the hint of a poke in front, while a huge pink rose accentuates the heavy ribbon band.

FALL HOUSECLEANING.

Suggestions That Will Make This Nightmare a Little Easier.

To clean wicker chairs wash with salt and water, then rub as dry as possible and place in the open air to finish drying.

To clean enamelled bathtubs rub with salt moistened with lemon juice. Then wash with hot water and soapsuds.

To clean marble basins make a paste of whiting and soft soap and apply it with a soft cloth. Rinse with cold water and rub dry.

To polish steel fenders, etc., after cleaning with emery paper sprinkle powdered bath brick on the surface and polish with a chamois leather.

To clean white paint wring a cloth out in hot water, then dip it in bran and gently rub the paint. Sponge off with cold water and polish with a white rag dipped in whiting.

To destroy moths in carpets or curtains spread a damp cloth over the part and iron till dry with a hot iron. The steam will destroy any eggs, and the moths will not attack the place again.

To clean brass cut a lemon in half, dip it in kitchen salt and rub over the brass till the stains disappear. Then rinse in warm water and polish with a duster dipped in powdered whiting.

Cloudy decanters can be cleaned with vinegar and salt. Put a handful of salt and half a cupful of vinegar in the decanter and shake well, then empty and rinse with warm water.

To clean oriental rugs first beat the rug thoroughly, then brush to remove all dirt. Rub over with a stiff brush dipped in warm soapsuds to which a little ammonia has been added and rub dry with a soft rag.

To clean linoleum rub well with soap, then wipe off with a flannel wrung out in hot water. Allow to get quite dry, then polish with any floor polish. After this treatment the linoleum will keep clean and bright for quite a long time.

Keep a lump of kitchen salt in the sink. It will dissolve slowly and keep the pipe clean and the sink fresh and wholesome.

Sprinkle carpets before sweeping with salt instead of tea leaves. It keeps the dust down more effectively, and the carpets look fresher and wear better, as salt prevents moths attacking them.

Oil stains can be removed from linen and cotton goods by rubbing the material on both sides with talcum powder. The powder should be left on for a few hours and then brushed off.

A Pretty Economy.

Instead of buying expensive jardinieres for your plants, paint the ordinary flowerpots and saucers with an oil paint to harmonize with the color scheme of the room. Pots painted a soft leaf green or chinese blues are very quaint and decorative.

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"Well," answered the native slowly, "we think we have, but we can't prove it on him."

Winter Sports

SKATING SHOES

Are Now
In Order
And Call For
Skating SHOES
We Have Some Splendid Styles
For
Ladies, Men and Boys
The **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros.
January Clearance Sale
offers you unmistakably the greatest money-saving opportunity that has ever been handed out in this city for years and years.
Below are a few startling offers, while others are to be found at ever counter throughout this great store. READ:—
$1.00 Sateen Underskirts clearing at .... 69c.
$1.00 to $1.50 House Dresses clearing at .... 69c.
75c. to $1.50 Ladies' Waists in Cashmere and Voile materials, clearing at .... 49c.
$1.00 to $1.25 Ladies' Kimonas, clearing at .... 49c.
Children's All Wool Mitts, special values for .... 15c. pair
Children's Coats at astonishing prices, suitable for Kiddies, ages 1 to 6 years; come in Navy Blue and Red Serge material, also Brown Bear Cloth; very specially priced to clear at .... $2.50 to $3.50
Children's Fur Fabric Muff and Stole Sets, clearing at $1.50 set
Children's Toques, great values for little money at 25c., 35c. and .... 50c.
Mens' Sample All Wool Underwear, much below its regular value.
$1.50 to $2.00 All Wool Shirts clearing at $1.25 a garment
McIntosh Bros

PERSIAN LAMB
We have never before been better prepared to meet the season's demand for high class Persian Lamb garments, than at present.
Why not get prices on having your Persian Jacket repaired, remodelled or lengthened? We have skins to match every coat.
G. T. WOODLEY,
Phone 421. 273 Front St.

Holiday Goods
For Men, Women and Children
Toys, Dolls, Games, Sleighs, Bibles, Books, Brass Goods, Fancy Goods, China, Glassware, Baskets, Hand Bags, Cushions, Handkerchiefs, Fancy Trays, Centres, Twisted Cord, Xmas Cord, Holly Ribbon, Tissue Paper, etc. Endless variety of goods to select from.
Our Prices Sell Our Goods
THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

The Standard Bank of Canada.

Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.

GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.

Toronto, 28th December, 1915.

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch - - - JOHN ELLIOTT - - Manager

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, 287 Front Street.
CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $2.00, strictly in advance.

This is the 518 day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany

ELECTIONS.

At five o'clock this afternoon the municipal fight will be over, and within a short time after the result of the contests will be known. A heavy vote has been polled to-day, and a fair voice of the electors will have been sounded. The result will no doubt be satisfactory to the majority of the citizens.

The Aldermen are already known, and it may not be premature to offer congratulations to Aldermen Woodley, Platt, Smith, St. Charles, Duckworth, Earle, Deacon, Parks, and Whalen; on the honor that has been conferred upon them by the city.

Someone is going to be disappointed in the Mayoralty contest, but whoever is elected, it is the duty of the citizens to aid him in every way they can in the discharge of his duties.

The local option contest is at an end, and if, as many supporters of the measure believe, it will carry, then the law-abiding people of the city should do their best to see that the law is strictly enforced, should it come into effect. If the measure is defeated, the Provincial License Commission will give their decision, when it will be the duty of all to uphold them in the enforcement of their orders, whatever they may be.

Well conducted hotels under the license law do not result in a flagrant abuse of intoxicating liquors, as does a poorly enforced local option by-law, and are not half so dangerous to the young of the city.

Whatever the result may be, let everyone do their best to uphold the decision of the people.

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RIDEAU CLUB'S HONOR ROLL

The Rideau Club of Ottawa, in its Annual Report of 1915, calls attention to its "Roll of Honor," and points to the loss of members who were killed in the present war, and to the number of its members now on active service. Of these five officers were killed in action, namely:

Lt. Col. Farquhar, D.S.O.
Major T. H. Rivers-Bulkeley.
Captain Gerald Lees.
Captain Guy M. Drummond.
Captain D. O. C. Newton, M.V.O.

Few Clubs, we venture the opinion, can boast of a better showing of loyalty and devotion to country.

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WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

It has been argued by some not too well informed Liberals that if Manitoba enfranchises women it will compel the Dominion Government to declare its policy upon the question. It is quite evident that those who thus argue do not know, or have forgotten, that the Liberals when in power repealed the Dominion Franchise Act, and passed an Act adopting the different Provincial Voters' Lists for Dominion elections; hence, if women have the franchise in Manitoba for Provincial purposes, the same right will remain with them to vote at elections for representatives in the Dominion Parliament, unless the Governor in Council were to disallow the Manitoba Franchise Act, which is not at all probable. Having worked under Provincial Franchise Acts since they became law, it is absurd to suppose that the Dominion Government would in any way interfere with any amendment made to the present Manitoba Franchise Act, having for its object the giving of the right to women to vote at Provincial and Dominion elections in that Province.

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Have you voted yet?

It will probably keep most people busy remembering to write 1916.

Off to a new start—go steady.

Hard walking for an election day.

A Liberal paper, the Moose Jaw News, calls Bourassa a traitor, and demands to know what Premier Borden is going to do about his utterances. There was a time, not very long ago, when Bourassa Nationalism was declared, on highest authority, to be Laurier Liberalism—and Bourassa has not changed, though the times have, and so has Laurier.

Now to turn over those new leaves.

Now to submarine a few bad habits.

Why not keep a few of those new resolutions?

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GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From The Daily Intelligencer, Jan. 3, 1868

The total number of disasters on the Great Lakes for the past year aggregate 931.

Advice is received that Dr. Livingstone, the African traveller, is alive and well.

Despatches received today state that the Fenians attacked a house in Cork occupied by Mr. Charles Matthew. Happily the family, having heard of the attack, were successful in repelling the attack. They met the marauders with a galling fire and caused the Fenians to retreat.

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The Poets' Corner

In Church.

Behind the other worshippers I sat,
A stranger to them all,
I marked the lovely arches at the roof,
The carvings on the wall.
The softened lights through many a costly pane
Like blessings seemed to fall.

Arrayed in rich and beautiful attire.
Came many a woman fair,
Who sought her quiet place among the rest.
Then bowed her head in prayer.
The organ's tender prelude floated forth
Upon the sacred air.

Anon the chanting choir with voices sweet
Broke forth in moving strain:
'Twas "Blessed are the merciful", they sang,
"They mercy shall obtain."
Then all the people, reverent and still,
Bowed down their heads again.

But when the preacher, eloquent and wise,
Chained every ear and eye,
I, suddenly descried him, hovering shapes
That fluttered up on high.
And heard, or thought I heard, a wail
Or echo of a cry.

Forms perched in spectral rows on polished beams,
Or flitted to and fro:
No joyous twitter gushing from their throats—
Only a note of woe.
I saw they were the wraiths of martyred birds
With counterparts below.

One dipping low, poised once, and then
Above a fair girl's head,
I saw among the ribbons of her hat
A warbler stark and dead.
And she who sat beside her raised aloft
A pair of wings, outspread.

Aigrette upon aigrette from bonnets rare
Stood up in white array—
The stately heron's lovely, fatal gift,
With, oh, what price to pay—
To leave their nestlings crying for their food,
And dying day by day!

Full oft the phantom humming birds above
Would fondly hover o'er
The poor distorted remnants of themselves
These gentle women wore:
These women with adornments loaded down,
Yet ever wanting more!

O slaughtered innocents, I heard your cry:
My heart with pity stirred,
'Twas not a minister who preached that day,
Oh, no! it was a bird.
The sermon had no hint of earthly speech,
And yet I plainly heard.
The tiny spectres folded up their wings
And faded through the wall,
Just as the first soprano raised her voice
Like some sweet angel's call—
To sing the closing anthem; something old—
About the sparrow's fall.

—By Mrs. Zella Cronyn,
in "Our Dumb Animals."

Announcing the Advent of a New Synthetic Substance

Picture to yourself that dramatic moment when the scientist *knows* that he has brought into being a new synthetic substance.

Conceive, if you can, the intensity of satisfaction that comes with the sense of *having created.*

Imagine such a scene enacted in the laboratories of the Goodyear factories.

If you can visualize the event, and the enthusiasm that followed it, you will know something of what it means to us to announce to the world the advent of Neōlin.

GOODYEAR MADE IN CANADA
Neōlin
GOODYEAR MADE IN CANADA

Better than Leather

Literally a New Substance

Of Incalculable Value

Neōlin is literally a new substance of incalculable economic value.

Yesterday it did not exist, today it *is*—a new, a practical and a proven product, destined to play a part in the daily lives of hundreds of thousands of homes.

Neōlin is not leather.
It is not rubber.
It is not a substitute for leather.
It is not a substitute for rubber.
It is—Neōlin.

The substance is new, the name is new.

Only the uses to which it will be put are old—almost as old as humanity, and as vast and universal.

Neōlin is better than leather.
It is better because it is waterpoof.

Neōlin Means Better Shoes

It is better because it is more flexible.
It is light. It is strong. It is durable.
It is reliable because it is always the same.

Neōlin will displace leather in some of the largest and widest fields which leather now fills.

It should, for instance, replace leather soles on every single pair of shoes sold.

More than two hundred of the greatest shoe manufacturers of this continent saw the immense market for Neōlin immediately.

These men are all masters of shoe design and construction—they know what the human foot requires.

They did not need to be told about Neōlin—they saw at once its tremendous economic importance.

An Improvement on Leather

They are telling the Neōlin story now through their salesmen; they will use Neōlin in their own products.

Neōlin has taken the virtues of leather and carried them still further.

Where leather was deficient Neōlin has created *new* virtues.

It is not like anything that you have ever tried, or known, or heard of.

Here, then, is a new element of ease and economy.

Familiarize yourself with the name—because it is destined to be a household word—Neōlin. Better than Leather.

The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company of Canada, Limited
Toronto, Ont.

GOODYEAR
MADE IN CANADA

Current Comment

Come or Go.

Can the Russians come back? Well, they have taken 20,000 Austrian prisoners in seven weeks. That's going some if it isn't coming.—ail and Empire.

What Hope, Indeed?

If a party of true and tried and subsidized pacifists can't go on a few days' voyage of peace without fighting, what hope is there for permanent peace among ordinary quarrelsome human beings?—Montreal Star.

Extension of Parliament

Following the example set in the old country the Liberals of Canada are likely to agree—if they can agree on anything—on an extension of the life of Parliament for eight months. There seems to be a pervading feeling that the war will not last another year.—Guelph Herald.

Navy Disgraced.

In the British detention camps German army officer prisoners refuse to associate with German navy officers, a few of whom are interned with them. The reason, of course, is that the Kaiser's navy is practically inactive, while the army is fighting. Grand Admiral von Tirpitz and his followers evidently stand to get less credit out of the present war, in the eyes of their own people, than any other class of the community. To stand on guard without engaging the enemy does not win applause, even if it renders service. But the "service" it has rendered so far in the shape of U-boats has been contrary to all the laws of humanity even in warfare.—Stratford Beacon.

FRENCH SOCIALIST TO FIGHT TO FINISH

PARIS, Dec. 30.—The National Congress of the Socialist party, which has ended its sessions here, voted a resolution affirming that the Socialists would continue to support a vigorous carrying-on of the war until French territory is freed, Belgium and Serbia are raised from ruins, Alsace and Lorraine are restored to France, and a durable peace is assured.

"But the duty of the Allies as the champions of the right and the guardians of the world's future does not end here," says the resolution.

"An organization of international law seems to the Socialist party the most effective guarantee of a lasting peace. By establishing among themselves and publishing to the world arbitration clauses to deal with every species of litigation that might arise, the Allies would set an example for which the neutral nations would be grateful to them, and would open the way to the only complete guarantees of a lasting peace.

"The Socialist party is aware that as long as the iniquity of capitalism exists, with its system of economic competition, which has developed to the extreme colonialism and imperialism, the dangers of war will exist with it. But the world is faced with these alternatives:

Either it will retain the practise of ultimatums, and war, with an increasing weight of armament will plunge Europe into some new catastrophe, in which human civilization will perish with her, or else nations will inaugurate international arbitration, limitation of armaments, democratic control of treaties, abolition of occult diplomacy, and the establishment of economic and military penalties to be applied to nations violating international law.

"And in this case only can Europe and the world look forward to a normal development of peace between nations and progress of men—through socialism."

The resolution goes on to say that the French Socialist party could not resume relations with the German section of the International Socialists until the Social Democrats or the dissentient minority of them repudiate imperialism, affirm the right of people to be the masters of their own destinies, and protest against violations of international law and of neutrality.

The resolution concludes by instructing the Socialist deputies to facilitate in every way the work of national defence and declaring that the party adheres to the words of Premier Asquith in the British House of Commons affirming that there should be no separate peace.

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ROD AND GUN

The January issue of Rod and Gun in Canada is on the news-stand and a glance at the table of contents shows that the magazine is living up to its reputation as the leading exponent of outdoor life in Canada. Among the contributors noted are Edward T. Martin, R. J. Fraser, Jean Stevinson, F. V. Williams and Margaret Grant MacWhirter, while some of the articles are: Game Farming for Profit and Pleasure, Capacities, The Unwritten Law, Almost a Walkout, The Restigouche, etc., etc. In addition the regular departments devoted to Guns and Ammunition and Fishing Notes are well maintained. Trap shooters will be interested in the account of the recent Grand International school held at St. Thomas and dog lovers in the new Kennel department. Rod and Gun is published at Woodstock by W. J. Taylor, Limited.

◆

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

USE IT ON BABY

Mrs. Jawkins: "I heard something this afternoon that fairly knocked me speechless!"

Mr. Jawkins: "Do you mind repeating it to the baby, my dear?"

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DOGGY

George: "How is your suit with Miss Pink progressing?"

Jack: Finely. When I call now her dog wags its tail."

◆

NEVER AGAIN

Farmer's Wife: "Are you the same man who ate my apple pasty last week?"

Laborer: "No, mum, I'll never be the same man again."

Kingsbeer
"Club Special" & "Home Brew"
The Best Two Lagers Made in Canada
Consumers who cannot purchase KINGSBEER from their local dealer please address "Mail Order Department, 38 Chaboillez Square, Montreal."

"Truth Dexter"

By

SIDNEY McCALL

CHAPTER XXIV.—Continued

Van sauntered toward them. "Suppose you ask Truth how she could endure the thought of leaving me? The Boston wife makes her own decisions, as you know."

"Hear! hear!" cried the Judge from his corner.

"But she is not a Boston wife,—that's just the point!" cried Norton. "No offence meant, Mrs. Adams!"

"Oh, I'm half Southern," said the lady, cheerfully. "I'll turn the other cheek."

"Quincy, you are bound to get yourself into trouble to-night," interposed Truth. "Come over to this corner; I must give you some sisterly advice before I start."

They walked side by side to a corner in which was a divan half surrounded by growing plants. Every eye in the room followed. Truth was tall, but Norton nearly a head taller. Both were beautiful, and fair, and young. Norton's curls were the exact color of Truth's fluffy hair, and his fine mouth might have been cut by the same master-sculptor. "What a perfect couple" thought Mrs. Adams, and then came to herself with a guilty start. She turned her eyes toward Craighead. He was staring at the two with a look that pierced the kind soul who watched him. A flash of inspiration flashed into her brain. "He loves her more than he knows. This visit South is not a visit, but a possible separation, perhaps even a divorce. Oh, something must be done to prevent this disaster. It will do Orchid Wiley too much good!"

Truth and Norton had seated themselves and were gazing into each other's eyes in frank and evident delight. Norton was now about the only person with whom Truth dropped into the old familiar Southern speech. To hep it was relief, to him unmistakable pleasure. He had caught up many of her quaint phrases, and had even acquired a fair imitation of darky dialect.

"Did you know that you hadn't given me the flowers yet?" said Truth. "Or, maybe, you didn't bring them for me!"

Norton lifted the bunch slowly and stared into it as he answered: "Yes, I brought them for you. They have reminded me of you from the first."

"Oh, no!" she protested. "They are to sweet and pure for me. Besides, they are not a Gulf-coast flower,—they don't grow any lower down than Tennessee and Virginia. But I love them best of all the flowers you have up here. Somehow, they always make me think of—tears."

"What has made you decide to go South?" asked Norton, in a very low voice.

Truth glanced once into his face, then lowered her eyes. "Oh, Quin, don't ask me!" You will find it all out some time. I was goin' to come to you with everything, but you were in New York. It's too late now! Let's play now that it was just homesickness and the chance of goin' with grandma that made me decide."

Norton did not attempt a reply.

"And it was homesickness," she went on eagerly. "I just tremble at the thought of getting into the piney woods, alone, once more! I wish you could be there!"

"I wish I could. You know, I love the old place almost as much as you do. You have made it live for me. I know it all! Uncle Norah, and Moses the Mule, and Aunt Big Mary, and the setters—"

"And the red rosoter, and Sir Francis Drake, and my mockin'-bird——" Tears welled up in her eyes and fell upon the flower tears in her hand. She wiped her cheeks quite frankly, smiling at Norton the while.

"Do you know, Quin," she began after a pause, "that you are really the nicest boy I ever met? You don't dream how much I like you! Will you promise me something?"

"Anything."

"I want you to promise not to call me Mrs. Craighead,—not even to think of me as Mrs. Craighead ever at any time. After I am gone, if you ever think of me at all, let it be this way,—'Truth said that', or 'Truth loved the flowers I brought her,' or 'Truth was a very loving friend to me'."

She looked up in gentle good faith, but as she met his eyes, blue-black with suppressed feeling and luminous with unshed tears, a little pang of apprehension seized her. The boy gave a miserable gulp.

"I shall love to call you 'Truth.' Indeed, I always think of you so in my heart. But why do you speak so strangely—as if you might never come back?"

"I may not. That's a fact!" she said. "Nobody knows what will happen to them. All of us, at times, feel certain that we are goin' to die young."

"I don't, for one," said Norton, stoutly. "I intend to hang out my sign until it actually fails into bits, like the one horse shay. Why do you have such morbid thoughts? It's not a bit like you!"

"How do you know what's like me and what isn't? One year ago I was a perfect stranger."

"Oh, one year ago! One century! But now—Oh, Truth! if there is any way in which I can help you,—if there is anything that I can do—!"

Norton's secret was in his face. Conversation in other parts of the room had stopped. All were trying not to look toward that particular corner, to appear as if they did not hear Norton's impassioned words. Mrs. Adams rose to her feet.

"What unkind friends we are!" she cried with unnecessary vehemence. "These good people are to set off to-morrow night on a long, tiresome journey, and we are staying all these hours. Good-night, Mrs. Dexter Goodbye, Truth, dear! We will be at the station to-morrow; that is, unless you would rather go off more quietly. How is it? Be frank, child! You know that we want to do everything to show our grief at losing you and grandma even for a time, but we don't want to be in the way!"

Truth hesitated. She longed to ask them not to come, but was too delicate. Van came to her assistance—

"Since you are so thoughtful, dear Mrs. Adams, I'll admit that it would be better for you not to come. Station farewells are ghastly exhibitions at best, and both Mrs. Dexter and Truth are unnerved."

"Very sensible conclusion," remarked the Judge

When these good friends were gone, old Craighead shuffled toward the door, with Truth following close. In the little antechamber or hallway she caught his hand, held it tightly in both her own, and said, "Father, you have been lots better to me than even you know. And" (here she gave a small, hysterical chuckle) "you didn't want to like me a bit,—now, honest—did you?"

The old man's face wrinkled into dry smiles. "Ye ain't far off the track there. I guess! How do ye know I like you now?"

"How do you know I like you?" she retorted. "But you do!"

"Waal," he said provokingly, "some good had ter come out er Judee, an' I guess you're a sport on a rotten branch. Your grandma ain't lovin' me any too much!"

"That's because you tease her so about the South. But I don't mind. I know you don't mean a word of it!" She threw her arms about him for a hug, so emphatic that, when released, the old man staggered back, and began rubbing the back of his neck.

"I guesss you don't need any Hoff's Malt Bitters to bring out your muscles, Trewth! Waal, good-bye! Arryvoy! as your dude Bostonian says. Yes, I'll miss ye, an' me lookin' fer ye to come back. I never thought to say so much. There! there! Don't bother 'bout givin' me another hug,—my bottel er linimint's low!"

Norton was the last to leave. When the final hand-shake came his was so lugubrious that Truth cried, through her own tears, "Why, Quin! You look like you were goin' to your own funeral. Never mind! Cheer up! We'll see you at Dexterville yet."

Van did not even glance toward his junior partner, but as that youth struggled into his overcoat began to follow suit.

"Going out at this time of night?" asked Norton in amazement. "Yes, these stuffy rooms give me the headache." He did not say good-bye to Truth.

Next day dawned gray, cold and windy. The train was to leave at five P. M., but Van started early, in order to allow time for possible difficulties.

All the afternoon Truth had been excited and gay; "fey" the Scotch would have called it. She was certain, now, that her capacity for suffering was at an end; it was strangely easy not to remember, not to think ahead. She kept Mrs. Dexter laughing till her eyeglasses fell off a dozen times, and even Van smiled grimly more than once.

The porter, washerwoman, elevator boy, and various hotel clerks all were bidden farewell, and cheered by a generous tip. To her own special bellboy, the negro in buttons, she said, "Larry, you may be a dark-skinned white gen'l'man up here, but you'll have lots more fun down home. You'd better come!"

The nervous excitement of the last few days was now stretched to the point of reaction. It was true that she could neither think nor reason. Present interests hedged her in a narrow ring, and nothing else seemed of great importance except that she should not forget a single hotel servant.

At the station, her small reserve of self-control came near deserting her. The noise of passengers, the smell of gas and humanity, and, above all, the hearse-like aspect of the sleeping car, oppressed her with a sense of unreality and horror.

To be Continued

◆

A stranger alighted from a train at an Oklahoma town one day and hailed a man who wore the air of a native.

◆

"Pardon me," he said, "are you a resident of this town?"

CANADIAN NORTHERN RY
TORONTO TO VANCOUVER
CANADIAN NORTHERN

"HERE'S YOUR TICKET" To WINNIPEG and the Coast

Your train leaves Belleville 5.10 p.m.
Mon., Wed., Fri.

With Connections to and from all Western Points. Electric lighted sleepers, dining cars and first-class coaches
J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent.
L. W. Buller, Station Agent.
R. L. FAIRBAIRN, Gen. Pass. Agent, Toronto, Ont.

CANADIAN NORTHERN ALL THE WAY

CANADIAN PACIFIC

The "RIDEAU" to Ottawa
Popular Afternoon Train
via
LAKE ONTARIO SHORE
Leaves Toronto 1.45 p.m. for Whitby, Oshawa, Bowmanville, Port Hope, Cobourg, Trenton, Belleville, Kingston,
arrives OTTAWA 10.00 p.m.
CENTRAL STATION.
Sparks St., at Chateau Laurier.
THE "YORK"
Leaves Ottawa 1.15 p.m.
Leaves Belleville 5.32 p.m.
Arrives Toronto 9.30 p.m.

THE "TRANSCANADA"
From TORONTO Daily
6.40 P.M.
PORT ARTHUR
FORT WILLIAM
WINNIPEG
VANCOUVER
Through Equipment.
Electric Lighted Compartment Observation Car, Standard and Tourist Sleepers, Dining Car, First-Class Coaches.
"The Frequent C.P.R. Service passing through the Business Centre of each City is an asset to the Traveller."

ATTCACTIVE WINTER TOURS
To CALIFORNIA, FLORIDA, ETC.
Limited Trains connect at Detroit with through Sleepers to Florida; also connection via Buffalo, Washington and Cincinnati.
Improved service via C.P.R. and M. C. R. to Chicago connects with all through service Chicago to California.

Particulars from S. Burrows, Can. Pac. Ticket Agt. or write M. G. MURPHY, D.P.A., Toronto.

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F.S.ANDERSON CO'S
GENUINE
SCRANTON
COAL
BELLEVILLE

The Best we Can Buy Carefully Prepared and Delivered

The F. S. ANDERSON CO.,
42 Bridge St.

OCEAN TRANSPORTATION

ALLAN LINE

FROM ST. JOHN		TO
Sicilian	Dec.	29 London
Scandinavian	Jan.	18 Liverpool
Preterian	Jan.	29 Liverpool
Corinthian	Feb.	2 London
Sicilian	Feb.	9 London
FROM PORTLAND		
Carthaginian	Dec.	23 Glasgow

For full information apply to Local Agents, or,
THE ALLAN LINE,
95 King Street West, TORONTO.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—32690

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent my be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388.

TEMPLE OF HEALTH

"NO ADMITTANCE"

to those who neglect CONSTIPATION. For in its wake follow dozens of serious complications, appendicitis, for instance.

Remove the cause of over 90% of serious illness by the daily use of ABBEY'S EFFERVESCENT SALT and you may enter and live in the Temple of Health practically unchallenged.

Abbey's is the concentrated essence of salts extracted from pure, fresh fruit juice, granulated and sealed in 25c. and 60c. bottles. It will prevent and cure constipation, gently, pleasantly and surely.

Try Abbey's
MADE IN CANADA.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt

Sold by
J. S. McKEOWN.

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

Bonaventure Union Depot

OCEAN LIMITED Leaves 7.25 p.m. DAILY
Montreal, Quebec, St. John, Halifax.

Maritime Express 8.15 a.m. Daily Except Sat.

Through Sleepers, Montreal to Halifax.
Connection for
The Sydneys, Prince Edward Island, Newfoundland,

The NATIONAL
TORONTO TO WINNIPEG

Leaves 10.45 p.m., Tues., Thurs., Sat.
Arr. 3.50 p.m., Thurs., Sat., Mon.
Tickets and sleeping car reservations. Apply E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto, Ont.

THE TRANSCONTINENTAL
New Route to Western Canada
TORONTO—WINNIPEG
Via North Bay, Cobalt and Cochrane
Finest Equipment—Splendid Road Bed
Lv. Toronto 10.45 P.M.
Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday
Ar. Winnipeg 3.50 P.M.
Thursday, Saturday and Monday
Connecting at Winnipeg with G. T. P. train leaving 6.00 p.m. daily for Regina, Saskatoon, Edmonton and intermediate points.
Through Tickets to
Prince George
Prince Rupert, Alaska
Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle
and San Francisco
Timetables and all information from any Grand Trunk, Can. Govt. Rys., or T. & N. O. Railway Agents

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
Winter Resorts
SPECIAL ROUND TRIP FARES.
LONG LIMIT STOPOVERS.

Asheville and Hot Springs, N.C.; Charleston, S.C.; Nassau, N.P.; Hot Springs, Ark.; French Lick Springs, Ind.; Jacksonville and all Florida Points; Havana, Cuba and New Orleans, La., via New York and Rail (or steamer according to destination,) or via Buffalo, Detroit or Chicago.

BERMUDA AND WEST INDIES
OTHER HEALTH RESORTS.

Mount Clemens, Mich.; Battle Creek, Mich.; St. Catharines, Well., Ont.; Preston Springs, Ont.

Further particulars on application to Grand Trunk Agents.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—5.25 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 5.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 7.50 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate points—6.25 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—16.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 5.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *3.40 a.m.

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

‡Deseronto only.

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville Ont.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily
No. 16—2.00 a.m.—Fast train, flyer, daily.
No. 33—Local for Brockville. 7.00 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.00 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m.—Express, daily.
No. 28—5.45 p.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19—2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13—4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.
No. 29—7.50 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.20 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1—3.05 p.m.—International Limited, daily.
No. 7—4.55 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'.

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North

	Leave.	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.56 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1915.

GOING EAST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.50 p.m.	2.58 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

GOING WEST.
MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.18 p.m.	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

Going East	Daily except Sunday
Leave Toronto	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	6.32 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West.	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leave Belleville	6.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.30 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent.

Belleville Business Directory

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column or calling at The Intelligencer Business Office, full information may be obtained.

MINING.

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE

Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

"COLLIP, FLORIST."

Front Street.

Night Phone 175. Day Phone 206.

All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.

Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts.

OUR LINES
Automobile Storage and Car Repairing
Supplies
Bicycle Repiring
Motor Cycle Repairing
Gas Engine Work
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Electrical Supplies
Oxy-Acetyline Welding
Locksmithing
Machine Work
Storage Battery Care and Charging
General and Steel Repairing
Call and see us, whether you do business or not,
at
The Garage
GREENLEAF & SON
Phone 83. 288 Pinnacle St.

BANK OF MONTREAL
Established 1817
Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT
Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.
Banking hours, 10 to 3. Saturday 10 to 3.
R TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

When youth's ship is wafted by the breeze of love, prudence flies with the wind.

◆

To love wisely is never a matter of calculation; to love well is never to choose.

◆

Have The Intelligencer Sent To Your Home Address

INSURANCE.

W. H. HUDSON

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.; North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies. Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.

Office: 17 Campbell St., Belleville. Phone 161.

CHANCEY ASHLEY

Insurance Agent

Has Removed to 229 Front Street

Next to Riggs' Music Store

THOS. STEWART

Bridge Street, Belleville.

Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON

Agent for

Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance. Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.

ROBERT BOGLE

MERCANTILE AGENCY.

Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed. Office, 28 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY

Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way. Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.

W. H. Vallance, Mgr. Phone 338.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front St., Belleville. Phone 848. LEE CHEW.

ENGINEERING.

J. D. Evans, C.E.&O.L.S.
J. W. EVANS, C.E.&M.E.

EVANS & EVANS

Civil and Mining Engineers and Ontario Land Surveyors, Belleville and Trenton.

Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker & Victoria Avenues. Telephone 183.

BUS, AUTO AND CABS

ASELSTINE'S MOTOR BUS, CAB & AUTO LIVERY

Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tired, for weddings, private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town. Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection. Phone 229.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers. Apply to

S. MASSON

Barrister, etc.

Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St., Belleville.

LEGAL.

WILLS & WRIGHT

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell St. Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates.

J. FRANKLIN WILLS, K.C.
MALCOLM WRIGHT.

NORTHRUP & PONTON

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge St. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.

W. B. NORTHRUP, K.C., M.P.
W. N. PONTON, K.C.
R. D. PONTON.

PORTER & CARNEW

Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.

E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P.
WM. CARNEW.

Solicitors for Union Bank.

MIKEL & STEWART

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

Belleville, Madoc and Tweed.

Solicitors for Molsons Bank.

W. C. MIKEL, K.C.
D. E. K. STEWART.

W. D. M. SHOREY

Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg. Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms.

Office: 8 Campbell St., Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England

Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post-Office.

Those who forget today seldom remember tomorrow.

◆

Petulance is a shadow that clouds the sunshine of life.

THE BEAUTY OF SUNLIGHT

is that every garment washed with it bears the impress of purity; a purity begotten of sweet, cleansing oils, and maintained by absolute cleanliness in manufacture; a purity exalted by the co-operation of workers united for the purpose; a purity demonstrated by the "$5,000 guarantee" which rests upon every bar of SUNLIGHT SOAP.

A substitute for Sunlight is not as good and never can be. Insist upon the genuine—Sunlight Soap.

5c. The name Lever on Soap is a guarantee of Purity and Excellence. 5c.

SUNLIGHT SOAP
LEVER BROS., LIMITED
TORONTO

JEANNE D'ARC

A Wonderful Story of the Early Days of the War Taken From "The Resurrection," a Magazine Published in Paris, France

"JEANNE D'ARC."

In those terrible days of early September 1914, when the Germans were advancing with fearful rapidity upon Paris, in the arrogant belief that they were going to march straight into the panic-stricken capital; when the best French troops fell back wondering yard after yard, mile after mile; when picked British regiments threw away overcats and ammunitions and all they had, and for the first time in their histories retreated and retreated, but fighting all the way; when the Carmeron Highlanders and Black Watch were mown down by the chattering and shrieking German artillery that came ever on and on, like a bloody Nemesis and the end of all things; in these fearful days, Paris was saved—Paris was saved for the second time in her glorious history by Joan of Arc, the divine Maid of Orleans, who centuries before had listened to the Voices of the tutelary Saints.

And this was how it came about.

The suspense that day and nigh was terrible.

Though it matters little to soldiers where they fight, once they are battling for the Motherland, the thought that before morning the fairest city in the universe, the greatest jewel in all their great land, might be a smoking ruin, made their spirits sink low, and life itself seem of no account. But with the breeze that sprang up around Paris as the sun sank, there came a spirit that awoke echoes of old chivalry and renown.

The army had retreated as far as was possible, and Paris lay almost open to the conquering hordes. Gallieni had taken his supreme measures; Maumoury had whipped up the new army given to him which was bent upon the last desperate stand before the entrenched camp should be attacked. The Germans lay in a long line from Senlis and Chantilly to Gentilly and Meaux. They had taken summary vengeance upon the inhabitants and were feasting before the last struggle, for they believed that in Paris were awaiting them rest and ease and pleasure.

And the Generalissimo gave the password for the night that should prevent any but those in the secreats of the grand staff to pass from line to line; and the password was "Jeanne-d'Arc."

Like a miraculous fire the word passed from General to subordinate, from commanding officer to sentry who gripped the gun between his fierce hands: "Jeanne-d'Arc."

It was like a fresh stream of strength passing from mouth to mouth, as officers on stern duty whispered as they crossed the lines: "Jeanne-d'Arc." Men's faces turned instinctively upwards, and a new light shone on them as they caught the magic words that sounded like a prayer: "Jeanne-d'Arc!" It was another redemption of France; it was a renewal of her vows and her sacrifice, a reconsecration and a revival of her ancient liberties and her glorious pledges. "Jeanne-d'Arc," men murmured, and though the millions who watched that night knew it not, a spirit of beauty passed again over France. "Jeanne-d'Arc" hovered like a breath over the burned homes of Senlis; and the sudden brutes who had been carousing turned uneasily in their sleep. "Jeanne-d'Arc"; and those who watched around Paris seemed to see a white light above the towers of Notre-Dame. "Jeanne-d'Arc" rang like a clarion in the ears of a thousand men, and the spirit of Maid of Orleans walked through the ranks of millions like a new force. She was History speaking, she was France awakened and mighty; she stood for the mothers and the wives of men; she rushed and touched all like the waters of the Seine and the Loire and the Rhone; she unfurled invisible banners that were sacred and undeniable and led men on to mighty deeds as of old. "Chevaliers of France," she seemed to say, "I am with you again—the Maid of Domremy."

Was it a password? No, it was a miracle.

For all the France of all the centuries arose and stood before Paris in serried ranks, in embattled multitudes, and denied the city to the babarian hordes.

For that night the troops of Maunoury sprang from the forts and trenches and rode out against the oncoming armies of the murderous Teuton. And the hordes of Von Kluck saw the bright light, saw the multitudes, felt the spirit of France. And they wavered, and turned, paused and ceased to march forward, and passed back to the south and west. And Paris was saved, and the great retreat had begun as the Germans sped to the Marne And after them leaped the French, as their canon boomed out, crying with avenging echoes, "Jeanne-d'"Arc!"

And with them like clattering demons charged—who? The English of Agincourt and of Crecy—the English who had fought in France in olden days not beside, but against them, but always in fairness and nobility of soul. And the Maid's banner led them, too, on. It was a new consecration and the centuries fled away, and Jeanne-d'Arc's lustrous eyes gleamed upon the English with love and benediction, and the foes of old charged on in brotherhood. And Paris and Rouen, Orleans and Calais cried to the vaulted heavens "Vive l'Angleterre!"

"Jeanne-d'Arc!" whispered officers and messengers, and a great sigh of gratitude swept from the throats of sentinels and companies and passed to multitudes and cities, from Biscay to Savoie, from Calais to the Alps, a "Jeanne-d'Arc" sounded the password all that night as the Germans fell back in dismay, and Paris was saved.

Yes, Paris was saved, and Joan of Arc had accomplished the miracle. For the second time the Maid had saved the city. And the cohorts of France and Britain pursued the fleeing Germans across the Marne, and never looked back; save when those that fell turned towards Paris, crying with their dying breath "Vive la'France!"

It is 1915, and, of course, these things are impossible—oh, are ridiculous—but there are many who will tell you that on that night and the next day in the fierest of the fight they saw riding at the head of the pursuing Allied troops a girl with flowing fair hair, dressed in shining armour, waving a banner and a sword, who turned and smiled as they yelled with all the force of their weary throats, "Vive la France", "Vive Jeanne-d'-Arc"

It was really only a password.

GET IT FIRST—NOT LAST

When a cold grips your system it is convincing proof that your condition is weakened—remember that. It is risky indeed to simply trust your strength to throw it off, because neglected colds have brought more serious sickness than any other one thing, while weakening cathartics and stimulating syrups are often depressing and dangerous.

The one best treatment for any cold—the one so often relied on when others fail, is the powerful blood-nourishment in Scott's Emulsion, which feeds the very sources of bodily strength to suppress the present cold and generate strength to thwart further sickness.

Get Scott's first, not last—and insist on the genuine—always free from injurious drugs. No advanced prices.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 15-1

◆

ROMANCE OF THE TRENCHES.

Youth Who Lost His Memory is Restored to Parents.

One of the strangest romances of the great war has just come to light in Leeds.

Ten years ago a Leeds youth, George Ernest Oldroyd, disappeared from his home, and when his parents next had news of him he was acting as a cook to a party of Canadian railway engineers on the prairies of Canada. After a month or two his parents ceased to have letters from him, and after the lapse of several years, and despite many vain endeavors to trace him, they reluctantly came to the conclusion that he was dead, and have mourned him as such for at least seven years.

Now as the result of a chance meeting in the trenches in France it seems likely that Mr. and Mrs. Oldroyd are to have their son restored to them. A Leeds soldier at the front recently met there a member of the Canadian contingent, whom he instantly recognized as George Oldroyd, of Leeds, and hailed him as an old friend. The Canadian replied that he was making a mistake as his name was Thorpe, and he had never to his knowledge been to Leeds.

Conversation between the two elicited the story from "Thorpe." Nine years ago he had been in a big train smash in Canada, from which he had emerged with his memory so completely gone that he could remember nothing of his previous life, not even his name. He told the Leeds comrade that following the accident a letter bearing the name of Thorpe was found in his possession, and he had been known by that name ever since.

The Leeds man assured him that he had not the slightest doubt as to his identity, as he had known the whole Oldroyd family, he gave "Thorpe" their address and advised him to write. Mr. and Mrs. Oldroyd, who still live in Leeds, have now received the following pathetic letter:

Dear Mrs. Oldroyd.—I take the liberty of writing these few lines. At the same time I beg of you to excuse me if you find that I have made a mistake. I am at the front with the Canadian Contingent, and I joined in Vancouver nine months ago, and it is only yesterday that I met a man from Roundhay-road, Leeds, and he spoke to me by the name of "George," and he said he knew me very well when I was in England.

I told him he had made a mistake. You see I was in Toronto nine years ago, and was in a train wreck, where I received concussion of the brain. I was taken to hospital in Winnipeg, and when I came out I had lost my memory of all that had taken place before my accident.

I have tried to locate my parents scores of times since then, but without any success. I suppose that this letter will be destined to meet the same fate as my other inquiries: but I am writing because this young man seems so confident he knows me, as he says he has been to my house. He says my home is Rose Cottage, Stratford street, Dewsbury road, Leeds.

Well, I am going to take a chance, and write to you, hoping to find my people but, dear lady, if I am wrong please forgive me, and remember that I was only trying to find my mother and father.

I will send you a photograph of myself if you had a son who went to Canada. I am a cook by trade, and I am in charge of the officers' kitchen at the front.

This young man has only just come from Leeds a few weeks ago. I think I must close now, as I don't want to take up too much of your time. If I have made a mistake—but I hope I have not—I beg to remain yours very truly,

TROOPER J. THORPE.

Mr. and Mrs. Oldroyd are quite convinced that "Thorpe" is none other than their long lost son. The handwriting of the above letter is identical with that of their son George's last letter home, and an additional proof is that when he emigrated to Canada he went accompanied by a friend named Thorpe.

OUR FIRE BILL.

It Amounts to Five Dollars a Family Throughout Canada.

The forest fires in Ontario during 1915 cost every family a five-dollar bill. This statement is mathematically exact for the reason that Ontario lost over three million dollars worth of her forest wealth between April and November this year.

Practically all of this destruction was due to the fires which could have been prevented. Nearly eighty five per cent. of what Ontario burned up was due to [illegible] part of settlers, prospectors, and others brought into contact with the standing timber. Between Pembroke and North Bay this average of destruction was proved by actual record of the fire rangers.

Annual forest losses in Quebec and British Columbia are due to practically the same cause, although these provinces, unlike Ontario, have overcome much of the evil by excellent legislation in the form of permit laws. Before a Quebec or British Columbia settler is allowed to burn his brush or his clearing slash, he must first obtain a permit from the forest ranger or other official. Instead of this requirement working hardship it acts in a manner exactly the contrary. One careless settler in a district is not allowed to burn the woodlots and standing timber of nearby limits without penalty befitting the act. The innocent and well-meaning neighbor is not involved in the blame with the guilty man, and responsibility is placed where it belongs. Every settler is obliged to notify a ranger of his burning plans and accept his advice as to the correct way of using fire in timbered areas. For instance, the settler is encouraged to stack his brush in the open and not on the edge of growing timber; he is advised to choose a day when the wind is down and watch carefully for straw sparks. These are simple instructions which anyone might be expected to take. Unfortunately through ignorance of the danger involved by carelessness, many settlers require legal restrictions. This assures equal treatment for all.

Evidence in the hands of the Canadian Forestry Association proves conclusively that the settlers themselves in British Columbia have become enthusiastic supporters of the Permit Law, recognizing it as quite as sensible as any other law designed to prevent incendiarism in towns or cities. Indications are that a duplicate of the British Columbia Permit Law for settlers' fires would find a welcome reception in Ontario, and that the settlers would soon realize how such a measure can be worked wihout any bothersome "Red tape."

A JEWISH FESTIVAL.

Feast of Hanukkah Celebrated Throughout Canada.

On the night of December 2nd in the home of every orthodox Jew in Canada, a candle was lighted just at sundown, on a big candlestick with eight branches instead of seven, and with singing, the eight-day festival of Hanukkah commenced. Hanukkah is called one of the minor Jewish festivals, but it originated back in the second century, and its legend is one of the most beautiful in the Jewish religion.

On Friday night two candles are lighted, and on Saturday night three, and so on, until on the eighth day there are eight candles burning. This commemorates not only the cleansing of the temple which had been defiled by the Syrians, but the miracle which accompanied it.

The festival of Hanukkah celebrates the revolt of the captive Maccabees against the Syrians. Antiochus in his conquest of the east, forced upon the Hebrews the religion of Syria which was much debased in practice. Under Judas Maccabeus the Jews on the battlefield justified their faith, achieved their emancipation, and proceeded at once to the rededication of their temple.

It was then, according to legend, that the miracle occurred. Only pure oil must be used for the temple's lights, and there was only oil enough for one night. This was used, and the following day the cruse had miraculously refilled, so that for eight days there was pure oil for every lamp, and the temple was resplendent with light. For this reason Hanukkah is known as the Feast of Lights, and is celebrated with great rejoicing.

In Canada a holiday is proclaimed after sundown, but it ends at sunrise the next day, so that it does not in any way interfere with work. The closing day of the feast, December 9, is also a similar holiday. This merely means that the children do not attend the night schools or the neighborhood clubs of which very many are members.

"In Palestine or Russia," said Rev. S. B. Rohold, "this Festival of Lights would be a tremendous affair. There they have not been greatly influenced by Christianity. Here I don't suppose that more than one in a hundred families will have the lights lit. In some of the homes games are arranged for the children, and in some of the schools the children are given presents. During the hours that the candles are burning no work must be done, but apart from that the regular routine of work is not interfered with."

To Run Boats to Alaska.

Some announcement regarding the plans of the G. T. P. in connection with its proposed steamer service to Alaska is expected in the near future. Captain C. H. Nicholson, manager of G. T. P. Coast steamships has just returned to Vancouver from Skagway via Prince Rupert, according to advices received in Victoria, and it is understood that his visit to the northern port was identified with the company's proposal to establish a service of steamers between Victoria, Vancouver, and Skagway, via Prince Rupert, as announced by Philip Nicholson some weeks ago following a conference of company officials at Prince Rupert.

◆

"That I be," the man replied, "been here nigh onto 50 years."

SEE OUR YARD GOODS
TRIMMINGS TOO

Sinclair's

BLANKETS
$1.05 and $1.15

Here is a great snap in Perfect Cotton, Blankets — no seconds, but regular $1.25 and $1.50 White and Grey Cotton Blankets —new border designs, Ten and Eleven Quarter sizes, about 100 pairs to sell for only $1.05 and $1.15 a pair.

Scotch Wool Blankets
$5.50 to $8.50 per pair

These are the very finest quality of Pure Wool Blankets imported by us direct from Scotland, at prices that could not possibly be repeated because of War conditions. These Blankets are spotless, being encased in large Paper Bags, and we sell these Pure Wool Blankets from $5.50 to $8.50 per pair.

Wool Sweaters
$3.00

This is a special price for a Pure Wool Sweater, all colors and sizes, Ladies' and Misses', only $3.00 each

Ladies' Plush Coats
$15.00 to $30.00 each

We have just a few of these handsome Plain Plush and Fur Fabric Coats ,and to clear them at once we are making very attractive prices. If you would like a Plush Coat or a Salt's Fur Fabric Coat, see our clearing lines from $15.00 to $30.00 each.

Children's Serge Dresses

We have about 20 Serge Dresses, colors Navy, New Blue, Brown and Cardinal, sizes for Girls 6 to 8 years of age, to clear

Your Choice, $3.00

Sinclair's

Sinclair's

Dress Goods
49c yard

At this price we are offering about 25 pieces of Fancy Wool Dress Goods and Suitings, all wide width Goods, from 65c. to 90c. regularly, on sale, to clear, for only 49c. per yard.

Splendid Coat Values

For the first week of the New Year we offer several very special values in Ladies' and Misses' Chinchilla Cloth and Wool Tweed Coats. These are all the season's best styles and cloths, and are priced for quick selling at $10.00, $12.50 and $15.00 each.

Heavy Wool Coatings

If you require Wool Coatings you will find some special values in Curl Cloths, Chinchillas, Tweeds, etc., 54 inches wide, to sell at $1.50, $2 00 and $2.50 yard.

The Awful Tragedy of War!

Has paralyzed industries --- Delayed consignments and dislocated the entire commerce of the world.

SIX DAYS' SENSATIONAL OVERCOAT SALE

On Monday morning, then, we start the most sensational Overcoating-to-measure sale this city has ever seen, It will last for just six days --- no longer --- no less. During those six days you can come in and pick from any pattern, any weave --- and there will be but one price --- FIFTEEN DOLLARS

$15

Any O'Coat to measure --- Meltons, Beavers, Scotches, Tweeds, Friezes,

NEWEST MATERIALS—NEWEST COLORINGS—NEWEST STYLES

Every Garment made strictly to measure in our Own Big Sanitary Tailor Shops

Scotland Wollen Mills Co. Ltd.

NO MORE $15 NO LESS

E. C. SPRAGUE, Agent

The head store and tailoring plant are at Toronto, Branches at Hamilton, Brantford, Woodstock, St. Catharines, London, Berlin, Guelph, Chatham, Midland, Collingwood, Windsor, Sudbury, Sault Ste. Marie, Fort William, North Bay, Winnipeg, Brandon, Moose Jaw, Medicine Hat, Swift Current, Edmonton, Oshawa, Cobourg, Port Hope, Acton West, Brighton, Belleville, Campbellford, Peterboro, Kingston, Ottawa, Detroit, Mich.; Akron, Ohio; Youngstown, Ohio; and Havana, Cuba.

Happy New Year
1916

THE New Year has arrived and we extend a hearty greeting to all our Friends!

We swing into 1916 with a determination to discount the past at every point, and to keep the best Clothing, Hat and Toggery Store with the Best Service in Belleville!

May the recollections of the Dying Year live as a pleasant memory of a time that's gone, and sorrow—may it be buried by the goodness and the joy which the New Year has in store for you!

Happy New Year!

Quick & Robertson
The Home of Better Clothes

We Try To Please

GORMAN'S BOOT SHOP

Drop in
Sometime
Any Time
You Are
Always
Welcome

GORMAN'S

HOCKEY STICKS
NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.

AUTOMOBILE SKATES
Made in Canada
Have you seen the New Ones?
Stronger and Lighter than ever

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO.
LET US DO YOUR PLUMBING

HOME MADE CANDIES
SPECIAL FOR EVERY DAY

If You Wish
HOME MADE CANDY
Call At The
BOSTON CANDY CO.
245 FRONT STREET

IN and ABOUT THE CITY

FALSE ALARM

At 6.50 on Sunday morning the fire brigade was called out, it being reported that a fire was in progress at McGinnis store, corner of Station and Canifton Roads. It proved to be a false alarm.

QUIET NEW YEAR'S

Since Friday, everything in Police circles has been exceptionally quiet, no arrests having been made and only two calls, of an unimportant nature, having been responded to.

PARADED THE STREETS

On New Year's morning a large number of the scholars of some of the Sunday schools of the city in addition to some ladies and citizens paraded on Front and other streets, the object being to demonstrate in favor of local option. A number of banners, suitably inscribed, were carried by some of the scholars. The scene attracted considerable attention.

KEEPING A SECRET

Katherine and Margaret found themselves seated next to each other at a dinner party and immediately became confidential.

"Molly told me that you told her that secret I told you not to tell her," whispered Margaret.

"Oh, isn't she a mean thing!" gasped Katherine. "Why, I told her not to tell you!"

"Well," returned Margaret, "I told her I wouldn't tell you she told me—so don't tell her I did."

THEFT OF GRAIN

On Friday afternoon before Police Magistrate Bedford, of Deseronto, Jas. Elliott, a laborer who has been employed in Tyendinaga Township, was tried in this city on a charge of stealing grain. The complainant was Mr. David Barber, of Tyendinaga, and the evidence in the case was such that the accused was convicted. It appears that a quantity of cracked grain was taken and the theft was traced to Elliott. The magistrate sentenced him to two months in the County jail. Mr. Carnew, County Attorney for crown, the prisoner being undefended.

LOCAL OPTION MEETING

Under the auspices of the Citizens' Welfare League, a local option meeting was held in the Opera House on Sunday afternoon, which was well attended. Previous to the speaking a song service, conducted by Mr. A. M. Chapman, was held an an appropriate recitation was ably given by Miss Jessie Tuite. Dr. Yeomans was chairman, in endeavoring to repute some statements made in reference to him in a letter which was published. The speaker of the day was Mr. F. S. Spence, of Toronto, who spoke at considerable length upon local option and its results in places where it had been in force.

SUNDAY SCHOOL RALLY

A rally of the Belleville Sunday schools was held at Holloway Street Methodist Church on New Year's, which was largely attended. The pastor, Rev. J. N. Clarry, was chairman of the gathering. Invocation was given by Rev. H. S. Osborne, B. D., pastor of Bridge Street Church, and prayers by Rev. S. C. Moore, B.A., pastor of the Tabernacle Church. Appropriate addresses were given by Rev. A. S. Kerr, pastor of St. Andrew"s Church, and Rev. A. M. Hubly, of the Reformed Episcopal Church, also took part in the proceedings. Suitable music was furnished by the choir of the church. An especial feature was the salutation of the flag, led by Cap. Puston of the Salvation Army and the Boy Scouts.

LAID AT REST

The funeral of the late Mr. James Malyea took place on Sunday afternoon from his late residence, Cedar street, and was largely attended. Members of the Veterans' Association of which deceased was a member, turned out in considerable numbers as did citizens generally. Services at St. Michael's Church and at the interment at St. James cemetery were conducted by Rev. Father Killeen. Many floral tributes and mass cards were contributed by friends which evidenced the esteem in which deceased was held. The bearers were: Messrs. W. Clarke, S. Barclay, Thos. Soales, Wm. Carter, Wm. Pascoe and Alex. Tisdale.

RECRUITING CONCERT

At the Princess Theatre, Front St., on Sunday, two sacred concerts were given under the auspices of the 155th Battalion, C.E.F., and both were well attended. In the afternoon and evening some moving pictures were shown and some suitable vocal selections were also given. At the evening performance, Mrs. Adeloide Secord, who is connected with the Empire Players' Company, which played here all last week was present, and gave an appropriate recruiting address. She stated that she had a son in the fighting lines some where in Belgium and that it was incumbent upon mothers to offer and allow their sons to enlist and fight for the Allies. It was a sacrifice to do so, but the sacrifice must be made. At the conclusion of her remarks, Mrs. Secord recited in feeling manner. "The charge of the Light Brigade." Col. Adams, commanding officer of the 155th Battalion, spoke briefly in favor of recruiting and also on behalf of the Battalion, thanked Mr. Green, the manager of the house, for his kindness and generosity in giving free the house for the concerts.

HE DIDN'T KNOW

An insurance agent was filling out an application form.

"Have you ever had appendicitis?" he asked.

"Well," answered the applicant, "I was operated on, but I have never felt quite sure whether it was appendicitis or professional curiosity."

LETTER OF APPRECIATION

The following letter has been received by the pastors of the city churches from Mr. Sharpe, the secretary of the Military Y.M.C.A., acknowledging the assistance received from the churches in connection with the Christmas dinner for the soldiers.

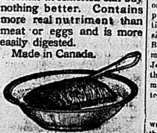
"May I express through you to the ladies of your church my thanks for their assistance in the providing and serving of the Christmas dinner for the members of the 80th and 155th Battalions and returned soldiers who were in the city Christmas Day.

The more I think of the splendid provision made the more I realize my indebtedness to the ladies of the city's churches. I am specially grateful to the ladies who represented your church on the general committee and gave so freely of their time to the undertaking. Without their help a dinner of the proportions of the one served would have been quite out of the question.

After all there is so little we can do for the men in khaki compared to what they have offered to do, that it is little wonder that everyone seemed so eager and glad to honor them in this way.

I trust the New Year may be one full of prosperity and improved opportunities for the members of your congregation.

A Five-Cent Breakfast in five minutes! What a boon to the busy housekeeper! Two Shredded Wheat Biscuits, heated in the oven to restore crispness and served with hot milk, make a complete, perfect meal, supplying all the strength needed for a half-day's work at a cost of four or five cents. The richest man in America can buy nothing better. Contains more real nutriment than meat or eggs and is more easily digested.
Made in Canada.



Esmeralda Club Gave at Home

On Friday evening the Esmeralda Club held their New Year's At-Home in Johnstone's Academy. In every way it proved to be a grand success and upward of 75 couples danced the New Year in and the old year out. Refreshments were served at 11.30 and as the clock struck twelve the merry gathering joined hands in one large circle and sang the "Maple Leaf" gave three cheers for the boys at the front, sang, "Auld Lang Syne" and "God Save the King" then proceeded to complete the latter part of the programme. The gathering broke up about 2.30 mid New Year's greetings.

NOTES

During the evening, Prof. Johnstone acted as Master of Ceremonies and the O'Rourke Orchestra rendered the music in a pleasing manner.

Many out-of-town guests were present from Trenton, Napanee, Frankford, Kingston and London, also many former Bellevillelans who were home for the holidays.

TWO MOTHERS TELL

HOW THEIR SICKLY CHILDREN WERE MADE STRONG AND WELL

"For six years our little girl suffered from a bronchial trouble, she had no appetite, could not sleep and was so nervous we had to keep her out of school. The doctors said nothing but a change of climate would help her. We were discouraged, when one day a friend asked us to try Vinol, and after taking six bottles she does not look like the same child. She has a fine appetite, is lively, healthy and well, and Vinol did it all." Mrs. F. E. Hufford, Iola, Kas.

Another child made strong:—

"The measles left my little girl thin and delicate, and the doctor's medicine did not seem to build her up. I read about Vinol and got a bottle, and her improvement was rapid, her strength returned and she is now as well as ever." Mrs. E. Linot, Pittsburg, Pa.

We ask every Belleville mother of a frail, sickly child to try Vinol on our guarantee to return their money if it does not restore her child's nomal health. J. S. McKeown, Druggist, Belleville, Ont.

A NEW YEAR'S POEM, 1916.

Nineteen-sixteen was ushered in
  Amidst a sleet and fog.
The awful war with roaring din,
  Has scared the bright sun-dog.
And ice has glazed our city's face,
  The birds no food have found,
While children on the market place
  Are skating circles round.

I stay from church, which grieves me most.
  The hills are all a glare;
Yet numbers of our pious host
  Are doing circles there.
Some pray to keep the city wet,
  While others wish it dry,
Thus Local Option's in a sweat
  And the goose hangs high.

Our mails are filled with flaring script
  Which breathe of wine or musk;
The nectar which the gods have sipt
  May mould within the husk.
The fight's to oust the juice of corn;
  There is no medium choice,
Lest the little dog before the horn
  Should smell his master's voice.

—Wm. P. McKenna.

Belleville, Jan. 3, 1916.

MARRIAGES

GORMAN—LATTIMER.—On Saturday, January 1st, 1916 at the residence of the bride's brother, Mr. W. H. Lattimer, 275 John Street, by Rev. J. H. Locke, Toronto, Mabel Agnes Lattimer, to James Lee Robinson Gorman.

SPORTING NEWS

THE RING

The Willard—Fulton fight which was to have taken place in New Orleans next March was officially declared off by Tommy Burns the New Orleans' promoter on the refusal of Tom Jones, Jess Willard's manager, to agree to an elimination bout for Fred Fulton prior to March 4.

An effort is being made to stage the bout in Milwaukee, an offer of $27,000 for the match being made by Tom Andrews of that city.

BASEBALL.

Four clubs in the International League are without managers. Toronto, Rochester, Newark, and the club that will be placed in either Richmond or Jersey City are casting about for pilots. The men prominently mentioned in baseball circles as being considered for managerial jobs in the Barrow circuit are John Granzel, former manager of the Rochester team; Joe Birmingham, formerly manager of the Cleveland club, and Harry McCormick, who managed the Chattanooga team of the Southern League.

Always the poor umpire gets the worst of it. Now it is reported that there will be no room on either major league staff for the men who acted as arbitrators in the Federal, and who, with the players, were made eligible to return. Both staffs are reported to be filled, so the former Feds. must go to the minors, if they can land jobs, or quit the work. Some of the men that Gilmore had are first-class umpires, and will be taken on as soon as there are vacancies. Others would not be given a chance in the majors in any event. Any of them that can make the grade will land somewhere. It's harder to get good umpires than good ball players.

We Have In Stock
Considerable Corrugated Galvanized Iron.
It will pay you to get our prices before purchasing. We keep a good supply of GALVANIZED NAILS on hand at the lowest prices.

Well Pumps, Cistern Pumps
of all descriptions kept in stock.
It Will Cost You Nothing To Get Our Prices.
Give us a Call

The John Lewis COMPANY LIMITED

MERRY XMAS
FLOUR
FLOUR

For Your Christmas Baking
you cannot afford to use any but the best flour which is of course the Quaker Don't run the risk of spoiling the bread, the pudding, the pie, the cake. Order a sack of Quaker flour tod-ay and make sure of that part of your supplies for the feast.
H. E. FAIRFIELD

HOCKEY

The Wanderer hockey team of Montreal, is off to a flying start in the N. H.A., they having won four games and lost none.

SANDWICH FILLERS.

Nourishing and Tasty Mixtures For the Children's Luncheon Basket.

Minced Cold Roast Beef.—Mince the beef; then season with pepper, salt and a teaspoonful of chopped tarragon leaves. Lay upon rye bread.

Pineapple and Cream Cheese.—Soften a package of cream cheese with a little sweet cream, add a pinch of salt, a tablespoonful of sugar and two tablespoonfuls of freshly grated pineapple. Use with gluten bread.

Minced Chicken and Mayonnaise.—Mince the chicken and add a tablespoonful of chopped celery and enough mayonnaise to make a spreading mixture; with white bread.

Broiled Tomato Rounds.—Dip slices of fresh, firm tomatoes in eggs and crumbs and then brush with melted butter. Broil carefully and sandwich between rye bread rounds.

Apple Butter and Cheese.—Mix with one package of cream cheese two tablespoonfuls of apple butter and a tablespoonful of chopped nuts; add a little cream if the paste is not soft enough to spread and lay upon gluten bread.

Apple Sauce and Brown Bread.—Add to a little good apple sauce a tablespoonful of chopped nuts, spread the bread rounds with fresh butter and spread with the mixture.

Minced Tongue and Marmalade.—To a half cupful of minced tongue add two tablespoonfuls of orange marmalade, mix to a paste and spread on thin slices of graham bread.

Banana Sandwiches.—Slice the bananas thin and let them stand in lemon juice, sugar and a dash of nutmeg for half an hour; then drain and roll in chopped nuts and spread on whole wheat bread.

A GENUINE COPY.

Directions, Step by Step, For Making New England Potpie.

New England potpie is made of three pounds of breast of lamb, each rib bone cut into three inch lengths, and one small chicken, carefully cleaned, singed and jointed and the meat stripped from the breast and back. Put the meat, chicken and two sliced large onions into a deep pot, cover with water and cook gently until the meat is thoroughly done.

Forty minutes before the time to serve it have pared and sliced thick a small pudding dish full of white potatoes; put them in and season with pepper, salt and a little celery salt. Have ready raised dough enough to make fifteen dumplings, pinch them off and roll them round about the size of an egg; then lay them on a floured board to puff up. Ten minutes after the potatoes have been put in drop the puffed up dumplings lightly on top of the stew, cover quickly with a cloth and a cover and boil half an hour.

Be sure before putting in the dumplings that there is enough gravy covering the meat to float the dumplings.

When done remove the cloth and cover and lift dumplings carefully with the skimmer to one platter; then also with the skimmer lift out the meat and potatoes to another platter; then have a smooth flour thickening ready and boil down the gravy and thicken it, turning some over the stew and serving the rest in the tureen.

AMUSEMENTS

GRIFFIN'S
OPERA HOUSE
One Performance Only Nightly
Photoplay Programme Commences at 7.45.

Week Starting
Monday Jan. 3rd
Complete change of Programme Thursday.

Reese Brothers
AFRICANDER MINSTRELS
16 Talented Colored People, with their own Band and Orchestra.
A fantastic arrangement of Dixie's best music, songs and dances.

Prices:
Evening, - 10c, 15c, 25c
Bargain Matinee Sat., 10c

TOILET FRIVOLITIES.

Three Dainty Fixings For Milady's Dressing Table.

Cretonne is used in the making of this pretty trio—a handkerchief case, a powder box and a jewel case. Roses on a cream background, with soft green foliage, all bound in gilt, make a dainty showing on any dressing table.

POWDER AND PUFFS.

Last Week

Of The

Big Discount Sale

Our Discount Sale will continue all this week; so if you have not taken advantage of this Big Money Saving Event you may yet do so.

20 PER CENT. OFF all Ladies' Ready-to-Wear lines. Now is the time to buy that Suit or Coat you were wanting. All must go during this sale—Suits, Coats, Raincoats, Sweater Coats, Blouses, White Wear, Corsets, Aprons, House Dresses, everything in the Ready-to-Wear Department **20% below regular prices.**

20 PER CENT. OFF Housefurnishings—no reserve—Carpets, Rugs, Mats and Matting; Curtains, Curtain Nets, Scrims, Voiles and Muslins; Ready-made and Made-to-order Window Shades, Curtain Poles and all kinds of Fixtures; Chintzes, Sateens, Cretonnes, Shadow Cloths, Tapestries and Portieres; Comforters—cotton, wool and eider fillings—**all the Housefurnishings 20% reduction.**

20 PER CENT. OFF Dress Goods—Velveteens, Velvets and Cords, Serges, Broadcloths, Whipcords, Cashmeres, Coatings, Suitings, Linings and Plaids, all the same reduced prices—**one-fifth less.**

20 PER CENT. OFF Silks, Satins, Dress Timmings and Buttons, Fancy Neckwear, Collar and Cuff Sets, Veils and Veilings, Belts, Fancy Linens, Doilies, Centrepieces, Tray Covers, Embroideries, Purses, Brass Ware, Beads and Jewelry—everything in the Nation and Fancy Lines **20% off.**

20 PER CENT. OFF Men's Underwear, Night Robes and Pyjamas.

10 PER CENT. OFF Men's Sox, Gloves and Mitts.

10 PER CENT. OFF all Staples—Embroidery Linens, Table Napkins, Shirting, Pillow Cotton and Sheetings, Sheets, Bed Spreads, Blankets (wool and flannelette), Flannel and Flannelette, Wrapperette, Towels and Toweling, Ginghams, Prints, White Cottons and Batting, **all at a discount of 10%.**

10 PER CENT. OFF Linoleums and Floor Oilcloths, an exceptionally good range of patterns to select from. **No reserve—10% off all.**

10 PER CENT. OFF Ladies' and Children's Underwear, Hosiery and Gloves—all the best brands to choose from in all qualities.

REMEMBER THAT Grey Cotton and Spool Thread is net. Carpet Sweepers are net. All purchases are cash. No Goods on approbation or exchanged.

STORE OPENS AT 8.30 a.m. and CLOSES AT 5 p.m.

Ketcheson & Earle

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 8 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

TO RENT

TO RENT, RESIDENCE, No. 221 CHARLES St.; contains all modern conveniences. Apply at The Intelligencer Office a23-tf

TO LET, THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the Bank of Commerce, and also rooms in the same block and the Robertson Block, suitable for offices and apartments. S. S. Lazier. j17-dtf

TO RENT—WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, splendid location. All conveniences. Apply 171 Bridge St. East. 30-6t

TO LET—WELL FURNISHED PRIVATE rooms with board. All conveniences. Apply 170 George St. j3-dtf

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED—COMPETENT MAID TO GO TO Toronto. Two in family. References required. Apply evenings. 190 Bridge St. East. 30-4td

WANTED—A COMPETENT MAID. APply evenings between 7 and 8. Mrs. F. E. O'Flynn, 149 E. Bridge St. 3-4td

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—FIRST CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill and Planer hands, Toolmakers. Good wages. Steady work. Canadian Westinghouse Company, Limited, Hamilton, Ont. d—j27

WANTED—A GOOD SHOE REPAIRER. Apply Brown's Quick Shoe Repairing, 4 Bridge St., Belleville. Phone 779. j3-6t

LOST

LOST—ON FRIDAY NIGHT BETWEEN Griffith's Shoe Hospital and North Front Street, a boot. Finder please leave at Griffith's. 1t

TENDERS

TENDERS will be received for furnishing Coal and Cut Wood—wood to be one foot in length—for School Section No. 22. Tenders to close Jan. 15th, 1916.

W. C. McDONALD Secretary.
Point Anne, Dec. 29, 1915. d31-4td

WHERE'S IT GO?

Husband: "Are you aware, my dear, that it takes three-fourths of my wages to meet your dressmaker's bills?"

"Wife: "Goodness gracious! What on earth do you do with the rest of your money!"

In a rural court the old squire had made a ruling so unfair that three young lawyers at once protested against such a miscarriage of justice. The squire immediately fined each of the lawyers $5 for contempt of court.

CLASSIFIED WANT ADS
TO LET

The telegraph will reach your man quickly. If you are sure just where he is the telephone will do it quicker. But if it is good help you want and do not know just where to find it, our Want Ads. are quicker than either.

"NO goods purchased abroad are cheap that take the place of our own labor and our own raw material."

EGG MARKETING.

Experiment in Co-operative Work Has Proven a Great Success.

While the activities of the Live Stock Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture with regard to the organization of Co-operative Egg and Poultry Marketing Associations have been largely confined to date to the Eastern Provinces of the Dominion, the need and opportunity for work of this kind in the Western Provinces have not been overlooked.

From the fact that co-operative marketing of poultry products was something entirely new, it was thought advisable to test out the practicability of the system thoroughly before extending it to a wider area. Satisfactory results having been obtained in the East, arrangements are now being made to extend the work to the Western Provinces.

The new field to be organized will receive the benefit of the experience of men who have been associated with the co-operative work since its inception. Mr. T. A. Benson, who for the past three years has been in charge of the co-operative organization in Prince Edward Island, is being transferred to the Province of Alberta to fill a position similar to that which he has held in Prince Edward Island.

Mr. J. H. Hare, who has had an extensive experience in this work, not only with the Ontario Provincial Department of Agriculture, but also during the last two years with the commercial and marketing end of the work undertaken by the Live Stock Branch, has been given general supervision of the Egg Circle work being conducted by the Branch. Mr. Hare is now in the Western Provinces and will devote the greater part of his time for the next year to directing operations there. For the present he will confine his activities principally to the Province of Saskatchewan.

Mr. R. J. Allen, B.S.A., has been appointed to take immediate charge of the organization of Co-operative Egg and Poultry Marketing Associations in Manitoba. Mr. Allen has had an extensive experience not only in Departmental work but also in the commercial field, and goes to Manitoba well fitted to carry on this work effectively.

Mr. Wm. Kerr, B.S.A., who was in district representative work in Ontario for some time previous to joining the staff of the Live Stock Branch, and who has been associated with Mr. Benson in Prince Edward Island during the past summer, is now in charge of the work in that Province. Both during his college course and later, during active work in the field, Mr. Kerr has made a special study of the theory and practice of the co-operative marketing of farm products. He enters the work in Prince Edward Island, therefore, well equipped to take up the problems that have developed in connection with the advanced nature of the work at that point.

WOMAN CITY CLERK.

Miss Martha A. Dickinson Has Filled Position With Great Credit.

Windsor, Ontario, has the distinction of having the only woman city clerk in Canada. Some go even further than that and say she is the only one in the world, with the sole exception of a town in Poland.

This unique example of feminine endeavor is Martha A. Dickinson. She is young in years compared to the incumbents of similar positions elsewhere in Canada, for example, in Montreal, where a member of the Canadian Senate holds the city clerkship.

Miss Dickinson was engaged in newspaper work when she became assistant city clerk in 1902. For 12 years she attended to the details of the office and gained the confidence of City Clerk Lusted so well that in 1914, owing to increasing deafness, he asked that she be promoted to the responsibility of acting city clerk, and she was unanimously chosen by the Council for the office. That Miss Dickinson takes her work seriously—that is, she recognizes that her position is something more than keeping books—is evidenced in the fact that she was elected by her Council to represent Windsor at the recent meeting of the Ontario Municipal Association.

Recently the Mayor of Windsor wrote of her as follows: "During her term of service Miss Dickinson has secured a thorough grasp of municipal affairs, and has developed remarkable ability in handling the work of the office. For a number of years she has been assuming more and more of the work, and last spring, when she was compelled to assume the full management on account of the long illness of the city clerk, she did it in such a manner that there was not a hitch."

Opposed to Change.

Mount Robson, which it is suggested should be changed to Mount Cavell in honor of the heroic British nurse, is popularly supposed to have got its name from Hon. John Robson, Premier of British Columbia, and uncle of the late John Robson Cameron, of the Hamilton Spectator. The proposal to change the name of the mountain has met with marked opposition.

"The first record of the mountain, under the title of Mount Robson, appears in Milton and Cheedle's book of their travels, which dates back about 60 years ago, says Prof. Sissons, a widely known mountain climber. It was referred to as Mount Robson, and evidently had the name Robson when the travel was made. We have not been able to establish the origin of the name, but I think it was called after some old explorer or prospector. It was suggested that the mount may have been named after Ebenezer Robson, the pioneer Methodist minister, who went out there about '54, but I don't think that has been substantiated. Another belief was that it was named after Premier Robson, of British Columbia, but he came after the mountain had its name, so that can be put aside also."

WHEN HE HAD TO STOP

"My doctor told me I would have to stop eating so much meat."

"Did you laugh him to scorn?"

"I did at first; but when he sent in his bill I found he was right."

RITCHIE'S

THOUSANDS OF YARDS OF REMNANTS

All At Bargain Prices To Go On Sale This Week

AT THE DRESS GOODS COUNTER

There are hundreds of Remnants of the season's best Dress, Suit and Coat Fabrics all grouped together for easy selection. They are Remnants of

TWEEDS SERGES ARMURES WORSTEDS VOILES
HENRIETTAS DELAINES CASHMERES BROADCLOTHS FRENCH FLANNELS
and SILKS OF VARIOUS QUALITIES

Enough in some for Dress Lengths, Separate Skirts and Blouses, etc., and each individual remnant represents an

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAIN

At the Staple Department

Is a counter loaded with remnants of
TABLE OIL CLOTHS
CANTON FLANNELS, TICKINGS
PILLOW COTTONS
FACTORY COTTONS
WHITE COTTON
SHEETINGS FLANNELS
TOWELLING SHEETINGS
COTTONADES, BLEACHED and
UNBLEACHED TABLE LINENS.

They range in length from 1 yard to 10 yards and each remnant marked at a

Big Clearing Reduction

**A
Very Happy
Prosperous
and
Healthful
NEW YEAR
is the wish
We extend to
All Our Friends
and Customers**

1916

The RITCHIE CO. Limited

At the Wash Goods Section

You will find scores of desirable ends of
FLANNELETTES
GINGHAMS, PRINTS
WRAPPERETTES
MUSLINS CHAMBRAYS
CREPES
EIDERDOWNS
COATINGS
EMBROIDERIES

These remnants range in lengths from ½ yard to 8 or 9 yards, enough in some to make Ladies' Dresses, Children's Dresses, Kimonas and Dressing Sacques, and all at

Remarkably Low Prices

Super-Bone Corsets, Something New See Them.

The RITCHIE Company Limited

We Do Furniture Upholstering Phone 820

LESS FALL WHEAT.

Decrease Chiefly Is In Ontario, Due to Heavy Rains in August.

The Census and Statistics Branch of the Department of Trade and Commerce, in a report issued a few days ago, estimates that the area sown to fall wheat for next year's crop is 1,100,800 acres, which is about 15 per cent. less than the area of 1,294,000 acres sown in 1914 for the 1915 crop. The decrease is principally in Ontario, and is due to the heavy rains of August, which prevented the working of the soil in time for seeding.

The area sown to fall wheat in Ontario is estimated to be 820,600 acres, states the report, as compared with 1,043,000 acres sown in 1914, the decrease being 222,400 acres, or over 21 per cent. In Alberta there is an increase from 230,000 acres in 1914 to 260,500 acres in 1915, the plus difference representing 13 per cent. In Manitoba there is a decrease from 10,900 to 9,400 acres; in Saskatchewan there is no change from the estimated area of 4,100 acres, and in British Columbia there is a small increase of 200 acres, making 6,200 acres sown to this crop. As regards condition on October 31, the figures are 88 or 89 per cent. of the standard for Canada and for Ontario and Alberta. In Manitoba the condition is 69, in Saskatchewan 85, and in British Columbia 95. For Ontario and Alberta the figures of condition are less than in either of the two previous years, when the condition on October 31 was over 90.

For all Canada about 53 per cent. of the area intended for next year's crops is reported as plowed by October 31, as compared with 71 per cent. last year and 54 per cent. in 1913. In the North-West the percentages are as follows: Manitoba 36, against 92; Saskatchewan 27, against 77; Alberta 34, against 56.

Root and fodder crops in Canada, consisting of potatoes, turnips, mangels, etc., hay and clover, alfalfa, fodder corn and sugar beets, occupied this year a total area of about 8,977,000 acres, as compared with 9,067,000 acres in 1914, and their estimated value, subject to revision, is $230,379,000, as compared with $226,227,000 last year. The decrease in area is principally in respect to hay and clover, and the increase in total value is due to the larger yield of the same crop.

The conditions governing the production of potatoes have this year been as bad as last year they were good. The total esimated yield is 62,604,000 bushels from 478,600 acres, an average yield per acre of only 131 bushels. Last year the corresponding figures were 85,672,000 bushels, 475,900 acres, and 180 bushels. Not since the average of 119 bushels in 1910 has the rate per acre been so low. It is 27 bushels below the average of 158 bushels for the five years 1910-14.

To Reduce.

The following exercise is an excellent one to practice if you wish to reduce an extended abdomen. Place the right foot forward about eighteen inches and raise the arms above the head. Bend the body to the left, to the front and to the right, endeavoring to reach the floor with the finger tips. Keep the left knee rigid, but bend the right just a little. Inhale deeply when rising and exhale when bending. Continue this exercise until you are fairly tired, alternating feet.

You are on the Right Road

if you head for our bake shop. Why? Because our assortment will suit anybody; because we use the purest ingredients of the very highest class, because we aim for a quality and deliciousness of product that will appeal to you most strongly and keep you as one of our regular customers. Truly, ours is a most sanitary shop.

TO THE BAKERS

Yerex's Bakery

Phone 787
68 Sinclair St. Belleville

CITY AND VICINITY

If you are going out of the city to spend your holidays, travel by Canadian Pacific. S. Burrows, Agent. d21-tf

FURS

Furs make a sensible and lasting gift as a CHRISTMAS PRESENT

We have—

Children's White Thibet Sets at	$4.00, $5.50 and $6.75
Ladies' Persian Lamb at	$33 to $67 set
Ladies' Alaska Sable at	$31 to $62 set
Ladies' Black Wolf at	$25 to $45 set
Ladies' Natural Wolf at	$27 to $30 set

J. T. DELANEY

29 Campbell St. opposite Y.M.C.A. Phone 797

For NEW YEAR'S

New Year's Shortbread 5, 10 and 15c a Cake
New Year's Fruit Cake Iced, Almond Iced and Plain.

Charlotte Russe, Cream Puffs, Cream Rolls, Cream Muffins, Doughnuts, Fried Cakes, Mince Pies, Mince Patties and all kinds of fresh bakery goods.

New Years' Candies—Scotch Kisses, Glaced Walnuts, Glaced Fruits, Chocolates and Bon Bons.

New Years' Oysters
Ice Cream &c.

Chas. S. Clapp

25% DISCOUNT SALE:—BIGGEST BARGAINS EVER OFFERED

25% reduction for cash on all lines of furniture. Unexampled opportunity for buying your Christmas present at lowest possible prices. Dominion Bedding & Furniture Co., 306 Front Street. D11,tf

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Mr. H. L. Wallace wishes to inform his customers that he is temporarily closing up his electrical business, having accepted an appointment with the 155th "Bay of Quinte Overseas Battalion,, and he desires to thank his customers for their patronage while in business.

As his office, situated at 38 Bridge street, is closed, he has arranged for the convenience of those who still owe him accounts, to have them paid into his account at the Union Bank of Canada, who will give receipts for same and he urgently requests that these be paid AT ONCE to assist him in a speedy winding of his affairs.

NOTICE

The annual meeting of the Belleville Cemetery Company will be held at the office of the Secretary Teasurer, No. 19 Campbell Street, on Monday, January 17th, 1916, at 4 o'clock P.M., for the election of directors and general business.

W. H. HUDSON,
Sec'y.-Treas.
J3,3i

A DEFINITION

"Father," said little Rollo, "what is appendicitis?"

"Appendicitis, my son," answered the deep-thinking father, "is something that enable a doctor to open up a man's anatomy and remove his entire bank account."

THE WEATHER.

Fair and mild
Tuesday, easterly and southerly winds, generally fair with stationary or a little higher temperature.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 81 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, TUESDAY, JANUARY 4, 1916. No. 1

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58 years continuous business is a guarantee for square dealing, best values and lowest prices.
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CIVIC ELECTIONS THROUGH ONTARIO

Mayors Elected in Ontario Cities—Mayors, Reeves and Councillors Elected in Near-by Places—Bridgeburg Elects First Mayor

LOCAL OPTION CAMPAIGN IN MANY PLACES

Cities Remain Wet—By-Law Carries in 17 of the 47 Places Voting—Owen Sound Stays Dry—Oshawa Wet

Mayors Elected

Following is a list of Mayors elected in Ontario cities and towns yesterday. One of the most notable elections was in Walkerville. H. B. Hatcher, who ran on a municipal ownership ticket, is the youngest Chief Magistrate ever elected there, and obtained the largest majority ever polled. In Peterboro', Mr. Duffus is the first Roman Catholic to be elected to the Mayor's chair of that city. Bridgeburg has a Mayor for the first time.

AMHERSTBURG—John Auld.
BRIDGEBURG—Dr. J. R. Mencke.
BOWMANVILLE—J. B. Mitchell.
BELLEVILLE—H. F. Ketcheson.
BURLINGTON—M. C. Smith.
BROCKVILLE—Geo. A. Wright.
BARRIE—J. F. Craig.
BRANTFORD—J. W. Bowlby.
BLENHEIM—J. B. Little.
CARLETON PLACE—D. Smyth.
CLINTON—C. W. Thompson.
CHATHAM—Will M. Foreman.
CORNWALL—Geo. A. Stiles (accl)
COLLINGWOOD—W. B. H. Patton
CAMPBELLFORD—W. J. Armstrong.
DESERONTO—E. A. Rixen.
ESSEX—T. A. Brown (accl).
GODERICH—Robert McLean.
HARRISTON—Dr. S. M. Henry.
HANOVER—Dr. A. B. Taylor.
INGERSOLL—W. J. Elliott.
KENORA—J. H. Earngey (accl.).
KINCARDINE—Elijah Miller.
LISTOWEL—A. W. Featherstone.
LINDSAY—D. J. McLean.
LEAMINGTON—Lewis Wigle (accl.)
KINGSTON—Dr. A. W. Richardson
MITCHELL—Wm. Elliott.
MIDLAND—E. Leathers (accl.)
MOUNT FOREST—T. Clarke.
NIAGARA FALLS—C. N. Clendenning, (re-el. accl.).
NIAGARA—W. R. McLelland.
NAPANEE—G. F. Ruttan.
ORILLIA—R. Cursan (accl.)
OWEN SOUND—R. D. Little.
OSHAWA—G. D. Conant.
OAKVILLE—C. H. Cross.
PARKHILL—M. Fenn.
PETERBORO'—J. J. Duffus.
PARRY SOUND—Dwyer.
PETROLEA—R. Stirrett.
PEMBROKE—Edward Behan (accl)
PERTH—James Hands.
RIDGETOWN—P. J. Henry.
RENFREW—J. K. Rochester.
ROCKLAND—Napoleon Dehaitre.
ST. MARY'S—Wm. Weir.
ST. THOMAS—W. Trott (accl.).
SMITH'S FALLS—Dr. J. F. Montgomery.
SEAFORTH—Harry Stewart (accl.)
SARNIA—Doherty.
SUDBURY—Thos. Travers.
STRATHROY—Dugald Graham.
STRATFORD—E. K. Barnesdale.
TILLSONBURG—C. H. Denton.
THOROLD—Joseph Battle.
TRENTON—W. H. Ireland.
WALKERVILLE—H. H. Hatcher.
WATERLOO—Dr. W. L. Hilliard, (accl.).
WINGHAM—J. W. McKibbon.
WELLAND—J. H. Crow, (accl.).
WHITBY—Dr. Frank Warren.
WALKERTON—F. W. Lippert.

Town Elections

Campbellford—Mayor, W. J. Armstrong; reeve, D. F. Robertson; Councillors, W. S. Russell, J. A. Anderson, Charles Davidson, J. C. Fowlds, S. J. Abernathy and C. W. Palliser (tie for fifth councillor). Water and electric light commissioners: C. W. Smith and A. E. Caddy.

Deseronto—Mayor, E. A. Rixen; reeve, T. J. Naylor; Councillors: C. Bernan, T. Fox, G. E. Clement, W. H. Richardson, J. Stainton, M. Hun. School trustee: E. J. Smith.

Napanee—Mayor, G. F. Ruttan; reeve, John Osborne. Councillors: Dennison, Steacy, Paul Graham, U. M. Wilson and Meng.

Trenton—Mayor, W. H. Ireland; councillors, W. B. Kirk, Russell Haines, Fred Abbott, Con. Van Alstine, E. M. Blakely and P. J. O'Rourke.

Village Elections

Brighton—Reeve, Oakes. Councillors: Whitton, Phillips, Tice, Gunnyee.

Colborne—Reeve: Dr. W. G. Robertson. Councillors: Ira Edwards, S. D. Dudley, McCracken, and W. R. Scott, returned by acclamation.

Madoc—Reeve, E. C. Tufts. Councillors, W. Whytock, W. J. Atkins, F. Dafoe and C. E. Hart.

Madoc—Mr. E. C. Tufts has been elected Reeve of Madoc Village by a majority of 12 over Mr. Brown. Councillors: W. Whytock, W. J. Atkins, F. Dafoe and C. E. Hart.

Huntingdon—The election in Huntingdon Township resulted in the election of Mr. Jeffrey by a majority of 66 over Mr. W. E. Tummon, who

Continued on Page Two.

HALF THE LEGISLATION IS IN DIVORCE CASES

68 Bills at Ottawa, of Which 33 Are Cutting of Wedding Ties

OTTAWA, Jan. 3.—Private legislation for the coming session of Parliament will be exceptionally light. The general uncertainty as to the probable length of the session has discouraged many promoters from paying fees for legislation which may not go through. The total applications so far number 68, of which no less than 33 are applicants for divorce. There are only two applications for railway incorporation, six for miscellaneous incorporations, 17 for railway amendments (mostly extensions), seven for miscellaneous amendments, and three for letters patent.

Toronto heads the divorce list with eleven applications, or one-third of the total, while Edmonton comes next with three.

The list of applications is as follows:

Lillian M. Dent, Nora L. Jackson, A. Arthur, Robert W. Thompson, Ida Woltz, Lena Pearl Potter, Mabel Mills, Christopher Sinclair, Clarice Smith, Hope F Bailey, Martha J. Kenny, all of Toronto.

M. Sherwood, Ottawa; Mary P. Lasher, Kingston; Jean Porter, Lindsay; Henry J. Wardlaws, Weston; Harry J. White Cunningham, Hamilton; Percy Lynn Woods, Capra; Robert C. Veindrafau, Preston; John Selta, Winchester; David W. Rhodes, Nottawasaga; William T. Craig, Chatham.

Andrew H. Gault, Montreal; James William McKenzie, Pt. Marguerite, Que.; Raymond A. Savage, Gramby, Que.

Annie Elliott, Winnipeg; Conrad B. Marshall, Edmonton; Sadie McArthur, Edmonton; Edward A. Barnwell, Calgary; Leroy H. Ruttle, Calgary; W. Chas. Wilson, Edmonton; Rudolph Volthoffer, Southey, Sask.; Cicely E. Ferara, Shelbrook, Sask.; Robert Happer, Regina.

H. F. KETCHESON GETS BIG MAJORITY FOR MAYOR

Local Option By-Law Defeated by 80—Aldermen Poll Small Vote—School Trustee Elected

As was anticipated, the municipal election in Belleville yesterday was the keenest ever fought in the city. There were also polled far more votes than ever before. This was largely due to the fact that a local option campaign was waged, and both sides were well organized for the fray. The result was that many citizens, especially ladies, who never before took any interest in such an election as voters, were brought to the polls and exercised their franchise. It was indeed a busy day, and vehicles of every description were pressed into service in conveying voters to the polls. From the opening of the polls at nine o'clock until the close at five o'clock the interest did not lag. Many ladies were very active during the day in endeavoring to secure votes for local option, and their efforts no doubt were responsible in no small degree for the large vote polled for the measure, namely, 1,318. The vote against the measure was 1012, thus defeating it on the three-fifths clause by 80.

In the Mayoralty contest it was confidently expected that Mr. H. F. Ketcheson would defeat Mr. A. R. Robinson, but his most sanguine supporters did not for a moment think his majority would be so large, namely, 608. Of the fourteen polling subdivisions of the city the successful candidate had majorities in twelve, whilst Mr. Robinson carried two by slight margins. The vote was by three to four hundred the largest ever given in a Mayoralty contest, namely 2,260, or 170 less than that recorded for local option.

There was comparatively no interest manifested in the Aldermanic race owing to the fact that although ex-Ald. Lang qualified within the appointed time to do so, he subsequently resigned. Nevertheless a ballot had to be prepared. In Foster Ward only 4 ballots were issued, and in Murney Ward No. 13 only one ballot was marked. This was owing to the fact that the ballot was not asked for and consequently not given to the elector. The result showed that ex-Ald. Deacon secured the largest number of votes recorded, but was closely followed by Ald. Smith.

In Coleman Ward a contest took place between Mr. G. A. Bennett and Mr. W. R. McCreary for Public School Trustee. The result was that Mr. McCreary won out by a majority of 117.

The votes for Mayor, Aldermen, and Local Option were as follows:—

LOCAL OPTION.

	For	Against
Foster Ward	77	109
Samson, No. 2	42	55
Samson, No. 3	119	53
Ketcheson, No. 4	50	50
Ketcheson, No. 5	127	58
Baldwin, No. 6	39	62
Baldwin, No. 7	171	102
Bleecker, No. 8	62	109
Bleecker, No. 9	33	50
Coleman, No. 10	129	93
Coleman, No. 11	82	55
Murney, No. 12	188	80
Murney, No. 13	101	63
Murney, No. 14	98	73
	1318	1012

MAYORALTY.

	Ketcheson	Robinson
Foster Ward	89	95
Samson, No. 2	56	43
Samson, No. 3	127	40
Ketcheson, No. 4	72	31
Ketcheson, No. 5	131	38
Baldwin, No. 6	70	31
Baldwin, No. 7	183	80
Bleecker, No. 8	97	69
Bleecker, No. 9	40	42
Coleman, No. 10	121	98
Coleman, No. 11	91	48
Murney, No. 12	174	77
Murney, No. 13	99	51
Murney, No. 14	81	80
	1431	826

Majority for Ketcheson—608.

SCHOOL TRUSTEE.

	McCreary	Bennett
Coleman, No. 10	209	93
Coleman, No. 11	64	63
	273	156

Majority for McCreary—117.

FOR ALDERMEN.

Subdivisions	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
Deacon ✓	1	41	113	62	144	37	140	28	45	42	74	7	1	82	817
Smith ✓	2	41	79	54	98	59	137	48	63	51	70	9	1	87	810
Platt ✓	1	44	84	52	120	41	142	38	48	49	84	8	1	91	806
Duckworth ✓	1	44	83	46	100	40	129	28	46	37	81	7	0	84	726
Woodley ✓	1	37	91	48	97	36	120	32	37	34	60	11	1	68	673
St. Charles ✓	3	50	57	52	70	55	113	24	34	48	67	8	1	60	672
Earle ✓	1	30	90	46	116	38	122	19	36	25	58	8	0	67	656
Whalen ✓	4	45	59	42	67	42	133	20	31	36	47	8	0	75	609
Parks ✓	1	33	64	40	65	30	81	18	28	20	43	6	0	49	478
Lang	0	24	46	22	42	17	64	10	24	16	46	9	1	31	355

Cabinet Crisis Not Yet Ended

(Canadian Press Special)

London, Jan. 4.—The Cabinet crisis is far from ended. The only definite point is that Sir John Simon at the home office has resigned. He had a prolonged interview with the Prime Minister yesterday, when the latter did his utmost to induce Sir John to remain in the Cabinet, but it is almost certain that the home secretary's resignation will be officially announced on the reassembling of Parliament. Lewis Harcourt and Herbert Samuel are named among his possible successors in office. The position of McKenna and Runciman is still undecided. They are making acceptance of the Government compulsion bill conditional upon securing a concession to their views on the eventual size of the army and the Morning Post believes that such a concession will be made so that enough men will be reserved for munitions and other necessary trades. South Wales miners are apparently dead against conscription. President Winston of the Miners' Federation said yesterday. "Unless the politicians are careful they will stop the South Wales' coal fields and there will be no coal for the navy."

LONDON, Jan. 4.—The announcement was made in the House of Commons to-day of the resignation of Sir John Simon as Secretary of State for home affairs.

RUSSIANS CONTINUE ADVANCE IN EAST

(Canadian Press Special)

PETROGRAD, Jan. 4.—An official statement given out last night says that fighting continues northwest of Czernowitz with unabated energy, our forces continually advancing despite numberous counter attacks by the enemy. The enemy losses are very great and we took another group of sixteen officers and 766 unwounded men prisoners without counting the great number of wounded remaining on the battlefield.

OFFICIAL RECRUITING FIGURES GIVEN OUT

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 4.—Lord Derby's recruiting figures for the period between October 23rd and December 15th show that 1,150,000 unmarried men and 1,679,263 married men presented themselves for service.

Of this total 103,000 single and 112,000 married men enlisted immediately while eight hundred and forty thousand single men and 1,344,979 married men were attested for future service, and 207,000 single men and 221,853 married men were rejected.

British Attack Germans in France

LONDON, Jan. 3.—(Special.)—The Official Press Bureau gives out the following report from British Headquarters in France:

"Last night we made a successful bombing attack on the southern part of our front.

"To-day we directed an effective artillery fire against portions of the German lines.

"German artillery was active to the northeast of Loos and to the east of Ypres."

BANK MANAGER ENLISTS

MILBROOK, Jan. 3.—Special—Messrs. Basil and Bruce Fitzgerald have joined the colors. The former was Manager of the Standard Bank at Brooklin, and the latter is now on the Paymaster's staff at Perth. Harold Donaldson, son of Mr. W. T. Donaldson, has given up his work at Queen's University and donned the khaki.

LIEUT. CRAIG GETS MILITARY CROSS

COBOURG, Jan. 3.—Special—At Buckingham Palace a few days ago Lieut. Charles Stewart Craig, son of Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Craig, Cobourg, was invested with the Military Cross by the King, which he was awarded recently for conspicuous gallantry.

21 NATIONS BEHIND MONROE DOCTRINE

Such is Reported Object of Pan-American Convention

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—A defensive alliance that would put the powers and resources of the twenty-one republics of North, South and Central America behind the Monroe Doctrine, it became known today, is the real purpose of the proposed convention between these nations.

Officials at the State Department refuse to discuss in any way reports that suggestions looking toward this end have been made informally, and that representatives of Central and South American Governments in Washington have despatched memoranda to their Governments.

Delegates to the Pan-American Congress who are close officially and personally to Ministers and Ambassadors of American Governments here, declared to-day such a movement is on foot.

They said that if only a part of the suggestions made during "conversations" between the Secretary of State and Latin-American officials are subscribed to the Americans could present a solid front, in event of necessity, to the rest of the world. Such an alliance, they said, would prove the most powerful in the history of the world, when resources in men and materials are considered.

Some of the Suggestions

Some of these suggestions, already made or to be made, are:

Creation of standing armies by each nation, the size of each army to be decided upon by agreement of all the nations concerned. Such armies would be subject to call for the defence of any one or more of the twenty-one republics, in the event of attack by an outside nation.

Creation of navies along the same lines.

Promulgation of a code of laws for regulation not only of boundary disputes, but of commercial, industrial and financial matters.

Agreement that no nation in the Pan-American Alliance will make any offensive or defensive treaty with any government outside the twenty-one republics of the western hemisphere.

Establishment of an international court comprising representatives of all the nations subscribing to the Pan-American Alliance, such court or body to have power to settle all disputes and to interpret the proposed international code.

Establishment of an international force, distinguished from the regular land and naval forces, to be used as a police force, this force to be called on, and to be augmented by the regular land and naval forces if necessary to put down revolutionary movements, when, in the opinion of the international court, the revolutionary movement is not a movement of the majority of the people of the nation affected.

For Government Call Only

In this connection, it is now pointed out that this international police force would be called into action only at the request of the heads of the recognized Government, and after the international court had passed on the matter.

The chief object of such an alliance, however, it will be repeatedly emphasized when the matter is formally made public, will be the adoption by every nation of the western hemisphere of the Monroe Doctrine and its principles.

Union of American nations to preserve their "sovereign integrity and actual life" was urged today before the Pan-American scientific congress by John Barrett, director of the Pan-American Union.

"Whatever may be this war's results," said Mr. Barrett, "there may be little or no love for the United States and other nations forming Pan-America. The American Republics must stand together for eventualities. War passions and war power may force a policy toward Pan-Americanism, the Monroe Doctrine, which will demand absolute solidarity of action on the part of the American Republics—all their physical and moral force."

KINGSTON'S BIG RALLY

KINGSTON, Jan. 3—Special—A big recruiting rally in behalf of the 146th Battalion being raised here, was held in the City Hall to-night. Lieut.-Col. Charles A. Lowe presided. Addresses were delivered by Major-General Hodgins, Adjutant-General, Ottawa, and Prof. L. W. Mulloy.

BRITAIN LENDS TWO BILLION

LONDON, Jan. 4.—(Special)—It is estimated that in the last year Great Britain has advanced £400,000,000 ($2,000,000,000) to her Allies.

ENEMY CONTINUE SUBMARINE WARFARE

Four More Steamers Sunk by Subs.—Three Are British and One Japanese—Ten Lives Are Lost—Total Tonnage 23,275

UNITED STATES IS CONFRONTING CRISIS

Officials Regard Situation as Gravest Since Piratical Operations Began—Uneasiness is Evident—Lively Discussion Over Persia's Sinking is Expected in Congress

Four More Sunk

Four more steamers, three British and one Japanese, were yesterday reported sunk in the Mediterranean by enemy submarines. The total known loss of life is ten. Following are the sub. victims:

Geelong, Br., 7,951 tons.
Glengyle, Br., 9,395 tons.
St. Oswald, Br., 3,810 tons.
Kenkoku Maru, Jap., 2,109. tons.

Another P and O. Boat

LONDON, Jan. 3.—The Geelong, another Peninsular & Oriental liner, has been sunk in the Mediterranean.

All on board were saved.

She was a steel ship of 7,951 tons, practically the same size as the Persia. She was built for the Blue Anchor Line in 1904, and taken over by the P. & O. in the Australian service. She was scheduled to cruise by way of the Cape. How she happened to be in the Mediterranean has not been explained.

The news of the Geelong's loss came as the climax of a day of disastrous reports from Mediterranean shipping.

Glen Liner Destroyed

The British steamship Glengyle has been sunk. There are about 100 survivors.

The Glengyle had on board about 120 persons, passangers and crew. All with the exception of three Europeans and seven Chinese, were landed. So far as is known no Americans were on board.

The Glengyle carried a valuable cargo of 14,000 tons. The steamer was valued at £235,000.

The Glengyle, which was homeward bound from Shanghai, was sunk in the Mediterranean on Sunday. This was her second voyage.

The Glengyle was one of the largest steamships which have been sunk since the activity of submarines in the Mediterranean became pronounced. Her gross tonnage was 9,395. She was owned by the Glen Line of Glasgow, and was the largest steamship of that line.

The Glengyle had been in service only a comparatively short time, having been built at Newcastle in 1914. She was 500 feet long, 62 feet beam and 34 feet deep. Her master was Captain Webster.

Government Boat Lost

The British steamship St. Oswald has been sunk.

The St. Oswald was in the service of the British Government and presumably was sunk in the Mediterranean. Her movements had not been reported since October 13, on which date she arrived at Mudros Island from Alexandria.

The St. Oswald was 361 feet long, of 3,810 tons gross. She was built in 1905, and owned by the British & Foreign Steamship Company of Liverpool.

Jap. Freighter a Victim.

TOKIO, Jan. 3.—The owner of the Japanese freighter Kenkoku Maru, has been adviced that the vessel was sunk by a German submarine in the Mediterranean on December 29. The members of the crew were landed at Cannes, France. The Kenkoku Maru was under charter by a foreigner. She was loaded with hemp at Manila and sailed for Italy and England.

The Kenkoku Maru was a steamer of 2,109 tons. She sailed from Manila on November 6.

Cabinet Meeting Postponed

(Canadian Press Special)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The President cancelled the proposed Cabinet meeting, because the state department has not yet gathered complete information on the Persia. The President's private secretary issued the following statement. "The President and Secretary of State are taking every possible means to obtain facts in this grave matter and will act just as soon as infomation is obtained."

Immediate Action

The destruction of the Persia, following closely upon the crisis precipitated by the Ancona disaster, may result in the United States determing to settle immediately all the questions involved in the submarine warfare. The subject is expected to find its way to the floor of the house and senate tomorrow, when congress reconvenes after the holiday.

Strong Action Contemplated

The United States is represented as being prepared and determined to take any action that the facts concerning the Persia yet to be established may warrant. Officials still are trying to view the situation with an open mind, but it is apparent that they are disturbed by the reports received from consular agents at Alexandria and Cairo, Egypt. Every effort will be made to establish the truth of the report that he Persia was torpedoed without warning. Secretary of State Lansing contemplates taking no step until the complete details are known.

Informal Inquiries

Secretary Lansing has instructed Ambassador Penfield, at Vienna, to make informal inquiries which might lead to the establishment of the identity of the submarine whch sank the Persia, or the receipt of information concerning the circumstances of the attack.

The secretary acted upon an indication received from an undisclosed source that no submarines of other than Austrian nationality were known to be operating near the point where the Persia went down.

BROTHERS DROWNED AT ALEXANDRIA BAY

ALEXANDRIA BAY, Jan. 3.—Roy and Homer Parmater, brothers, employed by George C. Boldt at his farm on Wellesley Island, were drowned shortly after 11 o'clock last night when skim ice cut their boat as they were on their way from this place to their home. The ice had begun to form early in the evening and was about an eighth of an inch thick when the men started across the river. Roy Parmeter was 37 years of age, and Homer 33.

The skiff which the men had borrowed to make the trip to this village was an old one and the sharp ice cut a deep gash through the wood about 'midships. Although the men were within 35 or 40 feet of The Birches where they expected to land, they were unable to swim the distance on account of the ice and because they were bundled in heavy clothes. They were drowned in about seven or eight feet of water. Their bodies were discovered early this morning by Supt. H. L. Lawrence of the Boldt farms, who immediately notified Coroner Forsythe of this place. The coroner went to the scene of drowning, but decided not to hold on inquest, as it was evident that the death of the men was accidental.

Canadian Casualties

canadaian casualties

OTTAWA, Jan. 3.—The following casualty list was issued to-night:—

3RD BATTALION ....

Wounded — Herbert E. Barker, Kraik.

13TH BATTALION

Died of wounds—Sydney, Sydney, N.S.

60TH BATTALION

Seriously ill—Martin Sheppard, no particulars.

3RD FIELD COMPANY

Slightly wounded—Corp. James G. McClelland, Mmigaria, Ont.

JANUARY SALE

$2.50 Boys' Buster Knitted Wool Suits, cardinal shade, sale price, suit $1.39
75c. Boys' Plain Wool Undershirts, also heavy knitted top shirts on sale at, each .... 50c.
$1.25 to $1.50 Men's Flannel Top Shirts, all sizes, on sale at, each .... 98c.
$1.00 Men's heavy English Flannelette Night Gowns, on sale at, each .... 75c.
75c. and $1.00 Men's and Boys' Knitted Wool Caps, light and dark colors, on sale, each .... 30c.
25c. and 35c. Heavy and Fine Elastic Suspenders, on sale at, each .... 19c.
Great sale of Men's Mocha Mitts and Gloves, also men's Heavy Mitts at greatly reduced prices.
Clearing Sale of the balance of our Horse Blankets, only 25 left to clear out.
An immense range of enamelled Ware on sale at, each, ... 15c.
Enamelled Water Pails on sale at each .... 39c.
Nickel-Plated Solid Copper Tea Kettles, each $1.39

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

OFF TO A GOOD START

No more enjoyable New Year's celebration was held in Belleville than that enjoyed by the soldiers at the Khaki Club on Saturday night. The poster in the Barracks, which said "Don't miss the Khaki Club to-night" was enough to bring every member of the battalion there, for part of the evening at least, and most of them were there from start to finish. The always brilliant and attractive rooms were of anything, more so, as the result of Sergt. Donaldson's Christmas decorations. Nor were they confined to the ground floor rooms; every room proclaimed its silent invitation to come in, enjoy a game, some music, a good sing, a smoke, a chat, the gramaphone, or the refreshments. A lively programme, arranged by Mrs. MacColl and assisted by Miss Tuit, Miss Jean Caldwell and Miss Grant, was augmented by several numbers provided by the men. This was downstairs while upstairs a gramaphone loaned by the officers provided entertainment of all kinds for those who could not get near enough to hear the programme downstairs. The records, which were in great variety, were kindly loaned by Mr. Baldwin of Campbell street.

A general late pass was extended to all ranks for the evening, and after the programme the usual abundance of refreshments, for which the Club has become famous, were served to the men by members of the Club and their friends who had provided them.

If the way one spends New Year Day is typical of the way the whole year is to be spent, it speaks well for the kind of time the members of the 80th are to have before they leave Belleville.

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Letters to the Editor

We are at all times pleased to insert letters upon subjects of local or general interest. It must, however, be understood that we in no way identify ourselves with our correspondents' opinions.

All letters should be written on one side of the paper only, and should be as concise as possible. They must be accompanied by the name and address of the sender, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Editor Intelligencer.

Dear Sir:—

The staff of the Marchmont Home wish to heartily thank the following for gifts received during the Christmas and New Year season, which added greatly to the enjoment of the children in the Home:

Messrs. Green & Son—Roast of beef.

Messrs. Wallbridge & Clarke—Biscuits.

Mr. and Mrs. James St. Charles—Chocolates.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Clapp—Candies.

A Friend—Five dollars.

Your sincerely,
JOHN S. ROUGH
Superintendent.

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CUSTOMS REVENUE SHOWS BIG INCREASE

In December Nearly Double That of Dec., 1914—For Year Will Gain 20 Million

OTTAWA, Jan. 3—Customs revenue continues to show large increases over the concluding months of last year. For the month just closed customs receipts totalled $9,132,654, an increase of $4,513,856, or nearly 100 per cent. over December of last year. For the nine months of the fiscal year the customs revenue has totalled $71,721,303, an increase of $12,891,684, or about 23 per cent., as compared with the corresponding nine months of last year.

For the full fiscal year the customs revenue should at the present rate show an increase of more than twenty millions as compared with the preceding fiscal year.

Special . Shoe . Values

CLEARING SALE

Of Men's Gunmetal and Patent Laced & Button Boots

English and High Toe Lasts, all sizes in the lot. Regular $5.00 and $6.00 values,

CLEARING $3.45

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

ADAMS
THE SHOEMAN

Within the Military Circle

BELLEVILLE

Dr. Wilson, A.D.D.C., has returned from Kingston.

A dental parade of 40 men of the 86th Battalion took place this morning.

Capt. Doyle of the 155th Battalion, has left for Kingston.

The 155th Battalion took in about 25 recruits yesterday.

Ptes J. Raymond and E. Allan of 80th Battalion, were admitted to the Napanee Hospital.

H. D. Sands of the 80th Battalion, was admitted to the Picton Hospital.

Battalion Orders

Officer for to-day—Lt. J. H. Alp; to-morrow—Lt. A. G. Scott.

Sergt. for today—Cpl. Coon, A. Co.; to-morrow—Cpl. Loyer, A. Co.

Corpl. for to-day—Cpl. Dunlop, A. Co.; to-morrow—Cpl. Woodstock, A. Co.

Lieut. Nurse of the 80th Battalion, has been transferred to the 155th Battalion.

About 10 men of the 80th Battalion were given leave yesterday to vote on the elections in their home town. A large number of them went to Brockville.

Rifles and ammunition have been issued to the 80th Battalion so that the men will soon start musketry practice at the rifle ranges.

Recruits are coming in every day now for the 80th Battalion. Last week they received 22 recruits. Yesterday's recruits amounted to 7.

The kitchen at the 80th Battalion barracks, are to be extended and the officers expect to make alterations that will entail an expense of $300. This shows that the men of the 80th Battalion are being well looked after by the C. O. and officers.

The men of the 80th get good appetites for breakfast, by having physical drill every morning before breakfast. On these cold mornings they march to the Armouries instead of drilling outside.

KINGSTON

It is rumored that the 80th Battalion, of Belleville, will be sent shortly to Malta, as one of three battalions to go from the 3rd division. The newspapers have been unable to confirm the rumor, but it comes from a very good source, and there may be much truth in it. The 80th are fit to do service anywhere and would welcome an opportunity to go into active service in any part of the present war.

Capt. Watson of the 80th Battalion, is in the city qualifying for his F. O. certificate before assuming his duties as senior major of the 80th Battalion, which will be welcome news to his many friends in Kingston.

Maj. Gray, is to be junior major of the 80th Battalion, and Capt. Caudwell is to be adjutant, succeeding Capt. Watson.

Lieut. E. V. Mullin, who has been doing duty with the 80th Battalion, came to the city on Saturday and today was attached to the 146 Battalion, for duty and instruction. Lieut. Mullin took the Royal School of Cavalry, Toronto, and will on January 24th take the course in the P.S.I. for infantry qualification.

Pte. Carman of the 21st Battalion of this city and Corp. A. Kane, a member of the Third Company, Canadian Engineers, have fallen in action. Pte. Carman is 37 years of age, and leaves a wife and four children. Corp. Kane was a member of the School of Mining, Queen's University, before he enlisted for overseas.

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SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Miss Florence Newton, 165 Ann street, Belleville, left this morning to go as nurse in training at the Western Hospital, Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. McCoy and little daughter of Drayton, Ohio, who have been visiting his mother and sister, left today for St. Catherines on their way home.

◆

What need was there for a New York court to hold that tipping is lawful when it was just like flirting with a buzz-saw if you didn't.

3 LEADERS
THE DOW
ALES
STOUTS &
Malt Extract

Consumers who cannot purchase the Dow Brands from their local dealer, please address "Mail Order Department," 38 Chaboillez Square, Montreal.

The National Breweries Limited, Montreal

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

Condensed News Items for Busy Readers

INSTALL OFFICER

Mr. G. B. Haines, of Gananoque Grand Master of the Prentice Boys' Society, is in the city this evening and will install the officers of Maiden City Lodge of this city.

AN ERROR

In the obituary of the late Wm. Joseph Ross, which appeared in The Intelligencer, yesterday the name of Mrs. W. P. McCondon should have read Mrs. Mary McMahon, of Toronto.

FUNERAL OF MISS LESLIE

The funeral of Miss Eva Mildred Leslie took place from the 4th concession of Thurlow yesterday. Services at St. Andrew's church, 5th concession of Thurlow, were conducted by the Rev. Mr. Wilson of Canifton. Interment took place in the St. Andrew's burying ground. The bearers were Messrs. F. Walker, R. Brown, R. Wilson, C. Garrison, B. Martin, S. Way. There was a large attendance.

LAID AT REST

Yesterday afternoon the funeral of the late Rev. John Ferguson took place in this city and was attended by many relatives and friends. The remains were conveyed from his daughter's residence on George street to the Tabernacle Methodist church, where an impressive service was held, conducted by several ministers who were in atetndance. The ministerial gentlemen present at the obsequies were Revs. Moore, Kenny, Clarke, Osborne, Cleary, Egan, Wilson, Hubly, Campbell, Sharpe, Jones, Anderson, Currie, Joblin, Robeson, and Dr. Baker. At the church several of the ministers present took part in the service and all referred to the deceased as a minister highly esteemed in the church of his choice. After the services the remains were conveyed to Belleville cemetry for interment. The bearers were Revs. Messrs. Moore, Sharpe, Clarke, Osborne, Wilson and Anderson.

Civic Elections Through Ontario

Continued from Page One.

had been Reeve of the township for some years.

Hungerford—Mr. James Clare was reelected Reev of Hungerford Township and Mr. J. N. Newton, Deputy Reeve, over their opponents.

Ameliasburg—Mr. W. W. Anderson was reelected Reeve by a small majority over Mr. J. H. Parliament.

Local Option Results

Local option as a temperance measure is still a considerable force in Ontario, as shown by yesterday's vote in forty-seven municipalities. Out of thirty-six heard from there were only five straight defeats. In thirteen municipalities which gave majorities the vote is ineffective because it lacked the necessary three-fifths required by the act.

Local option by-laws were carried in seven towns, five villages and four townships. Local option was sustained in repeal contests in Owen Sound, Finch village, and North Gower Township. Results of the repeal contest in Newboro' are yet to come. No city went dry. Contests were held in eight cities, and three of them gave straight majorities against the by-law. The three-fifths clause keeps the others wet. The cities voting were: Belleville, Brantford, Fort William, Niagara Falls, Port Arthur, Sarnia, Stratford and Woodstock.

By-Laws Carried

(Number of licenses in parentheses.)

	For	Against	Maj.
Aurora (5)	426	234	192
Carleton Place (5)	465	289	176
Essex (2)	214	135	79
Parkhill (3)	295	71	224
Petrolea (6)	445	292	153
Uxbridge (4)	264	153	111
Wallaceburg (6)	535	357	178
Bath (1)	59	25	34
Lucan (2)	133	75	58
Oil Springs (2)	104	52	52
Port Perry (5)	234	126	108
Biddulph (1)			x40
Chapleau (2)	183	104	79
Fitzroy (2)			
London Tp. (6)	910	186	724
Sembra (5)	510	320	190

xEleven over three-fifths.

By-Laws Sustained

	Against repeal	For repeal	Maj. for by-law
Owen Sound	....	....	476
Finch	55	50	5
North Gower	309	162	147

GILLETT'S LYE
MADE IN CANADA
For making soap.
For softening water.
For removing paint.
For disinfecting refrigerators, sinks, closets, drains and for 500 other purposes.
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

Defeated By Three-Fifths Clause

	For	Against	Maj
Belleville (18)	1,388	1,012	376
Brantford (12)	3,135	2,177	958
Port Arthur (18)	1,289	874	[illegible]
Sarnia (12)	1,276	957	319
Woodstock (8)	1,128	964	164
Oakville (2)	393	322	71
Parry Sound (3)	383	336	47
Thessalon (3)	110	101	9
Whitby (5)	331	223	108
Glencoe (3)	150	107	43
Merrickville (2)	130	102	28
N. Cayuga (1)	217	169	48
Louth (1)	265	264	1
Marlboro (1)	165	114	51

Defeated By Majorities

	For	Against	Maj.
Fort William (17)	1,409	1,662	253
Niagara Falls (18)	898	1,201	303
Stratford (12)	1,372	1,634	262
Niagara (6)	112	179	67
Oshawa (4)	...	...	...
Erin (2)	72	81	9

License Reduction

	Maj. for reduction
Ottawa	Over 3,000

(Cutting number from 75 to 58).

Recapitulation

	By-laws Carried	Not Carried Owing to Three-fifths	Defeated
Cities	0	5	3
Towns	7	4	2
Villages	4	2	1
Townships	6	3	0
Totals	17	14	6

Figures of the Contests

Number of municipalities in Ontario	847
Number already dry	552
Number of municipalities voting on local option	47
By-laws carried	17
Number of licenses thus to be cut off	[illegible]
By-laws held up by three-fifths requirement	14
Number of licenses saved by three-fifths	[illegible]
By-laws defeated	6
Number of licenses retained	[illegible]
Still to be heard from	[illegible]
Repeal contests	
Places where repeal contests possible	28
By-laws sustained (one to hear from)	
License reduction contest	1
Result—reduction carried by over 3,000 majority.	

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Relief For The Needy Belgians

On the evening of December 19th, the Rev. F. G. Joblin, pastor of the Bayside Circuit, made such an earnest appeal to the Whit's Church congregation for aid in buying flour to load the ship in Montreal for the seven million starving Belgians in Belgium that after the service Mr. I. Waldron and Mrs. L. Hall decided to canvass the appointment. They met with a ready response in the following contributions, which they forwarded to those in Montreal, who have the work in hand, and received their receipt:

L. Hall	$5 00
I. Waldron	5 00
Epworth League	2 50
Rev. F. G. Joblin	2 50
Geo. Heagle	2.50
J. Donaldson	1 00
Miss I. Eagleson	1 00
S. R. Kincaid	2 50
J. A. Kincaid	1 00
R. C. Waldron	2 50
P. Pine	2 00
S. Vandervoort	1 00
F. Rose	1 00
S. Jenner	1 00
J. Sandercock	1 00
Wm. Curtis	1 00
C. Jeffrey	2 00
J. H. Fair	1 00
J. W. Downing	1 00
W. Gillet	1 00
Mrs. O. Ghent	1 00
Mrs. J. Jeffrey	1 00
Mrs. C. B. Hunt	1 00
Mrs. P. Boulton	1 00
W. A. Reid	3 00
P. Meyers	2 00
S. Ketcheson	2 00
F. Wilson	2 50
Small sums	5 81
Total	$60 31

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GUNPOWDER IN WAR.

For Centuries Its Use Was Opposed In the Name of Humanity.

There was a period when any kind of "explosive" fighting in war was considered barbarous. The discovery of gunpowder put a stop to the old fashioned method of attack, in which only missiles and sharp-edged weapons were considered ethical, but gunpowder did not come into approval without a struggle. In fact, it was under the "humanity" ban for almost three centuries.

This remarkable compound of saltpeter, sulphur and charcoal, which was given its first tryout at the siege of Constantinople in 1453, had been known to both the chemist and the soldier for a hundred years or more. It is said to have been discovered by Roger Bacon in England about the year 1200 and by a German monk named Schwarz twenty years later. Another independent discoverer of the same dangerous mixture was an unknown and uncelebrated Moor, whose secret was ultimately carried into Europe in the fourteenth century. Even he was not the first to make an explosive compound. The Chinese "beat him to it," having used this same kind of mixture for rocket signals before the Christian era.

The fall of Constantinople was brought about by the use, the wholly unethical and altogether barbarous use, of cannon balls, and it was not until about a century later that the world gave its full sanction to the killing of men by means of gunpowder.

"LITTLE BULGARIA" GONE.

Toronto Colony Fled Before Declaration of War.

The statement is made in Toronto on the best of authority that one day in September, the Bulgarian consul to the United States paid a quiet little visit to Toronto, and that five days later, the teeming colony known to Torontonians as "Little Bulgaria" was deserted. They will say that as Bulgaria was "sold" to Germany months ago, the warning was issued, and the German agents in the United States secretly got all the Bulgarians over the border. Why? Because every Bulgarian is anti-ally, and several thousand Bulgarians would greatly increase the German and anti-British forces in the States, for political purposes.

They are gone, the Bulgarians. We know that. But those merchants who remain will tell you that the colony was not deserted all of a sudden, but gradually, covering the past year or more, as the Bulgarians, who are section men and laborers, went south in search of work. Ask Gospodin Georgieff, who keeps the general store. Ask Gospodin Hadji Peroff, the banker and grocer. They will say there is no deceit, no cunning intent in this strange flitting of a whole village.

They will tell you further: "Bulgarians, except kings and counsellors, have had seven centuries of war. There is no one of us who has not in his family some dear dead to make him curse kings and all their counsellors. Do not charge us with patriotism. It is unjust."

Perhaps the sight of so many uniforms in Toronto has driven them southward to a land ideally free of uniforms. At any rate—

These things are gone: the coming of a winter night, cold and bleak, with the wind crying in off the lake so near to King street. And at that point in King street where it turns suddenly and throws you into an old and shabby town, not like Toronto in any respect, with narrow streets turning in strange angles, with dim little alleys shoved in among the shops, the sight of an old convent tower with a cross on it, there in the grey dark—it is all some corner of an old-world town. It is the only part of Toronto, except the fashionable areas, where the streets do not run at right angles. It is the only part of Toronto that is jammed, jumbled, and tumbled. It is the only place in Canada, save some old parts of Montreal and in towns of Quebec that would make the poor of the old world feel at home.

On the coming of the cold night, the little shops all lighted up their steamy windows. Out of all the lodging houses came the hundreds of men, who slept in the day in order to enjoy the night.

They came directly to the restaurants. The street, for King street, except when a frightened street car rattled through, was like the village's main street, was crowded with men, foreign men of strange countenances, fierce moustachios, colored weskits, braided coats, tinted shirts. These were the Bulgarians who built railways all summer and spent their savings all winter in sleeping by day and in crowded restaurants all night. Now they are gone.—Gregory Clark in Toronto Star Weekly.

OVERCOATS

Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat! We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.

Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

TO-NIGHT

May Bell Marks and No. 1 Company open their 5-day engagement at Scott's, to-night. Prices 10c., 20c. and 30c.

New Year Greetings To All

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

McFEE'S
Complete Sight Service

Is the natural result of years of sincere effort to make it effective and dependable.

By the adoption from time to time of the most approved methods in the practice of Optometry and Optical work.

Making these methods uniformly effective by care and experience.

Angus McFee
The Store with the Big Clock

In Value and Cost
You Benefit
At Wallbridge & Clarke's

Asparagus Tips (tins) .... 25c.
French Peas (tins) 15, 20, 22 & 25c.
Petite Carrots (tins) .... 15c.
Little Red Beets (tins) .... 15c.
Rhubarb in Gallon Tins.
Corn on the Cob / French Beans
French Mushrooms / Honey Drop Corn
Spinach / Succotash
Ripe Tomatoes / Celery
Lettuce / Parsley
Fresh-Grated Horseradish
Welch's Grape Juice (pint bot's) 25c.
Self-Rising Buckwheat Flour 2 pkgs. 25c.
Pure Maple Syrup.
Old Fashion Buckwheat Flour small sacks, 25c.
Fancy Cheese — (packages and jars)
Genuine Roquefort
Fine Old Cheddar
Hawaiian Pineapple (tins) 25 & 35c.
Royal Anne Cherries (large tins) 35c.
Finest Selected Apricots (tins) 20 & 30c.
Sliced Peaches (tins) .... 20c & 35c.
Seedless Grapes (in tins) ...... 20c.
Peaches (halves) in tins .... 15c.
Finest English Jams and Jellies
Whole Ox Tongues in glass and tins
Finest Sugar-Cured Hams.
Delicious Teas and Coffee.
Finest Seedless Oranges and Florida Grape Fruit.

HOUSES FOR SALE

Near West Belleville Church, 10 minutes from market; conveniences and good cellars. Also six roomed house to rent with one acre of garden, barn and electric light, etc.

BUGGY FOR SALE

W. SMITH, Builder
33 Howard St. Phone 673

ARENA
TURNBULL ST

BAND
Tuesday
Thursday
Saturday

ADOPT THEM

Adopt the use of Classified Want Ads. They have proved money makers for others. They are appreciated by the buyer, as they enable him to quickly locate the place where he can find his requirements. Will he find your business represented?

It's contrary to law, but some punishment should be designed for the hick who, when being introduced, looks expectant-like and then blurts out: "I didn't get the name."

Cheap Sale

Sample Sweater Coats

for Men, Women and Children, away below regular value.

HUNDREDS OF SAMPLES In Hosiery, Gloves, Mitts, etc., on sale this week.

WHITE SILK BLOUSES, Made of Good Jap Silk, warranted to wear and wash well; worth $1.75 on sale at $1.19 each.

20 dozen Women's Ribbed Hose, worth 35c. On sale at 25c. pair.

50 dozen Penman's Wool Sox, only .... 25c. pair

Great bargains in Wool Blankets, Flannelette Blankets and Staple Dry Goods.

You can save money here.

Wims & Co

80th Battalion Photographs Are Now on Sale At Waters' DRUG STORE

See these in the Window

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip

Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.

Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows.

F. W. L. CARRE

Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward counties.

Phone 366 2/6 Albert St., City

SANTA CLAUS' WEARING GLASSES

Of course! Santa is a wise old man, open to progressive ideas. For some years he has felt eye-strain owing to his increasing mail. Therefore he has ordered several pairs of glasses

OF OUR MAKE.

Now he is happy and advises all of you —

Especially the Children.
—to pay him a visit during holiday season and vacation.

Alex Ray, Opt. D

Belleville's Eyesight Specialist.

The Company and Staff extend to you and yours Greetings and Good Wishes for a Happy New Year

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Advertise in The Intelligencer

BIG MASS MEETING IN THE CITY HALL

Mayor Elect and Aldermen Address Meeting—Mayor Panter Presided—Pledges Made by Mayor And Aldermen Elect—Soldiers Ask For Recruits

The city hall was crowded to the doors last night with men and a few women all anxious to get the election returns. On account of the heavy vote that was polled and because in some wards it was necessary to count four sets of ballots it was quite late before complete returns were in. By eight o'clock it was definitely known that local option was defeated, the vote being 1318 for and 1012 against, giving a majority of 306 which was 80 votes short of the required three-fifths.

A recruiting meeting was held during the early part of the evening when Mr. Sandford spoke in the interests of recruiting.

After it became practically certain that Mr. Ketcheson was elected Mayor, his majority then being 482, the mayor-elect addressed the meeting. He thanked the electors for the splendid vote given him and urged all the citizens to stand by and help him and the aldermen in their work of building up and improving Belleville in every way. He spoke of the many advantages that Belleville enjoyed and the opportunities for advancement. He then urged the citizens to support the soldiers in every way they could and urged every young man who is physically fit to offer themselves for service at the front. He urged the fathers to let their boys go and stated that of his three sons two were already in France while the other was a member of the 80th Battalion now in training.

Mayor Panter then congratulated Mr. Ketcheson on the result of the election and predicted for him a successful year as Mayor of this city. Mr. Panter spoke briefly and well and said that after he had had required rest, if the people of Belleville wanted him to act in an official capacity again he would feel bound to do so. He had already served for twenty years in the city council. Mr. Panter then acted as chairman of the meeting and introduced the aldermen-elect in his own original way.

Mr. Whalen was the first of the aldermen to speak and in a few well chosen words he thanked the citizens for electing him and promised to work for the best interests of the city.

Mr. Woodley followed Mr. Whalen and said that he had served Belleville to the best of his ability for the past year and would try to do so again. He had been in charge of the water works and his record in that capacity could speak for itself. He also thanked the electors for their support.

Mr. Smith was the next speaker and after thanking the electors for the honor conferred upon him he spoke of the work of the council during the past year and eulogized Mr. Panter for his good work in the mayor's chair. Mr. Smith promised to give the city his best services.

Mr. St. Charles thanked his friends for their support and stated that he had as his special duty during the past year the work of making the fire department an effective organization. He believed he had succeeded in accomplishing this, as Belleville now had a thoroughly efficient department that would help reduce the insurance rates materially.

Mr. Deacon urged the people to take more interest in municipal affairs and advocated municipal mass meetings three or four times a year where the elector could find out what was being done by the municipal council. He said he had worked for local ooption and would continue to do so until Belleville was finally voted dry. He thought there should be a reduction of ten in the number of licences in this city. He said Belleville was known as a distillery city, which he thought should not be. He maintained that the work of the water works and gas departments should be given more publicity, for he thought that the people were not well enought informed on these subjects.

Mr. Platt said he had been none to active during the past year, because of the death of his little child that had kept him away from the council for three or four months. However, he and the other members of the council had done their best, and he was sure the incoming council would do so too. He had been criticised for raising his voice in protest of giving a grant of $2,000 to the 155th, but he thought he was justified. He said he was a patriot of English blood, and he wanted to do all he could to forward the cause of Britain, but he felt he owed it to the citizens of Belleville to find out what was to be done with the money they paid out. (The grant made by the city to the 155th was $500) He said the rumpus that followed, was now ancient history. He believed that the city council should be a dignified body of men and that dignity was essential in the council chamber. He thought the people of Belleville would give dollar for dollar with the people of other parts of Ontario. He advocated the building of good roads and general improvements. In closing, Mr. Platt said that he believed every citizen, if need be, would shoulder his musket and fight for his country and he said we must all do our part.

Mr. Earle thanked the electors for their support, and promised faithful service. He said he had been told that there was graft in the handling of the city's affairs, in connection with the Victoria avenue pavement. He maintained that the work had been done as cheap as possible, and no one got any rake off on the job. His especial work of the year had been the care of the park, and he thought the improvements made, would be a lasting monument to the administration of Mr. Panter.

Mr. Duckworth was not present, when called upon, and the meeting ended by singing God Save the King.

Honor Roll

Senior Primary — Joseph Hanley, Margaret Belair, Marjorie Calman, Godfrey Donoghue, Thomas Finnegan, Irene Le Feve, Wilfred Flagler, Vincent Freeman, Thomas Burd, Aloysius Gain, Harry Lee, Irene Hickey, Edward Hughes, Willie Kelley, Dyonesia Kerby, Helen Kerby, Vincent Nafin, Dorothy Pascoe, Jame Summers, Harold Walker, Harold Pascoe, Edward Reets, Mary Smith, Joseph Venn, Dorothy Sullivan, Lillian McDermott, Gerald Barriage, Clarinda Cousji, George Tallon, Blanche Belanger, Evelyn Whelan, Allen Pilly, Mary Lynch.

Junior Primary — Twomey Black, Denis Donovan, Palma Melchior, George Seams, Xavier Guay, Louise Bolyea.

Junior A.—Bernard MacNeill, Mark Summers, Jack Truiasch, Maizie Ray, Margaret Sullivan, Rosalyn Guay, Lawrence Gain, Willie Barnhardt, Agostiva Amodeo, Nellie Keegan.

Part II. A—Hilda LaFeve, Helen Harris, Raymond Scott, Margaret Goyer, Madeline McHugh, Joseph Murray, Annie McGinty, Jack Donovan.

Part II. B—Mary Hanley, Catharine Belair, Ormond Butler, Francis Blakely, Agnes Rose, Jack Murphy, Raymond Ross, Bessie McCormick, Francis Mackie, Margaret Black, Helena Harrigan, Catharine Boyle, Eileen Finnegan, Nora Lynch, Helen Paterson, Veronica Donoghue, Margaret Malyea, Harry Corby, Wilfred Blanchard, Margaret Truiasch, Hugo Gorman, Francis Shaw, Teresa Walker.

Junior II. Class—Marjorie Lynch, Marjorie Deane, William Ross, Sarto Gain, Marie Cummins, John Quinn.

Senior II.—James Mullins, Michael Smith, Thomas Matthews, Veronica Burns, Margaret Short, James Hurley.

Junior III.—Francis Stitt, Hugh Coyle, James Gain, Agnes Gallagher, Harold Summers, Kathleen Finnegan, Eileen Boyle, Kathleen McGinty, Harold Walker, Felix Blanchard, Agnes Hickey, Mary Venn, Florence Hanley.

Senior III.—Loretta Hanley, James Stitt, Marie Allore, Helen McGuinness, Violet Deacon, Annie Ross, Gerald Milne, James Gill, Edmond Quinn, Roy Manahan, Ethel Hickey, Patrick Corby, John Cummins.

Junior IV. — Agnes McCormick, Thomas McDermott, Henry Ryan, Madeline Walker, Helen Hurley, Mildred Mackie, Lena Melchior, Grace Coughlin, Leo Manley, Eileen Roohan, Edmund McNamara, Bernice McDermott, Joseph Scott, Philip Smith, Joseph Farrell, Estella Tisdale, Teresa Gevard, Zita Penny, Isidore Wims, Vera Gorman.

Senior IV.—Edward Hart, Bessie Orrill, Anna McCourt, Evelyn Ryan, Isabel Orrill, Beatrice DeMarsh, Kathleen McHugh, Percy Hart, Tersa Callaghan, Bernard Flagler and Margaret Gallagher, James Cummins, Stella Lee, Vincent Wims, Murray Black, Rita Hunter.

Trained Men Only For Officers

LONDON, Jan. 2.—The war office announces that hereafter commissions as officers will be granted only to men who have completed their course as recruits, and that preference will be given to men who have served with the expeditionary force.

This order, which presumably will apply to all units organized under the compulsory system, is expected to make possible more rapid training of troops, as well as to insure a satisfactory standard of qualification for officers.

A British Volunteer

By F. A. MITCHEL

Ralph Sackville left London to the plaudits of crowds of people who were viewing his regiment march to the station to be entrained for the coast and thence to Belgium. In six months he returned under very different circumstances. There were no crowds to greet him. Instead of the handkerchiefs waving from the windows and the sounds of martial music many of the blinds were closed, and there was only the rattle of the cab in which he was driven through the streets.

Sackville had lost a foot and ankle and was discharged from the ranks. He had been among the first to respond to his country's call, leaving the service of a bank in which he was employed, to join the colors. His position in the bank was still open to him, but it required him to stand all day paying checks, and he was unable to fill it. Indeed, there were few positions he could fill. The only occupation that occurred to him as suited to his altered condition was that of chauffeur. He was a gentleman without means and shrank from doing menial work, but it was the best he could do, and he hobbled to a garage and secured a position.

One day he was directed to go to a hotel and call for Miss Amelia Duncan, an American young lady traveling with her invalid mother, who was confined to her room under her daughter's care, assisted by a nurse. The daughter needed the air and proposed to drive out every day when the weather admitted. This was not very often, for the sun seldom shines in England. She had called for a reliable chauffeur whom she might use when required.

On this first afternoon that Sackville drove Miss Duncan they became cornered in a street crowded with people who were witnessing the departure of troops for the war. Drums were beating, flags were flying, and the air was filled with cheers.

"Isn't it splendid!" said Miss Duncan, partly to herself and partly to her chauffeur. "If I were a man I would surely go to the war."

"And either leave your bones in Belgium or return minus an arm or a leg or an eye or perhaps all three," replied the chauffeur.

"Well, I never!" exclaimed Miss Duncan in disgust. "Have you no patriotism?"

"I don't believe in a nation relying solely on its best men in case of war. I think every man of proper age should be liable to military duty. These soldiers are all volunteers."

"That's what I like about them," replied Miss Duncan. "Our war between the states was fought by volunteers. Our manliest men enlisted."

"And bore the brunt of the struggle for two years, when those on the northern side began to pay the laggards to enlist. Just before the war closed men were enlisting and deserting to get the bounty. Do you consider that justice?"

"I don't know anything about that war. I was not born till many years after it had closed. It must be nice to be one of those noble men who volunteer. Don't you think so?"

"No, I don't."

"Then you admit that you belong to the class of laggards?"

"I don't admit that either. I believe in conscription."

"There's nothing noble in a man going to war because he is obliged to go."

"War is a duty, not something to be proud of. It is a horror. Did you ever see men standing in line ready to face death?"

"No, of course not."

"Every face is serious, solemn. Not a word is spoken. They are like prisoners facing a firing squad, only with a prisoner death is certain, while with them it is probable, or, what is worse, they may expect to be maimed for life."

"Are they cowards?"

"No; they are men, but when the fight is on they cease to be men and become wild beasts."

"It's a shame for you to talk in this way. Instead of sitting comfortably in an auto you should be among those noble fellows marching to war."

"It will not be so fine when they return."

"They will come back victorious with their battle stained banners flying, greeted with the applause they deserve."

"Many of them will never come back. Many will hobble back. If the regiment returns as a unit most of its members will be men who are not marching now. Quite likely they will be conscripts; possibly they will have been paid to go."

By this time the troops had passed and the auto was released. Miss Duncan ordered her chauffeur to drive her to her hotel. She did not like his talk and resolved not to have him drive her again. When she alighted he got down and handed her out. She noticed that he limped.

"What's the matter with your foot?" she asked.

"It's made of wood."

"How did you lose the real one?"

"Fighting in Belgium."

"Oh, how horrible!"

Then, red as a rose, she stalked into the hotel.

The next day the young lady sent for Sackville to drive her out again, and, after berating him for not telling her that he had been a soldier, she forgave him. After all, he didn't lose so much by serving his country. He lost a foot but he gained an American heiress for a wife.

* * *

Here's a warning to you, lads! An Italian woman who never tasted water has passed away at the tender age of 117.

A Deathbed Promise

By F. A. MITCHEL

"I had hoped, my child," said Atkinson, "to find paying dirt for you before pegging out, but it is denied me. If I could have left you rich I would not now mind handing in my chips. But remember this, my little girl, if there's any such thing as the dead helping the living I'll help you."

These were the last words spoken by Tom Atkinson to his daughter, Ellen. He passed into unconsciousness and died the same night. Ellen had been with him in the gold fields for years and had suffered with him one disappointment after another till to her they were no longer disappointments, but expected happenings. But till the very last he had expected to strike it rich and when he was taken down with his last illness believed that he would get well enough to dig a little lower in a hole he was sinking and would strike the continuation of a lead that was paying handsomely but a hundred feet away. When death came he had not reached the goal and left his child with but a small bag of dust, not worth $50.

However, Ellen possessed something she valued more than gold—the heart of an honest, energetic young man, who was clerking in a store not far from the property on which her father had done his last digging and where he had built the cabin in which he and his daughter lived. Mark Hosmer married Ellen a few days after her father had been laid to rest, and they lived together in the abode the bride had occupied ever since her father had been seized with his last infatuation.

Hosmer was willing to work, but the district was not producing the gold that had been expected, and sales in the store were running down. His salary had been reduced and had reached a point where they found it difficult to make ends meet. One night when Mark came home from work he told his wife that he feared his employer was about to discharge him and do all the work himself, since the business would not warrant an assistant.

At 2 o'clock the next morning Ellen awakened her husband and asked him if he heard anything unusual. After listening he said that he did not and asked her why she had asked the question. She replied that every now and again she had heard a sound like earth thrown from a shovel.

"Go to sleep, my dear," he replied. "You lived so many years in the sound of dirt thrown out of holes in the ground that it has got on your nerves."

The next night Ellen fancied she heard the same sound, but, since Mark had not heard it and thinking she would trouble him by calling his attention to what he seemed to consider a crick in her brain, she did not wake him. But she listened herself. She would hear the sound, apparently not far from the house, of a shovelful of earth thrown on the ground. Then all was silent. In a few minutes she would hear another shovelful tossed, it seemed to her, from below, as though some one were digging in a trench. Once or twice she thought she heard a pick strike a stone, but of this she was not sure. She could not locate the sounds, but it seemed to her that they came from a corner of the lot in rear of the cabin.

She was tempted the next morning to tell her husband that she had heard the sounds repeated, but refrained, realizing that he would think something had gone wrong with her. As soon as he had departed for the store she went out to the rear of what was a four acre lot, half expecting to find that some claim jumper had been digging for gold. No sign of earth thrown up appeared.

There was a thick undergrowth separating her from where she had seemed to hear the sounds, and passing through it she came to the extreme corner of the lot. The ground was just as it had always been. The surface was uneven, and a ledge of red stone a few feet high furnished a convenient seat. She sat down on it and idly picked up a loose piece of the stone. Examining it, she noticed that it presented a rather singular appearance. Her father had often shown her such pieces of ore, which, he said, were very rich in gold.

Ellen took the fragment to the cabin and put it in her bureau drawer; then, taking her father's pick and shovel, she went back to the spot from which she had taken the stone and began to dig.

Since the place was concealed by undergrowth, Mark did not notice the excavation. Ellen, who had had a long experience in the appearance of ore, dug on till she came to something that looked worth examination. Taking specimens, the next day, instead of digging, she carried them to an assayer.

One evening when Mark came home from work looking distressed on account of the dullness of trade, which foreboded his discharge, Ellen threw her arms around his neck, exclaiming:

"Mark, we are rich!"

"What do you mean?"

"Come and see."

She took him to the hole she had dug and, picking up a piece of ore, told him that she had had a specimen from the place assayed and it had shown $600 to the ton.

"How came you," he asked, "to dig here?"

Bowing her head reverently, she told him that her father had guided her, and when he asked how she reminded him of the dying promise and the sounds she had heard at night.

* * *

Among other little jobs we wouldn't care to undertake would be that of the court crier in California's court composed of women.

SKATING SHOES

Winter Sports

Are Now In Order And Call For

Skating SHOES

We Have Some Splendid Styles For

Ladies, Men and Boys

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES

Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros.

January Clearance Sale

offers you unmistakably the greatest money-saving opportunity that has ever been handed out in this city for years and years.

Below are a few startling offers, while others are to be found at ever counter throughout this great store. READ:—

$1.00 Sateen Underskirts clearing at .... 69c.
$1.00 to $1.50 House Dresses clearing at .... 69c.
75c. to $1.50 Ladies' Waists in Cashmere and Voile materials, clearing at .... 49c.
$1.00 to $1.25 Ladies' Kimonas, clearing at .... 49c.
Children's All Wool Mitts, special values for .... 15c. pair
Children's Coats at astonishing prices, suitable for Kiddies, ages 1 to 6 years; come in Navy Blue and Red Serge material, also Brown Bear' Cloth; very specially priced to clear at .... $2.50 to $3.50
Children's Fur Fabric Muff and Stole Sets, clearing at $1.50 set
Children's Toques, great values for little money at 25c., 35c. and .... 50c.
Mens' Sample All Wool Underwear, much below its regular value.
$1.50 to $2.00 All Wool Shirts clearing at $1.25 a garment

McIntosh Bros

PERSIAN LAMB

We have never before been better prepared to meet the season's demand for high class Persian Lamb garments, than at present.

Why not get prices on having your Persian Jacket repaired, remodelled or lengthened? We have skins to match every coat.

G. T. WOODLEY,
Phone 421. 273 Front St.

Holiday Goods

For Men, Women and Children

Toys, Dolls, Games, Sleighs, Bibles, Books, Brass Goods, Fancy Goods, China, Glassware, Baskets, Hand Bags, Cushions, Handkerchiefs, Fancy Trays, Centres, Twisted Cord, Xmas Cord, Holly Ribbon, Tissue Paper, etc. Endless variety of goods to select from.

Our Prices Sell Our Goods

THE BEEHIVE **CHAS. N. SULMAN**

The Standard Bank of Canada.

Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.

GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.

Toronto, 28th December, 1915.

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch - - - JOHN ELLIOTT

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, 217 Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL,
Publisher.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $2.00, strictly in advance.

This is the 519 day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany

MAYORALTY ELECTION.

The result of the voting yesterday for the choice of a gentleman to fill the Mayor's Chair for the year 1916 gives Mr. Ketcheson a handsome majority of over 600, and had the electors a proper regard for themselves and the future industrial development of the city the figures would have been doubled.

When the apathy manifested of late by the electors on matters affecting city affairs is considered, the city may congratulate itself on the result, and Mr. Ketcheson may feel flattered at the confidence reposed in him by his fellow citizens.

The Intelligencer extends its congratulations, feeling assured that the newly-elected Mayor will conduct the affairs of the city with credit to himself and with the aid of the Aldermen with whom he will be associated, to the benefit of the city.

◆

THE LOCAL OPTION FIGHT.

The battle is over, and after one of the most earnest and exciting election fights that Belleville has witnessed for many years, the Local Optionists lost the battle, lacking some eighty votes required under the law to enforce the closing of all licensed hotels in the city.

Local optionists deserve credit for the life and energy thrown into the contest. Their thorough organization and work had much to do in securing the large vote polled. Had there been the same organization on the other side of the question, which we are assured there was not, the result might have been different.

Anti-local optionists now realize the truth of what The Intelligencer pointed out when the Rowell fake scheme of "Abolish the Bar" was submitted to the electors, that there were hundreds of people who voted against that policy who would, if the question of a restriction of the liquor traffic was submitted to them upon its merits, vote for it. At the time of the general election when the "Banish the Bar" question was submitted to the people, its adoption would have involved the turning out of power a government that had placed upon the Statute Book the most salutory license laws that were ever passed, and reinstated a party that for some thirty years had been using for party purposes the power vested in them to grant licenses by exacting from license holders money to assist them in retaining power, that could not be tolerated for any future time, hence the vote against the Rowell policy was as large as it was.

The total vote of 2,330 speaks for itself. The relative merits of local option and license were thoroughly discussed, and although the majority of the votes cast favored local option, yet it was not decisive enough to insure a proper enforcement of the law, had it been enacted, and a poorly enforced local option law is admitted to be a curse to the community.

◆

THE DOG.

Stuart Taggart's wonderful painting, "Guilty," which has been exhibited from one end of the Dominion to the other, is a life's story in itself, and perhaps the strongest part of the picture is the dog. When the subject of the painting is apparently at his last stand and is contemplating suicide, the dog, a noble brute, places a paw upon the man's knee and stays the finger upon the trigger.

The dog has always been man's truest friend.

The best friend a man has in the world may turn against him and become his enemy. His son or daughter that he has reared with loving care may prove ungrateful. Those who are nearest and dearest to us, those whom we trust with our happiness and our good name, may become traitors to their faith. The money that a man has he may lose. It flies away from him, perhaps when he needs it most. A man's reputation may be sacrificed in a moment of ill-considered action. The people who are prone to fall on their knees to do us honor when success is with us may be the first to throw the stone of malice when failure settles its cloud upon our heads. The one absolutely unselfish friend that man can have in this selfish world, the one that never deserts him, the one that never proves ungrateful or treacherous, is his dog. A man's dog stands by him in prosperity and in poverty, in health and in sickness. He will sleep on the cold ground, where the wintry winds blow and the snow drives fiercely, if only he may be near his master's side. He will kiss the hand that has no food to offer. He will lick the wounds and sores that come in encounter with the roughness of the world. He guards the sleep of his pauper master as if he were a prince. When all other friends desert, he remains. When riches take wings and reputation falls to pieces, he is as constant in his love as the sun in its journey through the heavens. If fortune drives the master forth an outcast in the world, friendless and homeless, the faithful dog asks no higher privilege than that of accompanying him to guard against danger, to fight against his enemies; and when the last scene of all comes and death takes the master in its embrace and his body is laid away in the cold ground, no matter if all other friends pursue their way, there by his graveside will the noble dog be found, his head between his paws, his eyes sad, but open in alert watchfulness, faithful and true even in death.

◆

Congratulations to Mayor-elect Ketcheson.

Well, the election is over with, anyway. Some satisfaction.

The election of Aldermen didn't even cause a ripple of excitement.

President Wilson will probably practice letter writing again. He must be a busy man.

The King of Greece is reported seriously ill. Was it the recent elections that caused this illness?

The German submarine warfare seems to be directed against non-combatants. Perhaps they think it is safer.

President Poincare of France, in his New Year's message to the officers and soldiers, says that 1916 will be the year of victory. The German dream of conquering France is a long way from realization.

Ald. Whalen led the poll in Foster Ward with four votes, Ald. St. Charles 3, Ald. Smith 2, and the remaining Aldermen 1 each. Heavy vote in that ward for Aldermen, although it is a little higher than in Murney Ward, No. 13, where six of the candidates received one vote each and the remainder received none. The reason for the light vote was that many of the people thought it was unnecessary to vote for the Aldermen as they supposed they were elected by acclamation.

◆

NEWS FROM HOME IN THE TRENCHES

Sitting (from left to right)—Miss Phyllis Baker, Mrs. Oppe, Mrs. W. Skinner, Mrs. John Todd, Mrs. Beauclerk, Miss Robidoux, Miss Baby.

Standing (from left to right)—Mrs. Thornton Davidson, Miss Shaughnessy, Mrs. C. W. Trenholme, Mrs. John Turnbull, Mrs. D. Forbes Angus, Miss E. Scott.

MRS. D. FORBES ANGUS PRESIDENT AT HER DESK

"CANADA has done wonderful. They are doing a very great share in the work," declared Her Majesty the Queen of England, founder of the Queen Mary Needlework Guild, to a lady who visited the organization's headquarters in London. In those words Her Majesty expressed her delight at the work of the Canadian Branch of the Guild, which has its headquarters at 116 Windsor Street, Montreal, and through the enthusiastic and energetic work of its officers has added to Canada's reputation for generosity.

Since Her Majesty expressed her approval of the Canadian Branch's work, this branch has won further laurels by one of the most original and successful of journalistic ventures, the organization of "The Soldiers' Gazette," a twenty-four page weekly which carries ninety-six columns of news matter gathered from every province and city of the Dominion, and served out in a way worthy of the most competent of editors. The paper is printed in both English and French, the edition "Le Patrie du Soldat" being forwarded for the French-Canadian Battalions, and it has a total circulation of over 15,000 copies weekly.

It carries a special page for each province of the Dominion.

Upon the receipt of an advance copy of "The Soldiers' Gazette," Her Royal Highness, the Duchess of Connaught, wrote:

"I congratulate the Canadian Branch of Queen Mary's Needlework Guild on the publication of the first copy of their weekly paper for the Canadian troops, and I feel sure that not only the men at the front, but those in England and in Canada, will be most grateful. I shall have much pleasure in informing Her Majesty of your enterprise.

"LOUISE MARGARET."

Since then, Her Royal Highness has written, saying that the Queen has read the first copy of the Soldiers' Gazette and thought it most interesting.

Major-General Sir Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia, wrote to Mrs. D. Forbes Angus, the President of the Canadian Branch, Q.M.N.G.:

"Dear Mrs. Angus,—Permit me to congratulate you, and, through you, the Canadian Branch of the Queen Mary's Needlework Guild, on the splendid enterprise of founding a weekly newspaper for the Canadian troops.

"Nothing cheers the heart of our gallant boys at the front, or in Britain, more than to receive 'good news from home.'

"You have our sincere and hearty support in your good cause. These little heart touches are what upbuild our soldiers."

Brigadier-General Wilson, General Officer Commanding the 4th Military Division, also testified to his hearty approval of the project; while Lieutenant-Colonel C. N. Perrault, Commandant of Kingston Military College, wrote asking for the honor of being appointed the "Soldiers' Gazette" Kungston correspondent.

So much importance was attached to the venture by Major-General Hughes that he appointed an officer in London to the duty of supervising the distribution of the fifteen thousand copies that are forwarded weekly to the men in England and France.

Letters "To the Editor," from the men at the front, all expressive of the deepest appreciation of this endeavor on the part of the Guild to keep them in touch with current events in Canada are beginning to pour in, and the ladies who undertook the venture are now assured that it is a popular one and deserving of being maintained until the end of the war.

In the maintenance of the work the Guild is confronted with the need of funds. When the project was first considered it was felt that the money contributed to the Guild by the people of Canada and intended for the alleviation of suffering among the soldiers and sailors of the Empire, could not be diverted to this end. It was, therefore, necessary to establish an independent fund, to be raised by public subscription. With this object a committee was formed and Miss Marguerite Shaughnessy, of 905 Dorchester Street West, Montreal, was appointed honorary treasurer and authorized to receive donations. Owing to the nature of the distribution organization, and the fact that there are many brave Canadian soldiers who have no one at home to remember them and place their names upon the "Soldiers' Gazette" lists as subscribers, it was decided not to accept any individual subscriptions, but to forward some fifteen thousand copies weekly which would be distributed among the officers and men by the military authorities. To-day there is not a Canadian soldier overseas who does not have the opportunity of keeping in touch with the affairs of his home town through the "Soldiers' Gazette."

As the expenses are heavy it is the wish of the organizers that all who approve of the project contribute, through Miss Shaughnessy, their share toward its maintenance.

Not alone in the founding of "The Soldiers' Gazette" has the Canadian Branch of Queen Mary's Needlework Guild established its claim on public sympathy and support.

The Guild was formed by Her Majesty the Queen upon the outbreak of the war to assist in the relief of the suffering caused thereby. Donations are sent from all parts of the world to Friary Court, St. James' Palace, London, Eng., where the Queen personally supervises their distribution. Her Majesty's chief aim is to meet the greatest need, and the contributions are at once forwarded to where they are most required. On this account it is not desirable that donations be specially designated, as Her Majesty is kept informed as to where the articles may be distributed to the best advantage. Lists of requirements are issued weekly from Friary Court, and the endeavor of the branches is to fill these needs as promptly as possible. Recently a large number of Christmas puddings, cakes, etc., were received at the Montreal headquarters and as the officers considered that these were more in the form of personal gifts to the Canadians, they were forwarded to the Canadian Field Comforts Association at Shorncliffe, England, to be forwarded direct to the Canadians in the trenches.

Since its inception, the Canadian Branch has forwarded weekly hundreds of parcels and cases of goods, socks, mufflers, housewives, and a thousand and one similar devices, all calculated to bring some comfort to some soldier or sailor. The response of the public to the fund for the purchase of such comforts has been a most generous one, and quite recently, Mrs. Forbes Angus received from Lady Annie Lawley, the Honorary Secretary, an illuminated parchment certificate bearing testimony to Her Majesty's gratification at the Branch's excellent work, and accompanied by the following letter:

"Dear Madam,—

"I am commanded by Her Majesty the Queen, to send you the accompanying certificate as a mark of Her Majesty's appreciation of the valuable services rendered by you and your workers of Queen Mary's Needlework Guild.

"I remain, yours faithfully,
"ANNIE LAWLEY,
"Hon. Secretary."

The officers of the Canadian Branch are: Patronesses, H. M. the Queen, H.R.H., the Duchess of Connaught and Strathearn; Hon. President in Canada, Lady Mackenzie, Toronto; President, Mrs. D. Forbes Angus, Montreal; 1st Vice-President, Mrs. Herbert Drummond, Vancouver; Hon. Treas., Mrs. John Turnbull, Montreal; Hon. Secy., Miss C. Welland Merritt, St. Catharines, Ont.; Hon. Treas., Mrs. Robert Rogers, Ottawa.

All communications should be addressed Headquarters, 116 Windsor.

Current Comment

CANADA'S ARMY

Canada's going to increase her contingent to a total of 500,000 men. In Napoleon's time such an army alone was thought great enough to conquer the world—Buffalo Express.

MOCKERY

The text of the Ancona note follows generally the forecasts. It is difficult to see the justification for the satisfaction that is reported from Washington. The note sounds as if the Austrians were making mockery of our protests and of our dead.—Buffalo Express.

WHEAT CROP OF CANADA

The only countries in the world that grow more wheat than Canada at the present time are the United States and Russia, so we occupy the third place in the wheat-producing countries of the world. This fact is pointed out in the annual number of The Monetary Times by Mr. James Carruthers, "Canada's wheat king." The United Kingdom requires to import 250,000,000 bushels of wheat yearly, so within a short time Canada will be able to supply all the breadstuff's the mother country needs. Another feature is the fact that the wheat grown in the north-west is admitted by millers to be the finest quality in the world and to-day it brings the highest prices in the leading wheat markets of Europe.

RUSSIA AND ROUMANIA

The situation of Roumania becomes more intelligible. It is very different from that of Greece. We can get at Greece only from the north. Roumania fears the fate of Serbia. How can she attack Bulgaria if Austria can pounce upon her from the rear? It is this aspect of the matter, we think, which explains Russia's latest move.

It was thought the Russians and the Austro-Germans had "dug in" for the winter. So they have, apparently, in the north, and no further activity in the region of Dvinsk need be expected till spring. But in the south—in eastern Galicia and Bukowina—Russia has resumed a formidable offensive. Why? Because Roumania must be cleared of danger in the rear before she can take a step forward, or before she can even co-operate with Russia by allowing her territory to be used as a bridge toward Bulgaria. And there is something more in it than taht Roumania is "out" for spoils in every direction. From Austria she wants Bukowina and Transylvania, and from Russia she wants Bessarabia. It is of little use for Russia to parry the demand for Bessarabia by promising Transylvania at the end of the war. Roumania will be apt to say: "A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush. Give us of what you have; not of what you exject to have." Thus it becomes necessary for Russia to occupy the countries north and west of the northern stretch of Roumania. Not only must the existing peril to Roumania in that quarter be removed, but Russia must see that she is in a position to "deliver the goods" before Roumania will accept Transylvania without getting Bessarabia.

The problem is both political and military. The quickest way for Russia to settle it would be to renew her bombardment of Varna, and land there an overwhelming force. She could deal with Roumania more cavalierly by showing that she could get along without her. But, of course, it is best to gain her co-operation, or at least her assured neutrality, under any circumstances. That is why guns boom in the region of Czernowitz.—Hamilton Spectator.

◆

GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From The Intelligencer, Jan. 4, 1868.

A man named Sullivan who was injured in a scuffle at the Anglo-American Hotel has passed away. An inquest was held and statements taken from five witnesses, the inquest was then adjourned to the 7th instant.

An urgent note has been received by the French Government from Turkey in which it is stated that Russian agents are endeavoring to incite revolt among the Christian subjects of the Sultan and a vigorous protest is made by the Turkish Government.

Tumults have broken out in Portugal in consequence of the imposition of new taxes. The unpopularity of the new system has caused the Ministry to resign.

◆

Duty is what one expects from others.

The Poets' Corner

ASK WHAT YOU WILL

By Frank Walcott Hutt.

Ask what you will, the wise world says;
Ask freely what you will of me;
The grace of knowledge, length of days,
A lease of power and mastery,
The praises of an honored name,
The seats of splendor and of fame.

Ask what you will; but you must share
The struggles of my men of toil,
And on my broad arenas dare
The contest and the ceaseless moil,
As thousands manfully have done
Ere battles have been fairly won.

Ask what you will; but you must climb
My hills by many of devious way,
To gain those fastnesses of Times
That have not yielded in a day;
To gain those fastnesses of Time
That have not yielded in a day;
And long the siege ere you shall win
At length your right of way therein.

Ask what you will, brave knight-at-arms;
Lo, I have untold wealth to give;
But every gift that lures and charms
Seeks only of the life you live,
Wherever led, however spent,
A just and fair equivalent.

How Italian Soldiers Behave.

The Italian soldier gets a very high character from Richard Bagot in his "Italians of To-day." "To see an Italian soldier drunk or in any way misconducting himself in a public place is exceedingly rare—so rare indeed that it would create a very disagreeable impression on the witnesses. Indeed, the men of any one of the more important Italian regiments who misconducted themselves in a public place would, in addition to the severe punishment administered by the regimental authorities, undergo a very bad time of it at the hands of their own comrades."—London Globe.

Her Idea.

"Ma, your bank account is overdrawn."

"What does that mean, pa?"

"Simply this. You've written checks for $13 more money than was in the bank."

"The idea! If $13 will break the bank I'd find another one to do business with. I supposed they had thousands of dollars on hand all the time."

Outlawed.

"How about paying me for that suit I made for you two years ago?" asked the tailor.

"You surely can't expect me to pay for that suit," said the impecunious young man. "Why, it's all out of style."

"Truth Dexter"

By

SIDNEY McCALL

CHAPTER XXIV—Continued.

Van led them into the drawing-room section, and began to busy himself with shawl-straps and parcels. The thought came suddenly that this extra expense was all from Van's own earnings, and that she was demanding of him the burden of two helpless women, in which his interest was doubtful. Neither Mrs. Dexter nor Van noticed her. She crept from the compartment, and stood flattened against the wall of the passageway. The two voices within came to her as from a great heated distance. That same strange dizziness was upon her, and she threw back her head, gasping for breath. Van's hand was on her shoulder.

"Truth, try not to worry too much! You look desperately ill! I am going to do the best for both of us,—believe that. It is a strange thing that you have demanded, and, for your own sake, I must be sure that you really understand your own motives. Talk it over with grandma as soon as you are strong enough. As for the other matter, I was a brute to speak as I did. I am ashamed." Truth threw one hand up to his breast.

"Don't say any more! I can't bear it! But—I don't care,—I don't! Let it go!—only—only—don't give me up!"

Van held her to him very gently. Mrs. Dexter caught a glimpse of them thus, and gave a great sigh of relief "Poor little one!" he whispered. "She doesn't quite know what she does want, does she?"

"Yes! I want—you!" sobbed Truth.

"All aboard!"

CHAPTER XXV

In The Woods

Dew still glistened in the shadows as Truth went, searching for the memories of her childhood, into the wide, silent treasure-house of the forest. At first, as if resentful of minor impressions, she was deliberately unobservant. Her old green sunbonnet with its dear, indelible stains of blackberry, persimmon, and walnut, she drew downward until her lowered eyes could see only a semi-circle of ground,—now flecked with dry grass, now bare,—and this kept moving with her, like the cardboard turf about the feet of a paper-doll. The vague, familiar odor of earth, mingled with that of the old bonnet and black shawl (the same she had worn on the beach at Biloxi), produced a partial anaesthesia, in which recent events dissolved and those of childhood began to take on luminous outlines.

It was one of those Southern March mornings when the wind, shamed into gentleness, wanders irresolute from hill to hill, or drowses with violets in the valleys. The main road, pink from its amalgamation of sand and clay, stretched out like a fallen scarf of dawn, and upon it the trees dropped leaf-shadows in olive mosaics. All was motionless save where a dewy spray flouted the unceremonious leave-taking of a bird. Far off a woodpecker tapped his hollow drum.

Bending her course now from the main road into the wood, she took a little pathless path down the slope, here embossed with countless tiny, scalloped terraces banked up with pine-straw and the roots of grass, and brimmed with pink-white sand. Between could be traced, in shadowy ripples, the water-courses of many a summer shower. As a child how often she had planted her iris banners, and worked out flower-tales of mediaeval chivalry upon these pigmy battlements! She was at the very scene of Ivanhoe's triumph,—her Ivanhoe of a twig, in leaf armor and acorn helmet. A spasmodic contraction caught at her throat. She flung back her head and clutched the nearest tree for support. It was a slender dogwood in full, white pomp of blossom.

"When dogwood's white,
Fishers' delight!"

That was what she and grandpa used to sing! The snowy discs fluttered down upon her in an indignant shower. She swayed a moment with the tree, and kept closed eyes until the cool, thin myrrh of the pines should have brought strength.

She strolled on now more slowly. The forgotten sunbonnet hung in an octagonal green bucket at the back of her neck. On every side great pines stood rigidly upright in the slanting soil, their brown, scarred trunks softening to purple in the broad belts of distance. From the roof overhead a pine-burr suddenly fell, as, in old Eastern temples, a bronze bolt, or knob, is loosed, at last, from mouldering timbers.

Truth stooped for the gift, but paused before she reached it, arrested by a new odor, a new, delicious, tantalizing fragrance that seemed a challenge, a call, the laughter of a hidden sprite. In an instant she had flung herself on her knees and was tearing straw and dry leaves from a heap at the edge of the nearest embankment. Her cheeks were crimson, her lips already parted for the cry of triumph. Yes, she found it,—a great cluster of the wild arbutus, waxen, with coral buds!

She knelt over, sniffing at them, taking in long, quivering breaths; then, prone on the earth, with one elbow deep in sand began quickly to pluck away each bit of straw and dead leaf. She marvelled for the hundredth time at the delicate adjustment of blossoms among such extraneous substances. Not a petal was scratched. The close, green foliage, richly fluted, and lined with thin, brown fur, was almost as wonderful as the flowers. After all, it was no less than a miracle that here, from a handful of sand caught up in a crescent of dead leaves, should spring a wreath of wax, enamel, and gems. Who taught the buds to draw red ichor from the same source that gave their shielding coats impervious harshness?

When the whole group lay clear, even to a circling border of bare earth, Truth rose and stood above it in silent adoration. Then she walked away, pulled down her bonnet over her eyes once more, and, turning, came back, pretending surprise at the discovery. At last she knelt again, selected one tiny, crimson bud-spray as trophy, and carefully, twig by twig, leaf by leaf, replaced about the others their rude covering. Her troubles had vanished; she was Truth, the child, once more.

Now she looked about her frankly. At the foot of the hill lay a dark, thick line of other trees than pines, a blue-green wall of huge magnolias, cypresses, tulip trees, and bay, these, with a thick undergrowth of glossy-leaved shrubs, marking the course of "the branch." Rich, moist odors rose among the pine-stems to greet her that indescribable earth-smell which is the incense of all true nature worshippers, and the more tangible hints of dipping resin, and the thick, oozing juices of gums. As her foot touched the first spongy outskirt, she said aloud, "O God, don't let the snakes bite me!" This prayer she had always uttered, when as a child she had ventured into the supposed lairs of the moccasin or rattlesnake. She felt nothing incongruous in it now, only the usual childish confidence that she was protected. The "branch" flowers are late, and none were here to welcome her except the wine-colored stars of the red bay. These she gloated over with eye, touch and nostril. The cinnamon-brown, clear water at her feet, gathered from hillside springs to creep in sunless convultions toward the distant river, reflected familiarly the silhouette of her light-poised figure. Naked cypress knees thrust themselves upward from round, soaked beds of moss and Mitchella vines, and intertwisted tree-roots made a chain of little islands across the sullen food. Truth, laughing in sheer delight, commenced the precarious passage. Half-way across she encountered an old friend, a magnolia, growing almost horizontally, with one supporting elbow in the stream. She leaned both arms on it to rest, and fell to caressing a well-remembered group of tree ferns.

Beyond the branch antoher hill sloped slowly and dimly upward among endless tiers of pine-pillars. Here fell, wafted an counter-currents of air, a new odor, an influence faint as yet, but irresistibly sweet, piercing and subtle. She gave a little cry; her heart leaped, and her swift feet followed.

The yellow jasmine! She found it in a little clearing of oaklings at the very top of the hill. The trees were leafless yet, but at the tip of every spray grew a swollen red leaf-bud apparently on the point of bursting. Upon the ground between the trees tangled masses of vines writhed and struggled, wiry, purple stems winged at intervals with flame-points of emerald ond silver. No blossom crests tossed on these riotous waves, but up the trunk of every tree ran green and purple spirals, which darted, aspiring, to the very tip, and there, audacious, glorious, triumphant, shouted the praises of spring from a thousand golden bugles. The echo of the call was perfume. Truth felt her senses reel with it.

"Oh, I can't reach you! Come down, come down! I must have you."

The flowers bridled and tossed; the yellow sprays tinkled in the sun like a golden fountain.

"Come down!" she cried again. A saucy flower unhooked itself and struck her between the eyes. She laughed as she caught it. "Is this all I'm to have? Then all right!" She turned away singing.

"How clumsy and stupid hot-house flowers are!" she thought. "They are just like stuffed squirrels. I wonder why things get so heavy and helpless when they are cultivated. Just imagine having to smoke off bugsg from a wild jasmine vine!" She regarded the flower in her hand with close scrutiny.

"I reckon these seem more real because they grow as nature meant to have them. Somehow it seems almost wicked to over-cultivate flowers,—or people either." The thought of cities choked up in her throat. She tossed it off with a shake of her head. "How I hate hot-houses, glass, and gardeners!"

To be Continued.

SHE RECOMMENDS "FRUIT-A-TIVES"

Mrs. Corbett Read the Advertisement and Tried It

AVON, ONT., May 14th, 1914.

"I have used 'Fruit-a-tives' for *Indigestion and Constipation* with most excellent results, and they continue to be my only medicine. I saw 'Fruit-a-tives' advertised with a letter in which some one recommended them very highly, so I tried them. The results were more than satisfactory, and I have no hesitation in recommending 'Fruit-a-tives'" ANNIE A. CORBETT.

Time is proving that 'Fruit-a-tives' can always be depended upon to give prompt relief in all cases of *Constipation and Stomach Trouble*.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

THE GREAT LAKES.

Remarkable Features of Great Waterway Are Sometimes Overlooked.

"One need not be commercial in his appreciation of these inland seas but he must be geographical," writes Aubrey Fullerton in the "Bellman," of the Great Lakes. "In the terms of the gazetteer they are the largest chain of lakes in the world, and hold one-half of the fresh water on the earth's surface. From the head of Lake Superior to the mouth of Lake Ontario is twelve hundred and eighty miles of continuous waterway, to which Lake Michigan adds three hundred and fifty miles as a branch line.

"The source of that remarkable waterway is in the same region that gives birth to the Mississippi and the Red river of the North. The St Louis river, a pleasant little stream winds through the ten-thousand-lake country of Minnesota, and links up some of its lesser waters. It gives no hint of what it is going to do further, but its amiable windings are, in fact, an introduction to the great St Lawrence system.

"Lake Superior is the first expansion. Though it is fed by little playground streams, it is virtually an ocean set in the middle of the continent, opening out to other lakes that are inferior only to itself. The length and breadth and depth of Superior are oceanic—four hundred and twenty miles is its length, one hundred and sixty miles is its greatest width, and one thousand feet is its depth. A voyage upon it is a sea voyage. In surface area it is the largest single body of fresh water in the world; yet Michigan, forty-five miles shorter and eighty miles narrower, has more cubical contents of water because it is deeper.

"The lakes lessen in area as the chain stretches eastward. Ontario, the last link, is the smallest of the five, though Erie is the shallowest. Even Ontario, however, with nearly two hundred miles to its credit, is minor only in comparison with its own family.

"There is a sixth lake in the St. Lawrence system that is never counted among the Great Lakes, for it is a dwarf. Little Lake St. Clair is apt to be overlooked. Twenty-five miles long and twenty-five miles wide, and only that, it has to rank in the playground class; yet it is a link in the chain, the particular use of which is to connect Lakes Huron and Erie."

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY

Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—33690

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent my be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388

2,000,000 Belgians Depend on us for Bread!

Since shortly after the German invasion, the Belgians have depended for food entirely on the "Commission for Relief in Belgium". Their own store of food, even if not destroyed or pillaged, would last only three weeks—they have had no chance to raise more—and the ruthless Germans refuse to supply them!

Backed by the

Belgian Relief Fund

so generously contributed in the British Empire and the United States, the neutral Belgian Relief Commission has imported enough wheat, flour and other foods to feed the whole nation so far. The great majority of the 7,000,000 Belgians left in the country have been able to pay for their daily allowance of bread—but a steadily growing number have no money left.

Unless we are willing to let these hundreds of thousands of women, children and old men starve, they must be fed at the expense of the Belgian Relief Fund. To make this possible someone must contribute nearly $3,000,000 a month—every month—all this winter!

No people under the Allied Flags are as well able to contribute generously as we Canadians! No cause has ever been more deserving of help! In the name of Justice and Humanity—for the sake of our own self-respect—let us give all we can to help our martyred Allies!

Send your subscriptions weekly, monthly or in one lump sum to Local or Provincial Committees, or to the

5

Central Executive Committee, 59 St. Peter St., Montreal

$2.50 Feeds A Belgian Family A Month.

"CHEQUES TO BE MADE PAYABLE TO "THE TREASURER, BELGIAN RELIEF FUND, 59, ST. PETER STREET, MONTREAL, OR TO LOCAL COMMITTEES."

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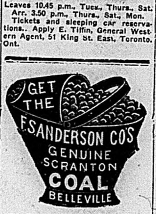

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Further particulars on application to Grand Trunk Agents.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—5.25 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 7.30 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate points—6.25 a.m

Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—16.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 5.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *3.40 a.m.

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

‡Deseronto only

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville Ont.

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RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily

No. 16—2.00 a.m.—Fast train, flyer, daily.

No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7.00 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.

No. 6—11.10 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

No. 14—12.16 p.m.—Express, daily.

No. 28—5.45 p.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19—2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

No. 13—4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.

No. 29—7.50 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.

No. 27—11.20 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.

No. 1—3.05 p.m.—International Limited, daily.

No. 7—4.55 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'.

Going West.	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m

Going East.	Arrive.	Lv. Peterboro
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North	Leave.	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.56 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1916.

GOING EAST.

CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.50 p.m.	2.58 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

GOING WEST.

MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.18 p.m.	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

Going East	Daily except Sunday
Leave Toronto	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	6.32 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leave Belleville	5.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.30 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent.

Belleville Business Directory

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column or calling at The Intelligencer Business Office, full information may be obtained.

MINING.

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE

Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

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Front Street.

Night Phone 175. Day Phone 205.

All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.

Wedding and Funeral Designs, a specialty, shipped to all parts.

OUR LINES

Automobile Storage and Car Repairing
Supplies
Bicycle Repiring
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Gas Engine Work
Electrical Contracting
Electrical Supplies
Oxy-Acetyline Welding
Locksmithing
Machine Work
Storage Battery Care and Charging
General and Steel Repairing

Call and see us, whether you do business or not, at

The Garage

GREENLEAF & SON

Phone 83. 288 Pinnacle St.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3.. Saturday 10 to 3

R TANNAHILL

Manager Belleville Branch

When youth's ship is wafted by the breeze of love, prudence flies with the wind.

To love wisely is never a matter of calculation; to love well is never to chocae.

Have The Intelligencer Sent To Your Home Address

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W. H. HUDSON

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.; North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies. Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.

Office: 17 Campbell St., Belleville. Phone 161.

CHANCEY ASHLEY

Insurance Agent

Has Removed to 229 Front Street

Next to Riggs' Music Store

THOS. STEWART

Bridge Street, Belleville.

Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON

Agent for

Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance. Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.

ROBERT BOGLE

MERCANTILE AGENCY.

Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed. Office, 28 Bridge Street.

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QUINTE LAUNDRY

Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way. Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.

W. R. Vallance, Mgr. Phone 339.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front St., Belleville. Phone 545. LEE CHEW.

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J. D. Evans, C.E. & O.L.S.
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EVANS & EVANS

Civil and Mining Engineers and Ontario Land Surveyors. Belleville and Trenton. Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker & Victoria Avenues. Telephone 393.

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ASELSTINE'S

MOTOR BUS, CAB & AUTO LIVERY

Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tired, for weddings, private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town. Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection. Phone 229.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers. Apply to

S. MASSON

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Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St., Belleville.

LEGAL.

WILLS & WRIGHT

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell St. Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates.

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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge St. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.

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Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.

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Solicitors for Union Bank.

MIKEL & STEWART

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

Belleville, Madoc and Tweed.

Solicitors for Molsons Bank.

W. C. MIKEL, K.C.
D. E. K. STEWART.

W. D. M. SHOREY

Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg.

Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms.

Office: 8 Campbell St., Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England

Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

Those who forget today seldom remember tomorrow.

Petulance is a shadow that clouds the sunshine of life.

RECRUITING WILL BE CONTINUOUS

Sir Sam Hughes Issues Statement Emphasizing Need of Officers

OTTAWA, Jan. 3.—The New Year's announcement of Sir Robert Borden that the Canadian overseas force will be increased to half a million men has been received with general satisfaction. The increase in the force will mean no change in military plans or methods, except that recruiting will be pushed harder than ever, and will be continuous.

For the last month the recruits throughout Canada have averaged a thousand men a day, and up to the present there have been recruited 222,000 men.

At the same rate, in another month there will be 250,000 men under arms. As soon as this number is reached recruiting will begin on the new quarter of a million, and enlisting will be kept up until that force is raised. The increase in force will mean that as soon as possible the number of troops at the front will be increased.

Three Divisions Soon.

There will soon be three full divisions in the firing line, and it is expected that a fourth will then be organized. When that reaches Flanders, Canada will have nearly one hundred thousand men in the field. To keep such a force at full strength in the field is regarded as about the limit of Canada's ability.

The big problem the department now faces is to get trained officers. There are a few well-qualified officers in Canada now and with new infantry battalions being authorized daily, the problem is continually growing more acute. There are now 179 infantry battalions authorized; while through the draft system in force last fall many regiments have raised to almost double their original number.

Schools For Officers

General Sir Sam Hughes announced this morning that to meet the problem of good officers new schools would be opened for both commissioned and non-commissioned officers.

"The department," said General Hughes, "is taking steps to obtain the best officers available to organize new battalions. What we especially desire is strong men who have had successful business or professional training. Just as in the case of Clive, Nicholson and many others, so to-day the best soldiers are men such as engineers, barristers, contractors—large business men with military training. It is found that they far surpass the professional soldier. I want applications from all such men and will train men accustomed to driving through things."

NOW AS A MOTHER

don't you have the good of your family at heart? Don't you want to get for your family the very best? For internal ailments—the best medicine? For sores and skin diseases—the best ointment? If so, get Zam-Buk. Mothers who have used Zam-Buk say there is nothing to equal its soothing, healing power in cases of skin diseases and injuries, and nothing so suitable for sensitive skins.

This is because Zam-Buk is composed entirely of medicinal herbal essences and extracts, and is free from the poisonous coloring matter and harsh minerals found in ordinary ointments.

Children, having once used Zam-Buk, will cry for it when they meet with an accident. They know how quickly it stops the pain, and heals.

Use it for burns, cuts, bruises, skin injuries, piles, eczema, blood-poison, ulcers, chapped hands and cold sores.

50c. box, all druggists, or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

ZAM-BUK

HEIRESS RUNS AWAY

Tired of Society Frivolities She Becomes Shop Girl

PHILADELPHIA, Jan 3.—Tiring of the frivolities of society and encumbered with wealth that brought her no happiness, Miss Irene Paul, 19 years of age, daughter of Joseph Paul, of Woonsocket, R.I., reputed to be worth in the neighborhood of a million dollars, broke the fetters that bound her and ran away from the Rhode Island town on November 8 seeking "liberty" that money could not buy.

She was found working in a Market street departmental store by Hodge & Farrell, detectives, to-day.

Ever since her disappearance from her home her father spared nothing in the way of money to ascertain her whereabouts without success. To-day the detectives were passing through the Market street store when they heard a girl call "Miss Paul." The detective referred to the description of Miss Paul which had been sent broadcast, and she was placed under arrest.

When interviewed at the City Hall, Miss Paul said:

"Woonsocket is dead. What is money and all the frills of the social set in which I moved if you cannot have liberty. I envied every shop girl I saw because they appeared so happy. Finally it occurred to me that just such a life would suit me, so I came to Philadelphia, where I have been earning $8 a week and am perfectly happy."

DYES FOR CANADA FROM WEST INDIES

Arrangements Under Way Which Promise Relief to Serious Situation

OTTAWA, Jan. 3.—According to a statement issued by the Customs Department to-day, arrangements are under way by which Canadian manufacturers will be assured a supply of dyestuffs from the British West Indies in future. Through the co-operation of the Imperial authorities, who have exerted pressure on American manufacturers of such dyestuffs, the Government has been able to relieve the serious situation which promised to develop here. It arose out of the refusal of American manufacturers to export the manufactured dyestuffs to Canada as usual.

The scarcity of dyes in Great Britain has rendered imports from that country to Canada almost impossible, and Canadian companies had been getting their supplies in the shape of logwood dyes from the United States. When, however, with a view to controlling the product so that the Empire's demands might be met, the British Government placed an embargo on the export of logwood from Jamaica and Honduras, the American companies cancelled their contracts with the Canadian companies and a famine in dyestuffs threatened.

Negotiations were at once commenced by the Canadian authorities looking toward relief. As a result, arrangements have already been made to allow the export of 47,700 tons of logwood to the United States dye companies on condition that these firms shall continue to supply the reasonable demands of the Canadian mills and further negotiations are under way which, it is hoped, will result in a workable arrangement by which a reasonable supply of goods from the countries named will be allowed to be exported to the United States dye manufacturing companies coupled with conditions which will ensure a supply of the same for Canadian manufacturing purposes.

South Baltimore, Md., is needlessly upset over the discovery of a so-called new dance, the ox dance. We know a flock of girls who've been doing it for years, but, of course, no one was cruel enough to speak of it within their hearing.

Divine Aid Again Invoked by Kaiser

Another Remarkable Message Delivered to His Army And Navy

LONDON, Jan. 3.—The Amsterdam correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Company says that Emperor William, according to a despatch from Berlin, has sent the following New Year's address to the army, the navy and the colonial troops:

"Comrades.—Another year of severe fighting has elapsed. Wherever a superior number of enemies has stormed our lines they have failed before your loyalty and bravery. Wherever I have sent you into battle you have gained a glorious victory. Thankfully we remember to-day, above all, our brethren who joyfully gave their blood in order to gain security for our beloved at home and imperishable glory for the fatherland. What they have begun we shall accomplish with God's gracious help.

"In impotent madness enemies from the west and east, from the north and south still seek to deprive us of all that makes life worth living. They long ago buried the hope to conquer us in honest fighting. On the weight of their masses, on the starvation of our entire people, on the influence of their campaign of calumniation, which is as mischievous as it is malicious, they believe they can still reckon. Their plans will not succeed. Before the spirit of determination which imperturbably unites the army and those at home their hopes will be miserably disappointed. With a will to discharge the duty to the fatherland to the last breath and determination to secure victory, we enter the New Year with God for the protection of the fatherland and for Germany's greatness."

Roumania

What do we know about Roumania? What will Roumania do in this war? Roumania is the greatest of the Balkan countries. Has a population of six millions; an army of 500,000 splendidly drilled soldiers. Bucharest, the capital, outrivals Washington in its electric lighting, motors, parks, shops, manufacturies, subsidized opera company. The ladies wear the latest Parisian gowns. The streets are wide avenues. No capital is the world is more attractive. King Coral the first, married a lady whom the world knows under the nom de plume of "Carmen Sybia. Of all the queens who have occupied thrones, no one in recorded history has surpassed in intellect, learning and intelligence this monarch; the authoress of over thirty volumes of books upon many subjects, the writer of hundreds of poems, conversing fluently in six languages, a wonderful musical composer and musician. Her powerful mind controlled her husband's actions in a great degree, and it is chiefly owing to her efforts that Roumania occupies the prominent position she does in the far East. Coral had no children living, and he adopted the present King Ferdinand. This man is a relative of the Kaiser, an Holenzern. He was educated in Germany and accepted a commission in the Germany army. Not long before the beginning of the war Roumania entered into a treaty with Germany and Austria against the other Balkan States, Greece and Great Britain. When Bulgaria joined the Huns that treaty was abrogated, the Germans breaking the treaty just as soon as they deemed it their interest to do so. That fact has tended to make Ferdinand somewhat cold to the German advances. The Allies have one strong card in their favor, and that is the present queen is a granddaughter of our late Queen Victoria, and heart and soul with the Allies. Recently, at a banquet given in honor of a visit from a German statesman, held in Bucharest, the queen told this statesman that under no circumstances whatever, would Roumania join in the war against the Allies. Roumania has a grievance against Russia. At the close of the last Balkan war Roumania demanded the large province of Bess-Arabia, which lies between Russia and Roumania. Russia took possession and Roumania has not recovered from her spasm of fury at the conduct of Russia. Roumania is an enemy of Bulgaria and Turkey, yet she is afraid of joining the Allies because of the Huns and Bulgarians. She also would prefer neutrality rather than have Russia attack her through Bess-Arabia. She is in a desperate position. The enormous successes of the Huns also render her timid as to her course. The Russian fleet is now bombarding Varna, a Bulgarian city. At present it is not known whether this fleet passed down the Danube through Roumania, whether it came from Odessa, the only large Russian sea port upon the Black Sea, or whether it came through the Dneester River, which runs through Bess-Arabia. If Roumania fights, I believe it will be on the side of the Allies considering all the surrounding circumstance, but "you never can tell."

Sinclair's

BLANKETS
$1.05 and $1.15

Here is a great snap in Perfect Cotton Blankets — no seconds, but regular $1.25 and $1.50 White and Grey Cotton Blankets —new border designs, Ten and Eleven Quarter sizes, about 100 pairs to sell for only $1.05 and $1.15 a pair.

Scotch Wool Blankets
$5.50 to $8.50 per pair

These are the very finest quality of Pure Wool Blankets imported by us direct from Scotland, at prices that could not possibly be repeated because of War conditions. These Blankets are spotless, being encased in large Paper Bags, and we sell these Pure Wool Blankets from $5.50 to $8.50 per pair.

Wool Sweaters
$3.00

This is a special price for a Pure Wool Sweater, all colors and sizes, Ladies' and Misses', only $3.00 each

SEE OUR YARD GOODS
TRIMMINGS TOO

Ladies' Plush Coats
$15.00 to $30.00 each

We have just a few of these handsome Plain Plush and Fur Fabric Coats and to clear them at once we are making very attractive prices. If you would like a Plush Coat or a Salt's Fur Fabric Coat, see our clearing lines from $15.00 to $30.00 each.

Children's Serge Dresses

We have about 20 Serge Dresses, colors Navy, New Blue, Brown and Cardinal, sizes for Girls 6 to 8 years of age, to clear

Your Choice, $3.00

Sinclair's

Sinclair's

Dress Goods
49c yard

At this price we are offering about 25 pieces of Fancy Wool Dress Goods and Suitings, all wide width Goods, from 65c. to 90c. regularly, on sale, to clear, for only 49c. per yard.

Splendid Coat Values

For the first week of the New Year we offer several very special values in Ladies' and Misses' Chinchilla Cloth and Wool Tweed Coats. These are all the season's best styles and cloths, and are priced for quick selling at $10.00, $12.50 and $15.00 each.

Heavy Wool Coatings

If you require Wool Coatings you will find some special values in Curl Cloths, Chinchillas, Tweeds, etc., 54 inches wide, to sell at $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 yard.

A Quick Conversion

By F. A. MITCHEL

I selected the last two weeks in August for my vacation. I am what is called a new woman—that is, I have departed from the ways of those women who sit and hold their hands, waiting for some man to come and marry them.

Until that summer, when I went to the seacoast, I thought that I had no romance in my nature. I was extremely practical and had no sympathy with any one who was anything else than practical. I felt quite competent to make my own living and scorned to relinquish the work to any man.

Nevertheless in all our natures there is the germ of romance. I first discovered this germ in me on that visit to the seashore, and, having discovered it, it grew up like a mushroom.

One evening I went down to the beach to plan some school work, for I was a teacher, and walked over a narrow strip of sand to some rocks a couple of hundred feet from the shore. Arrived there, I found a convenient natural seat and began my planning.

The moon was full, and presently I saw a glimmer of light on the watery horizon. Then the bright upper edge of the moon showed itself, and lastly the round disk stood upon the ocean. It was at this moment that I became conscious of the germ of romance within me. I forgot my work and drank in the beautiful scene—the shimmer on the water, the gilded wave crests. The starry heavens seemed to invite me to their infinite depths; the splash of the waves lulled me.

For a long while I sat enraptured by the beautiful scene. The sounds on the shore, a babel of voices, dance music in the hotels, an occasional burst of laughter, formed a pleasing background for the ocean, the moon, the heavens. Gradually the sounds became confused, the splash of waves sank into a rustle, and I fell into a slumber.

This birth of romance within me, the first romantic fervor I ever experienced, was followed by an awakening of another kind. Something cold struck my ankles, and, starting up, I saw a wave receding from my feet. All about me was the ocean. I looked toward the beach and saw that the strip of sand over which I had reached the rock had disappeared, and the water there, so far as I could see, was as deep as that before me.

This second awakening that I have spoken of was not from slumber; it was the coming of a sense of weakness. There must be an inherent feeling of dependence lying dormant in the breast of every woman however she scorns the stronger sex. At any rate, the first mental impulse that came to me on looking over those merciless waters was for some man to come and rescue me.

I could not swim a stroke. There was no boat, not even a stick of timber, near me. The sounds on the shore had ceased, the lights in the hotels were few. My voice was not strong enough to make myself heard, for I must have been a quarter of a mile from the houses lining the beach, and the waves, now stronger with the flood tide, would drown my voice.

Oh, how I longed for a man—a strong man, a brave man—to rescue me!

I had spoken at women's gatherings, stating that there was no situation a woman might enter upon that she could not extricate herself without a man's help if she would only use her brains. What use was my brain in those watery surroundings? The few square yards of rock on which I stood would soon be covered. Next I would be washed off it by the force of the waves and at last a lingering agony, ended by death.

From one of the houses on the shore emerged a spark. It was a lighted cigar. I had always hated tobacco, but now I would give worlds if that cigar would bring the man who smoked it to save me. I called, but my voice did not reach him. He walked away then turned and came slowly in my direction.

I took off my white petticoat and waved it as a signal of distress. He saw it and came running toward me. At the verge he stopped and looked about him, evidently for a boat. Seeing none, he threw off his coat and vest, for there was no time to waste. Then, divesting himself of his shoes, he walked toward me till the water was up to his chin; then began to swim. When he reached me I wound my arms about him so tightly that, strong as he was, he found difficulty in loosening them. Then putting an arm under one of mine he drew me into the water and swam with me to the shore.

This task was a difficult one, for so frightened wa[illegible] that I kept clutching him and impeding his movements. At last, in order to save both of us from drowning, he struck me on the forehead with his clinched fist to stun me. He only partly succeeded in rendering me unconscious, but I was thankful for the blow, for it made me oblivious to the danger. I remained passive and he succeeded in getting me to the beach.

As he dragged me from the water and was laying me on the sand I regained sufficient consciousness to wind my arms around him again. He is now my husband and I am glad to acknowledge my dependence on him.

Delaware's Northern Boundary.

Why the northern boundary of Delaware should have been circular in form is often a source of wonderment. It came about in this way: After William Penn had obtained a grant of Pennsylvania he was desirous of owning the land on the west bank of the Delaware to the sea. He procured from the Duke of York in 1682 a release of all his title and claim to New Castle and twelve miles around it and to the land between this tract and the sea. A line that was the arc of a circle of a twelve mile radius was then run, with New Castle as a center. When the three "lower counties" on the Delaware became a state they retained this boundary.—Chicago Journal.

St. George and St. Peter.

Besides being the patron saint of England St. George is also patron of Moscow, on whose arms there figures the picture of the saint slaying the dragon. A famous Russian military decoration—the Order of St. George—which was founded by Catherine the second—also commemorates the saint in Russia. It may incidentally be pointed out that while St. George was adopted as the "military protector" of England early in the thirteenth century the patron of England had for five centuries previously been St. Peter which helps to explain why more churches have in England been dedicated to that saint than to any other.—London Mirror.

An Ingenious Device.

When Sir Robert Perks' school days were over he entered the office of a firm of lawyers and worked very hard. It was no uncommon thing to find him reading law at 5 in the morning, and this often after he had been working late on the previous night. As a matter of fact, he made it an inflexible rule never to be in bed of a morning after 5. To enforce this rule he invented an ingenious device. This consisted of a long glass tube filled with water nicely balanced over his head and attached by a string to an alarm. At the desired hour the bell rang and awakened the sleeper. If within a few seconds he did not leap from his bed and avert the calamity the descending weight of the clock destroyed the balance of the tube, and down poured the water on his guilty head!—From "The Life Story of Sir Robert W. Perks."

WHISPERING GALLERIES.

Old World Churches With Remarkable Acoustic Properties.

The most celebrated whispering gallery is that which surrounds the base of the interior of the dome of St. Paul's cathedral, London. A person speaking near its surface can be heard distinctly by one listening near the smooth wall at the other extremity of the diameter, but not elsewhere.

In the cathedral of Gloucester a whispering passage leads from one aisle to the opposite behind the east window of the choir. It is seventy-five feet long, six and a half feet high and three feet wide in the form of half an irregular octagon. The walls and ceilings are of freestone, and the slightest whisper travels from end to end.

The cathedral of the Taj Mahal in Agra, India, has most marvelous echoes and reverberating qualities, but is scarcely a whispering gallery. The whole cathedral of Girgenti, in Sicily, has this character owing to the peculiar structure of its walls. These remarkable properties also belonged to the "Ear of Dionysius," cut in the rock at Syracuse in the shape of a parabolic curve, ending in an elliptical arch. It is said that the tyrant seated in a small chamber over a hundred feet from the spot occupied by his captives by this means could hear every word spoken by his prisoners.—London Answers.

If Animals Could Speak.

It is a startling fact that if some animals could tell their life history they would be able to recall events which happened hundreds of years ago. A Russian eagle, for instance, would be able to remember watching with greedy eyes as one by one the French soldiers under Napoleon fell exhausted out of the ranks in their awful retreat from Moscow in 1812. There are crocodiles alive in India today which saw the first English traveler set foot there, while there are whales in the sea which may have skirted the coast of France when it was invaded in 1115. A great many elephants could recall historical events of a hundred years ago, while there are ravens still living whose memory could go back twice that period.—London Answers.

Plenty of Room.

The young man who writes verses was standing out in the night gazing at the sky when a friend ran across him.

"What are you doing—studying astronomy?"

"Go away and don't disturb me. I am gazing into infinite distance."

"I don't see what satisfaction you find in that."

"That's because you never had any experience with editors. You don't know what a comfort it is to find some place where nothing is crowded out for lack of space."—London Tit-Bits.

The Amethyst.

A good example of one of the ways in which magical properties became attributed to natural objects is the stone known as amethyst. The ancient Indian name of this stone had the sound represented by its present name. In Greek this sound happens to mean "anti-wine;" hence, without more ado, the ancients declared that the amethyst was a preventive of and a cure for drunkenness!—London Mail.

Idle Dream.

"Poor dad! Sister told him that the girls of her class are going to graduate in dollar gowns."

"Well, what about poor dad?"

"He thinks a dollar is all he will be called upon to give up."

Stroud's January Sale

AN ANNUAL EVENT THE PEOPLE ANTICIPATE, LOOK FOR, EXPECT, AND APPRECIATE.

The Season's Opportunity to Buy. The Best for the Least.

Fine English and French Limoge Dinner Sets. Rich Cut Glass, Electric Lamps, Brass Goods, and Rogers 1847 Silver Plated Hollow Ware.
20 per cent. Discount

Polish Floor Mops, Copper Boilers, Zinc Wash Tubs, Granite Ware, Aluminum Ware and Kitchen Utensils.
20 per cent. Discount

Every Line Offered the Best of its kind. Every Discount as GENUINE as the quality. Guarantee for the Goods—
EVERY ARTICLE RIGHT UP TO THE STANDARD.
Note that Brown & Green Limoge China, Silver Knives, Forks and Spoons of 1847 Rogers only, 10 per cent off.

STROUD'S China, Tea and Coffee Store

Happy New Year
1916

THE New Year has arrived and we extend a hearty greeting to all our Friends!

We swing into 1916 with a determination to discount the past at every point, and to keep the best Clothing, Hat and Toggery Store with the Best Service in Belleville!

May the recollections of the Dying Year live as a pleasant memory of a time that's gone, and sorrow—may it be buried by the goodness and the joy which the New Year has in store for you!

Happy New Year!

Quick & Robertson
The Home of Better Clothes

We Try To Please

GORMAN'S BOOT SHOP

Drop in
Sometime
Any Time
You Are
Always
Welcome

GORMAN'S

HOCKEY STICKS
NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.

AUTOMOBILE SKATES
Made in Canada
Have you seen the New Ones?
Stronger and Lighter than ever

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO.
LET US DO YOUR PLUMBING

HOME MADE CANDIES
SPECIAL FOR EVERY DAY
If You Wish
HOME MADE CANDY
Call At The
BOSTON CANDY CO.
245 FRONT STREET

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"So you came to Brussels to write about the Cavell case? That is very interesting," he went on before I could interrupt him. "You did not find travelling difficult, did you? And Brussels is not much changed, is it? I suppose you have been here before." After I had reasurred him on these points he said:

"The Cavell woman was found guilty of the offence of aiding English, French and Belgian soldiers to escape from Belgium. In times of war this offense is punishable by death in all countries. The Cavell woman was accordingly executed.

"I may add that she was not a young woman, who did not realize what she was doing. She was a woman of fifty, strong-willed and determined to carry out her dangerous work at all costs. These are the facts in the case. It was necessary for you to come to Brussels to learn this."

"But the entire civilized world is interested in the case," I protested.

"I cannot understand why," he replied frankly. "With all the thousands of innocent people who have died in the war, why should anyone become hysterical over the death of one guilty woman?"

"Because she was a woman," I interrupted.

"Exactly," agreed His Excellency.

"Why was it necessary to execute her? Couldn't she have been placed in prison?" I asked.

"I am glad you ask this," he replied, drawing his chair closer to his large flat-top desk, which was covered with papers, books and several photographs in silver frames. "This Cavell woman was guilty of a very serious offense. According to her own admission she aided 130 men of military age, English, Belgian and French, to escape from Belgium. Many of these men are now fighting with the enemy—naturally the case was not one to be overlooked.

'A few years in prison is not sufficient punishment for an offence of this kind. For punishment in a case of this nature is meted out to deter others from committing the same offense. If the Cavell woman had been sent to prison she would have been released in two or three years—at the end of the war. Amnesty is usually granted to all prisoners convicted of offenses of this nature, espionage and so forth, when peace is made.

"We have only recently uncovered a big spy system here in Belgium. Important military matters have been communicated to the enemy for some time. I will not go into details, but I will say that this Cavell woman was aware of their activities—had guilty knowledge of much of their work. Such a system of spying assails our very safety and we proceeded to stamp it out.

"The Cavell woman was charged with espionage. The charge of aiding the enemy's soldiers to escape, which was made against her was sufficiently serious. Her death was deplorable—but I do not see why it should occasion such hysteria in America. In England—yes. There are many hysterical persons in England, and England is at war with Germany."

I informed His Excellency that many people in Berlin—even high officials—regarded the execution as a political blunder in view of the delicate situation in Belgium.

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"Then let me wish you a pleasant journey back to America," said His Excellency, rising and offering me his hand. "If I may be of any service to you, command me."

As I was leaving his office he called to me: "Please present my compliment to your Minister, Mr. Whitlock. He is held in the highest esteem by all of us."

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Well Pumps, Cistern Pumps
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Give us a Call

The John Lewis COMPANY LIMITED

XMAS
FLOUR
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For Your Christmas Baking
you cannot afford to use any but the best flour which is of course the Quaker Don't run the risk of spoiling the bread, the pudding, the pie, the cake. Order a sack of Quaker flour tod-ay and make sure of that part of your supplies for the feast.
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Happy New Year
1916

THE New Year has arrived and we extend a hearty greeting to all our Friends!

We swing into 1916 with a determination to discount the past at every point, and to keep the best Clothing, Hat and Toggery Store with the Best Service in Belleville!

May the recollections of the Dying Year live as a pleasant memory of a time that's gone, and sorrow—may it be buried by the goodness and the joy which the New Year has in store for you!

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Quick & Robertson
The Home of Better Clothes

We Try To Please

GORMAN'S BOOT SHOP

Drop in
Sometime
Any Time
You Are
Always
Welcome

GORMAN'S

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NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.

AUTOMOBILE SKATES
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Stronger and Lighter than ever

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Last Week

Of The

Big Discount Sale

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20 PER CENT. OFF all Ladies' Ready-to-Wear lines. Now is the time to buy that Suit or Coat you were wanting. All must go during this sale—Suits, Coats, Raincoats, Sweater Coats, Blouses, White Wear, Corsets, Aprons, House Dresses, everything in the Ready-toWear Department **20% below regular prices.**

20 PER CENT. OFF Housefurnishings—no reserve—Carpets, Rugs, Mats and Matting; Curtains, Curtain Nets, Scrims, Voiles and Muslins; Ready-made and Made-to-order Window Shades, Curtain Poles and all kinds of Fixtures; Chintzes, Sateens, Cretonnes, Shadow Cloths, Tapestries and Portieres; Comforters—cotton, wool and eider fillings—**all the Housefurnishings 20% reduction.**

20 PER CENT. OFF Dress Goods—Velveteens, Velvets and Cords, Serges, Broadcloths, Whipcords, Cashmeres, Coatings, Suitings, Linings and Plaids, all the same reduced prices—**one-fifth less.**

20 PER CENT. OFF Silks, Satins, Dress Timmings and Buttons, Fancy Neckwear, Collar and Cuff Sets, Veils and Veilings, Belts, Fancy Linens, Doilies, Centrepieces, Tray Covers, Embroideries, Purses, Brass Ware, Beads and Jewelry—everything in the Nation and Fancy Lines **20% off.**

20 PER CENT. OFF Men's Underwear, Night Robes and Pyjamas.

10 PER CENT OFF Men's Sox, Gloves and Mitts.

10 PER CENT. OFF all Staples—Embroidery Linens, Table Napkins, Shirting, Pillow Cotton and Sheetings, Sheets, Bed Spreads, Blankets (wool and flannelette), Flannel and Flannelette, Wrapperette, Towels and Toweling, Ginghams, Prints, White Cottons and Batting, **all at a discount of 10%.**

10 PER CENT. OFF Linoleums and Floor Oilcloths, an exceptionally good range of patterns to select from. **No reserve—10% off all.**

10 PER CENT. OFF Ladies' and Children's Underwear, Hosiery and Gloves—all the best brands to choose from in all qualities.

REMEMBER THAT Grey Cotton and Spool Thread is net. Carpet Sweepers are net. All purchases are cash. No Goods on approbation or exchanged.

STORE OPENS AT 8.30 a.m. and CLOSES AT 5 p.m.

Ketcheson & Earle

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 8 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

TO RENT

TO RENT, RESIDENCE. No. 221 CHARLES St.; contains all modern conveniences. Apply at The Intelligencer Office a23-tf

TO LET, THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the Bank of Commerce, and also rooms in the same block and the Robertson Block, suitable for offices and apartments. S. S. Lazier. j17-dtf

TO RENT—WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, splendid location. All conveniences. Apply 171 Bridge St. East. 30-6t

TO LET—WELL FURNISHED PRIVATE rooms with board. All conveniences. Apply 170 George St. j3-dtf

LOST

LOST—CAMEO RING, AT THE RINK, OR elsewhere in the city, on New Year's Day. Finder kindly leave at Intelligencer Office. 1t

LOST—RED HORSE BLANKET, ON PINnacle St. Finder please leave at Police Station for Mr. A. Bales. 1t

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—FIRST CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill and Planer hands, Toolmakers. Good wages. Steady work. Canadian Westinghouse Company, Limited, Hamilton, Ont. d—j27

WANTED—A GOOD SHOE REPAIRER. Apply Brown's Quick Shoe Repairing, 4 Bridge St., Belleville. Phone 779. j3-6t

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED—COMPETENT MAID TO GO TO Toronto. Two in family. References required. Apply evenings. 190 Bridge St. East. 30-4td

WANTED—A HOUSE MAID. APPLY IN evening to Mrs. (Dr.) Gibson, 28 Campbell St. j4-dtf

WANTED—A COMPETENT MAID. APply evenings between 7 and 8. Mrs. F. E. O'Flynn, 149 E. Bridge St. 3-4td

WANTED

WOMAN DESIRES WORK BY HOUR OF day. Apply 96 S. John St. 1t

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—FEW ARTICLES HOUSEHOLD furniture, including upright piano. Mrs M. Coburn, 81 Mill St. j1-4t

FOUND

FOUND—TWO BROOCHES. OWNER MAY have same by calling at Intelligencer Office and paying for advertisement. 1t

TENDERS

TENDERS will be received for furnishing Coal and Cut Wood—wood to be one foot in length—for School Section No. 22. Tenders to close Jan. 15th, 1916.

W. C. McDONALD, Secretary.

Point Anne, Dec. 29, 1915. d31-4td

It Goes to The Home

Our paper goes to the home and is read and welcomed there. If you wish to reach the housewife, the real arbiter of domestic destinies, you can do so through our paper and our Classified Want Ads. form an interesting and well-read portion of it.

"Isn't the floor wonderful?" he asked as they whirled along.

◆

A woman is a danger to all men when she isn't married, and a terror to one when she is.

It's a pleasure to carry our bread and cake, and we carry it for the benefit of the eating community. Every day we have

- VIENNA ROLLS
- DOMESTIC LOAF
- HOMEMADE BREAD
- WHOLE WHEAT BREAD
- NUT BREAD
- TWISTS
- PAN LOAVES, &c.

Chas. S. Clapp

SPORTING NEWS

BILLIARDS.

The first big billiard match of the year, in 1916, will be a championship at stake to be decided in Boston for Alfredo De Oro, who will defend his world title at three cushions against Lloyd Jevne, on January 12, 13 and 14, probably in the Convention Hall Building.

Only a short time ago De Oro defended his title against August Kieckhefer in Chicago, and the wizard of the angle game gave the finest display of three-cushions ever seen. Not only did he defeat Kieckhefer decisively, but in the second night's play he established a world's record for a championship match by scoring 50 points in 35 innings and he established a new record by scoring 150 points in 145 innings in three nights' play.

Jevne has been a national three-cushion champion and is reckoned one of the best players in the game. In 1904 he went to Paris, and while there played a match with Manuel Sanchez, the brilliant Spanish player who was runner-up to Willie Hoppe in a balkline tournament. Sanchez attempted to give Jevne 10 points in 100, but lost by 100 to 81. Jevne's high run at three-cushions is 16, made at the Imperial room, Chicago.

Boston has been fortunate in billiards this season, in that it was here that Willie Hoppe and Koji Yamada played for the 14.1 title not many weeks ago.

DRUG FAMINE COMING?

CANADA IS SHORT OF MANY NECESSARY CHEMICALS.

Many of the Supplies Used in the Preparation of Drugs Come From Germany and Austria, and Very Small Quantities Remain in the United States—Arnica Largely in Use at the Front.

We hear a lot about the increase in the cost of living nowadays. But if the price of drugs soars any higher, or if it remains long at its present figure, the increase in the cost of dying—if death be preceded by anything in the nature of a long and serious illness—bids fair to become a more serious consideration still. Prices of drugs in this country—and indeed on this continent—have already reached an altitude never before attained, says a writer in The Toronto Star Weekly.

"There are several causes for this shortage," The Star Weekly was told at one of the largest establishments of wholesale chemists in Toronto, "but they are all more or less referable to the war. The great majority of the drug supply in this country is imported from Europe. And in Europe to-day merely a fraction of the herbs which are used in the making of many prescriptions is being produced.

"Then a whole lot of the chemical products which are in constant use come from Germany in normal times, and now they do not come in at all. And it is impossible to supply their place in many instances. For example, there is lots of soda on this continent, but to make a salt of soda, something else is needed, and that something else usually comes from Germany in quite a large number of cases. Synthetic drugs also come largely from Germany, such as are used in the manufacture of photographic material. Substitutes for these at high prices have to be used now."

At another large establishment of the same kind, it was said that the shortage of drugs, which has resulted in the high prices in Canada, is largely attributable to the fact that Europe to-day needs more drugs than ever before.

"Europe's own factories," it was said, "make use of most of her own herbs grown at home. She wants far more in the way of drugs than she can possibly get. Take the case of arnica, which is in immense demand. Or, again, there is glycerine. Europe has shut off practically the whole supply of materials entering into its composition, and the stock is low here. Of course, a whole lot of crude glycerine is being used to make explosives. The price of glycerine is to-day between twice and three times as high as the normal price. Glycerine is used in many patent medicines. But the price of these is not likely to go up with the price of glycerine while the stocks of the various dispensers of patent medicines last. For these prices have become standardized."

Among other drugs, the price of quinine has gone up with a bound.

"Quinine," The Star Weekly was told at one establishment, "costs about five times as much to-day as it did a couple of weeks ago. The price has gone up in that time from 50 to 60 cents an ounce to about $2.50 to $3 an ounce. In the battlefield of Central Europe soldiers undoubtedly find that they need quinine a good deal more than they do in their own countries. It is contemplated now to use for the raw material for quinine Peruvian bark from South America, in place of the product of Java, which is the source of supply in normal times. But this substitute can only be produced at a very considerable increase in the cost.

"Again, the cost of benzoate of soda, which is largely used as a preservative, is to-day extremely high, by reason of the shortage of benzoic acid. What would in ordinary times cost 40 cents will now cost $4 or $4.50.

"In fact, nearly all drugs have greatly advanced in price. This is particularly true of bromides and other ranges of goods.

"Cod liver oil is made from crude oils which come from Norway. The supply of this is short, and the cost of the crude product has risen from $40 to $80 per 25-gallon barrel.

"Olive oil has doubled in price. Russian cantharides is more than five times as dear as normally. Permanganate of potash is about ten times as dear."

It may be added that camomile tea is likely to become a luxury. The leaves for making this come in time of peace from both Germany and Austria. The horehound herb is also an Austrian product.

RITCHIE'S

JANUARY SALE

OF ALL OUR LADIES'

COATS

There are still many handsome up-to-the-minute Winter Coats now showing, but every garment reduced to either of the below low prices, and every one spells a remarkable bargain at the Sale Price. All strictly new models in first class materials and best shades, including black. See Windows.

Every Coat in Stock Reduced in Price

Coats	Coats	Coats	Coats
That were reg. up to $12 are now	That were reg. to $15 are now	That were from $15 to $20 are now	That sold as high as $32 50 are now
$9.75	$12.75	$14.75	$18.75

Millinery Half Price

Many of our season's best Hat Models are included in this Half Price Sale of Millinery. We make no exceptions—Imported Paris and New York Models, productions and copies executed in our own workrooms, also all untrimmed shapes are at your disposal, marked down to just Half their mid-season price. That means you can buy a $5.00 Hat for $2.50; $8.00 Hat for $4.00; $10.00 Hat for $5.00; $15.00 Hat for $7.50. (Second Floor)

CHILDREN'S MILLINERY ALSO HALF PRICE.

Remnants! Remnants!

Hundreds of Them. All Desirable Materials and Marked at Decided Savings.

At the Dress Goods Counter

There are hundreds of Remnants of the season's best Dress, Suit and Coat Fabrics all grouped together for easy selection. They are Remnants of **Tweeds, Serges, Armures, Worsteds, Voiles, Henriettas, Delaines, Cashmeres, Broadcloths, French Flannels and Silks of various Qualities.** Enough in some for Dress Lengths, Separate Skirts and Blouses, etc., and each individual remnant represents an **Extraordinary Bargain.**

At the Staple Department

Is a counter loaded with remnants of **Table Oil Cloths, Canton Flannels, Tickings, Pillow Cottons, Factory Cottons, White Cotton, Sheetings, Flannels, Towellings, and Cottonades, Bleached and Unbleached Table Linens.** They range in length from one yard to ten yards, and each remnant is marked at a **Big Clearing Reduction.**

At the Wash Goods Section

You will find scores of desirable ends of **Flannelettes, Ginghams, Prints, Wrapperettes, Muslins, Chambrays, Crepes, Eiderdowns, Coatings, Embroideries.** These remnants range in lengths from ½ yard to 8 or 9 yards, enough in some to make Ladies' Dresses, Kimonas and Dressing Sacques, and all at **Remarkably Low Prices.**

THE HOME BOOK OF Fashions
The Ladies' Home Journal

NOW ON SALE,

Illustrating the newest Home Patterns, including those shown in the Ladies' Home Journal.

Price 25c., Including a Free Pattern. (Pattern Counter)

Super-Bone Corsets, Something New See Them.

The RITCHIE Company Limited

Saskatchewan's Output.

Between 125,000,000 and 130,000,000 bushels of grain have been shipped out of Saskatchewan to date by the three railways, according to an estimate by R. W. Drew, general freight agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway for Saskatchewan. He stated he could not estimate the amount remaining to be shipped, for the yields have been far in excess of any estimates he has yet seen.

In some parts of the province threshing operations are still going on east of Yorkton, as far as the Manitoba boundary, about fifteen per cent. of the crop remains to be threshed. About ten per cent. of the threshing is yet to be done in the western part of the province, east of Swift Current, north and south.

Somewhere Around.

"I never see her with her husband Has she lost him?"

"I don't know. Some people seem to think she has merely misplaced him."

Worked the Wrong Way.

"How did the accident happen?"

"He got run over when he stopped to read a 'Safety First' sign."—Houston Post.

New York's Telephones.

The last New York city telephone directory contains 350,000 listings for 566,000 telephones in the city. The first telephone directory, issued in 1878, consisted of a card containing the names of 252 subscribers. The present directory has 970 pages, and an edition of 610,000 copies has been distributed. The preparation of the directory consumed fifty carloads of paper, seven tons of ink and 230 miles of binding wire.

The War's Toll.

Do you know that for the year that the war has been going on four men for every minute, night and day, have been killed and something like eight men a minute have been wounded? There has been no account kept of the women and children who have died as a direct result of the war. They are not "important."—Houston Post.

British Naval Torpedoes.

The torpedoes used in the British navy are of three diameters—fourteen inch, eighteen inch and twenty-one inch—and they vary in length from sixteen to eighteen feet. As soon as a torpedo hits its mark it explodes automatically. Every torpedo fired in action represents an expenditure of from $3,000 to $4,000.

Served Its Purpose.

Kathryn—I noticed you're not doing your complexion as carefully as you used to.

Kitty—It isn't necessary to take the trouble any more. My present fiance is color blind

It Is Some Accomplishment to content the exacting housewife with baker's cake—especially if her culinary skill in cake-making is excellent. Our cake is equal to that of the best home made, because it is baked with the best ingredients that the market affords. We are skilled bakers that know how to bake cake just as it should be baked. Our surroundings are most sanitary.

Yerex's Bakery

Phone 787

68 Sinclair St. Belleville

CITY AND VICINITY

If you are going out of the city to spend your holidays, travel by Canadian Pacific. S. Burrows, Agent. d21-tf

FURS

Furs make a sensible and lasting gift as a

CHRISTMAS PRESENT

We have—

Children's White Thibet Sets at	$1.00, $5.50 and $6.75
Ladies' Persian Lamb at	$53 to $67 set
Ladies' Alaska Sable at	$31 to $62 set
Ladies' Black Wolf at	$25 to $45 set
Ladies' Natural Wolf at	$27 to $30 set

J. T. DELANEY

29 Campbell St. opposite Y.M.C.A. Phone 797

Local Business Men

Are realizing more every day the value of the concise, memory tickling Classified Want Ads. Make your story short and pithy and our Want Ad. Columns will repay you a hundred fold for the small investment.

"Four Thousand Pounds of Rubber Taken Off Ford Peace Ship," says a headline.

25% DISCOUNT SALE:—BIGGEST BARGAINS EVER OFFERED

25% reduction for cash on all lines of furniture. Unexampled opportunity for buying your Christmas present at lowest possible prices. Dominion Bedding & Furniture Co., 306 Front Street. D11-tf

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Mr. H. L. Wallace wishes to inform his customers that he is temporarily closing up his electrical business, having accepted an appointment with the 155th "Bay of Quinte Overseas Battalion,, and he desires to thank his customers for their patronage while in business.

As his office, situated at 38 Bridge street, is closed, he has arranged for the convenience of those who still owe him accounts, to have them paid into his account at the Union Bank of Canada, who will give receipts for same and he urgently requests that these be paid AT ONCE to assist him in a speedy winding of his affairs.

NOTICE

The annual meeting of the Belleville Cemetery Company will be held at the office of the Secretary Teasurer, No. 19 Campbell Street, on Monday, January 17th, 1916, at 4 o'clock P.M., for the election of directors and general business.

W. H. HUDSON,
Sec'y.-Treas.

J3,3t

Dr. Dormer, Osteopathic Physician, 28 Victoria Ave., Phone 73.

◆

A woman may learn from experience, but a man learns from woman.

◆

Men admire clever women, but marry the foolish ones—if they are

THE WEATHER.

Mild, with occasional light rain, followed at night by winds, and becoming colder.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 81

BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1916.

No. 5

ESTABLISHED 1858
58 years continuous business is a guarantee for square dealing, best values and lowest prices.
FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Office Phone 2 Night Phones 260 & 635

Britain Is To Control Shipping

Will See That Prevailing Shortage of Ships Does Not Interfere With Carrying Food

LONDON, Jan. 4.—The Government is taking stringent measures to see snall not interfere with the shipment shall not interfere with the shpment of food and other necessities to ports in the United Kingdom. Vessels are being requisitioned right and left for the shipment of wheat from the Americans, and in shipping circles it is reported that the Admiralty intends to call in the British ships that are now trading between foreign ports. The latter measure is expected to particularly affect British ships trading between South America and the United States. Shippers here predict that such action would have a disastrous effect on this trade.

Shipowners in England and neutral shippers regard the new born energy of the Government with misgivings, as requisitioned wheat ships are receiving only thirteen shillings, compared wth the normal rate of seventeen shillings. The first hint a vessel receives that it is to be requistioned is the followng telegram from the Admiralty toward the free end of its voyage: "You are required by the requisitioning (carriage of foodstuffs) committee to fix your vessel to load a cargo of 75 per cent wheat from the Atlantic coast of Canada, the United States or the Gulf to the United Kingdom. You may make your own arrangemens as to freight, etc. Formal notice is following by letter."

Letter From Admiralty

The owners then receive the following letter from the Transport Department of the Admiralty:—"I have to inform you on behalf of the requisitioning (carriage of foodstuffs) committee that it has been found necessary to require your vessel to be employed in the North Atlantic wheat trade. I have therefore to give you formal notice in accordance with the provisions of an order-in-council dated November 10, 1915, that the above vessel is requisitioned under that order. Under this the requisition committee requires you under the authority given them in the order quoted, to arrange forthwith that the vessel shall be fixed to load at a port on the Atlantc coast of Canada or the United States, including the Gulf, a cargo of which at least 75 per cent shall consist of wheat, and to discharge this wheat at some port or ports of the United Kingdom. The vessel is to proceed on its arrival in the United States to one of the above ports to load, as stated.

Rely On Good Will

"I am also to require you to inform me within a week of this date of the arrangements you have made. The committee rely confidently upon the good-will of shipowners generally and their co-operation in arranging for the supply of such additional tonnage as the national requirements may necessitate from time to time in the trade now in question, or in any other for which similar action may be required."

The last sentence is considered as significant corroboraton of news already received by charterers that the Government intends to make full use of its undoubed power to completely control the British merchantile marine. The assertion of such power means the inevitable injury of foreign traders who depend largely on British ships for the carrying of goods.

For example, it is reported on the Baltic shipping exchange that the American coffee trade, which is largely dependent on British ships will be vitally injured by any considerable withdrawal of these vessels, for sufficient neutral ships to take their place do not exist.

Other trades with South and Central American ports also will suffer great damage if the requisitioning plan is extended to British ships trading between foreign ports.

BUSINESS MEN WANTED FOR OFFICERS

OTTAWA, Jan. 4.—In connection with the New Year's announcement that Canada's fighting forces will be increased to half a million men, Major General Sir Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia, said this morning:

"We want strong business and professional men to perfect their military training, as in the case of Clive, Nicholson and other famous soldiers, the best men for command are successful barristers, contractors, engineers and prominent business men with thorough military training. Such men far surpass the professional soldier. We want applications from such men."

HALF MILLION MEN BY NEXT AUTUMN

Sir Sam Hughes Confidently Expects Canada Will Raise Them—Twenty-One New Divisions to be Appointed

100,000 SKILLED MECHANICS EMPLOYED

Manufacturing Munitions of War—250,000 Men in Uniform By the End of the Month—Sir Sam Praises French-Canadians

Half Million Men

TORONTO, Jan. 5.—Canada proposes to raise the quota of troops necessary to bring her war contribution to the half-million men by securing twenty-one additional divisions. The raising of these divisions has been apportioned as follows: From Toronto district, five divisions; from western Ontario, two divisions; from Manitoba and Saskatchewan, three divisions; from Alberta, two divisions; from British Columbia, two divisions; from Quebec, three, possibly four; and from the Maritime Provinces two divisions.

225,000 Men Now

At the present time, training at home and in Britain, and at the front, Canada has 225,000 men in uniform. Two divisions, each of 18,000, are at the battlefront; four divisions are in Britain awaiting the call to reinforce their fighting comrades, and two divisions, completely trained, are waiting in Canada to sail.

100,000 Mechanics

By the end of this month the Canadian forces in uniform will number 250,000. In addition, over 100,000 skilled Canadian mechanics are at work, manufacturing munitions of war.

It is confidently expected that "before the snow flies next fall" the full complement of half a million men will have been raised.

French-Canadians Fighters

In enumerating and assigning the new divisions to be raised, General Hughes spoke particularly of the large task he was assigning Brig.-Gen. Logie in the Toronto district, and also the French Canadian enlistment in Quebec. Some 8,000 French-Canadians had gone to the front. They had proved themselves a splendid lot of men, and official reports to his department declared that their fighting qualities had been "simply beyond belief."

Local Option Defeated in Bancroft

Also in Monteagle Township—Carries in Two Other Places And is Sustained in Another

Reports received yesterday of local option voting show the following, in addition to the results published yesterday:

Belleville Citizens' League has decided in view of the majority of 306 for local option, which fell short of the three-fifths required, to ask the License Commissioners to cut off at least ten of the eighteen licenses in the city.

Sarnia temperance workers may appeal owing to the ballots in one ward being, it is alleged, improperly cast by some persons not entitled to vote on the by-law.

By-Laws Carried

	For	Against	Maj.
Matheson	(figures not given)		
Amherst Island Township (1 license)	150	49	101

By-Laws Sustained

	Against repeal	For repeal	Maj. for by-law
Newboro'	62	49	13

Defeated by Three-Fifths Clause

	For	Against	Maj.
Dresden, (2 licenses) ..	(lack of 4 votes)		
Bancroft (2 licenses) ..	84	60	24
Westport (3 licenses) ..	120	94	26
Monteagle (1 license) ..	126	118	8

Defeated By Majority

	For	Against	Maj.
Bangor (no license) ...	..		45
Chapman (1 license) ..	54	83	29

Still To Hear From

McMurrich Township.
Front of Yonge Township.

Figures not received Monday:—

	For	Against	Maj.
Fitzroy	306	177	129

Figures yet to be received—Matheson, Oshawa, Biddulph, Owen Sound.

Basilica of St. Peter's Closed

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, Jan. 5.—The Basilica in St. Peter's cathedral was closed to-day because a young man named Antonio Giovamolo, atempted to commit suicide in the sacred edifice. He shot himself with a revolver and the wound was slight, but as blood had been spilt, the Basilica was closed in accordance with the rules of the church and will not be reopened until it has been reconsecrated.

Food Riots Stir Athens

ATHENS, Jan. 4.—(Special).—There have been riots here because of the shortage of bread, sugar and coal.

A large crowd of women proceeded to the residence of Premier Skouloudis and smashed windows because of the irregular payments to the soldiers. The troops also are protesting against the irregularity of their pay.

LA GRIPPE CLAIMS MANY NOTABLE VICTIMS

Premiers Borden and Hearst, Col. Currie and Others Affected

TORONTO, Jan. 5.—It seems as if public men are getting their share of the agonies of la grippe.

Premier Borden went south to recuperate and gain strength to help him through the coming Parliamentary session, but he returned only to inhale the germs of Ontario's most fashionable disease. He has been laid up for several days.

Premier Hearst has also had a similar experience.

Col. John A. Currie, M.P., is another victim. He caught cold last week, and has been confined to his home on Howland avenue ever since.

Parks Commissioner Chambers has been confined to his bed for a few days, and Works Commissioner 'Roly' Harris has also had a taste of the malady.

E. A. LANCASTER, M. P. IS CALLED BY DEATH

ST. CATHERINES, Jan. 4.—E. A. Lancaster, M.P., died at his home in this city about 9 o'clock to-night, after a lingering illness of over two years. He defeated the late Hon. Wm. Gibson in 1900, and had represented Lincoln county ever since. He leaves a wife, one daughter and two sons. The elder son, Capt. E. H. Lancaster of the 10th Battery, 3rd Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery, is now at the front in Belgium.

A Force in Conservative Party.

Edward Arthur Lancaster, K.C., M.P. for Lincoln, was born in London, Eng., Sept. 22, 1860. He was educated at London, Ont., and Osgoode Hall, Toronto. Elected to the House of Commons in 1900, he soon became one of the forces of the Conservative party.

Heavy Blizzard In the West

(Canadian Press Special)

WINNIPEG, Jan. 5.—Last night brought the coldest weather of the present winter to the prairies provinces and in southern Saskatchewan the worst blizzard for many years is raging.

Kingston License Inspector Dies

(Canadian Press Special)

KINGSTON, Jan. 5.—Clark Wright, a license inspector for many years, died here this morning, after several weeks' illness. He was Mayor of this city, twenty years ago and also served as alderman for seven years.

Typhus Plague In Mexico City

Large Number of Cases Reported Throughout Country—No Definite News Available

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—(Special.)—Typhus in more serious proportions than that in Serbia is sweeping over Mexico City and unless it is checked it will prove one of the greatest plagues of the history.

The Carranza government has succeeded in suppressing news to such an extent that only a faint idea of the facts had reached this country.

Less than a month ago, American physicians in the hospitals of Mexico City estimated that there were 50,000 cases of typhus in Mexico City alone.

It was impossible for anyone to form any definite opinion of the number of cases of the plague which is communicated by vermin.

In the city of Puebla there were 1,600 deaths from typhus in one week recently.

In Tachuca the disease was so widespread that the officers of the United States Smelting & Refining company persuaded the city government to let it take over the health work of the place. There had been 3,3000 new cases of typhus in one week. The smelting company's men at once set to work shaving men and cropping their heads. Clothing was burned and houses were disinfected. It is not known what success the effort to cope with the plague has had in Tachuca.

The Mexicans are not making adequte efforts to deal with the epidemic. Last month the Carranza government issued a statement saying that there was no typhus in Mexico City, although there were thousands of cases there then. On December 17th or 18, these same Carranza officials held a conference in Mexico City with Mexican doctors to try to hit upon methods of checking the spread of typhus. American doctors were not asked to the conference. The American Red Cross is unable to do anything because the Carranzistas forced the American organization out of Mexico, saying that they needed no outside help.

Havana and Nassau are quarantined for yellow fever against all of Mexico north of Yucatan. Yet there is not much evidence of yellow fever in Mexico compared with the appalling evidence of typhus on every hand.

The facts are successfully repressed by the Carranza government. Letters are reguarly opened. This, however, is to be expected of a military despotism, which is the form of government maintained by Carranza. But trouble arises from the fact that Carranza is still only one of the military despots of Mexico. Emiliano Zapata, the Morelos rebel, is now the sole ruler of about one fifth of Mexico. For months there have been almost daily battles within three miles of Mexico City between the forces of Carranza and Zapata.

Of Villa no one thinks anything any more. But as a matter of fact he has been nothing but a stray bandit for nearly a year.

BRITISH SHIP GUARDED AT NEW YORK DOCK

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 4—During the last few days United States Secret Service men and Pinkerton detectives have been numerous about the piers where the British ships are loading or unloading. Five Pinkerton men who arrived from New York yesterday are tonight guarding the British steamship Gordon Castle, of the Union Castle Mail Line, which reached port this morning from the west coast of Africa. It is the first time since the outbreak of the European war that such precautions have been taken to safeguard ships here. No one was permitted to leave the ship until after the detectives had stationed themselves. The cargo of the Gordon Castle is said to consist of chrome ore, wool and hides, about 5,000 tons in all. Whether or not any article other than those mentioned is in the cargo could not be learned. There is an air of general mystery concerning the amount of her cargo, and even the employees of the Terminal Shipping Company, agents for the vessel in this city, share the mysterious manner of Captain Betts. Similar cargoes of the kind said to be on the Gordon Castle have arrived here from time to time ever since the war began, and no such secrecy was maintained. About 3,500 tons of chrome ore will be unloaded here, when the Gordon Castle will leave for Boston and New York to discharge the remainder of her cargo.

RUSSIANS CAPTURE CAPITAL OF BUKOWINA

Czernowitz Reported to Have Fallen Before Victorious Russian Army—Report Unconfirmed But Stated in Two Despatches

TEUTONS GET INTO DESPERATE POSITION

Being Slowly Forced Into Position Similar to That of Allies in Macedonia, Only No Neutral Territory to Retire To

Prisoners Taken

LONDON, Jan. 4.—A Reuter despatch from Petrograd says that the Teutonic forces are reported to have evacuated Czernowitz, Bukowina. It adds that a large number of prisoners have been taken, including many Germans.

The Petrograd correspondent of the Havas Agency also announces that the Austrians have evacuated Czernowitz, the Russians having seized all the heights dominating the town.

The Russian official communication does not confirm the evacuation of Czernowitz, but says: "North-west of Czernowitz we have occupied a line of trenches and repulsed strong enemy counter-attacks."

Capital of Bukowina

The capture by the Russians of Czernowitz, the capital of the Galician Crown land of the Bukowina, would not in itself be as significent as its possible consequences. The city is not fortified to any formidable extent. However, by taking it, the Russians could push the Teutons against the Carpathian mountain passes to the south and against the Roumanian border to the south-east.

8 Miles From Roumania

Czernowitz is only eight miles from the northernmost corner of Roumania. From the Bukowina capital to where the Carpathians touch the Roumanian border the distance is about 50 miles. Only if the Teutons were positively assured against a possible attack by Roumania at a later stage of the new Russian offensive could they afford retaining their lines on the Roumanian border and withdraw their Bukowina forces to this fifty-mile stretch. In view of the uncertainity of Roumania's future attitude and repeated assertions that "a strong military showing" on the part of the Russians, and only such a showing could induce her to actively join the allies, it is not believed lieved that Field Marshal von Mackensen will risk being pushed against King Ferdinand's frontier, for the Russians with their apparently reinforced and well equipped masses could easily drive southward to the Carpathians and thus completely bottle up the Teutons.

Serious Position

In that event the Teutons would be in the same position as the allies were in Macedonia; they would face the alternative of fighting a decisive battle or retreat into neutral territory, namely, Roumania. That kingdom is, however, not in the same position toward the Teutons as Greece was toward the Entente's troops, but, on the contrary, is generally conceded to be morally pro-ally. The fighting in the Bukowina particularly the Russian offensive there, is, however, absolutely interdependent with the developments on the northern part of the battle line, and the Russian success in the south can be assured only by an equally continued and successful offensive in Volhynia. If the Czar's' troops fail to keep up their progress in the north, and allow the Germans to turn from the defensive to the offensive, Rovno, the one stronghold in the Volhynian fortress triangle, will be menaced and its fall, followed by a Teuton drive eastward, would endanger the Russians progress in the Bukowina will threaten the Teutons.

Lord Derby Makes Report

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 5.—Earl Derby's report on his recruiting campaign, which is addressed to Lord Kitchener concludes with the following paragraphs:

"The canvass shows very distinctly that it is not want of courage that is keeping the men back, nor is there the slighest sign but that the country as a whole is determined to support the Prime Minister in his pledge made at Guild Hall regarding calling out of married men the same as when that pledge was made. There is abundance of evidence of the determination to see the war through to a successful conclusion."

In a supplementary report to the foregoing Lord Derby says: "Large as the figures are I am afraid on analysis they do not prove as satisfactory as I could have wished. Owing to the great rush of recruits it was impossible in many cases to have more than a most perfunctory medical examination and the number of men who will be rejected when called up and subjected a a proper examination must be very large."

ONLY TWELVE SALOON PASSENGERS RESCUED

LONDON, Jan. 4.—(Special.)—A press telegram from Cairo reports that only twelve out of 80 saloon passengers on board the Persia were saved. The Peninsular & Oriental Company now estimates the loss of life to total 222. The name of Robert McNeely, American Consul at Aden, is not on the official list of the survivors received by the Admiralty.

Other prominent men and women who perished as the result of this latest massacre include Col. E. R. Swiney, Lieut.-Col. Howell, Lieut.-Col. Nethersole, Capt. J. T. Lodwick, Lieut. V. Gough; the Rev. A. C. Grant, pastor of the Anglican Church at Bombay; Mrs. H. DeR. Coddington, wife of Lieut.-Col. Coddington; Mrs. H. T. Tresham, who was the daughter of Major Burch of Leytonstone, and F. M. Coleman, one of the proprietors of The Times of India, Bombay.

HOW TO AVOID LA GRIPPE

(By Dr. C. J. O. Hastings)

Ventilate your rooms well.

Avoid exposure to those infected.

Keep the system in good order.

See that all eating and drinking utensils are sterilized after use.

Quarantine or isolate every person who gives evidence of cold in the head.

Look for trouble, and you will generally find fault.

Indian Prince On Liner Persia

Famous Jewels Reported Lost P. & O. Liner was Sunk by Sub.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—(Special).—The suite of his Royal Highness Jagatjit Singh, Maharajah of Kapurthala, were passengers on the steamship Persia, which has been sunk on its way to Bombay. A despatch from Cairo states that the Maharajah's famous jewels were lost with the ship, but gives no further indication of the fate of the members of his party.

The Maharajah was waiting at Port Said to join the ship and continue his journey to India accompanied by his suite. It is assumed that his wife, who was formerly Anita Delgado, a Spanish dancing girl, was waiting with him at Port Said, and that Miss Cullen was with them.

His Royal Highness is having an exciting trip back to India. When he sailed from New York on the steamship Rotterdam last August the greatest secrecy was observed, and not until the Rotterdam arrived at Falmouth was it made known that he was on board. He feared that on account of his great wealth and the aid which he had lent to the British cause the Germans would make a special effort to capture him or sink his ship. A British cruiser met the Rotterdam off Falmouth and convoyed it through the mine field.

ALLIES TAKE KAISER'S HOME FOR HOSPITAL

LONDON, Jan. 4.—The British Government has notified Greece that the Kaiser's summer residence, "Villa Achilleion," on the Island of Corfu, will be taken by the allies for use as a hospital, according to a Central News despatch from Athens.

Emperor William purchased "Villa Achilleion" from the heirs of the late Empress Elizabeth of Austria. The villa itself is a marble palace. Over the gateway is the word "Achilleion," as the villa was dedicated by Empress Elizabeth to Achilles, who, she said, was to her the personification of the Hellenic soul. The Island of Corfu belongs to Greece. It is about twelve hours by sea from Brindisi, the southern Italian port, and is one of the show places of the Mediterranean. The King of Greece also has a summer home there.

THIRTY TRANSPORTS LAND AT ORPHANOS

ATHENS, Jan. 4.—The newspaper Nea Hellas says that thirty transports filled with allied troops have arrived in the Gulf of Orphanos, Greece, and that disembarkation has begun.

Orphanos is about sixty miles east of Saloniki, and it was reported last week that the allies would land troops there.

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIANS

OTTAWA, Jan. 4.—The midnight list of casualties is as follows:—

1ST BATTALION.

Severely wounded—J. Croft, Hamilton.

2ND BATTALION.

Dangerously wounded—F. J. Southall, Quebec.

Wounded—C. T. Learn, Aylmer West, Ont.

4TH BATTALION.

Wounded—A. Miner, Ingersoll, Ont.

8TH BATTALION.

Wounded—James Wilkey, Dauphin, Man.; Sergt. P. E. Henderson, Middleboro', N.S.

14TH BATTALION.

Killed in action—W. J. Osgoode, Eaton, Que.

Missing since Dec. 24.—Sergt. Jos. Turcotte, Montreal.

Wounded—K. Kenny, Montreal.

15TH BATTALION.

Wounded—Lieut. E. G. Waller, Elkhorn, Man.

19TH BATTALION.

Wounded—J. E. Bryant, St. Catharines, Ont.; A. G. Miller, Mt. Denis.

20TH BATTALION.

Wounded — Company Sergt.-Major L. Torrie, Kakabeka Falls, Ont.

21ST BATTALION.

Slightly wounded—E. Wilson, Kingston.

24TH BATTALION.

Killed in action—O. O'Keefe, Montreal.

25TH BATTALION.

Killed in action—C. Campbell, Glace Bay, N.S.

Wounded — Lance-Sergt. J. W. Sutherland, Oxford, N.S.

26TH BATTALION.

Wounded — J. Hamilton, London, Ont.

52ND BATTALION.

Ill—R. A. Westover, Barwick, Ont.

55TH BATTALION.

Seriously ill — Lance-Corp. J. W. Charnley, Marysville, N.S.

PRINCESS PATS.

Found dead Dec. 31—J. A. Mac Donald, Ste. Hyacinthe, Que.

5TH C. M. R.

Seriously ill—W. D. Williams, Amherstburg, Ont.

3RD FIEL DARTILLERY BRIGADE

Concussion, slight—Gunner F. Gilmore, Toronto.

EATON'S ARMORED BATTERY

Wounded—F. M. Barfield, Toronto.

No. 3 CANADIAN FIELD AMBULANCE.

Wounded slightly—A. Plumtree, Toronto.

JANUARY SALE

Our January Sale has started with a rush for the hundreds of marvelous bargains on sale. We have added to the list the following:—

40 only Men's Serge and Tweed Suits, values in regular way $20.00, for **$12.50**; $18.00 for **$12.00**; $15.00 for **$10.00**; $12.00 for **$9.00**.

27 only Separate Tweed Coats, light and dark colors, all sizes, regular $8.50, for **$5.00**

35 only Men's Sweater Coats, in colors maroon, grey and navy, regular $1.25, for, each .... **98c.**

35 only Men's Sweater Coats, in colors navy, slate, maroon and grey, regular $1.75, for **$1.39**

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

Special . Shoe . Values

CLEARING SALE

Of

Men's Gunmetal and Patent Laced & Button Boots

English and High Toe Lasts, all sizes in the lot. Regular $5.00 and $6.00 values,

CLEARING **$3.45**

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

ADAMS

THE SHOEMAN

IN and ABOUT THE CITY

MERCHANT'S SUDDEN DEATH

COLBORNE, Jan. 4—(Special)—Mr. J. T. Bailey, a well-known merchant of Colborne, expired very suddenly in his store.

THREE-CENT STAMPS

A three-cent postage stamp was issued yesterday. This will prove a great convenience, as it covers both postage and war tax.

J. D. FLAVELLE HURT

J. D. Flavelle of Ontario License Board, fell on the ice at Lindsay last night while curling and fractured a rib.

PLEADED GUILTY

Herbert Rose alias Avery, who was to have been tried tomorrow before Judge Deroche on a charge of bigamy, has pleaded guilty to the charge. He will come up tomorrow before the Judge for sentence.

PRESENTED WITH WATCH

Wm. J. Mills, of this city, who is connected with the 33rd Battery at Kingston, and who was home for New Years, was on Monday presented with a wrist watch by G.T.R. employees of this city. Previous to enlistment Gunner Mills was an employee at the G.T.R. shops here.

PRESENTED WITH WRIST WATCH

Mr. Jack Phillips of this city, was presented with a wrist watch on his departure for Kingston, where he will join the 33rd Battery. Mr. Phillips has a brother Ernest, that left with the 1st Contingent over a year ago. Their many friends wish them both a safe and speedy return.

LAID AT REST

The remains of the late Mr. William J. Ross were this morning interned in St. James Cemetery after services had been conducted at St. Michael's church by Rev. Father Killen, and at the grave by Rev. Father O'Connor. Many floral tributes and mass cards were evidences of the popularity of deceased. The bearers were Messrs. H. Burke, R. Davidson, T. Manley, F. Burns, F. and V. Hogan.

REMAINS BROUGHT HOME

The remains of the late Mrs. Phedilla H. Roblin, widow of the late Mr. Owen Roblin, arrived here at noon today from Toronto, and was taken to the residence of her daughter, Mrs. James Hodge, Jane street. Deceased was 88 years of age and for many years was a resident of this city, where she was well and facorably known. Four sons, D.O., of Halifax, James H., of Sas.; Charles of Toronto, and John, of Belleville, and two daughters, Mrs. R. Vandervoort, of Silney township, and Mrs. James Hodge, of this city, survives.

REEVES ELECTED

The following nearby township reeves have been elected:

AMELIASBURG TP.—W. W. Anderson.

BANGOR, WICKLOW and M'CLURE TPS.—John Green.

BANCROFT—Thos. Walker.

HUNGERFORD TP. —James H. Clare.

HUNTINGTON TP.—W. J. Jeffery.

MONTEAGLE and HERSCHEL TPS.—C. I. H. Jordison.

MADOC TP.—Simon Fox.

MURRAY TP.—Henry Black.

UNION MEETING

The second service in the series of union meetings, during this "The Week of Prayer," was held in Emmanuel Reformed Episcopal Church, last evening; the Rector of the Church, Rev. A. M. Hubly presided. All the pastors of the Evangelical churches of the city were present and took part in the service.

Rev. S. C. Moore, B.A., of the Tabernacle Church, gave a masterly address on the theme appointed—"The Church Universal."

There was a large attendance. Mr. Hubly informed the people that the offerings taken at these union meetings were to be given to the Belgium Relief Fund.

The meeting closed with "God Save the King," and benediction. Service this evening in West Belleville Methodist Church.

HORSE SMASHED WINDOW

At about 6 o'clock last evening, a rather peculiar accident occurred on Front street, resulting in the demolishing of a large plate glass window of the Ritchie & Company's store. It appears that Mr. Penny, driver for the John Sloan Company of this city, drove up to Vermilyea & Son's shoe store and ran into the store leaving the horse standing near the curb. The lines in some manner got beneath a runner of the sleigh and the animal in moving its head was so directed as to go upon the sidewalk where it slipped and fell. In the endeavor to regain its feet the horses' head came in contact with the window, smashing it to pieces and causing considerable commotion. The nose of the animal wsa slightly cut. The broken window is one of the largest in the city.

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Another German Game Nipped

PARIS, Jan. 4.—(Special.)—Speaking on behalf of their countrymen, a committee of distinguished Allsatian statesmen publish a manifesto in today's Figaro protesting against the proposal of last week's Socialist Congress that Alsace and Lorraine vote on the question of annexation to France at the end of the war.

The committee says the formation of a plebiscite as proposed by the Socialists would be manifestly unfair, because of 350,000 German emigrants in Alsace and Lorraine, who would vote pro-German. The territory should be repatriated to France by the treaty of peace, say these statesmen.

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NOT AT HOME

"I trust we shall make you feel quite at home," remarked the hotel manager.

"Don't you try it," expostulated the married man. "I'm away for a good time."

Letters to the Editor

We are at all times pleased to insert letters upon subjects of local or general interest. It must, however, be understood that we in no way identify ourselves with our correspondents' opinions.

All letters should be written on one side of the paper only, and should be as concise as possible. They must be accompanied by the name and address of the sender, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Editor, The Intelligencer.

Dear Sir,—Permit me through your columns to bring before the ratepayers of Hastings County the vast and useless expenditure that has been incurred on the repairs of O'Brien's Bridge. According to the report of Mr. Allen, the Engineer, at the county meeting, he was authorized by the Council to go ahead and repair the bridge, the south pier of which had settled some few inches at the east end. The work was commenced about the middle of August, 1915, since when, in my opinion, there have been nothing but a series of experiments for which the ratepayers have to go down in their pockets to pay.

Two acrloads of timber were on the job, half of which has never been used. These were for the purpose of making false piers to support the bridge. Surely if the Engineer had taken soundings where these piers were to be built he could have estimated the amount of timber required without having the taxpayers pay for carting a lot of material which was not to be used.

This timber was hauled from Corbyville siding, a distance of five miles. Six timbers to a load was all that the teamsters put on, making two trips per day. These men were paid at the rate of $3.50 per day or 35 cents per hour. At no time during the work was any teamster on the job at 7 a.m. and they were all gone before 6 p.m. These men should not have got a full day's pay. I for one believe in paying a fair rate for actual work, but I am sure there is no other job where men are paid from the time they leave their stable till they get back.

The steel coffer dam, of which there was about 110 pieces 35 feet long and weighing about 1100 pounds each, was hauled from the same siding—three pieces to the load. Had this teaming been let by contract the County would have saved quite a sum of money.

A car load of cement was carted up in September, and is still there, the most of it being unfit for use as it has hardened.

This shows extremely bad management, as they did not know at the time what amount of cement they would require and when they would start to use it.

This carting in itself has shown very bad management, and while dealing with it I would like to add that the price of some of the fuel (cordwood) which was bought, was $5.00 per cord, or $6.00 delivered. Was the seller allowed to deliver the wood? No; but a team was hired and paid at the rate of $3.50 per day for hauling two cords —which made the price of the fuel $6.75 per cord.

The hoisting engine which was hired costs the County, I believe, $75.00 per month rent. This engine, before being erected, was examined by a man sent specially from Belleville. He condemned it as being unfit for use; yet it was put up and put in operation, and was not capable of supplying enough steam to run the steam hammer for the purpose of driving the piles for the coffer dam, as a consequence of which, the work of driving the piles had to stop every twenty minutes or half-hour till they got up steam. Another engine was brought from Madoc and connected up. The cost of working these two pieces of junk would make a nice bill. Coal and wood arrived every day, and three men were occupied in running these engines—one man, a certified stationary engineer, a fireman and a man to supply the water, carrying it in pails a distance of about 35 yards. When a person takes into consideration the fact that it took over seven weeks to construct this cofferdam, surely it would have been a money-saver to have put a small hand pump in, which could have been operated by the fireman in addition to his other duties.

When the pumping started to empty the cofferdam it was found that these two engines were not powerful enough, and a traction engine belonging to the County took the place of the one from Madoc. This was an improvement, but then it was found that the pump was too small, although the foreman said that it would only take four minutes to empty the cofferdam. Another and larger pump was brought on the job, and having been tinkered up by the engineer, was put into operation along with the small pump. Even then these two pumps failed to do the work. The water would be lowered about three feet after several hours' pumping, and fifteen minutes after the pumping stopped the cofferdam was as full as when they started.

The engineer (Mr. Allen) instructed the foreman to shingle the cofferdam, that is, where it showed any signs of leaking to drive in the thin edge of a shingle. This was about as much use as the manure which was put on the outside of the dam, which went down stream as fast as it was put in.

Another large pump was brought on the job, but has not been put into operation yet as the work has been stopped; but from reports, we have to pay two dollars per day for the same.

Evidently the heads of this work are at a loss as to how to proceed, and are afraid if the original pier was left as it was, the ratepayers would insist on the bridge being left in its original state, which would be anything but creditable to the men at the head of affairs. The pier, I understand, was to be left until the part now under water was examined, but the pier was blasted and thoroughly destroyed. This act, I think, shows the incompetency of the people in charge as they were unaware of the true cause of the pier settling.

According to reports of several old residents in the vicinity of the bridge, the pier has not settled any in the last three years; and while the work was going on the gin pole for hoisting purposes was placed on the pier. The pier, with all this jarring, did not move enough to cause a ripple on the water inside the cofferdam.

Although the report goes that Mr. Sills saw the foreman distinctly move the pier, which weighs approximately some 35 to 40 tons, with an ordinary crowbar, this is a most ridiculous statement for any person to make.

On one of my visits to the bridge I noticed some timbers with truss irons extending on each side of the bridge. When I asked what it was I was informed that it was for the purpose of putting a chain block to hold the steam hammer.

"I" beams were sent to Belleville, two or three trips being made, for the purpose of having holes bored for bolts. After a couple of days being occupied in the erection of this track it was found to be of no use whatever. Is this experimenting or not?

In the beginning of December, when the men were working half an hour at noon to get in their ten hours. The local men who were on the job were told that work would not start till 7.30 although it was light enough at 7 a.m. —but the only reason they got when enquiry was made of the foreman was that he could not get his gang up in time.

Below are a few questions which I am sure is only fair for the Council to answer:—

1.—From whom was the hoisting engine rented, and at what rent?

2.—Who ordered the cement to be delivered; was it properly checked off, and by whom?

3.—Who measured the lumber and checked same to see if the amount received tallied with the invoice?

4.—Does the Council expect people to supply the tools for this work?

The ratepayers of Hastings should certainly rise against any such waste of money as has been expended on this job. The Councillors who have allowed this work to go on in the manner it has are certainly not competent men to represent the people.

I am,

Yours truly,

D. POUCHER.

Dec. 1st, 1916.

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FRENCH COOK PRAISES A BELLEVILLE PRODUCT

Graham Co. Receives Words of Praise From a Cook in The French Army

The Graham Co., of this city, have received the following letter from a French cook in the trenches, and speaks well for the company and their product:

From the Trenches, Dec. 13, 1915.

Sir:—Being a cook I am using your product with success; it it very practical. We have to give our men soup early in the morning. Before we were obliged to peal all the vegetables by candle light, which was very hard. All the men in our company say the soup is very good. I want to tell you that we are from different countries and a little help from you would do us a lot of good, because we do not get help from home.

Yours very truly,

MILON DESIRE,

20th Co., 801st Infantry.

The Graham Co. are sending some assistance to these men, which they hope will be acceptable.

◆

NOR THEN, EITHER

Miss Plainleigh: "I would never get married if I had to ask the man."

Miss Pert: "Perhaps you wouldn't even then."

$1,000.00 REWARD

For information that will lead to the discovery or whereabouts of the person or persons suffering from Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Mouth and Throat, Blood Poison, Skin Diseases, Bladder Troubles Special Ailments, and Chronic or Complicated Complaints who cannot be cured at The Ontario Medical Institute, 263-265 Yonge St., Toronto. Correspondence invited

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

NO ALUM. READ THE LABEL

Guaranteed to be the purest and best baking powder that it is possible to produce.

MADE IN CANADA

E.W.GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED

CONTAINS NO ALUM

Fatal Accident In G.T.R. Yard

Thomas Curry, a Section Man, Struck by Light Engine and Killed—Inquest to be Held

Mr. Thomas Curry, who was employed as a section man on the Grand Trunk Railway, yesterday afternoon met his death in the yard here, whilst in the discharge of his duties. Although the unfortunate accident was not apparently seen by any person, it appears that Curry was engaged in cleaning out a switch near the round house, which is situated in the east yard. An engine, upon which Mr. Johnson was engineer and Mr. Taylor fireman, had brought in a short haul freight train, and the engine was running backwards towards the round house, when it struck Curry, inflicting injuries which virtually caused instant death. After the victim had been struck he was picked up and conveyed to the G.T.R. waiting room, but death ensued in the meantime. His injuries consisted of the chest being caved in, the left leg fractured near the thigh and terrible wounds about the head. At the point where the accident occurred there are several tracks, and engines are continuously passing to and fro. It is surmised that Curry did not notice the approach of the engine at the point where he was working. The engine did not pass over the unfortunate man, but threw him to one side.

After death ensued the remains were conveyed to Tickell & Sons' undertaking establishment, and an inquest was ordered by Dr. Boyce, a coroner of the city.

The deceased was about 55 years of age, and was born in Hungerford Township, being a son of the late Mr Alexander Curry. He had lived in Belleville for some time, his home being on Cemetery street. He had been about five years in the employ of the G.T.R. and was considered a good reliable man. A widow, one son and two daughters survive. Mr. Curry was an adherent of the Methodist church.

Funeral notice will appear to-morrow.

The Inquest

Last evening the inquest was opened before Dr. Boyce, coroner, at the Morgue of Tickell & Sons, before the following jurymen: Mayor Panter, foreman, R. E. Adams, W. H. Day, R. W. Adams, C. Walters, J. B. Archibald, E. T. Cherry, R. D. Black and J. Penny.

Sergt. Naphin being sworn, testified that the jurymen selected were qualified to act in that capacity as they were residents and voters in the city.

John Wesley Curry, a son of the deceased, gave testimony as to recognizing the body as that of his father. He (the witness) worked for the G.T.R., and was speaking with his father a few minutes before he met his death. He could not tell how the accident occurred as he did not witness it.

This was the only evidence taken and an adjournment was made until Friday evening of this week, at the police court room.

In the meantime the remains have been prepared for burial and taken to the family residence on Cemetery street.

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Czar Renews Peace Pledge

LONDON, Jan. 4.—During a review of the Russian army on January 2, Emperor Nicholas delivered an address to the Chevaliers of the Order of St. George, according to a news agency despatch from Petrograd. The Emperor is quoted as saying:

"To you as the most valiant representatives of our army, I offer my most cordial and profound appreciation of your services which in this campaign have been full of bravery and sacrifices. I am pleased to transmit to your respective regiments my sincere gratitude for your painful efforts which have succeeded as all Russia, as well as I, understands. And rest assured that, as I said at the beginning of the war, I will not conclude peace until we have expelled the last enemy from our territory and I will only conclude this peace with the full accord of our allies, to whom we are bound not by paper treaties, but by real friendship and blood.

"I ask you personally to convey to all the troops my recognition of their devoted service which gladdens my heart. May God protect you."

92 Per Cent. of Foe Exports Stopped

LONDON, Jan. 4.—(Special.)—A British Parliamentary memorandum was issued tonight dealing with the "interception of sea-borne commerce of Germany." Referring to German exports to America, the report says:

"The latest returns available, namely, those of September, show that over 92 per cent. of the German exports to America have been topped."

The report also states that effective measures have been taken to stop exports on a small scale from Germany and Austria to America by parcel post.

Regard For Neutrals

Summing up the results of the blockade the memorandum says:

"Firstly, German exports to oversea countries have been almost entirely stopped. The exceptions made are in cases where refusal to allow the export of goods would hurt the neutral concerned without inflicting injury on Germany.

"Secondly, all shipments to neutrals adjacent to Germany have been carefully scrutinized with a view to the detection of a concealed enemy destination. Whatever there is reasonable ground for suspecting the destinction of the goods they are placed in Prize Court. Doubtful consignments are detained pending satisfactory guarantees.

Restrict Trade With Germany

"Thirdly, under agreements with bodies of representative merchants of several neutrals adjacent to Germany stringent guarantees ae exacted from importers. So far as possible all trade between neutrals and Germany, whether arising overseas or in the country itself, is restricted.

"Fourthly, by agreements with shipping lines and by the vigorous use of the power to refuse bunker coal, a large proportion of the neutral mercantile marine which trades with Scandinavia and Holland has been induced to agree to conditions designed to prevent goods on these ships from reaching Germany.

"Fifthly, every effort is being made to introduce a system of rationing which will insure that the neutral concerned will only import such quantities and articles specified as are normally imported for his own consumption."

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DEATH ROLL

WILLIAM WEBSTER

Many were the expressions of regret heard to-day when it became known that Mr. William Webster had passed away. His demise occurred suddenly during the night at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. John T. Sargent, 2nd Concession of Sidney Township, with whom he had made his home for some time. Deceased was born in Aberdeen, Scotland, 71 years ago. When a young man he came to Canada and for years was a resident of Belleville. In 1878 he was appointed Collector of Customs for the port of Belleville, and retained that position until a few years ago, when he was superannuated. Since that time he had lived a retired life. Mr. Webster was well known in this city and had a host of friends. He was a genial and kind hearted Scotchman, having a kind word for all. Mrs. Webster preceded him to the tomb a few years ago. Mrs. Sargeant, of Sidney, a daughter, is the sole surviving member of the family. Mr. Webster was prominent in Masonic circles, being a Past Master of Eureka Lodge, Past D.D.G.M. for Prince Edward District No. 13, a member of Moira Chapter No. 7, R. A. M. and King Baldwin Preceptory, Knight Templars No. 6. He was also a member of the Sons of Scotland Society of this city. In religion he was a Presbyterian. Heart disease was the cause of death.

MRS. FRANCES GILLUM

After a few hours illness Mrs. Frances Gillum, widow of the late Mr. Stephen F. Gillum, died at midnight last night at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Percy Geen, John street. Heart trouble was the cause of death. Deceased was an aged lady and was highly esteemed by a large circle of friends. Mrs. Gillum had been a resident of this city for many years. She was born at Bedford, England, and came to this country at an early age. Deceased was a member of the Anglican Church. Two sons and two daughters survive. The sons are, Stephen F., of Japan, and J. S., manager of the Bank of Montreal at Winnipeg. The daughters are, Mrs. J. G. Thompson, of Gerardem, Missouri, and Mrs. Percy Geen, of Belleville. A funeral notice will appear later.

◆

A BONAPARTE ENLISTS

MONTREAL, Jan. 4.—E. P. Bonaparte, a member of the family of Corsica from which Napoleon sprang, is one of the recent recruits with No. 5 Universities Overseas Company. He came to Montreal from the west.

◆

Read and Advertise in The Intelligencer —get news and results.

New Year Greetings To All

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

McFEE'S Complete Sight Service

Is the natural result of years of sincere effort to make it effective and dependable.

By the adoption from time to time of the most approved methods in the practice of Optometry and Optical work.

Making these methods uniformly effective by care and experience.

Angus McFee

The Store with the Big Clock

In Value and Cost You Benefit At Wallbridge & Clarke's

Asparagus Tips (tins) .... 25c.
French Peas (tins) 15, 20, 22 & 25c
Petite Carrots (tins) .... 15c.
Little Red Beets (tins) .... 15c.
Rhubarb in Gallon Tins.
Corn on the Cob   French Beans
French Mushrooms   Honey Drop Corn
Spinach   Succotash
Ripe Tomatoes   Celery
Lettuce   Parsley
Fresh-Grated Horseradish
Welch's Grape Juice (pint bot's) 25c.
Self-Rising Buckwheat Flour
2 pkgs. 25c.
Pure Maple Syrup.
Old Fashion Buckwheat Flour
small sacks 25c.
Fancy Cheese — (packages and jars)
Genuine Roquefort
Fine Old Cheddar
Hawaiian Pineapple (tins) 25 & 35c.
Royal Anne Cherries (large tins) 35c.
Finest Selected Apricots
(tins) 20 & 30c.
Sliced Peaches (tins) .... 20c & 35c.
Seedless Grapes (in tins) ...... 20c.
Peaches (halves) in tins .... 15c.
Finest English Jams and Jellies.
Whole Ox Tongues in glass and tins
Finest Sugar-Cured Hams.
Delicious Teas and Coffee.
Finest Seedless Oranges
and Florida Grape Fruit.

HOUSES FOR SALE

Near West Belleville Church, 10 minutes from market; conveniences and good cellars. Also six roomed house to rent with one acre of garden, barn and electric light, etc.

BUGGY FOR SALE

W. SMITH, Builder

33 Howard St.   Phone 673

ARENA

TURNBULL ST.

BAND

Tuesday
Thursday
Saturday

OVERCOATS

Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat! We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.

Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.

ARTHUR McGIE

208 Front Street

Zutoo

Cures headache in 20 minutes by the clock. 25c per box.

HIGH-PRICED INSULT

Lawyer (to Judge): "I admit that my client called the plaintiff a beast, but seeing the price of meat, I consider that rather as a compliment than an insult."

Cheap Sale

Sample Sweater Coats
for
Men, Women and Children, away below regular value.

HUNDREDS OF SAMPLES
In Hosiery, Gloves, Mitts, etc., on sale this week.

WHITE SILK BLOUSES,
Made of Good Jap Silk, warranted to wear and wash well; worth $1.75 on sale at $1.19 each.
20 dozen Women's Ribbed Hose, worth 35c. On sale at 25c. pair.
50 dozen Penman's Wool Sox, only .... 25c. pair
Great bargains in Wool Blankets, Flannelette Blankets and Staple Dry Goods.
You can save money here.

Wims & Co

80th Battalion Photographs
Are
Now on Sale
At
Waters' DRUG STORE
See these in the Window

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip

Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.

Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows.

F. W. L. CARRE
Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward counties.
Phone 366 2/6 Albert St., City

SANTA CLAUS' WEARING GLASSES

Of course! Santa is a wise old man, open to progressive ideas. For some years he has felt eye-strain owing to his increasing mail. Therefore he has ordered several pairs of glasses
OF OUR MAKE.
Now he is happy and advises all of you —
Especially the Children.
—to pay him a visit during holiday season and vacation.

Alex Ray, Opt. D
Belleville's Eyesight Specialist.

The Company
and Staff
extend to you
and yours
Greetings and
Good Wishes
for a
Happy
New Year

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Advertise in The Intelligencer

COUNTRY CORRESPONDENCE

TO CORRESPONDENTS

The Intelligencor is constantly receiving news items from parties through out the district who fail to attach their names to the manuscript. While items of interest, from all sections of the county are solicited, The Intelligencer positively declines to publish news that does not bear the name of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but that articles may be received in good faith—The Editor.

4TH CON. AMELIASBURG

Mr. and Mrs. Chas Carnrike were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Schyler Humphrey, Carrying Place, on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Orser, of Gananoque, is visiting at Mr. J. H. Parliament.

Mr. Claude Wannamaker, wife and family, spent Christmas week at Picton, with Mrs. Wannamaker's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Fox.

Mr. Milton Wood is spending a few days visiting friends at Ottawa and the surrounding vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Wycott and family spent Christmas at Melville, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Weeks.

Miss Hattie Hawley, of Toronto, is spending her holidays with her sister, Mrs. Arthur Parliament.

Mrs. Cassie Spencer, of Oshawa, is visiting her many friends in this vicinity.

Miss Neva Carnrike spent the week, visiting friends in Consecon.

Mrs. Lizzie Morton, of Belleville spent Christmas with her sister, Mrs. Thos. Wood.

Mr. and Mrs. Ostrooser, of Niagara Falls, Ont., is the guests of the latter's brother, Mr. Thos. Price.

Mr. D. H. Whitney, wife and son, Noris, spent Christmas at Boston with his sister, Mrs. Wm. Wright.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Delong, were with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Higgins, Bloomfield, for Christmas.

Mrs. Debbie Carnrike spent Christmas with her sister, Mrs. James E. Glenn, Roblin's Mills.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Parliament and Miss Hattie Hawley were with friends at Sidney for New Year's.

Mr. and Mrs. James McDonald and Master James Dolan, of Trenton, spent the holidays with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Dolan.

Those who entertained on Christmas were Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Sager, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Vancott, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Wannamaker, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Spencer and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Cunningham.

Mr. J. H. McMasters returned to his home at Brighton after spending the week with his sister, Mrs. Chas. Sager.

Sorry to report Mr. Debbie Carnrike is on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Vancott entertained their friends to an oyster supper on Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Noris Gibson spent Monday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Moran Lout, Roblin's Mills.

Mr. Arnold Mastin, wife and family of Pleasant Bay, were guests of his sister, Mrs. Victor Brower, on Monday.

Mrs. Fred Weeks, of Melville, spent a few days with her mother, Mrs. Debbie Carnrike.

Miss Rosela Caves, of Toronto, is spending her Christmas holidays under the parental roof.

Mr. and Mrs. John Gibson attended a New Year's dinner at Mr. W. H. Woods, Roblin's Mills.

TUFTSVILLE.

Mrs. Werden spent Christmas, with her daughter at Marmora, Mrs. Lynn.

Geo. Bird spent Xmas at Neil Davis', Foxboro.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Irvin and Master John and Mrs. M. J. Bennett, Belleville, spent Xmas with their mother, Mrs. E. Bennett.

Mr. Edward Bennett spent Xmas with sister, Mrs. Dorngham, Corbyville.

Mr. Wm. French is at present at Bancroft, guest of his brother, Thomas French.

Miss Anna Stapley, of Normal school, Peterboro, have spent the holidays with her mother, but have returned to school.

Mr. Thos. French and daughter, of Bancroft, spent Xmas visiting friends here.

Private Clarence Ashley and Bugler Ernie Roberts, of Picton, spent a few days at his home here.

The pulpit at Eggleton was filled on Sunday by one pastor, Rev. C. Reddick. He delivered an able address.

Mrs. Fitchett and Miss Mary is visiting friends in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Clarke, of Peterboro is visiting at her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Clarke.

A few friends of Pte. Clarence Ashley, met at the home of his parents, on Friday night and presented him with a club-bag. Several neat talks were given, and lunch was served after, which all sang God be With Us Until we Meet Again.

Mr. and Mrs. Pollard, of Gananoque, spent several days at Mr. and Mrs. Andrew's home.

GILEAD.

Owing to the absence of our pastor, there was no church on Sunday.

Miss Ethel Prindle has returned, after spending the holidays at the home of her parents, Thomasburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Pope and family were Sunday guests at Mr. Sam Pope's.

Miss Vera Sheffield spent the past week at her grandmother's, Mrs. Wm. Home's, Plainfield.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Lawrenson and family spent New Year's Day at Mr. J. Collin's, Halston.

Mr. Frank Hutchinson is visiting friends and relatives at Chatham.

Miss Nellie Coulter visited a couple of days last week at Mr. B. Gilbert's, Carmel.

A gloom was cast over our neighbourhood on Sunday last, when word was received that Miss Mildred Leslie, daughter of Mrs. R. Leslie, had passed away at her late residence, fourth line Thurlow. Deceased was a bright, young lady, and loved by all who knew her. Interment will take place at St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Embury, of Foxboro, werre visitors at Mr. A. Lawrenson's, one day last week.

MELVILLE.

The news of the death of Mr. Fred Nease, of Niles' Corners, who died from injuries received in an auto accident on the Consecon road last week, came as a great shock to his friends at Melville. The funeral was held on Saturday at Christ Church, Hillier. Interment was made in the Parish cemetery.

Mr. Lloyd Halliday, Elgin, Leeds county, and Miss R. Woof, Hillier, were united in marriage at Consecon on Wednesday, Rev. C. J. Gall, officiating. Melville extends best wishes.

Mr. Stewart Kinnear and Mr. Harry Hayden have each purchased a Radiant Home coal stove from T. M. Nash, Wellington.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Carley spent Tuesday in Ameliasburg, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. Pulver.

Miss Alice Harston, who has been enjoying the holidays at home, returned on Monday to resume her studies at Madoc High school.

Miss Helen Alexander, student of Napanee Collegiate, spent the holidays at home.

Mr. G. Orser, Trenton, was the guest of Mr. Ed Jeffrey, on Thursday.

Mr. Fred Morton spent Thursday in Belleville.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Anderson spent New Year's Day with friends in Gilead.

Private William Zufelt and Private Reginald Turney, who are training in Kingston for overseas servce, spent over New Year's at home.

The trustees of this school section have thought it advisable to postpone the opening of school until January 10th to prevent the spread of diphtheria

Mr. and Mrs. Garfield French, of Alberta, are visiting friends in Consecon.

Mr. John Morton and Master Albert spent New Year's and the week-end in Colborne, the guests of Rev. R. and Mrs. Banforth.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Osborne entertained a few friends on New Year's Day.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. French spent New Year's night in Consecon, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. Sprung.

Mr. Ashmore, Lindsay, returned home last week, after spending several days as guest at Mr. J. Locklin's.

We are pleased to report that those who have been suffering from diphtheria are improving and are on the way to speedy convalescence. No new cases are reported.

Mr. Clayton French is spending several weeks in Consecon

At the annual school meeting, Mr. D. H. Young, was re-elected as Secretary and Treasurer of our school section, which position he has efficiently and capably filled for several years.

NILES' CORNERS

This neighborhood and vicinity were suddenly plunged in gloom when word came of the sad accident which caused the death of our blacksmith, Mr. Fred H. Nease. While he and Mr. Wm. Bedell went for a spin in Mr. Bedell's auto on Wednesday night, the 29th, something gave way about the car and it turned turtle, and badly cut and bruised Mr. Bedell about the face and head and fatally injured Mr Nese. He was rendered unconscious and remained so until Thursday morning, when death came. The car was badly demolished. Deceased will be greatly missed in his home and neighborhood, as he was a kind and tender husband and a good neighbor.

His funeral was largely attended on Saturday, the first day of the New Year. Interment at Christ church cemetery, Hillier.

Mr. Claton Hurman and Miss Gillie May of Stirling, spent Xmas with friends here.

Mr. J. Harvey took dinner with his daughter, Mrs. Joseph Sinar on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Lewis and children, of Rosehall, spent Xmas with Mrs. Lewis' parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Harvey.

Mr. and Mrs. Lindley Greer and son were Xmas guests of Mrs. Greer's parents, Mr. and Mrs Rixon at Deseronto.

PLAINFIELD.

All are well pleased with the winter so far.

The tea meeting at East Church was a great success.

Mr. D. Clapp has sold his farm to Mr. Carleton, from over the bay and has bought Mr. Wm. Burs' farm on 4th Con. of Thurlow and Mr. Burs has bought Mr. John McCollough's farm.

Mr. W. H. Luffman, of Belleview has sold his farm at Thrasher's Corners to Mr. Hellridge, of Brampton, Ont.

Mr. E. B. Horton, J. L. Clapp and family, also Mrs. Jones, of Alberta, took dinner at D. Pouche's, on Thursday last.

Mr. E. Luffman entertained a number of friends from Tyendinaga on January 1st.

Mr. and Mrs. John Lattoms are visiting at Tweed.

A large number of friends attended the funeral of the late M. A. Hall.

We are sorry to hear that Mr. Jas. Mather is sick.

CARMEL.

A number from here attended the tea meeting at Plainfield on New Year's Eve.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Clarke, of Belleville, visited Mr. B. Clarke's on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Weeks, of Crofton, visited Mrs. F. Sullivan one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Horton spent New Year's Day with relatives at Deseronto.

Mrs. Lloyd, of Zion, is spending a few days with her niece, Mrs. J. Pitman.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Weir, of Kingston, Mr. J. Patterson and Mrs. W. Patterson, of Plainfield, visited at the home of Mr. F. Sullivans, one day last week.

Messrs. William and Ray Embry, and Mrs. Embry, of Belleville, visited Mr. B. Clarke's one day last week.

Mr. B. Clarke is improving.

Of all overworked women probably the housewife is the hardest worked. She has so much to attend to, with very little help. Her work can be lightened if she knows the value of system and she should try and take a short rest in the daytime. A physician who became famous almost around the world, Doctor Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., the specialist in woman's diseases, for many years practiced medicine in a farming district. He there observed the lack of system in the planning of the work.

If it is a headache, a backache, a sensation of irritability or twitching and uncontrollable nervousness, something must be wrong with the head or back, a woman naturally says, but all the time the real trouble very often centers in the organs. In nine cases out of ten the seat of the difficulty is here, and a woman should take rational treatment for its cure. The disorder should be treated steadily and systematically with Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

For diseases from which women suffer "Favorite Prescription" is a powerful restorative. During the last fifty years it has banished from the lives of tens of thousands of women the pain, worry, misery and distress caused by these diseases.

If you are a sufferer, get Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription in liquid or tablet form to-day. Then address Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., and get confidential medical advice entirely free.

THURLOW NEWS.

Mr. L. E. Cooley is improving some. No snow in T. E. county. The holidays are over and our old council elected by acclamation. Througout Hastings and T. E. county.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Ruttan have returned home after spending Xmas and the following week visiting friends and relatives in T. E. county.

Some people are venturing to drive the ice across the bay.

VICTORIA.

Mr. Richard Eggleton, of Sidney, spent Sunday with Miss Vera Brickman.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Sager and Miss Bessie, took dinner at Mr. W. Hubbs', on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Montgomery, Mr. and Mrs. H. Weese and Miss Minnie and Mrs. Delong took dinner at M. B. Weese's, on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Hickerson and Mr. and Mrs. G. Gibson, Sundayed at Mr. D. Calman's

Church next Sunday at 2.30 p.m.

Mr. and Mrs. Forne Brickman, Audra and Pte. S. Wetherall spent Monday evening of last week at Mr. Fred Bonter's.

A sleigh load from this place attended the entertainment at Rednersville on Tuesday evening, and all enjoyed the programme.

Mr. and Mrs. Lorne Brickman, Mrs. F. Brickman and Audra, spent Thursday evening at Mr. Nathanel Wilson's.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Rathburn and family, Mrs. A. Lont, Mr. and Mrs. Will Alyea and Mrs. F. Brickman and Miss Carrie White visited at Mr. Stanton Foxe's, on Tuesday last.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Lont were Sunday visitors at Mr. Fae Foxe's.

Mr. and Mrs. Everett Bickman and family, Mrs. F. Brickman and Mrs. Vera took dinner at Mr. S. Rowe's on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Pulver and family were visitors at Mr. C. Pulver's on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Sager and Mrs. Sager, Mr. and Mrs. L. Brickman and Audra, spent Saturday at Mr. Wm. Glenn's, of Belleville.

Mr. and Mrs. John Weese called at J. F. Weese's, on Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Pulver spent Saturday with Mr. G. Prymer's.

HOW TO SAVE YOUR EYES

TRY THIS FREE PRESCRIPTION

Do your eyes give you trouble? Do you already wear eyeglasses or spectacles? Thousands of people wear these "windows" who might easily dispense with them. You may be one of these, and it is your duty to save your eyes before it is too late. The eyes are neglected more than any other organ of the entire body. After you finish your day's work you sit down and rest your muscles, but how about your eyes? Do you rest them? You know you do not. You read or do something else that keeps your eyes busy; you work your eyes until you go to bed. That is why so many have strained eyes and finally other eye troubles that threaten partial or total blindness. Eyeglasses are merely crutches; they never cure. This free prescription, which has benefited the eyes of so many, may work equal wonders for you. Use it a short time. Would you like your eye troubles to disappear as if by magic? Try this prescription. Go to J. S. McKeown druggist, or to the nearest wide-awake drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Optio tablets; fill a two-ounce bottle with warm water, drop in one tablet and allow it to thoroughly dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eyes two to four times daily. Just note how quickly your eyes clear up and how soon the inflammation will disappear. Don't be afraid to use it; it is absolutely harmless. Many who are now blind might have saved their eyes had they started to care for them in time. This is a simple treatment, but marvelously effective in multitudes of cases. Now that you have been warned don't delay a day, but do what you can to save your eyes and you are likely to thank us as long as you live for publishing this prescription. The Valmas Drug Co., of Toronto, will fill the above prescription by mail if your druggist cannot.

Railways War For Business

C. N. R. and C. P. R. in Keen Fight Over Freight Rates to Coast

VANCOUVER, Jan. 4.—A fight between the Canadian Northern and C. P. R. for business between the prairies and the Pacific coast appears to have been precipitated by the recent entry of the new transcontinental into the field of freight traffic.

C. N. R. officials said today that when their line started business, a few weeks ago, reduction in rates to and from Edmonton and many other points came into effect. They say that immediately following this the C.P.R. retaliated by clapping on a rate too high for switching cars at terminals in Vancouver and New Westminster. The C.P.R. owns practically all local switches and side tracks to industrials and warehouses.

A few days ago the C.N.R. threatened to appeal to the railway commission against a charge of $20 for switching a car when it believed the C.P.R. should have charged only $5. The answer of the C.P.R. is that the C.N.R. cannot appeal to the railway commission in so far as the railway in British Columbia is concerned, because Mackenzie and Mann agreed some years ago to give the provincial government at Victoria absolute control of rates. This brings a political as well as a railway question into the dispute.

BRITAIN TOO ANXIOUS TO SATISFY NEUTRALS

Prospective Unionist M. P. Contends Sea Power is Not Fully Exerted

LONDON, Jan. 4.—Thomas Gibson Bowles, who changed his political coat and subsequently reverted to his original faith, will be the Unionist candidate for the parliamentary seat of St. Georges, made vacant by the recent elevation of Sir Alexander Henderson to the peerage.

Mr. Bowles' role in the House of commons, to which, in view of the present system of uncontested elections, he is sure of being returned, will be agitation for the sterner use of Great Britain's sea power in the prosecution of the war. He contends that the navy's grappling irons are hampered by fear in some of the government departments of offending neutrals, and he wants to see a more complete stoppage of supplies reaching Germany through neutral countries.

'HOUSE BASED UPON WOMAN'

"A house is not based upon the ground, but upon woman," is an old Montenegro proverb. To her falls the hard work of the household. They use the sickle, tend the flocks, as well as the spinning wheel, and have the vitality and health to enjoy it.

American women should take more care to preserve health and vitality by avoiding nervous, run-down conditions, and for this purpose our local Druggist, J. S. McKeown, has a most valuable combination of the three oldest tonics known in Vinol. If you are weak, run-down, over-worked just try it.

Interesting Items

The New Yorker Herald, a daily paper, and the New Yorker Review, a Sunday paper, both printed in German and published in New York, have been forbidden the Canadian mails under the usual penalties.

King Peter of Serbia, old, infirm, and ill, fleeing before invaders and seeking an asylum in Italy, is one of the pathetic figures of the war. He managed to please his people principally by being merely a royal personage and never mixing in their politics. His daughter, a good, sensible girl, whose advice he often sought, married and went to Russia; his eldest son, in whom he centered his hopes, was compelled to leave Serbia, and the old man afterwards led a lonesome life at the royal palace in the shadow of the crime that made him King. Even should Serbia survive as a kingdom, it is scarcely likely that he will return as its King; he will be more willing than ever to turn the honor over to Alexander, his second son.

Joe Murphy, an old-time actor, best known for his impersonation in "Kerry Gow," died recently of pneumonia in in New York. He was 83 years of age, and left an estate estimated at $3,000,000. Mr. Murphy went to California in 1850, and was widely known among the early California pioneers. He made an annual visit to Canada for a period extending over many years, appearing in "Kerry Gow", "Shaun Rhue" and other Irish plays.

VEGETARIAN CHURCH

Lady (interviewing girl): "I may tell you that we are vegetarians."

Girl (anxious to be hired): "That's my church, too, mum."

Winter Sports

Are Now
In Order
And Call For
Skating SHOES

SKATING SHOES

We Have Some Splendid Styles
For
Ladies, Men and Boys

The **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros.

January Clearance Sale

offers you unmistakably the greatest money-saving opportunity that has ever been handed out in this city for years and years.

Below are a few startling offers, while others are to be found at ever counter throughout this great store. READ:—

$1.00 Sateen Underskirts clearing at .... 69c.
$1.00 to $1.50 House Dresses clearing at .... 69c.
75c. to $1.50 Ladies' Waists in Cashmere and Voile materials, clearing at .... 49c.
$1.00 to $1.25 Ladies' Kimonas, clearing at .... 49c.
Children's All Wool Mitts, special values for .... 15c. pair
Children's Coats at astonishing prices, suitable for Kiddies, ages 1 to 6 years; come in Navy Blue and Red Serge material, also Brown Bear Cloth; very specially priced to clear at .... $2.50 to $3.50
Children's Fur Fabric Muff and Stole Sets, clearing at $1.50 set
Children's Toques, great values for little money at 25c., 35c. and .... 50c.
Mens' Sample All Wool Underwear, much below its regular value.
$1.50 to $2.00 All Wool Shirts clearing at $1.25 a garment

McIntosh Bros

PERSIAN LAMB

We have never before been better prepared to meet the season's demand for high class Persian Lamb garments, than at present.

Why not get prices on having your Persian Jacket repaired, remodelled or lengthened? We have skins to match every coat.

G. T. WOODLEY,
Phone 421. 273 Front St.

Holiday Goods
For Men, Women and Children

Toys, Dolls, Games, Sleighs, Bibles, Books, Brass Goods, Fancy Goods, China, Glassware, Baskets, Hand Bags, Cushions, Handkerchiefs, Fancy Trays, Centres, Twisted Cord, Xmas Cord, Holly Ribbon, Tissue Paper, etc. Endless variety of goods to select from.

Our Prices Sell Our Goods

THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

The Standard Bank of Canada.
Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.
GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.
Toronto, 28th December, 1915.

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch - - - JOHN ELLIOTT - - Manager

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, 187 Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $2.00, strictly in advance.

This is the 520th day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany

FRANCE AND THE WAR.

France has not called out its young men of the class of 1917, but the government has fixed to-day as the date when it may summon these young men for the beginning of their training, which means that they may be going to the front by April of this year. The class of 1917 means the young men who will be twenty years old in that year. If they should go to the front in April they will then be completing their nineteenth year, and so will be going to the colors only one year earlier than under ordinary circumstances. In this connection it may be recalled that in the American Civil War the North sent to the front nearly a million men of eighteen years old or less.

As a matter of fact, France has not yet employed in this war the class of 1916, that is, the young men who will become twenty years old this year, but they are undergoing preliminary training and will be ready for the firing line by the time men of the class of 1917 are beginning their preliminary work. First of all comes the weeding out of the unfit. Those who are physically disabled are set aside, and those who are not fully up to the required standard are assigned to auxiliary services, such as hospitals, clerical posts and other work in the rear of the armies. The older men are used as guards in prison camps and along railway lines.

It was said long ago that France had called out the classes of 1887 and 1888, that is, men in their forty-eighth or forty-ninth year. The government has notified these men that they may be required, but they have not been called to the colors. Compulsory service in France includes from the age of twenty to that of forty-seven. The class of 1887 was forty-seven years old in 1914, at the beginning of the war. A year later these men would have been beyond the age limit, so a law was introduced empowering the government to call upon the classes of 1887 and 1888 if necessary; but they are still in civil life.

France, it will be seen from these facts, is by no means at the end of its resources in the matter of men. A Paris correspondent, discussing the announcement concerning the class of 1917, says: "Four months are required to form the new soldier for safe service in the field—and the government pointed out that there could be no question of the class of 1917 going to the front before April of this year. Perhaps they will be needed then for the final smashing offensive — which everyone hopes will come by that time—but the government did not say. It is then Kitchener says England will have 4000,000 men under arms. France will have her part and more, as she has had from the beginning."

For nearly a year and a half a great part of the German army has been within one hundred miles of Paris, yet, whatever was the feeling in France during the first few months of the war, during the last year the French have been steady and confident. They have made terrific sacrifices, but they are prepared to make more. The French not only believe they are going to win, but they steadily refuse to consider any other possibility, and without hesitation, young and old, they back their belief with their lives. Deserving success, France will command it in time. It is giving a glorious example to the world.

◆

BI-LINGUALISM.

The French press of the Province of Quebec has apparently lost all regard for the truth when dealing with the school question as administered by the Province of Ontario. La Presse, a journal conducted with more than ordinary ability, and as a rule somewhat moderate in dealing with questions of race, has been indulging in all kinds of vituperation when discussing the school question as administered in Ontario.

La Presse says: "Horror and "disdain of the French-Canadian "has been so cultivated in that "Province that race prejudice has "become there a normal senti"ment." Is it possible that La Presse does not know that such an accusation against the people of this Province is maliciously untrue? Again, in referring to the Toronto Daily News, it says, "It knows that "the little French-Canadians of On"tario are forced to learn their "French through the medium of the "English language."

"The little French-Canadians, on the contrary," replies the News, "are taught everything in French "for the first two years of their "school lives. During that time "they get English lessons through "the medium of the French lan"guage. Afterwards they spend "one hour a day at French gram"mar and composition.

"It is not true that these French "lessons must be conducted in Eng"lish, or that the use of French "conversation for explaining prin"ciples of the French language is "prohibited. (Regulation 17, Sec. "4, Sub-Section 1). La Presse must "know that its statement is untrue. " 'It is useless to try to reason with " 'a visionary,' says La Presse. "How much more useless to at"tempt to reason with a wilful per"verter of known facts!"

The race fanatics of Ottawa, aided by certain of the French press and French clergy of the Province of Quebec are, through ignorance of the facts, or wilful misrepresentation of them, rendering any concessions, if such are needed, impossible. Ontario is not averse to the teaching of the French language in its Public Schools. On the contrary it recognizes to the fullest extent the advantages accruing to all, particularly to those in public life, that a knowledge of both languages gives them.

This has been proved in the past and will be continued in the future, notwithstanding the constant misrepresentation of the school policy of the Ontario Government.

◆

Mayor Church's majority in Toronto was only 18,007. Is he satisfied?

The Russian Bear continues to worry the Huns and is beginning to look formidable.

The Allies are going to use the Kaiser's summer home for a hospital. Talk about bitter pills!

Canada's army of 500,000 would have been considered the greatest ever in Napoleon's time.

The Germans have now arrested and confined in jail former Postmaster General Beland. According to German methods, they may shoot him next.

A statue to Edith Cavell, the English nurse who was executed as a spy by the Germans in Belgium, will be erected near Trafalgar Square, London.

The British forces are steadily pursuing the Germans in the last colony under German control. The Allies are slowly but surely winning their way to victory.

Eight members of the City Council of Toronto in 1915 were defeated at the election. In Belleville every member of the Council for 1915 who allowed himself to be nominated was returned.

Whites who pretend to fear "organized negro outbreaks" are burning the lodges of black Masons and Odd Fellows on the Georgia-Alabama line. The "terror" usually begins with the whites and is communicated to the blacks in the form of bullets. Then there is a peace of Warsaw until life grows too dull once more for the white mob.

The Hon. T. W. Crothers, Minister of Labor, is a "Bay of Quinte Boy," and speaks for the boys of his native heath when he intimated to the people of Ottawa on his return to that city from his home in St. Thomas, "that all unmarried men in the Canadian civil service who are physically fit and of military age, must join the colors or lose their positions. Returned soldiers, he intimated, are to be given the preference in the matter of Government positions."

Hon. Wm. Mackenzie King, Minister of Labor in the Laurier Government, speaking at North York on March 8th, 1913, charged a combination between Tories and Nationalists, and emphatically denied that there was any real navy emergency. He said that Mr. Borden was not really thinking of a naval policy. "He has handed himself over body and bones to a group of men in England who say that when men leave the Old Land and go to the Colonies to build homes for themselves their loyalty cannot be trusted."

◆

You feel safe

When you've washed with Lifebuoy Soap. No matter how grimy your hands—no matter how germ-laden they may be from the day's work, Lifebuoy cleanses and safeguards your skin. The mild carbolic odor quickly vanishes, but its benefits linger.

ALL GROCERS

LIFEBUOY HEALTHY SOAP

GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From The Daily Intelligencer, Jan. 5, 1868.

The Council for the year 1868 was composed of the following gentlemen: Mayor, Henry Corby, Esq., M.P.P. Baldwin Ward—Messrs. James Brown, M.P.; R. H. Jones and Thomas Holden. Coleman Ward—Messrs. Alex. Robertson, Thomas McIntosh and Alex. Watters. Ketcheson Ward—Messrs. John Sutherland, James Kennedy and A. Diamond. Samson Ward—Messrs. R. Tannahill, W. A. Foster and Geo. E. Henderson.

A despatch from Naples says: The eruption of Vesuvius has become quite alarming. A perfect river of fire was running down the volcano and tearing the town of Cerecelia. A general panic is prevailing in the neighborhood.

An attempt to blow up the gas works at Warrington, England, was frustrated. One of the prisoners is a well known Fenian.

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"Club Special" & "Home Brew"

The Best Two Lagers Made in Canada

Consumers who cannot purchase KINGSBEER from their local dealer please address "Mail Order Department, 38 Chaboillez Square, Montreal."

Current Comment

The Only Hope.

The only hope that Germany can see for the human race is for the Entente Allies to acknowledge themselves beaten. If they don't do that, the world will have to get along without being plastered over with "Kultur."—Montreal Herald.

A Monument.

The suggestion is made in the eastern press that a memorial to Miss Cavell should be erected in every capital throughout the empire. The idea is a good one. If a movement to place a monument at Ottawa to the heroic nurse's memory be started, we are sure the response of the people of the Dominion will be immediate and complete. Nothing has stirred the blood of British peoples round the world like the noble simplicity of the sacrifice of this fine woman has made for her country and for humanity.—Vancouver World.

Business.

General Joffre evidently does not allow sentiment or sympathy, or even politics, to interfere with his business of conducting the war. A late official statement showed that five generals of divisions had been retired, and three generals and seven brigadiers placed on the reserve. Apparently he doesn't know what it means to stand by an old friend for old friendship's sake, or to stick up for the boys for the sake of the boys. The one test General Joffre seems to apply to all: Whoever makes good goes up; whoever fails to make good goes down.—Woodstock Sentinel-Review.

Canada's Timber.

Analyzing in the annual number of The Monetary Times the factors which must be considered in estimating the life of Canada's present commercial timber supply, Mr. R. H. Campbell, director of forestry, Ottawa, states that the existing supply of commercial saw timber lies between five and seven hundred billion feet, board measure, and covers an area of approximately 170,000,000 acres, the greater part of which land is unsuitable for agriculture, but suitable for producing timber. There are over 150,000,000 acres of forest reserves in Canada, much of which does not carry timber of commercial value at present, but all of which is capable of producing valuable forest products.

◆

The Poets' Corner

Which Was Kept?

There were two little kittens, a black and a gray,
And grandmamma said with a frown
"It will never do to keep them both,
The black one we'd better drown.

"Don't cry, my dear," to tiny Bess,
"One kitten's enough to keep,
Now, run to your nurse, for it's growing late,
And time you were fast asleep."

The morning dawned, and, rosy and sweet,
Came little Bess from her nap.
The nurse said: "Go, into mamma's room
And look in grandma's lap."

"Come here," said grandma, with a smile,
From the rocking chair where she sat,
"God has sent you two little sisters,
Now, what do you think of that?"

Bess looked at the babies a moment
With their wee heads yellow and brown,
And then to grandma soberly said:
"Which one are you going to drown?"

—Selected.

◆

TO QUICKLY RELIEVE

Soreness and Inflammation

Rub in a few drops of Absorbine, Jr. It is surprising how promptly it penetrates and acts—how clean and pleasant it is to use and how economical, because only a few drops are required to do the work.

In addition to being a dependable liniment, Absorbine, Jr., is a safe, powerful, trustworthy antiseptic and germicide which doubles its efficiency and its uses.

When applied to cuts, bruises, and sores, it kills the germs, makes the wound aseptically clean and promotes rapid, healthy healing. It allays pain and inflammation promptly. Swollen glands, painful varicose veins, wens, and bursal enlargements yield readily to the application of Absorbine, Jr.

Absorbine, Jr., is sold by leading druggists at $1.00 and $2.00 a bottle or sent direct postpaid.

Liberal trial bottle postpaid for 10 cents in stamps. W. F. Young, P.D.F., 457 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Canada.

THE MARKETS

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—Heavy enlargements of the United States' visible supply total gave a setback today to the wheat market here. The outcome was a weak close at 1 1-8c to 2 1-4c net decline, with May $1.23 1-4 and July $1.16 1-4. Corn lost 1 1-8c to 1 1-4c and oats 3-8c to 1-2c. Provisions finished unchanged to 10c up.

TORONTO GRAIN MARKET.

Fall wheat, cereal, new, bushel	$1 04 to	$1 06
Fall wheat, milling, new, bushel	0 90	1 00
Goose wheat, bushel	0 92	0 95
Barley, bush.	0 53	0 60
Oats, new, bush.	0 40	0 43
Buckwheat, bush.	0 76	0 78
Rye, bush.	0 80	0 85
Peas, bush.	1 50	1 75

TORONTO DAIRY MARKET.

Butter, creamery, fresh-made, lb. squares	0 34	0 35
Butter, creamery, cut sq.	0 33	0 34
Butter, creamery, solids	0 32	....
Butter, separator, dairy	0 31	0 33
Eggs, new-laid, per doz.	0 50	0 55
Eggs, cold storage, doz.	0 30	0 33
Eggs, cold storage, seconds	0 24	0 25
Cheese, per lb.	0 18½	0 18¾
Honey, extracted, lb.	0 11	....

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

TORONTO, Jan. 3.—The Board of Trade official market quotations:

Manitoba Wheat (New Crop.)

No. 1 northern, $1.28¼, all rail.
No. 2 northern, $1.25¾, all rail.
No. 3 northern, $1.20¾, all rail.

Manitoba Oats.

No. 2 C.W., 49¾c, all rail.
No. 3 C.W., 47¾c, all rail.
Extra No. 1 feed, 47¾c, all rail.
No. 1 feed, 46¾c, all rail.

American Corn.

Yellow, No. 3, new, 78¾c, track, Toronto.

Canadian Corn.

No. 2 yellow, old, nominal, track, Toronto.

Ontario Oats.

No. 3 white, 39c to 40c, according to freights, outside.

Commercial oats, 38c to 39c.

Ontario Wheat.

No. 2, winter, per car lot, $1.04 to $1.06, according to freights, outside.

Slightly sprouted and tough, according to sample, $1.01 to $1.04.

Sprouted, smutty and tough, according to sample, 92c to 98c.

Feed wheat, 80c to 85c.

Peas.

No. 2, nominal, per car lots, $1.90, according to freights outside.

Sample peas, according to sample, $1.26 to $1.75.

Barley.

Malting barley, 60c to 62c, according to freights, outside.

Feed barley, 50c to 53c, according to freights, outside.

Buckwheat.

Nominal, car lots, 76c to 78c, according to freights, outside.

Rye.

No. 1 commercial, 87c to 88c, according to freights, outside.

Rejected, 70c to 80c, according to sample.

Manitoba Flour.

First patents, in jute bags, $6.80, Toronto.

Second patents, in jute bags, $6.30, Toronto.

Strong bakers', in jute bags, $6.10, Toronto.

Ontario Flour.

New winter, $4.60 to $4.80, according to sample, seaboard, or Toronto freights, in bags, prompt shipment.

Millfeed (Car Lots, Delivered).

Bran, per ton, $24, Montreal freights.
Shorts, per ton, $25, Montreal freights.
Middlings, per ton, $26, Montreal freights.
Good feed flour, per bag, $1.60, Montreal freights.

Hay.

No. 1, per ton, $17.50 to $18, track, Toronto.

No. 2, per ton, $13 to $15, track, Toronto.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 3.—Wheat—Spot steady. No. 1 Manitoba, 13s 3d; No. 2 Manitoba, 12s 2d; No. 3 Manitoba, 12s 10½d; No. 2 hard winter, new, 12s 3d.

Corn—Quiet: American mixed new, 9s 10d.

Flour—Winter patents, 45s 6d. Hops in London (Pacific Coast), £4 to £5.

Pork—Prime mess western, 117s 6d.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs., 95s. Bacon—Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs., 77s. Short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs., 82s 6d. Clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs., 78s. Long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs., 82s. Long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs., 80s. Short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs., 74s.

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, Jan. 3.—Receipts of live stock at the Union Yards were 1,542 cattle, 1,398 hogs, 564 sheep and lambs, and 77 calves.

Butchers' Cattle.

Choice heavy steers at $7.50 to $7.75; choice butchers' cattle at $7.25 to $7.40; good at $7 to $7.30; medium at $6.50 to $6.85; common at $5.50 to $6; choice cows at $6 to $6.50; good cows at $5.50 to $6; medium cows at $4.90 to $5.25; common cows at $4 to $4.50; canners and cutters at $3 to $3.75; light bulls at $3.75 to $4.50; heavy bulls at $5.75 to $6.75.

Stockers and Feeders.

Choice feeders, 900 to 950 lbs., at $6 to $6.50; good feeders, 800 to 900 lbs., $5.50 to $6; stockers, 700 to 800 lbs., at $5 to $5.50; common stocker steers and heifers at $4 to $4.75; yearlings, 600 to 650 lbs., at $5.75 to $6.

Milkers and Springers.

Choice milkers and springers at $60 to $95; good cows at $70 to $85; common cows at $45 to $60.

Sheep and Lambs.

Light sheep, $6.50 to $7.50; heavy sheep at $4 to $5.50; lambs at $10 to $11; cull lambs at $6.75 to $7.50.

Veal Calves.

Extra choice veal at $10 to $10.25; best veal calves at $9 to $9.60; good at $7.25 to $8.50; medium at $5.75 to $6.75; heavy fat calves at $5.75 to $7; common calves at $4.75 to $5.25; grassers at $3.75 to $4.50.

Hogs.

Selects, fed and watered, $9; 50c is being deducted for heavy, fat hogs, and thin, light hogs; $2.50 off for sows and $4 off for stags, from prices paid for selects.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

MONTREAL, Jan. 3.—The receipts of live stock at the Montreal Stock Yards for the year ended Dec. 31, 1915, were 73,913 cattle, 81,360 sheep and lambs, 120,972 hogs and 38,940 calves, while the receipts for the week ended Jan. 1 were 1200 cattle, 1500 sheep and lambs, 2700 hogs and 400 calves.

The year opened up rather quiet for cattle, and, as the supply was fair, an easier feeling developed in the market, which resulted in a decline of 25c per 100 pounds, but even at this reduction the demand from packers and butchers was somewhat limited. A weak feeling has developed in the market for sheep and lambs, and prices for the former since this day week have scored a decline of 25c to 50c per 100 pounds, and the latter 35c to 50c.

Calves are firm, owing to the small offerings, and sales of milk-fed stock were made at 8½c to 9c per pound, and grass-fed at 4½c to 6c. A stronger feeling prevailed in the market for hogs, and prices advanced 15c to 25c per 100 lbs. Selected lots sold at $10.15 to $10.25, sows at $8.15 to $8.25; and stags at $5.07½ to $5.12½ per 100 lbs., weighed off cars.

Butchers' cattle, choice, $7.75 to $8, do. medium, $6.50 to $7.50; do. common, $5.25 to $6.25; canners, $3.25 to $4.50; butchers' cattle, choice cows, $6 to $6.25; do. medium, $5 to $5.75; do. bulls, $5 to $6.50; milkers, choice, each, $90 to $95; do. common and medium, each, $80 to $85; springers, $65 to $75; sheep, ewes, $6.50; bucks and culls, $6; lambs, $9.50 to $10; hogs, f.o.b., $10.15 to $10.25.

◆

GO THROUGH IT

Poet: "All I need is an opening, sir."

Editor: "Well, what's the matter with the one you just came through?"

Every Day

during nineteen sixteen will be a happy one if there is a Victrola in your home.

There is still time to start the year to its music. Have any "His Master's Voice" dealer demonstrate the different style Victrolas, and to play any music you would like to hear.

Victrola VI. $33.50

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My Bird of Paradise	Louise-Ferera	17892
Kawaihau Waltz	Louise-Ferera	
Where the River Shannon Flows	McKee Trio	17898
A Little Bit of Heaven	McKee Trio	

Twelve inch, double sided Victor Records

$1.50 for the two selections.

Nightingale Waltz	Conway's Band	35500
Angel's Dream—Waltz	Conway's Band	
Love's Nocturne (with 'Cello and Harp)		
Poet and Peasant Overture—Part I	Victor Concert Orchestra	35509
Poet and Peasant Overture—Part II	Victor Concert Orchestra	

Two Beautiful Red Seal Records

Spanish Dance (Violin)	Mischa Elman	74455
	George Hamlin	74457

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DRUGGIST

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Even in Matches you should consider the "Little Things"—the wood, the compostion, the strikeability, the flame.

EDDY'S MATCHES

are made of strong dry pine stems, with a secret perfected composition that guarantees "every match a lighter." Sixty-five years of knowing how—that's the reason.

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Are Your Children Learning to Save Money?

Each maturing son and daughter should have a personal Savings Account in the **Union Bank of Canada,** with opportunities to save regularly, and training in how to expend money wisely. Such an education in thrift and saving will prove invaluable in later life.

Belleville Branch — J. G. MOFFAT, Manager

LONDON, ENG., BRANCHES
6 Princes Street, E. C. West End Branch, Haymarket, S. W.

WOOD

"I kept my head when I fell into the water," observed the young man.

"How fortunate!" replied the caustic maid. "It must have helped you so nicely to float!"

SPORT FIENDS

"I'd rather play golf than eat."

"But what does wife say to that?"

"Oh, she doesn't care. She'd rather play bridge than cook."

"Truth Dexter"

By

SIDNEY McCALL

CHAPTER XXV.—Continued

The smile faded from her eyes. She walked abstractedly, with drooping head, until a big blue violet, staring eagerly, caught her attention. She was down beside it in a moment, one finger under the velvet chin, that she might gaze more deeply into the single, mysterious, yellow eye. "Dear little violet," she said in a solemn voice, "if you see a gardener coming, you take my advice and just—die! It will save lots of trouble." The violet nodded sagely, and continued nodding, as if talking to itself, long after Truth had passed. The two understood each other perfectly.

But sad thoughts had no power to cling, a day like this. Oh, the joy of being in her woods again! Was ever a sky so blue? No chiselled dome could be more tangible. The fringed openings of pine-branches cut it into irregular shapes; each area might have been a slab of turquoise set in green bronze. The beams of the sun came in sheaves and bands through purple pine-trunks, that were half dissolved in golden mist before they could touch the earth. Sharp contrasts were eliminated. The luminous solvent crept with the warmth and lull of an elixir into the heart.

Truth wandered inconsequently from point to point, her course making odd little parallelograms and zigzags through the dry, scant grass. Now a wild iris beckoned her, a pointed, azure flame springing from the ashes of last year's growth; now a group of ferns, half-hidden in some tiny cave or dell, about to enroll curled fronds of chrysoprase, hung with loose white filaments, as of forgotten moon-rays. The great bronze welts upon the buckeye she knew for volcanoes of struggling leaves; the dried umbels and racemes of a vanished summer were pledges of beauty and rebirth. The dogwood trees gleamed out ever and again, and always with startling effect. Violets, iris, jasmine, and arbutus abounded. Not an inch of earth but might produce a friend. These, these alone were her kin, her companions; this was true living, this the only life,—to blend one's self with the being of the kind old earth, to lean one's tired head upon her knee, and let the mesmeric fingers of the wind exorcise the circle of the world's troubled phantoms.

She threw herself prone upon the old shawl, but kept her hands and cheek upon the sand. Her eyes closed in a drowsy beatitude of utter irresponsibility. The great, steady magnet of the earth radiated peace. She smiled dreamily as the sun threw over her a thin coverlet of warmth.

For an hour she lay there, neither asleep nor awake, but in the blessing of unreflecting trance, of impression more keen and inclusive for its directness, the consciousness of Nature's primaeval races, and, so lying, so dreaming, her human body drifted, as it were, into a world of other dimensions, the plane of things that leaf and bud; her blood ran as cool as the sweet sap along swaying boughs, and, through a stillness as absolute as if her heart had stopped —out of the very hush of finite movement,—a new and larger rhythm filled gradually the vacuum of her perceptions and she knew herself to be a mere sentient atom, part of the diurnal motion of a great, dumb planet, helplessely secure, transmutably persistent.

In her slow return to a perception of personal identity, Truth Dexter, the individual, dawned as a clear vision from the troubled haze of recent experiences. What had she to do with Craighead, culture and Boston? It was a pagan soul that lay there, sleepy and strong. A slight movement overhead drew her attention to a squirrel that peered down at her from a pine-branch, with round bright eyes and head tilted daintly. At that moemnt he was much nearer of kin than the grandmother who waited so anxiously at home.

Truth closed her eyes again, and a drowsy stir of speculation made her wonder whether, in some early incarnation, in a world as yet unpeopled, her spirit might not have been that of a pine tree or a hillside stream, which to-day's loosening of successive sheaves had freed for a last vision of Nature's harmony.

The sun, now directly overhead, caressed her with too fervent kindness. Idly she planted a little weed-stalk upward and noted that it cast no shadow.

"Why, it must be twelve!" she said aloud.

She gave a long sigh that was half a smile, and rose slowly to her feet, looking all the while around upon the forest.

"Yes, I must go," she repeated as if to the trees. "But, oh, how glad I am that I came! It is not lost. I have found it now, forever, and it was myself. Sometimes it seemed to be lost, but it was only watching for me here!

She stooped for the shawl and bonnet. Suddenly the old look of anguish darkened her face. Letting them fall she flung her arms impetuously about the nearest pine. "Old pine!" she cried, "did you ever have lightning crash down through your branches, so that you thought for a while you were dead, and could never grow any more? Well, that is just how I have been feeling! But after a while the first dreadful hurt passes, and you know that you are not dead,—that you are even going to keep on growing with what is left. The birds and squirrels won't laugh at your scars; and after a while, vines will creep up to hide the ugly spaces. Isn't it so, dear tree friend?"

The tree answered nothing, but that is often the way with a thoughtful listener.

CHAPTER XXVI

The Good And Faithful Servant

Mrs. Dexter stood on the veranda steps waiting Truth's return. At sight of her the pent-up anxiety broke into words:—

"My dear child! Where have you been so long? I began to fear that you were lost."

"Me lost!" cried Truth with a laugh. "Does a bird get lost in the air, or a fish in water? Why, mummie, I've been findin' myself. But it was selfish to leave you so long. What have you been doing your first morning?"

Mrs. Dexter did not answer at once. Her face changed into a beautiful sadness, and the smile on her lips deepened. Even before she spoke Truth knew.

"I went—to him!"

"Oh, mummie! Without me! I thought we'd go together this afternoon, when the woods were warmer."

"Yes, darling. For the first time without even you."

"Is the place in order?"

"Such beautiful order! Such neatness! Norah has done more than well. But you shall see for yourself, later. The whole quarter is swarming with friends come to welcome us home. You must speak a few words to them, and tell them that the presents will be here in a day or two. And right after lunch I have promised Uncle Norah that we would go all over the place with him. He has been hanging around since daybreak."

The old lady was more animated than she had been for months. Her eyes shone, and in her cheeks pale tea-roses bloomed.

"Mummie! I'll declare, you are a different woman already! Oh, isn't it good to be back home!"

Mrs. Dexter gave a long tremulous sigh of satisfaction, with, Truth vaguely imagined, something of bitterness in it, too.

"But where are the darkies, you say?" cried the younger woman. "I'll go to them at once; but if they expect to see 'Miss Troof' turned into a Boston swell, they'll get a severe shock."

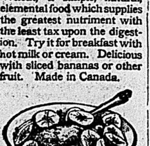
The dusky community was assembled,—all but Uncle Norah. Literally, as Mrs. Dexter had said, he had been, since morning, dressed in the full glory of one of the Colonel's ante-bellum evening outfits, waiting for to take the two beloved mistresses over the scene of his care and loving labors. During the months of their absence he had found happiness in the task of restoring the old gardens to something of their former beauty. On every side new fences, smooth-trimmed hedges, and clean-cut gravelled walks gave evidence of good stewardship.

In appearance Uncle Norah strangely suggested a big brown cricket. The color, a rich mahogany brown, was identical; his arms and legs, stiffened by many winters of "mis'ry in de jints," stuck out at entomological angles. Even that time-worn falsetto, his voice, had the cheerful croak that brings to mind fireside dozing, and flickering logs. This analogy went further than externals, for Uncle Norah had kept tame crickets as long as the "Quarter" could remember, housing them under a particularly rusty brick at the corner of his hearth, and feeding them daily with dampened corn-bread. He could never be persuaded to impale one of these insects on a fish-hook, although every one knows that, to fishes, they are more tempting than wood-sawyers, grasshoppers, or the most contortionate of worms.

Once, when rallied on this weakness, he had retorted "Well! s'posin' I do lak crickets,—what den! My eyes iz my eyes, an' years my years, —nobody else ain't axed to lissen! Craickets stays where dey b'longs, an' sings, rain or shine. Dey don't gallervan all over creation lak hoppergrasses, and' straddle-bugs, an' yaller niggers. I reckin when de Good Lord comes ter figger up de seasonableness er crickets an' yaller niggers, de crickets gwine to come aut a good many jumps ahead." His assailant was a young and very "lively" yellow girl and the last remark struck home.

To be Continued.

"The Perfect Day" is the day when you work in harmony with law. Health comes from Harmony. Get in harmony with Nature's laws by eating Shredded Wheat, a simple, natural, elemental food which supplies the greatest nutriment with the least tax upon the digestion. Try it for breakfast with hot milk or cream. Delicious with sliced bananas or other fruit. Made in Canada.



DOESN'T MATTER

Willie Howard: "Walter, is this a lamb chop or a pork chop?"

Walter: "Can't you tell by the taste?"

"No."

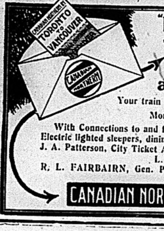
CANADIAN PACIFIC

The "RIDEAU" to Ottawa
Popular Afternoon Train
via
LAKE ONTARIO SHORE
Leaves Toronto 1.45 p.m. for Whitby, Oshawa, Bowmanville, Port Hope, Cobourg, Trenton, Belleville, Kingston,
arrives OTTAWA 10.00 p.m.
CENTRAL STATION.
Sparks St., at Chateau Laurier.
THE "YORK"
Leaves Ottawa 1.15 p.m.
Leaves Belleville 5.32 p.m.
Arrives Toronto 9.30 p.m.

THE "TRANSCANADA"
From TORONTO Daily
6.40 P.M.
PORT ARTHUR
FORT WILLIAM
WINNIPEG
VANCOUVER
Through Equipment.
Electric Lighted Compartment Observation Car, Standard and Tourist Sleepers, Dining Car, First-Class Coaches.
"The Frequent C.P.R. Service passing through the Business Centre of each City is an asset to the Traveller."

ATTCACTIVE WINTER TOURS
To CALIFORNIA, FLORIDA, ETC.
Limited Trains connect at Detroit with through Sleepers to Florida; also connection via Buffalo, Washington and Cincinnati. Improved service via C.P.R. and M. C. R. to Chicago connects with all through service Chicago to California.

Particulars from S. Burrows, Can. Pac. Ticket Agt. or write M. G. MURPHY, D.P.A., Toronto.



"HERE'S YOUR TICKET" To WINNIPEG and the Coast

Your train leaves Belleville 5.10 p.m.
Mon., Wed., Fri.
With Connections to and from all Western Points.
Electric lighted sleepers, dining cars and first-class coaches
J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent.
L. W. Buller, Station Agent.
R. L. FAIRBAIRN, Gen. Pass. Agent, Toronto, Ont.
CANADIAN NORTHERN ALL THE WAY

THEY REFUSE TO EAT

At periods in most childrens' lives they fail to relish their meals and refuse to eat even the delicacies prepared to tempt their appetites. They lack ambition, and growth seems impeded, which causes anxiety and worry.

To compel them to eat is a grave mistake, because nutrition is impaired. Healthful exercise in fresh air and sunshine is important, but equally important is a spoonful of Scott's Emulsion three times a day to feed the tissues and furnish food-energy to improve their blood, aid nutrition and sharpen their appetites.

The highly concentrated medicinal-food in Scott's Emulsion supplies the very elements children need to build up their strength. They relish Scott's—it is free from drugs. Avoid substitutes.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 15-34

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—53690

A GOOD LOOKER

Bigson: "How well you're looking this morning, Jigson!"

Jigson: "Yes; I never looked better in my life. I'm looking for a man who owes me a couple of qounds."

CANADA POSTAGE
TWO CENTS
2
2

COSTS LITTLE
Accomplishes Much

A two cent stamp does a lot for very little money, but it would require thousands of two cent stamps and personal letters to make your wants known to as many people as a 25c. investment in our Classified Want Ads.

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

Bonaventure Union Depot

OCEAN LIMITED	Leaves 7.25 p.m.	DAILY

Montreal, Quebec, St. John, Halifax.

Maritime Express	8.15 a.m.	Daily Except Sat.

Through Sleepers, Montreal to Halifax.
Connection for
The Sydneys, Prince Edward Island, Newfoundland.

The NATIONAL
TORONTO TO WINNIPEG
Leaves 10.45 p.m., Tues., Thurs., Sat.
Arr. 3.50 p.m., Thurs., Sat., Mon.
Tickets and sleeping car reservations. Apply E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto, Ont.

GET THE
F. S. ANDERSON CO'S
GENUINE
SCRANTON
COAL
BELLEVILLE

The Best we Can Buy Carefully Prepared and Delivered
The F. S. ANDERSON CO.,
42 Bridge St.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
Winter Resorts
SPECIAL ROUND TRIP FARES.
LONG LIMIT STOPOVERS.
Asheville and Hot Springs, N.C.; Charleston, S.C.; Nassau, N.P.; Hot Springs, Ark.; French Lick Springs, Ind.; Jacksonville and all Florida Points; Havana, Cuba and New Orleans, La., via New York and Rail (or steamer according to destination,) or via Buffalo, Detroit or Chicago.
BERMUDA AND WEST INDIES
OTHER HEALTH RESORTS.
Mount Clemens, Mich.; Battle Creek, Mich.; St. Catharines, Well., Ont.; Preston Springs, Ont.
Further particulars on application to Grand Trunk Agents.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 7.38 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate points—6.25 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—16.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 5.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *3.40 a.m.

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

†Deseronto only.

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville Ont.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily.
No. 16— 2.00 a.m.—Fast train, flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7.00 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m.—Express, daily.
No. 28— 5.45 p.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19— 2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 15— 4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.
No. 29— 7.50 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.20 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1— 3.05 p.m.—International Limited, daily.
No. 7— 4.55 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'.

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North

	Leave.	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.56 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1915.

GOING EAST.

CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.50 p.m.	2.58 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.56 a.m.

GOING WEST.

MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.19 p.m.	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

	Daily except Sunday
Going East	
Leave Toronto	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	5.32 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leave Belleville	5.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.30 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent.

Belleville Business Directory

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column or calling at The Intelligencer Business Office, full information may be obtained.

MINING.

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE
Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues, Telephone 399.

"COLLIP, FLORIST."
Front Street.
Night Phone 175. Day Phone 206.
All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.
Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts.

OUR LINES
Automobile Storage and Car Repairing
Supplies
Bicycle Repiring
Motor Cycle Repairing
Gas Engine Work
Electrical Contracting
Electrical Supplies
Oxy-Acetyline Welding
Locksmithing
Machine Work
Storage Battery Care and Charging
General and Steel Repairing
Call and see us, whether you do business or not,
at
The Garage
GREENLEAF & SON
Phone 83. 288 Pinnacle St.

BANK OF MONTREAL
Established 1817
Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT
Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.
Banking hours, 10 to 3.. Saturday 10 to 3.
R TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

When youth's ship is wafted by the breeze of love, prudence flies with the wind.

To love wisely is never a matter of calculation; to love well is never to choose.

Have The Intelligencer Sent To Your Home Address

INSURANCE.

W. H. HUDSON
Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.; North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies.
Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.
Office: 17 Campbell St., Belleville. Phone 161.

CHANCEY ASHLEY
Iusurance Agent
Has Removed to 229 Front Street
Next to Riggs' Music Store

THOS. STEWART
Bridge Street, Belleville.
Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.
REAL ESTATE AGENT.
Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON
Agent for
Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance. Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.

ROBERT BOGLE
MERCANTILE AGENCY.
Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed. Office, 28 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY
Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way. Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.
W. R. Vallance, Mgr. Phone 330.

SAVE YOUR MONEY
Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front St., Belleville.
Phone 848. LEE CHEW.

ENGINEERING.

J. D. Evans, C.E. & O.L.S.
J. W. EVANS, C.E. & M.E.
EVANS & EVANS
Civil and Mining Engineers and Ontario Land Surveyors.
Belleville and Trenton.
Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker & Victoria Avenues. Telephone 353.

BUS, AUTO AND CABS

ASELSTINE'S MOTOR BUS, CAB & AUTO LIVERY
Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tired, for weddings, private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town. Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection. Phone 229.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers. Apply to
S. MASSON
Barrister, etc.
Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St., Belleville.

LEGAL.

WILLS & WRIGHT
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell St. Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates.
J. FRANKLIN WILLS, K.C.
MALCOLM WRIGHT.

NORTHRUP & PONTON
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge St. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.
W. B. NORTHRUP, K.C., M.P.
W. N. PONTON, K.C.
R. D. PONTON.

PORTER & CARNEW
Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.
E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P.
WM. CARNEW.
Solicitors for Union Bank.

MIKEL & STEWART
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.
Belleville, Madoc and Tweed.
Solicitors for Molsons Bank.
W. C. MIKEL, K.C.
D. E. K. STEWART.

W. D. M. SHOREY
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg.
Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms.
Office: 8 Campbell St., Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England
Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

Those who forget today seldom remember tomorrow.

Petulance is a shadow that clouds the sunshine of life.

ISHMAEL OF THE FOREST.

Life and Death Secrets of Megaleep, the Wanderer, Told by a Hunter.

One of the most interesting of the larger animals ranging through our northern forests here in Canada is the caribou. His Indian name, Megaleep, means the Wandering One, and it is rightly given. Of all baffling, uncertain creatures of the wood to mislead a frantic hunter Megaleep seems to be the most adept in the art among the big fellows. This is not so much due to his instinctive sense of cunning as to his apparently aimless wandering nature. He is here, there, everywhere, except where the hunter expects to find him. Then, too, he is as changeful as he is restless in his disposition. At once, he is shy and bold, solitary and gregarious; restless as a cloud, yet clinging to his feeding grounds, in spite of wolves and hunters, until he leaves them of his own free will; wild as a bird, yet impelled through curiosity to approach closely, even to his undoing—truly, Megaleep is the most fascinating and the least known of all the deer family.

Among the few who through very love of it have made a special study of the habits of such wild animals in their most remote haunts is William J. Long, who tells in a charming way the secrets of Megaleep's life and death, especially the latter, which is so peculiar as to excite one's greatest amazement. Mr. Long writes in part as follows:

Megaleep belongs to the tribe of Ishmael. Indeed his Latin name, as well as his Indian one, signifies The Wanderer, and if you watch him a little while you will understand perfectly why he is so called.

There is another curious habit of Megaleep; and this one I am utterly at a loss to account for. When he is old and feeble, and the hitherto tireless muscles will no longer carry him with the herd over the wind-swept barrens, and he falls sick at last, he goes to a spot far away in the woods, where generations of his ancestors have preceded him, and there lays him down to die. It is the caribou burying ground; and all the animals of a certain district, or a certain herd, will go there when sick or sore wounded, if they have strength enough to reach the spot.

All animals, when feeble with age, or sickly, or wounded, have the habit of going away, deep into the loneliest coverts, and there lying down where the leaves will presently cover them. That is why one rarely finds a dead bird or animal in the woods, where thousands die yearly. Even your dog, that was born and lived in your house, often disappears when you think him too feeble to walk. Death calls him gently; the old wolf stirs deep within him, and he goes away, where the master he served will never find him. And so with your cat, which is only skin-deep a domestic animal. And so with your canary; in death alone he would be free, and beats his failing wings against the cage in which he lived so long content. But these all go away singly, each to his own place. The caribou is the only animal I know that remembers, when his time of separation comes, the ties which bound him to the herd, winter after winter, through sun and storm, in the forest where all was peace and plenty, on the lonely barrens where the gray wolf howled on his track; so that he turns, with his last strength, from the herd he is leaving to the greater herd which has gone before him—still following his leaders, remembering his first lesson to the end.

How was his resting place first selected and what leaders searched out the ground? What sound or sigh, what murmur of wind in the pines, or lap of ripples on the shore, or song of the veery at twilight made them pause and say, "Here is the place?" How does he know, he whose thoughts are all of life and who never looked on death, where the great silent herd is that no caribou ever sees but once? And what strange instinct guides Megaleep to the spot where all his wanderings end at last?

A Drastic Optimist.

An English lord, well-known from some years residence in Canada and now at the front, is the author of one of the brightest and most comprehensive war sayings of any on record. This young lord—whom we shall not name, though he is personally known to many in this part of the country—wrote a letter not long ago to one of his relatives in this country. He is with one of the Guards regiments and therefore cannot be suspected of writing war "bon mots" in an arm chair in somebody's villa behind the lines. More than likely this lithe-limbed young aristocrat, with the pink cheeks gone to a bronze hue, was sitting on a cracker box when he penned or pencilled the following terse observation that is worth crystallizing into a song:

"Well, if we keep on killing the Huns as we've been doing of late, I hope the war will last a jolly long while, for we shall do the job all the better before we finish."

There is a philosophy of optimism born of experience in this sentence that should be copied into every recruit's scrapbook.—Canadian Courier.

Ahrens Picture for Patriotic League.

Mr. Carl Ahrens, the gifted Canadian painter, has given his beautiful picture, "The Willows," to the Toronto Women's Patriotic League to be disposed of for the benefit of the objects they have at heart. The gift is made jointly with Mrs. Ahrens, and is their way of doing "their bit." "The Willows," which is 24 x 32 inches, was to have been taken to Belgium with the Mercer collection of Mr. Ahren's works, for exhibition there. It had been intended by Brigadier-General Mercer, before war intervened, to exhibit this collection in England, Holland, France, and Belgium. "The Willows," which shows this exquisite painter of landscape at his best, was originally valued at $3,000, and should yield a large return to the Patriotic League.

WILLING

Debtor: "I want to pay tha little bill of yours."

Creditor: "Very well, sir."

Debtor: "But I can't!"

A MASTER OF SATIRE.

Stephen Leacock is a Humorist of Subtlety and Vitality.

In "Who's Who" Stephen Leacock is described as a professor of political economy. You might imagine a dried-up, stooped, dusty little man, through whose spectacles the joy of economics still shines, and whose holiday reading consists of "The Statesman's Year Book", and the agricultural reports. The real Stephen Leacock is a humorist with twinkling eyes and a merry laugh, who lectures in political economy when he is not otherwise engaged.

Prof. Leacock's craftsmanship has improved with each book that he has published. There is a marked difference between the quality of "Literary Lapses" and that of "Arcadian Adventures with the Idle Rich." A few of the sketches in "Literary Lapses" he has scarcely surpassed. "My Financial Career" is an excellent example, but as a whole "Literary Lapses" is his poorest book.

Prof. Leacock is a master of delicate satire. He pokes fun at everything and everyone. No class of society is proof against his genial thrusts. Clergymen, financiers, and professors are equally favored. Prof. Leacock finds a sort of unholy joy in shattering our prejudices and illusions. Those who have been thrilled by Captain Marryat and inspired by Horatio Alger must experience a shock in reading "Nonsense Novels." Has the day come when the adventures of the poor, but honest Hezekiah Hayloft in New York arouse emotions, not of sympathetic admiration, but of uncontrollable mirth? O tempora! O mores!

Prof. Leacock's methods are entirely different from those of some American humorists. The latter get certain effects by the use of what is known on the stage as "slap-stick." Leacock is an artist, not a clown. Only a master can tell a commonplace story in such a comical way that the recollection of it, even in church, makes us clutch our nose in a desperate effort to avoid public disgrace.

Our political economist makes quite as much fun of the respectable, unimaginative middle class as Bernard Shaw, but with what a difference! The Shavian method is that of a surgeon who thoroughly enjoys a gruesome operation. Prof. Leacock loves his characters, even when he is laughing most heartily at them. His wit is never caustic. In the hands of a less "human" writer, Mr. Spillikins, in "Arcadian Adventures," would be nothing more than a shallow fop. Prof. Leacock makes him a pathetic little object, ridiculous as he is. Do you remember him when he was telling how Dulphemia had received his proposal, when his 30-inch chest was shaken with a sudden storm of sighs? "But at any rate she was awfully nice, let me say—everything I wanted, and when I explained what a fool I was, she said she didn't think I was half such a fool as people thought me. But it's all right. It turns out that she isn't thinking of getting married. I asked her if I might go on thinking of her and she said I might." Poor little Mr. Spillikins!—J. D. Bush in Toronto Star Weekly.

Canadian Singer Returns.

Miss Juliette Gauthier, a French-Canadian girl whose musical education was conducted under the patronage of Lord and Lady Strathcona and Sir Wilfrid and Lady Laurier in Budapest, Rome, and Paris, and who has studied under the world's greatest masters, has returned to Ottawa, her home town, to remain until after the war. Miss Gauthier has a charming personality, is artistic in appearance and is gifted with a quaint humor, altogether irresistible.

Miss Gauthier's musical education began in Ottawa, where she studied the violin at the Conservatory of Music. Later she studied at McGill Conservatory of Music under Alfred De Seve and attended the Royal Victoria College for Women for two years. In 1907 she left Canada for Budapest, Hungary, where she was accepted as a pupil of Jeno Aubay and also admitted to the Royal Conservatorium of Music, which is a high honor as she was the only Canadian ever admitted. After three years' study she passed examinations for both singing and violin and under the advice of Jeno Aubay and David Popper, the world renowned 'cellist, also of Budapest, Miss Gauthier went to Italy to take up singing. She remained there for four years under Vincenzo Lombardi, the most celebrated teacher in Europe.

After a successful debut in Italy she signed a contract with the Boston Grand Opera. She has sung in several concerts in Canada, and would have toured the Dominion but for the war, which interrupted everything of that kind in this country.

Miss Juliette Gauthier is the daughter of Louis Gauthier, of Ottawa, and a sister of Miss Eva Gauthier who also is well known in musical circles in Europe and America.

A Floating Studio.

An experiment probably without a parallel on the continent will be undertaken by Mr. and Mrs. F. McGillivray Knowles, the well-known Toronto artists, in a few weeks when they will say farewell to studio life on dry land and embark on a floating studio on the inland waters of Canada and the United States. Mr. Knowles has purchased a commodious yacht, the "Ariel," and will make it the future home and studio of himself and wife.

The yacht is 80 feet in length, and will be fitted up as homelike as possible. Mr. and Mrs. Knowles will leave Toronto in February for New York, their headquarters, and will then move north and south with the sun, as it were. In cold weather they will be far down to Florida, and come north with the warming winds, spending the summer months probably in Canadian waters. The experience will be unusual, but Mr. Knowles believes it will be healthful and inspiring to his work.

GOOD NEWS FROM FRONT

Mr. S. Kensington: "We have such good news from the front! Dear Charles is safely wounded at last."

Within the Military Circle

BELLEVILLE

Sergt. A. G. McGee, who left for England last spring with the 39th Battalion, will return here to take charge of the Machine Gun Section of the 155th Battalion.

Lieut. H. A. Fish of the 155th Battalion, is confined to his room with the grippe.

Capt. Bleecker of the 155th is confined to his home at Marmora with the grippe.

Last evening a recruiting meeting was held at Ameliasburg. Addresses were given by Lt.-Col. Adams and Lieut. Sanford of the 155th Battalion.

Lieut. Nobel of the 155th Battalion, is attending the Provisional School of Infantry at Kingston.

Capt. G. L. Hyman has been appointed Transport Officer of the 155th Battalion.

Band Master Hinchey of the 15th Regiment, has enlisted with the 155th Battalion, and will be Band Master of the battalion.

A recruiting meeting will take place at Point Anne on Fridya, January 7, Miss Anna Ponton, Mrs. Wilmot and Capt. J. V. Doyle of this city, will take part in the programme. Lieut. Sanford of the 155th Battalion, will give an address.

Ptes. Seely and Carroll of the 80th Battalion, were admitted to the Napanee Hospital yesterday.

Pte. Collier of the 80th Battalion, has been discharged from the Belleville Hospital.

Major Alger, M.O., of the 80th Battalion, has been promoted to the rank of Lieut.-Colonel. The Intelligencer extends congratulations.

Battalion Orders

Officer for to-day—Lt. A. G. Scott; to-morrow—Lt. L. M. Bertrand.

Sergt. for to-day—Cpl. Loyer, A. Co.; for to-morrow—Cpl. Cook, B. Co.

Corpl. for to-day—Cpl. Woodstock, A. Co.; to-morrow—Cpl. Knowles, A. Co.

Captain Geo. O. H. Driver, who has been officer in charge of supplies in Belleville for the past few months, received word Monday that he was to report in Montreal at once, with the 3rd Divisional Overseas train, sailing about March or April.

KINGSTON

The Government of Canada has purchased a number of rapid fire guns of the Lewis type, and these are being issued to the Canadian troops now in training. It is not the intention of the Government to have this type of rapid fire gun take the place of the machine gun proper, but to supplement its use by this small and easily handled English product. The Lewis gun is really an automatic rifle, and not a machine gun. For aerial work, such as attacking aeroplanes, it is a splendid weapon, but for assailing a large target in the form of a large body of troops it lacks the destructive and demoralizing effects of the machine gun with its belt feed and fixed platform. The Lewis rapid fire gun is practically an ordinary rifle barrel with a rapid firing attachment, surrounded by a metal tube, with a fan apparatus for air-cooling the barrel. Over the loading mechanism is a large disk, which is loaded with a clip of 49 bullets. The loading is a simple matter, and all that has to be done is to replace the disk, point the rifle, and pull the trigger, and the gun will maintain fire until the disk is exhausted. In emergencies several disks, ready loaded, can be kept on hand, so that firing may be almost continuous. The whole gun weighs about 29½ lbs. and can easily be carried on a man's shoulder. It has an extreme range of 4,000 yards, but is most effective at short ranges. Whilst the Lewis gun can be used on a fixed platform, it is really intended to be used as a rifle, and as a rifle the human element handicaps it in competition with the machine gun proper and its fixed platform, and an entire absence of the human element in driving at a target under the most exciting conditions. One Lewis gun with every machine gun section will, however, be a valuable addition.

A great recruiting meeting was held in the City Hall, Kingston, in the interests of the 146th Battalion. A parade took place from the Armouries to the City Hall in which the R.C.H.A. Band, the members of the Kingston Veterans' Association, and the returned heroes from the front took part. The meeting was addressed by Gen. Hodgins, Col. Hemming, Lt.-Col. Low, "Trooper" Mulloy and others. At the close of the meeting fifteen members of the Salvation Army enlisted.

SINCLAIR'S SINCLAIR'S

NEW DEPARTURE IN EARLY CLOSING

During the Months of

January, February, March

SINCLAIR'S STORE Will Close

Saturday Nights at 7:00

After carefully considering the question of Early Closing, we have decided that for the Winter Months of January, February and March we will close our Store every Saturday Night at 7 o'clock.

This early closing means much to our Staff, many of whom live a long distance from our Store, and will thus be saved a long walk to and from their homes during these stormy winter months.

But in this movement for Early Closing we must ask the co-operation of all our customers, as well as the many friends of such a forward movement, for we want to serve the public just as well for the future as we have tried to do in the past.

Instead of our staff going home to tea, one half at 5 o'clock and one half at 6 o'clock as heretofore, they will now all remain until 7 o'clock, and the hours from 5 to 7 will, we hope, be busy hours in our store, and our complete staff will be at your service.

This Early Closing will begin Saturday, January 8th

Store Closes at 7 p.m.

Sinclair's

Stroud's January Sale

AN ANNUAL EVENT THE PEOPLE ANTICIPATE, LOOK FOR, EXPECT, AND APPRECIATE.

The Season's Opportunity to Buy. The Best for the Least.

Fine English and French Limoge Dinner Sets. Rich Cut Glass, Electric Lamps, Brass Goods, and Rogers 1847 Silver Plated Hollow Ware.

20 per cent. Discount

Polish Floor Mops, Copper Boilers, Zinc Wash Tubs, Granite Ware, Aluminum Ware and Kitchen Utensils.

20 per cent. Discount

Every Line Offered the Best of its kind. Every Discount as GENUINE as the quality. Guarantee for the Goods—

EVERY ARTICLE RIGHT UP TO THE STANDARD.

Note that Brown & Green Limoge China, Silver Knives, Forks and Spoons of 1847 Rogers only, 10 per cent off.

STROUD'S China, Tea and Coffee Store

EDUCATING THE RICH

PETER M'ARTHUR DREAMS OF A NOVEL SCHOOL.

Just by Way of Making Education Really Universal Instead of Limiting It to the Farmer and the Worker He Suggests a Class for the Capitalist and the Captain of Industry.

THE following passage from Peter McArthur's new volume of essays "In Pastures Green," contains kindly humor and a wealth of common sense which will make an appeal to the citizens of rural Ontario:

Since moving to the country I have been greatly impressed by the spread of education. Those who are set in authority over us seem to think that education is a remedy for everything. If the farmers are not prospering the cry goes forth, "Educate them." When the high cost of living begins to pinch in the cities they trace the whole trouble to the farmer, and then someone yells, "Educate him!" If the farmer complains about the exactions of the middlemen, the answer invariably is "Educate him." No matter what "Educate him."

Once in a while a reporter representing the press, our modern palladium of freedom, calls on a canning magnate and tells him in a deferential tone that the farmers are complaining because he is not paying enough for tomatoes on the hoof and is charging altogether too much for catsup. The great man looks at the paragraphical serf with a baleful eye, scatters some benzoate of soda on a pile of bills, puts them into his vault and snarls: "The farmer is grumbling, is he? Then ejjercate him."

Another trembling representative of the above-mentioned palladium calls on a high financier and tells him that the farmers are complaining because the last issue of watered stock he unloaded on them had typhoid germs in it.

"Oh, they are, are they?" sneers the plutocrat as he packs a tainted million in a deposit vault and wipes his hands on his overalls. "Then why don't you educate them?"

While I [illegible] on [illegible] of the voluminous report of the Department of Education meditating on these deep matters in a playful spirit I began to wonder what would happen if the farmers got to thinking, like everyone else, that education is a national cure-all. If they once get this into their heads they will want to educate a few other people who are standing in the way of progress. They will want to start night schools in Toronto and Montreal to educate a few plutocrats into right ways of thinking. Does not your imagination kindle at the prospect? The class-room would be the smoking-room of the Millionaires' Club, and the little scholars would be sitting around in large, kind-looking armchairs, smoking expensive cigars, toying with slim-necked glasses, and letting their second chins rest comfortably on the bosoms of their dress shirts. Unobtrusive imported waiters would be flitting about noiselessly, taking orders and promoting good cheer. Enter Bill Simmons, instructor in true economic doctrines. Bill's necktie is climbing over his collar, but no one dares to smile, for he is carrying a well-oiled harness tug in his brawny right hand. Hanging the tug suggestively over the corner of the mahogany desk, he takes his place on the costly Ispahan rug, thrusts out his chin truculently, and opens the proceedings with a few well-chosen words. Thus Simmons:

"The House Committee informs me that after last night's session some of the hollow-stemmed glasses were full of cigarette ashes, and that there were cigar stubs in the silver-plated champagne-coolers. Now, I want it distinctly understood that if I catch any dollar-besotted financial degenerate up to tricks like that I shall dust his swallow-tails so that he will eat his meals off the onyx mantelpiece for the next week and then I shall kick him several parasangs down the street. Do you get me?" (Oh, yes, he would talk like that. You have been educating him, you know.) "The class in elementary economics will now step forward."

Prompt at the word Sir Philabeg McSporran, Senator Redneck, Mr. Gosh Whatawad, and a few others step to the edge of the rug, where they stand with thumbs at the seams of their trousers legs, heels together, and their toes well apart.

"Now, my pretty ones," says Bill, "if a railroad is built under a government charter, with the assistance of the public treasury, and is then presented to the company that [illegible] it, to whom shoula that railroad finally belong?"

"To me," pipes Sir Philabeg, who is a High Financier and understands how to manipulate the market.

"Wrong," says our bold bucko from lot 17, seventh concession of Alfalfa township. "It will belong to the peepul—at least sufficiently so to justify them in regulating its operations so that it will serve the best interests of the community. You may go to your seat, Sir Philabeg, and figure it out, and I will come around with the tug in a few minutes and see that you have it right."

Then the grim instructor goes on: "What is a Big Interest?"

"A corporation that contributes liberally to our campaign fund," says Senator Redneck, with a knowing smile.

"Wrong!" booms Simmons. "The Biggest Interest in this country is farming and after that comes labor—both engaged in producing the real wealth of the country. If anyone is to get special privileges the farmers are the ones that should get them. You may go to your seat and figure that out, and I will see you when I get through with Sir Philabeg."

And so it would go through the whole educative evening.

Toronto's Debentures.

Toronto last year sold $15,000,000 worth of municipal debentures.

Unanimity.

To succeed you must be unanimous with yourself.

ANIMALS IN PAWN.

Tame or Wild, They Are Good For a Loan In This New-York Shop.

Among the curious industries or sources of livelihood in New York city is an animal pawnshop. As you take a watch to an ordinary pawnshop to raise money on it, so you may take a watchdog to the animal pawnshop. Recently a man did this, getting $20 on a dog that was easily worth $50, the pawnbroker said. But he was a trick dog which had been taught to open doors. So in due time he opened a door and let himself out while letting the pawnbroker in.

A well known animal trainer owns the shop. He takes camels, lions, elephants—any animals. There are no charges for interest on the loan, the only charge being for the keep of the animals, among which at almost any time are dogs, monkeys, bears, goats, cats, coons, foxes, parrots, canaries. At one time he had forty trick donkeys in pawn. The profits arising from charges for feed and care are enough to make the institution pay.

Once he had a lion in pawn which broke his chain in the stable and went roaring around, scared almost to death, and it was only after heroic efforts that they mustered courage to capture him. As a matter of fact the animal was a decrepit beast that had served his time in sideshows and was anxious to get away.

Good Advice on Hair Culture

How to Stop Falling Hair and Drive Away Dandruff

Once a day, if only for one minute, every woman and every man, too, for that matter, ought to rub the scalp vigorously with the tips of the fingers.

The blood supplies nourishment to the hair, just as it does to the skin, and frequent massaging gently stimulates the scalp and causes the blood to flow more freely.

Both men and women should be careful in the choice of a hair dressing. A good one used regularly, not only destroys dandruff germs, but keeps the hair from falling, and causes it to grow profusely and lustrous.

Parisian Sage is the hair dressing, grower and beautifier most in demand by discriminating people. So certain is its tonic action on the scalp and hair, and so sure is it to give the limit of satisfaction that the manufacturers guarantee Parisian Sage to abolish dandruff, to stop falling hair and itching scalp, or refund your money.

Parisian Sage is free from grease and stickiness and once used will never be displaced by any of the ordinary commercial hair tonics.

A large bottle costs but 50 cents at your druggists.

"I have used Parisian Sage for some time, and think it has no equal as a hair beautifier and scalp cleaner."—Mrs. William Hoglund, Sault Ste. Marie.

For aches, pains, rheumatism, etc., try Parisian Mustard Cerate. Its effect is wonderful. Use in place of mustard plasters, poultices, or hot applications. Will not blister. 25c. a tube.

The Long And Short Of It!

TALL Men, Short Men and Stout Men frequently find the Clothes question quite baffling!

Those who have worn our Special Sizes for such proportions know that the solution here is easy.

The worried ones are invited to try on our Suits and Overcoats, in Slim, Stout and Extra Sizes, just to see how easy it is to find a fit.

If you think it necessary to have your Clothes made to order, then you have not given this Store a trial.

We have all our sizes cut in several shapes to accommodate just such cases as yours. We are positive that we can

Fit You To A "T"

The fact is that we guarantee you a fit—just as much as we guarantee a fit—in any of our regular sizes.

Suits, $12, $15, $20 to $25
Overcoats, $10, $12 to $20
Trousers, $2, $3, $4 to $6

Quick & Robertson
THE OUTFITTERS

We Try To Please

GORMAN'S BOOT SHOP

Drop in
Sometime
Any Time
You Are
Always
Welcome

GORMAN'S

HOCKEY STICKS
NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.

AUTOMOBILE SKATES
Made in Canada
Have you seen the New Ones?
Stronger and Lighter than ever

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO.
LET US DO YOUR PLUMBING

HOME MADE CANDIES
SPECIAL FOR EVERY DAY

If You Wish
HOME MADE CANDY
Call At The
BOSTON CANDY CO.
245 FRONT STREET

Donations to The Shelter, 1915

A Friend—2 doz. buns.

Mrs. Howeston—clothing.

Mrs. Farley—clothing.

Miss Pierce—clothing.

Women's Institute W. Belleville—making of 4 pairs of pants.

Mrs. G. R. Brown—2 pair of spatts

Miss M. Holden—2 yards table oil cloth, bread, cake, sandwiches, 2 dolls.

Mrs. R. A. Gibson—fruit cake.

Mrs. J. Anderson—6 boy's suits.

Mrs. A. Moore, Sr., Plainfield—fruit cake.

Mrs. A. I. Bird—box of toys, candy, 2 suits underwear, 2 pairs mittens.

Mrs. Harman—2 trimmed hats.

Mr. Irwin Rose—2 crates of apples.

Mrs. W. J. Hall, Latta—2 quilts.

Mrs. Denmark—6 wall pictures.

Queen Mary School—5 bags apples, potatoes, mixed vegetables, 5 boxes soda wafers and mixed cakes, 3 pkgs. raisins and currants, 7 pkgs. toasted corn flakes, corn meal, 1 pk onions, 20 jars fruit, pickles, catsup, 20 bundles clothing, 8 loaves bread, 2 fruit cakes, ½ pk. hickory nuts, 1 lb. rice, 2 lbs. beans, oranges, candy, toys, books and games.

Mrs. Walton—2 scarfs.

Mrs. L. Spafford—basket of snow apples.

Mrs. J. D. and Mrs. V. J. Tulley—8 Christmas filled stockings, 5 boxes games, 2 handkerchiefs.

Women's Institute, Plainfield—2 quilts.

Mrs. Will Stafford—5 lb. can of honey.

A Friend—large Christmas cake, 28 doz. buns.

A Friend—Donation for Christmas tree, 2 doz. handkerchiefs.

Mr. White, Belleville Produce Co.—1 barrel apples.

Mrs. G. Collins—2 lb. mixed cream.

Green & Co.—roast of beef and pork.

Mrs. G. Teale—3 dolls, 3 lbs candy.

A. W. Vermilyea & Son—6 pr. boots.

Mrs. R. J. Graham—turkey.

Mr. A. E. Bailey—1 pr. chickens.

Mr. and Mrs. Graham—Christmas cake.

A Friend—sandwiches.

Master Ralph Graham—15 sweaters.

Miss Alice R. Hitchon—handkerchiefs for all the children.

Mrs. K. Thompson—4 doz. cakes and buns, 8 pr mittens.

Mrs. Jas. McCreary, Latta—2 cot quilts.

The Day children—2 doz. oranges, candy canes for all the children.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Clapp—large box fancy candy.

Mr. H. Corby—½ crate oranges.

Mrs. Dr. Coughlin—figs, dates, nuts and cocoa.

Melrose S. School—clothing and books.

Miss Woodley—toys and games.

Miss Thelma Vermilyea—1 dozen handkerchiefs.

Mrs. Osborne's Bible Class, Bridge St. S.S.—18 pairs of stockings.

Mrs. J. W. Johnson—10 books.

Miss E. Peterson—2 mince pies.

The Misses Hatt—5 lbs. of ginger snaps, bag of candy, nuts.

Mrs. Lewis—6 pairs mittens.

Dr. Farley—3 doz. oranges.

Baby Allan McFee—2 doz. canes.

Mrs. McBride—cake, 2 mince pies, 1 doz. fried cakes.

Mrs. E. G. Porter—1 pr. chickens.

Mrs. A. W. Dickens—large box mixed candy.

Golden Rule Mission Band—5 dressed dolls.

Mrs. Martin—a chicken.

Miss N. Hayes—6 handkerchiefs.

Mrs. Wadell—2 jars fruit.

Mrs. P. Davis—3 pairs gloves, 2 toques, 2 handkerchiefs, toys, games and books.

Women's M. S. Meth. C., Frankford—1 quilt, 2 pr towels, 2 pr. pillow slips, 1 pkg. Quaker oats, 24 jars fruit, 1 box cream sodas, 3½ lbs. nuts, 2 jackets, 1 vest, 1 pr. pants, 1 pr. mittens, 3 shirts, 3 toques, 4 lb. candy, nuts, 1 pkg. biscuits and candy, 5½ lbs. pork, ribbon and story book.

Ladies Aid, Spencer's Appointment—a quilt.

Mrs. Chas. Weese—cake.

Mrs. E. Vivian—jar fruit.

Mrs. Donaldson—jar of fruit.

Mrs. C. Boulstridge—jar of fruit.

Mrs. Jas. Moorman—jar of fruit.

Mrs. Wesley Sine—jar of fruit.

Mrs. J. F. Melbourne—jar of fruit.

Mrs. Wm. Brown—jar of fruit.

Mrs. Wm. Bunnett—jar of fruit.

A Friend, Montreal—8 scrap books.

XVth Regt. Band—large pail candy, toys.

Mrs. Dunning, Canifton,—bag apples.

Bethel Hall S. S.—4 boxes sandwiches, cakes and buns.

Mrs. St. Charles—3 doz. tea cakes.

Mrs. John Downey—box candy.

Junior Epworth League, Shannonville—$1.00.

AMUSEMENTS

GRIFFIN'S OPERA HOUSE

One Performance Only Nightly
Photoplay Programme
Commences at 7.45.

Week Starting
Monday Jan. 3rd
Complete change of Programme Thursday.

Reese Brothers
AFRICANDER MINSTRELS
16 Talented Colored People, with their own Band and Orchestra.
A fantastic arrangement of Dixie's best music, songs and dances.

Prices:
Evening, - 10c, 15c, 25c
Bargain Matinee Sat., 10c

◆

INSTALLATION OF OFFICER

S. O. E. B. S.

At the regular meeting of Oxford Lodge 17, S.O.E.B.S., last evening, January 4th, the ceremony of installation of the officers elect for the ensuing year was carried out in a commendable manner by District Deputy P.P. Bro. Goodman of Deseronto, who expressed his appreciation of the able and efficient way in which the officers of the Lodge conducted that business. Following the installation ceremony, D. D. Bro. Goodman presented P. P. Bro. Follwell with the handsome Past President Jewel. P. P. Bro. Follwell expressed his appreciation of the honor bestowed upon him in a few well chosen words. At the close of the meeting the members adjourned to the anti room, where a dainty repast was provided for them by Bro. J. L. Simpson and his fellow committeemen, to which the brethren did ample justice, afterwards carpet ball was played until the bewitching hour of midnight. The following officers were installed:—

President—Bro. Jas. Savage.
Past. Pres.—Bro. E. J. Follwell.
Vice Pres.—Bro. R. G. H. Barlow.
Fin. Sec.—Bro. J. Fenn.
Treas.—Bro. F. D. Ford.
Chaplain—Bro. J. E. Pratt
1st Committeeman—Bro. T. Weymark.
2nd Committeeman—Bro. J. L. Simpson.
3rd Committeeman—Bro. Edgar Stapley.
4th Committeeman—Wm. Bennett.
Inside Guard—Bro. Walter Armitage.
Outside Guard—J. Bly.
Recording Secy.—H. A. Lennox.
Auditors—Bros. Wm. Corham, J. L. Simpson and Geo. Edwards.
Trustees—Bros. R. Oliphant, Jas. Riggs and Geo. Edwards.

The Welland

a popular collar from TOOKE

About Baby

I.

WHEN feeding from the bottle hold Baby in the arm. The meal should last ten to fifteen minutes.

The first two months feed regularly every two hours during the day. If Baby is asleep rouse him. At night the last meal should be at 11 o'clock and if he will sleep do not feed again till 3 or 5 o'clock a.m.

When Baby cannot have his natural food give him

'Allenburys' Foods

Use the 'Allenburys' Feeder

77

Prentice Boys

The newly elected officers of Maiden City Lodge, No. 13, of this city, were installed last evening. They were as follows:

W. M.—Bro. C. A. Ruttan.
D. M.—Bro. W. Dougherty.
Chap.—Bro. C. A. Campbell.
Rec. Secy.—Bro. C. O. Brickman.
Treas.—Bro. R. H. Ketcheson.
D. of C.—Bro. G. Brown.
O. T.—Bro. W. J. Colden.
I. T.—Bro. D. Post.
Committeemen—Bros. W. Soules, I. Gerow, Wm. McDonald, Capt. Harte, Wm. Badgley.
Physician—Dr. Platt.
Caretaker—Bro. G. Brown.
Trustees—Bros. C. O. Brickman, Geo. Ruttan, C. R. Cole.
Assembly Hall Trustee—Bro. Geo. Ruttan.
Auditors—Bros. C. O. Brickman, C. A. Campbell, W. Soules.

After the officers were installed refreshments were served and short addresses given by Bro. Geo. Haines of Gananoque, Grand Master of the Order; Bro. C. A. Ruttan, W. M. of Belleville Lodge, No. 13; Bro. C. O. Brickman, and Bro. R. H. Ketcheson, both of the latter being Past Grand Masters. After which a most enjoyable evening came to a close by singing "God Save the King."

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MUSIC & DRAMA

MAY BELL MARKS CO.

A good crowd greeted the May Bell Marks Co. last night at Scott's Palace Theatre, and it is no exaggeration to say that they presented one of the best plays seen in this city in many a day.

Not only was the play above the standard, but the presentation of it was highly commendable. May Bell Marks is an actress of recognized ability, and she is supported by a company with dramatic talent.

It is a relief after seeing a series of third and fourth rate companies murder the productions they have tried to present, to see a play presented that the theatre-goer may really enjoy.

The company staged "The Scarlet Band", a story of New York in 1912, during the investigation of graft in the police department, and Miss Marks, in the character of Mary Holden, could hardly be excelled, while Mr. Hubbard as Robert Clavering, is one of the best old men parts seen in Belleville in years. All the other members of the company filled their respective parts in a pleasing manner.

The specialties between the acts were of the highest class of vaudeville and the humor was really laughable, clean and bright, not of the stage worn variety.

We Have In Stock
Considerable Corrugated Galvanized Iron.
It will pay you to get our prices before purchasing. We keep a good supply of GALVANIZED NAILS on hand at the lowest prices.

Well Pumps, Cistern Pumps
of all descriptions kept in stock.
It Will Cost You Nothing To Get Our Prices.
Give us a Call

The John Lewis COMPANY LIMITED

MERRY XMAS
FLOUR
FLOUR

For Your Christmas Baking

you cannot afford to use any but the best flour which is of course the Quaker. Don't run the risk of spoiling the bread, the pudding, the pie, the cake. Order a sack of Quaker flour tod-ay and make sure of that part of your supplies for the feast.

H. E. FAIRFIELD

PRESENTATION AND SHOWER AT BAYSIDE

On the evening of December 23rd, at the annual "At Home" of Wesley Sunday School, Bayside, neighbors and friends took the opportunity of making a tangible expression of their appreciation of the services and associations of their friend, Miss Winnie Gun, by presenting her with a beautiful writing desk accompanied by the following address:

Miss Winnie Gunn.

Dear Friend:—As we have learned with deep and sincere regret of your intended departure from our midst, we cannot allow this occasion to pass without expressing to you our heartfelt appreciation of the sterling Christian character, the unselfish services that have won the esteem and gratitude of our whole community. We assure you that in our Sunday School you will be greatly missed by all. Ever ready to help in every good work, your devotion to duty in our Master's kingdom has been to us an inspiration. In our choir your place will indeed be hard to fill, and we shall long remember with pleasure the constraining and uplifting power with which you have led us in Christian song.

As a tangible expression of our appreciation of your labors of love, we beg of you to accept this writing desk, hoping it may remind you of our many associations together in Wesley church.

We trust that God's richest blessings may follow you wherever your future lot may be cast, and that true happiness may be your portion.

Signed on behalf of the congregation:

W.H. Finkle,
E. B. Mallory,
G. W. Bush,
E. Rush.

Miss Gunn, who was taken completely by surprise, expressed most feeling her thanks to all for the gift she would long prize in memory of her friends at Bayside.

Again on the evening of Monday, Dec. 7th, a very large number of the friends of Miss Gunn gathered at the home of Mr. Frank Wilson, to extend their congratulations and best wishes upon her approaching marriage. After a most delightful social evening the bride-to-be was made the recipient of a splendid miscellaneous shower, testifying to the popularity and high esteem in which she is held by all. A pleasant hour was spent in games and music, and after partaking of a bontiful repast provided by Miss Alice Wilson, the friends dispersed to their several homes, declaring that one and all had had an ideal time and one not soon to be forgotten.

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WEDDING BELLS

WEESE—GUNN

A quiet wedding was solemnized at noon, December 29th, in Wesley church, Bayside, when Miss Winnifred Beatrice Gunn, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Gunn, was united in marriage with Mr. Kenneth Weese of Albury, by Rev. F. G. Joblin. The bride was given away by her father, and attended at the altar by Miss Alice Wilson, while the groom was assisted by Mr. Bruce Martin of Thurlow, cousin of the bride. As the register was being signed, Mrs. Frank Aikens sang "O Promise Me."

The happy coupie left immediately after the ceremony, taking the train from Belleville for Montreal, and other eastern points, acompanied by showers of good wishes from their hosts of friends.

◆

Belleville Rifle Association

The first spoon competition was held on Friday evening last in the Armouries, with the following result. Possible—100.

*G. B. Smith	99
*J. C. Wills	98
*W. J. Andrews	98
A. Harman	94
A. R. Symons	94
J. Jones	94
C. J. Symons	93
D. J. Corrigan	93
W. Edwards	92
C. C. Walker	91
H. Sneyd	91
H. Day	91
G. D. Gratton	91
J. S. Peck	90
C. J. Wills	90
J. Douch	80
E. B. Harris	82

*Winners of silver spoons.

Last night's scores; possible, 100:

J. Douch	99
J. C. Wills	98
A. Harman	97
G. D. Gratton	97
C. J. Symons	96
D. J. Corrigan	96
G. B. Smith	96
H. Hall	95
C. J. Wills	95
W. J. Andrews	95
C. C. Walker	95
A. R. Symons	93
J. S. Peck	92
H. Sneyd	84

◆

PASTORS HAVE CHANCE TO FIGHT THE HUNS

Anglican Synod Believed to be Against Suggestion—Methodist Position

Pastors now have a chance to go as combatants. A suggestion that they do so has come from Ottawa. In face of this it is believed that the policy of the Anglican Synod is not to allow their clergy to go as fighters. Rev. Dr. Chown, General Superintendent of the Methodist Church, in an interview yesterday, stated that the Army and Navy Board of the Church does not stand in the way of any Methodist minister going to the front as a combatant if he cannot get there as a chaplain.

Several ministers yesterday declared themselves as favoring the scheme of a pastors' battalion. "I would like to see them do it," said Rev. Lawrence Skey, rector of St. Anne's Anglican Church. "I think there is no difference between a clergyman and a layman. I hold that if it is right for a layman, it is right for a clergyman," he continued.

◆

MOVE TO BAR BRITAIN FROM TRADE WITH U.S.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Representative Steenerson, Republican, of Minnesota, introduced a resolution today aimed at British interferances with American trade with European neutrals. It proposes to empower the President to prohibit exports of war munitions to any belligerent controlling the seas and preventing exports of food or food products from the United States.

◆

OVERWASHED

Master: "Why were you late for school, Wright?"

Wright: "Please, sir, I must have overwashed myself."

Last Week

Of The

Big Discount Sale

Our Discount Sale will continue all this week; so if you have not taken advantage of this Big Money Saving Event you may yet do so.

20 PER CENT. OFF all Ladies' Ready-to-Wear lines. Now is the time to buy that Suit or Coat you were wanting. All must go during this sale—Suits, Coats, Raincoats, Sweater Coats, Blouses, White Wear, Corsets, Aprons, House Dresses, everything in the Ready-toWear Department **20% below regular prices.**

20 PER CENT. OFF Housefurnishings—no reserve—Carpets, Rugs, Mats and Matting; Curtains, Curtain Nets, Scrims, Voiles and Muslins; Ready-made and Made-to-order Window Shades, Curtain Poles and all kinds of Fixtures; Chintzes, Sateens, Cretonnes, Shadow Cloths, Tapestries and Portieres; Comforters—cotton, wool and eider fillings—**all the Housefurnishings 20% reduction.**

20 PER CENT. OFF Dress Goods—Velveteens, Velvets and Cords, Serges, Broadcloths, Whipcords, Cashmeres, Coatings, Suitings, Linings and Plaids, all the same reduced prices—**one-fifth less.**

20 PER CENT. OFF Silks, Satins, Dress Timmings and Buttons, Fancy Neckwear, Collar and Cuff Sets, Veils and Veilings, Belts, Fancy Linens, Doilies, Centrepieces, Tray Covers, Embroideries, Purses, Brass Ware, Beads and Jewelry—everything in the Nation and Fancy Lines **20% off.**

20 PER CENT. OFF Men's Underwear, Night Robes and Pyjamas.

10 PER CENT. OFF Men's Sox, Gloves and Mitts.

10 PER CENT. OFF all Staples—Embroidery Linens, Table Napkins, Shirting, Pillow Cotton and Sheetings, Sheets, Bed Spreads, Blankets (wool and flannelette), Flannel and Flannelette, Wrapperette, Towels and Toweling, Ginghams, Prints, White Cottons and Batting, **all at a discount of 10%.**

10 PER CENT. OFF Linoleums and Floor Oilcloths, an exceptionally good range of patterns to select from. **No reserve—10% off all.**

10 PER CENT. OFF Ladies' and Children's Underwear, Hosiery and Gloves—all the best brands to choose from in all qualities.

REMEMBER THAT Grey Cotton and Spool Thread is net. Carpet Sweepers are net. All purchases are cash. No Goods on approbation or exchanged.

STORE OPENS AT 8.30 a.m. and CLOSES AT 5 p.m.

Ketcheson & Earle

j5 2t12

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head. 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED—MAID FOR ALBERT COLLEGE. Apply to Matron, Mrs. E. F. Spear. 1t

WANTED—A HOUSE MAID. APPLY IN evening to Mrs. (Dr.) Gibson, 28 Campbell St. j4-dtf

WANTED—A COMPETENT MAID. Apply evenings between 7 and 8. Mrs. F. E. O'Flynn, 149 E. Bridge St. 3-4td

TO RENT

TO LET—RESIDENCE, No. 111 CHATHAM Street. All modern conveniences. Apply Wm. Brown, 30 Forin St j5-4t

TO RENT, RESIDENCE, No. 221 CHARLES St.; contains all modern conveniences. Apply at The Intelligencer Office n23-tf

TO LET, THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the Bank of Commerce, and also rooms in the same block and the Robertson Block, suitable for offices and apartments. R. R. Lazier. j17-dtf

TO RENT—WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, splendid location. All conveniences. Apply 171 Bridge St. East. 30-6t

TO LET—WELL FURNISHED PRIVATE rooms with board. All conveniences. Apply 170 George St. j3-dtf

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED — EXPERIENCED TRAINMEN. Apply L. G. Rogers, C.P.R., Trenton, Ont. j5-6td

WANTED—FIRST CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill and Planer hands, Toolmakers. Good wages. Steady work. Canadian Westinghouse Company, Limited, Hamilton, Ont. d—j27

WANTED—A GOOD SHOE REPAIRER. Apply Brown's Quick Shoe Repairing, 4 Bridge St., Belleville. Phone 779. j3-6t

WANTED

WANTED TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE, centrally located. Apply Capt. S. W. Gilroy, 80th Battalion. j5-2td

WANTED — DAVENPORT OR FOLDING couch. Apply Box C, Intelligencer. 1t

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—FEW ARTICLES HOUSEHOLD furniture, including upright piano. Mrs. M. Coburn, 81 Mill St. j4-4t

FOR SALE—A MILK ROUTE, AVERAGING 115 quarts per day. Address to Box O Intelligencer Office. j5-4td

FOR QUICK SALE—VALUABLE FARM. Lot thirty, two miles west of Belleville, better known as David Vanderwater farm. High state cultivation. One hundred acres, about seven miles draining. Fourteen room solid brick house, slate roof, new large basement barn, metal roof, other outbuildings in good repair: also tenant house. This is considered one of the best farms in Hastings County. Phone and rural mail. For particulars apply on premises. W. E. Vanderwater, or F. S. Wallbridge, Barrister, Belleville. j5—eodtf,&wtf

AGENTS WANTED

WANTED—MAN OR WOMAN TO DIStribute War Literature. $120 for sixty days' work in your own community. Spare time may be used. Winston Company, Limited, Toronto. d18-8tw&s

LUCKY FOR HER

Mrs. Bruggs: "Mrs. Van Perkins complains that her portraits don't look like her."

Photographer: "Complains, does she? She ought to be grateful."

It's a pleasure to carry our bread and cake, and we carry it for the benefit of the eating community. Every day we have

VIENNA ROLLS
DOMESTIC LOAF
HOMEMADE BREAD
WHOLE WHEAT BREAD
NUT BREAD
TWISTS
PAN LOAVES, &c.

Chas. S. Clapp

DAVIES

Excelsior Peas
4 tins 30c

Ben-Hur Peas
3 tins 25c

Sweet Corn
3 tins 25c

Tomatoes,
Large Tins
3 tins 25c

SPORTING NEWS

HOCKEY

There was no game at Cobourg Monday night between Peterborough Electrics and Cobourg intermediates. Referee Ernie Lang of Belleville, who was at Cobourg to officiate, declared the game defaulted to Cobourg, but it is hardly likely that the Peterborough team will be declared out of all competition as teams which default usually are in O.H.A. competitions. There are peculiar circumstances. Peterborough had four men before the O.H.A. sub-committee yesterday applying for reconsideration of a refusal to grant certificates, and were confident of getting by. Of the four, only Jerry Coughlin was declared eligible. This left the Peterborough team with only five men to play Cobourg Monday night, and the wire service was so badly disorganized that Manager Smuck, who was in Toronto, could not get hold of club officers in Peterborough to send down juniors to fill the team out at Cobourg. The result was that he only had five men, and as Cobourg St. Michael's refused to play short-handed Referee Lang declared the game forfeited to Cobourg. No game at all was played, and the crowd was handed return checks.

TENDERS

TENDERS will be received for furnishing Coal and Cut Wood—wood to be one foot in length—for School Section No. 22. Tenders to close Jan. 15th, 1916.

W. C. McDONALD Secretary.
Point Anne, Dec. 29, 1915. d31-4td

B. C. AND THE WAR

Hard Times Have Driven the People Back to the Land.

The war and the collapse of real estate speculation are proving blessings in disguise to the people of the West, says a writer in Toronto Saturday Night. One has induced saner views in the direction of both personal and municipal economy, and the latter has removed most of the get-rich-quick spirit which was a mill stone around the neck of true progress. What the extreme western province has needed for a long time has been more natural production and less living on borrowed capital. The war has cut off the inflow of capital very decidedly, and the hard times are driving many people back to the land. It may be said at once that British Columbia will never be a great agricultural province in the sense that Ontario and Alberta are, because it abounds in mountain ranges, water courses and vast tracts which will never be anything else than mining areas, not to speak of the many unbroken stretches of standing timber. But there are many fertile valleys and districts which are suitable for mixed farming and fruit growing. The more they are cultivated the less the province will have to import. There is the fertile Fraser Valley stretching from Chilliwack to Boundary Bay, a distance of about ninety miles, most of which is extremely rich and capable of producing a vast amount of produce. There are some splendid farming areas on Vancouver Island, while vast areas in the Peace River district are suitable for raising wheat and other grains. The Okanagan is famous as a fruit-growing centre and its output is steadily increasing.

Okanagan growers are this year considerably extending their markets, according to information obtained from C. P. R. sources. For years past apples have been shipped from this province to the Old Country and prairie markets and also to Australia. This year the field has been widened and B. C. Jonathans and Wealthies have found their way to South Africa and the Argentine. Shipments to these latter countries are more or less of an experiment, but it is hoped to secure a market and gradually develop it with increased production in the Okanagan. The carload which was shipped to Table Bay last year was followed this season by three carloads. The initial shipment was made quite in the nature of an adventure, and it was gratifying for the shippers to learn that the fruit sent had been much appreciated and that more was demanded.

The first shipment to the Argentine, made this season, consisted of three carloads of Jonathans and Wealthies—apples which better stand climatic changes. It is hoped that this will be but the thin edge of the wedge in securing for British Columbia apples a place in South American markets.

Local freight officials of the C. P. R. state that arrangements have been made for the shipment of six carloads of apples to England from British Columbia, and there is a possibility of another six cars being sent. The last boat to Australia, it is interesting to note, carried 2,500 boxes of the King of Fruits. This Australian business is, of course, a trade of some years' standing, but it is reported to be developing steadily.

B. C. Timber Output.

According to the timber returns for the month of September issued by the British Columbia Minister of Lands, the total output of sawlogs for the Province, as shown by the sealing figures, amounted to 92,080,493 feet board measure, while 361,911 lineal feet of poles, piles, and props, together with 29,312 cords of railway ties, fence posts, shingle bolts, etc., were also scaled for royalty during the month under review. The figures for the Vancouver district were 53,001,924 feet board measure sawlogs, 14,394 lineal feet piles, etc., and 16,264 cords ties, bolts, etc., the Island district contributing 5,307,218 feet sawlogs, in addition to 2,520 lineal feet piles. In the Prince Rupert district there were scaled 954,135 feet sawlogs, while the totals under the same heading for the Cranbrook, Nelson, and Vernon districts were respectively 21,595,575 feet, 7,135,290 feet, and 3,349,603 feet. Poles, piles, and props to the total of 328,304 lineal feet were scaled in the Nelson district, and in the Cranbrook division to the total of 15,018 lineal feet.

Timber sales recorded during September cover an estimated total of 7,338,000 feet sawlogs, and 3,030 cords of shingle bolts, estimated to produce a total revenue of $12,876.

RITCHIE'S

JANUARY SALE

OF ALL OUR LADIES' COATS

There are still many handsome up-to-the-minute Winter Coats now showing, but every garment reduced to either of the below low prices, and every one spells a remarkable bargain at the Sale Price. All strictly new models in first class materials and best shades, including black. See Windows.

Every Coat in Stock Reduced in Price

Coats	Coats	Coats	Coats
That were reg. up to $12 are now	That were reg. to $15 are now	That were from $15 to $20 are now	That sold as high as $32 50 are now
$9.75	$12.75	$14.75	$18.75

Millinery Half Price

Many of our season's best Hat Models are included in this Half Price Sale of Millinery. We make no exceptions—Imported Paris and New York Models, productions and copies executed in our own workrooms, also all untrimmed shapes are at your disposal, marked down to just Half their mid-season price. That means you can buy a **$5.00 Hat for $2.50; $8.00 Hat for $4.00; $10.00 Hat for $5.00; $15.00 Hat for $7.50.** (Second Floor)

CHILDREN'S MILLINERY ALSO HALF PRICE.

Remnants! Remnants!

Hundreds of Them. All Desirable Materials and Marked at Decided Savings.

At the Dress Goods Counter

There are hundreds of Remnants of the season's best Dress, Suit and Coat Fabrics all grouped together for easy selection. They are Remnants of **Tweeds, Serges, Armures, Worsteds, Voiles, Henriettas, Delaines, Cashmeres, Broadcloths, French Flannels and Silks of various Qualities.** Enough in some for Dress Lengths, Separate Skirts and Blouses, etc., and each individual remnant represents an **Extraordinary Bargain.**

At the Staple Department

Is a counter loaded with remnants of **Table Oil Cloths, Canton Flannels, Tickings, Pillow Cottons, Factory Cottons, White Cotton, Sheetings, Flannels, Towellings, and Cottonades, Bleached and Unbleached Table Linens.** They range in length from one yard to ten yards, and each remnant is marked at a **Big Clearing Reduction.**

At the Wash Goods Section

You will find scores of desirable ends of **Flannelettes, Ginghams, Prints, Wrapperettes, Muslins, Chambrays, Crepes, Eiderdowns, Coatings, Embroideries.** These remnants range in lengths from ½ yard to 8 or 9 yards, enough in some to make Ladies' Dresses, Kimonas and Dressing Sacques, and all at **Remarkably Low Prices**

THE HOME BOOK OF *Fashions*

NOW ON SALE,

Illustrating the newest Home Patterns, including those shown in the Ladies' Home Journal.

Price 25c.,

Including a Free Pattern. (Pattern Counter)

Super-Bone Corsets, Something New See Them.

The RITCHIE Company Limited

Exports to Britain Jump.

An increase in imports from Canada of $34,697,000 and a decrease in exports to Canada of $20,498,000 during the first nine months of the present fiscal year is shown by figures for that period received by the Trade and Commerce Department from Commissioner Ray, of Birmingham. The total imports from Canada were $138,917,000, and exports to the Dominion $49,407,000.

Details are also furnished of the recent steps taken by the British authorities in respect to the requisitioning of all ships of British register, which regulations closely affect Canada. These show that rumors that the Government contemplates the requisitioning of the entire British mercantile marine are without foundation, but that power has been taken to deal, by the requisitioning of a sufficient number of vessels, with cases where an emergency of national importance exists at any particular market owing to the absence of tonnage, and, further, to regulate the employment of British shipping in the carriage of cargoes between foreign ports by means of licenses.

Idle Dream.

"Poor dad! Sister told him that the girls of her class are going to graduate in dollar gowns."

"Well, what about poor dad?"

"He thinks a dollar is all he will be called upon to give up."

Silent Water.

Three or more can play the game called "silent water." First one is chosen to be "it." He or she is then blindfolded and made to stand in a corner. He then counts from one to ten and says, "Silent water no more moving." The rest of the players, having run to some place, stand still at the command. The first one found and named by the blindfolded person is "it."

The Contented Frog.

A dear little frog,
All spotted and green
(Indeed, just the cutest
Frog ever was seen).

Lived far from the town
In a pond, cool and clear,
And there he did dwell
Throughout the whole year.

He never went roaming
About, so 'twas said,
For he was a frog
That was most contented.

So there in his pond,
So cool and so clear,
Lived little green frog
Throughout the whole year.

Plenty of Room.

The young man who writes verses was standing out in the night gazing at the sky when a friend ran across him.

"What are you doing—studying astronomy?"

"Go away and don't disturb me. I am gazing into infinite distance."

"I don't see what satisfaction you find in that."

"That's because you never had any experience with editors. You don't know what a comfort it is to find some place where nothing is crowded out for lack of space."—London Tit-Bits.

It Is Some Accomplishment,

to content the exacting housewife with baker's cake—especially if her culinary skill in cake-making is excellent. Our cake is equal to that of the best home made, because it is baked with the best ingredients that the market affords. We are skilled bakers that know how to bake cake just as it should be baked. Our surroundings are most sanitary.

Yerex's Bakery

Phone 787
68 Sinclair St. Belleville

CITY AND VICINITY

FURS

Furs make a sensible and lasting gift as a
CHRISTMAS PRESENT

We have—
Children's White Thibet Sets at .... $4.00, $5.50 and $6.75
Ladies' Persian Lamb at $33 to $67 set
Ladies' Alaska Sable at $31 to $62 set
Ladies' Black Wolf at $25 to $45 set
Ladies' Natural Wolf at $27 to $30 set

J. T. DELANEY

29 Campbell St. Phone 797
opposite Y.M.C.A.

Local Business Men

Are realizing more every day the value of the concise, memory tickling Classified Want Ads. Make your story short and pithy and our Want Ad. Columns will repay you a hundred fold for the small investment.

ADVICE

"My hair is coming out," said a man to his doctor. "Please give me something to keep it in."

"Well," sad the doctor, "here's an old pill box. Will that do?"

25% DISCOUNT SALE:—BIGGEST BARGAINS EVER OFFERED

25% reduction for cash on all lines of furniture. Unexampled opportunity for buying your Christmas present at lowest possible prices. Dominion Bedding & Furniture Co., 306 Front Street. D11,3t

NOTICE

The annual meeting of the Belleville Cemetery Company will be held at the office of the Secretary Teasurer, No. 19 Campbell Street, on Monday, January 17th, 1916, at 4 o'clock P.M., for the election of directors and general business.

W. H. HUDSON,
J3,3t Sec'y.-Treas.

An open meeting of the Women's Canadian Club will be held on Friday, January 7th, 1916, at eight o'clock in the High School Assembly room. Speaker, Prof. A. L. Clark, Queen's University: Subject "Colour phenomena and photography in natural colours, illustrated." Non members 25 cents. j5-1t

ANNUAL MEETING

The annual meeting of Royal Scarlet Chapter No. 3 District South Hastings will be held in Orange Hall, Plainfield, January 14 at 8 p.m.

W. Embury, W.C. in C.; G. D. McCullough, Scribe. j5 2td

DANCING

The New Academy,
Mr. and Mrs. Johnstone's
Informal At Home,
Friday Evening, January 7th.

Dancing 8.30 till 1.30. Double tickets, 75 cents. The programme will include the Old and New Dances. 1t

THE WEATHER.

Westerly to north westerly winds, decidedly colder with snow flurries. Friday, fair and very cold.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY INTHINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 81 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, JANUARY 6, 1915. No. 6

ESTABLISHED 1858
58 years continuous business is a guarantee for square dealing, best values and lowest prices.
FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Office Phone 2 Night Phones 260 & 635

DINOSAURS OF ALBERTA SWELL U. S. MUSEUM

Arrangement of Colossal Exhibit In New York Begun by Barnum Brown

NEW YORK, Jan. 4—New York now has the world's greatest collection of dinosaurs, according to the announcement made to-day by the American Museum of National History, which s to install its herd of monsters of the past in Dinosaur Hall among the fossil trees of the period in which they roamed the earth.

Barnum Brown, Associate Curator of the Department of Palaeontology of the museum, who has just returned trailing the big lizards among the rocks in Alberta, will now devote himself to the arranging of this colossal exhibit. The latest accessions weigh twelve and a half tons.

So important are many of the new finds that in formation concerning them is withheld until they can be scientifically named and described. They are said to indicate radical changes in the commonly conceived theories about animal life on the western hemisphere in pre-historic times. The museum now has complete skeletons of many important dinosaurs which previously, both in its own collections and in other institutions, were represented only by skulls.

PREPAREDNESS PLAN DOOMED TO DEFEAT

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—Unless materially modified, President Wilson's preparedness plan is beaten. This is the opinion authoritatively learned to-day from the Administration itself.

The defection of Senator Kern, Senate Democratic leader, from the forces working for the great army and navy program outlined by the President in his message to Congress was the final proof to the White House that its plans will not carry.

Senator Kern's decision that he cannot support the program became known to-day. That the people of Indiana are opposed is his chief reason, it is said.

This leaves the preparedness program unsupported by the leaders in both houses. Mr. Kitchin, House majority leader, has held off from the first.

The wave of sentiment for a great preparedness program which a few weeks ago was sweeping the country aparently has reached its crest, some Administration leaders think.

To-day the President is receiving many discouraging reports. The opposition centres upon Mr. Garrison's army plan.

1000 SHELL MAKERS FROM CANADIAN TROOPS

OTTAWA, Jan. 5.—Special—Canada is helping Lloyd George by releasing for munitions work in England about one thousand skilled mechanics from among the Canadian troops who have gone overseas. The request for their release came some days ago, and was promptly acceded to by the Minister of Militia. To-day the following cable of thanks from Lloyd George was received by the iMnister of Militia:

"I thank you most warmly personally as Minister of Defence, and the Canadian Government, for the ready response which you made to my request, made to you through Sir Max Aitken, to release certain highly-skilled mechanics from the Canadian forces for work in our factories.

"I thank you again for your quick co-operation, which is another sign of the ties that bind the Dominion and the Motherland. The ressolution of our men in the field and in the factory is more powerful than ever, and we look forward to undoubted victory.

(Signed) Lloyd George."

British Repulse German Attack

LONDON, Jan. 5—Special—The Official Press Bureau to-night issued the folowing report on operations from British Headquarters in France:

"On the southern portion of our front there were active artillery actions.

"This morning we repulsed an attack on one of our advanced posts near Marincourt.

"Our aeroplanes successfully dropped bombs on the enemy's aerodrome at Douai. A German aeroplane dropped bombs on Boulogne, but did no damage."

CONSCRIPTION BILL WILL PLEASE NOBODY

Editorial Opinions of London Papers Denounce Bill—Satisfies Neither Conscriptionists Nor Voluntary Advocates —Labor Against Bill—Leader to Resign

IRELAND IS EXCLUDED FROM MEASURE

Bill Makes Compulsory Military Service For All Males Between 18 and 41 Who Are Bachelors or Widowers Without Children—Must Keep Faith, Says Asquith

Satisfies Nobody

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 6.—Judging by all editorial opinions expressed this morning the conscription bill will satisfy nobody. The voluntary papers denounce it almost as much as the conscriptionist press. A general election in the next few weeks is predicted by the Daily News, which declares it is almost certain the Labor Conference will decide against conscription and if the conference so decided, three more cabinet ministers, McKenna, Runciman and Menderson, will resign.

Bill Introduced

LONDON, Jan. 5.—The bill providing for compulsory military service was introduced in the House of Commons to-day by Premier Asquith.

The largest assemblage of members since the war began faced the Premier. Many members had obtained leave to return from the front so that they might be able to vote on the compulsion bill.

The Earl of Derby, who conducted the recruiting campaign, was in the Peers' Gallery.

Ireland is Excluded

Under the terms of the compulsory military service bill, introduced in the House of Commons to-day, all males between the ages of 18 and 41 who are bachelors or widowers without children dependent on them are liable for military service..

Ireland is excluded from the terms of the measure.

Mr. Asquith said no case had been made out for general compulsion, and that the bill he was introducing could be supported by those opposed to conscription.

Must Keep Faith

Mr. Asquith said he was totally unable, after making the largest possible hypothetical deduction, to consider the number of unrecruited single men as anything but a substantial and even considerable amount. He added that Sir John Simon, whose resignation as Home Secretary was announced yesterday, thought the figures might be reduced to an inestimable quantity. If he had shared this view, Mr. Asquith said, the present contingency would not have arisen, but he could not think that. The primary obligation was to keep faith at all costs with the married men.

Mr. Asquith said exemption from service could be claimed under the terms of the bill on the same grounds as in the case of men attested under the Derby plan. The grounds of exemption include conscientious objection to performing military service.

Other grounds for exemption from service, the Premier said, included ill-health, physical infirmities, the necessity to support dependent persons, and the fact of being engaged on work of national importance.

Labor Leader to Resign

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 6.—Arthur Henderson President of the Board of Education and leader of the Labor party in the House of Commons, served notice on the Labor Congress to-day that if it decided he should oppose the Government Compulsion Bill he would refuse to accept such decision and would immediately resign his seat and ask his constituents whether they approved of his action or not.

Labor Opposes Bill

The motion in the Labor Congress that Congress should support the measure of compulsion by forcing single men to attest, was defeated by two million, one hundred and twenty-one thousand votes to five hundred and forty-one thousand.

Trouble Over Ottawa Schools

(Canadian Press Special)

OTTAWA, Jan. 6.—A. Charbonneau, a member of the Ontario Government's commission to control the Separate Schools of Ottawa, was pelted with snowballs and ice yesterday afternoon by school boys at the Guiges school, which has been the storm centre for the past two days, the parents refusing to allow their children to be taught by commission teachers and supplanting them with teachers of their own. Mr. Charbonneau also became involved in a struggle with some of the opposing faction.

Former Belleville Pastor Gets Call

(Canadian Press Special)

WINNIPEG, Jan. 6.—A call was extended last night by Knox Church, Winnipeg, to Rev. R. S. Laidlaw, formerly of Belleville, now at Brandon.

·CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIANS

OTTAWA, Jan. 5.—The midnight list of casualties is as follows:

3RD BATTALION.

Severely wounded — F. Coleman, Montreal.

4TH BATTALION.

Shell wound—W. J. Hare, Toronto.

Wounded—W. Dawson, Brantford, Ont.; R. Prince, Danville, Que.

8TH BATTALION.

Wounded—Thomas Corrigan, Prince Albert, Sask.

13TH BATTALION.

Killed in action—M. D. Fawcett, Victoria, B.C.

18TH BATTALION.

Killed in action—J. Gerbig, Berlin, Ont.

21ST BATTALION.

Wounded—S. C. Hector, Peterboro'.

24TH BATTALION.

Seriously ill—J. Anouf, Montreal.

31ST BATTALION.

Killed in action—T. A. Guscott, Athabasca Landing, Alta.; C. E. Moore, Sydney; H. M. Luxton, Banff, Alta.

Died of wounds—W. Forster, Hazeldene, Strathcona, Alta.

36TH BATTALION.

Seriously ill—F. G. Ebert, Delhi, Ont.

Dangerously ill—W. Spencer, Milverton, Ont.

47TH BATTALION.

Seriously ill—O. E. Gallagher, Hilliardton, New Ontario.

HEADQUARTERS CANADIAN CAVALRY BRIGADE.

Burned to death—O. Delodder, St. Boniface, Man.

2ND FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE

Dangerously wounded — Gunner C. MacPherson, Ridgetown, Ont.

5TH ARTILLERY BRIGADE AMMUNITION COLUMN.

Seriously ill—Driver Ed. Meredith, Lethbridge, Alta.

BORDEN'S ARMORED BATTERY

Suffering from gas poisoning, slight —R. C. Godwin, Toronto.

STEAMER PERSIA RECEIVED NO WARNING

Stories of Passengers Bear Out Previous Reports—Officers and Seamen Praised

LONDON, Jan. 5.—The survivors of the Persia reached Alexandria, Egypt, according to the account sent by Reuter's correspondent at that point, all bearing traces of shock and hardship. Most of them had badly bruised and bandaged limbs. One woman is in a hospital with a broken leg.

The tragedy was enacted so rapidly that the survivors say they hardly realized what had happened, consequently they had little to tell. The passengers were sitting quietly at luncheon, every one in good humor, and at atmosphere of gaiety prevailing. Five minutes later, those who escaped were in boats or clinging to wreckage, and the luxurious liner was completely gone.

Luncheon had just started when there came a terrific explosion. The liner trembled violently and a moment later listed sharply to port. Only those who left their seats instantly and those who had not yet come down to the dining hall had any chance to escape. Many seemed paralyzed with fear and sat as if glued to their seats. Their indecision was fatal, as the water poured in and the list increased. Some of those who gained the deck lost their footing and slipped immediately into the sea, while others were swept away by waves.

It was possible to launch boats only on one side of the ship, and only the promptest action by officers and crew enabled them to launch four boats. All the passengers praise the coolness and quickness of the crew. There were no signs of panic. Everyone made the most of the few remaining moments.

One young woman described her experiences as follows: "I was just sitting down at table when the explosion occurred. I ran at once to my cabin for a life preserver, and twice was thrown down in the passage by the rocking of the ship. I got to my cabin, snatched a life belt and rushed to the deck. I had the utmost difficulty in keeping my footing, and was again thrown down. As I reached the deck the liner lurched heavily and I fell. Although badly shaken and bruised, I quickly jumped into the sea, where I was rescued fifteen minutes later.

Two bank clerks going to Egypt rushed to the bridge and dived into the water from which they were saved. Mothers who went in quest of their children were saved.

The chief officer is said to have been in his cabin at the time of the explosion. He rushed to the bridge and did all that was humanly possible. He went down with the ship, although some passengers said they saw the captain swimming.

Everything possible is being done here for the comfort of the survivors. Charles Grant, of Boston, who, so far as known, is the only American now able to tell the story of the disaster, is a guest on board the United States cruiser Des Moines. Sixty-three Lascars among the survivors include a fireman and a stewardess. Only one of the stewardesses was saved.

GOLD FOR TORONTO COMES FROM BOMBAY

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 4.—When the British ship Gordon Castle, from Bombay and Cape Town, arrived in this port Sunday, after being convoyed by two British cruisers, great mystery surrounded a heavy guard of detectives placed at the pier. Collector of Port Ryan and Captain Betts refused to place any valuation on the cargo, which was listed as chrome ore and hides.

The mystery was cleared up to-day when it was learned that the Gordon Castle had on board 250 cases of gold and silver bullion, which has since been shipped by the Adams Express Co. to Toronto.

MORE C. P. R CONDUCTORS ARE IN TROUBLE

MONTREAL, Jan. 6.—(Speciol.)—C. P. R. Passenger Conductor Wm. Wallace appeared before Police Magistrate W. W. O'Brien of Fort William and pleaded guilty to a charge of theft and was fined $100.00. Conductor T. Reynolds, also charged with theft, appeared before Police Magistrate S. Weegar at North Bay on January 4th, who committed him for trial to a higher court.

GERMAN PRESTIGE IS SINKING IN GREECE

Failure of Teutons to Advance and Confidence of Allies Largely To Blame—King Learns True State of Affairs in Germany

GERMANS AND BULGARS FORM FOR DRIVE

Early Drive on Saloniki Expected by Central Powers Troops—Greece May Join Allies in Defence of Their Territory

German Prestige Drops

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 6.—A Daily Mail despatch from Athens says:—"The last ten days have seen the biggest drop in German prestige since the war began, despite the Allies' evacuation of the Gallipoli Peninsula. The failure of the Teutonic troops to advance; the Allies' confidence in the strength of their position at Saloniki, and the impatience of the Greek troops to resist any attempt of a Bulgarian attack into Greek territory which has compelled the Government to give the commander on the border necessary orders to be prepared for action against the Bulgars, are given as causes for this German slump.

"Moreover King Constantine is learning the true state of affairs in Germany from letters received by the queen from her sister, Princess Charlotte of Saxe Meiningen."

Preparing to Advance

LONDON, Jan. 5.—Special—The Austro-Germans are massing heavy artillery at Guevgheli for an early drive on Saloniki. A despatch to The Paris Temps from its Saloniki correspondent to-night says that allied aviators returning from a reconnaissance over the German lines, state that large numbers of twelve-inch mortars are arriving at the Greek frontier from Nish.

Field Marshal von Mackensen will command the combined army of Austrians, Germans, Turks and Bulgarians in their campaign against the Allies. Despatches to-night definitely locate the noted German Commander on the Greek front. He had previously been reported withdrawn to Bessarabia.

Despatches from three sources to-night indicate that the drive on Saloniki is at hand.

Massing on Frontier

The Saloniki correspondent of The Paris Temps says:

"There is great likelihood that von Mackensen will lead an immediate attack against the Allies.

'Our aviators report that Austro-German and Bulgarian troops are massing all along the frontier, particularly at Guevgheli, where a number of heavy cannon are being detrained."

The Saloniki correspondent of the Corriere Della Sera of Milan wires to his paper:

"The Comander-in-chief of the Allies to-day said to me:

" 'It looks like an early attack. That is just what we want.' "

In case the Bulgarians advance on Saloniki with the Germans, it is almost a certainty that Greece will join hands with the Allies and oppose the invaders as the Greek populace is determined that the Bulgars shall not set foot on Greek territory.

Belleville Woman Gets Award

(Canadian Press Special)

TORONTO, Ont., Jan. 6.—Mrs. Luella Ridley, of Belleville, is entitled to $204 from the estate of her sister, the late Mrs. Edith P. Bly, of Trenton, is the decision of Mr. Justice Britton, Mrs. Ridley asserted that her sister had invited her to come and help her in a grocery store she was about to open in 1901 and she would leave her half her estate. They got along well together till there was a difference between them about Mr. Ridley who afterwards became the husband of the plaintiff in this action and they parted in 1912. Mrs. Bly died, recently leaving an estate of $1800 and this action was brought against the only son of Mrs. Bly, as administrator of his mother's estate, Mr. Justice Britton holds that the agreement is not proved but that the plaintiff is entitled to $6 a month for her services for the period within the statute of limitation.

Doctor's Accident Cost Big Sum

Should Dr. F. W. Mitchell, late of Valparaiso, Ind., live to be seventy years of age and remain disabled, he will have collected $275,400 from the Fidelity & Casualty Co., if a judgment given yesterday by Mr. Justice Middleton yesterday holds that long. Dr. Mitchell was an eye, nose, ear and throat specialist, and was insured by the company in 1913, and paid four years in advance. In May last he fell from the upper berth of a sleeping car and injured his wrist, which is now helpless. The company paid him $13,500, and then quit payments. The judgment provides for a further payment of $1,950 quarterly.

Turks Shell Kut-El-Amara

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 6.—The General Townshend reports that the Turks shelled Kut-Elamara heavily for an hour on Sunday afternoon, but up to Tuesday there has been no further firing.

German Submarine Rendered Harmless

LONDON, Jan. 5.—During Christmas week a German submarine appeared in English waters, but it was so closely followed by patrols that it did not succeed in doing any damage.

According to the best information obtainable this was the first hostile submarine that had succeeded in cruising in British inland waters since September 23, 1915. The marauding U-boat encountered such heavy weather that her chances of obtaining any intended results were minimized. The stormy seas, however, also operated to save her from destruction by the patrols, which closely followed her every movement.

PASSENGER AGENT TO SERVE TWO-YEAR TERM

TORONTO, Jan. 6—In pronouncing a sentence of two years on W. A. Mason, found guilty of embezzling some $1,500, the property of the railway company, Judge Winchester in the Sessions Court yesterday remarked that the accused had betrayed a position of trust. The sentence, His Honor added, was not so much a matter of punishment as a warning to others. The system adopted by Mason was to turn in stubs on long distance fares as if the tickets had been issued to local points. It was pleaded on his behalf that he was exposed to temptation owing to the looseness of the system, and also that he had sold some tickets on credit and had never been paid.

Killed Five Tnrks; Revenge of Lusitania

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Jan. 5.—Special—Jas. Cooper, a former mill overseer in this city, who joined the British army after the loss of his wife's child on the Lusitania, has written friends in this city that in a fight on the Gallipoli Peninsula he jumped out of a trench, rushed to the opposing lines and killed five of the enemy without receiving a wound.

Cooper said that his act was inspired by the remembrance of what happened on the Lusitania.

RECRUITING MEN IN NEW YORK STATE

For Canadian Army, in Violation of United States Laws

WATERTOWN, N.Y., Jan. 5.—An international controversy may arise from the activities in this city for the past few days of "Jack" Leamon, formerly of Watertown, but now a sergeant in the Canadian army. Leamon came to this city from Prescott, where he is stationed, a few days ago, making his headquarters at the Crowner House, started recruiting Americans for the Canadian forces. To friends here he said that he was forming an American Legion which was to become a part of the Canadian Oversea forces.

At the Crowner House yesterday it was stated that Leamon publicly made the statement that he was after recruits for the Canadian army. It was also stated that many young men from this city visited Leamon when he was at the Crowner House, and that the former Watertown man made the statement that he had secured nine recruits from this city, and that they would go back with him to Canada.

It is reported, too, that Leamon made a trip to Sackett Harbor, where he talked to several enlisted men of the Third Infantry. When he returned to this city, he is said to have made the statement that he would take a dozen men from Sackett Harbor back to Canada with him for service on the firing line in France.

There seems to be little question but that Leamon is violating the United States law in recruiting men for a belligerent nation in this country. A similar case of several English officers which occurred in the west not long ago was considered a violation of the neutrality of the United States.

BLIZZARD IN WEST WRECK ON C. P. R.

MOOSE JAW, Jan. 5.— Two men were killed in a wreck on the C. P. R. here last night, Fireman Lagrue, Moose Jaw, and a male passenger, name unknown. General Superintendent J. G. Taylor was a passenger on one train, and was badly shaken up and had both cheeks frozen after the wreck is assisting the injured. The injured include C. L. Samuel, 103 Drummond street, Montreal, right side bruised.

The C. P. R. train No. 53, local from Regina to Moose Jaw, plunged into the tri-city express eastbound, shortly after ten. A switchman is under arrest, and a C.P.R. engineer is pinned alive, under an engine, despite frantic efforts to move him.

Facing a blizzard, the like of which has not been seen for years in this section of the country. No. 53 westbound arrived at the east switch of the Moose Jaw yards just as the tri-city express pulled out. It is said the switch was left lying for the main line, as a result of which the trains came together. Number 53 suffered worst. The mail car was thrown on its side and badly damaged, although none of the clerks were hurt. The passengers in the front coach received severe shocks and of the six injured. It is believed five were in this coach. The tri-city express was thrown entirely off the track.

Richard Grigg Dies in Ottawa

(Canadian Press Special)

OTTAWA, Jan. 6.—Richard Grigg, Canadian commissioner of Commerce, dropped dead at the Central sation here this morning. He was on his way to Montreal to spend the day with his son and was waiting his turn at the ticket wicket.

A CLERGYMEN'S REGIMENT

OTTAWA, Jan. 5.—(Special)—The proposal on the part of the Minister of Militia and Defence to raise a regiment of clergymen is being well received by the cloth throughout Canada. Rev. Mr. Muncaster, of Calgary, has been the first to write the Minister and assure him he is ready to serve in such a regiment in any capacity from private to colonel.

THE RULING SPIRIT

The victim of the motor collision was dying, and the nearest clergyman had been called in. "Your companion," said the rev. gentleman, "who was with you in the accident is already dead, and in a few moments your soul, too, will start for heaven."

Now the dying man was a famous motor racer. "Bet you $100 I pass him before he gets there!" was his reply.

JANUARY SALE

Our January Sale has started with a rush for the hundreds of marvelous bargains on sale. We have added to the list the following:—

40 only Men's Serge and Tweed Suits, values in regular way $20.00, for $12.50; $18.00 for $12.00; $15.00 for $10.00; $12.00 for $9.00.

27 only Separate Tweed Coats, light and dark colors, all sizes, regular $8.50, for $5.00

35 only Men's Sweater Coats, in colors maroon, grey and navy, regular $1.25, for, each .... 98c.

35 only Men's Sweater Coats, in colors navy, slate, maroon and grey, regular $1.75, for $1.39

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

Special Shoe Values

CLEARING SALE Of Men's Gunmetal and Patent Laced & Button Boots

English and High Toe Lasts, all sizes in the lot. Regular $5.00 and $6.00 values,

CLEARING $3.45

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

ADAMS
THE SHOEMAN

IN and ABOUT THE CITY

A MARK OF RESPECT

The flag over the post office building is floating at half mast out of respect to the late Mr. Wm. Webster, who was for some years the Collector of Customs.

AT THE FRONT

One man in Belleville, Scotty MacKean, has a son, a son-in-law, fourteen nephews and a grand nephew now at the front, which is quite a record.

PLEASING ENTERTAINMENT

At the City Mission last night the annual entertainment took place and was largely attended. The pupils of the Sunday Shool in connection with the Mission provided a programme that was pleasing to all present. At the conclusion of the programme presents and sweet meats were given to the scholars of the school.

INAUGURAL MEETING

The inaugural meeting of the City Council will be held in the Council Chamber on Monday morning next at 11 o'clock, when the various chairmen of committees will be selected. The five important chairmanships are, Finance, Public Works, Fire, Water and Light.

CASE DISMISSED

A charge of assault preferred against William and Harry Murphy of Tyendinaga, was yesterday by Judge Deroche investigated, with the result the accused were acquitted. Mr. W. S. Herrington, K.C., for Crown and Mr. W. D. M. Shorey for the accused.

ONLY A SCARE

The police this morning answered a call to a residence on Dundas street, it being thought an intruder was in the house, but such was not the case. The lady of the house went into a neighbor's place for a few minutes and upon returning discovered the front door wide open. This led her to believe some one was in the place, but upon investigation no one had apparently entered.

PRESENTATION OF PRIZES

The annual presentation of prizes at St. Thomas church Sunday School took place last night at an entertainment given by the children. There was a large attendance, and about 200 prizes were distributed.

NO QUORUM

A meeting of the Separate School Board of the city was called for last evening for organization for 1916, but there were not enough members present to constitute a quorum.

REEVES ELECTED

The following reeves have been elected in nearby places not previously reported:

Dungannon—T. Turriff, (re-elected).
Faraday Township—W. A. Hubble, (re-elected).
Maynooth—Mr. Green.

ARBITRATION PROCEEDINGS

An arbitration court composed of Judge Deroche of Hastings County, Judge Ward of Port Hope, and Col S. S. Lazier, Master of Chancery of Belleville, were in session here to-day. The court is endeavoring to fix values for properties which were appropriated in Lennox County by the C.P.R. when the new line of railway ran through that country. Messrs. W. S. Herrington, K.C., and M. Spence for the C.P.R.; Messrs. Porter & Carnew for owners of property.

DELIVERY RIG SMASHED

Last evening a lively runaway occurred on Pinnacle street. A horse, the property of Mr. Harry Rowe of Sidney Township, ran away and in its wild career ran into Mr. E. C. Sprague's delivery vehicle, which was passing the corner of Bridge and Pinnacle streets. The result was the latter outfit was badly wrecked. A lad, who was in the vehicle escaped serious injury. Mr. Rowe's horse was slightly injured. The affair caused considerable commotion in the vicinity where it occurred.

A CIVIL ACTION

A civil case was yesterday tried before His Honor Judge Deroche. The plaintiff in the case was Mrs. Miribeth Murphy, and the defendants were her two sons William and Harry. The plaintiff sought to recover from the defendants, one horse, a harrow and several other farming implements, which it is alleged were given to them by their deceased father, Mr. Neal Murphy, without having a right to do so as he had no title in the property. The plaintiff alleges that it was her property and her money invested in the farm. The outcome of the case was that the plaintiff failed, as it was shown that the deceased was acting as her agent in the transaction. Action dismissed without costs. Mr. W. S. Herrington, K.C., for plaintiff, and Messrs. Porter & Carnew for the defendants.

BIRTHS

PONTON—In Cobourg, Jan. 5th, to Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Ponton, A daughter.

DEATHS

CURRIE—In Belleville on Jan. 4th, Thos. Currie, aged 46 years.

Funeral will take place from the family residence, 47 Cemetery St., tomorrow, Friday, Jan. 7th at 10.30 a.m. Service at the house at 10 o'clock. Interment, Belleville cemetery.

GILLUM—In Belleville on Jan. 4th, Francis Maria Gillum, age 71 years.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Percy Geen, 255 John St., on Saturday, Jan. 8 at 10 a.m. to St. Thomas Church. Interment, Belleville cemetery.

WEBSTER—In Sidney, Jan. 5th, Wm. Webster, aged 71 years.

The funeral will take place from the home of his daughter, Mrs. John Sargent, 2nd Con. Sidney, to-morrow, Friday, Jan. 7th at 2.30 p.m. Service at the house at 2 o'clock. Interment, Belleville cemetery.

Quaker Healer Works Wonders

Many Citizens Say Ontario Millwright Helped Paralytics Greatly

MONTREAL, Jan. 5.—Nearly every decade sees some blacksmith, millwright, carpenter farmer or other man used to an outdoor life come out of the obscurity of a rural hamlet because of wonderful cures he has been instrumental in effecting among his neighbors by methods peculiarly his own, and without the aid of the scientific knowledge necessary to a physician. As a rule, their powers have a strictly limited application and their theories as to why they have these powers disregard many of the known and tested facts of biology, but it cannot be denied that in many cases where their theory runs far astray they have sometimes secured astonishing results in practice. Within the past year or two, the subject has been well treated in fiction by Mr. Frank L. Packard, the Montreal novelist, whose story, "The Miracle Man," and the play made from it, had as central figure a blind patriarch, where simple faith and his power of imparting it to others resulted in seemingly miraculous cures.

It would seem from the testimony of many well-known families in Montreal that this city recently had one of these men within its limits for three of four weeks. The new healer, a Quaker by persuasion, comes from a rural home three miles fom the village of Charleston, near Athens, Ont. He is now an old man, but though his services have been used to some extent locally, his fame is greater beyond the borders of his own community. A gentleman born near the old man's home happened to describe his powers to a Montrealer in whose home was a woman long bedridden and apparently paralyzed in her lower limbs. Willing to try anything which offered hope of release, the Montreal man sent for the old Quaker.

Insists on Large Shoes

Brother Sherman, a large, venerable figure with silver locks surmounted by a wide-brimmed Qhaker hat, and wearing enormous shoes, arrived in Montreal. The size of his shoes are important, in that part of his practice in healing consists of insisting that anyone he treats shall have shoes so large that there is absolutely no constriction of cramping of the toes.

Arrived at the sick-room he held out a large virile hand to the sirk woman. "How are you, sister?" he said. Then he placed his hand under her neck, which had been affected for weeks by neuritis of an exceedingly painful kind, did a little rubbing, and exterted some pressure with his fingers. "Move your head a little, sister." Her friends state that to their surprise she was able to move her head freely and easily, although for weeks she had not done so because of the pain entailed in the movement.

As she had no feeling in her lower limbs, the Quaker had her feet raised on a blanket, put cotton wool in each space between the toes so as to separte them, and then began to tickle the bases of the toes in full sight of the patient. In a few minutes she felt a tickling sensation, and drew up her legs. Warmth also returned to them, and the circulation impeded for some time, returned to them. In the three weeks that he was in the house a great improvement was seen in the patient. Others in the city hearing of this, asked him to look over similar cases, and he did so. One father claims that a boy, suffering from infantile paralysis, had shown decidedly good effects form the treatment. In another case a child which had been in bed for years walked with help across a room.

A cardinal part of the treatment seems to be to keep the toes well separated, as a help to the circulation, because of the old Quaker's theory that man's health depends greatly on his maintaining connection with the magnetism of the earth. Thus he will not let any patient wear rubbers or any non-conducting substance. Lined boots he abominates, and women have to discard fashion in their footwear. He is also death on corsets.

Brother Sherman, according to all reports, steadfastly refuses payment for his services. He seems to start from the beginning with the object of making his patients help themselves with little excercises within their reach, and to fan their ambition. No doubt his Quaker hat and his absolute belief that his theories and practices are right contribute to giving some relief in the class of cases to which he restricts himself.

Brother Sherman has obtained all his education from Nature and the Bible. He supports every statement by copious quotations from the Scriptures and by tales of his observations among the Indians of the Peace River Valley and the Upper Mackenzie. He spent years up there, and he investigated very carefully, by questioning and observation, why the tribes had so many old men among them, their habits, their simple remedies, and their habits as bearing on the way in which they preserved their faculties to a good old age. He does very little healing at his own home at Charleston

Leaks in gas pipes can be temporarily stopped with soap.

A Meal in a Moment.
1 Oxo Cube; Hot Water; Biscuits
Sustains for hours.
OXO CUBES

MINISTER EXPLANS REFORMING OF C. M. R.

Suitable For Relief of Infantry Brigades in Trenches

OTTAWA, Jan. 5.—The Militia Department to-day issued a statement in reply to certain objections raised among Canadians in England to the reorganization of the cavalry sent overseas as infantry. It is understood that this step led to misunderstanding in some quarters and the following statement has been issued in this connection:

"As there has been considerable comment based entirely on a misunderstanding of the reorganization of the Canadian Mounted Rifles brigades, it is best that the true reason for this step should be properly understood. The explanation is that it was found that the organization of the first and second Canadian mounted brigades, each consisting of three regiments of three squadrons, was suitable for the relief of infantry brigades in the trenches. Application was made early in November to reorganize these units into a brigade on an infantry basis. This wise and extremely necessary recommendation has now been sanctioned by the Canadian Government.

"The Canadian Mounted Rifles brigades which will continue their present nomenclature are composed of a magnificent body of men and much credit is due to the spirit in which they have accepted the change in their anxiety to render service to their comrades in the infantry and for the Canadian corps. They will form a brigade of which any commander may be justly proud."

Alkali Makes Soap Bad For Washing Hair

Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali, which is very injurious, as it dries the scalp and makes the hair brittle.

The best thing to use is just plain mulsified cocoanut oil, for this is pure and entirely greaseless. It's very cheap, and beats the most expensive soaps or anything else all to pieces. You can get this at any drug store, and a few ounces will last the whole family for months.

Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in, about a teaspoonful is all that is required. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, cleanses thoroughly, and rinses out easily. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and is soft, fresh looking, bright, fluffy, wavy and easy to handle. Besides, it loosens and takes out every particle of dust, dirt and dandruff.

Three-Cent Stamp Is Being Issued

OTTAWA, Jan. 5.—(Special)—The new stamp of three cent value, issued by Postmaster-General Casgrain to overcome the inconvenience caused by the necessity of affixing an extra war stamp of one cent to all letters, is now being sent out. The stamp is the ordinary two-cent stamp surcharged with the letters "T.T.C." By using the plate of the ordinary two-cent stamp, the issue of the new stamp has been greatly facilitated and is now being made at the rate of a million a day. All cities in Canada have already been supplied, and instructions have been issued to the distribution offices in each province to have the stamps distributed as expeditiously as possible. Within a week's time the department will be in a position to issue these stamps at the rate of 2,000,000 per day.

WINNIPEG HOTELS WILL BE PROCEEDED AGAINST

WINNIPEG, Jan. 4.—The Free Press this morning says five prominent hotels, the Grange, St. Regis, St. Charles, Royal Alexandra and Fort Garry, will be proceeded against in the Provincial Police Court Wednesday afternoon for an alleged violation of the liquor license act in allowing the consumption of liquor on their premises during prohibited hours New Year's Eve. Chief License Inspector Argue stated that there would be no individual prosecutions. The Free Press adds, that it is thought there may be a suspension of licenses.

HIS CAR

"The card use to-day I've been using steadily for six years. It has taken me to my office in town and back and it hasn't cost me one cent for repairs yet."

"Great Scott, what a record; what car is it?"

"The tramcar."

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Bomb. E. J. Blaylock has returned to Kingston to the Convalescent Home.

Mr. T. C. McConnell of Springbrook, is spending a few days in the city.

Mr. Stead Lumb, of Bancroft, was in the city, the guest of Mr. Geo. Ketcheson, on his way back to Queen's University, Kingston.

The condition of Col. Ponton, who is suffering from an attack of pneumonia, shows some improvement.

Mrs. S. W. French and her daughter, Miss Dorothy, of Calgary, Alta., are visiting her sister, Mrs Perry, N. Alexander St.

Masonic Funeral

The Brethren of Eureka Lodge 283 and Sister Lodges are notified that the funeral of the late R. W. Brother William Webster will take place from the residence of Brother J. T. Sargent, Second Concession of Sidney on Friday 7th, inst., at 2 p.m. The bus will leave the Masonic Temple at 1 o'clock to convey the bearers and other brethren.

H. W. ACKERMAN, W.M.

BIGAMIST SENTENCED TO REFORMATORY

Oliver Frank Rose, alias Oliver Avery, was this morning brought up before Judge Deroche for sentence on a charge of bigamy, to which he pleaded guilty. It appears that on the 9th day of August, 1913, under the name of Oliver F. Avery, the accused was married at Ottawa to Miss Hattie McDonald of that city. From a marriage certificate produced, the ceremony was performed by the Rev. Robt. Eadie, a Presbyterian minister.

Under the name of Oliver Frank Rose, he married in this city Miss Florence Cummins, the marriage ceremony being performed on Nov. 7th, 1911, by the Rev. C. G. Smith.

Avery, or Rose, when confronted with the facts, admitted his guilt and could give no excuse for his actions. He is a comparatively young man and appeared to be penitent for what he had done. The accused stated that he had lived in Canada for five years and was unable to state whether his proper name was Rose or Avery, as he was recognized by both names by relatives.

Judge Deroche, after briefly commenting upon the case, sentenced the accused to one year in the Provincial Reformatory and also 6 months in the same institution for non-support of the second wife, both sentences to run concurrently. Mr. Wm. Carnew, County Attorney, was present on behalf of the Crown.

Young Farmer Is Killed Near Fergus

FERGUS, Jan. 5.—Mr. Fred Shaw, a farmer about 25 years of age, residing near Speedside, about five miles from here, went up on his barn to oil a power mill this forenoon. As he did not come in for dinner his wife looked out to see what was the matter, and saw that he had been caught in the shaft and wound around it until quite dead. Neighbors were summoned, and with great difficulty managed to extricate the body by cutting the clothing off in small pieces. Dr. Kyle, coroner, was summoned, but life had been extinct for some time. Shaw was married just a year and a week, and resided with his aged parent. Besides his wife he leaves a baby. His sudden and awful death has cast a gloom over the community.

1st District Can Raise 24,000 Men

LONDON, Ont., Jan. 5.—Local military officers to-day expressed confidence that little or no trouble would be experienced in raising 24,000 more men for overseas service in the 1st Military District, as asked for by the Militia Department. Recruiting continues brisk all through western Ontario, and the indications are that it will continue so. It was estimated today that fully half of the western Ontario troops now overseas or in training are married men.

GUILTY OF EXTORTION

BERLIN, Ont., Jan. 5.— Judge Hanning in the County Court this morning found Dr. Wellington Q. Jacobs, a local osteopath, guilty of the charge of extortion of the sum of $500 from Mrs. Daniel Snider of St. Jacob's, in order to hush up a criminal offence committed early last year. His Honor suspended sentence on condition that the accused pay all the costs of the prosecution. D. S. Bowlby, of this city, made a strong plea for leniency in view of the previous upright character of the accused.

Within the Military Circle

Capt. Allen of the 155th Battalion was in Toronto yesterday.

Sergts. Turner and Wells are around the city securing recruits for the 155th Battalion.

Lieut. Raymond of the 95th Battalion has been transferred to the 155th Battalion.

One of the ministers in charge of a church in this county, with regard to recruiting, says: "Every eligible man in my congregation is in uniform with the exception of one, and he is not leading any peaceful acquiescence as far as I am concerned.

The recruiting at Tweed and Trenton for the 155th Battalion is progressing very favorably.

The strength of the 155th Battalion is now over 250. Most of these recruits were secured in the surrounding villages, the number of recruits secured in Belleville being very small compared with other places.

Capt. Watson, after visiting different centres, has returned and taken up his command in the 80th Battalion.

Capt. Lockett has been appointed commanding officer of C. Company, 80th Battalion, at Napanee. Lieut. Nickles has been appointed second in command.

Up to the present time twenty-nine recruits have been secured this week for the 80th Battalion.

R. Leavitt of this city will leave on Monday for Kingston to enlist in the 33rd Battery.

Col. Ketcheson of the 80th Battalion says there will be no changing of companies for a month or so yet.

80TH BATTALION ORDERS

Orderly Officer for today—Lt. L. H. Bertrand; for tomorrow, Lt. F. L. Drayton.

Orderly Sergt. for today—Cpl. Cook, B. Co.; for tomorrow, Cpl. Webster, A. Co.

Orderly Corporal for today—L. Cpl. Knowles; for tomorrow, L. Cpl. Potter.

KINGSTON

Kingston War Garrison, Jan. 5.—The extreme and sudden changes in the weather are responsible for much sickness among the local troops. Officers and men are all complaining of severe colds, and conditions call for much sympathy from medical officers of units. Several officers are laid up with colds, and many others feel as though they ought to be in hospital rather than on duty.

Local Odd fellows are sending their members at the front in the R.C.H.A. and the A.S.C. an aluminum identification tag bearing on the face the three links of the order, and the motto of the I.O.O.F. Yesterday afternoon, Sergt.-Major Jordan, W.O., sent fourteen of these tags overseas. On the inside of the tag is a space for the name of the wearer, his number, and address, unit, and next of kin.

The local Masonic lodges sent packages overseas for the holidays for their members, and these contained many useful presents with many a luxury that will be appreciated by the boys in the trenches.

According to an order from Ottawa, the ammunition column is to be mobilized here, but there was a rumor around yesterday that it might be mobilized in Ottawa. There is very little prospects of the order being changed to Ottawa, as Kingston is by far a better place for the moblization of such a unit, and the department usually considers the welfare of a unit rather than the whims of an individual

Everything Depends On the Workmen

LONDON, Jan. 5.—The House of Commons yesterday passed a bill designed to facilitate the output of munitions.

The bill is in the form of an amendment to the Munitions Act.

In appealing for the passage of the measure, David Lloyd George, Minister of Munitions, said:

"I hope the Commons will not render more difficult the task of turning out munitions—a task more serious than I dare tell.

"Everything depends upon it. The length of the war depends upon it. Everything depends upon whether we turn out munitions in sufficient quantities to bring the campaign to an end this year.

"That does not depend on the soldiers, who have done their task heroically. It depends entirely upon—I say it in all solemnity—the workmen of this country doing what the workmen of France have done; frankly setting aside conditions, throwing themselves into the work and sticking to their workshops.

"Unless they do that, I cannot tell what the result will be.

"But I can tell what the result will be if they do so. They, and they alone, will achieve victory for this Empire and the human race, and will reflect credit upon the labor movement."

The Minister of Munitions announced that 396 additional establishments had been enrolled under the control of the Ministry since January 1. This makes a total of 2,422 controlled establishments.

New Year Greetings To All

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

Safety First

It is the desire for eye safety that impels you to wear glasses. Keep that object—SAFETY—in your mind. It is the central idea, the essential element in your eye treatment.

McFee's Complete Sight Service, made good after twenty-one years experience, affords you the safety you seek,

at

Angus McFee's
The Store with the Big Clock

At Wallbridge & Clarke's
Powdered Sweet Chocolate, ½ lb. tin 20c
Cocoa and Milk Sweetened Powder, ½ lb. tin 25c
"Dot" Chocolate, for special coatings and icings, Cakes 10c and 25c
Caracas Sweet Eating Chocolate, ¼ lb. cakes 10c
Diamond Sweet Chocolate, Cakes 5c

Delicious Coffee
Wallbridge and Clarke's
SPECIAL PURE COFFEES
At 30c and 40c lb.
Whole or ground.

☞ If you like a good pure Coffee at a reasonable price, try the blend at 30c lb. ☜

CLARK'S BAKED BEANS
Plain
Chili Sauce } 7c, 4 tins 25c
Tomato Sauce } 10c and 12½c

HOUSES FOR SALE

Near West Belleville Church, 10 minutes from market; conveniences and good cellars. Also six roomed house to rent with one acre of garden, barn and electric light, etc.

BUGGY FOR SALE
W. SMITH, Builder
33 Howard St. Phone 673

ARENA
TURNBULL ST.

BAND
Tuesday
Thursday
Saturday

OVERCOATS

Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat! We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.

Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

New Goods

5 doz. White Silk Blouses, high low neck, long sleeves, worth $1.75, on sale at $1.19

WASH GLOVES.

Imitation Reindeer Gloves, with black points, at 75c. and $1.00 pair.

D. & A. Corsets, from 50c. to $3.00 pair.

We call special attention to our $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00 Corsets.

NEW CORDUROY VELVETS.

Cream and White, extra heavy cord—great value at $1.25 yard.

Navy, Garnet, Brown, Belgian Corduroys, 27 inches wide, 65c yard.

Hundreds of bargains all over the Store.

MEN'S WEAR.

10 doz. Working Shirts, regular value 90c.; on sale at .. .. 69c.

5 doz. Heavy Wool Mitts, worth 35c., on sale at 25c. pair.

Wims & Co

80th Battalion Photographs Are Now on Sale At Waters' DRUG STORE

See these in the Window

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip

Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.

Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows.

F. W. L. CARRE

Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward counties.

Phone 366 · 276 Albert St., City

SANTA CLAUS' WEARING GLASSES

Of course! Santa is a wise old man, open to progressive ideas. For some years he has felt eye-strain owing to his increasing mail. Therefore he has ordered several pairs of glasses

OF OUR MAKE.

Now he is happy and advises all of you—

Especially the Children.
—to pay him a visit during holiday season and vacation.

Alex Ray, Opt. D.

Belleville's Eyesight Specialist.

The Company and Staff extend to you and yours Greetings and Good Wishes for a Happy New Year

The Trenton Electric and Water Company Limited

Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Advertise in The Intelligencer

U.S. Better Out Of World War

Not Needed and "Preparedness" Will be Drowned in "Pacifism" Says Northcliffe

To get an expression of the British attitude toward the war at the beginning of 1916, the United Press went to Lord Northcliffe, proprietor of the London Times, and probably the world's greatest present day newspaper publisher. Northcliffe, who through his fifty publications is probably more closely in touch with the British public than anybody else in the United Kingdom, has answered with the following statement:

LONDON, Jan. 5.—When months ago I had the honor of communicating with at least fifty million people of North America, through the United Press, I plainly expressed my belief that we were in for a long, long war. Events have followed the lines I indicated. I do not pose as a prophet, but I do know something about the touchness of Anglo-Saxon fibre as compared with that of the Prussians, and I do know that each day brings access of strength to us and weakening to them.

Pre-War Pacifism

The German war point of view is frankly money-making and territorial aggrandizement. Dr. Helfferich, the German finance minister, constantly dilates upon the indemnities Germany is going to get. Germany hopes, in addition, to obtain the Belgian Congo Germany was under the impression that the wealth of France would pour into her lap within a few weeks of the outbreak of the war. England was not expected to enter the war. The pacifists, like yours, again and again informed the world that we did not raise our boys to be soldiers. England's coming into the war was as great a surprise to our government as it was to the Germans. We had, with one or two exceptions, a pacifist administration.

But so soon as Germany entered Belgium, the common people rose as one man to insist upon an attempt of defence for the little nation and its king.

Parallel Positions

The outburst of rage that followed in Germany was the rage of the tiger baulked of its prey. The German tiger consoled itself by the thought that John Bull was an effete old plutocrat whose sons and daughters were given up to sport and amusement. Our army was little larger than that of the United States. The Kaiser in his famous order issued at Aix-La-Chapelle, referred to it as "Sir John French's contemptible little army."

Since then by voluntary enlistment of free men we already possess one of the world's largest armed forces.

The United States' position to-day is not at all unlike ours before the war. The United States is eaten up with commercialism and pacifism as we were, and is not in such a good position for fighting as we are, by reason of the lack of unity of the races that now compose the United States. On the other hand, the United States offers the same temptation to any hungry and aggressive enemy that we did. You have lots of money, few soldiers, and comparatively few sailors. Troops can be moved to American shores from hostile countries in little more than the time it took to move bodies from New York to Boston two hundred years ago. The fact that we have been able to transport at least a million soldiers across the sea, shows that any European or Oriental nation could, if the United States is unprepared (as she is) ship them to America.

Thanks For Sympathy

Britain, France and other allies are grateful for the sympathy they have received from large numbers of Americans. Some ten thousand United Statesers have shown their loyalty to the cause of democracy, freedom, and individualism by enlisiting in our army either through Canada or direct. One of these, an extremely able young artillery officer, said to me yesterday: "We Americans are not fighting with you for King and country. We are fighting with you for the liberty of the world and because it is our duty."

The Germans have their ideal. It is not ours; it is not that of France, nor is it that of the United States. Their ideal is the subordination of the mass of people to discipline.

No Racial Likeness

To one who has mixed much, as I have, with Americans, Canadians and Australians (I except my own people for obvious reasons), the suggestion that the North American, the Australasian or the British branches of our race belong to the same racial grade, as these socalled Prussian supermen is preposterous. The squareheads with no back to them and and the outstanding ears, the over-eating and drinking, the coarseness, the cruelty, the bullying of inferiors and the cringing to superiors that make up the Prussian, mark him out for what he is—a man who has to be ruled and regulated by the miltary and the police.

As far as England is concerned, we have never attempted to interfere with his system of government so long as it was confined to his own country, but directly the attempt was made to apply it to Belgium and France, we leaped into the ring and do not propose to listen to any of the German peace squealing, of which we get an almost daily chorus, until militarism and policeism have been taken home to where they belong.

If they like to treat their women like squawks and drudges, if they prefer to elevate the policeman to the dignity of a ruler, if goose-stepping and cringing suit them, let them have these things. That is their own business.

But the foot riots and the peace riots show that there is a limit to what even a Berliner can stand,

U. S. Won't Prepare

The point of view of practically every Briton I know, and one which is shared by Canadans, Australians, New Zealanders and South Africans, is that the English-speaking end of the war is a matter for the British Empire, and that, despite our lack of preparation, we do not need any help from the United States. Another section of British thought, and this also applies to almost all French thought, is that the intervention of United States would be calamity to the Allies.

Personally, I do no think the United States will prepare for war. There will be an immense amount of talk as there was with us; you will have people like our Lord Roberts preaching wisdom, but his views will be drowned in such melodies as "I didn't raise my boy to be a soldier."

We have the German tiger where we want him; and we mean to put him back in his own cage, well tamed, and with his fangs drawn.

Finally, the main policy of Great Britain is first, to keep German ships off the sea so long as a single German soldier remains in Allies' territory, and so long as an indemnity to Belgium, France and Russia is unpaid; and, secondly, as I mentioned in a previous statement to the United Press, to enlist every available man by voluntary recruiting and compulsion.

My statement regarding compulsion was received with a bow both here and by United States, but our people have adopted it even more quickly than I expected.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

MOST PERFECT MADE.

Often imitated but never equalled. Do not experiment—there is no other "just as good."

FIRE PREVENTION VS. FIRE PROTECTION

"Locking the barn-door after the horse has been stolen," is a time-honoured expression; but it applies with peculiar emphasis to many of our supposedly modern municipal governments. Especially is this true in the matter of the fire loss.

While enormous sums are spent annually in the equipment and upkeep of fire departments for the purpose of controlling and extinguishing fires, it is almost a novelty to find a municipality with a department charged with the inspection, and with authority to enforce the correction, of conditions favorable to fires. In some of our larger cities some progress has been made by the fire departments, which have set apart small details of their staffs, charged with inspection work. The result of their work is minimized, however, by the fact that the inspectors have not sufficient authority.

The fire chiefs have it in their power to advance the fire prevention campaign and secure results. If a fire chief's record depended upon his keeping down the number of fires, instead of his ability to handle fires after they have broken out, there would be greater effort at inspection. Fire chiefs should insist upon sufficient men for inspection work; these men should be held responsible for the inspection and correction of dangerous conditions, and, to make their work effective, the inspectors should be clothed with fire marshal authority, in order that any fire breaking out in their inspection districts might be thoroughly investigated and the cause definitely assigned. In this way an inspector's reputation for thoroughness would be at stake, and, with the knowledge that a fire would be investigated by one familiar with the conditions, there would be fewer fires of a suspicious character or due to carelessness.

Municipalities can well afford to make generous appropriations for fire-preventive inspection work. It is an investment which will yield large returns, not only in reduced fire loss but in reduction in the cost of upkeep of fire departments and equipment.—Conservation.

Generous.

A negro truck driver backed his wagon into the space allotted to a rival transfer concern at a railway freight depot in Dallas, Tex. "Hey, dar, niggah!" yelled the driver on whose territory the other had transgressed. "I'll knock yo' outa yo' house an' home ef yo' don't back up!"

"I's got no home," retorted the offending driver. "Now, whut yo' gonno do 'bout dat?"

"I'll dig yo' one, niggah—I'll dig yo' one!"—Argonaut.

Marriage Not a Profession.

Marriage cannot be classed with anything but itself. It is [illegible]age and nothing else—a wonder[illegible]ture of experiences and duties on [illegible]y different planes. So far as its spiritual demands go, it may ask of a woman, as of a man, all she has in her, or it may not. So far as its material demands go, it may require everything or nothing. It may of necessity fill her life or leave it empty. To call it a profession is to blur its meaning, for it is much more than this and much less.—Elizabeth Woodbridge in Atlantic Monthly.

Honored.

Clayborn, an old negro coachman of a southern physician, was talking to another negro one day about the price of a ticket to Jacksonville. "Ah don't know nothin' 'bout tickets," said Clayborn. "My boss never has no tickets for his travelin'." "Is dat so?" asked his friend. "Why don't he have no tickets?" "'Cause de railroad is jes' proud ter tote him!" exclaimed the loyal Clayborn.

The doctor was surgeon for the road.—New York Post.

Coal Enough For Thousands of Years.

The results of the investigation of the world's coal resources by the international geological congress show that there is a reserve of unmined coal estimated at 7,398,561,000,000 tons, of which two-thirds are situated in North America between the Rocky mountains and the Appalachians. As the present annual consumption is about 1,300,000,000 tons, there is enough coal in sight to last nearly 6,000 years at the present rate of consumption, and it must be remembered that South America and Africa are still largely unexplored.

A Hibernating Fish.

A remarkable fish known as Protopterus annectens is found throughout the whole of tropical Africa, but is most common near the West Coast, where it sometimes attains a length of six feet. During the dry season, when many of the ponds dry up, the fish descends some distance into the mud and forms a rounded hollow form nest, which is lined by a capsule of hardened mucus secreted by the glands of the skin. It hibernates thus for nearly six months, drawing its sustenance from the fat secreted when it is active.

Lightning Strategy.

"Too many strategists," said a military officer, "jump to conclusions. They are too hasty. They begin a new movement before the old one is finished; hence all manner of errors.

"These strategists are like the floorwalker whom a married man, having got separated from his wife in the crowd, approached and said:

"'Excuse me, but I've lost my wife'—

"'Coffins,' said the floorwalker, 'ninth floor, back. Gents' mourning, eleventh floor, front.'"

Embarrassing.

The Squire's Pretty Daughter (examining the village school)—Now, children, can you tell me what a miracle is?

The children looked at one another, but remained silent.

"Can no one answer this question?" the new curate asked, who was standing behind the squire's daughter.

A little girl was suddenly struck with a brilliant idea. She held up her hand excitedly.

"Well, Nellie?" the squire's daughter asked, smiling approvingly.

"Please, miss," the small child replied breathlessly, "mother says 'twill be a miracle if you don't marry the new curate."—London Globe.

A House in the Air.

In 1863 a balloon of 200,000 cubic feet capacity was constructed at Paris. It was named the Giant and was intended to show the great possibilities of the air. The car attached consisted of a small two story house fitted with every modern comfort, lavatories, dining room, bedroom, kitchen, parlor, etc. Thirteen passengers made the first ascent, but the journey was of only four hours' duration. The last ascent was for seventeen hours and was abruptly terminated by a high wind, which, when the balloon descended, dragged the little house bumping over the ground. The remains of this giant of the air was for a long time exhibited in the Cyrstal palace in London.

GOOD DEEDS.

In man's mad strife for wealth and luxury it were well to remember these words from the Koran: "When a man dies they who survive him ask what property he has left behind. The angel who bends over the dying man asks what good deeds he has sent before him."

Tops of furnaces being near the floor above them or the pipes too near the wood of the building, constitute one of the worst and commonest fire dangers common in cellars.

Fighting the Arabs

THE British Official Press Bureau has just given out a picturesque account of the campaign for Bagdad by Sir Mark Sykes. He describes the victory of Kut-el-Amara in September, and deals with events before the British reverse at Ctesiphon, farther up the Tigris, resulting in the retreat to Kut-el-Amara, where the British force under General Townshend is itself besieged.

The campaign in Mesopotamia differs beyond all words from every other operation taking place in the world in this year of war. It may be called the Cinderella of Campaigns, for indeed, if past history and modern engineers tell a tale to be believed, the swamps and wastes of Irak will be changed within the life of the present generation into something as different from themselves as were the mice and pumpkin of the fairy story.

The approach to south Mesopotamia lies through the Persian Gulf, and the gulf itself is a part of this campaign.

The lawless and ignorant tribesmen of Persia are being urged and organized to plunder Bushire, Bander Abbas and Jask by the erstwhile commercial travelers and consuls of Germany; the half-witted Persian fanatic is deliberately encouraged to assassinate British and Russian consular officials in the provincial capitals. To meet and check this policy Great Britain must need detachs small bodies of troops at Charbar, Jask, and Bushire. In each of these places a small handful of Indian troops under a few British officers give peace and security to traders, foreigners, and Persians alike. Inland the tribesmen roam in anarchy under their German leaders; on the shore peaceful commerce is protected from their onslaught by these little bands of exiles.

On the southern side of the gulf at Muscat and Bahrein again we find similar isolated groups, in each place holding in check those forces of disorder and violence which the enemy's agents seek to provoke, but on the Arabian shore the star of Germany is on the wane, the Arab sailor folk know that on the Sea "Allemani" are no more. These Arabs, who cruise as far afield as Zanzibar and find their way to Malabar across the open sea without sextant or master's certificate, have learned that the flag of Germany cannot be shown upon the waters of the earth so long as war lasts, and the word has gone through the Arabian coasts that he who would trade abroad must be the friend of the Ingliz, who spoiled the slave trade in years gone by and lately stayed the traffic in arms.

A winding river, which is restless in its bed, capricious in its fall, uncertain in its rise, and sown with shifting shoals and sands, is the sole means of communication between Bagdad and the sea; it is the inevitable line of supply, advance, or retreat for Turks and British. On either hand stretches limitless plain, but its faint depressions are swamps of unknown shape with bays and inlets, while at right angles to the river banks run dried canals and cuttings with hard ridges on either hand.

As for the population, it is base, semi-nomadic Arab, cruel, treacherous, and rascally as the town influence can make it, yet predatory with primitive Bedawi instinct.

To those people, Turkish corruption, smugglers, and a year's war have brought a wealth of arms and munitions; without any cohesion or policy they are neither for British nor Turk; on the day of battle they haunt the outskirts of the fight, plunder the wounded and stragglers impartially, harass the retreat of the defeated side, hoist white flags over their tents, and make professions of unswerving fidelity to whosoever seems to be in the ascendant.

Kut the day after its occupation was as Kut of the day before, yet with a difference—the Turks had gone and the British had come. The British soldier, the first gentleman in Europe or Asia, and his brother, the Sepoy, were in possession. Now neither Briton nor Indian owe any debt of gratitude to the Arab tribesmen, who have plundered wounded, mutilated the dead, sniped, pilfered, spied and betrayed. There is no reason why our fighting men should distinguish between the inhabitants of the towns and the encampments; rough dress, language, habits, and appearance are one, and in war the soldier has no time for nice ethnological differences and the historical influences. He does not know that the tribesmen of the inverted double Deltas of Mesopotamia are the descendants of Khariji Anarchists of the 9th century and of the Carmathian outlaws of the 10th, that among them smoulders the sub-conscious fire of the lost and persecuted cause of Ali, that to them all organized government has been for above eighteen generations the emblem of cruelty, oppression, and robbery, that their chiefs have of a set purpose been encouraged and schooled in treachery by generations of perfidious Turkish Beys and Persian Governors.

The British or Indian soldier does not know that since Ja'afer the Barmecide was executed by the despairing Harun-al-Rashid no man south of Bagdad has stood for justice and right-doing; that all has been wrongdoing from the age when Ma'amun fought Amin for Bagdad to the day when Hulagu, the monster, pierced the canals and annihilated by famine a population of eleven millions, and thence to the coming of the Committee of Union and Progress and the German concessionaires, who have thrived on intrigue and wickedness in these later days.

Precious Emeralds.

Emeralds are worth more a karat than any other precious gems.

The Ford peace crusaders will be allowed to pass through Germany under lock and key. Everybody has said they would be locked up if ever they entered Germany.

Winter Sports Are Now In Order And Call For Skating SHOES

SKATING SHOES

We Have Some Splendid Styles For Ladies, Men and Boys

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES

Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros.

January Clearance Sale

offers you unmistakably the greatest money-saving opportunity that has ever been handed out in this city for years and years.

Below are a few startling offers, while others are to be found at ever counter throughout this great store. READ:—

$1.00 Sateen Underskirts clearing at .... 69c.
$1.00 to $1.50 House Dresses clearing at .... 69c.
75c. to $1.50 Ladies' Waists in Cashmere and Volle materials, clearing at .... 49c.
$1.00 to $1.25 Ladies' Kimonas, clearing at .... 49c.
Children's All Wool Mitts, special values for .... 15c. pair
Children's Coats at astonishing prices, suitable for Kiddies, ages 1 to 6 years; come in Navy Blue and Red Serge material, also Brown Bear Cloth; very specially priced to clear at .... $2.50 to $3.50
Children's Fur Fabric Muff and Stole Sets, clearing at $1.50 set
Children's Toques, great values for little money at 25c., 35c. and .... 50c.
Mens' Sample All Wool Underwear, much below its regular value.
$1.50 to $2.00 All Wool Shirts clearing at $1.25 a garment

McIntosh Bros

PERSIAN LAMB

We have never before been better prepared to meet the season's demand for high class Persian Lamb garments, than at present.

Why not get prices on having your Persian Jacket repaired, remodelled or lengthened? We have skins to match every coat.

G. T. WOODLEY,

Phone 421. 273 Front St.

Holiday Goods For Men, Women and Children

Toys, Dolls, Games, Sleighs, Bibles, Books, Brass Goods, Fancy Goods, China, Glassware, Baskets, Hand Bags, Cushions, Handkerchiefs, Fancy Trays, Centres, Twisted Cord, Xmas Cord, Holly Ribbon, Tissue Paper, etc. Endless variety of goods to select from.

Our Prices Sell Our Goods

THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

The Standard Bank of Canada.

Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.

GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.

Toronto, 28th December, 1915.

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch · · · JOHN ELLIOTT · · · Manager

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, 227 Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $2.00, strictly in advance.

This is the 521st day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany

THE THEATRE GOER.

The crowds that attend the theatres are composed of practically four classes. There are the real "play-lovers"—those who enjoy a good play and follow every word and act with close attention and go home after the show feeling that they have been repaid for the time and money spent.

Then there are the "time-killers"—those who go to the play house for the sake of something to do. They take no particular interest in the play or the players and are seldom satisfied when the play ends.

A third class might be termed the "nuisance"—the fellow who sits near by and talks about anything and everything and makes it impossible for those around him to hear anything that is being said on the stage.

And then there is the "pest"—that distracting individual who insists upon explaining the play as it goes along and is eternally commenting upon the ability of the different actors when all in the world you want to do is to listen to the words of the actors themselves. The "nuisance" is an abomination to all around him but the "pest" is your own private thorn in the flesh.

THE DEADLY PARALLEL.

"In the reign of Attila," says Gibbon, the historian, "the Huns became the terror of the world." In view of the outrages by which the modern Huns have led the civilized world to combine against them it is interesting to pursue the parallel. The Kaiser, as is well known, altogether approved of Etzel (Attila) and when German troops were starting in 1900 to assist in quelling the Boxer rising in China, he told them: "Quarter will not be given; whoever falls into your hands is forfeit to you, just as 1000 years ago the Huns under King Etzel made a name for themselves which is still mighty in tradition and song."

Attila crucified his captives just as the Huns of today crucified Canadian soldiers. Attila, by right of the sword and that alone, swore for "World Dominion or Downfall," just as the governors of Germany have done. Attila, like Herr von Bethmann-Hollweg, broke treaties whenever he considered it in his interest to do so. Once in a fortified town on the Danube Attila's followers in defiance of a solemn treaty sacked the place, killed or dispersed the citizens, and when taxed with their bad faith, said their act was one of reprisal! The parallel to Belgium's plight to-day could hardly be closer.

When Attila invaded France, neither woman nor child nor priest escaped outrage or massacre. He burned cities and committed excesses of all kinds, so that he came to be known as the "Scourge of God" of whom it was often said that the grass never grew on the spot where his horse had trod. Anyone who has seen the ruined villages of northern France to-day, the ravaged country scored with trenches and littered with wreckage of war, can easily realize how close is the resemblance between the Hun of a thousand years ago and the Hun who at this moment pollutes the soil of our ally.

But as the plunderers, and murderers of Attila's horde met a just vengeance, so will those of the Kaiser's armies. As the Allied Romans and Goths under Theodoric and Thorismund overthrew Attila's army of 700,000 leaving 300,000 dead on the battlefield at Chalons-sur-Marne, so will the Allied Belgians, French and British hurl to overwhelming disaster the armies of William the Hun.

Then the deadly parallel will be complete.

BRITISH INDUSTRIES FAIR.

In view of the great success of the British Industries Fair, held at the Agricultural Hall, London, England, from May 10th to 21st, 1914, the Imperial Board of Trade have decided to hold the second British Industries Fair at the Victoria and Albert Museum, Kensington, London, on February 21st, 1916. The Fair will be open for twelve days.

The Fair will be conducted on the same lines as that of 1915, and is intended to extend to British manufacturers the same advantages as have been derived by continental manufacturers from the trade fairs held in their respective countries. Buyers from the United Kingdom and from all parts of the world are invited to the Fair, and, as it is intended for the trade only (the general public not being admitted), buyers will have an exceptional opportunity of transacting their business in a minimum of time.

Manufacturers only will be allowed to exhibit, and their exhibits will be strictly confined to goods of their own make. The trades exhibiting will be toys, glassware, fancy goods, earthenware and china, printing and stationery.

Admission to the Fair will be by invitation of His Majesty's Board of Trade only, and will be restricted to bona fide buyers for United Kingdom and Overseas markets. Buyers from the Dominion of Canada visiting the United Kingdom during the course of the Fair, i.e., February 21st to March 4th, and interested in the above mentioned trades, should not fail to communicate immediately on arrival in the United Kingdom with, The Director, British Industries Fair, 32 Cheapside, London, E.C., Eng.

Any further information may be obtained from C. R. Woods, Assistant to H. M. Trade Commissioner in Canada and Newfoundland.

* * *

January started out mostly all thaw, but caught cold last night.

Mexico is now troubled with a greater trouble than that well-known trouble-maker, Villa. Typhus is sweeping over the country.

The Serbians now have an army of a hundred thousand men ready to advance. The whole trouble with the Allies seems to be that they don't know when they are beaten and keep coming back.

It is reported now that the Kaiser can't speak. There are a lot of his friends that ought to be in the same predicament.

One of the immediate results of the present war has been to encourage the smelting and refining of ores in Canada. While certain metallic minerals have, in the past, received preliminary treatment in Canada, the ordinary metals of commerce, excepting lead, have been exported for refining. Recent reports announce the establishment in Canada of plants for refining both zinc and copper.

GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From The Daily Intelligencer, Jan. 6, 1868.

A very disastrous explosion of fire damp occurred in a coal pit at Blanzy, and eighty bodies have so far been recovered.

W. Cunard, Esq., has entered into a contract with the British Government for the conveyance of mails between Halifax, Bermuda and St. Thomas.

The military asylum at Augusta, Me., was destroyed by fire, the total loss being estimated at $150,000. One of the patients froze to death while being removed from the building.

The business portion of Indianola, Texas, was destroyed by fire with a total loss of $100,000.

Current Comment

No Optimist He.

A member of the first Canadian contingent, writing to friends, says: "I guess the first seven years of this war are going to be the worst." Could doggedness go farther?—London Advertiser.

Political Patronage.

There is much academic piffle written in condemnation of political patronage; but, with worthy restrictions, it is likely to continue an active factor, whichever party is in power. It is hardly a human attribute to go out of one's way to further the interests of those who have done their utmost to injure those appealed to, and, all things being equal, why should not the friend receive the preference?—Hamilton Spectator.

Credit.

John Stuart Thompson, a well-known publicist of the United States, would have his country lend Britain any amount up to $20,000,000,000 at five per cent. interest. To Germany, for the restoration of trade and exchange after the war, he does not think it safe for the United States to lend at less than 30 per cent. interest a very small experimental sum. That is the conclusion Mr. Thomson reaches in a highly interesting article in the annual number of The Monetary Times. He compares British and German credit, commerce, investments, earnings, shipping, banking, labor and other important factors, showing how Great Britain's financial triumph over Germany is complete.

He shows that Germany's earnings, to pay the cost of the war, have already been pledged for a generation, and he adds that Germany has committed national suicide, financially. Among the many interesting comparisons which Mr. Thomson makes is the following: Britain has loaned her seafronting allies to sustain war, commerce and industry during the last two years, the dependable security of four and a half billions of dollars. These debtor nations are solvent, because their trade and governmental functions are assured in continuity by the triumph of Britain's navy. Germany has loaned her allies five billions of debts, whose only future is to look into the face of democratic revolutions, which will come as surely as the gods of tyranny are found to be hollow. For instance, what is the prospect of the recovery of Germany's loans to Turkey, Bulgaria and Hungary, and the imperial fund of $50,000,000 spent in fomenting strikes and sedition, respectively, in America, Malaya, India, the Levant and Mexico?

The Poets' Corner

A Well Ruled State.

"Where spades grow bright and idle swords grow dull;
Where jails are empty and where barns are full;
Where field-paths are with frequent feet outworn,
Law court yards weedy, silent and forlorn;
Where doctors foot it, and where farmers ride;
Where age abounds, and youth is multiplied;
Where poisonous drinks are chased from every place;
Where opium's curse no longer leaves a trace;
Where these signs are they clearly indicate
A happy people and a well-ruled state."

—From the Chinese.

AVIATORS RESCUED SICK AND WOUNDED

PARIS, Jan. 4.—Aeroplanes were used for ambulance work for the first time on record during the retreat from Serbia by the French Military Mission, says Henri Barbey, a war correspondent of the Journal.

The Balkan mission was at Prisrend. There were a number of sick persons. It was impossible to carry them on stretchers, but it was determined not to abandon them. The French still had six aeroplanes. They had been exposed to rain and snow for two months, but were still in working order. Col. Fournier placed on these aeroplanes the sick whose condition was most grave and sent them by air to Scutari.

AL. RINGLING DEAD

BARABOO, Wis., Jan. 4.—Another break was made Sunday in the famous quintet of veteran circus men by the death of Al. Ringling, of Ringling Brothers. Mr. Ringling, while a sufferer from Bright's disease, had never been seriously ill until several weeks ago, when his condition became critical and he grew steadily worse until he died today at the age of sixty-six years.

He is survived by a widow and four brothers, Charles R. of Evanston, Ill.; Henry of Baraboo; John of Los Angeles, and Alf. of New York. His brother Otto died two years ago. A $100,000 theatre was a gift to the city of Baraboo from Al. Ringling in 1914

NOT BUILT FOR SPEED

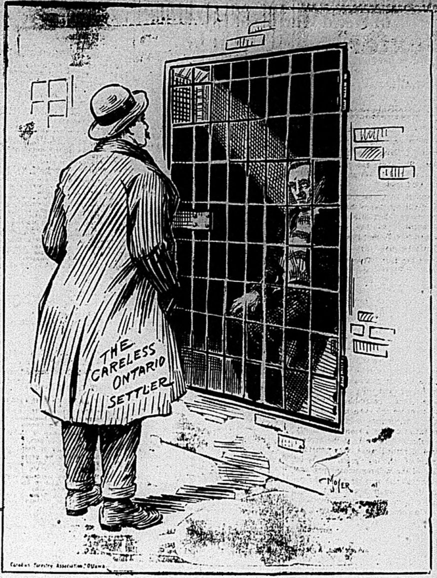
He was wandering aimlessly around at Murphy's when a floor-walker approached him.

"Looking for something?" he asked.

"Yes, my wife," replied the man.

"Describe her."

"Well, she's a sort of limousine with heavy tread, and usually runs on low."


THE CARELESS ONTARIO SETTLER
MOSER
Canadian Forestry Association, Ottawa.

The Visitor: "What crime brought you here?"
The Man in Stripes: "I burned down a fifty-dollar shed."
The Visitor: "Great Scott! We settlers burned down a million dollars worth of Ontario's forests last summer and nobody said 'Boo!'"

(Newspaper note: "Eighty-five out of every hundred forest fires in Ontario during 1915 were caused by careless settlers. Unlike British Columbia and Quebec, settlers in this province have no supervision of their clearing fires during the danger season.")

TO DEVELOP OIL FIELD.

D. A. Thomas Has His Eye on Great North-western Fields.

That shrewd fellow-countryman of his whom Lloyd George sent over to Canada, to represent him in the buying of munitions of war, has other interests here that will mean a good deal for the Dominion, and, if everything goes well, for the Empire. D. A. Thomas, known in the business world long before the war as the coal king of Wales, has had his business eye upon Western Canada for several years past, and to such good purpose that developments are even now afoot from which much is expected.

The part of Canada in which D. A. Thomas is specially interested is the coal and oil belt of the Peace River and Athabasca countries. Some time ago he bought up a large block of land along the Peace River, comprising some of the best oil prospects in the whole north country, and the developments now under way are the second chapter of the story of which the skillfully-conducted negotiations for purchase of the areas were the first. Careful investigation had previously been made, of course, as to the nature of the lands and the probability of finding oil in them in paying quantities.

Five carloads of drilling machinery went to Peace River Crossing last August, and as soon as it was put together the drilling of three test holes was begun near the chutes on the north bank of the river. The plant has a drilling capacity of 2,000 feet, and well within that distance, it is expected, a good flow will be struck. As far back as 1875 Prof. Macoun, of Ottawa, made a favorable report on the oil riches of this district, and at various times since, in different parts of the adjacent country, promising discoveries of oil have been made.

It would be good business for the Thomas interests to develop their holdings in this oil belt of the north purely for the commercial possibilities in them; but there is another motive behind it all. Naturally enough, D. A. Thomas has not taken the general public very much into his confidence as to what he intends doing up there, but the general public knows several important facts, to begin with, and is free to draw its inferences.

For instance, it is known that Coal King Thomas has a contract with the British Admiralty to supply Britain's warships in the North Sea with coal. It is also known, as a matter of modern science, that the substitution of fuel oil for coal as the motive power on warships is being seriously considered nowadays, and that the new fighting ships will probably be built with oil tanks instead of coal bunkers. When this change is made it is reasonable to assume Mr. Thomas, as a good business man, will be desirous of holding his contract, and will wish to be ready to supply the new fuel when the demand for his coal has ceased. Therefore his present interest is the Peace River country, in and around which is one of the richest oil fields in the world.

MUST LIMIT PARCELS.

Packages for Overseas Soldiers Must Not Exceed Seven Pounds.

The number of parcels for overseas troops is so many, and the strain on the transport system is so great at the present time, that the British Government has notified the Post office Department of Canada that, temporarily, no parcels over seven pounds in weight will be carried.

The British War Office states that it has been necessary to limit the amount of parcel traffic for the troops during the Christmas and New Year's season in the interest of military efficiency. The War Office points out that the great bulk of mail matter dealt with in normal times is already a severe tax on the transport service, that the amount which the roads will carry without breaking up is limited, that ammunition, food, and stores for the army must, necessarily, have preference over the mails; that any increase in the volume of mail traffic must cause delay in the forwarding of these necessary equipments for war.

The public are, therefore, appealed to, in the interest of military efficiency, to limit the use of parcel post to articles of real utility.

Fruit, perishable articles of all descriptions, bottles, and earthenware jars and like articles are prohibited, and will not be accepted for transmission; and, until further notice, no parcel exceeding seven pounds can or will be accepted for transmission to the forces in France or Flanders.

All parcels must be strongly and securely packed in covers of canvas, linen, or other strong material. Parcels which do not comply with these requirements are unlikely to reach their destination safely, and if observed in course of post will be returned to the senders. The name and address of the sender must be written on the outside, and parcels which do not comply with this condition will be refused.

A trial consignment of Canadian fish, shipped frozen, has just been sold for fancy prices on the London market. The Government is said to regard the experiment as exceedingly important, in view of the Ottawa assertion that, with proper facilities, two million pounds of fish per week can be supplied for English markets.

Those who believe that such a trade on a permanent basis would prove beneficial to both Canada and the Mother Country are urging that a small guarantee per pound be placed on consignments for a time for the benefit of shippers.

Eskimo Suits for Children.

Eskimo suits may be supplied to the children in Orde Street School, Toronto, as the result of a discussion regarding the heating of the open-air classrooms. Dr. A. MacKay gave it as his opinion that if the rooms were not heated the children would have to be provided with these suits. Dr. Hopkins said that pure, cold air would be better for pupils inclined to be tubercular, and that he would favor the supplying of suits rather than installing a heating system.

Plenty of Room.

The young man who writes verses was standing out in the night gazing at the sky when a friend ran across him.

"What are you doing—studying astronomy?"

"Go away and don't disturb me. I am gazing into infinite distance."

"I don't see what satisfaction you find in that."

"That's because you never had any experience with editors. You don't know what a comfort it is to find some place where nothing is crowded out for lack of space."—London Tit Bits.

PRACTICAL HEALTH HINT.

How to Get Sick.

Here are a few simple, certain, dead easy ways of getting sick. They are guaranteed to produce results:

By hurrying through your meals and gulping down a lot of poorly cooked, unchewed "brickbats and mortar" by way of soggy biscuits and fat meat that would defy a goat's stomach.

By never smiling at meals, but by wearing a grouch and trying to make the rest of the family miserable.

By overeating and underexercising; by constipation, intemperance and excesses; by everlastingly hurrying, worrying, fretting, stewing and straining to keep up appearances.

By sleeping with the windows closed and by staying indoors all the time.

By drawing more out of your physical and nervous bank account every day than you restore.

By always reading medical books, medical ads, and trying to diagnose your own case, especially if you didn't have any case to start with.

By taking every old medicine recommended by your friends and neighbors.

By telling everybody else how bad you feel and trying to outpoint him in his petty ailments.

By enjoying poor health—yes, just that. There are a few people one occasionally meets who really enjoy poor health. They feel miserable when they feel good because they are just sure they are going to feel worse afterward. Are you one of them?

Her Idea.

"Ma, your bank account is overdrawn."

"What does that mean, pa?"

"Simply this. You've written checks for $13 more money than was in the bank."

"The idea! If $13 will break the bank I'd find another one to do business with. I supposed they had thousands of dollars on hand all the time."

Outlawed.

"How about paying me for that suit I made for you two years ago?" asked the tailor.

"You surely can't expect me to pay for that suit," said the impecunious young man. "Why, it's all out of style."

Utilizing Niagara.

A scheme has been submitted to the New York State authorities to construct a 90ft. dam across the Niagara Gorge, so that the present whirlpool rapids would be replaced by a fall at the lower end of the gorge, from which about 2,000,000 horsepower would be available, half for New York State and half for Ontario.

JAPANESE BANKER VISITING THE WEST

Baron Shibusawa Is Head of Japan's Business World.

IS INTERESTED IN RELIGION

Aged Banker is President of a Society With the Object of Making a New Religion From the Best of the Older Bibles—His Daily Business Routine Said to be Very Severe.

BARON EI-ICHI SHIBUSAWA, who is now in America, is the recognized leader of Japan's business world. Primarily a banker, he has assisted in many ways the development of Japan's commerce. He has also distinguished himself as a philanthropist. His elevation to the peerage was in recognition of his public services. Always a sincere friend of the occidental world, he has sought by his writings and his public addresses to clear away any misunderstandings which may exist between the Eastern and Western peoples. He has twice before visited America, in 1902 and 1909. Baron Shibusawa is 76 years old. The following account of his interesting personality is translated from Jitsugyono-Nihon (Business of Japan), a semi-monthly magazine of Tokyo:

BARON SHIBUSAWA.

His wonderful energy surpasses even that of young men. For fifteen hours each day he works strenuously. Even in winter he arises at 6 each morning, takes a bath, and prepares for the day's work.

As early as 7 o'clock visitors begin to arrive at his residence in Asukayama, a suburb of Tokio, and it is not an unusual sight to see those anxious to be first to greet him waiting outside the gate until it is opened. Every day before 10 o'clock he has seven or eight callers, and it is said that very frequently his interviews last so long that he misses his breakfast.

At 10 o'clock all interviews are discontinued and he steps into his automobile bound for the city. He usually drops in at three or four places where he has engagements to fill; he then goes to the First National Bank, the only business institution in which he is now actively interested, and disposes of all business matters while lunching with the directors. The Baron is president of this bank.

After luncheon, about 1.30, he appears in his office at Kabutocho (the Wall Street of Japan) wearing his usual bright and happy smile. He usually finds anxious callers awaiting him—never less than twenty. The kind hearted Baron seldom refuses himself to any caller. It is said that he is so very sincere in his arguments and so anxious to convince his visitor that he often walks all the way to the door with him, discussing the matter meanwhile. This great sincerity has made him the most esteemed business man in Japan.

His interests are so broad and varied that hardly an evening passes without his having to attend two meetings. He makes it a rule never to appear at more than two in one evening because he is interested in many philanthropic and charitable works and the demands upon his time are very great. About 10 o'clock he returns to his home in Asukayama.

Only on Sunday does Baron Shibusawa enjoy the society of his family, so strenuous is his work during the week. On Sunday he receives no visitors. His time is spent with his family, reading his favorite books and sometimes in writing his autograph, endeavoring to catch up with the unfilled requisition of one thousand.

Notwithstanding the fact that his time is almost entirely taken up with business affairs he devotes one day of each month to the affairs of the spirit, listening to Mr. Uno on the Rongo (one of the four books of theories and teachings of Confucius and the one into which, it is generally considered, the main ethics of Confucianism are condensed) and the Rev. Dr. Ebina, the most distinguished Christian in Japan to-day, on the Bible. It is a well known fact that Baron Shibusawa always carries with him a copy of the Rongo and one of the Bible, and whoever listens to one of his speeches cannot escape quotations from both these books. He is president of the Kiichi-kyokai (Concordia Association), which aims at the founding of a new religious belief embracing all that is best in the older religions and ethics.

* * *

As the only and original newsgatherers the barbers still maintain their lead by eight or ten knots. It took the ship's barber to reveal the identity of Henry Ford.

"Truth Dexter"

By

SIDNEY McCALL

CHAPTER XXVI—Continued

Immediately after the Colonel's death, Truth's marriage, and the removal of "Miss Dolly" to the seashore, the old negro had settled into a state of dejection that bordered on melancholia. He would go about his duties in a dazed, mechanical way, and when at leisure would sit for hours by the hearth, scarcely knowing whether the fire burned or died. As Aunt Mary expressed it:—

"Dare's poh ole Unk Norah settin' humped up by de hyearth, warmin' hisself by a cold soot-hole, an' don't know de diffunce! I don't b'leeve he even 'feed dem crickits no mo', and dey all is dyin' togedder,—Unk' Norah fer grief, an' de crickits fer vittals. Ef I didn't drap a corn-pone roun' dare neighborhood onst in a while, I don't know what would happen, no how!"

But when Miss Dolly returned, the old man rallied. Here was a definite responsibilty, to look after the beloved mistress, to take, so far as lay in his humble power, the dear Colonel's cares upon himself. Then the large sums that Van began to send him for expenditure upon the homesteads, often without Mrs. Dexter's knowledge, aroused a great ambition in his honest heart.

He now sat in a latticed summer-house in the front garden, listening somewhat contemptuously to the clamor of the younger negroes who surged about Miss Troof in the quarter, and peeping now and again through the crevices of lattice-work and rose-vines, to see whether his hour of triumph was not about to dawn.

At last it came,—Truth and Mrs. Dexter arm in arm, each adorned with an old garden hat, and both peering about for the promised cicerone.

In an instant Norah was at the foot of the steps. "Walk down, ladies! Ole Norah's bin on de lookout fer you. You needn't be surgiverous 'bout dat bottom step,—now, Miss Troof. A team o' mules could come down hit now, let er lone you an' Miss Dolly! Dis way, pleeze! We'll go roun' de gyardin fust, an' den out throo de back yard."

"We are in your hands, Norah," smiled Mrs. Dexter. "Miss Truth and I haven't dared look at a thing,—have we, Truth?"

"I should say not! Why, I even shut my eyes this morning as I went down the lane, and might have broken my neck in that old trash-hole by the gate."

"Now jes' listen at dat!" exclaimed the old man, in great delight,—"when dat hole's been chugged up to de brim for lo, dese many days,—an' a Blue Gum growin' lak it done sprouted dare!"

As they walked on through the neat pathways Uncle Norah said, with obvious hypocrisy. "I ain't sayin' as how I'se done much, Miss Dolly; an' self-praise is half-scan'lous to de world. But I'se wrastled 'round considderbul."

"The improvement is nothing short of magical," protested Mrs. Dexter, with a merry glance at her companion. "I have been quite restless to come out all the morning, but wasn't willing to do so without Miss Truth."

"Dat's right,—dat's right! Miss Troof she know ebbery plant an' vine an' flowerin' onion (he meant bulb) on dis place better'n ole Norah hisself. She uster follow me 'roun' when she wasn't mo' dan dis high" (he measured off a trembling two feet from the ground). "She used ter say dat de flower-beds was places fer de flowers to sleep in durin' de winter, an' wake up bright an' yearly in de spring."

"I believe I do know them all," laughed Truth. "Look over there, at the bunch of hyacinths,—by the beehouse, just where they belong!" She broke from her companions to kneel beside the flowers. "Precious little darlings! Only a few are open yet, but the rest are crowding up like baby-teeth."

"Jes' lissen at dat! Whot I tell you?" said Norah, turning in great solemnity and implied protest to his mistress. "Miss Troof hasn't growed a bit. She allers has talked to dem yerbs an' flowers lak she thinks dem folks God made."

"And so I do," said Truth, shortly.

Uncle Norah paused for an exaggerated stare. "You thinks so yit!" he murmured. "An' you er rich lady, married to a Yankee gen'l'man!"

Truth laughed, but a tiny cloud flecked her face. They walked on in silence until the arched gateway of the "back yard" was reached. This enclosure was at once a transition and a separation between the front garden proper and a large vegetable field behind. In it fruits, berries, and flowers had once striven madly for supremacy. Strawberry plants had crep, like gaunt red spiders, over the ill-defined walks, unpruned fruit trees, quinces, pears, pomegranate, orange, and fig, had carried the battle high in air, and from the blackberry hedges, long, sword-like "suckers" had menaced the eyesight of the passer-by. At the gate of this garden the two ladies uttered a simultaneous cry of surprise. Instead of the ancient panel of rotting wood, they beheld a surface of shining green paint; in place of the well-remembered peg and string that had once served for fastening, Uncle Norah now rattled meaningly a latch of the newest invention. The old negro was one wrinkled mass of smiles.

"Walk in, ladies! Don't be afraid! Dey's somethin' to come yit."

"Why, where are we at!" cried Truth, and Mrs. Dexter could only hold up her hands in corroborative amazement. "I've never been in this Paradise before. The old fruit trees look like they had just come from the barber. Uncle Norah, you're a magician!"

"And the strawberry beds!" added Mrs. Dexter. "I never saw such beautiful rows. There ought to be some berries very soon, now."

"Dey is! Dey will be!" squeaked Uncle Uorah, almost speechless with pride. "No later'n yistiddy I seen a mocking-bird struttin' up an' down dem rows wid his hands in his pockits, lik he had rone hoe'd an' planted de whole shebang. Da't a sho' sign."

"Well, judging from the number of flowers there will be enough for us and Brother Mockin' Bird too," remarked Truth. Even as she spoke she paused, and her eyes began to dilate, "I do believe that all the hot-houses are mended," she said breathlessly, and began running. "Do I—can I believe my eyes? Here are all my old gerananiums and plants inside. Mummie, come quick! I thought they were all dead long ago."

"No, man!" cried the old man, as he flew over the ground to keep pace with Truth. "Not a one on 'em is dead! All ob dem is safe,—der gerangimums, an' de lumbago (plumbago), an' de bee-gonias, an' de night blomin' serious, down to de Christiananthems (chrysanthemums), all on 'em is ez chipper ez fleas on er fat poodle. I nussed de myse'f, cause I seen Miss Troof cryin' when she tole 'em good-bye."

Truth was on the point of crying now.

"But how did you manage to get the houses repaired so neatly, way off here in the woods?" asked Mrs. Dexter, with some curiosity. The question was like honey on the tongue of the old man. "Well," he began importantly, "I ain't a sayin' dat it wus as easy as rollin' off a log—or aven stayin' on one. De wood-work didn't amount to shucks, but de glass was sho' survigerous! We hadter git it fum Mungummery by mejjermint,—an' I nebber did had no use fer dem tape-worm lines! De fuss lot,—hit was too big. De secon' lot,—hit wuz to little. But de third, hit com right enuff, an' a man, wid puty in a pail." It was a peculiarity of Uncle Norah, that he always sunpplemented his narratives with pantomine. During stages of the present recital the misfitting glass had been indicated by planes of air between two horny palms,—his disgust at the stupidity of glass-dealers in general by a protruding under lip, and Frenchy shrugs of the shoulders;—now he went through the motions of a man carying a heavy pail. Truth had to cover her mouth now and again to laugh in the wrong place. Mrs. Dexter's face had remained sweet and grave, though deeply interested.

"Well," Uncle Norah continued, "Jes' as we wus puttin' in de las' piece ob glass, an' de chewin'-gum not dry around de aidges, dat fool Sam Turner—you know Sam Turner, Miss Troof," Truth put her head on one side, and looked puzzled. "Dat long-bodied, yaller nigger ob Aunt Big Mary's half-sister Bricie Coon's"

"Oh, Bricie's Sam! Of course I know him!"

"Well, dat same fool nigger,—jes' as we wus liftin' on de las' window-frame, smilin' careful, an' stoopin' over slow (every gesture was faithfully reproduced), what should come up behin' dat nigger but er was'-ne' (wasp), an' set down on his thinnest patch. 'Sted ob composin' himself, lak de Bible says, Sam up an' screech till you could a heered him de length ob de Pombigbee, dropped the whole window, and went down throo hit, head fust, infer de pit!" Here the narrator stopped to wipe his brow. "I was dat mad!"—Words failed him.

"Truth broke into peals of laughter. "Poor Sam!"

"Po' Sam!" echoed Uncle Norah indignantly. "S'psonin' yo' gerangimums had er bin in dare. Fool Sam., I sez!"

"But he might have cracked his skull."

"Crack Sam Turner's skull, Miss Troof! Now you oughter knew better'n dat. Nothin' dis side ob a mule's hind leg gwineter crack Sam Turner's skull. An'," he added reflectively, "I ain't sayin' dat I would be willin' to put up my Sunday pants even on dat. Sence Sam's bin wukkin' in de stable I'se noticed dat both mules has in-growin' toe-nails."

To be Continued.

LOOKING FOR WORK

Everywhere men complain about work; even boys and girls in school or business find work tedious and irksome, but it isn't the work half so much as their own lack of physical strength that makes it hard.

Rich blood, strong lungs and healthful digestion make work pleasurable in business, in school or even housework, and if those who are easily tired —who are not sick, but weak and nervous—would just take Scott's Emulsion for one month and let its pure concentrated food create richer blood to pulsate through every artery and vein—let it build a structure of healthy tissue and give you vigorous strength —you would find work easy and would look for more. Insist on Scott's.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 15-35

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

"Fruit-a-tives" Cleans, Purifies, Enriches

Fruit juice is Nature's own remedy.

"FRUIT-A-TIVES," *the famous fruit medicine*, keeps the blood pure and rich because it keeps the whole system free of impurities.

"Fruit-a-tives" *improves the Skin Action;* enables the stomach to digest food properly; makes the bowels move regularly; and relieves the strain on the Kidneys.

By its cleaning, healing powers on the eliminating organs, "Fruit-a-tives" rids the system of all waste matter and thus *insures a pure blood supply*.

50c. a box, 6 for 2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa

◆

BIG ISLAND.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Wager spent Thursday at G. W. Barrager's.

Mr. and Ms. Claton Sprague and family spent New Year's at W Wrightmyer's, Bethel.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Milligan took dinner at Albert Wager's on Friday.

W. J. Wager spent the week-end at Shannonville.

Mrs. Dorland Graves spent Tuesday at J. S. Wardner's.

Skating is the order of the day.

◆

HALLOWAY

Mr. R. Stout, of Hamilton, Mrs. D. McKinnon, of Alberta and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Stout, of Boston, paid a flying visit to their aunt, Mrs. J. Townsend one day last week.

Mr. L. Provins, of Milltown, is visiting at Mr. T. J. Kelly's.

Mr. and Mrs. John Lowery spent Sunday at Beulah.

Mr. and Mrs. George Bird, of Chatterton, spent New Year's Day with their daughter, Mrs. C. H. Kelly.

Mrs. George Harris and two children of Belleville, spent a few days with her sister, Mrs. Wm. Kelly.

Mr. Walter Shanks, of Toronto, is spending a few days at Mr. C. Spencer's.

The Women's Institute of this place met at the home of Mrs. R. B. McMullen on Wednesday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bird, of Foxboro, spent New Year's Day with their daughter, Mrs. C. Wilson.

Mr. Simon Elliott has gone to Toronto, where he has a position as bookkeeper for G. T. R. Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Maines, of Lost Channel, spent a day last week with Mr. and Mrs. H. Townsend.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hogen have gone to Berlin, where they will in future reside.

Miss Annie Lott, of Trenton and Miss Mabel Bartlett, of Foxboro, are visiting their cousin, Miss Mae Townsend.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Vance and Mr. and Mrs. R. Cross, of Bloomfield, spent Sunday at Mr. S. Elliott's.

Mr. and Mrs. Herb. Townsend and family spent New Year's Day with her parents, Mr and Mrs. H. Garrison.

3 LEADERS

THE DOW

ALES STOUTS & Malt Extract

Consumers who cannot purchase the Dow Brands from their local dealer, please address "Mail Order Department," 38 Chaboillez Square, Montreal.

The National Breweries Limited Montreal

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—30690

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Preemption patent my be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388

◆

WHISPERING GALLERIES.

Old World Churches With Remarkable Acoustic Properties.

The most celebrated whispering gallery is that which surrounds the base of the interior of the dome of St. Paul's cathedral, London. A person speaking near its surface can be heard distinctly by one listening near the smooth wall at the other extremity of the diameter, but not elsewhere.

In the cathedral of Gloucester a whispering passage leads from one aisle to the opposite behind the east window of the choir. It is seventy-five feet long, six and a half feet high and three feet wide in the form of half an irregular octagon. The walls and ceilings are of freestone, and the slightest whisper travels from end to end.

The cathedral of the Taj Mahal in Agra, India, has most marvelous echoes and reverberating qualities, but is scarcely a whispering gallery. The whole cathedral of Girgenti, in Sicily, has this character owing to the peculiar structure of its walls. These remarkable properties also belonged to the "Ear of Dionysius," cut in the rock at Syracuse in the shape of a parabolic curve, ending in an elliptical arch. It is said that the tyrant seated in a small chamber over a hundred feet from the spot occupied by his captives by this means could hear every word spoken by his prisoners.—London Answers.

If Animals Could Speak.

It is a startling fact that if some animals could tell their life history they would be able to recall events which happened hundreds of years ago. A Russian eagle, for instance, would be able to remember watching with greedy eyes as one by one the French soldiers under Napoleon fell exhausted out of the ranks in their awful retreat from Moscow in 1812. There are crocodiles alive in India today which saw the first English traveler set foot there, while there are whales in the sea which may have skirted the coast of France when it was invaded in 1415. A great many elephants could recall historical events of a hundred years ago, while there are ravens still living whose memory could go back twice that period.—London Answers.

The Amethyst.

A good example of one of the ways in which magical properties became attributed to natural objects is the stone known as amethyst. The ancient Indian name of this stone had the sound represented by its present name. In Greek this sound happens to mean "anti-wine;" hence, without more ado, the ancients declared that the amethyst was a preventive of and a cure for drunkenness!—London Mail.

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

Bonaventure Union Depot

Change of Time Commencing Saturday, January 8th.

OCEAN LIMITED	Leaves 7.25 p.m.	Daily Except Sat.
Montreal, Quebec, St. John, Halifax.		
Maritime Express	8.15 a.m.	DAILY

Through Sleepers, Montreal to Halifax.

Connection for
The Sydneys, Prince Edward Island,
Newfoundland.

The NATIONAL

TORONTO TO WINNIPEG

Leaves 10.45 p.m., Tues., Thurs., Sat.
Arr. 3.50 p.m., Thurs., Sat., Mon.

Tickets and sleeping car reservations.. Apply E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto. Ont.

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F.S.ANDERSON CO'S
GENUINE
SCRANTON
COAL
BELLEVILLE

The Best we Can Buy Carefully Prepared and Delivered

The F. S. ANDERSON CO.,
42 Bridge St.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Winter Resorts

SPECIAL ROUND TRIP FARES.

LONG LIMIT STOPOVERS.

Asheville and Hot Springs, N.C.; Charleston, S.C.; Nassau, N.P.; Hot Springs, Ark.; French Lick Springs, Ind.; Jacksonville and all Florida Points; Havana, Cuba and New Orleans, La., via New York and Rail (or steamer according to destination,) or via Buffalo, Detroit or Chicago.

BERMUDA AND WEST INDIES
OTHER HEALTH RESORTS.

Mount Clemens, Mich.; Battle Creek, Mich.; St. Catharines, Well., Ont.; Preston Springs, Ont.

Further particulars on application to Grand Trunk Agents.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 4.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 1.50 p.m., 7.30 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate points—6.25 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—16.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 5.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *2.40 a.m.

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

†Deseronto only.

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville Ont.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily
No. 16— 2.00 a.m.—Fast train, flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7.00 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m.—Express, daily.
No. 28— 5.45 p.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19— 2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13—4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.
No. 29— 7.60 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.20 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1— 3.05 p.m.—International Limited, daily.
No. 7— 4.55 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO.

Going West.	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.
Going East.	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North	Leave	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.
Going South.	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.56 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1915.

GOING EAST.

CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.50 p.m.	2.58 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

GOING WEST.

MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.12 p.m.	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

	Daily except Sunday
Going East	
Leave Toronto	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	5.32 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leave Belleville	5.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.30 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent.

Belleville Business Directory

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column or calling at The Intelligencer Business Office, full information may be obtained.

MINING.

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE

Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

"COLLIP, FLORIST."

Front Street.

Night Phone 175. Day Phone 208.

All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.

Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts.

OUR LINES

Automobile Storage and Car Repairing Supplies
Bicycle Repiring
Motor Cycle Repairing
Gas Engine Work
Electrical Contracting
Electrical Supplies
Oxy-Acetyline Welding
Locksmithing
Machine Work
Storage Battery Care and Charging
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Call and see us, whether you do business or not, at

The Garage

GREENLEAF & SON

Phone 83. 288 Pinnacle St.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3.. Saturday 10 to 3.

R TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

When youth's ship is wafted by the breeze of love, prudence flies with the wind.

◆

To love wisely is never a matter of calculation; to love well is never to choose.

◆

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INSURANCE.

W. H. HUDSON

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.; North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies. Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.

Office: 17 Campbell St., Belleville. Phone 161.

CHANCEY ASHLEY

Insurance Agent

Has Removed to 229 Front Street

Next to Riggs' Music Store

THOS. STEWART

Bridge Street, Belleville.

Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON

Agent for

Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance. Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.

ROBERT BOGLE

MERCANTILE AGENCY.

Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed. Office, 28 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY

Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way. Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.

W. R. Vallance, Mgr. Phone 330.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front St., Belleville. Phone 548. LEE CHEW.

ENGINEERING.

J. D. Evans, C.E. & O.L.S.
J. W. EVANS, C.E. & M.E.

EVANS & EVANS

Civil and Mining Engineers and Ontario Land Surveyors.

Belleville and Trenton.

Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker & Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

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ASELSTINE'S MOTOR BUS, CAB & AUTO LIVERY

Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tired, for weddings, private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town. Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection. Phone 229.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers. Apply to

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Barrister, etc.

Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St., Belleville.

LEGAL.

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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell St. Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates.

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MALCOLM WRIGHT.

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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge St. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.

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PORTER & CARNEW

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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

Belleville, Madoc and Tweed.

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W. C. MIKEL, K.C.
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W. D. M. SHOREY

Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg. Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms.

Office: 8 Campbell St., Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England

Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

Those who forget today seldom remember tomorrow.

◆

Petulance is a shadow that clouds the sunshine of life.

EARTH'S BETTER DAY IS DRAWING NEAR

The Divinely Appointed Remedy for Unrest of the World.

The Opening of the Year Suggests the Dawning of the New Age—The Change of Dispensation Manifest to All, but Understood by Few—The King of Glory Soon to Come In—The Great Struggle in the Spiritual Heavens — "The Strong Man" About to Be Bound—The Lord Is Judging His People—The Faithful Soon to Be Rewarded.

PASTOR RUSSELL

New York City Jan. 2.—Pastor Russell gave a very impressive discourse tonight at the New York City Temple, W. 63rd St., near Broadway. His text was, "He that sat upon the Throne said, Behold, I make all things new." (Revelation 21:5.) He spoke as follows:

The opening of a New Year is like the opening of a new ledger. It is a favorable time for determining what should be disposed of in the profit and loss account, for putting into effect good resolutions governing the New Year. Those who make no resolutions make very little progress in character-building. Poor fallen human nature needs all the braces and supports which a well-directed will can give it. We are not advocating hasty, and sometimes unreasonable vows, resolutions, and pledges, thoughtlessly taken and soon broken. What we have in mind is a thoughtful, rational consideration of the matter, a full determination to pursue the way which deliberate judgment tells one is the proper course. In general, the New Year is a time of preparation for a fresh start in life.

On the other hand, the close of the old year is the time for taking stock and for estimating the profits and losses of the year. In other words, it is a time of judgment, or decision. It is a time for issuing dividends, or wise investments. It is a time for the meeting of directors and for the election of officers and servants for the incoming year. So at the close of this Gospel Age, its affairs are being wound up. The Lord is judging His people, and is about to reward the faithful in glory. Meantime, the world must be set in order for the inauguration of the New Order, the Messianic Kingdom.

The Real Cause of Present Conditions

According to the Bible, earth is the one province of the Universe which is in rebellion against the Creator and at variance with His wise and beneficent Laws. Man, the King of the earth, was created in the image and likeness of God, with the Divine Law written in his heart, and only "a little lower than the angels." (Psalm 8:5.) But this earthly king, Adam, rebelled against his Over-Lord, Jehovah, disobeyed His Laws and brought himself under a sentence of death—"Dying, thou shalt die."—Genesis 2:17; Romans 5:12.

The laws of heredity have so operated that to-day the children of Adam find the average of life only 35 years, and but few individuals pass the century mark. But Adam in his perfection, although less favorably circumstanced, was nine hundred and thirty years in dying. The dying experiences of the race are manifested in mental and moral degradation, as well as in physical degeneracy. With all our knowledge and medical skill the race continue to weaken and the ratio of the insane to increase.

Once Bible students would have stated that God is upon the throne of earth and delights in the present order, which the Bible declares to be a reign of Sin and Death. Once Bible students would have declared that, not satisfied with present conditions, appalling as they are, the Creator has arranged that at death all humanity except the Elect Church shall be turned over fully to the control of demons, who by Divine foreordination will be empowered to torture everlastingly the poor unfortunates of Adam's family beyond the power of human tongue to tell.

These same Bible students would have resented the suggestion that God is NOT reigning over the earth; and that, instead, the world is under the domination of Satan, "the Prince of this world." (John 14:30.) But with facilities for Bible study far superior to anything which our forefathers enjoyed, Bible students are finding that Christian people have overlooked many features of the Divine Record. As the eyes of their understanding gradually open wider and wider, they are seeing lengths, breadths, heights, and depths of God's Wisdom, Love, Justice, and Power of which they never before dreamed.

We are finding that the horrible teachings of the past, which have caused so generally a spiritual nausea, came not from the Bible, but are "doctrines of demons," promulgated during the Dark Ages. St. Paul tells us that the present blindness and ignorance, which hinder mankind from seeing and appreciating the real character of God and the Divine Plan for human salvation, are deceptions Satan, "the god of this world."—[illegible] Timothy 4:1; 2 Corinthians 4:4.

A Pertinent Query.

Now, properly enough, comes the query, "If Satan is ruling amongst mankind as the god of this world, where did he get his authority and power? Did God turn the control of mankind over to demons?"

The Bible answers all our queries. God did not give the dominion of earth to Satan, but to man, in proportion as man lost his perfection and became weak in mind and in body, he became the slave of Satan and Sin. Satan and the fallen angels have exercised—especially during the last forty centuries—all their power and ingenuity for the ensnarement and degradation of man. Their influence would have been all powerful for man's overthrow, had not the Almighty provided humanity with will power and to a large extent forced the evil spirits to respect it.

As a result, we see that human depravity has made much less rapid progress than it might have done. To some extent man still possesses the image of God, in which he was created. Many still possess a natural appreciation of truth and righteousness, which under God's arrangement the fallen angels are not able to overcome. If mankind realized the true situation, undoubtedly the human will would be more persistently than ever exercised in opposition to the wiles of the Devil. As it is, these evil spirits hide their identity, and through spirit mediums personate the dead, who according to the Bible, "know not anything," being asleep in death until the Resurrection Morning.—Ecclesiastes 9:5,6,10; Psalm 146:4; Job 14:20-22; Genesis 3:19; John 5:28,29.

"I Make All Things New."

By the Heavenly Father's appointment, the Redeemer of men is to be the great King of Glory, who will reign for a thousand years and "make all things new." Repeatedly He tells us that the first work of the New Dispensation will be the binding of Satan. Not only is this referred to in Revelation 20:1-3, but also in our Lord's parables.

Jesus declared that when the appointed time should come His Second Advent would take place. He likened it to the coming of a thief in the night, when men in general would be off guard, not expectant of a change in the rulership of earth. He intimated that His loyal saints will first be taken, while mankind will be in ignorance of the fact that the time has come for the Reign of Righteousness. Next the Son of Man will "bind the strong man, and then He will spoil his house"—overthrow present arrangements. (Matthew 12:22-29; 24:42-44.) This picture implies a struggle; for the strong man, Satan, has had a great host serving him, ignorant of the fact that he is a usurper and that many of his laws are unjust.

Many of them have never understood that He who redeemed the world by the sacrifice of Himself holds a Divine appointment to be the King of Earth, to quell the rebellion and to bring back into harmony with God all the willing and obedient. Many do not know that this Messianic Kingdom will be God's answer to the Redeemer's prayer, "Thy Kingdom come; Thy will be done on earth, even as it is done in Heaven." Many therefore do not know that all things are to be made new; and that the time appointed by the Father for this great work is a period of one thousand years, now chronologically due to begin.

Not knowing these things, many will be found fighting against God, thinking that in supporting the institutions of the Prince of this world they are doing God service. The Redeemer intimated most distinctly that some of these ignorant ones will be prominent in the ministry of His own Church. They will be surprised, when the honors of the Kingdom are distributed, that they will receive none, but will suffer humiliation and tribulation as unfaithful servants. The Masters words respecting this class are, "Many will say unto Me in that Day, Lord, Lord, have we not prophesied [preached] in Thy name? in Thy name have cast out devils? and in Thy name done many wonderful works?"

But the new King will say to them, "Depart from Me"—come not near to share in My Kingdom. Instead of working righteousness, you have been workers of iniquity. Instead of serving Me as ambassadors for My Kingdom and properly representing Me before men, you have done the reverse. You have upheld unrighteousness. You have promulgated doctrines of demons, and have been My adversaries, not My servants. Depart with weeping, wailing, and gnashing of teeth, expressive of your disappointment, to be sharers with the world in its great Time of Trouble, from which My faithful Bride class shall be delivered.

Whatever reformation your share in that tribulation shall effect will determine what I may do for you or with you in the future, in harmony with the Divine arrangements. But I cannot recognize you as in any sense worthy of the glory, honor, and immortality which shall be accorded to the Bride class.—Paraphrase on Matthew 7:22,23; 13:40-43; 25:30; Luke 13:25-28; 12:45-48.

Two Parallel Ages.

Looking at the time of the change from the Jewish Age to the Gospel Age, we perceive that during a period of forty years God dealt especially with Fleshly Israel—from the beginning of the ministry of Jesus until the destruction of Jerusalem by the army of Titus. That forty-year period the Master styled the Harvest of that Age. The gathering of the wheat class progressed close down to the consummation of that Harvest—the separating of the chaff class meanwhile taking place.—John 4:35-38; Matthew 3:11,12.

Finally, when the wheat had all been gathered into the garner of the New Dispensation, by the begetting of the Holy Spirit, the chaff was consumed in a time of trouble which utterly destroyed the Jewish polity. The destruction of the chaff did not signify the annihilation of unbelieving Jews nor the eternal torture. It represented parabolically the complete destruction of their Jewish hopes. Those hopes have lain buried for eighteen centuries, and are only now reviving—in the form of Zionism.

The parable of the Wheat and the Tares (Matthew 13:24-30) pictures the Lord's work during the Gospel Age. The Master and His Apostles sowed only good seed, the pure Message of the Messianic Kingdom, to which a saintly few would attain and which ultimately would bless all the families of the earth. But Satan, through his various agencies—many of whom wore the livery of Christ), oversowed the wheat-field with tare seed—false doctrines, "doctrines of demons."

From this unauthorized sowing by the Adversary—as a result of these false doctrines which he caused to be promulgated throughout Christendom—many nominally came into the Church of Christ. These never really professed to be wheat, never had the begetting of the Holy Spirit, never were disciples in the only sense that Christ acknowledges any to be His followers.

As tares resemble wheat, so these deceived people, the progeny of false doctrines, think themselves to be Christians. They greatly outnumber the true Christians, just as the chaff of the Jewish nation outnumbered the "Israelites indeed." As God then gathered the wheat, the "Israelites indeed," in the spiritual House of Sons by the begetting of the Holy Spirit, so now He will gather the faithful ones of this Gospel Age into the Heavenly Garner by the change of the First Resurrection. As the prospects and the hopes of the nominal Israelites, the chaff class, were consumed in the great time of trouble which closed that Age, so the hopes and the prospects of the tare class will perish in the great fire, or Time of Trouble, with which this Gospel Age is closing.

"The Old Order Passeth."

The dispensational change near at hand will be much greater than that of eighteen centuries ago. There, our Lord Jesus merely sent forth the Message for calling out of His Church. But here, the Church, having been completed, is to be glorified; and the Kingdom of Messiah is to overthrow completely the kingdom of Satan. In illustrating the radical change which is to take place in the near future, the Scriptures refer to the Deluge, which completely overthrew the systems of wickedness and unrighteousness then prevailing.—Matthew 24:37-39; Luke 17:26-30.

The Apostle Peter tells us that in the end of this Age the overthrow of present institutions will be as complete as in the days of the Deluge. He declares that the present earthly elements—Capital and Labor, aristocracy and common people, plutocracy and socialists—will be engaged in a terrible strife, which can be properly symbolized only by a consuming fire. More than this, St. Peter declares that the heavens also will take fire—ecclesiasticism will become involved in the strife and will pass away with a great commotion.—2 Peter 3:1-13.

But let us remember that it is neither the physical earth nor the Heaven of God's habitation that will burn up. It will be merely the social and religious institutions which, under the supervision of the Prince of this world, are styled "the present evil world," or imperfect arrangement.

As St. Peter also points out, the present order will be superseded by a New Order, which the Apostle calls "new heavens and a new earth, wherein dwelleth righteousness." The new heavens will be the Church in glory, in Kingdom power. The new earth will be the new social arrangements instituted, guided, directed by the new heavens—Messiah's Kingdom. The New Kingdom will enforce its laws as with a rod of iron—inflexibly. No longer will it be true that whosoever will live godly shall suffer persecution, and have all manner of evil said against him falsely, as a reward of faithfulness to Christ and the Truth. On the contrary, in the Day of Messiah's Kingdom, the righteous shall flourish, and all wilful evil-doers shall be cut off in the Second Death.—Psalm 72:7; 37:9.

The Work of the Kingdom.

Through the Prophet the Lord calls attention to this new condition, saying, "Behold, I create new heavens and a new earth; and the former shall not be remembered, nor come into mind." (Isaiah 65:17.) Our context tells us of this same "new heavens and new earth" condition as taking the place of the present order of things. Then it describes the Church under the symbolism of "the New Jerusalem," the capital of Messiah's Kingdom, and the centre from which authority will go forth for mankind's assistance out of the fallen conditions of sin and death.

We also read that through those blessed provisions, "God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes; and there shall be no more death, neither sorrow, nor crying; neither shall there be any more pain; for the former things [the present evil world] are passed away." The work of renewing will require the entire thousand years of Messiah's Kingdom, and will be successful to the highest degree.

Let all whose eyes of understanding have been opened to see these things rejoice, and tell abroad the glorious story that the period of the reign of Sin and Death is expiring; and that the new period of the Reign of Righteousness is near at hand, bringing life everlasting to every one who will be obedient. With this thought before our minds, the New Year before us will bring us joyful suggestions, helpful in all the experiences of life—especially to those who have become followers of Jesus. Those who are seeking to walk in His steps, willing to suffer with Him for the sake of the Truth, shall in due time be glorified together with Him, as members of His Elect Bride class.

The conversation of the lives and health of employers is an investment that produces large returns in efficiency and contentment.

Great care should be exercised when thawing frozen water pipes with a naked flame. Hot water is more effective and is absolutely safe.

SINCLAIR'S SINCLAIR'S

NEW DEPARTURE IN EARLY CLOSING
During the Months of
January, February, March

SINCLAIR'S STORE Will Close
Saturday Nights at 7:00

After carefully considering the question of Early Closing, we have decided that for the Winter Months of January, February and March we will close our Store every Saturday Night at 7 o'clock.

This early closing means much to our Staff, many of whom live a long distance from our Store, and will thus be saved a long walk to and from their homes during these stormy winter months.

But in this movement for Early Closing we must ask the co-operation of all our customers, as well as the many friends of such a forward movement, for we want to serve the public just as well for the future as we have tried to do in the past.

Instead of our staff going home to tea, one half at 5 o'clock and one half at 6 o'clock as heretofore, they will now all remain until 7 o'clock, and the hours from 5 to 7 will, we hope, be busy hours in our store, and our complete staff will be at your service.

This Early Closing will begin Saturday, January 8th
Store Closes at 7 p.m.

Sinclair's

QUEEN CONDEMNS FERDINAND'S MOVE

Bitter Quarrel Reported in Bulgarian Royal Family.

CROWN PRINCE A PRISONER

Correspondent of Figaro Says Queen Eleonora Told Expelled Nun That Czar Ferdinand Had Imperilled His Throne — Prince Boris Reported to Have Attacked Father.

A VIOLENT quarrel has occurred between King Ferdinand of Bulgaria and Queen Eleonora because the former is fighting with the Teutons, according to a Balkan correspondent of The Figaro. When the King expelled the French nuns from Bulgaria and the Queen helped them to reach Roumania, so the story runs, she told the Mother Superior that Ferdinand had imperilled the Throne and placed himself beyond the pale of Europe.

QUEEN ELEONORA.

According to the same source of information, Crown Prince Boris also attacked his father, accusing him of treachery, and refused to accept the appointment of Commander-in-chief of the Bulgarian army. The King, it is further alleged, is keeping the Crown Prince a prisoner in the palace.

The Nerve of Him.

Young Alfred had been reading the evening paper and paused contemplatively for a few moments.

"Father," said he, "what is 'inertia?'"

"Well, if I have it, it's pure laziness, but if your mother has it it is nervous prostration," responded father, with a yawn.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

Like Our Own Moon.

Observations made at the Lowell observatory on the varying brightness of two satellites of Saturn, viz., Mimas and Enceladus, indicate that these bodies rotate on their axes in periods identical with those of their revolution around the primary, i. e., they behave like our own moon, and probably like satellites generally.

Real Hunger.

Little Willie's mother sent him to bed without any supper.

At 8 o'clock, as Willie lay dismally in his little bed in the dark, his father appeared at the door and whispered:

"Son, could you eat some honey in the comb?"

"Jiminy, dad!" Willie answered. "I could eat it in the brush!"—Exchange.

A Burst of Eloquence.

This is from Australia: "Gentlemen, a member of this house has taken advantage of my absence to tweak my nose behind my back. I hope that the next time he abuses me behind my back like a coward he will do it to my face like a man and not go skulking into the thicket to assail a gentleman who isn't present to defend himself."—Exchange.

Queer.

"That young doctor is queer."

"In what way?"

"He admitted that he didn't know anything about my case."

"A lot of doctors do that nowadays."

"I know, but this fellow also admitted that he didn't know another doctor he could turn me over to."—Detroit Free Press.

Sunken Bark.

"They tell me that Smith was arrested today because he drowned his dog in the river," said Jones.

"How could they arrest him for drowning a dog in the river?" demanded Brown.

"Why, they claimed that a sunken bark obstructed navigation," replied Jones.—Spokane Spokesman Review.

Her Example.

"The hen is at once a model and a rebuke to human beings of overweening ambitions."

"How so?"

"Although the rival of the American eagle himself as a great national institution, her highest ambition is to keep on scratching for a living."—Baltimore American.

Lessening the Trouble.

"These are the smallest sandwiches I ever saw for the money," complained a tourist in a seaside restaurant.

"Yes," replied the waitress; "there was so much complaint of the quality of them that I thought I would make them smaller, so that there would not be so much to grumble about."—London Globe.

A Matter of Improvement.

Mr. Henry Clay Pinckney, an Afro American of deepest ebon hue, lay very ill. The mistress of the plantation called to ascertain his condition. "How is your husband this morning, Marin da?" she asked.

"Mis' Jane," was the reply, "dey hain't no imp'ovement one way or de yudder."—Argonaut.

DISREGARDS RED TAPE.

Lieut.-Col. Marlow an Indefatigable Worker in Army Medical Service

They say this is a war of young men, and a striking example of that truth is Lieut.-Col. F. W. Marlow, the head of the medical service in Toronto military division, who has not only the charge of all the medical matters in this immense business of gathering and sending forth troops, but who has undertaken, and has won widespread respect through, the still greater work of providing for the returned soldier. Lieut.-Col. Marlow is only 38 years of age. Yet it is very doubtful whether any administrator in the whole military machine has so many serious and undelegateable duties.

But, for all his youth, this is Lt.-Col. Marlow's name in full, giving him all his titles and degrees: Lieut.-Colonel Frederick William Marlow, A.D.M.S., M.D., C.M., F.T.M.C., M.C. P.S., L.R.C.P. (London), F.R.C.S. (England), F.A.C.S., associate professor of gynaecology at the University of Toronto!

The letters A.D.M.S. mean Assistant Director of Medical Service, which is the title of the head of the medical department of a military division. All the other letters are titles he has won in the sphere of medical science.

Lieut.-Colonel Marlow succeeded to the post of A.D.M.S. when Dr. J. T. Fotheringham went overseas. To-day he has not only to see to the general welfare of the Army Medical Corps, but his duties cover the medical care and examination of every soldier in the bigger part of Ontario. When the troops marched from Niagara it was Lieut.-Colonel Marlow who had to go over the route and supervise all camps. He had to make all arrangements for the care of road casualties. All permanent camps, such as the Exhibition, the old General Hospital, camps at Oshawa, Brantford, and all over the division, have to be inspected by him and seen to be kept in good condition.

It was in connection with this returned soldier problem that Colonel Marlow earned public esteem. He took the plan for a system of convalescent homes, which he and his associates had evolved, and saw it through to its logical application. When the muddle at the Discharge Depot was uncovered, Col. Marlow was one of the men called to Quebec to help handle the big rush of returned men; and while there, he took the opportunity of lending his wits to the untanglement of the muddle. For months Colonel Marlow has argued that returned soldiers should not, except in simple cases, be dealt with at Quebec, but should be sent on to their home division, there to be held and examined and finally disposed of. It was the simplest and most effective way, and it permitted also of the exercise of personal consideration for the returned soldier.

Personal consideration is one of Col. Marlow's unique points. He is accessible. It is so hard to reach the heads of departments. But possibly on account of his youth, which gives him an inexhaustible well of energy, Colonel Marlow is to be seen any day giving a hearing to the plainest soldier, while gold braid waits its turn. He is no flunkey. And he doesn't do any tagging after anyone.

Canadian Wheat Saves Belgium.

It is interesting to note in connection with the study of the war from an economic point that to-day the price of bread in Belgium is the same as it is in England. Bread of the best quality made from flour, ground from Canadian wheat, has been kept at the level price and unaffected by war, through the good offices of the Belgian Relief Committee.

This committee received a large share of its wheat and flour from Canada through the generosity of the Canadian people, shipped from the Canadian committee's headquarters in Montreal, and its allotment is so regulated that there could be no advance in the price to the people. Of course, a large part of the bread is actually distributed free to those who have no money—for the committee sees that all have sustenance—but in such cases the commune either pays, or gives an obligation to pay, for the bread at the standard price.

This has been accomplished as a small part of the wonderful and almost incomprehensible work of the Relief Committee. The committee has seen to it that rich and poor are treated alike in the distribution of bread. No matter what a man's resources may be, he can receive only his allotment of bread each day and through the same channels that the poor man receives his.

Canada's Noble Response.

A quarter of a million men have been Canada's contribution to the war to date, and thousands of these have long been mouldering in the mud of Flanders.

But, first and last, it is about 250,000 troops that the Dominion has raised or is raising for the glory of her British Empire.

The announcement has just been made at Ottawa that 145 Canadian infantry battalions, with a total war strength of 160,000 men, exclusive of artillery, engineers, and other branches of the service, had been authorized up to date. Of this number, 55 battalions have already been sent to England or France, and the other 90 are either now in training or organizing in Canada.

Including artillery, engineers, and the various branches with each infantry battalion, the total number of men in the 145 battalions will be more than 250,000.

To Treat Zinc Ore.

The zinc industry in British Columbia will receive a big impetus in the establishment at the Trail smelter of a large plant for treating zinc ore, to be operated by the Canadian Consolidated Mining & Smelting Co. The plant is almost completed, and is costing in the neighborhood of $1,000,000.

Just Rebuke.

About a thousand years ago Sadi wrote:

"A man had sore eyes. He went to a horse doctor, who applied to his eyes what he used for his horses. The man became blind. He took the case before the judge, who said: 'No damages. If this fellow were not an ass he would not have gone to a farrier.'"

Not That Kind.

Weary Walker—Lady, could yer help a poor fellow a little? I've got a hackin' cough an' a headache. Mrs. Kindling—Well, I've got a little wood outside you could hack, and it might cure your headache. Weary Walker—Much obliged, mum, but, yer see, my headache ain't of the splittin' kind.—London Scraps.

CHEERFULNESS.

Cheerfulness is a great help along all the walks of life. Cheerfulness is so very salutary that it might well be called the nectar of health. A cheerful frame of mind greatly assists recovery from illness. So do cheerful doctors, cheerful nurses and cheerful surroundings.

The Long And Short Of It!

TALL Men, Short Men and Stout Men frequently find the Clothes question quite baffling!

Those who have worn our Special Sizes for such proportions know that the solution here is easy.

The worried ones are invited to try on our Suits and Overcoats, in Slim, Stout and Extra Sizes, just to see how easy it is to find a fit.

If you think it necessary to have your Clothes made to order, then you have not given this Store a trial.

We have all our sizes cut in several shapes to accommodate just such cases as yours. We are positive that we can

Fit You To A "T"

The fact is that we guarantee you a fit—just as much as we guarantee a fit—in any of our regular sizes.

Suits, $12, $15, $20 to $25
Overcoats, $10, $12 to $20
Trousers, $2, $3, $4 to $6

Quick & Robertson
THE OUTFITTERS

You Are Always Welcome

GORMAN'S BOOT SHOP

The
Shop
That
Fits
The
Feet

GORMAN'S

HOCKEY STICKS
NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.

AUTOMOBILE SKATES
Made in Canada
Have you seen the New Ones?
Stronger and Lighter than ever

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO.
LET US DO YOUR PLUMBING

HOME MADE CANDIES
SPECIAL FOR EVERY DAY

If You Wish
HOME MADE CANDY
Call At The
BOSTON CANDY CO.
245 FRONT STREET

BACK FLASH CAUSES LOSS OF $500,000

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Jan. 4.—While an employee of the Texas Oil Company storage plant here was stocking the boiler of the plant late this afternoon his oil-soaked clothing became ignited from a back flash from the boilers and immediately the flames were communicated to other parts of the plant, causing a total loss of $500,000.

Several containers of lubricating oil were released and within a few minutes fire had spread all over the plant. Seven huge containers of gasoline exploded, and this and the lubricating oil ran into a creek, which blazed for miles.

No lives were lost, although two employees of the oil company are seriously injured, one thought to be fatally.

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HOW DANIEL FELT

The occason was a dinner to a well-known motor manager who was off to the front, and one of his trade friends was called upon to propose his health. "This," he said, "is quite unexpected; in fact, when I came into this room I felt much like Daniel n the lion's den. When Daniel got into that place and looked around he thought to himself, 'Whoever's got to do the after-dinner speaking, it won't be me!"

Most men prefer love a la carte to the matrimonial table d'hote.

AMUSEMENTS

GRIFFIN'S
OPERA HOUSE

One Performance
Only Nightly
Photoplay Programme
Commences at 7.45.

Week Starting
Monday
Jan. 3rd
Complete change of Programme Thursday.

Reese Brothers
AFRICANDER
MINSTRELS
16 Talented Colored People, with their own Band and Orchestra.

A fantastic arrangement of Dixie's best music, songs and dances.

Prices:
Evening, - 10c, 15c, 25c
Bargain Matinee Sat., 10c

WEDDING BELLS

COLLIP—RALPH

At three o'clock on Tuesday afternoon, December 28th, the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Ralph, Dundas, was the scene of a pretty wedding, when their youngest daughter, May Vivian, was married to James Bertram Collip, M.A., Ph.D., of Edmonton University, son of J. D. Collip, of this city, the Rev. Caleb Harris officiating. There were present only the immediate relatives. The bride, who was given away by her father, wore white satin with pearls and rose point lace, veil and orange blossoms; also carrying white roses and lily of the valley. She was attended by her sister, Miss Maude, who wore old rose habutal silk and pink roses. The groom was attended by Mr. R. D. Turnbull of Toronto. The bride's mother wore grey satin trimmed with mauve and lace; the groom's mother, brown satin with fur and lace. The wedding march was played by Miss Kathleen Suter. The groom's gift to the bride was a pearl and amethyst necklace; to the bridesmaid, a gold broach; to the groomsman a set of cuff links. After dejeuner the bride and groom left for Edmonton.

KIERMAN—LOTT

A very pretty home wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Lott, Six Conession of Sidney, on Wednesday, January 5th, when Mr. Lott's sister, Miss Lena Lott of Toronto, was joined in the holy bonds of matrimony to Mr. John Kierman of Wallbridge. The wedding ceremony was performed by Rev. L. M. Sharpe of Sidney Circuit, at high noon, in the presence of about sixty guests. The home was beautifully decorated for the occasion with owers and evergreens, which was in keeping with the happy event.

The bride looked charming in her beautiful gown of embroidered net, trimmed with satin and roses, and she wore a beautiful bouquet of cream roses and maiden-hair fern, which was held by a very costly pearl brooch, the gift of the groom. The many beautiful and costly presents, which were given the bride shows her popularity with her many friends of Sidney and city, as there were several from Belleville, including Mr. and Mrs. George Thompson and daughter, Marjorie, Mr. and Mrs. Herb Barragar, and others. After the ceremony the guests sat down to a sumptuous repast, which the hostess, Mrs. Lott, received much praise as being an ideal hostess, as the tables were laden with all the good things that could be provided for such an occasion.

Mr. and Mrs. Kierman, after receiving the congratulations of their many friends, left amid showers of rice and good wishes for their honeymoon. On their return they will reside at Wallbridge. The bride's going away dress was blue serge, with black velvet hat to match, trimmed with a white feather bandeau. Mr. and Mrs. Kierman's many friends join with The Intelligencer in wishing them a long and prosperous wedded life.

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Interesting Items

David Doughton, a carpenter of Smith Falls, fell dead while at work on Saturday morning.

Against the advice of the surgeons themselves, but on the wish of his family, an operation was performed on "Glad" Murphy yesterday afternoon.

A revolutionary outbreak occurred yesterday morning in Port an Prince, Haiti. The force of American marines was attacked. One of the rebels was killed by the Americans, who suffered no losses.

Henri Bourassa spoke in Ottawa Tuesday night on bi-lingualism and in defiance of the Ontario Government's policy on Separate schools.

Dr. Thompson, of the Yukon, has been chosen to move the address in the House of Commons. F. J. Robidoux is expected to be the seconder.

The Citizens' Committee of One Hundred expects to have 50,000 men organized by the end of the month.

An avalanche in the Alps buried beneath it an Austrian patrol, only one man being rescued.

General Henry S. Burnett, who died on Tuesday in New York, had the distinction of being one of the prosecutors of the assassins of President Lincoln. For several years he was United States attorney in the Southern New York district.

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GOT PLENTY TOO

Richard Harding-Davis was condemning a cheap motor-car.

"What won't they do next to push that machine!" he said. "I understand that with every new car purchased they now actually give away a squirrel."

"A squirrel?" said his friend. "What on earth is the squirrel for?"

"To run behind the car," said Mr. Davis, "and pick up the nuts."

MUSIC & DRAMA

MAY BELL MARKS CO.

In the presentation of "The Girl Thief" at Scott's Theatre last night, the May Bell Marks' Company ably lived up to the reputation they gained the previous evening.

The company is all this paper said it was yesterday and a little bit more. Miss Marks is in a class by herself as far as repertoire work is concerned, and the company that supports her is of the highest praise.

While on Tuesday night Miss Marks and Mr. Hubbard overshone the remainder of the company, last night in addition to Miss Marks should be mentioned Aruthur Hebert in the heavy character Robert Ames, "The Man", and Mildred Bell as Ruth Day, although the popular selection might be F. H. Willard as Jim Blake.

The story of reforming a young girl thief and returning her to the better life was one full of pathos, yet abounding in good clean humor.

The specialties were again of the highest quality and were again appreciated by all present.

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Speech From The Throne to be Brief

OTTAWA, Jan. 5.—There will be several Cabinet council meetings this week to put the finishing touches on the speech from the throne and make the final arrangements for the opening.

The speech from the throne will be very brief. The chief and about the only legislation to which any reference will be made will be the bill to extend the life of Parliament a year. There will, of course be reference to the general military situation as far as it concerns Canada and a repetition of the announcement of Canada's determination to see the war through to the end.

It is understood that after the debate on the speech from the throne, the Government will introduce the bill to extend Parliament. Nothing will be done until this is enacted.

Liberal Caucus Likely

The attitude of the Liberals is not certain and a caucus will likely be called soon after the opening to make a decision. From unofficial views expressed by Liberal members at the capital the bill will be allowed to pass although not without some debate and cross-firing. The Liberals may ask for an undertaking that no railway legislation or acrimonious party legislation be introduced in the meantime. It has been intimated that the Government is prepared to give this undertaking.

Outside this bill, the session will be devoted as far as the Government is concerned, almost entirely to war measures. Chief interest will centre in the Budget and the war appropriation rates. At one time the Liberals were preparing an onslaught on the financial policy of the Government, but the conspicuous success of Sir Thomas White's war revenue Budget of a year ago, the growing revenue and decreasing expenditures outside of the war, has brought about a collapse of the Liberal plans. The Budget, it is believed, will meet with only very mild criticism.

To Present Splendid Budget

The Finance Minister will be in a position to present a splendid Budget, and will show the House and the country that Canada, despite the drain of the war, is in an exceedingly strong financial position. The revenues will be a record. The revenues for the nine months ending Dec 31 were $122,000,000, and for the 12 months will likely reach $165,000,000, or fifteen millions more than the Finance Minister anticipated a year ago.

It is not believed that there will be any drastic new war taxes, although there has been under consideration the question of taxing war profits and other sources of revenue. With the present increasing revenues and decreasing expenditures Canada will be able to meet the interest on war loans and pay off some twenty-five million war capital expenditure.

The general belief is that the session will not last much past Easter.

◆

How Much Rye Do You Eat?

Most people eat little, if any, rye. Yet rye is one of the most healthful and nutritious cereals.

Dr. Jackson's Roman Meal, the most nutritious cereal food known to science, contains 35 per cent. whole berries of rye.

In addition it contains whole wheat, deodorized flax seer, and bran. It distinctly differs in composition from any other food on the market. It will positively relieve constipation or "money back."

Roman Meal looks different and requires a simpler way of preparation. So be absolutely certain to follow directions on package and do not stir while cooking porridge or you spoil it.

Sold by grocers at 10c. and 25c.
Made by Roman Meal Co., Toronto.

◆

A Syracuse man has killed his mother in an argument over religion. Was that the religion that was learned at mother's knee, as the song-writer has it?

We Have In Stock
Considerable Corrugated Galvanized Iron.

It will pay you to get our prices before purchasing. We keep a good supply of GALVANIZED NAILS on hand at the lowest prices.

Well Pumps, Cistern Pumps
of all descriptions kept in stock.
It Will Cost You Nothing To Get Our Prices.
Give us a Call

The John Lewis COMPANY LIMITED

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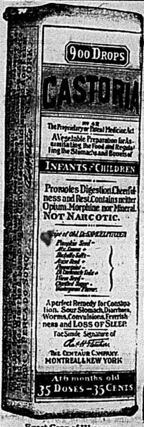
FLOUR
FLOUR

For Your Christmas Baking

you cannot afford to use any but the best flour which is of course the Quaker. Don't ran the risk of spoiling the bread, the pudding, the pie, the cake. Order a sack of Quaker flour tod-ay and make sure of that part of your supplies for the feast.

H. E. FAIRFIELD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The Proprietary or Patent Medicine Act
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
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At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

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CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
Mothers Know That
Genuine Castoria
Always
Bears the
Signature
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Chas. H. Fletcher.
In
Use
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CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Canadian Car Stocks Broke

MONTREAL, Jan 5.—A headlong slump in Canadian Car stocks, the common breaking 16¼ points, to 16 3-4, while the preferred, started apparently on a like course, was halted at 98 by the minimum, after a fall of three points, exerted a disturbing influence on the local market to-day. Outside of Car common, the liquidation was light. Steel of Canada fell 3, to 37; Iron 7 7-8, to 47; Scotia 1¼, to 100½; Locomotive, 2½ to 60½, and General Electric 1½ to 112. Bridge was about the steadiest of this war group, holding between 231½ and 231, with last sale at the latter price, but stocks were offering at 230 at the close.

Car's break in the morning session was a particularly drastic affair. Between 72 and 65, the only transactions reported were a couple of lots, forced selling, resulting from weakened marginal accounts, appeared to cease, and a little buying came on the market, which rallied the price to 63½. The rally was continued in the afternoon session to 69, and last sale went out at 68, leaving the net loss for the day 10¼, and for the past two days 18 points. The preferred remained in the committee room offered at the 98 minimum at the end of the day. Dealings in Car common footed up 2052 shares out of a total of 5585 for the day, while 150 shares of the preferred changed hands. C.P.R. was weaker, with New York, selling at 182¼; Power was offered fractionally down to 233, and Laurentide sold 1 lower, at 191.

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Unsafe ladders have many permanent disabilities to their credit.

DANGER THREATENS OUR NATIVE BIRDS

Embargo on Foreign Plumage Encourage Domestic Slaughter —Supplementary Legislation Needed

The skins of two chickadees were noticed on a lady's hat the other day by an official of the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa. The chickadee is one of our most beautiful and widely distributed birds, 70 per cent of whose food consists of injurious insects. To all lovers of the Canadian woods, it is a general favourite. There is every reason, humane, aesthetic and economic, for preserving it; yet thoughtless, fashion-crazy women persist in wantonly sacrificing it and others of man's feathered friends to decorate their millinery.

Not all women are included in this indictment, but the law should be amended to reach those who will not refrain from patronizing the slaughter of innocent and useful birds. Already, our legislators have forbidden the importation of foreign plumage, but this must be supplemented by an act to suppress the traffic in native birds. It should be made illegal, not only to kill useful, rare and insectivorous birds, but the vendors and wearers of the plumes of such birds should be punished likewise.—Conservation.

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INSULT TO INJURY

The motor-car shot down the hill at the speed of an express train, and then overturned, pinning the driver beneath it. The village policeman approached pompously. "It's no use your hiding under there," he said sternly to the half-smothered driver, "You were exceeding the speed limit, and I must have your name and address."

The Glasgow Warehouse

You Have 2 More Days

in which to receive the remarkable savings effected by buying your needs during our

BIG DISCOUNT SALE

Hundreds of Customers have been saving money during the last 9 days by supplying their wants in

Ready - to - Wear Lines

AS

Coats, Suits, Blouses, White Wear,
Corsets, the famous Gossard Front Lace,
Brassieres, Underwear,
Hosiery and Gloves, Dress Goods,
Silks, Satins and Velvets,
Housefurnishings, Carpets, Rugs, Curtains,
Blinds, Draperies,
Oilcloths and Linoleums.

2 More Days
Of Big Bargains

Ketcheson & Earle

IMPORTERS OF RELIABLE MERCHANDISE

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED—A HOUSE MAID. APPLY IN evening to Mrs. (Dr.) Gibson, 23 Campbell St. j4-dtf

TO RENT

TO LET—RESIDENCE, No. 111 CHATHAM Street. All modern conveniences. Apply Wm. Brown, 30 Forin St j5-4t

TO RENT, RESIDENCE, No. 221 CHARLES St.; contains all modern conveniences. Apply at The Intelligencer Office a23-tf

TO LET, THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the Bank of Commerce, and also rooms in the same block and the Robertson Block, suitable for offices and apartments. S. S. Lazier. j17-dtf

TO RENT—WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, splendid location. All conveniences. Apply 171 Bridge St. East. 30 6t

TO LET—WELL FURNISHED PRIVATE rooms with board. All conveniences. Apply 170 George St. j3-dtf

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—EXPERIENCED TRAINMEN. Apply L. G. Rogers, C.P.R., Trenton, Ont. j5-6td

WANTED—FIRST CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill and Planer hands. Toolmakers. Good wages. Steady work. Canadian Westinghouse Company, Limited, Hamilton, Ont. d—j27

WANTED—A GOOD SHOE REPAIRER. Apply Brown's Quick Shoe Repairing, 4 Bridge St., Belleville. Phone 779. j3-6t

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS TOOLMAKERS, lathe hands, boring mill hands. Steady work. Good wages. Apply: Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Peterborough, Ont. 6-6td

It's a pleasure to carry our bread and cake, and we carry it for the benefit of the eating community. Every day we have

VIENNA ROLLS
DOMESTIC LOAF
HOMEMADE BREAD
WHOLE WHEAT BREAD
NUT BREAD
TWISTS
PAN LOAVES, &c.

Chas. S. Clapp

WANTED

WANTED—PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE for young man. Modern conveniences, centrally located. Apply Intelligencer Office. j6-dtf

WANTED TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE, centrally located. Apply Capt. S. W. Gilroy, 80th Battalion. j5-2td

FOR SALE

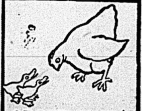
FOR SALE—FEW ARTICLES HOUSEHOLD furniture, including upright piano. Mrs. M. Coburn, 81 Mill St. j4-4t

FOR SALE—A MILK ROUTE, AVERAGING 115 quarts per day. Address to Box O, Intelligencer Office. j5-4td

TENDERS

TENDERS will be received for furnishing Coal and Cut Wood—wood to be one foot in length—for School Section No. 22. Tenders to close Jan. 15th, 1916.

W. C. McDONALD Secretary.
Point Anne, Dec. 29, 1915. d31-4td



ADOPT THEM

Adopt the use of Classified Want Ads. They have proved money makers for others. They are appreciated by the buyer, as they enable him to quickly locate the place where he can find his requirements. Will he find your business represented?

Ashes should not be deposited where they will come in contact with wooden articles, fences or outbuildings. Fresh ashes are likely to cause fire on account of live coals they may contain.

The Canadian Society of Forest Engineers has been incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario. This society has had a healthy and steady growth and is increasing in importance and influence. It now numbers forty-eight active, thirty associate, two honorary and two student members.

SPORTING NEWS

Enter "Runt"—Exit "Runt"

Jimmy ("Runt") Walsh once aspired to be a pitcher, realized his ambition, immediately established a world's record, and right then and there the pitching hopes died a sudden and violent death.

"Runt," who now is a third-sacker for the St. Louis Feds, was doing infielding chores for the Phillies two or three years ago. Ever and anon he used to approach "Red" Dooin, the managerial person, with a plea to try his arm in the box.

"I've got speed and control, and I can surely curve that pellet," argued "Runt."

"I'll give you a chance some day," answered "Red"—and the chance came during a Boston series. The Braves had hammered a brace of Phillie pitchers out of the box, two more were unfit because of duty the day before, the game was hopelessly lost anyway and so Dooin yelled to Walsh:

"Hey, you Runt, get in that box and let's see watcha kin do."

Proudly, almost haughtily, "Runt" strode to the mound. Three men were on bases. "Runt" uncorked the usual "warming" up benders, then hitched up his belt, nodded in affirmation of his catcher's signal, wound up and pitched.

The batter reached out his war club, caught the ball squarely and fairly and sent it crashing up against the fence for a three-bagger, which of course sent three runs pattering over the plate.

"Runt" was surprised, but not disheartened. He hitched his trousers once again, gave the next batter a careful once over, nodded to his signalling catcher—and let loose.

The batter hooked Walsh's curve as it broke—and the ball sailed over the fence for a home run.

"Hey, you get outa there—get outa there before I assassinate you," yelled "Red" Dooin, and "Runt" Walsh's career as a major league pitcher ended there—ended after Walsh had hung up the unenviable record of yielding a triple, a homer and five runs on two pitched balls—a record without parallel in the long history of baseball.

O.H.A. JUNIOR

Lindsay	6	Belleville	1

N. H. A. STANDING

Teams—	Won	Lost	For	Agst.
Wanderers	4	1	22	18
Quebec	4	1	23	16
Canadians	3	2	16	12
Ottawa	1	3	11	12
Torontos	0	5	11	25

GAMES THURSDAY

O.H.A. SeniorlElmira at Waterloo.
Intermediate—Goderich at Seaforth.
Junior—Oshawa at Cobourg, Simcoe at Welland, Collingwood at Meaford, Orillia at Midland.

HOCKEY NOTES

Paris O.H.A. intermediates have three brothers on the team, C., J. and E. Wooden.

The Brantford rink is very poorly lighted, and unless there is a marked improvement O.H.A. games may be forbidden there.

Masters, star defence player of the Berlin Union Jacks, junior O.H.A., has enlisted with the 118th Battalion at Berlin. He is a famous ball player in those parts, being a first baseman of unusual ability.

The Toronto N.H.A. team lost their fifth straight game at Montreal last night, being defeated by the Canadians by a score of 6 to 1.

Boston has been inquiring as to the status of Frank Heffernan, who was suspended with the defunct Victorias, and is now in New York, hoping to play with the Crescents. The O.H.A. has already replied to an inquiry from New York that Hefferman was under suspension on a matter of discipline, and no question had been therefore optional with the New York club to include him in their line-up against another American team.

HOCKEY

Before a large crowd at Lindsay the Belleville Juniors were defeated by the Lindsay team in their first O.H.A. junior game by 6 to 1, the winners leading 2 to 0 at the end of the first and 6 to 0 at the end of the second period, Belleville scoring their only goal in the last period.

The ice was covered with slush and water and combination play was almost impossible, the game consisting of one and two men rushes in which the defence men of the Lindsay team excelled. Had the ice been harder the local boys would have made a far better showing. The game throughout was very clean only two of Lindsay men being put off while the eBlleville team did not have a man in the box during the whole game. The line up:

Belleville—Nurse, goal; J. Green and Holloway, defence; G. Arnott, rover; L. Arnott, centre; Green and Whalen, wings. Lindsay—Mitchell, goal; Haugh and Flavelle, defence; Reid, rover; Mills, centre; Griffis and Carew, wings.

Referee—Lou Marsh.

◆

If Ireland should make trouble over conscription, the fitting course would be to cede Ireland at once to Germany. Then the Irish would fight the Germans, all right, without any conscription.

RITCHIE'S

Half - Price Sale

OF

FURS!

Clearing Out Our Entire Stock of Furs at this 50 p.c. Reduction

Probably never in the history of this Store has there been a greater or more sweeping sale of high class Furs. Every piece of Fur in our collection offered at just half the usual price. The showing embraces stylish Muffs, Stoles, Caperines, etc., in fine qualities of

Mink Marmot Thibet Coon Rat
Northern Sable Stone Marten

Occasionally such bargains as these can be picked up at the end of the season, but rarely in the month of January. Come in and see them; there are dozens of surprising bargains awaiting you. See Windows.

20 Only Ladies' LONG CLOTH COATS
To Sell Saturday At Only
$1.00

Practically giving them away, but they are odd Coats (no two alike) that we want to clear out before stock-taking. All good materials, in Navy, Grey, Green, Browns and Blacks. They are mostly full lengths for sizes 34, 36 and 38, and if you can wear any of these sizes be on hand early Saturday morning.

Your Choice, $1.00

NO APPROBATION. NO EXCHANGES.

5 Only Ladies' EVENING DRESSES
Regular $25 Clearing At Half Price
$12.50

The most exclusive social function would cast favor on either of these fine evening gowns. They are all different in style, but all are principally sheer Chiffons over Satins. The shades are a pretty Blue, White, Maize, Mauve and Cream. These Dresses we are desirous of clearing out previous to stock inventory, so offer them at just Half Price.

Reg. $25.00 for $12.50

—Mantle Room

Furniture Upholstering a Specialty.

The RITCHIE Company Limited

Furniture Upholstering a Specialty.

CURLING

A meeting of the members of the Belleville Curling Club was held last evening for the purpose of selecting skips for the Ontario Tankard competition, the Eastern League matches and district cup matches. There was a goodly number of members present and the skips selected were as follows:

Tankard Competition—F. Quick and J. W. Davidson.

Eastern League, senior against Napanee, J. W. Davison and F. Quick; Junior against Napanee—A. P. Allen and C. J. Symonss.

Eastern League, junior against Kingston—P. O. Pitney and R. A. Packus.

District Cup Competition—A. P. Allen and C. J. Symons for juniors; seniors to be selected.

On Monday evening next a match will take place here in connection with the Eastern League games. Senior and junior rinks will compete.

◆

It has been figured that the average cost of apprenticeship, including the cost of bringing a man to the working efficiency necessary to profit, is approximately $1,000. If this man is disabled from any cause, the employer must immediately recognize a charge for the cost of training another workman, in addition to whatever damage he may be called upon to pay as a result of the accident.

The Crippled Bird.

A very remarkable instance of the sympathetic kindness of one bird to another is given by a lady who witnessed the incident in her garden. Upon the lawn there was a basin, which was kept supplied with water for the birds to drink. Among the birds coming to the garden was a crippled rook, which had lost one leg altogether and had no foot upon the other, so that it was very helpless when it rested on the ground. One day when this cripple was upon the lawn three other rooks came and drank. Two of them flew away at once, but the third, seeing the cripple, became interested and went up to have a look at him. The inquisitive rook gazed at the cripple for a little while, put his head down to the ground several times, as if he were trying to make out what was wrong, and walked round the helpless bird, puzzled perhaps for a moment what to do. Then suddenly he made up his mind, and, putting his wing under the cripple's wing, he partly dragged and partly supported him to the water, giving him an extra tug to lift his head to the edge of the basin. Then his friend in need was seen to fill his beak with water and drop some of it into the cripple's mouth. After being shown in this kindly way where the water was the maimed rook was able to help himself to it.

Silent Water.

Three or more can play the game called "silent water." First one is chosen to be "it." He or she is then blindfolded and made to stand in a corner. He then counts from one to ten and says, "Silent water no more moving." The rest of the players, having run to some place, stand still at the command. The first one found and named by the blindfolded person is "it."

It Is Some Accomplishment

to content the exacting housewife with baker's cake—especially if her culinary skill in cake-making is excellent. Our cake is equal to that of the best home made, because it is baked with the best ingredients that the market affords. We are skilled bakers that know how to bake cake just as it should be baked. Our surroundings are most sanitary.

Yerex's Bakery

Phone 787
68 Sinclair St, Belleville

CITY AND VICINITY

FURS

Furs make a sensible and lasting gift as a
CHRISTMAS PRESENT

We have—

Children's White Thibet Sets at	$4.00, $5.50 and $6.75
Ladies' Persian Lamb at	$33 to $67 set
Ladies' Alaska Sable at	$31 to $62 set
Ladies' Black Wolf at	$25 to $45 set
Ladies' Natural Wolf at	$27 to $30 set

J. T. DELANEY

29 Campbell St. Phone 797
opposite Y.M.C.A.

Notice to Creditors

In the estate of Jacob J. McWilliams, late of the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings, Gentleman, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to the Statutes in that behalf, that all persons having any claims against the late Jacob J. McWilliams, who died on or about the first day of December, A.D. 1915, are required to send by post, prepaid, or to deliver to the undersigned solicitors for Norman McWilliams, James R. McWilliams, and David McWilliams, the Executors of the last will and testament of the said deceased, their names and addresses and full particulars of their claims, on or before the eighteenth day of January, A.D., 1916, after which date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice, and that they will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any persons of whose names they shall not then have received notice.

NORTHRUP & PONTON
Bridge St., Belleville.
Solicitors for the above named Executors.
Dated at Belleville this fifteenth day of December, A.D. 1915.
4td:d16,23,30,j6

In one of the current magazines the heroine refuses to marry a man because his tie slipped up. What a lot of good fellows would be going around happily unattached if they had turned her down because her petticoat showed!

25% DISCOUNT SALE:—BIGGEST BARGAINS EVER OFFERED

25% reduction for cash on all lines of furniture. Unexampled opportunity for buying your Christmas present at lowest possible prices. Dominion Bedding & Furniture Co., 306 Front Street D11,tf

ANNUAL MEETING

The annual meeting of Royal Scarlet Chapter No. 3 District South Hastings will be held in Orange Hall, Plainfield, January 14 at 8 p.m.

W. Embury, W.C. in C.; G. D. McCullough, Scribe. j5 2td

Dr. Dorner, Osteopathic Physician, 28 Victoria Ave., Phone 73.

TO-NIGHT

Marks' Bros. at City Hall Theatre, under the auspices of 15th Band. j5-3t.

It Goes to The Home

Our paper goes to the home and is read and welcomed there. If you wish to reach the housewife, the real arbiter of domestic destinies, you can do so through our paper and our Classified Want Ads. form an interesting and well-read portion of it.

THE WEATHER.

Westerly to north westerly winds, decidedly colder with snow flurries. Saturday, fair and decidedly cold.

The Daily Intelligencer.

ESTABLISHED 1858
58 years continuous business is a guarantee for square dealing, best values and lowest prices.
FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Office Phone 2 Night Phones 260 & 635

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY INTHINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 81 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, JANUARY 7, 1916. No. 7

Conscription Law Not Necessary

Order-in-Council Would Force all of Military Age to Join

While the citizens of Belleville are reading of the Lord Derby bill in England, and guessing at the possibilities of conscription in Canada, few, perhaps, realize that it would not be necessary to pass conscription law to force all the men of military age in this city to enlist. If the present units are not recruited within the time desired by the military authorities that all that would be needed to make every man eligible to enlist, come out, would be an order in council. After this was passed, it would simply be a case of balloting for the men, and they would be drafted. There are four classes for the draft, according to the Canadian Militia act, first single men or widowers without children, between the ages of 18 and 30; second single men or widowers without children, between the ages of 30 and 45; third, married men, with children, between the ages of 18 and 45; and fourth, all men physically fit, between the ages of 45 and 60. Of course the regular exemptions are made from these classes.

The statement made at Ottawa by someone in the militia department there, to the effect that the Canadian militia might be called out to go overseas, was the cause of the officer making his statement. He pointed out that the militia of Canada meant all men of military age. He said that because some men did the militia duty while others equally eligible to train for their country's defense neglected to do theirs, it did not make them say different regarding their eligibility to serve in war time.

"Why, even in peace time, when we are having a summer time, when we cannot get sufficient men from the military units to go down for the work we can draft from the eligible men, providing an order in council is passed," he stated.

While speaking on the subject he said that of all the military officers who attended a conference in Toronto, at least half of them were over the military age. They had come back to service because the men of the military age had failed the country.

Lindsay Store Broken Open

The liquor store of J. O'Reilly, Kent St., Lindsay, was broken into early Thursday morning by thieves for a reason only known to themselves as the proprietor could not say that any goods were removed.

On the same day at the G. T. R. freight sheds a car was broken into and the contents of a 26 gallon whiskey barrel were stolen, which was in transit to O'Reilly's liquor store.

Various theories are advanced as to who the likely parties are and the police are working on the case.

Late reports say that the contents of the barrel of whiskey were taken from the car down near Campbellford, and the barrel shipped on to Lindsay.

Hughes to Speak In Victoria County

OTTAWA, Jan. 6—Special—Gen. Sir Sam Hughes left to-night for his own county of Victoria, where he will deliver some twenty recruiting speeches in various parts of the county on Friday and Saturday. He says that 3,000 men have enlisted from that county. Later he will speak at a number of meetings in Quebec.

BLAMES GEN. STOPFORD FOR SULVA BAY FAILURE

Sir Ian Hamilton in His Report on Gallipoli Operations Blames Relieved General For Failing to Advance at Critical Moment

PRAISES BRAVERY OF OFFICERS AND MEN

Suffered Untold Agonies For Lack of Water Yet Fought Valiantly in Face of Desperate Odds—Opposed Evacuation of Peninsula—Lack of Troops Another Cause

Historical Report

LONDON, Jan. 6.—General Hamilton"s report on the British operations on the Gallipoli Peninsula was published to-night. It tells the story of the fighting on the peninsula from the beginning of May to the middle of October.

Probably no more important contribution to the history of the present war has yet been made. The report throws light upon the great landing at Anzac Cove and Suvla Bay August 7, which has been the subject of strong attacks upon the military administration of the Government, the whole operations requiring the combined action of the army and the navy.

Names General Responsible

General Hamilton names General Stopford as the man whose orders resulted in delay and the nullifying of the chance to take advantage of the surprise landing. General Stopford was later relieved.

The landing of the masses of troops within a limited area probably was the most complicated ever undertaken, and military men are not surprised that some important details failed to work as planned.

Praises Men's Bravery

The Suvla Bay landing failed to accomplish its object, the report shows, largely because the force consisted largely of untried troops under Generals inexperienced in the new warfare, and partly through the failure of the water supply. The sufferings of the troops for lack of water make painful reading.

General Hamilton bestows the highest possible praise upon the bravery of the men. He believes that after the middle of August the Turks outnumbered the British and had plenty of fresh soldiers and munitions, while the British Government was unable to furnish him with the reinforcements he wanted, the reason being one which prevented him from further insistence.

The General strongly opposed the abandonment of any of the bases held by the British troops.

Opposes Evacuation

Gen. Hamilton's report, which was submitted to Field Marshal Earl Kitchener, Secretary of State for War, carries the story of the Dardanelles operations up to Mid-October, when he relinquished his command. Concerning his retirements, General Hamilton reports:

"On the 11th of October your Lordship cabled asking me for an estimate of the losses which would be involved in the evacuation of the peninsula. I replied in terms showing that such a step was to me unthinkable. On the 16th of October I received a cable recalling me to London for the reason as I was informed by your Lordship on my arrival that his Majestey's' Government desired fresh, unbiased opinion from a responsible Commander upon the question of early evacuation."

The Ill-Fated Landing

The most stirring passages of the document describe the ill-fated landing at Suvla Bay and Anzac early in August, for securing command of the heights on the middle of the peninsula and cutting off from their base the Turkish forces at the lower extremity, where the allied armier made their first landing.

This operation began on August 6. The climax was reached at daybreak on the 10th, when the Turks made a grand attack from the summit of Chunnuk Bair Hill upon a short front held by two battalons of the 6th North Lancashire and the 5th Wiltshire Regiments, which General Hamilton describes as weakened in numbers, though not in spirit.

"First our men were shelled by every enemy gun," he says, "then assaulted by a huge column consisting of no less than a full division plus three battalions. The North Lancashire men were simply overwhelmed in their shallow trenches by sheer weight of numbers, while the Wiltshires, who were caught out in the open, were literally almost annihilated.

"The ponderous mass of the enemy swept over the crest and swarmed round the Hampshires and General Baldwin's brigade, which had to give ground, and were only extricated with great difficulty and very heavy losses.

Iron Rain Sweeps Turks

"Now it was our turn. The warships and the New Zealand and Australian artillery brigade, and the 69th Brigade Royal Field Artillery, were getting the chance of a lifetime. As successive solid lines of Turks topped the crest of the ridge gaps were torn through their formation and an iron rain fell on them as they tried to reform in the gullies.

"Not here only did the Turks pay dearly for their recapture of the vital crest. Enemy reinforcements continued to move up under a heavy and accurate fire from our guns. Still they kept topping the ridges and pouring down the western slopes of Chamnuk Bair, as if determined to gain everything they had lost. But once they were over the crest they became exposed not only to the full blast of the guns, naval and military, but to a battery of ten New Zealand machine guns, which played upon their serried ranks at close range until the barrels of their weapons were red hot.

"Enormous losses were inflicted, and of the swarms which had once fairly crossed the crest line only a handful ever struggled back to their own side of Chunnuk Bair.

Battle's Bloody Climax

"At the same time, strong forces of the enemy were hurled against the spurs to the northwest, where there arose a conflict so deadly that it may be considered the climax of four days' fighting for the ridge. Portions of our line were pierced and the troops were driven clean down the hill. At the foot of the hill the men who were supervising the transport of food and water were rallied by Staff Captain Street. Unhesitatingly they followed him back, where they plunged again into the midst of that series of struggles in which Generals fought in the ranks and men dropped their scientific weapons and caught one another by the throat.

"The Turks came on again and again, fighting magnificently and calling upon the name of God. Our men stood to it and maintained by many a deed of daring the old traditions of their race. There was no flinching; they died in the ranks where they stood..

"Toward this supreme struggle the absolute last two battalions from the general reserve were now hurried, but

(Continued on page eight)

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIANS

OTTAWA, Jan. 6.—The following casualties were reported at midnight:

5TH BATTALION.

Wounded, shell shock—Lieut. D. H. A. Tozer, Alix, Alta.

Died—W. J. Green, Hilldrop, Sask.

Wounded—Edward Norris, Pittsburg, Pa.; Lance-Corp. William W. Browne, Winnipeg.

7TH BATTALION.

Seriously ill—R. G. Bishop, Milou House, B.C.

10TH BATTALION.

Dangerously wounded—D. S. Bannerman, Banff, Alta.

14TH BATTALION.

Severely wounded—C. E. Marsh, Lachine, Que.

Suffering from shock—W. A. Kerr, Toronto.

19TH BATTALION.

Slightly wounded—Corp. Herbert E. Lewis, Toronto.

20TH BATTALION.

Killed in action—G. E. Taylor, West Toronto.

26TH BATTALION.

Wounded—Ernest Jonah, Petticodiac, N.B.

31ST BATTALION.

Suffering from shock, severe—R. G. Stanley, Calgary, Alta.

6TH REGIMENT, C.M.R.

Wounded—L. H. Garrison, Indian Harbor, Halifax, N.S.

Calls France Chief of Allies

MILAN, Jan. 6.—In a brief note to the Secolo, Gugliemo Ferero says that France is now the chief factor in the coalition of the Allies. He continues:

"At the outbreak of the war everyone thought France owed her salvation to England and Russia. To-day the world knows that if France had not made herself the Allies' shield against the furious hammer strokes of Thor, Europe would not have escaped German hegemony.

"Thanks to France, who broke the first German drive, the Triple Entente was given time to prepare its armies, blockade Germany, and win Italy over.

"Her terrible sacrifices, heroically supported, give France precedence in authority in the councils of the Allies."

THEFT OF JEWELS FROM BROCKVILLE HOME

BROCKVILLE, Jan. 6.—(Special)—It is said that the local police are seeking the whereabouts of Lieut. J. E. H. Nolan, C. Battery, Kingston, on a charge of theft of jewels of over $3,000 from Mrs. S. Flint. Nolan came here last week as usher at a fashionable wedding. He was accepted as a guest by Mrs. Flint, and had since been entertained at different homes, his bright and soldierly appearance making him a social hero. Yesterday he left Mrs. Flint's, saying he was going out for luncheon. The jewels, which consisted of pendants and rings, were not missed for some hours. It is said that he bought a ticket here for Kingston, leaving on the Limited, and that when the train was at Kingston he purchased a ticket from the conductor for Toronto, and when last seen was passing through the Union Station.

Austrian Consulate Concealed Arms

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, Jan. 7.—Havas despatches from Athens dated Wednesday says that newspaper men were invited to visit Austrian Consulate at Caloniki to inspect one dozen dynamite cartridges and a parcel of unknown explosives and fuses for electric detonators found in the trunk of one of the vervant's of the Consulate. In the same place was previously discovered 180 mauser rifles, 150 revolvers, two thousand Turkish flags, two thousand arm band ornaments with a crescent, fifty Turkish uniform and fifty filled cartridge cases.

Capt. Von Papen Talks Nonsense

(Canadian Press Special)

ROTTERDAM, Jan. 7.—Captain von Papen, formerly military attache to the German Embassy at Washington and whose recall was demanded by the American Government, landed here to-day from the steamer "Noordam." Speaking about the sinking of the British steamer "Persia" he suggested that it might be due to a boiler explosion.

French General Dies From Shock

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, Jan. 7.—General Serret, who commanded a French division in the Vosges and who was recently wounded, died yesterday from the shock following the amputation of his leg.

C hinese Rebels Loct Customs House

(Caandian Press Special)

CANTON, China, Jan. 7—One hundred men to-day attacked and looted the Chinese customs house on the boundary of Kowloon. Further trouble is expected any time as it is believed the rebels have corrupted the government troops. Christian missionaries have been withdrawn from the interior stations in Chuen province on the borders of Tibet.

◆

Also, the Germanic Allies are so hard up for rubber that they wish the tourists were back so they could use the rubbernecks.

ALLIES' POSITION SAFE ON BALKAN PENINSULA

Sir Edward Grey Says Situation in Greece is Quite Satisfactory—150,000 Turks Massed on Greek Frontier in Anticipation of Allied Advance

RUSSIANS KEEP PUSHING TEUTONS BACK

Russian Offensive Gathers Strength—Cut Railway Line—Zone of Operations Extends Northward — Occupy Advantageous Positions—Austrian Defence More Stubborn

Situaton Satisfactory

LONDON, Jan. 6.—"I do not think the Allies have any reason to regard the situation other than satisfactory," was the reply of Sir Edward Grey, the Foreign Secretary, to a question in the House of Commons to-day regarding the present dplomatic situation in Greece.

Asked if the seizure of Col. H. D. Napier, former British Military Attache at Sofia(and Captain Arthur Wilson from a Greek vessel by a German submarine in the Mediterranean was a breach of neutrality, Sir Edward said that such action was not contrary to the generlly accepted rules of internationl law.

150,000 Turks Massed

Paris, Jan. 6.—9 Turkish army estimated at 150,000 men, under the German Commander, Pertef Pasha, has appeared on the Greek frontier, says a Saloniki despatch to The Paris Temps.

The despatch adds that the report prevails at Saloniki that in the advance on the allies these Turks will attack from the northeast, while the Bulgarians and Germans will march respectively from the north and west.

No direct information has been received that the Central Powers or their allies are contemplating an immediate offensive in Macedonia, but having learned some lessons of preparedness, the British allies have hurriedly completed the fortification of their positions around Saloniki.

Russians Advancing

Petrograd, Jan. 6.—It appears not improbable, according to advices from the front, that the Austro-German forces at the southern extremity of the fighting will be forced back to the line running through Stanislau and of the in the near future, as the result of the advance of the Russians between the upper reaches of the River Stripa and the Roumanian frontier. Already the Austrians are reported to have their base towards Kolomea.

Stubborn Defense

Notwithstanding the fact that the Austrians are fighting more courageously, the Russians, it is declared, have succeeded in taking by storm fortifications around Czernowitz that were recently described in the German press as impregnable. Having cut the railway line from Russians are threatening communication between Czernowitz and Kolomea.

Zone Extends Northward

The zone of the Russian offensive is extending northward, bringing into action the left flank of the central front. From Olitza they have pushed out on the railway line 25 miles to Kevertzi and are reported advancing along the roads in the direction of and close to Lutsk and also between Podeherevitchi and Kostuhova, three miles north of the Kovel-Sarny railway west of the River Styr. These positions are regarded as especially advantageous, being flanked on the right by the Pinsk marshes, precluding a serious menace from that direction.

Recruiting at Rate Of Thousand a Day

OTTAWA, Jan. 6.—(Special)—Recruiting returns from all parts of the Dominion continue to show that the extra spurt which began in November is being well maintained. Recruits are now being reported at the rate of about one thousand per day, and new battalions are being authorized almost daily. To-day the Minister of Militia received a letter from a responsible officer offering to raise a battalion from the Assyrian citizens of Canada. The offer is receiving favorable consideration.

W. H. Sharpe, ex-M.P. for Lisgar, Man., has offered to raise a battalion for overseas service. An offer to raise a new battalion has also been received from W. G. Edgecomb, Grand Master of the Orange Grand Lodge of Manitoba.

Capt. Wilfrid Gascon of the Translators' Staff, House of Commons, has offered to raise an Ontario French-Canadian battalion with headquarters at Ottawa. A new French-Canadian battalion is being organized between Ottawa and Montreal by Major Girouard, who has recently returned from the front.

Guelph Hotel in Hands of Bailiff

GUELPH, Jan. 6.—(Special)—The King Edward Hotel, one of the largest hostelries in Guelph, is in the hands of the bailiff to-day, and Mr. Reynolds, the tenant of the premises, alleges that the hours cut off from the bar by reason of the early closing is responsible for the present state of affairs. He states that he has been losing money every day since the new order went into effect a few months ago. Failing to get a reduction in rent, he decided to abandon the premises. At present Bailiff Wm. Young is in possession, but License Inspector James O'Brien, acting on advice received from the Department in Toronto, ordered the bar to be closed.

Ottawa School Trouble Continues

(Canadian Press Special)

OTTAWA, Jan. 7.—The trouble continued and reached a crisis at the Guigutes school this morning. The school commission had placed six policemen at the school door to prevent the Misses Desloges and their sympathizers from entering, but with orders not to hurt anybody. While the crowd assailed the policemen at the main door with clubs, lengths of hose, etc., others got in from the basement and attacked the police from the rear. Then when the police on the side doors went to the assistance of their comrades the crowd poured into the deserted entrance and completely filled the school rooms. The police went back to the station and it was announced that the Misses Desloges would be left in charge of their classes until further orders were received from Toronto.

Mr. Charbonneau, the French member of the commission, announced that as there was no prospect of an amicable settlement he would resign, which he did at a meeting later.

Local Doctors to Examine Recruits

OTTAWA, Jan. 6.—Special—Instructions have been sent to all recruiting centres to secure the services of local doctors for the examinations of recruits instead of depending upon the services of one doctor for a whole recruiting district. These doctors will be appointed on the recommendation of the Minister of Militia.

Derby Scheme Not For Canada

(Canadian Press Special)

OTTAWA, Jan. 7.—General Hughes stated last night that there seemed to be no possibility of the Earl of Derby's recruiting scheme being introduced into Canada.

Canadian Doctor With the Serbs

Describes the Journey From the Interior to Salonica

LONDON, Jan. 5.—How a journey from the interior of Serbia to Salonica, only 200 miles as the crow flies, occupied 45 days, with terrible privations as regards food and shelter, was told to-day by a French-Canadian doctor, Armand Perras, of 542 Dorchester street west, Montreal.

Perras was the fist among the group of Canadian physicians who volunteered for civilian service in Serbia at the request of the Serbian Legation here through the Quebec provincial agency. Reaching Serbia in May, he was appointed medical officer at Sokobania, north of Nish. Being an inland Sea, the town was exempt from the great plague of typhus prevalent elsewhere, but he spent six months vaccinating children and attending wounded soldiers. When the Bulgars attacked Serbia Sokobania was menaced, but Dr. Perras only left the town when the prefect departed. At that time the roar of cannon was heard, only 35 miles away, and daily coming nearer.

40-Mile Walk

Dr. Perras put his little baggage on a military transport, then set out to walk 40 miles to the rail head. The roads were destroyed by the Serbs to prevent the advance of the enemy. A short distance was covered by rail with members of the French Medical Mission, but an encircling movement by the Austrian troops made a detour by road necessary. Dr. Perras started out again alone, and penetrated Albania in order to avoid Uskub when the latter was taken. Then followed days of riding or walking alongside his horse, fording rivers and often walking waist deep in water. All meals or shelter were obtained at premium prices only, the food being mostly bread, raw, onions and even cabbages.

When Dr. Perras finally reached a town on Greek soil, the sight of a restaurant table caused a nervous collapse as a result of his prolonged fast.

Awful Sights

En route Dr. Perras saw many awful sights, such as crowds of famished refugees with families, Austrian prisoners barefooted and ragged, and many fights for food among the peasants. He secured a ship for Marseilles, and thence came overland to London. He reports that of six Canadian doctors who volunteered to go to Serbia, Dr. Brault, of Montreal, went to Egypt, and the others were in Rome, with the exception of Miss Levasseur, of whom he had no news. He had not heard of Dr. Ella Scarlett-Syne, of Vancouver, who sailed for Serbia in August, Dr. Perras has now obtained a commission with the Canadian Medical Servce here.

Father and Five Boys at Front

GUELPH, Jan. 5.—The men of the Wellington battalion are out working on the "catch-my-pa!" scheme, a wrist watch being presented by the Recruiting League at the end of the week to the man securing the most recruits for the 153rd Battalion or the 43rd Battery. Among the thirteen who signed on yesterday is Charles Vince, of Guelph. This makes six recruits from that family, including the father of the boys. Quartermaster Boyd, who has just completed his term as Warden of Wellington county, reported to his headquarters here to-day.

Bedouins Remain Loyal to Britain

CAIRO, Dec. 23.—Bedouins continue to worry the Egyptian Government. Though their actions are not really dangerous, yet they are sufficient to keep alert forces which might be employed elsewhere. Emboldened by the success against the Italians in Tripoli and Cyrenaica, and by foreign gold and Turkish emissaries, the Bedouins have been making frequent raids into Egypt from the Libyan desert.

Great numbers of Bedouins remain indifferent ,even hostile to these attacks, as proved by declarations of several of their chiefs made to "El Abram," an Arab journal. They said: "What our present needs, if not peace, is justice, liberty, and prosperity of the country. What interest have we to help the assailants of Egypt, and the doors of prosperity, formerly open, are now closed through, their own acts? We demand that our Government have confidence in us, that it be convinced that our intentions are good and we codemn our neighbors' acts."

SATURDAY SALE

$20.00 Men's Serge Suits, on sale at	$12.50
$18.00 Men's Tweed Suits, on sale at	$12.00
$15.00 Men's Tweed Suits, on sale at	$10.00
$12.00 Men's Tweed Suits, on sale at	$9.00
$8.50 Men's Odd Tweed Coats, on sale at	$5.00
$1.25 Men's Coat Sweaters, on sale at	98c.
$1.75 Men's Coat Sweaters, on sale at	$1.89
$2.50 Children's Knitted Buster Suits, on sale at	$1.39
$1.25 to $1.50 Men's Flannel Top Shirts, on sale at	98c.
Men's Knitted Top Shirts, all colors, on sale at	75c.
$1.00 values in Men's striped Flannelette Nightgowns, on sale at	75c.
75c. and $1.00 Men's and Boys' Knitted Wool Caps, on sale	50c.
$5.00 to $10.00 Women's Short and Long Winter Overcoats, all colors, to clear at, each	$1.00
Special values in Ladies' Vests and Drawers, white and natural, on sale at, each	25c.
75c. to $1.00 Ladies' Moire Underskirts, all colors, all sizes, on sale at, each	39c.
$2.25 Ladies' Coat Sweaters, all colors, to clear at, each	$1.98
$1.65 Ladies' Coat Sweaters, cardinal only, to clear at, each	$1.20

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

Special . Shoe . Values

CLEARING SALE

Of

Men's Gunmetal and Patent Laced & Button Boots

English and High Toe Lasts, all sizes in the lot. Regular $5.00 and $6.00 values,

CLEARING **$3.45**

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY!

ADAMS
THE SHOEMAN

WOMAN'S INSTITUTE SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT

East Belleville Organization Reports Progress During Past Six Months

July 1st, 1915, saw the beginning of a movement which has proved not only a success but has been the means of helping the community of Belleville.

The East Belleville Women's Institute met in May to discuss not only playground work, which has been their charge for the past few years, but also the wisdom of procuring a social service worker covering various sides of community work.

Miss Florence Bradley was the one chosen to carry on this work, and a report of her work, as well as the playground work, follows:

Social Service Work

From July 1st, 1915, to January 1st, 1916, under the supervision of Miss Florence Bradley. Calls made—600 investigation, 90 sick, 100 business, 110 relief.

Young Women's Department

Industrial Night School—Domestic Science, Sewing, Elocution, Millinery, Home Nursing, Physical Culture, Folk Dancing.

Employment secured, 15; Relief work, 200 hours; personal interviews, 110; Prison work, 8 hours; Court work, 15 hours.

Children's Department

250 calls, 50 physically helped, 20 sent to school.

Clothing Department

50 new articles, 25 second hand.

Christmas Relief Department

Assisted in packing 70 baskets. Christmas work centralized and instituted under a united meeting of charities and organizations. This does not cover Miss Bradley's work entirely, as she gave time to Local Option and various other movements.

Playground Work

From July 1st to Sept. 1st, under the supervision of Miss Helena Lynch:

Average morning attendance, 42 children; afternoon attendance, 81 children.

Classes held in pavilion—basketry, weaving, braiding, winding raffia, weaving reeds, picture cards (perforated), preparing budgets weekly for soldiers.

Games on grounds and in pavilion—Boys: football, baseball. Girls: basket ball, captain ball, medicine ball, dodge ball, number ball.

Mixed Exercises: Story telling, folk dancing, singing games, active games, jumping games, quiet games, marching for the little folk.

Playground Picnic (July)—100 children, miscellaneous games and races.

Closing (August)—200 children, bazaar and concert.

The East Belleville Women's Institute officers, under whose auspices the above work is carried on are as follows:

Mrs. R. J. Graham	President
Mrs. W. B. Deacon	Vice President
Mrs. (Dr.) Marshall	Vice-President
Mrs. A. M. Chapman	Secretary
Miss Edith Anning	Treasurer

Miss Florence Bradley was officially appointed Police Officer at the request of the East Belleville Women's Institute. She is the second officially appointed police constable in Canada.

You Can't Work with hand or brain when the body is poorly nourished. Get warmth and strength for the day's work by eating for breakfast Shredded Wheat with hot milk. Contains all the body-building material in the whole wheat grain prepared in a digestible form. Its crisp goodness is a delight to the palate and a life-giver to tired brain and jaded stomach. Made in Canada.

* * *

INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS

MOIRA CHAPTER R.A.M.

The following officers of Moira Chapter, No. 7, R.A.M., were installed last night by R. Ex. Comp. William McKeown:

Ex. Comp. J. O. R. McCurdy—1st Prin. Z.

Ex. Comp. H. C. Carr—I. P. Z.

Ex. Comp. C. B. Scantlebury—2nd Prin. H.

Ex. Comp T. H. Chesher—3rd Prin. J.

R. Ex. Comp. Dr. J. J. Farley—Treasurer.

Comp. L. C. Yeomans—S. E.

Comp. Wm. Cook—S. N.

Comp. John McIntosh—P. S.

Comp. W. E. Griffith—S. S.,

Comp. W. Horden—J. S.

Comp. E. T. Cherry—M. 3rd Veil.

Comp. H. Thompson—M. 4th Veil.

Comp. Walter Thomas—M. nd Veil.

Comp. E. W. Dickens—M. 1st Veil.

Ex. Comp. Frank Elvins—D. of C.

Comp. F. E. O'Flynn—Organist.

Comps. H. H. Deyman, W. Smith—Stewards.

Comps. E. T. Cherry, E. Rathman—Auditors.

Ex. Comp. Walter Alford—Trustee.

Comp. C. A. Hulley—Janitor.

The newly elected officers of Belleville Lodge No. 81 and Mizpah Lodge No. 127, I.O.O.F., of Belleville, were last evening installed by Bro. S. A. Barclay, D.D.G.M., of this city. The elected officers were as follows:

No. 81—N.G., Walter Soule; V.G., Geo. Kerr; Rec.-Sec., S. A. Barclay; Fin. Sec., R. W. Adams; Treas., J. Coon.

No. 127—N.G., A. E. Cole; V.G., Geo. H. Thompson; Rec.-Sec., E. T. Thompson; Fin. Sec., R. H. Ketcheson; Treas., G. R. Brower.

New Brunswick is to vote on prohibition.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

A NEW FLAG

A new flag has been secured for the flag staff upon the city building, and was this afternoon flung to the breeze.

A CAUCUS HELD

The newly elected aldermen of the city met last night in caucus and it is stated that a satisfactory arrangement as to chairmanships of committees was arranged.

QUIET WEDDING

Albert F. Crippen and Jenny Bridge were quietly married at Moodie Cottage, Belleville, on Thursday by Rev. A. L. Geen.

LOCAL LAWYERS ENGAGED

In the case of Ridley vs. Bly in the trial court, Toronto, before Justice Britton yesterday, a report of which was given in last night's Intelligencer, Messrs. Porter and Carnew appeared for plaintiff, and Mr. W. C. Mikel, K.C., appeared for the defendant.

INQUEST RESUMED

At the Police Court room in this city, this evening the inquest to inquire into the circumstances of the death of Mr. Thomas Curry, the G. T. R. section man, who was killed in the railway yard here, will be resumed before coroner Dr. Boyce.

POLICEMAN'S COUSIN DEAD

At Forest Mills, Lennox County, Mr. Patrick Killoran died yesterday, aged 45 years. Deceased recently underwent an operation of a serious nature and was unable to survive, owing to his weakened condition. A year ago he was married. Mr. Killoran was a cousin of police officer Donovan of this city.

A COINCIDENCE

Pte. Frank Houston while in the Hospital at Hastings, England, was playing the piano one day. There were two Red Cross nurses standing near when one of them asked Frank where he came from, and when he answered Tweed, she said why we were from Tweed, and it was the Misses Fern, who lived in Tweed about six year ago. Doubtless many of Tweed people will remember both of these young ladies and we are pleased to see that Frank is being well taken care of. —Tweed News.

SISTER OF CHIEF DEAD

Chief Newton of the Belleville Police Force, last evening received a telegram announcing the death of his sister, Mrs. G. L. Minbinnick, which occurred yesterday afternon at London, Ont. No word of her illness had been received, and the cause of her death is not known. Deceased was about 70 years of age, and was born at Tavistock, Devonshire County, Eng. Upwards of half a century ago in company with her husband, she came to Canada and located in London, where she had since resided. She was a lady esteemed by all who knew her. In addition to the husband 2 sons, J. R., and George Minbinnick of London, survive.

MUSIC & DRAMA

REESE BROS. MINSTRELS

At Griffin's Opera House last evening the Reese Bros. Africander Minstrels gave a performance before a fair and appreciative audience. The musical numbers rendered by the mebers of the company were received with favor, as was the dancing by Lena and George McCoy. The juggling and gun-manipulation by the two Reese brothers was excellent and well merited the applause which was bestowed upon them. The orchestra in connection with the company rendered selections which the audience were not slow to appreciate. Some motion pictures were shown to much advantage. Ralph Tompkins, the one-legged globe trotter, in songs and dancing, was good. The company will repeat the performance this evening.

MARKS BROS.

At Scott's Palace Theatre last night, under the auspices of the XVth Band, R. W. Marks presented May Bell Marks in the title role of "The Marriage of Elizabeth" to a well filled house, and, to put it mildly, gave entire satisfaction. "Lizabeth" Botts was a charming character with a heart that was true to a friend, brave yet tender, and withall a bright and vivacious young lady who easily captivated the audience.

Mildred Bell as Virginia Torrington, ably represented the beautiful character of this misguided girl and quickly won the sympathies of the entire house.

Arthur Hebert, as Hank Torrington, the father of Virginia, deserves special mention, as does also Ed. Hubbard, playing the villian's part of Ted Lloyd.

Arnold Baldwin was the lucky man of the play, and carried his part with honor to himself and to the company.

The entire company fit into their places well and present excellent plays in a first-class manner.

The specialties have been good every night they have played in this city, and there has been no repetitions or stale, worn-out jokes. The company is one that deserves the support of the theatre-going public.

* * *

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. (Capt.) J. W. Anderson of Ameliasburg is ill, and her condition is such as to cause anxiety to relatives and friends.

Chief of Police Newton of this city, left to-day for London, Ont., to attend the obsequies of his sister, the late Mrs. G. L. Minbinnick.

Miss Carrie Henderson, who has been visiting in Peterborough, has returned to her home in this city.

The new Italian consul for Canada, Leopold Zunini, arrived in New York on the steamship Giuseppe Verdi, yesterday afternoon.

GILLETT'S LYE
EATS
DIRT
GILLETT'S
LYE
MADE IN
CANADA

Drill To-Night At the Armouries

The 15th Reserve will take up their active drill every Friday night from this date on at eight o'clock sharp. Every citizen between the ages of 18 and 60 physically fit not on active service should join and learn the drill to be ready for an emergency. It is up to the men and young men to show their patriotism. Competent drill instructors will be on parade and assist the officers and platoon commanders in giving instruction.

* * *

Hotel Fire In Edmonton

(Canadian Press Special)

EDMONTON, Jan. 7.—Firemen last night fought a blaze in the St. Regis Hotel, a three storey wooden building, with the thermometer at 15 below zero. Many of the lodgers escaped in their night clothes, and eight year old Evelyn Johnson, a daughter of a soldier in the 6th Battalion, was suffocated by smoke.

* * *

BRITISH SUBMARINE SUNK OFF TEXEL

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 7.—The Admiralty announces that a British submarine was sunk yesterday, off the Island of Texel. A crew numbering thirty-three was rescued by the Dutch cruiser "Noord Brabant" and taken into the Dutch port of Helder.

Try Our Saturday Special Chocolates
33c
JAS. WALLACE & CO.

Bargains

AT

Lattimer's Drug Store For Saturday

50c. Chase's Nerve Food 29c.	25c. Chase's K. & L. Pills 15c.	25c. Chase's Syrup 15c.	50c. Gin Pills 25c.	50c. Dodd's Pills 32c.	50c. Fruitatives 29c.

Patent Medicines

25c.	Nerviline	15c.
25c.	Thomas' Electric Oil	15c.
50c.	Zam-Buk	35c.
50c.	Williams' Pink Pills	32c.
25c.	Carter's Liver Pills	15c.
35c.	Castoria	24c.
25c.	Nature's Remedy	12c.
25c.	Wood's Norway Pine Syrup	17c.
50c.	Pinex	37c
25c.	R. R. R.	17c.
25c.	Porter's Oil	17c
25c.	Four T's	17c.
25c.	Gray's Syrup	17c
25c.	Shiloh's Cough Cure	17c.
25c.	Abbey's Salts	17c.
50c.	Pape's Diapepsyne	40c.
25c.	Baby's Own Tablets	15c.
25c.	Syrup White Pine and Tar	2 for 25c
50c.	Emuls. Cod Liver Oil	25c
$1	Emuls. Cod Liver Oil	50c
50c.	Wine Cod Liver Oil	25c
$1	Wine Cod Liver Oil	69c.

25c
Blaud's Iron Pills
2 for 25c

15c

SOAP
3 for 25c

25c
A. B. S, C. Tablets
2 for 25c

Toilet Articles

35c.	Pond's Vanishing Cream	29c
50c.	Ingram's Milkweed Cream	29c
25c.	Violet Talcum	15c.
25c	Duchess Rose Talcum	15c
25c.	Tooth Paste	15c
50c.	Face Powder	39c.
25c.	Shaving Lotion	17c
50c.	Tepeco Tooth Paste	25c.
25c.	Almond Cream	15c.
25c.	Witch Hazel Cream	15c.
25c.	Cucumber Cream	15c.
15c.	Glycerine Soap	3 for 25c.
10c.	Wash Cloth	5c.
75c.	Rubber Gloves	49c.
$1.50	Pivers' Toilet Waters	$1.39
$1	Pivers' Face Powder	89c.
25c.	Danderine	20c.
50c.	Danderine	40c.
50c.	Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur	37c.
25c.	Sanitol Tooth Powd.	20c.
50c.	No Mo Odor	40c.
25c.	Hydrogen Peroxide	15c.

25c
Cascara Laxative Bromide Quinine Tablets
15c

$2.00
Hot Water Bottles
Guaranteed for 2 years
$1.19

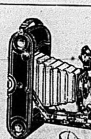
Chocolate Department

When you want High Class Chocolates, come to us.

Willard's
Huyler's
Nylo's

Our stock is always fresh.

SuppliesKodaks&



Our stock is complete with all the new goods from the Kodak factory.

Films to fit all Cameras.

Developing and Printing done by an expert. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Cigars

10c.	Irvings	5 for 25c.
10c.	Travellers	5 for 25c.
10c.	Ovidos	4 for 25c.
10c.	Japs	4 for 25c.
10c.	Bachelors	4 for 25c.
10c.	Van Horne	5 for 25c.
10c.	Tuckett's Preferred	3 for 25c.
5c.	Havana Ribbon	6 for 25c.
5c.	John Bull	6 for 25c.
5c.	Col. Steele	6 for 25c.

25c. Bromo Quinine 17c.	25c. Weeks' Break-up-a-Cold 17c.	50c. Palmolive Shampoo 40c.	50c. Psychine 40c.	$1.00 Psychine 75c.	$1.00 Orrine 75c.

AGENCY

Nyal's Family Remedies

Safety First

It is the desire for eye safety that impels you to wear glasses. Keep that object—SAFETY—in your mind. It is the central idea, the essential element in your eye treatment.

McFee's Complete Sight Service, made good after twenty-one years experience, affords you the safety you seek,

at

Angus McFee's

The Store with the Big Clock

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

Powdered Sweet Chocolate, ½ lb. tin 20c
Cocoa and Milk Sweetened Powder, ½ lb. tin 25c
"Dot" Chocolate, for special coatings and icings, Cakes 10c and 25c
Caracas Sweet Eating Chocolate, ¼ lb. cakes 10c
Diamond Sweet Chocolate, Cakes 5c

Delicious Coffee

Wallbridge and Clarke's SPECIAL PURE COFFEES At 30c and 40c lb. Whole or ground.

If you like a good pure Coffee at a reasonable price, try the blend at 30c lb.

CLARK'S BAKED BEANS
Plain
Chili Sauce } 7c, 4 tins 25c
Tomato Sauce } 10c and 12½c

HOUSES FOR SALE

Near West Belleville Church, 10 minutes from market; conveniences and good cellars. Also six roomed house to rent with one acre of garden, barn and electric light, etc.

BUGGY FOR SALE

W. SMITH, Builder
33 Howard St. Phone 673

ARENA
TURNBULL ST.
BAND
Tuesday
Thursday
Saturday

OVERCOATS

Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat! We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.

Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

New Goods

5 doz. White Silk Blouses, high low neck, long sleeves, worth $1.75, on sale at $1.19

WASH GLOVES.

Imitation Reindeer Gloves, with black points, at 75c. and $1.00 pair.

D. & A. Corsets, from 50c. to $3.00 pair.

We call special attention to our $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00 Corsets.

NEW CORDUROY VELVETS.

Cream and White, extra heavy cord—great value at $1.25 yard.

Navy, Garnet, Brown, Belgian Corduroys, 27 inches wide, 65c yard.

Hundreds of bargains all over the Store.

MEN'S WEAR.

10 doz. Working Shirts, regular value 90c.; on sale at .. .. 69c.

5 doz. Heavy Wool Mitts, worth 35c., on sale at 25c. pair.

Wims & Co

HOBSON'S
PALATABLE
Epsom Salts
Easy to take
No Nasty Taste
No Nausea after taking
15c pkg.
Waters' DRUG STORE

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip

Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.

Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows.

F. W. L. CARRE

Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward counties.

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EYES BLUR

when reading?
If so; Glasses are needed to overcome the strain—let me help you.

Alex Ray, Opt. D
Eye-Sight Specialist

The Company and Staff extend to you and yours Greetings and Good Wishes for a Happy New Year

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Advertise in The Intelligencer

Death of a Former Resident

The death took place at her late residence, West Tiffany street, Guelph, in Tuesday evening of Pheba Denyes, beloved wife of Mr. Wade Britton, in her 85th year. Deceased had been in poor health for some time and her death was not unexpected. She was a former resident of Belleville, but had resided in Guelph with her husband for many years, and was highly respected by all who knew her. Mrs. Britton was born in Thurlow Township, being a daughter of the late Mr. P. Denyes. Deceased was twice married, her first husband being Mr. Barragar. Mrs. W.m Stock of Belleville is a sister of the deceased, and Mr. Philip Denyes of Sidney, a brother.

Donations to The Khaki Club

Cash Donations have been received by the Khaki Club from the following for the month of October:—

Miss J. Bishop, Mrs. Brickman, Mrs. W. J. Brown, Mrs. Corby, Miss Campbell, Mrs. Clarke, Mr. S. Currie, Miss Docter, Mr. Edwards, Dr. and Mrs. Farley, Miss Falkiner, Mrs. Griffith, Miss Gowsell, Mrs. E. J. Gibson, Mrs. Hyman, Mrs. Johnson, Mr. Lennox, Mrs. E. B. Martin, Miss V. McLean, Mr. S. Masson, Mrs. John McKeown, Mrs. Neate, Mr. Porter, Mr. C. M. Ried, Col. Stewart, Mr. Sneyd, Symons Ladies' Store employees, Mr. Lulley, Mr. Tannahill, Mr. Williams.

Fourth month of November from:—Miss Anning, Miss Allcornbrack, Miss Adams, Mrs. Boath, Mrs. Boyes, Miss Bowen, Mr. Christie, Mr. E. Chapman, Miss Campbell, Miss Clarke, Miss Docter, Mrs. Edwards, Mrs. Fraleck, Miss Jessie Fraleck, Miss Falkiner, Miss Ford, Mrs. Griffith, Mrs. W. J. Gibson, Miss Green Miss Hurley, Mrs. Hyman, Mr. H. F. Ketcheson, Miss Mouck, Miss McDonald, A. E. MacColl, Miss Masson, Miss Marrison, Miss McCrodan, Mrs. S. Masson, Miss Minare, Mrs. E. Templeton, Symons Ladies' Store, Mrs. Wheatley, Mrs. Waters.

Cash for month of December from:—Mrs. E. N. Baker, Miss Campbell, Mrs. Clarke, Miss Emberson, Miss Falkiner, Miss Grant, Miss S. Grant, Mrs. Graham, Mrs. S. A. Hyman, Mrs. J. S. McKeown, Mrs. Moffat, Miss McCrodan, Miss Palen, Miss Rathburn, Mr. Geo. Walton, Miss Marjory Walters, Albert College, Mr. D. M. Clarke, Mrs. Cummins, Miss A. Caskey, Mr. J. Cherien, Mr. J. E. Dunlop, Mr. E. W. Earle, Mr. F. W. Frost, Mr. E. Guest, Mrs. Holmes, The Misses Holmes, Mr. G. Jacogs, Mr. Kenny, Miss Libbie, Mr Leslie, Mr. Macintosh, Mr. Morrison, Mrs. M. Roblin, Mr. H. Stock, Mr. H. C. Thompson, Mr. C. K. Waters.

◆

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS

MAYO TOWNSHIP

Reeve—Frank Whyte.

Councillors—George Adams, Ben Bruce, Chas. McPherson and Thos. Hostler.

MADOC VILLAGE

For Reeve

E. C. Tufts	157
Joseph Burns	150
Majority for Tufts	7

For Councillors

Walter Whytock	237
W. J. Atkins	212
Frank Dafoe	183
Chas E. Hart	175
Chas. R. Ross	136

The following is the council for 1916 Reeve, E. C. Tufts; Councillors, W. Whytock, W. J. Atkins, F. Dafoe and Chas. E. Hart.

Huntingdon Council

Reeve, W. J. Jeffrey: Councillors, Robt. Woods, Jas. W. Haggerty, John Geen, and Chas. A. Mitts.

◆

Embarrassing Hairs Can Be Quickly Removed

(Beauty Culture)

Hairs can be easily banished from the skin by this quick, painless method: Mix into a stiff paste some powdered delatone and water, spread on hairy surface and in 2 or 3 minutes rub off, wash the skin and it will be free from hair or blemish. Excepting in very stubborn growths, one application is sufficient. To avoid disappointment, buy the delatone in an original package.

◆

CIVIC IMPROVEMENT LEAGUE FOR CANADA

At a conference held at Ottawa on the 19th November last, under the joint chairmanship of Sir John Willison (Toronto) and the Hon. J. J. Guerin (Montreal), a resolution was passed to the effect that a Civic Imporvement League be formed for Canada.

It was decided to hold a conference for the purpose of launching the League and deciding upon its constitution. This conference will be held at Ottawa, on Thursday, January 20th, following the annual meeting of the Commission of Conservation,. which will be held on January 18 and 19. This conference will be addressed by prominent public men and important matters relating to civic government and future municipal developments in Canada will be discussed. In view of the present and probable after-effects of the war on Canadian municipal life, and on social conditions generally, there are many questions on which it is important to have an interchange of views between representatives of all provnces in the Dominion. These questions affect rural municipalities, as well as cities and towns, and will naturally include those which relate to the apportionment of responsibility between provincial governments and local authorities in regard to such matters as public health, town planning, immigration, unemployment and the expenditure of public funds.

Arrangements are being made to secure for those attending the conference transportation at reduced rates.

IF YOU CAN'T ENLIST

and are anxious to "do your bit," you can relieve the sufferings of the men who are spending this winter in the trenches by sending them Zam-Buk for which they are asking.

Numerous letters from soldiers at the front prove their need of it. In a letter from one of the men to his people he says: "If it is a choice between tobacco and Zam-Buk—send Zam-Buk."

Constant exposure to damp and cold, inevitable in trench life, causes rheumatism, chapped hands, cold cracks, and frost bites. Zam-Buk heals these, and a box of Zam-Buk, which can be easily carried in the pocket, will save a man much unnecessary suffering. Zam-Buk is equally effective for sore hands, caused by trench digging; and an application of Zam-Buk to the feet will prevent foot-soreness and blistering on long marches.

Sold by All druggists, 50c. 3 for $1.25, or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

ZAM-BUK

◆

Russ Dominate Bukowina City

Captured 1,043 Men Northeast of Czernowitz—Kovel Now Menaced

(Canadian Press Despatches)

PETROGRAD, Jan. 6.—The enormous Russian southern armies are now close to Kovel, Volhynia, an important city by reason of its railway system.

The Austro-Germans, have concentrated in great force to oppose the Russian offensive. Their losses, it is said, have been enormous.

The small number of prisoners taken by the Russians is explained by the ferocious stubbornness of the Hungarian Honvels, who are bearing the brunt of the defence.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—While the fate of Czernowitz is obscured in conflicting reports, it appears evident that the Russians dominate the Bukowina capital. Unofficial despatches from Petrograd state that the Austrians have evacuated the town under pressure from the Russians holding the heights above it, while from Austrian sources the information has been received that Austrian troops have been withdrawn from a portion of the city.

Take 1,043 Prisoners.

The following Russian official communication was issued to-day:

"Northeast of Czerowitz sharp fighting continues. We have taken further hostile positions. The enemy counter-attacks were repulsed by a fire which inflicted huge losses.

"One of our units in this region captured eighteen officers and 1,043 men and four machine guns.

"Western front—South of the Pripet, in the region of Kouksotzkavolia, we repulsed the Germans.

"In the region of the Middle Stripa we have consolidated the positions won. Attempts by the enemy to retake the works he previously lost were repulsed with great enemy losses."

Czernowitz lies in a deep valley. The town itself is not of great strategical value, except for its railroads. Its fall is likely to have greater political than military significance, as an outstanding success by the Russians at this time would be likely to have a far-reaching effect on Roumania.

◆

CONSERVATIVE WINS; SON SUCCEEDS FATHER

CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I., Jan. 5—The Conservative party's control of the Provincial Government was maintained to-day by the success of Henry D. McLean in a bye-election in the first district of Kings County "Legislative). He was chosen to succeed his father, John McLean, recently appointed to the Senate, by a margin of 216 votes over Lauchlan MacDonald Liberal. Had the Liberal candidate triumphed the Conservative Government would have been reduced to a majority of a single vote, exclusive of the Speaker. The Conservative majority in the last election for this seat was 204.

Canadian Government Railways

Change of Time January 8th—Maritime Express Daily—Ocean Limited Daily Except Saturday

On Saturday, January 8th, the Maritime Express will run daily between Montreal and Halifax, leaving the Bonaventure Union Depot 8.15 a.m. The Ocean Limited will not leave Montreal on Saturday, January 8th, but will leave on its present schedule time, 7.25 p.m. daily except Saturday thereafter. Its continuance during the winter months will be pleasing news to thousands of travellers to whom the "Ocean" appeals as an express train of excellence in service and comfort in travel.

From Halifax the Maritime will leave on its present schedule 3.00 p.m. daily and the Ocean Limited 8.00 a.m. daily except Sunday.

◆

U. S. Government Buildings Fired

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—A fire was discovered to-night in the State, War and Navy Building, within a stone's throw of the White House. The blaze was checked in time to save papers of untold value.

There were several suspicious circumstances in connection with the fire that has prompted the authorities to authorize a careful enquiry as to the origin. In this building the Secretary of State, the Secretary for War and the Secretary of the Navy make their headquarters, and in it are housed the state and military secrets of the Government.

To-night's fire started in a repair shop in the basement, Navy Department. When smoke was discovered issuing from the repair shop one of the watchmen on duty made an ineffectual attempt to turn in an alarm. He found the fire alarm system was out of order. Entering the repair shop one of the watchmen found two large containers full of gasoline right in the pathway of the flames. The gasoline was removed just in time to prevent ignition.

◆

The Easiest Way To End Dandruff

There is one sure way that never fails to remove dandruff completely and that is to dissolve it. This destroys it entirely. To do this, just get about four ounces of plain, ordinary liquid arvon; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

By morning, most if not all, of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single sign and tace of it, no matter how much dandruff you may have.

You will find, too, that all itching and digging of the scalp will stop instantly, and your hair will be fluffy, lustrous, glossy, silky and soft, and look and feel a hundred times better.

You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. It is inexpensive, and four ounces is all you will need. This simple remedy has never been known to fail.

◆

VERDICT OF $800,000 AGAINST THE C.P.R.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 5.—J. A. McIlwee & Sons, engineers and tunnel contractors of Denver, to-day received word that the Court of Appeals of the Dominion of Canada has awarded the engineering firm a verdict of $800,000 against the Canadian Pacific Railroad Company. The award was for bonuses earned by McIlwee & Sons in driving a five-mile railroad tunnel through the Selkirk Mountains in British Columbia. It is claimed that the engineering firm was making so much money through the contract that the railroad company cancelled the contract. The engineers sued in the British Columbia Supreme Court for breach of contract and for the bonuses then due. They were awarded $527,000. The Canadian Pacific then appealed the decision, but the Court of Appeals not only upheld the award in favor of McIlwee & Sons, but increased it to $800,000.

The Canadian Pacific has now appealed that award to the British Privy Council.

◆

LINER THESSALONIKI IS NOW A DERELICT

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—The Greek liner Thessaloniki, which has been for more than a week puzzling the nautical world by messages appealing for aid, is now a derelict probably about 360 miles east-south-east of Sandy Hook, and her skipper, Captain Goulandis, and 90 men, the larger part of his crew, are coming this way aboard the Anchor liner Perugia, from Mediterranean ports.

The news of the rescue of the Greek liner's crew came through the Scandinavian-American liner United States, which had sailed far out of her course and lost more than two days trying to succor the Greek skipper and his crew.

Woman's World

Mme. Helene Paderewski Godmothers Polish Dolls For Relief.

MME. HELENE PADEREWSKI.

Of all the relief movements arising out of the war none is more touching than that instituted by the Polish refugees in Paris, who are selling quaint little dolls in behalf of their stricken countrymen. Already many of the quaint little figures have made their appearance in Canada.

Godmothered by Mme. Helene Paderewski, wife of the pianist, these waifs are undoubtedly doing the greatest service to mankind of all the inhabitants of dolldom. Designed by refugee Polish artists and sculptors and dressed by Polish seamstresses who are paid for their work by the fund, these dolls actually incorporate the characteristics and even the expressions of Polish peasants, while their raiment, fashioned of bits of silk, ribbon, satin, and real lace, charmingly typify the quaint costumes worn in every province of Poland. These interesting, droll, wistful little people of all toyland now laid waste in Europe are the only dolls that promise to cross the Atlantic in time for Christmas. The tariff on each one is $5, and they are delighting the hearts of children everywhere while giving food to thousands of hungry Polish children.

Copyright, 1915, by E. B. Lyman,

HALKA OF WARSAW

Torn from her playmates, Halka of Warsaw greets you and hopes you will like to get acquainted with others of her friends. Halka is doing such a wonderful work that it seems almost unkind to remark that coming over the salt water took the curl out of her bang.

Despite Pure Food Laws.

She—That's all very pretty, Jack, but do you think we can live on love and kisses?

He—It's much the safest—everything else is either adulterated or poisoned or tainted.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Outclassed.

Hewitt — Can you believe what he says? Jewett—If he and Ananias had been contemporaries Ananias would have felt that it was necessary for him to go and get a reputation.—New York Press.

The Contented Frog.

A dear little frog,
  All spotted and green
(Indeed, just the cutest
  Frog ever was seen).

Lived far from the town
  In a pond, cool and clear,
And there he did dwell
  Throughout the whole year.

He never went roaming
  About, so 'twas said,
For he was a frog
  That was most contented.

So there in his pond,
  So cool and so clear,
Lived little green frog
  Throughout the whole year.

◆

It's easy enough to resolve not to do a lot of things not worth while, why not try resolving to do something worth while this year?

Winter Sports
Are Now
In Order
And Call For
Skating SHOES
SKATING SHOES
We Have Some Splendid Styles
For
Ladies, Men and Boys
The **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros.
January Clearance Sale

Offers you choice choosing at very special prices. All are great money-saving values. READ:—

Children's Colored Flannelette Pyjamas, ages 2 to 6 years, reg. 50c. For .... 35c.

Children's White Flannelette Pyjamas, ages 2 to 6 years; regular 75c., for .... 39c.

UNDERSKIRTS AT GREAT CLEARING PRICES.

75c. to $1.25 Skirts clearing at .... 49c.

$1.50 to $2.00 Skirts, all colors, clearing at .... 97c.

Along with several other lines that we are clearing out regardless of cost, gives you a rare chance to secure a Skirt at one-third its regular value.

LADIES' CASHMERETTE AND WRAPPERETTE WAISTS.

Very attractively reduced in order to clear out immediately.

Reg. 75c. to $1.25 Waists, your choice .... 49c.

Nightgowns, all ready to wear, made of best English flannelette, at less than you can buy the goods for.

Reg. $1.00 Nightgowns, all sizes, clearing at .... 59c.

Reg. $1.25 Nightgowns, all sizes, clearing at .... 75c.

CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' DRESSES
Wonderfully reduced for this Clearance Sale.

Reg. $2.50 to $3.00 Navy Blue Serge Dresses for Girlies 10 years old; Clearance Sale $1.98

Reg. $2.00 to $2.50 Dresses suitable for Girlies, 3 to 6 years; Sale price $1.39

Reg. 75c. to $1.25 Dresses; Clearance Sale price .... 69c.

HOUSE DRESSES reduced to Half their regular value and less during this great Clearance Sale.

$1.00 to $1.50 Dresses, sale price .... 69c.

$1.50 to $2.50 Dresses, sale price .... 79c.

SILK WAISTS, very attractively priced, a great opportunity to secure a nice Waist for just about half its regular value.

$2.00 to $2.25 Waists in broken assortment of sizes, to clear at $1.49

$2.50 to $3.50 Waists to clear at $2.97

Others in large variety of different prices; no range of sizes; can get one out of the lot to fit; clearing regardless of cost.

LADIES' DRESSING SACQUES.

Reg. 75c. to $1.00 Sacques clearing at .... 49c.

A few to clear at only .... 69c.

Others clearing at .... 75c. and 97c.

LADIES' KIMONOS at most tempting prices.

Reg. $2.25 to $3.25 Kimonos in pretty Floral Crepe Goods, clearing at $1.98

Others clearing at .... $1.39 up to $2.98

This is a sale worth while. Every day brings out special selling events that you can't afford to miss.

McIntosh Bros

WOOLS

At the present time we have a large stock of Military and Fingering Yarns. As this Wool was secured under our old agreement, we have not had to advance our prices on this lot. Secure what you require soon.

Hockey Goods

Hockey Sticks, Hockey Gloves, Hockey Pads, Leg Guards, Pucks and Skate Straps all at popular prices.

THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER
SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

Daily Intelligencer

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, 327 Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $2.00, strictly in advance.

This is the 522nd day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany

CONSCRIPTION, BUT NOT FOR IRELAND.

Every loyal British subject, while devoted to the Empire, and desirous of its power and influence among the nations of the world being continued, will regret that conscription has been deemed necessary in Great Britain, and what will be of greater regret is that political exigencies have compelled the Government to exempt Ireland from the operations of the Conscription Act. Why, it may fairly be asked, should there be this exemption? The answer is to be found in the fact that Redmond, the leader of the Home Rule party, has demanded it. It is another victory for Redmond in the line of absolute home rule, proving that Ireland is no longer to be considered and treated as heretofore—one of the trio, England, Ireland and Scotland, acting together in the interests of the Empire.

While home rulers are showing their allegiance to the Empire in volunteering and entering the fight against German, Austrian and Turkish rule, they evidently desire, in doing so, that it is as a unit in the Empire and not otherwise.

That the men of Ulster, and many others should resent this concession, at the demand of Redmond and others of his followers, as an insult and reflection on their loyalty, is no wonder; it was but what was expected, yet at a time like this when the continued existence of the Empire is at stake, the greater are the sacrifices that will have to be made in the curbing of a resentment that under other circumstances would not be tolerated.

Mr. Asquith, when introducing the Conscription Bill, addressed himself to "an analysis of the figures of the Derby report. He "emphasized the fact that during "the Derby campaign nearly 3,000,- "000 men had offered their services. "Even deducting those rejected on "the ground of physical disability, "the total was still in excess of 2,- "500,000. These are wonderful, en- "couraging figures," the Premier "continued. "They ought to con- "vince both our Allies and our en- "emies that the people of this "country have their hearts in the "war." And then made the humiliating confession that the Government took the step of exempting Ireland from the operation of the provisions of the Bill "**to avoid opposition from the Irish party leaders.**"

Mr. Asquith may possibly encounter an opposition to the adoption of the exemption scheme for Ireland much more effective than he contemplated. The prospects are, says the cable, that

> "The Irish sectional issue is considered as likely to prove a troublesome point in carrying the compulsion measure. The Ulster members have adopted a resolution, framed by Sir Edward Carson, denouncing the proposal to omit Ireland as "an insult and humiliation to the loyal and patriotic population and the abandonment of the principle of equality of sacrifice in time of war on the part of all His Majesty's subjects in the United Kingdom."
>
> "The Archbishop of Armagh has written a letter saying that the exclusion of Ireland would be a disgrace to the country and disastrous to Irish regiments.

All this, at a time like the present, is to be regretted. The Government never should have yielded to threats from such men as Dillon et al.

There was one of the Home Rulers who supported the Bill and justified the exemption of Ireland from its provisions on the ground that Ireland is not a part of Great Britain, but only an ally. His language was:

> "I would not consent to strike a "blow at this country, France or Rus- "sia by doing anything which would "wreck this bill."
>
> Mr. O'Brien considered Ireland had a claim for exemption, "because she is "a distinct although necessarily allied "nation."

This is further evidence that Home Rule means an independent Ireland.

THE BI-LINGUAL AGITATION.

This question is still agitating the people—no, not the people of Quebec, but the political mountebanks and others who do not understand the question or deliberately misrepresent it, expecting to profit politically thereby, by stirring up ill feeling between the two races in Ontario. A contemporary puts the question fairly when it says:

> The Government and the people of Ontario have done justly in their dealings with the French people in this Province, and are not to be moved by unreasoning clamor.
>
> Our French fellow citizens have not been persecuted, crushed under the iron heel of a vicious Prussianism, or contemptuously ignored. Their religious opinions have not been the occasion of Governmental oppression. They have the full rights of any English-speaking Roman Catholic. They have all the rights guaranteed by the Constitution of the country.
>
> There is no lack of sympathy in Ontario for French people or for the French language. There is a pronounced lack of sympathy for a company of reckless mischief-makers, whose lips drop deceit, and whose capacity for sustained and malevolent mendacity has rarely been approached. These methods are not likely to influence the Ontario Government. If there had been any real grievance on the part of French-Canadians—and that we deny—there could not have been a more opportune time of settling it than at the moment when France and Great Britain were fighting side by side, with a bi-lingual Canada to aid. The public feeling in Ontario towards France was sympathetic and warm.

HOT HEART—COOL TONGUE.

The nearer the crisis the less is said as a general rule. People's feelings are taut and a grim determination to do or die sweeps over them. The American press is saying but little these days. The following short note was the leading editorial in the New York Sun on Tuesday:

> Keep a level head and lock up the vocabulary laboratory. The more serious the situation the less need of impressing its gravity on any mind worth troubling about. The more general the perception of the gravity of events the less occasion for inflammatory parts of speech. These may be platitudes, but they are axioms of common sense. They have worked well in every previous crisis, real or apparent. They have not lost their value now. Nothing is easier than to sizzle in the rhetorical way in advance of twelve of the clock. Therefore, keep the tongue cool, however hot the heart, and shut up the unofficial vocabulary-laboratory. At present let Lansing do the talking.

ANOTHER AMERICAN LOST.

The American Embassy at London has received a report saying that the Rev. Homer R. Salisbury, an American, was a passenger on the Peninsular and Oriental liner Persia, which was sunk in the Mediterranean, but that he was not included among the survivors.

By the time a few more United States citizens are murdered by German and Austrian pirates on the high seas, President Wilson and his Cabinet may wake up to the fact and pronounce in favor of the freedom of the seas to neutrals and act in compliance therewith.

* * *

William Jennings Bryan has protested vigorously against the New York state law which compelled him to give testimony in a libel suit in New York in order to avoid contempt proceedings. The habit of being remunerated for his addresses is playing havoc with William.

In the hands of the administration at Washington the case of the Persia is, apparently, going the old stereotyped round of other submarine cases. The President says that he will act as soon as sufficient information has been obtained.

Yuan Shi Kai has decided to postpone his coronation as emperor. Perhaps the republican insurrection has proved more serious than he expected.

100 YEARS

and more, people with chest and throat troubles have tried to cure them by pouring cough syrups, lung tonics and the like into their *stomachs*. All a mistake! The Peps way is different.

Peps are tablets made up of Pine extracts and medicinal essences, which when put into the mouth turn into healing vapors. These are breathed down direct to the lungs, throat and bronchial tubes —not swallowed down to the stomach, which is not ailing. Try a 50c. box of Peps for your cold, your cough, bronchitis or asthma. All druggists and stores or Peps Co., Toronto, will supply

Peps

The British in Central Africa took ten minutes to capture an armed German steamer. That is about the length of time it would take to sink or capture the whole German fleet if they would come out and fight.

GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From the Daily Intelligencer, Jan. 7, 1868.

A million dollar canal is proposed from Houston, Texas, to the Gulf.

A dreadful fratricidal row took place in Brantford on Christmas. One Peter McNeal was attacked by his father and brother and badly mangled.

A fire occurred in Cincinnati and consumed property to the amount of $115,000.

A Nevada miner had his leg caught under a heavy rock, and was eaten by a panther while in that position.

Current Comment

Spring is Coming

Between coughs and sneezes, let us all take consolation in the fact that every day brings us nearer spring.—Hamilton Spectator.

Value of Products.

The value of the production in Canada last year from field crops, forests, mines and fisheries is given in the annual number of The Monetary Times at approximately $1,123,169,535 as compared with $975,390,006 in 1914. The details for the two years are as follows, the figures for 1915 being necessarily to some extent an estimate, but well within the mark:

	1914	1915
Field crops	$638,580,300	$ 788,919,535
Forests	176,672,000	175,000,000
Mines	128,863,075	128,000,000
Fisheries	31,264,631	31,250,000
	$975,380,006	$1,123,169,535

Villa Will Stay.

Reports of all kinds come in regarding the conduct and policies of Pancho Villa. One day he is pictured as leaving Mexico; the next day we find him fighting on merrily with a large army at his back.

Villa has been under a cloud of late because Carranza has been receiving the recognition of many foreign governments as President of Mexico. On the head of this a goodly part of Villa's army, showing what seemed to be keen political sagacity, deserted Villa and joined the forces of his prospering rival. Shortly afterwards came those reports of Villa's departure from his native land, with tears in his eyes and a heart embittered by an unsuccessful fight for the people against the trusts.

Villa has not left Mexico, and he is not likely to do any such thing. His profession is robbery, and there is still a good living for an expert bandit in that unhappy country.

The plains and hills are wide, and Mexico's growth in education has not been so rapid that a smooth talker with guns in both hands cannot convince the peons that an army led by himself will not turn Mexico City over to them in about a month's time.

Democratic Government in Mexico still demands its Villas. One army more or less makes no difference.—Montreal Mail.

The Poets' Corner

The Hair-Cut Man.

A long way off there came in sight
A pole with stripes of red and white.
So like a candy-stick it stood,
You'd almost think it tasted good.
We walked inside and found him there:
The barber-man who cut my hair.

And there are bottles on a shelf,
And chairs so big you lose yourself,
And picture-papers hung on poles,
And painted cups in cubbyholes,
And lots of looking-glasses, too,
That show you different kinds of you.

The shiny shears went "peck-a-peck,"
As cold as ice about my neck.
When Mother told him "That's enough,"
He fizzed my head with smelly stuff,
And helped me down; and everywhere
About me lay my old dead hair.

And oh, when everything was through,
I felt so clean, and cool, and new!
And I was bought a red balloon,
And smelled so fine all afternoon.
If I could only have my way,
I'd get my hair cut every day!

A WONDROUS LAND

The Yellowstone Region as James Bridger Saw It.

AND HE WAS A TRUTHFUL MAN

His Adventure With an Elk at the Famous Obsidian Cliff and the Effect of a Ride Through Alum Creek—Story of the Mountain That Was Cursed.

As a teller of tales Munchausen had a worthy rival in James Bridger, the celebrated hunter, trader and guide, whose name and career are part of the pioneer history of the west. Bridger was thoroughly familiar with the region now comprised in the Yellowstone park as far back as 1830.

In his book, "The Yellowstone Park," the author, Hiram Martin Chittenden, brigadier general United States army, retired, sets down some of the yarns Bridger told about that land of wonders. Many of the Yellowstone country tales ascribed to Bridger have survived to this day, probably because they have never been capped. The first story General Chittenden tells relates to the celebrated Obsidian cliff, a mass of black volcanic glass with which all the tourists are familiar. Its discovery by Bridger was the result of a hunting trip, and it happened in this way:

"Coming one day in sight of a magnificent elk, he took careful aim at the unsuspecting animal and fired. To his amazement the elk not only was not wounded, but seemed not to have heard the noise of the rifle. Bridger drew considerably nearer and gave the elk the benefit of his most deliberate aim, but with the same result as before. A third and fourth effort met with similar fate. Utterly exasperated, he seized his rifle by the barrel, resolved to use it as a club, since it had failed as a firearm. Rushing madly toward the elk, he suddenly crashed into an immovable vertical wall which proved to be a mountain of perfectly transparent glass, on the farther side of which, still in peaceful security, the elk was quietly grazing.

"Stranger still, the mountain was not only of pure glass, but was a perfect telescope lens, and, whereas the elk seemed but a few yards off, it was in reality twenty-five miles away."

Another of Bridger's discoveries was an ice cold spring near the summit of a lofty mountain, the water from which flowed down over a long, smooth slope, where it acquired such velocity that it was boiling hot when it reached the bottom. This, a later investigator of the Firehole river found, was a case in which a hot spring discharged into the river bed.

Alum creek, a tributary of the Yellowstone, received its name from an accidental discovery by Bridger. One day he forded the creek and rode out several miles and back. He noticed that the return journey was only a small fraction of the distance going and that his horse's feet had shrunk to mere points which sank into the solid ground so that the animal could scarcely hobble along. Seeking the cause, he found it to be in the astringent qualities of the water, which was saturated with alum to such an extent that it had power to pucker distance itself.

Bridger also found a fine place to fish: "Somewhere along the shore an immense boiling spring discharges its overflow directly into the lake. The specific gravity of the water is less than that of the lake, owing to the expansive action of heat, and it floats in a stratum of three or four feet thick upon the cold water underneath. When Bridger was in need of fish it was to this place that he went. Through the hot upper stratum he let fall his bait to the subjacent habitable zone and, having hooked his victim, cooked him on the way out!"

The visitor to the region of petrifications in the northeast corner of the park and to various points in the hot springs districts will have no difficulty in discovering the base material out of which Bridger contrived the following picturesque yarn:

"A mountain in the park was once cursed by a great medicine man of the Crow nation. Everything on the mountain at the time of this dire event became instantly petrified and has remained so ever since. All forms of life are standing about in stone where they were suddenly caught by the petrifying influences, even as the inhabitants of ancient Pompeii were surprised by the ashes of Vesuvius. Sagebrush, grass, prairie fowls, antelopes, elks and bears may there be seen as perfect as in actual life. Dashing torrents and the spray mist from them stand forth in arrested motion as if carved from rock by a sculptor's chisel. Even flowers are blooming in colors of crystal, and birds soar with wings spread in motionless flight, while the air floats with music and perfumes siliceous, and the sun and moon shine with petrified light!" It is denied, though, that Baidger was responsible for the story that even the laws of gravitation were petrified in the region.

Uncontrollable Curiosity.

"I don't see how it is that Mrs. Jorwag has so many friends. She gossips terribly."

"Yes," replied Miss Cayenne. "Everybody seems willing to take a chance on being talked about for the sake of hearing what she says about the others."

There is only one sort of shabbiness that matters—a shabbiness of the soul. —Edwin Pugh.

Generous.

A negro truck driver backed his wagon into the space allotted to a rival transfer concern at a railway freight depot in Dallas, Tex. "Hey, dar, niggah!" yelled the driver on whose territory the other had transgressed. "I'll knock yo' outa yo' house an' home ef yo' don't back up!"

"I's got no home," retorted the offending driver. "Now, whut yo' gonno do 'bout dat?"

"I'll dig yo' one, niggah—I'll dig yo' one!"—Argonaut.

Marriage Not a Profession.

Marriage cannot be classed with anything but itself. It is [illegible] age and nothing else—a wonder[illegible]cture of experiences and duties on [illegible]y different planes. So far as its spiritual demands go, it may ask of a woman, as of a man, all she has in her, or it may not. So far as its material demands go, it may require everything or nothing. It may of necessity fill her life or leave it empty. To call it a profession is to blur its meaning, for it is much more than this and much less.—Elizabeth Woodbridge in Atlantic Monthly.

Honored.

Clayborn, an old negro coachman of a southern physician, was talking to another negro one day about the price of a ticket to Jacksonville. "Ah don't know nothin' 'bout tickets," said Clayborn. "My boss never has no tickets for his travelin'." "Is dat so?" asked his friend. "Why don't he have no tickets?" "'Cause de railroad is jes' proud ter tote him!" exclaimed the loyal Clayborn.

The doctor was surgeon for the road. —New York Post.

Coal Enough For Thousands of Years.

The results of the investigation of the world's coal resources by the international geological congress show that there is a reserve of unmined coal estimated at 7,398,561,000,000 tons, of which two-thirds are situated in North America between the Rocky mountains and the Appalachians. As the present annual consumption is about 1,300,000,000 tons, there is enough coal in sight to last nearly 6,000 years at the present rate of consumption, and it must be remembered that South America and Africa are still largely unexplored.

A Hibernating Fish.

A remarkable fish known as Protopterus annectens is found throughout the whole of tropical Africa, but is most common near the West Coast, where it sometimes attains a length of six feet. During the dry season, when many of the ponds dry up, the fish descends some distance into the mud and forms a rounded hollow for a nest, which is lined by a capsule of hardened mucus secreted by the glands of the skin. It hibernates thus for nearly six months, drawing its sustenance from the fat secreted when it is active.

Lightning Strategy.

"Too many strategists," said a military officer, "jump to conclusions. They are too hasty. They begin a new movement before the old one is finished; hence all manner of errors.

"These strategists are like the floorwalker whom a married man, having got separated from his wife in the crowd, approached and said:

"'Excuse me, but I've lost my wife'—

"'Coffins,' said the floorwalker, 'ninth floor, back. Gents' mourning, eleventh floor, front.'"

Embarrassing.

The Squire's Pretty Daughter (examining the village school)—Now, children, can you tell me what a miracle is?

The children looked at one another, but remained silent.

"Can no one answer this question?" the new curate asked, who was standing behind the squire's daughter.

A little girl was suddenly struck with a brilliant idea. She held up her hand excitedly.

"Well, Nellie?" the squire's daughter asked, smiling approvingly.

"Please, miss," the small child replied breathlessly, "mother says 'twill be a miracle if you don't marry the new curate."—London Globe.

A House In the Air.

In 1863 a balloon of 200,000 cubic feet capacity was constructed at Paris. It was named the Giant and was intended to show the great possibilities of the air. The car attached consisted of a small two story house fitted with every modern comfort, lavatories, dining room, bedroom, kitchen, parlor, etc. Thirteen passengers made the first ascent, but the journey was of only four hours' duration. The last ascent was for seventeen hours and was abruptly terminated by a high wind, which, when the balloon descended, dragged the little house bumping over the ground. The remains of this giant of the air was for a long time exhibited in the Crystal palace in London.

GOOD DEEDS.

In man's mad strife for wealth and luxury it were well to remember these words from the Koran: "When a man dies they who survive him ask 'what property he has left behind. The angel who bends over the dying man asks what good deeds he has sent before him."

A TRIM SUIT.

A Rather Striking Effect in Black and White Check.

A SMART TROTTEUR.

Except for the choker and cuffs of sealskin and a row of black novelty buttons, which stop at the waist line, this neat suit is devoid of trimming. The woolen is of the best quality, and both the skirt and the coat's peplum have a marked flare. Please note how patent leather boots and the black satin toque with its natty little brush accentuate the dark note of the sealskin.

ANOTHER PARTY FROCK.

For the Schoolgirl Who Goes to Dancing Class.

THE TEN-YEAR-OLD.

Sage green crepe de chine is used for this pretty gown. The skirt is corded to simulate a miniature hoopskirt and finished around the bottom with walls of Troy instead of the conventional scallops. The blouse falls over more walls of Troy and is finished with a tasseled tie. Finest cream colored embroidery affords the turnover collar and V shaped chemisette, and the butterfly bow on the child's Dutch cut hair is wide cream satin ribbon.

Beware of Rust.

When relaying carpets after scrubbing the floor be sure that the boards are thoroughly dry, or the tacks will rust and stain the carpet.

THE IRONICAL CABBY

The cabby regarded the broken-down taxi with a gleam of delight, but did not speak. The chauffeur began operations on his machine. He turned and twisted it, and banged it, and screwed it, but to no avail, and still the cabby spoke not. Then the chauffeur wiped his brow, and the cabby, still with the gleam in his eye, crossed over. "Ere!" he exclaimed grimly, holding out his whip. "'Ere yer are, mister, 'it 'im with this!"

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

My Convict

By JOHN Y. LARNED

I was running my auto leisurely along a road in the country and slowed up even from that pace to turn a sharp bend in the road when suddenly a heavy weight dropped from an overhanging branch into my car directly behind me. Turning, I saw a man in convict stripes rising to his feet.

"Put on full speed," he said in a tone to indicate that he would be obeyed.

I did not see that he possessed any weapon with which to enforce his demands, but it was evident that he was an escaped jailbird and as such was likely to be desperate. As soon as I had turned the bend I obeyed his order, my speed gauge registering forty miles an hour. The man climbed over the back of the seat and sat down beside me. The road before me needed all my attention, but I took time to glance aside at him. Now that he was fleeing at so rapid a gait his whole expression was changed. Despite his stripes, I saw in him a man of refinement. He met my gaze with an honest look and said:

"My friend, if you knew that instead of defeating justice you are trying to undo a frightful act of injustice you would be better satisfied. I have been the victim of a conspiracy to defraud a bank of which I was cashier and was sent to the penitentiary for ten years. My noble wife sent me surreptitiously saws, with which I effected my escape. My object is to get out of the country, send for her and our children and begin life anew."

While he was making this brief statement I kept one eye on the road and the other on him. I doubt if any man can lie to me and impress me that he is speaking the truth. I did not know that the man was sincere, but I felt his sincerity. Knowledge may be defective; intuition, at least with me, is perfect.

"There is nothing," I replied, "that would give me greater satisfaction than to enable you to carry out your purpose. Where shall I take you?"

"First you must throw my pursuers off my track. They are not far behind."

"Get back there and cover yourself up to the chin with the wraps."

He did so, and his stripes were concealed, but he was bareheaded. I gave him my cap. Seeing a man ahead of me wearing a common woolen hat, I stopped long enough to buy it, giving him three times its value. Then, entering upon a long stretch of comparatively straight and level road, I put on the balance of my power, making fifty miles an hour.

"Do you know anything of the pursuit?" I asked.

"Only that my flight must have been discovered long ago."

"We must have another suit of clothes," was my next remark. "We shall have to stop and buy one."

My passenger gave me some idea of the sizes he had worn before his incarceration, and at the first opportunity I bought him the necessary outfit. He spoke of paying me for them some day, but I told him what I would require would be his vindication or, at least, a surety that he was what he purported to be. He managed to change his clothes under the wraps and, crossing a bridge, threw his stripes into water flowing rapidly. After this I decreased my speed somewhat, for I believed that with the start and advantage we possessed my man would not be retaken, at least for some time.

Passing through a town where I had business acquaintances, I procured funds and supplied him with what he would require. Then, stopping at a railway station, I secured a time table showing trains for New York and, by taking a longer route than the rails, put him on a train without his being obliged to wait at a station.

Meanwhile he had given me the address of his wife and asked me to call upon her to receive confirmation of his story. When he parted from me his efforts to express his gratitude overcame him, and he could say nothing. All he could do was to look it.

As soon as he had left me I began to realize my position in having aided a convict to make good his escape, and it was then that doubts began to trouble me. I did not go to see his wife for a considerable time after he and I parted, fearing that she might be watched and my visit would put the authorities on to my infringement of the law. I saw in the newspapers notices of the escape from prison of a bank embezzler, and after the stir had quieted down I made the call.

Some time after my call I received a letter written with great caution from the convict, mailed at an inland city of South America. He was paving the way to send for his wife and children, which would be a difficult matter without putting the authorities on his track.

His plan was never carried out, for one of the conspirators who had ruined him was brought to trial for certain irregularities, and the facts of the other matter came out. The convict's wife applied for a new trial for her husband, but by this time the whole matter was patent. Instead of a new trial it was decided to apply for a pardon. This, after much delay, was granted, and the pardoned man returned to his home.

I had the satisfaction of giving the reunited family a ride in the very auto that had made good the father's escape.

NOT TO BLAME

"What do you mean by coming in here with that tyre all cut to ribbons?" shouted the enraged owner of the sixty-horse-power racing car.

"Truth Dexter"

By

SIDNEY McCALL

CHAPTER XXVI—Continued

Mrs. Dexter was not listening. She was deliberately taking in the neat beauty of the grounds, and the air of well-being that now hung over everything. A heavy sigh burst from her lips, even while she smiled to see the trim fruit-trees, and the geometric rows of vegetables, with borders of rose-bushes and violets. A red-bird darted past the group, and perching himself on the very tip of a bare fig tree, began to sing. Moses, the mule, lifted his shaggy head over a fence, and neighed approvingly; the laughter of piccaninnies came from the direction of the kitchen. Mrs. Dexter turned to her old servant, with eyes that were bright and soft. "You have done well, Noah. I thank you!"

"I lubs de ole place, Miss Dolly."

"I know that, old friend. Only love gives care like this. But there is another place,—a plot of ground, not so large, but dearer"— Her voice broke, and she looked beyond the group, out to a farther hill where, in a little clearing of sentinel pines, the sunshine and the Colonel lay asleep.

Noah's old face began to twitch spasmodically; he made two husky efforts to speak before he broke out,—

"No nigger touched dat place! No nigger but ole Norah! De purtiest flowers, de whites' pebbles, de greenest gras,—dese ole hands toted dem one by one."

"I saw it all, Norah. I know what every pebble has meant to your stiff old limbs. Such works as this, only love can give, and love repay."

She held out her hand. Her face was very beautiful. The old negro took the frail fingers in his, and for a moment made as if he would bend his lips to it, as he had so often seen Old Marster do. But no! His lips were too coarse and thick for that! He laid the hand back gently, against Mrs. Dexter's sombre skirt.

"Oh, Misses! Misses!" he sobbed. "I ain't nothin' but a no'-count ole black nigger,—but I—loved him too!"

He shuffled away, giving now and again stentorian blasts of emotion on his red bandana pocket-handkerchief. Mrs. Dexter's lips were trembling, but Truth wept openly, with sweet unrestraint, like a little child.

"Dear old black—angel!" she sobbed. "I wouldn't give one strand of his woolly head for every Beacon street millionaire in Boston!"

CHAPTER XXVII.

Secrets Revealed

If Mrs. Dexter knew that Truth had been in the South for a week without writing to her husband or receiving a letter from him, she did not betray the knowledge. Boston papers had come regularly, various magazines addressed in Norton's hand, and one letter from Mrs. Adams, but none from Craighead.

The post-office of Dexterville was merely one corner of the general "store." The daily mail arrived about five; and it was noticeable how often Truth found occasion to pass, or to visit the store at that hour.

The first enchantment of home-coming was over. The old garden and the forest remained dear indeed, but, after all, there can be but one "first" to anything. Mrs. Dexter had returned to her old routine as a flower to its sheath. Truth began to realize how little Boston and its culture could mean to a soul whose very life sprang from another soil and another age.

"She'll never be happy up North long at a time," thought, and sighed deeply. In another moment she was taking herself to task. "Why am I sighing?" she demanded. "I'm never going back myself, in all probability. This is where I shall be all the rest of my life."

She looked around her as one who has waked in a new, strange place. The old home was the same as ever, but some intangible essence was gone from it,—or from her. The stiff, dark, old-fashioned furniture seemed to mock her,—it was a visible expression of that wornout past to which she and her grandmother belonged. She walked languidly to a window to see whether the rain might have stopped. No it was still coming down in tiny gray parallel strokes, relentless as the deep cut lines on an engraver's plate. She gave another great sigh.

Mrs. Dexter heard, smiled slyly to herself, and then asked kindly, "What's the matter, dearie?"

"Nothing!" was the comprehensive answer.

The old lady smiled again, and returned placidly to the darning of an embroidered pillow-sham that had made one of her own wedding outfit.

Both ladies had been sitting, most of the morning, in Mrs. Dexter's large, cheerful bedroom. A low fire of pine knots made a presence in the wide chimney-place, and served, as Mrs. Dexter would have expressed it, "to frighten off the chill." This was the room where Mrs. Dexter had lain so desperately ill, where Truth's marriage had taken place. The window through which the rooster had peered stood open now, as then. Truth had tried to occupy herself in a dozen different ways,—sewing, reading, playing on the jingling piano, helping Aunt Big Mary in the kitchen, beginning letters to Mrs. Adams,—but after each new failure to fix her own interest she would stroll back to where Mrs. Dexter sat. The placid content evident in the elder lady was, for some reason, distinctly irritating to the younger; but anything was better than being off to one's self, thinking. Mrs. Dexter's conversation ran, as usual, in the groves of long ago.

"Just look at this drawn-work!" she now remarked, holding a bit against the gray light that they both might gaze and admire. "You don't see this kind of work nowadays. Sewing-machines and factories have vulgarized everything."

Truth turned her sombre eyes from the window a moment, but said nothing.

"Yes," continued Mrs. Dexter as if a reply had been forthcoming, "I would as soon think of wearing a negro's head-handkerchief as a piece of imitation lace; yet everybody seemed to use it in Boston."

"There's the train!" said Truth, irrelevantly, but with more animation than she had yet shown. "I wonder if there's any mail!"

"They wouldn't be apt to send it up from the store such an afternoon," said Mrs. Dexter, tranquilly. "Norah can step down before breakfast in the morning."

"But I want the papers! I think I'll give Nickey two-bits to go after them."

"You will spoil that child. He is not used to tips," smiled Mrs. Dexter, then dismissed the subject from her mind and began to fold away, with elaborate care, the precious bits of mending.

The little negro was despatched, and came back with several magazines and papers.

"No letters?" asked Truth.

"None. Not er one!"

"Are you sure? Sometimes Mr. Calvert leaves them in the bottom of the bag."

"Sure!" protested Nickey. "I seen him shake de bag top-side down, myself."

"Well, I'm sorry, but it can't be helped, I reckon. Here's your two-bits."

"I don't want no pay, Miss Troof!" said Nickey, gallantly. "I don't, sho' nuff. Don't gib me dat two-bits!" His voice was sincere, but all the time his little black, claw-like hand was held palm-upward within easy reach of the coveted coin.

Truth laughed as she gave him the prize. "That's all right, Nickey! You earned it."

"No letters, mummie! But here are some Boston papers. Shall I read you the news?"

"Hadn't we better wait till after tea, when things are quieted down? It's on the table now."

"Yes, I s'pose we'd better," assented Truth, doubtfully, "though to me it seems that we never do anything down here but eat, and go to bed, and get up again."

Half an hour later tea was at an end, the Big House closed for the night, servants in their own quarters, and Truth was beginning, for the second time, to read the news.

She took up the "Sunday Herald" first. "Big Freeze in Boston. Damage to the Public Garden." She lowered the paper to address her grandmother. "Just listen at that!" she cried triumphantly; "and we about to eat strawberries off our own beds!"

She turned the pages swiftly, skimming as she went. "Fire in Dorchester." "Progress on the Subway. Great Charity Bazaar at Faneuil Hall. Sudden death of prominent Bostonian—Thomas Courtney Wiley!" The paper and Truth's hand fell together.

"Why, that was an acquaintance of Van's, wasn't he?" asked Mrs. Dexter amiably, but without lifting her eyes from her knitting.

Truth tried to reply, but her throat was paralyzed.

Then Mrs. Dexter looked up, gave a little cry, dropped yarn and needles, and hurried to Truth's side.

"Truth; Truth, dear! What is the matter? Are you sick? Did you see any bad news in the paper?"

The open sheet had slid to the floor. Truth's horror-stricken eyes were fastened upon it, and she pointed:—"That's what I saw. That! He'll marry her now! He loves her!"

"Who'll marry who? What do you mean,—are you crazy?"

"It's Van,—Van! Didn't you know he loved Mrs. Wiley? He never loved me! He hates me!"

Mrs. Dexter pressed her hand tightly against her heart. Truth went on wildly: "I was goin' to tell you everything,—I promised him I would,—but I hadn't got the courage yet. This changes everything! There is no hope. I've left him. He's goin' to give me up. And now he'll marry her!"

To be Continued.

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Juicy, Sweet
Delicious
Tender
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Order a dozen or a box today. Serve this healthful fruit at every meal.

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Through Equipment.
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CANADIAN NORTHERN ALL THE WAY

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—36690

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent my be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388

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Change of Time Commencing Saturday, January 8th.

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Further particulars on application to Grand Trunk Agents.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—5.25 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 5.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 7.30 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate points—6.25 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—†6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 6.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *3.40 a.m.

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

†Deseronto only.

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville Ont.

GET THE F. S. ANDERSON CO'S GENUINE SCRANTON COAL BELLEVILLE

The Best we Can Buy Carefully Prepared and Delivered

The F. S. ANDERSON CO.,
42 Bridge St.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily
No. 16—2.00 a.m.—Fast train, flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7.00 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m.—Express, daily.
No. 28—5.45 p.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19—2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13—4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.
No. 29—7.50 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.73 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1—3.05 p.m.—International Limited, daily.
No. 7—4.55 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO.

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro.
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North.

	Leave.	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.56 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1915.

GOING EAST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.50 p.m.	2.58 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

GOING WEST.
MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.18 p.m.	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

	Daily except Sunday
Going East	
Leave Toronto	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	6.32 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leave Belleville	5.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.30 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent.

Belleville Business Directory

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column or calling at The Intelligencer Business Office, full information may be obtained.

MINING.

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE
Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

"COLLIP, FLORIST."
Front Street.
Night Phone 175. Day Phone 208.
All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.
Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts.

OUR LINES
Automobile Storage and Car Repairing
Supplies
Bicycle Repiring
Motor Cycle Repairing
Gas Engine Work
Electrical Contracting
Electrical Supplies
Oxy-Acetyline Welding
Locksmithing
Machine Work
Storage Battery Care and Charging
General and Steel Repairing
Call and see us, whether you do business or not,
at
The Garage
GREENLEAF & SON
Phone 83. 288 Pinnacle St.

BANK OF MONTREAL
Established 1817
Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT
Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.
Banking hours, 10 to 3.. Saturday 10 to 3.
R TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

INSURANCE.

W. H. HUDSON
Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.; North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies.
Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.
Office: 17 Campbell St., Belleville. Phone 161.

CHANCEY ASHLEY
Insurance Agent
Has Removed to 229 Front Street
Next to Riggs' Music Store

THOS. STEWART
Bridge Street, Belleville.
Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.
REAL ESTATE AGENT.
Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON
Agent for
Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance, Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.

ROBERT BOGLE
MERCANTILE AGENCY.
Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed. Office, 28 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY
Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way. Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.
W. R. Vallance, Mgr. Phone 330.

SAVE YOUR MONEY
Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front St., Belleville. Phone 545. LEE CHEW.

ENGINEERING.

J. D. Evans, C.E. & O.L.S.
J. W. EVANS, C.E. & M.E.
EVANS & EVANS
Civil and Mining Engineers and Ontario Land Surveyors.
Belleville and Trenton.
Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker & Victoria Avenues. Telephone 353.

BUS, AUTO AND CABS

ASELSTINE'S
MOTOR BUS, CAB & AUTO LIVERY
Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tired, for weddings, private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town. Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection. Phone 229.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers. Apply to
S. MASSON
Barrister, etc.
Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St., Belleville.

LEGAL.

WILLS & WRIGHT
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell St. Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates.
J. FRANKLIN WILLS, K.C.
MALCOLM WRIGHT.

NORTHRUP & PONTON
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge St. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.
W. B. NORTHRUP, K.C., M.P.
W. N. PONTON, K.C.
R. D. PONTON.

PORTER & CARNEW
Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.
E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P.
WM. CARNEW.
Solicitors for Union Bank.

MIKEL & STEWART
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.
Belleville, Madoc and Tweed.
Solicitors for Molsons Bank.
W. C. MIKEL, K.C.
D. E. K. STEWART.

W. D. M. SHOREY
Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg.
Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms.
Office: 8 Campbell St., Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England
Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

Those who forget today seldom remember tomorrow.

Petulance is a shadow that clouds the sunshine of life.

Past Year Record One in Dairying

Eastern Ontario Association Convention at Renfrew—Keen Interest Shown

RENFREW, Jan. 6.—The thirty-ninth annual convention of the Eastern Ontario Dairymen's Association opened here to-day, the President, Mr. J. A. Sanderson of Oxford Station, in the chair. Renfrew citizens, he said, were justly proud of the progressiveness of their town,, and of the distinction of being the creamery town of the Province. He predicted that in the near future this would be one of the leading dairying districts of eastern Ontario.

The past year Mr. Sanderson termed a record one in all branches of the dairying industry, this being especially true of the cheese business. A keener interest than ever before has been shown by all concerned in district dairy meetings, herd improvement work, the work of the district representatives and the annual factory meetings. The comparison carried on during the season between sound, well-cooled milk and ordinary milk was bound to produce the best results.

In the output of dairy products, as compared with 1914, there was a decrease in butter of 200,000 pounds, but the selling price was between 2 cents and 3 cents per pound higher, so the net returns would be about the same. The production of cheese showed an increase of about 15 per cent., while the average price was higher, being a fraction over 15 cents. This increase in production, together with the increase in value of about $3,250,000 for the six months from May 1 to November 1.

Mr. Sandersone congratulated th dairymen on the success of their efforts for greater production, and on the patriotism shown by dairymen throughout Ontario in their splendid response to the different patriotic funds.

Want Hydro in Eastern Ontario

Mayor-elect Rochester, in an address of welcome, expressed regret that Sir Sam Beck is not giving the farmers and others of eastern Ontario the same Hydro-electric advantages which are being secured in different parts of western Ontario.

About 100 dairymen were present at the opening session, there were more at the afternoon session, while at the evening meeting the attendance was 500, inclusive of several ladies.

Individual Merit the Watchwood

Mr. C. F. Whitelay of the Dairy missioner's staff, Ottawa, spoke on the importance of cow testing, and urged dairymen not to look for a high average of milk in their herds, but rather to make individual merit the watchword.

Importance of Crop Rotation

Prof. J. H. Grisdale, Director of the Experimental Farm, said he had lately travelled from the Atlantic to the Pacific and back, and had never before seen crops so good in all parts of Canada. This, he held, could be repeated every year in the Dominion by proper crop rotation. "We could guarantee to this eastern part of Canada," he declared, "such an era of property as it has never before seen in the whole Dominion if everyone would set to work to produce all he could raise by a proper rotation of crops and follow it up." Referring to the building up of herds, he thought that farmers could more safely buy a pure-bred bull and start to gradually work upward than jump at once into the pure-bred line.

An address on "Farm Management" was to have been given by Mr. A. Leitch, B.S.A., of Guelph, but Mr. Leitch sent a telegram saying that illness prevented his coming. A telegram of regret was also received from Hon. T. W. McGarry, who said pressure of public business held him in Toronto.

Hon. Senator Derbyshire was Chairman at the citizens' meeting in the evening, when Mr. A. A. Wright ex-M.P., a local authority on dairying, spoke upon the progress of dairying.

Mr. A. MacLaren of the O. A. C., Guelph, delivered an address on "Community Building and Community Builders," in which the principle of co-operation was extolled.

New Dairying Possibilities

"New Possibilities in Dairying" was the subject of an address by Mr. Wilfrid Sadler, B.S.A., of Macdonald College, who pointed out that in recent years, while Canada's population has been increasing and an increase in the amount of milk produced has taken place, there has been a decline in the export of butter and cheese. This he attributed to a growing home consumption, and he thought that an excellent opening now exists in Canada for the manufacture and sale of clotted cream and small cheeses.

WHY SUFFER WITH BACKACHE, KIDNEYS OR RHEUMATISM NOW?

Letter Tells of Long-looked-for Prescription.

Dear Readers—If I can do any good in the world for others, I wish to do it, and I feel that it is my duty to write about the wonderful results I received from the use of "Anuric." I was suffering from kidney and bladder troubles, scalding urine, backache and rheumatism, and feet and ankles swelled so that at times I could not walk without assistance. Had taken several different kinds of kidney remedies but all failed. I sent for a box of Dr. Pierce's newest discovery, "Anuric," which I received by mail in tablet form. I soon got better and am convinced that this popular new medicine is good. I wish to recommend it to my neighbors and everybody suffering from such troubles.

MRS. M. J. SARGENT.

NOTE: You've all undoubtedly heard of the famous Dr. Pierce and his well-known medicines. Well, this prescription is one that has been successfully used for many years by the physicians and specialists at Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y., for kidney complaints, and diseases arising from disorders of the kidneys and bladder, such as backache, weak back, rheumatism, dropsy, congestion of the kidneys, inflammation of the bladder, scalding urine, and urinary troubles.

Up to this time, "Anuric" has not been on sale to the public, but by the persuasion of many patients and the increased demand for this wonderful healing Tablet, Doctor Pierce has finally decided to put it into the stores, or send 10 cents for large trial package or 50 cents for full treatment.

Simply ask for Doctor Pierce's Anuric Tablets. There can be no imitation. Every package of "Anuric" is sure to be Dr. Pierce's. You will find the signature on the package just as you do on Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, the ever-famous friend to ailing women, and Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, proven by years to be the greatest general tonic and reconstructor for any one, besides being the best blood-maker known.

LITERARY NOTES

"My Year of The Great War," is the title of a book just published by Dodd, Mead & Company of New York and written by Frederick Palmer, author of "The Last Shot," "With Kuroki in Manchuria," "The Vagabond" etc.

A Five o'clock Delicacy

WHEN friends call for a social chat, nothing is nicer to offer than a few dainty sandwiches of—

PARIS PATÉ
PARIS MEAT PATTY

—the delicious cooked-meat Patty or Paste, of which you have already heard so much. PARIS PATÉ is a triumph of French Cookery—prepared by French Chefs from a clever recipe. Choice meats tastily spiced and prepared, then cooked in sealed tins—that's PARIS PATÉ. You couldn't offer your guests a choicer delicacy. Ask your grocer.

10c. a Tin

"Good for everybody—young & old alike—at all times!"

Prepared by SOCIÉTÉ S.P.A. MONTREAL

12

Dr. Simpson is Not a Fugitive

Winnipeg Surgeon is Quite Ready to Meet Charge—Out on Bail

(Canadian Associated Cable)

LONDON, Jan. 6.—In Bow Street Police Court Robert Mills Simpson, aged 48, Surgeon Lieut.-Col. of the Canadian Medicals, appeared on a warrant under the fugitive offenders act, charged with stealing $100,000 belonging to "the King in the right of the Province of Manitoba." Accused was arrested at Folkestone upon his arrival from France last week, and when the warrant was read to him, remarked: "This is quite a political matter."

The Magistrate said that depositions had not yet been received from Canada and ordered a further remand of a week. Walter Frampton defended, and applied for bail, pointing out that although the accused had been proceeded against as a fugitive offender, he could not under any circumstances be considered a fugitive from justice. For twenty-five years he had held a very high position in Winnipeg where he practised in partnership with two well-known surgeons and was Chairman of the Provincial Board of Health and President of the Winnipeg Conservative Association. He had joined the Canadian forces in September, 1914, as a Medical Officer and came here in May, proceeding to France. He had been promoted from Lieutenant to Colonel, and had been performing as many as twenty or thirty operations daily on soldiers in France.

Scotland Yard Gets Him.

He was told on December 23 to return to this country. No suggestion of any charge was made against him, but upon landing at Folkestone he was arrested by Inspector Lawrence of Scotland Yard. He was at a loss to know how the charge of conspiring with a number of prominent citizens in Canada had arisen. He had no details of the charge, and could only assume it had some connection with his position in the Conservative party. There was no question of escaping if he was allowed bail, even if such a thing was possible at the present period. He was very anxious to meet the charge, and a number of Prominent Canadians were prepared to testify as to his public and military duties. A substantial sum would be deposited as bail.

The Magistrate questioned why the matter of the defendant's return to Canada had not been left with the military authorities, as he was still under their jurisdiction. He offered to allow bail in one surety of £500.

Dr. Ingilis, Wininpeg, of the Canadian forces, who was subsequently invalided, offered as surety this amount, but as he was not a householder here his bail was not accepted. It was stated that bail would be forthcoming hed this happened later in the day.

Manitoba House Is In Session

WINNIPEG, Jan. 6.—The first session of the 15th legislature of Manitoba was opened this afternoon by the Lieut.-Governor Sir Douglas Cameron, with the usual ceremonies. The Address in Reply to the Speech from the Throne was moved by Colonel George Clingan, member for Virden, and seconded by George T. Armstrong, Manitou. It is expected that J. B. Baird, member for Mountain, will be the new Speaker.

Legislation to be proposed will include women suffrage, a prohibition plebiscite, school law amendments and other important matters.

The legislature will have to deal with a heavy programme of legislation, including measures for woman suffrage, prohibition, direct legislation, compulsory education, and the modification of the school law. Strong pressure, it is reported, has been brought to bear on the Government to abolish the bi-lingutl clause. In Government circles it is believed this will be done, a clause recognizing the special rights of the French language being substituted.

The famous Coldwell Amendments are to be repealed. There will be a bill appointing a Civil Service Commission, and it is thought likely the House will be asked to deal with the question of reorganizing the University of Manitoba. This and other important provincial questions will probably be referred to a select committee of the House.'

On the question of prohibition, the Government has pledged itself to pass the MacDonald Act of 1902, and submit it to a referendum vote of the people. The referendum bill, which has been printed, provides that a simple majority of the votes cast will carry prohibition.

Whether or not the women will vote on the prohibition referendum has not been decided. They are to be enfranchised at this session, in accordance with the Government's pledge; but the Government intends to take the referendum in March, and there would not be time to prepare a women's voters' list. It has been suggested that the women should be allowed to vote by declaration.

SINCLAIR'S SINCLAIR'S

Great Big Attractions For Saturday Shoppers

One-Third Off All Ladies' and Misses' Cloth Coats

One-Third Off All Girls' and Children's Cloth Coats

1200 Yards of 25c and 35c Colored Broche Velours, only 15c yard

These are Special Attractions for our first Saturday of Early Closing, and while Early Closing means Two Hours less business, for we close our store at 7 P.M., we hope with the co-operation of our Customers, to make Early Saturday Closing a real success in our Store.

SAVE ONE-THIRD ON YOUR COAT PURCHASES. EVERY CLOTH COAT IN OUR STORE ON SALE AT ONE-THIRD OFF

45 MISSES' COATS.

By Misses' Coats we mean from 14 to 20 years, and in this lot—all this season's new Coats, are all the New Colors, as well as every desirable Cloth, such as Chinchillas, Zebelines, Serges, Reversible Cloths and Tweeds, at every price from $10.00 to $24.50; on sale Saturday at One-Third Off Regular Prices.

69 LADIES' COATS.

In this lot we offer every Ladies' Cloth Coat in our store, Black and Colored, regular sizes, large sizes, and coats for extra stout women—every coat this season's styles, at every price from $10.00 to $27.50; on sale all day Saturday at One-Third Off Regular Prices.

38 GIRLS' COATS.

This means your choice of every Girls' Cloth Coat in our store, sizes from 3 to 12 years, in a variety of styles and in all the new and serviceable Cloths, a splendid range to select from, regular prices $3.50 to $10.00; On sale Saturday at One-Third Off Regular Prices.

1200 YARDS REGULAR 25c. AND 35c. COLORED BROCHE VELOURS, ONLY 15c. YARD.

This is a New Lot of 40 pieces of American Colored Velours, regularly sold at 25c. and 35c. per yard, and just to add to the attraction of our First Early Closing Saturday, we place this One Case of Velours on sale, all day Saturday, only 15c. per yard. See Our Window of These Goods.

During the Winter months—Jan., Feb., March—our our store closes on Saturday at 7 P.M.

Sinclairs

SHOP EARLY.
Help us in our Early Closing Saturday we close at 7 P.M.

HARD COLDS

CAUSE WEAK LUNGS, BELLE..VILLE DRUGGIST SUGESTS A RELIABLE REMEDY,

We have a constitutional remedy for hard colds and weak lungs which we guarantee. Such letters as this prove its efficiency:—

Wickatunk, N.J., "I suffered from weak lungs, pains in my chest and very short of breath. I am an agent for the C. P. R. of New Jersey. I had a very bad cough and lost fifteen pounds in weight and my trouble interferred with my occupation so that I had to stop work last July. I had doctored for sometime without benefit, but when I learned of Vinol through a friend I decided to try it, and soon commenced to improve My cough has gone, the soreness from my chest disappeared, I am working again and have regained the fifteen pounds in flesh which I lost." Victor Walden, Wickatunk, N.J.

The reason Vinol is superior to any other remedy is because it contains in deliciously palatable form the healing, body-building and strengthening elements of fresh cod livers, tonic iron and beef peptone—the oldest and most famous tonics known to medicine. Try it on our guarantee.—J. S. McKeown, Druggist, Belleville, Ont.

Self-Contained Empire.

In her next war Great Britain intends to be practically independent of the United States for food and munitions, says a Washington writer. Work has already been begun by experts of the British Government on plans for the building up in the various British colonies of munition works, and for the intensification and extension of farming.

It is understood that Great Britain is not overlooking the possibility of not being able to use the United States as a source of supplies. In addition, if she could purchase all her supplies and munitions at home and in her colonies, the ability to make loans from her own people would be greatly increased. The reported difficulty of disposing of the recent $500,000,000 Anglo-French loan in this country has shown England the necessity of being economically independent.

It is understood that plans are being prepared for the erection of extensive munition plants in Canada, Australia, and New Zealand. In addition several of the British Colonial Governments some time ago sent out agricultural experts to study European methods.

AS WE GROW OLDER

our minds are quite as active as in former years but our strength does not respond when we need it most; perhaps the kidneys are weak, the liver torpid, rheumatic pains or stiffened joints beset us, and we cannot easily throw off the colds that winter brings.

What we need is the rich cod liver oil in Scott's Emulsion to renew the blood and carry strength to every organ of the boby, while its glycerine soothes the respiratory tract, and its hypophosphites strenghthen the excitable nerves.

Scott's Emulsion is a scientific oil-food, of unusual benefit to those past fifty years—particularly during the colder seasons, it imparts warmth and creates strength. One bottle will prove its worth. No harmful drugs.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 15-35

LOST IN A GLACIER.

Fate of a Prospector Who Slipped Into a Crevasse In Alaska.

"In the winter of 1898-9," said Robert C. Losey, "I was one of a party of prospectors in Alaska. We were crossing the Rampart mountains, in central Alaska, on the way to Quail creek, from which locality had come reports of a great gold find. A member of another party near us, in going over the mountains, had broken through a crust of sand and gone down into the crevasse of a glacier.

"He had gone down a distance of thirty-eight or forty feet, where he had lodged. We could not see him, but we heard him and we talked with him. We tried to reach him with a rope and finally tied a pick to the end of the rope, hoping to bring him out. He asked us to quit pulling on the rope; that we were making his position worse. He finally pleaded with us, his voice growing fainter and fainter, to go away and leave him.

"He evidently was freezing, not, as we have heard, a painful death, and he did not want to be bothered. He gave us his name; said he was fifty-four years old and told us to notify his folks at some town in Missouri. We stayed there until we could hear his voice no longer.

"He certainly made a record of being the coolest man, and then he froze to death."

NAVAL ENGINEERS

Obscure Heroes of the Warships When a Battle Rages.

BOTTLED UP BELOW DECKS.

They Get None of the Glory and the Fine Thrill of Combat, but Just a Little Harder Work Than Usual. Perils of the Officers and Stokers.

There is a man in the navy who is too often forgotten, even by the authorities, when they are "dishing out" rewards and praise for successful operations at sea, and that man is the man who makes the wheels go round inside the ship.

If the wheels stop then the modern warship lies on the water like an armed tin can, waiting for some one to sail round it, plug it full of holes and sink it.

A fighting ship, to put up any sort of battle at all, must be able to get on with it at the rate of knots, as the sailors say when they mean at high speed, and the men who make that possible are the engineers and the stokers. The engineer officers are highly skilled scientists, with no use for the fear of death.

The stoker, far below the waterline, shovels coal, and he gathers there is a battle on, when there is, by the fact that he has to work twice as hard as he thought he could, and by the infernal racket made by the guns, and by the projectiles of the enemy, which have found a new home aboard the ship.

He has none of the glory and the fine thrill of battle—only an increase in his ordinary work.

He works by lamplight to keep steam up, and he knows there has been a victory when some one tells him, unless he happens to be working in his "spare" time at the ammunition hoists near the roaring guns.

Even now in many ships and once in all the engineer officers and their men are shut down in their working place, and they cannot get out, for it is necessary for them to so be closed up. It is not, of course, necessary to keep them there to make them do their work, but because the ships' engines run under forced draft, and the only way to get that is to batten down the stokeholds.

They become, in fact, part of the pipe, if one can call it that, along which the air is pumped to the fires to make them burn more fiercely, just as one bucks up the kitchen range with the bellows. If the hatches leading to the upper decks were open the air would be pumped out through them and would not pass through the white hot furnaces.

If she is torpedoed and sinks suddenly down go the engineers and the stokers without the chance of swimming for it as the others have when the order "Each man for himself!" is given by the executive officer in charge of the vessel.

In the case of the oil driven warships there is not, it need hardly be said, that added risk for the engine room staff. There is no need to shut them down, and in case of sinking they have no further risk than that entailed by the time taken for the order to get down to them and for them to get up on deck. They are, however, the people most likely to go to fragments when a torpedo comes knocking on the ship's side, or, rather, down among her foundations.

And there are steam pipes filled with scalding and sudden death, flooding the engine room in an instant with biting, blinding, searing fog, somewhere above boiling point, for high pressure steam is hotter stuff than comes out of the spout of a kettle. A shell through the main steam pipes, and goodby to those who are near the damage.

The engineer officer knows all this and often has seen some of the things that can happen taking place on a small but significant scale. While the gunners get the glory he watches the wheels go round, listens not to the scream of the shells or the hammer strokes of projectiles on armor plate, but to the telltale songs of the complex mechanisms over which he presides with the coolness of a naval officer, the skill of a man of science and the tenderness of a Red Cross nurse.

Every moment may be the last moment the life in his body has, but he must not think of that.

Down there in the bowels of the fighting ship he must keep his mind clear to think of a thousand details, and he must do it without any of the exhilaration that comes from watching the effect of the guns on the enemy's ships.

He never sees a shot go home; he never sees an enemy's flag pulled down in defeat.

He sees only his engines and the men tending them.

If all goes well and the enemy runs or strikes the engineer commander hears all about it at mess. If things go wrong he feels it quite unmistakably in his person.

Get one unlucky shot into the engine room and it is up to him, so long as volition is left to him, to put that thing right, and he must not draw fires until there is not another thing he can do first. In battle so long as there is a dog's chance to do so he must keep steam up, for steam is the breath of life to the ship, and he must take risks when he is making repairs that would give the landsman spasms.—London Answers.

Tangible Evidence.

"That man cuts a big figure in the railroad world."

"He'll leave footprints on the sands of time, eh?"

"Well, he'll leave some tracks."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Why Methuselah Sighed.

"If I had seen these suggestions on diet sixty years earlier they would have prolonged my life 200 years." Mr. Methuselah remarked with a bitter sigh as he threw aside the morning paper.—Judge.

It Is Some Accomplishment to content the exacting housewife with baker's cake—especially if her culinary skill in cake-making is excellent. Our cake is equal to that of the best home made, because it is baked with the best ingredients that the market affords. We are skilled bakers that know how to bake cake just as it should be baked. Our surroundings are most sanitary.

Yerex's Bakery
Phone 787
68 Sinclair St. Belleville

Kingsbeer

"Club Special" & "Home Brew"

The Best Two Lagers Made in Canada

Consumers who cannot purchase KINGSBEER from their local dealer please address "Mail Order Department, 38 Chaboillez Square, Montreal."

The Long And Short Of It!

TALL Men, Short Men and Stout Men frequently find the Clothes question quite baffling!

Those who have worn our Special Sizes for such proportions know that the solution here is easy.

The worried ones are invited to try on our Suits and Overcoats, in Slim, Stout and Extra Sizes, just to see how easy it is to find a fit.

If you think it necessary to have your Clothes made to order, then you have not given this Store a trial.

We have all our sizes cut in several shapes to accommodate just such cases as yours. We are positive that we can

Fit You To A "T"

The fact is that we guarantee you a fit—just as much as we guarantee a fit—in any of our regular sizes.

Suits, $12, $15, $20 to $25
Overcoats, $10, $12 to $20
Trousers, $2, $3, $4 to $6

Quick & Robertson
THE OUTFITTERS

You Are Always Welcome

GORMAN'S BOOT SHOP

The
Shop
That
Fits
The
Feet

GORMAN'S

HOCKEY STICKS
NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.

AUTOMOBILE SKATES
Made in Canada
Have you seen the New Ones?
Stronger and Lighter than ever

THE **SMITH HARDWARE** CO.
LET US DO YOUR PLUMBING

HOME MADE CANDIES
SPECIAL FOR EVERY DAY
If You Wish
HOME MADE CANDY
Call At The
BOSTON CANDY CO.
245 FRONT STREET

GOLDEN WEDDING OF INTEREST TO MANY PEOPLE OF BELLEVILLE

Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Snell, of Toronto, Celebrate Fiftieth Wedding Anniversary—Belleville People Present

On the first day of January, 1916, about fifty relatives representing Belleville, Galt, Elora, Harriston, Ottawa, and Toronto, gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Snell, Glendale avenue, Toronto, for the purpose of celebrating their golden wedding anniversary. Mr. Snell was born in Belleville and for some years was a resident of this city. Mr. and Mrs. Snell were residents of Galt for many years, the latter having spent her girlhood days there. Owing to a death in the near relationship the celebration was of a very quiet character. However, the congratulations extended were hearty and sincere, and letters were received from many friends too far away to make the trip to the home of the happy and honored couple.

Before partaking of a splendid repast, Mr. John Allison, of Galt, read an address, and Miss Florence Snell of Belleville, made the presentation of the purse of gold, and other gifts, suitable for the occasion, of a useful and valuable nature. Mr. Snell made a feeling reply and thanked his friends for their good wishes and kindness, wishing them all a happy and prosperous New Year. Following is the address:—

Dear Uncle and Auntie:—

Fifty years have come and gone since two young and very inexperienced people, on January 1st, 1866, took the very important matrimonial step for better or worse. That it proved for the better was soon shown for by being industrious and careful you soon acquired a substantial interest in the community. In church and social circles you were always very active, and in the family circle, a very present help in times of trouble.

We remember with pleasure how, for nearly forty years, on the first of January in every year, on the first of Januay in every year, you threw open your house to your friends and treated them with generous hospitality. There was nothing too good for them and when after your removal to Toronto your house seemed to be the mecca for all your friends from North, South, East and West, all were received with open arms.

Will you kindly accept this purse of gold to buy some comforts for your declining years. That you may be long spared to one another is the sincere wish of your many friends.

Signed on behalf of your friends,
John Snell, Belleville ....
Thos. Allison, Galt,
Mary Grills, Galt.

Among those present were: Thos. Grills, Harriston; Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Snell, Mrs. Brian Myers, Miss Florence Snell, Belleville; Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Mighton, Mr. and Mrs. W. Richardson, Mrs. Walter Main, Elora; Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Leslie, Mrs Gerrie, Capt and Mrs. W. M. Alderson, Miss Alderson, Mrs. N. L. Alderson, Mrs Holmes, Mr. Clark, Miss W. Warburton, Mrs. Warburton, Toronto; Mr. Lincoln Ingall, Mr. and Mrs. W. Grills, Mr. and Mrs. John Allison, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Allison, Mrs. John Grills, Mrs. Wm. Grills, Miss Audrey Grills, Mr. Thos. Allison, Miss Mamie Allison, Miss Maud Allison, Miss Annie Allison, Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Levitt, Miss Sara Levitt, Mrs. F. Snell, Miss Marion Snell, Miss Lizzie Ingall, Miss Arvilla Ingall, Miss Thelma Ingall, Miss Pearl Grills, Miss Mabel Grills, Galt.

IN and ABOUT THE CITY

WOMEN'S RIFLE CLUB

Miss M. B. Falkiner	.98
Miss McCarthy	.95
Miss Campbell	.94
Miss V. McLean	.94
Miss T. MacLean	.73

LOCAL OPTION DEFEATED

In the Township of Monteagle and Herschel, the vote for Local Option was 106 for and 118 against. The measure was thus defeated on the three-fifths clause, less than 5 votes.

STILL MAKING CHEESE

Union Vale Cheese Factory is still in operation with an output of ten cheese per day. Mr. Reed says he would like to run all winter. He thinks it poor policy to run only a part of the year and then let the cows go dry, especially when there is such good money in cheese.—Picton Gazette.

BIRTHS

KERR—In Belleville at 42½ Bridge St. East, on Friday, December 31st, to Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Kerr. A daughter, Audrey, Lillian, Bell.

MARRIAGES

Married, Jan. 6, 1916, in Emmanuel Rectory, by Rev. A. M. Hubly, Charles Wesley Gossell, of Lindsville, Alberta, and Lena Winnifred How, of Rednesrville, Ont.

The happy couple left by C.P.R. for their home in Alberta.

Ineresting Items

Mr. E. P. Heaton, Fire Marshal for Ontario, expects to make visits to several States in the Union to study the systems adopted there.

Hon. G. Howard Ferguson promises strenuous dealing with those responsible for the lockout of the Ottawa Separate School Commission's teachers recently.

Free distribution of various antitoxins and herums by the Provincial Board of Health is to begin on February 1st.

Working single-handed, a bandit Wednesday night overpowered the mail clerk on the west bound Sunset Express of the Southern Pacific Railroad, after it left the San Antonio station, seized all the registered mail he could find and escaped.

GERMAN WARSHIP CAPTURED IN 10 MINUTES

LONDON, Jan. 5—The German armed steamer Kingani surrendered on December 26 to the British naval expedition on Lake Tanganyika, in Central Africa, it was announced in an official statement to-night.

"The action lasted ten minutes," adds the statement. "All the German officers were killed and the steamer, despite its sinking condition, was brought into port."

REASONS TO AVOID RECRUITING OFFICER

Under the caption "Why Canadians Should Not Fight," Mr. Oliver Hezzelwood says:

There has been so much said lately about enlisting Canadians that I venture to offer o few suggestions why young men should avoid enlistment:

(1) Self-preservation is the first law of nature. Snakes, skunks, wolves, flies, toads and all kinds of animal life seem by instinct to avoid voluntarily exposing themselves in places of known danger. Why should not young Canadians follow their example and act upon this law?

(2) Is not the female of our species already superseding man in many avocations? Is it not necessary for the young men to hang right on to their jobs and if any one really should go and fight, and it looks as though they should, why not enlist a few battalions of young ladies, so as not to disturb the equilibrium? Could not a healthy young lady learn trench warfare as quickly as she could fit herself to run a lathe, work on a farm or take charge of a set of books? In the final analysis, is it not more logical to have an army of women than to have an army of sissy men?

(3) The United States are not fighting, but are making money out of the war. Why should they get the financial plums and we get only glory and self-respect? What young man would not rather stay in Canada and go to the "high kick" performance than to win a Victoria Cross and die, or, even if he win and live, he cannot eat a V.C.

(4) The world's liberties may be at stake, but why worry about it? Humanity soon gets used to slavery, so it is said. If the Germans come over and do all our organizing, governing, tax collecting, etc., we will be saved a lot of trouble and elections. We will not need to think for ourselves and serious thought is a great bore to many young men. Some of cur "Cigarette fiends" might collapse if they have to think seriously.

(5) Who would be left to go to hockey matches, Saturday afternoon matinees and tango trots if all the young men enlist?

(6) Why should a healthy, robust young man with a future full of glowing possibilities go and fight for the children, the aged and the unfit? Soldiers of former wars may have had the Calvary vision, but the German professors claim to have knocked that doctrine into a cocked hat.

Oliver Hazzelwood.

Toronto, Jan. 3, 1915.

A HARD DRINKER

Niece: "Oh, uncle, have you seen the Williamses' baby? Do describe it to me!"

Uncle: "Um! Ah! Very small features, clean-shaven, red-faced, and looks a hard drinker."

after those who would pan America.

German professor says that he has discovered a way to feed old newspapers to cows. Then milk the news, we suppose?

Within the Military Circle

BELLEVILLE

Lieut. Fish of the 155th Battalion, is in Stirling engaged in recruiting.

Sergt. Turner of the 155th Battalion, is in Bancroft recruiting.

Sergt. Richardson of the 80th Battalion, has been transferred to the 155th Battalion, and Pte. Adams of the 155th Battalion has been transferred to the 80th Battalion.

The Prince Edward Co. of 155th Bay of Quinte Battalion, is now recruited up to a strength of fifty-three. The officers feel confident that the young men of Prince Edward will come forward voluntarily and help to make this company one of the best of the battalion.

Lieut. R. E. Noble of the 155th Batt. is now at Kingston completing his examinatoins for promotion. Needless to say he is missed in Picton, but we expect him to return with more push and vigor than ever.

Battalion Orders

Officer for today—Lt. L. M. Bertrand; for to-morrow, Lt. L. H. Birket.

Sergt. for to-day—Cpl. Webster, A. Co.; for to-morrow, Cpl. Eneskin, B. Co.

Corpl. for to-day—Cpl. Potter, A. Co.; to-morrow, Cpl. Grant, A. Co.

Major A. P. Allen of the 155th, was in town Monday, overseeing the work done by the recruiting Sergeant. He reports that recruiting is very brisk all over the county and he is quite pleased with the response all loyal men are making to the appeal for recruits, made by the "Bay of Quinte Battalion."—Deseronto Post.

KINGSTON

Officers of the 3rd division may be granted leave of absence for a period not exceeding one week, according to a recent order issued.

An order has just been issued allowing all Highland battalions to enlist one sergeant piper, and 5 pipers, as laid down in the war establishment.

All officers are ordered to be careful of the health of their men, particularly in localities where epidemics prevail. To prevent getting wet feet all men are compelled to apply dubbing to their boots.

Bishop Farthing is convinced that if the Allies lose in the war it will be on account of those who are at home, and not on account of those who are in the trenches. The people at home are not sacrificing very much apparently for those who are in the war.—Kingston Whig.

We Have In Stock
Considerable Corrugated Galvanized Iron.

It will pay you to get our prices before purchasing. We keep a good supply of GALVANIZED NAILS on hand at the lowest prices.

Well Pumps, Cistern Pumps
of all descriptions kept in stock.
It Will Cost You Nothing To Get Our Prices.
Give us a Call

The John Lewis COMPANY LIMITED

MERRY XMAS
FLOUR
FLOUR

For Your Christmas Baking

You cannot afford to use any but the best flour which is of course the Quaker. Don't run the risk of spoiling the bread, the pudding, the pie, the cake. Order a sack of Quaker flour tod-ay and make sure of that part of your supplies for the feast.

H. E. FAIRFIELD

THE REAL ISSUE IN THE MANUFACTURERS--SUN LIFE DEAL

The One Point Before the Policyholders

The real question before the participating policyholders of the Manufacturers Life in the proposed deal with the Sun is quite clear and simple. Will it pay them to transfer their insurance to the Sun under the proposed arrangement?

The Facts of the Case

The answer is equally clear and simple. The change unquestionably will pay them. The average dividends paid to Manufacturers policies in the past have been only about 65 per cent. of those paid to similar policies in the Sun. Under the proposed arrangement the Sun guarantees that these dividends on Manufacturers policies will immediately be increased to 80 per cent. of Sun Life dividend and in three or four years will be the full 100 per cent. In addition the policyholders, both participating and non-participating, will have the financial protection of a company much larger and relatively more powerful than their own. That is the elementary and common-sense view of the deal.

Toronto's Civic Pride

In Toronto, however, the issue is being clouded by sentimental objections. Toronto business men do not like one of the city's leading financial institutions to disappear and its power transferred to Montreal. Toronto people are naturally proud of their city, as a financial centre, and rather jealous of Montreal's record. But that is clearly an objection which can have little weight with the great majority of Manufacturers policyholders. Only a small proportion of them live in Toronto. The majority of them live in Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and the other provinces and in South Africa, England, the West Indies and the East. It does not matter to them whether the head office of their insurance company is Toronto, Montreal or Timbuctoo as long as their insurance is sound. Probably self interest and civic pride will clash in the case of those Manufacturers policyholders who do not reside in Toronto. But past experience of amalgamations rather suggests that even they will prefer the bigger dividends on their policies, for it is seldom wise to allow sentimental considerations to influence one's judgment of any financial proposition.

Not Manufacturers' Policyholders

As a matter of fact the leading people objecting to the deal, are not Manufacturers' policyholders at all. They are ordinary citizens very keenly interested in maintaining Toronto's position as a financial centre. But it is clear that they have no standing in this matter, which concerns the Manufacturers' policyholders alone.

The Argument of Undue Rivalry

Another argument which rather clouds the issue—and in no way affects Manufacturers' policyholders—is that if the deal goes through the Sun will possess assets of $95,000,000. Consequently it will have a preponderating and undue influence with the public compared to the other Canadian life companies. I think, however, that this is a misapprehension of what is likely to happen. If the merger goes through the results will be the same as in every other similar merger I know of. The Sun Life will not then obtain as much new business as both the Sun Life and the Manufacturers did before. The Manufacturers connection certainly will increase the Sun Life's new business considerably. But there must of necessity be a big reduction in the total new business of the two companies in pre-merger days. In other words there will be more business left for the other Canadian companies and that is, in my opinion, a considerable advantage to those companies.

The Rank and File do not Worry

Here again the objections of other companies to the deal are sentimental rather than practical. I can quite understand that some of the Big Canadian companies are naturally jealous of the growing power of the Sun. They naturally do not like to see the Sun Life which, a few years ago, was on a level with themselves, as regards size, suddenly shoot ahead and become a giant because of several amalgamations it has recently accomplished. But the excellent rank and file of our smaller Canadian life companies, which give the public terms second to none, and after all constitute the real strength of Canadian life insurance, are not worrying about the deal because they appreciate that it cannot affect them adversely. They always have had to compete with the big companies. I rather think they prefer one big competitor where two previously existed. It gives them a better chance.

Food Combinations.

For dinner salads use only the simple green salads with French dressing.

Serve tomatoes in some form with veal.

Serve caper sauce only with mutton.

With roast lamb serve mashed potatoes, green peas, or string beans and mint sauce.

With roast chicken serve mashed potatoes, onions and a sour jelly.

Any vegetable harmonizes with beef.

With roast beef serve potatoes baked in the pan and a sweet watermelon or peach pickle.

With roast pork serve baked potatoes, a green vegetable and a sour apple sauce.

With broiled steak serve creamed potatoes and a crisp fried vegetable like egg plant.

With fricassed meats serve baked potatoes.

With roast meats serve potatoes mashed or roasted in the pan with the meat.

Serve potatoes plain boiled when new.

The Truth.

"Why don't you go to your friends? Why do you come to me to borrow money?"

"Well, I'll tell you. I don't want my good friends to know that I have to borrow money."—Detroit Free Press.

Ship of the Desert.

"Johnny," said the teacher, "what is a dromedary?"

Johnny didn't know, but Ralph did.

"I know," he said proudly. "A dromedary is a two masted camel."—Christian Register.

Wisdom Came Early.

Little Eunice, aged five, was crying, and her grandmother asked what the trouble was. "Oh, everything seems to go wrong," sobbed Eunice. "I just wish I had my whole life to live over again!"—Spokane Review

SPORTING NEWS

HOCKEY

The Belleville Intermediate O.H.A. team went to Picton today and will play with the intermediate team of that town this evening.

Mr. Ernie Lang, of this city, will, this evening, referee an O.H.A. game of hockey to be played at Peterboro, between the intermediate teams of that city and Campbellford.

The operation on "Glad" Murphy was successfully performed and hopes are now held out for his recovery.

BASEBALL

WEEGHMAN GETS CUBS

CINCINNATI, Jan. 6.—The Chicago Cubs changed hands here yesterday, when Charles Weeghman, former president of the Chicago Federal League Club agreed among other things, to pay $500,000 in cash to Charles P. Taft, of this city, for 90 per cent. of the stock of the Chicago National League Club.

The actual sale exchange of money and transfer of property will take place on Jan. 20.

Blames Gen. Stopford For Sulva Bay Failure

Continued from Page One

by ten in the morning the force of the enemy was spent. Soon their shattered remnants began to trickle back, leaving a track of corpses behind them. By night, except for prisoners or wounded, no live Turk was left upon our side of the slope."

Turk Tricks New

The remainder of the story consists largely of misfortunes. General Hamilton states that the Turkish methods were new to the inexperienced commanders. On the 15th General Stopford was relieved of his command of his division corps. General De Lisle succeeded him.

The accounts of the suffering of the soldiers from lack of water are graphic. An enormous quantity was serelly collected at Anzac, where a huge reservoir was built. Oil tins with a capacity of 80,000 gallons were collected and fitted with handles, but an accident to a steamer delayed part of the supply at the time of landing.

Dificult Task

An important feature of the document is the description of the joint army and navy plans for probably the most difficult and complicated operations ever attempted on so large a scale. It was impossible to concentrate a third of the fresh troops to be launched in an attack on Suvla and Anzac withn the confines of the British-held grounc. Part of the forces were at Imbros, part at Mudrose, part at Mytelene, respectively 14 miles, 60 miles and 120 miles to appear simultaneously with munitions, stores, animals, vehicles, and(particularly water.

Farewell

In conclusion, General Hamilton bids an eloquent farewell to his comrades.

RITCHIE'S SATURDAY NIGHT BARGAINS

Watch for the Blue Price Cards

ON SALE BETWEEN 7 AND 9

Commencing Saturday Night we will again continue our Special Saturday Night Sales from 7 to 9 o'clock. To-morrow night offer this splendid List of Money-Savers which should crowd the store with eager buyers.

Leader No. 1.
15c. FLANNELETTE
8 yds. for $1.00

33 inches wide, medium weight, and splendid wearing quality; our regular 15c. quality, in white only, on sale Saturday night at 8 yards for $1.00

Leader No. 2.
TAFFETA RIBBONS
2c. yard.

Lot No. 1—Odd Shades of Taffeta Ribbon that sold regularly at 7c., on sale at .... 2c. yard

Lot No. 2—Taffeta Ribbons in odd shades. Regular 10c. and 15c. yard, for .... 5c. yard

Leader No. 3
MEN'S SOFT HATS
$1.00.

Odd sizes of our Regular $2.00 and $2.50 Felt Hats, good winter weight and new styles. Colors of brown, green and navy. Your choice Saturday night $1.00

Leader No. 4.
BLOUSES
39c.

There are Blouses in this lot that sold previously as high as $1.00. They are in Voiles, Prints, Lawns and Linenes; good styles and on sale Saturday night at .... 39c.

Leader No. 5.
WHITE APRONS
19c. each.

Large White Aprons without bib, made of a splendid quality white cotton and always sold at 25c. each. Your choice Saturday Night .. 19c.

$1.50 Oriental Satins, 98c

39 inches wide, in shades of Blue, Grey, Navy, Brown and Tan, etc.; usually sold at $1.50 yard. Saturday night special .... 98c. yard

20-INCH TAFFETA SILK, 49c. YARD.

Qualities that usually sell at 75c. and $1.00 yard, in shades of White, Ivory and Cream; your choice Saturday night .... 49c. yard

BATH TOWELS, 25c. PAIR.

White and Colored Bath Towels, size 18 x 38 inches. Special, 25c. pair

8-4 AND 9-4 BLEACHED SHEETING, 35c. YARD.

Fine English make in a plain smooth finish, a quality worth regularly 45c. yard. Saturday night .... 35c. yard

CHILDREN'S CASHMERE HOSE, 25c.

Plain Cashmere Hose for sizes 4 to 7½; worth regularly up to 40c. pair. On sale Saturday night, only .... 25c. pair

CLEARING LADIES' NECKWEAR AT 10c.

An assortment of Ladies' Collars, Jabots and Fancy Neckwear, worth up to 50c. On sale at .... 10c. each

LADIES' LEATHER HAND BAGS.

Black only, silk lined, with coin purse inside, newest shapes, worth regularly $1.00. On sale at .... 75c. each

MEN'S BLACK STIFF HATS
$1.00.

English make and good styles. Regular $2.00 and $2.50. Your choice $1.00

LINEN COLLARS, 10c.—3 for 25c.

High turn down styles or stand up with pointed wing; sizes 13½ to 17. Regular 15c. and 20c. Saturday night .... 10c.; 3 for 25c.

SILK HOSE, 39c. PAIR.

In colors of Navy, Tan, Dark Red and Black. Regular 50c., for .... 39c.

MEN'S WORSTED TROUSERS, $1.50.

Dark striped patterns, sizes 32 to 42; very special Saturday Night $1.50

Half-Price Millinery

All our Trimmed and Untrimmed Millinery Half-Price.

$2.75 Blouses $1.69

Beautiful Silk Blouses in the very newest styles, in white, maize, sky, navy and black shades. Regularly $2.75. Saturday night special ... $1.69

AMERICAN LADY CORSETS, $1.00.

All good fitting Corsets in a number of different styles that sell regularly at $1.35 and $1.50 pair, sizes 19 to 30. Your choice Saturday Night at .... $1.00 pair

35c. CORSET COVERS, 25c.

Well made of a fine quality all-over Embroidery, Ribbon trimmed, splendid fitting, for sizes 34 to 44. Regular 35c., for Saturday Night ...... 25c.

CHILDREN'S SERGE DRESSES, $1.69.

In a fine quality Navy and Cardinal Serge, made in neat patterns, piped with contrasting colors; sizes for ages 2 to 5 years. Reg. $2.25; your choice $1.69

98c. HOUSE DRESSES, 75c.

In blue and white Checked Ginghams, very neatly made, in sizes 34 to 40. Regular 98c. Your choice .... 75c.

THOUSANDS OF YARDS OF REMNANTS ON SALE AT BARGAIN PRICES.

The RITCHIE Company Limited

FURS — HALF PRICE.

At this 50 per cent. reduction we are now offering our entire stock of high grade Furs. See them in the North window.

The Glasgow Warehouse

You Have 1 More Day
in which to receive the remarkable savings effected by buying your needs during our

BIG DISCOUNT SALE

Hundreds of Customers have been saving money during the last 9 days by supplying their wants in

Ready - to - Wear Lines
AS
Coats, Suits, Blouses, White Wear,
Corsets, the famous Gossard Front Lace,
Brassieres, Underwear,
Hosiery and Gloves, Dress Goods,
Silks, Satins and Velvets,
Housefurnishings, Carpets, Rugs, Curtains,
Blinds, Draperies,
Oilcloths and Linoleums.

1 More Day
Of Big Bargains

Ketcheson & Earle
IMPORTERS OF RELIABLE MERCHANDISE

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 8 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED—A HOUSE MAID. APPLY IN evening to Mrs. (Dr.) Gibson 28 Campbell St. j4-dtf

TO RENT

TO RENT—NO. 233 N. JOHN STREET; new furnace and all modern conveniences. Possession March 1st. Apply 8 Queen Street. 7-6td

TO LET—RESIDENCE, No. 111 CHATHAM Street. All modern conveniences. Apply Wm. Brown, 30 Forin St j5-4t

TO RENT, RESIDENCE, No. 221 CHARLES St.; contains all modern conveniences. Apply at The Intelligencer Office a23-tf

TO LET, THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the Bank of Commerce, and also rooms in the same block and the Robertson Block, suitable for offices and apartments. S. S. Lazier. j17-dtf

TO LET—WELL FURNISHED PRIVATE rooms with board. All conveniences. Apply 170 George St. j3-dtf

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—FIRST CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill and Planer hands, Toolmakers. Good wages. Steady work. Canadian Westinghouse Company, Limited, Hamilton, Ont. d-j27

WANTED—A GOOD SHOE REPAIRER. Apply Brown's Quick Shoe Repairing, 4 Bridge St., Belleville. Phone 779. j3-6t

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS TOOLMAKERS, lathe hands, boring mill hands. Steady work. Good wages. Apply: Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Peterborough, Ont. 6-6td

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—FEW ARTICLES HOUSEHOLD furniture, including upright piano. Mrs. M. Coburn, 81 Mill St. j4-4t

FOR SALE—A MILK ROUTE, AVERAGING 115 quarts per day. Address to Box O, Intelligencer Office. j5-4td

FOR QUICK SALE—VALUABLE FARM, Lot thirty, two miles west of Belleville, better known as David Vanderwater farm. High state cultivation. One hundred acres, about seven miles draining. Fourteen room solid brick house, slate roof, new large basement barn, metal roof, other outbuildings in good repair; also tenant house. This is considered one of the best farms in Hastings County. Phone and rural mail. For particulars apply on premises. W. E. Vanderwater, or F. S. Wallbridge, Barrister, Belleville. j5—codtf,&wtf

Description of a Montreal brewery says that there is a tank in which 20 men could sit. It has walls half an inch thick, weighs many tons and is of solid copper! Now you understand why Germany cut off the use of beer in war time.

Ice Cream

No matter what the weather conditions are we have Ice Cream the year round. Our pure cream Ice Cream is always an acceptable dish. We serve it in our rooms or send it out in bricks, bulk, or in Individuul moulds. Have some today.

Chas. S. Clapp

"PUTTING ONE OVER" WATERTOWN STANDARD

Cape Vincent Man "Strings" Watertown, N. Y., People on Aviation School Story

WATERTOWN, N.Y., Jan. 6.—The Standard says:

Activities of the aviators at the training school of the aeroplane corps of the Canadian army located at Kingston have been responsible for the scare which northern New Yorkers received from "hostile airships." R. J. J. Newman, a well-known resident of Cape Vincent, who was in the city today, explained that officers of the Canadian aeroplane corps admitted to him the other day that the scare had probably arisen from trial flights made by aviators in training at the school.

According to these officers, the pupils who are receiving instruction in the art of aviation at the Kingston school before being sent to the front in France, are required, as a part of their training, to make trial flights of many miles. Although the officers do not encourage their men to fly over American territory, several of the men have reported that in the darkness have lost their bearings and flew over into the United States.

For several weeks past Canadian military aeroplanes have hovered at high altitudes over Barriefield near Kingston. To residents of Cape Vincent, Mr. Newman explained, they appeared to be directly over that village so high were they in the air. This has occurred both during the day and night.

The Canadian aviators received several weeks' training in Kingston before being sent to the front. They are instructed in high altitude flying, flying over bodies of water, and in fact everything that they might be confronted with in Europe.

Surely Mr. Newman was "putting one over" on the Watertown scribes, for there is no aviation school at Kingston. No aeroplane has operated around here since the 3rd of June, 1914, when a celebration was held—Kingston Whig.

Mount Vesuvius Is in Eruption

LONDON, Jan. 6.—An Exchange Telegraph despatch from Rome says that Professor Maladra, Government observer at Mount Vesuvius, announces the volcano has been in active eruption since Monday. Three new craters have been opened and there are constant explosions, large stones being hurled to a height of half a mile. It is said there is no immediate danger from the eruption.

Local Business Men

Are realizing more every day the value of the concise, memory tickling Classified Want Ads. Make your story short and pithy and our Want Ad. Columns will repay you a hundred fold for the small investment.

The best New Year's resolutions are usually the ones that are broken first.

◆

Anybody can climb on the water wagon; it takes courage to stay on it.

DAVIES

Home-Made Sausages 3 lbs. 25c
Cambridge Sausages 2 lbs. 25c
New England Sausages 15c lb.
Little Pig Sausages 19c lb.

CITY AND VICINITY

TO-NIGHT

Marks' Bros. at City Hall Theatre, under the auspices of 15th Band. J6-3t.

THE PHOTO-DRAMA "CREATION"

In 4 parts, Griffin Theatre, 4 Sundays. Part I. Sunday, Jan. 9, 2.30 and 7.30 P.M. All seats free and no collection. 7.2t

The adjourned meeting of the Red Cross and Woman's Patriotic Association will be held in the Liberal Club Rooms on Tuesday, Jan. 11, at 8 p.m.

FURS

Furs make a sensible and lasting gift as a CHRISTMAS PRESENT

We have—
Children's White Thibet Sets at .... $4.00, $5.50 and $6.75
Ladies' Persian Lamb at $53 to $67 set
Ladies' Alaska Sable at $31 to $62 set
Ladies' Black Wolf at $25 to $45 set
Ladies' Natural Wolf at $27 to $30 set

J. T. DELANEY
29 Campbell St. opposite Y.M.C.A. Phone 797

At least it may be concluded that Austria promises not to blow up the Ancona again.

COSTS LITTLE
Accomplishes Much

A two cent stamp does a lot for very little money, but it would require thousands of two cent stamps and personal letters to make your wants known to as many people as a 25c. investment in our Classified Want Ads.

Uncle Sam has long been talking Pan-Americanism, and now he is going

◆

Learn from Berlin that instead of Zellgewebentzuenadung, the Kaiser has a suppurating phlegmon in the neck. To make it plainer, it may be mentioned the dictionary tells us a phlegmon is a circumscribed inflammatory exudation in the connective tissue, with suppurative tendency.

The Standard Bank of Canada.

Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.

GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.

Toronto, 28th December, 1915.

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch . . . JOHN ELLIOTT . . Manager

PERSIAN LAMB

We have never before been better prepared to meet the season's demand for high class Persian Lamb garments, than at present.

Why not get prices on having your Persian Jacket repaired, remodelled or lengthened? We have skins to match every coat.

G. T. WOODLEY,
Phone 421. 273 Front St.

THE WEATHER.
Fair and cold today. Milder on Sunday with some light snow.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY INTHINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 81 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, JANUARY 8, 1916. No. 8

ESTABLISHED 1858
58 years continuous business is a guarantee for square dealing, best values and lowest prices.
FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Office Phone 2 Night Phones 260 & 635

AUSTRIAN STRIKERS BURN EAST YOUNGSTOWN

Million Dollar Fire Destroys City—National Guard Arrive on Scene and Quell Riot

Million Dollar Fire

(Canadian Press Special)

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Jan. 8.—With three regiments of Ohio national guard patrolling the smouldering ruins of East Youngstown, or encamped in the steel mills nearby, the authorities to-day expressed the belief that temporarily at least, an end has been put to the wild scenes of rioting and looting which marked last night, and left the thriving little city a mass of embers. One life is known to have been lost, ten blocks of the town, including the entire business section, were burned, and several thousand people were driven from their homes. The loss is placed at at least one million dollars.

Physicians estimate the number of wounded at one hundred, although only fifteen had been brought to the hospitals.

A Wild Mob

The troops did not arrive until daybreak, and the mob had full control, looting stores, pillaging saloons and drinking whiskey from barrels placed on the streets; setting fires at will and terrorizing the small police force. The citizens of Youngstown were fearful that the disorder would spread to the Main town and that nothing could save it from destruction. Later in the evening, however, a dozen citizens led by Oscar Disert, city solicitor of East Youngstown, gathered at the police station, and implored the police and other officials to attack the rioters. By midnight a force of forty armed men was collected, which immediately took control of the situation and drove the mob before them. By two o'clock one hundred rioters, all armed and mostly drunk, had been brought to the city prison; others were in Mahoning county jail and the East Youngstown station was filled. The remainder of the mob had fled out of sight. The streets thus cleared, the fire department had its opportunity, but all that was left for them to do was to turn the water on the burning ruins.

6,000 Strikers

(Canadian Press Despatch)

EAST YOUNGSTOWN, O., Jan. 7—Three persons are dead and 18 others wounded, three mortally, as the result of a riot here to-night. Six thousand striking steel workers, mostly Austrians, are pillaging and looting the city. Six entire blocks have been burned, with a loss estimated at $800,000, and the fire is now beyond control. The rioters have stolen 500 pounds of dynamite and have already blown up several buildings.

◆

The fellow who wrote his love letters so that they could be read in public afterwards wouldn't stand much show of winning the girl.

CANADA'S GREAT HALF BILLION WAR BUDGET

Sir Thomas White's Third War Budget Calls for Expenditure of $500,000,000—Increase of $200,000,000 Over Last Year's Budget—One Long to be Remembered

GERMANS AIM TO ISOLATE BRITAIN IN WAR

Plan to Sign Separate Treaties of Peace With France and Russia and Continue War with Britain—Practically Admit Defeat—Trying to Bluff

OTTAWA, Jan. 7.—The budget which Sir Thomas White will present at the approaching session will be his third war budget. In all probability it will call for an expenditure for the war and for the ordinary business of government of about $500,000,000. It will, therefore, be remembered for many years as the Dominion's great war budget of 1916. Last year's budget called for a total expenditure of $300,000,000, of which, however, only $100,000,000 was for the war. This year the proportions will be reversed and the greater patt of the budget will be for the prosecution of the war.

A year ago the authorized forced to be raised for overseas service totalled only 100,000. At present 220,000 are under arms and a total of 500,000 is authorized. The estimated expenditure for a force of 250,000 men had been put at $235,000,000. The prospect of a much larger force will necessitate the increasing of this sum to a very considerable extent. Although no official intimation has been given, the total of $500,000,000 for the war and domestic purposes seems likely to fall quite within the mark.

PARIS, Jan. 7.—A radical chance in the German strategy which has already begun to take effect in the Balkans, and which involves the first official admission of a breakdown in the campaign against France and Russia is foreshadowed by reports reaching Paris from Switzerland, which are credited in well-posted quarters here.

Western Deadlock Complete

Prince Hohenlohe recently told a Swiss friend that his Emperior's war plans were now bent in a direction totally different from that toward which he had looked in the beginning of the war. He believes that the deadlock on the western front is complete, and has finally acknowledged that what his army could not do in 1915 against France it is unlikely to do in 1916.

Useless to Fight Russians

As regards the eastern front his plans for a renewed anti-Russian offensive early in the spring have been dropped because, with the dwindling of effectives opposing Russia's swelling man-power, Germany's chances of a decisive triumph are not great enough to justify the carnage a new onslaught against the Muscovites would entail. Such an offensive was put beyond the range of possibility when the Franco-British expeditionary forces got safely within the Saloniki lines, and the French Premier, M. Briand, swung the British round to the policy of using the port as the starting point for an ultimate Balkan offensive.

Premier Briand's policy commits Germany to the eastern drive more completely than the Kaiser had hoped.

War Council in Berlin

A war council attended by the leading men of the Empire is reported to have been held in Berlin during the turn of the year, and is said to have weighed all the possibilities of the situation and to have decided in favor of the Kaiser's newest plan, which consists in a supreme attempt at bluffing France and Russia into the belief that Germany is the possessor of tremendous latent strength sufficient to intimidate them into an acceptance of a peace which would leave the impression that both countries had emerged honorably from the trial of arms.

Tear Up London Pact

"The pact of London would thus be torn up," says Prince Hohenlohe, who is now at Geneva, "and the Kaiser would be free to act with Turkey in the Balkans, in Asiatic Turkey, Persia and Egypt without danger of Roumanian intervention against him. The Teuton and Ottoman hordes would sweep over the Suez Canal, hurl the British from Mesopotamia and advance across Persia. This triple menace to India would force eluding the acceptance of the German pretension to free seas in war time."

COLOR STUDY BEFORE WOMEN'S CANADIAN CLUB

Prof. A. L. Clark, of Queens University, Kingston, Gives Excellent Address Before Local Organization on Colors and Color Photography

In the lecture room of the High school last evening the members of the members of the Women"s Canadian Club were given a highly interesting and instructed lecture on "Colour phenomena and photography in nature colours," accompanied by a number of illustrations, by Prof. A. L. Clark, of Queen's University, Kingston.

Prof. Clark dealt very lucidly on the subject, showing why we see the different colours and know the difference between red and blue. While we see only one colour, physiologists see many different colours but the light waves absorb the most particular colour and carries it to the nerves in the eyes, which in turn tell what that colour is to the mind. Colour is formed by subtraction and by addition. This was illustrated by lantern slides to which different colours were placed and it was shown that by the light rays substracting a little colour from the red, blue and yellow discs, other colours were formed.

Photography in natural colours, three different processes could be used First, by placing red, yellow and blue coloured plates between the lense of the camera and the negative, so that when the negative is exposed the light goes through the different coloured plates and each particular colour is absorbed by them and exposed on the negative in their natural colors. A second process is by placing a screen made up of a number of small indistinguishable red, blue, green and violet lines and placed before the negative as in the first process. A third process is by coloring fine particles of starch, three different colours—and red, green and blue. These are scattered over the glass plate and then shaken off so that only one layer of the coloured starch is on the plate, appears almost white. A layer of bromide silver is then spread over the starch. When the negative is exposed the light passes through the glass, through the coloured starch and then the colour of the object is exposed on the bromide silver.

In conclusion Prof. Clark stated that the color of the object is due to the light reflected from it.

A vote of thanks was moved by Miss McKay and seconded by Miss Libby and the meeting closed with the singing of the "National Anthem."

KAISER HAS CANCER; LARYNX REMOVED

BALTIMORE, Jan. 7.—Kaiser Wilhelm has a cancer. The exact nature of his illness, while well known to the Imperial physicians, has been made clear for the first time in this country by a prominent specialist of this city to-day. The specialist explained he had procured his information from Dr. James J. West, a former Baltimorean, and now eminent in Berlin medical circles.

Two years ago there was considerable talk of the Kaiser being in poor health, and that an operation would be necessary. The Imperial physicians then reported the Kaiser had improved and that an operation would not be necessary. It is now known that the Kaiser is having the entire larynx removed and this will mean loss of speech.

FARMER KILLED BY "THE RIDEAU" TRAIN

KEMPTVILLE, Ont., Jan. 7—Lawrence Johnson, a prosperous farmer, about forty-five years of age, of Oxford Mills, was instantly killed last night by the new C.P.R. train, "The Rideau," at 8.30, when driving home on the main road between here and Oxford Mills. The C.P.R. Toronto to Montreal tracks cross this road about two miles west of the town, but the approach is an exceedingly dangerous one, the road crossing with a slight bend and a small hill hiding any view of eastbound trains until one is actually on the track.

The horse was killed at once, the rig smashed to kindling wood and the deceased badly cut up. This is the fifth person killed at the crossing since the road was built.

◆

Are the surgeons so hard up that they are trying to "hock" der Kaiser?

◆

Be interesting to have a roster of all the physicians suffering with grip.

British Sub's Daring Feat

LONDON, Jan. 8.—An Athens despatch to The Chronicle says: According to a telegram from Constantinople a British submarine succeeded in making its way from the Sea of Marmora into the Golden Horn and attacked the arsenal, which is situated on the Para (or European quarter) side of the Horn. The submarine caused considerable damage. It appearance created a panic among the workmen and the inhabitants of the arsenal quarter.

The above is the second feat of its kind during the war. It was officially announced some months ago that a British submarine had attacked ships at the wharves in Constantinople, and had also fired at a powder magazine in the city.

New Munitions Company Formed

OTTAWA, Jan. 7.—A new five million-dollar munitions company, with headquarters in Toronto, has been federally incorporated under the name of Canada Nitro Products, Limited. It is authorized to manufacture ammunition and explosives of all kinds. The incorporators are nominally given as clerks in a Toronto legal office.

The Wm. Wrigley, Jun., Company, of Toronto, chewing gum and confectionery manufacturers, has been federally incorporated with a capital stock of two million dollars.

Cobourg Girl Hangs Herself

Suspended to a rope, tied to a rafter, the lifeless body of Miss Lilly Quackenbush, was found in a barn on Mr. O. Johns' farm farm near the House of Refuge, Cobourg, on Friday about 12.30 noon. The deceased was last seen alive about 11 o'clock and was apparently in good spirits, according to her aunt, Mrs. Johns, with whom she made her home. She was about 27 years of age. Corner Ferris was immediately notified but did not consider an inquest necessary. The family are unable to account for the unfortunate girl's rash act.

PUNISHMENT FOR AVOIDING CONSCRIPTION

LONDON, Jan. 7.—The text of the Military Service Bill was made public today. The publication shows that the only provision of the measure not amply outlined in Premier Asquith's speech regarding it is one for a penalty of imprisonment not exceeding six months for persons making false statements in order to obtain exemption certificates, and a fine of £50 for failure to notify the authorities should there be a change in the circumstances upon which the certificate was granted.

Grain Growers to Have Candidates

(Canadian Press Special)

BRANDON, Jan. 8.—The Manitoba Grain Growers' Association passed a resolution to place "free wheat" candidates in the federal constituencies of Brandon and Lisgar.

Allies Release Enemy Consuls

ROME, Jan. 7.—(Special)—The German, Austro-Hungarian, Turkish and Bulgarian Consuls at Saloniki who were arrested on orders from General Sarrail, the French Commander, have been released, according to the Athens correspondent of The Giornale d'Italia.

CORRESPONDENT FLAYS GENERAL HAMILTON

Ashmead Bartlett, Officially Credited British War Correspondent at Dardanelles, Calls Expedition Monumental Fiasco

WHOLE BRITISH EMPIRE STANDS AGHAST

Fears That if Parents Become Aware of What Happened There Might be Trouble—Excuses General Stopford and Blames Sir Ian Hamilton

TERMINUS

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—"On the grave of Erasmus W. Basle is written the significant word 'Terminus.' Is it not time that the same word is written over the career and writings of Gen. Sir Ian Hamilton?"

This was the comment of Ellis Ashmead Bartlett, the noted war correspondent, who was the officially credited British correspondent in the Dardanelles, in summing up a critical analysis of Gen. Hamilton's report on the Dardanelles operations.

Foolhardy Expedition

"A foolhardy expedition headed by woefully weak officers—the monumental fiasco of history," was another comment used by Ashmead Bartlett. He was an eyewitness to practically all the principal operations on the Gallipoli Peninsula.

Britain Stands Aghast

"The British Empire stands aghast at what Gen. Hamilton's report reveals," he said. "I am unable to conceive the extent of public feeling should the mothers and fathers who sacrificed their sons become fully aware of what happened at Gallipoli."

"The Gallipoli campaign failed because it ought never to have been undertaken under such conditions and in such a country," said Ashmead Bertlett.

"Troops were sent to attack positions which no General acquainted with modern warfare would have attempted to attack. Sir Ian Hamilton's attempt to make out that his strategical plan almost succeeded is absolute nonsense.

Sir Ian to Blame

"Sir Ian Hamilton may hope to deceive the general public. But he cannot hope to deceive those who were on the spot and know.

"He may try and put the blame on Gen. Stopford, but the real burden of responsibility rests upon hs own shoulders and on those of his Chief of Staff.

Condemns Himself

"Sir Ian Hamilton stands condemned out of his own mouth. He states that in the middle of August the Turks had 110,000 bayonets available and that we had 95,000. He then claims that if Lord Kitchener had sent him 50,000 more men he would have brought the campaign to a successful conclusion.

"As a matter of fact all he could have done was to bring the 50,000 men to a successful conclusion.

Port Hope Man Dies Suddenly

PORT HOPE, Jan. 7.—Henry Sing, who for a number of years conducted a stationery business here and later filled the office of Bailiff, died very suddenly last night while talking to his wife and family. He had been down the street about an hour previously, and made no complaint of feeling unwell. He was 75 years of age and leaves a wife, three daughters and one son.

200 Drowned: Ship Hit Mine

PARIS, Jan 7.—(Special)—The Montenegrin Consulate tonight issued a statement to the effect that an Italian steamer Brindisi, with 425 Montenegrin recruits from the United States and several hundred tons of foodstuffs, ran on to a mine yesterday near San Juan de Medua and was sunk. Two hundred of the passengers perished.

ANOTHER PROOF OF BARBARIANISM

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, Jan. 8.—A fishing vessel has reached the Port of Anzio with a lifeboat from the sunken steamer Ancona. The boat has several shell holes which had been stopped with shawls and torn skirts. Hairpins were also found in the boat, bearing out the statement that the boat containing women passengers was shelled by the submarine.

◆

Spoony couples like to stroll in the moonlight; but when they grow older a lantern will do.

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIANS

OTTAWA, Jan. 7.—The midnight list of casualties is as follows:—

2ND BATTALION.

Wounded—E. Hoelke, Glen Ammond, Que.

4TH BATTALION.

Wounded—Sergt. H. Solmon, Toronto.

19TH BATTALION.

Severely wounded—Wm. Barrett, Toronto.

26TH BATTALION.

Wounded—Orelan Cole, Port Greville, N.S.; Lance Corp. Roy Hallett, Hartland, N.B.

1ST FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE.

Seriously ill—Gunner J. M. Smith, Albion Bay, P.E.I.

5TH ARTILLERY BRIGADE AMMUNITION COLUMN.

Died—Driver E. S. Meredith, Lethbridge, Alta.

MANITOBA SCHOOL QUESTION AGAIN

(Canadian Press Special)

WINNIPEG, Jan. 8.—The Free Press states that circumstances and conditions revealed by certain recent investigations into schools calls for a modification of the school law as it stands, and that bilingualism is occupying the attention of members of the Legislature to a large degree.

◆

In these days Samson's favorite weapon seems to be used to promote peace.

◆

In case of harboring a grudge the hater generally fares worse than the hated.

16-Year-Old Girl Is Kidnapped

LEAMINGTON, Ont., Jan. 7.—The mysterious disappearance of Effie, the sixteen-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Fox of Blytheswood, is creating a good deal of excitement throughout the country and around her home.

She came to Leamington the Thursday before New Year's to bring her grandmother, Mrs. John Jeffery, a New Year's gift, and pay her a visit. Not finding anyone at the Jeffery home, she went to the home of Mr. E. Judd, where she spent Thursday night.

The next afternoon she was seen on Talbot street by an acquaintance, and immediately disappeared, and she has not been seen since.

The first intimation of the girl's disappearance came to her father in the form of a note on Saturday, which had been posted at Windsor, and reads as follows: "I was forced into this position at the point of a revolver by a woman. We stay here for a few days and then sail for England. They are afraid of submarines, but they say I will be all right." The note bore her signature.

15TH RESERVES HAVE SPLENDID ATTENDANCE

The 15th Reserve had a splendid attendance on parade last night for the regular drill, which will be held at the Armouries each Friday night at eight o'clock sharp. Drill Instructor Dow took charge of the large number of new recruits and gave them a good start in the work. The officers of the platoons drilled the men in squad drill. The rifle exercise will soon be taken up. The Reserve have an armoury set aside for their special use, and it will be fitted with convenient racks and hooks, for clothes, etc. Let every man in the city make up his mind that it is up to him to know his drill and come along next Friday. The Reserve want 250 drilling by 1st February next.

IMMENSE CROPS THROUGHOUT WEST

(Canadian Press Special)

WINNIPEG, Jan. 8.—The Free Press estimates the grain, dairy products and partial return of live stock production in the prairie provinces for the past year totalled two hundred and thirty-five million dollars, of which grain contributed over two hundred millions.

◆

Count Okuma, the Japanese Premier, told interviewers that Germany had made overtures to both Japan and Russia for separate peace, but that they had been rejected.

◆

"I ran it over a milk bottle, sir," said the trembling chauffeur.

FATAL ACCIDENT ON CANIFTON ROAD CROSSING

Mr. Charles Wellman Killed and His Wife Seriously, if Not Fatally Injured—Struck by Fast East Bound Grand Trunk Train

An accident resulting in the death of a man and the possible fatal injuries to his wife occurred between the hours of 12 o'clock noon and 1 o'clock this afternoon at the Grand Trunk Railway crossing, Canifton Road, in this city.

The victim of the unfortunate affair was Mr. Charles Wellman, a yeoman, who resides upon Mr. George I. Thomas' farm in the Township of Thurlow, about two miles north of the limits of the City of Belleville.

It appears that Mr. Wellman and his wife were in the city this morning, and having transacted their business were proceeding to their home when the unfortunate affair occurred. Mr. Wellman was driving a team attached to a sleigh, and as he drove up to the Canifton Road crossing of the G.T.R. evidently did not hear or see the fast express approaching from the west, which is due at Belleville station at 12.10, but which was a few minutes late. The horses succeeded in clearing the rails of the approaching train, but the sleigh was struck by the engine, resulting in injuries to Mr. Wellman which caused his demise in a few minutes. He was frightfully injured about the head, the wound he received being such as to expose the brain. Mrs. Wellman was thrown from the vehicle and sustained injuries which may prove fatal. Her back was injured, her hips terribly bruised, and she was also hurt about the head and arms. The unfortunate woman was as soon as possible conveyed to the hospital, where at a later hour this afternoon she was reported to be resting as well as could be expected, but her condition is such that at present it is impossible to state what the result will be.

Mr. Wellman was conveyed to the G. T. R. station, but died enroute, and the body was subsequently taken to Tickell & Sons undertaking establishment.

The victim of the accident was a man between 45 and 50 years of age, and was much respected by all who knew him. A family survives.

An inquest to inquire into the circumstances of the accident will be held at 7.30 this evening before Coroner Dr. Boyce.

SATURDAY SALE

$20.00 Men's Serge Suits, on sale at	$12.50
$18.00 Men's Tweed Suits, on sale at	$12.00
$15.00 Men's Tweed Suits, on sale at	$10.00
$12.00 Men's Tweed Suits, on sale at	$9.00
$8.50 Men's Odd Tweed Coats, on sale at	$5.00
$1.25 Men's Coat Sweaters, on sale at	98c.
$1.75 Men's Coat Sweaters, on sale at	$1.30
$2.50 Children's Knitted Buster Suits, on sale at	$1.39
$1.25 to $1.50 Men's Flannel Top Shirts, on sale at	98c.
Men's Knitted Top Shirts, all colors, on sale at	75c.
$1.00 values in Men's striped Flannelette Nightgowns, on sale at	75c.
75c. and $1.00 Men's and Boys' Knitted Wool Caps, on sale	50c.
$5.00 to $10.00 Women's Short and Long Winter Overcoats, all colors, to clear at, each	$1.00
Special values in Ladies' Vests and Drawers, white and natural, on sale at, each	25c.
75c. to $1.00 Ladies' Moire Underskirts, all colors, all sizes, on sale at, each	39c.
$2.25 Ladies' Coat Sweaters, all colors, to clear at, each	$1.08
$1.65 Ladies' Coat Sweaters, cardinal only, to clear at, each	$1.29

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

Special Shoe Values

CLEARING SALE

Of

Men's Gunmetal and Patent Laced & Button Boots

English and High Toe Lasts, all sizes in the lot. Regular $5.00 and $6.00 values,

CLEARING $3.45

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY!

ADAMS

THE SHOEMAN

IN and ABOUT THE CITY

PROBATE GRANTED

In the Surrogate Court of the County of Hastings, a probate of the will of the late J. W. Young of the Township of Sidney has been granted to Selden Ketcheson as sole executor. Mikel, Stewart & Baalim, solicitors for executor.

DIED IN THE WEST

Last evening the remains of the late Mr. J. G. Allison, who died at Calgary, arrived here and were taken to the home of relatives at Deseronto. Deceased was about 70 years of age, and leaves a wife and five daughters. He was for many years a resident of Hasting's County, but of late years had resided in the West.

NURSES FOR EGYPT

Miss Grace Waters, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David Waters of Belleville, and Miss Stella Jenkins, daughter of the late Mr. John Jenkins of this city, who are trained nurses and been for some time in Utica, N.Y., arrived here last evening. After passing their examinations at Kingston it is their intention of going to Cairo, Egypt, as nurses.

STOLE A WATCH

A young man named Arthur Patterson was yesterday before Judge Deroche charged with the theft of a watch from Mr. Roy Vancott of Ameliasburg, Prince Edward County, with whom he was working for some time. The accused pleaded guilty and was sentenced to 6 months in the Provincial Reformatory. The watch was disposed of by Patterson, but was subsequently recovered. The accused some time ago served 3 months in the county jail for the theft of a bicycle.

OBSEQUIES POSTPONED

Owing to the fact that a son of the late Mrs. Gillum, who died in this city, being unable to reach here today, the funeral of deceased has been postponed until Monday morning.

TAKEN TO KINGSTON

Frank Prentice, who was this morning sentenced to serve a term of 3 years in the penitentiary, was at noon to-day taken to that penal institution to serve out his sentence.

CALL FOR POLICE

Last evening the police answered a call to a place of amusement, where it was alleged some boys were making considerable noise. All was quiet when the officer arrived upon the scene.

THE MARKET

There was a fair attendance upon the market this morning and excellent prices were obtained for all produce offered for sale. Dressed poultry, whilst plentiful, sold readily at good prices. Chickens sold at from $1.25 to $1.75 per pair, according to size and quality; geese $2 each; ducks $1.50 and $2.00 per pair, and turkeys from $2.50 to $4. Butter sold readily at 33c. to 35c. per pound, and fresh eggs at 38c. and 40c. per dozen. Potatoes were scarce and realized a good price, namely $1.75 to $1.90 per bag.

FATHER, MOTHER AND BABE DEAD

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Wright was broken up in a tragic manner by the death of Mrs. Wright and baby on Friday, Dec. 31st, and of Mr. Wright on Monday, January 2nd. Mr. and Mrs. Wright both died as a result of an attack of pneumonia, and the baby was only a few days old. A family of five young children survive and they will be taken care of by relatives of the deceased. Mrs. Wright and the baby were buried on Sunday morning, services being conducted by Rev. W. H. Clarke, who also conducted the service for Mr. Wright on Tuesday afternoon. All were interred in Marmora cemetery.—Marmora Herald.

MASONIC FUNERAL

Under the auspices of the Masonic Society, of which deceased was a prominent member, the funeral of the late Mr. Wm. Webster, ex-collector of customs, took place yesterday afternoon from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. J. T. Sargeant, Sidney Township. A number of the members of the craft and friends were present to pay the last tribute of respect to one who in life was esteemed by all who knew him. At the house services were conducted by Rev. A. S. Kerr, pastor of St. Andrew's church, Belleville, and Rev. Dr. Blagrave, rector of Christ Church, assisted. The burial services of the Masonic Order were conducted by Bro. H. W. Ackerman. A number of beautiful floral tributes were placed upon the casket. Interment took place at Belleville cemetery. The bearers were Masons, namely, Bros. A. R. Walker, F. D. Diamond, H. J. Clarke, Col. S. Stewart, Wm. Alford and C. J. Symons.

TRIO SENTENCED

William Clarke, Frank Prentice and George White, a trio who were arrested some days ago on a charge of breaking into and stealing a quantity of cigars from the Royal Hotel at Marmora village, this morning appeared before Judge Deroche. The culprits acknowledged their guilt and sentenced was imposed upon them. Prentice was sentenced to the penitentiary for 3 years, Clarke to two years less one day in the Provincial Reformatory, and White to one year in the Provincial Reformatory.

Prentice, who received the greater sentence is apparently an old offender. Some three years ago, under the name of Brady, he was convicted of burglarizing Mr. Shorey's store at Canifton, and at Belleville was sentenced to 3 years in the penitentiary. A few months ago he was liberated and evidently again reverted to his old crime of thieving. The trio are comparatively all young men.

Zutoo Tablets Do Three Things

—cure Headache in 20 minutes
—break up a Cold over night
—stop Monthly pains of women.

There is one thing they will not do—they won't hurt you.

LAID AT REST

THOMAS CURRY

Yesterday the remains of the late Mr. Thomas Curry, a sectionman, who met an untimely death in the G. T. R. yards here; were interred in the Belleville cemetery. At the family residence, Cemetery street, Rev. H. S. Osborne, pastor of Bridge street Methodist church, conducted services and officated at the interment. Many floral tributes were placed upon the casket by relatives and friends. The bearers were Messrs. G. Clarke, T. Logan, C. Smith, W. Mossman, S. Hill and H. Dougherty.

MRS. R. ROBLIN

A number were in attendance at the obsequies of the late Mrs. Phidelia Roblin, formerly of this city, who died at Toronto. At the residence of her daughter, Mrs. James Hodge, Jane street in Belleville, services were conducted by Rev. E. C. Currie, pastor of John Street Presbyterian Church of this city. Many beautiful floral designs were contributed by relatives and friends. The bearers were Messrs. O. Roblin, P. Mott, R. Vandervoort, Wm. Glenn, James Hodge and Geo. Babcock, all relatives of the deceased.

◆

EAST BELLEVILLE WOMEN'S INSTITUTE

The Women's Institute of East Belleville will hold a regular meeting in the Assembly room of Ann St. school on Monday, January 10 at 4 p.m. A report of the delegates of the Toronto convention will be submitted. The business of our Industrial Night School classes will be taken up. Miss Bradley will submit her semi-annual report on social service work in Belleville. Everybody welcome.

Within the Military Circle

BELLEVILLE

Major McCullough, who is attached to the 155th Battalion, is in the city today.

The Madoc Patriotic Society has donated the sum of $25 to the Madoc Company of the 155th Battalion.

Recruiting has been very brisk during the last week, the 155th Battalion having secured 30 recruits yesterday.

80TH BATTALION ORDERS.

Orderly Officer for today—Lt. L. H. Birkett; for tomorrow—Lt. F. L. Drayton.

Orderly Sergt. for today—Cpl. Eneskia, B. Co.; for tomorrow—Cpl. Whittaker, B. Co.

Orderly Corporal for today—L-Cpl. Grant, A Co.; for tomorrow—L-Cpl. Dickson, A. Co.

KINGSTON

The athletic meet, which was scheduled to take place on New Year's Day and was postponed because of so many soldiers being away on leave, will be held on January 22nd. A meeting of the committee was held in the Standard office yesterday when Major Starr, Captain Campbell, Mr. Newlands, Mr. Farmer and others were present, and a programme arranged. This will be printed, and the 59th, 80th, 100th and 93rd and other battalions will be asked to send teams to the city for each contest. The new band of the 146th will be available for this date, and there will be no admission fee to the armouries. The contests will be conducted in the afternoon and evening and several boxing bouts will take place at night. The meeting is promoted purely in the interests of entertaining the soldiers in the city.

Captain Driver of the A.S.C. will not leave for overseas until he has closed his work in Belleville, and cleaned up the work of No. 3 company, Kingston. It will be fully two weeks before this is done.

Captain Driver will be succeeded to the command of No. 3 company by Lieut. Cook, of Kingston.

The following will be the composition of the artillery brigade being formed here: Headquarters, 3 officers; 1 warrant officer; 2 artificers; 30 rank rank and file, making a total of 36 of all ranks, with 23 riding horses and 7 draught horses. Headquarters attached: 1 officer, 5 staff sergeants, 1 artificer, 6 rank and file, making a total of 13, with 7 riding horses. The four batteries will be composed of 16 officers, 4 warrant officers, 24 staff sergeants, 32 artificers, 476 rank and file, a total of 552 of all ranks. There will be 168 riding horses, and 332 draught horses, a total of 500 horses. The strength of the brigade, including attached, will be 729.

The Imperial Government are now manufacturing trench bombs, with a four seconds fuse attachment which can be ignited without the use of a match. The six seconds fuse was too dangerous, as it made it possible for the Germans to pick up the bomb and throw it back into the British trenches.

Bombs can be made in the trenches from empty cans of any kind or size. These are of two kinds: the black powder bomb, and the nitro-glycerine type, which is exploded with a detonator of fulminate of mercury. These improvised bombs are filled with pebbles, pieces of glass, nails or any hard substance convenient, which is scattered when the bomb explodes and does great damage.

A guard has been mounted on the Locomotive Works, Kingston, which has been designated the "Munitions Works Guard." The guard is composed of one officer, one sergeant and 27 men. The men are all furnished with a good supply of ball ammunition, and it will not be well for any intruder with evil intentions to show himself around the local munitions works. The guard is furnished until further orders by the 32nd, 33rd and 34th Batteries.

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WEEK OF PRAYER SERVICES

The services in connection with the week of prayer came to a conclusion last evening, when the last service was held in the Tabernacle Methodist Church. The subject was "Families, Colleges and the Young," and two most impressive addresses were given by Rev. A. S. Kerr and Rev. H. S. Osborne. The amount of the collections taken each evening is $22.10, and goes to the Belgian Relief Fund.

◆

THE PHOTO-DRAMA "CREATION"

In 4 parts, Griffin Theatre, 4 Sundays. Part 1. Sunday, Jan. 9, 2.30 and 7.30 P.M. All seats free and no collection. 7.2t

BIRTHS

BEARE—To Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Beare, Herchimer avenue, a son, on December 29th, 1915.

◆

IT WAS A TOUGH STEAK.

But the Restaurant Man Easily Fixed It When the Kick Came.

It happened in a downtown restaurant. A well dressed—as he always must be to make a good story—young man ordered a steak. The waitress, rather pretty—which qualification she must possess in writing a story of this kind—filled the order, and the young man started in to devour the feast which had been set before him.

The young man had no sooner started in on the steak than he discovered that he had a kick coming, and as the restaurant proprietor passed he stopped him by saying: "I can't eat this steak; entirely too tough. I wish you would see that I get better meats when I come in here."

"Too bad! That steak looks all right. But let me get you another." And the aforesaid proprietor took the steak, the silverware which had been served with it and departed. He soon returned with a steak which looked exactly like the first one. The young man picked up his knife and started at his second order. "Fine!" he said as his knife cut it apart without the least effort. The customer was pleased beyond words, and that he enjoyed the steak was evident, for he left only the plate.

As the reporter passed out he met the proprietor again, and this is what was said:

"That steak was all right, but the girl made a mistake in not giving him a sharper knife. All I did was to put the same steak on another plate and bring him a sharp knife. You have no idea what a difference a sharp knife makes with a steak from a beef of questionable age."

MAKING COFFEE.

There Are a Thousand Ways, but Only One Right Way, Says an Expert.

"The right way of a thousand ways to make coffee," says an expert, "is to take the fresh product and grind it very fine, but not pulverized. Then place it in an earthen jar in proportions of a heaping tablespoonful for every cupful required. After this pour on boiling, bubbling water, let it stand five minutes and then stir with a spoon. After five more minutes pour off carefully, and it will then possess all of the good that should be in coffee. It is then without the bitter which is incidental to boiling and without the metal taste which is incidental to its contact with the pot. The whole secret lies in the water—it must be bubbling, boiling because the oil will not fuse with water until it is bubbling, boiling.

"Here is where the cook most always fails 999 times out of 1,000. When the vapor is first observed coming from the spout of the pot the temperature of the water is about 130 degrees F., while at the bubbling point it should register 212. And always remember that in making coffee it is best always to let the spendthrift deal out the coffee, and in making tea let the miser deal out the tea."

The expert was asked why so many people who write for a living drink bad coffee. He simply replied that the secret in the making was the bubbling in the water.

Clean, pure and wholesome, a tea you will like.

Red Rose Tea "is good tea"

603

An Exceptionally Fine List of Saturday Night Bargains

At Ritchie's for To-night between 7 and 9.

Read the List on Page 8.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mr. Robt. Cook of Darlingford, Man., is in the city, the guest of his brother-in-law, Mr. David Waters.

◆

PATRIOTIC CONCERT AT POINT ANN

A most enthusiastic rally and patriotic concert was held last night at Point Ann, for the 155th Overseas Batalion. Col. Adams presided as chairman, making a strong appeal to the audience. Lieut. Sandford in his inimitable manner kept the large audience in a constant state of delight and thrill with his experiences on the firing line and quaintly humorous stories of trench life. The musical programme was furnished by the Belleville Male Quartette, consisting of Messrs. Dulmage, Minns, Mouck, and Blaind, Miss Lillian Sharpe and Miss Helen Ketcheson, who gave the Point Anners as fine a concert as they will hear in many a day. In addition to Col. Adams and Lieut. Sandford the following officers were in attendance: Major Allan and Lieut Wills. Mr. J. Nevin Doyle acted as master of ceremonies. The following programme was delightfully carried out, with encores galore:

Opening Address—Col. Adams.

Quartette—"Fishing."

Recitation—"Friar Phillip"—Miss Ketcheson.

Address—"Trench Life"—Lieut. Sanford.

Song—"Somewhere in France"—Miss Sharpe.

Quartette—"Tipperary."

God Save The King.

At the close a great many recruits came forward to sign with the boys of the Quinte regiment.

◆

HOW YOU MAY REDUCE YOU WEIGHT

Overstoutness is a very unwelcome condition especially in the present day, when slender figures are so fashionable, and every reader of this paper has noticed the tendency of some people to put on an excessive amount of fat.

If you happen to be one of those whose weight is more than it should be, don't try to starve yourself, eat all you want, but go to your druggist and get oil of orilene in capsule form and take one with each meal.

Oil of orilene increases the oxygen-carrying power of the blood and dissolves the fatty tissue, in many cases at nearly the rate of one lb. per day. Be sure to get oil of orilene in capsule form. It is sold only in original sealed packages. Any good druggist has it, or a large size box will be sent on receipt of $1.00. Address D. J. Little Drug Co., Box 1240, Montreal, Can.

WEAK LUNGS

Bronchitis—Asthma—Coughs — Night Sweats—Debility

And those conditions leading to

Consumption

Some Extracts from Sworn Evidence:

Randolph E. Palmer, on Oath, says: "'Nature's Creation' is what helped me."

Charles Knoph, on Oath, says: "My night sweats stopped and my hemorrhage stopped from the first day."

Louis C. Zink, on Oath, says: "I have to thank 'Nature's Creation' that I am here to-day."

Send for Booklet containing complete statements, on Oath, from those who have used "Nature's Creation."

NATURE'S CREATION COMPANY OF CANADA, LTD.
Room 14, Cosgrave Building,
Toronto, Canada.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

THE TABERNACLE METHODIST CHURCH

Church Street.

Rev. S. C. Moore, B.A., B.D., Pastor.
Parsonage, 246 Church St. Phone 578.

The pastor will preach at both services.

10 a.m.—Morning Classes, and Mission Band.

11 a.m.—Subject: "Our City's Greatest Need."

2.30 p.m.—Sunday School and Alpha Club. Excellent Orchestra.

7 p.m.—Subject: "An Old Question for the New Year."

Appropriate and inspiring music by choir and quartette. Mrs. Grant, choir leader. Mrs. Duff, organist.

Soldiers, students and strangers warmly welcomed to all services.

WEST BELLEVILLE METHODIST CHURCH.

Corner Holloway and Dunbar Sts.
Rev. J. N. Clarry, B.A., Pastor.
Parsonage, 44 Hillside St. Phone 575.

10 a.m.—Class meetings and Junior League.

11 a.m.—The First "R" of a series of sermons on the call to the Higher Life.

2.30 p.m.—Let every member of the S.S. be present at the session to-day. Excellent orchestra in attendance.

7 p.m.—The Forgiveness of Sins. A devotional study of the Apostles' Creed.

Strangers and visitors made welcome at all of the services.

CHRIST CHURCH.

(Anglican)

Rev. R. C. Blagrave, D.D., Rector.
Residence, 80 Commercial St.
1st Sunday after Epiphany.

Holy Communion .... 8 a.m.
Morning Prayer and Sermon .... 3 p.m.
Sunday Schools and Bible Classes .... 3 p.m.
Evensong and sermon—"The Pillar of Fire and Cloud" .... 7 p.m.

Seats free. Visitors and strangers welcome.

JOHN STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Corner Victoria Ave. and John St.
Rev. E. C. Currie, Pastor.

11 a.m.—The Next Duty—Stocktaking.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Christian Witness-Bearing.

Mrs. A. E. MacColl, organist and choir leader.

Strangers and visitors welcome.

THE SALVATION ARMY

Pinnacle Street.

11 a.m.—Holiness Meeting.
3 p.m.—Free and Easy.
7.30 p.m.—Salvation Meeting.
Sunday School—10 a.m. and 2 p.m.
Captain and Mrs. Ruston, C.O's.

THE BELLEVILLE BUSINESS MEN'S BIBLE CLASS.

Meets in the auditorium of the Bridge Street Methodist Church every Sunday afternoon at 2.45.

Lesson tomorrow: "The Coming of the Holy Spirit"—Acts 11:1-13.

Members of the 80th and 155th Battalions, students, gentlemen of leisure, and men of all occupations are cordially invited to spend an hour with this class in the study of the Bible.

H. W. Ackerman, President. F. E. O'Flynn, Teacher.

EMMANUEL CHURCH.

Reformed Episcopal, Liturgical and Evangelical.

Between Pinnacle and Church streets.
Phone 662. Rev. A. M. Hubly, Rector

11 a.m.—Sermon: Lessons from the Epiphany.

3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

7 p.m.—Meditation: Assured Victory for England.

BETHEL HALL, FRONT STREET.

Over Lattimer's Drug Store.

Christians gather in the name of the Lord Jesus Christ.

Sunday, 11 a.m.—The Lord's Supper.
3 p.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Gospel Preaching.

SUNDAY AT 3 P.M.

Mr. J. H. L. Ewan, missionary from South America, will give an account of work in that country, and at 7 p.m. will preach the Gospel.

A hearty invitation is extended to all.

BRIDGE STREET METHODIST CHURCH.

Organised in 1815.

Pastor, Rev. H. S. Osborne, B.A., B.D.

11 a.m.—Public service. Preacher, the Pastor.

2.30 p.m.—Sunday School. Well organized Bible Classes. A place for everybody. Judge Deroche, Supt.

7 p.m.—Public Service. Sermon by the Pastor.

Choirmaster, Prof. D. A. Cameron. Organist, Miss Edna Wallace.

Soldiers, strangers, students, everybody made welcome at these services.

VICTORIA AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH.

Corner of Victoria Ave. and Pinnacle St.
Rev. Chas. Geo. Smith, B.D., Pastor.
Residence: Turnbull St. Phone 214.

The pastor will preach at both services tomorrow.

11 a.m.—The Continuing Christ.
—5 minute Children's Sermon. Subject—"A Bunch of Lavender."
7 p.m.—The Love of God.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

Yokefellows Class for men. A. F. Class for Business Girls taught by Miss Hitchon. Mr. P. C. MacLaurin, B.A., Supt.

Good music throughout the day. W. B. Riggs, choir leader. Organists, Mrs. W. R. Deeton and Mrs. R. Lewis.

All welcome.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Rev. A. S. Kerr, M.A., Pastor.

The pastor will preach at both services tomorrow.

11 a.m.—The Appearance of Christ.
3 p.m.—Sunday School. Ladies' and Brotherhood Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Interpreters for God.

A cordial welcome to all.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS FOR HOUSE OF REFUGE

Senator Corby—case of oranges.

E. B. Harris—case of oranges.

Mrs. George Teal—oranges, pipes and tobacco.

D. V. Doyle—chocolates.

15th Band—handkerchiefs for men and women.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Chisholm—candy.

Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Faulkner—a lovely narcissus.

G. L. Sills—illustrated papers.

Some of the old people received parcels from friends. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson sincerely thank all who in any way contributed to the happiness of the old people during 1915.

◆

One may be honest in his convictions and still be something of a nuisance in airing them.

ARENA TURNBULL St.

BAND TO-NIGHT

O. H. A. HOCKEY

Monday, Jan. 10, 1916
Queen's Kingston Intermediates
vs.
Belleville Intermediates
Puck faced 8.15
Band in attendance
Admission 25c and 35c

Try Our Saturday Special Chocolates 33c

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

Safety First

It is the desire for eye safety that impels you to wear glasses. Keep that object—SAFETY—in your mind. It is the central idea, the essential element in your eye treatment.

McFee's Complete Sight Service, made good after twenty-one years experience, affords you the safety you seek,

at

Angus McFee's

The Store with the Big Clock

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

Powdered Sweet Chocolate, ½ lb. tin 20c
Cocoa and Milk Sweetened Powder, ½ lb. tin 25c
"Dot" Chocolate, for special coatings and icings, Cakes 10c and 25c
Caracas Sweet Eating Chocolate, ¼ lb. cakes 10c
Diamond Sweet Chocolate, Cakes 5c

Delicious Coffee

Wallbridge and Clarke's
SPECIAL PURE COFFEES
At 30c and 40c lb.
Whole or ground.

☞ If you like a good pure Coffee at a reasonable price, try the blend at 30c lb. ☜

CLARK'S BAKED BEANS
Plain } 7c, 4 tins 25c
Chili Sauce
Tomato Sauce } 10c and 12½c

HOUSES FOR SALE

Near West Belleville Church, 10 minutes from market; conveniences and good cellars. Also six roomed house to rent with one acre of garden, barn and electric light, etc.

BUGGY FOR SALE

W. SMITH, Builder
33 Howard St. Phone 678

OVERCOATS

Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat! We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.

Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

Ladies' Hudson Seal Coats

No. 1 Quality Lined throughout with No. 1 Brocade satin 40 inches long .... Price $120.00

Muff to match $22.00

J. T. DELANEY

29 Campbell St. Phone 797
opposite Y.M.C.A.
See Our Window

N. B. We Buy Raw Furs

New Goods

5 doz. White Silk Blouses, high low neck, long sleeves, worth $1.75, on sale at $1.19

WASH GLOVES.

Imitation Reindeer Gloves, with black points, at 75c. and $1.00 pair.

D. & A. Corsets, from 50c. to $3.00 pair.

We call special attention to our $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00 Corsets.

NEW CORDUROY VELVETS.

Cream and White, extra heavy cord—great value at $1.25 yard.

Navy, Garnet, Brown, Belgian Corduroys, 27 inches wide, 65c yard.

Hundreds of bargains all over the Store.

MEN'S WEAR.

10 doz. Working Shirts, regular value 90c.; on sale at .. .. 69c.

5 doz. Heavy Wool Mitts, worth 35c., on sale at 25c. pair.

Wims & Co

HOBSON'S
PALATABLE
Epsom Salts
Easy to take
No Nasty Taste
No Nausea after taking
15c pkg.
Waters' DRUG STORE

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip

Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.

Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows.

F. W. L. CARRE

Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward counties.
Phone 366 2/6 Albert St., City

EYES BLUR
when reading?
If so; Glasses are needed to overcome the strain—let me help you.
Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Eye-Sight Specialist

The Company
and Staff
extend to you
and yours
Greetings and
Good Wishes
for a
Happy
New Year

The Trenton Electric
and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Advertise in The Intelligencer

Coroner's Verdict In G.T.R. Fatality

Accidental Death and No Blame Attached, is Decision of Coroner's Jury on Death of Thomas Curry

We find that Thomas Curry met his death in the G.T.R. yard in Belleville, on Tuesday, January 4th, by being struck by a light engine whilst in the discharge of his duties. We also find from the evidence that the engineer and fireman of the engine did everything in their power to avert an accident in accordance with the rules and regulation of the railway company.

Such was the verdict rendered last night by a coroner's jury empanelled to inquire when, how and by what means Thamos Curry, a G.T.R. section man, came to his death. The inquiry took place before Coroner Dr. Boyce, and was conducted by Mr. Wm. Carnew, Crown Prosecutor. The evidence adduced was as follows:

C. R. Cole, being sworn, testified that he was employed at Tickell & Sons undertaking establishment, and at the baggage room of the G. T. R. received the remains of the late Mr. T. Curry. Witness had no knowledge of how deceased met his death.

Alvin A. Johnson sworn, testified he was an employee of the G.T.R., being an engineer. Witness was an engineer and he came in from the west with engine 188, with a freight train. At the yard office he came to a stand still, and the engine he was charge of was cut off from the train in order to get to the coal chutes, near the cross-over switches in the east part of the yard. The engine was going tender backwards over the switch crossing. On going down he did not notice any person working on the line. When the engine backed over the east crossing a train was pulling out, going eastward. Witness inquired of the switchman which side of the coal chutes he had to take his engine. The bell of the engine was running continuously until he stopped to ask instructions from the switchman. The switchman told witness to take the north side of the coal chutes. His fireman, Mr. Taylor, turned the switch at this point. This was on what is called the north engine lead. Witness at this point tooted the whistle and his fireman rang the bell. Deceased, Curry, was working at the switch leading to the storage switch, but in close proximity to the line. Witness saw the deceased working at the storage switch at the time the bell of the engine was ringing. Curry started to walk northerly, and was then lost to view by the witness, owing to a curve of the track. Witness asked his fireman if he had seen the man and the fireman answered in the negative. The engine was stopped and witness saw Curry lying on the side of the track. The only account witness could give of the accident was that Curry in stepping away slipped and fell and was struck by the tender. The man was evidently carried some feet from where he was struck. Witness was unable to state how Cury met his death, other than that he slipped and fell against the tender. The engine was travelling about 4 miles an hour at the time of the accident, and could have been easily stopped the length of tender. Everything was done to avert any accident. This was witness' first accident. The time of the accident was about 3.15 in the afternoon.

Samuel Taylor sworn, said he was fireman on engine No. 188, with engineer Mr. Johnson and whilst turning a switch in the east G.T.R. yard, saw deceased Curry working at a switch near by. After witness boarded the engine he saw Curry still at the switch and did not see him again until after the accident occurred. The bell of the engine was ringing continuously. Not seeing the man pass the engine was stopped, and the body of Curry was found on the north side of the rail near the truck of the tender.

George Clarke, sworn, said he was section foreman of the G.T.R. and had been for some years. On the day of accident witness saw Curry about half an hour before he was killed. Curry was cleaning out the switch designated as the storage lead switch. He was not ordered to do this work but it was part of his duty to do so. Witness did not see engine No. 188, which struck Curry, as he was some distance away. Curry was an active man and a capable working man. He was not a careless man.

Thomas Logan, being sworn, testified he was a G.T.R. section man. Witness saw Curry a few minutes before he met with the accident, but he did not see the accident and was not aware that one had occurred until he was called to the scene by Mr Taylor, fireman of engine No. 188. At the time of the accident a freight train was passing by on the main line near the storages witch, where Curry was working. In witness's opinion the engineer of No. 188 should have stopped his engine before he got to the storage switch, when it was known that a man was working at that switch and especially as there was considerable noise in that vicinity at the time.

This concluded the evidence and after a few remarks by the coroner, the jury retired and brought in the verdict above recorded.

TIRED, ACHING FEET AND LIMBS

are promptly relieved by applying Absorbine, Jr., the antiseptic liniment. It is soothing, healing, and invigorating—puts vim and energy into jaded muscles. One of the many enthusiastic users writes: "I received the trial bottle of Absorbine, Jr., all right and at that time was unable to walk without a cane, just around the house. I used it freely and inside of two days could walk without limping, something I had not done in two months. I went to the drug store and procured a $1.00 bottle and today can walk as good as ever. I'll never be without it. I am recommending it to everyone I can, for I am a living witness."

Absorbine, Jr., should always be kept at hand for emergencies.

At druggists, $1.00 and $2.00 a bottle or sent postpaid. Liberal trial bottle for 10c. in stamps.

W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 457 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Canada.

WON'T SHRINK WOOLLENS

We'd like to send you a sample of this pure essence of soap in flakes, Madame—

LUX

A wonderful preparation that coaxes rather than forces the dirt out of clothes. LUX gives a rich, cream-like lather which dainty hands and garments need never fear. It prevents all fabrics from matting and shrinking in the wash.

LUX Won't Shrink Woollens—Price 10c.

Send a post-card to-day for free sample of LUX. 5

Made in Canada by Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto.

How You May Throw Away Your Glasses

The statement is made that thousands wear eyeglasses who do not really need them. If you are one of these unfortunates, then these glasses may be ruining your eyes instead of helping them. Thousands who wear these "windows" may prove for themselves that they can dispense with glasses if they will get the following prescription filled at once; Go to J. S. McKeown's drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets; fill a 2-ounce bottle with warm water and drop in one Bon-Opto tablet. With this harmless liquid solution bathe the eyes two to four times daily, and you are likely to be astonished at the results right from the start. Many who have been told that they have astigmatism, eye-strain, cataract, sore eyelids, weak eyes, conjunctivitis and other eye disorders, report wonderful benefits from the use of this prescription. Get this prescription filled and use it; you may so strengthen your eyes that glasses will not be necessary. Thousands who are blind, or nearly so, or who wear glasses might never have required them if they had cared for their eyes in time. Save your eyes before it is too late! Do not become one of these victims of neglect. Eyeglasses are only like crutches and every few years they must be changed to fit the ever-increasing weakened condition, so better see if you can like many others, get clear, healthy, strong magnetic eyes through the prescription here given. The Valmas Drug Co., of Toronto, will fill the above prescription by mail, if your druggist cannot.

French Destroy German Gas Tanks

PARIS, Jan. 6—The following official communication was issued by the war office to-night:

"In Belgium we successfully cannonaded the defensive organizations of the enemy, particularly in the regions of Steenstraete, Hetsas and the Boesinghe.

"In Artois our batteries dropped projectiles on the railway station of Boisleux, on the hill south of Arras, during the passage of a train.

"In Champagne, in the course of an intense bombardment by our artillery on the German trenches to the north of the Navarian farm, we destroyed all the material of attack by gases, several reservoirs being blown up."

When a young girl begins to think every time the telephone rings it's for her, father and mother may as well begin to save up for the marriage festivities.

Belleville Branch Of Canadian Patriotic Fund

During the month of December the local list of beneficiaries included:—123 children of soldiers (including young brothers or sisters wholly dependent on soldiers); 94 wives of soldiers; 35 mothers of soldiers (widows or whose husbands were unable to work).

Contributions received during the month amounted to $4,371.50, and 136 cheques were issued amounting to $2,153.05.

The Treasurer begs to acknowledge with thanks the following payments since added to the lists published up to 30th December:

Ed. Naylor	$ 6 00
W. R. Vallence	5 00
H. B. Stock	5 00
D. E. Fisher	5 00
Miss E. A. Anning (6th contribution)	10 00
C. N. S.	15 00
W. N. Belair	12 50
K. F. Milburn (Jan.)	1 00
Miss L. B. Carman	20 00
A Friend, S. M. (Jan.)	10 00
C. J. Bowell (Dec.)	10 00
John Williams (Dec.)	5 00
Employees McIntosh Bros.	6 00

WELLINGTON.

On account of it being so slippery, a number could not get to church on Sunday.

We had a lot of rain during our holidays.

Wedding bells are to ring this week at East end.

Our council was all elected for 1916 by acclamation, glad to say.

P. B. Trumpour, of Toronto, is a visitor here.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Young spent last Tuesday at Mr. and Mrs. Trumpour's for dinner.

All our schools have now reopened again.

Our Xmas trees this year were well attended.

Our boys have now good skating.

Glad to see Rev. Dr. Cobb out again, after a sick spell.

Hiram Hubbs, of Toronto, spent a day in town, last week.

K. R. and Mrs. Morden and son, Eugene, are at Bergen, N.Y.

Mrs. Hattie Basfield is at Picton this week.

W. P. Niles, glad to report is better.

Our doctors are very busy in town and country now.

Ruth Beatson, of Markham, spent Xmas here.

Britain Controls Inland Sea

LONDON, Jan. 7.—In connection with yesterday's announcement of defeat of a German war vessel on Lake Tanganyika, in east Central Africa, a half mile above sea level, it is announced that the British ships which accomplished the surrender of the German vessel were especially constructed in England and transported to the heart of Africa. Until the arrival of these vessels, the Germans dominated Lake Tanganyika, which is the centre of a large and important territory. The presence of British armed vessels on the lake will completely reverse the situation there.

This is considered here as most opportune in view of the forthcoming campaign in East Africa.

"A milk bottle, eh? Seems to me you could see a thing as big as that."

"The boy had it hid under his coat, sir."

GLIMPSES OF Y. M. C. A. WORK AT THE FRONT

Magazines Collected

One hundred thousand magazines were collected in one day in Toronto and will be forwarded by the Militia Department to the Canadian soldiers at the front. The collection was arranged by Capt. Forgie for the National Council of Y. M. A.'s of Canada. It is planned by the Y.M.C.A. to gather together and forward huge bundles of these maganzines every couple of months, as the soldiers are eager for such entertainment.

Missionary Sent $200 for Y. M. C. A. Work

A Methodist Missionary just back on furlough, phoned up the headquarters of the National Counicl of the Y. M. C. A. in Toronto and asked what was, being done on behalf of Canada's soldiers. The information was so gratifying that the following day a cheque for $200. was received.

Christmas Gifts From the Trenches

The cabled news item sent out before Christmas that millions of pounds of plum pudding had left England for the soldiers of Britain and the rest of the Empire, caused surprise only from the big figures involved. The Y.M.C.A. workers helped to reverse the process—in gifts "from" the trenches. Here is what Capt. Hancock, one of the Canadian Association men overseas, writes from the firing line: "Our men were paid extra Christmas money, and my C. O. wanted to know what could be done in the way of supplying Christmas presents that the boys could send home to Canada. I got a few thousand francs together and took my horse and groom, with our packs, and made to the nearest large center and purchased a generous supply of souvenirs, jewelry, handkerchiefs, etc.

The way the boys went after these things was amazing. They lasted just one day. Again I made a trip and got more, and still again, each time bringing back as much as we could carry. The men took it all and would have used more.

Further, each man was supplied with a card on which he sent his Christmas greetings with the article he chose. The goods were packed and registered and mailed right from the Y.M.C.A. Hundreds of men sent these messages of love home, which would have been impossible but for the Association. Alas, for some it has already proved to be their last.

"JACK" STEWART, RAILWAY CONTRACTOR

Remarkable Career of Scot Patriot, Who Returned to Old Home

There lately arrived in London a man whose career provides yet another amazing illustration of the energy perseverance, and shrewdness of the modern Scot. His name is Mr. John William Stewart, known in Canada as "Jack" Stewart, the millionaire railway contractor, says London Tit-Bits.

Four years ago he bought from the Duke of Sutherland 50,000 acres of the Sutherland estates, with an annual rent-bill of £2,500, which among other things included Mr. Stewart's birthplace, a tiny cottage at Drumbeg, in the parish of Assynt. A few months later Mr. Stewart bought from the Duke for £66,000 a further large tract of land in the parish of Assynt, which included house property, a deer forest, a sheep farm, and small holdings, with a rental of £2,700.

Yet it is not so many years ago since Mr. Stewart landed in Quebec with just 10s. in his pocket. This was after he had tried farming and engineering in Scotland, and decided that the Colonies offered him more scope for the realization of his ambitions. Obtaining work as a farm hand on a French-Canadian farm, he ultimately settled down in British Columbia with the money he had saved, where he found work on the railway. Afterwards he drifted to Montana, in the States, and made such good use of his opportunities that he was able to enter into partnership with two well-known Irish-American contractors, Foley and Walsh, which has since become one of the foremost firms of its kind in the West.

A patriot to the backbone, Mr. Stewart has utilized some of his wealth to equip a Highland regiment in British Columbia, where he is opening up a great new railroad, and has furthermore contributed £20,000 to the war funds.

"Rather than my country should be beaten in this great war," he says, "I will go back again to day labor and small wages where I began."

And there are thousands of wealthy Scotsmen in all part of the world who would do the same.

DEATHS

GILLUM—In Belleville on Jan. 4th, Francis Maria Gillum, age 71 wears. The funeral will take place from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Percy Geen, 255 John St., on Monday, Jan. 10, at 9 o'clock to St. Thomas Church. Interment, Belleville cemetery.

Winter Sports
SKATING SHOES
Are Now
In Order
And Call For
Skating
SHOES
We Have Some Splendid Styles
For
Ladies, Men and Boys
The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros.
January Clearance
Sale

Offers you choice choosing at very special prices. All are great money-saving values. READ:—

Children's Colored Flannelette Pyjamas, ages 2 to 6 years, reg. 50c. For .... 35c.
Children's White Flannelette Pyjamas, ages 2 to 6 years; regular 75c., for .... 89c.

UNDERSKIRTS AT GREAT CLEARING PRICES.

75c. to $1.25 Skirts clearing at .... 49c.
$1.50 to $2.00 Skirts, all colors, clearing at .... 97c.

Along with several other lines that we are clearing out regardless of cost, gives you a rare chance to secure a Skirt at one-third its regular value.

LADIES' CASHMERETTE AND WRAPPERETTE WAISTS.

Very attractively reduced in order to clear out immediately.
Reg. 75c. to $1.25 Waists, your choice .... 49c.

Nightgowns, all ready to wear, made of best English flannelette, at less than you can buy the goods for.

Reg. $1.00 Nightgowns, all sizes, clearing at .... 59c.
Reg. $1.25 Nightgowns, all sizes, clearing at .... 75c.

CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' DRESSES
Wonderfully reduced for this Clearance Sale:

Reg. $2.50 to $3.00 Navy Blue Serge Dresses for Girlies 10 years old; Clearance Sale $1.98
Reg. $2.00 to $2.50 Dresses suitable for Girlies, 3 to 6 years; Sale price $1.39
Reg. 75c. to $1.25 Dresses; Clearance Sale price .... 69c.

HOUSE DRESSES reduced to Half their regular value and less during this great Clearance Sale.

$1.00 to $1.50 Dresses, sale price .... 69c.
$1.50 to $2.50 Dresses, sale price .... 79c.

SILK WAISTS, very attractively priced, a great opportunity to secure a nice Waist for just about half its regular value.

$2.00 to $2.25 Waists in broken assortment of sizes, to clear at $1.49
$2.50 to $3.50 Waists to clear at $2.97

Others in large variety of different prices; no range of sizes; can get one out of the lot to fit; clearing regardless of cost.

LADIES' DRESSING SACQUES.

Reg. 75c. to $1.00 Sacques clearing at .... 49c.
A few to clear at only .... 69c.
Others clearing at .... 75c. and 97c.

LADIES' KIMONOS at most tempting prices.

Reg. $2.25 to $3.25 Kimonos in pretty Floral Crepe Goods, clearing at $1.98
Others clearing at .... $1.39 up to $2.98

This is a sale worth while. Every day brings out special selling events that you can't afford to miss.

McIntosh Bros

WOOLS

At the present time we have a large stock of Military and Fingering Yarns. As this Wool was secured under our old agreement, we have not had to advance our prices on this lot. Secure what you require soon.

Hockey Goods

Hockey Sticks, Hockey Gloves, Hockey Pads, Leg Gnards, Pucks and Skate Straps all at popular prices.

THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER
SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, 2?? Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertion.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $2.00, strictly in advance.

This is the 523rd day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany

REDUCTION OF HOTEL LICENSES.

Ottawa, the capital of the Dominion, has led the way in asking for a reduction in that city of hotel licenses. On Monday last it gave a large majority in favor of a reduction of hotel licenses from 48 to 20, and of shop licenses from 20 to 10.

That too great latitude has been exercised in all cities and towns in the granting of licenses to sell liquor is beyond doubt. Many of these taverns are not required, and become mere drinking places.

Unfortunately for those desirous of restraining the use of liquor as a beverage, the city of Hull in the Province of Quebec, is but a few minutes walk from the city limits of Ottawa. As a result, the Free Press of that city informed its readers that on Monday, the day on which the municipal elections were held, and all the bars in the city were closed, the bars in Hull were crowded by the thirsty ones to excess, at the expense of the city licensees. What will be the result of closing twenty taverns in the city? A year's experience will tell.

Had the question of a reduction of liquor licenses been submitted to the people of Belleville at the last municipal election, there is no question but that it would have been affirmed by a large majority. Whether the request now made for a reduction of ten licenses will be granted by the Commissioners is problematical, though a reduction will be ordered, is not at all improbable.

In the Province of Quebec, the principle of compensation to license holders who are deprived of their licenses has been recognized as fair and equitable on the ground that no man should be deprived of his property, though it be in the interests of the community, without receiving some consideration therefor. This is not a mere theory, but a principle on which all British subjects have lived and acted in the past.

Is this point not worth considering? A law is enacted and placed on the statute book, giving a subject of the country the right to enter into a certain line of business, conditional that he conform to the provisions of the statute, among other things the payment of a certain sum of money which forms a part of the funds required to carry on the affairs of the country. In addition to the payment of a license to enable him to carry on his business, he is compelled to provide buildings and other premises properly furnished for the accommodation of those who patronize his hotel. These investments have been made legal under the provisions of the law, and then in cases of no violation of the law and regulations governing the business which the man is carrying on, he is deprived of the right to continue his business on the ground that the selling of liquor is not in the interest of the people, young or old, and should therefore be prevented. Granted that these moral premises are correct, should not those who are to be benefitted by the stoppage of the traffic pay for actual losses sustained by the man who has invested all his means in compliance with the law to enter into the business of keeping what is known as a public house? The answer is that the license, when granted, is for one year only, and the man who secures the license knows that, therefore he has no right to complain if he is deprived of his calling. It is true that a license is granted for one year only, and he knows it, yet it has been a recognized principle by all Governments that these licenses would be renewed where the laws had been complied with by those holding the licenses. This principle and practice has been acted upon in the past in the granting of timber licenses. These licenses are issued for one year only. No Government has ever cancelled them at the end of a year. Stumpage dues have been increased and so have liquor licenses been increased, so that in this respect both are upon the same basis.

The simple question is, should not, where the interests of a people, no matter in what respect, require the expropriation or the taking away of men's property justify remuneration for actual, not fictitious or prospective loss? Were this principle recognized and acted upon there would not be much difficulty in meeting the view of those who advocate the reduction of hotels and the closing of all unnecessary bars.

Extremists on both sides of this question should not forget the individual rights of their fellow subjects, both in property and in the best way of governing the country. The private rights of a British subject are inalienable, and should be so considered in dealing with all matters in which they are individually or collectively affected.

◆

BLOOD SOAKED PROSPERITY

Representative Humphrey, a member of Congress from the State of Washington, is outspoken in his condemnation of the policy of the administration at the head of American affairs. Speaking in the House of Representatives on Wednesday last he said: "Who will boast of prosperity here that is measured by blood and tears shed across the seas? We would look upon such a person much as we would look upon a man who boasts of having rifled the clothes of dead soldiers on the battlefield."

◆

That delayed advance of the Russians seems to have commenced in earnest.

German East Africa will soon be British East Africa, from all appearances.

Mr. Ford thinks that he should, at least, be given credit for showing his willingness to spend his money. How much more good he could have done with it if he had turned it over to the relief funds!

It isn't often that a small city like Guelph could support a paper which send its own reporter to interview ex-presidents Taft and Roosevelt, but apparently it can, as the following would indicate:

Taft says the Republicans should name neither himself nor Roosevelt this year. That's all he has to say.

W. L. McKinnon, Dean H. Pettes,
Harry L. Shepherd

We offer for sale—

$3000 West Beverley R. T. Co. Sask.

8% Maturing 15 instalments (annuity). Denominations $3,000.

Principal and Interest payable at Swift Current, Sask.

Interest payable 10th of January.

The bonds are countersigned by the Minister of Telephones of the Prov. of Sask. making the legality indisputable. In this way the Government guarantees the legality.

STATISTICS OF MUNICIPALITY
(as furnished us)

This telephone line is situated in Township 15, Range 15, west of 3rd Meridian, and it comprises 6,400 acres of land assessable.

Price of land in this district is $25. per acre.

The total debt including this issue is $3,000.

This telephone line runs 12½ miles and has 16 subscribers. The soil in the district is chocolate loam, best adapted to mixed farming. The nearest railway station is Beverley, where there are two grain elevators located, with a capacity of 50,000 bushels.

NOTE—These bonds are dated Oct. 18th, 1915, and the first payment of principal and interest is due Jan. 18th, 1917.

PRICE: Rate to Yield 7½%.

Consult

R. W. ADAMS,
27 Campbell Street
Belleville, Ont.

Representing
W. L. McKINNON & CO.
MUNICIPAL DEBENTURES
McKINNON BUILDING
TORONTO ONT.

Transcona
two-inch band
Worn from ocean to ocean by discriminating men
Tooke
BROS · LIMITED
(made in Canada)

When seen by our reporter, Mr. Roosevelt said—7 columns.—Guelph Mercury.

"Some" town Guelph and "some" paper is the Mercury.

◆

GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From The Daily Intelligencer, Jan. 8, 1866.

The grist mill at Sydenham, near Kingston, was destroyed by fire.

A fire in Chicago consumed property to the amount of $80,000. The United States Clock and Brass Works were among the buildings which were burnt.

Cholera has carried off 50,000 Arabs in Algeria, and famine now threatens to take the rest.

Wm. Begg of Kingston has compounded with his creditors at [illegible] cents on the dollar.

◆

The Poets' Corner

Everybody Votes but Mother.

(J. W. Bengough).

Everybody votes but mother,
She used to vote once, too,
But whe she got married to father
The law said it wouldn't do.
When mother was just a spinster,
Like my spectacled sister, Ann,
She had a right to the ballot,
But alas! she married a man!
So everybody votes but mother;
Father, Sister Ann, and I,
My widowed aunt and my brother,
And mother wants to know why!

Everybody votes but mother,
'Cause mother changed her name;
Looks as though, somehow or other,
Getting married must be a shame;
They take away votes from fellows
Who have been convicted in court,
And it seems that spinsters who marry
Are bracketed with that sort.
So that's where they rank poor mother,
They've struck her name from the roll,
While sister and aunt and father
And I all go to the poll!
Everybody votes but mother,
Through our stupid and senseless law,
And there's not on the list another
Who needs the vote more than maw;
She cares for the home and the children,
And she has a good right to say
On the laws that affect the household
In any possible way.
So we must have a vote for mother,
Without waiting for dad to die;
For the wife, as well as the widow
And spinster—or we'll know why.

◆

Current Comment

Real Mean.

The Kaiser's treatment of German women passes all bounds. The military authorities have forbidden bargain sales at Berlin.—Montreal Mail.

Swift Work.

The Herald of that place makes the announcement: "Harry Barber was re-elected Mayor of Guelph for 1911." That is pretty swift going — for Guelph.—Brantford Courier.

Job, but No Pick.

It is said that the British fleet will continue to keep the German flag from the high seas until Germany has paid the indemnities the Allies will demand as part of the terms of peace. If this is so, Germany will be in the position of the laborer who had a job to go to, but could not work because his pick was pawned, and could not get his pick out of pawn until he had earned the money to redeem it.—Mail and Empire.

An Aspect of Enlistment.

The outstanding feature in the results of the Derby recruiting scheme in Britain is the preponderance of married men among those who have offered themselves. It will be remembered that the same disquieting feature has been evident in Canadian recruiting. To a very partial extent it was explainable in this country, for a time at any rate, by the fact that there were many young men unemployed, and the married ones naturally come to the end of their resources sooner than the others.

But that is no longer applicable to such an extent as to constitute a serious factor in the situation, and even less so in Britain than here. There must be some reason for this difference in patriotism. It has been suggested that the average age among the married men is higher, and that they are therefore more thoughtful and have a better realization of the meaning of the war. That should be more than counterbalanced by the generous enthusiasm of youth, and its eagerness for adventure.

There is another reason that is worth considering. Is it not possible that the same spirit which makes some men take up the duties of their citizenship, and fulfil their duties to the community as husbands and fathers, will operate to make them ready for the infinitely greater duties and sacrifices of patriotism? There is an old saying among the feminine sex to the effect that "All the best men are married," and there is probably a certain amount of truth in it. Those men who have the natural and wholly admirable instinct to make a home are sure to have also the natural instinct to defend it. On the other hand it is a reasonable assumption that the selfishness which keeps many marriageable young men single also keeps them from enlisting.—Montreal News.

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WRINKLE CHASERS

New Maladies—Petromortsl, a sore body; Petrojag, a sore head; Petrograd, a sore spot for Germany.

Actual evtract from a sailor's letter to his wife:

"Dear Jane—I am sending you a postal order for ten shillings, which I hope you may get—but you may not—as this letter has to pass the censor."—Punch.

"Mamma," said a wee pet, "they sung 'I yant to be an angel' in Sunday school this morning, and I sung with them."

"Why, Nellie!" exclaimed mamma, "could you keep time with the rest?"

"I guess I could," proudly answered little Nellie; "I kept ahead of them most all the way through."

Jimmy had been in the woods all day. When he reached home he began to tell his family about his experiences.

"I was walking in the woods," he began, "when all at once I came on a big rattlesnake."

"How do you know it was a rattlesnake, Jimmy?" asked his father.

"Why," replied Jimmy, "by the way my teeth rattled when I saw him, of course."—Exchange.

A city man wanted a new office boy. Among the applicants was a lad, who gave a neighboring firm as his reference. So the prospective employer got on the telephone.

"Well," said the head clerk, who answered his inquiry, "he's one of those 'push-and-go' boys."

"Good!" said the inquirer eagerly. "Smart and efficient, and all that — eh?"

"Hardly that," came the disappointing reply. "What I mean is that he only goes when you push him!"

An Irishman was going along the road when an angry bull rushed at him and tossed him over a fence. The Irishman, recovering from the fall, upon looking up saw the bull pawing and tearing up the ground, as is the custom of the animal when irritated, whereupon he smiled at the animal and said: "If it was not for your bowand scraping and your humble apologies, you brute, faith, I should think that you'd thrown me over this fence on purpose."

Sandy had been photographed, and as he was looking intently at his "picter," Tam MacPherson came along.

"What's that ye hv theer?" he asked.

"My photygraph," replied Sandy, showing it proudly. "Whit d'ye think o' it?"

"Mon, it's fine!" exclaimed Tam in great admiration. "It's just like ye, tae. An' what micht the like o' they cost?"

"I dinna ken," replied Sandy. "I ever, "it's awfu' like ye!"

Mr. Dauber was holding a private exhibition of his paintings in his studio, secretly in the hope that he might sell one or two, and so be able to have a good meal.

Selecting a likely victim—a prosperous looking old gentleman—he drew him to an easel in the corner.

"There's sir," he said, with an air of modest triumph, "that is my latest work!"

The visitor raised his eye-glasses and looked at the mingled hues on the canvas, where red black and khaki each made a bold bid for supremacy.

"Er—what is it?" he asked cautiously.

"A battle-scene," explained the artist coldy. "And I have tried to express in it all the horrors of war."

"Excellent!" murmured the old gentleman, "I never saw anything more horible in the whole of my life."

Preparing for Emergencies

"You say that you want some name engraved on this ring," said the jeweller to the bashful young man.

"Yes: I want the words, 'George to his dearest Alice' engraved on the inside of the ring.'

"Is the young lady your sister?"

"No; she is the young lady to whom I am engaged."

"Well, if I were you I would not have 'George, to his dearest Alice' engraved on the ring. If Alice changes her mind can't use the ring again.

"What would you suggest?"

"I would suggest the words, 'George to his first and only love.' You see, with that inscription you can use the thing half a dozen times. I have had experience in such matter myself."—Tit-Bits.

$1,000.00 REWARD

For information that will lead to the discovery or whereabouts of the person or persons suffering from Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Mouth and Throat, Blood Poison, Skin Diseases, Bladder Troubles Special Ailments, and Chronic or Complicated Complaints who cannot be cured at The Ontario Medical Institute, 263-265 Yonge St., Toronto. Correspondence invited

FLOUR FROM CANADA

Help to Make Her Dream Come True

SHE is one of some Three Million Belgians who, since they refused to sell their honor to Germany, have lived on the brink of starvation. A thriving industrial people, used to life's comforts, they have been reduced to a state where they dream, not of luxuries or pleasures, but of having enough to eat!.

True to their character as the war has unmasked it, the Germans callously refuse to help the starving. The task of feeding them has been undertaken by Belgium's Allies and Neutral Nations, through the

Belgian Relief Fund

provided by voluntary contributions and administered with wonderful economy and efficiency by a neutral Commission.

Absolutely none of the supplies go to Germans, and most of the food taken into the country is paid for by Belgians who have still a little money. But to feed those who cannot pay, nearly $2,500,000 a month is needed!

Surely no people ever deserved our sympathy and aid more than do these starving Belgians!

They face a winter of necessity, while we are living in plenty. The Fund needs regular weekly or monthly contributions rather than larger but spasmodic gifts. Let us plan to deny ourselves, if necessary—share with our needy Allies—and help to save their lives.

Send your contributions to Local or Provincial Committees or to the

Central Executive Committee, 59 St. Peter Street, Montreal.

$2.50 KEEPS A BELGIAN FAMILY A MONTH

"CHEQUES TO BE MADE PAYABLE TO "THE TREASURER, BELGIAN RELIEF FUND, 59, ST. PETER STREET, MONTREAL, OR TO LOCAL COMMITTEES."

Columbia

Now that you have your new Grafonola, talking machine or phonograph you have a wonderful world of music opening up before you in

Columbia Double-Disc Records

For example---go to your dealer and have him play this:

Keep the Home Fires Burning till the Boys Come Home. (Novello). Read Miller, tenor, and Frederick Wheeler, baritone. Orchestra accompaniment, and,

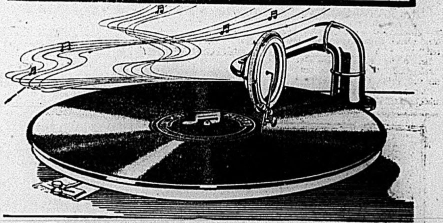
On the Road to Happiness. (Albert von Tilzer). Sam Ash, tenor. Orchestra accompaniment.

It's a great "popular hit"—away above the average—right from England—tinged with the heroic war spirit. Hear it by all means. Price 85c.

Complete list of Columbia Made-in-Canada Records at your dealer's or mailed free on request to

COLUMBIA GRAPHOPHONE COMPANY

Canadian Factory and Headquarters, 365-367 Sorauren Avenue, Toronto 9



J. A. Goodsell, 316 Front Street, Belleville

UNION BANK OF CANADA

A Joint Account is a Great Convenience for family funds. It may be opened with the Union Bank of Canada in the names of two persons, either of whom can make deposits or withdraw money when in town or when passing the bank. It is especially convenient if the husband is frequently away on trips, as it enables the wife to procure funds for expenses on her own signature alone.

Belleville Branch — J. G. MOFFAT, Manager.

LONDON, ENG., BRANCHES
6 Princes Street, E. C. West End Branch, Haymarket, S. W.

"Truth Dexter"

By

SIDNEY McCALL

CHAPTER XXVI—Continued

Mrs. Dexter seized both of Truth's frantic hands, and gazed steadily into the tortured face, as she said: "Tell me more slowly, dearie! Mummie cannot understand when you talk so wildly. Do you mean that you are never going back to your husband?'

"Never!" cried Truth, beginning now to sob and shiver. "I can't go back, for he don't want me."

Mrs. Dexter reseated herself. The still invincible spirit mounted to its throne in her ashen face.

"Can you compose yourself enough to tell me about it now? Or would you rather wait until——"

"No, no!" broke in Truth. "We needn't wait. I'll tell you now. I wish I had done it before this (she motioned toward the paper) ever had got here."

"I cannot see how the death of any outsider, even though he be a friend, can affect the relations between a lawfully wedded husband and wife."

"But Van loves Mrs. Wiley. He wouldn't say he didn't."

"Truth Dexter!" said the old lady, with gentle dignity, remember you are speaking of a married man,—my grandson-in-law, in whom I have every confidence. This woman you mention is scarcely yet a widow."

"But, grandma," said Truth in more rational tones "she didn't mind being married! and her—friendship—with Van began long before she knew me. She has been my enemy ever since I landed in Boston. When she was in England I was happy—that was the only time. I used to pray every night for her not to come back. But she did come and before long she began persecuting me. Don't you remember that morning when I had been down to get you some felt slippers, and somebody came into the hotel with me, and afterward you found me with a dreadful headache?"

"Yes, I remember well. I couldn't imagine at the time what caused so sudden a turn."

"Well, that was the time she forced herself on me, and said such cruel things."

"What kind of things?"

"Well," said Truth, flushing, "she said that I was makin' myself ridiculous by lovin' Van. That he was a laughing-stock, too, and that all Boston knew why he had married me."

"The heartless trollop!" exclaimed Mrs. Dexter. "But, Truth, I can't understand your listening to such a vulgar mischief-maker."

"Oh, mummie! if you only knew how I tried not to. I put my hands to my ears. I almost turned her from the room,—but she didn't need words. It was all in her face."

"Why didn't you tell me of this at the time? I could have warned you against believing such a baggage."

"I couldn't bear to spoil your trip South, mummie. You were so happy! I wanted to keep the torture to myself until you were gone, and then I was going to ask some good friend, Mrs. Adams, or Quincy, or Van himself."

Mrs. Dexter almost broke down. "Poor child! To think of you suffering that all alone,—so bravely!"

"But I wasn't brave,—that's the trouble. It all came out before I wanted it to, that night after the concert."

"Ah! That was the night you fainted!"

"I didn't mean to, really," she said penitently. "It was all my fault, for that night I forced Van into listening when he begged and pleaded with me not to."

"Oh, Truth, did you actually attack your good, kind husband on words of a minx like that? It was all she wanted, to make trouble between you and Van."

"It wasn't only Mrs. Wiley, though that was the stinging part, I reckon. You don't know how bitter she was,—what awful things she insinuated! She was bound to part us if she could, and now she has helped to do it. Oh, mummie, I've lost him forever, and he'll marry her!"

"Truth Dexter!" cried the old lady in a ringing voice, "no suffering excuses coarseness. I will not stay in the room if you permit yourself such low thoughts. In my day decent people did not speak of married men marrying other women."

Truth was taken aback, and a little frightened. "But, grandma," she faltered, "you don't know this wicked world. There are ways—"

"Those ways are not fit subject for decent conversation either. Now, if you have not lost your senses altogether, I would like to know what proof you have that anything the woman said was true."

"He could not deny what I asked him."

Mrs. Dexter caught her breath. "Did you try to force or taunt him into a denial?"

"I reckon I did."

"Then he did right to refuse. I have no patience with a man who allows himself to be bullied. Are you willing to tell me what she said?"

Truth hung her head still lower. "She hinted that he had married me for—pique,—and—oh—the other is too horrible even to think!"

"Money?" suggested Mrs. Dexter in a strained thread of a whisper.

"Yes,—and afterward Mrs. Adams admitted the same thing."

Mrs. Dexter struck her frail hands together, and sprang to her feet. "Oh, that money!" she cried, "oh, the curse of it! It killed him,—it is eating my heart out day by day, and now it is to ruin my child's life!"

Truth raised her face, and a great dawned for her. "Do you feel that way, too? Oh, then it will be easier, no matter what happens! Mummie, it was the fortune, after all, that made the issue between us. I said that I would not go on livin' on blood-money. Maybe what she said did something to make me hate it more—but I had made up my mind before. I have never been satisfied about that will,—only I was too much of a coward to speak."

rs. Dexter stood perfectly silent in the centre of the room. Her tense figure began slowly to relax, her clenched hands to join themselves into the gentle curves of prayer, and into her face came a look of ecstatic brightness. "Now have I seen the glory of the Lord!" she murmured.

A moment after, to Truth's alarm, she had sunk to her knees and was sobbing aloud, as if in confession,—"Oh, my baby! You are the brave one, and I the coward! Yet I thank Heaven that it has been so. Did you never suspect how the bitterness of this legacy has eaten into my very soul? Everything has been tinged with blood and dishonor,—even here, the improvements on the old place, the very grave in which my husband lies are tainted. You seemed happy, and I hushed my own sorrow for your sake. I thought that an old woman should not interpose even her own convictions before the bright future of younger lives. I thought you could not feel it as I did. But we will pay it all back, I have learned that heavy old-fashioned furniture brings high prices in the North. We will manage in some way to live, and clean away the stains!"

"I told him that I would teach," cried Truth, catching the excitement. "And truly I will. I can't throw away the education that I have got, but I can use it for our South. I told Van this that night."

But the mention of Van's name had shattered the exaltation of Mrs. Dexter's mood. She rose stiffly, went to the washstand in an adjoining closet, bathed her face, smoothed her hair, and reseated herself in the low rocker beside the lamp. Truth drew near also, taking her place on a little stool at her grandmother's feet, as she had so often sat with Van.

"Now, dearie, try to tell me quietly just what you said about this to your husband, and how you left matters with him."

"Well, he was terribly angry, and I reckon I was, too. I told him that I would never be his wife again, and that I was going to make over all the money to him."

"Did he say he would take it?"

"No, he didn't. He said that he wouldn't have it, and that it wasn't in my power to give it away even to him, without his consent, and that he would be a fool to consent."

"Then what did you say?"

"I told him I would never change on the subject of the money, and he would have to choose between us. Even if I could get over about—Mrs. Wiley, I would never live again on that dreadful money."

Mrs. Dexter leaned forward. "And he hesitated?"

"Yes," said Truth, all the life dying out of her face. "He's hesitatin' yet. He told me to think about it and talk it over with you. And now I wish I had done it sooner, for it's too late!"

"Too late?" echoed Mrs. Dexter.

"Oh, don't you see? He'll take the money now, and his freedom too, for Mrs. Wiley is free!"

Mrs. Dexter gave a sharp exclamation of displeasure, and was beginning, "You must understand, Truth, once and for all—" when the ghastly pallor of the young face checked her. Truth threw out one hand blindly, clutching the arm of her grandmother's chair, and in a moment more had fallen in a semi-conscious state.

"Oh, what it it, Truth? What is it? Are you sick?"

"No, no!" Truth managed to gasp. "It will be over in a moment. It's only one of those dizzy spells that I have been having lately."

Mrs. Dexter bent to look with an almost agonized earnestness into the drawn face, and noted, as if for the first time, how big the eye-sockets had grown, how pale and sad the mouth. Was there not something unusual, something special, in that bluish pallor? The old lady caught her breath with a sudden thought.

"Tell me more of this dizziness, Truth. How long have you felt it? At what hour of the day are such attacks likely to come?"

Truth answered obediently but without much alacrity. This sudden interest in physical details seemed to her irrelevant and unimportant. She could not understand, either, why such a light began to glow from Mrs. Dexter's eyes, and started in incredulous wonder as the cry rang out, "Oh, Truthie, my little bay! To think that I have never suspected this before!"

"Suspected what, mumie? I don't understand!"

"There is no need for you to understand yet. Go to bed now and get all the rest you can. I must write to Van. Everything is going to be all right. Van is not going to give you up." The old lady was laughing and crying at the same time. "You'll know before long. Now go to bed, like a good child, and don't you worry one minute longer!"

Truth went upstairs in a dazed condition. "Well!" she ejaculated to herself, "everbody seems to do funny things lately,—even grandma! Now what coud have made her so happy all of a sudden?"

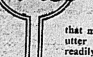
To be Continued.

* * *

The girl with a dimple in her cheek is not always as sweet as she may appear.

* * *

Swear off knocking. Your hammer isn't big enough to make a real impression, anyhow.



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It is widely known that dairy milk carries germs of diseases, and so serious is the danger of infection that medical specialists repeatedly utter strong warnings. How readily young babies fall victims can well be understood.

Baby's health demands a Food free from germs.

In the 'Allenburys' Foods you have the requisite nourishment, absolutely pure, and packed in hermetically sealed tins. You prepare the Milk Foods Nos. 1 and 2 for Baby's bottle by simply adding boiled hot water.

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The pure germ-free, progressive dietary.

MILK FOOD No. 1 From birth to 3 months
MILK FOOD No. 2 From 3 to 6 months
MALTED FOOD No. 3 From 6 months onwards

The Allen & Hanburys Co. Limited, Toronto

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THOUSANDS OWE THEIR GOOD HEALTH TO IT

Made From The Juices of Apples, Oranges, Figs and Prunes Combined With Tonics and Antiseptics.

"Fruit-a-tives" means health. In years to come, people will look back to the discovery of 'Fruit-a-tives' and wonder how they ever managed to get along without these wonderful tablets, *made from fruit juices.*

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" is excellent for Indigestion, Dyspepsia and Sour Stomach. 'Fruit-a-tives' is the only certain remedy that will correct *chronic Constipation and Liver trouble.*

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"FRUIT-A-TIVES" has been one of the great successes of the century and the sales are enormous, both in Canada and the United States. 50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers, or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

3 LEADERS THE DOW ALES STOUTS & Malt Extract

Consumers who cannot purchase the Dow Brands from their local dealer, please address "Mail Order Department," 38 Chaboillez Square, Montreal.

The National Breweries Limited, Montreal

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years, at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY

Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—53690

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388.

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

Bonaventure Union Depot

Change of Time Commencing Saturday, January 8th.

OCEAN LIMITED	Leaves 7.25 p.m.	Daily Except Sat.
Montreal, Quebec, St. John, Halifax.		
Maritime Express	8.15 a.m.	DAILY

Through Sleepers, Montreal to Halifax.
Connection for
The Sydneys, Prince Edward Island,
Newfoundland.

The NATIONAL

TORONTO TO WINNIPEG

Leaves 10.45 p.m., Tues., Thurs., Sat. Arr. 3.50 p.m., Thurs., Sat., Mon. Tickets and sleeping car reservations. Apply E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto, Ont.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

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SPECIAL ROUND TRIP FARES.

LONG LIMIT STOPOVERS.

Asheville and Hot Springs, N.C.; Charleston, S.C.; Nassau, N.P.; Hot Springs, Ark.; French Lick Springs, Ind.; Jacksonville and all Florida Points; Havana, Cuba and New Orleans, La., via New York and Rail (or steamer according to destination,) or via Buffalo, Detroit or Chicago.

BERMUDA AND WEST INDIES
OTHER HEALTH RESORTS.

Mount Clemens, Mich.; Battle Creek, Mich.; St. Catharines, Well., Ont.; Preston Springs, Ont.

Further particulars on application to Grand Trunk Agents.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—5.25 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 7.30 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate points—6.25 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—†6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 5.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *3.40 a.m.

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

†Deseronto only

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville Ont.

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The F. S. ANDERSON CO.,

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Advertise in The Intelligencer.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily
No. 16— 2.00 a.m.—Fast train, flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7.00 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m.—Express, daily.
No. 28— 5.45 p.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19— 2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13—4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.
No. 29— 7.50 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.20 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1— 3.05 p.m.—International Limited, daily.
No. 7— 4.55 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'.

Going West.	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.
Going East.	**Arrive**	**Lv. Peterboro**
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North	Leave.	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.
Going South.	**Arrive**	**Lv. Madoc**
Mixed	4.56 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1915.

GOING EAST.

CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.50 p.m.	2.58 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

GOING WEST.

MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.18 p.m.	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

Going East	Daily except Sunday
Leave Toronto	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	4.38 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leave Belleville	5.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.30 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent.

Belleville Business Directory

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column or calling at The Intelligencer Business Office, full information may be obtained.

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BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE

Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

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All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.

Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts.

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Supplies
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Oxy-Acetyline Welding
Locksmithing
Machine Work
Storage Battery Care and Charging
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The Garage

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Phone 83. 288 Pinnacle St.

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Rest	$16,000,000

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Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3.. Saturday 10 to 3.

R TANNAHILL

Manager Belleville Branch

Maybe you've noticed that the women who saw on that antique wheeze "The way to a man's heart is through his stomach" are themselves generally able to make a pretty sizable mess of shoulder and greens take a joke.

* * *

An Austrian has discovered a way to make auto tires out of wood fibre. Great people these Teutons are for offering "something just as good."

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W. H. HUDSON

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.; North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies. Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.

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Insurance Agent

Has Removed to 229 Front Street

Next to Riggs' Music Store

THOS. STEWART

Bridge Street, Belleville.

Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.

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Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON

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Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance, Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.

ROBERT BOGLE

MERCANTILE AGENCY.

Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed. Office, 28 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY

Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way. Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.

W. R. Vallance, Mgr. Phone 336.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

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EVANS & EVANS

Civil and Mining Engineers and Ontario Land Surveyors.

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Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tired, for weddings, private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town. Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection. Phone 229.

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Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers. Apply to

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Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St., Belleville.

LEGAL.

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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell St. Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates.

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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge St. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.

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W. N. PONTON, K.C.
R. D. PONTON.

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Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.

E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P.
WM. CARNEW.

Solicitors for Union Bank.

MIKEL & STEWART

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

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Office: 8 Campbell St., Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England

Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

Those who forget today seldom remember tomorrow.

* * *

Petulance is a shadow that clouds the sunshine of life.

DISTRESSING BATTLE WITH THE ELEMENTS

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—The steamship Patris, having on board the 300 passengers of the Greek liner Thessaloniki, abandoned at sea yesterday, arrived at Quarantine at 9.50 o'clock to-night, and will dock to-morrow morning.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6—The steamship Patris, which has on board the 300 passengers she rescued from the abandoned Thessaloniki, sent her first direct radiogram to her agents to-day. It told a story of perils at sea during the last seven days. The Patris expects to make this port to-morrow morning.

"The passengers aboard the Greek liner Thessaloniki were transferred to the Patris last Saturday morning," says the radio. "Friday morning the Patris was informed by wireless that the Thessaloniki was in distress and immediately began a search which ended successfully that night.

"The Patris attached tow lines to the Thessaloniki, but the ropes soon broke. She stood by Sunday, and then made fast again. She continued towing the crippled liner until Tuesday morning, when the cables broke a second time. Owing to wind and snow the Patris drifted 100 miles from her course.

"The Thessaloniki called once more for assistance, and was answered by the steamship United States. Both the United States and the Patris continued the search on Wednesday, but unsuccessfully, as they were unable to obtain the correct position of the Thessaloniki. The Patris was obliged to abandon the quest as she was short of coal."

A wireless message received Wednesday afternoon stated that the steamship Perugia had rescued all the members of the Thessaloniki's crew before the arrival of the United States..

The Perugia of the Anchor Line is due to arrive here Saturday morning.

◆

Ineresting Items

It was 32 below zero in Winnipeg yesterday.

A report from Washington says that President Wilson will again be a candidate for the presidency.

Fifty thousand Albanians applied for enlistment in the army of Essad Pasha, former Albanian ruler, who has declared war on Austria. They are being received as rapidly as equipment can be obtained for them.

Five Canadian soldiers who were alleged to have deserted from their regiment at St. John N.B., were captured by inigration officers in Vanceboro, Me., yesterday and returned to St. John. Their names were withheld.

While the reports of a discovery of platinum near the Crossus Gold Mnes, in Munro township, have excited some interest among prospectors. It is not very probable that it will be of much economic importance unless associated with other minerals. Small quantities of platinum were found in the pyrrhotite ore at the Alexo Mine, about thirty miles away. It was reported last summer in iron chrome ore on claims in the township near Munro. The quantity has always been so small as to be negligible, and it is not likely to be anything but a by-product of minor importance. The ore from which the assays were made came from the claims of Archie Burton, about a mile north of the Croesus Gold Mines.

MAGIC
BAKING POWDER
CONTAINS NO ALUM
Pure food insures good health. Magic Baking Powder insures pure food.
MADE IN CANADA
E.W.GILLETT CO. LTD.
TORONTO ONT.
WINNIPEG MONTREAL

Thirty American horse tenders have made a protest to the American Embassy that they are being held on board the British steamship Kalvinia at Manchester, under dangerous sanitary conditions. The alien officer at Manchester declined to permit the Americans to go ashore because they had no passports, and under the new regulations of the State Department at Washington the American consul could not issue certificates of citizenship to them. The Kalvinia is not to start on her return voyage for three weeks, and the men in their complaint state that living conditions on board are very unsanitary. The Kalvinia came from New Orleans.

◆

For Breakfast To-Morrow
serve Dr. Jackson's Roman Meal. You'll find this dark, nut-brown, coarsely granulated food very delicious. It has a taste different from any other cereal. It s exceedingly nutritious. It prevents indigestion. It is guaranteed to relieve constipation or "money back."

Ask your doctor about Dr. Jackson's Roman Meal.

10c. and 25c. at grocers. Follow directions closely and do NOT stir while cookng porridge.

Try Roman Meal Nuggets, the ready cooked form of Roman Meal. Serve with hot milk or soften with boiling water. Pour off and add milk and sugar.

Made by Roman Meal Co., Toronto.

◆

Export Business Increased in 1915

MONTREAL, Jan. 7.—Export traffic from the west via St. John during December showed a very heavy increase over corresponding month last year. December 1914, 20 steamers cleared, carrying 60,346 tons and 1,262 horses. December 1915, 38 steamers cleared carrying 181,370 tons and 1,166 horses.

The Greek Red Cross Society

In spite of the wavering attitude of the Government the Greek Red Cross Society under the presidency of Queen Sophia has rendered important services to the wounded of the Allies.

At the outbreak of the war the Greek Red Cross immediately came to the aid of the Red Cross societies in the belligerent countries. A sum of 10,000 francs was put at the disposal Red Cross at Geneva. In addition 5,000 francs was sent to each of the Red Cross societies in England, France, Belgium, Austria-Hungary, and Germany.

A further sum of 5,000 francs was given to the Graeco-Russian hospital in Petrograd.

The Greek Red Cross further sent complete hospital detachments for active service in Serbia and Montenegro. The Serbian Mission had a capacity of 100 beds, the Montenegro of 40. In addition assistance of a friendly nature has been given to the English and French Red Cross service now operating in the Mediterranean in connection with the Dardanelles and Balkan campaign. The Hellenic society has also acted as an interemediary with the Turkish Government in securing improved conditions for prisoners of war.

At the same time the society has given systematic instruction throughout Greece, and a great many new branches have been organized. One of these is at Saloniki. All these banches are controlled by the Central Committee at Athens and are under obligation to contribute money and supplies. Last year's financial statement shows receipts of 1,432,505 francs.

The Greek Society is thus, in the event of Greece joining the allies in a position to add considerable strength to the Allied Red Cross forces.

◆

MAKING LEE-ENFIELD BORE SAME AS ROSS

OTTAWA, Jan. 6.—It is stated at the Militia Department here that the chambers of the Lee-Enfield rifles, with which the British army is equipped, are all being bored out to the size of the Canadian Ross rifle—namely, 4.61.

◆

One on the Doctor

Dr. James L. Hughes tells a good story on himself. He recently made a trip to New York and at the border was interrogated as customary by the United States Immigration Agent, a thorough Irishman:

"Are you an American, thank God," replied the Doctor.

"Are you remaining in the States long?" was the next query.

"No," was the reply.

"Thank God," said the Immigration Agent.

Another story of Immigration inspection that will bear repeating is of a Woodstock lawyer who was travelling to Chicago at night and was asleep in his birth, when the immigration officer entered the train. The officer shook the legal man and inquired if he was an American "Yes" was the reply. "Where is your home?" "Woodstock, Ont." "Why, what do you mean by saying you are an American and that your home is in Woodstock, Ont?" "Do you people think you own the whole continent" was the startling reply.

◆

STEAMSHIP KARNAK HAS NARROW ESCAPE

Pursued For Hours Sumarine—Had 250 Passengers Aboard,

PARIS, Jan. 7.—(Special).—After an all-night race to escape a submarine the French steamship Karnak landed her 250 passengers at Marsielles this morning. Many were half crazed as a result of the ordeal of fear through which they had passed. The Karnak also landed seventeen passengers and thirteen members of the crew of the British liner Abelia and the crew of the British steamer Middleton, both of which were sunk in the Mediterranean by submarines. There was some loss of life on the Abelia. Both the Abelia and Middleton are reported to have been sunk without warning.

Officers of the Karnak tell a thrilling story of a mad dash through the seas alone saved the big steamer. The submarine, which was of the latest type and fully 250 feet long, was fully as speedy as the zigzaggng Karnak. The big waves bothered her, however, and prevented her successfully launching a torpedo against the fleeing passenger ship.

The Karnak was steaming for Marseilles from Alexandria and Malta when she sighted several small boats far at sea. They contained survivors of the Middleton and Abelia.

Scarcely had she gained her way after picking up the drifting survivors when a submarine was sighted approaching her, according to stories told by officers and passengers on their arrival at Marseilles.

It was then afternoon. The Karnak's captain ordered full speed and began to lay a zigzag course. The sea was rough and the vessel's bow split the waves in her dash to escape the under-sea enemy.

"The submarine followed close on our tracks," said one of the ship's officers, "but the heavy seas seemed to bother her. Her speed was almost as great as ours, and she hung on doggedly. She was a big boat. We could see her shooting along just on the surface. Sometimes she was almost hidden by the seas breaking over her."

Just rescued after hours of anguish in the open boats, the survivors of the Middleton and Abelia were terror-stricken at the new menace. They huddled in the smoking-room, where the Karnak's passengers also were gathered. Each person aboard wore a lifebelt.

Some of the braver spirits ventured to the stern, there to watch the race with death.

Darkness fell, but still the submarine clung to the Karnak's wake.

Running without lights the big steamship desperately tried to elude in the inky blackness of night the great U-boat which was trying to sink her. But the submarne kept on. A phosphorus trail in the darkness marked her wake.

Throughout the night more than 300 persons in the cabin tried to keep up their nerve and spirits. For some, however, the effort was too great, and they broke into hysterical weeping. Others, worn out, dozed off, resting in their lifebelts.

"Finally about dawn," said an officer, "we managed to shake off the submarine. Then we struck a straight course into the Marseilles.

"Only the choppy seas and our commander's zigzag course prevented the submarine from taking a shot at us."

The Middleton was a 2,508 ton ship hailing from Hull. She was built in 1892.

The Abelia was a new vessel built in 1914, and propelled by an oil motor. She registered 3,650 tons and her home port was London.

◆

Going to the Dickens

It is world of disappointment—often to the hopes we most cherish, and hopes that do our nature the greatest honor.—"Oliver Twist."

PRICES to MAKE QUICK SALES

January is Stock - Taking Month

You may not know just what this means, but to us its THE MONTH OF STOCK REDUCTION—THE TIME OF OUR ANNUAL STOCK TAKING—and there are many reasons why we are very anxious to reduce our stock of Dry Goods and Ladies' Garments to the lowest possible amount. These are the reasons why we have our JANUARY SALE. Every department offers many real shopping attractions.

Winter Coats at Sale Prices

Every Ladies', Misses', and Children's Cloth Coat in our store is now offered at January Sale Prices, and many of the choicest garments of this season are now priced for quick selling.

SEE OUR LADIES' PLUSH COATS.
Sale prices .... $20.00 to $28.50

SEE OUR SALT'S FUR FABRIC COATS.
Three only to clear at $15.00

Wool and Cotton Blankets

Never have we shown such values in White and Grey Wool and White and Grey Cotton Blankets.

SEE OUR PURE WOOL SCOTCH BLANKETS.
Sale prices from .... $5.50 to $8.50 a pair

GREY WOOL BLANKETS .... $2.50 to $3.75 a pair

WHITE AND GREY COTTON BLANKETS, $1.05 and $1.15.
These are regular $1.25 and $1.50 Cotton Blankets, White and Grey, in Ten and Eleven Quarter sizes, new Pink and Blue borders—Blanket Bargains at ....$1.05 and $1.15 a pair

Knitted Goods Half Price

We have a lot of Odds and ends in Knitted Wool Goods such as Toques, Caps, Scarfs, Clouds, Hoods, Wool Hats, and a few Sweater Coats, all of which we offer at **Half Price or Less.**

Dress Goods only 49c

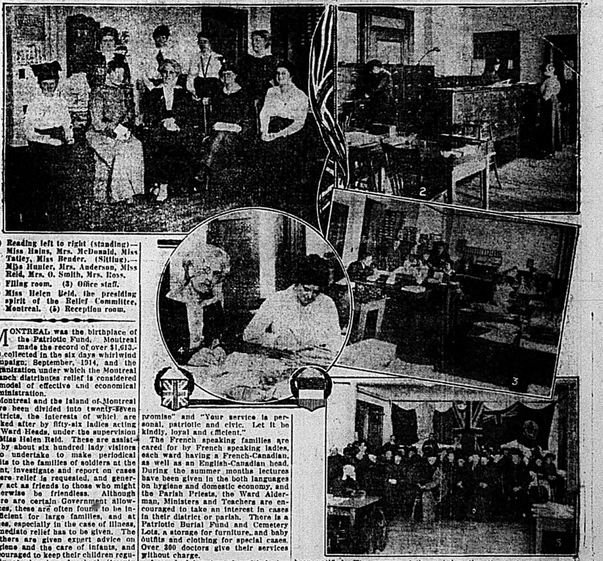
At this price we are clearing some special things in Tweed Dress Goods and Suitings, our regular 65c., 75c. and 90c. goods, some reduced to short lengths, but nearly all sufficient for Skirts, Dresses and Suits, and all at one price, only 49c. per yard.

SINCLAIR'S

Heavy Wool Coatings

For our January Sale we offer a lot of Wool Coatings, in Curl Cloths, Blanket Cloths, Zebelines, Wool Plaids and Chinchillas, a splendid range of colors to select from, at only **$1.50 and $2.00 per yard.**

LOOKING AFTER SOLDIERS FAMILIES



(1) Reading left to right (standing)—Miss Hains, Mrs. McDonald, Miss Tatley, Miss Bender. (Sitting).—Miss Hunter, Mrs. Anderson, Miss Reid, Mrs. O. Smith, Mrs. Ross.
(2) Filing room. (3) Office staff.
(4) Miss Helen Reid, the presiding spirit of the Relief Committee, Montreal. (5) Reception room.

MONTREAL was the birthplace of the Patriotic Fund. Montreal made the record of over $1,613,000 collected in the six days whirlwind campaign, September, 1914, and the organization under which the Montreal Branch distributes relief is considered a model of effective and economical administration.

Montreal and the Island of Montreal have been divided into twenty-seven districts, the interests of which are looked after by fifty-six ladies acting as Ward Heads, under the supervision of Miss Helen Reid. These are assisted by about six hundred lady visitors who undertake to make periodical visits to the families of soldiers at the front, investigate and report on cases where relief is requested, and generally act as friends to those who might otherwise be friendless. Although there are certain Government allowances, these are often found to be insufficient for large families, and at times, especially in the case of illness, immediate relief has to be given. The mothers are given expert advice on hygiene and the care of infants, and encouraged to keep their children regularly at church and school (twenty prizes are given for the best school reports), are taught principles of thrift and given free legal advice. The slogans under which the lady visitors work are such as "Provide Opportunity not Charity—and be a friend," "Guard the Fund—do not patronise—do not promise" and "Your service is personal, patriotic and civic. Let it be kindly, loyal and efficient."

The French speaking families are cared for by French speaking ladies, each ward having a French-Canadian, as well as an English-Canadian head. During the summer months lectures have been given in the both languages on hygiene and domestic economy, and the Parish Priests, the Ward Alderman, Ministers and Teachers are encouraged to take an interest in cases in their district or parish. There is a Patriotic Burial Fund and Cemetery Lots, a storage for furniture, and baby outfits and clothing for special cases. Over 300 doctors give their services without charge.

A wonderful system of card indexing and filing enables the Relief Committee to handle all cases with promptness and efficiency. There are between forty to seventy-five advices each day of changes in address, desertion, births and deaths, illnesses or discharges. In one single month 1,500 removals have been notified. The average daily attendance is about 300 mothers. Great care has to be taken that the Fund is economically spent and that no duplicate or unnecessary payments should be made, and this is only possible when the office organization is businesslike. The filing room alone occupies the time of three ladies. So efficient, however, has been the Montreal administration, that the Boston Charity Organization Society has asked for a report and it is likely that the Montreal methods will be adopted in this and other cities of the United States.

After a busy morning

THE pleasure of shopping may cause you to forget that you are hungry and fatigued till you are on the point of reaching home. On such occasions, or, in fact, whenever you want food quickly, a cup of OXO is just the thing. It can be prepared in a moment.

It is a good plan to take a cup of OXO whenever you experience fatigue, or have to expose yourself to wet or cold. It is wonderfully refreshing, and fortifies against sudden changes of temperature.

Each OXO CUBE is enclosed in a neat dust-proof wrapper, and can be served as daintily as afternoon tea.

A CUBE TO A CUP

Tins of 4, 10, 50 and 100 Cubes.

OXO CUBES

The Long And Short Of It!

TALL Men, Short Men and Stout Men frequently find the Clothes question quite baffling!

Those who have worn our Special Sizes for such proportions know that the solution here is easy.

The worried ones are invited to try on our Suits and Overcoats, in Slim, Stout and Extra Sizes, just to see how easy it is to find a fit.

If you think it necessary to have your Clothes made to order, then you have not given this Store a trial.

We have all our sizes cut in several shapes to accommodate just such cases as yours. We are positive that we can

Fit You To A "T"

The fact is that we guarantee you a fit—just as much as we guarantee a fit—in any of our regular sizes.

Suits, $12, $15, $20 to $25
Overcoats, $10, $12 to $20
Trousers, $2, $3, $4 to $6

Quick & Robertson
THE OUTFITTERS

You Are Always Welcome

GORMAN'S BOOT SHOP

The
Shop
That
Fits
The
Feet

GORMAN'S

HOCKEY STICKS
NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.

AUTOMOBILE SKATES
Made in Canada
Have you seen the New Ones?
Stronger and Lighter than ever

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO.
LET US DO YOUR PLUMBING

HOME MADE CANDIES
SPECIAL FOR EVERY DAY

If You Wish
HOME MADE CANDY
Call At The
BOSTON CANDY CO.
246 FRONT STREET

HEROES OF ST. BERNARD

Famous Dogs With Long Records of Life Saving

Day Allen Willey in Our Dumb Animals.

A body of men live devoted lives on a desolate, cloud-capped mountain top, in the midst of snowdrifts that beset their bleak home more than nine months in the year, just to feed the hungry, to lodge the homeless and, aided by their dogs, whose sagacity has been a household word for centuries, to catch precious lives from the teeth of the storm. All this they do without hope of reward in this life; without clamor or advertisement or effort to convert those whom they have aided to their own creed; giving their substance and their lives freely to all comers, as their predecessors have done for more than 1,000 years. Such is the history of the monks of the famous hospice on Mt. St. Bernard.

No one gives them medals when they retire, broken in health, to die in the smiling valley below. They never dream they are "heroes." They do their duty as naturally as the bird sings; or as the great dogs they love do theirs; and so little are they in the thought of the world that out of the cosmopolitan thousands who throng Switzerland, "the playground of Europe," every season, very few ever dream of climbing the great St. Bernard to the hospice.

Some of the dogs, notably big, powerful Barry, go around wth us to their friends. They are muscular, short-haired animlas, many of them white with a few brown patches. The head is round and broad, the neck and chest muscular. "We lost five of our best dogs last winter." Canon Darbellay says sadly. "Robert, a huge brown animal, was greatly loved and regretted by us. He had gone off by himself to look for a woman who was missing, and as he did not return we turned out in force to look for him, and found the old hero dead in a crevasse.'

It seems that the genuine old breed is really extinct, for about a century ago almost all of the females got out into a frightful snowstorm owing to a misunderstanding, and they all perished. The original St. Bernard came from the Spanish side of the Pyrenees. The present breed seems larger. Among the famous dogs are such veterans as "Robert" and "Napoleon," the latter a grand old fellow now privileged to lie before the kitchen saving in the snowy wastes.

In the museum at Berne is seen another old "Barry," stuffed yet bearing himself gallantly with his little cask about his neck. More than lives had this splendid creature saved when she met this pathetic end. A young militiaman crossing the pass had sunk down exhausted in the snow, and was swiftly slipping from sleep into death when gallant old Barry's keen nostrils struck his trail, even then two full days old. The big dog plunged through the snow, followed by the marronniers or attendants, and suddenly stopped before a wall-like drift. Here he began pawing violently and soon uncovered the waxen face of the dying soldier. Barry began to lick him wth eager affection and anxiety when the man suddenly revived.

There are just two of the old breed left—a white dog who has been nearly blind since puppyhood on account of an accident, and a very handsome brute with an excellent record. Novices are there among the dogs as well as their masters. Here are four youngsters of seven months being trained in the snow to rescue dummy figures. They find this training excellent fun, but when the wild storms are out and the drifts deep and soft the young dogs are sorely tried.

Formerly the monks had to depend entirely upon their animals for news of travellers in distress in this great wilderness of rocks and ice. Their scent is so keen that they can follow a man's footsteps two or three days after he has passed. In those old days whole caravans of immigrants would be overwhelmed by avalanches, and our morgues were ever full. But now the fathers are connected by telephone with the villages in the valleys and get information of every party starting across the pass. If they do not arrive they know something has gone wrong and out go the marronniers, accompanied by the dogs. One party will make for the nearest shelter on the Swiss side—the Cantine de Proz; and the other goes to the Italan side. In very bad weather the monks go with them. They wear a long and very thick overcoat of wool, woolen gaiters, a cloth helmet with fur ear flaps, huge rubber boots and gloves, linod with swandown. They carry sticks of ash, as well as alpenstocks, spades and provisions.

When the first heavy snows of autumn begin, they mark the paths with posts 15 feet high; and when these are snowed up they put other poles on the upper snowcrest. Soon the winter paths lead indifferently over monstrous rocks and burried Alpine huts. Grave danger arises from the wind shifting the snow and rendering it impossible to return upon one's track. In this way the travellers are cut off, and might well perish were it not for the dogs, whose unerring instinct triumphs always, even where storm and avalanche have swept away every trace of a path. The monks go forth more than willingly. The dogs never mistake, never fail to discover an exhausted wayfarer, even a shroud of snow three or four feet deep. Sometimes a dog will go off on a trail by himself, find an unfortunate, and be buried in the whirling snow himself. But the powerful animal will tunnel his way out of the drift, and come back to the monks to give an excited alarm with flashing eyes and bristling hair.

As to the origin of the dogs it seems to be lost in remote antiquity. Some say that St. Bernard himself brought them here. Certain it is the pure race cannot live away from these mountains. In the plains they always degenerate; their amazing sagacity grows duller. Unfortunately, even here they do not live long, so terrible is the climate.

* * *

Monthly Meeting Of the W.C.A.

The regular monthly meeting of the W. C. A. was held at 2.30 o'clock on Tuesday, Jan. 4th, 1916, in the Council Chamber.

Expenditure for Hospital and Home—$1,250.50. Received from paying patients, $1,028.00; City patients, $30.50; Medicine and dressings, $14; Extra meals, $14; Special nursing, $1; Grand Jury, $3.20; total, $1,124.50.

Lady on duty for hospital for January, Miss C. Yeomans. Lady on duty for home, Mrs. Woodley.

GIFTS TO HOME.

Mrs. Wickett, basket of apples; Mrs. McCoy, clothing; Mrs. R. A. Gibson, fruit cake, can of fruit, and bottle of catsup; Queen Mary School, Quaker Oats, pickles, canned fruit, 6 loaves bread, vegetables; Mrs. (Rev.) O'Shane, bag of candies to each, handkerchiefs and frilling; Mrs. John Irwin, 2 sealers fruit, catsup, layer cake, sweet apples; Henry Renfrew, headcheese, buns and sausage; Mrs. Waddell, 2 cans fruit; Mrs. St. Charles, 3 dozen cakes; University S.S., granulated sugar, rice, tea, herrings, fruit, candy, syrup; Mrs. Geo. Carr, pair of chickens, 2 cans fruit, vegetables; Mrs. Leonard and Mrs. J. Symonds, gifts to an old lady; Mrs. Preston, box of candy to each; Mrs. T. Nightingale, apron and can of fruit; Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Dickens, mince pie, candy and oranges; A Friend, plum pudding, 2 pies, 2½ lbs. tea, 6 cans fruit and other gifts; 15th Regt. Band, pipes, tobacco to old men, handkerchiefs to all; Mr. Bishop's family, gift; P. A. Twiddy, bag of potatoes; Green & Co., roast pork and roast beef; Chas. S. Clapp, candy and peanuts; Miss McCrae, candy and tobacco; Senator H. Corby, crate of oranges; Mrs. John McKeown, 75 cents; Mrs. A. Symons, tobacco; Mrs. (Dr.) Coughlin, 1 lb. tea, 1 lb. cocoa; Mrs. Treverton, gifts; Mrs. Peterson, (Trent Road), 2 mince pies; Mrs. E. Guss Porter, pair of chickens; Mrs. C. Ostrom, gifts; Mrs. Geo. A. Reid, can of fruit; Mrs. Collins, can of fruit; Mrs. Sinfield, gifts; Mrs. Murdoff, 2 mince pies.

EDITH M. WILLS,
Cor.-Sec'y.

* * *

Patience is a splendid virtue, and yet about all the patient men we've known got nothing but the worst of it.

Letters to the Editor

We are at all times pleased to insert letters upon subjects of local or general interest. It must, however, be understood that we in no way identify ourselves with our correspondents' opinions.

All letters should be written on one side of the paper only, and should be as concise as possible. They must be accompanied by the name and address of the sender, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Long Beach, California,
Jan. 1st, 1916.

Editor, The Intelligencer.

Dear Sir,—You will be surprised to hear of me at the other side of the continent; but we have lately had "The Kilties" here from Belleville,
Who declare their home,
Like true men they are, near and far,
Where e'er they roam.

Well, on seeing me they at once inquired of me "Have you seen Mrs. Shakespeare, who ran away from Belleville about two years and a half ago?" The "ran away" was a fallacy, but the high compliment of "Mrs. Shakespeare" is a compliment I must compound, so, presto, herein are the verses.

Everyone accorded them a gracious welcome. They played in the great Auditorium (built over the Pacific) to 10,000 people; it was completely filled.

These verses express the impression they left here. Poor fellows, joy go with them in these sad times. It is needless for me to tell you how my heart aches for my country's woes. Should you kindly print these verses please send me a copy. Kind regards.

MRS. JOSEPH BROWNE.

Box 551.

"THE KILTIES"

At Long Beach California

How thrilled the heart, when late there came,
A minstrel band of Scottish name;
But Canada's sons indeed were they,
Who came to cheer with minstrel lay
Their clansmen here upon their way.

They came in tartan, kilt and plaid,
Of gold and silver. The pipes they had,
Tuned by the gods to diviner strain,
Arouse the blood to heroic fame,
And Scots' war slogan hear again.

With dance and song, and bagpipes they
Did lure us, and beguile the day.
This sunny clime more dazzling grew,
Pacific's wave more rippling blue,
And "Palos Verdes" nearer drew.

Afar they'd roved by land and sea,
The Pyramids and Thermopylae
Had met their gaze, till "No place like home"
The burden of their song become,
A dream of rest, no more to roam.

Oh, Belle of Villes on Quinte Bay,
Whose silver tide laps your shores alway,
For your avenues of maple trees,
Old Moira's murm'ring stream at eves,
And hills and dales the wanderer grieves.

* * *

MUSIC & DRAMA

MARKS BROS.

Marks Bros. Dramatic Co., under the auspices of the 15th Regiment Band, presented "Dad's Sweetheart" last night before a crowded house at Scott's Palace Theatre, with May Bell Marks in the title role.

That this is one of the leading repertoire companies on the road was fully demonstrated by the presentation of this play, as well as by their work during their entire stay here. The interpretation of this splendidly written play by Miss Marks and the entire company deserves the plaudits of the public. That they were heartily encored goes without saying.

Mr. Hebert as Dave Haskins—"Dad", excelled himself last night and appeared to even better advantage that he did the previous evening as Hank Torrington.

Messrs. Rowley and Lester and Miss Bell contributed largely to the evening's entertainment by their excellent specialties between acts. Another young lady, whose name is unknown to the writer, also performed with credit to herself in a couple of pleasing dances.

To-night is their last appearance in this city at this time and they will present the much talked of drama, "The Factory Girl."

AT GRIFFIN'S

Reese Bros. Africander Minstrels again appeared before a Belleville audience and the one-legged globe trotter, Ralph Tompkins, was the centre of attraction among the audience. The company will appear again to-night, which will end their engagement here. Next week is the opening of the vaudeville season at Griffin's, and on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday the singing and musical artists, Oliver and Bell, will be the leaders. Also there will be shown 8 reels of motion pictures. Pictures change three times a week.

* * *

The wife-beater is generally too tender-hearted to act when asked to beat the carpet.

* * *

It is better to lose than have the fruits of victory leave a bad taste in one's mouth.

We Have In Stock
Considerable Corrugated Galvanized Iron.

It will pay you to get our prices before purchasing. We keep a good supply of GALVANIZED NAILS on hand at the lowest prices.

Well Pumps, Cistern Pumps
of all descriptions kept in stock.
It Will Cost You Nothing To Get Our Prices.
Give us a Call

The John Lewis COMPANY LIMITED

MERRY XMAS
FLOUR
FLOUR

For Your Christmas Baking

you cannot afford to use any but the best flour which is of course the Quaker. Don't run the risk of spoiling the bread, the pudding, the pie, the cake. Order a sack of Quaker flour tod-ay and make sure of that part of your supplies for the feast.

H. E. FAIRFIELD

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhœa. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Little Things Count

Even in Matches you should consider the "Little Things"—the wood, the compostition, the strike-ability, the flame.

EDDY'S MATCHES

are made of strong dry pine stems, with a secret perfected composition that guarantees "every match a lighter." Sixty-five years of knowing how—that's the reason.

All EDDY'S products are dependable—always.

French Hair Dressers are Clever

Scientists in France have given much study to the care of the hair, and nowhere in the world do men, women and even children have such luxuriant hair.

It was Dr. Sangerbund, of Paris, who discovered that falling hair, faded hair and dandruff were caused by germs, and it was a Frenchman that first gave to the world a hair tonic, that would destroy the germs.

Since the introduction of Parisian Sage into Canada the people have learned that dandruff can be quickly abolished, that falling hair or thin hair is unnecessary, and that everybody can have an abundant head of vigorous hair, full of life and beauty.

PARISIAN SAGE

It is because Parisian Sage works such wonders that the sale all over Canada is phenomenal. It is guaranteed to eradicate dandruff, stop falling hair and itching scalp in two weeks, or money back.

Parisian Sage costs 50 cents a large bottle at your druggist's. The Girl with the Auburn Hair is on every package.

For aches, pains, rheumatism, etc., try Parisian Mustard Cerate. Its effect is wonderful. Use in place of mustard plasters, poultices or hot applications. Will not blister. 25c. a tube.

ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

RITCHIE'S SATURDAY NIGHT BARGAINS

Watch for the Blue Price Cards

ON SALE BETWEEN 7 AND 9

Commencing To-night we will again continue our Special Saturday Night Sales from 7 to 9 o'clock. For To-night we offer this splendid List of Money-Savers which should crowd the store with eager buyers.

Leader No. 1.
15c. FLANNELETTE
8 yds. for $1.00

33 inches wide, medium weight, and splendid wearing quality; our regular 15c. quality, in white only, on sale Saturday night at 8 yards for $1.00

Leader No. 2.
TAFFETA RIBBONS
2c. yard.

Lot No. 1—Odd Shades of Taffeta Ribbon that sold regularly at 7c., on sale at .... 2c. yard

Lot No. 2—Taffeta Ribbons in odd shades. Regular 10c. and 15c. yard, for .... 5c. yard

Leader No. 3
MEN'S SOFT HATS
$1.00.

Odd sizes of our Regular $2.00 and $2.50 Felt Hats, good winter weight and new styles. Colors of brown, green and navy. Your choice Saturday night $1.00

Leader No. 4.
BLOUSES
39c.

There are Blouses in this lot that sold previously as high as $1.00. They are in Voiles, Prints, Lawns and Linenes; good styles and on sale Saturday night at .... 39c.

Leader No. 5.
WHITE APRONS
19c. each.

Large White Aprons without bib, made of a splendid quality white cotton and always sold at 25c. each. Your choice Saturday Night .. 19c.

$1.50 Oriental Satins, 98c

39 inches wide, in shades of Blue, Grey, Navy, Brown and Tan, etc.; usually sold at $1.50 yard. Saturday night special .... 98c. yard

20-INCH TAFFETA SILK, 49c. YARD.

Qualities that usually sell at 75c. and $1.00 yard, in shades of White, Ivory and Cream; your choice Saturday night .... 49c. yard

BATH TOWELS, 25c. PAIR.

White and Colored Bath Towels, size 18 x 38 inches. Special, 25c. pair

8-4 AND 9-4 BLEACHED SHEETING, 35c. YARD.

Fine English make in a plain smooth finish, a quality worth regularly 45c. yard. Saturday night .... 35c. yard

CHILDREN'S CASHMERE HOSE, 25c.

Plain Cashmere Hose for sizes 4 to 7½; worth regularly up to 40c. pair. On sale Saturday night, only .... 25c. pair

CLEARING LADIES' NECKWEAR AT 10c.

An assortment of Ladies' Collars, Jabots and Fancy Neckwear, worth up to 50c. On sale at .... 10c. each

LADIES' LEATHER HAND BAGS.

Black only, silk lined, with coin purse inside, newest shapes, worth regularly $1.00. On sale at .... 75c. each

MEN'S BLACK STIFF HATS
$1.00.

English make and good styles: Regular $2.00 and $2.50. Your choice $1.00

LINEN COLLARS, 10c.—3 for 25c.

High turn down styles or stand up with pointed wing; sizes 13½ to 17. Regular 15c. and 20c. Saturday night .... 10c.; 3 for 25c.

SILK HOSE, 39c. PAIR.

In colors of Navy, Tan, Dark Red and Black. Regular 50c., for .... 39c.

MEN'S WORSTED TROUSERS, $1.50.

Dark striped patterns, sizes 32 to 42; very special Saturday Night $1.50

Half-Price Millinery

All our Trimmed and Untrimmed Millinery Half-Price.

$2.75 Blouses $1.69

Beautiful Silk Blouses in the very newest styles, in white, maize, sky, navy and black shades. Regularly $2.75. Saturday night special ... $1.69

AMERICAN LADY CORSETS, $1.00.

All good fitting Corsets in a number of different styles that sell regularly at $1.35 and $1.50 pair, sizes 19 to 30. Your choice Saturday Night at .... $1.00 pair

35c. CORSET COVERS, 25c.

Well made of a fine quality all-over Embroidery, Ribbon trimmed, splendid fitting, for sizes 34 to 44. Regular 35c., for Saturday Night ...... 25c.

CHILDREN'S SERGE DRESSES, $1.69.

In a fine quality Navy and Cardinal Serge, made in neat patterns, piped with contrasting colors; sizes for ages 2 to 5 years. Reg. $2.25; your choice $1.69

98c. HOUSE DRESSES, 75c.

In blue and white Checked Ginghams, very neatly made, in sizes 34 to 40. Regular 98c. Your choice .... 75c.

Ladies' Cloth Coats, $1.00

20 only Ladies' Winter Coats in good materials and colors, sizes 34, 36 and 38, on sale to-night only at $1.00

The RITCHIE Company Limited

FURS — HALF PRICE.

At this 50 per cent. reduction we are now offering our entire stock of high grade Furs. See them in the North window.

SPORTING NEWS

HOCKEY

Picton 7, Belleville 5

Defeated but not humiliated, is the universal verdict regarding the intermediate hockey game in Picton last night.

The local team went to Picton yesterday and played their first game of the season with the intermediates of that place and that they gave a good account of themselves is readily seen by the close score of 7 to 5.

The ice was hard and fast and the game was remarkably clean, there being only four penalties imposed.

The first period ended with the score standing 2 to 1 in Belleville's favor. At the end of the second period Picton lead by 5 to 4, and at the close of the game the score stood 7 to 5 in Picton's favor.

The Belleville team worked hard and played hockey all the way and with a little more conditioning would have won out quite handily. Phillips in goal deserves especial mention as he stopped everything in sight where he had the least opportunity to do so.

The teams lined up as follows:—

Belleville—Phillips, goal; Symonds and Whitty, defense; Earle, center; Hough, rover; Mitchell, right wing; Morrison, left wing.

Picton—Welsh, goal; Hefferman and Bedborough, defense; Cooper, center; Ralph Burns, rover; Bert Burns, right wing; Hudgins, left wing.

Referee—Lou Marsh, Toronto.

Three more games are scheduled for this team within the next few days. On Monday night they play the fast Queen's University intermediate team here and a good game is assured. Every hockey enthusiast should come out and cheer the local boys to victory. Then on Friday night Picton plays a return game in this city and the Belleville boys will retrieve their defeat.

On the following Monday night the 33rd Battery team of Kingston play in this city. This will be Belleville's first chance to play the soldier boys in action and a good crowd will surely turn out.

A CHALLENGE

The Type Pickers of the Intelligencer printing office hereby and herewith, etc., etc., challenge the Stitch Takers of the Deacon Shirt Factory to play the annual game of "Shinny" at the "Ice Emporium" of this city at as early a date as these famous shirt makers can get a satisfactory shirt made to wear upon this most auspicious occasion.

It has been the rule of late years to play strenuous games of this winter sport annually and although the deacons have been successful on the larger number of occasions, the Type Pickers intend to "David Harum" them this year if the deacons have the necessary nerve to come out on the ice.

The Type Pickers insist that no "professionals" shall be "rung in" and that only "bonny fidy" deacons shall take part in tnis grand fasco, and the Type Pickers promise to use only Intelligencer men to gain the laurels.

Havelock has organized a hockey team and Robert Quinlan is manager. The team will be entered in the Trent Valley league.

The Queen's hockey team left for Boston yesterday and will clash with the Boston Arena team this evening, returning to the city Monday morning. Besides John Dawson and Manager Nicholson, the following players took in the jaunt: Box, Rotelle, Cam Toland, Spence, Wallace, Parker, Goddard, McCuaig and Smith.

The Campbellford juniors have dropped out of the Junior O.H.A.

The junior schedule consequently will be as follows:—

Jan. 12—Lindsay at Peterboro.
Jan. 17.—Peterboro at Lindsay.
Jan. 21—Lindsay at Belleville at Peterboro.
Jan. 31—Peterboro at Belleville.

PETERBORO, Jan. 7.—The local intermediates defeated Campbellford in the last minute of play to-night zy 3 to 2. It was 1 to 0 at the first period and 2 to 2 at the second period. With two minutes to play Smith was hurt leaving the teams with six men. Clements drew a penalty and Evans securing the puck went through alone and scored the deciding goal. The teams:

Campbellford—Goal, Brown; defence, Farrell and Stewart; rover, Nesbitt; centre, Clements; wings, Lott and Christenson.

Peterboro—Goal, Legros; defence, Spratt and Montgomery; rover, Evans; centre, Jackson; wings, Hamilton and Smith.

Referee—Lang, Belleville.

BASEBALL.

L. J. "King" Cole, who gained fame as a pitcher with the Chicago Cubs, died in Bay City of tuberculosis.

ATHLETICS.

The A.A.U. is still on the trail of Goulding, the latest being that he agreed to an unfair race. Goulding's reply is that a New York crack was advertised to compete in a walk in Buffalo and backed out. In an effort to have him appear, Goulding says he promised not to beat him too badly and that is the basis of the "unfair" charge. Similar arrangements are common with stars who compete for exhibition purposes only.

The Lacking Stroke.

"Do you think it would improve my style," inquired the varsity man who had got into the crew through favoritism, "if I were to acquire a faster stroke?"

"It would improve the crew," replied the candid trainer, "if you got a paralytic stroke."—London Tit-Bits.

Grim Nickname.

It is said that a former postmaster general of Guatemala was nicknamed "mata muertos," which is to say "knifer of dead persons." He is supposed to have stabbed the dead body of a murdered president as it lay in the street.—London Telegraph.

When a Chinaman Laughs.

The Chinese laugh is not so expressive as the European; it is usually a titter rather than a genuine outburst of merriment.—London Telegraph.

The Glasgow Warehouse

You Have 1 More Day

in which to receive the remarkable savings effected by buying your needs during our

BIG DISCOUNT SALE

Hundreds of Customers have been saving money during the last 9 days by supplying their wants in

Ready - to - Wear Lines

AS

Coats, Suits, Blouses, White Wear, Corsets, the famous Gossard Front Lace, Brassieres, Underwear, Hosiery and Gloves, Dress Goods, Silks, Satins and Velvets, Housefurnishings, Carpets, Rugs, Curtains, Blinds, Draperies, Oilcloths and Linoleums.

1 More Day Of Big Bargains

Ketcheson & Earle

IMPORTERS OF RELIABLE MERCHANDISE

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 6 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED—A HOUSE MAID. APPLY IN evening to Mrs. (Dr.) Gibson 28 Campbell St. j4-dtf

WANTED—COOK, GENERAL. WITH REferences. Wages $20 per month. Apply 111 Victoria Ave. j8-dtf

WANTED—AT ONCE, GOOD GENERAL. References required. Apply Mrs. Neil McLean, 51 Hillcrest Ave. 1t

TO RENT

TO RENT—NO. 233 N. JOHN STREET; new furnace and all modern conveniences. Possession March 1st. Apply 8 Queen Street. 7-6td.

TO LET—RESIDENCE, No. 111 CHATHAM Street. All modern conveniences. Apply Wm. Brown, 30 Forin St j5-4t

TO RENT, RESIDENCE, No. 221 CHARLES St.; contains all modern conveniences. Apply at The Intelligencer Office a23-tf

TO LET, THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the Bank of Commerce, and also rooms in the same block and the Robertson Block, suitable for offices and apartments. S. S. Lazier. j17-dtf

TO LET—WELL FURNISHED PRIVATE rooms with board. All conveniences. Apply 170 George St. j3-dtf

TO LET—BRICK HOUSE, No. 171 SOUTH Foster Ave., all conveniences. Apply at 169; Mrs. L. Booth. 1t

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—FIRST CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill and Planer hands, Toolmakers. Good wages. Steady work. Canadian Westinghouse Company, Limited, Hamilton, Ont. d—j27

WANTED—A GOOD SHOE REPAIRER. Apply Brown's Quick Shoe Repairing, 4 Bridge St., Belleville. Phone 779. j3-6t

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS TOOLMAKERS, lathe hands, boring mill hands. Steady work. Good wages. Apply: Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Peterborough, Ont. 6-6td

MEN WANTED EVERYWHERE TO INtroduce our "Wholesale to Home" system of buying groceries. Hustlers make big money. Outfit free. Independent Grocery Co., Windsor, Ontario. 1t

AGENTS WANTED

WANTED—MAN OR WOMAN TO DIStribute War Literature. $120 for sixty days' work in your own community. Spare time may be used. Winston Company, Limited, Toronto. d18-8tw&s

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—A MILK ROUTE, AVERAGING 115 quarts per day. Address to Box O, Intelligencer Office. j5-4td

LOST

LOST—PAIR OF GOLD FILLED NOSE Glasses in case. One glass chipped on side. Finder kindly return to Intelligencer Office and receive reward. 8-2td

Ice Cream

No matter what the weather conditions are we have Ice Cream the year round. Our pure cream Ice Cream is always an acceptable dish. We serve it in our rooms or send it out in bricks, bulk, or in Individual moulds. Have some today.

Chas. S. Clapp

Pasteur's Tribute to Lister.

Of all the tributes to the genius of Lord Lister, the discoverer of antiseptic surgery, probably the most touching was that paid to him by Pasteur, the famous French scientist. At a meeting of savants in Paris many years ago Lord Lister was present, and his brilliant achievements were explained to the audience by Pasteur. As he progressed in his speech he became more and more emotional, and at last he was so carried away by his own eloquence that the tears stood in his eyes. Finally he stepped down from the platform, took Lord Lister, who was in the front row of the audience, by both hands, led him back on to the platform and kissed him on both cheeks, after the manner of the French, in full view of the assembly. Few could have looked on unmoved at the great Frenchman's act of homage to the distinguished English surgeon.

In Sympathy.

The two men had met at a dinner party and were talking in a corner by themselves.

"You see that tall woman with the sharp nose and the critical eye?" asked one of them.

"Yes," said the other quietly.

"Well, I've watched her for quite awhile. She's always got her nose into somebody's business. She's the last woman I'd marry."

"Which shows how strangely in sympathy we are," said the other without resentment. "She's the last woman I did marry."—Exchange.

Information Wanted.

Will some one please give a hint in regard to the whereabouts and the welfare of the family? This honored institution began to disappear a generation or so ago, just about the time that the dissipation of inconveniences attendant upon the rearing of children made families feasible. Ever since the passing away of one room log cabins, abject poverty, home grown wearing apparel and common sense the family has been losing weight and numbers. Its recent complete withdrawal from society has caused grave concern among those who favor the further propagation of the species. If the family will kindly come back and reestablish itself among the race of men no questions will be asked and none answered.

CITY AND VICINITY

TO-NIGHT

Marks' Bros. at City Hall Theatre, under the auspices o. 15th Band. J6-3t.

Your hens are commencing to lay, and if you want a good supply of eggs use Pratts' Egg Producer, and supply your hens Shell, Grit, Meat Meal, Mash, Alfalfa, Charcoal, etc. I buy old hens alive at 10c. a pound and take them Mondays and Tuesdays.—Geo. Perry, Bridge Street. 1t

Parties owing the late James Malyea are requested to call at 67 Cedar street and settle same. 1t

WATER USERS

Secure your 25% discount by prompt payment.

Dr. Dorner, Osteopathic Physician, 29 Victoria Ave., Phone 73.

COMING—"The Minister's Bride," to be given in the Tabernacle Church, Jan. 25th. Reserve the date, and watch for further notice. 8,2t

Mr. Ewan, Missionary from South America, will (D.V.) tell about the Lords' work there, at 3 o'clock and preach at 7 p.m. on Sunday in Bethel Hall. Come and hear him.

Leave your order for Montreal Daily Star at Geen's and save trouble and expense of remitting. smt

ST. AGNES' SCHOOL

Will reopen for day pupils on Wednesday, January 12th at 9.30 o'clock.

It Is Some Accomplishment to content the exacting housewife with baker's cake—especially if her culinary skill in cake-making is excellent. Our cake is equal to that of the best home made, because it is baked with the best ingredients that the market affords. We are skilled bakers that know how to bake cake just as it should be baked. Our surroundings are most sanitary.

Yerex's Bakery

Phone 787

63 Sinclair St. Belleville

The Standard Bank of Canada.

Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.

GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.

Toronto, 28th December, 1915.

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch - - - JOHN ELLIOTT - - Manager

PERSIAN LAMB

We have never before been better prepared to meet the season's demand for high class Persian Lamb garments, than at present.

Why not get prices on having your Persian Jacket repaired, remodelled or lengthened? We have skins to match every coat.

G. T. WOODLEY,

Phone 421. 273 Front St.

THE WEATHER.

Some sleet or rain to-day.
Tuesday, strong northwest winds, much colder with snow flurries.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY INTHINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 81 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, MONDAY, JANUARY 10, 1916. No. 9

ESTABLISHED 1858
58 years continuous business is a guarantee for square dealing, best values and lowest prices.
FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Office Phone 2 Night Phones 260 & 633

London Report Turks in Retreat

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 10.—The Turks in Mesopotamia were in full retreat on January 9th with the British pursuing them, it was announced in the House of Commons today by Austen Chamberlain, the secretary for India. Change in com

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Sir Percy Lake has been appointed to command the British forces in Mesopotamia in succession to General Sir John Eccles Nixon who has been compelled by illness to return home was announced in the House of Commons today.

Enemy Attacks Are Repulsed

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, Jan. 10.—Afternoon statement: "In the Campagne district the enemy developed an attack which he had prepared yesterday by a violent bombardment, notably with suffocating gas shells during the course of the day and throughout the night. He attempted no less than four concentrated attacks on a front eight kilometers long, running from La Courtine to Mont Tetu west and east of the Butte Du Mesel. everywhere our fire decimated the adversary's forces and stopped his offensive operations short. The enemy succeeded in gaining a foothold momentarily only at two points of our first line, to the northeast of the Butte Du Mesnil and to the west of Mont Tetu. Vigorous counter attacks by our troops promptly drove him out. At the present hour he occupies only two small elements of advanced trenches.

Britain Demands; Turks Agree

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Replying to a question in the House of Commons today Lord Robert Cecil confirmed the fact that early last year the Turkish Military authorities sent to Gallipoli fifty British and French non-combatants for the purpose of exposing them to the fire of the Allies, and that when the British Foreign Secretary notified Turkey that the Ottoman authorities would be held personally responsible for the lives of these persons the latter had been released.

JUST A NEW YORK FAKE

Yarn That a Gotham Beauty Was to Adorn Our Stamp

OTTAWA, Ont., Jan. 8.—The New York report that the face of Roba Porter, a New Jersey beauty, is to appear on a new issue of Canadian coins is designated by the comptroller of Dominion currency as a ridiculous piece of nonsense. "Only one face can appear on Canadian coins," said Mr. Rourke, "and that is the face of the reigning monarch. Without the King's face no Canadian coin can be considered legal tender. Moreover, Canada is not even considering striking a new issue of coins; the story is utter bosh."

SUNDAY DESPATCHES FROM THE FRONT

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 9.9—The British official report from the western front stated that German mines near Labassee were exploded yesterday with considerable loss to the enemy, the artillery at other points continues very active.

Despatch from Paris tonight reports a continued destruction of German defences including two blockhouses south of Arras and the Bomb depots in the Somme region.

A Zurich despatch states reports a considerable movement of Roumanian troops. Rumors are current that a Ro umanian force his embarked on transports at an unnamed Black Sea port.

Bucharest reports say it is again reported that the Russians have landed near Varna. No confirmation of the report.

Amsterdam despatches state that numbers of fresh British troops are reported arriving on the Flanders front.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—The Paris official report says the French artillery continues effective bombardment of the German works at various points on the western front.

Vienna official reports a bitter struggle against the Russian offensive on Czartoryak front where it is admitted the Austrian lines have been penetrated at two or three points.

The Petrograd official report on the middle strip says the Russian have occupied several Austrian positions capturing many guns with about two thousand prisoners.

A Mitylene despatch reports that the French cruisers continue the bombardment of the Turkishh batteries on the coast of Asia.

From Athens via Paris the reports say there is no chance along the Greek frontier.

A Rome despatch reports great activity along the whole front and that advances have been made at Tolmino, Dolje and other points.

INAUGURAL MEETING OF NEW CITY COUNCIL

Mayor Gives Opening Address—Ald. Woodley Chairman of Executive—Ald. St. Charles Again at Head of Fire Department—Deacon Heads Water Works Committee—Platt Heads Gas

THREE NEW MEN IN THIS YEAR'S COUNCIL

Deacon, Whalen And Parks Added to City Council and Should Prove to be Valuable Additions to the Civic Body—Mayor Ketcheson Outlines Plan

The inaugural meeting of the city council of the city was held this morning in the Council Chamber at 11 o'clock at which time a few spectators were present and the following members of the council were in attendance.

Mayor H. F. Ketcheson, Aldermen W. A. Woodley, W. S. Smith, O. E. Platt, W. B. Deacon, J. St. Charles, H. Charles, H. Earle, C. Whalen, J. Duckworth, J. E. Parks.

City Clerk Holmes made his declaration as to the result of the municipal election, and stated that all members had signed their declaration of office On motion, Aldermen Deacon and Whalen escorted Mayor-elect Ketcheson to the chair and he was incerted with the insignia of office. Rev. Canon Beamish Rector of St. Thomas Church, was called upon and offfered up an appropriate prayer followed by the Lord's prayer.

Mayor Ketcheson then delivered his inaugural address as follows:—

MAYOR'S ADDRESS

To the Aldermen of the City of
Belleville.

Gentlemen.—I desire to extend to you greetings and hearty congratulations on your election by your fellow citizens of the honorable position of aldermen of this beautiful city. The duties you have assumed will require your careful attention and consideration.

"Economy" must be the watchword of this year's council.

Our National Leaders in finance tell us that Economy, private, municipal and national, is necessary to assure success in the great war.

No public works that will make it necessary for us to issue debentures should be started during this year, but all work under construction or for which contracts have been let will require to be completed, and it will be your duty to see that this work is in accordance with the specifications.

The re-organization of our fire department is well under way and will be completed early this year, and you must see to it that the extra expense incurred by the fire department is saved to the citizens by the lowering of their insurance rates.

Every citizen is interested in our public utilities and the financial condition of our city generally. At as early a date as possible a clear and concise financial statement of the city, including the Gas and Water-works Departments, should be published.

We have a beautiful city, well situated, and have been blessed with a measure of prosperity beyond that of most cities of our size.

We have a splendid business section and a glance at the shops and stores will convince anyone that they are prosperous.

All our industries are busy, many of them working on war munitions and in that way assisting the Empire. I would like to see every effort put forth to secure new industries. Our transportation facilities, both by water and rail, and our central situation, should be an incentive for new manufacturing concerns to locate here.

There is no doubt that after the close of the war many millions of dollars worth of manufactured goods which we have formerly imported from our enemy's country will be manufactured in Canada.

No city on this continent can boast of better schools than we have. Our Public, Separate, and High Schools are among the best in the Province, and such institutions of learning as St. Agnes School, Albert College, and Ontario Business College are household words from one end of this Dominion to the other.

Our Hospital and Home for the Friendless are monuments to the energy and ability of the women of our city and along with our Young Men's Christian Association and Children's Aid Society command our hearty support.

We are in the centre of a very prosperous farming community and everything points, in the near future, to a bigger, better and more prosperous Belleville.

Over seventeen months have passed since the beginning of the great war in which our Empire is engaged, and while we all feel sure of victory, we must not fail to put forth every effort to secure same.

In fact, the successful prosecution of this war should be the first business of the nation, and it is the duty of every citizen to encourage young men to offer themselves for the defence and freedom of the Empire, and to see that our soldiers who are fighting for us are properly cared for and their loved ones left behind receive every attention and assistance.

We who cannot fight should pay, and funds for patriotic and red cross uses must be liberally provided. Our people have done well with both men and money, but much more will be required before victory crows our banners. Our fathers fought and bled and died for the freedom and liberty which we enjoy and we will fight and bleed and die, if necessary, to retain the heritage which our fathers handed down to us.

My prayer is for a happy and prosperous year for our City and Empire and for a speedy ending of the war.

H. F. KETCHESON,
Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Belleville.

Ald. Woodley moved, seconded by Ald. St. Charles, that a hearty vote of thanks be extended to Mayor Ketcheson for his able address. The motion was carried by a standing vote and Mayor Ketcheson responded in an appropriate manner, thanking the council for the vote of thanks so unanimously adopted.

The council went into committee of the whole for the appointing of chairmen of committee for the ensuing year, Ald. Smith in the chair. The chairmanship of Committees recommended the appointments as follows:

EXECUTIVE—Ald. Woodley, Chairman, Committee—The whole council.

(Continued on page 2

Max Harden Is Shut Up

Cannot Speak or Write Till End of War

BERLIN, via Amsterdam, Jan. 8.—Maximilian Harden, the brilliant German journalist, is prohibited for public speaking or writing for the remainder of the war by an order issued today. His weekly magazine, "Zukunft," is suppressed for attacking the government.

The order forbidding the noted German editor from expressing himself publicly, either by speaking or writing, and supressing his magazine, is one of the most drastic acts of censorship in the war.

Most Feared Publicist

The contents of the article complained of by the German government have not been made public outside Germany. It is known, however, that Harden has been in difficulties with the censor several times for criticising the food regulations and other acts of the government pertaining to the war.

Harden is not only the most feared publicist in Germany, but also one of the best known men in the Kaiser's Empire. He was a close friend of Bismarck. He won his way to fame by a series of articles charging unspeakable conditions of the Kaiser. Harden was sued for libel. but was acquitted, and when the Crown Prince brought the Kaiser's attention to the articles there were wholesale dismissals of counts and princes of the notorious "Round Table."

Has Immense Circulation

"Zukunft," or "Future," the weekly edited by Harden, has an immense circulation.

In addition to his work as a writer, Harden is much in demand as a public lecturer.

On December 1, 1911, Harden gave the United Press an exclusive interview predicting that war between Germany and Britian was inevitable, unless there was a complete "right about face" in the policies of the men in control of Germany's foreign affairs. "Germany's international position today is worse than in many years," said Harden at that time, commenting upon the Moroccan affair. "This is due to the incapacity of the men at the head of government. For ten years German diplomacy has acted too much on the theory that the other man is a stupid fellow.

"The Kaiser has two ideas—firstly, that in the war with England the millions of Mohammedans would rally to Germany's support, and, secondly, that the United States would help Germany. The Moroccan agreement and occupation of Tripoli by Italy, Germany's ally, answers the first. The second is to me too absurd to be conceivable. I always ridiculed the idea that England would help Japan in a war with the United States."

The United Press interview with Harden created a sensation in Europe.

"The Moroccan affair," said Harden at that time, "has intensified Anglo-German bitterness. Germans feel deep in their hearts that England prevented Germany from being more successful in negotiations. Now, this affair was wholly unnecessary. Could German diplomats think that England would permit Germany to get a foothold on the west coast of Morocco?

"War with Britain is unavoidable—shall I say inevitable—unless there is quickly a complete face about in the methods and policies of the men who direct German foreign affairs. It could be averted but I doubt very much if it will be.

"How could it be otherwise with men, however, estimable personally, who have not the diplomatic capacity to direct German Empires international affairs or to rise to a situation. The Reichstag is merely an ornament. Under it is no responsible ministery. It makes the people pay for errors they did not commit, bear the results of blunders by men they did not select."

Men Scarce Weapons Plenty

PARIS, Jan. 8.— (Special.)—The Germans have already begun to replace their shortage of men with an increased number of weapons, says La Liberte. According to this report a few of the men are armed with deadly non-recoilling automatic rifles, capable of firing ten shots before they are recharged. Machine guns concealed in invisible concrete shelters replace an entire company.

The French officers also are impressed with the profusion with which field glasses have been distributed. They now form part of the equipment of nearly every captured German private.

THE BRITISH FLEET IS WAKEFUL AND ALERT

Concentrated For Quick Work in North Sea—Subs. Sent Out in Mediteranean and Baltic—Cruisers, Destroyers and Submarines Assembled

KING EDWARD VII SUNK BY HIDDEN MINE

Entire Crew Saved and Only Two Men Injured—Cost $7,500,000—Was Second Largest Battleship Sunk Since War Begun

LONDON, Jan. 9.—(Special.)—Under escort of officers assigned by the admiralty, a correspondent of the Associated Press and a party of foreign journalists were given the first opportunity to visit one of the great naval bases on the coast, where cruisers, destroyers and submarines are assembled for their watch over the North Sea, and from which point big oceangoing submarines are sent on forages to the Baltic and the Dardanelles. It was an impressive sight of concentrated power and alert readiness, with long lines of battle-scarred cruisers stretching seaward, headed by the famous Arethusa. Back of them was a vast flotilla of destroyers, then a countless number of submarines of the latest D and E types, which have recently performed such brilliant work from the Dardanelles to the Bosphorus and throughout the Baltic.

Vast Naval Rendezvous

The day was typical of the rigors the British fleet is now experiencing in the North Sea, with rain pelting the sailors in oilskins, a north wind cutting the sea into form, and seagulls everywhere. The little fishing village on the coast had been transformed by the war into a vast naval rendezvous, with storehouses stretching half a mile, prepared to re-equip an armada and send it back to sea within two hours of its arrival.

LONDON, Jan. 9.9—(Special.)—The British battleship King Edward VII. has been sunk after striking a mine, but the entire crew has been saved.

The loss of the warship was announced by the admiralty in the following statement:

"H.M.S. King Edward VII. has struck a mine. Owing to the heavy sea she had to be abandoned and sank shortly afterwards. The ship's company was taken off without any loss of life. Only two men were injured."

The King Edward VII. represented an investment of nearly $7,500,000, and was one of the finest of the last class of pre-Dreadnoughts.. She was built in 1903 and was therefore only slightly older than the Natal which was sunk by an internal explosion about a week ago. She probably carried more than 700 men.

THE SHIRKER.

Written by Sergeant Elsmare of the 80th Battalion, now attending the Provisional School of Instruction.

Some of our lads have 'listed,
They are eager to face the foe;
Some more of our lads have 'listed,
And some under age we know,
And the dear old country takes them,
While the men stand idly by,
And the sergeants and doctors pass them,
And the total's mounting high.

Some more of our lads have 'listed,
And it fairly sickens me,
And I wonder what will happen
In the future days to be;
Our dear old country called us
To fight for God and Right,
Our rulers take our youngsters
While they let the "men" go light.

The youngsters have the spirit,
The slackers have the frame;
The youngsters have the glory,
The slackers have the shame.

FOR LICENSE EXCHANGE

Noted New Yorkers to Address Ontario Motor League

Chief of the largest automobile bureau in the world, the Hon. Francis M. Hugo, Secretary of State for New York, and Herbert W. Baker, secretary of the New York State Automobile Association, will be among the distinguished guests and speakers at the annual meeting of the Toronto Motor League, to be held in Toronto an January 18. During the evening session the proposed interchange of motor licenses between the Province of Ontario and the State of New York will be discussed. The New York State officials are heartily in accord with the campaign of Ontario motorists to the end of securing license exchange.

Already New York State has passed legislation that will bring license exchange into operation immediately Ontario officially recognizes the New York State automobile licenses. As yet the Ontario Government has not seen its way clear to reciprocate, but motorists are of the opinion that in view of the Federal Governments statistics showing that tourist traffic is the Dominion's' fourth source of revenue and its action in removing the ten-day-bond barrier to international motor touring, the Provincial Government will soon if not immediately grant the boon of license exchange.

The Old Song "Somebody Lied"

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Two Americans named Carson and Dempsey, of Nashville, who were members of the steamer "Nicosian" when the latter was shelled by a submarine which was afterwards sunk by the patrol boat "Baralong," deny absolutely that the German crew of submarine were shot either in the water or aboard the Nicosian, and that statements to that effect by other Americans on the Nicosian were inspired by spite.

Still the story comes that Pullman porters are to get more pay. We can't afford to increase the tip till war is over.

Berlin Claims Several Victories

(Canadian Press Special)

BERLIN, Jan. 10.—(By wireless)—An offensive movement has been inaugurated by the German forces in the Champagne district. An announcement was made by the War Office today that a French position extending over several hundred yards at a point northwest of Massiges had been captured by the Germans. The conquered position is near Maisons de Champagne.

The Germans captured 423 prisoners several machine guns and bomb-throwers. The French counter attack failed.

(Canadian Press Special)

BERLIN, Jan. 10.—(By wireless)—The British army at Kut el Amara has now been surrounded completely by the Turks, according to Constantinople advices given out today by the Overseas News Agency.

The main British army in Mesopotamia is in retreat, ten thousand men having been left behind to cover the retreat.

(Canadian Press Special)

BERLIN, Jan. 10.—The Austrian official statement issued on Sunday says that the Russians on Saturday ceased their attacks in East Galicia near the Bessarabian frontier, having been repulsed at all points.

British Nation Is Wasting Money

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 10.—The question of the ultimate size of the British army, which the Times says, has not yet been settled to the satisfaction of Runciman and McKenna, will be discussed at a Cabinet meeting tomorrow. The Daily Mail argues that unless the country is able to pay for all the soldiers required to smash Germany, the ministers had better admit that the war is lost, but the Mail says there is plenty of money if it were not for national and individual waste. Of the five millions pounds which the war is costing England daily on good authority it stated that one million is being wasted.

Wreck on C.P.R.

(Canadian Press Special)

PORT ARTHUR, Jan. 10.—In a rear end collision between two east bound freights on the C. P. R. a few miles east of Nipigon on Sunday evening, Engineer Stearns was instantly killed and Brakeman Connors is missing.

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIANS

OTTAWA, Jan. 9.—Casualties were announced today as follows:—

2ND BATTALION.

Died of wounds—F. J. Suthall, Quebec.

Severely wounded—M. Ribut, Mattawa, Ont.; Sergt H. L. Nichol, Ottawa.

5TH BATTALION.

Severely wounded—P. C. H. Sales, Brandn, Man.

8TH BATTALION.

Wounded—W. Buckles, Desfield, Brandon, Man.

10TH BATTALION.

Wounded—S. W. Jordan, Guelph, Ont.

13TH BATTALION.

Wounded—G. W. Gazeley, Truro, N.S.

14TH BATTALION.

Wounded—A. Branchaud, Ottawa; Jules Godin, Quebec; S. D. Smith, St. John, N.B.; G. E. Steeves, Moncton, N.B.; N. Delong, Lindsay, Ont.; L. A. Bellanger, Kew Beach, Toronto.

16TH BATTALION.

Seriously ill—John Johnson, Winnipeg.

Accidentally wounded—Lieut. H. P. Lovell, Coaticook, Que.

21ST BATTALION.

Wounded—N. Green, Halifax, N.S.

25TH BATTALION.

Wounded—A. Stubbert, Florence, C.B.; Lance-Corp. Worthington, Glace Bay, C.B.

26TH BATTALION.

Killed in action Dec. 17—H. I. Bertin, Bathurst, N.B.

Died of wounds, Dec. 30.—John Vicaire, Campbellton, N.B.

Wounded — B. Quigley, Joggin Mines, N.S.; Harry Horne, Hamilton, Ont.; F. Riley, Moncton, N.B.; J. W. Thompson, Apohaqui, N.B.

28TH BATTALION.

Wounded—Sergt. H. Huddle, Calgary, Alta.

31ST BATTALION.

Wounded—F. H. Campbell, Folly Lake, N.S.; Corp. J. E. Webb, West Jefferson, Ohio.

43RD BATTALION.

Seriously ill—Corp. S. Farr, Winnipeg, Man.

48TH BATTALION.

Died, Jan. 4.—J. Walker, Moose Jaw, Sask.

ROYAL CANADIAN REGIMENT.

Suffering from shock—E. Howe, Toronto.

4TH REGIMENT, C.M.R.

Seriously ill—T. Hawkins, Toronto.

3RD FIELD CO'Y, DIV. ENG.

Severely wounded—R. L. Stevenson, Winnipeg, Man.

CANADIAN HEAVY BATTERY AND AMMUNITION COLUMN.

Suffering from shell shock—Gunner T. H. Sinnott, Toronto.

No. 4 CANADIAN INFANTRY BRIGADE HEADQUARTERS.

Died of wounds, Dec. 31—W. H. Nugent, Barrie, Ont.

JANUARY SALE

Another list of big bargains for our January sale.

Gents' Soft Front Shirts, 75c. to $1.00 values, plain and striped—sizes 14 to 17, on sale at .... 50c.
Boys' Winter Undershirts and Drawers, sizes 24 to 32, on sale at, each .... 19c.
Men's heavy ribbed Wool Underwear, sizes 32 to 44, worth $1, on sale at .... 69c.
Big Discounts on Men's Mocha Mitts and Gloves.
Gents' Tan colored Knitted Scarfs, fringed ends, regular $1.00; on sale at, each .... 75c.
Ladies' all-over White Lawn and Checked Gingham Aprons, on sale at, each .... 25c.
Great reductions in Fancy Crepe Kimonos, very large variety of patterns and colors.
60" x 80" White Flannelette Blankets, on sale, pair $1.19
68" x 81" White Flannelette Blankets, on sale, pair $1.39
68" x 90" White Flannelette Blankets, on sale, pair $1.59
11-4 White Flannelette Blankets, blue and pink borders, regular $1.50, on sale at, pair $1.39

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

Special . Shoe . Values

CLEARING SALE Of Men's Gunmetal and Patent Laced & Button Boots

English and High Toe Lasts, all sizes in the lot. Regular $5.00 and $6.00 values,

CLEARING $3.45

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

ADAMS
THE SHOEMAN

SENTRIES FOR CHURCHES.

A Custom Forced by Native Feuds in the Melanesian Islands.

In the Melanesian islands the natives carry on feuds with a more relentless hatred even than the vendettistes of Corsica. In these islands Christianity has been made, at least in outward aspect, the religion of the people.

That it really does mean something to the Melanesian is evidenced by the reply I received from an intelligent old chief when I asked him why he did not become a Christian.

"I'm to be," he said, "when I kill the devil who kill my boy five years ago."

So relentlessly are these feuds carried on that it is the custom for a native of wealth with a grievance against another, but who finds it impossible or inexpedient to kill his enemy and secure his head himself, to hire a professional murderer and pay him upon the delivery of the head.

Often in the years that are just gone indiscriminate killing went on with such savage persistence that even during church service "pot shots" were taken at marked worshipers through the doors and windows.

The situation became so acute in one village that the government was petitioned, and the response was the loan to the missionary of a rifle.

The missionary took the hint and armed one of his natives who stood guard outside the church during services.

And so it became the fashion on many of the islands to add a sentry to the church rolls.

Spanish Court Customs.

There is no court in Europe more tenacious of its etiquette—which was inaugurated several hundreds of years ago—than that of Spain. It is said that King Ferdinand VII. once made a minister resign because he had accidentally touched his hand. One of the quaintest ceremonies is the closing of the royal palace gates at Madrid every night. Electric light has been in use in the palace for quite a long while, but nevertheless every evening at 11 o'clock the officiating gentleman in waiting appears, accompanied by several servants, who carry ancient lanterns, to demand a huge key from a higher official to lock the doors of the palace. This is all the more amusing as the huge key does not fit the modern keyholes. The key is then returned to a third official, and every night gentlemen in waiting have to patrol the corridors of the palace, though sufficient guards are about, to watch over the slumbers of their royal master.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mr. E. G. Porter, K.C., M.P., was in Picton today on business.

Misses Vera and Ruth McCoy, of this city, are visiting relatives in Toronto.

Chief of Police Newton has returned home from attending the obsequies of his sister, the late Mrs. G. Minkinnick, of London, Ont.

Mr. Wm. M. Haslett of Bulyea, Sask., formerly of Springbrook, North Hastings, spent the week end with his cousins, Mr. Joseph Templeton and Miss Templeton of this city. Mr. Haslett and his brothers, who are located near him, are among the many Hastings boys who have achieved success in our Northwest.

INAUGURAL MEETING OF NEW CITY COUNCIL

Continued from page one

PUBLIC WORKS—Ald. Whalen, Chairman. Committee —The whole council.

WATER WORKS—Ald. Deacon, Chairman. Committee—The whole council.

FIRE—Ald. Jas. O. St. Charles, Chairman. Committee—The whole council .

LIGHT—Ald. W. S. Smith, Chairman. Committee—The whole council.

INDUSTRIES—Ald. Parks, Chairman. Committee—The whole council.

GAS—Ald. E. O. Platt, Chairman. Committee—The whole council.

PARKS, PRINTING & STATIONERY—Ald. Earle, Chairman. Committee—The whole council.

The Committee rose and reported. The report was received and adopted.

On motion the council went into committee of the whole on accounts etc. Ald. Platt in the chair. All the accounts presented were referred to their respective Committee excepting the pay sheets of the Public Works, Water Works and Gas departments, which were passed.

The Committee rose and reported The report was received and adopted.

Bylaws

Ald. Woodley introduced the following bylaws: A bylaw to appoint members of the Board of Health to appoint a member of the Public Library Board; two High School Trustees, and to appoint an auditor of the County of Hastings, accounts.

The council went into committee of the whole on bylaws. Ald. Deacon in the chair. The blank in the local Board of Health was filled in with the following names: Dr. Yeomans, A. McGie, L. P. Hughes, and S. Robertson. Col. Ponton and Mr. T. E. Ketcheson, were appointed as High School Trustees.

Mr. J. W. Holmes was appointed as the City Auditor on county accounts.

Mr. Dr. Yeomans was appointed a member of the Public Library Board.

The committee rose and reported. The report was received.

The various bylaws were then read a second and third time and numbered respectively, 2,006, 2,007, 2,008 and 2,009.

Ald. Deason asked if there were any report to be submitted as to the working of some departments of the city for the past year.

The ply was that the reports would be submitted.

Council adjourned.

In addition to the Christmas Tree and other good things provided by the Muskoka Free Hopsital for consumptives, for all patients at Christmas time, the soldiers in residence there were extra well looked after, being presented with moccasins, fruit, and other articles, by ladies' societies of Gravenhurst, Newmarket and Toronto.

A Tragedy.

By ESTHER VANDEVEER

In a public park in Rio de Janeiro a lady handsomely dressed walked alone. The fact of her being unattended caused those who saw her to wonder, for it is not usual for one of the higher class to be out alone. When she deliberately took a seat at one end of a bench, at the other end of which sat a man, the surprise was even greater, for she appeared to be a lady. She had been sitting but a few minutes when two gentlemen walked by.

"Gentlemen," she said, "this man who is sitting near me has insulted me. May I ask you to get his address that my natural protector may demand satisfaction?"

The two men stopped, lifted their hats and offered their services. The accused man denied that he had offended the lady. She begged one of the others to call upon her at her hotel. He did so, sending up his card, bearing the name of Roger Stone, Denver, Colo.

"I am fortunate," she said, "in not only finding a countryman to assist me in this affair, but one from the chivalrous west. I am traveling with my twin brother. He is not with me this evening, but will be in later. Will you be the bearer for him of a challenge under the code for tomorrow morning?"

Mr. Stone's surprise at this singular proceeding was even greater than before. He asked the name of the man for whom he was to bear the challenge and was told that it was Harrison—Frank Harrison. He endeavored to learn something of the manner in which the lady had been ill treated, but she appeared to be so averse to going over the disagreeable details that he did not press the matter. What added to the mystery was that the man who had offended the lady was also an American named Mathews.

The next morning the two parties met on the ground chosen. Mr. Harrison, who was the image of his sister and looked equally feminine, was attended by Mr. Stone, the other principal's second being a Brazilian. His opponent protested against the proceeding, for which he said he was unable to account. He disclaimed any intention of interfering with Miss Harrison, and if he had unwittingly done so he would apologize. The lady's defender refused to accept an apology, and preparations were made for the encounter, which was to be fought with pistols.

When the two principals were placed face to face at thirty paces interval and the signal was about to be given to fire Harrison made a signal for delay. Then, addressing his opponent, he said:

"Jim Mathews, you don't know me, for you have never seen me before. I am not Frank Harrison. I am Eugenia Phillips, widow of the man you ruined and drove to suicide three months after our marriage. I have followed you all the way from Virginia City for the express purpose of killing you. I found you yesterday and took measures for this meeting."

A deathly pallor spread itself over the face of the man addressed. His enemy nodded to the man who was to give the signal. He hesitated. The woman raised her pistol, and her adversary followed her act. A white handkerchief fluttered to the ground The man's hand trembled; the woman's was steady as a rock. Two shots rang out, and the man fell with a bullet in his heart.

The woman stood for a few moments looking at him who had blighted her life and on whom she had taken revenge, then sank in a swoon.

The finishing of this tragedy, occupying as it did but a minute or two, did not give the seconds any time to prevent it. Indeed, they were paralyzed with surprise. When the woman fell her second ran forward, took her up and bore her to the carriage in which she had come onto the ground. He took her to her hotel and called for a doctor, for she was hysterical.

Meanwhile Mr. Stone busied himself to prevent the affair from getting out, and by pledging the few persons involved to secrecy and bribing the police he succeeded. Had it not been for the burial of the slain man the bribe would not have been necessary.

As soon as the lady was able to travel she sailed for the United States, and on the same steamer was her second in the duel.

From the time of that episode Roger Stone was a changed man. The tragedy at which he had assisted, the wrecking of a woman's life, affected him materially. It's not easy for a man to witness a woman's sufferings without being strongly drawn to her. On reaching the United States Stone and the widow both sought the west, where they lived. Stone visited Mrs. Phillips frequently and in time begged her to permit him to devote the rest of his life to her. Though grateful for his sympathy and the service he had rendered her, she told him that it would not be right for one whose nerves had been shattered to burden one who seemed to have a pleasant career before him. Besides, she had a life on her conscience. To this latter statement he said that if he had had time to gain a correct understanding of the case the life would have been on his conscience instead of hers, but it would not have been a heavy load to bear. By dint of persuasion he finally gained his point. And now the tragedy is in the dim distance, and its keen edge has been worn away.

ANOTHER ARMAMENT RACE

(New York World.)

What does the two-power navy standard suggested by our sea strategists means? First, the increase of personnel from 55,000 to 230,000 the number in the British and German navies even before the war; second, a cost of $590,000,000 a year, if in proportion to the present rate per man. Not to mention that Great Britain would at once begin to outbuild us.

Sunlight Soap has a high standard of purity which is backed by a $5,000 guarantee. If a soap has no standard there is no reason why it should always be of uniform quality, always contain the best materials or be anything like as good as the soap *with* a standard.

SUNLIGHT SOAP
5 cents
Sunlight Soap

ACCIDENT TO BE INVESTIGATED

Inquest Opened on Remains of C. Wellman Killed by G. T. R. Express—Mrs. Wellman Will Probably Recover

An inquest to enquire into the circumstance of the deplorable accident which occurred at the Canifton Road railway crossing on Saturday afternoon resulting in the death of Mr. Charles Wellman, of Thurlow township, was opened at Tickell & Sons' undertaking establishment on Saturday evening. Dr. Boyce, coroner, presided and Mr. Wm. Carnew, County Attorney, represented the Crown.

The jury is composed of the following citizens: Messrs. W. H. Panter, R. W. Adams, A. Adams, Fred Meagher, H. A. Morgan, B. J. Black, Walter Hicks, W. E. Britton and P. Harrison. Mr. W. R. Adams was selected as foreman. After the jury had taken their oath they viewed the remains. The injuries presentable showed that death had been instantaneous as the skull was frightfully fractured, and the left arm was broken midway between the wrist and elbow. Some evidence was then taken.

Police Officer Ellis testified that he had summoned the jurymen all of whom were qualified to act. He had visited the scene of the accident and saw evidences of it, such as pieces of the vehicle in which deceased and his wife were riding in when struck by the fast east bound train, which was a little late, arriving here. Personally he knew nothing of the accident only what he had heard.

Mr. Walter Thomas testified that he knew deceased and recognized the remains as those of Mr. Charles Wellman, who lived upon the farm of witness' father, in Thurlow. Mr. Wellman was in Belleville on Saturday and was in the witness' shop about 11 o'clock in the morning and received pay for some business transacted Deceased was about 50 years of age and was a sober and industrious man. He had a family of five or six children. Personally he knew nothing of the accident. This was all the evidence submitted and an adjournment was made until Wednesday evening, 12th inst, at the police court room.

THE VICTIM

The victim of the distressing affair was a man 55 years of age and was born in the Township of Marmora, Hastings county. He had lived in this county all his life and for the past year on Mr. George I. Thomas' farm, in Thurlow township. By all who knew him he was regarded as an industrious man. A family of five children survive, four of whom live home and the eldest daughter is married. The remains after being prepared for burial, were yesterday conveyed to his late home.

At first it was thought that Mrs. Wellman had been fatally injured, but her condition today showed some improvement.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

A LONE TRAMP

The only occupant of the police cells since Saturday, was a tramp, who was a young man.

JOINED THE BATTERY

A. S. Young, Belleville, A. L. Yerex, Belleville, C. Gould, Plainfield, and C. R. Carter of Roslin, left this city to-day to join the 33rd Battery at Kingston.

PRACTICE RUN

At a few minutes before 3 o'clock this afternoon the fire brigade was called out owing to an alarm being sent in by Chief Brown, of the department. The two hose wagons and hook and ladder wagon responded with alacrity. The alarm was for the purpose of a practice run which proved most satisfactory.

DIED IN MINNEAPOLIS

Mr. John Canning who resides on Catherine street in this city, received a telegram this morning announcing the death of Mr. Wm. M. Bathurst, which occurred yesterday at Minneapolis. Deceased was about 50 years of age and was known to many in this city, having been a frequent visitor here. His wife is a sister of Mrs. McCutcheon who resides at 57 Dundas street, Belleville, and he was also a cousin of Mrs. John Canning. Mr. Bathurst leaves a wife and two sons.

CONSIGNED TO TOMB

The funeral of the late Mrs. Frances Gillum of this city, took place this morning, and a number attended the obsequies. Burial service of the Anglican church were conducted at St. Thomas' Church by the rector, Rev. Canon Beamish, who also officiated at the interment at Belleville cemetery. Many floral tributes were placed upon the casket. The bearers were Messrs. Thos. Ritchie, C. M. Stork, J. W. Murray, J. Williams, R. Tannahill and W. S. Cook.

Leave your order for Montreal Daily Star at Geen's and save trouble and expense of remitting. smt

The man who waits until after his own funeral to be charitable never knows whether he has hit the mark or not.

ANNUAL MEETING OF B. B. M. B. C.

The Belleville Business Men's Bible Class held its annual election of officers yesterday. The officers of the class for the ensuing year are: H. W. Ackerman, Honorary President; E. F. Dickens, President; J. A. Borbridge, 1st Vice-President; R. S. Sills, 2nd Vice President; J. H. Moon, Treasurer; R. D. Allson, Hon. Secretary, G. H. Robinson, Secretary; M. P. Duff Asst. Sec.; Finance Committee, R. Arnott and R. B. Morden; Chorister A. M. Chapman; Organist, Miss Edna Wallace; Teacher, F. E. O'Flynn, B.A.

This class is one of the pioneer adult Bible Classes of the Dominion and was organized by His Honor Judge Derche. It meets Sunday afternoon at 2.15 in the auditorium of the Bridge Street Methodist Church. The greatest interest is shown in the lessons and it is a frequent occurrence to find the members discussing the lesson during the week.

The flower committee is active and the class sends flowers to all members who are sick. The class has an organized bowling club which meets every Monday evening in the church parlors. The special features of the class are announced in the daily papers every Saturday. This class is a strong organization, has a membership of about 150 and they are commencing the New Year under the most favorable auspices. Tonight the chairmen of the standing committees will be appointed and the class will continue its aggressive work. We congratulate the teacher and the members of the class on the splendid success of the work of the class during the past years.

FIVE CANADIANS HONORED AT FRONT

OTTAWA, Jan. 9. — In connection with the successful minor operations carried on by our 5th Western Canadian Battalion on Dec. 15th, the following awards have been made by the commander-in-chief: Distinguished Service Order, Captain E. C. Jackson; military cross, Lieut. K. L. T. Campbell; distinguished conduct medals, Sergt. J. S. McGlashan, Pte. J. A. Coles, Pte. John Lindsay.

ONE ON THE DOCTOR

Dr. James L. Hughes tells a good story on himself. He recently made a trip to New Work, and at the border was interrogated as customary by the United States Immigration Agent, a thorough Irishman:

"Are you an American?" he was asked.

"Yes, and a Canadian, thank God," replied the doctor.

"Are you remaining in the States long?" was the next query.

"No," was the reply.

"Thank God," said the Immigration Agent.

A Christmas Box

By EUNICE BLAKE

Jack Hollingsworth was to have been his uncle's heir until Jack married Julia Trevor without saying anything about it to the old man except to invite him to the wedding. After that it was understood that St. Luke's hospital would get the bulk of the property and Jack would have to get on as best he could. Since he had been brought up to expect a fortune, this was not a pleasant outlook.

A couple of months before the third Christmas after the marriage and a short time after their baby was born Jack and his wife were sitting together brooding over their poverty—for Jack was not a success as a worker—and lamenting that Jack had not at least mentioned the fact to his uncle that he was about to take a wife and asked the old man's approval. Mrs. Hollingsworth said she didn't blame the old man a bit. Jack admitted that he didn't blame him either.

"Let's send him a Christmas present," said Julia. "It may bring about a change."

"Where are we to get the money to pay for it?" suggested her husband.

"I'll tell you what I'll do. I'll make a batch of those iced top cookies I know so well how to make and send them to him in a box with a note saying I made them."

"Put in your photograph," said Jack.

"That's a good idea. I'll put in the one taken with the baby."

This plan was not so bad, since Mr. Silas Henderson, Jack's uncle, believed in women who were practical and was very fond of children. Indeed, it was the sad spot in his life that his wife, now dead, had not borne him a son to bring up to manage his business and inherit his property.

Unfortunately for Julia's scheme, not long before Christmas Silas Henderson received a Black Hand letter demanding $5,000. He paid no attention to the demand except to hand it over to the police. On Christmas eve Jack, at Julia's suggestion, to save expressage, as soon as it was dark took the box of cookies to his uncle's house, put it down, rang the bell and slipped away. The summons was answered by the butler, who took up the box and carried it to his master, telling him how he had found it.

Mr. Henderson took it up, looked at the address—written by Julia—and, suddenly remembering his Black Hand letter, dropped it like a hot coal.

"Thomas, telephone for the police!" he cried to the butler.

The order was obeyed, and in a few minutes a patrol wagon dashed up to the house. A sergeant and a couple of men entered and asked what was the matter. The sergeant when informed of the receipt of a suspicious package sent the men back to the station and proceeded to examine what no one doubted was an infernal machine.

The first thing the sergeant did was to unloose the bit of narrow ribbon that Julia had used in tying it up and put it in his pocket as a possible clew. The next thing was to unwrap the paper about the box and hold it up to the light in hopes of seeing some mark on it by which to find the culprit. A box in which a set of child's ninepins had been kept next appeared.

"A sliding cover," remarked the sergeant sententiously. "We must find some way to remove the lid without drawing it out, for this is doubtless intended to produce friction and light an inflammable. Have you anything to bore with?"

A large sized gimlet was produced, and the sergeant bored a hole in the side of the box, drew out the gimlet and looked at a substance that adhered to it.

"Dynamite!" said the sergeant.

He put the gimlet to his nose, then to his tongue.

"Doesn't taste like dynamite. It's more like cake. I fancy, Mr. Henderson, you have made a mistake. This may be a Christmas box."

He bravely pulled out the cover, removed some paper and took up a card on which was written:

A merry Christmas to Uncle Silas from the Hollingsworth family.

Beneath the card was a photograph of what looked to Mr. Henderson like a Madonna and child. Lifting another paper, a dozen round cakes with pink icing on the top were displayed. Mr. Henderson gave one to the sergeant and ate one himself. It was delicious.

"Thomas," said the receiver of the box, "call up my nephew, John Hollingsworth, on the phone and ask him if he and his family will dine with me tomorrow."

Thomas obeyed the order, and the next day the Hollingsworth family, including Silas Henderson Hollingsworth, aged two years, the child sitting in a high chair on his great-uncle's right, dined with Silas Henderson.

That was the first Christmas in many years that Silas Henderson had any one to dine with him on Christmas day. A fine dinner was provided, such as the Hollingsworths had not partaken of since their marriage. Mrs. Hollingsworth made herself especially agreeable, and little Billy was regarded by his great-uncle with delight.

"After all," said the old man, "blood is thicker than water. You, Jack, and you, Julia, and Billy will make my life much happier in the future, and it all came from a mess of cookies."

The next day Mr. Henderson changed his will in favor of his grandnephew, leaving the estate in trust to the boy's father.

ARENA
TURNBULL ST.

TO-NIGHT
Intermediate O. H. A. Hockey
Queen's Intermediates
vs.
Belleville Intermediates
Puck faced 8.15
Band in attendance
Admission 25c and 35c

BAND THIS WEEK — Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

Try Our Saturday Special Chocolates 33c

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

Safety First

It is the desire for eye safety that impels you to wear glasses. Keep that object—SAFETY—in your mind. It is the central idea, the essential element in your eye treatment.

[illegible]e's Complete Sight Service, made good after twenty-one years experience, affords you the safety you seek,

at

Angus McFee's
The Store with the Big Clock

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

Powdered Sweet Chocolate, ½ lb. tin 20c
Cocoa and Milk Sweetened Powder, ½ lb. tin 25c
"Dot" Chocolate, for special coatings and icings. Cakes 10c and 25c
Caracas Sweet Eating Chocolate, ¼ lb. cakes 10c
Diamond Sweet Chocolate, Cakes 5c

Delicious Coffee
Wallbridge and Clarke's SPECIAL PURE COFFEES At 30c and 40c lb. Whole or ground.
If you like a good pure Coffee at a reasonable price, try the blend at 30c lb.

CLARK'S BAKED BEANS
Plain 7c, 4 tins 25c
Chili Sauce
Tomato Sauce 10c and 12½c

HOUSES FOR SALE

Near West Belleville Church, 10 minutes from market; conveniences and good cellars. Also six roomed house to rent with one acre of gardens, barn and electric light, etc.

BUGGY FOR SALE
W. SMITH, Builder
33 Howard St. Phone 673

OVERCOATS

Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat! We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.

Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

Ladies' Hudson Seal Coats

No. 1 Quality Lined throughout with No. 1 Brocade satin 40 inches long....... Price $120.00
Muff to match $22.00

J. T. DELANEY
29 Campbell St. Phone 797
opposite Y.M.C.A.
See Our Window
N. B. We Buy Raw Furs

January Sale

ALL WINTER GOODS MUST GO

Extra Specials

Will be Offered Every Day This Month.

Black Silks,
Dress Goods,
Velvets,
Corduroy Velvets,
Staples,
Linens,
Flannels

Blankets,
Comforters,
Cottons,
Women's Underwear,
Men's Underwear,
Hosiery, Gloves,
Sweater Coats

EVERYTHING NEW.
Your Money's Worth, or
Your Money Back.

Wims & Co

HOBSON'S
PALATABLE
Epsom Salts
Easy to take
No Nasty Taste
No Nausea after taking
15c pkg.
Waters' DRUG STORE

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip

Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.

Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows.

F. W. L. CARRE

Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward counties.
Phone 366 276 Albert St., City

EYES BLUR
when reading?
If so; Glasses are needed to overcome the strain—let me help you.
Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Eye-Sight Specialist

The Company and Staff extend to you and yours Greetings and Good Wishes for a Happy New Year

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Advertise in The Intelligencer

Within the Military Circle

All officers appointed to command battalions, not under the rank of majors, may now attest recruits for the Canadian expeditionary forces. A recent order in council makes this possible. Previous to this order, all recruits in this city had to be sworn in by the police magistrate, by a justice of the peace, or by Colonel Ogilvie, who has been made a justice of the peace for the purpose of attesting recruits. After this every commanding officer with the rank of major or colonel will be able to swear in his own recruits, and this will relieve Colonel Ogilvie of a great deal of work in this particular.

The 3rd Division is the only one in Canada from which the Royal Commission for the investigation of certain charges regarding war material has not received one solitary complaint, which speaks volumes for the administration of this Divisional area.

The decision to increase Canada's Army to half a million gives a peculiar interest to the recruiting figures and the following facts that have just been announced shows positively that the Third Military Divisional Area has more than done its share. The Third Division is commanded by Col. T. D. R. Hemming and takes in the following counties: Durham, Northumberland, Victoria, Peterboro', Hastings, Prince Edward, Lennox, Addington, Frontenac, Haliburton, Carleton, Dundas, Glengarry, Renfrew, Russell, Stormont, Grenville, Lanark, Wright, Labelle, Pontiac, Leeds, Prescott, Nipissing district south of Mattawa river.

Canada is divided up into thirteen military districts or divisions, of approximately equal strength as to recruiting possibilities. The totals by divisions as published last week show that one-ninth of the total men recruited came from this division. This fact alone proves the superiority of the recruiting methods of this Division as compared to others.

There are fifteen militia regiments in this Division and every one of these has given a battalion to recruit for overseas service, and men are still being trained either for these battalions located here yet or as reinforcements for the ones that have gone over sea. On Dec. 31st, 1915, when the figures were obtained there were 7,100 men in this Division and 370 officers. This is exclusive of the number on guard duty along the water front. Every two weeks in this Division if the present record is kept up this Division brings one complete battalion up to strength. From Dec. 1st to Dec. 15th, 1,096 men were enlisted, and from that date to the end of the year 1,115 men were enlisted. This means twenty-four battalions from this Division every year—a wonderful record that is not equalled in Canada. On top of this one must remember that there are few cities of any size, and with Montreal drawing from one end and Toronto drawing from the other, there has been a big "leakage" in recruits from the 3rd Division.

There were 238 recruits secured from the city of Kington during the last two weeks of the year, and this makes Kingston third on the list of places that are recruiting centres in this division.

The list, with the number of recruits secured and the percentage that number is the population is:

Centre.	Recruits	Per cent
Perth	59	1.9
Cobourg	85	1.7
Kingston	238	1.26
Belleville	114	1.15
Lindsay	53	.78
Peterboro'	56	.3
Ottawa	180	.3

BELLEVILLE

Lieut. Raymond has reported for duty with the 155th Battalion.

Lieut. Noble of the 155th Battalion, is in Kingston.

A recruiting concert will be held in Deseronto to-morrow evening, January 11. Addresses will be given by Col. Adams, Col. Putman and Lieut. Sanford of the 155th Battalion.

Lieut. Graham has been attached to the 155th Battalion for instructional duty.

The Quarter Master Sergeant of the 155th Battalion is busily engaged in issuing uniforms to the recruits at Deseronto and Bancroft.

BATTALION ORDERS

Captain for week ending Sunday, Jan. 16th—Capt. A. D. Harper; next for duty, Capt. P. K. Ketcheson.

Officer for to-day—Lt. J. H. Alp; to-morrow, Lt. L. C. Trousdale.

Sergeant for to-day—Cpl. Carl, Base Co.; to-morrow, Cpl. Hatchard, B. Co.

Corporal for to-day—Cpl. Empey, Base Co.; to-morrow, L. Cpl. Gladish, B. Co.

All a Dream.

There is an amusing example of oriental subtlety in an anecdote that Mr. Sidney Whitman tells in "Turkish Memories." The story is of a young diplomat who was sent to Constantinople to be trained for his profession.

One day the diplomat met a carriage guarded by a eunuch that contained some ladies of the sultan's harem. The young man endeavored to peep in at the window and got a blow across the face from the vigilant eunuch. He made a great uproar and lodged a complaint with the sultan himself. He was received in private audience, and Abdul Hamid listened patiently to his story of the outrage.

On its conclusion the sultan replied: "My dear sir, I have gone carefully into the case and see exactly how it stands. You are a gentleman; therefore you could never have committed such a breach of good manners as is alleged to have taken place, and consequently no eunuch could possibly have presumed to strike you. The whole affair must be the product of your fancy; pray let us dismiss it."

Vanity Tickled.

During the early excesses of the French revolution a rabble of men and women was rioting in the streets of Paris. Lafayette appeared and ordered a young artillery officer to open fire upon them with two cannon. The officer begged the general to let him try first to persuade them to withdraw.

"It is useless to appeal to their reason," said the general.

"Certainly," answered the officer, "and it is not to their reason, but to their vanity, I would appeal."

The officer rode up to the front of the mob, doffed his cocked hat, pointed to the guns and said:

"Gentlemen will have the kindness to retire, for I am ordered to shoot down the rabble."

The street was cleared at once, for none could brook the idea of being classed with the scum of the city.

The Eternal Conflict.

Society is nothing more than a continuation of the conflict of nature under the guidance of intelligence. It is vain to hope for any amelioration of society from the prevalence of an intellectual education. Culture of the intellect supplies new weapons for use in the conflict and may render it less rude in appearance, but cannot change its nature. * * * Doctrines and creeds are forms; the will supplies their contents. Just as a vehicle may convey substances having wholesome or injurious or indifferent properties, so any system of thinking—theological, social or political—may be made to bear any purport, good or bad. To try to shape opinions so that they may not be made subservient to any evil purpose is all labor in vain.—Schopenhauer.

Wars and Words.

The wars with Spain in the sixteenth century enriched the English language with many new words. To them, as Logan Pearsall Smith has pointed out, "we owe the Spanish words 'embargo' and 'contraband' and the Dutch word 'freebooter.' Among other Dutch or Flemish terms that were perhaps brought back to England by soldiers in their campaign in the low countries may be mentioned 'furlough,' 'cashier,' 'league,' 'sconce,' 'onslaught,' 'drill' and 'domineer.' 'Comrade' is a Spanish word, but seems to have been a soldiers' term learned in the low countries, and 'forlorn hope' is a military phrase, being the Dutch 'verloren hoop,' in which 'hoop' means a troop and is cognate with our word 'heap.'"—London Chronicle.

A Long Pull.

Personally we never expect to have any trouble with our appendix. We think the dentist pulled it out when he fetched that tooth.

Eggs.

The earliest Scriptural mention of eggs as a food is found in Job vi, 6: "Is there any taste in the white of an egg?"

Men are born to succeed, not to fail. —Thoreau.

Work
A Pleasure

is largely a matter of health; and in this a big factor is eating the right kind of food—food that repairs the daily wear and tear of body and brain—and keeps one in trim.

Grape-Nuts
FOOD

made of whole wheat and malted barley, supplies all the rich nourishment of Nature's field grains, including their vital mineral salts, so lacking in many foods, but all-important in building up and sustaining brain, nerve and muscle tissue.

Grape-Nuts with cream or good milk supplies sound, well-balanced nourishment—makes for happy days and successful endeavor.

"There's a Reason"

MADE IN CANADA

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

Gwendolin's Failing

How a New Year Resolution Was Kept

By F. A. MITCHEL

Miss Gwendolin Caruthers was a bankrupt in flirtation. During her summer outing she had become involved with three suitors; two more had been added in the autumn, and the Christmas holidays had increased the total by one more. Of those two were serious, three were semi-serious, and one was to be counted a credit instead of a debit, for the gentleman had not been brought to a proposal.

Now, considering the fact that Miss Caruthers had but one heart for the five or six suitors, her assets and liabilities may be said to be as one to half a dozen. Notwithstanding this distressing condition of her heart affairs, at a party congregated to see the old year out and the new year in she yielded to the temptation to take position in a window seat behind a curtain with still another young man and then and there deliberately drew him into a proposal.

Miss Caruthers' disposition to go heart hunting had been noticed by both her father and mother and had given them great concern.

"She's not only declining desirable parties," said her mother, "but driving away other desirable young men who do not dare trust her."

"Too bad!" said her father. "The day may come when she has passed the mating age and will be forced into enduring spinsterhood."

It was a great relief, therefore, when Gwendolin astonished her father and mother by coming down to breakfast with them at 9 o'clock New Year's morning and announcing to them that she had made a New Year's resolution not to incur any more heart liabilities during the year she was entering upon. In other words, she would not act toward any young man in an encouraging manner.

"Good for you, Gwen!" exclaimed her father, taking her in his arms. "If you assure me one year from today that you have kept your resolution I'll give you an automobile."

"Done!" cried Gwen, kissing him first on one cheek and then on the other.

"But"— said her father, holding her off and looking her in the eye.

"But what?"

"There must of course be an exception."

"I see; the exception is an acception."

"You mean an acceptance. If you accept a man and marry him that won't count."

"Suppose I accept him and don't marry him?"

"That will count."

Gwen gave her father another kiss and sat down to breakfast. She dismissed the matter of her newly made resolution from her mind, for she only realized its importance in relieving her from having to make excuses to rejected suitors and had no doubt whatever of keeping it.

Unfortunately there was just one weak spot in Gwen's resolution. In the list of men who had become entangled with her during the past year mention has been made of one whom she had been unable to bring to his knees. This was George Underwood, a young man much engrossed in business and so steady on his pins, to use a slangy phrase, that it was very difficult for any one to bowl him over. He was not a woman's man, never danced, and, as for an affair of hearts, it had not occurred to him that it could be played as a game.

Gwen had tackled him just as she had tackled the others, not having looked upon any of them as a probable husband. Underwood's attention was not easily secured, and when it was secured there was no favorable response to Gwen's advances. In vain she had endeavored to batter down that indifference which stood between her and his heart. When trying to secure an entrance she would be miffed at a commonplace remark about the weather or some other event equally far distant from what was uppermost in her mind. The consequence was that when she made her resolution on that New Year's morning she had but one regret—she would be obliged to leave Underwood unfinished.

Mr. Underwood was in control of a large business that brought him often in contact with Mr. Caruthers. Occasionally he had come into the latter's home of an evening to talk over some business enterprise, and Gwen had lain in wait for him as he was about to depart. He was past thirty and was beginning to consider himself too old for girls still in their teens. Consequently when Gwen wished to hold him for the rest of the evening she was obliged to resort to subterfuge. She would ask for his opinion on some matter upon which she was in doubt or beg him to help her out for the rest of the evening at a game of cribbage. Once she asked him to play at "hearts" with her in a tone that would have made any other man suspicious of her at once; but, whether Underwood understood her or not, he gave no responsive sign.

Gwen never saw Underwood, who eschewed social functions, except on these visits to her father. The first time the former called after the resolution she locked herself in her room. One would have supposed that instead of his having cause to be afraid of her it was she who was afraid of him. At his second call, during which an important business matter kept him with her father till 10 o'clock, on hearing him in the hall about to take his departure she went down on purpose to see if he showed any disappointment at not having seen her at the time of his last call. The business matter he had been discussing engrossed his attention, and he went out with simply a "Good evening."

"Papa," said Gwen to her father the next morning at breakfast, "I am thinking of making one exception in my New Year resolution. In case I do how about the car?"

"The only exception, so far as the car is concerned, is marriage."

Gwen pouted. It was evident that marriage was not to be considered in the case to which she referred.

Mr. Underwood did not have occasion to call on Mr. Caruthers again for six months. Then he came intending to remain only long enough to secure the latter's signature to a document.

While the two men were talking in Mr. Caruthers' smoking den Gwen was waiting in the drawing room for them to end their conference, for she desired to speak with Underwood before he left the house. In this instance the meeting was unusually prolonged, and every now and again Gwen noticed that the words were spoken in a low voice, for the door of the smoking room was but partly closed, and when they were uttered in an ordinary tone she could hear something of what was said. What she was waiting for was to ask Mr. Underwood what kind of car she should select, for New Year's day was approaching, and she was anticipating her promised reward.

Now, there was great risk in Gwen's consulting the only man who was likely to make her break her resolution upon the character of the prize she was to win by keeping it. Underwood seemed to be oblivious to her having any other intention than what appeared on the surface. It is not to be asserted that Gwen did have any other intention. It is quite likely that if she had she would not admit it to herself.

This was in November, and but six or seven weeks remained for Gwen to keep her resolution and win the car. Therefore it is not surprising that she should be thinking about what kind of car she would ask her father to buy for her. Underwood gave her the points pro and con of different cars and recommended a make that he used himself as one very easily handled. Would she like to try his car? She thought she would, but feared for her resolution. However, the time was so nearly up that she concluded to venture.

The afternoon appointed for the drive Indian summer weather prevailed, and there was a genial languor in the air. Gwen had been "good" for ten months. With so indifferent a person she did not think it dangerous to put out a feeler. For the first time she received a response. She tried hard to stop, but the ruling passion was too strong for her. She went further and was met halfway. Presently Mr. Underwood, not waiting for a new advance, plunged into violent lovemaking, followed by a declaration.

New Year's morning came round, and Mr. Caruthers said to his daughter, "Well, Gwen, can you assure me that you have done nothing during the past year to draw any man into a proposal?"

Gwen looked first at the ceiling, then at the floor, then out of the window, but made no reply.

"You don't mean, sweetheart," continued the parent, "that you have lost your car?"

"I don't know."

"If you have I'm very sorry. I have put aside $5,000 for the purpose."

"Five thousand!"

"Yes."

Gwen was silent for awhile, then said, "I'm afraid, papa, that in order to win I'll have to get married."

"Don't do that unless you can give the man you marry your heart."

"I'm not quite certain about that."

"Whom have you drawn into your net?"

"George Underwood—only I fancy he drew me into his net."

"George is a splendid fellow."

"And the car he uses is a splendid car."

"What do you mean by that?"

"Why, you see, papa, when the end of my probation was coming and I was thinking what kind of car I should have I asked Mr. Underwood the kind he would recommend. He recommended one he used himself and offered to take me out in it. I just thought I would try him a little teeny weeny bit. Giving him an inch, he took an ell."

The father burst into a laugh and, taking his daughter in his arms, hugged her.

"Well, sweetheart," he said, "what are you going to do?"

"I can't possibly give up the auto."

"How about marrying George?"

"Oh, I suppose I'll have to swallow him."

"Good! When you make up your mind tell him so, and I'll order the car."

"I've told him already."

There was another kiss, and the parent went away to telephone his congratulations to Underwood. Desiring the young man for a son-in-law and having been asked by him for permission to pay his addresses to Gwen, Underwood had been apprised of the situation and enabled to take advantage of it.

And now an excellent husband and a numerous progeny have removed all temptation from Mrs. Underwood to flirt, and she is narrowly watching her oldest daughter, fearing that she may inherit her mother's delinquency.

When some men attempted to do things it looks like driving a railroad spike with a tack hammer.

A bank book only makes good reading if the mystic letters, "n. s. f." are not found in it.

A leading woman, on the stage or off, is a married one.

Winter Sports

SKATING SHOES

Are Now In Order And Call For **Skating SHOES**

We Have Some Splendid Styles
For
Ladies, Men and Boys

The **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros.
January Clearance Sale

will save you money on most any article you require, be it for present or future wear.

GREAT BARGAINS IN THE MEN'S SECTION ALL THIS WEEK.

75c. Men's warm Winter Shirts .... 49c.
$1.25 Men's Flannel Shirts $1.00
$1.00 Men's Wool Caps .... 65c.
$1.50 Men's striped Trousers, extra strong work pants, clearing at, pair .... 69c.
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Men's Heavy Grey Pure Wool Sox .... 4 pairs for $1.00
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CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' DRESSES

At prices that you will wonder at when you see the quality of the goods. Come at once. See these, as there is only a limited number. Here are a few notable offers:—

Children's Dresses suitable for Children ages 3 to 6 years, regular up to $2.50 values, clearing at $1.39
Reg. up to $1.25 values, clearing at .... 69c.
Reg. up to $3.00 values, clearing at $1.98

You can't afford to miss one day of this great sale, as there is no limit to the many bargains that are being offered.

McIntosh Bros

"THE PURCHASE of one thousand dollars worth of goods from your own town or your own country, instead of purchasing outside, means the addition of one person to your town or your country instead of supporting him abroad.

WOOLS

At the present time we have a large stock of Military and Fingering Yarns. As this Wool was secured under our old agreement, we have not had to advance our prices on this lot. Secure what you require soon.

Hockey Goods

Hockey Sticks, Hockey Gloves, Hockey Pads, Leg Guards, Pucks and Skate Straps all at popular prices.

THE BEEHIVE **CHAS. N. SULMAN**

"NO goods purchased abroad are cheap that take the place of our own labor and our own raw material."

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, 257 Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
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Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $2.00, strictly in advance.

This is the 525th day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany

FINANCE AND WAR.

A luminous and timely paper of more than common interest was read before the Royal Colonial Institute at the first meeting of the present session, by Mr. Ellis Powell. Mr. Powell, who is well-known as the author of a work on "The Evolution of the Money Market," chose for his lecture an important chapter of the same great subject—the alliance between the British Empire and the Money Market. From the moment when the war broke out it was recognized that sound finance would be the mainstay of Great Britain and her allies in the tremendous conflict. The enemy knew this and had done his worst to bring about financial disaster in London. That his machinations failed was due to the fact that the Empire was protected by "The adamantine bastions of modern finance." In tracing the development of that gigantic organism in relation to the British monarchy, Mr. Powell fixed upon the period that saw the Black Death, the battle of Crecy, the reign of the Second Richard and the rise of Wycliffe for its first manifestations. With its beginnings the commutation of feudal dues from payments in service or kind to money payments was closely associated. By the year 1450 the change was practically complete. With the change money began to be "a socially invigorating and inspiring force." But for nearly two centuries more the British people continued to be but backward pupils in the school of finance. They were slow to comprehend the principles of aggregation and investment. Instead of investing, they hoarded. Just as fast as coin was put into circulation it vanished from sight. Down even to the close of the Tudor regime, English wills give amazing illustrations of this habit. Mr. Powell cites a will of 1597 in which Richard Bellasis, bequeathing £64 to his sister, explains that the money is "within a litelle poursee of silke ribbon, within a littell lether bagg, which is put within a white lether showe, and lieth in the west end of the highest floore of the presser in my stodye at Morton where the glasses stand." The testator also mentions £500 "in current coine of goulde of several sorts all which is now lapped up in one several thinne piece of lead." Another sum is in a hollow place in a wall, and another in an "ould barrell in the storehouse." There was, indeed, one form of investment among the wealthy. They put much of their money into gold plate, and thus the craft of the goldsmith grew into the business of the bankers. At a time when safety for money deposits was not easily attained, their shops became trusted repositories of wealth. About the beginning of the 17th century it was becoming usual to receive interest for money deposited. It became a loan bearing interest. In 1571 the maximum was ten per cent. In 1624 it fell to eight, and twenty years later to six. In the last year of Queen Anne's reign, it was reduced to 5. In 1824 the usury laws were all repealed and people were left to make their own bargains.

A stage of great interest and importance in the development of finance was reached about the middle of the 16th century when "aggregated capital took the joint-stock form. The individual dies; the company lives from age to age." The merchant adventurers of England first banded themselves together for the discovery of lands, dominions and seigniories and for the extension of commerce in the reign of Queen Mary Tudor. Before the close of the 17th century three great corporations on the pages of Imperial history had been organized—the East India, the Royal African and the Hudson Bay Companies. "In the existence of these early Empire-building companies," says Mr. Powell, "lies my justification for speaking of a three hundred years' alliance between the Empire and the Money Market. Imperialism and joint-stock enterprise are twins, born in the same era—the 16th century—and of the same parent, Finance." During the 17th century the goldsmiths developed into bankers, and what Avebury called the Union Jack of Commerce (the cheque) became known in the mechanism of exchange. The Jews, who returned to England in the Cromwellian regime after an exile of 350 years, did much towards the accomplishment of the revolution, bringing that "capacity for subtle financial finesse which is not part of the racial endowment of the British people." In 1694 the Bank of England was founded, the sum of £1,200,000 having been subscribed in a few hours. A noteworthy provision—quite intelligible to those who carefully read the history of the Stuart period—was to the effect that, if the Bank advanced any money whatever to the Crown without the special permission of Parliament, it was to forfeit treble the value of its advances. The country was then undergoing the strain of a war, and then, as in later times, the Bank rendered adequate help. Gradually the Bank won recognition as the Banker of the Government. After 1751 it was tacitly admitted that the Bank of England alone should be entrusted with the management of the public debt. Still there was no formal contract. While it was banker to the Government, it was never a Government bank; nor does the Government own any bank stock. "But the fact of being banker to the Government and necessarily in its financial confidence has been one of the most powerful of the many influences which have combined to build up the primacy of Threadneedle street." The country bankers look upon the Bank of England as their model, and their knowledge of the bank's high standards had a moral effect which they could not resist. They were the better and stronger for the discipline of the stern schoolmaster."

The prestige of the Bank of England from Culloden to the Revolutionary and Napoleonic Wars was constantly increasing. When Waterloo was fought, it was no longer to be challenged. It dominated London and held the financial supremacy of the world. On the finance of which it was the centre depended British success in the Napoleonic struggle. Fifty years after Waterloo the Overend-Gurney crisis and its crash occurred and twenty-five years later the Baring trouble, and its remedy. Twenty years later the Bank of England inaugurated periodical meetings of the great bankers. Thus was organized an inner cabinet of finance. Four years afterwards the nation, the Government and the banks were face to face with the most trying emergency that the Empire's history has known. Then, says Mr. Powell, was demonstrated to the world magnificently and conclusively "the beneficent power of modern finance as a bulwark of civilization." And that Mr. Powell's seemingly reasonable optimism may be justified and his best hopes fulfilled is the earnest prayers of millions of people within the British Empire and beyond its confines.

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"GANOOK."

The present war is beginning to remind one of the story of the fight between an Irishman and a German that took place before Serbia exploded a bombshell in Europe.

The two battlers agreed before the fight that when either had had enough they should cry out "Ganook," which in the German language means enough. They went at it hammer and tongs, and within a few minutes the German had the Irishman thoroughly whipped, but the Irishman never said a word and the German continued to pound him. Finally the Irishman turned on the Teuton and gave him an awful drubbing, and the German yelled out "Ganook! Ganook!" The Irishman paused and looked at his opponent and then blurted out, "Begorra, I've been tryin' to think o' that word for the last fifteen minutes."

In the early stages of this great war, if the Allies had known any word that would have brought about peace, they undoubtedly would have used it, but as it was they had to take a severe beating before they were in any shape to fight, and now that they are beginning to crowd the Hun it is not surprising that they are beginning to hear a faint echo of the German calling "Ganook! Ganook!"

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GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From The Daily Intelligencer, Jan. 10 1868.

The school elections are as follows:—

Ketcheson Ward — Messrs. Thos Wills and Merrick Sawyer.

Baldwin Ward—Messrs. Jas. Smith and W. A. Shepard.

Coleman Ward—Messrs. Geo. Walton and E. J. Sisson.

Samson Ward—Messrs. F. McAnnany and Chas. L. Coleman.

A terrible affair occurred at Owensburg, Tenn., when Sheriff Parkington attempted to arrest an old man named Duncan. Duncan drew a pistol and shot off the Sheriff's thumb. Parkington's son then fired, killed Duncan, whose son coming up at the moment fired, killing young Parkington instantly. Seeing his son slain, Parkington then shot young Duncan through the heart. Owing to the extensive relations of both parties, further trouble is apprehended.

Rev. Thomas Baker and six native missionaries have been eaten by the Fiji Islanders.

Current Comment

Not Strange.

It is strange why the London Globe should think that "nothing has been more remarkable in this war than the whole-hearted manner in which the overseas dominions have come to the assistance of the mother country in men, money and material." "We be of the blood," and should our conduct have reflected supineness or indifference, it would certainly have been a potent indication of our unworthiness of the high heritage to which we proudly lay claim.—Hamilton Spectator.

As It Should Be.

The British War Office has at last announced the establishment of a rule by which the soldier in the ranks who serves his country in battle is to get his deserts. Officers' commissions are to go to the men who have served their time in the ranks, with preference given to those who have seen active service in the various fields of fighting. This is as it should be. There has been far too little promotion from the ranks. Many privates and N.C.O's who are given medals for bravery and ability would be better rewarded and the nation better served if they were placed in positions in which their bravery and ability would be utilized to greater advantage.—Stratford Beacon.

English Navy and American Trade.

The other day when the British authorities seized the United States mail coming from Europe we were angry. We cried out loudly and rightly, perhaps, against this high-handed proceeding.

England has interfered with our sea rights to a certain extent, at certain points and in certain ways. But it cannot be denied that, on the whole, the British navy has rendered inestimable service to our commercial interests.

She has restricted our trade with Holland and Scandinavia, and our German trade is non est. But the big sea highways are open and our total volume of overseas trade has grown enormously. Our export returns are the biggest in the history of this country and at the present time the United States leads the world in exports.

This we could not possibly have done had the British navy not patrolled the seas and policed its waters.

It is fitting that we insist that the emergency measures adopted by Britain shall be revoked as soon as possible. But it is extremely imprudent and foolish to keep dogging a power without whose protection of the seas our commerce would have been reduced to a beggarly trifle.—Buffalo News.

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The Poets' Corner

A Song of the Sword.

I am the Sword;
Yea, babble of peace as ye will,
I am the Master still;
For mine is the ultimate word,
When I speak, naught else is heard.

Since ever the world began
I have been lord of man;
When the first anvil rang
'Twas of the sword it sang,
And the forge of Tubal roared
As he hammered the ruddy sword.

Sceptre and orb and crown
At the flash of my wrath sink down,
While the bat spreads dusky wings
O'er the urns of mighty kings
That I broke and cast aside
And crushed in their pomp and pride.
For those I love I crown,
And those I hate, cast down.

Potent to slay or shield,
Lord of the stricken field,
Where flaunting pennons stream
And sparkling lances gleam,
Men come to be judged by me
And I utter the Last Decree,
For I am the Sword,
And, babble of peace as ye will
I am the Master still.

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SECURE AGAINST BLOCKADE.

No Navy In the World Big Enough to Patrol All Our Seaports.

Apropos of blockades the United States occupies a unique position among nations. A blockade of its seaports is absolutely impossible. There are not ships enough in the world to achieve it. Between Bangor, in Maine, and Corpus Christi, in Texas, there are forty ports connected by rail with the vast network of iron rail which extends over all parts of our country.

There are forty ports where cotton and wheat and cattle and canned and salted foods could be placed on shipboard, and a foreign power could no more blockade all of them at once than it could prevent the shad and the salmon from swimming up our rivers to spawn.

In the event of war we would be immune from invasion except from Canada. Invasion of any great nation, or at least continued armed occupation of the soil of any great nation which is separated by an ocean from its adversary, is practically an impossibility. There might be some places where foes could land, but there would be no place where they could re-embark, for those who came would stay. A foreign flag would never float over any interior city.

Fascinated.

The woman sitting opposite me in my hotel dining room spoke French to the waitress fluently, but there was an untidiness about her letter "r" that betokened English, and a wateriness about her eye that I thought betokened liquor. She was aged and—for all the world—she was "Sairey Gamp." She ate her tripe flauntingly. And she ate it voluptuously—not sectioning it with knife or fork, but rolling it omelette wise about her fork like an Italian with macaroni, and I followed each mouthful with my hungry eyes and opened my own mouth slightly each time and thrilled at her dexterity as when I watch a motorcar being lowered into the open hatchway of a ship.

Oddest Parasite In Creation.

The royal Bengal tiger is infested with one of the strangest creatures that ever lived. It is said to be a fact easily demonstrated or proved by one who has access to a zoological collection that the web of the foot of tigers of the above named species is inhabited by a bloodsucking insect about the size of a common flea which is a perfect counterpart of a tiger in every particular, shape, claws, tail and stripes included.

Cynical.

The Maid—I found a four leaved clover this morning. There's an old saying that the finder will be married within a year. The Bachelor—Indeed! I was under the impression that the finding of a four leaved clover was an omen of good luck.

Its Class.

"Is this a first class postoffice?" inquired the stranger.

"It's as good as you'll find in these parts," retorted the native, with justifiable local pride.

Frugality is founded on the principle that all riches have limits.—Burke

A Painter's Troubles.

The desire of the Bank of England officials to discover forgers has sometimes led to curious mistakes. On one occasion the painter, George Morland, in his eagerness to avoid his duns, retired to an obscure hiding place in Hackney, where his anxious looks and secluded manner of life induced some of his neighbors to believe him a forger of notes then in existence. The directors, on being informed, dispatched some dexterous detectives to the residence, but Morland's suspicions were aroused by their movements in front of the house and, thinking them bailiffs, escaped from the back to London. Mrs. Morland informed the visitors of her husband's name and showed them some unfinished pictures. The facts were reported to the directors, who presented Morland with two twenty-pound notes by way of compensation for the alarm.

The Jellyfish.

The bay of Naples abounds in medusae, or jellyfish, often growing as large as two feet in diameter and weighing fifty and sixty pounds. Some of them shine at night with a greenish light and are known as noctiluca (night lanterns) by the natives. The jellyfish sometimes make migrations in great groups, sometimes so large and so thick as to impede the navigation of vessels, like the floating plants in the Sargasso sea of the tropics. These shoals of medusae, as they are called, may be so dense that a piece of timber plunged in among them will be held upright as if stuck in the mud, and ordinary rowboats cannot force their way through them. Their migrations have never been explained. They are irregular and occur at no particular season of the year and under no particular influences.

Old English Bribery.

Bribery, according to an expert on the subject, first became a recognized mode of securing votes in the reign of Charles I. It was afterward improved upon by George III., who lost no opportunity of enforcing its claims as a good vote getter. "If," he wrote to his chief adviser on one occasion, "the Duke of Northumberland requires some gold pills for the election it would be wrong not to satisfy him." The king was not altogether selfish in this matter of spending money, for the gold pills came out of his own medicine chest, the civil list, whereas his successors drew upon the secret service cash for the corruption of the voters.—London Chronicle.

Pursuing an Elephant.

Any one who has once followed a traveling elephant will not show any undue haste to repeat the amusement, said a man who has hunted big game in Africa. The elephants sail along at an average pace of six miles an hour, regardless of the country, and stop for a bath or a short siesta perhaps once every three days. Anything more exasperating than following very fresh spoor at a dog trot hour after hour in a blazing sun, only to find at a late hour in the afternoon that one was forty miles from camp, with no food or water anywhere in sight and that the elephant had increased his lead from one mile to ten, it would be difficult to imagine.—Exchange.

Shall Woman Propose?

Of course women should propose. It is women who change their entire lives by matrimony; it is women who take on colossal responsibility by matrimony. The woman should surely be allowed to choose the man for whom she feels herself able to work and give.

Men propose; men have had it all in their own hands up to now, and if they have married the wrong woman they have only themselves to blame for it.—Women of the World.

Nutmegs as Medicine.

A drowsy state after meals is what we should welcome, for it is the most favorable condition for good digestion. Nutmegs may produce it because their effect is to increase the flow of gastric juice. The nutmeg is much used by doctors as a remedy in weak digestion. If one has a keen appetite he does not need nutmeg, for appetite is the most powerful stimulant of the flow of gastric juice. If the appetite is not good the digestion will be feeble, and then the addition of a little nutmeg will be found of benefit.—London Answers.

Just Suited.

"Why do you go with that young man? He isn't making enough money to be married."

"But he is making enough money to provide theater seats and auto rides for Tuesdays and Fridays, and I have those evenings to spare."

Rubbing It In.

He—If you find me so lacking in the qualities you admire, why on earth did you ever marry me? She—There you go making things worse. You know very well I dislike particularly being asked questions that admit of no reasonable answer.

Premonitory.

Junior—So you didn't propose to her, after all? Weed—No. And I'm not going to. When I got to her house I found her chasing a mouse with a broom.

Hereditary.

Hoax—Poor old Henpecke has to mind the baby. Joax—Yes. It's wonderful how that baby takes after its mother.

Bad men excuse their faults; good men leave them.—Johnson.

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Even if it it leap year, girls, don't jump at every one in khaki.

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When Greek joins Greek then will come the Bulgar war.

The Gentle Bloodhound.

No real reason exists for the common belief that the bloodhound is a fierce animal, ready to tear the person whom it may be tracking to pieces. It is, on the contrary, rather noted for its gentleness, even seeming timid, unless especially trained to attack. The origin of the breed, according to Count Le Couteulx de Canteleu, the greatest living authority on the subject, is from the St. Hubert of St. Hubert's abbey in the Ardennes. It dates from the earliest ages, and the breed certainly existed in the time of the Gauls. As regards the name bloodhound, the Count Le Couteulx believes that when fox hunting in something like its present form was instituted it was found that the sleuthhound was not fast enough for the purpose, and the present foxhound was evolved from various material, and about this time it became usual in speaking of the old hound of the country to call him the bloodhound, meaning the hound of pure blood (as might be said of a blooded horse), to distinguish him from the new hound or foxhound. There is only one breed of pure, genuine bloodhounds, and that is the English.

Geometry.

Plato is said to have written over his door. "Let no one ignorant of geometry enter here." Today such a restriction would reduce his visiting list. Perhaps outside the professional mathematicians he would have no one at all. All the artists, the philanthropists, the historians, to say nothing of those ladies and gentlemen of leisure whose critical faculties are so importantly developed nowadays, would certainly be absent and, worse still, would suffer very little at their exclusion. Yet, going back into the centuries for guests, a distinguished company might have been assembled of those who without being famous merely for mathematical studies, were known to have understood and loved the subject. The Greek philosophers would have been there in a body, Alphonse X., Omar Khayyam, Albert Durer, Leonardo da Vinci, Descartes, Pascal, Napoleon and Lewis Carroll.—Exchange.

Preparedness.

Obadiah, trying to cross the field where the bull was, attracted the attention of the beast, whereupon began a foot race of great personal interest to Obadiah. His neighbor, Silas, saw the race start in a fair field and saw Obadiah putting his best foot forward and mending his gait at every step in an eagerness to make the creek, a good mile away. Obadiah, legging it at the peak of his effort, managed to make the bank a scant few feet in advance of the bull and essayed to leap the thirty feet between the banks. He landed in the middle of the creek. Silas observed this dispassionately and looked back over the mile of field with a judging eye. He hitched his shoulder and spoke:

"You cert'nly can't spect to jump that creek, Obadiah, 'thout gittin' a longer runnin' start 'n that."

Bleeding by Bowshot.

That all diseases can be cured by bleeding is still firmly believed by several savage tribes and especially by the Papuan negroes. When one of their physicians becomes convinced that it is necessary to bleed a patient he goes several feet in front of him, and then, drawing his bow he fits a sharp pointed arrow to it and, after careful aim, fires the arrow into the vein which he desires to open. The arrow, it is said, invariably goes straight to the mark, and the thorn or splinter of glass with which it is tipped does the work as successfully as a lancet. Moreover, the patients never show the slightest fear, since they are convinced that from the moment the arrows pierce their veins they will begin to recover.

True to the Pole.

The needle of the compass does not always point directly north. It is subject to daily and yearly variations, as well as those which require centuries to complete. The needle is, however, "true to the pole," although it shifts thus every hour in the day. It does so only in obedience to the laws which control its action. Variations which are constantly taking place in the terrestrial magnetism produce corresponding changes in the needle.

Mercury's Accident.

"What's the matter with your office boy?"

"He hurt himself while running when I sent him on an errand the other day."

"Come off! You don't mean to say"—

"I do. He never did the errand, but he found out why a horse had fallen down in the street.'

Can This Be True?

"Why is it that you never hear of any female after dinner speakers?" asked the old fogy.

"I suppose it's because a woman tells all she knows before dinner is half over," replied the grouch.

Well Satisfied.

"Old Grabber ought to be satisfied with the money he has."

"He is satisfied—so much so that he wants a lot more of exactly the same kind."—London Tit-Bits.

Genuine Faith Cure.

Towne—Do I understand you to say that Spencer's case was really a faith cure? Browne—Yes. You see, the doctor and the druggist both trusted him. —Exchange.

Charles Kingsley flung this sentence into the balance on the side of marriage: "People talk of love ending at the altar. Fools!"

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The man who goes oft to his "uncle" will not keep watch successfully.

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Germany should get all the rubber it needs out of its elastic conscience.

Echo of Sound.

An echo is a sound reflected from a distant surface. Sound is produced by waves or pulses of the air, and when those waves come in contact with a cliff or wall or other opposing surface they are reflected like light or heat, and the returning waves cause a repetition of the sound. The word echo is of Greek origin. According to ancient mythology, it was the name of a mountain nymph, daughter of the air and the earth. Echo was one of Juno's attendants, but her loquacity displeased Jupiter, so she was deprived of the power of speech by Juno and permitted to answer only when she was spoken to. Afterward Echo fell in love with a beautiful youth named Narcissus and was changed into a stone, which still retained the power of voice. Milton personifies her thus:

Sweet Echo, sweetest nymph, that liv'st unseen
Within thy airy shell,
By slow Meander's margent green,
Canst thou not tell me of a gentle pair
That likest thy Narcissus are?

Diamond Back Terrapin.

To select a real diamond back terrapin amateurs should be guided by these distinguishing and characteristic markings: It is of a greenish, dark olive color, sometimes running to spotted gray, yellow on the plate which surrounds the shell and has concentric dark stripes along the plate on both shells. The sides of the head are a dirty white, sprinkled with small black spots. The bottom shell is of whitish yellow. The males are much larger than the females and have the concentric streaks much better defined. The female has the more delicate flesh. The male can be distinguished by his toe nails, which are much longer than those of the female.

Thunder at Sea.

The Astronomical Society of France has again taken up the discussion which has been before it on several previous occasions, and that is the statement that thunder is never heard at sea. The statement was originally attributed to Baron von Humboldt, and it has been frequently questioned, but those who insist that they have heard thunder at sea have also stated that the peals were not so loud as on land. A large number of seamen have been found to agree with the scientist, although it is suggested that the other noises prevailing on shipboard during a storm may be the reason why the thunder often passes unnoticed.

Maker of Dictionaries Not Envied.

Can any one envy the maker of dictionaries? To Sir James Murray the readers were drawn in, those who were to garner words. Some hundred thousand "works" were examined by a staff of assistants with two eyes and a bit of brain, and they may have got the spelling right. But think of the task of the searcher, going through the books he loves in the search for a word! And missing all else. For the man with the demand upon him would read the Bible with one eye for misprints. No such torture for the lover of literature could be devised like the making of a dictionary.—London Chronicle.

The Word "Slave."

An interesting instance in history of the twisted application of the names of a people is afforded by the case of the word "slave." Now, the Slavi, tribes dwelling on the banks of the Dnieper, derived their appellation from "Slav," meaning noble or illustrious. In the days of the later Roman empire vast numbers of these Slavs were taken over by the Romans in the condition of captive servants, and in this way the name of the tribes came in time to carry with it the idea of a low state of servitude, the exact antithesis of its original meaning and one that has survived to this time.

Courtesy.

Shall courtesy be done only to the rich and only by the rich?

In good breeding, which differs, if at all, from high breeding only as it gracefully remembers the rights of others rather than gracefully insists on its own rights, I discern no special connection with wealth or birth, but rather that it lies in human nature itself, and is due from all men toward all men.—Carlyle.

The Gobelin Factory.

The Gobelin factory was founded in 1515 by Francis I., who scoured Europe for the artists and the makers of beautiful things who could bring luster to the capital of France. Under his auspices came Leonardo da Vinci, and he it was who laid the foundations for the collections of statuary and paintings that have made Paris famous. The Gobelin tapestry factory was among the least of his undertakings.

The Pessimist.

"I've had an offer for my house. A man wants to pay me $3,000 more than it cost me."

"You'll accept, of course."

"Yes, but I'm afraid the man's relations will find out he's crazy before I can close the deal."—Exchange.

Parnassus Grass.

The beautiful grass of Parnassus, which is found in marshy quarters of Great Britain, derives its name from its supposed origin on Mount Parnassus.

So Feminine.

Lottie—I wouldn't be in Kittie's shoes for anything in the world. Hattie—Of course not. They'd hurt you terribly.

Well Married.

In ancient Media it was regarded as a reproach to a man to have fewer than seven wives.

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Best way to preserve the peach is to put it on the shelf too high for the kids to reach.

Kingsbeer
"Club Special" & "Home Brew"
The Best Two Lagers Made in Canada
Consumers who cannot purchase KINGSBEER from their local dealer please address "Mail Order Department, 36 Chaboillez Square, Montreal."

"Truth Dexter"

By

SIDNEY McCALL

CHAPTER XXVIII

Annunciation

The next day, as though in atonement for a week of rain, came in warm, windless, and full of sunshine. The long galleries and mossy shingled roofs sent up blue clouds of mist; the ground smoked like a furnace. All the birds of the forest awoke at once. Crows, jay-birds, thrushes, red-birds, yellow-hammers, and mocking-birds chattered in a community of domestic joy, and hopped from limb to limb, carrying in tight-closed beaks small bits of straw and moss, more precious now than the most thrilling of songs.

Truth wondered whether it was the effect of the day or whether indeed her grandmother's morning greeting hinted of tenderness unfelt before. Certainly the minute inquiries about her health were unusual.

During that day no reference was made to the conversation of the previous night, not even when Truth saw a thick letter intrusted to Nickey's care.

Avoidance suited Truth's mood. The agony of mind through which she had passed brought, as reaction, a sort of desperate turning to impersonality. She threw herself into the arms of the day, more than content to wander, unthinking and unremembering, among budding shrubs and springing grass. The warm and perfumed air intoxicated like a drug; realities dissolved with the mists of morning.

The following day shamed the first for brightness. Immediately after breakfast Mrs. Dexter announced her intention of airing a certain old trunk while the sunshine lasted. Truth was fascinated by the provocation in her grandmother's smile. Could it be entirely her own fancy that gave that secretive sparkle to the old lady's eyes, that quizzical, almost jocose intonation to every spoken word?

Mrs. Dexter, like all good Southern housekeepers, had two great housecleanings a year. One took place in Autum, in which summer draperies, hall mattings and linen chair-covers were scrubed or boiled, according to their kind, after which neat straw casings received them for the winter. Summer garments were "rough-dried" and stored away in "deer-tongue" and chipped cedar wood. Andirons were repolished and set into place; quilts exhumed from scented nooks, winter clothing unpacked, sunned and hung, ready for use, in the big wardrobes. The spring cleaning was, naturally, a reversal of this entire process; but in both the old house underwent a scourge of scrubbing-brushes, and yellow soap. Particular care had always attended the order of procedure; so many days were given ta "beating," so many to scrubbing, and the last allotted to examining and repacking old trunks. When, therefore, Truth heard the order given to bring from the remotest attic closet the most venerable of all these sarcophagi of memory, she was justified in feeling something more than ordinary surprise.

The old lady bustled upstairs, her keys jangling as she went. Following her appeared the entire household force,—Uncle Norah, Nickey, Poline, the maid, Aunt Big Mary, and, as a recruit, long Sam Turner of the stables.

When at last the heavy box stood in Mrs. Dexter's bedroom, and the servants had vanished, Truth, with an effort at interest, remarked, "What a queer, old-fashioned trunk it is, with that round top, and the brass nails! I don't seem to remember seeing that one before."

"No, it has not been brought down often. It was my weddin-trunk. We thought it very fine in those days."

With the opening of the lid Truth's interest increased. Across the inside, on the curving top, a procession of fashionable belles of the period appeared, simpering "Amelias" in unbelievable hoop-skirts, and with small ruffled parasols held daintily.

Truth laughed. "Did you ever dress like that, grandma?"

"Indeed, I did! I have such a dress and bonnet in this very trunk, the one I was wearing when your grandpa first saw me." A faint flush stole into the withered cheeks. Truth laughed again, teasingly, at which the blush deepened.

The old lady stooped over and began turning up the corners of articles folded in the upper tray. "There's nothing here but old letters and a few Confederate souvenirs. Now help me lift out the till. It's heavy! Carefully, dear!"

In the next "till" lay the dress of which she had spoken,—a pretty silk of cherry color and black, in tiny checks; very small and plain in the waist, but with a skirt like a circus-tent. The bonnet was crushed beyond recognition of a shape. The cherry bows showed streaks of faded yellow.

Something indescribably pathetic lives in old trunks. They are the true lurking-places of memory, the strongholds of the past. Museums and Art Galleries may shelter long lines of classified antiquity, but in a trunk the only method of classification is love. Useless things here are the precious; and the history of a broken heart is often written in a worn-out glove, a tawdry valentine, a little pair of toeless boots.

Truth kept her eyes lowered as the old lady lifted this dress, smoothed its wrinkled folds in silence, and laid it back.

Under the light, shallow tray the main part of the trunk appeared. Truth's attention flew to a large box of green pasteboard, very shiny, and with corners battered to a brown pulp.

"What's in that big green box?" she cried.

"What we're after," said Mrs. Dexter, importantly. "Come, help me lift it on the bed." Mrs. Dexter panted a little, more in excitement, it would seem, than from exertion. "It is for you to open, Truth."

"Me!" said Truth in surprise. She lifted the cover warily, as Pandora might have lifted her box. The odor of camphor and stored years flooded the room. Under a layer of tissue lay the long, white robe of an infant.

"A baby's dress!" said Truth in a tone of hushed wonder.

"That is not all. Take it out!"

Underneath spread a white petticoat, embroidered almost to the band, then a yellow flannel shirt, also heavily worked. A little cap came next, a tiny shirt, a jacket of faded pink, and last, a pair of tiny slippers of quilted white silk. Truth's hands trembled until she could scarcely hold the things. A faint embarrassment crept over her. "Why, grandma, you never showed me these before!"

"You might not have appreciated them before," rejoined the other, with a sort of chuckle.

"But whose were they. Why have you kept them so long?"

"This is a christening set. You wore it, and John, your father, before you. Such hand-work cannot be bought these day. Just look at that little shirt! It is like spider-webs!"

"Or meshes of moonbeams," said Truth, dreamily. She caressed the exquisite fabric in silence, and then thrust two fingers through the armholes. "I wonder why," she said at length, "baby-clothes makes you feel so funny,—with a sort of happy ache at your heart!" Mrs. Dexter watched every expression of her face as a chemist watches a changing fluid. Something in the old lady's shining eyes made Truth drop her own. She stooped to return the little garment, and, in doing so, caught sight of an old rattle, a bauble of pearl and tarnished silver. One of the four bells was broken; the remaining three gave out a stiff, flat tinkle. Truth toyed with it an instant, then threw it to the bed. "It sounds like the laughter of dead children," she said with a shudder.

Mrs. Dexter took it in her hand. "Not dead children, only dead years," she said with gentle reproof. "Our loved ones cannot die, for they live in our hearts. Look, Truth! Your first little teeth were cut on that handle. You can see the scratches yet!"

"I don't like sad, old things," said Truth, petulantly; "I like live, new ones!"

"That is good news," said Mrs. Dexter gravely, in a voice which she strove hard to make natural, "for it is about new ones that I was going to speak this morning. This is only a christening set, you see. All John's other baby-clothes I gave away during the war, and yours, poor child, were not worth perserving. We had lost everything, then. But we've got these as a beginning, and the best thing for us now is to add new ones as fast as we can."

"New ones!" echoed Truth, incredulously. The strange light burned again in her grandmother's eyes. A fit of trembling came, apparently without cause. "I—don't—know what you—mean—by new ones!"—but even as she spoke the angel's wing touched her.

Mrs. Dexter threw out both arms with a cry. "Oh, my baby! my Truthie! Have you never guessed?"

Truth stared a moment as one bereft of reason, then fell to her knees. The agony of dread and love and joy was almost too much. The old dizziness swept down, but this time it was with a feeling of physical rapture She could not meet Mrs. Dexter's eyes for the very poignant sweetness of her shame.

The innocence in which many young girls of the Suoth are still reared would seem incredible to their more advanced Northern sisters. Matrimony is a romantic mystery, nothing more! and realities which in themselves are pure, being of God's determination, seem to these poor vestals something to be endured in shame and silence. Absurd if may be, and archaim, and, in some sense, cruel; yet something may be said for a system which, in this pragmatic age, can yield the possibility of a new Annunciation.

To be Continued.

Is Your House a Home—or is it a collection of brick walls, carpets, chairs and tapestries? Make it a home by serving for breakfast Shredded Wheat, the food of health and strength. Being ready-cooked it is so easy to prepare a delicious meal with Shredded Wheat in a few minutes. Contains all the goodness of the whole wheat—better than porridges for children or grown-ups. Made in Canada.

CIVIC IMPROVEMENT LEAGUE OF CANADA

The Conference of the new Civic Improvement League of Canada, to be held in Ottawa on the 20th inst., is likely to be one of the most important municipal gatherings that have ever been held in the Dominion. The Conference will be held in the large Railway Committee room of the House of Commons, and representatives are likely to be present from all the nine provinces. Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, and other large cities will be officially represented. Among the principal speakers will be Sir John William (Chairman and the Hon. J. W. Hanna, Provincial Secretary of Ontario.

It is anticipated that municipal questions will be dealt wth under three main heads, namely:

Municipal Government and Finance, Immigration, Unemployment and Public Health Housing, Town Planning and Local Improvements.

It is agreed that there is urgent need for discussion of the many civic problems that have already arisen and are likely to arise in the future as a result of the war. Great interest has been aroused in the new movement in all parts of the Dominion and there is extraordinary unanimity with regard to the need for a national organization to study and discuss municipal problems.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

The "RIDEAU," to Ottawa
Popular Afternoon Train
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LAKE ONTARIO SHORE
Leaves Toronto 1.45 p.m. for Whitby, Oshawa, Bowmanville, Port Hope, Cobourg, Trenton, Belleville, Kingston,
arrives OTTAWA 10.00 p.m.
CENTRAL STATION.
Sparks St., at Chateau Laurier.

THE "YORK"

Leaves Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leaves Belleville	5.32 p.m.
Arrives Toronto	9.30 p.m.

THE "TRANSCANADA"
From TORONTO Daily
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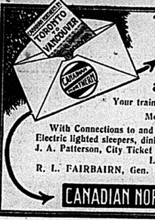

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With Connections to and from all Western Points.
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R. L. FAIRBAIRN, Gen. Pass. Agent, Toronto, Ont.

CANADIAN NORTHERN ALL THE WAY

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—35650

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Preemption patent my be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388

THE VALUE OF TRUTH

Truth in business is just as important as truth in every-day life; truth creates confidence, establishes good-will and builds a reliability that will not be wrecked by the storms of competition.

Through three generations people have learned to place reliance on the advertised words of Scott's Emulsion, because they are untarnished, unexaggerated truisms about a household remedy of real and actual worth.

The popularity of Scott's Emulsion is increasing as intelligence advances, because in these days of adulterations it continues to guarantee pure cod liver oil medicinally perfected with glycerine and hypophosphites to build strength, improve the blood and strengthen the lungs. It is free from harmful drugs—a wholesome food-tonic, truthfully advertised.

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Maritime Express	8.15 a.m.	DAILY

Through Sleepers, Montreal to Halifax.

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Newfoundland,

The NATIONAL

TORONTO TO WINNIPEG
Leaves 10.45 p.m., Tues., Thurs., Sat.
Arr. 3.50 p.m., Thurs., Sat., Mon.

Tickets and sleeping car reservations.. Apply E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto, Ont.

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GENUINE
SCRANTON
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42 Bridge St.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

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OTHER HEALTH RESORTS.

Mount Clemens, Mich.; Battle Creek, Mich.; St. Catharines, Well., Ont.; Preston Springs, Ont.

Further particulars on application to Grand Trunk Agents.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 7.30 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate points—6.25 a.m

Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—†6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 5.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *3.40 a.m.

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

†Deseronto only.

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville Ont.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily
No. 16—2.00 a.m.—Fast train, flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7.00 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m.—Express, daily.
No. 28—5.45 p.m.—Local, passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19—2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 15—4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.
No. 29—7.00 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.29 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1—3.05 p.m.—International Limited, daily.
No. 7—4.55 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'.

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North

	Leave.	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.56 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1915.

GOING EAST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.50 p.m.	2.58 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

GOING WEST.
MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.18 p.m	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

	Daily except Sunday
Going East	
Leave Toronto	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	4.32 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m
Leave Belleville	5.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.30 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent.

Belleville Business Directory

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column or calling at The Intelligencer Business Office, full information may be obtained.

MINING.

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE

Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

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All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.
Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts.

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Automobile Storage and Car Repairing
Supplies
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Call and see us, whether you do business or not, at

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GREENLEAF & SON
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BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up	$16,000,000
Rest	$16,000,000

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Banking hours, 10 to 3.. Saturday 10 to 3.

R TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

Maybe you've noticed that the women who saw on that antique wheeze "The way to a man's heart is through his stomach" are themselves generally able to make a pretty sizable mess of shoulder and greens take a joke.

An Austrian has discovered a way to make auto tires out of wood fibre. Great people these Teutons are for offering "something just as good."

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Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.

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Iusurance Agent
Has Removed to 229 Front Street
Next to Riggs' Music Store

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ROBERT BOGLE

MERCANTILE AGENCY.
Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed. Office, 28 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY

Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way. Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.
W. R. Vallance, Mgr. Phone 336.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front St., Belleville. Phone 548.
LEE CHEW.

ENGINEERING.

J. D. Evans, C.E. & O.L.S. — **J. W. EVANS, C.E. & M.E.**

EVANS & EVANS
Civil and Mining Engineers and Ontario Land Surveyors.
Belleville and Trenton.
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ASELSTINE'S MOTOR BUS, CAB & AUTO LIVERY

Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tired, for weddings, private driving or funerals The finest turnouts in town. Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection. Phone 229.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers. Apply to

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Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St., Belleville.

LEGAL.

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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell St. Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates.
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Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.
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Solicitors for Union Bank.

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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.
Belleville, Madoc and Tweed.
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W. C. MIKEL, K.C.
D. E. K. STEWART.

W. D. M. SHOREY

Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg. Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms. Office: 8 Campbell St., Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England

Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

Those who forget today seldom remember tomorrow.

Petulance is a shadow that clouds the sunshine of life.

A Common Sense Decision

The Story of One Born to Society

By MARTHA V. MONROE

David Bartlett, from the day he began to talk, showed that he would be a stutterer. As soon as he grew old enough to be taught anything his parents made every effort to overcome a blemish that was sure to seriously interfere with his career. But despite the fact that they placed him under the care of various persons who pretended to be able to cure him, the defect remained.

The greater the loss from an imperfection the more aggravating the case. From early boyhood David gave promise of future prominence could he be freed from his unfortunate impediment. In schools he showed an originality that surprised his teachers. In college it was admitted that were he able to speak easily he would be a leader in debate. He made one attempt to address his fellow students, but so lamentable was his failure that he never tried again. On graduating he was assigned one of the principal parts because he was entitled to the honor, but the college authorities well knew that his defect would compel him to decline it.

By this time Bartlett was a man among men and received from them the forbearance and sympathy due him. In his childhood it had been different. Children who do not realize the misfortunes of others are cruel to one another. From the time David was old enough to have playmates he received now and again jests and laughter upon his misfortune. Boys are more unsparing of one another than girls, and, though David's immediate companions learned to pass his defect unnoticed, no sooner was he thrown in with a strange boy than his first failure of utterance was received with laughter.

This drove him from playmates of his own sex, and, being a boys' boy, he did not care to be relegated to the companionship of girls. There was one girl, however, whom he favored because she was not favored by girls of her own age. Mildred Swayne suffered from a misfortune similar to that of David Bartlett. She was born with a contraction of certain muscles of the face which, when she was pleased or amused, brought a contortion instead of a smile.

Those persons who have similar defects are apt to shun one another. The reason for this may be more easily understood than expressed. It is enough to say that it springs from sensitiveness. David must have overdone this sensitiveness so far as Mildred was concerned. At any rate, he rose above it and showed his sympathy for her by juvenile attention to her. He was not ashamed in children's gatherings to pair off with her, though he knew that his doing so subjected him and her to being considered two unfortunates whom others would not care to favor. Mildred, notwithstanding her boy friend's impediment, was very proud of his attentions and always stopped him for a chat when they met.

Nowhere do we find more pure selfishness than in that society which considers itself the elite and into which those who are without its pale are striving to enter. Favors are not bestowed simply from liking or admiration, but for an expected return, the returns usually being invitations. David Bartlett was not in a position at the age of twenty-two to entertain his friends. He was also handicapped by his speech impediment. Nothing remained but intellectual and moral worth, a very poor stock with which to shine in what is called society. David's parents had occupied a social position in their younger days and expected him to do the same. His manner would have entitled him to such even without his brilliancy, but he found that his inability to return favors gave those who were really his inferiors an advantage over him, and his defect of speech caused him to be shunned wherever it was possible without gross rudeness. Therefore, notwithstanding the desire of his mother that he should occupy that social position to which he was born, he one day resolved that he would not accept another invitation to a society function.

David disappeared from society without being missed. Indeed, his dropping out was rather a relief to ladies who were old friends of his mother and who felt obliged to invite him to their houses. This is not surprising. Charity there is in the world, but there is always a well defined dividing line between it and sacrifice. Soon after David began to decline invitations he disappeared from the scenes of his childhood and youth and was forgotten by all except his parents, a few intimate friends and Mildred Swayne, who, having finished her education for a teacher, entered upon her duties in a grammar school.

* * * * * * *

"Oh, heavens," exclaimed a girl at an evening social function, "there's that David Bartlett! I haven't met him anywhere in an age. I must slip out or I'll have to speak to him, and if I do I shall have to endure him for the whole evening unless some one comes up to take me away from him."

"It's two years since he left home. I understand that he has been cured of his stuttering."

"You don't mean it! How did he do that?"

"No one knows. Some say he cured himself. Some say he was cured by a process that he is pledged not to reveal. No one can get any information about the process except those who suffer from an impediment of speech. To such persons he will reveal his method, but to no one else."

David Bartlett had returned to his home cured of his defect. Occasionally he would pause for a moment while speaking and seem to be going through some mental formula, but even this was growing less and less frequent. He had been studying the profession of the law during his absence and soon after his return was admitted to the bar. Those society ladies who had known him before his departure did not long shun him, for he was admitted to be one of the most entertaining men in society.

While social position is gained or maintained by a rendering of what society demands, it is a mistake to suppose that its requirements are those things which can alone be bought with money. A society composed of those who have nothing but wealth to recommend them is very dull. The success of favorites in society has often been due to conversational powers. David Bartlett was full of ideas that he knew how to express in a manner to insure their appreciation. While he had suffered from his defect ladies had tried to get out of his way. After his cure many a woman, bored by a man who knew nothing out of the sphere of his occupation, on seeing Bartlett approach would draw him on with a smile in order to exchange him for her companion.

Bartlett entered the legal world as a junior partner of a law firm, but soon established a firm of which he was the head. His principal work was in court, where he was recognized as one of the best men at the bar to present a case, and his eloquence gained him an enviable reputation.

Naturally, from having been shunned, especially by those unmarried women who were seeking to make a marriage for an establishment, Bartlett came to be considered a catch. He was not only prominent, but making money. While he was not interested in punishing those who had shown the least consideration for him while he had suffered his impediment, it was but natural that he should feel no great affection for them. On his return to society he found a number of young women who had not found partners—at least partners such as they were looking for—and among these ladies were several who were not abashed at attempting to charm him. Not by word or deed did he indicate to such that he remembered their attempts to shun him when other and more desirable parties were at hand.

As Bartlett advanced in his profession and was known to be receiving large fees, so did the struggle on the part of a number of spinsters for his capture increase. Nor was this struggle confined to those who wished to wed him in order to be at the head of his fine home. Being a man naturally captivating to women, there were those who gave him their hearts without the asking.

Presently a rumor spread through the social world that he had surrendered. It was whispered that a certain widow who possessed a large fortune had agreed to unite her emoluments with the rising fortunes of the intellectual attorney. Then followed an admission on Bartlett's part that he had become engaged, but he did not name the lady. Society was agog to learn if the widow was to be the bride, and those women who had hoped for themselves tore the said widow, figuratively speaking, in pieces.

One day it was rumored in the social circle that Bartlett's cards were out. This was not considered probable, for no one of the elite had received them. But the suspense was soon ended, for the cards turned out to contain an announcement of the marriage of David Bartlett and Mildred Swayne.

Who was Mildred Swayne? Nobody knew. Then some one informed some one else that Mildred Swayne was a teacher. To this was in time added that she had suffered from a facial blemish that had been removed by surgery.

Bartlett was married—there could be no mistake about that—and since he had sent cards only to relatives and a few intimate friends—a very few of them in society—society could not call upon his wife, and he was no longer in the swim; he was a social suicide.

And so the waves of the social ocean closed over the talented Bartlett. As to his wife, she had never been in the swim. No one could understand why one with such a fine future before him could wreck it by taking a nobody for a wife. Bartlett thus stated the case to an intimate friend:

"Society was of no use to me. Nearly every unmarried woman in it was hunting for a man who could give her the means to keep up a fictitious appearance. I wished and needed a wife of a different kind. My interest in life is confined to my home and my profession. Why should I waste my time with people who care nothing about me and whom I care nothing about?

"I have married a woman with a heart that is overflowing with tenderness and sympathy, a woman who will be not only a true friend, but a congenial companion as well, a woman whose worth I can fully appreciate and who will be faithful unto death to the man into whose keeping she intrusted her future life. Oh, that more marriages were like ours!"

Cassidy—Shure, sorr, Oi know when Oi got a good boss, even if ye don't know when ye have a good man.

Employer—What, you here still? I thought I discharged you.

Cassidy—Ye did, sorr.

Employer—Well, why didn't you get out when you were told?

Reporting A Battle

An Experience of a Newspaper Correspondent

By MILLARD MALTBIE

"Kitson," said the editor in chief to me when the pan-European war broke out, "you must go to Europe at once to report the big fight that's on. Take the first steamer that sails, and don't fail, for it may be the last. The ships by which you must cross the ocean fly either the British or the German flag, and the cruisers of each will be trying to capture the other's vessels."

"Which army shall I accompany?"

"Any army. Go where there is the severest fighting."

My chief's surmise that the ship on which I sailed might be the last proved correct. At any rate, it was the last for awhile. I reached England when the Germans were attacking Liege and asked for permission to go over with the British troops that were being sent across the channel. I was refused. No newspaper correspondents were to be allowed with the army. I lost some time trying to convince the war office that the world was hungry for news of the fighting, but made no impression. I crossed the channel as soon as I could find a boat to take me and reached France at a time when the Germans were sweeping southward toward Paris.

How I got to the scene of the fighting I wouldn't like to say. I went by motorcar till the Germans took it away from me, then bought a horse cheap. The owner expected hourly some cavalryman would take it without paying for it, and when the animal was taken from me on the same terms I walked.

The great scene of my life was one morning when I reached an elevated point where I could look down on the battle raging between two lines, each so long that, though I was raised several hundred feet above them, I could not see either end of either army. Near by the thunder of heavy ordnance, the b-r-r-r-r of machine guns, the rattle of rifle firing, sounded like a storm, while on either side the sounds grew fainter and fainter in the distance, like rolling thunder dying away. Directly beneath me was a battery of large cannon screened from the enemy by a thicket. On a knoll slightly in advance of it stood an officer with a telephone receiver to his ear and a transmitter at his lips, giving the gunner the range. They were firing beyond the point they intended to hit, and he was doubtless giving them orders to reduce the distance, for I noticed that with every shot their shells exploded nearer to the French lines till at last they burst in a field where infantry were standing under arms and the shrapnel scattered among them caused frightful gaps in their ranks.

Above aeroplanes were moving hither and thither, some darting away to the east, some to the west and some coming from both east and west. Doubtless those moving on long distances were carrying news of the battle on the wings to the commander in chief in the center.

At that time the Germans were entering French territory and soon began their rapid movement toward Paris. Before nightfall the roar of battle had been moved so far southward that it now sounded like the mutterings of a storm that had passed. My work consisted of seeing the fighting, reporting it and sending my communications to my paper. So I remained behind to attend to the last two parts of my duties. About sunset, seeing beneath and in advance of me a hamlet, or, rather, the ruins of a hamlet, one house of which seemed to have been but little damaged, I descended from my perch, intending to use the remaining house for shelter and a place to write my dispatch.

I found the house in better shape than one would have supposed. True, several shells had made openings in the walls, but had not exploded within. Some of the furniture had been knocked into kindling wood, but there were a bed and bedding which had not been even disarranged. It occurred to me that after I had finished my scribbling, in case no opportunity occurred to reach a point where I could send it, I would use that bed for the night.

I found eatables, lights, almost any article I needed. So, having helped myself to the contents of the cupboard—cold meat and bread and butter—I lighted a kerosene lamp and wrote out a description of the fight I had seen.

When I had finished my work I went outside to reconnoiter, undecided whether it would be better to attempt to send off the report at once or wait till morning. I stood alone, surrounded by ruins. All was still except for an occasional distant boom and the creak of ambulances, farther on, taking up the wounded. A young moon cast a dim light over all. I walked down the street that separated the ruins and saw not a living thing. But here and there I passed a corpse of a soldier. Two, the one wearing the French uniform and the other the German, lay near together, the German having fallen upon the Frenchman so that they seemed to be sleeping in an embrace. A German boy—he looked no more than seventeen—was sitting with his back against a stone wall, where he had bled to death from a wound in his chest. He had doubtless been thinking of home.

Rather than remain among these grewsome scenes I preferred to take my dispatch to a station where I would be permitted to send it, but I knew not which way to go, and if I moved about in the dark I was liable to be shot. So I returned to the house where I had prepared it with the determination of sleeping on the bed I had seen till morning. Throwing myself on it dressed and without turning out the lamp—I did not relish darkness in such a place—I tried to sleep, but the exciting scenes I had witnessed during the day and the grewsome scenes about me kept me awake for awhile; then, tired with the exertion I had been put to, I fell asleep.

But not for long. I dreamed a shell had exploded above me, and I woke up in a tremble. And now I saw the first living thing that appeared to me in this wrecked abode. A door stood ajar, and in the opening was the face of a girl peering at me. On it was an expression of dread. The moment she saw that I was awake she drew away and closed the door.

Starting up, I ran to it and pulled it open. I could see nothing, but heard steps descending a pair of stairs.

In a twinkling I understood what it all meant. When the tide of battle had surged over this house the inmates had hidden in the cellar. I called out: "Je ne suis pas Allemand, mademoiselle. Je suis Americain." (I am not German. I am American.) Then, taking up the lamp, I descended the stairs. Huddled together was an old man, an old woman and several children. The girl I had seen stood between me and them.

Never have I seen a more pitiable sight. These people were living in a cellar, into which little light permeated. The old persons and the little children suffered most, the former being chilled by the damp atmosphere, the latter deprived of proper food. They had evidently entered their place of concealment in haste, for they had no bedding or other articles to make their imprisonment less distressing than it might otherwise have been.

I stood looking at them, pitying them; they looked at me, supposing that an enemy had discovered their retreat and expecting I know not what calamity. My first thought was to reassure them.

"The soldiers are gone," I said in French. "There is no danger. Come upstairs."

"Are you sure, monsieur?" asked the girl.

"Come and see for yourself."

I retraced my steps, and she followed me, but on reaching the floor above stood looking about her, as if dreading to see some fierce creature who would butcher her. As soon as she was satisfied that there was no such person about she called to the others, who came straggling up, looking furtively about them.

It was some time before I could quiet them so that they would communicate anything to me, but presently I gleaned from the girl that they had been in the cellar nearly two days, during which time they had had nothing to eat. They were all, especially the children, nearly famished. I helped them to get out what eatables there were at hand, and in a few moments they were eating ravenously, though before the girl began to eat she returned to the cellar and brought up a bottle of wine. For there are few persons in France but drink the wine of the country.

The family insisted on my occupying the only bed that had escaped being wrecked, but I resolutely declined, taking my blanket to an upper room, where I could see the stars through a hole in the roof made by a shell. There I stretched myself on the floor, feeling that if the dead were without the living were within. Consequently I went to sleep and slumbered till the sound of distant cannon awakened me, and I knew the slaughter had recommenced.

I decided to spend the day hunting an opportunity to send off my report, and after partaking of a breakfast of what was left in the larder I sallied forth. But I did not get very far. Guns, provisions, ammunition, were being hurried forward along the roads, and I concluded when evening came to find a place between thoroughfares to spend the night. So I repaired to the house I had occupied the night before.

I was disappointed to find the family gone. But when I reflected that they had nothing to eat I saw that their going was necessary. Not caring to spend another night amid such lonely surroundings, I determined to look for other quarters and found them in a barn that had escaped being leveled by shot or fire, though the uhlans had taken the contents for their horses. I succeeded in scraping together enough hay to make me a bed, on which I slept quite comfortably.

The next morning I had no difficulty in reaching a point where I could send my reports, for I was arrested by the French and hustled off to Calais. There again I met with grewsome sights, for the place was full of wounded.

Finding that reporting battles and fighting my way to the battleground without any assurance of being permitted to stay there was discouraging, I concluded to make a virtue of necessity and chose another field for my labors.

The war has changed much since then. There are more men, more guns, more shells, more aeroplanes. And that new kind of fortification, the trench, has become the principal defense in military engineering. More men are upon the air and more down under the sea. They fly higher and dive deeper. If so great have been the changes within a few years, what shall we have in another quarter of a century?

It isn't that the Germans hope to be able to hold Egypt, but what they want is to get one of those twenty-two mile guns within range of the Sphinx.

PRICES to MAKE QUICK SALES

January is Stock-Taking Month

You may not know just what this means, but to us its THE MONTH OF STOCK REDUCTION—THE TIME OF OUR ANNUAL STOCK TAKING—and there are many reasons why we are very anxious to reduce our stock of Dry Goods and Ladies' Garments to the lowest possible amount. These are the reasons why we have our JANUARY SALE. Every department offers many real shopping attractions.

Winter Coats at Sale Prices

Every Ladies', Misses', and Children's Cloth Coat in our store is now offered at January Sale Prices, and many of the choicest garments of this season are now priced for quick selling.

SEE OUR LADIES' PLUSH COATS.
Sale prices .... $20.00 to $28.50

SEE OUR SALT'S FUR FABRIC COATS.
Three only to clear at $15.00

Wool and Cotton Blankets

Never have we shown such values in White and Grey Wool and White and Grey Cotton Blankets.

SEE OUR PURE WOOL SCOTCH BLANKETS.
Sale prices from .... $5.50 to $8.50 a pair

GREY WOOL BLANKETS .... $2.50 to $3.75 a pair

WHITE AND GREY COTTON BLANKETS, $1.05 and $1.15.
These are regular $1.25 and $1.50 Cotton Blankets, White and Grey, in Ten and Eleven Quarter sizes, new Pink and Blue borders—Blanket Bargains at ....$1.05 and $1.15 a pair

Knitted Goods Half Price

We have a lot of Odds and ends in Knitted Wool Goods such as Toques, Caps, Scarfs, Clouds, Hoods, Wool Hats, and a few Sweater Coats, all of which we offer at Half Price or Less.

Dress Goods only 49c

At this price we are clearing some special things in Tweed Dress Goods and Suitings, our regular 65c., 75c. and 90c. goods, some reduced to short lengths, but nearly all sufficient for Skirts, Dresses and Suits, and all at one price, only 49c. per yard.

SINCLAIR'S

Heavy Wool Coatings

For our January Sale we offer a lot of Wool Coatings, in Curl Cloths, Blanket Cloths, Zebelines, Wool Plaids and Chinchillas, a splendid range of colors to select from, at only $1.50 and $2.00 per yard.

HE WASN'T MAKING MONEY.

But Still He Had a Good Reason For Congratulating Himself.

He was a renter, and at least every other season he was occupying a different farm. By a friend's advice he had moved the year before into an entirely new field, a dozen miles from his usual haunts, and had not been seen for several months. When the friend did see him at last it was quite by accident, business taking him into the old man's neighborhood. The farmer hailed him from the cornfield and came out to the fence.

"Hello!" said the friend. "Is this your farm?"

"Yes; and I jist come over to tell you, sir, that I'll be ready to pay part of that claim of your'n before long."

"You must be doing well."

"I think I'm doin' fust rate, and I'm powerful obliged to you, sir, for headin' me this way."

"I am always glad to help if I can."

"I knowed that, sir, and that's why I come away over here so far from home. It's kinder strange to me, but as long as I am doin' as well as I am I am goin' to stand it."

"Are you making any money?"

The old man's face brightened perceptibly. "No, I ain't sir," he replied hopefully, "but I'm losin' it slower'n I ever done in my life before."

LIKE A SUBMARINE

The Fur Seal In Many Ways Resembles an Undersea Boat.

ITS HABITS IN THE WATER.

Although It Can Swim Only When Submerged and Must Rise to the Surface Every Few Minutes, It Is a Marvel of Speed.

We have come to regard the soaring albatross or the condor as the prototype of the aeroplane. When we look for a natural model for the submarine we find it well made in the body of the fur seal and, fully suggested by its method of progression in the sea, for it travels there only when wholly submerged.

Unlike, however, the "unterseebote," the fur seal is not fitted for swimming on the surface; it only rises there to survey, to breathe and to sleep. It never attempts to swim with head above water on any course, no matter how short. It rises when undisturbed or not alarmed, looks about with head and neck well stretched up above the surface of the sea, fills its lungs with air (literally compressed), turns its head down and with its powerful anterior flippers drives itself below the surface to the depth of six or ten feet, then ahead on that level. Thus submerged the body of the seal glides through the water as swiftly as a swallow in the air—it is a vanishing streak to our eyes.

How long it remains thus submerged when traveling no one has any definite knowledge, but the best consensus of opinion gives it a rise at intervals of every three or four minutes to breathe—that is, a pause of less than two or three seconds, with barely more than its nose and eyes above the surface, for exhalation and renewed inhalation—when down goes the trim body to speed ahead again.

When our submarines were first brought out a trip of more than 300 miles from base was the utmost limit of their cruising. Today they have been so perfected that they can cruise safely more than 3,000 miles from their base. Therefore in this connection it is interesting to know that the fur seal makes a submarine journey in the north Pacific ocean of more than 5,000 miles from its base on the Pribilof islands, in Bering sea, and then returns.

An animal which can not only make such an extended journey, but can steer its course over an uncharted waste from point to point, month by month, with positive regularity and in perfect time, must be a fine type of swimming machine, and it is.

There is to be observed a close resemblance between the cigar shaped submarine boat and the body form of the fur seal. As we view them laterally, this resemblance is complete. They are both driven ahead by feathering screws, and they are both kept on the level of their submerged course at a given distance below the surface by rudders.

Then we observe that the periscope, to which the submarine craft owes all of its efficiency, is duplicated exactly by the seal's nose and eyes which are all that it ever lifts above the surface when startled and in flight of passage.

Again we note that the fur seal as a submarine has a great advantage over the human boat—it has eyes that can look ahead and around under water—how far we do not know, but it is reasonable to assume that the seal's eye can see as far under water as the eye of a camera can, which we have the evidence of in good records.

Then, too, it also has an acute sense of hearing under sea, for we know that the whirring of a propeller's screw will drive all the seals away for miles around a steamer. We know this because some of the early pelagic sealing vessels were fitted with small auxiliary screws, and these, when put into use, had to be removed.

With reference to the powers of destruction, of course our fur seal boat has no torpedo tubes, but it can and does "shoot its mouth off" at fish with a deadly certainty.

In this connection it is interesting to note that seals do not catch fish by pursuit of them—not at all. They shoot down from above upon the backs or up from below to strike at the bellies of their finny prey.

How fast these phocine submarines can speed up under the stimulus of excitement or fear no one knows. But it is well known when a vessel is coming down before a gale of wind from the islands, logging fourteen to sixteen knots, that a bevy of fur seals will often follow the ship for hours and repeatedly swim by it, swim around it and then renew the chase and circling of it.—Henry W. Elliott.

Why He Missed Her.

"So you're little Willie Woodby?" said the new minister after Sunday school. "I called to see your mother yesterday, but, unfortunately, she was not at home."

"Oh, yes, she was," replied the boy, "but I guess she took you for the installment man. You look somethin' like him."

A Possible Solution.

"How can a man be as stupid as that fellow and live?"

"Some of the men at the club have a theory that he was raised on a vacuum bottle."

BLUNDERS OF AUTHORS.

Some Queer Things of Which Fiction Characters Are Guilty.

For many years a favorite pastime of the literary dilettante has been to ferret out mistakes made by celebrated authors. Writers of the highest standing have been guilty of making "bloomers," such as Flaubert's assertion that "the two adversaries were placed at an equal distance from each other." Mistakes of this sort have been excused on the ground that the authors were working under pressure of inspiration and were therefore likely at any time to make minor errors.

Stories of today do not, as a rule, appear to be written under the stress of temperamental excitement. Yet, in spite of their seemingly cool sophistication, they are not lacking in curious mistakes. A short list of these errors has been compiled by a writer:

I screamed in silent rage.

A girl tore her eyes from the stage, but her ears still lingered.

"I will never speak to you again as long as I live," hissed Dolly. (Just try to hiss it!)

Her feet were swollen from standing in wet, salty water.

Like Adela, he had dark brown hair, with enormous black eyebrows, a mustache and a short beard.

What, therefore, was our surprise to find Tish sitting by the fire in her bath robe and slippers with a cup of tea in her lap and her feet in a tub of water.

The Long And Short Of It!

TALL Men, Short Men and Stout Men frequently find the Clothes question quite baffling!

Those who have worn our Special Sizes for such proportions know that the solution here is easy.

The worried ones are invited to try on our Suits and Overcoats, in Slim, Stout and Extra Sizes, just to see how easy it is to find a fit.

If you think it necessary to have your Clothes made to order, then you have not given this Store a trial.

We have all our sizes cut in several shapes to accommodate just such cases as yours. We are positive that we can

Fit You To A "T"

The fact is that we guarantee you a fit—just as much as we guarantee a fit—in any of our regular sizes.

Suits, $12, $15, $20 to $25
Overcoats, $10, $12 to $20
Trousers, $2, $3, $4 to $6

Quick & Robertson
THE OUTFITTERS

You Are Always Welcome

GORMAN'S BOOT SHOP

The
Shop
That
Fits
The
Feet

GORMAN'S

HOCKEY STICKS
NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.

AUTOMOBILE SKATES
Made in Canada
Have you seen the New Ones?
Stronger and Lighter than ever

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO.
LET US DO YOUR PLUMBING

HOME MADE CANDIES
SPECIAL FOR EVERY DAY

If You Wish
HOME MADE CANDY
Call At The
BOSTON CANDY CO.
245 FRONT STREET

IN and ABOUT THE CITY

DEATH OF INFANT

Robert Grant, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. John Grant, residing on College Hill, died on Sunday.

SUNDAY SPORT

Many people were to be seen skating on the bay yesterday. A number of ice boats were also out, a good stiff breeze being prevalent and sending them along at the rate of thirty miles an hour.

PATRIOTIC CONCERT

The 80th Battalion held a patriotic concert in Griffin's yesterday afternoon and evening and packed the house at both performances. There was motion pictures and Sergt. La-Fond sang a couple of songs that were highly appreciated.

WEAK FROM GRIPPE

HOME MISSIONARY TELLS HOW SHE RESTORED HER STRENGTH

"I am a Home Missionary, was weak and run-down after a hard spell of La Grippe. I had headaches, indigestion and pains in my chest, and was tired all the time. A friend asked me to try Vinol and the result is I am free from those troubles and I feel well and strong and able to go to work again." Mrs. Hattie Johnson, Towanda, Pa.

The reason Vinol was so successful in building up Mrs. Johnson's health is because it is a constitutional remedy which contains peptonate of iron to enrich and revitalize the blood, the nourishing properties of beef peptone and the healing medicinal extractives of fresh, healthy cods' livers, all combined in a delicious native tonic wine, without oil.

We wish every person in Belleville who is suffering from a weakened, run-down, devitalized condition, would try our Vinol on our guarantee to return their money if it fails to benefit them. J. S. McKeown, Druggist, Belleville, Ont.

Officers Installed

The following officers of Belleville Lodge No. 297 Royal Templars of Temperance were on Thursday evening last installed:

Past Select Councillor, Bro. Fred Henry; Select Councillor, Bro. John Henley; Vice-Councillor, Bro. B. O. Frederick; Financial Sec., Sister E. E. Bowen; Rec.-Sec., Sister E. McMichael; Herald, Sister A. Bowen; Vice-Herald, Sister Maguire; Inside Guard, Sister Bennett; Outside Guard, Bro. Pauley.

Belleville Lodge No. 297, Royal Templars of Temperance is certainly in a very prosperous condition, having initiated some thirty new members the last quarter.

The elected representatives to Grand Lodge are Bro. B. O. Frederick and Sister E. E. Bowen.

Still the story comes that Pullman porters are to get more pay. We can't afford to increase the tip till war is over.

HASTINGS COUNTY ELECTS THEIR COUNTY'S COUNCIL

The County Council of Hastings Council is composed of 30 members. As a result of the recent municipal elections the following were selected as representatives from the various municipalities

Thurlow
Reeve—N. Vermilyea.
Deputy Reeve—G. L. Sills.

Sidney
Reeve—C. H. Ketcheson.
Deputy Reeve—J. W. Hess.

Tyendinaga
Reeve—P. McLaren.
Deputy Reeve—J. V. Walsh.

Hungerford
Reeve—James H. Clare.
Deputy Reeve—J. L. Newton.

RAWDON
Reeve—T. Montgomery.
Deputy Reeve—W. E. Hawkins.

Madoc Township
Reeve—S. Fox.
Deputy Reeve—C. Thompson.

Huntingdon
Reeve—W. Jeffrey.

Elzevir & Grimsthorpe
Reeve—James Moore.

Madoc Village
Reeve—E. C. Tufts.

Stirling Village
Reeve—R. Coulter.

Tweed Village
Reeve—S. B. Rollins.

Bancroft Village
Reeve—T. Walker.

Deseronto
Reeve—T. Naylor.

Marmora Village
Reeve—T. Gray.

Marmora & Lake
Reeve—J. Laycock.

Faraday
Reeve—U. A. Hubbell.

Monteagle & Herschel
Reeve—C. J. H. Jordison.

Dungannon
Reeve—Thos. Turriff.

Mayo
Reeve—Frank Whyte.

Bangor, Wicklow & McClure
Reeve—John Green.

Carlow
Reeve—John A. Stewart.

Tudor
Reeve—G. Gunter.

Wollaston
Reeve—W. H. Nugent.

Limerick
Reeve—J. Brinklow.

Letters to the Editor

We are at all times pleased to insert letters upon subjects of local or general interest. It must, however, be understood that we in no way identify ourselves with our correspondents' opinions.

All letters should be written on one side of the paper only, and should be as concise as possible. They must be accompanied by the name and address of the sender, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

January 8th, 1916.

Editor Intelligencer.

There appeared in your paper a letter in which a gentleman makes several grave accusations against the committee appointed by the County Council to deal with the repairs on O'Brien's bridge and we, the committee referred to, welcome the opportunity thus offered of vindicating ourselves of these charges and at the same time giving to the ratepayers, through the medium of your valued paper, some explanation of the difficulties encountered in this work and the steps we have taken to fulfil the responsibilities devolving upon us in connection therewith.

Under the direction of the Council we made a careful examination of the condition of the bridge and found that the south pier had settled to an alarming extent, shearing off some of the bolts and rivets of the steel superstructure and rendering the bridge unsafe for use by the public. We therefore, closed the bridge and immediately took steps towards accomplishing the necessary repairs.

Our first action was to ask Mr. Allen, a resident engineer, to make examination of the bridge and advise us as to the best method of executing the repairs in such a manner as to ensure a sound permanent structure, and deeming the problem one that called for considerable expenditure we did not rely soley upon Mr. Allen's judgment, but consulted with Mr. W. A. McLean, the Provincial Engineer of Highways for Ontario, an engineer of high reputation as proven by his having been elected president of the Good Roads' Association of America, and with Mr. Bishop, a celebrated bridge and railroad engineer of Montreal, and the written opinion of both these engineers agreed with that of M. Allen, that the only safe course to pursue was to raise the two steel spans resting on the damaged pier, drive a cofferdam of steel sheet piling around it, and remove the old pier and the mud and debris upon which it rested until a solid foundation was reached upon which a new pier could be built. We also have had two other experienced engineers visit the bridge at no cost to the county and both these men agree that the course pursued is the only way to make a safe permanent job.

The engineer's report we submitted to the Chairman of the Finance Committee who called a meeting of some of his committee who were convenient, along with the reeves of three front townships which are more directly interested in this work, and they directed us to proceed with work along the lines of the engineer's report.

This we immediately did, and engaged the services of Mr. Allen as superintending engineer to go ahead with the work.

When the weather became too severe to allow the repairs to be proceeded with economically and with good results, we, after due consideration of all the circumstances, decided to close the work until spring, presuming that the ice would be in condition to drive over during the winter months.

After the steelwork was raised, relieving the pier in question of its weight, it was found that the pier could be moved perceptibly by the use of a crowbar, proving beyond all doubt that the foundation was insecure and that we were justified in immediately taking the course recommended by the engineers to save the bridge from complete collapse and to protect the lives and property of the public who use it.

The evidence of the sheared rivets and bolts on the steelwork is alone, in our opinion, sufficient to refute that of Mr. Daniel Poucher and others who according to Mr. Brintnell affirm that the pier has not settled any for the past two or three years, and Mr. Brintnell's suggestion that the pier which "had settled a little on one end could have been levelled up at very little expense," though poor economy but doubtless well-meant, would in our opinion be simply putting additional weight on the already insecure foundation, thus precipitating disaster to the bridge.

Mr. Brintnell further denounces our actions in procuring the necessary equipment to perform the work of repairs, alluding to this as being sufficient to "build a railway bridge of ordinary dimensions." Anyone at all familiar with this class of work will treat this statement with the contempt it deserves. Does Mr. Brintnell think that steel filing can be driven with a sledge hammer or holes drilled in concrete with a brace and bit?

Mr. Brintnell also states that he does not lay the blame entirely upon the committee, but partly to the ratepayers themselves for putting such extravagant and reckless men in charge of county affairs. Had the county foreseen Mr. Brintnell's engineering and business abilities and selected him as one of the County Council and Committee, no doubt he imagines the so-called-blundering and reckless expenditure would have been avoided.

Signed, BRIDGE COMMITTEE.

* * *

To the Editor of The Intelligencer.

Dear Sir.—There appeared in your paper on the 5th January last, a letter written by Mr. D. Poucher of Thurlow, setting forth charges of wasteful extravagances, carelessness and incompetencies of a character rarely met in municipal affairs in connection with the repairs to O'Brien's bridge near Plainfield.

I am also informed that these extravagant repairs—only repairs mind you—will cost the taxpayers of the county about $20,000. We are constantly told that there is wastefulness in the expenditure of public money in the northern part of the county, but surely nothing has ever occurred equal to the charges in this piece of repair work.

There has been so much said on this matter and there are such wide spread feelings of dissatisfaction about it that in the interests of the taxpayer and all concerned there ought to be an investigation under the Municipal Act by a county judge. In this way the real facts could be got at and a repetition of such a thing in the future avoided. Any attempt to cover it up will only make the taxpayer justly more suspicious and properly more dissatisfied.

The County Council meets this month, let them turn the searchlight upin this $20,000 of repair work.

ALEX. MOORE,
J. P. of Thurlow.

* * *

SHELLS ROLLED ON HIM

KINGSTON, Jan. 8.—James Bedore, employed on the manufacture of shells at the Locomotive Works, was severely injured while at work Friday night. In some manner the shells that were piled near where he was stnding began to roll and Mr. Bedore was caught beneath them. His leg was badly broken and his back also severely injured, which necessitated his being hurriedly taken to the Hotel Dieu.

We Have In Stock
Considerable Corrugated Galvanized Iron.

It will pay you to get our prices before purchasing. We keep a good supply of GALVANIZED NAILS on hand at the lowest prices.

Well Pumps, Cistern Pumps
of all descriptions kept in stock.
It Will Cost You Nothing To Get Our Prices.
Give us a Call

The John Lewis COMPANY LIMITED

MERRY XMAS
FLOUR
FLOUR

For Your Christmas Baking

you cannot afford to use any but the best flour which is of course the Quaker. Don't run the risk of spoiling the bread, the pudding, the pie, the cake. Order a sack of Quaker flour tod-ay and make sure of that part of your supplies for the feast.

H. E. FAIRFIELD

CRABS IN FULL DRESS.

Some Species Are Fond of Finery and Clothe Themselves Carefully.

Many of the crab species of shellfish clothe themselves. Some species dress elaborately by taking small pieces of different colored weeds and sticking them on the shell, so as to look like a stone covered with weed. They spend hours, with the utmost perseverance, in making these pieces adhere, by trying the same piece over and over again till they succeed. They have a fine sense of symmetry and always put a red piece on one limb to match the red piece they have put on the other, and a green piece to match a green piece, though how they know red from green in the dark pools where they live is hard to say, unless it is by taste or smell. When once their dress is completed it improves the older it becomes, as the weed actually grows on them.

Another species, with like habits and a most decided love for finery, was described at a meeting of the Linnaean society, as clothing themselves with bits of bright colored seaweed, sponges, and so forth. If the crab be despoiled of its garments it at once proceeds to clothe itself again with care and deliberation, manifested not only in the selection of its articles of apparel, but in the proper shaping of them by means of its pincers.—London Spectator.

STARTING A BRIDGE.

The Boy Who Was a Good Kiteflier Came In Handy.

Some years ago there died in Nebraska a man named Walsh, who as a boy started a suspension bridge. When Walsh was about ten years old the first steps for the construction of the suspension bridge at Niagara were taken. The first thing necessary was the stretching of a single wire across the chasm. The engineer in charge had thought of a way to get it across.

"What boy is the best kiteflier in town?" he asked.

The Walsh boy was named as the best kiteflier in the town of Niagara Falls, and the engineer accordingly asked that he be brought to him. He was made to understand that he must fly his kite across the Niagara river. He flew it across and allowed it to come down on the other side. Men were there to seize it. Then the engineer attached a wire to the string on his side, and the men on the other side detached the kite and by means of the string drew the wire across. By this, in turn, a cable was drawn across, and the bridge was well begun.

The Attorney In England.

The use of the word attorney denotes a belated mind. Since Nov. 1, 1875, attorneys have ceased to exist, their title merged by law into that of solicitor of the supreme court of judicature, says a writer in the London Mail. The name had long been used as a term of abuse. Johnson observed of an acquaintance that "he did not care to speak ill of any man behind his back, but he believed the gentleman was an attorney."

Archbishop Trench in 1859 noted that the word attorney was going out of favor and that the lower branch of the legal profession preferred to be called solicitors. So when the judicature act of 1873 was before parliament a clause was inserted abolishing the obnoxious title. But with our delightful conservatism we still honor the "attorney general."

A Good Substitute.

She—Why do all the men flock around that foolish Miss Sweetthing? She hasn't a grain of sense. He—No, but she has a sense of discretion. She doesn't require any of her admirers to display any more intelligence than she possesses herself.

Donkey-like.

Redd—What kind of an engine have you got in your new car? Greene—A donkey engine, I guess. It's awfully stubborn.

Spontini's Decorations.

Casparo Spontini, the composer, regarded himself in the light of a demigod, and when inspirations crowded upon him he donned a wide, togalike gown of white silk with a border of gold and a fez of white silk embroidered in gold from which a heavy tassel hung down. With great dignity he sat down before his desk, and if a grain of dust was visible on the paper on which he penned his music he rang the bell impatiently for his servant to remove the obstacle. Spontini owned so many medals and decorations that they could no longer be accommodated on his breast. At a grand musical reunion at Halle an old musician remarked to a comrade, "See how many decorations Spontini has, while Mozart has not one." Spontini, who overhead it, replied quickly, "Mozart, my dear friend, does not need them."

Novel Rabbit Catcher.

Crabs are put to a curious use on certain parts of the Devonshire foreshore. They are used to catch rabbits. Having located a promising burrow, the snarer takes a crab and affixes a short length of lighted candle to the back of its shell. The behavior of a crab which finds itself in a narrow inclosure is well known. It begins to run. It therefore starts away up the burrow at top rate and presently the rabbit is horrified at the sight of a jog trotting flame coming to his sanctuary. Off he goes for the other exit, only to find himself, when he emerges, in a trap.—London Spectator.

His Mental Incapacity.

The Court—So you ask divorce from this man on the ground of mental incapacity. What proof have you that he's insane? The Woman—Who said he was insane, your honor? The Court—Why, you say he is mentally incapable. The Woman—Yes; incapable of understanding that I'm boss.

An Unusual Case.

Stranger—Seventeen years ago I landed here in your town broke. I struck you for a dollar. You gave it to me, saying you never turned a request like that down. Citizen (eagerly)—Yes? Stranger—Well, are you still game?

Window Boxes.

Before putting earth in window boxes whitewash the inside of the box. This not only keeps a wooden box from rotting, but prevents insects.

A Woman's Right.

"And how long have you voted?"
"Twelve years."
"And how old are you?"
"Twenty-two."

To travel hopefully is better than to arrive, and the true success is to labor.—Robert Louis Stevenson.

Takes Things Easy.

"Does any one think your son has a future?" "Yes—the life insurance companies."

She Valued Her Head.

Henry VIII. after the death of Jane Seymour had some difficulty in getting another wife. His first offer was to the dowager Duchess of Milan, but her answer is said to have been: "I have only one head. If I had two one should certainly be at his service."

His Feat.

"Your friend had quite an acrobatic promotion."

"How's that?"

"Went up over a lot of other people's heads."

Still on High.

The moon boasted.

"And yet when I left the earth all the wiseacres said I would come down like a stick," she cried.

Josh Billings used to say that when a man begins going downhill all creation seems greased for the occasion.

The Glasgow Warehouse

Ladies', Misses' and Children's

COATS and SUITS

One-Third Less than Regular Cost

Just to make a final, quick clearance of the remaining

Coats and Suits

we will place them on sale ALL THIS WEEK at

One - Third Less

than regular cost

$25.00	Suit or Coat for	$16.77
$22.50	„	$15.00
$20.00	„	$13.34
$17.50	„	$11.67
$12.50	„	$8.34

And so on down the list.

DON'T MISS

This Great Chance to Secure an up-to-date Suit or Coat at

AT BARGAIN PRICES

Ketcheson & Earle

IMPORTERS OF RELIABLE MERCHANDISE

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 0 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED—A DINING ROOM GIRL AT the Kyle House. 10-2t

WANTED—A HOUSE MAID. APPLY IN evening to Mrs. (Dr.) Gibson 28 Campbell St. j4-dtf

WANTED—COOK, GENERAL, WITH REferences. Wages $20 per month. Apply 111 Victoria Ave. j8-dtf

TO RENT

TO RENT—NO. 235 N. JOHN STREET; new furnace and all modern conveniences. Possession March 1st. Apply 5 Queen Street. 7-6td

TO RENT. RESIDENCE. No. 221 CHARLES St.; contains all modern conveniences. Apply at The Intelligencer Office a25-tf

TO LET, THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the Bank of Commerce, and also rooms in the same block and the Robertson Block, suitable for offices and apartments. S. S. Lazier. j17-dtf

TO LET—WELL FURNISHED PRIVATE rooms with board. All conveniences. Apply 170 George St. j5-dtf

LOST

LOST—PAIR OF GOLD FILLED NOSE Glasses in case. One glass chipped on side. Finder kindly return to Intelligencer Office and receive reward. 8-2td

LOST—SATURDAY, JANUARY 8TH, AT the harbor, a brown overcoat with straps on sleeve. Finder please leave same at Crystal Hotel. 1t

Crispy Crisp Nut Candy

Crispy, Fresh Almond Crisp, both light and dark.

Peanut Crisp

Walnut Crisp

Our Own Make

Chas. S. Clapp

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—FIRST CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill and Planer hands, Toolmakers. Good wages. Steady work. Canadian Westinghouse Company, Limited, Hamilton, Ont. d—j27

WANTED— FIRST-CLASS TOOLMAKERS, lathe hands, boring mill hands. Steady work. Good wages. Apply: Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Peterborough, Ont. 6-6td

WANTED — YOUNG MAN, 20-35 YEARS, good address, who can furnish gilt-edge references, preferably with experience as a retail clerk or solicitor. This is a position for a man who has been successful, and who desires a field with great possibilities in the way of income and experience. The position is one selling to the consumer. It is with a large corporation, pays a good commission, which increases as your business increases. If you are willing to work hard, the position has unlimited possibilities for you. Call at Hotel Quinte. H. P. Baird. 1t

WANTED—A YARD PORTER.—APPLY Hotel Quinte. 10-4t

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—SSHOWCARD WRITER'S AIR Brush, Tank and Pump; almost new, cheap. Apply Box C, Intelligencer. 10-4t

Sir John Lubbock's Ant.

In the biography of Sir John Lubbock, later Lord Avebury, is an amusing story of the notice accorded to an odd pet in the Lubbock family. One of two illustrious queen ants, sovereign of one of the colonies upon which Sir John based his famous studies of the ways of the little creatures, attained the venerable age of fourteen years and then died. Several scientific journals spoke of her decease, and the news penetrated to France, where a distinguished French journalist, in whose mind, insufficiently acquainted with the possibilities of English orthography, ants and aunts were evidently confused, offered profuse condolences to Sir John "on the loss of his aged and valued relative."

Outwitting the Court.

"I understand that when Dibbles and his wife separated they parted the best of friends."

"So they did, unluckily for Mrs. Dibbles."

"Why so?"

"Dibbles pays her alimony every month and then borrows half of it back."

A Matter of the Future.

"When does the last train leave for Dobbersville?" asked the old lady at the ticket window.

"I don't know, ma'am," answered the elderly ticket agent, "but I don't suppose either of us will live long enough to take it."—Exchange.

SPORTING NEWS

HOCKEY

The Intermediates of Queen's University play against the local team tonight, and a fast game is assured. Queen's has an A No. 1 team, and the Belleville boys without much practice is going at top-notch speed. Every hockey fan should be present to-night to cheer the boys to victory.

Simple Enough.

A manufacturer of some patent compound came into the laboratory of an analytical chemist one day with a bottle containing an unwholesome looking mixture.

"I would give £20," he said to know what would make the water and oil in this mixture separate."

The chemist looked at the bottle.

"Very well," he said; "write out your check."

"Check?" the other echoed.

"Yes, your check for £20. You say you are willing to give that, and for that price I am willing to tell you what will make the water and oil separate."

The visitor hesitated a moment and then wrote a check for the sum named. The chemist carefully deposited it in his pocketbook, and then quietly dropped into the liquid a pinch of common salt. Instantly the water and oil separated, and whether the client was satisfied or not, he had got what he wanted, and he had paid his own price for it.—London Tit-Bits.

What Memory Is.

The correct way to increase the productivity of the memory is to link every new thing with an understood thought already in hand. Merely to memorize the Bible and thus to be able parrot-like to speak it "by heart" is not memory. Intellectually and emotionally to appreciate and understand one psalm or proverb is memory. To know where to put your finger on the right verse or passage of the Bible on your table is practical and useful recollection. Dictionaries, directories, encyclopedias, indexes and reference books do the mechanical part for you. Reason, association, adaptability and the perception of relationships are better than much Latin and more Greek, however beautiful and instructive these may be in themselves.—Exchange.

The Marriage Yoke.

The dull boy in the class unexpectedly distinguished himself in a recent history examination. The question ran, "How and when was slavery introduced into America?" To this he replied:

"No women had come over to the early Virginia colony. The planters wanted wives to help with the work. In 1619 the London company sent over a shipload of girls. The planters gladly married them, and slavery was introduced into America."

The Planets.

Taking our earth as standard, the two planets nearer the sun—viz, Mercury and Venus—are designated as inferior and the five which are farther from the sun than the earth—viz, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus and Neptune—are termed superior. As established and accepted by astronomers, Mercury is 35,951,105 miles from the sun; Venus, 67,193,688 miles; earth, 92,894,800; Mars, 141,342,690; Jupiter, 483,313,340; Saturn, 886,108,900; Uranus, 1,782,742,060; Neptune, 2,788,761,300.

Too Bold.

There is a local legend concerning Salisbury cathedral, in England. The cathedral is celebrated for its lofty spire, and the legend is that once upon a time a prisoner found guilty of some capital offense was sentenced to death and had the option given him of being executed in the usual way or of throwing himself from off the cathedral spire. He chose the latter, and, wonderful to say, he escaped death. Some time afterward he wagered he would do it again. He did, but this time his body was dashed to pieces.

Origin of "Argonaut."

The term "argonaut" comes from the legend of Greek mythology relating to the celebrated expedition headed by the hero Jason in search of the golden fleece. Naut is Greek for ship, and the vessel which bore Jason and his party was called the Argo; hence the gold hunting expedition was called the argonautic expedition and Jason and his followers argonauts, for the legend says the vessel was the first that ever sailed. Her name, Argo, has been given to one of the constellations of stars in the southern hemisphere.

The Time to Marry.

Hepsey, the maid of color, had told the mistress she was to be married.

"Well, Hepsey," said the mistress, "I'm sorry to lose you, but I suppose it is all for the best. How long have you known the man?"

"About two weeks, ma'am."

"My! No longer than that? Don't you think you ought to wait and get to know him better?"

"No, ma'am," exclaimed Hepsey. "Ef I knowed him any better I sho' never would marry him."

That First Submarine.

Speaking of undersea boats, a correspondent reminds me that we can go back further than Cornelius Van Drebbel for the first submarine. Alexander the Great is said to have used them, Pliny mentions something of the kind and as early as 1579 an English gunner, William Bourne, patented a submarine boat fitted with "leather joints so contrived as to be made smaller or larger by the action of screws, ballasted with water and having an air pipe as mast."—London Standard.

RITCHIE'S

Half - Price Sale

OF

FURS!

Clearing Out Our Entire Stock of Furs at this 50 p.c. Reduction

Probably never in the history of this Store has there been a greater or more sweeping sale of high class Furs. Every piece of Fur in our collection offered at just half the usual price. The showing embraces stylish Muffs, Stoles, Caperines, etc., in fine qualities of

Mink Marmot Thibet Coon Rat
Northern Sable Stone Marten

Occasionally such bargains as these can be picked up at the end of the season, but rarely in the month of January Come in and see them; there are dozens of surprising bargains awaiting you. See Windows.

20 Per Cent. Discount
Off All
UPHOLSTERY WORK CHARGES
FOR ONE MONTH ONLY

This will be welcome news to those who have Furniture that needs re-upholstering. The offer is for one month only and means a great saving to those who take advantage of it. A phone or personal call will bring our upholsterer to you and give an estimate on your needs. Remember, 20 per cent off all work charges.

See extended announcement in Tomorrow's Paper regarding a special

SALE OF FURNITURE COVERINGS.

5 Only Ladies'
EVENING DRESSES
Regular $25 Clearing
At Half Price
$12.50

The most exclusive social function would cast favor on either of these fine evening gowns. They are all different in style, but all are principally sheer Chiffons over Satins. The shades are a pretty Blue, White, Maize, Mauve and Cream. These Dresses we are desirous of clearing out previous to stock inventory, so offer them at just Half Price.

Reg. $25.00 for $12.50

—Mantle Room

Furniture Upholstering a Specialty.

The RITCHIE Company Limited

Furniture Upholstering a Specialty.

CITY AND VICINITY

COMING—"The Minister's Bride," to be given in the Tabernacle Church, Jan. 25th. Reserve the date, and watch for further notices. 8,2t

Famous players at the City Hall tonight. See the Wild Goose Chase in 4 acts. Admission ten cents.

ST. AGNES' SCHOOL

will reopen for day pupils on Wednesday, January 12th at 9.30 o'clock. Kindergartin to Matriculation with Honors. Special courses in music, language and physical culture. j10-2t.

Rameses I.

Rameses I. was the first king of the nineteenth dynasty in Egypt and ruled for a brief period about B. C. 1355. Beyond the fact that he waged war in Nubia, where he left an inscription and constructed some of the buildings of the Karnak, little is known of his reign. His mummy was found in 1881 at Deir-el-Bahri. His son, Seti I., built the Memnonium at Karnak in honor of his father's memory.

Old Postal Rates.

Our postal rates in 1824 were excessive. To send a letter thirty-six miles the cost was 6 cents. For over 400 miles the uniform rate was 25 cents, and as the mails were transported by stage coaches, the process was a slow one.

So He Would.

If a man was only as careful of his hat and clothes at the end of a month as he is at the end of the first day he would always look well dressed.

Hard to Rime.

Some of the hardest words to find rimes for are month, porringer, polka, silver, chimney, Lisbon, window and widow.

Skillful pilots gain their reputation from storms and tempests.—Epicurus.

Didn't Raise Them.

A young housewife who lives in a suburban town went to the village store to make some purchases.

"These chickens look very nice," remarked the customer. "How much are they?"

"One dollar apiece, madam," was the prompt response of the obliging proprietor. "You can't find better poultry for the money in the whole country."

"One dollar," thoughtfully mused the customer, and then added: "Did you raise them?"

"Oh, no, madam!" was the hasty assurance of the misunderstanding storekeeper. "That is the same price I offered to sell them for yesterday."—

A Graceful Compliment.

Some famous compliments have been paid to members of the sterner sex, and one of the most gracefully turned was that uttered by Boileau, who, when the virtuous De Mesmes, president of the parliament of Paris, was elected an academician, congratulated him in these terms: "I have come to you, sir, in order that you may congratulate me on having you one of my fellow academicians."

Moslem Wives.

Under the Moslem laws the provision for securing to the wife the free and uncontrolled possession of her property is minutely stipulated in the marriage contract. A suitable sum is also arranged for her maintenance in accordance with her husband's rank.

The Jail.

"I am going to visit the jail. There is a man I want to see there."

"Is one all? I know about forty whom I should like to see there."

Not Present.

He—Do you remember Horatius at the bridge? She—I don't think I ever met him. You know we invite so few men.

Let him who has enough ask for nothing more.—Horace.

It Is Some Accomplishment

to content the exacting housewife with baker's cake—especially if her culinary skill in cake-making is excellent. Our cake is equal to that of the best home made, because it is baked with the best ingredients that the market affords. We are skilled bakers that know how to bake a cake just as it should be baked. Our surroundings are most sanitary.

Yerex's Bakery

Phone 787

68 Sinclair St. Belleville

The Standard Bank of Canada.

Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.

GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.

Toronto, 28th December, 1915.

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch - - - JOHN ELLIOTT - - Manager

PERSIAN LAMB

We have never before been better prepared to meet the season's demand for high class Persian Lamb garments, than at present.

Why not get prices on having your Persian Jacket repaired, remodelled or lengthened? We have skins to match every coat.

G. T. WOODLEY,

Phone 421. 273 Front St.

THE WEATHER.

Northerly winds and cold.
Wednesday, north easterly winds with snow or sleet.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 81 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, TUESDAY, JANUARY 11, 1916. No. 10

ESTABLISHED 1858
58 years continuous business is a guarantee for square dealing, best values and lowest prices.
FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Office Phone 2 Night Phones 260 & 635

WOMAN ATTACKED BY CHINESE LAUNDRYMAN

Serious Charge Against Quon Should of 311 College Street

TORONTO, Jan. 10.—Information of an alleged attempt of a Chinese laundryman to criminally assault her on Friday night was given to Crown Attorney Corley by Fannie Bender, 38 Ulster street, the victim, and the partial corroboration of her details by Peter Brown, 87 Chestnut street resulted in a warrant being issued on Saturday for the arrest of Quon Should, 311 College street, the laundryman mentioned in the woman's complaint who was arrested by Detective Holmes, and who will appear toiday in the Police Court on a serious charge

Mrs. Bender states that on Friday night she visited the laundry to obtain some goods left with the laundryman. At the time the store was deserted. A slight delay occurred, which was followed, the woman claims, by an attack by Should, who dragged her into a room at the rear of the store.

Her screams for assistance brought Brown from College street, who says that he was forced to not only fight Should but to withstand the attacks of three other Chinese before he could drag the woman into the street.

Belgian Consul Further Assured

OTTAWA, Jan. 11.—Mr. Goor, Belgian Consul-General to Canada has just received further assurance from the neutral members of the Belgian Relief Commission, through whom the relief to the thousands of famine-scourged Belgians is dispensed, that not an ounce of the supplies and food that has gone into the country has fallen into the hands of the Germans.

The Germans have violated all the laws that have previously governed warfare, all the laws of God and men, and have resorted to barbarity in its cruelest forms, but one trust they have kept and that is their pledge to leave untouched the food that is supplied Belgium. The invaders have robbed Belgium of the food she had stored, and of the means the people had of purchasing food, but they have not prevented the food from entering the country through neutral channels.

Mr. Goor's information comes direct from officials in Belgium, and has been communicated to the Treasurer of the Belgian Relief Committee's offices at 59 St. Peter street, Montreal. With this renewed assurance that wheat sent from Canada does not go to feed the enemies of the Empire, it is anticipated that many more will join the already large number of Canadians who have contributed the bags of flour, each of which keeps one Belgian family alive a month.

CHURCHILL COMMANDS SCOTS FUSILIERS

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Major Winston Churchill, former First Lord of the Admiralty, who resigned his subsequent Cabinet post of Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster and went to the front with his regiment, has been appointed to command a battalion of Royal Scots Fusiliers at the front in France.

According to Reuter's correspondent at British Headquarters, this will prove a stepping-stone to the command of a bridge, which is said to be Mayor Churchill's immediate ambition.

Says War Will End in One Year

LONDON, Ont., Jan. 10.—Frederick Palmer, the famous American war correspondent, who recently returned from the British front in France and Flanders, in addressing the London Canadian Club at noon today, predicted that the war would be over within a year, with the Allies the victors.

Mr. Palmer declared that a year ago the Germans were winning, although the British did not realize it, but that the advantage was now entirely with the Allies.

ATTORNEY GENERAL TO TAKE A HAND

According to a good authority the billingual row in Ottawa has now passed out of the hands of the Commission

It was rumored in police circles this morning that the attorney general's' department would take a hand in the matter.

The arrest of those who defied the injunction was forecasted.

CROWDS RUSH TO COLORS TO AVOID CONSCRIPTION

Lord Derby's Plan Again Opens For Enlistments—Many Single Men Offer Themselves—Opposition to Bill Fast Fading Away

95,000 IRISH ARE ALREADY ENLISTED

Ireland Excluded From Measure—Redmond to Retire—Irish Nationalist Displeased Over Conscription Bill- Wants Ireland Included

LONDON, Jan. 10.—(Special.)—The Lord Derby recruiting scheme was reopened to-day for voluntary enlistments pending the passage of the military service bill. Despite bad weather, big crowds besieged most of the recruiting offices, many of the applicants being single men who wished to escape the stigma of conscription.

When the military service bill comes up in the House of Commons for second reading to-morrow, David Lloyd George, Minister of Munitions, is expected to be the star speaker in its defence.

94,997 Irish Enlisted.

The exclusion of Ireland from compulsory service led to a request for the numbers of the men available for military service and of those actually recruited in that country. This information was communicated in tht House of Commons to-day.

The men between 19 and 41 years of age available for military service in the four provinces of Ireland on last August 15 were approximately as follows: Leinster, 174,597; Ulster, 169,489; Munster, 136,637; Connaught, 81,392.

Up to December 15 the returns show enlistments approximately as follows: Leinster, 27,458; Ulster, 49,760; Munster, 14,190; Connaught, 3,589.

Thus it will be seen that the provinces of Leinster, Munster and Connaught, with a total of 392,626 men available for enlistment, have contributed 45,237 men, or 11.5 per cent., while Ulster, with 169,439 men eligible, has a record of 49,760 enlistments, or 29.6 per cent.

In Connaught there were 3,589 enlistments out of 81,392 men eligible, or only 4.4 per cent.

Opposition Melts Away

The strongest convictions are felt on every hand that the bill will pass the Commons when a vote is taken. In fact, followers of Premier Asquith declare that opposition to modified con scription "is melting away."

The Premier announced this afternoon that two days would be allotted to debate on the military service bill when it comes up on second reading.

Leaders of the Miners' Federation to-day threatened to call a general strike if the Government proceeded with its plans for conscription. Various districts have already voted on the matter, and all have rejected the Government plan by an overwhelming majority.

Quakers Dissatisfied

The Quakers are dissatisfied with the provisions of the military service bill because of "conscriptions objection." At a meeting in London representing the entire sect resolutions were adopted which were sent to Premier Asquith, setting forth that a large number of Quakers were not prepared "to accept compulsory service whether combatant or otherwise under military authority," and to compel them to accept such service would be "a violation of the freedom of conscience."

Redmond to Retire

LONDON, Jan. 10.—John Redmond's retirement from the leadership of the Nationalist party, and possibly from Parliament ,is extremely probable, according to The Morning Post's Dublin correspondent, owing to grave differencces of opinion within the party, especially on the question of military compulsion.

Mr. Redmond would have been in favor of applying the national registration scheme, the Earl of Derby's scheme, and Premier Asquith's compulsion bill to Ireland," the correspondent adds, "but strongly opposed compulsion in any form, either for Ireland or England ,and assumed a peremptory tone which would seem to indicate that he has a strong following."

How They Grab German Subs.

(Canadian Press Special)

ATHENS, Jan. 11.—A story which Lord Kitchener told during his visit here and which has not hitherto been published made a particularly deep impression here, "When the manoeuvres of the great fleet were had about a month ago to the north of Scotland," said Lord Kitchener, "Eight German submarines of the newest and strongest type went out with the purpose of getting to the fleet and playing havoc with the manoeuvres. One came to grief in our North Sea net. Others worked through and approached the fleet. But there was another net heading them off. They tried to break through, and get around to an opening. but there was none. Two more were lost in this effort. Finally the remainder decided to return to their base at Heligoland. But they could no longer find a way out. The gate into the net had been closed. Two more were lost desperately trying to get through. The remaining three finally were forced to come to the surface and surrender themselves. We took them intact, crews, submarines and all."

AVIATOR'S WIFE SUES

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Mrs. Claude Grahame-White wife of the well-known aviator, who is now a Flight Commander of the Royal Naval Air Service, has filed a petition for the restitution of her conjugal rights, an action which ordinarily is the prelude to a suit for divorce.

"Claude Grahame-White and Dorithy Cadwell Taylor, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Bertrand Leroy Taylor of New York, were married in Widford, England, in June, 1912.

Boy Rescues Younger Lad

OIL SPRINGS, Ont., Jan. 10.—Cries for help from the river nearby reached the ears of 16-year-old Wright Evoy as he sat at his desk in school here this morning. He leaped from the room and got to the river just in time to rescue 10-year-old Gray Andrews, who had broken through the ice while skating. Evoy plunged into the icy water and brought the younger lad to shore.

A move already is on foot to secure a Royal Humane Society medal for Evoy.

MONTENEGRINS MAKE BRAVE DEFENSE

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, Jan. 11.—A statement issued last night by the Montenegrin Consulate says the Austrian offensive continues to be pushed energetically against all the Montenegrin fronts and particularly to the north and east there has been desperate fighting. Although greatly outnumbered the Montentgrins were able to repulse the enemy several times, killing such numbers that a movement to recapture lost positions the Montenegrins were forced to climb over masses of bodies. Nevertheless, it was necessary to evacuate Berane, and after four days, fighting on the Mount Lovcen front, by resorting to asphyxiating gas the Austrians occupied the Montenegrin positions at Kouk and Retatz.

A REMARKABLE EWE

A ewe belonging to a well known Dorset prize sheep breeder, of Powerstock, has just given birth to four lambs, all of which are living and doing well.

Foe's Credit Has Collapsed

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Far more impressive than the new Russian advance as an indication that Germany and Austria are on the eve of disaster is the fall of the German mark and the Austrian krone, and the coincidental appreciation of the Paris cheque and the pound sterling in all neutral countries.

The slump in the mark and the fall in the Austrian krone in New York are gratifying to bankers here. The financiers of Holland, Scandinavia and Switzerland are at one with the bankers of America in their belief that the practical collapse of Hun credit, indicated in the recent sensational declines in the rate of exchange, foreshadows the beginning of the end.

In Stockholm, according to the correspondent of The Morning Post, German and Austrian values are now the lowest on record, while the rate for francs and pounds sterling is advancing steadily.

The same newspaper's Berne correspondent telegraphs that the remarkably sudden fall of the mark there in a few weeks from 108 to 92 is the chief topic in Swiss financial circles and the cause of grave misgivings in Germany. The fall of the Austrian krone in Switzerland is also distressing the pro-Germans, who, as a result of the illuminating fact that 60 Swiss francs can now purchase 100 Austrian kronen, plainly see the writing on the wall.

The Daily Telegraph's financial expert, reviewing the steady and now alarming fall in German credit with the only countries with which she can deal, as her fleet is bottled up and her sea-borne commerce. nil, says:—"It means the Huns will have to pay through the nose from this time on for whatever they need. Therefore the process of exhaustion will proceed more rapidly than ever.

"In fact," he sums the situation up by saying, "while her vast armies have come to an impasse, if not worse, in all the theatres of war, and her navy is a burdensome mockery, the silver bullets that are being directed against Germany in every money market in the world are steadily hitting the mark and hastening the inevitable."

Soldier Charged With Bigamy

WOODSTOCK, Jan. 10.—Pte. Edward Gooding, a member of the 71st Battalion bugle band, now stationed at Galt, was in Police Court this morning charged with bigamy. Gooding was arrested at Norwich yesterday and brought to Woodstock. He is in jail on remand.

He went to Galt with the bugle band over a month ago. While the band was stationed there he visited Woodstock and went through the form of marriage with Miss Stella Munro of this city. When he overstayed his leave of absence the authorities here were communicated with, when the fact of his recent marriage became known. It was found that the records at the armory gave Gooding as a married man, whose wife and two children lived at St. Mary's. He will appear before the Magistrate in a week's time.

LOTS OF ARRESTS IN YOUNGSTOWN RIOTS

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Jan. 10.—Believing that the situation is well under control following three days of tranquility after the rioting Friday night, preparations are being made to re-open the plants of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co., in East Youngstown and Struthers.

The round-up of persons who are alleged to have participated in the looting Friday night, continued yesterday. Nearly 250 foreigners were arrested, while wagon loads of articles of every description found in their homes, and varying from shoes to dressed pigs, were brought to the East Youngstown police station.

The property loss from fire, incident to the rioting, is estimated at one million dollars.

PRAYERS ARE ORDERED FOR THE KAISER ?

ROME, Jan. 10.—(Special.)—A report has reached the Vatican, says The Agtnzia Naxionale, that Cardinal Hartmann of Cologne, has ordered prayers for the Kaiser's recovery.

WESTERN FRONT AN IMPASSIBLE BARRIER

Defence Works Are Impregnable—C. F. Bertelli Tells Story of Preparations in Flanders—A Maze of Fortified Trenches

RUSSIANS HOLD ALL THE POSITIONS WON

Comparative Calm Succeeds Successful Russian Advance—Loss Exceeded 175,000— Planned to Relieve Pressure in Balkans

Headquarters of the Franco-Belgian Army in Flanders, Jan. 10.—Basing my opinion on the visible evidence of the defensive organization in Flanders, I can positively state that whatever violent attacks the Germans may be preparing against this sector of the front they are bound to fail with heavy losses.

Prophecies in this war have been invariably wide of the mark: therefore I will not attempt to make a guess as to the length of the titanic struggle, but I must record the impression, overwhelmingly borne in upon me after a few days of detailed observations on the spot, that the armies I have seen quartered here are implanted in this region so completely, so solidly, as to indicate that they expect to stay not months, but for an indefinite number of years.

Maze of Fortified Trenches

Although the headquarters war bulletins during the last twelve months have been remarkably silent regarding the activities of the opposing forces here, it would be a mistake to imagine that they have been sitting down idly.

At the battle of Yser, when the German drive was definitely broken, the French had here practically nothing to speak of in the way of defensive works. Since the tens of thousands of soldiers, working night and day, have transformed the whole country into a maze of fortified trenches, barbed wire obstacles and battery and machine gun shelters.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—General calm prevails along the eastern front. In Galicia the Russians are consolidating their guns, the enemy having ceased their costly counter-attacks and confining their activity to artillery and hand grenade attacks in a vain effort to prevent the Russians fortifying the positions won.

Street Fighting

The struggles for possession of Czartorysk (Volhynia) and Czernowitz (Bukowina) were particularly fierce, Czartorysk changing hands several times before the Russians, pursuing the Austrians from street to street, drove them out with the bayonet.

The Austrian official despatches persist in misrepresenting the true situation, and claim to have repulsed the Russians. These reports come through Berlin, and are entirely at variance with the Rusian official statements regarding the fighting.

Exceeds Dardanelles Losses

The Hungarian newspaper, Pester Lloyd, estimates that the losses on both sides of the Bessarabian battles so far exceeds 175,000, or more than the total British losses in the whole Dardanelles campaign.

Another Hungarian newspaper states on the authority of a staff representative that the fighting on this front has been the bitterest and bloodiest in the history of the war, both sides sacrificing men in a manner without a parallel in military annals.

Planned to Relieve Allies

According to The Times' correspondent at Petrograd, who is visiting the Russian Headquarters, the Russian offensive was secretly planned in order to relieve the pressure in the Balkans. Early apprised of this gigantic offensive in eastern Galicia, the Germans, he states rushed reinforcements across the Danube to the relief of their Austrian allies, leaving the Bulgarians to pursue the offensive in the Balkans.

FRENCH SUCCESSFULLY REPULSE ATTACKS

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, Jan. 11.—The afternoon statement:— Between the rivers Somme and Oisse our artillery has been active. An enemy detachment attempted to carry one of our positions in the sector of Armancourt in the region of Roye. It was repulsed by our fire. To the west of Soissons our trench guns destroyed a depot of rockets in the neighborhood of Autreches. Latest information received from Champagne confirms the fact our artillery fire, our trench defences and our counter-attacks completely set at nought an important attack undertaken by the enemy, in which at least three German divisions took part.

Counter attacks and hand grenade fighting by our men during last night drove the enemy from the outposts position he had occupied, with the exeption of a small rectangle to the west of Mainsons De Champagne, where his small forces are maintaining themselves with difficulty. Our general fire and in particular our artillery fire, inflicted very heavy losses on the Germans.

Three of our aeroplanes, equipped with guns, engaged yesterday in several fights above the German lines near Dixmude with enemy scouting eroplanes of Fokker type. One of our machines, attacked by a Fokker machine, had to desend but the enemy aeroplanes of Fokker type. One of our of ours, which fired on it with a machine, had to descend but the enemy tres and brought it down.

ANOTHER BRITISH STEAMER SUNK

LONDON, Jan. 11.—The British steamer "Clan McFarlane," of 5,000 tons register, has been sunk in the Mediterranean. No details are given.

REDMOND WILL NOT OPPOSE MEASURE

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 11.—John Redmond, leader of the Nationalists, announced in the House of Commons this afternoon that the Nantionalists would not further oppose the military service bill.

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIANS

OTTAWA, Jan. 10.—The midnight list of casualties is:

4TH CANADIAN INFANTRY BRIGADE HEAQUARTERS

Wounded—A. H. Hughes, Kingston.

2ND BATTALION.

Died of wounds—R. D. Leffler, Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.

Slightly wounded—Thos B. Greener, Radville, Sask.

3RD BATTALION.

Wounded—S. Simmons, Herringneck, Nfld.; S. Wilson, Port Arthur, Ont.

4TH BATTALION.

Previously reported missing, now reported injured—J. Langtang, Loggieville, N.B.

5TH BATTALION.

Seriously ill—R. L. Adams, Minitonas, Man.

8TH BATTALION.

Wounded — Kolskuggar Thorsteinson, Sturgeon Creek, Man.

14TH BATTALION.

Killed in action—E. Carey, Saginaw, Mich.; Sergt. W. C. Blackett, Mexico.

Wounded—Sergt. E. Cowen, Providence, R.I.; A. E. Carr, Montreal.

15TH BATTALION.

Killed in action—W. McInerney, St. John, N.B.

21ST BATTALION.

Wounded—W. J. Renfold, Deseronto, Ont.

24TH BATTALION.

Killed in action—R. H. Driscoll, Montreal.

26TH BATTALION.

Wounded—Lance-Corp. J. G. Harris Campbellton, N.B.

31ST BATTALION.

Killed in action — Sergt. A. J. Kemp, Edmonton, Alta.

39TH BATTALION.

Died—Dexter A. Warner, Wales, Ont.

40TH BATTALION.

Dangerously ill—S. Walton, Truro, N.S.

43RD BATTALION.

Seriously ill—R. E. Horton, Smith's Falls, Ont.

38TH BATTALION.

Died—O. C. Gallagher, Hilliardton, New Ontario.

2ND FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE

Severely wounded—Gunner E. A. Bertrand, Sydney, N S.

A Toronto Aviator Killed in England

Lieut. Gorden Duke and a Warrant Officer Victims of Accident

LONDON, Jan. 10.—A double flying fatality occurred at Eastbourne to-day, Lieut. Gordon Duke, a Canadian, and Warrant Officer Fraser being the victims. The two naval airmen went up from the local aerodrome at about 2.15, and after flying one and one-half miles the machine became very unsteady. Suddenly it made a dive, nose downwards, from a height of about two hundred feet and crashed to the ground in a brickfield. Both aviators were killed.

Lieut. Gordon Duke, the Canadian aviator who is reported killed, was a son of Mrs. Robert Duke, 2,133 Gerrard street east. He trained at the Curtiss Aviation School. Lieut. Duke was born in Toronto nineteen years ago, and before the war was employed as a clerk wth the civic street railway. He joined the aviation school on August 16, 1915, and after completing his course went to the front attached to the naval wing.

Conscription Bill Gaining Ground

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 11.—The debate on the second reading of the military service bill began in the House of Commons this afternoon. The opinion was generally expressed in the lobby that the vote in favor of the bill in the second reading would be even greater than on the first reading and even stated that the minority vote would dwindle down to a negligible figure. It is believed that a small number of the radicial party will follow their leader, Sir John Simon, to the end. Some of these members have already been requested to resign by their constituents.

BRITISH ADVANCING IN MESOPOTAMIA

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 11.—A British force in Mesopotamia under General Aylemer is proceeding up the Tigris to the relief of Kut El Amara is still halted at Speik Said, some twenty miles from Kut El Amara, according to latest advices received by the government, but the halt is due to weather conditions and the necessty of removing the wounded by river. This announcement was made in the House of Commons this afternoon by Austen Chamberlain.

British cavalry forces have located the Turks six miles to the eastward of Kut El Amara. This is the position from which the Turks were originally driven by General Townsend in the battle of Kut El Amara.

* * *

Dominion-wide prohibition is now spoken of. Soon a man won't have a single spot in which to wet his parched throat.

JANUARY SALE

Another list of big bargains for our January sale.

Gents' Soft Front Shirts, 75c. to $1.00 values, plain and striped—sizes 14 to 17, on sale at .... 50c.
Boys' Winter Undershirts and Drawers, sizes 24 to 32, on sale at, each .... 19c.
Men's heavy ribbed Wool Underwear, sizes 32 to 44, worth $1, on sale at .... 69c.
Big Discounts on Men's Mocha Mitts and Gloves.
Gents' Tan colored Knitted Scarfs, fringed ends, regular $1.00; on sale at, each .... 75c.
Ladies' all-over White Lawn and Checked Gingham Aprons, on sale at, each .... 25c.
Great reductions in Fancy Crepe Kimonos, very large variety of patterns and colors.
60" x 80" White Flannelette Blankets, on sale, pair $1.19
68" x 81" White Flannelette Blankets, on sale, pair $1.39
68" x 90" White Flannelette Blankets, on sale, pair $1.59
11-4 White Flannelette Blankets, blue and pink borders, regular $1.50, on sale at, pair $1.39

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

Special Shoe Values

CLEARING SALE
of
Men's Gunmetal and Patent Laced & Button Boots

English and High Toe Lasts, all sizes in the lot. Regular $5.00 and $6.00 values,

CLEARING $3.45

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

ADAMS
THE SHOEMAN

Within the Military Circle

BELLEVILLE

The 155th Battalion have secured six recruits from Picton this week.

On Friday evening, Saturday afternoon and evening, Jan. 14th and 15th, under the auspices of the 155th Battalion, a submarine moving picture film will be shown at Griffin's Front St. Theatre. On Sunday afternoon and evening the 155th Battalion will hold a concert at the same theatre.

Lieut. E. H. Nesbitt of the Peterborough C.A.D.C., has been temporarily posted to the 109th Battalion.

Capt. G. C. Bonycastle, of the C.A.D.C., has been attached to the 136th and 139th Battalions.

Sergt. Stanners of the Belleville C.A.D.C., has been transferred to the Lindsay C.A.D.C.

Sergt. Beatty has been attached to the C.A.D.C., Belleville.

Capt. Highman of the 155th Battalion, is securing recruits in Trenton.

The 155th Battalion has secured 17 recruits from Coe Hill during the last week.

80TH BATTALION ORDERS.

Orderly Officer for today—Lt. A. C. Trousdale; for tomorrow—Lt. J. H. Phelan.

Orderly Sergt. for today—Cpl. Hatchard, B Co.; for tomorrow—Cpl. Blackhurst, B Co.

Orderly Corporal for today—L.-Cpl. Gladish, B Co.; for tomorrow—L.-Cpl. Smith, B Co.

KINGSTON

Lieut. Nolan Arrested

MONTREAL, Jan. 10.—Lieut. John Nolan, who belongs to a regiment training at Kingston, was arrested at the Ritz-Carlton here Saturday on suspicion of having been implicated in the disappearance of jewelry valued at $3,000. Nolan was a guest at a wedding at Brockville at which the jewelry disappeared.

It is reported in the city that Lt.-Col. Ketcheson of the 80th Battalion is laid up with a heavy cold. The grippe epidemic is playing havoc in Belleville as it is here and in other places.

Capt. Watson, of the 80th Battalion, was in the city on Saturday, and returned to Bellville on Saturday night. He is suffering from a heavy cold, but still full of his old vigor and keyed right up for the interests of the 80th Battalion.

Major Wilson, D.A.A., and Q.M.G., went to Belleville on Saturday to spend the week-end at his home.

The guard furnished the munitions factory is giving the artillery much more work. Guard work on the water front is a cold and uninviting job by day or night, and yet the men are doing their work cheerfully and with the spirit of a real soldier.

Military men are experiencing much difficulty in getting places to room and board in the city. Every place seems to be filled to capacity.

◆

Why Roman Meal is Best For Your Child

The intestinal muscles must have waste to properly develop. The growing muscles and organs must have abundant nutrition. The teeth and bones, nerves, muscles, organs, and blood must all have abundant inorganic salts. Roman Meal is filled with branny waste which gives the intestinal muscles exercise, preventing constipation and indigestion. It has more inorganic salts than any other known food. It's the most nutritious food sold. Ask your doctor. Do not stir Roman Meal porridge. At grocers, 10c. and 25c.

Roman Meal is made by Roman Meal Co., Toronto, and your grocer can procure it from any wholesaler.

◆

Hashish.

There was a terrible secret society in the east which was organized for wholesale and systematic murder. Its members called themselves "Hashbasin"—whence, by the way, came our word "assassin"—and used to get up courage for their deeds of atrocity by doses of the drug called hashish. This is obtained from Indian hemp, and it is from the seed vessels that the substance is taken which yields the poison so famed in history and romance. It is a vivid green and when taken produces the most extraordinary visions and hallucinations.

Yes, It Could Be Done.

Pat Whelan, the new lodger, was engaged lacing his boots in the kitchen His landlady, standing near, remarked "Pat, would you like an egg for breakfast?"

"Faith, ma'am," replied Pat grimly. "I heard of a man who ate two and he is alive yet."

The Pinnacle of Sacrifice.

"I love you so much, my darling," cooed the clinging young thing, "that for your sake I would even forego a church wedding and consent to be married by a justice of the peace!"

And greater love than this hath no woman.

DAVIES

Sweet Corn
3 tins 25c

Excelsior Peas
4 tins 30c

Ben-Hur Peas
3 tins 25c

Tomatoes
Large Tins
3 tins 25c

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

BELLEVILLE COUPLE MARRIED

Mr. Geo. N. Simmons of Belleville and Mrs. Minnie A. Stafford of Belleville were married by the Rev. H. S. Osborne, on Tuesday, January 4th, at 2 o'clock, at the home of the bride, Church street.

SUPPLIES FOR FRONT

The St. Julien Chapter forwarded through Kingston to No. 5 Canadian Stationary Hospital, Cairo, five boxes, on December 23rd. The contents of the boxes were as follows: Donations from Mrs. J. I. Coleman, Roblin's Mills; 12 sheets, 35 pillow cases; 12 tray cloths; 42 handkerchiefs; 14 floor cloths; 3 pkgs. old cotton; one pkg. old linen; 500 mouth wipes; 12 pillows; 600 rolled bandages; 1,060 mouth wipes; 42 triangular bandages; 5 writing pads; soap, cocoa, gum, chocolate, butter Scotch; 2 pillows, package of old cotton; package of old linen, two rolls of absorbent cotton; 163 handkerchiefs.

A donation of $5 for hospital work was received by the Chapter from the Locomotive Engineers through their secretary, Mr. LaVoie.

67 GERMAN TRAWLERS BAGGED IN ONE DAY

British Officer Laid a Shrewd Trap And Captured an Entire Fleet In the North Sea

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—Charles Bigelow, a New York merchant, with a branch office in Liverpool, who arrived in New York on the Adriatic, told of the recent capture of sixty-seven German steam fighting trawlers by the strategy of a British naval officer. The captured fleet is now at anchor at Dover.

"About a month ago," he said, "the commander of a destroyer which had been out to the North Sea fishing fleet found three German fishing trawlers on the ground with the British and French boats. He went on board to see if they had any guns, and finding nothing suspicious he told their skippers to go ahead. Three days later he picked up the fleet again, and found eleven Germans there instead of three, and repeated his former program.

"Two weeks later the same commander found that the number of German trawlers had increased to fifteen, and still he did not interfere, although he made sure that they were not armed. On December 20 the commander, leading a squadron of five destroyers, visited the North Sea fishing fleet, and captured sixty-seven trawlers, which were taken into Dover. I do not know what the value of the vessels is, but they will be very useful to the Admiralty for mine sweeping. The cargoes of fish brought $15,000 at Dover.

"I asked the commander why the British and French fishermen permitted the Germans to fish on their ground, and he replied that, by international agreement, fishermen had been immune from attack until the present war started."

W. W. Price, a New York broker, who returned on the Adriatic from a visit to Paris and London, said he left the French capital on Dec. 27. He met several Americans, but did not hear anything about the warnings said to have been sent to passengers intending to sail on the Lafayette.

"Americans who wish to learn what this war really means to the people of the belligerent nations," he continued "should take a trip to Europe now. The daily sight in Paris of the wounded, maimed, and blind officers and men in the streets is the most pathetic spectacle I have ever seen. London is more depressing even than Paris on account of the darkness of the streets and the fog, with its accompaniment of drizzling rain. I have been going to Paris yearly for the last twenty-five years, but never imagined that it would be possible to see the once gay city in such a pathetic state.

"The spirit of the British and French people under all their trouble is really magnificent, and they have only one idea from the highest to the lowest—to go on with the fight, no matter how long it lasts. There is no talk of peace."

Another passenger on the steamer was the Hon. Mrs. Lyndhurst Bruce, formerly Miss Camille Clifford, whose husband was killed early in the war.

◆

ONE-THIRD OF SOLDIERS PAY GOES TO THEIR KIN

OTTAWA, Jan. 10—(Special)—The amount of assigned pay or separation allowance now being sent out monthly by the Militia Department to dependents or relatives of the men at the front totals about $2,000,000.

There are some 90,000 names on the list of recipients. The total monthly roll of the department is now something like $6,000,000. Consequently about one-third of the pay earned by the men on active service is assigned to the kin they left behind them.

MADE IN CANADA

ROYAL YEAST

Constantine And Wilson, The Same

ATHENS, Jan. 10.—via Paris, Jan. 7, (delayed).—"I hope you will make the people of the United States understand that I am no more pro-German than your President," said King Constantine to the Associated Press correspondent today. "I am pro-Greek, just as your President tried to be only pro-American.

"It is one of the saddest evidences of the blind hatreds and prejudices evoked by this war that people who should and in their sober senses do know better insist upon imputing to others motives which they never could conceivably have entertained."

The King's statement was made in communicating to the correspondent an important declaration of his policy which he had given to a representative of the Lokal Anzeiger of Berlin. This declaration was made with a view to clearing up any misunderstanding respecting his intentions which may exist in Germany.

◆

Gallipoli Troops Entirely Withdrawn

PARIS, Jan. 10.—Official announcement of the allied evacuation of the Gallipoli Peninsula was made by the war office tonight in the following statement: "On the night of Jan. 8-9, the complete evacuation of the Gallipoli Peninsula, prepared in detail some days ago, was perfectly carried out by the English commandant and the commandant of our expeditionary corps. It was effected without the loss of any French material beyond six emplaced marine guns, which were useless, and are included in the seventeen pieces which the English announcement reported destroyed.

"The enemy opened fire at 6 o'clock in the morning, when the embarkation ended."

Lusitania Dispute Practically Settled

Final Agreement Draft Sent From Washington to German Capital

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Special—The United States Government and the German Embassy believe tonight that the controversy over the sinking of the Lusitania eight months ago, with the loss of 115 American lives, is virtually at an end.

All that remains now, it may be said on the highest authority, is for the German Government to give approval of a draft of the final agreement between the United States and Germany.

This draft went forward to Berlin to-night over official State Department wires.

A reply from Berlin is expected within a week. There is not the slightest doubt in diplomatic circles that his reply will be an approval of the terms of the draft agreement.

President Wilson gave final approval to the proposals submitted by the German Government, and to-day returned to the State Department the written suggestions made by the German Ambassador, Count, von Bernstorff, with a few minor changes in phraseology which were not considered to have changed the basic proposals.

Secretary Lansing afterwards saw the Ambassador.

It can be stated on the highest authority, however, that the agreement contains a practical disavowal that meets the wishes of the United States without stultifying Germany.

Admits Act's Illegality

This will carry with it admission of the illegality of placing lives of Americans in jeopardy from submarine operations. It will not, however, disavow Germany's legal right to sink the British liner when that action was explicitly ordered as a reprisal, and since the United States itself has declared the British food blockade, which called for the the reprisals, "illegal and indefensible."

There has been no disagreement over the question of reparation. From the beginning of the Lusitania negotiations, it is said, Germany has acceded to the demand for indemnity.

It was reliably stated to-night that the ability of the United States and Germany to reach an agreement on the delicate question of disavowal was due to the fact that the demands of the United States were made while Germany was continuing submarine warfare in the war zone as a "reprisal." The United States contended that only disavowal of the principle that submarines had the legal right to sink merchant vessels without saving lives aboard would give sufficient future guarantees.

Count von Bernstorff, in his conversations with Secretary Lansing emphasized the fact that Germany had given up its submarine campaign in the war zone and had also given every assurance of future conduct that could be asked.

Announcement to-day that the Ancona note to Austria, which was held up by the Persia case, is being prepared, was taken as another favorable indication on the early solution of the pending submarine controversies.

◆

YOUNG OFFICER MAKES CONFESSION OF THEFT

BROCKVILLE, Jan. 10.—Lieutenant Nolan, the young Kingston battery officer who decamped a few days ago with jewels to the value of $3,500 from the home of Mrs. S. Flint, where he was being entertained, has made a clean breast of the robbery since his arrest in Montreal and rtturn to Brockville. He disposed of two pieces in Toronto according to his own story for $330 and the remainder of the jewelry was found in his possession. He had arranged to sail from Quebec for Swedtn when his flight was halted by the Montreal detectives. He is in jail on one week's remand.

◆

LICENSE BOARD TO CUT OFF 40 LICENSES

Chairman J. D. Flavelle of the Ontario License Board was back at his post at the Parliament Building yesterday after being laid up for a week with a fractured rib. To-day the Board holds court in Ottawa, which city recently voted to cut off about 40 licenses. While in Ottawa the Board will bear charges against Mr. Duff's liquor store at Cornwall and the Palace Hotel, Smith's Falls. In the latter case the allegation is violation of the law regarding hours of sale to soldiers.

◆

After Death.

It is irrational to think death ends all, for then life is gone and annihilated, and it is just as though it had never been. A life can in nowise be destroyed by death. What has once been experienced is an eternal and indelible constituent of reality never more to be erased or altered. It is a foolish doubt which Karl Moor expresses with the pistol in his hand, "If the paltry pressure of this paltry thing makes the wise man and the fool, the coward and the hero, the noble and the villain, equal"— That cannot be. Death severs the thread of the earthly life, but the content of life can neither be altered nor annihilated by it. Reality is eternal in its essence. Nothing that is real can, to quote Angelus Silesius, ever perish and cease to be.—Professor Friedrich Paulsen.

Boiled Nettles.

The countryman knows more about economy than the townsman when it comes to a matter of vegetables. A correspondent reports a conversation overheard in a village inn in Hertfordshire in this present year of grace. Vegetables were under discussion, and spinach was mentioned. "Not bad," one gourmet admitted, "but give me nettles," and inquiry has shown that the two are not dissimilar in taste. Another forgotten "vegetable" is the primrose. Primrose pasties were once a popular dish in Lancashire.—London Standard.

Try Our Saturday Special Chocolates 33c

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

Safety First

It is the desire for eye safety that impels you to wear glasses. Keep that object—SAFETY—in your mind. It is the central idea, the essential element in your eye treatment.

Our Complete Sight Service, made good after twenty-one years experience, affords you the safety you seek,

at

Angus McFee's

The Store with the Big Clock

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

Powdered Sweet Chocolate, ½ lb. tin 20c
Cocoa and Milk Sweetened Powder, ½ lb. tin 25c
"Dot" Chocolate, for special coatings and icings, Cakes 10c and 25c
Caracas Sweet Eating Chocolate, ¼ lb. cakes 10c
Diamond Sweet Chocolate, Cakes 5c

Delicious Coffee
Wallbridge and Clarke's
SPECIAL PURE COFFEES
At 30c and 40c lb.
Whole or ground.

If you like a good pure Coffee at a reasonable price, try the blend at 30c lb.

CLARK'S BAKED BEANS
Plain
Chili Sauce } 7c, 4 tins 25c
Tomato Sauce } 10c and 12½c

Certainly nothing could be more appropriate, if the clergy enlist, than for the "sky-pilots" to join the flying colors.

SINCLAIR'S

SINCLAIR'S

January Sale

Girls' and Children's Coats Less Than Half Price

Girls' Cloth Coats, $4.50

At this price we offer your choice of about 20 Winter Coats for Girls of 12 to 15 years of age, colors Navy, Tan, Green and Cardinal, regular prices up to $9.50 each. To clear for only $4.50 each.

Children's Cloth Coats, $3.50

These are for little Girls from 3 to 12 years, about 15 Coats all told, in Bear Skin, Blanket Cloths, Tweeds, etc., regular prices up to $7.50, to clear, your choice only $3.50.

Wool Goods Half Price

In this clearing lot we offer Wool Sweater Coats, Wool Hoods and Caps, Wool Toques and Clouds, Children's Knitted Pull-overs and Wool Jackets, Wool Fascinators, etc., a great variety of Knitted Goods to clear at HALF PRICE.

SATURDAY EARLY CLOSING.

This is for the Customers who came to our store on Saturday evening last and found our store closed.

During the Winter Months of January, February and March we will close our store Saturdays at 7 p.m., and we again ask our many customers and friends to assist us by early shopping, in this progressive movement. Every Saturday, from 8.30 a.m. to 7 p.m. our Staff is at your service.

Shop Early on Saturdays.

Silk and Net Waists $2.00

These are some odd lines in Ladies' Black and Colored Silk and Net Waists, Silk Lined. The sizes are well assorted from 34 to 40 inch, bust measures, and in prices they range from $4.00 to $6.50 each, and we clear these, your choice, only .. $2.00

Cotton Flannel Velours 15c yard

Here is one of the greatest of our January Sale attractions: We have one case of these American Cotton Flannel Velours that should have been here months ago, but we have them now and we want to clear them at once, so for regular 25c. and 35c. Velours, all new patterns, we say your choice—

Only 15c yard

White Wool Blankets

We have 12 pairs only of White Wool Kumfy Blankets, sizes 60 x 80 and 64 x 84 inches, and we clear these for only $3.00 and $3.75 a pair..

COTTON BLANKETS, $1.05 AND $1.15.

We have less than 100 pairs of these Cotton Blankets, white and grey, ten and eleven quarter, regular $1.25 and $1.50, to clear

$1.05 & $1.15 a pair

SINCLAIR'S

January Sale

ALL WINTER GOODS MUST GO

Extra Specials

Will be Offered Every Day This Month.

Black Silks,
Dress Goods,
Velvets,
Corduroy Velvets,
Staples,
Linens,
Flannels

Blankets,
Comforters,
Cottons,
Women's Underwear,
Men's Underwear,
Hosiery, Gloves,
Sweater Coats

EVERYTHING NEW.
Your Money's Worth, or
Your Money Back.

Wims & Co

HOBSON'S
PALATABLE
Epsom Salts

Easy to take
No Nasty Taste
No Nausea after taking
15c pkg.

Waters' DRUG STORE

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip

Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.

Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows.

F. W. L. CARRE

Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward counties.
Phone 366 276 Albert St., City

EYES BLUR
when reading?
If so; Glasses are needed to overcome the strain—let me help you.

Alex Ray, Opt. D
Eye-Sight Specialist

The Company and Staff extend to you and yours Greetings and Good Wishes for a Happy New Year

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Advertise in The Intelligencer

Letters From Belleville Boys At the Front

The following letter has been received by Mrs. (Dr.) Yeomans from her son at the front.

Belgium, December 4, 19195.

Dear Mamma:—

This will probably be the last letter which you will receive from us before Christmas,—if you do get it before, which I hope you will. So before I mention anything else at all, I want to wish you all the merriest possible time at Christmas and the happiest of New Year's. Don't let the fact of our being away bother you in the slightest, but think of us as sitting, comfortable and happy, in a cosy hut before a good fire, with nearly all we could desire, and far more than we need. This time next year we will be home, and the only Germans left will be in museums or in zoos.

Last week I received from Ann St. School another scrapbook with a lot of news in it. They are mighty interesting to us I can tell you, and whenever I get one it goes the rounds of the Belleville boys in the battery. It is the only news of any kind, outside of your letters, that we get of what is taking place.

There was a long description of the reception given to Ed Blaylock, and I was sure glad to see they turned out well for him. He is one chap who deserved all they can do for him. He was one of the finest all-round fellows that left home at all, and he has had far the hardest time of it. I was within seventy-five yards of him when he was wounded, and was with him for some time after until the stretcher bearers took him away. Terrible though his wounds were —and I have not seen anyone before or since who appeared to be in quite so bad a mess —he set his teeth and stood it, and when they were taking him off he waved his hand as though nothing was the matter at all.

Your Christmas parcels came and were certainly well fixed up and thoroughly enjoyed. Every gift as it was taken out seemed to me to be about the most thoughtful of gifts. Mary's hickory nuts were certainly welcome. They seemed to add a new touch to the whole parcel and I could just imagine Mary cracking them with the hammer and that old iron, occasionally hitting her thumb a discouraging whack, and perhaps cracking two for every one that went into the bag (or perhaps she made Asa crack them for her). The gifts of all the rest were just what we wanted.

I was sorry to hear of the death of Mr. Lynch. You sent me a paper with the article marked. He will certainly be missed. I was even more sorry to hear about poor Cecil Bowyer. He was such a nice chap, very quiet and reserved, but as warm hearted as one could find. He was in the same class at school as I was for a long time.

Here's wishing you all succes with the Local Option campaign. It has aroused quite a lot of discussion even out here among the Belleville boys.

The Rainbow Shower boxes which you mentioned have not come yet, but I expect will be here soon. They do not charge for things like that at all.

Give my love to all and wishing you all the merriest Christmas.

December 14th.

I am down in the trenches on duty, but last night Ted called up from the battery and said there was a letter waiting for me from you. It's maddening when there is a letter waiting for one that way that it is impossible to get at; but I'll enjoy it to-night.

Everything is O. K. with us in every way. The water and mud are terrible—up to one's' waist in the trenches —but we are quite used to that by now and treat it as a very trivial matter.

I think there is about one country where the mud is halfway considerate, and that is Canada. I shall always think of mud when anyone mentions Europe to me after I get home. They certainly have lots of it in Flanders anyway, and in England. Every kind too—thick, thin, clayey, loamy, slippery, sticky, slimy and any other varieties that are made. They keep them all here and it's all first class too —none of your cheap kind. When the mud here is sticky, it sticks, and it almost takes "all the king's horses and all the King's men" to pull you out again. Likewise when you suddenly strike a patch of slippery variety, look for bumps! They're sure to come. The most unpleasant way to strike mud though, is in combinations of different kinds. F'rinstance,—you step off a spot where there is none, (if you can find one) into the umd, which happens at that particular step to be "sticky." Of course, you only put one foot down at a time, but when that foot strikes "sticky" it goes down a distance and makes absolutely no attempt to come to the surface again. Your next step with your other foot carries you to some slippery mud. Imagine the consequences!—— Slip goes foot number two—stick stays foot number one—and you indulge in a few gymnastics (and often a few vivid remarks as well) before invariably making a landing on the point of your nose, the tip of your left elbow, and the palm of your right hand. These latter may of course land in some of the numerous other varieties. (Consider the unpleasantness, for example, of your nose landing in some "slimy") but as a rule three varieties are the most found clumped together. When I get home I shall be pleased to point out to you the consistencies and varieties of the mud on Front street.

By the time you get this I suppose all the winter pleasures will be in full swing, skating both on the rink and on the bay. Hockey and driving seem so far away now as to be novelties to us, but I think I should still be able to skate.

We have not had a snow flake here yet, but I suppose we will have some before long. I believe it lasts half an hour sometimes.

Please give my love to all, and I shall write again soon,

Your loving son,

PAT.

LUNG TROUBLE

Was never cured by dosing the stomach. The two organs are not connected. If they were, food swallowed would choke you. For lung and bronchial troubles you must *breathe* the cure; and you can't breathe cough syrups, tonics and syrupy compounds! Peps provide the rational treatment for coughs, colds, bronchitis and lung troubles. Peps are tablets made up of Pine extracts and medicinal essences, which when put into the mouth turn into healing vapors. These are breathed down direct to the lungs, throat and bronchial tubes —not swallowed down to the stomach, which is not ailing.

On the face of it, now, does this not sound more reasonable than drugging the stomach? Try one box of Peps. A trial will cost you only 50c., and the good you will reap—well, health cannot be expressed in money terms. Be sure of the article when ordering from druggist or store. Just four letters

Peps

Leave your order for Montreal Daily Star at Geen's and save trouble and expense of remitting.
smt

Drug Proof?

If there ever was a human being who was not in some way susceptible to drugs he's never been heard of. Yet, in spite of the warnings of reputable physicians, many persons with whom tea and coffee disagree continue their use and take into their systems the drug, caffeine.

The 1½ to 3 grains of this drug, in the average cup of tea or coffee, taken regularly is often the cause of headaches, nervousness, biliousness, heart flutter and many other ailments.

The sure, easy way out of tea and coffee troubles is to quit both the tea and coffee and use

POSTUM

—the pure food-drink

Made of wheat and a bit of molasses, Postum has a delicious, snappy flavour, but contains no drug or other harmful element.

Postum comes in two forms: The original **Postum Cereal**, must be boiled. **Instant Postum** is a soluble powder. A level teaspoonful in a cup of boiling water makes a delicious drink **instantly**. Both kinds are equal in taste and the cost per cup is about the same.

The better health that follows freedom from tea and coffee drinking shows

"There's a Reason" for Postum

MADE IN CANADA. Sold by Grocers.

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

COUNTRY CORRESPONDENCE

TO CORRESPONDENTS

The Intelligencer is constantly receiving news items from parties throughout the district who fail to attach their names to the manuscript. While items of interest, from all sections of the county are solicited, The Intelligencer positively declines to publish news that does not bear the name of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but that articles may be received in good faith—The Editor.

SURPRISE PARTY

On the evening of Jan. 7, 1916, a party of nearly one hundred people, young and old, assembled themselves at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Ketcheson, 5th Con. Sidney, and presented Miss Alma with a handsome china cabinet in honor of her approaching marriage. The following address was read by Miss Alma Fox.

Dear Alma:—Knowing that the time is drawing near, when you are to leave your pleasant home to enter a new home, we, your friends, have met tonight to express the good-will and the esteem which we bear toward you.

From early childhood your face has grown familiar as, week by week you have met with us in social and church life; and as the years have passed one by one, since as a child you entered our Sabbath school, we have learned to admire your ability and willingness to enter into any work that came to hand.

To say that we have any regrets at your approaching marriage would not be true, for it is a joy to know that you are to become one of the "homemakers" of our fair Canadian land and we believe you are well qualified "to keep the home fires burning." It is a grand satisfaction to know that your marriage will cause no separation from old friends; that from time to time we shall see your cheery face among us.

To show in a practical way that we value your friendship, we offer you this cabinet, but of greater importance is the sincere wish that you may possess that rare faculty of seeing the silver lining in every cloud, and the happiness so soon to be yours, may endure through all the years of your wedded life.

Signed on behalf of,
Scott's Church,
"Sidney Circuit.",

Miss Alma made a very modest reply of thanks in a few well chosen words. A very pleasant evening was spent in music and games. A splendid lunch was provided, to which ample justice was done.

The party dispersed, all expressing their thanks for the jolly evening.

"Weekly Ontario, please copy."

CROOKSTON.

Mr. Cecil Vinvent, of the O. S. B., at Brantford, returned there on Wednesday, after spending the holidays with his parents.

A few from this vicinity attended the party at Mr. C. Morland's, of Moria on Friday evening.

Mrs. Wm. Phillips and children, of Madoc, is spending a few days at her parent's home.

Mr. and Mrs. James Bateman, of Springbrook, were the week-end guests of their daughter, Mrs. C. Kellar.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Woodcock, were the guests of Mrs. Harris, near Beulah, on Sunday.

Sorry to report that Mr. Gilbert Dafoe is on the sick list.

Mrs. James Kirley entertained the ladies of the Womans' Guild on Thursday afternoon at her home.

Mr. John Blair leaves this week for Belleville, where he has enlisted for overseas service.

Mrs. Finlay Dafoe moved to Brownsville, in New York State, this week. Mr. Dafoe has secured a job in the paper mills there.

Mrs. W. E. Tummon was in Madoc on Monday.

CARMEL.

Sunday school was well attended on Sunday, by both teachers and pupils.

We are pleased to report a decided improvement in Mr. G. Vandewater's condition.

Mrs. W. Embury, Foxboro, visited at Mr. J. Reynold's(on Friday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Brown, were Sunday visitors at Mr. Vandewater's.

Miss Hudgins, is visiting her uncle, Mr. H. Gerow.

We are glad to see Mrs. Derbyshire around again, after her illness.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Homan spent Thursday evening at Mr. Moorman's.

Miss Horton and Mrs. W. C. Reid attended the Red Cross meeting at Foxboro, on Tuesday last.

Our Board of Trustees met at the school house on Monday last, and transacted considerable business.

Miss L. Gilbert is staying with her grandmother, Mrs. J. B. Roblin, Corbyville.

Mr. Roy Tracey spent a few days at home, last week.

Master Lyle Vandewater is suffering from a severe cold.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Pitman spent Sunday in Foxboro.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Benedict visited at Mr. Gerow's, last week.

IVANHOE.

The Evangelistic services which are being held at White Lake, by Rev. Mr. Sharpe, are being well attended by the people of this neighborhood.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Hazzard, of Plainfield, called on Mrs. A. Sine, one day last week.

Miss Lillie Wood was the guest of Mrs. W. J. Moore, on Sunday.

A large number of people in this neighborhood have had la grippe, but most of them are recovering.

Mrs. Jos. Wood is suffering from pneumonia.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Campbell, of Foxboro, and Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Mitts, of Chatterton, visited at Mr. C. A. Mitts', one day last week.

Miss Jennie Fleming has returned home from a two-weeks' visit with her sister, Mrs. Hamm, of Queensboro, and other friends in the vicinity.

Miss Jessie Rollins has returned from a two-weeks' visit with Cooper friends.

SIDNEY CROSSING.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Moon spent the New Year's holidays with their nephew, Mr. Harry Moon and wife, of Toronto.

Mr. Gerald and Miss Elsie Nelson, and Mr. Harold Taylor, of Toronto, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Dan Hyde, over New Year's.

Mr. Albert Finkle spent New Year's with Mr. and Mrs. Alex Morten, Wellman's Corner.

Mrs. Seldon Ketcheson was "at home" to Bayside Auxiliary of the W. M. S., on Wednesday. About twenty ladies being present. Mrs. Ketcheson read an interesting letter from the teacher of the little Chinese girl, the Auxiliary were supporting. Mrs. Gardiner gave a reading solo. The meeting was very interesting and profitable. Luncheon was served by the genial hostess at the close.

Mr. Clayton Curtis and Miss Dolly Walker, of Bayside, were quietly married by Rev. F. Joblin at the Bayside parsonage December 29th ult. A few evenings before a miscellaneous shower was given the bride, at the home of Mrs. Wm. Harry and a very pleasant and social evening spent. The young couple are very popular, and all wish them a happy wedded life.

Mr. and Mrs. Hayward met with quite a serious accident a few days ago. coming down the big hill by Mr. Frank Brills', with a load of grist. The sleigh began sliding on the ice and upset, Mrs. Hayward was quite badly injured.

BIRTHS

BIRRELL—In Toronto at 579 Palmerston avenue, to Mr. and Mrs. N. E. Birrell (nee Miss F. Ridley, a daughter.

January
Shoe Bargains

50 Pairs of Ladies' DOROTHY DODD $5.00 Shoes for $3.25

Patent in Button Black Cloth Tops, sizes 2½ to 5.
Gun Metal in Button and Laced Styles, sizes 2½ to 5.

Secure a Pair at Once
Before they are sold out.

Several other Lots at Great Bargains
to Clear before Stock-Taking.

The **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros.
January Clearance Sale

will save you money on most any article you require, be it for present or future wear.

GREAT BARGAINS IN THE MEN'S SECTION ALL THIS WEEK.

75c. Men's warm Winter Shirts .... 49c.
$1.25 Men's Flannel Shirts $1.00
$1.00 Men's Wool Caps, ... 65c.
$1.50 Men's striped Trousers, extra strong work pants, clearing at, pair .... 69c.
$1.00 to $1.50 Men's Sweaters, clearing at .... 69c. each
Men's Heavy Grey Pure Wool Sox .... 4 pairs for $1.00
Men's regular up to $1.00 Overalls, black or blue color, with or without bibs, clearing at only .... 69c.

CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' DRESSES

At prices that you will wonder at when you see the quality of the goods. Come at once. See these, as there is only a limited number. Here are a few notable offers:—

Children's Dresses suitable for Children ages 3 to 6 years, regular up to $2.50 values, clearing at $1.39
Reg. up to $1.25 values, clearing at .... 69c.
Reg. up to $3.00 values, clearing at $1.98

You can't afford to miss one day of this great sale, as there is no limit to the many bargains that are being offered.

McIntosh Bros

WOOLS

At the present time we have a large stock of Military and Fingering Yarns. As this Wool was secured under our old agreement, we have not had to advance our prices on this lot. Secure what you require soon.

Hockey Goods

Hockey Sticks, Hockey Gloves, Hockey Pads, Leg Guards, Pucks and Skate Straps all at popular prices.

THE BEEHIVE **CHAS. N. SULMAN**

The Standard Bank of Canada.

Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.

GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.

Toronto, 28th December, 1915.

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch - - - JOHN ELLIOTT - - Manager

PERSIAN LAMB

We have never before been better prepared to meet the season's demand for high class Persian Lamb garments, than at present.

Why not get prices on having your Persian Jacket repaired, remodelled or lengthened? We have skins to match every coat.

G. T. WOODLEY,
Phone 421. 273 Front St.

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, 227 Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $1.00, strictly in advance.

This is the 526th day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany

MONTENEGRO'S ARMY.

For days following the final repulse of the Serbian army statements were issued in Berlin and Vienna announcing the determination of the Austrians to continue their triumphant march across the Montenegrin border and crush the gallant little force which under King Nicholas has so bravely defended its country from the Hun. Whatever the final result may be, it is an encouraging fact that so far the Teuton plans have miscarried. The Austrians have crossed the border into Montenegro, but they have not crushed the Montenegrin army. And it is the belief of military critics that they will not be able to crush it unless they are strongly reinforced.

Europe has no better fighters than the Montenegrins. Gladstone once described them as the bravest people in the world. They are living up to their reputation in this war. For years they have been in the thick of armed strife. In the Balkan strife the soldiers of Montenegro fought so successfully that the area of the little kingdom was increased 2,129 square miles. They are now fighting for their lives—women as well as men—and there will be no surrender. They know what happened to Serbia; and they are grimly determined to save their country from a similar fate. The Montenegrin women are of Spartan mould and they rejoice in their ability to take their places on the firing line along with their husbands, sons and brothers. Like the women of Serbia they have sacrificed all for their country.

The outdoor life of the men and women of Montenegro has stood them in good stead in their struggles against hostile forces. The population, which is roughly estimated at 516,000, is mainly pastoral and agricultural, Cettinje, the capital, having a population of less than 5,600. The war strength of the army at the beginning of the present conflict was estimated at 40,000 but doubtless it is much greater at the present time. Military observers have declared that every available man is at the front, as well as every woman who is able to stand the hardship. According to the law of 1910, "every Montenegrin subject is liable to military service from the 18th to the 62nd year of his age, that is, for a total period of 45 years." Those who are not strong enough to take part in the actual fighting are employed in some other military capacity. From King Nicholas down the Montenegrins are a patriotic, fearless and determined people and if they can hold out until help arrives from Italy they may be depended upon to take an important part in the Balkan campaign now being so carefully planned by the Allies.

FINANCING A WAR.

Some idea of the cost of the war is furnished in tables prepared by the Journal of Commerce on loans that have been made by the belligerent and other nations since the outbreak of hostilities. The total is $30,537,380,000. Among the Allies Great Britain is credited with $6,265,000,000; France with $7,931,000,000; Russia with $3,148,000,000; Italy with $415,000,000; Belgium with $100,000,000; Japan with $26,000,000, and Serbia with $18,000,000. The total of these loans is $17,903,000,000. Germany is credited with $9,270,000,000; Austria-Hungary with $250,000,000, and Bulgaria with $30,000,000. The total here is $12,281,000,000. In addition to these strictly war loans are loans amounting to $353,380,000 which neutral European countries have been obliged to make because of the war.

To these loans must be added the extra interest burden, which amounts to a large item. Before the war the principal governments could borrow money at low rates. example, Great Britain could borrow well below three per cent. The war loans are put out at a much higher rate, in some instances running to seven per cent. Furthermore, there must be charged the heavy burden of inflation of currency, as in Germany. The effect of this will not be felt in full force in Germany until the war ends and international trade is attempted. Gold is the single medium of exchange that the world accepts.

It is almost incredible that such an amount of money has been raised in less than a year and a half of war, yet we know that this amount, enormous as it is, has been largely spent and that fresh loans must be made as long as the war lasts. Dr. Helferrich, of the German Imperial Treasury estimated a few days ago that the war was costing between $80,000,000 and $83,000,000 a day. As yet there has been no such thing as impairment of the credit of any of the leading nations involved in the war, though, of course, no test has been applied to the Teutonic powers. It is true that American bankers are slow in the matter of Russian loans—that is, large ones—but that is not because any fear is felt as to the resources of the Russian Empire. It is a matter of the character of the security, rather than anything else. The credit of Great Britain and France is practically limitless, though the strain and hazards of the period naturally force a demand for higher interest rates.

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GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From The Intelligencer, 1868, Jan 11.

The clerks in the office of the Magnetic Telegraph Company in Dublin have been arrestd on the charge of belonging to the Fenian organization.

Despatches from Japan announce the release of persecuted and imprisoned Christians at Nagasaky.

The U. S. Marshall has seized the steamer "China" at San Francisco for breach of the passenger Law of Congress.

The sum of $277,573,400 has been stolen from the excise duty on whiskey by the United States government officials.

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Current Comment

A Hard Task.

The statement is again made in London that, regardless of any conquests which Germany may make on land, no German trade ever again will be permitted on the high seas till Germany has paid suitable indemnities for this war. In other words, before Germany can win this war, she must destroy British sea power.—Buffalo Express.

Unfair Treatment of Prisoners.

The announcement of the Red Cross Society that Canadian prisoners of war in Germany have been condemned to two years in jail for refusing to make munitions for the Kaiser's armies should prove a fresh stimulus to recruiting throughout the Dominion. Neither the British nor any of our Allies would think of compelling prisoners of war to assist in the slaughter of their own compatriots. Every week paints the Hun in darker colors. The civilized nations grow more and more convinced that the barbarous Central Powers must be deprived of their ability to ravish their neighbors and menace the world's liberties. The work of crushing the Vandals is one that calls imperatively to Canadian manhood, and we have no doubt that the full 500,000 troops, asked for by the Prime Minister, will be forthcoming.—Toronto News.

Northern Ontario Has Great Future

British Columbia Mines Do Not Compare With Those Up North

The profits of the Consolidated Mining and Smelting Company were under $1,000,000 in 1915. This company owns the smelter at Trail, B.C., also the Le Roi, Centre Star and War Eagle gold mines at Rossland, B.C. It also works silver lead mines at other points in British Columbia, including the St. Eugene, Sullivan, Molly Gibson, Richmond Eureka, Silver King and several others. When the Rossland "boom" was at its height in the closing years of the past century most of these were considered famous mines and no doubt they were the best lode propositions we had at that time known in Canada. But all the mines of Rossland, B.C., have not produced at the rate of $2,600,000 per year during the past ten years, and the most important mine outside of Rossland, namely, the Hedley, yields under $900,000 per year, of which less than $400,000 is profit. It will be readily seen that these properties do not compare favorably with the much younger mines in Northern Ontario. It is in fact highly probable that the Hollinger alone will in 1917 yield more gold than all the lode and placer mines of the Pacific produce. It is not now being worked to over half its capacity. Then with sufficient development and equipment the Acme and Dome can exceed their present outputs by 300 per week or more.

Prior to the discovery of Cobalt interest in mining stocks was largely confined to those of British Columbia and western Ontario. Now it is all centred in the new north. Here we find the greatest nickel mines in the world, the richest silver ore ever found in place, and what is in all probability the greatest of the world's gold fields. And there is no instance in all the world where different metals occur in such large quantities in such close proximity to each other. From the geological point of view it marks the greater mineral possibilities of the old igneous formations of the base over the summit of a mountain chain. For northern Ontario was once the seat of the earliest mountain range, now largely weathered away, while the Rockies are of yesterday in geological time. They are also mixed with sedimentaries, while at Porcupine all the gold bearing rocks are of igneous origin and have cooled much more slowly than those which form recent mountain regions. This makes for greater permanence and a more even distribution of the precious metal, while the extensive shearing which we find at Porcupine assure us many large and often irregular ore bodies.

HAVE YOU A HUSBAND

child or friend, who is suffering from eczema, or other skin disease, or an obstinate sore that has defied medical treatment? If so, that is a case for Zam-Buk.

Mrs. B. Ellis, of Castleton, Ont., writes: "My husband suffered intensely with a running sore on his foot. The sore penetrated to the bone, and the inflammation was so bad that he could not sleep at nights. After spending a lot of money and trying every remedy we heard of, with no result, I read of a cure which Zam-Buk had effected in a similar case, and got a box.

"Within two hours after the first application the pain was eased; and with perseverance the inflammation was drawn out, the swelling reduced, and before long the sore was entirely healed."

Zam-Buk also cures ulcers, abscesses, eczema, poisoned wounds, pimples, cold sores, chapped hands and chilblains.

50c. box, 3 for $1.25, at all druggists, or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

ZAM-BUK

◆

Children's First Shoes.

Let the first shoe be on the order of an Indian moccasin, and as the foot grows it should be fitted from tracings.

Have the child stand upon a piece of paper and trace the outline of the foot with a pencil.

Use this as a guide when buying his shoes, and you will never make the mistake of getting them too small or ill fitting.

Getting Gamy.

Perturbed Diner—What on earth is the matter with you this evening, waiter? First you give me the fish, and now you give me the soup. Waiter (confidentially)—Well, to tell the truth, sir, it was 'igh time you 'ad that fish. After the soup it'd ha' been too late.—London Mail.

Quite Satisfied.

In old age Boswell said to Johnson, apropos the dictionary, "You did not know what you were undertaking." "Yes, sir," was the answer, "I knew very well what I was undertaking and very well how to do it and have done it very well."—London Standard.

Open to Any Offer.

Young Man—So Miss Ethel is your eldest sister. Who comes after her? Small Brother—Nobody ain't come yet, but pa says the first fellow that comes can have her.—London Stray Stories.

Turtle Eggs.

Turtle eggs are an acquired taste with most people, although they are not so with bears. They have a rough yellow yolk and a white like any other egg, but you can cook them for a year and the white part will remain liquid. Notice a curious dimple in the side of each one. If you squeeze it out the dimple appears on the other side, and you can never get hold of a turtle egg which hasn't got a dimple in it.

A FEW NOTES ABOUT THE RED CROSS MOVEMENT

If there is anyone who can with good title lay claim to the name of Canadian, it is the Indian who is the descendant of the original inhabitants. It is only natural therefore that they should have especially ardent feelings of patriotism in this present period of crisis. Indeed in this matter there are few of us who cannot take humble lessons from our Indian compatriots, who in all the Indian reserves have given many generous contributions—large indeed considering their financial means—to the Red Cross and Patriotic funds.

Their attitude and enthusiasm is very eloquently expressed in a letter sent by the Indians in Split Lake Man., to Mr. John R. Bunn of the Department of Indian Affairs accompanying a donation of $37.50 for patriotic purposes. It reads as follows:—

Split Lake Reserve

We, the Indians of Split Lake, wish to manifest our loyalty by giving a small contribution to the Empire in this her hour of trial. We regret the circumstances will not permit us giving very much, and we hope that the amount of our offering will not be taken as an adequate showing of our loyalty, and we wish the spirit in which the contribution is made rather than the amount to be remembered. So that everybody share and share alike, we have agreed to give twenty-five cents (25c.) per head, this to be deducted from our treaty money.

May the Great Spirit give the victory to the King and Country, and more especially to the King who has never neglected even the poorest of his Indian subjects.

For our country's welfare we pray.

The Japanese Colony in London

Members of the Japanese colony in London have arranged in aid of the British Red Cross Society an exhibition of Japanese art, which was recently opened by the Japanese Ambassador. Queen Mary has loaned two pieces, a lacquer cabinet presented by the Emperor of Japan on the occasion of the Coronation in 1911 and an oblong box presented by Prince Sadanarus Fushimi.

The Information Bureau of the Canadian Red Cross in Cockspur St., London, England, has become one of the busiest places in the Imperial Metropolis. Occupying a strategic position in the very heart of London it has given to the English people striking evidence of the solicitude and zeal of Canandians and the Canadian Red Cross for our sick and wounded.

Here with four floors of office space at her disposal, Lady Drummond presides over the activities of 103 voluntary lady helpers who are distributed through the various departments.

The Enquiry and Visiting Department under the direction of Miss Erika Bovy and Miss Taylor, has a voluntary staff of 48. This Dept. selects visitors to visit the wounded in the hospitals and to make reports on their condition. Six ladies are busy in transcribing this information to a card index system. From this reports are made out to relatives in Canada by a staff of ten. This department also handles all inquiries about men in hospital or missing. It is difficult to exaggerate the importance of this work.

Another department handles all matters connected with prisoners of war. Twenty-seven ladies are busily engaged in packing parcels for Canadians in prison camps in Germany. A parcel is sent each week to every prisoner on the list.

The Countess Pignatorre with two other ladies is in charge of a newspaper department which sends Canadian news to the men in hospital.

Another department which has done much to endear the Canadian Red Cross to convalescent soldiers is the Drives and Entertainment Department the work of which is as its title would indicate. It enlists the sympathy of Canadians in London and hospitable English people, and provides carriage drives and various forms of hospitality and amusement for men who are sufficiently far advanced in convalescense to leave the hospital for short periods.

This Information Department is doing a remarkable work for our Canadian wounded. It gives a warm personal touch to the work of the Society in England and makes our wounded feel that the Canadian Red Cross is in every sense a personal friend to them.

CLOTH AND CLOTHES.

Why Some Garments Keep and Others Easily Lose Their Shape.

Every one—in this country, at least—wears clothes. They have to. Consequently every one is more or less interested in the question of clothes.

It is not so easy to know good cloth as it seems. Many people, depending on texture, feel, weave and so forth, think that they are judges of cloth. And when, after buying what they believe to be a good piece of cloth, it does not wear well they are greatly surprised.

The durability of cloth depends largely upon the length of the individual fibers. If the fibers are long and curling they form a close and strong weave. The cloth does not crack or wear out at the seams or folds because of the length of fiber, nor does it rub as easily by surface wear because it is more springy or elastic. Short fibers, on the other hand, have much less binding quality because they do not intertwine.

The difference between two suits or dresses in "keeping their shape" is largely due to this same thing. A really first class cloth, properly made and fitted, hardly ever requires pressing. It is elastic, and if it is hung up after having been worn for a day or two it will go right back into shape. The constant sending of trousers to the tailor to have a "crease" put in is a sign that the cloth was not made of long fibers.

If you want your suits or dresses to wear well and to look well first make sure that the cloth is woven from long fibers.

Dead Languages.

Dead languages are ones that once were in common use, but are now no longer spoken unless by scholars who have studied them. The ancient Sanscrit, Greek and Latin have been dead many centuries as common speech, although still used to some extent for religious, scientific and literary purposes. Coming down to more recent times, most of the Indian tongues, of which there were many when the white man came, are now dead. All languages have their periods of growth, maturity and decadence, followed by death.

Quick Change.

Critical Husband—This beef isn't fit to eat. Wife—Well, I told the butcher that if it wasn't good I would send you around to his shop to give him a thrashing, and I hope you'll take some one with you, for he looked pretty fierce, and I didn't like the way he handled his big knife. Husband—Humph! Oh, well, I must say I've seen worse meat than this.

Only the Truth.

"Poor Maud: She thought she'd captured a rich stock dealer."

"What gave her the idea?"

"Why, she heard that he helped to send wheat up last week."

"And did he?"

"Yes; he works in a grain elevator."

A GLIMPSE OF SWINBURNE.

Bayard Taylor Called Him Perverse, Willful and Unreasonable.

In all important respects except one I found him to be very much what I anticipated, writes Laura Stedman in the North American Review, quoting Bayard Taylor's impression of Swinburne. The exception is instead of being a prematurely blase young man of the world, he is rather a wilful, perverse, unreasonable, spoiled child. His nature is still that of the young Shelley, and my great fear is that it will never be otherwise.

He needs the influence of a nature stronger that his in everything but the imaginative faculty—such a nature as Byron's was to Shelley. * * * He has a weak moral sense, but his offences arise from a colossal unbalanced affectation. This, or something like it, is a disorganizing element in his nature which quite obscures the organizing—that is artistic—sense. What I admire in him, yet admire with a feeling of pain, is the mad, unrestrained preponderance of the imagination. It is a godlike quality, but he sometimes uses it like a devil. He greatly interests my intellect, but does not touch me magnetically.

He could have no power over me, but on the contrary, I felt that I should be able to influence him in a short time. I had a letter from him the other day which shows that he feels an intellectual relationship between us. Now, this is not a question of relative poetic power, but of a certain diversity of qualities, and I don't mean to be egotistic in saying that I might perform somewhat of the same service for him as Byron for Shelley. I feel that (if it is not already too late) I could help him to some degree of poise, of system, of law; in short, art.

In this sense he moves my deepest sympathy, for I see now the matter that might be molded into a splendid poet relapsing into formless conditions. It is sad. It is tragic, and if this fancy of mine be foolish, there it is, nevertheless. Without this sense of giving assistance a week alone with Swinburne would be intolerable to me or any other human being.

Central Asia.

The people living in the cotton belt of central Asia represent a conglomerate of all the races and nations that in ages past have inhabited these regions, from pure Aryans to full fledged Mongols. They all adhere to the Mohammedan faith and speak various dialects of the Tartar-Sart-Bokhara language except in the southwestern part, where the influence of the Persian language is felt.

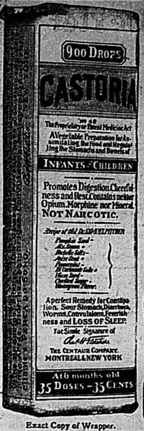
Serfdom.

Serfdom was abolished in Russia in 1861, in England in 1600, in France not wholly until the French revolution, in Prussia in 1702, in the rest of Germany 1781, in Denmark 1700 and in Brazil 1867-88. There is now practically no legalized serfdom anywhere on earth.

An Exception.

"No man would approve of the recall as applied to himself."

"Oh, yes; an actor would!"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AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHS.

How a Man Talks When He Shows Them to a Friend.

Here's the way the average man shows his little book of amateur photographs to a friend:

"This is supposed to be my wife, but it ain't very good. Let's see the next one. Well, that's the baby, but the sun was wrong. On this page is a family group. I took it myself, and it would be a good picture if three of 'em hadn't moved. Oh, yes! Here's one my wife took of me. Looks like the dickens, don't it? She ain't used to the camera, but notice how I'm grinning.

"And d'you see what a good background I'm posed in? I'd just got back from the office, and she just had one film left and thought she might as well snap me and finish up the roll—you see, I didn't have time to comb my hair or—what? Why, the one on the next page is a freak thing my next door neighbor snapped, showing his baby falling out of an upstairs window. Not much good—he didn't have a good light, and the baby was falling too fast to be quite in focus. Now, here's another one of me—my wife never could get the hang of the camera, but people say the wink is natural. I had quite a bunch of 'em printed because she wanted 'em to give around. Oh, those pictures are pretty fair. We took them at the lakes. There's people you don't know in 'em, and you'll hardly be interested. Well, hey, Mary, what's become of that one with me in it? I wish you'd keep all these pictures together. You monkey with this book till all the best ones get lost out!

"Well, I guess the rest won't interest you. We keep 'em because they're good souvenirs. Lot o' my wife's friends posed in the grand canyon, and such. A professional photographer don't get the personal touches that make these snapshot pictures nice to keep. Now, just take that one of me you saw back there. It's not much good as a likeness, but they tell me there's something characteristic about it—what? Why turn back? It's on page 3."

Cannon and Thunder Compared.

The comparison between the sound of cannon and "heaven's artillery" is hackneyed enough. But the human invention can at least claim great superiority as regards the area over which it is heard. There is no doubt about cannon fire being heard well over 100 miles away. The guns of Waterloo were heard at Creil, fifty leagues distant from the battlefield. But it is doubtful whether thunder can be heard at a greater distance than twenty miles. When the church steeple of Lostwithiel was destroyed by lightning, to the accompaniment of such a roar of thunder that the oldest inhabitant could not remember, Smeaton, the engineer, who was about thirty miles distant, heard not the slightest noise.—London Standard.

The Aurora Borealis.

Many people believe that the aurora borealis is a phenomenon peculiar to modern times. But this is not true. The ancients used to call it chasmata, bolides and trabes, names which expressed the different colors of the lights. The scarlet aurora was looked upon by the superstitious barbarians as an omen of direful slaughter; so it is not unusual for descriptions of bloody battles to contain allusions to northern lights.

Have a Purpose.

A life without a purpose is a languid, drifting thing. Every day we ought to renew our purpose, saying to ourselves, "This day let me take a sound beginning, for what I have hitherto done is ..."

Cheerfulness is like money well expended in charity—the more we dispense of it the greater our possession.—Victor Hugo.

HIS SANITY TEST.

It Cured Morgan Robertson of His Morbid Obsession.

In the course of his psychic studies Morgan Robertson, the well known writer of sea stories, had acquired a belief that he would some day go insane. This preyed on his mind so at intervals that he would figure out schemes to test himself and determine if he really had lost his mind.

We finally induced him to go to Bellevue hospital, mainly for a rest.

With a cunning that was as amusing as it was pathetic he took advantage of it in a way least expected. He insisted on going alone.

Arriving there, he told the physician in charge of his belief that he would some day go insane. He would give no particulars, and that explained why none of us heard from him for two weeks. They had placed him in the psychopathic ward!

It was a week before he knew that they thought him an insane patient and had him under observation. The experience thoroughly cured him of his morbid belief—fad, it really was.

One afternoon, soon after his discharge from the hospital, Robertson joined a party of us in a billiard room, where one of his friends had just won the tournament cup.

"How goes it, Morgan?" one of his friends inquired.

"Boys," he announced in that bellowing bass voice, "I'll never have to write another line. I'm no longer a slave to magazine editors. My books are selling, and I have here"—he reached into an inside pocket—"a certificate showing that I am not insane." He was deadly serious.

A few of the party, unfamiliar with the eccentricities of Robertson, began to edge away. To them it was uncanny.

"Still," one of them suggested in a side whisper, "he's got something on us at that. We've got no certificate."—Bozeman Bulger in Metropolitan.

Backing Him Out.

Sir Herbert Tree's wit is well known among his friends, and they tell some very good stories about his funny remarks at rehearsals.

Once during the rehearsal of a certain play Sir Herbert asked a very young and by no means brilliant actor who fancied himself greatly to "step back a little." The actor did so and Tree went on rehearsing. A little later the famous manager repeated his request, and the youth obeyed again.

Shortly afterward Tree once more asked him to "step a little farther back."

"But if I do," complained the youthful one ruefully, "I shall be completely off the stage."

"Yes," answered Tree quietly, "that's right!"—London Globe.

Tale of the Cranium Desert.

"Popper, tell me a real hair raising story," said the small boy.

The fond parent looked up hopelessly.

"I can't, my son; I've tried everything," answered the baldheaded father.—Exchange.

Managing John.

"You really must impress upon John the folly of his line of action."

"What's the use? He won't pay the least attention to me. He'll only listen to fools now." (After a short pause.) "You speak to him."—Exchange.

Facial Foliage.

"Do you think whiskers would improve my appearance?"

"I hardly know, old chap. What variety do you contemplate cultivating, the kind that bristle or the species that droop?"

Self Reliance.

"Never complain about what you can't help," said Mr. Optim.

"And yet," replied Mr. Pessim, "there's no excuse for complaining about anything else."

"Truth Dexter"

By

SIDNEY McCALL

CHAPTER XXVIII—Continued

The two women sat, entwined in a wordless embrace, for many long, blessed minutes. Then Truth put out a shaking hand toward the little robe. With her face bent over its folds she whispered, "Mummie, was this why you said things were going to come out right?"

"It was, my precious."

"But," Truth's cheeks burned deeper, "how will he ever know? You couldn't—"

"But I have!" cried the old lady in triumph. "Of course I worded it in the most delicate way, and was perfectly circumspect in all my phrases,—but that was the letter I sent to the station by Nickey yesterday morning. I didn't dare to trust the village post-office; Mr. Calvert is growing so careless."

Truth's face went down into the baby's robe; the red of her cheeks tinged the cambric into a nebulous dawn. "I wish I felt sure it would make a difference."

Mrs. Dexter drew the fluffy golden head to her breast as she answered, "We have to trust our Heavenly Father for all great blessings, dear; but I am an old woman and know more of life than you. I do not believe it possible for me to have liked and respected a man who could be heartless enough to desert you after he hears this sweet secret, even if he had been tempted before to think of such a terrible sin."

"But he wasn't going to desert me, grandma. I am the wicked one, for I came away from him!"

Mrs. Dexter's brow grew troubled. "That was a terrible step to take, my child, but you had a noble purpose in taking it. After all, it is merely a misunderstanding. God is not going to let the malice of a bad woman, or the love of gold, come between those whom He has joined."

"But just supposing that He should," persisted Truth, "would you think that I had been wicked?"

"That is a hard question. I have always considered marriage the most sacred of human relations,—but, in these strange circumstances, I cannot say I would think you were to blame."

"But still you feel that Van will—be good, don't you?" The entreaty in her eyes was almost unbearable.

"Indeed I do! I feel as sure that all is going to turn out right, as I do that God is just and kind. Now don't worry about it another minute. Fretting is the very worst thing you could do. You must fix your mind on bright and good and noble things. Won't you try to do this, darling, for mummie's sake?"

"I will try," said Truth. "And I know I can succeed. The world is so beautiful that nobody can be really unhappy in it, no matter what happens!"

The two sat together in silence, each with separate engrossing thoughts; then Truth rose and bore the long, green box in triumph to her room.

CHAPTER XXIX

The Last Grin of The Budha

Craighead's lonely struggles toward a solution of this unprecedented domestic problem must be passed over lightly. At one moment he felt himself a lion that has been betrayed into a showman's hands, and must maintain an artificial existence of distasteful luxury by going through the antics of a tame poodle; at another an ordinary thief or fortune hunter, who has been caught in the act, and now must either disgorge his booty, or stand in the public stocks.

His strongest feeling against Truth came from what he called her unreasonable, unpardonable, idiotic prejudice. In his heart he knew that Mrs. Dexter would uphold her granddaughter, and so the elder lady, also, came in for a share of disapprobation. "Talk of Puritan narrowness!" he once cried to himself, "this goes ahead of witch-burning and self-torture in one. I wonder why good women have such a devilish longing after self-sacrifice. The present case is Puritanism of the worst type, mixed with a virus of negro superstition. They think the Colonel died because of the money, and are afraid to keep on using it. I'll be well rid of the whole affair!"

In calmer moments the pathetic honesty of the two women stirred him, as he recognized the strange unworldliness of their view. He thought of Truth's determination to teach, that she might not only support herself and her grandmother, but pay back what had been spent in repairs for the Big House. Van could not forbear a smile. "I must warn old Noah to keep accounts to himself," he muttered.

At no time had the temptation to keep the fortune for himself occurred, though he had thought of more than one plan by which he might seem to yield to Truth, and give up the money, while at the same time he left the bulk of it in a way to be easily regained. The impossibility of this, however soon made itself apparent to him. Truth might be innocent, but she was no fool. She would inquire into matters for herself.

Again, the blame of the whole situation would be thrown upon Orchid. "If it hadn't been for her cursed hints that the beastly money had played a part in my matrimonial affairs, Truth would never have been driven to take this stand. She might have fretted a bit, for a few years to come, but polish and wider experience would have kept her from making an ass of herself. It isn't the Colonel at all,—she only wants to see whether I care for the money or her, and hasn't the logic or wisdom enough to recognize that I must, necessarily, put her own interests before mine. Why couldn't Orchid have stayed in England!"

More than once, however, such waves of disgust and distaste of the whole problem swept down upon him that he was tempted to solve the riddle by harshness, to write or wire to Truth, "Have your own way," and trust to luck for the future. The game wasn't worth the candle. He did not want to give Truth up; people would talk, Orchid plume herself for the rest of her natural life, and, after all, it would be a caddish thing. But the moment in which he should say "I give in," was bitter to contemplate. To most strong men this is the severest of all tests and Craighead was unusually self-willed. No, it would not be right to Truth should he yield without making at least one powerful effort to convince her of her folly. He had already jotted down many headings for an irresistible and convincing letter that he was going to write her. The first two sheets lay, indeed, already written, though undated, in the drawer of his "Hanover" desk.

In the very midst of these unpleasant cogitations came the news of Tom Wiley's death. Norton looked a little frightened as he repeated it; his eyes seemed to say, "What's going to happen next?"

Craighead was one of the honorary pallbearers, and was asked to be present at the reading of the will, on the following afternoon. This was the afternoon of the evening on which Truth had read the announcement in the paper.

At this mournful function Craighead heard that Orchid was left sole heir to the immense fortune, and that he, Craighead, was one of the executors.

Two days later came what he had ben dreading most of all, a summons from Orchid herself. "Will you come this evening? I shall be alone from eight to ten. I must see you at once."

There was nothing for it but acquiescence. During the day he kept his mind as much as possible from the coming interview, but Norton and the office boy observed that he was in "the deuce of a temper." He wrote several more pages of his letter to Truth, and the expressions he used were not conciliatory.

A few moments past eight he entered the familiar doorway. James, the footman, once so gorgeous in gold and green, was now a very crow for blackness. This gave a first sharp realization of the changed condition of affairs. James, he fancied, eyed him with suspicion. His voice had a lugubrious croak which matched well his inky livery as he requested the guest to "Henter the draw'n-room."

It was the same room, however, not changed in a single degree since he and Orchid had fought their last battle of wills. The fat, sleek Budha dozed in his corner, and incense rose thinly against the gleam of his bare chest.

Orchid came toward Van so quietly that he did not hear her footsteps. She sighed, and he turned with a start. Here was another surprise. Could this be orchid—this, the radiant, dazzling creature that had tormented his dreams as well as his waking hours? The woman who now stood passively before him was young, colorless and pathetic beyond all imaging. Her hair, usually an aureole of glittering strands, was brushed back into sleek smoothness and wound in a coil low at the back of her neck. The red and gold were faded, and it seemed only a little richer in hue than the brown of an average woman's hair. The long, trailing gown, all of crape, was opened the least bit at the throat, as if for easier drooping of the small, shining head. Her cheeks were absolutely colorless, her lips nearly so, yet there was something in her beauty that Craighead had never seen before,—something that made his heart sink.

Awkwardly he achieved a formal bow and muttered some set words of conventional sympathy.

Orchid ignored them.

"You sent for me?" he began tentatively.

"Yes, will you be seated?" She motioned to a seat near the fire, and placed herself upon a slight black chair of carved teak-wood. Against the dark branches her face was like a forgotten lily among charred stalks.

The gentleness of her mood disarmed Craighead, yet, at the same time irritated him. It was more threatening than emotion.

To be Continued.

NO MORE HORSES TO BE EXPORTED

The latest order in council says:

His Royal Highness the Governor-General in Council is pleased to order that the Order in Council of the 27th April, 1915, prohibiting the exportation of certain goods to all destinations abroad other than the United Kingdom, British Possessions and Protectorates, shall be amended by striking thereout the following articles, viz:—

"Animals, pack, saddle and draught, suitable for use in war."

His Royal Highness the Governor-General in Council, under and in virtue of The provisions of sections 242 and 291 of The Customs Act, is further pleased to order that the exportation of the undermentioned goods shall be and the same is hereby prohibited to all destinations abroad other than the United Kingdom, British Possessions and Protectorates, United States, France, Italy, Japan, and Russia (except Baltc Ports) viz:—

"Horses and other animals, pack, saddle and draught, suitable for use in war."

FLOUR FROM CANADA

Help to Make Her Dream Come True

The agony of blood and tears which swept over Belgium has left nearly two millions of its people absolutely without food or money. Because they scorned to sell their national honor—because they dared to fight for the right, against odds that were overwhelming—because by their sacrifice they saved the day for us and our Allies—they are face to face with grim starvation.

The wives, mothers and children of King Albert's gallant soldiers, dream not of pleasures and luxuries, but of BREAD! They are helpless to provide it themselves—and the Belgian Relief Commission, efficient though it is, can only procure it for them with cash supplied by the voluntary contributions of people like ourselves. The

Belgian Relief Fund

is provided almost entirely by the British Empire and the United States, and administered by a neutral "Commission for Relief in Belgium", co-operating with the "Belgian Public Food Supply Society".

This Commission has for months been the sole means of providing food for the Belgian people—for the Germans positively refuse to feed their victims. Some 5,000,000 are still able to pay for the food, while nearly 2,000,000, absolutely destitute, must be fed free.

For money to buy food for these Belgians, the Commission appeals to us all. If we do not furnish it—if we sit back in plenty and let our heroic Allies seal their sacrifice with their lives—we shall be eternally disgraced!

Send your subscriptions weekly, monthly or in one lump sum to Local or Provincial Committees, or to the 3

Central Executive Committee, 59 St. Peter St., Montreal

$2.50 Feeds A Belgian Family A Month.

"CHEQUES TO BE MADE PAYABLE TO "THE TREASURER, BELGIAN RELIEF FUND, 59, ST. PETER STREET, MONTREAL, OR TO LOCAL COMMITTEES."

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TORONTO, ONT., Oct. 1st, 1913.

"I have lived in this city for more than 12 years and am well known. *I suffered from Rheumatism*, especially in my hands. I spent a lot of money without any good results. I have taken "Fruit-a-tives" for 18 months now and am pleased to tell you that *I am well*. All the enlargement has not left my hands, and perhaps never will, but the soreness is all gone and I can do any kind of work. I have gained 35 pounds in eighteen months."

R. A. WAUGH.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or direct from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

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SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—33690

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Preemption patent my be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388

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Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 6.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 7.30 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, ‡Bancroft and intermediate points—6.25 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—†6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 5.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *3.40 a.m.

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

†Deseronto only.

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville Ont.

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RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily.
No. 16—2.09 a.m.—Fast train, flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7.00 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m.—Express, daily.
No. 28—5.45 p.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19—2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13—4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.
No. 29—7.50 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.28 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1—3.05 p.m.—International Limited, daily.
No. 7—4.55 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO.

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro
Mail	6.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro
Mixed	10.56 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North

	Leave.	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.58 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.56 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1915.

GOING EAST.

CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.50 p.m.	2.58 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

GOING WEST.

MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.18 p.m.	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

	Daily except Sunday
Going East	
Leave Toronto	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	6.32 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leave Belleville	5.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.30 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent.

Belleville Business Directory

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment. the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column or calling at The Intelligencer Business Office, full information may be obtained.

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Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

Maybe you've noticed that the women who saw on that antique wheeze "The way to a man's heart is through his stomach" are themselves generally able to make a pretty sizable mess of shoulder and greens take a joke.

An Austrian has discovered a way to make auto tires out of wood fibre. Great people these Teutons are for offering "something just as good."

Those who forget today seldom remember tomorrow.

Petulance is a shadow that clouds the sunshine of life.

SEVEN YEARS TO SERVE

By M. QUAD

Copyright, 1915, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.

One day in June, 1890, I was ordered by a circuit judge to stand up and receive my sentence, and when I sat down again it was with the knowledge that I had seven years to serve in prison. My crime? Well, let that go. I was only twenty-three years old then, and a young man is more easily led astray than an old one.

I expected from seven to ten years. I made up my mind to obey carefully every rule and regulation of the prison. No "good time" was allowed in those days, but if I conducted myself to the satisfaction of the warden for five years he would be quite willing to ask the governor to shorten my sentence. I had not been in prison more than an hour, however, when I made a change in my program. Such a loneliness came over me—I felt such a horror at being shut out from the world—that I determined to escape at the first opportunity.

I was a fine machinist, and after a while I was placed in charge of all the machinery in the prison—that is, I kept everything in repair, and it was an occupation in which I delighted. I had a little shop in the engine room, and I looked after my work so well that I soon had the confidence of the prison officials. The man who ran the big stationary engine was a "free man" or an outsider hired by the state, as was also the fireman. While both treated me kindly and well, they no doubt felt it their duty to watch me and report anything suspicious. My little shop had no door to it, and while working in it I was under the eye of the engineer—that is, if he sat in his chair in the usual place he could see my every movement. My room had a window looking out on the garden of the prison. From the first day I entered the little shop I determined to escape by that window.

The engineer came on duty fifteen minutes before I did and remained fifteen minutes later, while the fireman slept at the prison and was aroused about half past 5 o'clock. I had to leave the shop at 5:55 to march in to supper with my gang. To attempt to leave by daylight would be foolishness, as I would be seen by the guards stationed on the walls. I must have some excuse for lingering in my room until after dark, and I had just planned it when an unforeseen circumstance knocked me out. I was going to disable the donkey engine just before 6 o'clock, knowing that I would be called back to help repair it after supper, when the prison authorities gave the wagon contractor leave to occupy a portion of the garden with his lumber. A great lot of it was hauled in and piled up directly before my window, obliging me to use a lamp to work by and cutting off my chance to escape. I made some cautious inquiries and found that it was all green stuff and might be left there four or five years to season.

It was a bitter disappointment.

The prison had been overcrowded, and a new wing was being built. This took thirteen months, and I was one of the men transferred to it. I was put in cell No. 7, which was the last on the left hand side and at the corner of the building. I knew all about this wing before we occupied it. The east wall, which contained the window, was still in the prison yard, while the north wall ran along a public street. Under the window nearest my cell was piled a lot of wornout machinery and refuse lumber.

I had no sooner entered my cell than I determined to make it the basis of operations.

As the cement was not fully hardened, as I knew, I decided to tunnel out.

That week I spent in raising one of the flagstones in my cell, which was about three feet square, and then started the hole. I went down perpendicularly two feet and then drifted down toward the north wall at a slant so as to strike the foundation. I was, however, greatly troubled to get fresh air down in my tunnel, and the cramped position in which I worked kept me sore and lame. While working at night I had to be in bed regularly every hour as the guard came around and every morning the stone had to be replaced and the crevices filled in with breadcrumbs.

I knocked off work the next week, and it was well I did, as the guard came creeping along to the different cells at odd times during the night, and I should certainly have been caught. It got so at last that I couldn't work in the tunnel over fifteen minutes before the want of air drove me out, and along toward the end my breath failed me and I lost strength. I dug under the stones and upward about a foot on either side and then I was sick for five weeks. Before I got to work again June had come, and it was a dark and rainy night on the 22d of that month that I took a farewell leave of my cell and crawled into my tunnel. I had three or four feet of earth to dig away, and I was almost perishing for want of air as I got to the crust.

It was about half past 12 when I crawled out of the tunnel into the storm and luckily no one was abroad to catch sight of me.

I lost no time in getting away from the neighborhood of the prison, and long before my cell was unlocked in the morning I was safe with friends. Yes, I was hunted and a reward was offered for my capture, but they never got me.

Even if it is leap year, girls, don't jump at every one in khaki.

◆

When Greek joins Greek then will come the Bulgar war.

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POOR PULLMAN PORTERS.

Come to Think of It, Their Jobs Are Not Such Easy Ones.

George or Lemuel or Alexander of the Pullman car—whatever the name may be—has no easy job. If you do not believe that go upstairs some hot summer night to the rear bedroom—that little room under the blazing tin roof which you reserve for your relatives—and make up the bed fifteen or twenty times, carefully unmaking it between times and placing the clothes away in a regular position. Let your family nag at you and criticise you during each moment of the job, while somebody plays an obligato on the electric bell and places shoes and leather grips underneath your feet. Imagine the house is bumping and rocking—and keep a smiling face and a courteous tongue throughout all of it!

Or do this on a bitter night in midwinter, and between every two or three makings of the bed in the overheated room slip out of a linen coat and into a fairly thin serge one and go and stand outside the door from three to ten minutes in the snow and cold. In some ways this is one of the hardest parts of George's job. Racially the negro is peculiarly sensitive to pneumonia and other pulmonary diseases. Yet the rules of a porter's job require that at stopping stations he must be outside of the car—no matter what the hour or condition of the climate—smiling and ready to say:

"What space you got, guv'nor?"—Edward Hungerford

DIVORCE IN SCANDINAVIA.

It Is Very Easy to Obtain, and It Does Not Cost Anything.

In Scandinavia divorce by mutual consent is the recognized way. And husband and wife may reach this agreement when neither has violated any marital obligation. The law, you see, does not require them to wait until one has wronged the other. But when they have reached the point where they two know that their real union is ended they may secure a divorce for the asking. It doesn't cost anything. There is not even a lawyer needed. The process is simple. You notify a magistrate that you are separating. You are not required to go into details. You don't have to spread your marital troubles on court records and newspaper pages.

One reason is as sufficient here as when you entered into matrimony. You simply state that you no longer wish to continue the marriage. Then one party to the contract goes away for a year—in Finland it is for only three months. At the end of the period the magistrate hands you the papers that dissolve the marriage as quietly as it was made.

If, as rarely happens, mutual consent through the refusal of one of the contracting parties cannot be secured the process is a little longer, the probationary period of one year being extended to two. But there is always a way out. Sweden has no less than twelve grounds for divorce. It is accomplished in as dignified a way as any other partnership might be dissolved.—Mabel Potter Daggett in Pictorial Review.

NAVAL SIGNALING.

It Began In Ancient Days by Raising and Lowering Sails.

The origin of the idea of using flags by day and lanterns by night for signaling in the navy came into being as far back as the middle ages.

In those ancient days some one thought out a method of raising and lowering sails, the number of times they were raised or lowered indicating the letter that was to be sent. That proved very wearisome work and was superseded in the seventeenth century by the use of balls and cones hoisted in various positions on the masts and booms. At night different colored lanterns were used.

In the following century twelve flags were used, either singly or in combination, and these flags supplied all the signaling that was necessary in fighting, as "Make all sail." "Engage the enemy," "Chase the enemy" or "Anchor."

When the battle of Trafalgar was fought the signals were sent by light, guns and flares and flags, and it was not till after that battle that the system, invented by Sir Home Popham, was used and on which are based the present day methods of signaling.

The system of signaling from ship to ship by semaphore was due to a Frenchman named Chappe in 1794 and adopted in the British navy a few years later.—London Telegraph.

Dutch Barges In the Thames.

For more than two centuries there have always been some big, broad sterned Dutch boats lying in the Thames river, with baggy trousered Dutchmen smoking on board, quite calmly. It is the reminiscence of a Dutch conquest. Those boats have moored there, with their eels for London ever since William III. gave them the right of traffic. And if there wasn't a Dutch boat for a single second just below London bridge the ancient rights would be lost. But you will always find the calm Dutchman smoking on his "pitch."—Westminster Gazette.

Woman's World

HOME DECORATION

Some Expert Suggestions About the Furnishing of Homes.

SIMPLE, BEAUTIFUL LINES.

How Charming Effects In Wall Papering, Floor Coverings, Lighting and Harmony May Be Obtained Is Told In a Practical Way.

There are a great many people who can appreciate a beautiful decorative scheme for a home, but who cannot tell why they appreciate it and who could not duplicate it.

"How beautiful," they exclaim, "and how simple! One would think that any one could do it." However, "any one" couldn't, and that is just where the trouble comes in.

The first essential to good decorating is innate good taste. If this is lacking all the science in the world will not make up for it. The second requirement is the knowledge of some of the simpler principles of color, line, form and composition. This one may acquire if one is willing to take a little trouble.

"The first thing to do when you are confronted with the decoration and furnishing of a given room is to take an inventory of its color possibilities. It is this element that can materially strengthen or weaken the most carefully studied arrangement of form and line."

The psychological effect of colors, red being exciting, blue elevating and yellow cheering, is well known. All colors need modifying before they can be successfully used in home decorating. In selecting a color scheme for a room those colors should be used which have one of the primary colors as a base.

"For example, let us assume that we wish to decorate a room whose prevailing colors shall be buff—we find that in producing buff we have included a little yellow and red, some orange russet and citron. We are to apply these to a living room, the woodwork of which is dark mahogany. We would apply the buff, the prevailing color, to the walls; the russet to the floor. We would lighten the buff with a frieze of orange and the russet with a carpet of citron, and we would bring out the bright spots with a lamp or a leaded window in which pure red and yellow would bring the whole scheme into relief."

Yellow is an expanding color and makes areas seem large, hence its value in a small room. Red is a positive color and makes a room hold its true value. Blue is a contrasting color and makes a place seem smaller.

Perpendicular stripes on a wall paper or draperies will give the room height. Horizontal stripes in wall paper or draperies will give the room width. Small, disconnected spots or patterns in wall paper will dance and are seldom to be desired. Realistic flowers, fruits or birds in wall papers and draperies should never be used.

Floor coverings or treatments should be low in tone and should form a base for the room. Highly polished floors are uncomfortable to walk on and unpractical from every viewpoint. The natural finish of wood is dull, not highly polished. Oriental rugs should be chosen with great care and should be investigated with an eye to the real value, both in wear and color. If a worn rug offered to you as antique is less than $5 a square foot there is something wrong. Either the dealer is being cheated or you are.

Considerable attention should be given to the subject of lighting. The modern indirect lighting, excepting for use in the service part of the house is not opposed. For reading or for general lighting effects the softer, mellower direct light, shaded by either a silk or glass shade, is preferable. Arrangement of lighting fixtures in the home should be such as to give you light where it is needed. Other light is costly, both to the eyes and pocketbook.

In furniture it is well to avoid excessive carving—knobs, balls, spindles, spirals and curly curves. In simple lines and broad, graceful curves there are charm and dignity.

Extensive wall and floor spaces are needed to properly carry large furniture, such as divans, davenports and "overstuffed" pieces. In small rooms they crowd and complicate the rooms, making them look much smaller than they are. In small rooms a simple, light set of furniture of the straighter type is best, but if that cannot be obtained furniture of the Georgian period will be found very satisfactory.

Adam furniture is always painted. Sheraton is always inlaid with other woods and Heppelwhite or Chippendale always carved. These are the principal Georgian period divisions and should be chosen according to individual requirements.

Mahogany, genuine or imitation, and other highly polished woods should be avoided where wear counts. They are easily scratched, gather dust and finger marks and require much labor to keep them in condition.

Period furniture should be used only in the rooms fitted completely in the given period. In modern small apartments, with little wall space and miscellaneous woodwork, it has no place.

Potted plants and cut flowers are a means of decoration that can be both inexpensive and effective. A large Boston fern or a single rose in a slender vase gives life and charm not to be gained in any other way.

"Have nothing in your home that you do not know to be useful and believe to be beautiful," stated William Morris.—From "Good Taste In Home Furnishings."

FOR YOUNG FOLKS

Pretty Little Maiden Whose Country Is at War.

DAUGHTER OF KING VICTOR.

Princess Giovanna, Fourth Child of the Royal Family of Italy, Is a Bright and Interesting Youngster—Puzzle and Games For Little People.

Princess Giovanna, daughter of King Victor and Queen Helene, is the fourth of the five children of the royal couple. She was born eight years ago and is described as an unusually bright and intelligent child. Just now, as everybody who reads is aware, there is a great war waging in Europe, and Italy is mixed up in it. Not only is Princess Giovanna's own country involved, but that of her grandfather as well. The princess' grandfather is the king of Montenegro, and since the war began, a year ago last August, his country has been at war. Montenegro is one of the smallest kingdoms in Europe and has a population of about 500,000. The king's name is Nicholas. So you see the little princess lives in troublous times, many of her near relatives being soldiers.

PRINCESS GIOVANNA OF ITALY.

"Up Jenkins."

Up Jenkins is an amusing game, and it requires at least three on each side of the table. Captains are chosen for each side. The side that has the coin (a quarter is preferable) must pass it along its side, or pretend to pass it until the opposing captain calls "Up Jenkins," and those on the side with the coin holds their hands up high, tightly closed. The captain then calls "Hands down," and all bring their hands upon the table, palms downward.

The captain looks at the hands before him and orders each hand in turn off the table that he thinks has not the coin under it. If the coin is discovered to be in the hand last off the table the coin goes to the side of the captain who guessed correctly, but if he guesses incorrectly and the coin is under one of the hands he has ordered off the table, the side holding the money keeps it again and wins that game.

A certain time set is the only way to end this game.

Ants That Sew.

A writer in the Visitor tells of a party of German naturalists recently returned from Ceylon, who have reported the existence of a species of ant that has been observed in the act of sewing two leaves together for the purpose of forming a nest. This report confirms the observations of the English naturalist, Ridley, made in 1890. They saw a row of the insects pulling the edges of leaves together, then others trimming and fitting the edges and finally the completion of the work by still other ants, which fastened the edges with a silky thread yielded by larvae of the same species, which the workers carried in their mandibles. It is said that the sewing ants pass the thread-giving larvae like shuttles through holes in the edges of the leaves.

Lucky Boy.

An extraordinary accident is reported from the neighborhood of Maidstone, England. A lad, eight years of age, was flying a kite when he stepped backward into a forty foot quarry, to the great horror of the bystanders. Fortunately for the little fellow, the string of the kite was tight around his wrist, and the kite, acting as a parachute, effectually broke the violence of the fall, and he was only slightly bruised.

Rockaby Ocean.

Oh, the Rockaby ocean
  Has waves that are high,
And they break on the shore
  Of Go-Sleepy-By.
And each time I hear
  A soft, drowsy sigh,
And each time I see
  A little shut eye.

And when all the waves
  Are quiet again
So quiet on Rockaby
  Ocean, why, then
The little bed boats go sailing away,
  Sailing and sailing until it is day,
And the white moon of dreams
  Comes out in the sky
And shines on the little
  Bed boats that sail by,
And shines on the shore
  Of Go-Sleepy-By,
And tickles the lids
  Of little shut eye.

CARVING A TURKEY

Advice For Those Who Will Perform the Operation.

USUALLY DONE BY THE HOST.

With the Eyes of the Hungry Assemblage Glued on Him, He Nonchalantly Gives the Dexterous Thrust That Cleaves the Brown Bird.

To carve a turkey at the table requires no small amount of self possession. Though there are the decorations, the last football game and a thousand other topics of interest to keep the attention of the guests away from the turkey end of the table, there inevitably comes the dreaded lull when the carver, warm with the struggle he is having with a refractory second joint, pauses to find the eyes of the assembled company fixed upon him as if drawn by a magnet. Of course this usually happens at the most critical point of the operation. For the unskilled carver it is a decidedly embarrassing position, and the joint that you know perfectly well how to locate and sever becomes most obstinate and unruly until you are ready to believe this turkey was made without any joints. In sheer desperation you make a remark that will turn the absorbed attention in any direction but your own, and you are left to hack and hew the carcass as best you can.

To watch the practiced carver is really a pleasure, and his easy manner in removing joints convinces you that carving a turkey is the simplest thing in the world. But to carve a turkey skillfully requires something more than self possession and a knowledge from general observation, and that is a careful study of the bird's anatomy. The amateur carver is a cook's bete noire. To see his work of art ruthlessly hacked to pieces by an unpracticed hand is enough to put him in a temper, for the success of the viand depends largely upon the dexterity with which it is handled.

The host usually manipulates the carving knife and fork, particularly at the Thanksgiving dinner. There seems to be a tradition that on this day the bird in all its brown and savory splendor should be placed intact upon the table. A thin, sharp bladed knife and a platter of sufficient size to hold the fowl and its disjointed portions are necessary to enable the carver to work with neatness and dexterity.

Whether it is good form to sit or stand while accomplishing the work depends entirely upon the comfort of the performer. There is also a question as to whether the head of the turkey should be to the carver's right or left. This is also for the individual to decide, but generally the head is to the left, as the wings and legs are more easily disjointed with a stroke from left to right. If the company be small and the bird one of good size carve from one side only. The other may be reserved for slicing cold.

The first move of the carver is to insert the fork astride the breastbone, at the point, plunging it deep enough to secure a firm hold. Then remove the drumstick with one stroke of the knife, first cutting through the skin down to the joint, hitting it squarely. It is a little difficult to locate this joint, but by pressing the leg away from the side of the turkey it is readily found.

It is claimed that the expert carver does not remove the fork from the breast until he has quite finished. Be that as it may, it is quite necessary to use the fork in separating the thigh from the drumstick, and the hip is a favorite part with many.

To accomplish this make a V shaped cut toward the joint, holding the thigh against the side of the turkey with the fork. The drumstick drops off neatly into the platter.

The next stroke removes the wing. A deep cut through the ball and socket joint severs this with a part of the breast meat. To strike the joint squarely the first time requires skill, though sometimes it is done very neatly by pure luck, and this calls forth most favorable comment from the expectant and hungry assemblage. If the knife doesn't strike the joint at first, move it back and forth, pressing the wing away from the body, disclosing the ball of the joint, then cut through, and the wing is detached.

When this process is completed the disjointed portions are laid to one side of the platter or put on a separate plate, to allow of free space for slicing the breast meat.

How to Scallop Skirts.

Cut the skirt the desired pattern and sew up the seams. Then carefully baste a six or seven inch facing to the right side of the skirt bottom, the wrong side of the facing uppermost, being sure that it lies very smoothly. Take a strip of paper the exact length of one-fourth of the skirt edge and on it cut scallops along one edge, large or small, as desired, but of course making them come out even. Pin this on the skirt with the edges of the scallops about half an inch from the bottom of the skirt and draw the curves with tailor chalk or lead pencil. Repeat this all around the skirt. Then machine stitch carefully on the chalk line. Trim away to one-quarter inch of the stitching, slipping several times where one scallop joins another to give span. This is very important.

Next unbaste the facing and turn it back to the inside of the skirt, working out the curves of your scallops and basting again to hold them. Machine stitch again round the curves, or, if you prefer, merely press firmly. The upper edge of the facing should be slip stitched.

An easy name to remember. A hard tea to forget.
Red Rose Tea "is good tea"

He Showed Them How to Do It

By DONALD CHAMBERLIN

During the latter part of the last century a great deal of whisky was distilled in the Tennessee mountains on which no tax was paid. One day a man appeared among the government officials who were endeavoring to hunt down a man named Hardwick, who had been for some time running a still concealed in the mountains and had thus far defied every effort on the part of the officials to trap him.

"What's the matter with you fellows," said the newcomer, "that you haven't got Hardwick? He's got to be taken and right away."

"All right, Mr. Barker," said Williams, the man addressed; "we'll do the job under your direction. Lead on."

Half a dozen men having been collected for the purpose, Barker started up the mountain side, followed by the others, and after a long and difficult ascent came upon a woman sitting on a rock crying bitterly.

"What's the matter?" asked Barker.

"Matter? Matter enough. Look a-yere." Pulling up her sleeve, she showed a welt that had evidently been made by a lash.

"Who did that?" asked Barker.

"My husband."

"Who is your husband?"

"Jim Hardwick."

Barker opened his eyes and looked knowingly at his men.

"Where is Hardwick?" he asked the woman.

"Reckon he's gone up to the"— She checked herself. "Who air you uns anyway?"

"I don't mind your knowing that we're revenue men, and we're going to get Jim Hardwick dead or alive!"

The woman stopped crying and looked fixedly at the men.

"I don't want you to kill him," she said, "but"—

"You mean," said Barker, "that you'd like to see him punished for his treatment of you?"

"Reckon I would."

"I'll tell you what I'll do. You help us get him and we'll give you $100."

The woman's face took on a covetous look. Barker followed up his advantage. "Show us the way to the still and keep him talking till we can surround it."

"What'll you do with him?"

"We'll turn him over to you."

He counted out ten crisp treasury notes and handed them to the woman. She took them hesitatingly, as though she did not quite like the job.

Half an hour later the revenue men, led by the woman, had come to a ravine. She paused and said: "The still's up thar. Ef you uns stop this end of the ravin' he can't git out; you got him shore." Barker dashed forward, ordering the others to follow. Williams called to him to wait a moment—perhaps the woman was deceiving them—but Barker paid no attention to him, and he went on with the rest. They found the climbing difficult, but pushed on, Barker displaying an energy that put the rest to shame. Williams alone hung back, bringing up the rear. But nothing like a still appeared. Then the men began to tire of the difficult climb and one by one fell to the rear. Barker, coming to a perpendicular cliff, stopped, waiting till the others came up. Nothing was said till Williams joined them.

"Waal?" he said doubtfully.

"Where's the woman?" asked Barker.

All looked about for her, but she was not to be seen.

"I tell you, Mr. Barker," said Williams, "where I reckon she is."

"Where?"

"With that hundred dollars you give her. And I reckon the hundred dollars is whar the still is. And I don't reckon the still is in this yere ravine neither."

There was an ominous silence.

"I reckon," said Williams, "that we uns might as well go home. Before we could find the still—and I reckon we couldn't—the hull thing would be cleaned out."

"Do you think so?" asked Barker absently. He was thinking of the hundred dollars that he had given the woman, and that he had intended to charge up to the government, but that now he would not dare to mention, and it would be a dead loss to himself. He was soon convinced by the others that to try to find either the still or Hardwick or his wife would be like hunting for a needle in a haystack. Mournfully he led the way down the mountain that he had climbed with such high hopes. When he came to the place where he had first seen the woman, there she was in her cabin near by washing dishes as unconcernedly as if nothing unusual had happened.

"Did you uns git him?" she asked, with well affected interest.

No reply was made, and she continued:

"Waal, I reckon you didn't or you would have brought him along. Ef I didn't help you out I reckon I ortn't give you back the money." She handed Barker the hundred dollars, which he took shamefacedly, then without a word continued the descent.

"Gittin' moonshiners," said Williams to Barker, "ain't such easy work after all."

"No," said the man who had come to Tennessee to show them how to do it; "I can't say it is. Don't you fellows say anything about this affair, and I'll report to Washington that you work under serious disadvantages."

Baths In Finland.

One of the greatest trials a visitor in Finland has to endure is a Finnish bath. The method of procedure is unique. Divested of outer clothing and attired in a light and airy cotton garment, you are slung in a sort of hammock composed of cord above a large receptacle like the boilers in public laundries. This is almost filled with cold water, into which at the right moment is flung a large redhot brick or piece of iron, which, of course, causes an overwhelming rush of steam to ascend and almost choke you. Then when that process has gone on sufficiently long you are shaken out of your hammock, immersed in cold water, and after very drastic treatment you resume your raiment, sadder and wiser than before your novel experience.

The Cocoa Plantation.

A traveler in South America, where the cocoa tree is largely cultivated, speaks of the great care with which the young plants have to be protected from the sun, which if very strong is fatal to them. To secure this protection the planters shield them by banana trees and plantain trees, the broad leaves of which give them the needed shade. And even when they are fully grown they need protection, which is given by trees known as "immortels," or, as the planters call them, "the mother of the cocoa." Thus the whole cocoa plantation has a sort of canopy.

Held Responsible.

"That dog of yours seems to have human intelligence."

"He ain't that lucky," answered the proprietor of the dog. "If he was to lose his temper an' turn hisself loose to hurt somebody he wouldn't have a chance in the world of pleading insanity."

UNDERSEA CRAFT.

The Strength and the Weakness of the Modern Submarine.

The chief advantages claimed for the submarine include comparative invisibility when submerged, coupled with immunity from gunfire while in that condition. It carries a weapon against which no adequate protection has been found. It presents a small and difficult target when itself assailed by torpedo attack. Other elements in its favor are low cost, handiness, seaworthiness in rough weather, comparative immunity from floating mines as well as those laid in very deep water and the possibilities of use as a mine layer.

On the other hand, the submarine is handicapped by many disadvantages and limitations. Its radius of action is small. Its speed is low, about 14 knots on the surface and 10 knots submerged.

The periscope is useless during darkness, and to operate at that time the vessels must therefore come to the surface, thus rendering themselves very vulnerable to the attacks of surface craft. Once the submarine's hull is damaged by gunfire, ramming or otherwise, it is no longer able to submerge, and its usefulness as a war vessel is ended until repairs can be made.

When flying at an elevation of less than 1,000 feet air craft can usually see submarines operating near the surface.—World's Work.

SERPENT OF LERNAEA.

Scientific Basis For the Myth of the Many Headed Monster.

A noted surgeon suggests that the story of the many headed serpent of Lernaea, if a myth, is yet a myth with an altogether scientific foundation. The monster was credited with anywhere from nine to 100 heads, and, according to the legend, if one was cut off another immediately grew in its place. Some averred that each head was replaced by two.

The origin of this serpent, as well as its acts and its final destruction by Hercules, are entirely fanciful, of course, but some recent juggling in biological laboratories seems to show that the ancients may have got their conceptions of its form and being from what they had actually seen. Professor T. H. Morgan, for instance, has cut off the anterior end of an earthworm and excised a piece of the central nerve cord. This left the anterior nerve ends, and a head grew from each.

Dr. Van Dyune recently went much further in the case of a marine planarian, actually developing six heads upon the creature, each with its own eyes and apparently normal in its functions.—Exchange.

The Long And Short Of It!

TALL Men, Short Men and Stout Men frequently find the Clothes question quite baffling!

Those who have worn our Special Sizes for such proportions know that the solution here is easy.

The worried ones are invited to try on our Suits and Overcoats, in Slim, Stout and Extra Sizes, just to see how easy it is to find a fit.

If you think it necessary to have your Clothes made to order, then you have not given this Store a trial.

We have all our sizes cut in several shapes to accommodate just such cases as yours. We are positive that we can

Fit You To A "T"

The fact is that we guarantee you a fit—just as much as we guarantee a fit—in any of our regular sizes.

Suits, $12, $15, $20 to $25
Overcoats, $10, $12 to $20
Trousers, $2, $3, $4 to $6

Quick & Robertson
THE OUTFITTERS

GORMAN'S BOOT SHOP

MEET ME FACE TO FACE

THE HOME OF RELIABLE BOOTS

HOCKEY STICKS
NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.

AUTOMOBILE SKATES
Made in Canada
Have you seen the New Ones?
Stronger and Lighter than ever

THE **SMITH HARDWARE** CO.
LET US DO YOUR PLUMBING

Watch Our Windows
For Fresh Made Candies. Stock changed daily. All Candies fresh from our own works every day.
NO STALE CANDIES OFFERED FOR SALE

Come In And See Us Making
Our Own Confections in Our Own Works.

BOSTON CANDY CO.
245 FRONT STREET

NOT THE WIG'S FAULT.

The Baring of a Bald Fact That Had Been Long Hidden.

One of the best known wigmakers of the city declared recently that he had won a wager with his barber by wearing a wig to the tonsor's shop and having it well trimmed before the man with the shears discovered his mistake. Whether this is an exaggeration or not the hair furnisher has a long list of additional stories to back up his claim that wigs can be made so natural that it is all but impossible to detect them as artificial head covering.

"Why," said the wig man as he pointed to a case in his Sixth avenue establishment, "there are wigs in there made of human hair that I would defy the closest scrutiny to detect as 'fakes.' Would you believe it, one of my customers, a well known man in this section of the city, wore one of these wigs from the night he was married for ten long years, and his wife never knew that he was bald? It is a fact, sir, a positive fact.

"In year and out for the entire ten he was so careful that his spouse never had the slightest suspicion. The way the discovery came about was—well, while it was painful to him it nevertheless had a gleam of humor in it. He bought a new wig, and I sent him the bill to his business address. He carried the bill home inadvertently, changed his suit, and his wife found the little telltale paper in his pocket. And he would not have been discovered then only his wife, sad to say, believed that he was paying for the wig of some lady, and there was a stormy time. He was forced to reveal himself as bald. But you will readily see it was not the fault of my workmanship. I wear one myself. Could you tell? Nobody could."
Sun.

Almost Made a Word.

Has bad handwriting ever managed to add a new word to the language? There have certainly been some narrow escapes. A correspondent sent to Sir James Murray for the New Oxford Dictionary the mysterious word "brean," which he found in a story by R. L. Stevenson. It was presumed to be an obscure Scottish term, and the presumption lasted till Stevenson wrote back that the word he had written was "ocean." Had the author been dead "brean" would no doubt have figured in the dictionary as sanctioned by "R. L. S."—London Observer.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

E. Guss Porter, K.C., M.P., is in Toronto.

Sir MacKenzie Bowell left for Ottawa to-day to attend the Senate.

Miss Evelyn Doyle returned Sunday to Loretto Abbey, Toronto, to resume her studies.

Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Wilson of Napanee, are spending a few days in this city with friends.

Mr. J. Clarence Horrie of this city, left yesterday for Smith's Falls, where he has secured a lucrative position.

Dr. J. K. Mott of Cincinnati, is in the city to attend the obsequies of his late mother, Mrs. John K. Mott.

Mr. Thomas Swenor of Welland, has been spending a few days with his father, Mr. Geo. Swenor, Point Anne.

Mrs. Thomas Froysell and sister, Miss Nellie Swenor of Toronto, have returned home after visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Swenor, Point Anne.

DEATH ROLL

MRS. DORTHA A. MOTT

Mrs. Dortha A. Mott, wife of Mr. John K. Mott, residing at 47 Howard street, Belleville, died yesterday afternoon after being ill for some time. Deceased was born in Thurlow Township, being a daughter of the late Mr. R. B. Cook. For the past 15 years she had resided in Belleville, previous to which her home had always been in Thurlow. Mrs. Mott was a member of the Methodist church. In addition to the husband one son, Dr. J. K. Mott of Cincinnati, survive.

MRS. C. BARRETT

Mrs. Catherine Barrett, aged 78 years, wife of the late Mr. Wm. Barrett of Tyendinaga Township, died today. Deceased was born in Thurlow Township. Mrs. Barrett was a devoted member of the Roman Catholic church, and a lady respected by all who knew her. One son and five daughters survive. The son, John, resides at 248 Foster Avenue, Belleville. The daughters are Mrs. J. Boyle, Belleville; Mrs. Spiece, Brantford; Mrs. Daly, Tyendinaga; Sister Francisco of Chicago, and Miss Norah of Spokane. The remains will be brought to the home of her son in this city, from whence the funeral will take place.

DEATHS

MOTT—In Belleville, on Monday, January 10th, 1916, Dortha Ann Mott, wife of Mr. J. K. Mott, 47 Howard street.

Funeral private on Wednesday. Interment family lot Belleville cemetery.

GILEAD.

Rev. Mr. Wilson, of Cannifton, preached an impressive service on Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hutchinson and daughters, spent last Monday, the guests of friends in Prince Edward county.

Mr. Albert Lawrence had the misfortune to lose a valuable horse, on Saturday last.

Mr. Clayton Sheffield, of Calgary, Alta., is visiting in this vicinity.

Mrs. J. Palmer has returned from Belleville, and is visiting her brother, Mr. H. A. Fairman.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Hall and Mrs. G. Hall of Latta, spent Sunday at Mr. J. F. Yorke's.

A gloom was cast over our neighborhood on Friday last, when word was received that Mr. J. Allison, of Calgary, had passed away and was being brought to Deseronto for burial.

Owing to the illness of our school-teacher, Miss Reed, school has not re-opened since the holidays.

IN and ABOUT THE CITY

DESERONTO MAN WOUNDED

William J. Renfold, of Deseronto, with the 1st Battalion in France, is reported wounded.

A GOOD REFEREE

The Peterboro' Review in referring to Mr. Ernie Lang of Belleville, stated that although a stranger to Peterboro' as a referee at a hockey match handles the situation to a nicety.

CHIEF OF POLICE DEAD

Chief of Police Donaldson of Deseronto died yesterday as the result of an attack of pneumonia, which developed from LaGrippe. Deceased had been chief of Deseronto for some time and was regarded as a most capable and painstaking officer.

HEARTLESS LANDLORDS SCORED

KINGSTON, Jan. 10.—Special—In his inaugural address to-day, Mayor Richardson scored landlords who rented insanitary houses, which were not fit to be called homes. He also declared himself in favor of taxing all property, whether mercantile, religious or charitable.

MATCH POSTPONED

An Eastern League curling match between rinks representing Belleville and Napanee was to have been played here yesterday, but had to be postponed owing to mild weather and the ice being unfit to play upon.

ATTEMPT AT BURGLARY

At an early hour this morning whilst the police were making a tour of inspection of the back yards and back premises of stores on Front street they detected evidence of efforts being made to gain entrances to two prominent business places by forcing open the back doors leading to the main part of the store. The would-be burglars had evidently been frightened off from some cause, or realized that they were unable to accomplish their purpose. The affair is being investigated.

SOLDIER ARRESTED

Last night about 9.30, Dr. Dolan, who resides on Victoria Avenue, came out of his office for the purpose of taking his horse and cutter to answer a call, but was surprised to find that the outfit which had a few minutes previously been left in front of his residence and office, was gone. Later the horse and rig was found in possession of Corporal Blockhurst, who is a member of the 80th Battalion. The corporal was arrested and a charge of horse stealing has been preferred against him. This morning the accused was brought up before Police Magistrate Masson and was remanded until to-morrow without any evidence being taken.

Alkali in Soap Bad For the Hair

Soap should be used very carefully, if you want to keep your hair looking its best. Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle, and ruins it.

The best thing for steady use is just ordinary mulsified cocoanut oil (which is pure and greaseless), and is better than the most expensive soap or anything else you can use.

One or two teaspoonfuls will cleanse the hair and scalp thoroughly. Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, which rinses out easily removing every particle of dust, dirt, dandruff and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and it leaves the scalp soft, and the hair fine and silky bright, lustrous, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get mulsified cocoanut oil at any pharmacy, it's very cheap, and a few ounces will supply every member of the family for months.

We Have In Stock
Considerable Corrugated Galvanized Iron.

It will pay you to get our prices before purchasing. We keep a good supply of GALVANIZED NAILS on hand at the lowest prices.

Well Pumps, Cistern Pumps
of all descriptions kept in stock.
It Will Cost You Nothing To Get Our Prices.
Give us a Call

The John Lewis COMPANY LIMITED

The Beauty of Our Feed

is that there is no waste to it. Your horse will lick up the last oat or the last kernel of grain. It tastes so good to him that he wants every bit that belongs to him. So there's economy as well as satisfaction in buying your feed and grain here. Try it once and you'll try it always.

H. E. FAIRFIELD

HUMORS OF CASTE.

How Rules Governing Travel, Study and Dining Are Broken.

Though going to foreign countries by crossing the ocean is to break one's caste, hundreds of young Indians are now visiting Europe and America in pursuit of modern scientific and industrial education. Indeed, so numerous are the families affected that public opinion has compelled the Brahmans to ordain that no loss of caste shall result from going abroad for education.

It is not so much the going abroad that is objected to as the eating of forbidden food, as beef, pork and chicken or any food cooked by foreigners. To obviate partly this difficulty the Hindus organized a steamship line, the Indian Peninsula company, between Bombay and London. On board the ships of this line Hindu caste rules are studiously observed. This company intends to open a hotel in London for the caste people of India, so that Hindu students, merchants and travelers may go to London, reside for any length of time and still return home without breaking their caste.

Caste rules prohibit people of different castes dining together. These rules, however, are broken by the rising generation in schools and colleges. The students, defying the cold and calculating conservatives, use the school and college building for dinner parties, where Hindus and Mohammedans, Christians and Jains, Buddhists and atheists, break bread together. In Benares, the stronghold of Brahmanical orthodoxy, intercaste dinners are of common occurrence. The Indian leaders in reform have gone a step further. On a public occasion they dined publicly with Europeans in the town hall of Calcutta. These dinners are helping break down obnoxious rules and thus are establishing dinner table democracy.

Strenuous Kindness.

She—Here's a story in the paper that tells about such a kind policeman. He—What did he do? She—He found a man asleep in the street, it says, and fanned him till he woke up

When Ma Takes Up Oratory.

When a lady finds out she can make a speech the husband may as well put the children in a boarding school, strangle the canary bird and renew his acquaintance with the fellows at the club.

A Dutch Custom.

Looking glasses are commonly to be seen hanging outside Dutch dwellings. These are so arranged that persons sitting inside can without being seen enjoy a reflection of all that is going on in the street.

ARENA
TURNBULL ST

BAND Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

Intermediate O. H. A. Hockey
Picton vs. Belleville, Friday, January 14th.
Puck faced at 8.15 sharp. Band in attendance.
Amission 25c. Reserved seats 35c.

Ladies' Hudson Seal Coats

No. 1 Quality lined throughout with No. 1 Brocade satin 40 inches long .... Price $120.00
Muff to match $22.00

J. T. DELANEY
29 Campbell St. Phone 797
opposite Y.M.C.A.
See Our Window
N. B. We Buy Raw Furs

OVERCOATS

Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat! We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.

Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

HOUSES FOR SALE

Near West Belleville Church, 10 minutes from market; conveniences and good cellars. Also six roomed house to rent with one acre of garden, barn and electric light, etc.

BUGGY FOR SALE
W. SMITH, Builder
33 Howard St. Phone 678

Stroud's January Clearing Sale

Granite Ware

The popular grey ware, perfect in finish and well coated.

Large Tea Kettle, will heat quickly. Sale price	80c.
Double Boilers for rice, milk or custard. Sale price	39c.
Preserving Kettle or Stew Pots. Sale price	15c, 25c, 40c.
Dish Pans	25c, 30c, 35c.
Pie Plates	5c.
Round Sink Strainers	10c.

Specials

25, 40, 60 Watt Tungsten Lights	25c.
Inverted or Upright Gas Mantles	3 for 25c.
Polish Floor Mops, sale price	60c
10c. Roll Toilet Paper, sale price 4 for	25c.
Sunlight or Surprise Soap, 6 bars	25c.
Zinc Wash Boards, reg. 25c. and 30c., for	20c.

The Greatest Money-Saving Event of the Winter for you Because—

Within the next couple of weeks we desire to reduce certain stocks, in view of our annual Inventory. You will find from a thorough reading of this page that the price inducements are on seasonable and desirable merchandise. Again, our ready cash enables us to make quick turn-overs of desirable merchandise from manufacturers who would rather have cash than over stocks and samples.

Lamp Sale

Beautiful Electric Dome, $18.00; for	$14.00
Semi-Direct Electric Fixture for Hall, reg. $10.00 for	$7.90
Electric Library Lamps, regular $7.00, for	$5.00
Dining Room Hanging Lamp, $7.50 for	$6.00
Parlor Lamps, $6.00, for	$4.80
Fancy Lamp, $1.25, for	$1.00

Special Prices in the China Department

20 per cent off on Aynsley, Crown and Derby China.

40 piece Tea Set, $6.00, for	$3.50
97 piece French Limoges Dinner Set, reg. $50.00, for	$38.00
High Grade Toilet Set; regular $12.00, for	$9.00

Wise Customers will Avail Themselves of These Once-a-Year Opportunities.

Special Prices

Wash Tub Stand that holds two tubs and wringer; regular $1.50, sale price	$1.25
Daisy Iron Boards and Stand, regular $1.75; sale price	$1.35

STROUD'S China, Tea and Coffee Store

The Glasgow Warehouse

Ladies', Misses' and Children's

COATS and SUITS

One-Third Less than Regular Cost

Just to make a final, quick clearance of the remaining

Coats and Suits

we will place them on sale ALL THIS WEEK at

One - Third Less

than regular cost

$25.00	Suit or Coat for	$16.77
$22.50	„	$15.00
$20.00	„	$13.34
$17.50	„	$11.67
$12.50	„	$8.34

And so on down the list.

DON'T MISS

This Great Chance to Secure an up-to-date Suit or Coat at

AT BARGAIN PRICES

Ketcheson & Earle

IMPORTERS OF RELIABLE MERCHANDISE

SPORTING NEWS

Belleville Intermediates Win Fast Game From Queens—Whitty Sick With La Grippe Plays Star Game—Kingston Team Outclassed

HOCKEY

On ice that was of the soft, sticky variety, the Belleville Intermediates defeated the Queen's Intermediate tem of Kingston at the local Arena by the score of 6—4. The first period ended by score of Queen 2, Belleville 1; the second, Belleville 5, Queens 2; the third, Belleville 6, Queens 4.

Symons and Whitty, the Belleville defense men, were the pick of the home team, while Smith, the netminder of Queen's was the best of the college boys. Whitty deserves especial mention as he played a most brilliant game and although severely handicapped through an attack of the grippe, he played his position right through to the finish. Referee Lesuer handled the game perfectly and to the satisfaction of the large crowd that was present. The line up was as follows:—

Queen's—Smith, goal; Spence and Fahey, defense; Toland, rover; Cook, centre; Robinson, l. wing; McQuaig, r. wing.

Belleville—Phillips goal; Symons and Whitty, defense; Finkle, rover; Earle, centre; Mullen, l. wing. Mitchell r. wing.

Referee—LeSeur, of Toronto.

NOTES

Belleville had it over Queen's like a tent.

Whitty won the plaudits of every hockey fan in the rink. Ben always was a good sport and he fairly lived up to his reputation last night.

That little junior in goal plays like a veteran.

Every man worked like a trojan and the team gives promise of being in at the finish. Brock is surely giving the fans the best that Belleville has. Hats off.

HOCKEY

THE N.H.A. SCORE BOARD

Wanderers5, Canadiens 3; Ottawa 4, Quebec 2.

The N.H.A. Standing

Team	W.	L.	F.	A.	Pts.
Wanderer	5	1	27	21	10
Quebec	4	2	25	20	8
Canadiens	3	3	19	17	6
Ottawas	2	3	15	14	4
Torontos	0	5	11	25	0

Games Next Wednesday

Quebec at Canadiens.
Ottawas at Toronto.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 12.

Senior

Brockville at Frontenacs.

Intermediate

Whitby at Oshawa.
Sarnia at Ingersoll.

Junior

Bowmanville at Port Hope.
Lindsay at Peterborough.
Meaford at Collingwood.

THURSDAY, JAN. 13.

Junior

New Market at Milton.
Welland at Port Colborne.
Barrie at Midland.

FRIDAY, JAN. 14.

Senior

T. R. and A. A. at Riverside.
Preston at Berlin.
Elmira at Stratford.

Intermediate

Picton at Belleville.
Queen's at 33rd Battery.
Cobourg St. Mich. at 93rd Batt.
Bowmanville at Whitby.
84th Battalion at Cobourg.
Bolton at Brampton.
Niagara Falls at Dunnville.
Paris at Brantford.
Woodstock at London Overseas.
Midland at Collingwood.
76th Battalion at Orillia.
Gravenhurst at Bracebridge.
Markdale at Wiarton.

Junior

Aurora at Markham.
Hamilton at Woodstock.

SATURDAY, Jan. 15

Senior

Argonauts at 40th Battery.

Intermediates

Ingersoll at Sarnia.

Junior

Pickering College at St. Andrew's, (afternoon).

CORNWALL AND THE O. H. A.

Why did Cornwall drop out of the O. H. A. The following may help to explan.

(Kingston Standard)

The cat is out of the bag. Cornwall dropped out of the O.H.A. on the plea that its best players had been stolen by Montreal clubs. Now the Cornwall club is arranging to play in Cleveland. It begins to look as though Cornwall realized it would be unable to qualify and took the other excuse as a means of sliding out. It is even stated that "Newsy" Lalonde and others are interested in the formation of an outlaw league, embracing Cornwall, Brockville, Cleveland and a couple of Montreal teams.

(Montreal Star).

CORNWALL, Ont., Jan. 10.—E. N. Runions, manager of the Cornwall Hockey Club, received a message today from Harry Shannon of Cleveland asking for a series of games in that city on January 14 and 15, but Mr. Runions has not yet given Mr. Shannon a definite reply.

Two prominent rink managers of Montreal want Cornwall to enter a new league with them and are also trying to get Brockville to join. They promise that a handsome trophy will be put up.

It is rumored that Newsy Lalonde is behind one of the organizations, Manager Runions is giving the matter his careful consideration, and the local hockey fans may expect developments in a few days.

ELECTRICS 8, COBOURG 5.

PETERBOROUGH, Jan. 10.—Special—The Peterborough Electrics were better stick-handlers than the Cobourg O.H.A. intermediates tonight and won 8 to 5. The visitors presented the locals with two goals and the Petes scored another brace during the Cobourg netman's term in the penalty box. The teams:

Cobourg— Goal, Butler; defence, Drumm and Guy; rover, Lavis; centre, Hart; wings, Delaney and Reedy.

Peterborough—Goal, Montgomery; defence, A. Coughlin and Spratt; rover, Evans; centre, Hamilton; wings, Kenneally and McMartin.

Referee—Lang.

HOCKEY RECORD

MONDAY'S RESULTS.

O.H.A. Senior.

40th Battery	7	T.R & A.A.	0
Intermediate.			
Belleville	6	Queen's Univ.	4
Collingwood	4	76th Batt.	1
Electrics	8	Cobourg	5
Owen Sound	3	Wiarton	1
Paris	10	Hamilton M. R.	2
Junior			
Orillia at Barrie postponed.			
Stratford	8	Preston	5
London Ontarios	2	Brantford	1
Ingersoll	10	Woodstock	2

ICE RECORD BROKEN

The pacing race record established by Grand Opera at the Toronto Driving Club's meeting over Hillcrest track did not last very long. At Dufferin Park yesterday in the concluding heat of the 2.15 pace the Teeswater gelding, Paddy R., set up a new mark of 2.11¾, beating the previous figures by a quarter of a second. The weather was very mild, and the rain had made the ice soft on top, though there was a hard bottom of ice.

◆

Overworked Runabout.

A writer for a farm magazine says an ordinary runabout can be made to run a circular saw, pump water, haul freight, drive dairy machinery, fill the silo, shred the fodder and crush grain feed. Possibly, but it would have little time in which to run about.

Charge Explained.

Judge—What's your charge against the prisoner? Complainant—Burglary. He stole $5 from me at the station. Judge—But for burglary there must be a breaking. Complainant—Well, your honor, when he took the five he broke me.

A Female Veteran.

He—Isn't that General X. and his daughter over there? He—Yes. They say that she has been through more engagements than her old father.

A cheerful and glad spirit attains to perfection much more readily than a melancholy spirit.—S. Philip Neri.

In Despair.

"Don't you find it an awful expense to have three marriageable daughters on your hands?"

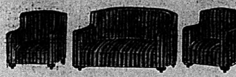
"Yes, and the worst of it is I'm beginning to think they're not marriageable."

RITCHIE'S

Big January Sale

OF HIGH GRADE

FURNITURE COVERINGS



Lot No. 1

Coverings worth 75c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 for yard 50c

Lot No. 2

Coverings worth $2, $2.25, $2.50 and $3, for yard $1.50

This is the greatest money-saving chance you will ever have to buy new coverings for those pieces of Furniture that have grown shabby and faded—or perhaps Curtain materials for your windows or arches, because many of the fabrics are suitable for both Furniture Coverings or Draperies. They are such splendid weaves as **Silk Tapestries, Silk Brocatelles, All Wool Damasks, and Dresden Designs with Silk Stripes.** Some of the lighter weight materials are washable; all absolutely fast colorings. See them in the window.

NOTE: These Fabrics were bought before the war, and if we were to buy the same materials today the regular prices mentioned above would be about double.

Also 20 per cent Discount on All UPHOLSTERY WORK CHARGES For One Month

This offer is for one month only and means a great saving to those who have Furniture to be re-upholstered. A phone or personal call will bring our upholsterer to you and give an estimate on your needs. **"Remember! 20 per cent. off all work charges."** Figure up what that will save you.

Silk Curtains That Were Originally $10 and $12 are now $3.95

Fourteen pairs only of part Silk Casement Curtains in five pretty designs, fringed and brush edging effects, originally sold at $10 and $12. Your choice $3.95

25 p.c. Discount Off Odd Curtains

Odd pairs, some slightly soiled, only one pair of a kind, in Nottinghams, Swiss Nets, Voiles, Marquisettes, Brussels Net, etc. Regular prices, $1.25 to $10.00, with 25 per cent. off during this month.

All Our Plain and Colored Madras Curtains Half Price

This is an extra special offering and embraces all our plain and colored Madras Curtains. They are very suitable for any room in the home and can be used as a casement curtain if desired—standard sizes, 50 ins. by 3½ yards long. The lot also includes some pretty white and colored Muslin drapes. Our range at the various prices is broken, therefore we will clear them out at JUST HALF PRICE.

Model Drapes Half Price

If you have been in our Drapery Department this season you have seen and no doubt admired those pretty model drapes displayed there. These are the Drapes we place on sale at Half Price. These are Seven Drapes, but only One of a kind, made up of American Repps, Art Chintz, Cretonnes and Veltours, all nicely trimmed with galloons and gimps to match. The materials from which they were made are all sold, therefore the drastic reductions. Length 2 yards, width 51 inchs.

1 Green and Gold Drape, shfrred valance, $5.00, for	$2.50
1 Blue Art Chintz Drape, stiff Lambican, $7.00, for	$3.50
1 American Art Repp Drape, pleated valance, $9.00, for	$.50
1 plain Rose Drape, fancy Lambican, $8.00, for	$4.00
1 plain Brown Madras Drape, long tabbed valance, $10, for	$5.00
1 Blue Art Chintz Drape, French festoon valance, $10, for	$5.00
1 American Veltour Drape, pleated valance, $12, for	$6.00

Chintzs and Crettones 15c yard

36 inches wide and all desirable patterns, suitable for Draperies, Box Covers, Furniture Slip-overs, Cushions, etc. All new but not a large quantity of every pattern. Regular 30c. and 35c. yard. Your choice .... 15c. yard

The RITCHIE Company Limited

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 8 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED—A DINING ROOM GIRL AT the Kyle House. 10-2t

WANTED—A HOUSE MAID. APPLY IN evening to Mrs. (Dr.) Gibson 23 Campbell St. 14-dtf

WANTED—COOK, GENERAL, WITH REferences. Wages $20 per month. Apply 111 Victoria Ave. 18-dtf

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—FIRST CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill and Planer hands. Toolmakers. Good wages. Steady work. Canadian Westinghouse Company, Limited, Hamilton, Ont. d—j27

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS TOOLMAKERS, lathe hands, boring mill hands. Steady work. Good wages. Apply: Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Peterborough, Ont. 6-6td

WANTED — YOUNG MAN, 25-35 YEARS, good address, who can furnish gilt-edge references, preferably with experience as a retail clerk or solicitor. This is a position for a man who has been successful, and who desires a field with great possibilities in the way of income and experience. The position is one selling to the consumer. It is with a large corporation, pays a good commission, which increases as your business increases. If you are willing to work hard, the position has unlimited possibilities for you. Call at Hotel Quinte, H. P. Baird. 1t

WANTED—A YARD PORTER APPLY Hotel Quinte. 10-4t

TO RENT

TO RENT—NO. 255 N. JOHN STREET; new furnace and all modern conveniences. Possession March 1st. Apply 6 Queen Street. 7-6td

TO RENT, RESIDENCE, No. 221 CHARLES St.; contains all modern conveniences. Apply at The Intelligencer Office a23-tf

TO LET, THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the Bank of Commerce, and also rooms in the same block and the Robertson Block, suitable for offices and apartments. S. S. Lazier. j17-dtf

TO LET—WELL FURNISHED PRIVATE rooms with board. All conveniences. Apply 170 George St. j3-dtf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—SHOWCARD WRITER'S AIR Brush, Tank and Pump; almost new, cheap. Apply Box G, Intelligencer. 10-4t

FOR QUICK SALE—VALUABLE FARM, Lot thirty, two miles west of Belleville, better known as David Vanderwater farm. High state cultivation. One hundred acres, about seven miles draining. Fourteen room solid brick house, slate roof, new large basement barn, metal roof, other outbuildings in good repair; also tenant house. This is considered one of the best farms in Hastings County. Phone and rural mail. For particulars apply on premises. W. E. Vanderwater, or F. S. Wallbridge, Barrister, Belleville. j5—eodtf,&wtf

Have The Intelligencer sent to your home address.

Crispy Crisp Nut Candy

Crispy, Fresh Almond Crisp, both light and dark.

Peanut Crisp

Walnut Crisp

Our Own Make

Chas. S. Clapp

Local Business Men

Are realizing more every day the value of the concise, memory tickling Classified Want Ads. Make your story short and pithy and our Want Ad. Columns will repay you a hundred fold for the small investment.

The man who goes oft to his "uncle" will not keep watch successfully.

Time may come when elector and elected will ever be truthful.

Accurate Information.

"We had about the centurion in our Bible class today. What's a centurion, pop?"

"A centurion, my son, is a man who has lived to be a hundred years old. I'm glad you take after me and like to know things."

Warned.

May—Maud, dear, did you know that the last legislature passed a law punishing kidnaping very severely? Maud—No. But what of it? May—Well, if you aren't careful Cholly Softleigh's relatives may cause you trouble.

It Is Some Accomplishment

to content the exacting housewife with baker's cake—especially if her culinary skill in cake-making is excellent. Our cake is equal to that of the best home made, because it is baked with the best ingredients that the market affords. We are skilled bakers that know how to bake cake just as it should be baked. Our surroundings are most sanitary.

Yerex's Bakery

Phone 787

68 Sinclair St. Belleville

CITY AND VICINITY

Dr. Dorner, Osteopathic Physician, 28 Victoria Ave., Phone 73.

Don't miss it. Poultry show in Market. Open all day and evenings, on Tues., Wed., Thurs., Jan. 11, 12, 13. The largest show in Central Ontario; over 1,500 birds. Free meeting by Miss Yates, Government Lecturer, in Council Chambers at 8.15 to-night. This lecture will be interesting to all.

ST. AGNES' SCHOOL

will reopen for day pupils on Wednesday, January 12th at 9.30 o'clock. Kindergartin to Matriculation with Honors. Special courses in music, language and physical culture. j10-2t

Best way to preserve the peach is to put it on a shelf too high for the kids to reach.

SCOTT'S TO-NIGHT

Do not fail to see "The Wild Goose Chase" in 4 acts, two good comedies Large orchestra in attendance.

POULTRY SHOW

The annual winter show of the Belleville Poultry Association was opened to-day in the interior of the market building, and there is no doubt it will be the most successful exhibition ever held by the Association. There are upwards of 1700 fowls exhibited, which number is far in excess of the number shown in any previous year. The officers have done all in their power to make the show a success and their efforts are being rewarded. No less than twelve cups, all valuable, are offered for prizes and cash prizes will also be given. The show will remain open to-morrow and on Thursday.

THE WEATHER.
Strong easterly winds with snow and rain. Thursday, north westerly gales and a change to decidedly colder weather.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 81 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 12, 1916. No. 11

ESTABLISHED 1858
58 years continuous business is a guarantee for square dealing, best values and lowest prices.
FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING
TICKELL & SONS' CO.
Office Phone 2 Night Phones 260 & 535

Queens Gets Another $50,000

KINGSTON, Jan. 11.—Queen's University has been enriched to the extent of $50,000 by the benevolence of Dr. Douglas, its chancellor, G. Y. Chown, registrar of the university, and Hamilton Cassells, of Toronto, chairman of the Board of Trustees, returned yesterday afternoon from New York, with the information that Dr. Douglas had increased his grant to Queen's library from $100,000 to $150,000.

Messrs. Chown and Cassells went to New York for the purpose of presenting the plans to the chancellor. After he had looked them over carefully he decided on the additional grant.

The plans are now ready and work will be commenced as soon as favorable weather sets in.

* * *

EPISCOPAL MINISTER RESIGNS CHARGE

SYRACUSE, N.Y., Jan. 11.—Rev. Dr. James Empringham, rector of St. Paul's Episcopalian church, supposed to be the swellest congregation in Central New York, has tendered his resignation to the vestry.

Dr. Empringham was the only Episcopal minister to take part in the "Billy Sunday campaign. Some say perhaps he wants to go to war. His wife is the daughter of Dr. J. B. Ruttan, of Picton, Ont. Dr. Empringham was born in Cambridge, England.

* * *

TALKING ABOUT THEM

We wonder if those young men who are medically fit, and who could enlist if they would, know what people are saying about them. Men, duty first, pleasure afterwards.

Don't get the idea that the farm will not be worked without you. Let those who are unable to pass the medical examination do your work.

The man who says he would rather be a living coward than a dead hero leaves no doubt in the public's mind to which class he belongs.

Daddy, what did you do in the great war?

* * *

CHARGE OF STABBING

BROCKVILLE, Jan. 11.—Captain Wilbert Chambers, ferryman of Morristown, N.Y., was admitted to bail on bonds of $2,000 before the County Judge upon an accusation of stabbing H. Carter of Greenbush, Ont. The men quarrelled over the settlement of accounts in the lease of the steamer Nightingale by Carter from Chambers, and eventually came to blows and clinched, Chambers holding an open jackknife, which cut Carter slightly in two places in the region of the heart. Doctors say he will recover.

* * *

UNSANITARY RESTAURANTS

PETERBOROUGH, January 11 — Sanitary Inspector Spence has had a number of complaints lodged with him against the sanitary conditions of the Chinese restaurants in the city. He has made a thorough inspection of the places complained of, and has served the usual closing notice, unless the requirements of the health department are complied wth.

A detailed report will be made to the Board of Health this afternoon.

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIANS

OTTAWA, Jan. 11.—The midnight list of casualties follows:

2ND BATTALION.

Killed in action—R. Mason, New Zealand; D. H. Lucas, Smith's Falls, Ont.

Died of wounds—J. Harty, Renfrew, Ont.

Wounded—Corp. W. T. Robus, England, R. Bonnar, Ottawa, Ont.

3RD BATTALION.

Killed in action—Sergt. H. W. Roberts, Toronto.

Died of wounds—H. R. Flint, Toronto.

Wounded—A. Dussault, Outremont, Montreal.

Slightly wounded—Fabien Gougeon, Montreal.

4TH BATTALION.

Killed in action—Sergt. W. Darnell, Wingham, Ont.; Jos. Bolton, Hamilton, Ont.

7TH BATTALION.

Wounded — John Berry, Victoria, B.C.

13TH BATTALION.

Wounded—Lance-Corp R. Payne, Upper Rawdon, N.S.; H. Ralston, Sydney Mines, C.B.

14TH BATTALION.

Killed in action—S. Mann, Campbellton, N.B.; B. Lynds, Truro, N.S.

18TH BATTALION.

Killed in action—W. W. Storing, Ridgetown, Ont.; C. R. Middlebrook, Berlin, Ont.

19TH BATTALION.

Wounded—J. Kenyon, Hamilton, Ont.; E. Carthy, Toronto.

21ST BATTALION.

Died of wounds—E. H. Turner, Russell, Ont.

Killed in action—Lance-Corp. E. G. Thomas, Kingston, Ont.

Wounded—E. A. Hiscock, Cobourg, Ont.

PRINCESS PATS.

Seriously ill—J. C. Shifton, Annapolis, N.S.

GERMAN WESTERN DRIVE IS COMPLETLELY CHECKED

French Have Beaten Back Teuton Attack in the Champagne District—Captured Trenches Are Regained

ALL IS QUIET ON WESTERN FRONT NOW

Every Attempt of Germans is Repulsed and Big Attack Falls Flat—French Defences Prove to be Inpregnable

All Quiet Now

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The official French report of this afternoon as received here by wireless follows: "There were no events of importance last night except in the region between the Meuse and Argonne, where our batteries dispersed groups of enemy sappers who were at work in the region of Malincourt.

Strong Attacks

PARIS, Jan. 11.—The German drive in the Champagne, backed by three divisions of troops, has been completely checked by the French, according to a statement from the War Office here this afternoon. It was also stated that, with the exception of a small portion, the trenches taken by the Germans have been reoccupied by the French.

An Important Victory

"The Germans attacked on scarcely a smaller scale than we did last September. They fought desperately, but our artillery was invincible. We gained a really important victory." Thus a French captain, wounded early yesterday morning, described the recent fighting in the Champagne, whose extent and importance Paris still does not realize. The German bombardment, beginning Saturday morning, increased steadily in intensity—during the last twelve hours four hundred thousand shells plus asphyxiating gas fell on an eight-mile front—until Monday morning, when the infantry attacked.

Repeated Efforts

The enemy first launched a strong attack on the hill forming the western finger of the Massiges hand. The defenders' fire rolled them, shattered, down the slopes. Then against a five-mile front, between Main and Courtine, forty thousand Germans charged, no longer in solid columns, but in four successive waves on the French system. " 'Twas a repetition of our September offensive," said the officer. "The only difference was that we had then silenced their artillery and machine guns, while now ours maintained the supremacy."

Artillery Wins

Under the fire of the French "75's" assault they literally melted. A mere fraction reached the holes in the French wire torn by the bombardment and occupied some three hundred yards of the front trenches, which were mostly recaptured in the French counter-attacks. With fully three-fifths of fifty thousand soldiers taking part in the battle killed and wounded, General von Einach paid dearly for one hundred yards of French trenches, representing the net gain of the offensive.

French Attack Fails

(Canadian Press Special)

BERLIN, Jan. 12.—The failure of the French attack on the German position to the north of LeMesnil in the Champagne district, along a front of about one thousand yards, was announced by the War Office to-day.

STABLEMAN DIES IN MONTREAL HOSPITAL

(Canadian Press Special)

MONTREAL, Jan. 12.—Louis E. Espie, a stableman, charged in the police court with drunkenness, was remanded to jail for trial later. A physician's examination, after two days in jail, revealed a fractured skull and Epsie died in Notre Dame Hospital yesterday.

* * *

MONTREAL TO BAVE NEW IRISH REGIMENT

OTTAWA, Jan. 11.—A new Irish regiment is to be recruited in Montreal. This was announced by General Houghes tonight. Col Harry Tribey, will command and one of the other officers will be Major Fitzgibbon. Col. Tribey was formerly a well-known Montreal athlete.

MANITOBA WILL VOTE ON PROHIBITION SOON

WINNIPEG, Jan. 11.—Bills providing for the speedy trials of election contests, prohibition, compulsory education, repeal of the Coldwell amendments and women suffrage were introduced in the legislature tonight. Premier Norris introduced the woman suffrage bill. The liquor bill is the Hugh John Macdonald Act of 1902. With it was introduced a bill providing for the submission of the Macdonald Act to a referendum vote on March 15. This measure provides that a simple majority will carry the province for prohibition, and the electors will be asked to vote on the question: "Are you in favor of the Manitoba Temperance Act?"

* * *

D.S.O. For British Sub. Commander

LONDON, Jan. 11.—(Special)—The Official Gazette states that Lieut.-Commander Kenneth Duff Dunbar has been awarded the Distinguished Service Order for the torpedoing of a German auxiliary vessel protected by a screen of small craft on December 22nd.

This is the first news of the exploit that has been given to the public.

* * *

THREATENED FRENCH LINER IS SAFE

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—The French liner La Fayette, which was threatened with destruction in anonymous messages sent to Henry Clews, junior, the New York banker, and others who booked passage from Bordeaux, arrived here today and reported that neither a submarine nor a mine had been sighted during the voyage.

* * *

The present American administrative may go down to history as a "noted but untitled" lady.

* * *

No Germany did not wish this war, but those in it are going to see that they do not have any German peace wished on them.

Slew Wife Then Suicided

Amazing Recital of Crime and Intrigue in Case Heard in Ottawa

OTTAWA, Jan. 11.—The brutal murder of a wife by her husband, the husband's spectacular suicide forged documents, and the scene shifting rapidly from the peaceful town of Cornwall, Ontario, to Nome, Alaska; Butte, Montana; New York and the Pacific coast, were features of an amazing recital of crime and intrigue, which was revealed in the course of a case heard before the Supreme Court of Canada here.

Judgment has not been given in the case, but it is expected within a day or two.

The plaintiff in the case, Mr. S. C. C. Hedge, now residing in Cornwall, but formerly of Port Blakely, Wash., claims to recover from Charles Morrow, a farmer, living in Roxborough township, the west half of Lot Letter A in the Sixth Concession of Roxborough, containing 100 acres of land, on the ground that Morrow has no title to the farm, but that on the contrary the proper title to the same is in Mrs. Hedge. Both parties agree that the farm was the property of one Isabella M. Gilchrist, and the contest arose out of the checkered career of this woman, who was a sister of Mrs. Hedge and went west some years ago, living most of the time in Butte, Mont.

Got Power of Attorney

From the evidence given it appeared that in 1904 Miss Gilchrist went to Nome, Alaska. On her way out she met one Lee H. Johnston, who afterwards paid her some attention and married her in June, 1905. In September, 1905, Johnston induced his wife to execute in his favor a power of attorney, which the plaintiff in the present action alleges was confined in its operation to Alaska only. It was so drawn in the first place and when registered in Alaska was in that condition. This registration accrued in June, 1906.

The plaintiff says that her sister disappeared in October, 1905, and that she was foully murdered by her husband, Johnston. Nothing has been seen or heard of her since October, 1905. In November, 1906, Johnston saw the plaintiff in Butte, Mont. In December, 1906, (the appeared in Maxville with the power of attorney altered so as to make it applicable to the United States of America and the Dominion of Canada. He also had all the title papers n connection with the farm.

Says Price Falsely Entered

Charles Morrow, the defendant in the action, who had been for years tenant on the farm of the plaintiff, alleges that he and Johnston got together and the bargain was made, after which Johnston sold the farm for $2,700 although the documents made it appear that the price was $3,000. The papers were drawn by A. H. Robertson, a conveyancer, at Maxville, who made a copy of the power of attorney. Johnston then went to New York city, taking the original power of attorney with him, also the proceeds of the sale.

Difficulty having arisen in connection with the registration, owing to the lack of proof of execution of the power of attorney, Johnston returned the power of attorney to Morrow, but they were no better off with the original than with the copy, and subsequently the original was returned to Johnston. From New York city Johnston wrote several letters to the plaintiff in the action, stating that the Morrows desired to buy the place, but he refused to sell it. He saw the plaintiff in Butte, Montana, on February 1, 1907, and gave her a letter which purported to be from her sister, Mrs. Johnston, but which was in typewriting. Various other letters were received by the plaintiff, purporting to be from her sister, but thes were either in typewriting or in Johnston's handwriting.

Arrest and Suicide

The Morrows nad fresh deeds prepared and sent to Nome for execution, but they never heard again from Mrs. Johnston. In 1900 the plaintiff, who had in the meantime moved to the Pacific coast and married, was appraised that there was a suspicion in Nome in reference to her sister's disappearance, and inquiries led to Johnston's arrest for the murder of his wife in August, 1908. He was then living in Seattle with a woman who claimed to have married him in Omaha, Nebraska, in 1900.

Johnston waived extradition, and was taken to Alaska by steamer. While the steamer was going through the Unimac Pass on the way to Nome, Johnston disappeared and the United

(continued on page 2)

PERSISTENTLY RUMORED THAT KAISER IS DYING

Crown Prince Being Lauded in German Press—Operation Unsuccessful and Another is Necessary—Kaiser is Heart Broken

AUSTRIANS TAKE MONTENEGRIN FORTRESS

Serious Set Back For Brave Little Army—Fate of Serbia to Fall on Them—Bulgars Attack Saloniki—Turks and Bulgars to Co-operate

Kaiser's End Near

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The Daily Express Amsterdam correspondent says there are rumors everywhere in Germany that the Kaiser is dying. The Kaiser is said to be confined to private apartments and nursed only by the Kaiserine. He is absolutely broken-hearted owing to the impendng collapse of Germany's great financial machine and the dangerous financial situation of the Empire. Color is given to the reports that the Kaiser is near to death by the publication of extravagant eulogies of the Crown Prince in the German Press. The Daily Express Geneva despatch says the first operation on the Kaiser's throat was a failure and a second operation has been ordered.

Austrians Capture Fortress

LONDON, Jan. 11.—(Special.)—After four days of furious attacks by land, supported by a hurricane of uninterrupted fire from their warships, the Austrians have captured the Montenegrin stronghold of Lovcen.

Lovcen is a heavily-fortified mountain 5,770 feet high, which dominated the Austrian naval base at Cattaro on the Adriatic. It is only about six and one-half miles west of Cettinje, the Montenegrin capital, to which the way is now practically open.

Also Berane

The Austrians and Bulgarians have also captured the less important town of Berane, in interior Montenegro, on the River Lim.

The Montenegrins acknowledge the loss of both places. As an offset the official Montenegrin report issued this afternoon claims to have secured important victories on Sunday on the eastern and northern fronts. It is evident, however, that Montenegro's gallant little army, surrounded on three sides, is makng its last stand in the mountain fastnesses.

The Austrian troops are slowly and steadily pressing forward from the north and east, while the Bulgars are advancing from the south.

Same Fate as Serbs

A Rome despatch to-night quotes an Italian military export as saying:

"It is only a matter of time when the Montenegrins will meet the same fate as the Serbians."

Bulgars Attack Greeks

PARIS, Jan. 11.—A Saloniki despatch to The Temps says:

"The 27th Bulgarian Regiment attacked Greek troops near Vestrina and attempted to occupy two frontier posts

"The fighting lasted six hours. Both sides used artillery. Only two Greek soldiers were killed. The Bulgarian losses were serious."

Advance on Saloniki

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The London Daily News has the following from its correspondent at Rotterdam: The Berlin correspondent of The Nieuwe Rotterlamsche Courant declares that Field Marshal von Mackensen last week visited Sofia and settled all plans for the expedition against Saloniki. He says:

Bulgars to Join Attack

"The Bulgarian Government is no longer inclined any more than is the Turkish Government, to wait until the troops of the Entente Powers leave Saloniki of their own accord or are turned out by Greece.

"The Bulgarian Government has now decided to take part in the expedition to force Greece to drive out the French and British.

"This undertaking probably will begin in a short time. All preparations have been made, and it has been decided to make an end of the presence of the Entente troops as speedily as possible, cost what it will, without taking into account whether or not the presence of Bulgarian and Turkish troops on Greek territory may be pleasant to the Greek Government."

London Safe From Zeppelins

(Canadian Press Special)

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—Dr. W. H. Vincent, of the Colonial Medical Corps. who arrved to-day on the American liner Philadelphia, stated that during December 12th attempted Zeppelin raids on London were repulsed and three Zeppelins destroyed, two of them by aeroplanes and one by the fire from ships in the harbor. Since October 14th, Zeppelins have in no case been able to reach even the outskirts of London. Yet although the Metropolis is believed now to be safe from these raids, there is an elaborate organization in case of emergency so that if a bomb were to strike, a fire company and a medical staff would be on the spot in five minutes.

* * *

AMMUNITION DEPOT IS BLOWN UP

(Canadian Press Special)

BERLIN, Jan. 12.—An Ammunition Depot in the southern section of Lille, Northern France, has been blown up. An official announcement says that seventy persons were killed and forty injured. Considerable damage to property was done.

ARTILLERY ACTIVITY ON THE BRITISH FRONT

LONDON, Jan. 11.—(Special)—The British Headquarters report from France today says:

"The night was quiet on the British front. Today there was some artillery activity about Hulluch and Ypres.

"Our efforts with artillery, trench mortars and hand grenades near Armentiers and St. Eloi were effective."

MEXICANS MASSACKE SEVENTEEN NEUTRALS

Sixteen Americans and One Canadian Dragged From Train And Killed

ONE CANADIAN MURDERED

(Canadian Press Special)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Official despatches from Chihuahua to the State department says that the bodies of the seventeen Americans who were shot by Villa Bandits arrived there last night. Secretary Lansing telegraphed General Carranza calling for prompt punishment on the bandits who executed the Americans. Through Elizeo Arredondo, newly appointed Mexican Ambassador here, it was arranged to bring the bodies from Chihuahua to Juarez today on a special train. A despatch from Elpaso says that one of the bandits victims named Couch, was a Canadian.

17 Massacred

EL PASO, Texas, Jan. 11—(Special)—Seventeen persons, all thought to be Americans, returning from Chihuahua city to open mines at Cusihuirachic, Chihuahua, were taken from a Mexican Northwestern train yesterday by bandits, stripped and lined up along the track for execution, according to a message received here to-day from Thomas M. Holmes, one of the seventeen, who made his escape. Later advices that sixteen persons had been killed came to-night from British Consul Scovell at Chihuahua city. They were meagre, and stated that more information was being sought.

It is supposed the bandits belonged to the forces of General Jose Rodriguez, a Villa supporter known to be operating in Chihuahua against the de facto Government.

Collector of Customs Cobb of El Paso, ex-officio representative of the State Department on the border, late to-day telegraphed to Washington that he had received reports which appeared to confirm the reported massacre.

Report Confirmed

Washington, Jan. 11.—Cpceial.)—The State Department to-night received a telegram from Collector of Customs Cobb at El Paso reporting the news received there of the death of fifteen or more Americans in a massacre at Cusihuirachic, Mexico. The department immediately wired for further facts upon which to base official action.

* * *

Nothwithstanding leap year, males still have to spend time thinking that they are "leading" the kindly light.

* * *

When the guide is in the woods showing sports how to shoot moose, the only safe thing for him to do is to vamoose.

* * *

The grip is a great producer of unearned vacations.

POULTRY SHOW OPENS WITH RECORD EXHIBIT

Largest Number of Fowls Ever Shown Here Now on Exhibition – Miss Yates, Government Lecturer, Speaks in City Hall

That the fourth annual winter Poultry Show, now being held in the market building in this city, under the auspices of the Belleville Poultry Association, is the best ever held, there is not the slightest doubt. The number of entries are far in excess of the previous exhibits and the birds shown are superb in every respect. There are upwards of 1700 fowls on exhibition, and the breeds represented are the Anconas, Andalusians, Brahams, Buckeye, Campines, Cochin, Dominiques, Dorking, Faverolles, Game, Hamburgs, Houdans, Javas, Lafleshe, Lakenvedders, Langshans, Leghorns, Minorcas, Orpingtons, Rocks, Polish, Rhode Island Reds, Silkies, Sulton, Sussex and Wyandottes.

In the bantam exhibits all varieties are shown in considerable numbers, including the game bantams.

A number of fine specimens of ducks are to be seen, including the Pekin, Rouen and Indian Runner.

The display of geese is also excellent. The breeds shown are the Emden and Toulouse.

A few coops containing turkeys of the Bronze, White and A.O.V. variety are shown and attract much attention.

The judges are Messrs. J. Billing, of St. Mary and L. J. Jarvis of Grimsby, and they state that the exhibit is without doubt the 3rd best in Canada, which speaks well for the exhibitors and the officers of the Association, who have done all in their power to make this the best exhibit ever held in Belleville. In this respect their labors have not been in vain. The officers are as follows:

Honoray President—Wm. J. Thompson.

President—T. E. Sullivan.
1st iVce-President—E. W. DeShane.
2nd Vice-President—Jas. Taylor.
Treasurer—Wm. J. Thomson.
Show Secretary—Thos. Moore.
Corres.Secretary—C. M. Stork, Jr.
Directors—P. G. Denike, T. E. Ketcheson, W. Moore, C. M. Stork, A. S. Large, J. B. Archibald, Jas. Taylor, H. McKnight, Harry Freeman.
Superintendent—P. G. Denike.

A number of beautiful cups and other trophies have been offered as prizes and the competition for the possession of these coveted prizes is in many classes keen.

Already many citizens have visited the show and those who have not done so should avail themselves of the opportunity to do so. It will be open this evening and to-morrow.

Interesting Lecture

In the Council Chamber of the City Hall last evening, an interesting lecture was given by Miss Yates, Government Lecturer, on the killing and dressing of poultry, for the benefit of those engaged in the poultry industry, and the buying of poultry for the

Continued on Page Two.

JANUARY SALE
Booming These Days

Greatest snaps in heavy 36 inch striped Flannelette, fine fleecy quality, yard .... 12½c.
Large Plaid Rugs or Shawls, fringed ends, dark colors, on sale at, each $2.50
Special prices on Comforters, filled with best quality batting, each $1.19, $1.85, $1.98
60 to 72 inch wide pure Table Linen, everyone most excellent patterns, regular up to $1.50 yard; on sale at, yard, 49c. and 59c.
Many of the New Prints have arrived, selling at 10c., 12½c., 15c.
January Sale Prices on all kinds Linen Towellings, 16 to 18 inches wide, yard .... 10c. and 12½c.
Prices on all Woollen Goods have been cut to suit every purse.
Clearing Sale of Horse Blankets, pure Dutch Kersey, Lined Linen Jute, etc.

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

Special
Shoe
Values

CLEARING
SALE
Of
Men's Gunmetal
and Patent
Laced & Button
Boots

English and High Toe Lasts, all sizes in the lot.
Regular $5.00 and $6.00 values,
CLEARING $3.45

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY!

ADAMS
THE SHOEMAN

Slew Wife Then Suicided

Continued from Page One.

States district attorney, who was on the steamer, and who in common with several others, was examined as a witness in the case, swore that there was no doubt that Johnston had committed suicide by leaping overboard.

Declared Wife a Suicide

While under arrest in Seattle, Johnston stated to the officers that his wife died in October, 1905, having committed suicide by taking cyanide of potassium and that at her request he had dismembered her body and after keeping it in a couple of crates where he was living in Nome, had removed the remains to another cabin and after burning them buried them in the tundra north of the town. He indicated where the place of burial was and the remains were found by officers at Nome, and a verdict rendered charging Johnston with murder.

Under the circumstances the plaintiff claims that Morrow can derive no title from Johnston, in the first place because his wife was dead and the power of attorney was thereby revoked, and in the second place because the power of attorney was a forgery and never extended to any territory outside of Alaska.

For the defence it was urged that there was no evidence to show that Mrs. Johnston died, or that she was in fact dead, and further that it was to be presumed that the power of attorney was added to by Mrs. Johnston herself after its execution and registration so as to cover the property in Canada.

The Plaintiff"s Claims

The plaintiff claimed under a will made in her favor by her sister while in the east and also under quit claim deeds in her favor by a majority of the heirs-at-law. She also claimed damages for the cutting of a bush on the premises and claimed occupation rent since 1906.

The defendant on the other hand in the event of the title being held bad, so far as he was concerned, claimed $250 for improvements done under mistake of title. The defendant had secured registration of his deed and the copy of the power of attorney in the registry office at Cornwall by an order of Judge Liddell, obtained by affidavit evidence submitted by himself and Mr. Robertson.

C. H. Cline, of Cornwall appeared for the plaintiff in the case; and G. A. Stiles, of Cornwall for the defendant.

SHOES AT THESE PRICES WON'T LAST LONG—LADIES' DOROTHY DODD PATENT BUTTONED, BLACK CLOTH TOPS. SIZES 2½ TO 5, $5.00 FOR $3.25. THE HAINES SHOE HOUSE.
J12-2td.

Within the Military Circle

BELLEVILLE

The recruiting meeting at Deseronto last evening was very successful both financially and in the interests of recruiting.

Major Allan, Lieuts. Wills and Sanford of the 155th Battalion, and Mr. J. F. Wills have left to-day for Marlbank, where a recruiting meeting is to be held to-night.

Lieut. Raymond of the 155th Battalion, has been detailed to take charge of the recruits at Deseronto.

Sergt. McGee left England on January 5 on the S. S. Missanabie, and on his arrival here will take charge of the Machine Gun Section of the 155th Battalion.

The 155th Battalion has secured during yesterday, seven recruits from Belleville, eight from Bancroft and five from Stirling.

A dental parade of 15 men of the 80th Battalion, was held this morning.

Lieut. Blaker, acting adjutant of the 80th Battalion, has been compelled to relinquish his position temporarily on account of an attack of throat trouble. His many friends hope for a speedy recovery.

KINGSTON

There is talk of erecting buildings for the accommodation of troops at Bowmanville and Port Hope.

Part of the canning factory barracks at Belleville is being used as a recreation room for the 80th battalion.

It is published for the information of all concerned that N.C.O.'s and men enlisted into units of the Canadian Expeditionary Force must not appear in part 2 daily orders until their attestation papers are complete and they have been declared "fit" by the medical officer.

All officers leaving this Division in charge of units or drafts for overseas will make arrangements immediately on arrival at point of embarkation is reached to get in touch wth the ordnance officer at the point and to draw from Ordance Stores any additional stores, etc., which have been sent to the point in question for the unit concerned.

In the present war methods of fighting are reverting to types long considered passed forever. A soldier in the trenches of the western front dressed up in all the protective means now used, including gas mask, etc., looks very much like an armoured knight of the days "When Kinghthood was in Flower." It looks as though "bombing" was an nvention of the Chinese, who hundreds of years ago used pots to throw at an enemy before they charged, and these bombs were filled with noxious gases, the fumes of which threw the enemy into confusion, and gave the bombers the advantage. China—is evidently the enlightened country from which Germany received her military "kultur."

LADIES' $5.00 BLACK SUEDE BUTTONED, BOOTS. SIZES 2½ TO 6 CLEARING AT $2.50. THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSE.
J12-2td.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT

The Seymour Power Co. car while on the Trent road last night, skidded into a telegraph pole, the result being a broken back axle. It was drawn back into the city this morning by another car.

GRADUATING EXERCISES

Graduating exercises will take place at the Belleville Hospital from 4 to 6 o'clock Friday afternoon next for three nurses who intend going oversea for military duties. The names of the nurses are, Miss Howard, Miss Crozier and Miss Mastin.

CASE DISMISSED

Corporal Blockhurst, who on Monday evening took Dr. Dolan's horse and outfit and drove off with same, was this morning discharged by Police Magistrate Masson, as there was no disposition to press the charge. The accused was given some timely advice by the magistrate, which he will do well to heed.

VICTIM PROGRESSING

Mrs. Wellman, who was seriously injured on Saturday afternoon last at the Cannifton railway crossing, is getting along as well as would be expected. At the hospital it has been ascertained that several small bones were fractured in her thigh, and the ultimate outcome of her injuries cannot at present be fully defined. Yesterday the news of the death of her husband was broken to her.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. Mott, College street, has returned home after spending a few days in Toronto.

Mr. J. F. Wills, K.C., left for Marlbank today to attend a patriotic meeting.

Col. Ponton, who has been seriously ill in the Belleville Hospital for some days, is now almost sufficiently recovered to return to his home.

Law Society Elect Officers

The annual meeting of the Hastings Law Library Association was held yesterday afternoon at the library room in the court house building, when the following officers for the ensuing year were elected:

Hon. President—J. F. Wills, K. C.
President—M. Wright.
Vice President—E. J. Butler.
Treasurer—Wm. Carnew.
Secretary—W. D. M. Shorey
Curator—Col. W. N. Ponton
Librarian—Miss McRae.
Trustees—W. B. Northrup, K.C., M.P., E. G. Porter, K.C., M.P., S. Masson, K.C., F. E. O'Flynn and J. Wills, K. C.
Auditors—W J. Diamond and C. A. Payne.

The Board of Management is composed of the president, vice president, treasurer, secretary and the trustees.

Book Committee—M. Wright, W. D. M. Shorey, Wm. Carnew and Col Ponton.

LT.-COL. IRVINE

The former warden of Portsmouth Penitentiary is dead at Quebec.

PUZZLED
Hard, Sometimes, to Raise Children

Children's taste is oftentimes more accurate, in selecting the right kind of food to fit the body, than that of adults. Nature works more accurately through the children.

A lady says: "Our little boy had long been troubled with weak digestion. We could never persuade him to take more than one taste of any kind of cereal food. He was a weak little chap and we were puzzled to know what to feed him on.

"One lucky day we tried Grape-Nuts. Well, you never saw a child eat with such a relish, and it did me good to see him. From that day on it seemed as though we could almost see him grow. He would eat Grape-Nuts for breakfast and supper, and I think he would have liked the food for dinner.

"The difference in his appearance is something wonderful.

"My husband had never fancied cereal foods of any kind, but he became very fond of Grape-Nuts and has been much improved in health since using it.

"We are now a healthy family and naturally believe in Grape-Nuts.

"A friend has two children who were formerly afflicted with rickets. I was satisfied that the disease was caused by lack of proper nourishment. The children showed it. So I urged her to use Grape-Nuts as an experiment and the result was almost magical.

"They continued the food and today both children are as well and strong as any children in this city, and, of course, my friend is a firm believer in Grape-Nuts for she has the evidence before her eyes every day." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

About Baby
II.

EACH meal should be freshly prepared, and given at a temperature of 100° F.

Use a feeder which can be easily and efficiently cleansed.

The Food must be conveyed into Baby's mouth without fear of germ contamination, and at a proper rate of flow.

The 'Allenburys' Foods are easy to prepare, free from germs, and provide complete nourishment.

The 'Allenburys' Feeder the simplest and best.

FARM DWELLING BURNED IN TYENDINAGA

Mr. Cross Carter, a yeoman residing in the 8th concession of Tyendinaga Township, last night suffered a severe loss in the destruction by fire of his dwelling. Mr. Cross and family were absent from home at the time, being at the bedside of Mrs. Carter's father, who passed away at an early hour this morning. When the fire was discovered it had gained considerable headway and all efforts to save the building or any of the contents proved futile. The house, a frame one, was completely destroyed. We are informed that $700 in money in the house was burned. Mr. Carter is treasurer of the school section in that part of the township, and the money had been collected by him. The loss sustained by the fire is only partially covered by insurance. Other farm buildings adjacent to the house were saved from the devouring element.

Slander.

Slander, sir! You do not know what you are disdaining. I have seen the most respectable persons almost overwhelmed by it. * * * At first a light sound, skimming the earth like a swallow before the storm, very softly (planissimo) it murmurs and purrs and sows in its course poisoned arrows. It is on somebody's mouth, and softly, softly (piano, piano) it glides slyly into your ear. The evil is done. It is born, it creeps, it walks, and with growing power (rinforzando) it goes from mouth to mouth diabolically. Then, all of a sudden—I can't tell you how—you see Slander straighten up, hiss, swell and grow tall before your very eyes. It springs, stretches its wings, whirls, envelops, seizes, carries off; it flashes lightning; it thunders and becomes a hue and cry, a public crescendo, a universal chorus of hatred and proscription. Who indeed could stop it?—Beaumarchais.

Thurlow Red Cross Society

The second monthly meeting of the executive of the Thurlow Red Cross Society was held in Foxboro on Tuesday, Jan. 4th, 1916. The regular packing was done, consisting of seven boxes.

One box contained 157 pairs of hand made socks; 1 box contained 101 sheets; 1 box, 39 flannelette night shirts; 1 box, 48 suits pyjamas; 1 box, hospital supplies and hot water bottles; 1 box, 137 pillow cases, 24 sheets, 48 towels; 1 box, 29 hospital helpless shirts; 19 suits pyjamas, 2 flannel day shirts.

The business meeting was held in the afternoon and was well attended. Mrs. A. G. Bennett, of Point Anne, was made vice-president of the executive. The workers are most enthusiastic, and the amount of goods manufactured by the Thurlow women is very great.

The articles made by Point Anne Patriotic Society were: 66 pillow slips, 47 sheets.

The Point Anne Society made the following articles raising the money by subscription from the ladies: 2 day shirts, 7 pairs socks, 6 suits pyjamas.

From the Quinte Institute: 38 sheets, 4 pillow slips

From Canifton Maple Leaf Society: 49 towels, 4 pairs wristbands, 6 suits pyjamas, 13 night shirts, 4 pairs socks.

From Queen Mary Patriotic Society—23 pairs of socks, 10 suits pyjamas, 1 night shirt.

From Gilead Union Jack Society: 12 suits pyjamas, 8 pairs socks, 4 sheets, 1 coat, 56 wash cloths.

From Halston Institute: 15 sheets, 60 wash cloths, 2 pillow slips, 2 ends.

From Plainfield: 1 quilt donated by Mrs. Fargey, 5 suits pyjamas, 55 wash cloths, 90 mouth wipes.

From children of Plainfield School: 16 pairs socks.

From Halloway: 64 pillow slips, 1 pair socks, 8 night shirts.

From Phillipston Institute: 11 helpless shirts, 11 pairs of socks.

From Carmel Red Cross: 8 pairs socks, 12 suits pyjamas, 4½ dozen wash cloths.

From Foxboro Institute: 15 suits pyjamas, 16 pairs socks, 20 sheets.

H. A. Faulkner, President.
M. VanAllen, Secretary.

May Have Made It Up.

The expression, "If you will let me write a nations' songs I care not who makes their laws," seems to have had a singular origin, its putative father being Andrew Fletcher (1655-1716), a Scotchman, who divided his time between politics and literature. In a letter to a nobleman of the period Fletcher said, "I know a very wise man who believed that if a man were permitted to make all the ballads he need not care who should make the laws of a nation." Perhaps the alleged wise man was a myth and the expression originated with Fletcher himself.

Man Eating Crocodiles.

The largest reptile is the man eating salt water crocodile of southern Asia and Australia. It measures thirty feet in length from end of nose to tip of

Poultry Show Opens With Record Exhibit

Continued from page one

benefit of the householder. His Worship, the Mayor, took the chair and in his address extended a welcome to those who came from out of town to attend the Poultry Show and introduced to those present the lecturer, Miss Yates.

In her address Miss Yates stated that it was necessary to have the poultry races pure. In killing the birds the head should never be chopped off with an axe or its neck should not be wrung, but the best method is to sever the jugular vein. This enables the bird to bleed properly and it is to the interests of both farmer and housewife to see that they are bled properly. The former will get a higher price for his fowl if they are of a clear color, which denotes proper bleeding. The housewife is also protected from disease if no discolorations appear on the poultry.

The best birds for market are those who have plump breasts, rounded limbs and well meated backs. The laying variety are those that have big bones and are of a nervous disposition. The surroundings in which the birds are reared also have an effect on the market value. The birds that are allowed to run all over and pick up all kinds of food are not so valuable as those which are kept in a limited area and fed the proper food. Young chicks should be kept in a space of 6 by 8 feet, the coop being shifted to different surroundings each morning.

When the birds are killed the cooling should not be done by placing them in ice water. Letting them cool in an atmosphere of cool, dry air at 33-35° Fahrenheit. Scalding the birds is considered by Miss Yates, to be a crime, as this take out all the oils in the skin. If all these facts were to be observed by the housewife, and she refused to buy any other but those that are properly dressed and bled, the farmer would then take the necessary steps to treat his poultry so that they would be saleable.

In dealing with the question whether birds should be drawn or undrawn when offered for sale, Miss Yates stated that it was better to have the birds undrawn.

In preparing the birds for the purpose of packing them so as to be shipped away, the poultry should be properly bled so as not to have stale blood scattered over the fowl when put into the barrel, and should be properly fasted before being killed in order to let the stomach be entirely empty before killing. If these rules are followed the barrel upon opening, would reveal a very clean and clear colored barrel of poultry, which would bring a high price to the farmer.

The audience were then given the liberty of asking any question about any difficulties they were in.

A few questions were asked by the audience, to which Miss Yates clearly answered.

A vote of thanks was then extended to Miss Yates for her interesting lecture by Mr. T. E. Sullivan, President of the Poultry Association, which was seconded by Mr. Mallory.

Try Our
Saturday Special
Chocolates
33c

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

Safety First

It is the desire for eye safety that impels you to wear glasses. Keep that object—SAFETY—in your mind. It is the central idea, the essential element in your eye treatment.

Our Complete Sight Service, made good after twenty-one years experience, affords you the safety you seek,

at

Angus McFee's
The Store with the Big Clock

At Wallbridge & Clarke's
Powdered Sweet Chocolate, ½ lb. tin 20c
Cocoa and Milk Sweetened Powder, ½ lb. tin 25c
"Dot" Chocolate, for special coatings and icings, Cakes 10c and 25c
Caracas Sweet Eating Chocolate, ¼ lb. cakes 10c
Diamond Sweet Chocolate, Cakes 5c

Delicious Coffee
Wallbridge and Clarke's
SPECIAL PURE COFFEES
At 30c and 40c lb.
Whole or ground.
☞ If you like a good pure Coffee at a reasonable price, try the blend at 30c lb. ☜

CLARK'S BAKED BEANS
Plain
Chili Sauce } 7c, 4 tins 25c
Tomato Sauce } 10c and 12½c

SINCLAIR'S SINCLAIR'S

January Sale

Girls' and Children's Coats Less Than Half Price

Girls' Cloth Coats, $4.50

At this price we offer your choice of about 20 Winter Coats for Girls of 12 to 15 years of age, colors Navy, Tan, Green and Cardinal, regular prices up to $9.50 each. To clear for only $4.50 each.

Children's Cloth Coats, $3.50

These are for little Girls from 3 to 12 years, about 15 Coats all told, in Bear Skin, Blanket Cloths, Tweeds, etc., regular prices up to $7.50, to clear, your choice only $3.50.

Wool Goods Half Price

In this clearing lot we offer Wool Sweater Coats, Wool Hoods and Caps, Wool Toques and Clouds, Children's Knitted Pull-overs and Wool Jackets, Wool Fascinators, etc., a great variety of Knitted Goods to clear at HALF PRICE.

SATURDAY EARLY CLOSING.

This is for the Customers who came to our store on Saturday evening last and found our store closed.

During the Winter Months of January, February and March we will close our store Saturdays at 7 p.m., and we again ask our many customers and friends to assist us by early shopping, in this progressive movement. Every Saturday, from 8.30 a.m. to 7 p.m. our Staff is at your serviege.

Shop Early on Saturdays.

Silk and Net Waists $2.00

These are some odd lines in Ladies' Black and Colored Silk and Net Waists, Silk Lined. The sizes are well assorted from 34 to 40 inch, bust measures, and in prices they range from $4.00 to $6.50 each, and we clear these, your choice, only .. $2.00

Cotton Flannel Velours 15c yard

Here is one of the greatest of our January Sale attractions: We have one case of these American Cotton Flannel Velours that should have been here months ago, but we have them now and we want to clear them at once, so for regular 25c. and 35c. Velours, all new patterns, we say your choice—

Only 15c yard

White Wool Blankets

We have 12 pairs only of White Wool Kumfy Blankets, sizes 60 x 80 and 64 x 84 inches, and we clear these for only $3.00 and $3.75 a pair..

COTTON BLANKETS, $1.05 AND $1.15.

We have less than 100 pairs of these Cotton Blankets, white and grey, ten and eleven quarter, regular $1.25 and $1.50, to clear

$1.05 & $1.15 a pair

SINCLAIR'S

January Sale

ALL WINTER GOODS MUST GO

Extra Specials

Will be Offered Every Day This Month.

Black Silks,
Dress Goods,
Velvets,
Corduroy Velvets,
Staples,
Liuens,
Flannels
Blankets,
Comforters,
Cottons,
Women's Underwear,
Men's Underwear,
Hosiery, Gloves,
Sweater Coats

EVERYTHING NEW.
Your Money's Worth, or
Your Money Back.

Wims & Co

HOBSON'S
PALATABLE
Epsom Salts
Easy to take
No Nasty Taste
No Nausea after taking
15c pkg.
Waters' DRUG STORE

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip

Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.

Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows.

F. W. L. CARRE

Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward counties.
Phone 366. 276 Albert St., City

EYES BLUR
when reading?
If so; Glasses are needed to overcome the strain—let me help you.

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Eye-Sight Specialist

The Company
and Staff
extend to you
and yours
Greetings and
Good Wishes
for a
Happy
New Year

The Trenton Electric
and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Advertise in The Intelligencer

COUNTRY CORRESPONDENCE

TO CORRESPONDENTS

The Intelligencer is constantly receiving news items from parties throughout the district who fail to attach their names to the manuscript. While items of interest, from all sections of the county are solicited, The Intelligencer positively declines to publish news that does not bear the name of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but that articles may be received in good faith—The Editor.

WEDDING ANNIVERSARY

On January 7 a very happy gathering assembled at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Russell, Rednerville, it being the twentieth anniversary of their marriage, when they received a choice lot of presents, among them being a kitchen cabinet from the friends of the neighborhood, with the following address read by Mr. Cyril Weese:

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Russell:—On this, the twentieth anniversary of your marriage, we, your friends and neighbors assembled, wish to express to you our heartfelt appreciation of your kindness toward us by asking you to accept this kitchen cabinet, not for its intrensic value, but for the friendship, kind feelings and good wishes conveyed in this manner from your many friends.

We sincerely hope and trust that it will be a token of the bond of friendship never to be broken, and that peace, happiness and long life may be granted you in years to come.

There are no friends like the old friends,
Who have shared our morning days.
No greetings like their welcome,
No homage like their praise.
Fame is the scentless sunflower,
With gaudy crown of gold.
But friendship is the breathing rose,
With sweets in every fold.

Signed on behalf of your many friends.

After this being read and the presentation made the guests assembled to the dining room and partook of a sumptuous repast provided by the hostess. In the evening a very enjoyable time was spent by games and dancing. Sills' orchestra was in attendance. At a late hour all dispersed to their homes, declaring that Mr. and Mrs. Russell had proved themselves an ideal host and hostess.

* * *

MASSASSAGA.

Messrs. David and Jno. Walker lost a valuable horse recently, with acute indigestion.

Mr. Wm. Wheeler spent a few days with his parents at Lakefield.

About 40 of the neighbors gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Spencer on Friday night last to bid them farewell ere their departure for their new home near Havelock. During the evening an address was read and Mr. and Mrs. Spencer were presented with a hanging lamp and a set of silver forks.

The trustees for S. S. No. 6. for the year are Wm. Carnrite, Harry Jose and Phil Hamilton.

Miss Lily Travers, of Etrathroy, commenced her duties as School Mistreas of S. S. No. 6, on January 3rd.

Another business meeting of the Mountain View Cheese and Butter Association was held on Thursday afternoon last. Eldon Salisburq secured the milk route from his home to the factory.

The Bible Study Class will meet at the home of Frank Lent, on Friday evening the 14th. inst.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Hazzard and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lent were guests at Willet Valleau's, Burr's, on Tuesday. The event being the celebration of the 61st wedding anniversary of Mr and Mrs. Valleau.

Mrs. S. Rankins and Miss Geraldine of Salmon Pt., are visiting relatives here.

Quite a number of the ladies attended the Red Cross meeting held at Mrs. Howard Huff's, on Tuesday last.

The January meeting of the W. M. S. will be held at the home of Mrs. H. Snider, on Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 19th.

Divorce Lobby In the Senate

W. B. Northrup, M. P., Criticizes The Way Marriages Are Dissolved in Canada

OTTAWA, Jan. 10—W. B. Northrup, K.C., M.P., (Hastings), made an address last night at the People's Forum, Bank street, on "Marriage and Divorce in Canada." Mr. Northrup deplored the indifference of members of the legislatures on this point and pointed out that the people of Canada might consider the question of the revision of the law on the subject and insist, on their representatives giving effect to their wishes.

That the laws of Canada on the subject of marriage and divorce are not amended was due to the indifference of the people and to the indifference of hypocrisy of the legislators, said Mr. Northrup. There is no more widespread fallacy than that persons were married by a minister. No clergyman ever married anyone but himself to some other person. The minister is the official witness to see that the laws of the country are carried out. For centuries it had been the practice of the groom to go to the house of the bride and in the presence of witnesses to affirm that from henceforth the couple were man and wife.

In 1563 the famous Council of Trent passed a decree providing that marriage should be celebrated in the church of the state and in the presence of witnesses. This did not apply to England at that time. After the Reformation a commission was appointed to revise the canons of the church on this matter. In the meantime a statute was passed which was to be in force until the report of the commission was issued. "That was 400 years ago," he said, "and the report is not yet forthcoming." Whether the contracting parties were Roman Catholics or Dissenters, no marriage was valid unless it was performed in the parish church.

This injustice continued until 1836 when a law was passed which first allowed the marriage of persons who held a denominational faith other than the state religion to be celebrated in their own churches.

In Canada the Dominion House and the local houses have no power to legislate except so far as the British North America Act specifies. Under this, marriage and divorce are given over to the Federal House. Mr. Northrup quoted legal authorities to the effect that the working of the acts relating to this subject had been the cause of much trouble. The Ne Temere decree a few year ago had added to these troubles.

"If a Roman Catholic is married to a Protestant," said Mr. Northrup, "by a Protestant minister in Ontario, the marriage is certainly legal according to Ontario law and if he dies without leaving a will, the wife would inherit. At the same time such a marriage is forbidden by the Ne Temere decree unless solemnized by the proper Roman Catholic priest and consequently in the eyes of Roman Catholics the marriage would be considered void in the sight of heaven. Is the poor girl's future likely to be made happier by the possibilty that her husband may adopt this view and feel that, although bound by the law of Ontario, she isn't his wife in the sight of heaven?

"The Kaiser," continued the speaker, "with all his faults had seen to it that Germany was excepted from this decree and the German girl was on a better footing in this respect than the Canadian woman."

Negotiations might be entered into with the Roman authorities to see if this country could not also be excepted. There was a great deal of doubt as to whether this country should grant divorces, said Mr. Northrup. However, at the present time we were granting them, whether right or wrong. But in the whole Dominion there was no way in which a poor person could get a divorce—the rich could. If it were right, why should the poor have to go without whilst the rich were favored?

Lobbying For Divorces

Mr. Northrup referred to the lobbying of members of the Senate by ladies desirous of obtaining decrees and deplored the system that was conducive to such scenes. "Canada is a country where there is one law for the rich and another for the poor," he said, "and it is impossible for a poor person to obtain a divorce in this country. This is a state of affairs which should be remedied. Divorce should be as easy of acquirement for a poor person as for the rich."

The power of the law courts ought to be extended to include dealing with this matter. Mr. Northrup pointed out that in only two countries in the world are divorces granted the way they are given in Canada. They were Canada and Ireland. There were three countries where divorces were not granted at all—Spain, Italy and Newfoundland. In every other country the law courts had power to deal with the matter.

The only way would be for the people to take hold of the question and see to it that the legislators appointed by them reflected their desires. Let society consider it, let the women who are taking such a large part in public life also consider the question. "The future will be assured," he said, "if the people of Canada will calmly take stock of this matter which so closely affects themselves."

Here's Palate Joy for You—also stomach comfort beyond belief. Heat a Shredded Wheat Biscuit in the oven to restore crispness, then cover with sliced bananas and pour over it milk or cream. Sweeten it to suit the taste. A complete, perfect meal supplying more strength-giving nutriment than meat or eggs and at a cost of three or four cents. A warm, nourishing breakfast—a delicious lunch.

Made in Canada.

PERSONAL.

St. Catharines, Ont.—"Two years ago I was in a very nervous, generally run-down condition, so that I awoke in the morning more tired than when I retired. The doctors thought I had heart trouble and treated me for it but I got no benefit. I heard of Dr. Pierce's remedies through a friend who had been to your Invalids' Hotel for an operation (which proved entirely successful) and I at once got the 'Favorite Prescription.' I took three bottles altogether and at the end of three weeks I felt entirely cured and have been well and strong since, without a single bad spell. I stopped taking it about three months ago and am glad to tell any one how splendidly your medicine has healed me."—Mrs. John Lewin, 53 Niagara St., St. Catharines, Ont.

The mighty restorative power of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription speedily causes all womanly troubles to disappear and brings back health and strength to nervous, irritable and exhausted women.

It is a wonderful prescription prepared only from nature's roots and herbs with no alcohol to falsely stimulate and no narcotic to wreck the nerves. It banishes pain, headache, backache, low spirits, hot flashes, worry and sleeplessness surely and without loss of time.

Get it now! All druggists.

A Great Book Every Woman Should Have.

Over a million copies of the "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser" are now in the hands of the people. It is a book that everyone should have and read in case of accident or sickness.

Send fifty cents or stamps to Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., and enclose this notice and you will receive by return mail, all charges and customs duty prepaid, this valuable book.

New Home Treatment for Banishing Hairs

(Beauty Topics)

With the aid of a delatone paste, it is an easy matter for any woman to remove every trace of hair or fuzz from face, neck and arms. Enough of the powdered delatone and water is mixed into a thick paste and spread on the hairy surface for about 2 minutes, then rubbed off and the skin washed. This completely removes the hair, but to avoid disappointment, get the delatone in an original package.

Toronto to Deport Insane Pittsburger

TORONTO, Jan. 11.—Ellis Fischer, of Pittsburg; the man who has been refused admission to the Detention Hospital and the Don Jail by the authorities, and who threatened to expose the methods of Toronto doctors, lawyers, and most every person in official positions in the city, but could not get anyone to aid him, is again in trouble.

He was arrested last night at the instigation of the immigration authorities for deportation on the grounds of being an undesirable.

Eighteen-Hour Trip

Starting out from one of the downtown hotels early in the morning he engaged a taxi-cab and drove through the city for about eight hours. In his tour he called at a number of offices in the busy section and requested the stenographers to type him an indictment against the hospital officials, doctors, police and the lawyer who defended him in the police court last week. On hearing his story the owners of the offices refused to help him and told him to leave the building whereupon he denounced them as being in league with the "conspirators," as he called the doctors and others, and hurled abuse at their heads. In some cases he had to be forcibly ejected. When he dismissed the taxicab in the evening he told the taxicab driver he had no money to pay the bill. Had he not been taken in charge for the immigration officials he would have been arrested on a charge of threatening to shoot Acting Detective McConnell, against whom he seems to have a grudge. McConnell had a warrant sworn out against him yesterday evening, but when he arrived Fischer was in custody of the Agnes street station.

Will Fight Deportation

Fischer says he will fight deportation in every manner possible and intimated that he would have the taxicab driver as a witness in his behalf.

He declares he is a man of means and that he is in the city because he is interested in military operations. All the people in the city, especially those in authority, he says, are conspiring against him, but he intends "showing them up."

He was at first committed to the Insane Asylum, West Queen street, but obtained his release and was again arrested and brought before Magistrate Denison last Thursday, when he was ordered to be detained at the Detention Hospital. On arrival at that institution he was refused admission and was brought back to Court street station. Next morning he appeared in the police court and was sent over the Don, but he managed to obtain his release on Saturday. Since then he has been boarding at a number of first-class hotels in the centre of the city. When he appeared before Col. Denison on Thursday he wanted to prefer a charge against the hospital doctor, and on being ordered to be taken away he shouted to the magistrate that he "would lift the lid off hell" before he had finished.

Get Imperial Naturalization

Baron Shaughnessy, Late Sir William Van Horne and E. J. Chamberlin on the List

OTTAWA, Jan. 11.—Sir George Perley, Baron Shaughnessy, the late Sir William Van Horne and Mr. E. J. Chamberlain, of the Grand Trunk, are the first four names on the list of persons to whom Imperial naturalization has been given during the year 1915. These were naturalized Canadians but did not have Imperial naturalizatoin. All of these are natives of the United States.

The fifth on the list is Howard G. Kelley, vice-president of the G. T. R. He is also a native of the United States.

Other interesting names are: Dr. E. G. Deville, Dominion Surveyor-General, a native of France; Charles F. Sise, of Montreal, manager of the Bell Telephone, a native of U. S.; Paul F. Sise, vice-president and general manager of the Northern Electric Co., also a native of the U. S., Joseph Moscovitz, a merchant of Edmundston, N. B., a native of Roumania; Samuel Wener, a Montreal manufacturer; a native of Russia; Rev. Eshoo Odeeboo Eshoo of Knox College, Toronto, a native of Turkey; Henry F. Meurling, a Montreal civil engineer, who came from Sweden.

Consul Became British

Joseph B. Di St. Pietro, the Italian Consul at Winnipeg, has become a British subject, and Jacob L. Englehart, chairman of the T. and N. O. Ry. has obtained Imperial naturalization. He is a native of the United States, but has been naturalized in Canada since 1882.

Another interesting name is that of E. R. Carrington, vice-president of the Thiel Detective Service, who got Canadian naturalization in 1909. A well know Manitoba public servant appears in the list, Baldwin G. Baldwinson, deputy provincial secretary. He is a native of Denmark.

Others are: O. C. Kirkwood, sales-manager of the C. P. R. land department, a native of the United States; Rev. Nathan Gordon, the well-known Montreal rabbi, who is a native of the United States; Professor Charles Bieler, of Montreal, a Swiss. The list also includes the names of Professor Bieler's four sons, two of whom enlisted for service with the Canadian troops and two are students. One of the sons is at the front and the other at Shorncliffe, Eng.

The first list, which includes those who were Canadian citizens and secured Imperial naturalization, contains eighty names.

A Second List

The second list includes those who secured naturalization during 1915 which also includes Imperial naturalization. Amongst them are Joseph E. Ander, a lumberman of Newcastle, N. B., a Swede; Arthur da Rocha, a Toronto accountant, who came from Brazil; Edmond Cotty, a Montreal school teacher, a native of Switzerland; Miss Edna McKeene, a Hamilton school teacher, who migrated from the U. S.; Harry Eli Bates, civil engineer, Montreal, a natve of U. S.; Arthur Leonard Parsons, assistant professor of mineralogy, Toronto, a native of U. S. A.

Gustave Heidmann, private secretary to Hon. J. D. Hazen, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, took the oath of allegiance on February 1. 1915. He had lived in Canada from childhood.

The TAKE-STOCK 1ST. FEBRUARY. LOOK OUT FOR SHOE BARGAINS. THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES.

PAINFUL SWOLLEN VEINS
Quickly Relieved and Reduced

Mrs. R. M. Remler of Federal, Kansas writes an interesting account of her success in reducing a severe case of enlarged veins that should be encouraging to others similarly afflicted. She suffered with badly swollen and inflamed veins (in fact one had broken), for more than seven years before she became acquainted with Absorbine Jr., and used it. Absorbine, Jr., was faithfully applied for several weeks and, to quote from her letter. "The large knots in the veins left, it was all nicely healed, and has not bothered me since.'

Absorbine, Jr., is an antiseptic liniment—healing, cooling, and soothing. Safe and pleasant to use. $1.00 and $2.00 at your druggist's or postpaid. Liberal trial bottle postpaid for 10c. in stamps. W. F. Young, P.D.F. 457 Lymans Bldg, Montreal, Can.

January
Shoe Bargains

50 Pairs of Ladies'
DOROTHY DODD
$5.00 Shoes for
$3.25

Patent in Button Black Cloth Tops, sizes 2½ to
Gun Metal in Button and Laced Styles, sizes 2½ to

Secure a Pair at Once
Before they are sold out.
Several other Lots at Great Bargains
to Clear before Stock-Taking.

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros.
January Clearance Sale

will save you money on most any article you require, be it for present or future wear.

GREAT BARGAINS IN THE MEN'S SECTION ALL THIS WEEK.

75c. Men's warm Winter Shirts	49c.
$1.25 Men's Flannel Shirts	$1.00
$1.00 Men's Wool Caps	65c.
$1.50 Men's striped Trousers, extra strong work pants, clearing at, pair	69c.
$1.00 to $1.50 Men's Sweaters, clearing at	69c. each
Men's Heavy Grey Pure Wool Sox	4 pairs for $1.00
Men's regular up to $1.00 Overalls, black or blue color, with or without bibs, clearing at only	69c.

CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' DRESSES

At prices that you will wonder at when you see the quality of the goods. Come at once. See these, as there is only a limited number. Here are a few notable offers:—

Children's Dresses suitable for Children ages 3 to 6 years, regular up to $2.50 values, clearing at	$1.39
Reg. up to $1.25 values, clearing at	69c.
Reg. up to $3.00 values, clearing at	$1.98

You can't afford to miss one day of this great sale, as there is no limit to the many bargains that are being offered.

McIntosh Bros

WOOLS

At the present time we have a large stock of Military and Fingering Yarns. As this Wool was secured under our old agreement, we have not had to advance our prices on this lot. Secure what you require soon.

Hockey Goods

Hockey Sticks, Hockey Gloves, Hockey Pads, Leg Guards, Pucks and Skate Straps all at popular prices.

THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

The Standard Bank of Canada.
Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.

GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.
Toronto, 28th December, 1915.

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch - - - JOHN ELLIOTT - - - Manager

PERSIAN LAMB

We have never before been better prepared to meet the season's demand for high class Persian Lamb garments, than at present.

Why not get prices on having your Persian Jacket repaired, remodelled or lengthened? We have skins to match every coat.

G. T. WOODLEY,
Phone 421.

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, 227 Front Street.
CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $2.00, strictly in advance.

This is the 527th day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany

THE POULTRY SHOW.

The primary object in such a show as is now going on in this city is to stimulate the breeding of better stock. When an array of the most splendid specimens of the various breeds are lined up for competition and are viewed by an admiring crowd, it cannot help but be an incentive to all poultry fanciers to improve their own flock and have birds the equal of any.

There is great rivalry between fanciers of different breeds of hens as to their relative merits and demerits, and although each breed has its own following, the two main divisions are what are termed the Mediterranean and American breeds. The former are hailed as the greatest egg producers, while the latter hold their favor through the fact that they are general purpose fowls, producing a fair quantity of eggs and having size to make them better food fowls.

The large number of cups and prizes offered at this show has drawn out the largest number of fowls ever shown in this city. That the show is becoming more popular each year is a certainty.

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EXAMPLE OF GERMAN RULE.

Germany has been the most brutal of colonizers. German South-West Africa is a terrible example of German rule. The Germans took possession of that country in 1884, at which time the estimated native population was 750,000. After thirty years of German occupation the native population is estimated at 80,000. In one war against the Herreros the German Government spent $100,000,000. The peace that followed was one of desolation. Togoland, also occupied by the Germans for about thirty years, lost 105,000 natives between 1903 and 1913, as a result of punitive expeditions by German troops.

This is the nation which has made war for the purpose of imposing its rule upon a large portion of the world. Everywhere the German hand has fallen, Germany is bitterly hated by the subject population. Yet Germany professes to expect that the peoples who have lived under British rule, like those of India, Egypt and other parts of Africa will arise at a German signal to strike the British in the back.

By its treatment of subject peoples. Germany has stamped itself as a natural ally of the Turk. Knowing what has happened, the world at large regards with relief the success of the Allies in delivering one German colony after another from German rule.

LET THE GUNS STAY.

It would appear that in consequence of the Ancona horror the Italian Government promptly placed guns on other liners and detailed gunners from the royal Italian navy to serve them. Two such guns were found on the Guiseppe Verdi when she entered New York. The word comes from Washington that Italy will be asked to dismount the guns before the Verdi leaves port, because their presence on the ship, ready for use, constitutes an infringment of American neutrality.

Such a request, at a time when submarines are sinking passenger ships daily and when the United States itself has serious quarrels pending because of the killing of American citizens by these submarines, would bring American diplomacy to a lower level than it has yet reached. As was pointed out when the submarine attacks upon merchantmen began, the logical way of meeting such warfare is to arm the merchant vessels for defense. Great Britain and France at first started to do so and the United States ruled that the mounting of a single gun on a ship would not be held objectionable. Then the State Department changed its mind, and Great Britain and France were asked to have all such guns removed. Now Italy raises the question again at the very moment when the President is publicly promising that he will "do something" for the protection of non-combatant lives on the high seas. And it appears that the thing which the Administration is going to do is to merely prevent another government from attempting their protection.

If the United States will not do anything itself, it should, at least, not stand in the way of other governments doing something. Those two guns on the Verdi, manned by gunners from the Italian navy, are a better protection to the women and children who travel on that ship, than any promise or agreement which the United States government can wring from Germany and Austria ever will be. If it be said that those guns make the ship lawfully subject to attack as an armed vessel and will nullify any protests the United States may make hereafter, the obvious answer is that it makes no difference to drowned passengers whether their ship is sunk lawfully or unlawfully. The Teutonic powers are attacking these passsnger ships and killing their passengers and crews anyway. And the protests of the United States have not saved a ship or a life in almost a year.

Let the Germans and Austrians respect the rights of neutrals before any steps are taken by the United States to prevent the Allies defending the lives of neutrals and of themselves. Instead of raising objections to the mounting of guns on merchant vessels, the United States should urge that they be mounted and should notify Germany and Austria that it does so under the general right of merchant ships to protect themselves from pirates. The official statements of the German and Austrian governments have actually brought the acts of their submarines under the definition of piracy.

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The Dominion Parliament opened to-day.

Chickens, geese, ducks, etc., join in a grand "talking bee" at the poultry show.

Queen's University gets another boost of $50,000. Money spent in this way is a good investment.

Asquith
a 'bird' of a wing collar
from
Tooke

Kingsbeer
Club Special & Home Brew
The Best Two Lagers Made in Canada
Consumers who cannot purchase KINGSBEER from their local dealer please address "Mail Order Department, 36 Chaboillez Square, Montreal."

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GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From The Daily Intelligencer, Jan. 12, 1868.

Fire broke out in the rear of the gun shop of Mr. Thomas Heard, Front Street, of this city. The loss was $600. The stock and furniture of Mr. Brydon, whose shop adjoins, were removed, the damage to which will probably be about $100. Neither party had any insurance.

A verdict of murder was brought against Kehoe and Quinn who caused the death of one Daniel Sullivan, in the Anglo-American Hotel of this city.

Seven more men are missing in Chicago. Eleven citizens have disappeared mysteriously within the past three weeks.

A new submarine cable is about to be laid from England to Egypt, touching only at Gibraltar and Malta.

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The Poets' Corner

Beauty Recipe.

Ye men who the high cost of living deplore,
There is great good news for you in store,
For in order a good complexion to have,
Your wives and your daughters together must starve.
If your daughter a tan spot should wear on her nose,
Just cut down her steak to a very small dose.
And if a rude sunburn her features deform,
Eggs, fish and potatoes alike she must scorn.

Some fruit she may have, and she breaks the night's fast
With half of an orange. 'Tis an ample repast.
And if about noon she suffers fatigue
She may try the effect of a peanut or fig.
Now, girls, it you're tired and fretted and slow,
Step into a bathtub—'twill build you up so;
A tub of cold water (outside application)
Will do as much good as a fortnight' vacation.

Now, husbands and fathers take heart! we believe
That, despite the high cost of living, you'll live
For when wives and daughters for beauty are starving,
The husbands and brothers their share will be having.

—Stroud.

◆

Current Comment

Few Critics Left.

An American in Montreal declares that General Hughes ought to be made a field marshal for his work in building up Canada's great war organization. The Minister of Militia is outstriding his critics. They are few now.—Mail and Empire.

A Great Man.

Lord Burnham is dead. Born Edward Levy, of Jewish parents, he took hold of the Daily Telegraph when it was a small and obscure sheet, and gradually made it the great property it has since become. He made it a penny paper, the first in London, and gave extraordinary value for the money. Lavish expenditure in news-getting and plenty of reading matter of all kinds brought such advertising patronage that repeatedly the paper was enlarged, becoming all the while more and more profligate. One feature of the Telegraph was that while dignified papers like the Times were ponderous and prosy, its stories were as readable as romance. In fact, it introduced in London many of the methods of the New York Herald, then under the sprightly elder Bennett. The Telegraph has had great men on its staff. One was Sir Edward Arnold, who was for many years its chief editorial writer. Another was George Augustus Sala, a general observer, with a very racy style. It was the Telegraph, along with the New York Herald, that sent Stanley to Africa to find Livingstone. Edward Levy, annexing the name of his uncle, became Sir Edward Levy-Lawson, and finally Lord Burnham. He passes away full of years and honors.—Hamilton Spectator.

The Truth Hurts.

It is announced that Maximilian Harden, the famous German journalist, has been prohibited from speaking or writing during the remainder of the war.

The incident throws a peculiar light

spoken of German journalists. So long as Germany retained the original hope of being able to justify her conduct in the beginning of the war by her military successes in conducting it Harden was allowed full scope for both his pen and his tongue. But Harden, whatever his other faults may have been, wielded a fearless pen, and when confronted by inevitable disaster, the German authorities began to whine that Germany had not sought the war and that the German people were fighting simply in their own defence and for the safety of the Fatherland. Harden's stomach revolted. He told the German authorities in very plain language that they had desired the war, that they had willed it, and that they had begun it as a war of conquest, and he besought them to drop their pharasaical cant about the defence of the Fatherland.

Naturally such talk from a man who was recognized outside of Germany as one of the most representative of German writers could not find favor with the German authorities. It sounded too much like the truth. To stop the talk it was found necessary to suppress not only Herr Harden's paper, but the man himself. But if the authorities are able to keep him suppressed they will accomplish what they have been unable to do heretofore.—Sentinel-Review.

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Throw Away Your Eye-Glasses

A FREE PRESCRIPTION
You Can Have Filled and Use at Home

Do you wear glasses? Are you a victim of eye-strain or other eye-weaknesses? If so, you will be glad to know that there is real hope for you. Many whose eyes were failing, say they have had their eyes restored through the principle of this wonderful free prescription. One man says; after trying it: "I was almost blind; could not see to read at all. Now I can read everything without any glasses and my eyes do not water any more. At night they would pain dreadfully; now they feel fine all the time. It was like a miracle to me.' A lady who used it says: "The atmosphere seemed hazy with or without glasses, but after using this prescription for fifteen days everything seems clear. I can even read fine print without glasses." It is believed that thousands who wear glasses can now discard them in a reasonable time and multitudes more will be able to strengthen their eyes so as to be spared the trouble and expense of ever getting glasses. Eye troubles of many descriptions may be wonderfully benefited by following the simple rules. Here is the prescription: Go to J. S. McKeown's drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto. Fill a 2-ounce bottle with warm water, drop in one Bon-Opto tablet and allow to dissolve. With this liquid, bathe the eyes two to four times daily. You should notice your eyes clear up perceptibly right from the start and inflammation will quickly disappear. If your eyes are bothering you, even a little, take steps to save them now before it is too late. Many hopelessly blind might have been saved if they had cared for their eyes in time. The Valmas Drug Co., of Toronto, will fill the above prescription by mail, if your druggist cannot.

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How a Coal Fire Protects Itself.

A curious way in which a fire in the heart of a coal pile keeps itself from being put out is noted in a mining journal. Such fires often start in the interior of large piles of coal owing to heat developed by slow oxidation, which is prevented by the size of the pile from escaping into the air. Such fires are difficult to put out owing to the fact that the burning mass turns the coal around it into coke, which is nearly impervious to water. The pile may thus be thoroughly drenched without putting out the fire, which it never really reaches. The only way to deal with the situation is to drive into the pile a sharpened iron pipe long enough to reach the burning coal and then to couple a hose to the upper end and turn on the water.

A Dreadful Mistake.

Glympe (in railway carriage)—This is a splendid book, a masterpiece. I recommend you to buy it. Gumph—I wonder how it is selling. Glympe—It is selling in thousands. Can't publish it fast enough. I'm the publisher, so I ought to know. Gumph—I'm so glad to hear you say that, because I am the author. Glympe (suddenly collapses)—Well—er—er—that is, it may sell fast. But there are very serious risks." (Swoons away.)—London Mail

Pepper.

The value of pepper was known of old. We read that when Rome had to be ransomed from the barbarian conqueror in the year 400 Alaric demanded 3,000 pounds of pepper among the payments and that Hippocrates used it in medicine, applying it to the skin.

A Follower.

Caller—The minister's son is following in the footseps of that spendthrift young Jinks. Miss Prim—Isn't that scandalous? Caller—Hardly as bad as that. You see, he's a tailor and is just trying to collect his bill.—Exchange.

$1,000.00 REWARD

For information that will lead to the discovery or whereabouts of the person or persons suffering from Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Mouth and Throat, Blood Poison, Skin Diseases, Bladder Troubles, Special Ailments, and Chronic or Complicated Complaints who cannot be cured at The Ontario Medical Institute, 263-265 Yonge St.

RECLAIMING DELTA LANDS.

Great Work Has Been a Great Success Along the Fraser River.

The conquest of low-lying alluvial lands along the Fraser River, which commenced years ago with the construction of dykes in Richmond and Delta municipalities, still goes on as more dykes are built and more drainage canals put in. In Langley municipality at present drainage schemes which will make over 3,000 acres ready to produce grand crops are being carried out under the Ditch and Water Courses' Act. The Biggar Prairie scheme takes in 1,500 acres, the Devine scheme at Campbell Creek, 500 acres, the Poppy scheme at Otter 500 acres, and the Norman scheme on Brown road 650 acres. The process of reclamation, governed by the provisions of a provincial act, is largely a co-operative one and the property owners benefiting jointly bear the cost. Under the Act, however, an improvement scheme which has the approval of the engineer of the municipality is carried out, even though the majority of settlers oppose it. To the four projects mentioned above, however, there has been no opposition.

When first brought under cultivation lowlands along the Fraser are generally acid or "sour," but the acidity does not prove the obstacle to successful agriculture that one might think, and constantly decreases as time goes on. Pitt Meadows, the location of a large drainage scheme completed a year or so ago, has for several years now grown constantly more attractive from an agricultural standpoint, and this year the crops were conceded the "best ever" by every old inhabitant. The dry year had something to do with it, but so also had better underdrainage on farms, the dredging of the sloughs, and a fine pumping plant installed by the Government. Pretty nearly the average yield of oats at Pitt Meadows this year was 90 bushels to the acre. Potatoes grown were excellent both as regards size and quality. All root crops, in fact, were good.

Pitt Meadow lands are relatively more sour than other dyked farms nearer the mouth of the Fraser for the reason that the Pitt Meadows' dyking scheme, comprehending some 22,000 acres, was only built a few years ago.

For the dairymen and stock raisers there has always been something of a problem in the production of a suitable grass. The experience with timothy, alsike, clover, and other standard grasses was that after two or three good crops the quality and then the yield would fall off rapidly and at four or five years the land would have to be ploughed up and sawn again. To farmers in the Eastern Provinces that may not seem a very unusual experience, but it is in the valley farming districts of British Columbia where virgin fertility is far from exhaustion. Acidity was early recognized as the difficulty at Pitt Meadows. To add to the problem blue point, the best of the wild grasses, rapidly disappeared as the lands were cultivated.

An experiment in this connection which it is thought may turn out to be of great importance has been in progress the past two years on the ranch of William Rannie. A well-to-do resident of Australia who is interested in Pitt Meadows' property—Mr. Frank Coffee—forwarded some seed of Australian Sudan grass. Thus far, in Mr. Rannie's, it has been an unalloyed success, growing to a height of six feet or more and being eaten with eagerness by both horses and cattle. Its stalk is much like that of blue point, and the head blossom is somewhat similar to oats. It yields heavily of seed, and last year seeded back in excellent shape. Mr. Rannie is very enthusiastic about it. He sees a future for it also as ensilage. He is hopeful and confident that the variety will prove the permanent meadow grass so long sought.—J. T. B. in Montreal Family Herald.

Postage Is Reduced.

The Canadian Postoffice Department has foregone its share of the postage on parcels to soldiers in France, thus effecting a material saving in the cost of forwarding such matter to the front.

The following official announcement has been issued:

"The Hon. T. Chase Casgrain, Postmaster-General of Canada, has been successful, as a result of negotiations entered into with the Imperial postal authorities, in effecting an arrangement with the British Government whereby parcels from Canada for Canadian soldiers in France and Flanders will be carried at the same rate of postage as applies to parcels from the United Kingdom for the expeditionary forces on the continent. That is:

"For parcels weighing up to three pounds, 24 cents; for parcels weighing over three pounds and not more than seven pounds, 32 cents; for parcels weighing over seven pounds and not more than eleven pounds, 38 cents.

"This means a material reduction on the cost of parcels, and it is hoped it will be a source of satisfaction to the Canadian public. This reduction has been brought about by Canada foregoing all postal charges for the conveyance of these parcels in Canada and on the Atlantic."

Nurses and the War.

The supply of nurses from Canada has so far exceeded the demand created by the war. In order to be accepted for service at the front a nurse must be a graduate of a general hospital training school, with three years' training. Application for appointment to a military hospital is made to the divisional Militia Headquarters or to Militia Headquarters, Ottawa. The pay is $2 per day. During the later stages of the war the demand may increase and the restrictions may relax. In that case it is considered probable that selections will be made from the lists of those who have already applied and were not accepted.

◆

Trouble about Ford's peace trip was that he did not arrange to have a special stop-off at Paris to see the real fashions for countries outside the wire

You

said many times last year that you would have a Victrola next year without fail.

Now next year is here. This is merely tying a "string to the finger" so that the home will not be without one any longer.

Victrola VI. $33.50

With 15 Ten-inch double sided Victor Records (30 selections, your own choice) $47.00

Sold on Easy Terms, if desired.

Other Victrolas from $21 to $400

New Victor Records

Listed below are a few of the many delightful selections issued for this month. Ask to hear them—they are certainly enjoyable.

Ten inch, double-sided Victor Records
90c. for the two selections.

Ballymooney — Billy Murray — 17885
I've Been Floating Down the Old Green River — Billy Murray — 17885
Melody Rag — Pietro Deiro — 17895
Success Medley — Pietro Deiro — 17895

Two New Irish Ballads—Blue Label

My Own Home Town in Ireland — George MacFarlane — 45074
Ireland — George MacFarlane — 45074

Red Seal Records of Exceptional Merit

Tambourin Violin — Maud Powell — 64520
From the Land of the Sky-Blue Water — Evan Williams — 64516

Write for free copy of our 450 page Musical Encyclopedia listing over 6000 Victor Records.

Berliner Gram-o-phone Co. Limited
Lenoir Street
MONTREAL

Dealers in Every Town and City
One Price From Coast to Coast
Victor Records — Made in Canada
Look For "His Master's Voice" Trade Mark

179
322

J. V. DOYLE
DRUGGIST

Britain and Egypt.

English control of Egypt may be said to have begun when, in 1875, Stephen Cave and Colonel Stokes were sent to that country to inquire into its poor financial condition. In November, 1876, Goshen and Joubert's mission on behalf of the British and French bondholders resulted in the dual control, one British official to superintend the revenue and a French the expenditure. Another result was the internationalization of the railroads and of the port of Alexandria. In 1882 a rebellion under Arabi Pasha broke out, which resulted in the bombardment of Alexandria on July 11, 1882.

England thereafter sent an army into the country and suppressed the revolt at Tel-el-Kebir, Sept. 13, 1882. Dual control was abolished Jan. 18, 1883, and replaced by an English financial adviser. In 1904 the fact of England's position in Egypt was recognized, and that position was legalized by treaties, first with France, then with Germany, Austria, and Italy. Since then, to all intents and purposes, Egypt has been an English possession.

A Colossal Map.

A map of the visible universe, upon which the astronomers of the world have been working for twenty-five years, is almost complete. It will contain every star which can be found by the most powerful telescope. The number will be less than 100,000,000. Some of the stars which will be represented have never been seen by the eye of man and probably never will be seen. They are caught and recorded by the photographic plate, which is more sensitive to light than the retina of the human eye.

All Making Munitions.

Leeds (Eng.) manufacturers stopped their work to take on munition making. The peaceful arts of motor-building, textile machine making, printing machinery, gas-burner making, railway carriage, and locomotive building, and many others all ceased, and in their place has sprung up the greatest of all Leeds industries—shells.

An Old Phrase.

The expression "robbing Peter to pay Paul" is said to have sprung from a proceeding in 1550 during the reign of Edward VI., when the lands of St. Peter's church at Westminster were appropriated to raise money for the repair of St. Paul's in London.

Weighty Missiles.

TRANSLATORS' BLUNDERS.

"Lord, Kick Us Out, Softly, Softly!" as a Nunc Dimittis.

During the present year the following advertisement appeared in The London Times: "Jack F. G.—If you are not in khaki by the 20th I shall cut you dead.—Ethel M."

The Berlin correspondent of The Cologne Gazette was so greatly struck by this ghastly threat that he telegraphed the following version to his paper as a sample of the brutal English methods of recruiting:

"If you are not in khaki by the 20th I shall hack you to death."

The translation of hymns into barbaric languages and dialects is a ticklish business. "Go Labor on," in the language of the Congo, became "Go blunder on," but it was sung with equal gusto for months before the missionaries discovered the error.

Physical and spiritual ideas are a good deal mixed in the cannibal islands, and food and life are interchangeable terms. So when the missionaries translated "Wonderful Words of Life" they found that the natives sang and understood it as "Wonderful words of stomach!"

For some time the missionaries found that the closing hymn was sung rather charily. A good many of the congregation sang "Lord, dismiss us with Thy blessing" in a distinctly chirping and weakly voice. What could it mean?

They found out presently that the literal translation of the well-known words of dismissal conveyed to the native ear not what they intended, but "Lord, kick us out, softly, softly!"

But translators can be wilfully in error. A certain law society in Edinburgh bought a baronial mansion for their offices and headquarters. The motto over the gate was "Olin amrie, nunc arte," which, literally rendered, means, "Once by war, now by skill."

When George IV. visited Edinburgh Sir Walter Scott was showman. The King observed the motto over the gate of the law society and asked its meaning. Sir Walter replied: "It means, your Majesty, 'Once robbers, now thieves.'"

No Such Person.

"The trouble with you," her husband said, "is that you make mountains out of molehills."

"I don't do anything of the kind," she replied. "I want you to understand that my mother brought me up to be a lady, and I know nothing at all about housework. I never made a mountain out of a mole hill in my life. I am perfectly helpless in a kitchen."

"Truth Dexter"

By

SIDNEY McCALL

CHAPTER XXIX—Continued

"I am entirely at your service," he said, when a considerable pause had elapsed.

"Oh, yes!" She recalled her thoughts with a little nervous catching of the breath. "It was good of you to come. I wanted to say first of all—to tell you—that I had no idea you were to be an executor. I was as much surprised as yourself. Pray do not consider it a service that binds you,—except so far as you would wish it to bind."

"You are most generous, I am sure. But Tom has always been my friend—" He broke off and colored faintly.

Orchid was staring into the fire. Her eyes were big and dark as those of a Southern quadroon.

"Tell me something of—the last—that is, if the subject is not too painful. Did you have no word from him?"

"No, not a word,—not a look. I did not even reach home to see him alive. I had to be sent for,—to a ladies' luncheon. I was dressed in red, laughing, vain, showy, and heartless,—as I always was."

"Now, Orchid," Van remonstrated, "that is pure morbidness! You have nothing whatever to reproach yourself with. Even had you been at home, it would have been useless. He never regained consciousness, after the first blow."

"That is what they say. But I can not help fancying that had I been at home—as I never am—my voice could have recalled him. You know, he—he—loved me!" She choked, and put her handkerchief to her eyes.

"Of course he loved you! And for that very reason you ought not to torture yourself with these useless thoughts."

"But you don't know how I miss him!" she said piteously. "I never dreamed it would be this way. It grows worse each hour!"

Craighead did not speak.

She moved restlessly, took her handkerchief from her eyes, and glanced at him for the first time since they had been seated.

"I suppose you are thinking that I deserve it all, that I never appreciated him while alive, and it is a just retribution to miss him now. All the old women will say that. But you know I never made him unhappy. He always believed in me and was proud of my success."

"I neither thought nor could think anything to the contrary," said Van, gravely. "Now, tell me what I can do for you, and—him."

Orchid's little outburst of petulence was already gone. "I don't know. I am sure," she said in a lifeless voice. "I hoped that you could suggest something. I must get somewhere! It doesn't matter where, only away from Boston—and this house! His footsteps are never out of the corridor. I dare not look in a mirror, for fear of seeing his face behind my own!" She glanced over her shoulder at the long pier-glass, and shuddered.

"Yes, you must go!" said Craighead, with decision. "You are utterly morbid."

"Everybody says the same thing," cried his companion, peevishly. "Can't you find anything more original?" Then all at once, to Craighead's dismay, she began to cry,—not violently or with passion, but like a tired child that longs to be comforted.

Craighead shut his teeth close. "Of course it had to come," he was saying to himself. "I was prepared for it. Maybe she does miss poor old Tom, as she says. But why need she try to harrow up my feelings?" He thought of her disloyalty to Truth and was hardened.

"Mrs. Wiley," he began lamely, "believe me, I sympathize with you most deeply in this affliction, and wish to do all that is in my power to help you. Shall I try to think of some quiet retreat where you may go until the first shock of your grief is over?"

Orchid, still sobbing, turned her face from him to lean against the back of her chair.

"Florida?" went on Van, more lamely still. "Southern Californir;—or even one of the more quiet retreats of Europe?" The bathos of his own tone nauseated him.

Orchid rose and walked to the far end of the room,—to the Budha's corner,—as if for self-control. When she returned, her cheeks and eyelids had that slight tinge of pink that we see in the petals of a cyclamen, but there were no other signs of weeping.

"I fear that I have already demanded too much of you," she said coldly. "You are doubtless engrossed in your own affairs, and I have no right to expect special interest in mine. Besides, I might have known you could not understand,—you, whose heart has never ached!"

Craighead looked at her sharply, as one parries a rapier-thrust. She returned the look in calm frankness, but with disapointment in him written plainly on her face.

He felt himself dismissed; and, as is the way with vain men, resented the release.

"I have no desire or intention of shirking my duties as executor," he said stiffly. "Will you not do me the honor of prolonging the interview until we shall have discussed more fully the trip you propose taking?"

Orchid seated herself in silence. Her head was erect now, and the exquisite color in her cheeks a little deeper.

"Had you thought of taking your parents?"

"No! It is a horrible thing to say, but I do not care for either of my parents,—and now, with their black garments and incessant allusions to 'poor, dear Tom,' they remind me of vulture. No, if I go, it must be alone!"

"But surely, a maid—" began Van.

"Oh, that!" she said carelessly. "I suppose so. That is one of the necessary evils."

"Even with a maid, it seems a little unusual, does it not?"

"The commonplace would be unusual for me," said Orchid, with a faint smile.

Another prolonged silence fell upon the room. Craighead had never felt more awkward and ill at ease.

Orchid's eyes were fixed upon the fire. Without removing them her tense figure began to relax, her breath came more softly; she leaned forward, and clasped her hands loosely upon her knees. How white they were against the crape! At last she began to speak, slowly, as if to herself.

"Europe will be the best. Yes, Europe! One can forget there, where the very streets are ashen with memory. I will pluck those transbuted films of blood, called poppies, from the mould of Caesar's Palace, and the small green iris that springs, like a laugh, from the living death of Pompeii. My friend, Vesuvius, will welcome me. I always smile to see those grim, determined slopes,—knowing the lake of raging fire within. What a death to die. One plunge into that sea of passion—"

"An old Roman philosopher once tried it, if I am not mistaken," interposed Van. "His toga caught on a rock, and he hung in mid-air until some passer-by plucked him off."

Orchid went on as though he had not spoken.

"And from Italy I would drift into the East; Egypt, with its yellow sands and hard, blue sky; India; Ceylon, which is the cradle of a mighty creed; then to that great sleepy prophecy China; and to Japan, the home of artists and flowers. Do you remember how we have talked of Japan and her future, Van? But it is no progressive land that I would seek,—not now at least. I want the real East, the mystic East, where crystals of thought are hid, and that great silence which underlies al harmony. It is to these places that I shall go, Van. And—I must go alone!" Her wonderful voice sank as a wind that dies above a harp.

It was Craighead's turn to move restlessly. Commonplaces would be blasphemous. She rose and stood beside him. "Yes, I shall go," she repeated, "and then you can say, 'She is gone out of my life at last. She will never disturb my peace again.' Shall you be glad?"

"I presume I shall," said Van, with a heavy sigh. Then, with a quick change of tone, "Why were you so cruel to my poor Truth,—and so treacheous to me?"

Orchid smiled into his eyes as she answered, "A woman who loves as I love will do anything!"

Craighead sprang to his feet in a revulsion of feeling, but with every vein in his body tingling. "Orchid, Orchid! Think what you have just been saying of Tom!"

"That was true,—yet this is truer. The love is a circle: the grief for Tom, a dot!" Suddenly she threw both hands to her head, in the vehement gesture he remembered,—"Oh, it is freedom to suffer!" she cried passionately. "It is rapture to be able to grieve openly! Tom has spent his life heaping me with kindnesses; he never did be a greater one than this. Yes, you look shocked—but my words convince and compel. You have heard of the newspaper funny-man who wrote jokes while his only child lay in the next room—dying. I have been living jokes in society in the same way ever since your marriage. What I have suffered might set a new scale for a Calvinistic hell! By the way," she added sharply, "I hear your wife is in the South again. Is it true?"

"Yes! she is in the South, tortured and heart-broken by the cruel things you said to her."

"She is not the only one who has known torture."

"My wife may never come back," said Craighead, slowly. He had not intended to speak the words; they came of themselves.

To be Continued.

By to-night some of the aldermen will have learned that they forgot to wipe off their slates properly.

GinPills FOR THE KIDNEYS

Taken in Time Save a Lot of Suffering

There are a lot of people who go on suffering needlessly until the pain gets so bad that they have to see a doctor.

Don't worry along with pains in the back; suppression or incontinence of the urine; swelling of the ankles, feet and hands, puffiness under the eyes; discoloured urine, or deposits therein; rheumatism or sciatica, when you can get speedy relief by regulating your Kidneys, where the trouble begins.

Gin Pills taken as directed just as soon as you begin to feel the symptoms of Kidney or Bladder trouble, will effect a quicker cure and save you a lot of pain.

To delay taking them is to invite Bright's Disease, Stone in the Bladder, Chronic Rheumatism, or other advanced stages of Kidney and Bladder trouble.

Look for the Drug Store in your City or Town with GIN PILLS in the window.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL THEM.

50c. a box or six boxes for $2.50.

NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED.
TORONTO, ONT. 12

TORONTO TO VANCOUVER
CANADIAN NORTHERN

"HERE'S YOUR TICKET" To WINNIPEG and the Coast

Your train leaves Belleville 5.10 p.m.
Mon., Wed., Fri.

With Connections to and from all Western Points. Electric lighted sleepers, dining cars and first-class coaches
J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent.
L. W. Buller, Station Agent.
R. L. FAIRBAIRN, Gen. Pass. Agent, Toronto, Ont.

CANADIAN NORTHERN ALL THE WAY

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Ottawa Winter Fair

Single Fare $4.10

Going January 17th to 20th

Trains Leave Belleville
2.58 A.M.
12.50 P.M.
5.32 P.M.

Returning not later than January 22nd, 1916.

Trains Leave Ottawa
9.35 A.M.
1.15 P.M.
11.10 P.M.

For further particulars and tickets, apply to S. BURROWS, AGENT.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—33690

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388

Exeter's Peace Bell.

Exeter Cathedral will soon possess a unique memorial of the great war in the tenor bell of the cathedral chimes. Its predecessor was found to be cracked last year, but has been recast, and the new bell will shortly be rehung in the tower. The Bishop of Marlborough, who made himself responsible for the expense of recasting, has written the following couplet, which has been inscribed round the rim of the bell:

Recast in war, I hope to herald peace,
When all shall love, and "Hymns of
Hatred" cease.

In writing these lines, says The Westminster Gazette, the Bishop, perhaps, had in mind the poetic inscription which the vicar of Wooburn wrote for one of the bells of Wooburn Church, which, being cracked, was recast and rehung at the time of King Edward's illness, which necessitated a postpone of his Coronation ceremony. The inscription on the Wooburn bell runs:

The King was ill,
And I was still,
The day his crowning fell.
My wound was healed,
And I was pealed
To tell the King was well.

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

Bonaventure Union Depot

OCEAN LIMITED — Leaves 7.25 p.m. — Daily Except Sat.

Montreal, Quebec, St. John, Halifax.

Maritime Express — 8.15 a.m. — DAILY

Through Sleepers, Montreal to Halifax.

Connection for The Sydneys, Prince Edward Island, Newfoundland.

The NATIONAL

TORONTO TO WINNIPEG
Leaves 10.45 p.m., Tues., Thurs., Sat.
Arr. 3.50 p.m., Thurs., Sat., Mon.

Tickets and sleeping car reservations. Apply E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto. Ont.

GET THE
F.S.ANDERSON CO'S
GENUINE
SCRANTON
COAL
BELLEVILLE

The Best we Can Buy Carefully Prepared and Delivered

The F. S. ANDERSON CO.,
42 Bridge St.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Winter Resorts

SPECIAL ROUND TRIP FARES.

LONG LIMIT STOPOVERS.

Asheville and Hot Springs, N.C.; Charleston, S.C.; Nassau, N.P.; Hot Springs, Ark.; French Lick Springs, Ind.; Jacksonville and all Florida Points; Havana, Cuba and New Orleans, La., via New York and Rail (or steamer according to destination,) or via Buffalo, Detroit or Chicago.

BERMUDA AND WEST INDIES

OTHER HEALTH RESORTS.

Mount Clemens, Mich.; Battle Creek, Mich.; St. Catharines, Well., Ont.; Preston Springs, Ont.

Further particulars on application to Grand Trunk Agents.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

For Toronto, and intermediate points—5.25 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 1.30 p.m., 7.30 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate points—6.25 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—16.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 5.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *3.40 a.m.

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

†Deseronto only

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front Street, Belleville, Ont.
L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville Ont.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily.
No. 16—2.00 a.m.—Fast train, dyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7.00 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m.—Express, daily.
No. 28—5.45 p.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19—2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13—4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.
No. 29—7.50 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.29 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1—3.05 p.m.—International Limited, daily.
No. 7—4.55 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO.

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro
Mail	6.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North

	Leave.	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.56 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1915.

GOING EAST.

CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.50 p.m.	2.58 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

GOING WEST.

MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.18 p.m.	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

Going East	Daily except Sunday
Leave Toronto	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	4.32 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leave Belleville	6.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.30 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent.

Belleville Business Directory

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column or calling at The Intelligencer Business Office, full information may be obtained.

MINING.

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE

Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

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All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.

Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts.

OUR LINES

Automobile Storage and Car Repairing
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The Garage

GREENLEAF & SON

Phone 83. 288 Pinnacle St.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3.. Saturday 10 to 3.

R TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

The Express says that two members of the Ford peace party, whose names are withheld, have arrived unexpectedly at Tilbury, opposite Gravesend, where they have been detained by the port authorities pending instructions from London regarding their disposal.

The Pembroke syndicate has received an order for 35,000 shells, and will install a plant. The contract price amounts to over $200,000.

INSURANCE.

W. H. HUDSON

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.; North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies. Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.

Office: 17 Campbell St., Belleville. Phone 161.

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Insurance Agent

Has Removed to 229 Front Street

Next to Riggs' Music Store

THOS. STEWART

Bridge Street, Belleville.

Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.

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Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

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Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance. Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.

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MERCANTILE AGENCY.

Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed. Office, 28 Bridge Street.

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Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way. Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.

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SAVE YOUR MONEY

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EVANS & EVANS

Civil and Mining Engineers and Ontario Land Surveyors.

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Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker & Victoria Avenues. Telephone 393.

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MOTOR BUS, CAB & AUTO LIVERY

Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tired, for weddings, private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town. Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection. Phone 229.

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Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers. Apply to

S. MASSON
Barrister, etc.
Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St., Belleville.

LEGAL.

WILLS & WRIGHT

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell St. Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates.

J. FRANKLIN WILLS, K.C.
MALCOLM WRIGHT.

NORTHRUP & PONTON

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge St. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.

W. B. NORTHRUP, K.C., M.P.
W. N. PONTON, K.C.
R. D. PONTON.

PORTER & CARNEW

Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.

E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P.
WM. CARNEW.
Solicitors for Union Bank.

MIKEL, STEWART & BAALIM
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

Belleville, Madoc and Tweed.
Solicitors for Molsons Bank.

W. C. MIKEL, K.C.
FRANK BAALIM.
D. E. K. STEWART.

W. D. M. SHOREY

Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg.

Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms.

Office: 8 Campbell St., Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M.,
M.R.C.S., England

Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

Those who forget today seldom remember tomorrow.

Petulance is a shadow that clouds

NEUTRALITY OF THE UNITED STATES

By Henry B. Joy.
A Leading Manufacturer of Detroit Mich.

Our President has from the first urged upon us to be neutral; to keep our feet on the soft pedal; to say or do nothing which could disturb our relations with other nations with which we were at peace.

At the time, wise and sane counsel no doubt. And our people have lived up to it in full measure. I say our people advisedly, meaning to exclude those whose "hyphens" still attach them to their native or ancestral land.

Had we not, however, a right to feel that back of such sane counsel was a strong, brave Government which would always maintain American honor even to action if necessary for American rights and righteousness between man and man and nation and nation?

We have remained as a people supinely quiescent under such a series of incidents as have never before irritated the patriotic spirit of any people without being soundly and thoroughly resented and redressed.

American self-respect is being bartered through the means of high-sounding words for the flesh pots of a temporary soft and delightful peace and prosperity, which we all so much love when it can be ours righteously.

The pen is indeed mightier than the sword, except only when we use our pen and the other fellow uses his sword.

I have always, until the historical record of the past few years, especially the last eighteen months, been proud of being an American. I had felt that there was no serious blot upon our record as a nation. I had felt that I could travel the world around and be respected as an American by reason of what our generation and those who had gone before had written into the records of the United States of America, sometimes even with the good red blood of real men.

No Pride in Being an "American" Now

To-day, however, on what can be based a feeling of pride in being an American, in view of recent history?

The tragedy of Mexico, incontrovertibly illuminated from the records of George Harvey in the North American Review, is a pitiful picture of American dishonor.

Yet it is a mere side-show to the greater dishonor heaped upon us by the records of the European war.

Do we really want to be a discredited and dishonored nation? Do our people really understand what is being done to them as a whole? Do they know, I ask, that the honor of Americans is being sold for dishonorable quietude?

Times Have Changed

Do they know that all this American people has striven for from the days of Washington through the times of Lincoln and McKinley is slipping through our fingers?

We are not a warlike people. Yet we have never before in history lived under a regime of "watchful waiting" or been counselled by our leaders to be "too proud to fight," no matter what the dishonor.

If ever on earth was a man of peace, it was Lincoln. Yet not for a moment did he hesitate to meet a policy of "blood and iron" like for like. We revere his sainted memory and we also revere the memory of the men who fought against him. We hold in dishonor and disrespect the pacifists of that day, as we do and will those of today.

And now comes the sinking of the Persia. This incident is, however, of no moment. Our disgrace came with the murder of Belgium. We also had signed the Hague Conventions. Our disgrace attaches to the Lusitania, and our methods of asserting Americanism. Our disgrace thereafter comes from Washington, D.C.

Our Government has now reached the point of "indemnity." What is to be the price of dead Americans and of the honor of our country?

Am I oversensitive in feeling that my self-respect as an American is weakened, has shrunken, is declining, is even a thing of the past? Sometimes I wonder at our passiveness under insult. Why is it?

I was brought up and trained in the idea that it was the duty of the Government to protect the rights of even the most unimportant American wherever over the broad world he might roam on business or pleasure.

Peace at Any Price

I was taught to believe it a duty to serve in the militia, to do my share in serving the State and the Nation, to stand for national self-respect and domestic unity and law and order.

Today we cannot fill the ranks of the State troops. We have advocates of peace—peace at any price—when there is no peace with honor to be had.

Let us forget Belgium and the solemn Imperial Treaty—if we can as good Americans. We can still send the survivors food and clothing with the consent of the conqueror (at which he doubtless laughs amusedly, as all being within the food calculations of the General Staff) for permission to do which we apply to His Excellency the German Ambassador who is still representing His Imperial Majesty, the Invader, in Washington.

Let us forget the rape of Belgium, I say, and read the following instructions to free Americans to be noted and acted upon or suffer the penalty of death.

Lusitania Advertisement
NOTICE

Travellers intending to embark on the Atlantic voyage are reminded that a state of war exists between Germany and her allies and Great Britain and her allies; that the zone of war includes the waters adjacent to the British Isles; that in accordance with formal notice given by the Imperial German Government, vessels flying the flag of Great Britain, or of any of her allies, are liable to destruction in those waters and that travellers sailing in the war zone on ships of Great Britain or her allies do so at their own risk.

IMPERIAL GERMAN EMBASSY.
Washington, D.C., April 22, 1915.

These instructions to Americans (I said free Americans above; I omit it hereafter) by direction of his Imperial Majesty the German Emperor, through his representative to us (we Americans) His Excellency, Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, stunned us. We have never received any such instructions before, and oh, the positive rudeness of it! The imperial and imperative manner of the instructions to Americans we, of course, did not take seriously.

Not a Finger Lifted in Defense

Was the insult of this published notice immediately called to the attention of the German Ambassador? Was he told that he must instantly see that no harm should come? Was he told he must avert it. Does anyone doubt that in the intervening five days a real American Government might have persuaded the Germans not to murder us? Think it over. You would never have known it, and the real American who might have saved those American lives and all others since would have been criticized for his rudeness to an Emperor!

Alas, our travellers, like the free Americans they thought they were, set sail on their lawful occasions, with, as they thought, the great American people backing them up in their lawful rights and guaranteeing their safety. Five days later they were murdered, and not a finger have we lifted in defense of our Americanism. We talk indemnity!

Twelve hundred innocents, including women and children and babies, were drowned by Imperial order, 187 being Americans. Our President is negotiating to send milk to babies in Germany.

The German Ambassador, however, is still in Washington, though the fashionable hotel in New York which harbors him when in that city has lost the patronage of red blooded people. There are some who understand and resent helplessly.

If it Happened in Germany

Does anyone think for a moment that if our American Ambassador in Berlin were to publish a similar notice to the German people he would be permitted to remain in Germany except as a hostage?

But why go on with further murderous incidents and details of the "firm attitude" and "strict accountability" of our international correspondence? The murders of Americans continue. The correspondence continues and everybody seems to love the flesh pots of peaceful prosperity, disgraceful peace and disgraceful happiness.

We demand that the captain of the submarine who murdered the passengers on the Ancona shall be "slapped on the wrist." We acquiesce in the so-called execution of Miss Cavell. We are a great people.

More Dynamite; More Murders

With what submissiveness shall we take the next instructions to Americans when published by His Excellency?

We have had our lesson—we better bow down low and obey. We are doing so. Everything is perfectly satisfactory.

"Babbling boobs" continue to babble of peace and neutrality when there is neither. The enemy carries on war in our country and we think it is peace. Our Washington officials call it infractions of our neutrality. Then more dynamite, more murders, and more diplomatic correspondence.

The German general in America is indeed a real general.

If approval of our course is modern Americanism, then indeed I am not an American.

Shall we not redesign our beloved Uncle Sam? Ought we not to depict him as a blind, bloodless cigar-store Indian, with a wooden head and a wooden heart and wooden insides?

THE MARKETS

CHICAGO, Jan. 10.—Notwithstanding that wheat today at first showed strength, the market later became heavy on account of a liberal enlargement of the U. S. visible supply total. Prices closed weak, ⅝c to 1⅛c net lower with May at $1.24⅝ and July at $1.17⅞. Corn scored a gain of ⅛c to ⅜c, and oats of ⅛c to ⅜c. Provisions finished at a range varying from 2½c off to 17½c advance.

TORONTO GRAIN MARKET.

Fall wheat, bushel	$1 00 to	$1 10
Goose wheat, bushel	0 95	....
Barley, bush.	0 60	0 65
Oats, new, bush.	0 43	0 44
Buckwheat, bush.	0 80	....
Rye, bush.	0 90	....
Peas, bush.	1 50	1 75

TORONTO DAIRY MARKET.

Butter, creamery, fresh-made, lb. squares	0 35	0 36
Butter, creamery, cut sq.	0 34	0 35
Butter, creamery, solids	0 34	....
Butter, separator, dairy	0 33	0 34
Eggs, new-laid, per doz.	0 45	0 50
Eggs, cold-storage, doz.	0 30	0 33
Eggs, cold storage, 2nds	0 24	0 25
Cheese, per lb.	0 18½	0 19½
Honey, extracted, lb.	0 11½	0 12½

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

TORONTO, Jan. 10.—The Board of Trade official market quotations:

Manitoba Wheat (New Crop.)

No. 1 northern, $1.15½, in store, Fort William.

No. 2 northern, $1.13, in store, Fort William.

No. 3 northern, $1.09¾, in store, Fort William.

Manitoba Oats.

No. 2 C.W., 48½c, in store, Fort William.

No. 3 C.W., 42½c, in store, Fort William.

Extra No. 1 feed, 42½c, in store, Fort William.

No. 1 feed, 41½c, in store, Fort William.

American Corn.

Yellow, No. 2, new, 80½c, track, Toronto.

Canadian Corn.

No. 2 yellow, old, nominal, track, Toronto.

Ontario Oats.

No. 3 white, 39c to 40c, according to freights, outside.

Commercial oats, 38c to 39c.

Ontario Wheat.

No. 2 winter, per car lot, $1.04 to $1.06, according to freights, outside.

Slightly sprouted and tough, $1.01 to $1.04, according to sample.

Sprouted, smutty and tough, 92c to 98c, according to sample.

Feed wheat, 80c to 85c.

Peas.

No. 2, nominal, per car lot, $1.80, according to freights, outside.

According to sample, $1.25 to $1.75.

Barley.

Malting barley, 58c to 62c, according to freights, outside.

Feed barley, 50c to 53c, according to freights, outside.

Buckwheat.

Nominal, car lots, 76c to 78c, according to freights, outside.

Rye.

No. 1 commercial, 88c to 90c, according to freights, outside.

Rejected, 70c to 80c, according to sample.

Manitoba Flour.

First patents, in jute bags, $6.80, Toronto.

Second patents, in jute bags, $6.30, Toronto.

Strong bakers', in jute bags, $6.10, Toronto.

Ontario Flour.

Winter, $4.60 to $4.80, according to sample, prompt shipment.

Millfeed (Car Lots, Delivered).

Bran, per ton, $24, Montreal freights.

Shorts, per ton, $25, Montreal freights.

Middlings, per ton, $26, Montreal fr'ts.

Good feed flour, per bag, $1.60, Montreal freights.

Hay.

No. 1, per ton, $17.50 to $18, track, Toronto.

No. 2, per ton, $12.50 to $15, track, Toronto.

MONTREAL GRAIN MARKET.

MONTREAL, Jan. 10.—There was a good enquiry from foreign buyers for Manitoba spring wheat today, and as high as 63s 3d was paid for No. 1 northern for shipment to London, but the volume of business done was small owing to the increasing scarcity of ocean freight room and the fact that rates for tramp vessels from Portland to United Kingdom ports have advanced 1s 3d per quarter.

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, Jan. 10.—Receipts of live stock at the Union Yards were 1,518 cattle, 1,508 hogs, 498 sheep and lambs, and 66 calves.

Butchers' Cattle.

Choice heavy steers at $7.75 to $8; choice butchers' cattle at $7.40 to $7.70; good at $6.90 to $7.25; medium at $6.50 to $6.85; common at $5.50 to $6; choice cows at $6.25 to $6.50; good cows at $5.75 to $6.15; medium cows at $5 to $5.50; common cows at $4.25 to $4.75; canners and cutters at $3.25 to $4.50; light bulls at $4.25 to $5; heavy bulls at $5.75 to $7.

Stockers and Feeders.

Choice feeders, 900 to 950 lbs., at $6 to $6.50; good feeders, 800 to 900 lbs., at $5.50 to $6; stockers, 700 to 800 lbs., at $5 to $5.50; common stocker steers and heifers at $4 to $4.75; yearlings, 500 to 650 lbs., at $5.75 to $6.25.

Milkers and Springers.

Choice milkers and springers at $90 to $100; good cows at $70 to $85; common cows at $45 to $60.

Veal Calves.

Extra choice veal at $10 to $10.50; best veal calves at $9 to $9.60; good at $7.25 to $8.50; medium at $5.75 to $6.75; heavy fat calves at $5.75 to $7; common calves at $4.75 to $5.25; grassers at $4 to $4.75.

Sheep and Lambs.

Light sheep, $7 to $8.50; heavy sheep at $5 to $6.50; lambs at $10 to $11.75; cull lambs at $6.75 to $8.

Hogs.

Selects, fed and watered, at $9.50; 50c is being deducted for heavy, fat hogs and thin, light hogs; $2 off for hogs and $4 off for stags from prices paid for selects.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

MONTREAL, Jan. 10.—At the Montreal Stock Yards, west end market, a feature of the trade today was the stronger feeling in the market for canning stock and prices scored an advance of 25c to 50c per hundred pounds, which was attributed to the somewhat limited supply coming forward, coupled with a good demand. Cows sold at $3.50 to $4.50 per hundred. Butchers' cattle unchanged. A fairly active trade was done with sales of full loads of choice steers at $7.75 to $8 per hundred pounds. The market for bulls was stronger, with prices ranging up to $6.75 for choice stock.

The tone of the market for lambs was steady and prices show no change, as compared with a week ago. Sheep stronger, 25c higher. Ewes sold at $6.75 per hundred pounds. Calves strong, ½c to 1c per pound higher. Milk-fed calves sold at 9½c to 10c and grass-fed at 5c to 6½c per pound. Hogs were firm.

EAST BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

EAST BUFFALO, N.Y., Jan. 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 300 head; active; prime steers, $8.85 to $9; shipping, $8.25 to $8.75; butchers, $6.75 to $8.50; heifers, $5.75 to $7.85; cows, $3.40 to $7; bulls, $4.50 to $7; stockers and feeders, $5.75 to $7; stock heifers, $4.50 to $5.50; fresh cows and springers, steady, $50 to $95.

Hogs—Receipts, 24,000 head; active; heavy and mixed, $7.25; yorkers, $7 to $7.25; pigs, $7; roughs, $6.25 to $6.40; stags, $4.50 to $5.50.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 8000 head; active; lambs, $7 to $11.15; yearlings, $8 to $9.75; wethers, $8.25 to $8.50; ewes, $4 to $7.75; sheep, mixed, $7.75 to $8.

Peter and Marya

A Story of a Russian Inventor.

By MARTHA V. MONROE

The harvest was ended, and the peasantry in a farming region in the province of Tula, Russia, were gathered in a barn to celebrate the event with a dance. A young man entered, his serious face contrasting with the joyousness on that of the others, and stood looking at the dancers, his eyes evidently searching for some one among them. Presently a young girl with the fair hair and soft complexion of the north sailed by laughing at something her partner was saying to her.

As she passed the place where the young man was standing she caught sight of him. Her laughter ceased, and the merry look on her face vanished, giving place to one equally troubled. She made the circle with the dancers, then, coming again opposite the young man mentioned, stopped, excused herself to her partner and hastened toward the former.

"Oh, Peter," she said, "what is the matter?"

"I have seen your father. He says it cannot be; he has no dowry for you. I can earn on the farm barely enough to keep myself alive. It would be a sin for two persons as poor as we to marry and bring forth children to suffer. He is right. We must withdraw from each other, Marya. There is no help for it."

The girl put her arm through his, and together they went outside. A full moon was looking down on them with its peaceful but cold light. Within were the sounds of mirth and music. For these young lovers their surroundings were in bitter contrast with the agony both felt.

"What are you going to do, Peter?" asked Marya.

There was a brief silence, at the end of which he said with almost a wail, "I am going into the factory."

The girl, who still held his arm, shuddered as if stricken by a deadly bolt.

The factory was a government institution where something was being made the nature of which no one knew. When a workman entered its portals he did so with the understanding that he would never come out. Once in possession of the secret contained within those gloomy walls, the government took care that he should not have an opportunity to reveal it.

Peter Marinoff, born and brought up among the farm class in Russia, was much out of place. His ancestors had been nobles who in one of the upheavals that country has suffered were impoverished. But in him was an inheritance of genius that had lain dormant through several generations. It had not yet been suspected either by him or any one else.

Under the cold moonlight Peter and Marya parted. No ray of hope found its way into the breast of either. "I cannot be yours in the flesh, Peter," she wailed, "but I will be yours in heaven. No one shall ever come between us." "In the factory there is no marriage, Marya. I shall join you in the hereafter." Then Peter pulled himself away from the girl, who clung to him pitifully.

The next morning he walked several leagues to the factory and presented himself for admission. There was always room for workmen there, for few cared to enter a service from which there was no retreat. Nor was it necessary that he should have any preparation for the work done there. When a man is to spend his whole life in a certain employment his employer can afford to educate him for his duties.

Peter's only pleasure in life was when the moon was at the full on a clear night—to stand in the factory yard, look at the orb moving like the hand of a great clock in a circle of the heavens and think of Marya. He was reminded of their parting, and as one's remembrance of a face is that of the last time it has been seen so he always saw Marya's with the moonlight streaming down upon it and wearing a look of despair.

The factory was a place where explosives were manufactured. The only protection for the secret processes in use there was to make life prisoners of those engaged in compounding the chemicals which constituted the explosive substance. Most of the men employed were kept from knowing these secrets by being confined to only a portion of the work. Many were not sufficiently intelligent. But there were persons who understood the whole of one or more processes.

Peter was a born scientist. He soon showed that he was capable of being made one of the principal compounders, and, since there were books in the factory suited to the work being done, he studied, though rather from a desire to escape his memories of the outside world than any desire to benefit himself. When absorbed in the fairy tale of chemical science, for the time being he forgot all else.

Peter was so serviceable that after awhile he was put in charge of the manufacture of a certain explosive. It was not only expensive, but unreliable. Peter, being a natural investigator, set himself to work to find some other combination that would not cost so much to manufacture, but would give better satisfaction.

One day an order came to the factory to turn out as much work as possible. New hands were introduced, and large quantities of stock from which the product was evolved were brought in. With the order came the news that Germany had declared war against Russia.

Peter, who by this time was in exclusive charge of the explosive substance for shells and could use any process he chose, manufactured a lot of shell explosive by his newly discovered process. This went into shells which were sent to the front. Peter, who could not make any tests without giving away his secret, waited for a report of how his explosive worked, or, rather, to hear if there was any complaint. None came. Then he sent out some powder manufactured by the old process. Very soon a report came that a proportion of these shells would not explode.

Then Peter went to the governor of the works and told him that he had invented a powder for shells that had worked perfectly. The governor attempted to get the secret, but Peter kept it. This he could easily do since there was one ingredient the nature of which no one knew but himself. He offered to sell the formula to the government provided that in addition to the price paid he should be free to leave the factory.

Graft predominates in Russia, and the governor determined to force Peter's secret from him to use it for his own benefit. He put Peter in irons in a dungeon and on bread and water. It is quite likely that Peter would have given way under this treatment had it not been that by holding out he might secure his terms. If he did he could marry Marya, who had assured him that she would never be the wife of any one else. If he did not succeed death might relieve him of his imprisonment.

Complaints came so thick and fast of the shells sent out from the factory that one day the governor ordered Peter to be brought to his office. When he arrived all others were ordered out, and when the two were alone together the governor said:

"I have concluded to recommend to the government to buy your formula. How much do you ask for it?"

"Ten thousand rubles."

"Very well; it will be paid. My commission will be one-half."

"I will pay no commission. A man who bribes a government official is as culpable as that official."

"You will think better of this," said the governor. "Go back to your dungeon."

Peter returned to his dungeon. He was full of expedients and endeavored to find one by which he could communicate with Marya. He could write to her, but all letters from those inside the factory were examined by a censor. Peter induced the man who brought him his food to bring also writing material and a bottle on the shelves in the laboratory, giving him the name on the label. Upon receiving them Peter wrote a letter to Marya in ordinary ink and across its face with the chemical a message stating that he had invented a new explosive, but was prevented from using it. What was written in plain ink contained this sentence. "We are suffering with the heat." This was to convey an instruction to Marya to heat his letter.

Now, the message that Peter had written across the face of his letter in the chemical that had been brought him was invisible, but by being heated it came out plainly in visible letters. The censor who read the letters that went out, reading Peter's letter, noticed the words "We are suffering with the heat," but could not understand them because it is seldom warm in Russia. He sent for Peter and asked him what he meant by writing that it was warm. Peter said he had made a mistake, and, drawing a pen over the word heat, he wrote "cold," but the word heat was not erased.

Marya did not need the hint, for she read the letter by the light of blazing logs, and under the warmth the message came out in dark brown letters. She thought a long while about this communication, but, not realizing its full import, took it to her father. He saw in it more than she did, but could suggest nothing.

One morning Marya was missing. She had saved a little money, which was missing also. She had started to Petrograd, using the money to pay her way so far as it would go. When she reached the capital she saw no way to give Peter's letter to the czar. Learning the hour that he reached the palace, she tied the letter to a stone and standing on the sidewalk behind the line of soldiers, tossed it into his carriage. The czar, thinking it was a petition, handed it to an attendant to examine.

One day Peter was taken from his dungeon and led up to the governor's office. An aid-de-camp to the czar and the governor were the only persons present. The aid held Peter's letter in his hand and asked him if he wrote it. When Peter admitted that he did he was taken into a conveyance with the aid and carried to Petrograd. There he communicated his secret to one appointed to receive it.

Peter was paid a liberal sum for his formula and sent back to the factory in place of the governor, who disappeared. Some said that he was imprisoned by order of the czar, others that he was sent to Siberia. At any rate, he never appeared at the works again.

Peter as governor of the factory could go and come as he pleased. He married Marya, but had no time for a honeymoon. Marya lived with him in the dwelling used by the governor until the works were destroyed by German emissaries. Then Peter was sent to another point, where he was expected to spend his time investigating and inventing munitions of war.

U. S. Naval Secretary Daniels has told his naval officers to be silent. Should he glance at the Kiel Canal he will find a whole navy silent.

The secret of longevity is a difficult one to get at. Here's Hon. Joseph H. Choate eating hot mince pie at 84 years of age. Can you beat it?

"Satisfying and sustaining" is the verdict of the Canadian people with respect to

Kellogg's
TOASTED
CORN FLAKES

made from Southern corn by our secret process which retains all the nutritive elements of the corn which are delightful to the taste.

NO OTHER FOOD known as "Kellogg's" is made by us. Be sure and get the genuine-original.

10c. a package. At all good Grocers.

"MADE IN CANADA" only by

THE BATTLE CREEK TOASTED CORN FLAKE COMPANY, LIMITED
LONDON, ONTARIO, CANADA

128

Little Things Count

Even in Matches you should consider the "Little Things"—the wood, the compostion, the strike-ability, the flame.

EDDY'S MATCHES

are made of strong dry pine stems, with a secret perfected composition that guarantees "every match a lighter." Sixty-five years of knowing how—that's the reason.

All EDDY'S products are dependable—always.

Parisian Sage the World's Greatest Hair Grower and Beautifier

Men, women and children are delighted with Parisian Sage, this wonderful hair tonic and dressing.

The Manufacturers of Parisian Sage are making a very liberal proposition to the readers of this paper.

They know, they are absolutely certain, that they have the only real hair grower, beautifier and dandruff germ destroyer on the market to-day, and knowing this they have requested this paper to state to its readers that they guarantee Parisian Sage to remove every trace of dandruff, to stop falling hair and itching scalp, or money back.

Every one who reads this important announcement should know that Parisian Sage makes hair grow, not only abundantly, but gives it that lustrous appearance that all desire.

Women will find Parisian Sage a most refreshing and ideal hair dressing, free from stickiness or grease. Large bottle 50 cents at druggists. The girl with the Auburn hair is on every package of Parisian Sage and this trade mark safeguards you against substitutes. Remember there is no other Hair Tonic nearly as good.

For aches, pains, rheumatism, etc., try Parisian Mustard Cerate. Its effect is wonderful. Use in place of mustard plasters, poultices, or hot applications. Will not blister. 25c. a tube.

UNION BANK
OF CANADA

When will You Save if you don't Save NOW?

Though your salary or income will no doubt increase, so will your expenses—and many find that the latter more than keep pace with the former. Now is the time to start a Reserve Fund—and the Savings Department of the Union Bank of Canada is the place to keep it.

Deposit the extra you have on hand now—you can open an account with any sum, down to one dollar—and draw interest on it.

Belleville Branch — J. G. MOFFAT, Manager

LONDON, ENG., BRANCHES
6 Princes Street, E. C. West End Branch, Haymarket, S. W.

IT WAS VERY CURIOUS.

When the Whistle Test Failed All the Surgeons Were Puzzled.

A Parisian journal tells a little story of a young Parisian who in civil life had long worn a monocle in his left eye and had continued the habit as an officer. He had been wounded, was cured and asked to be returned to the front. He was to be examined and concealed the monocle, thinking he might be charged with myopia in one eye. When the chief surgeon examined him, after looking well over his face, he said sharply, "Whistle!"

The soldier whistled like a blackbird.

"This is curious," said the surgeon, and, calling a young assistant, he said again to the soldier, "Whistle!" He whistled again. "That is curious," said the young assistant.

Another surgeon entered, and the patient was called upon for the third time to whistle.

"Ah," said the surgeon, "this is curious!"

"But," expostulated the soldier, "I don't see why there is so much of this. I'm not to serve as a locomotive."

"It is all right," said the chief surgeon. "You may return to the front."

When the soldier arrived at his regiment he gave to the regimental surgeon the note that had been given him by the examiner. This surgeon said in his turn, "Will you please whistle?" He whistled. "This is curious," said the surgeon.

It seems that when a man wears a monocle it gives to the face the appearance of facial paralysis. The operation of whistling is a test. The facial paralytic cannot whistle.

After taking 1000 ZUTOO TABLETS Says they are Harmless

Mrs. (Dr.) Shurtleff, of Coaticook, says "Zutoo Tablets must have cured 500 of my headaches, for I have taken 1000 tablets. After trying every remedy within reach, I discarded them all four years ago for ZUTOO, which I have taken ever since.
I find the tablets a harmless and efficient cure for all kinds of headache."
25 cents per box—at all dealers.

BRIGHTER CHILDREN

Children are probably brighter to-day than a generation ago—but are they stronger? That's a grave question. So many pinched faces, dulled eyes and languid feeling make us wonder if they will ever grow into robust, healthy men and women.

If your children catch colds easily, are tired when rising, lack healthy color, or find studies difficult, give them Scott's Emulsion for one month to enrich their blood and restore the body-forces to healthy action.

Scott's Emulsion is used in private schools. It is not a "patent medicine", simply a highly concentrated oil-food, free from harmful drugs. It cannot harm; it improves blood; it benefits lungs and strengthens the system. Your druggist has it—refuse substitutes.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 15-21

Prize Beef for Toronto Troops.

John D. McGregor's famous Brandon prize heifer "Wee McGregor," which has won red ribbons at many stock shows, both in Canada and the United States, came to a fitting end by providing Christmas dinners for some of the Toronto troops. The heifer was purchased by H. P. Kennedy of Toronto as a Christmas ration for the soldiers.

Small Conscience Money.

"Conscience money" to the amount of 38 cents was received by the Minister of Finance at Ottawa recently from someone in Montreal.

The Long And Short Of It!

TALL Men, Short Men and Stout Men frequently find the Clothes question quite baffling!

Those who have worn our Special Sizes for such proportions know that the solution here is easy.

The worried ones are invited to try on our Suits and Overcoats, in Slim, Stout and Extra Sizes, just to see how easy it is to find a fit.

If you think it necessary to have your Clothes made to order, then you have not given this Store a trial.

We have all our sizes cut in several shapes to accommodate just such cases as yours. We are positive that we can

Fit You To A "T"

The fact is that we guarantee you a fit—just as much as we guarantee a fit—in any of our regular sizes.

Suits, $12, $15, $20 to $25
Overcoats, $10, $12 to $20
Trousers, $2, $3, $4 to $6

Quick & Robertson
THE OUTFITTERS

BOOT BARGAINS

GORMAN'S BOOT SHOP

Men's Hockey Boots
Regular Price $3.00
Clearing at $1.75

Boys' Hockey Boots
Regular Price $2.50
Clearing at $1.50

Women's Gun Metal Blucher Cut Boots
Goodyear Welt Soles, Sizes 2½ to 5, Reg. Price $4.00
Clearing at $1.89

Women's Patent Blucher Cut Boots
Sizes 2½ to 5, Regular Price $3.50
Clearing at $1.68

HOCKEY STICKS
NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.

AUTOMOBILE SKATES
Made in Canada
Have you seen the New Ones?
Stronger and Lighter than ever

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO.
LET US DO YOUR PLUMBING

IN and ABOUT THE CITY

WON PRIZES

At the poultry show held at Peterboro', last week, Messrs. T. Moore and P. G. Denike of Belleville, won prizes on fowls which they exhibited.

AGED MAN DEAD

Mr. Robert Copeland, an aged man who resided in the Township of Tyendinaga, died this morning. An obituary notice will appear in to-morrow's issue.

INQUEST RESUMED

At the police court room this evening before coroner Dr. Boyce the inquest to inquire into the circumstances of the Canifton railway crossing fatality on Saturday last, will be resumed.

BURIAL OF VICTIM

Many were yesterday afternoon in attendance at the obsequies of the late Mr. Charles Wellman, of Thurlow, who on Saturday last met his death by being struck by a G.T.R. train at the Canifton Road crossing. The remains were conveyed from his late home to the Canifton Methodist church, where an impressive service was held, conducted by Rev. Mr. Wilson. The church was filled with relatives and friends. Interment took place at Elmwood Cemetery. The bearers were Messrs. W. C Farley, C. W. Badgley, G. W. Palmer, J. Fraser, T. Farnham and A. Black.

THESE SHOES WILL PLEASE THE BARGAIN HUNTERS. $5.00 DOROTHY DODD, LADIES' TAN CALF BOOTS FOR $2.50. THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSE.
J12-2td.

* * *

We expected before this to have the Toronto Star trying to show whether the Toronto Board of Trade was out of the Woods yet.

Immortality

(By J. J. B. Flint)

Sir Forbes Johnston's Hamlet is the best portrayal of that wonderful character, since the days of Macready, according to John Winter, the celebrated critic. What struck me was the speech to Horatio when Hamlet picks up the skull of Yorrick, the King's jester: "Alas! poor Yorrick; I knew him well." Shakespeare tells us of Caesar's clay, used to stop a bung-hole in a cask.

Fame—what is it? Take a biographical dictionary, turn over its pages containing countless thousands of names of men who have played their parts in various characters—kings, emperors, statesmen, warriors. In how short a time the mantle of forgetfulness has shrouded their names and acts, and oblivion reigns! Generations come and go, and one generation succeeding another blots out the preceding one.

I walk around our cemetery. I read the names of the prominent men and women who lived their lives in our city and whose dust is lying all around me—many of them, with their hearts "once pregnant with celestial fire," now ashes. As the centuries roll on memories of former days fade away. Recently the ruins of Babylon and Nineveh have been uncovered. But what do we know of the great monarchs who built these magnificent cities? There are men who have written books declaring that Christ never lived. They say the historical books of that period do not speak of him; that the half dozen lines in Josephus are simply a gloss, or forgery, as in the original manuscript of the history it does not appear; that the old parchment gospels have been lost, and that only old documents, purporting to be copies written many years after remain. Nevertheless the civilized world believes that these old copies are veritable copies of the originals.

There are so many sudden deaths, so many men dying for their countries in the battle against militarism, that the question of immortality is now being discussed more widely than ever before. If these poor suffering men and women, who have suffered the loss of loved ones could only be convinced that the loss has been but for a short time, and that reunion will follow, and eternal happiness, it would go a long way to assuage grief and sorrow. Nearly all creeds do not deny the probability and possibility of our world being surrounded by departed spirits. It is not necessary to believe in the tenets of spiritualism (so objectionable to many) but the belief in spirits about us may be entertained without disturbing the beliefs or creeds of many churches. I have read somewhat widely upon this subject for some years and have endeavored to follow the work of the psychical society and kindred associations. The concrete result I have obtained is a belief in immortality. I cannot give the various arguments brought forward in support of this belief not dependent on anything contained in the Bible. The Bible does say, speaking of angels, "Are they not all ministering spirits sent forth to minister to those who shall be heirs of salvation?"

The witch of Endor summoned the spirit of Samuel. By what tests are we to try this question of immortality? All people cannot study the question. But if you take the writings and statements of the greatest scientists at present in the world, and of many who have passed over, and you find that these men are, and have been convinced of immortality, what stronger proof can one have? I could fill this sheet with the names of most eminent English and American scientists and scholars who have examined the subject, and are convinced that "death does not end all."

Sir Oliver Lodge declares that he has spoken with spirits who have passed from earth. Professor Crookes, the great discoverer of the Crookes ray, Alfred Russell Wallace, F. W. Meyers, Signor Lombreso, Flamarion, the greatest scholar of the age, Professor James of Harvard. There is a vast literature devoted to the subject of ghosts, spectres, spiritualism. Spiritualism is attracting much attention in Toronto. There is a large society there, and I saw nine advertisements of meetings of spiritualists advertised for one day in a daily paper. Unquestionably there are some things believed by spiritualists which are not believed by other creeds; but aside from this, the great substantial fact of immortality may be considered by proofs which do not depend entirely upon Sacred Writ to be proved. Therefore, poor souls who have lost the light of their eyes and the delight of their hearts, may be confident of a happy reunion notwithstanding the mists and clouds which envelop us.

Tennyson said: "Why should those who have gone before us not succour and minister unto us, as the legions of angels surrounded and ministered unto Jesus?"

Ingersoll wrote: "In the night of death, hope sees a star, and listening, love can hear the rustle of a wing."

Longfellow sang:

"There is no death! What seems so is transition;
This life of mortal breath is but a suburb of the life elysian,
Whose portal we call death."

Then fell upon the house a sudden gloom,
A shadow on those features, fair and thin;
And softly, from that hushed and darkened room,
Two angels issued, where but one went in.

Ere the evening lamps are lighted,
And like phantoms grim and tall,
Shadows from the fitful firelight
Dance upon the parlor wall;
Then the forms of the departed
Enter at the open door,
The beloved, the true hearted,
Come to visit us once more.
He the young and strong who cherished
Noble longings for the strife,
By the roadside fell and perished,
Weary with the march of life.

Hamlet says:

"Who would fardels bear,
To grunt, and sweat, under a weary life!
But that the dread of some undiscovered country
Puzzles the will, and makes us either bear the ills we have,
Than fly to others we know not of.

We have learned much since Hamlet's time.

* * *

COMBING WON'T RID HAIR OF DANDRUFF

The only sure way to get rid of dandruff is to dissolve it, then you destroy it entirely. To do this, get about four ounces of ordinary liquid arvon; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

Do this tonight, and by morning, most if not all, of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applicants will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single sign and trace of it, no matter how much dandruff you may have.

You will find, too, that all itching and digging of the scalp will stop at once, and your hair will be fluffy, lustrous, glossy, silky and soft, and look and feel a hundred times better.

You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. It is inexpensive and never fails to do the work.

* * *

MEN'S $5.00 AND $6.00 TAN REGAL BOOTS ON NEW ENGLISH LASTS, ALL SIZES—CLEARING AT $3.75. THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSE. THIS IS A GREAT CHANCE TO SAVE MONEY. DROP IN, WHILE WE HAVE YOUR SIZE.
J12-2td.

* * *

Should Ald. Barlow be appointed finance chairman he would not have to go far in order to live up to his reputation at bar-low taxation.

* * *

The Australians had a champion swimmer amongst their party. Had they arrived in the spring the ability of this young man might have been put to the test in one of the pools on the streets of Guelph.

* * *

During leap year woman proposes and man keeps out of the way.

We Have In Stock
Considerable Corrugated Galvaniz
Iron.

It will pay you to get our prices before purchasing. We keep a good supply of GALVANIZED NAILS on hand at the lowest prices.

Well Pumps, Cistern Pum
of all descriptions kept in stock.
It Will Cost You Nothing To Get Our Prices.
Give us a Call

The John Lewis COMPAN LIMITED

The Beauty of O
Feed

is that there is no waste to it. horse will lick up the last oat o last kernel of grain. It tastes so to him that he wants every bit belongs to him. So there's eco as well as satisfaction in buying feed and grain here. Try it once you'll try it always.

H. E. FAIRFIE

LADY OFFICIAL RECRUITER.

Unique Work is Being Done by Miss Gladys Storey in England.

Superintending the work of a staff of over sixty girls at a certain National Registration office in London is a young lady of exceptional activity and organizing genius. The daughter of the Royal Academician, Mr. G. A. Storey, Miss Gladys Storey early in the war proved herself so capable a recruiter, inducing hundreds of men to join the colors long before Lord Derby's scheme was thought of, that the War Office ultimately appointed her official lady recruiter, and insisted on paying her for her work. Thus it was that she became the only officially-paid lady recruiter under the War Office.

Chatting of her experiences, Miss Storey informed the writer that she had found the work of recruiting exceptionally interesting. "The men always seemed willing to listen to what I had to say," she said, "and it is particularly gratifying to me that I am continually receiving letters from men whom I induced to en[illegible] and who are now at the front. 'One recruit I obtained wished to join the horse transport, and was asked if he knew much about horses. He replied, 'Know much about them? I should think I did. Why, I backed two winners last week and two seconds this.'"

Recruiting, however, is but one of Miss Storey's many activities. In the early days of the war it was she who started this patriotic idea. Attractive cards were printed bearing pictures of Wellington, Nelson, and Roberts, accompanied by stirring messages, the sale of which not only swelled the war funds but also induced many men to enlist.

At present Miss Storey is working indefatigably on her Christmas-card idea for the benefit of her Bovril fund. Already she has supplied Bovril to 275,000 men at the front. These Christmas-cards are very artistic productions, and the last verse of the lines Miss Storey has written for them will appeal to thousands of readers:

May Heaven watch over the brave and the free
Arrayed against tyranny's might,
And Peace, holy Peace, make the Furies to flee
Before the great standard of Right.

"It is wonderful," said Miss Storey, "how generous people are when one appeals for Tommy and Jack, and perhaps the papers can help me to find a poor widow in the North of England who anonymously sent me an offering in the shape of an antique brooch which I was able to sell for an amount which enabled me to supply a number of our soldiers with comforts and little luxuries. Should she ever see these lines, it will doubtless be gratifying to her to know that her gift has been turned to such good account."

ARENA
TURNBU
BAND Tuesday, Thursday a
Saturday

Intermediate O. H. A. Hocke
Picton vs. Belleville, Friday, uary 14th.
Puck faced at 8.15 sharp. Band attendance.
Amission 25c. Reserved seats

Ladies'
Hudson Seal Coa

No. 1 Quality Lined throu out with No. 1 Brocade satin inches long....... Price $120
Muff to match $22.

J. T. DELANEY
29 Campbell St. Phone 7
opposite Y.M.C.A.
See Our Window
N. B. We Buy Raw F

OVERCOATS

Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat! We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.

Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

Asked to define a German diploma Count von Bernstorff would probabl explain that he is a man entirely su rounded by hot water.

* * *

Capt. Boy-ed and Von Papen have left the United States and the German Ambassador has had a narrow escape. The enquiry did well, but it stopped the man "higher up."

* * *

There is someting in that idea that men are like Christmas trees—popular but trimmed once a year.

EXPLOSIONS WRECKED POWER PLANT MILLS

WILMINGTON, Del., Jan. 10.—Following the explosion at the DuPont Powder plant, Carney's Point, N. J., early to-day, in which three workmen were killed, two mills blew up at the upper Hagley yard near here this afternoon. In one of the latter accidents one workman was slightly burned. The three explosions within one day have had the effect of making the secret service and police departments of the DuPont Powder Co. unusually active in looking for possible clues indicating outside influence.

A press mill blew up at 3 o'clock this afternoon. It was in this explosion that the workman was hurt. Ninety minutes later a mixing mill, near the press mill, also exploded. It contained 500 pounds of powder. No one was injured. Both mills were blown to atoms, the shocks being heard for at least 25 miles.

The disaster at Carney's Point was due to an explosion of smokeless powder, while at the upper Hagley yard it was black powder that went off.

* * *

GOATS' MILK FOR COUGHS

"Go to the Hills and drink goats' milk" was the prescription given by Hippocrates more than 2,000 years ago for coughs, colds and bronchitis, but nowadays our local druggist, J. S. McKeown, has a non-secret constitutional remedy just as certain which can be taken right at home. It is Vinol—composed of the healing, medicinal extractives of cod livers, without oil, peptonate of iron for the blood and the nourishing properties of beef peptone. It goes to the seat of the trouble, removes the cough and cures the cold. Vinol is a very reliable preparation.

Stroud's January Clearing Sale

Granite Ware

The popular grey ware, perfect in finish and well coated.

Large Tea Kettle, will heat quickly. Sale price .... 80c.
Double Boilers for rice, milk or custard. Sale price .... 39c.
Preserving Kettle or Stew Pots, Sale price ..... 15c, 25c, 40c.
Dish Pans ...... 25c, 30c, 35c.
Pie Plates .... 5c.
Round Sink Strainers ..... 10c.

Specials

25, 40, 60 Watt Tungsten Lights, ... 25c.
Inverted or Upright Gas Mantles .... 3 for 25c.
Polish Floor Mops, sale price 60c
10c. Roll Toilet Paper, sale price 4 for .... 25c.
Sunlight or Surprise Soap, 6 bars .... 25c.
Zinc Wash Boards, reg. 25c. and 30c., for .... 20c.

The Greatest Money-Saving Event of the Winter for you Because—

Within the next couple of weeks we desire to reduce certain stocks, in view of our annual Inventory. You will find from a thorough reading of this page that the price inducements are on seasonable and desirable merchandise. Again, our ready cash enables us to make quick turn-overs of desirable merchandise from manufacturers who would rather have cash than over stocks and samples.

Lamp Sale

Beautiful Electric Dome, $18.00; for $14.00
Semi-Direct Electric Fixture for Hall, reg. $10.00 for $7.90
Electric Library Lamps, regular $7.00, for $5.00
Dining Room Hanging Lamp, $7.50 for $6.00
Parlor Lamps, $6.00, for $4.80
Fancy Lamp, $1.25, for .. $1.00

Special Prices in the China Department

20 per cent off on Aynsley, Crown and Derby China.

10 piece Tea Set, $6.00, for $3.50
97 piece French Limoges Dinner Set, reg. $50.00, for .. $38.00
High Grade Toilet Set; regular $12.00, for $9.00

Wise Customers will Avail Themselves of These Once-a-Year Opportunities.

Special Prices

Wash Tub Stand that holds two tubs and wringer; regular $1.50, sale price $1.25
Daisy Iron Boards and Stand, regular $1.75; sale price $1.35

STROUD'S China, Tea and Coffee Store

The Glasgow Warehouse

Ladies', Misses' and Children's

COATS and SUITS

One-Third Less than Regular Cost

Just to make a final, quick clearance of the remaining

Coats and Suits

we will place them on sale ALL THIS WEEK at

One - Third Less

than regular cost

$25.00	Suit or Coat for	$16.77
$22.50	„	$15.00
$20.00	„	$13.34
$17.50	„	$11.67
$12.50	„	$8.34

And so on down the list.

DON'T MISS

This Great Chance to Secure an up-to-date Suit or Coat

AT BARGAIN PRICES

Ketcheson & Earle

IMPORTERS OF RELIABLE MERCHANDISE

IRISH PEASANTRY'S BELIEF PICTURED BY LADY GREGORY

Famous Irish Dramatist Gives Vivid Description of Life in the Emerald Isle

"About fifteen years ago I wrote an article in the "Spectator,' 'in which I said that I thought that if by some miracle Christianity and every trace of it could be swept away, it would not change at all the belief of the people of Ireland in things invisible, in the life eternal, in the world to come. At the end of fifteen years study I can repeat what I said then."

The above words, uttered by Lady Gregory before a large audience at the Ritz-Carlton Hall on Saturday evening, proved the prelude to an address which carried the mind away from the common-place and enabled one's spirit to enter with her the humble thatched cottages of the peasantry of Connaught and Arran, listen to their tales of the beloved saints of Erin, their visions of Tier-na-oga, their intercourse with the Banshee and fairies, even as she herself had done.

With nobody to introduce her, Lady Gregory commenced her lecture without preliminary. Her sweet personality and the ring of sincerity in her voice impressed even the most sceptical—those to whom fairies are absurd and "Peter Pan" nonsense.

Her Own Experiences

Lady Gregory does not quote from books, or retail second-hand information. Everything she tells is from the book of her own experience, conversations with the old men and women who live about the gates of her own home, situated in a district which breathes romance and poetry.

In the belief that the dead will sooner or later return, says Lady Gregory, death to the Irish is robbed of its dread and terror. Probably in no other country is the fear of death less evident than in the Green Isle. Many were the touching tales she told of the candle being placed in the little window that mother would be enabled to find her children, of the old gray man sweeping his hearth every night in case some poor wandering spirit should seek shelter from the storm.

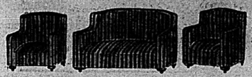
From men and women who could neither read nor write, Lady Gregory had received descriptions of "great doings" in the crumbled castles of the neighboring, descriptions of ancient dress and customs which tallied with the discoveries of science. Surely to these people who knew nothing of mediaeval costumes, had never heard of decorated shields, yet who described with marvellous accuracy scenes of the past at which they had been present, surely to them, said Lady Gregory, had been revealed a state which exists between the living and the final destination of the dead.

Playground of Fairies

Even before the advent of Christianity the heaven of Tier-na-oga had been revealed to the Irish. The air, the sea and the land were the playground of fairies and angels who guided and cared for the people. And the belief at the present time was that the dead helped the living. No children thrived better than those who had lost their mother.

As an illustration of the combat between logic and intuition, Lady Gregory concluded by quoting scenes from her play in which the spirit of a dead woman, through a blind man, turns the evidence in a murder trial Her interpretation of the various characters was delightful, and she was accorded an ovation at the conclusion of her lecture, being presented with a beautiful bouquet.

Amongst the audience were Lord and Lady Shaugnessy and party, Sir Hugh and Lady Graham and party, Mrs. F. S. Meighen and party, Mrs. H. Vincent Meredith and party, Mrs. D. Forbes Angus and party, Mrs. McIntosh and party, Mrs. C. B. Gordon and party, Mrs. C. F. Smith and party, Lady Hingston, Lady Taft and Lady Peterson.



RITCHIE'S

Big January Sale

OF HIGH GRADE

FURNITURE COVERINGS

Lot No. 1

Coverings worth 75c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 for yard 50c

Lot No. 2

Coverings worth $2, $2.25, $2.50 and $3, for yard $1.50

This is the greatest money-saving chance you will ever have to buy new coverings for those pieces of Furniture that have grown shabby and faded—or perhaps Curtain materials for your windows or arches, because many of the fabrics are suitable for both Furniture Coverings or Draperies. They are such splendid weaves as **Silk Tapestries, Silk Brocatelles, All Wool Damasks, and Dresden Designs with Silk Stripes.** Some of the lighter weight materials are washable; all absolutely fast colorings. See them in the window.

NOTE: These Fabrics were bought before the war, and if we were to buy the same materials today the regular prices mentioned above would be about double.

Also 20 per cent Discount on All UPHOLSTERY WORK CHARGES For One Month

This offer is for one month only and means a great saving to those who have Furniture to be re-upholstered. A phone or personal call will bring our upholsterer to you and give an estimate on your needs. **"Remember! 20 per cent. off all work charges."** Figure up what that will save you.

Silk Curtains That Were Originally $10 and $12 are now $3.95

Fourteen pairs only of part Silk Casement Curtains in five pretty designs, fringed and brush edging effects, originally sold at $10 and $12. Your choice $3.95

25 p.c. Discount Off Odd Curtains

Odd pairs, some slightly soiled, only one pair of a kind, in Nottinghams, Swiss Nets, Voiles, Marquisettes, Brussels Net, etc. Regular prices, $1.25 to $10.00, with **25 per cent. off during this month.**

All Our Plain and Colored Madras Curtains Half Price

This is an extra special offering and embraces all our plain and colored Madras Curtains. They are very suitable for any room in the home and can be used as a casement curtain if desired—standard sizes, 50 ins. by 3½ yards long. The lot also includes some pretty white and colored Muslin drapes. Our range at the various prices is broken, therefore we will clear them out at JUST HALF PRICE.

Model Drapes Half Price

If you have been in our Drapery Department this season you have seen and no doubt admired those preety model drapes displayed there. These are the Drapes we place on sale at Half Price. These are Seven Drapes, but only One of a kind, made up of American Repps, Art Chintz, Cretonnes and Veltours, all nicely trimmed with galloons and gimps to match. The materials from which they were made are all sold, therefore the drastic reductions. Length 2 yards, width 54 inchs.

1 Green and Gold Drape, shirred valance, $5.00, for	$2.50
1 Blue Art Chintz Drape, stiff Lambican, $7.00, for	$3.50
1 American Art Repp Drape, pleated valance, $9.00, for ..	$.50
1 plain Rose Drape, fancy Lambican, $8.00, for	$4.00
1 plain Brown Madras Drape, long tabbed valance, $10, for	$5.00
1 Blue Art Chintz Drape, French festoon valance, $10, for	$5.00
1 American Veltour Drape, pleated valance, $12, for	$6.00

Chintzs and Crettones 15c yard

36 inches wide and all desirable patterns, suitable for Draperies, Box Covers, Furniture Slip-overs, Cushions, etc. All new but not a large quantity of every pattern. Regular 30c. and 35c. yard. Your choice .... 15c. yard

The RITCHIE Company Limited

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 8 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED—A HOUSE MAID. APPLY IN evening to Mrs. (Dr.) Gibson 28 Campbell St. j4-dtf

WANTED—COOK, GENERAL, WITH REferences. Wages $20 per month. Apply 111 Victoria Ave. j8-dtf

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO LEARN BARber business and help in tobacco store, at once. A. E. Wrightmyer, 209 Front Street. j12-dtf

WANTED—FIRST CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill and Planer hands, Toolmakers. Good wages. Steady work. Canadian Westinghouse Company, Limited, Hamilton, Ont. d—j27

WANTED— FIRST-CLASS TOOLMAKERS, lathe hands, boring mill hands. Steady work. Good wages. Apply: Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Peterborough, Ont. 6-6td

WANTED—A YARD PORTER. APPLY Hotel Quinte. 10-4t

TO RENT

TO RENT—NO. 233 N. JOHN STREET; new furnace and all modern conveniences. Possession March 1st. Apply 8 Queen Street. 7-6td

TO RENT, RESIDENCE, No. 221 CHARLES St.; contains all modern conveniences. Apply at The Intelligencer Office a23-tf

TO LET, THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the Bank of Commerce, and also rooms in the same block and the Robertson Block, suitable for offices and apartments. S. S. Lazier. j17-dtf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—SSHOWCARD WRITER'S AIR Brush, Tank and Pump; almost new, cheap. Apply Box G, Intelligencer. 10-4t

AGENTS WANTED

WANTED—MAN OR WOMAN TO DIStribute War Literature. $120 for sixty days' work in your own community. Spare time may be used. Winston Company, Limited, Toronto. d18-8tw&s

Crispy Crisp Nut Candy

Crispy, Fresh Almond Crisp, both light and dark.

Peanut Crisp

Walnut Crisp

Our Own Make

Chas. S. Clapp

DAVIES

Sweet Corn 3 tins 25c

Excelsior Peas 4 tins 30c

Ben-Hur Peas 3 tins 25c

Tomatoes Large Tins 3 tins 25c

ADOPT THEM

Adopt the use of Classified Want Ads. They have proved money makers for others. They are appreciated by the buyer, as they enable him to quickly locate the place where he can find his requirements. Will he find your business represented?

SPORTING NEWS

HOCKEY

Everyone get ready for the return game with Picton here Friday night.

CITY LEAGUE

Peterboro' has organized a city hockey league with the view of developing home players. The age limit is 22 years and five teams are entered.

LEAGUE IN GANANOQUE

A four-team hockey league has been formed in Gananoque and a schedule of games has been drawn up. The following teams are entered: 59th Battalion, Grace Church, C.I.A.C.'s and Wanderers. The opening game is set for to-night.

LESUEUR NOW CAPTAIN

TORONTO, Jan. 11.—Percy Lesueur has been appointed captain of the Toronto pros., replacing Ronan. The latter will be retained. Canadiens have offered Poulin and Debeau for him and Ottawa has made a cash offer, but the Toronto management figures that he will come to his own shortly and will keep him. Cameron's fine will stand, though it may be remitted at the end of the season if the brilliant defence man shows his best from now on. Goalkeeper Wilson has reported from Oshawa as an understudy to Lesueur.

HOCKEY RECORD

TUESDAY'S RESULTS.

O. H. A. Senior.

Waterloo......	3	Stratford . . .	1
Berlin.........	6	Elmira	0
Intermediate.			
Midland.......	19	Alliston	4
Port Colborne..	7	Dunnville	6
Orillia.........	9	Gravenhurst . .	3
Brampton......	7	Weston	4
Hamilton R.C..	15	Niagara Falls . .	3
Junior.			
Aura Lee......	18	Aurora	1
Kingston C. I.	7	Frontenacs . . .	2
xOshawa......	12	Cobourg	3

xPlayed Monday.

GAMES WEDNESDAY.

O. H. A. — Senior — Brockville at Frontenac.

Intermediate—Whitby at Oshawa; Sarnia at Ingersoll.

Junior—Bowmanville at Port Hope, Lindsay at Peterboro'; Meaford at Collingwood.

N.H.A.—Ottawa at Torontos; Quebec at Canadiens.

If there are no "wrong ones" among the thousands of players under the Ontario Hockey Association's jurisdiction, that organization is the eighth wonder of the world. The essential point is that in the O.H.A. there is serious, sustained and systematic effort to have things as nearly right as possible. This is the policy that makes the difference between a desirable institution and a state of lawlessness.

It is well within the bounds of accuracy to say that never in the history of winter harness racing has there been anything like the number of high class horses engaged in the sport that are now in training and racing. With several other important meetings still to be decided, it seems a safe prophecy that, good as are the recently established records, there will be an entirely new set before the season is ended.

BASEBALL.

Donnie Bush, star shortstop of the Detroit team, is a great admirer of Tris Speaker, the sensational Boston outfielder. One afternoon Bush tried to score from third on a long fly to centre. It didn't seem as if there was a chance for Speaker to get a fast man like Bush at the plate. The moment the ball struck Speaker's hands Bush made a dash for home. With the same motion he made the catch. Speaker hurled the ball toward the plate with terrific speed. It was a wonderfully accurate throw. The ball arrived on a fast low hop to the catcher, a fraction of a second in advance of Bush. The catcher deftly touched the diminutive shortstop on the foot as he slid into the plate, and the umpire declared him out.

The decision was a very close one, Detroit needed the run badly, and for a moment Donnie didn't relish the ruling, although he afterwards admitted that he guessed the umpire was right. That throw of Speaker's rankled in Bush's breast. If he was a slow runner no attention would have been paid to the feat, but Bush is a fast man and has a good slide. The Boston players got a lot of fun kidding Bush over the play. That evening some of the newspaper men brought up the subject to Bush.

"That was a wonderful throw Speaker made today," remarked one of the scribes.

"I should say it was," answered Bush.

"I suppose it made you pretty sore when you were called out," was the comment of another.

"It did for a minute," replied Bush, "and then I decided I ought to feel glad that Speaker was an outfielder instead of a pitcher, because, honestly, that fellow can throw strikes from the outfield."

It Is Some Accomplishment

to content the exacting housewife with baker's cake—especially if her culinary skill in cake-making is excellent. Our cake is equal to that of the best home made, because it is baked with the best ingredients that the market affords. We are skilled bakers that know how to bake cake just as it should be baked. Our surroundings are most sanitary.

Yerex's Bakery

Phone 787

68 Sinclair St. Belleville

CITY AND VICINITY

A reception will be held at hospital, 4—6 Friday. Graduating nurses will receive diplomas. Public cordially invited. 12,2t

SCOTT'S TO-NIGHT

The Famous Players present Clyde Fitches powerful drama, "The Moth and the Flame" in 4 acts, also two good comedies. Orchestra in attendance. Amatuers Thursday.

WINTER FAIR AT OTTAWA

Canadian Pacific Excursion Rate $4.10 return, going Jan. 17th to 20th, returning god to Jan. 22nd. For further information and tickets apply to S. BURROWS, C.P.R. Agent. 12,8t

Horse meat is being sold in New York. Thank heavens worn out autos can't land in the butcher shop anyhow.—Detroit Free Press.

STOCK TAKING SHOE BARGAINS AT THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSE. WATCH OUR ADS AND WINDOWS IF YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY.
J12-2td.

◆

Reuter's Hong Kong correspondent says that on January 5 revolutionaries looted another customs house at Kacheung, near Yintin.

◆

Brockville council at their first meeting passed a resolution asking the Provincial Government for the privilege of issuing debentures for patriotic purposes for a period of twenty years instead of ten years as at present.

◆

Many a man gives up things that his family wishes he wasn't so nasty about rejecting.

THE WEATHER.

North to easterly gales with a change to decidedly colder; snow flurries.

Friday, fair and very cold.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY INTHINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 81 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, JANUARY 13. 1916. No. 12

ESTABLISHED 1858

58 years continuous business is a guarantee for square dealing, best values and lowest prices.

FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING

TICKELL & SONS CO.

Office Phone 2 Night Phones 280 & 635

JURY RECOMMENDS GATES OR FLAG MAN

Dangerous Crossing on Canifton Road Should be Properly Guarded—Bill Boards are Menace to the Travelling Public

ATTACHES NO BLAME TO TRAIN CREW

Used all Necessary Precautions and Tried to Avert Accident in Which Charles Wellman Was Killed—The Evidence

That deceased met death by being struck by the eastbound No. 14 train on Saturday afternoon, January 8th, 1916, at the Canifton road crossing, city of Belleville.

The evidence, though somewhat conflicting, would indicate that the train crew used all necessary precautions and did everything in their power to avert the accident.

In our opinion the bill boards referred to in the evidence are a menace to the travelling public.

We would recommend that the Grand Trunk Railway either have a flagman stationed at this crossing or have gates provided, as we consider the present automatic bell is inadequate.

Such was the verdict rendered last night by the jury at the coroner's inquest to inquire into the circumstances of the accident at the Canifton Road G. T. R. crossing, on Saturday last, when Mr. Charles Wellman of Thurlow, met his death and Mrs. Wellman was seriously injured by being struck by the east bound fast train. Dr. Boyce, coroner, presided. A large number of spectators were present at the hearing and much evidence was submitted.

Mr. Wm. Carnew represented the Crown; Mr. James Pratt of the G. T. R. legal department, Montreal, was present on behalf of the railway, and Mr. W. D. M. Shorey on behalf of the widow and family.

The evidence submitted was as follows:

James Murray testified he is a brakeman of the G. T. R., and had been for 15 years. He was on train No. 14, which is due to arrive in Belleville at 12.10. On Saturday, December 8th, the train was late that day. Witness did not see the accident, but as soon as it did occur he went to the rear of the train to flag any train that might be approaching. He saw a bob sleigh broken up, but did not see the deceased. The engine gave a long blast before approaching the crossing. The bell used as a warning at the crossing was ringing when witness went to rear of train. The train was composed of 7 coaches.

To Mr. Shorey—The train was travelling the ordinary speed.

Samuel Marshall testified he was on train No. 14 when the accident occurred. He was baggageman. The first he knew of the accident was when the train came to a sudden stop. The train was not its length past the crossing when it stopped. He did not get off the train. The train was possibly travelling about 20 miles an hour when it struck the rig. He heard the whistle of the engine and the bell was ringing, also the automatic bell at the crossing. The injured persons were placed on board the train and conveyed to the station. The man died before the train arrived at the station. The woman spoke and asked where she was and what had happened.

To Mr. Shorey—It would only take a few seconds to reach the crossing after the whistle of the engine was sounded.

Sidney Thompson testified he was conductor on train No. 14 when the accident occurred. He was standing on the vestibule of the fifth coach. The train stopped at Trenton but not for any orders. It was then 12.15. The run from Trenton to the crossing where the accident occurred was made in about 15 minutes. He heard the engine give two long and one short blasts as the crossings in the city limits were about reached. As soon as the train stopped he got off the train and at the rear saw the woman and man lying upon the ground. Witness had the train back up and the couple were placed in the baggage car. The woman was between the rails of the west bound track. The man was lying some feet away. The conveyance was badly smashed. The train was late that day, being 23 minutes behind time. The automatic bell at the crossing was in operation all the time the train was in the vicinity of the crossing. Witness was unable to state that the engineer might have averted the accident.

To Mr. Shorey—The run from Trenton to Belleville by rail is 12 miles, and it was made that day in about 15 minutes. The train slowed down when it came in the yard limits. There is no speed limits within the yard limits.

Charles Johnson testified he was a G. T. R. engineer and had been for 42 years. He was in charge of engine No. 190, which was hauling train No. 14. She is due at Belleville at 12.11, but was 40 minutes late in leaving Toronto. The warning in approaching the station is to give one long blast. On the day of the accident he gave the long blast on the flat between the overhead bridge and the iron bridge. He first commenced to reduce speed west of the overhead bridge on North Front street. The approximate speed of the train when it reached the Canifton Road crossing was from 12 to 15 miles an hour. The necessary signals wer given that day. The first thing he saw was the team approaching the Canifton Road crossing. The engine was only 30 or 40 feet west of the crossing. The man made no apparent effort to get out of the way. The cow catcher struck the sleigh in the centre. The train was stopped in a less space than its length. He saw the victims of the accident. Witness thought deceased upon this occasion acted in a rather careless manner. The team did not appear to be restive in any way and the man had them under control. A bill board on the west side of the road near the crossing prevents seeing the approaching vehicles from the south side of the road toward the track. Witness immediately applied the emergency brake and brought the train to a standstill as quickly as possible. The bill boards are on private property.

To Mr. Shorey—A robe from the vehicle was found by the fireman on one of the wheels of the engine. He did not see the engine strike the sleigh as he was on the opposite side of his engine. The train was over 400 yards from the Canifton Road crossing when witness gave the signal for that crossing.

To Mr. Pratt—The only thing he coud have done under the circumstances, he did, namely, apply the emergency brake.

Dr. Gibson testified he was notified of the accident on Saturday the 8th inst. He went to the G.T.R. station and saw a man lying on a stretcher. Witness examined the man and found he was dead. He made a limted examination of the woman, who was removed to the hospital. There was a fracture to some bones in the thighs. There is a possibility of her recovery, but it will be months before she fully recovers. The bill boards should never have been allowed in such a place in a civilized community. The woman made no statement to witness about the accident.

To Mr. Shorey—He had frequently noticed the automotic bell ringing at the crossing.

Mrs. Hill testified she lived near the Canifton Road crossing. She remembered the accident on Saturday last and heard the train approaching from the west. Witness in looking out of a window in her house saw a man and woman being thrown from a sleigh which was struck by the en-

Continued on Page Two.

Teuton Attack Has Commenced

Germans, Bulgarians and Turks Combine in Advance on Allied Forces—Half Million Men Engaged

ALLIES SUPPORTED BY FLEET

Have 200,000 Men In Strong Defensive Position to Oppose Teutonic Advance

Attack Confirmed

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, Jan. 13.—A despatch from Athens says: "The attack on the Entente positions by the Teutonic Allies has begun with a bombardment of the British lines in the Doiran zone which lasted the entire day. The Germans are attacking the west front around Monastir, the Bulgarians on the Guevgeli-Doiran line, and the Turks on the east flank.

Half Million Men

LONDON, Jan. 12.—A despatch from Rome indicates that the long deferred advance on Saloniki has begun. It tells of attacks in the direction of Doiran, Guevgheli and Monastir, just beyond the Greek border, where probably more than half a million Teutons, Bulgarians and Turks have been concentrated.

The Allies are believed to have 200,000 French and British troops to opposo the advance, besides the strong fleet in the harbor of Saloniki. It is probable that some of the troops lately withdrawn from Gallipoli will be found in the action as it develops.

Violent Bombardment

The Rome despatch says: "An Athens message declares an attack on the Allies in Macedonia was commenced on Monday. There was a violent bombardment in the Doiran zone, where the Austro-Bulgarians and the Turko-Germans united with the Germans in attacking from the west.

"With their headquarters at Monastir, the Bulgarians are attacking the centre of the line from Guerghell to Doiran. The Turks are attacking from the east, supported by the Xanti-Gumuldjina railway."

MAJORITY FOR UNION IS SUBSTANTIAL ONE

TORONTO, Jan. 12.—Rev. Dr. Somerville, secretary of the general assembly's' committee on church union, has received returns from all the Presbyterain synods in the Dominion of the ballot on church union. The aggregate vote of communicants and adherents in favor of immediate organic union with the Methodists and Congregationalists was 137,829 and the vote against union 88,822. The majority vote exceeded the expectations of the opponents of union and rendered union impracticable.

Toronto and Kingston synod communicants were almost equally divided, giving 25,050 for and 21,592 against union. Montreal and Ottawa synod communicants voted 14,944 for and 11,205 against.

Committee of Fifty

To Circulate Prohibition Petition In Kingston

KINGSTON, Jan. 12.—A meeting of the executive of the "Committee of Fifty," for Kingston and Frontenac, was held Monday evening. Reports were heard from the organizations of the different city wards. The petition, which is to be circulated to the public on the last week in January, is for the purpose of securing prohibition for the province of Ontario. At the present time every municipality in the country has its team of workers ready to circulate the petition when the time comes. Arrangements are being made for a public meeting to be held in the city on Jan. 23rd. A committee on advertising was appointed and will start on the campaign so that the people will know what is coming.

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION OF JAP PRIME MINISTER

(Canadan Press Special)

TOKIO, Jan., 13.—Prime Minister Count Okuma, while motoring home shortly after midnight from the Royal Palace had a narrow escape from assassination. Two bombs were thrown, one of which exlpoded immediately behind the motor without doing any damage and the other failed to explode. The assailants escaped.

REAL MANHOOD ENDURES

Is it not better to go willingly at $1.10 a day than by force at 12 cents a day? Which shall it be?

Very soon a girl will almost need an armed escort if she walks out with a healthy youth in civilian clothes.

Life and fortune are but uncertain things; the only thing that endures is real manhood and real womanhood.

If this is the finest country in the world to live in, would it not be worth dying for?

We appeal to you men to take up at once your share of the burden, not only because by doing so you will be defending your own interests, but also because your action will preserve the vital interests of Canada.

Seventeen Killed In C.P.R. Wreck

Collision Between Freight and Snow Train at Brandon Results Fatally

ALL EMPLOYEES OF C.P.R.

The Dead Were Foreigners—Conductor and Fireman Injured—Weather 50 Below Zero

Had Sought Shelter

BRANDON, Man., Jan. 12.—Seventeen C. P. R. employees were killed and a score injured here this morning when an engine, drawing a freight train, plunged into a caboose of a snow train, where the men had sought shelter from the 50 below zero weather. The men were employed clearing snow from the yards, and the caboose was attached to one of the trains used for hauling the snow away. With one or two exceptions all the killed were foreign born.

Many Frost Bitten

A call was sent to doctors, hospital authorities and for conveyances. The medical men pulled the injured from under the wreckage of the car, the roof of which covered them like a blanket. Frostbites added terribly to the sufferings of both wounded and those giving aid. Three of the injured died shortly after being admitted to the hospital, and the condition of many others is extremely critical.

An inquest will be opened Thursday.

Official Statement

D. C. Coleman, Assistant General Manager of the C.P.R., who is in the city concerning the wreck, made the following statement:

"At five minutes after ten this morning a freight extra, east, Engineer Fairbairn, Conductor Crowe both of Winnipeg, struck a snow train in charge of Conductor Beal of Brandon, just east of the gas works at Brandon. Section Foreman McGhie and twelve laborers, who were riding in the caboose of the snow train, in order to warm themselves, were killed outright, and fifteen other laborers injured, four of whom have since died. The responsibility for the accident has not yet been placed."

Official list of dead—George McGhie, Alex. Micoski, — Roloski, Tony Zamock, — Someston, Mike Robrect, Anton Yamonsky, Harry Morr, John Tysostey, — Kirkakiski, Steve Bilyski, Tony Rutkowski, — Balawiydes, Joe Dreylay, Vasyl Bolinski, two unidentified.

Among the injured are E. C. Beal, conductor, and — Henderson, brakeman.

AUTO TIRES TO COST MORE

Four American Manufacturers Announce Price Increase

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—Four manufacturers of automobile tires have within the last few days announced advances in price of tires. The increases range from 15 to 25 per cent, the average being around 20 per cent. The advance is greatest for the largest size tires and least for those under three and a-half inches. One of the companies makes no increase in the smallest size tires.

While each of these companies put out a well-known make of tire, none of the largest producers has yet made any open move regarding putting up prices, though reports have been current for some time that there would be a general and decided advance in tires soon after the beginning of the new year.

Troopship Arrives Safely in England

Austrians Continue Advance in Montenegro—Stubborn Resistance Being Offered

MINERS HOLD MEETING

All Shipping for Holland Detained—Latest Reports Say Kaiser Is Worse

Troopship Landed

(Canadan Press Special)

OTTAWA, Jan. 13.—It is officially announced that the troopship "Metegama" which sailed from Canada on January 1st has arrived safely in England

Austrians Continue Advance

(Canadan Press Special)

PARIS, Jan. 13.—Austrian forces advancing from Cattaro and Budna have reached Mitchitz, five miles from Antivari, which is being bombarded by Austrian long range guns, according to a despatch to an evening paper. A correspondent telegraphing from Scutari says the Montenegrins, aided by Serbian contingents are maintaining a stout resistance although outnumbered five to one.

Will Continue Fight

(Canadan Press Special)

PARIS, Jan. 13.—In view of the success of the Austrain offensve against Mount Lovcen, measures have been taken by the Montenegrin government to evacuate Cettinje immediately according to a Scutari despatch, says the Petit journal's Milne correspondent. The government, however, has decided to continue the struggle against the Austrians, the despatch adds.

Miners Oppose Conscription

LONDON, Jan. 13.—The Miners Federation of Great Britain at a meeting held in London to-day resolved unanimously to oppose the bill for compulsory military service. The Federation empowered its president to call a further conference, in the vent that the bill becomes law, to consider what additional steps should be taken.

Shipping Detained

(Canadan Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 13.—All shipping for Holland is being detailed in the Mowns, including several Belgian relief ships. The cause is said to be danger of German mines sown off the Dutch coast.

Kaiser Worse

ROME, Jan. 12.—(Special.—The Idea Nationale states that the Kaiser has suddenly become worse.

Two specialists, according to this report, have been hurriedly summoned from the front.

The Princes of the Imperial family are said to have arrived in Berlin.

Surprise Attacks Are Repulsed

(Canadan Press Special)

Paris, Jan. 13—Afternoon statement. Between the Somme and the Avre last night the enemy attempted a surprise attack against one of our small positions. The attack was a complete failure. In Champagne the enemy made two surprise attacks with hand grenades one to the north-east of Butte De Mesnil, the other in the district of Maisons De Champagne. They were checked at once by our curtain of fire. Further information regarding the attack attempted yesterday by the Germans with the use of suffocating gases, in the region of Forges, shows that in the course of the operation a gust of wind blew back the gases to the trenches of the enemy. Our bombardment of the enemy's line was very violent.

FIRE IN CORNWALL HOTEL

CORNWALL, Jan. 12.—About 9.30 o'clock last night fire broke out in the sample room connected with the King George Hotel here, and before the flames were subdued considerable damage was done by fire and water to the east wing, where the sample rooms are located, as well as to the sleeping apartments overhead. Several commercial men were in town doing business, but most of them had their samples still unpacked, and the trunks were hustled out safely. C. A. Cunningham, traveller for the Diamond Whitewear, Ltd., Three Rivers, Que., had his samples, valued at close on $1,500, completely ruined. The fire was prevented from reaching the main part of the hotel, and the guests there carried their belongings back to their rooms. The fire was caused by an overheated stove in one of the sample rooms on the ground floor.

SPEECH FROM THRONE DELIVERED TO-DAY

Another Year of War Finds Canada Enthusiastic as Ever and Determined to Aid Britain to Fullest Extent—Extension of Parliament Mentioned

NEW SPEAKER WAS ELECTED YESTERDAY

Mr. Albert Sevigny Succeeds Hon. Mr. Sproule Who Goes to the Senate—Session Was Purely Routine Necessitated by Election of the Speaker

OTTAWA, Jan. 12.—The Senate and Commons conveyed for a brief period this afternoon to appoint a Speaker for the Lower House to take the place of Hon. Thomas Sproule, who, has, after strenuous years of political life, retired to the comparatve quietude of the Red Chamber. Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, Deputy Governor-General, was present and bid the Commoners proceed to the above necessary duty with all dispatch. Thereafter Mr. Albert Sevigny, M.P. for Dorchester was formally installed in the Speaker's chair. He will occupy the chair at present in the House, but as soon as a new one can be constructed Senator Sproule will take away the old one as a memento of his service as the first Commoner n the land.

(Special to The Intelligencer)

Speech From Throne

OTTAWA, Jan. 13.—The speech from the throne to-day did not outline the policy of the government, or the legislative program beyond recommending the extension of the parliamentary term. Parliament was told that the government intends to propose a resolution for adoption by the two houses, embodying a memorial praying the imperial government to amend the B. N. A. Act in this respect.

Glowing tribute was paid to the gallantry of Canadian soldiers in the field and the splendid participation of Canada in the war.

Reference was also made to the bounteous harvest of 1915, and the improved conditions of trade and commerce throughout the Dominion.

Honourable Gentlemen of the Senate:
Gentlemen of the House of
Commons:

Since I last addressed you the war in which we are engaged has been continued with unabated vigour and varying fortunes.

The Empire's part therein has been amply maintained at sea by the inspiring achievements of the Navy, and on land by the distinguished valour of the great armies which have enrolled themselves in all parts of His Majesty's Dominions for the common defence of our liberties.

In a spirit of splendid loyalty and unfaltering devotion, India and the Overseas Dominions have vied with each other in co-operating with the Mother Country to achieve this great purpose.

The call to service has evoked a widespread and notable response in Canada. Already 120,000 men have crossed the seas, an equal number is now being actively trained and equipped for service abroad, and a call extending the authorized enlistment to half a million men has been received with warm enthusiasm.

At the front our gallant soldiers have met the enemy in repeated contests, and by their pre-eminent courage and heroic endurance have shed lustre upon their country and upheld its highest traditions.

Equally praiseworthy and impressive has been the self-sacrificing and loyal spirit shown by all the Canadian people who have freely dedicated their manhood and substance to the common defence of the Empire.

The life of the present Parliament expires in the autumn of this year, and, under existing legislation, a dissolution and election would be necessary in the early future. My advisers, however, are of the opinion that the wishes of the Canadian people and the present requirements of the war would be best met by avoiding the distraction and confusion consequent upupon a general election at so critical a time.

That purpose can only be effected through the medium of legislation by the Parliament of the United Kingdom. A resolution authorizing and requesting the enactment of such legislation as will extend the life of this Parliament for the period of one year will be presented to you.

Measures will be submitted for your consideration to further the effective co-operation of Canada in the defence of the Empire and in the maintenance of this war waged for liberty and lasting peace.

It is a matter for profound thankfulness that Providence has blessed the labours of our husbandmen during the past year with the most bountiful harvest in the history of Canada.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

The accounts for the last, and the estimates for the next fiscal year will be submitted to you without delay, and you will be asked to make the necessary financial provision for the effective conduct of the war.

Honourable Gentlemen of the Senate:
Gentlemen of the House of
Commons:

The high courage, the splendid heroism, and the unalterable determination which have marked the united efforts of all portions of His Majesty's Dominions, during a year of unprecedented strain and effort, justify our supreme confidence in the triumph of our cause and in the lasting affirmation of the principles of liberty and justice throughout the world. I commend to your earnest consideration the measures which will be submitted to you for aiding in that great purpose, and I pray that the Divine blessing may rest upon your counsels.

FLEW AMERICAN FLAG OVER $5,000,000 CARGO

BOSTON, Jan. 12.—According to members of the crew of the British steamship City of London, which arrived here today from the Far East, the Captain of the vessel adopted all possible devices for eluding submarines in the Mediterranean, keen to displaying the American flag and painting out of name all except the word "Lincoln." Nothing was seen, however,. of sumersibles and barrrng tempertuous weather in the Atlantic, the voyage was not unusual.

Big shipments of rubber and slab tin formed important items of the cargo. The vessel brought in 4,000 tons of rubber, valued at approximately $1,300,000, and 2,400 tons of tin, estimated to be worth upward of a million dollars. The total value of the cargo was $5,000,000. Sixty-six thousand cases of bean oil, loaded at Dalmy, Japanese Manchuria, comprised one of the largest shipments of the kind ever brought here. The City of Lincoln also had large consignments of spies, tapioca, sago flour, rattans, and curios.

WANTED IN HALIFAX; ARRESTED IN BOSTON

BOSTON, Jan. 11.—Charles E. Maddin, a former railway mail clerk, wanted in Halifax, N.S., on a charge of farceny from the mails, was arrested here to-day as a fugitive from justice. He admitted his identity and waived extradition.

The specific charge against Maddin is the larceny of letters and packages valued at $25, but city detective Horace Kennedy of Halifax, who came here for Maddin, said the authorities expected through him to clear up thefts durings the past two year amounting to $4,000.

MONTREAL SOLDIER IS HELD AFTER TRAGEDY

LONDON, Jan. 12.—A soldier of a Montreal infantry regiment is detained at Borden in connection with the stabbing of a member of the military police, called Henry Gellicour, who died soon after. Gellicour is said to have been talkng in a saloon with a friend who left him for a minute, and on returning he was found bleeding from a wound in his shoulder, and died from loss of blood.

JANUARY SALE
Booming These Days

Greatest snaps in heavy 36 inch striped Flannelette, fine fleecy quality, yard .... 12½c.
Large Plaid Rugs or Shawls, fringed ends, dark colors, on sale at, each $2.50
Special prices on Comforters, filled with best quality batting, each $1.19, $1.85, $1.98
60 to 72 inch wide pure Table Linen, everyone most excellent patterns, regular up to $1.50 yard; on sale at, yard, 49c. and 59c.
Many of the New Prints have arrived, selling at 10c., 12½c., 15c.
January Sale Prices on all kinds Linen Towellings, 16 to 18 inches wide, yard .... 10c. and 12½c.
Prices on all Woollen Goods have been cut to suit every purse.
Clearing Sale of Horse Blankets, pure Dutch Kersey, Lined Linen Jute, etc.

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

Special
. Shoe .
Values
CLEARING
SALE
Of
Men's Gunmetal
and Patent
Laced & Button
Boots
English and High Toe Lasts, all sizes in the lot.
Regular $5.00 and $6.00 values,
CLEARING $3.45
SEE WINDOW DISPLAY!
ADAMS
THE SHOEMAN

Jury Recommends Gates or Flag Man

Continued From Page One.

gine of the train. She heard the automatic bell ringing at the crossing.

Wm. H. Doran testified he was fireman on the train on Saturday last when the accident occurred. The first witness knew engineer Johnson applied the emergency brake. Witness was ringing the bell. He noticed a team in front of the engine but did not see the man or woman until after the accident. The usual signals were given in approaching the crossings in the city. He could not tell how many times the whistle was sounded. Witness thought the train, when it struck the vehicle, was travelling along about 10 or 12 miles an hour.

To Mr. Shorey—West of the iron bridge on the day of the accident the engineer sounded the whistle for the Canifton Road crossing.

Mrs. James Little testified that she lived near the Canifton Road crossing. Her son was eating his dinner and remarked that the fast train was late on Saturday. She noticed the train was approaching the crossing rapidly, and also saw the engine strike a sleigh and saw a man and woman hurled into the air. The team was not being driven fast and apparently the people in the sleigh were not aware of the approach of the train. She could not say whether the bell at the crossing was ringing or not. The bill boards prevents a person driving seeing a train approaching.

Mrs. Sarah Keller being sworn, stated that on Saturday last she was at Mrs. Little's place and when she hear Mrs. Little scream she looked out of the window. Witness saw the train approaching but did not see the engine strike the sleigh. She did not hear the crossing bell ring. The train was clear of the crossing but it was backed up. Two men came and did something to the bell at the crossing after the accident occurred. Witness considered the bill boards were dangerous and she had nearly been caught by trains owing to them. The train seemed to be travelling faster that day than usual.

To Mr. Shorey—In less than an hour after the accident two men were working at the crossing bell.

To Mr. Pratt—Witness could not say whether the crossing bell was ringing or not whilst the train was standing on the crossing.

Edward Bateman said he was a switchman, and on the 8th he was in the shanty east of the Canifton Road crossing. The shanty is 215 yards from the crossing, and when a westbound passes the shanty the bell at the crossing commences to ring. Everything on the line at the time of the accident was clear. He saw the train approaching the crossing and he heard the whistle sounded from the engine. Witness saw the team approaching the crossing on the trot, and the train was in close proximity to the crossing. The engine of the train stopped in front of the switch shanty baring one car and portion of another car west of the crossing. The bell on the engine was ringing, as was also the automatic bell at the crossing. The bill boards are no doubt an obstruction. Could not tell how fast the train was travelling at the crossing.

Mr. Richard Stapley testified he did not see the accident but took charge of the team.

Walter Brown testified that he was with Mr. R. C. Cole when the body of Wellman was taken from the baggage room to Tickell & Sons' undertaking establishment.

Alfred Horne testified that he lived near Canifton and knew the deceased, Mr. Wellman. The team are a quiet team. He drove over the Canifton crossing considerable and the bill boards were a menace to the travelling public. He was at the crossing at the time. The bell was not ringing although the train that struck Wellman was on the crossing at the time. He did not see the accident.

Mr. T. H. Coppin, station agent of the G.T.R., testified that west of the Canifton Road crossing the connections with the automatic bell, are a distance of 1600 feet and about the same distance east.

This concluded the evidence and the jury retired to consider their verdict.

MUSIC & DRAMA

MYSTERIES OF THE OCEAN REVEALED

Wonderful Deep-Sea Motion Pictures

The famous Williamson Expedition Submarine Motion Pictures, taken 100 feet under the surface of the ocean, will be shown at Griffin's (Bridge St.) on Friday and Saturday of this week for the benefit of the 155th Battalion, C. E. F.

These are the first and only pictures ever made at the bottom of the ocean, and show a marvelous submarine journey of thirty leagues along the floor of the ocean, during which you visit the world famous marine gardens of the Bahamas. Among the thousands of feet of film obtained are pictures showing a battle to the death between a daring swimmer, armed only with a knife, and a huge blue shark.

The pictures are in seven reels, making an entire evening's enjoyment. Special prices for this engagement, of 10c., 15s., and 25c.

Dr. Jackson Says "Don't Stir It."

He is the inventor of Dr. Jackson's Roman Meal, and if anyone in the world should know how it should be cooked, he is the one.

He says "Do not stir Roman Meal porridge while it is cooking." If you were to hear his lecture on this food, you would not stir it. There are three scientific reasons for not stirring it, too long to be stated here.

Roman Meal positively relieves constipation and indigestion. Stirring porridge partly defeats this purpose, besides entirely changing the flavor and altogether robbing it of its deliciousness. Cook without stirring.

At grocers, 10c. and 25c.
Made by Roman Meal Co., Toronto.

SHOES AT THESE PRICES WON'T last long—Ladies' Dorothy Dodd Patent, Buttoned, Black Cloth Tops. Sizes 2½ to 5, $5.00, for $3.25. The J. J. Haines Shoe House J12-2td

Sidney Township Council Meets

Grants Made — 80th Battalion to Receive $100—Assessors Appointed

Town Hall, Sidney, Monday, Jan. 10th, 1916.—The following persons duly elected (by acclamation) filed their declarations of qualification and declaration of office with the clerk and took their seats in the Council: Chas. Ketcheson, reeve; John W. Hess, deputy reeve; Harry L. Ketcheson, councillor; Merritt Finkle, councillor; Wm. A. Reid, councillor.

A letter was read from the Sick Children's Hospital, Toronto, requesting a grant. Moved by John W. Hess, seconded by Merritt Finkle, that a grant of five dollars be made the Hospital for Sick Children, Toronto.—Carried.

A letter was read from Mr. S. Howell, manager of the Molsons Bank, Frankford, thanking the Council for the township account and requesting a continuance of the same. Moved by Harry L. Ketcheson, seconded by John W. Hess, that the township account be left with the Molsons Bank, Frankford, for the year 1916.—Carried.

Moved by W. A. Reid, seconded by Merritt Finkle, that the following accounts be paid: Morton & Herity (printing) $7.50; Tickell & Sons Co. (102 folding chairs for Town Hall) $86.70; The Municipal World (account 40c., 7 subscriptions, $5.70) $6.10; W. H. Nobes (groceries for Geo. Carr) $1.95; John Kiernan (rent for spring, 1916) $1.00; J. G. Shaw, $1.70; Treasurer (war tax on cheques) $2.80.—Carried.

The following by-laws were passed through their various stages, signed, sealed and numbered 676, 677 and 678 consecutively: A bylaw appointing township assessors for 1916, (Thomas H. Ketcheson and Wm. J. Gallagher appointed assessors); a bylaw appointing a Medical Officer of Health and Sanitary Inspector, and to fix their salaries, also appointing a member of the local Board of Health, (Chas. Ketcheson, chairman B. of H., Dr. H. V. Malone, Medical Officer of Health, Robt. Armstrong, member of B. of H., Wm. H. Weese, Sanitary Inspector, and A. M. Chapman, secretary); a bylaw appointing Township Auditors for 1916, (Clem. H. Ketcheson and Walter Boardman, auditors).

Moved by Merritt Finkle, seconded by W. A. Reid, that the 80th Battalion for overseas be granted one hundred dollars towards a regimental fund, to be paid to Colonel Wm. Geo. Ketcheson, Colonel commanding 80th Batt., C.E.F.—Carried.

Moved by W. A. Reid, seconded by Harry L. Ketcheson, that the reeve be authorized to give an order on the Treasurer for any money required to be advanced to the Road Superintendent for road purposes to the extent of $300.—Carried.

Moved by John W. Hess, seconded by W. A. Reid, that the council now adjourn until Monday, March 27th, at at 10 a.m.—Carried.

A. M. Chapman, Clerk.

WEDDING BELLS

TWEEDY—POPE

At three o'clock on Wednesday afternoon on January 12th, Miss Daisy Mildred, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Pope of the 5th. concession of Thurlow, was united in marriage to Mr. Harry Walker Tweedy, of the 3rd concession of Thurlow. The marriage took place quietly in the parsonage, Cannifton, the Rev. M. E. Wilson, M.A., officiating. Mr. Wm. Waterhouse of Cannifton, and Miss Maggie Ray of Sidney, were witnesses. The bride, who is very popular amongst an extended circle of friends, looked very charming and beautiful in a gown of blue silk. After their marriage, Mr. and Mrs. Tweedy were motored to the Grand Trunk railway station, where they took the east bound train for Brockville and other points, for their honeymoon. Upon the return of the bride and groom they will reside on the third concession of Thurlow upon the farm owned and occupied by the prosperous and happy groom.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Pte. Harold Prest, of Brockville, is visiting his wife in this city for a few days. Pte. Prest is a member of the 59th Battalion.

Mrs. Lattimer, John Street, will be At Home Friday, January 14, from four to six. Mrs. Locke of Toronto, with her.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Anderson and son of Garroll, Manitoba, left for their home Tuesday, after seeing their parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Leslie, of Park street of this city, who celebrated their 80th birthday, which was attended by the members of their family.

CALL 100 WOMEN

Ask them what they think of Zam-Buk and you will be surprised how many of them would tell you it is the best known healing balm, and that it should be in every home. A contest in "Everywoman's World" recently proved this!

Women from coast to coast have proved by actual test that Zam-Buk is unequalled for the skin diseases and injuries of children as well as of adults. They have found Zam-Buk different to ordinary ointments in that it allays the irritation as soon as applied; prevents festering, inflammation, blood poisoning, etc., and permanently heals in a very short time. As a mother and head of a family you owe it to yourself to have Zam-Buk always handy!

If you have not yet tried Zam-Buk, get a box at once.

Druggists and stores, 50c.

ZAM-BUK

DEATH ROLL

ROBERT COPELAND

Mr. Robert Copeland, an aged and esteemed resident of Tyendinaga Township, died yesterday. Deceased was 79 years of age and was born in the county of Armagh, Ireland. For the past 45 years deceased had been a resident of Hastings County. A family of five sons and three daughters survive. The sons are James of Deseronto, Joseph A. of Manitoba, Henry of Belleville, John W. of Plainfield and Robt. L. of Tyendinaga. The daughters are Mrs. Cross Carter of Tyendinaga, Mrs. Ward Gould of Plainfield and Mrs. Wm. Tracey of Carmel.

Sir Sam Vetoes Orange Battalion

OTTAWA, Jan. 12.—Mr. Fred Dane, member of the Ontario License Commission, conferred with Sir Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia, to-day as to the possibility of the raising of an Orange Battalion in Toronto, as is now under consideration in Winnipeg. Mr. Dane merely discussed with Sir Sam, who has vetoed the scheme once before, the advisability of the attempt. He said he had no doubt such a battalion could be raised in Toronto despite the fact that 20,000 Toronto Orangemen had joined the colors already. Sir Sam replied that he would consider the scheme.

* * *

Lloyd's has raised insurance on Suez Canal shipping 300 per cent. resulting in almost complete abandonment of route by shippers. It is taken as indicating impending military developments in that region.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

QUIET IN POLICE CIRCLES

In police circles yesterday and last night all was quiet. Two tramps, comparatively young men, were last night provided with protection at the station.

LAID TO REST

The funeral of the late Mrs. Catherine Barrett, who died in Tyendinaga Township, took place this morning from her son's residence on Foster Avenue. At St. Michael's church Rev. Father Killeen celebrated mass. At the vault in the Belleville cemetery the remains were deposited. The bearers were Messrs. W. Spiece, M. Daly, R. Waddell, J. Freeman, John and James Boyle.

SUPPORT WAR FUNDS

COBOURG, Jan. 12.—At a meeting of ratepayers of Murray township a resolution was unanimously carried asking the 1916 council to levy a rate of one-half mill on the assessable property of the township for the Belgian relief fund, and that the township pay $150 per month for the year to the patriotic fund. The representatives from Murray to the counties council of Northumberland and Durham were asked to support the recommendation made by the chairman of the counties patriotic committee, that the counties council levy a rate of one and a half mills all over the counties for the patriotic fund.

WHY NOT FLORIDA FOR YOUR WINTER TOUR?

The attractions are unsurpassed, beautiful palm trees, warm sea bathing, orange and banana groves, golf, tarpon fishing, luxurious hotels for all pockets. Two nights only from Toronto. Winter tourist tickets now on sale. Be sure that your tickets read via Canadian Pacific Railway. Excellent service is offered via Detroit and Cincinatti. Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents, or write M. G. Murphy, District Passenger Agent, Toronto, Ont.

j13,to22.

Port Hope Pastor Dons the Khaki

Our esteemed townsman Rev. J. A. Elliott of St. John's church, has answered the call of King and Country. The Rev. gentleman has been appointed Chaplain of the 136th Battalion, and commenced his service yesterday. He will don the khaki in a few days. Rev. Elliott's many friends will be pleased to learn that he will still remain as vicar of the church so long as the battalion remains here.—Port Hope Guide.

Old friends and new friends unite in saying
Red Rose
Tea "is good tea"

Trench Protectors.

A Wanganui (New Zealand) firm is putting on the New Zealand market a clever and useful invention. It is a combination protector and carrier, the chief purpose of which is to give the man in the firing-line an additional chance of life, at the same time providing a safe and convenient means of carrying most cherished possessions. The "protector" takes the form of a specially-designed leather pocket with independent compartments.

The front compartment, the money carrier, is backed by a thin sheet of tempered steel. Behind this is a pocket for a book or letters, and back of all is a plate of heavier steel. The protector is attached to the braces so as to cover the heart, and is so arranged as to give with every movement of the body and afford no inconvenience at all to the wearer. The steel plate is removable, and need only be worn when in action, but even with the plate in position the weight is inconsiderable, and is carried where it is least felt. Medical men and military experts have expressed the opinion that the protector should be the means of saving many lives.

Dressing to Please.

"It's just 'clothes, clothes, clothes' all the time," growled Mr. Cobbles. "Don't you women ever think of anything but clothes?"

"Why, yes," answered Mrs. Cobbles. "Occasionally we think of you men, and then we go and buy more clothes."

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

PICKLES
Gillard's Pickle Relish
Crosse & Blackwell's Sweet Pickle
Libby's Sweet Pickle
Heinz's Sweet Pickles
Lea's Sweet and Sour Pickles
Pickled Walnuts
Pickled White Onions
Pickled Red Cabbage
Pearl Onions
Chow Chow
Girkins
Midgets
Libby's Pickles in sealers .... 25c.
Pin Money Pickles .... 25c.
Tomato Chutney Chili Sauce
Tomato Ketchup French Mustard

INDIAN CHUTNIES
Bombay, Bengal Club, Mango

SAUCES
Lea & Perrin's Worcestershire
Yorkshire Relish
H. P. Sauce
Brand's A1 Sauce
SoSyer's Sultana's Sauce
Harvey's Sauce
Montserrat L. J. Sauce
Bengal Chutney Sauce
C. & B. Mushroom Catsup
C. & B. Walnut Catsup
C. & B. Anchovy Sauce
McIlhenny's Tabasco Sauce
Pepper Sauce
Mint Sauce
French Capers
Onion Salt
Celery Salt

Try Our
Saturday Special
Chocolates
33c
JAS. WALLACE & CO.

To be fitted in proper style let McFee make your glasses.

While our glasses are stylish, we do not make style the only or even the first consideration.

Style is combined with—but is secondary to utility.

Yet in making glasses for utility — which is THE ONLY reason for using them at all—style is not ignored

at

Angus McFee's

United States exports of arms and ammunition, which now average $2,500,000 daily, will increase tremendously druing next year, reaching their high point by the middle of March. By that time all factories will have attained maximum capacity.

A BUSY PORT

During 1915 total number of vessels arriving at New York was 10,279, increase of 1,076 over 1914.

SINCLAIR'S
SINCLAIR'S

January Sale

Friday & Saturday Special Attractions

While Every Day Is Bargain Day At Our Store, Here Are A Few Special Lines For Week-End Shoppers

Great Bargains In Ladies' And Children's Coats

BLACK COATS FOR STOUT WOMEN.
We have about 20 Black Coats, in styles designed for Extra Large Women, out very full in Bust and large Hip Measures, sizes 37, 39, 41, 43 and 45 bust measures, regular prices $13.50, $16.50, $18.50, $20.00 and $22.50, on sale Friday and Saturday at $9.50, $12.50, $13.50, $14.50 and $16.50.

GIRLS' COATS, $3.50 AND $4.50.
At these prices we offer two lots of Girls' Cloth Coats in every size from 3 to 15 years of age, all made of Heavy Wool Cloth, regular prices $4.50 to $6.50, to clear in Two Lots, your choice of 1st Lot $3.50; your choice of 2nd Lot, $4.50 each.

COLORED COATS, ONE-THIRD OFF.
This applies to every Ladies' and Misses' Colored Cloth Coat in our store, all this season's best Coat Styles, about 80 Coats in all to select from, in a full range of Ladies' and Misses' 16, 18 and 20 year sizes; to clear Kriday and Saturday at One-Third off Regular Prices.

25c. AND 35c. FLANNEL VELOURS, ONLY 15c. YARD
Here is a great snap in Kimono Flannels with 20 patterns to select from, all the very latest American designs—Flannels that sell regularly at 25c. and 35c. yard. Goods now in our window. On sale Friday and Saturday, only 15c. yard.

LADIES' FLANNELETTE GOWNS, 89c. AND $1.19.
We think these the greatest values we have ever offered in Ladies' Gowns, in two lots, regular sizes 56 to 60, also Extra Large Sizes for Stout Women, in White and Pink, at special prices, 89c. and $1.19 each.

DRESS GOODS, ONLY 49c. YARD
At this price we offer your choice of about 30 pieces of Fancy Tweed Dress Goods and Suitings, our regular 65c., 75c. and 90c. Goods, to clear, your choice, only 49c. yard.

SATURDAY EARLY CLOSING.
Once more we ask you to help us in our Early Closing. Saturday is a long, hard day for our Staff, because it is always a busy day in our store. We are here from 8.30 a.m. to 7 p.m.

Early Closing means much to our Staff who are always at your service.

FLANNEL WAISTS, ONLY $1.50.
We have only a few of these Ladies' Waists, made of Unshrinkable Viyella Flannel, colors Cream, Tan, Grey and Cardinal, regular $2.50 Waists, to clear for only $1.50 each.

SINCLAIR'S
Our Store Closes Saturday at 7 p.m.
SINCLAIR'S

WIMS' Mid-Winter SALE

EXCEPTIONAL BARGAINS
RELIABLE MERCHANDISE
CORRECT STYLES

5 dozen American Blouses — looks like silk, wears well, high-low neck, short sleeves, on sale at $1.19.

3 dozen White Silk Blouses—high-low neck, long sleeves, worth $1.75; on sale $1.19

SWEATER COATS
For Men, Women and Children.
Prices Moderate.

STAPLE DRY GOODS
Sheetings, Shirtings, Cottons, Prints, Ginghams, Blankets, at old Prices.

20 pieces yard wide Flannelette, worth 12½c., on sale at 9c. yard

10 dozen Men's Wool Sox, 25c. pair

Wims & Co

HOBSON'S
PALATABLE
Epsom Salts
Easy to take
No Nasty Taste
No Nausea after taking
15c pkg.
Waters' DRUG STORE

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip

Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.

Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows.

F. W. L. CARRE

Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward counties.
Phone 366 276 Albert St., City

EYES BLUR
when reading?
If so; Glasses are needed to overcome the strain—let me help you.

Alex Ray, Opt. D
Eye-Sight Specialist

The Company
and Staff
extend to you
and yours
Greetings and
Good Wishes
for a
Happy
New Year

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Advertise in The Intelligencer

"NEWS FROM HOME" FOR SOLDIERS AT THE FRONT

The "News from Home" movement was founded by Mr. W. K. George in September, 1914, laid by him before the League of the Empire, and adopted by the League as one of its special activities during the war. The aim of the movement is to provide Canadian news in the shape of newspaper clippings for our soldiers at the front and in the hospitals, arranged in a concrete, convenient and practically indestructible form.

As the League of the Empire is an Imperial Educational Association its first thought was to spread this work through the schools of Canada. Dr. James L. Hughes and Mr. W. K. George, both representatives of the League Council, waited on the Toronto Board of Education. The Board gave its hearty approval and co-operation and Toronto schools have, since September, 1914, been sending on an average 70 budgets a week, first to Salisbury Plain and later to the trenches. The schools of Canada were circularized by the League and in a short time from Nova Scotia to British Columbia many of them were taking part in this patriotic work, splendidly led and inspired by the enthusiasm and energy of the principals and teachers. The work the schools continue to do is magnificent and will go on in a steady stream as long as the war lasts, but in the nature of things the output of the schools cannot much increase and the demand grows unceasingly and the League is most thankful to report that in addition to the schools many other patriotic individuals and societies have taken up this work in the last few months. Women's Institutes, Red Cross Societies, Women's University Residences, Young People's Societies, Girl Guides and Boy Scouts, have all thrown themselves selves into the movement, each society working it out for its own men and on the lines best suited to its own local conditions. These budgets are of untold value to the men at the front, as they give them their news from home in a form that alone makes it possible for many of the soldiers to receive it, and, unhappily, the need promises to be greater for the coming months than ever before.

The plan is a very simple one. The Budgets should be made of six or more sheets of strong manilla paper about 11 inches wide when folded, and 15 inches long, fastened together through the centre by strong cord. On the cover "News from Home" should be written, the locality the budget comes from, and the inclusive dates of the budgets given. Whenever possible the budgets should be kept up to date and forwarded once a week.

First, last, and always, it should be remembered that the real object of the budgets is to provide the soldiers with the "News from Home"—*not* with general reading matter of a more or less interesting character. There are many channels through which the soldiers obtain ordinary reading matter. There is only one source for "News from Home" and the men long for and appreciate that above everything else. The budget should be made up from local papers, or from such papers as are usually read in the vicinity, and should include (1) Items of city, local and district news; (2) Roll of honor and casualty lists; (3) Social and personal items; (4) Birth, marriage and death notices; (5) School and college news; (6) Items of general Canadian news; (7) Sports—very extensively; Remember that the men are nearly all "fans" and that they are eager for every bit of news of the games or gossip about the players. (9) Very important—include all articles in commendation of our men at the front, especially extracts copied from British or foreign papers. It is only right that our men should know something of what we and others think of their glorious bravery, but don't use letters from men at the front, the writers might not like to see them back again. (10) Fill in odd spaces with jokes, funny stories, or something for the soldiers' more serious side, but remember that home news is the first consideration. No war news should be included.

The budgets should be addressed as follows:

(1) To any officer or man at the front whose address is known, with the request that the budgets be read and passed on to others. (N.B.—This has been found to be a very quick and satisfactory method.)

(2) "News from Home" for the men of ...... (fill in name of regiment and brigade),

Care of C. J. Colmer, Esq.,
Canadian War Contingent Asso'n,
Westminster Palace Hotel,
London, England.

(3) The budgets intended for Canadians in hospitals should be addressed:

"News from Home" for Canadians in Hospitals,
Care of Red Cross Commissioner,
16 Cockspur Street,
London, England.

The above associations have been forwarding these budgets since Christmas, 1914, and see that they always go to their destinations at the earliest possible date.

Our men are facing a long, dreary and monotonous winter in the trenches. We are told that the literature that can provide them with Entertainment, Distraction and Peace of Mind is what they crave for, and a year's experience has demonstrated that our news budgets can render a very real service to them in this regard. It is the hope of the League of the Empire that every battalion at the front will be provided by the people of its own district with the home news so dear to the soldier's heart.

Will you not see that your district takes part in this work while the war lasts? Everyone can help. Many of the best budgets are made by men. The time spent on them is well spent. When made they are practically indestructible and each one, as the men testify, is found unique and different from every other one, so that while an an issue of 100 newspapers to 100 men means that each man has one paper, an issue of 100 budgets means that each man can read 100 different budgets.

* * *

LONDON MAIL MAKES SENSATIONAL CHARGES

Alleges Mysterious Agreement With Demark Aids Foe and Cripples Fleet

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The Daily Mail begins this morning its promised statements purporting to prove that Great Britain is pursuing a policy of being "gentle to Germany" and allowing food and material to pass freely through Denmark to that country. It prints a long article by Basil Clarke, whom it sent to Copenhagen to ascertain the facts of "the mysterious agreement concluded between Britain and Denmark," and declares that the facts that he produces cannot be controverted.

"His figures show," it asserts, "that all kinds of supplies are being rushed through from Denmark to the German army, while the greatest fleet in the world, which is only to anxious to crush its German enemies, is paralyzed by orders."

The Daily Mail correspondent says: "The phrases "Great Britian is blockading Germany' and 'Great Britain is starving Germany' have become well nigh the laughing-stock of neutral traders, while for Germany and German traders with Scandinavia they are pre-eminently the best joke of the war. Danish sympathies are entirely with the Allies, and the Danes are revolted by the work that Denmark is forced to do.

Not Her Own Mistress

"Denmark is not her own mistress. Just now the big German fist overhangs it, threatening, bullying, driving!

"The Germans threaten to seize Denmark ,unless that country furnishes Germany with the surplus Danish food commodities and such commodities as she can get abroad."

Figures are given showing enormouse increases in the Danish importations of rice, lard, linseed oil, pork, tea, coffee, cocoa, meat and oleomargarine—all vastly in excess of possible home consumption. An immense preponderance of these goes to Germany, says the writer, some to Sweden and a tiny part to Russia.

A description is given of the long lines of freight cars that transport these goods night and day, some direct to, others by way of Sweden, and statements are offered purporting to prove that the latter class proceed promptly from Sweden to German territory.

"If Britain licenses and permits recommendations which keep the pouring of world's goods into Germany," the article concludes, "there is little wonder that the Danish merchants and other onlookers exclaim: 'My word, you are truly Christian people, for you really love your enemies!' "

GILLETT'S
LYE
E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

EATS DIRT

* * *

? Mongolia is to have a national bank financed by Russians, to be capitalized at $515,000.

* * *

Knew John A. When a Boy

OTTAWA, Jan. 12.—Outside of Sir Joseph Pope, who was many years private secretary to Sir John Macdonald, probably no man in Ottawa today knew personally so well the "Grand Old Man" of the Conservative party as Col. Harry Smith, Kingston, the veteran sergeant-at-arms of the House of Commons. Col. Smith's father was the late Sir Henry Smith, member for years for Frontenac, Attorney-General at one time in the old Parliament of Canada, and later Speaker.

"Sir John A.! Sir John A.! You ask me for reminiscences of him?" replied Col. Smith, as he sat in his little dingy office in the Commons building. "Why I first knew Sir John when I was but eight years old." He smiled. "Don't make that when he was eight years old."

He continued: "He was then a rising young politician in Kingston, regarded as a brilliant man with a future. He was frequently in my father's house, and he was always joking me. He always told me I would meet an early death."

His First Candidature

"When did he first run for Parliament? He was first asked to stand for Kingston as member for that city in the Legislative Assembly of Old Canada in April, 1884."

Col. Smith had in his files a copy of the Kingston Whig of that date. This contained the names of those who signed the requisition that he become a candidate.

"Among these I notice," said Col. Smith,, "the names of John Flannagan, at that time city clerk; Mr. Alexander Campbell, afterwards Sir Alexander; Mr. Alexander Drummond, for many years manager of the Bank of Montreal; Mr. John Mowat, father of Sir Oliver Mowat; Hon. John Kirby, Mr. Henry Smith, my father, afterwards Sir Henry Smith; Mr. Ogle R. Gowan; Mr. A. Henderson, Q.C., and many other prominent citizens of Kingston, all of whom have since passed away.

The great charm of Sis John," he continued, "was his wonderful geniality and sympathy of his manner. His apparent pleasure at your presence never seemed to be other than natural. If you paid him a visit in his office, he was always a most amusing and interesting companion. He had the happy knack of making his visitors feel perfectly at home. When you left him it was with the pleasant feeling that he was sorry to see you go. He was indeed a human marvel of tact and keen perception.

Sir John Angry

"Only twice during long years in the House did I see him genuinely provoked and angry. Once was on the 10th of May, 1878, just before prorogation, and later dissolution. It was the most unruly and most turbulent scene I ever witnessed in the House. Chaos held high carnival. Leading men used strong language, while fists were clenched and front ranks pressed closer to each other. Lord Strathcona had used somewhat pointed language in regard to Sir John's veracity. The Conservative leader was exceedingly angry.

"The second time was once late at night, when Mr. McMullen, M.P., in rather harsh tones, interrupted Sir John while making an important speech as Premier.

"Sir John paused for a moment, with flashing eyes, and all he said was, 'Hold your tongue, sir.' The effect was magical. Mr. McMullen grew suddenly meek and did not open his mouth until the House adjourned."

* * *

Paul J. Myler, general manager of Canadian Westinghous, of Hamilton, has been elected a director of the Bank of Toronto.

Swamped

When a man's efficiency is on the decline—when after a long day of effort the mass of work still stares him in the face—it's time to find out what's wrong.

Frequently a lack of certain necessary nutritive elements, in the daily diet, lessen mental and physical activity. A prime factor in efficiency is right feeding.

No food supplies, in such splendid proportion, all the rich nourishment of the field grains, for keeping the mental and physical forces upbuilt and in trim, as

Grape-Nuts

Made of whole wheat and malted barley this famous pure food supplies the vital mineral salts, often lacking in the ordinary daily diet, but imperative in building sturdy mental, physical and nervous energy.

Then, too, there's a wonderful return of power for the small effort required in the digestion of Grape-Nuts, which, with cream or good milk, supplies complete nourishment.

"There's a Reason" for Grape-Nuts

Made in Canada
Sold by Grocers everywhere
Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

January Shoe Bargains

50 Pairs of Ladies' DOROTHY DODD $5.00 Shoes for $3.25

Patent in Button Black Cloth Tops, sizes 2½ to 5.
Gun Metal in Button and Laced Styles, sizes 2½ to 5.

Secure a Pair at Once
Before they are sold out.

Several other Lots at Great Bargains
to Clear before Stock-Taking.

The **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros. January Clearance Sale

will save you money on most any article you require, be it for present or future wear.

GREAT BARGAINS IN THE MEN'S SECTION ALL THIS WEEK.

75c. Men's warm Winter Shirts	49c.
$1.25 Men's Flannel Shirts	$1.00
$1.00 Men's Wool Caps,	65c.
$1.50 Men's striped Trousers, extra strong work pants, clearing at, pair	69c.
$1.00 to $1.50 Men's Sweaters, clearing at	69c. each
Men's Heavy Grey Pure Wool Sox	4 pairs for $1.00
Men's regular up to $1.00 Overalls, black or blue color, with or without bibs, clearing at only	69c.

CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' DRESSES

At prices that you will wonder at when you see the quality of the goods. Come at once. See these, as there is only a limited number. Here are a few notable offers:—

Children's Dresses suitable for Children ages 3 to 6 years, regular up to $2.50 values, clearing at	$1.39
Reg. up to $1.25 values, clearing at	69c.
Reg. up to $3.00 values, clearing at	$1.98

You can't afford to miss one day of this great sale, as there is no limit to the many bargains that are being offered.

McIntosh Bros

WOOLS

At the present time we have a large stock of Military and Fingering Yarns. As this Wool was secured under our old agreement, we have not had to advance our prices on this lot. Secure what you require soon.

Hockey Goods

Hockey Sticks, Hockey Gloves, Hockey Pads, Leg Guards, Pucks and Skate Straps all at popular prices.

THE BEEHIVE **CHAS. N. SULMAN**

The Standard Bank of Canada.

Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.

GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.
Toronto, 28th December, 1915.

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch - - - JOHN ELLIOTT - - Manager

PERSIAN LAMB

We have never before been better prepared to meet the season's demand for high class Persian Lamb garments, than at present.

Why not get prices on having your Persian Jacket repaired, remodelled or lengthened? We have skins to match every coat.

G. T. WOODLEY,
Phone 421. 273 Front St.

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, 27 Front Street.
CHARLES JAMES BOWELL,
Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 22 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 60c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $2.00, strictly in advance.

This is the 528th day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany

SAFETY FIRST.

During late years there has been a great deal of agitation for subways on the railroads, and no place has it been more clearly demonstrated that a subway was required than at the Canifton road crossing over the G.T.R. in this city.

That the crossing is very dangerous is admitted by everyone, and that several people have lost their lives there within the last few years is a well known fact. It would seem to be about time that some action was commenced that would cause a subway to be built at this crossing.

Another thing that attention should be called to, is that gates should be erected at the railway crossing on the south end of Front street.

Where there is evident danger to human life there should be no compromise, and the expense of building or maintaining necessary improvements should not be allowed to count against the work.

"Safety First" is the proper slogan, and action should be taken to insure the safety of the lives of the people.

GOOD ROADS.

The prosperity of a country is to a large extent mirrored by its good roads.

Ill-paved, badly-graded, grass-grown, rutty roads plainly point to national decay and devolution.

Wide, well-bricked, paved or macadamed highways mark a nation's growth.

The Romans were the pioneer road-builders. Three hundred and twelve years before Christ, Appius Claudius began the construction of the Appian Way.

It was a magnificent undertaking connecting Rome with Brindisi; three hundred and fifty miles of paved roadway, eighteen feet in width.

The Appian Way was the symbol of abundance. It made the country accessible and tapped the abundant sources of oil and wine. It became the Milky Way of Roman commerce.

And it was these same Romans who, two hundred and fifty years later, gave to England that magnificent road leading from London to Edinburgh—the Great North Road, and Watling Street stretching from Dover to York.

And portions of these wonderful roads still exist, a monument to Roman enterprise and thoroughness.

Undoubtedly these rare Roman roads endowed the Britons with one of the primary principles of civilization. They gave quicker transportation facilities and brought markets into being by enabling the farmer to haul his produce from where it was plentiful to where it was needed.

The Belleville councils have realized the need of good roads, and have, and undoubtedly will continue to improve the highways of the city.

◆

Gem imports into United States for past 12 months totalled $25,000,000, a gain over last year of $6,000,000.

RECRUITING IN QUEBEC.

Now it is Bruchesi against Bourassa. Needless to say which will prevail. The bulk of the people of Quebec, especially in the rural districts, take their opinions on things secular as well as religious from their priests, and the priests look for guidance to the Archbishop's palace.

Bourassa and his fellow Nationalists have been arguing that Canada has nothing to do with England's wars, that it is only when Canada is attacked she need to bestir herself, and that her defence is a matter to be fought out some day, if ever, on this side of the Atlantic. Canada may be in alliance with the British Empire, but is not a part of it. Apart from anything England may do, Canada has her own course to pursue.

The other evening Archbishop Bruchesi spoke at Laval University, Montreal. Notice how flatly he contradicts every link in the Bourassa argument: "Canada," he said, "being a part of the British Empire, it is the sacred duty of the Canadian people to assist Great Britain in her heroic defence of liberty. This was the position taken by the episcopacy of French Canada at the outbreak of the war, and this is the attitude our Bishops still maintain and will continue to maintain to the very end. The obligations we owe the British crown are sacred obligations. It is the solemn duty of every Canadian citizen to the utmost limit of his force to stand side by side with the motherland in her heroic effort to crush the tyrant who wishes to trample small nations and states beneath his iron heel. What fate would be ours if the Germans obtained a foothold here? Were Great Britain defeated, Germany would secure domination on the St. Lawrence." With special emphasis he added: "French-Canadian countrymen, I for one do not want to be a German citizen."

Now recruiting may go on in Quebec without check or hindrance. Bourassa must hide his diminished head. If hereafter he repeats his treasonable utterances, he may come under the ban of the church. That would be better than to put him behind prison bars as a traitor. In jail he would pose as a martyr, a victim of Protestant Ontario, etc., and would make all the mischief he could, politically, for the Gouin Government at Quebec and the Borden Government at Ottawa. But when the chief authority of his own faith and race takes him in hand, he can have nothing to say. Rich indeed is it to see so pestilent a fellow so neatly silenced.

◆

Montenegro will have to receive help very soon if that little country is not to be completely overrun.

To-morrow night the local boys will try to retrieve their defeat at the hands of the Picton hockeyists.

The impression is growing in official circles that the nationality of the submarine which sank the Persia will never be learned. Will the confidence of official Washington in the good faith of the governments which it suspects are withholding the information remain unshaken?

There is a chance that the freight blockade will be lifted from a part of the Atlantic coast, anyhow. It is reported that the British Government has commandeered enough vessels to handle the Canadian wheat that has been held up in Canada for lack of steamers to move it. This does not concern those 15,000,000 bushels recently requisitioned by the British Government, however. That lot of wheat is for Italy and will be transported in Italian vessels, and the Italian Government has announced that it can take care of the shipment itself.

◆

GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From The Daily Intelligencer Jan. 13, 1868.

We are glad to learn that a pottery is to be established in Belleville next spring.

Forty-three deer were sold in Guelph last week at four cents a pound.

Despatches received from the British expedition in Abyssinia contain advices that the native chief of Tigia has proved friendly to the British troops, and in evidence of his good faith, he has already sent in 2,000 cattle for the use of the army.

A United People Bending Every Effort

To the Successful Prosecution of

THE GREAT WAR

This is the Resolve of Canada
The Determination of Ontario

A United People in the Great War

This is the end to which Political Leaders have made every effort and continued to wield their great influence.

No question of a local, contentious or political nature can be allowed to divert our minds or our energies from the one duty. Win the War. The best minds in Ontario and, in fact, throughout Canada believe that, although there may be questions political and otherwise that might well be determined by the electorate, yet these must wait.

No Election Until After The War Is Over

No General Election This Year

The House of Commons opens shortly and it is expected the first bill to be introduced will be one extending the Life of Parliament for a year—What for? In order that the Government may devote its whole thought and energies in directing Canada's great efforts to do its full part within the Empire in winning the war and thus bring about an honorable peace.

Let the Man Who Fights Vote on The Issue

And now at this critical time comes the Citizens' Committee of One Hundred with its campaign for Total Prohibition to divide us, to throw us into opposing camps, and if possible force their will on this province when many of the electors are fighting for the Empire in Europe.

The Electors of the Province of Ontario
Spoke With No Uncertain Sound June, 1914

to retain The License System under sane Government supervision and control.

The question was settled, then why does the Citizens' Committee of One Hundred raise it now?

The Question Was Settled by The Electors in 1914

The Men at the Front and the Thousands to Follow

Thousands of our fellow-citizens have heard the call and have gladly responded, sacrificing the comforts of home, their loved ones, their friends, their business, at the call of Duty and Liberty. Many more will go before the vote proposed by the Citizens' Committee of One Hundred could be taken. These men voted in 1914. Is it fair to force the question of Total Prohibition on Ontario when they have become disfranchised by reason of their absence—fighting for you—fighting for Liberty?

Parliament of Canada Gave Vote to Men in the Trenches

In the last session of the House of Commons a bill amending the Franchise Act was introduced, approved and made law, under which, in the event of a General Election in Canada, our soldiers in England or on any field of action will be able to cast their votes. The Citizens' Committee of One Hundred is trying to get a verdict in the absence of our fighting men.

The Citizens' Committee of One Hundred realizes that the men who are fighting for the World's liberty on the battlefield of Europe would be fighting for the liberty of the individual if they were home.

Wait, and give them an opportunity to vote.

THE PERSONAL LIBERTY LEAGUE OF ONTARIO.

Current Comment

Never Desert Nancy.

We feel sure that only a few Frenchmen will be so lacking in chivalry as to desert Nancy.—Toronto Star.

An Insult.

Maximilian Harden's paper has been suppressed because he said that the Kaiser had ordered Edith Cavell to be pardoned. Every one will understand how the Kaiser would resent such an insult.—Kingston Standard.

Bilingualism is a Sham.

Ottawa is not the scene of a fight to INCLUDE FRENCH in the teaching authorized by Ontario's educational system.

Ottawa is the scene of a fight to EXCLUDE ENGLISH from the teaching authorized in Ontario's educational system.—Toronto Telegram.

Relics.

Rev. Father O'Leary, who earned the esteem of the Canadian soldiers in South Africa, and who is now a chaplain with the rank of major, somewhere in France, writes a letter to a friend, in which he states that he is encamped on the identical spot where Julius Caesar gathered his legions for their invasion of Britain. He also tells of securing some coins and other relics of that ancient period which were discovered by the troops while digging drains. The information calls attention to the fact that history keeps repeating itself. There have been many wars since Julius Caesar's time and the same territory has been deluged with blood on numerous occasions. If, in some day which now seems remote, armies again clash on the old fighting ground, there will be relics found of the present war under every sod that is turned over by the trenching spades.—Montreal Gazette.

No More Nonsense.

It may be necessary for the Ontario Government to dissolve the Legislature and ask the direct judgment of the country on the regulations to ensure adequate English teaching in the schools of the Province.—Toronto News

The Poets' Corner

The Iron Walls of Britain.

The iron walls of Britain!
Built on the broad sea brine,
Whose giant sides shall guard, and form
Our future battle line—
Whose voice of bolted thunder
Can make the mighty fear,
For them and Britain's ocean hearts
A welcome and a cheer.

The iron walls of Britain!
The pride of all the seas,
Whose song of praise immortally
Pipes in the sounding breeze,
Upon the briny waters
They proudly heave and float,
The land their stay, the ocean vast
Their far outlying moat.

The iron walls of Britain!
The glory of the deep;
Behind whose girding stretch of guns
A thousand cities sleep;
Within whose guardian shadow
The merchants count their gains,
And Commerce with her crush of wheels,
Roars down our streets and lanes.

The iron walls of Britain!
The nation's hope and pride,
The toil-birth of the hammers' stroke
Heard on the Thames and Clyde.
Securely rests the islands
That rear such manly sons,
Whose brawny arms can build and float
A heaving wall of guns.

The iron walls of Britain!
With throbbing hearts of steam,
And peace imprisoned mouths of fire,
And eyes of lightning gleam—
If on our circling waters,
A foe shall strike her sails,
Another "yarn" shall swell the list
Of Britain's naval tales.

The iron walls of Britain!
Built on the broad sea brine,
Whose giant sides shall guard and form
Our future battle line—
Whose voice of bolted thunder
Can make the mighty fear,
To them and Britain's ocean hearts
A welcome and a cheer.

—Author Unknown.

DO THIS FIRST—YOU!

You know, and every physician knows, that when any sickness has passed, whether it be throat trouble organic disturbances, contagious diseases, or even a severe cold, a relapse is feared, because sickness robs the system of Nature's resistance and leaves it subject to lingering germs.

Drugs never build up a worn-out body—only food can do that, and the first thing to take after any sickness is the concentrated, blood-making oil-food in Scott's Emulsion, which feeds the tissues, benefits the blood and strengthens both lungs and throat.

Physicians prescribe Scott's Emulsion after sickness. Nurses everywhere advocate it. Scott's is pure medicinal food, without injurious drugs.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 15-28

"Truth Dexter"

By

SIDNEY McCALL

CHAPTER XXIX.—Continued

Orchid turned breahlessly. "Do you mean it? Was I the cause? Oh, I don't know what to say! Tell me, is it true?"

"You were not the sole cause," Craighead answered in the same reluctant, enforced way. "You merely hastened the crisis. The ostensible issue was based on the question of her uncle's will."

"Why,—didn't you put the money in her name?"

"She wishes to throw it over altogether, and gives me the choice between herself and the fortune."

Orchid turned her face away, and for some moments appeared to be struggling with conflicting thoughts.

"Do you really mean to say that she wants to relinquish her entire fortune? What reason does she give? Is she demented?"

"Most people will think so," said Craighead, gloomily, in answer to the last question. "But she is sane enough, and utterly convinced that her standpoint is the only one."

"But what can be her standpoint? I never heard of anything so preposterous—unless—yes—it must be!—that she is trying to subjugate and humiliate you. It is a piece of colossal vanity!"

"On the contrary, it is a matter of principle, and arises from the fact that her great-uncle, whose fortune it was, fought against the South. She calls it 'blood-money.' The whole thing is utterly preposterous, I'll admit, but she is absolutely honest in her view."

"Where has been her scruples during the past year?"

"She has endeavored to reason herself out of them, she says; but a point has now been reached where she can endure it no longer."

"And she didn't attempt to force an issue until after her talk with me?"

"No."

Orchid's face had been steadily growing more keen, and shrewd, and hard. She gave a contemptuous laugh and burst out:—"Van Craighead,—are you, a lawyer, to be taken in with such puerile artifice as this? It is pique, I tell you,—nothing else! She is not even sincere. It is a trial—a test,—a—punishment."

Craighead flushed angrily. "The money is her loss."

"What does she care for money in comparison with the sweet satisfaction of humbling you! Probably she prefers her half-civilized, vegetable existence in the South, and would drag you to it if she could. You—who ought to be an Emperor!" She gloated him with eyes that swam in adoration.

"You underestimate her nobility and her strength, Mrs. Wiley."

"There your folly, not my madness, speaks! Oh, Van, this is a crisis in your life,—in all our lives! Do not delude yourself now, when delusion is so fearfully fatal! You have always been clear of sight before. I tell you I know her real motives. It takes a woman to understand a woman!"

Craighead turned on her. "You are fond of analyzing the motives of others. Are you sure of your own?"

"I am," said Orchid, steadily. "If I saw my humblest acquaintance nodding over a charcoal pot, I would try to draw him away. And you—you—Oh! For the world's sake, if not my own, I must save you from this mental asphyxiation. There is no height to which you cannot aspire. The President's chair could be your footstool. You should make empires, create universes,—fire the dusty heaps of the past with a glow that will light the remotest corners of the world's future! No one knows your power as I. and—now," she threw out both hands with a dramatic gesture, "am I to stand by helpless, and see you— punished?"

Craighead's face was like wax. A fearful power of concentration burned in his dark eyes. "You goad well, Orchid. But a few trifling aspects are still to be taken into consideration,—honor, for instance; faith to two helpless women, and that less tangible essence—self-respect."

"Does a tame poodle need self-respect?" she said bitterly.

The insolence of the tone, rather than the words, came like a lash of a whip across Craighead's face, but the pain steadied him. On each temple stood out a rough "V" of purple veins. He felt them as burning scars. The ghastly pallor deepened.

"Let us be clear, then. You, in my place, would feel justified in accepting freedom and fortune from that young girl, not yet twenty years of age, without a scruple or qualm as to the effect of her future life?"

"A stone in a king's path must be kicked aside. It is free to gather moss elsewhere! Perhaps the chivalrous Quincy—"

He stopped her with a gesture. "Leave something to decency!" he said darkly. "We will keep to the main issue, if you please. Now, taking for granted that I have acted on your advice, that I am legally free, and that technicalities could be managed,—that you have lost no confidence in me or respect for me—would it then be your desire to become Truth's successor?"

The question came so unexpectedly that Orchid's breath was taken away. She gasped and stared as though in doubt of her senses; then she let her eyes fall, and a slow, painful blush suffused her throat and brow.

"Wh—what do you mean?" she stammered. "What has that to do with it?"

"Everything! On this one point may hang life and death. You have assured me many times that you cared for me as you could never care for another man. You have said it again to-night. You cannot pretend concern for conventionalities. I ask you, now, Orchid, the direct question,—should I agree to accept the freedom that might be mine for the taking, would you pledge yourself both by words and in writing to marry me as soon as I might desire? Answer me, Orchid! Don't blench and cower. Where is your superb vehemence of a moment ago? It must be yes or no."

"You have no right to force a decision at such a time!" she cried. "It is unworthy of you,—cruel!—"

"Is it 'No'?"

"Certainly not! Give me time to think!"

"That is the one thing I will not give. Is it 'Yes'?"

"It is not!" she exclaimed with a flash of defiance. "I will not be bullied!"

Craighead gave a hoarse, unnatural laugh, and threw one palm to his forehead. For a moment it seemed that he was about to break into sobs. "God! But the edge of the axe was cold! What a risk! How did I take it!"

Orchid fell listlessly into a chair. She knew that she had failed, with success at her very feet,—yet had she really wished success? Craighead stood by the mantel, ejaculating, and talking to himself like a madman. Orchid regained self-control slowly, and, wrapping herself in the tattered fragments of her self-esteem as the tragedy-queen of a tenth-rate company in her tarnished cloak, said haughtily:——

"Am I to infer that I have been again an object of vivesection? Experiment seems to be your forte."

"This is the most terrific I have ever passed through," said Craighead, wiping his brow. "Thank God, you failed in the test!"

"Refusal to be bullied is not failure."

"It is so far as I am concerned. One tests a metal while the fire is hot. Twice I have tested you, and twice you have failed. In both cases my part has been an enforced and contemptible one; and I thank Heaven more for your sake than my own that you have failed."

Orchid's next remark was a surprise. "I don't know but that it is a good deal more comfortable to have these fireworks over once for all. Dodging sticks isn't pleasant. Suppose we change the subject."

Craighead seated himself. "Orchid," he said solemnly. "I feel like a toper who has signed the temperance pledge in a nightmare, and wakes to find himself reformed, and his whiskey-soaked rags turned to fringe and spangles. I could walk a tight-rope down the length of Commonwealth Avenue!" This being the only known effort on Van's part to be humorous, it is worthy of record.

But Orchid did not smile or reply. She was staring moodily into the fire. "Shall I tell you something?" she said, after a pause.

"If you please."

"You are not half so worldly and high-minded as you think. The whole matter with you is that you love your wife! I knew it at Ponkatuck last summer, though at that time you had no suspicion of the truth."

"Thanks! Now, shall I tell you something?"

"As you please."

"You are not half so worldy and recklessly romantic as you think. That letter which you showed me on the beach at Ponkatuck last summer was not the one you sent to Dexterville."

"Now how did you know that?" said Orchid.

"I suspected it from the first, but wasn't certain until to-night."

"I congratulate you on your new state of enlightment. The one I sent to Dexterville was far more flippant and didn't contain a word of love. The second was concocted for a special purpose.

"You are clever beyond belief."

"Would you like to see the first?"

"No. Burn it! Let us have done with all hypocrisies! Your better self is coming in on the home-stretch after this and I shall be the first to throw up my hat."

To be Continued.

BUSY KING EDWARD.

No Doubt Hard Work Caused Death of "Peacemaker."

The serious devotion of King Edward to his work is shown by a story which Lord Redesdale tells in his "Reminiscences" (Hutchinson).

"One night," says his lordship, "I was dining at the club, after King Edward had come to the throne, but before he had moved from Marlborough House into Buckingham Palace. He knew that I was in London for two or three days alone, so he sent over to ask whether I was at the club, and if so to bid me go across to him. I found him in his private sitting-room, all alone, and we sat smoking and talking over old times for a couple of hours. Towards midnight he got up and said: 'Now I must bid you good night, for I must set to work'—pointing to a hugh pile of the familiar red boxes. 'Surely,' I said, 'Your Majesty is not going to tackle all that work to-night!' His answer was: 'Yes, I must! Besides, it is all so interesting'; and then he gave me one of his happy smiles and I left him. So interesting! That was the frame of mind in which he faced his work—he, the man who we are expected to believe could not be brought to attend to business!"

It might almost be said that King Edward killed himself with work. During the closing days of his life, ill as he was, he worked with his accustomed energy at Buckingham Palace, and "on the Wednesday," to quote Lord Redesdale, "when one of the permanent heads of the Civil Service was with him, he was seized with one of those terrible choking fits of coughing. When he got better his visitor ventured to remonstrate with him, and begged him to rest, and even to go to bed, but he ridiculed the idea and said, 'No, I shall not give in; I shall work to the end. Of what use is it to be alive if one cannot work?' That was how he fulfilled his declaration to the Privy Council on his accession, that 'so long as there was breath in his body he would work for the good and amelioration of his people.'"

Naval and Military Toasts.

May no true son of Neptune shrink from his gun.

Firmness in Parliament, valour in the field, and fortitude on the sea.

Our country—may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong.

May our vessels be indeed hardships to our foes.

To the sweet little cherub that sits up aloft to keep watch for the life of Jack.

To Britain's sheet-anchor — her ships.

The British Navy: may it ever sail on a sea of glory, wafted to victory by the gales of prosperity.

May the tar who loses one eye in war never see distress with the other.

Here's to the tar that sticks like pitch to his duty.

The British Army: firm in disaster, courageous in danger, and merciful in victory.

Every soldier a pleasant halt, and every rogue a long halter.

Honor and the sword: may they never be parted.

British arms and British hands to use them.

May the brow of the brave never want a laurel wreath.

May good leaders always have good followers.

His Hope.

On a hot afternoon a San Francisco attorney made a hurried effort to get a car. The day and the effort had made him, uncomfortably warm, and he missed his object, but not a minister whom he knew.

"This is hotter than hades," said the lawyer thoughtlessly, mopping his brow.

The minister looked directly into his eyes and replied earnestly, "I hope so."

PARALYSED AND HELPLESS

Prominent Merchant Restored to Health by "Fruit-a-tives"

BRISTOL, N.B., July 25th, 1914.

"I had *a stroke of Paralysis* in March, and this left me unable to walk or help myself and the Constipation was terrible. Finally, I took 'Fruit-a-tives' for the *Constipation*. This fruit medicine gradually toned up the nerves and *actually relieved the paralysis*. By the use of 'Fruit-a-tives' I grow stronger until all the palsy left me. I am now well and attend my store every day."

ALVA PHILLIPS.

Fruit juice is nature's own remedy and 'Fruit-a-tives' is made from fruit juices.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY

Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—32690

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Preemption patent my be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388

GET THE
F.S.ANDERSON CO'S
GENUINE
SCRANTON
COAL
BELLEVILLE

The Best we Can Buy Carefully Prepared and Delivered

The F. S. ANDERSON CO., 42 Bridge St.

·3 LEADERS·
THE
DOW
ALES
STOUTS &
Malt Extract

Consumers who cannot purchase the Dow Brands from their local dealer, please address "Mail Order Department," 38 Chaboillez Square, Montreal.

The National Breweries Limited, Montreal

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

Bonaventure Union Depot

OCEAN LIMITED	Leaves 7.25 p.m.	Daily Except Sat.

Montreal, Quebec, St. John, Halifax.

Maritime Express	8.15 a.m.	DAILY

Through Sleepers, Montreal to Halifax.

Connection for The Sydneys, Prince Edward Island, Newfoundland,

The NATIONAL

TORONTO TO WINNIPEG

Leaves 10.45 p.m., Tues., Thurs., Sat.
Arr. 3.50 p.m., Thurs., Sat., Mon.

Tickets and sleeping car reservations.. Apply E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto. Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Ottawa Winter Fair

Single Fare $4.10

Going January 17th to 20th

Trains Leave Belleville
2.58 A.M.
12.50 P.M.
5.32 P.M.

Returning not later than January 22nd, 1916.

Trains Leave Ottawa
9.35 A.M.
1.15 P.M.
11.10 P.M.

For further particulars and tickets, apply to S. BURROWS, AGENT.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Winter Resorts

SPECIAL ROUND TRIP FARES.

LONG LIMIT STOPOVERS.

Asheville and Hot Springs, N.C.; Charleston, S.C.; Nassau, N.P.; Hot Springs, Ark.; French Lick Springs, Ind.; Jacksonville and all Florida Points; Havana, Cuba and New Orleans, La., via New York and Rail (or steamer according to destination,) or via Buffalo, Detroit or Chicago.

BERMUDA AND WEST INDIES
OTHER HEALTH RESORTS.

Mount Clemens, Mich.; Battle Creek, Mich.; St. Catharines, Well., Ont.; Preston Springs, Ont.

Further particulars on application to Grand Trunk Agents.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—5.25 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 5.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 7.30 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate points—6.25 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—†6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 5.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *3.40 a.m.

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

†Deseronto only.

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville Ont.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily
No. 16— 2.00 a.m.—Fast train, flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7.00 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m.—Express, daily.
No. 28— 5.45 p.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19— 2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13—4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.
No. 29— 7.50 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.20 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1— 3.05 p.m.—International Limited, daily.
No. 7— 4.56 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO.

Going West.	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 p.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.
Going East.	**Arrive**	**Lv. Peterboro**
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North	Leave.	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.
Going South.	**Arrive**	**Lv. Madoc**
Mixed	4.50 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1915.

GOING EAST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.50 p.m.	2.38 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

GOING WEST.
MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.18 p.m.	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

Going East	Daily except Sunday
Leave Toronto	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	6.32 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West.	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leave Belleville	6.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.30 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent.

Belleville Business Directory

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column or calling at The Intelligencer Business Office, full information may be obtained.

MINING.

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE

Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

"COLLIP, FLORIST."

Front Street.

Night Phone 175. Day Phone 208.

All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.

Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts.

Announcement

Messrs. Greenleaf & Son wish to announce to their old patrons and friends that they have found it advisable to incorporate their business under Ontario Companies Act.

The new company, under the same management as heretofore, and under the firm name of GREENLEAFS, LIMITED, have purchased the property known as the Brown Foundry, together with the good will and equipment of Mr. Geo. Keith.

It is their intention to remodel these buildings and install suitable equipment to meet the growing demands of their patrons.

The Management take this opportunity of thanking their old friends and solicit their patronage in their new venture.

GREENLEAF & SON

Garage and General Machinists

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3.. Saturday 10 to 3.

R TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

If the Kaiser really wants a nice new palate, he can get it if he goes to Paris personally to have it fitted.

Good evening! How's your coal supply hanging out?

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

INSURANCE.

W. H. HUDSON

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.; North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies.

Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.

Office: 17 Campbell St., Belleville. Phone 161.

CHANCEY ASHLEY

Iusurance Agent

Has Removed to 229 Front Street

Next to Riggs' Music Store

THOS. STEWART

Bridge Street, Belleville.

Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON

Agent for Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance. Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.

ROBERT BOGLE

MERCANTILE AGENCY.

Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed. Office, 28 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY

Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way. Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.

W. R. Vallance, Mgr. Phone 336.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front St., Belleville. Phone 545. LEE CHEW.

ENGINEERING.

J. D. Evans, C.E. & O.L.S.
J. W. EVANS, C.E. & M.E.

EVANS & EVANS

Civil and Mining Engineers and Ontario Land Surveyors. Belleville and Trenton. Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker & Victoria Avenues. Telephone 353.

BUS, AUTO AND CABS.

ASELSTINE'S MOTOR BUS, CAB & AUTO LIVERY

Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tired, for weddings, private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town. Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection. Phone 229.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers. Apply to

S. MASSON
Barrister, etc.
Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St., Belleville.

LEGAL.

WILLS & WRIGHT

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell St. Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates.

J. FRANKLIN WILLS, K.C.
MALCOLM WRIGHT.

NORTHRUP & PONTON

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge St. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.

W. B. NORTHRUP, K.C., M.P.
W. N. PONTON, K.C.
R. D. PONTON.

PORTER & CARNEW

Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.

E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P.
WM. CARNEW.
Solicitors for Union Bank.

MIKEL, STEWART & BAALIM

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

Belleville, Madoc and Tweed.
Solicitors for Molsons Bank.

W. C. MIKEL, K.C.
D. E. K. STEWART.
FRANK BAALIM.

W. D. M. SHOREY

Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg.

Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms.

Office: 8 Campbell St., Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England

Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

Those who forget today seldom remember tomorrow.

Petulance is a shadow that clouds the sunshine of life.

The Beauty of Our Feed

is that there is no waste to it. Your horse will lick up the last oat or the last kernel of grain. It tastes so good to him that he wants every bit that belongs to him. So there's economy as well as satisfaction in buying your feed and grain here. Try it once and you'll try it always.

H. E. FAIRFIELD

ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

COUNTRY CORRESPONDENCE

TO CORRESPONDENTS

The Intelligencer is constantly receiving news items from parties throughout the district who fail to attach their names to the manuscript. While items of interest from all sections of the county are solicited, The Intelligencer positively declines to publish news that does not bear the name of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but that articles may be received in good faith.—The Editor.

MELVILLE.

Mrs. Lizzie Morton, Belleville, visited relatives and friends at Melville last week.

Congratulations are extended to Mr. C. Leslie Jones, South Lakeside, the successful candidate in the municipal elections on Monday, Jan. 3rd, for the township of Hillier.

Miss Opal French spent last week with friends in Trenton.

Several from this locality attended the recruiting meeting in Roblin's Mills on Tuesday evening. Nelson Parliament, M.P.P., occupied the chair, and addresses were delivered by Col. Adams, Lieut. Sandford, Rev. Webber and others.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Sprung, Consecon, spent Sunday in our village.

Mr. and Mrs. James Locklin, after spending several weeks with friends in Michigan, returned home on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Chase and Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Hough, Burr's, were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Chase.

Mr. Clayton French spent a few days last week in Oshawa.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Halliday, Elgin, Leeds county, were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. Hayden.

Pte. Thos. Parks, Consecon, in training at Picton for overseas service, spent Sunday the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Carley.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Anderson were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. French.

Our school, which has been closed for fear of the spread of diphtheria, re-opened on Tuesday, 11th inst., with Miss H. Bailey in charge.

Mrs. Gilbert Osborne spent last week the guest of her daughter, Mrs. C. B. Clapp, Lake Shore.

Mr. and Mrs. Garfield French, Alberta, spent a few days with friends in Belleville.

Rev. E. H. Harston attended the shower given to the bride and groom, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Hagerman, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Terrill, Hallowell, on Saturday evening. Guests to the number of about thirty showered on the happy couple congratulations, best wishes and useful presents.

The death of Mr. Everett Anderson, who passed away Thursday evening after a few weeks' illness of diphtheria, has cast a gloom over the community. He was the only son of Mr. David Anderson, who by the recent death of his wife and now of his son, is doubly bereaved. The deceased also leaves to mourn his loss a young wife and little son. The remains were interred on Friday in the cemetery at Mountain View.

4TH CON. AMELIASBURG

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Dolan visited at Mr. Halton Spencer's, recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Masters, Mr. and Mrs. Roy Vancott, and Mr. and Mrs. Will Reddick were entertained at the home of Mr. George Cunningham on Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Murphy and son Allan, motored from Consecon and spent Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Sager.

Mr. and Mrs. Elou Parliament spent over Sunday in Trenton.

Miss Jennie Wood returned to Toronto on Wednesday, after spending the holidays under the parental roof.

Mr. and Mrs. John Gibson were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Choate, Roblin's Mills, on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kemp and son, Gordon, spent Sunday at the Carrying Place, guests of Mr. A. Wannamaker.

Miss Bessie Post, of Massassaga, is spending a few days sewing at Mr. Will Reddick's.

Mr. Roy Parliament and wife, were Sunday visitors at his brother's, Mr. Arthur Parliament.

Miss Verna Carnrike spent the week visiting friends at the Carrying Place, and the surrounding vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kemp, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hunnsey and Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Blakely, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Alyea, on Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. John Gibson visited at Walter Wannamaker's, on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Heckerson, of 3rd concession, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. Stephen Vancott.

8TH CONCESSION, SIDNEY

PRESENTATION TO TEACHER

The pupils of the school, 6 concession of Sidney, gave a very appropriate and interesting closing at the school on Wednesday afternoon. The school room presented a pleasing appearance with black-board drawings and other decorations.

The program consisting of patriotic songs, readings and recitations reflected much credit upon both scholars and teacher. At the close of the program the teacher, Miss Annie Fox, presented each scholar with a postcard picture of the school taken by herself, and in return was surprised by being presented with a beautiful hand-painted Nippon china dresser set, accompanied by the following address:

Dear Teacher,—We, the pupils of your school, S.S. No. 12, Sidney, wish to express our gratitude to you in some tangible way, for your untiring efforts on our behalf. We regret we have not always been as obedient as we should have been, but we hope to do better in the future. We are pleased to have you remain with us for another term, and we ask you to accept this little gift as a token of our love and esteem for you. We join in wishing you a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year.—Signed on behalf of the school.

Harold Frost,
Fleeda Hubble,
Ida Scott.

NILES' CORNERS

Clover Dale Cheese and Butter Plant closed last week after a long and profitable season.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Clapp spent Tuesday of last week with friends near Wellington.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. McConnell, of Westlake, were Wednesday night and Thursday, guests of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Ryan.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Ellis went to Belleville on Saturday.

Mr. John Teskey, who was very ill last week is some better, glad to say.

Mrs. Teskey is also quite poor in health.

Mr. and Mrs. Palmer, of Hillier, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Flindel, Mr. and Mrs. Percy Wilson and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Ellis were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lile Levens at the tea hour on Friday nght.

Mrs. C. Ryan took dinner with Mrs. F. H. Nease on Monday.

Mr. Wm. Bedell, who was badly hurt in the auto accident last week, is slowly gaining.

HALLOWAY

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Kelly and Master Laurison, have returned home, after spending a couple of weeks with friends in Kincardine.

Mrs. C. Knight, of Northland, Sask., and Miss Phoebe Kerr, of Thomasburg, spent a day last week with their uncle, Mr. S. Elliott.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Cadman attended the Kiernan and Lott wedding on Wednesday last.

Mr. W. Hough has returned to the West to resume his duties as telegraph operator, after spending a couple of weeks with his parents.

Mr. Peter Robson, who has enlisted for overseas service was presented with a wrist watch and signed ring on Thursday night last.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Luffman, of Southern Sask., and Mr. and Mrs. N. Reid and family, spent an evening last week at Mr. R. Townsend's.

Miss Sarah Kelly, of Tweed, is visiting at Mr. T. J. Kelly's.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Grooms, of Napanee, are visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Mrs. E. Hough and Mrs. S. Hamilton have returned home, after spending the New Year holidays in Gananoque.

Mrs. M. Hough has gone to Berlin to spend a week with her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Hagen.

TRAINING THE FLEA.

How the Tiny Insect Is Weaned From His Jumping Habit.

"The teaching of the flea to do any sort of trick is, of course, a tedious, difficult matter," said a flea trainer. "The first thing to do is to break it of its natural habit of jumping.

"One can see how necessary this is when one considers the flea is less than one-eighth of an inch in length and has a jump of three feet—300 times its own length. If a six foot man had the same leaping power he could make leaps of 1,800 feet, so that when a flea has the advantage of one leap he is good as gone forever. My apparatus for jump breaking is a round glass ball. I confine him in this for three weeks. I look through this ball, touch it, flash lights into it, talk, do everything to let the flea accustom himself to my presence. At first he will jump and jump. He strikes against the curved walls and gets bruised. After a time, and I find three weeks to be ample, the flea gets to know me, and he also gets to know that it is less painful to crawl than to jump and get bruised.

"The flea cannot differentiate between transparent glass and no glass, so that when I take him from the ball he still strikes this peculiar obstruction and so he don't jump. So, you see, a flea must have some reasoning power somewhere, but I am in no position to say where it is located. That is why I have to pick fleas up with tweezers and put them on my arm when I want to feed them. They don't dare to jump on me."

How He Got Along.

An attorney living on the north side was arrested a few weeks ago charged with violating the motor speed law. When his case was called in city court the next day he asked that it be continued for a week. The arrest caused his wife considerable embarrassment, and she spent most of her morning conversations with the neighbors during the next few days in explaining just how it happened.

On the day of the trial one of the neighbors was sitting on the porch as the attorney returned home.

"Hello, Jack," said the neighbor. "How did you get along in the police court?"

"Fine!" yelled the attorney; then he whispered, "Twenty-five and costs."

Hard on the Salesgirl.

A lady was shopping and incidentally got into conversation with one of the salesgirls, boasting particularly about the cleverness of her little daughter at home. "You ought to be proud of her," said the girl, at the same time picking up a picture book. "Don't you want to take this home as a present for her?" "Thank you, I will," said the woman, taking the book and dropping it into her shopping bag. "Tillie will be so proud when I tell her you sent it." To the girl's dismay the shopper marched away with the book, and the girl had to pay for it.

WHO MAY OFFER ACCEPTABLE PRAYER

A Promise Limited Under Certain Conditions.

Promise of Text Limited—Many Deceived as to Their Standing—Present Conditions in Europe a Forceful Illustration — Delusions of the Past Still Held by Many—Fruits of the Holy Spirit—Fruits of the Satanic Spirit—Church Called to Be Priests and Kings—New Creatures to Be Guided Only by the Will of God—Thus They Abide in Christ.

PASTOR RUSSELL

Richmond, Va., Jan. 9.—Pastor Russell gave one of his peculiarly interesting addresses here today. His text was, "If ye abide in Me, and My words abide in you, ye shall ask what ye will, and it shall be done unto you." (John 15:7.) He said in part:

This is a very remarkable promise, and is limited to certain people under certain conditions. It does not say that anybody may ask what he will. The class that may so ask are those who abide in Christ. Before anyone can abide in Christ, he must come into Christ. No one can be said to abide in Him who has not come into Him as a member of His Body, the Church. More and more the Lord's people are learning that a solemn transaction takes place when one becomes a member of Christ. To say, "I have companied with Christian people for several years, and I go to church every Sunday," would not constitute one's being in Christ, nor would simply saying, "I joined this or that denomination when a child" or at any later age. None of these steps would necessarily bring one into Christ.

When we look over into Europe and see present conditions there, we have an illustration of what it is to be merely a church member. We see that, in centuries past, people got a wrong idea into their minds—that the Church was to convert the world, so as to keep all mankind from going to eternal torment. This error was first held by the Roman Catholic Church, and was largely retained by the Protestants, who later came out from the Catholic Church, and to whom much of her errors adhered. It is very difficult to get entirely out of error all at once.

Let us consider the facts. St. Augustine, one of the Church Fathers, was the one who especially advanced the theory that whoever died without having been baptized in water would go to eternal torment. His ideas were generally accepted, and as a result infant baptism was practised. The Bishops had gotten the thought that they had the right to make doctrines and creeds for the Church. Another wrong idea that had crept into the Church was the doctrine that whoever died outside of membership in the church organization would go to endless torture; but that church members would at death go to Purgatory for a longer or shorter time for purgation—a condition far better than that of a Hell of endless woe. As surely as anyone was baptised into the Church and buried in consecrated ground, so surely would he escape Hell and be safe in Purgatory.

This being the general thought, strenuous efforts were made by all church members to get all of their families and friends into the Church; for they did not care to have their loved ones go to eternal torment. Under the influence of this great error nearly everybody was drawn into the church organization, just as we see it over in Europe to-day.

Wrong Conceptions Are Injurious

All wish to be right. Nobody desires to be wrong. But in the increasing light of our day we perceive that our forefathers had become sadly confused respecting the true teachings of the Bible. However, we do not blame them; for the Scriptures place the responsibility for the confusion upon the Devil, who introduced "doctrines of demons" during the Dark Ages.—2 Corinthians 4:4; 1 Timothy 4:1; Matthew 13:37-41.

We all see what these warring nations that are supposed to be 95 per cent. Christian are doing. Each side is jealous of the prosperity of the other. Yet both sides claim to be almost all Christian. The Italians, however, claim to be 100 per cent. Christian. Everybody in Italy is a Christian. But, judging by the conduct of some of the Italians whom we see here in America, who would know that they are all Christians.

This wrong conception, this telling people that they are Christians when they are not Christians, this telling them that they are in the Church of Christ when they are not, surely leads to hypocrisy. The churches that have promulgated these wrong theories do not like to tell the people the truth, that they are not in the Church of Christ, that no one can get into the true Church except in the way that our Lord Jesus Himself directed. Indeed, they are all confused. We remember that the Apostle Paul says, "If any man have not the Spirit of Christ, he is none of His." (Romans 8:9.) Our Lord Jesus declares, "By their fruits ye shall know them." (Matthew 7:20.) Look at the fruits in Great Britain, in Germany, in France, in Italy, in Austria! Do we see the fruits of the Spirit of Christ there?

Christ's Spirit vs. Satan's Spirit.

What are the fruits of the Spirit of Christ? Hear St. Paul: "The fruit of the Spirit is love, joy, peace, gentleness, goodness, faith, meekness, self-control." (Galatians 5:22,23.) Hear also St. Peter: "Giving all diligence, add to your faith fortitude, and to fortitude knowledge, and to knowledge self-control, and to self-control patience, and to patience godliness, and to godliness brotherly-kindness, and to brotherly-kindness love." (2 Peter 1:5-8.) We see very little of these fruits in Europe to-day—only in a few of God's true saints. The great majority of the people do not manifest them. We believe that in all nations there are true saints of God, yet as a whole no nation is saintly.

The Apostle Paul also tells us the characteristics of the opposite spirit. He says, "The works of the flesh are manifest, which are these: Hatred, variance, emulations, wrath, strife, envy, murder," etc. He did not add bomb-throwing, asphyxiation by poisonous gases, and other modern devices for killing and mangling our fellowmen; but all this is included with murder and other devilishness. (Galatians 5:19-21.) No savages ever fought more viciously than do these people who are deceived into thinking that they are Christians. They are not Christians at all. If ever we have had that idea, the sooner we get it out of our heads the better. The Bible is entirely contrary to all that they are doing.

The Body of Christ a Company.

Our text presupposes that those addressed have come into Christ. The appropriate question is, How may we be sure that we have come into Christ? One might have much knowledge of Present Truth and yet not be a member of the Body of Christ. This Body of Christ is composed of saints, those who are really following Jesus in the narrow way. It is a company, a body, in the same sense that Congress is a body. There are many members in the Body of Congress all of whom are under a head. So with the Church. The Body of Christ, the Church, is composed of many members, over whom God has appointed a Head.

The Head of the Church is our Lord Jesus Christ. (Ephesians 1:22, 23.) He came first; and since then His members have been gradually united to Him throughout this Age. The Body of Christ is now almost completed. The Heavenly Father has done the calling and the electing of this class. But each individual who is called must make his own calling and election sure. The word Christ means Anointed. Long before the foundation of the world God had purposed the Christ—Jesus the Head and the Church the Body. The Apostle tells us that even our Lord Jesus took not this honor unto Himself, but that He was called of God.—Hebrews 5:4-6.

King David was called of God to an earthly kingship. He was a type of Christ. There was also an earthly priest, Aaron, anointed of God. He was a type of Christ as a sacrificing Priest. God has appointed Christ to a still higher Kingship and a still higher Priesthood. In His glorified and exalted condition He is "a Priest after the Order of Melchizedek." This Melchizedek was a grand character who lived in Abraham's day. He was king and priest at the same time. Long, long ago God appointed Jesus to be the Head of the Priesthood that was typified by Melchizedek.—Psalm 110:4; Hebrews 7:11-17.

When Jesus presented Himself in consecration to God at Jordan and was there begotten of the Holy Spirit, it was for Him to make His calling and election sure to the Headship of that Priesthood. He said, "I delight to do Thy will, O My God!" He gave His life to the doing of the Father's will. He finished His course grandly, faithfully. The Apostle, after telling us of our Lord's faithfulness even unto the death of the cross, says, "Wherefore God hath highly exalted Him, and given Him a name that is above every name." (Philippians 2:8-11.) Our Lord is now the great Prophet, Priest, and King, after the Order of Melchizedek.

Rigid Conditions of Membership.

According to the Master's own statement it was necessary that He be found faithful; otherwise He would have forfeited His life. Moreover, He was to be the Head of the Church, which is the Body of Christ. Of the Christ Body, the Apostle says that God, who foreknew Jesus, foreknew the Church also. He who foreknew Jesus as His Anointed, foreknew that there would be a Body of a limited number of members anointed in Him. That number is given in Revelation as 144,000. This we believe to be a literal number.

Each one of this class has been drawn of the Father through the Truth. God has called them in the sense that He has sent forth His Message speaking peace through Jesus Christ. If we have heard this Message and have responded to it, this constitutes our Call. Nobody has been forced. As that Message of Truth has come, some have been greatly attracted, others have been slightly attracted, and others have not been attracted at all. For 1900 years God has been passing the Magnet of Truth up and down the earth, to find that particular class which has been drawn and held by the Truth. Just as soon as that work is completed, another work will be inaugurated.

The Lord permits the storms of life to blow upon this class which now responds to God's Message. If these experiences blow any individual of that class off from the Magnet, he is not of the kind for whom God is now looking. He is looking for those who will stick to the Truth despite any pressure that may be brought against them. He permits trials and difficulties for the developing and proving of those who have responded to the Call. These testings will blow off all who do not love the Lord and His service above all things else. He purposes to separate those who are of this true character from all others. He seeks those who are loyal of heart, and only those.

God Himself is the One who has the attraction. It is not that we first loved Him, but that He first loved us. (1 John 4:19.) It is the Love of God, the Love of Christ, that binds us to this Magnet. God's wonderful Wisdom, Love, Mercy, and Power have indeed been a Magnet to our souls. The more we know Him, the more are we attracted to Him. There is something about the Divine character that is so wonderful that nothing else can compare with it. We are glad to leave all things else for His sake.

New Creatures in Christ.

We hear God's Message, speaking peace through Christ, telling us that we may have forgiveness of sins, telling us that God is now selecting a special class of people from the world for the purpose of blessing all the families of the earth. This is the Message that reaches our hearts. Then we take the Apostle's advice, and present our body a living sacrifice, our reasonable service. (Romans 12:1.) No one has come into the family of God who has not done this. No one has become a member of the Church of Christ until he has taken this step.

Our Lord Jesus thus presented Himself to God. He said, "I came not to do Mine own will, but the will of Him that sent Me." In one respect, however, there was a difference in His case. He was holy, perfect; therefore He needed no Advocate with the Father. But the members of His Body need the imputation of His merit to cover the blemishes which they have by nature. His merit is like a covering robe. So we have an Advocate with the Father, and it is His advocacy which makes us acceptable to God. Thus we become united to Christ as joint-sacrificers with Himself.

As we are received, God gives us the begetting of the Holy Spirit. This constitutes us New Creatures. Just as an earthly begetting starts an earthly being, so this spirit-begetting starts us as spirit beings. Thenceforth the flesh is of the human nature, a child of Adam, and the New Creature is the germ of a spirit being, begotten in the fleshly body. This new nature is to grow and develop until finally it is brought to the birth, in the First Resurrection.

God's Will Their Delight.

It is not that our flesh is different or that our brains are different from what they were before; but that with this new mind and this new will our purposes and our aspirations are entirely different. We are to be members of the Body of Christ and are to follow the will of our Head in every particular. And so during all the days of our life thenceforth, we should be thinking, "What is the Lord's will concerning me?"

Those who become New Creatures in Christ are no longer to follow their own wills. Whether they eat or drink or whatsoever they do, they are to do all to the glory of God. The New Creature is to be guided by the will of the Lord and not by his own inclinations. But he is not to remain a babe. A babe cannot understand at first what its parents are saying to it; but a healthy babe will grow and learn very quickly. If you watch a little babe, you will observe that it looks at its parents to see whether it may or may not do a certain thing. So the child of God should always be looking to see what our Father wishes him to do. Thus we become dear children, as the Apostle says, children whom God especially loves.

Now, then, we have before our minds the class of whom our Lord speaks in our text. Those who abide in Him are those who have been begotten of the Spirit, and who are walking in the narrow way. These constitute the Church of the living God, Jesus being their Head, their Forerunner, and their Redeemer.

Conditions of Abiding in Christ.

"If ye abide in Me, and My words abide in you, ye shall ask what ye will, and it shall be done unto you," is the Master's promise to His faithful followers. We abide in Him by continuing as we began. The Apostle says: "I beseech you, brethren, by the mercies of God, that ye present your bodies a living sacrifice." This applies to us not only when we began our Christian course, but every day until the end. We have suggested that every morning we make a fresh presentation of ourselves to the Lord, not as making a new sacrifice, but as confirming the one already made, saying in effect, "My little offering is still here; and I am hoping that it may be used of Thee to-day in some manner, that I may have some opportunity of laying down my life for the brethren and for the Truth, that I may glorify Thee."

This is the way to abide in Him—by keeping our contract. Daily we are to grow in knowledge, that we may continually have better opportunity to make something out of the day. Each day, perhaps, there are fresh privileges of sacrifice.

If we would have the Master's words abiding in us, we must study the Bible. This is the only way to know what God has said to us. The Lord calls the Bible a Storehouse. The Master represents Himself as the great Chef and Servant of God's Household, who "brings forth things new and old." God provides for His own more and more information on what relates to His purposes, the fulfilment of prophecies, etc. As time goes by, we are getting a better understanding of the Bible, since the day when we said from the heart, "Thy will, not mine, be done."

Dear brethren, let us first make sure that we are in Christ. Then let us abide in Him; let us never even think of getting out of relationship to Him. Study the Word, to know what He has promised and what He has not promised. Use all the privileges which God has granted to His saints. Whoever faithfuly does this may ask what he will and rest assured that he will receive it. But those who are thus abiding in Him will ask chiefly for spiritual blessings. They will ask continually for the Holy Spirit; for the Word declares that the Father is pleased to have His children ask for this gift. (Luke 11:13.) This holy influence will enable us to develop the fruits of the Holy Spirit—meekness, gentleness, patience, brotherly-kindness, love. Thus let us daily grow in His love and grace.

The output from the Dominion Coal Company's collieries for 1915 exceeds that of the previous year by a substantial margin. Production at the collieries in Cape Breton totalled 4,600,000 tons for the year. This with 400,000 tons from the Springhill Mines makes a grand total of five million for 1915 produced by this company.

Charles W. Morse has purchased four freight steamers now in service on the Great Lakes and will take them to New York to relieve the freight congestion at that port.

No waiting: No trouble. Hot OXO can be prepared in a moment with an Oxo Cube and Hot Water. It makes an ideal Winter drink—warming, strengthening and stimulating. A CUBE TO A CUP. Tins of 4, 10, 50 & 100 Cubes. OXO CUBES

A TEST OF LOVE

By DWIGHT NORWOOD

Lord Archibald Gray was fond of hunting, riding—indeed, all out of door exercises. Being a nobleman and a fine fellow besides, he was a pet of the petticoats. A match had been made for him by his father, the Duke of Fordham, with Lady Geraldine Stanhope, the daughter of a duke. Lord Archibald was well satisfied with Lady Geraldine and seemed to be fond of her alone till Amy Cuthbert, the daughter of an American banker, came along, and from that time no one could tell whether Lord Archibald would marry Lady Geraldine or Amy.

The Cuthberts were very rich and rented a manor house in the neighborhood where Lord Archibald and Lady Geraldine lived. This made a steady thing of the rivalry between the two girls, not that a rivalry was apparent, for what each girl felt no one knew except herself.

For one who had not a noble ancestry Miss Cuthbert was remarkably well bred. Indeed, by some she was considered more of a high stepper than her rival. She had more money than Lady Geraldine, but this was her only advantage. The truth is it was an even thing between the two girls, and it was generally believed that Lord Archibald, provided he had his choice, would marry the one he loved.

Autumn came on and with it hunting. Everybody among the aristocracy round about hunted, and parties were made up for the purpose. One afternoon a number of persons set out, mounted, Lord Archibald and his two favorites being of the party. Lady Geraldine was high minded enough to show no unfriendliness to Miss Cuthbert, and on the surface at least they were good friends.

On this afternoon the party became scattered into little groups, in some cases individuals. Lord Archibald was riding in a wood when suddenly, emerging from it, he saw Lady Geraldine and Miss Cuthbert riding together on the bank of a stream. A horn sounded on the other side, and the two girls turned to cross the stream at a shallow place.

"My God," he exclaimed; "if they cross there they'll get into the quicksand!"

He cried out with all his voice, but it was drowned by the barking of a pack of dogs. Putting spurs to his horse, he dashed down a declivity toward those who were going into danger. Having descended from the bank, they passed over a stony bottom to the verge of the stream, and their horses' hoofs began to splash the water, neither riding ahead, but side by side. Then it was noticeable that the animals were having difficulty in withdrawing their feet from the muddy bottom.

Lord Archibald goaded his horse so fiercely that in jumping over an inequality in the ground he fell and sent his rider sprawling ahead of him. The man was not hurt, but arose with an exclamation of impatience and attempted to get his horse on his feet. He failed; the horse had broken a leg. Turning to look at the girls, Archibald saw their horses floundering in the water, both animals having sunk up to their bellies. Looking once more despairingly at his own horse and realizing the impossibility of using him, Archibald ran as fast as his legs would carry him toward the girls. When he reached them the bodies of both horses were nearly covered, leaving only the shoulders above the surface.

Archibald was alone. He had nothing with which to extricate the sinking girls, and if he entered upon the quicksand he would not save them, but add a third victim. He saw one chance—a tree growing on the bank inclined over the stream, and a branch extended straight out over the point where the girls were floundering. By climbing out on the branch it might be possible to help them, though it seemed too high to enable him to do so.

Gray jumped, caught a lower branch, pulled himself up into the tree, then began to crawl out on the limb. As he proceeded his weight bent it lower, and by the time he came to the point over which the girls were sinking, by winding his legs around the branch and holding on to it with one hand, he was within reach of both Lady Geraldine and Miss Cuthbert.

By this time several persons appeared on the opposite bank and stood looking anxiously on this harrowing scene. When Archibald was in position to render assistance it was a question which girl he would first try to save. Even if he reached one of them so deeply embedded was she that it would be difficult to draw her out. It was evident that only one, if any, could be saved. All watched to see which it would be. Both girls' faces were turned up to him eagerly, imploringly. Archibald hesitated, but only for a moment. Then he extended his hand to Lady Geraldine.

It fell short, but by rocking the branch, she extending her hand, he was enabled to grasp it.

He had scarcely done so when a rope was thrown from the shore and fell between Miss Cuthbert and her horse's head. A countryman had [illegible] from his house [illegible] riding to quicksand and, seizing a rope, had run toward them. Both girls were drawn out by means of the rope.

There was no doubt as to which of the two favorites Lord Archibald loved. He married Lady Geraldine. Miss Cuthbert went back home and married one of her own countrymen.

The True Enthusiast.

"Does your motorcar give you much trouble?"

"Trouble!" exclaimed Mr. Chuggins enthusiastically. "I should say it did! Why, repairing that car when it gets out of order is about the only real fun I get out of life."

London's Great Fire.

The great fire of London in 1666 started in a house on Pudding lane and ended at Piecrust alley. Thirteen thousand two hundred houses were burned, including eighty-nine churches.

Highly Rated.

She—She died worth $25,000 and left her husband $5. He—Well, some husbands are "one man in a thousand"—hers was one in five thousand.

HOCKEY.

Canadian Winter Game Arouses Excitement of Seattle Scribe.

Hockey as played in Canada is still a strange foreign game in the American Pacific States.

Under huge captions, "With Sticks and Razor-bladed Skates as Weapons, Hockey Players Have Bloody Game in Seattle," a Seattle exchange refers to the first hockey match in the Sound City as follows:

"If you have been fostering the impression that American football is a rough sport, see a game of Canadian hockey and cast the idea from you. There is about as much comparison between the two as the gait of a funeral car and a jitney going up Pike street.

"Just up the street from the Arena a few blocks is the Seattle General Hospital. It certainly is going to be handy for the players.

"The game is new to Seattle, and last night's play brought the 3,500 spectators to their feet. The hardest part to understand is how they play it and live.

"Armed with sticks and razor-bladed skates, the players use their weapons in a thrillingly careless manner. Roughing in football is mild compared to roughing in hockey.

"If you accidentally take a swing at the puck and hit a man's head, why it's all right. The man's head didn't have any business there. If, in trying for the puck, a man is sent flying into the side fence, no one worries. The man should have been out of the way.

"Sticks are favorite weapons for close-in work, and short, quick jabs that no one can see. For long-distance attack the puck is provided. The puck, a hard rubber disc, is driven like a bullet across the ice.

"Personally, we would just as soon slap a cannon ball in the face as get in front of that puck when it is driven at the net.

"Two men called goaltenders are offered up in sacrifice to the game. They are stationed at the mouths of the two goal nets, and their principal object in life is to allow the puck to hit them.

"You can get more shivers out of a game of hockey than you can out of a chill.

"The casualties of the evening were:—Holmes, cut in lip, two stitches; Walker, bruised instep; Wilson, cut face. One unnamed spectator seated in the seats along the wall, eye cut by puck. The injuries were not serious. Dr. Kelton, the club physician, attended the wounded."

CANADIAN LIBRARIES.

Some Fine Collections of Books Now Exist in the Dominion.

The public libraries of the various provinces of Canada have grown rapidly in importance and activity, assisted by Government and municipal grants. The library laws of the Dominion are embodied in a series of acts dating from 1854, a noticeable feature being the close association between schools and libraries, while there is also an important extension of libraries to the rural districts. Ontario has a very large and widespread library system, the latest statistics available showing 131 free libraries with 775,976 volumes, and 243 not free with 502,879 volumes. The most important other libraries in the province are: Queen's University, Kingston, 40,000 vols.; Library of Parliament, Ottawa, about 250,000 vols.; Legislative Library, Toronto, 100,000 vols; the Public (municipal) Library of Toronto, over 150,000 vols. In the province of Quebec, in addition to the state-aided libraries, there are several large and important libraries, among which may be mentioned the Fraser Institute, Montreal, 40,000 vols.; McGill University, Montreal, 125,000 vols.; Seminary of St. Sulpice, Montreal, about 80,000 vols.; Laval University, Quebec, 125,000 vols., and the library of the Legislature, Quebec, 100,000 vols., besides parochial or local libraries. In Nova Scotia there were several hundred cases of books circulating among the school libraries, containing about 40,000 volumes. The school law of New Brunswick provides for grants being made in aid of school libraries by the Board of Education equal to one half the amount raised by a district. In the western provinces several large public, Government, and college libraries have been formed, but they are not as old and important as those in the eastern provinces.

Exports of war materials from the United States now average more than $1,000,000 per day according to statistics compiled by the foreign trade department of the National City Bank.

The war is now costing the Allies $55,000,000 per day.

The Long And Short Of It!

TALL Men, Short Men and Stout Men frequently find the Clothes question quite baffling!

Those who have worn our Special Sizes for such proportions know that the solution here is easy.

The worried ones are invited to try on our Suits and Overcoats, in Slim, Stout and Extra Sizes, just to see how easy it is to find a fit.

If you think it necessary to have your Clothes made to order, then you have not given this Store a trial.

We have all our sizes cut in several shapes to accommodate just such cases as yours. We are positive that we can

Fit You To A "T"

The fact is that we guarantee you a fit—just as much as we guarantee a fit—in any of our regular sizes.

Suits, $12, $15, $20 to $25
Overcoats, $10, $12 to $20
Trousers, $2, $3, $4 to $6

Quick & Robertson
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GORMAN'S BOOT SHOP

Men's Hockey Boots
Regular Price $3.00
Clearing at $1.75

Boys' Hockey Boots
Regular Price $2.50
Clearing at $1.50

Women's Gun Metal Blucher Cut Boots
Goodyear Welt Soles, Sizes 2½ to 5, Reg. Price $4.00
Clearing at $1.89

Women's Patent Blucher Cut Boots
Sizes 2½ to 5, Regular Price $3.50
Clearing at $1.68

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NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.

AUTOMOBILE SKATES
Made in Canada
Have you seen the New Ones?
Stronger and Lighter than ever

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13.21

OVERCOATS

Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat! We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.

Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.

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MEN'S $5.00 AND $6.00 TAN REGAL Boots on New English Lasts, all sizes—clearing at $3.75. The J. J. Haines Shoe House. This is a great chance to save money. Drop in, while we have your size. J12-2td

IN and ABOUT THE CITY

OLD RESIDENT SERIOUSLY ILL

Joseph Skimmerhorn, an old boarder at the Windsor House, was taken to the hospital suffering with a weak heart and from a general breakdown, due to old age.

REMAINS OF THE LATE LIONEL PARKER

The remains of the late Lonel Parker have been shipped from Porto Rico and will be met in New York by Mr. Harry Parker, of Minneapolis, who will accompany the body to Belleville and have same placed in the vault until spring.

FIRE AT TRENTON

Yesterday morning the stock shed in connection with the cooperage mill at Trenton, was destroyed by fire. The building, which was of frame and contained a considerable amount of stock, made excellent fuel for the devouring element. The loss of stock and building amounted to several hundrede dollars, which was partially covered by insurance.

POULTRY SHOW

There was a goodly number of spectators yesterday and last evening at the poultry show, which is being held in the market building, and the comments at the exhibit made were most favorable. The two judges had no easy task in making their awards owing to the fact that in the various clesses there were many entries and the birds shown were excellent. The exhibit of guinea pigs made by Mr. C. J. Symons of this city, is quite extensive and attracted much attention. The exhibit of pigeons of varied breed is large and some fine specimens are to be seen. The show will remain open until 10 o'clock to-night.

DIES IN NEW YORK

PICTON, Jan. 10.—The death occurred at her home in Flathbush, N. Y., on December 30th of Ellen Elizabeth Gibson, wife of W. A. Cooper. Mrs. Cooper was the daughter of the late Capt. John Gibson, of Picton. She had been a resident of New York for some years. She was only ill for a few days from pneumonia. News of her death reached Picton on New Year's Eve. She leaves to mourn her loss beside her husband, one son, William, in the steel business in New York, and two daughters at home. The Misses Gibson, Paul street, are sisters of the deceased.

THE LATE WILLIAM H. DAVIS

TWEED, Jan. 11.—On Dec. 31st the funeral of William H. Davis took place from his home to the Tweed cemetery. Mr. Davis was well-known and much esteemed by a large circle of acquaintances. His illness was long continued, and of a very painful character, and was borne with great patience and Christian fortitude. Towards the end his strength rapidly declined, and he passed peacefully away in the early morning of Wednesday, December 29th. His daughter, Mrs. Corbett, arrived from the United States a few days before he died, and was able to render valuable skilled assistance in ministering to her father, and in alloviating his suffering.

Within the Military Circle

COL. ADAMS

The Popular Commander of The 155th Battalion

BELLEVILLE

Lieut. Col. Brown, Staff Officer, of Kingston, is in town to-day inspecting the 80th and 155th Battalions.

A school of infantry for N.C.O's will be established in Belleville for the 155th Battalion.

A considerable number of soldiers of the 80th Battalion were recently transferred from the local companies to D. Co., stationed at Picton.

Sergt.-Instructor Dow has been attached to the 155th Battalion for instructional duty. Sergt. Dow is one of the best instructors in the country.

Sergt. Richardson, of the 80th Battalion, has been transferred to the 155th Battalion. Sergt. Matthews of the 80th Battalion has also been transferred to the 155th Battalion.

Col. Adams, C. O. of the 155th, Battalion, is in receipt of a letter from the Headquarters Staff, Kingston, complimenting him and his officers on the successful way in which he has carried on recruiting in this district.

About 200 letters are answered, filed and registered daily at the Divisional headquarters in the Armouries. These letters also have to go through the hands of the O. C. of the Division. This means that the officers and staff are required to work overtime, every night from eight to ten o'clock.

Word has just been received from the Parliamentary Recruiting Office in London, that some public spirited citizen has offered to pay the conveyance on 500 recruiting posters entitled "The Sword of Justice," and which are now on their way to Mr. Sharpe. They will be turned over to the use of the battalion.

Lieut. Stares, bandmaster of the 80th Battalion was formerly bandmaster of the 91st Highlanders of the City of Hamilton, director of Christ church choir, and vocal instructor in the public schools of Hamilton. He is the only bandmaster in Canada holding the degree of Mus Bach. from Toronto University. Mr. Stares has a most pleasing personality, and has a passion for music.

Col. Adams of the 155th Battalion, is in receipt of a number of recruiting posters from England. The posters are well gotten up and are very attractive.

80TH BATTALION ORDERS

Officer for to-day—Lt. L. C. McColl, to-morrow: Lt. H. L. Birkett.

Sergeant for to-day—Cpl. Webster; for to-morrow: Cpl. Dunlop, A. Co.

Corporal for to-day—Cpl. Coon, A. Co.; to-morrow: Cpl. Grant, A. Co.

To decide which group is entitled to a splendid silver shield presented to the companies of the 80th here, by the Military Y.M.C.A., a six weeks' baseball schedule has been arranged. Games are on Wednesday and Thursday night in the Armouries at 7.15 P. M., and promise to provide some good sport. Four teams are entered. One each from A Company, B Company, and the Brass Band, and a fourth team from the remainder of the men quartered here, Signallers, Base Company, Machine Gun Section and Bugle Band. The Brass Band plays the combined team to-night. Mr. Sharpe of the Military Y.M.C.A., spent Tuesday in Picton, where he had arranged for a very interesting evening for the men in the Khaki Club. The rooms, formerly used as a business college in Picton, serve as a Khaki Club, and have been amply provided with reading material. The Y.M.C.A. has kept them supplied with writing material and arranges for a concert every two weeks.

KINGSTON

The 146th of Kingston are advertising for recruits.

The cap and color badges of the 146th are in the city, and are being distributed. Lieut.-Col. Low does not believe in waiting for any good thing, nor does he believe in keeping his battalion waiting. His motto is: "Get right up on your toes and sprint." The new badge is a thing of beauty, without any unnecessary ornamentation.

Lieut.-Col. W. J. Brown, General Staff Officer, is endeavoring to establish qualifying schools for N.C.O.'s at the headquarters of each of the different battalions in the division. Owing to the scarcity of competent instructors, the officers of the units will take their best men and these will be visited occassionally by instructors of the staff, who will supervise.

A School of Infantry for N.C.O.'s will be established at Brockville and another will be established at Alexandria in the immediate future, authorization having been obtained by Lieut.-Col. W. J. Brown, C.S.O.

A story is being told of the efficiency of the guards on duty at the Locomotive Works. A. W. Wheatley, general manager, was walking through the plant a few days ago when he was stopped by the guard. The conversation was reported as follows:

Guard—"Halt Who Goes there?"
Mr. Wheatley—"The manager."
Guard —"Sorry sir, but you can't knock around here."

Two signs decorate several of the offices in the garrison, the wording of the signs being: "Sit down, but don't intern," and "What-You, here again. Another half hour gone to h—."

Two more local clerymen have donned the uniform and are busy learning their drill and training every day. The latest additions are Mr. Rice of the First Congregational church and Mr. Whalley of St. George's' Cathedral. The khaki color must be contagious.

A school of signalling will open in the city on Monday next under the direction of Lt.-Col. Mundell, Divisional signalling officer. About 120 men from different parts of the Division will attend. They will be quartered in the north-east section of artillery park dormitories.

The School of Military Cookery will cook for the signalling school.

The School of Cookery also opens on Monday next at artillery park and about 20 men will be in attendance for the course.

A larger instructional staff is absolutely necessary for the work of the P.S.I., which is increasing with every course. Lt.-Col. Barrager and Captain Wotherspoon are overloaded with work, and a few more instructors will make the work lighter for all.

KINGSTON, Jan. 12.—(Special.)—Lieut. D. C. Dick of the 14th Cobourg Battery, and at present attached to C. Battery, R.C.H.A., has been appointed Adjutant of the 9th Artillery brigade, C.E.F.

NEW MILITARY SCHOOLS

KINGSTON, Jan. 12.—(Special.)—A school for signaling for the 3rd Divisional Area is to be opened in Kingston next Monday in charge of Capt. Frank Lea of the 109th Battalion and Capt. Munsie of the 146th. Schools of infantry for non-commissioned officers are to be established at Brockville and Alexandria.

Seven Belleville Nurses for Egypt

No less than seven nurses will leave Belleville within a short time for Cairo Egypt, to take their part in hospital work in that part of the British Empire. They are, Misses M. H. Crosior, W. Smith, M. Caldwell, T. Howard, H. Marten, S. Jenkins and G. Waters. They will be designated as Lieuts. and will be under the supervision of Mrs. Robertson, who is designated as Captain. It is confidently expected that they will leave the Canadian shore in company with many more nurses who have volunteered for overseas service. The clothing and equipment necessary will cost upwards of $200 and of this amount $150 is provided by the Dominion Government. The young ladies in question have all passed their necessary examinations and all are willing to do their part in the duties which will be allotted to them.

Use Cocoanut Oil For Washing Hair

If you want to keep your hair in good condition, be careful what you wash it with.

Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle, and is very harmful. Just plain mulsified cocoanut oil (which is pure and entirely greaseless), is much better than the most expensive soap or anything else you can use for shampooing, as this can't possibly injure the hair.

Simply moisten your hair with water and rub it in. One or two teaspoonfuls will make an abundance of rich, creamy lather, and cleanses the hair and scalp thoroughly. The lather rinses out easily, and removes every particle of dust, dirt, dandruff, and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and it leaves it fine and silky, bright, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get mulsified cocoanut oil at most any drug store. It is very cheap, and a few ounces is enough to last everyone in the family for months.

LADIES' $5 BLACK SUEDE BUTtoned Boots. Sizes 3½ to 6, clearing at $2.50. The J. J. Haines Shoe House. J12-2td.

Great Spy System In Saloniki Port

PARIS, Jan. 12.—Numerous extracts from documents seized at Saloniki when the Consuls of the Teutonic allies were arrested there recently were printed in this morning's newspapers. Among the papers, according to the published statement, were copies of daily reports telegraphed to Vienna by the Austrian Consul-General, giving the numbers and description of allied troops that were landing at Saloniki, reports of spies on the movements of allied forces into the interior and records of payments to these spies and to local newspapers.

The system of espionage, the accounts state, was also extended to Greece, and among the published papers there are what purpost to be copies of reports made by agents at Greek military centres and by port functonaries. "A good friend of Germany and can be trusted," is a sentence printed as being taken from one of the reports made regarding a certain Prefect, while a certain officer was classed as "doubtful."

One secret agent is declared to have written on December 30 that Greek troops, which were supposed to be leaving the city, marched out on one side and came back on the other. Herr Hollehmer, is represented as reporting that he was endeavoring to establish communication by spies with Monastir.

THESE SHOES WILL PLEASE the Bargain Hunters. $5.00 Dorothy Dodd, Ladies' Tan Calf Boots for $2.50. The J. J. Haines Shoe House. J12-2td

We Have In Stock

Considerable Corrugated Galvanized Iron.

It will pay you to get our prices before purchasing. We keep a good supply of GALVANIZED NAILS on hand at the lowest prices.

Well Pumps, Cistern Pumps
of all descriptions kept in stock.
It Will Cost You Nothing To Get Our Prices.
Give us a Call

The John Lewis COMPANY LIMITED

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

ARENA TURNBULL ST.

BAND Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

Intermediate O. H. A. Hockey
Picton vs. Belleville, Friday, January 14th.
Puck faced at 8.15 sharp. Band in attendance.
Amission 25c. Reserved seats 35c.

Ladies' Hudson Seal Coats

No. 1 Quality Lined throughout with No. 1 Brocade satin 40 inches long........Price $120.00
Muff to match $22.00

J. T. DELANEY
29 Campbell St. opposite Y.M.C.A. Phone 787
See Our Window
N. B. We Buy Raw Furs

DAVIES

Fresh Haddock 9c a lb.

Finnan Haddies 12½c a lb.

Halibut Steaks 14c a lb.

Salmon Steaks 16c a lb.

Advertise In The Intelligencer

BUTTERICK FASHIONS FOR SPRING

Special Introductory Sale

To introduce to the Ladies of Belleville and vicinity the famous

Gossard Corsets

we are offering 50 pairs of one of the very best models

No. 364

as shown in the illustration.

The regular price of this Corset is $4.50. Special Introductory Price

$3.49

SPRING--BUTTERICK FASHION QUARTERLY--1916

This 84 page quarterly style review of Butterick contains authoritative PARIS and NEW YORK FASHIONS, and advance information about style tendencies, materials and dress accessories.

22 pages of Dresses, Waists and Skirts; 3 of Evening Dresses; 1 of Bridal Dresses; 2 of Special Gowns for stout women, 4 of Waists; 7 of Coats, Suits and Wraps; and 24 pages for misses, juniors, small boys and girls, and infants.

Only 25c, with any Butterick Pattern FREE

Ladies' and Misses' Suits and Coats at One-Third Less than Regular Cost

Ketcheson & Earle

February Delineator at the Pattern Counter, 15c

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 8 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED—A HOUSE MAID. APPLY IN evening to Mrs. (Dr.) Gibson 28 Campbell St. 14-dtf

WANTED—COOK, GENERAL, WITH REferences. Wages $20 per month. Apply 111 Victoria Ave. j8-dtf

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO LEARN BARber business and help in tobacco store, at once. A. E. Wrightmyer, 209 Front Street. j12-dtf

WANTED—FIRST CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill and Planer hands, Toolmakers. Good wages. Steady work. Canadian Westinghouse Company, Limited, Hamilton, Ont. d-j27

WANTED—A YARD PORTER. APPLY Hotel Quinte. 10-4t

TO RENT

TO RENT—NO. 233 N. JOHN STREET; new furnace and all modern conveniences. Possession March 1st. Apply 8 Queen Street. 7-6td

TO RENT, RESIDENCE, No. 221 CHARLES St.; contains all modern conveniences. Apply at The Intelligencer Office. a23-tf

TO LET, THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the Bank of Commerce, and also rooms in the same block and the Robertson Block, suitable for offices and apartments. S. S. Lazier. j17-dtf

LOST

LOST—ON VICTORIA AVE. BETWEEN Church and George, pair of glasses in case, with name of owner inside case. Finder leave at Intelligencer Office. 1t

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—SSHOWCARD WRITER'S AIR Brush, Tank and Pump; almost new, cheap. Apply Box G, Intelligencer. 10-4t

Crispy Crisp Nut Candy

Crispy, Fresh Almond Crisp, both light and dark.

Peanut Crisp

Walnut Crisp

Our Own Make

Chas. S. Clapp

THE PURCHASE of one thousand dollars worth of goods from your own town or your own country, instead of purchasing outside, means the addition of one person to your town or your country instead of supporting him abroad.

HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

SPORTING NEWS

HOCKEY

Ben Whitty, the speedy defense player who put up such a splendid game on Monday night in spite of the fact that he was sick with La Grippe, is now reported as being ill with pneumonia and it is very doubtful if he will be able to play to-morrow night.

LATER

Lieut. Ben. Whitty is out of the hospital again, and it is hoped he will be able to play to-morrow night.

Bill Symons, the husky Belleville defence man, is a Brockville boy of ripe experience down around Smith Falls and Brockville. He weighs 185 pounds, and in spite of his weight is one of the cleanest defence players in the East. He is the Mummery of the Eastern intermediate clubs, but he cuts out the rough stuff.—Toronto Star.

The first junior game in this city will be played on Friday, January 21, when Lindsay Juniors will play their return game. Campbellford dropping out of the group made it a long time between games here.

THE INTERMEDIATES

Another change or two is due in the line-up of the local intermediate team for to-morrow night's game. The shake-up just before the Queen's-Belleville clash had a good effect, and these further changes are expected to do the trick against Picton.

It is very seldom indeed that a team goes through the season with the same line-up as it starts out with early in the winter. Some player who was not at first considered fast enough to make the team comes on and develops into a speed merchant and becomes a fixture on the team.

Again there are times when in the beginning of the season there are players who cannot, for one reason or another, even try to make the team, while a little later in the season, they are free to offer their services to the home team. That players are changed about is one of the surest signs that the management is not satisfied with the showing the team is making and believe that it is possible to improve. Every player and substitute should strive to earn a place on the team, and when a player makes the Belleville intermediates he may feel sure that he has earned the right to be there and is not being used through any personal friendship.

The Belleville defense remained the same in the Queen's game as it was against Picton, while Finkle replaced Hough as rover and Mullen took Morrison's place on right wing. In all probability the same sturdy defense will play again to-morrow night, in case Whitty is able to play, although there may be some change made in the forward line.

Finkle has undoubtedly earned his position through the spectacular and effective work he did last Monday. The other boys all played well, but it makes little difference how good a man may play, if another man plays better he gets the position.

LINDSAY JUNIORS WIN AGAIN

Peterboro, Jan. 12.—(Special.—Lindsay juniors won a 6 to 2 victory against the Electrics here to-night after leading at the first period by 3 to 0 and the second period by 5 to 2. The visitors had a big advantage in weight, and they secured a lead in the first period before the locals found themselves. Carew was the most dashing and effective player for Lindsay. The Petes" work was featured by the performance of Graham, who, although small of stature, played a fearless and effective game throughout for Electrics. The teams:—

Lindsay—Goal, Mtchell; defence, Hough and Scott; rover, Read; centre, Wells; wings, Griffis and Carew.

Peterboro'—Goal, Montgomery; defence, Legros and Lowes; rover, Graham; centre, Cherrett; wings, Hamilton and Rose.

Referee—Lou Marsh, Toronto.

HOCKEY RECORD

WEDNESDAY'S RESULTS

O. H. A.—Senior

Frontenacs	16	Brockville	7

Intermediate

Oshawa	10	Whitby	0
Sarnia	9	Ingersoll	6

Junior

Port Hope	13	Bowmanville	5
Collingwood	10	Meaford	0
Lindsay	7	Peterboro' Elec's	2
Ingersoll	7	Hamilton R. C.,	2

N. H. A.

Toronto	1	Ottawa	0
Canadiens	5	Quebec	6

N. H. A. Standing

Teams	Won.	Lost	For	Ag'st.
Wanderers	5	1	27	21
Quebec	4	3	28	25
Canadiens	4	3	24	20
Ottawa	2	4	15	15
Torontos	1	5	12	25

O. H. A. Senior Record

Teams	Won.	Lost.	For	Ag'st.
Frontenacs	1	0	16	7
Queen's Uni'ty	0	0	0	0
Brockville	0	1	7	16

Games Thursday

O. H. A.—Junior—Newmarket at Milton; Welland at Port Colborne; Barrie at Midland.

CURLING

CLUB GAMES

At the Belleville curling rink last night two club games were played with the following results:

Dr. Kinnear, O. H. Scott, S. F. Armstrong, S. Robertson, skip 13; F. S. Anderson, F. Fletcher, J. S. Cook, A. Jones, skip 10.

R. H. Splan, J. Jocobs, H. F. Mitchell, C. J. Symons, skip 5; W. G. Huffman, A. S. White, A. H. Kerr, J. A. McFee, skip 13.

THE MAT

NEW YORK, Jan. 12—Frank Gotch, the world's champion wrestler, has been offered $15,000 to come to New York and wrestle Joe Stecher, the sensational farmer boy, for the world's catch-as-catch-can championship. Stecher is to-day considered the wonder of the wrestling world, and his followers are willing to wager any part of $10,000 that he can defeat Gotch.

Gotch announced some weeks ago that he was willing to meet Stecher for the title, and friends of his in the West say he has been training secretly for the past two months.

Stetcher has already signed up for a series of matches in the East with Jack Curley and Harry Pollock, and yesterday they wired Gotch, offering him the $15,000 to take Stecher on in New York. The young marvel expects to visit this city within a few weeks to fulful his engagements.

THE RING

BOSTON, Jan. 12.—Battling Levinsky, of New York, was awarded a decision over Tom Cowler, of England, protege of Jim Corbett, after twelve rounds of hard fighting last night. The margin of difference was a small one. Cowler floored his opponent for a count of nine earily in the battle, and was aggressive most of the time, but Levinsky's shiftness enabled him to score frequently.

Big Medical Fees.

Half a dozen doctors are now being paid £5,000 a year by the Admiralty. Private practice is not forbidden, but duties.

On one occasion the late King Edward asked one of his medical attendants what a first-rate medical man would make, and was told that £15,000 a year would hit the mark. But the King's informant added that a big barrister would beat that by £10,000.

It is on record that for a journey to Petrograd to vaccinate the Empress Catherine II., the great Dr. Dimsdale received £10,000, an annuity of £500, and a Russian title. And much more recently, the Czar paid £15,000 to a Moscow doctor for two days' attendance.

But the biggest medical fee on record was paid to Dr. Gale, the blind medical electrician, for a few weeks' successful treatment of a millionaire's leg. He got £50,000.

The Military Cross.

The Military Cross, designed expressly for the present war, is of silver and is 1⅝in. square. The Imperial Crown is borne on each of the four arms, and His Majesty's ciphe appears in the centre on a small raised cross surmounting the large: one The decoration is a most effective one, different from any other in use and most creditable to its designer, Mr. H. F. Burke, C.V.O., C.B., F.S.A. Norroy King of Arms.

It is suspended from a ribbon 1¾ inches wide, having a central band of dark purple with white on either side, and is intended for captains, commissioned officers of a lower grade, or warrant officers in the British Army or Indian or Colonial military forces. As in the case of other decorations, many of these crosses have been awarded for life-saving under the enemy's fire.

"All Modern Inconveniences."

The following copy of a notice posted in the dug-out he formerly occupied "somewhere in France," has been received by a wounded soldier now in a Welsh hospital:

In one of the Choicest Localities
in Northern France.
TO BE LET.

3 Minutes from German Trenches. This attractive and well-built dug-out, containing one reception-kitchen bedroom and up-to-date funk-hole, 4 ft. by 3ft. All modern inconveniences, including gas and water. This desirable residence stands one foot above water-level, commanding an excellent view of the enemy's trenches. Excellent shooting (snipe and duck). Particulars of the late tenant, Base Hospital.

RITCHIE'S

LADIES!

Your Choice Of Our ENTIRE STOCK Of BLACK & COLORED COATS At Half Price

This offer does not mean only a few of the Coat Models selected for quick clearance, but embraces every Ladies' Black and Colored Coat now in stock, and that means a lot, especially so early in the season, for there are still many handsome up-to-the-minute garments displayed in our showing, all strictly new models in first class materials and best shades. Just think of this:—

Regular $10.00 Coats are now ......$ 5.00
Regular $12.00 Coats are now 6.00
Regular $15.00 Coats are now 7.50
Regular $18.00 Coats are now 9.00
Regular $20.00 Coats are now 10.00
Regular $25.00 Coats are now 12.50

OR JUST HALF PRICE.

(See windows)

Ladies' Dress Skirts Half Price

A clearing lot of Ladies' Skirts, made of Serges, Panamas and Voiles—all splendid quality material and well made; not all this season's, but good styles. On sale at just HALF PRICE.

$5.00 Skirts for $2.50
$6.00 Skirts for 3.00
$7.50 Skirts for 3.75

All Our Misses' and Children's Coats Now Clearing at 25 p.c. Off Regular Prices

That means: $5.00 Coats for $3.75; $6.00 Coats for $4.70; $8.00 for $6.00; $10.00 Coats for $7.50; $12.00 Coats for $9.00; $15.00 Coats for $11.75.

And the showing is very large, embracing Coats for children of all ages. The materials are the best and the shades represent all that is new for the season. Choose now and get first choice, for they will sell quickly at this remarkable reduction.

Home Book of Fashions

The Early Spring Number Now on Sale at Pattern Counter.

Fashions for Spring were never smarter. In this book are shown the newest ideas in the most practical form. Seventeen pages in full color, showing a careful selection of smart designs for the mother and her grown up daughter, as well as for the girl and boy.

You will need this book to help you with your Spring sewing. Get one at the Pattern Counter.

Secure your copy of "Good Dressing." It is free.

Price 25 Cents and your own selection of a *guaranteed* 15 cent **PATTERN FREE**

THE HOME BOOK OF Fashions
The Ladies' Home Journal

The RITCHIE Company Limited

CITY AND VICINITY

WINTER FAIR AT OTTAWA

Canadian Pacific Excursion Rate $4.10 return, going Jan. 17th to 20th, returning god to Jan. 22nd. For further information and tickets apply to S. BURROWS, C.P.R. Agent. 12,8t

A reception will be held at hospital, 4—6 Friday. Graduating nurses will receive diplomas. Public cordially invited. 12,2t

WE TAKE STOCK 1ST FEBRUary. Look out for Shoe Bargains. The J. J. Haines Shoe House. J12-2t

Dr. Dormer, Osteopathic Physician, 28 Victoria Ave., Phone 73.

STOCK TAKING SHOE BARgains at the J. J. Haines Shoe House. Watch our ads and windows if you want to save money. J1212td

Japanese steamship interests have perfected plans for entering trans-Pacific trade on a big scale and American steel makers are expecting inquiries for plates and shapes for a fleet of 55 steam vessels of various tonnage, ranging from 3,000 tons to 20,000 tons. Estimates of amount of steel which will be placed in that country for Japanese boats range from 250,000 to 1,000,000 tons.

CLASSIFIED WANT ADS
TO LET

The telegraph will reach your man quickly. If you are sure just where he is the telephone will do it quicker. But if it is good help you want and do not know just where to find it, our Want Ads. are quicker than either.

It Is Some Accomplishment to content the exacting housewife with baker's cake—especially if her culinary skill in cake-making is excellent. Our cake is equal to that of the best home made, because it is baked with the best ingredients that the market affords. We are skilled bakers that know how to bake cake just as it should be baked. Our surroundings are most sanitary.

Yerex's Bakery

Phone 787
68 Sinclair St. Belleville

THE WEATHER.

Fine and very cold to-day and on Saturday.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 81 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, JANUARY 14, 1916. No. 13

ESTABLISHED 1858

58 years continuous business is a guarantee for square dealing, best values and lowest prices.

FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING

TICKELL & SONS CO.

Office Phone 2 Night Phones 260 & 635

Leyland Liner Is Torpedoed

The New Boat Carried Million Dollar Cargo

SUNK NEAR THE LUSITANIA

Latest Victim Is Towed Into Port After Submarine Attack—Cargo Mostly Cotton

(Canadian Press Special)

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—The now Leyland liner Huronian, from Galveston, was torpedoed on December 29 off the Irish coast, according to reports current in shipping circles today. The International Mercantile Marine said that they had received a cablegram stating that the Huronian had met with injury and had been towed into port, but the message did not state what had caused the damage.

The Huronian sailed from Galveston, bound for Liverpool, on December 12. She was reported to have encountered a submarine not far from the spot where the Lusitania and Arabic were sunk. The ship was built in 1915 in Glasgow. She was 475 feet long and her registered gross tonnage is 8,766.

The Huronian carries a cargo consisting chiefly of cotton, corn and wheat, valued at over $1,000,000, according to her published manifests.

◆

French Occupy Island of Corfu

LONDON, Jan. 12.—A French detachment has been landed on the Greek Island of Corfu for provisional occupation, according to an Athens despatch to Reuter's Telegram Company. Fourteen ships of unknown nationality are cruising around Corfu.

A Rome despatch to the Stefani Bureau says that Corfu advices report that a French warship landed a detachment of troops on Tuesday evening in order to prepare for the arrival of Serbian troops.

A previous despatch stated that the Kaiser's home on the Island of Corfu had been seized and would be used as an allied hospital.

EXPEDITIONARY FORCE RECEIVES MANY HONORS

Are Rewarded For Service to the Empire—Many Receive Companion of Distinguished Service Order

SOME KNIGHTHOODS GRANTED CANADIANS

General Alderson and Sir Casimer Van Straubenzee Made Knight Commanders of the Bath—Other Honors

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 13.—The following honors in connection with the Canadian Expeditionary Force are announced tonight:

Knights Commander of the Bath

General Sir E. A. H. Alderson, Commander of the Canadian Army Corps.

Sir Casimir C. Van Straubenzee, temporary Brigadier-General of the Royal Artillery. Sir Casimir belongs to a distinguished military family well known in Canada. He was educated at the Royal Military College, Kingston.

Rt. Hon. Sir J. E. B. Seely, M.P., temporary Brigadier-General, Commander of Canadian Cavalry Brigade.

Sir David Watson, of Quebec, temporary Brigadier-General, commanding troops from Quebec Province.

Companions of the Order of St. Michael and St. George.

Murray Maclaren, of St. John, N. B., Colonel, Commanding Officer of a Canadian General Hospital.

Charles Johnstone Armstrong, temporary Brigadier General, commanding the Canadian Engineers.

George Gallie Smith, Lieut.-Col., Canadian Army Medical Corps.

Archibald Cameron MacDonell, D.S.O., Winnipeg, Colonel, commanding the Strathcona Horse.

Charles M. Nelles, of Toronto, Lt.-Col., commanding the Royal Canadian Dragoons.

Arthur Edward Ross, M.P.P., of Kingston, Ont. Lieut.-Colonel in the Canadian Army Medical Corps, commanding the First Field Ambulance.

George Stewart Tuxford, Lieut.-Col. commanding 5th Battalion, of Moose Jaw, Sask.

Rev. Frederick George Scott, Hon. Major, of Quebec, Chaplain of a Canadian division.

Companion of the Distinguished Service Order.

The following are made Companions of the Distinguished Service Order:

Major Norton Griffith, M.P., King Edward's Horse; Temporary Lieut.-Col. Raymond Pelley, formerly commanding the Princess Patricias; Lt.-Col. Malcolm Colquhoun, 4th Battalion; Brig.-Gen. Frederick William Hill, 1st Battalion; Lt.-Col. Charles Henry Maclaren, 1st Artillery Brigade; Lt.-Col. John Grant Rattray, 10th Battalion, Winnipeg; Brig.-Gen. Robert Rennie, M.V.O., 3rd Battalion; Lt. Col. Wm. Amos Simson, 1st Divisional Train; Lt.-Col. Albert Edward Swift, 2nd Battalion.

Majors—George William Andrews, 8th Battalion, Winnipeg; James Sutherland Brown, Royal Canadians; William Hew Clarke-Kennedy, 13th Battalion; Hugh Marshall Dyer, 5th Battalion; Leslie Charles, 1st Battery; Edward Hilliam, 5th Battalion; Edward Moodman Leonard, 12th Battery; Frank McCormack McGee, Heavy Battery; Edouard De Bellefeuille Panet, artillery; John Mervyn Prower, 8th Battalion; William Rae, 30th Battalion; Lieut. Edward John Ashton, 9th Battalion.

Military Cross.

The Military Cross is awarded to the following:

Captains Charles Barry Costinwest, Yorkshire; Arthur Grasset, Engineers; Robert Percy Clark, 5th Battalion; Francis McDonnell Codville, Dragoons, John Ashton Critchley, Strathcona's Horse; Hugh McDonald Dunlop, artillery; Thomas Charles Evans, Veterinary Corps; Stanley Douglas Gardner, 7th Battalion; James Emmanuel Hahn 1st Battalion; Victor John Hastings, 16th Battalion; William James Miken Lalor, 1st Battalion; Wilfred Mayor, 15th Battalion; Joseph Bartlett Rogers, 3rd Battalion; Frank Overton Wills Tidy, 3rd Battalion; Edward Raban Vince, Engineers; Arthur Stanley Wright, artillery. Lieutenants Edward Albert Baker, Engineers; William Holmes, 7th Battalion; Richard James Leach, Heavy Battery; Edison Franklin Lynn, Engineers, Jas. Campbell MacDonald, Engineers; Donald Milner Matheson, Engineers; Donald McGugan, 16th Battalion; Frank Harvey Tingley, artillery; Armorer Sergt.-Major Northover, Ordnance Corps; Sergt.-Major Ridgewell, Engineers.

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DURANT TO FIGHT FORD

Munitions Man to Enter Cheap-Price Car Field

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 13.—Two wizards of the automobile world are at swords points and before their battle is finished it is estimated that millions of dollars will be expended in competition.

Henry Ford and Walter C. Durant are the principles in a gigantic struggle that will stagger the financial and commercial world. This was the statement made Tues. by men close to both magnates. The lines of the first skirmish are just being formed, but when the battle is on in earnest, its limits will reach to the national capital and will become international in scope.

The two men hold exactly opposite views on international affairs. Ford opposes war, and all plans for war, while the Dupont Powder interests, are said to be behind Durant in a wide-reaching plan to monopolize the trade in munition supplies.

It is asserted that Durant is about to place upon the market a car that will complete with the Ford. It is to be produced by the General Motors organization.

NEW SOCIETY COMING OUT OF GREAT WAR

Constructive Socialism to be One of Struggles Products—Religion's Fresh Impetus

(By C. F. Bertelli)

Headquarters of the Franco-Belgian Army to Flanders, Jan. 12.—Political theories, in fact abstract ideas, have no official existence among this nation in arms, but in the course of my tour of the front I have had many opportunities of ascertaining that, confronted hourly by death and the grim business of killing for national protection, these millions of citizens soldiers have undergone a gradual transformation in their idealistic convictions.

This wonderful change is of far-reaching importance for the future French national life. Generally speaking, advanced Socialistic ideas have been badly hit by the war's trials.

Catholicism's Big Strides

On the other hand, Roman Catholicism, which previous to the war was almost a dead letter in France, has made wonderful strides. The same must be said of other religions, though the change in this case is of minimum importance apart from the tendency which it illustrates of worshippers outside of the Catholic pale.

Such are the absolute facts sustained by all the evidence of my tour. They are confirmed and supplemented, not only by priests and Catholic officers, but also by officers of the fighting force, and intellectual soldiers, serving in the ranks who cannot be suspected of bias.

Marxians No More

Before the war these men, who could be counted by the hundred thousands, were the strongest supporters in Europe of the Marxian policy of no international frontiers and promotion of the brotherhood of nations. They were prepared to lead Europe in an anti-war strike on the eve of any conflict.

But actual experience has convinced them that their plan, however, desirable theoretically, is unworkable Brought face to face with the stern necessity of defending their own homes and families against Huns, and later brought into immediate contact with the horrors of invasion, they realize, overwhelmingly, that their Utopia was a mere fantastic dream.

Such was the description of their conversion to patriotism supplied to me near the battle line by one of their most prominent leaders, whose name I am not permitted to give because of the official annoymity of the army.

"This man, who began the war as a private," his Colonel told me, "is now an officer of such keenness and efficiency that I have attached him to my personal staff. Although his life has been spent in combating armament, he has distinguished himself so often for acts of exemplary courage that he has won the military medal and the war cross.

Difficult Story After War

"I asked him the other day what he thought of his old theories.

"They were only theories,' he replied, "and after the war the majority of those who shared my views will have a very different story to tell.'"

The general opinion prevailing among thinkers at the front is that the war, while it has killed anti-militarism, has given tremendous impetus to practical Socialism. They say more Socialistic measures have been introduced all over Europe since the beginning of the conflict, than during the whole period before the war and they foresee a wonderful era of constructive Socialism, which, indeed, will be absolutely necessary for the solution of ante-bellum problems.

Sentiment among the French citizen soldiers is unanimously against future armaments with aggressive designs, but it is emphatically in favor of a defensive military.

Priests' Great Service

So far as religious principles are concerned, the wonderful behavior of the priests on the battlefield has done

(Continued on page 7)

Within the Military Circle

(From the Deseronto Post)

Lieut. S. Jay Raymond has been transferred from the 93rd Batt. C. E. F., of Peterboro, to the 155th Bay of Quinte Batt. C.E.F. and has been sent to Deseronto to take charge of Recruiting. He will also be ably assisted by Q. M. S. Breden who has been doing excellent work.

The Deseronto platoon, must have fifty-three men to justly call themselves by that name. We have eighteen now, so come along boys and keep the good old name of Deseronto, in the foreground.

Lieut. Raymond informed us this morning, that he would like the names of places, where men can be billeted.

The eighteen men enlisted in the Deseronto Platoon of the 155th Battalion have all received their new uniforms.

Pte. Clifford Myles of the 48th Highlanders(Toronto has had charge of drilling the recruits this week

There are a few brainless gabbers who, when they see a soldier passing down our streets, make all sorts of caustic comments upon them, and upon the fact that they are enlisted to fight for King and Country. Such had better take a timely hint, for there is a stiff penalty for such thoughtless tongue wagging.—Deseronto Post.

KINGSTON

The order recently issued forbidding soldiers of the Expeditionary Force to inform outsiders as to the movements of troops or other military information is being read to the troops of the garrison. It is very necessary that this information be kept secret.—Kingston Whig.

Every day an officer is detailed from some local unit to act as Garrison field officer. It is the duty of this officer to see, among other things, that officers are properly dressed when on the street, that they conduct themselves properly, and that they act in every particular according to the requirements of the service. This will also apply to non-coms, and men, in fact, to all who wear uniform. An officer of this kind, who really knows his duties, will prove of great benefit to the Garrison. Carelessness and negligence in street habits and conduct, are not in the best interests of discipline or training.

The prisoners at Fort Henry are free from the epidemic of grippe which is so prevalent everywhere on the outside. There are no complaints among the men, and very little work for the doctor to do.

All recruits must now be vaccinated the day they are sworn in and attested.

Divisional orders contain the following:

Upon the occasion of the opening of the Dominion Parliament by Field Marshal His Royal Highness the Governor-General on Thursday the 13th inst., the following duties will be performed by the undermentioned units of the Ottawa Garrison: 5th Princess Louise Dragoon Guards; Eight men (including N.C.O. in charge) will be detailed as outriders and will report at Government House at 2.30 p.m. and will escort His Royal Highness the Governor General from thence to the Houses of Parliament House. Four men will ride in front of the sleigh or motor car and four men will ride immediately behind. Dress—Winter dress. A guard of honor, with King's colors and band of the regiment will mount opposite the main entrance of the Houses of Parliament at 2.45 p.m. and will remain until dismissed. A field officer and an adjutant in brigade waiting will be furnished by the Governor-General's Foot Guards and will be in attendance on His Royal Highness.

(Madoc Review)

Recruits are still coming in for the 155th Battalion, and the Armoury is a very active place. The boys have their reading room going and with their several musical instruments very enjoyable times are spent.

On Saturday night next the boys will be entertained by a choir of fifty voices from Ivanhoe under the leadership of Mr. G. M. Sharpe, of Toronto.

On Sunday last the recruits paraded for Divine Service to the Methodist

(Continued on page 7

GREAT SEA FIGHT EXPECTED DAILY

German Fleet to be Forced to Fight by Popular Opinion and Food Riots—British Fleet Waiting—Hospitals Ready

FRENCH GUNS SMASH GERMAN TRENCHES

Effective Artillery Fire in Artois—Convoy Dispersed in the Champagne—Also Explode Mines

(Canadan Press Special)

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—An official of the British Admiralty arrived here yesterday with despatches and brought the news that the German battleship fleet emerged from the Kiel Canal on three successive days in December, but kept close to the shore near the mouth of the Elbe and of course did not encounter the British grand fleet which cannot, owing to mines, submarines and shoals, go inside Heligoland. This pretence of searching for the British fleet, he said was forced on the German Admiralty by food riots and other symptoms of discontent at home. The blockade is going to be drawn tighter now, and it is expected the Kaiser's fleet will one day be compelled to steam outside of Heligoland when the biggest naval battle in the world's history will take place. The battle for the supremacy of the seas will come without warning and all preparations for taking care of the wounded have been made along the east coast of England and hospital ships are waiting ready to go out and bring the injured to shore. The Admiralty official statement also states that German submarine attacks in the Mediterranean had hitherto been facilitated because the patrol work had been divided between the British and French but the British Admiralty is now responsible for the entire route from Gibraltar to Alexandria and the protection will hereafter be effective.

French Are Successful

(Canadan Press Special)

PARIS, Jan. 13.—The following official communication was issued tonight:

"In Artois we executed on the positions along the road to Lille a violent bombardment which destroyed at several points the trenches and shelters of the enemy.

"Between the Somme and the Oise a German column estimated at one regiment was taken under our fire at the moment of entering Roye. To the north of the Aisne our artillery damaged an observatory and some machine gun shelters and silenced an enemy battery at Hill 105, on the plateau of Vauclere.

"In the Argonne we exploded one mine at La Fille Morte and two at Vauquois."

Austrians Capture City of Cettinje

Montenegrin Capital Falls Before Enemy Advance—A Separate Peace Offered Brave Little Nation

Montenegrin Capital Falls

(Canadian Press Special)

Vienna, Jan. 14.—The War Office announces the capture of Cettinje, the capital of Montenegro which happened yesterday afternoon.

Separate Peace Desired.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 14.—A wireless despatch from Rome reiterating the report of an armistice between Austria and Montenegro, states that it was Austria which proposed the cessation of hostilities, with the purpose of negotiating a separate peace.

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Treasured Relic Destroyed by Fire

(Canadian Press Special)

ROME, Jan. 14.—While the earthquake which destroyed Avezzano and Sora a year ago was being commemorated to-day by a service in the Cathedral at Sora a candle fell and set fire to the altar cloth and the Cathedral was destroyed, and with it a status of Saint Restitua, one of few objects which was saved from the earthquake. The peasantry of the district are much disturbed.

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Port Arthur Is Visited by Fire

(Canadian Press Special)

PORT ARTHUR, Jan. 14.—The Walsh Block in the centre of the city was destroyed by fire this morning with a loss of a hundred and fifty thousand dolars. The building contained the Dominion Bank, a number of stores, offices and living apartments.

BRITAIN NOT TO FORCE POLICY ON DOMINION

LONDON, Jan. 12.—Speaking at the Institute of Infantry lunch today, Sir Edward Carson said the policy after the war would have to be considered as a whole. They did not desire to force any of their ideals on their kinsmen beyond the seas, who must forward their own proposals, which must be corporated in our imperial council, while the commercial policy must be run for mutual benefit.

Russia Must Have Victory

Czar Issues New Year's Message Declaring No Peace Possible Otherwise—Western Front Is Quiet

(Canadian Press Special

London, Jan. 14—In an order issued to the army and navy on Russian New Year's Day, in which he thanks them for their efforts, Czar Nicholas says: "Let it be impressed upon your minds and consciences that there can be no peace without victory. However great the suffering and however numerous the victims, we must bring victory to our mother country"

Western Front Quiet.

(Canadian Press Special)

BERLIN, Jan. 14.—The War Office announces today that owing to the rainstorms on the western front there has been only isolated artillery and grenade actions.

FRENCH STATEMENT

(Canadan Press Special)

PARIS, Jan. 14.—The French official statement issued this afternoon says:

"There was slight activity of artillery during the night to the south of the Somme river, in the Lihons sector, one of our patrols attacked an enemy patrolling party which fled, leaving two dead and one wounded behind. In the Champagne district our fire reached and dispersed German troops who were in movement in sections of trenches at Buttee Du Mesnil.

British Successful In Coast Raids

Naval Operations Off Belgium Are Highly Successful

NO CIVILIANS ARE ATTACKED

Fire Confined to Purely Military And Naval Objectives—German War Vessels, Ammunition Depots and Storehouse Destroyed

(Canadan Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 13.—The naval operations off the Belgian coast last summer and autumn are described in an official despatch from Vice-Admiral R. H. S. Bacon, commanding the Dover patrol, who begins by explaining the great care taken to confine the fire to purely military and naval objectives, so as to inflict a minimum loss of life and distress to the civilian population, among which are large numbers of citizens of the allied countries.

"In order to carry this principle into effect it was at times necessary to modify and even to postpone projected attacks," the despatch says. "The results therefore have been effective rather than sensational."

After speaking of the extreme accuracy o fthe naval fire, which methods and careful training, Vice-Admiral Bacon reviews the various attacks on Zeebrugge, Ostend, Westende and other points along the coast at various dates in brief, and sums up the damage to the Germans(which, he says, included the destruction of one torpedo boat, two submarines, one dredge, three military storehouses, and in addition wharves, observation and signalling stations, and the Zeebrugge locks were damaged. The British loss consisted of three armed trawlers, of which two struck mines, and 24 men killed and 24 wounded.

Vice-Admiral Bacon says that the gunnery results exceeded his expectations. His fleet consisted of eighty vessels of various classes, manned partly by men of the regular navy, but more largely by officers and men of the navy reserves and deep sea fishermen.

"The protection of such a moving fleet by destroyers in waters which are the natural home of the enemy's submarines has been admirable," Vice-Admiral Bacon says, "but still more remarkable is the aptitude shown by the officers and crews of the drifters and trawlers, who in difficult waters and under conditions totally strange to them maintained their allotted stations without a single accident. Moreover, these men under fire exhibited coolness worthy of the personnel of a service inured to discipline. The results show how deeply adaptability is ingrained in the seafaring race of these islands."

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIANS

OTTAWA, Jan. 13.—The midnight list of casualties is as follows:

DIVISIONAL INFANTRY HEADQUARTERS, 2ND CONTINGENT.

Died of wounds—Acting Corp. Albert Gloyne Port Hope, Ont.

1ST BATTALION.

Wounded—H. A. B. Aikman, Windsor, Ont.

2ND BATTALION.

Suffering from shock—N. Armstrong Braeside, Ont.

Wounded, but rejoined regiment—John Dyer, Kelloe, Man.

3RD BATTALION.

Killed in action—W. H. Roberts, West Toronto; Lance-Corp. R. J. Kingsley, Edmonton..

Died of wounds—I. Doddridge, New Richmond, Que.

Dangerously ill—Corp. J. E. Tripp, Mount Dennis, Ont.

5TH BATTALION.

Slightly wounded — O. Morgan, Kamsack, Sask.

7TH BATTALION.

Wounded—A. W. Eshelby, England.

Killed in action—Lieut. A. E. Evans Victoria, B.C.

8TH BATTALION.

Wounded—Ira Boyd, Carleton Place, Ont.

14TH BATTALION.

Wounded and missing—A. Giguere, Sherbrooke, Que.

15TH BATTALION.

Wounded — G. Davis, Highland Creek, Ont.

20TH BATTALION.

Killed in action—D. Scoble, Chesley, Ont.

Wounded—A. M. Meharg, Toronto.

22ND BATTALION.

Wounded—Chas. Julien, Montreal.

24TH BATTALION.

Died of wounds—H. C. Clendenning, Montreal.

25TH BATTALION.

Killed in action—W. R. Murdock, Louisburg, C.B.

27TH BATTALION.

Slightly wounded—James Wright, Winnipeg.

Wounded—Company Quartermaster-Sergt. E. Hargreaves, Toronto.

5TH C. M. R.

Dangerously ill—W. D. Williams, Amherstburg, Ont.

Extra Saturday Specials

JANUARY SALE
In Full Blast

Window Shades have advanced 25 per cent., but while our present stock lasts we will sell at the old prices.

Plain green and cream shades at	35c., or 3 for $1
No. 1 quality shades in green, cream and white, with insertion, at, each	50c.
Flannelette Blankets, double size ,at, pair	$1.19
36-inch wide stripe Flannelettes, yard	8c.
10 yards White Flannelette for	79c.
40 inch wide Factory Cotton at, yard	8c.
Clearing Sale of Bed Comforters	$1.19, $1.85, $1.98

Remnants of Dress Goods of all kinds, clearing at nearly half price

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

Special
. Shoe .
Values
CLEARING
SALE
Of
Men's Gunmetal
and Patent
Laced & Button
Boots

English and High Toe Lasts, all sizes in the lot. Regular $5.00 and $6.00 values,

CLEARING $3.45

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY!

ADAMS
THE SHOEMAN

DEATHS

PENNEY—In Belleville, on Thursday, January 13th, 1916, William Penney, aged 78 years.

The funeral will take place from his late residence 12 Bay street, to-morrow (Saturday) at 1.30 p.m. Service at the house at 1 o'clock. Interment at Garrison cemetery, Plainfield.

IN and ABOUT THE CITY

MISS HEPBURN ENGAGED

Mrs. A. D. Hepburn, of Picton, Ont., announces the engagement of her daughter, Hilda Bernice, to Capt. Charles Hadyn Ackerman, of Peter borough, late of the 2nd Battalion, 1st Canadian Division. The marriage will take place on the second day of February. —Montreal Star.

FIRE IN CHURCH

Just as the congregation had finished leaving the Rednersville Methodist church after service Sunday evening and the sexton was putting out the lights, the large chandelier in the centre of the church fell, setting fire to the carpet and matting. Fortunately the fire was extinguished before much damage was done.

HAD AN EYE PUT OUT

Mr. Jos. Adams, of Madoc, had the misfortune to have his right eye destroyed on Wednesday of last week while working in Cross & Wellington's talc mine. Mr. Adams was holding a gad, which is used to split the boulders of talc, when a blister flew off, lodging in his right eye. He immediately went to a doctor when it was found that a piece of steel the size of a ten-ent piece had penetrated the eyeball and the eye had to be revomed

LOST THREE FINGERS

Mr. Walter Whytock, Madoc's popular young Councilman, suffered the loss of three fingers on his right hand on Friday last. Mr. Whytock was operating a meat grinding machine in his butcher shop, and in pushing the meat into the machine his fingers were caught, taking off the three between the thumb and little finger at the second joint. Much sympathy is expressed for Mr. Whytock.

DEATH OF A CHILD

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Haines, of Trenton, will sympathize with them in the death of their eldest son, Nelson Russell, aged 11 years and 11 months, which occurred in this city last evening. The child was visiting his aunt, Miss Foley, in the city, and had been ill for some time. The remains were today sent to Trenton and will later be interred in the family plot, Belleville camtery.

ALLEGED THEFT

Mr. Daniel Stapley reports to the police that he has had some portions of a set of harness stolen from his premises.

A COLD SNAP

The weather turned exceedingly cold at an early hour this morning the thermometor registered 10 degrees below zero, which is by far the coldest snap this winter. During the day the weather moderated, but not to any great extent.

A RECORD ESTABLISHED

The quietness which prevails in police quarters in this city may be gathered from the fact that there has been only one arrest made since December 23rd and that for alleged theft of a horse and rig. Not an arrest for drunkenness has been made for three weeks, which is a record.

CALL FOR FIREMEN

The fire brigade was called out shortly after 11 o'clock this morning, but fortunately their services were not required. The thawing outof somefrozen water pipes in a place of business on Campbell street caused an incipient blaze, which was extinguished with a pail of water.

ATTENDED OLD ALBERT

Mr. George R. Roberts who was for years editor of the Canadian Baptist died in Toronto on Wednesday, at the age of 79 years. Mr. Roberts at one time attended Albert College in this city. Of late years the deceased had been connected with the stamp counter at the Toronto Postoffice.

POULTRY SHOW CLOSED

The 4th annual poultry show held under the auspices of the Belleville Poultry Asociation was brought to a close last evening. During the three days it was in progress many spectators were present and evidenced much interest in the fowls shown. It was in every repsect the most successful show ever held in Belleville, both in number of exhibits and attendance. In the various classes the competition for prizes was keen. A list of the prize winners will be published within a few days.

A SOCIETY FUNERAL

Under the auspices of the Orange Society of which deceased was a member, the remains of the late Mr. Robt. Copeland, of Tyendinaga township, were yesterday afternoon consigned to the tomb. Mr. Copeland was one of the oldest Orangemen in Eastern Ontario, having been initiated into the first Orange Lodge formed in Ottawa. For many years, he had been a member of L.O.L. no. 295 of Tyendinaga. The remains were conveyed to the Anglican church at Roslin, where the burial services of the church were conducted by Rev. J. L. Boutell, who also officiated at the interment at Roslin cemetery. The burial services of the Orange Order were conducted by Rt. Wor. Bro. J. A. Goodfellow and P. R. Sullivan. The bearers were Orangemen, namely, Bros. S. Howe, G. Gray, E. Barber, R. Sullivan, J. Colden and J. Sayers.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. James Boland, of Toronto, who was visiting relatives in this city, has returned home.

Misses Pearl Ashley and Floe Foster, attended the Trenton Assembly and dance last night.

Mrs. Alfred Pelkey and daughters Vivien and Kathleen, of Toronto, have returned home after visiting Mrs. J. Boland, Dundas Street, in this city.

Mrs. Charles Gibson, sister of Mrs. C. De Lisle, Foster avenue, of this city, died last evening at her home in Peterboro'. Particulars later.

Mrs. W. J. Whitton, of Grier St., entertained at the tea hour on Thursday afternoon in honor of Mrs. Chown who is leaving Grier St. Covers were laid for six and a very enjoyable time was spent by all.

ASKS PUNISHMENT OF MEXICAN BANDITS

No Indication That Any Future Action will be Taken by Washington Government

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—There was no indication tonight that the United States would take any further action in the case of the eighteen Americans and one Canadian slain by Villa bandits in Mexico, beyond its demand for the apprehension and punishment of the outlaws; or at the most to hold General Carranza responsible for the murders if it is shown that his officials were negligent in providing protection for the party.

Hot Debate in Congress.

Although the latest outrage stirred the simmering Mexican situation again to the boiling point and drew an outburst of attacks upon the Administration in Congress probably unequalled since the Huerta crisis two years ago, there was no outward sign that President Wilson was being influenced to alter his policy. A proposal by Senator Sherman, Republican, for joint intervention by the Pan-American nations which led in the recognition of General Carranza, was referred without action to the Senate Foreign relations Committee.

While Secretary of State Lansing in a statement announced that "every step will be taken to see that the perpetrators of this dastardly crime are apprehended and punished," he added that it was to be deplored that Americans had not heeded the State Department's warnings against exposing their lives in the guerilla warfare territory. In defining the rights of Americans in territory under the sovereignty of another nation, he declared that a non-combatant runs the risk of losing his liberty or his life if he ventures into territory where the authority is uncertain.

Final checking up by the American Smelting & Refining Company of its employees to-day showed nineteen foreigners unaccounted for. Twenty foreigners were reported to have been on the train, only one of whom, Thomas M. Holmes, escaped. Following is the revised list, which was issued by the Smelting Company:

One a Canadian.

C. R. Watson, El Paso; W. J. Wallace, El Paso; M. B. Romero, El Paso; T. M. Evans, Chihuahua City; O. A. Pringle, San Francisco; M. Anderson, Chihuahua City; R. P. McHatton, El Paso; A. Couch, Chihuahua City; Murray Crossett, San Francisco; C. W. Coy, Denver; Alexander O. Hall, Douglas, Arizona; Charles Wadleigh, Bisbee, Arizona; E. L. Robinson, El Paso; G. W. Newman, El Paso; H. C. Hasse, Miami, Arizona; J. Adams, El Paso; R. H. Simmons, El Paso; W. D. Pearce, Los Angeles; J. W. Woom, El Paso. Of these Couch was a Canadian.

Word was received from the American consul at El Paso that Carranza troops are already in pursuit of the murderers, and that the bodies of the slain Americans were being sent to El Paso, as the State Department requested.

Couch was employed in the mechanical department of the mining company. He previously worked for the Northern Light & Power Company of Laboquilla, Chihuahua.

"Old Glory Hangs Limp."

Chicago, Jan. 12.—"Old Glory, which once floated so proudly as the emblem of a free and courageous people, now hangs limp in its halyards, as if ashamed of the scene of ruthless murder of Americans by Mexican bandits. It is time Old Glory be restored to the masthead."

This declaration was made here today by George W. Perkins of the Progressive party, in speaking of the Mexican massacre. A telegram of greeting was sent to Col. Roosevelt, which said: "The time is at hand when it must no longer be said that anyone can kill an American with impunity and then haggle over the value of his life."

* * *

Gorman's January Clearance Sale has commenced. Boot Bargains for everybody.

* * *

COMMITTEE OF FIFTY

Hastings County Organizes For Prohibition Campaign

A general meeting of the Citizens' Committee of Fifty for the County of Hastings was held in the Y.M.C.A. Building yesterday afternoon.

There was a good representation from the townships and villages. A complete organization was formed for the purpose of circulating a petition to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario during the week beginning Jan. 24th next.

This meeting was called by the executive of the Citizens' Committee of Fifty for the County of Hastings, organized some time ago.

This organization is the outcome of the movement inaugurated by the Citizens' Committee of One Hundred who met in Toronto on October 15th, 1915, and decided to circulate a petition to the Provincial Government asking for total prohibition for the Province of Ontario.

The committee is non-partisan and non-sectarian.

In order that every man, 21 years of age, in the County of Hastings, may have an opportunity to sign the petition an organization for each municipality and polling sub-division was formed. Each poll has a committee of five, one of whom is called a captain, who is responsible for the circulating of the petition in that poll.

Mr. E. F. Chapman, who was secretary of the Local Option committee during the recent campaign in Belleville, was appointed organizing secretary for the county.

SQUADRON COMMANDER PREDICTS BIG RAID

Says Defences of London Are Not Adequate—He Has Resigned

LONDON, Jan. 13.—The London Daily Mail gives prominence this morning to an article signed by Squadron Commander Billing, who says he resigned his commission in the naval air service for the purpose of advocating more efficient defence of London against impending air raids.

The writer asserts that the Germans are actively preparing for a raid on a most extensive death-dealing scale, compared with which all the previous raids were child's play.

"Contrary to the general belief," he says, "it is not Zeppelins alone that this country will have to meet. Germany is completing large numbers of bomb-dropping aeroplanes capable of carrying big loads of missiles enormous distance. These obviously are intended to be used against England, and probably against London."

The writer asks: "Has the Government taken steps to meet the peril?" and answers his question by saying: "The aerial defence of London has been neglected from the outset."

BRIDEGROOM HANDCUFFED TO HIS BEST MAN

Wedding of Canadian Officer to Toronto Girl Had Unique Features

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The wedding celebrated at Folkestone between Capt Lawrence V. M. Cosgrave, adjutant of the 6th Howitzer Brigade, and Miss Beatrice Hunter Jones, both of Toronto, was marked by unique features. Escorted by the brigade officers, the bridegroom rode to church on a gun-carriage, handcuffed to Lieut. Kilgour, his best man. During the ceremony the six black horses attached to the gun-carriage replaced by greys, and the couple, after leaving the church under an arch of swords, drove away on the gun-carriage. The marriage proposal was made in a letter written from a dugout at Festubert, and the affirmative answer was received by Capt. Cosgrave in a dugout in "Plug street." General Morrison gave away the bride who had just arrived from Canada.

NEW KING OF SERBIA HAS BEEN PROCLAIMED

LONDON, Jan. 13.—The Rome correspondent of The Star says that the illegitimate son of the late King Milan of Serbia has been proclaimed King of Serbia at Belgrade by the Austrian and German authorities. He has been residing in Vienna.

King Milan was ruler of Serbia from 1882 to 1889. His only legitimate son as given in the Almanach de Gotha, was Alexander, who was assassinated in 1903. King Alexander was succeeded by King Peter, who is now at Saloniki, having been driven from his country by the invading armies of the Teutonic allies. The only available record of the irregular offspring of King Milan is a cable despatch of two years ago concerning Milenke Christich Reitchvich, described as an illegitimate son of Milan, who was said to have become involved in financial difficulties in Bohemia.

BENEFIT
155th BATTALION C.E.F.
The Famous Williamson
Submarine
Motion Pictures
"World's Greatest Film."
Griffin's Opera House
To-Night and
Saturday
With Special Matinee on
Saturday at 2.30
The Wonderful Deep Sea
Pictures.

Try Our
Saturday Special
Chocolates
33c

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

To be fitted in proper style let McFee make your glasses.

While our glasses are stylish, we do not make style the only or even the first consideration.

Style is combined with—but is secondary to utility.

Yet in making glasses for utility — which is THE ONLY reason for using them at all—style is not ignored

at

Angus McFee's

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

PICKLES
Gillard's Pickle Relish
Crosse & Blackwell's Sweet Pickle
Libby's Sweet Pickle
Heinz's Sweet Pickles
Lea's Sweet and Sour Pickles
Pickled Walnuts
Pickled White Onions
Pickled Red Cabbage
Pearl Onions
Chow Chow
Girkins
Midgets
Libby's Pickles in sealers .. .. 25c.
Pin Money Pickles .. .. 25c.
Tomato Chutney Chili Sauce
Tomato Ketchup French Mustard

INDIAN CHUTNIES
Bombay, Bengal Club, Mango

SAUCES
Lea & Perrin's Worcestershire
Yorkshire Relish
H. P. Sauce
Brand's Al Sauce
SoSyer's Sultana's Sauce
Harvey's Sauce
Montserrat L. J. Sauce
Bengal Chutney Sauce
C. & B. Mushroom Catsup
C. & B. Walnut Catsup
C. & B. Anchovy Sauce
McIlhenny's Tabasco Sauce
Pepper Sauce
Mint Sauce
French Capers
Onion Salt
Celery Salt

Order a Dozen
Seedless
Sunkist
Oranges Today
—and try this

Your dealer has this delicious, healthful California fruit — the finest sweetest, juiciest oranges now on the market. Serve at all meals.

Save Sunkist tissue wrappers for beautiful silverware

California Fruit Growers Exchange
Co-operative—Non-profit
105 King Street, East, Corner Church
Toronto, Ontario

Small Orange Pudding
Cream one-fourth cup of butter with three-fourths cup of sugar and add one-third cup of juice of Sunkist Orange and a little grated rind alternately with one and one-half cups of flour sifted with two level teaspoons of baking powder and a little salt. Add three well beaten eggs and pour into deep muffin pans or timbale molds. Set in a pan of hot water and cook in moderate oven. Serve hot with sauce.

SINCLAIR'S SINCLAIR'S

January Sale

Friday & Saturday Special Attractions

While Every Day Is Bargain Day At Our Store, Here Are
A Few Special Lines For Week-End Shoppers

Great Bargains In Ladies' And Children's Coats

BLACK COATS FOR STOUT WOMEN.
We have about 20 Black Coats, in styles designed for Extra Large Women, out very full in Bust and large Hip Measures, sizes 37, 39, 41, 43 and 45 bust measures, regular prices $13.50, $16.50, $18.50, $20.00 and $22.50, on sale Friday and Saturday at $9.50, $12.50, $13.50, $14.50 and $16.50.

GIRLS' COATS, $3.50 AND $4.50.
At these prices we offer two lots of Girls' Cloth Coats in every size from 3 to 15 years of age, all made of Heavy Wool Cloth, regular prices $4.50 to $9.50, to clear in Two Lots, your choice of 1st Lot $3.50; your choice of 2nd Lot, $4.50 each.

COLORED COATS, ONE-THIRD OFF.
This applies to every Ladies' and Misses' Colored Cloth Coat in our store, all this season's best Coat Styles, about 80 Coats in all to select from, in a full range of Ladies' and Misses' 16, 18 and 20 year sizes; to clear Friday and Saturday at One-Third off Regular Prices.

25c. AND 35c. FLANNEL VELOURS, ONLY 15c. YARD
Here is a great snap in Kimono Flannels with 20 patterns to select from, all the very latest American designs—Flannels that sell regularly at 25c. and 35c. yard. Goods now in our window. On sale Friday and Saturday, only 15c. yard.

LADIES FLANNELETTE GOWNS, 89c. AND $1.19.
We think these the greatest values we have ever offered in Ladies' Gowns, in two lots, regular sizes 56 to 60, also Extra Large Sizes for Stout Women, in White and Pink, at special prices, 89c. and $1.19 each.

DRESS GOODS, ONLY 49c. YARD
At this price we offer your choice of about 30 pieces of Fancy Tweed Dress Goods and Suitings, our regular 65c., 75c. and 90c. Goods, to clear, your choice, only 49c. yard.

SINCLAIR'S

SATURDAY EARLY CLOSING.
Once more we ask you to help us in our Early Closing. Saturday is a long, hard day for our Staff, because it is always a busy day in our store. We are here from 8.30 a.m. to 7 p.m.

Early Closing means much to our Staff who are always at your service.

Our Store Closes Saturday at 7 p.m.

FLANNEL WAISTS, ONLY $1.50.
We have only a few of these Ladies' Waists, made of Unshrinkable Viyella Flannel, colors Cream, Tan, Grey and Cardinal, regular $2.50 Waists, to clear for only $1.50 each.

SINCLAIR'S

WIMS' Mid-Winter SALE

EXCEPTIONAL BARGAINS
RELIABLE MERCHANDISE
CORRECT STYLES

5 dozen American Blouses — looks like silk, wears well, high-low neck, short sleeves, on sale at $1.19.
3 dozen White Silk Blouses—high-low neck, long sleeves, worth $1.75; on sale $1.19

SWEATER COATS
For Men, Women and Children. Prices Moderate.

STAPLE DRY GOODS
Sheetings, Shirtings, Cottons, Prints, Ginghams, Blankets, at old Prices.
20 pieces yard wide Flannelette, worth 12½c., on sale at 9c. yard
10 dozen Men's Wool Sox, 25c. pair

Wims & Co

HOBSON'S
PALATABLE
Epsom Salts
Easy to take
No Nasty Taste
No Nausea after taking
15c pkg.
Waters' DRUG STORE

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip

Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.

Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows.

F. W. L. CARRE

Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward counties.
Phone 366 2/6 Albert St., City

EYES BLUR
when reading?
If so; Glasses are needed to overcome the strain—let me help you.
Alex Ray, Opt. D
Eye-Sight Specialist

Hotpoint El Perco

El Perco
A PERFECT PERCOLATOR
Makes six cups of delicious coffee right at the table for less than one cent's worth of electricity. Attaches to any lamp socket and will commence percolating from cold water in 30 seconds.
LET US SHOW YOU ONE
The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Trenton News

Trenton, Jan. 12.—At four o'clock this morning, the shed in connection with the Trenton Cooperage Mills, and which contained much valuable dressed lumber and heading, was discovered to be on fire. The flames spread rapidly, and for a time it seemed as though the mill would burn too, as a strong wind was blowing in that direction, but fortunately the firemen who battled bravely with the flames managed to get the fire under control, but not before the shed's contents were destroyed completely. The loss to the company will be heavy although partly covered by insurance. The cause of the fire in unknown.

The marriage took place on Tuesday the 11th inst., in St. Catherines, of Miss Alice McGeachie, daughter of Mr. John McGeachie, formerly of Trenton, and Mr. Hobart Armstrong, youngest son of the Rev. Canon Armstrong, of Trenton.

Mrs. Bensley, of New York, has arrived in town to spend the winter with her mother and sister, Mrs. and Miss Pelletier.

Mr. J. H. Dickey had the misfortune to be thrown from an iceboat on the bay a few days ago, and received internal injuries from the effect of the fall upon the ice. The boat which was going at full speed at the time, ran into a fissure in the ice, which was not discernable: the fissure being frozen over slightly. Mr. Dafoe, who was on the boat with Mr. Dickey was thrown in the water, but with the exception of a cold bath and a slight shaking up he was otherwise unhurt.

While coasting down the side of the mountain one day last week, Miss Olive Smith was thrown from a bob sleigh and as a result has a broken leg. The party who was steering the bobs lost control of the steering gear, and the bobs plunged into a tree with such force as to cause the accident to Miss Smith.

DRINK HABIT

RELIABLE HOME TREATMENT

Thousands of wives, mothers and sisters are enthusiastic in their praise of ORRINE, because it has cured their loved ones of the "Drink Habit" and thereby brought happiness to their homes. Can be given secretly. ORRINE costs only $1.00 per box. Ask for Free Booklet. J. S. McKeown, Front, St.

ANNUAL MEETING

The annual district meeting of the Loyal Orange Lodge, District No. 3, South Hastings, was held in Plainfield, on Tuesday at 2.30 p.m. The District Master Bro. Geo. F. Reed in the chair. There was a good attendance every lodge in the district being represented. After the general routine of business had been transacated. Bro. W. J. Hall past County Master, was asked to take the chair and conduct the election and installation of officers which resulted as follows:

District Master Bro. H. L. Gerow, L.O.L. No. 3; Deputy Dist. Master, Bro. P. R. Sullivan, L.O.L. No. 295; Chap., Bro. M. Tumman, L.O.L. No. 179; Rec. Sec'y, Bro. Wm. Reynolds, L.O.L. No. 3; Fin. Sec'y. Bro. Harry Dafoe, L.O.L. No. 179; Treasurer, Bro. Geo. F. Reed, L.O.L. No. 2,320; D. of C., Bro. Fred Grey, L.O.L. No. 295; Lect, Bro. J. Emerson, L.O.L. No. 179; Bro. J. Goodfellow, L.O.L. No. 295.

ACCIDENTLY SHOT WHILE HUNTING

On Thursday last John O'Brien, who lives near Coe Hill, was accidently shot through both legs by a companion named Amos Batchelor, while out hunting.

O'Brien, Batchelor and a couple of other men were standing in the woods, when one of them made a remark which caused Batchelor to turn quick which caused Batchelor to turn quickly, and in making the movement his rifle was accidentally discharged. O'Brien was standing about thirty-five feet from him at the time and the bullet passed through his left leg just below the knee ,without touching the bone, and lodged in the knee of his right leg.

Dr. Beeman was called, but failed to locate the bullet, and after making the injured man as comfortable as possible had him placed on the train and sent to the Belleville hospital.

Ontario Dairymen Elect Officers

At a meeting of the directors of the Eastern Ontario Dairymen's Association which held its annual convention at Renfrew, J. N. Stone of Norham, was elected president, R. G. Leggett, Newboro', first vice pres., Joseph McGrath, Mount Chesney, 2nd vice pres., T. A. Thompson, Almonte, Secretary, James R. Anderson, Mountain View; Treasurer, Morden Bird, Stirling, Auditor. Messrs. Glendenning, Fraser, Olmstead, McGrath, Legett, Sanderson and Ferguson, directors.

Answer This!

When you have indigestion you never take a lung medicine. Why, then, when you have a cough, a cold or bronchitis (lung troubles) do you swallow things down into your stomach? It is a mistake, and the Peps treatment for colds, bronchitis and asthma, etc., corrects this mistake. Peps are tablets made up of Pine extracts and medicinal essences, which when put into the mouth turn into healing vapors. These are breathed down direct to the lungs, throat and bronchial tubes—not swallowed down to the stomach, which is not ailing.

On the face of it, is not this treatment of coughs and colds more rational than the old-fashioned way? Peps are recommended by doctors, by nurses, by people in authority everywhere, who once having tried this new treatment will never go back to the old form. We could send you books of testimonials, if you would like to read them, but one trial of Peps will give you more personal satisfaction than lots of reading about what others say. 50c. box, at druggists and stores. Remember the name—just four letters—

Peps

Khaki Club's Fine Programme

The regular Wednesday night programme was given at the Khaki Club with the usual large attendance. The programme for the evening was in charge of Miss Tulte which assured its being a capital one. Among the many pleasing numbers were the following: The Stove Pipe Hole by Drummond, Scotch Dialect, The English Flag by Kipling, all of which were given by Miss Tulte and merited such appluase that many shorter ones were given as first and second encores. Professor Staples who was accompanied by Mrs. MacColl sang in addition to the patriotic songs, the choruses of which the boys enjoyed singing; Killarney, Little Irish Girls and several other numbers. The splendid programme was punctated with several "sodliers' numbers." Members of the French Canadian platoon sang "O Canada" in French and Pte. Roberts handled the clappers very cleverly to the accopnaniment of the piano. At the close of the evening everyone was served with coffee, cake and sandwiches.

DEATH ROLL

JOEL. SCHAMERHORN

After a few days' illness, Mr. Joel Schamerhorn, died in Belleville last evening. In 1839 at Richmond township, Lennox county, deceased was born and for years was engaged in farm work. He went west some years ago and upon returning eastward three years ago, he made his home in this city. Mr. Schamerhorn was a widower. Two sons residing in the West, and three daughters living in Western Ontario, survive. Three brothers and three sisters are also living. Deceased was a member of the religious body, known as the Holiness Movement. The remains after being prepared for burial, were today taken to Richmond township for interment, being accompanied by two brothers. The brothers had just attended the funeral of their sister at Napanee yesterday.

WM. PENNEY

Mr. W. Penney who was well and favorably known in the city, died yesterday at his late home, 12 Bay street, Belleville. Deceased was 78 years of age and was born in Thurlow township. He had lived in this city for many years. Deceased was a member of the Methodist church. Two sons, John and William, and one daughter, Mrs. John Matthews, all of Belleville, survive.

Read Gorman's advertisement on page 7.

It's mighty hard to please a woman. If you stare at her she thinks you rude, and if you don't, she thinks you lack taste.

BRONCHITIS SUFFERER!

CURED BY A SIMPLE REMEDY

Columbus, Ga. "I am telling everybody what Vinol has done for my husband. He had a bronchial cough, his system was run down and I felt sure he would die. His father insisted on his trying Vinol, and I am so thankful he did, because it cured his cough and built him up. My doctor highly recommends it and said he could not take anything better." Mrs. Thomas, Monk.

Vinol, you know, contains the real cod liver curative extract, together with peptonate of iron, and beef-peptone, it enriches and revitalizes the blood and conveys to the system the vital elements necessary to strengthen the body and throw off the disease. That is the reason it was so successful in Mr. Monk's case.

Anyone in Belleville who has bronchitis, a chronic cough, or needs building up, may try a bottle of Vinol, with the understanding that his money will be returned if he is not satisfied. J. S. McKeown, Druggist, Belleville, Ont.

Quick, Painless Way To Remove Hairy Growths

(Helps to Beauty)

Here is a simple, unfailing way to rid the skin of objectionable hairs? With some powdered delatone and water make enough paste to cover the hairy surface, apply and in about 2 minutes rub off, wash the skin and every trace of hair has vanished. This is quite harmless, but to avoid disappointment be sure to get the delatone in an original package.

SPEND THE WINTER IN CALIFORNIA

Round trip Winter Tourist tickets on sale daily to California via variable direct and scenic routes.

Four fast modern trains leave Chicago daily from the most modern railway terminal in the world.

Overland Limited (Extra Fare) leaves 7.00 P.M. Los Angeles Limited—direct to Southern California—leaves 10.00 P.M., San Francisco Limited leaves 10.00 P.M., California Mail leaves 10.45 P.M..

Let us help you plan an attractive trip. Booklets giving full particulars mailed on application to R. H. Bennett, G. A., Chicago & North Western Ry., 46 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont.

13,2t

Facts About Bloodhounds.

No real reason exists for the common belief that the bloodhound is a fierce animal, ready to tear the person whom it may be tracking to pieces. It is, on the contrary, rather noted for its gentleness, even seeming timid, unless specially trained to attack.

The origin of the breed, according to Count Le Couteulx de Canteleu, the greatest living authority on the subject, is from St. Hubert of St. Hubert's Abbey in the Ardennes. It dates from the earliest ages, and the breed certainly existed in the time of the Gauls.

As regards the name bloodhound, the Count Le Couteulx believes that when fox-hunting in something like its present form was instituted it was found that the sleuth hound was not fast enough for the purpose, and the present foxhound was evolved from various material, and about this time it became usual, in speaking of the old hound of the country, to call him a bloodhound, meaning the hound of pure blood (as might be said of a blooded horse) to distinguish him from the new hound or foxhound. There is only one breed of pure, genuine bloodhounds, and that is the English

Portable Hostelry.

"When I landed I took the car for a hotel."

"What a singular mistake."

Thought and action are inseparable. As is the thought, so is the life.

Saturday Cut Prices
AT
DOYLE'S Cut-Rate Drug Store

Patent Medicines

25c. Nature's Remedy .. 13c.
50c. Nature's Remedy .. 25c.
$1 Nature's Remedy .. 55c.
25c. Blaud's Pills .. .. 12c.
25c. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine .. .. 15c.
25c. Gibson's Syrup of Linseed & Turpentine .. 15c.
25c. Chase's K. & L. Pills 15c.
50c. Fruitatives .. .. .. 29c.
25c. Fruitatives .. .. .. 15c.
25c. Baby's Own Tablets 15c.
25c. Mustard Liniment . 15c.
75c. Beef, Iron & Wine 49c.
$1 Syr. Hypophosphites 52c
$1 Pinkhams Vegetable Compound .. .. .. 75c.
5c. Dutch Drops .. 3 for 10c.

For the Soldiers

Pocket Bill Fold and Change Purse with Identification form 50c
Trench Mirrors .. .. .. 60c.
Every soldier should have these.

Too Late for Christmas

A LINE OF MIRRORS
White Celluloid Backs
Intended to sell for 35c. and 50 cents.
Special Saturday
20 and 40 cents.

CELLULOID SOAP BOXES
Regular 25 cents.
Saturday 18c; 2 for 35c.

New Stock of Records for the Victrola in today. Come in and hear them played.

Saturday Candy Special

Regular 50c. per pound.
Saturday .. .. 29c.

Seasonable Penslar Goods

White Pine and Spruce Balsam .. .. 25 & 50 cents
Cherry Cough Balsam 25 & 50 cents
Throat Dragees .. .. .. 25c.
Laxative Cold Breakers 25c.
Bronchial Lozenges 10 & 25 cents
Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil 50c. & $1.00
Emulsion of Olive Oil . $1.00
Tasteless Extract of Cod Liver Oil $1.00

Soaps and Toilet Articles

25c. Shaving Stick .. .. 15c.
10c. cake of Toilet Soaps 4 for 25c.
15c. Gilmour's Hand Cleaner 12c.; 2 for 20c.
35c. One Pound Tin of VIOLET TALCUM POWDER.
19c.; 2 for 35c.

For the Dancing Season—JOHNSON'S FLOOR WAX—doubtless the pleasure of the dance. Try it on your floor.

DOYLE'S Cut-Rate Drug Store
The Penslar DRUG STORE

January Shoe Bargains

50 Pairs of Ladies'
DOROTHY DODD
$5.00 Shoes for
$3.25

Patent in Button Black Cloth Tops, sizes 2½ to 5.
Gun Metal in Button and Laced Styles, sizes 2½ to 5.

Secure a Pair at Once
Before they are sold out.
Several other Lots at Great Bargains
to Clear before Stock-Taking.

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros,
Special Bargain List
Combined With Our
January Clearance Sale

offers you the greatest money-saving opportunity that has ever been offered. Scores have saved money by attending this sale. You have the same privilege. Shop here. We can make your shopping profitable and pleasant. Read these notable bargains. Numerous others are to be had at every counter.

Comforters, in a variety of Art Chintz coverings, best quality of filling, worth regularly $2.25; sale price $1.75
Light and dark colored Flannelettes, regular 12½c.; sale price, yard .... 10c.
Wrapperettes in several pretty designs and colors .... 15c. yd.
Several Dress Goods Remnants at great clearing prices.
$1.00 Ladies' Flannelette Nightgowns, sale price .... 59c.
$1.50 House Dresses, very special quality, sale price ..... 97c.
Ladies' Wrapperette Waists, clearing at .... 49c.
Children's Warm Flannelette Pyjamas, reg. 40c., sale price 29c.
Children's Fleece lined Sleepers, special .... 40c.
Ladies' all silk Underskirts, reg. $3.50, for $1.99
Ladies' Mervatoff Underskirts, reg. up to $2.25 values for $1.49
Special Underskirts, one day only, price .... 39c.

CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' DRESSES AT GREAT CLEARING PRICES.

Misses' Navy Blue Serge Dresses for 3 to 14 year girlies, regular up to $3.50 values for $1.98
Childrens' Dresses, made up in washable goods, sale price . 39c.
Ladies' Long Kimonos, never seen offered before at prices we are selling them for during this sale:
Regular up to $4.50 values, sale price $2.98
Reg. up to $2.25 values, sale price $1.19
Short Kimonos, specially priced for quick clearing, at 49c., 75c., and 97c.

BARGAINS FOR MEN.

Reg. 25c. Men's Suspenders, best value, sale price .... 19c.
25c. Men's Ties clearing at .... 15c.
50c. Men's heavy Wool Sox, special .... 3 pairs for $1.35
$2.50 Men's Sweater Coats clearing at $1.49
Boys' Sweaters clearing at $1.49
Men's Wool Ribbed Underwear, special .... 67c. garment
Boys' Wool Underwear (few sizes only) .... 49c. garment

GREAT BARGAINS AT GRANITE WARE COUNTER
You will find this counter at the third counter to the left on entering the store in future.

Granite Basins at .... 5c., 8c. and 12c.
10c. Cake Tins ...... 2 for 15c. 25c. Sauce Pans at ..... 18c.
See the specials in everyday Kitchen Utensils for .... 10c.

McIntosh Bros

The Standard Bank of Canada.

Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.

GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.

Toronto, 28th December, 1915.

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch . . . JOHN ELLIOTT . . Manager

ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, 28 Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL,
Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertion.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $2.00, strictly in advance.

This is the 529th day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany

CANADA'S GREATEST INDUSTRY.

"The first order for shells from the home authorities was for 100,000 18-pounder empty shrapnel shells. It was a new venture for any Canadian manufacturing establishment and while the price of $8.55 per shell may appear high in the light of to-day's experience, yet at about the same time an order for 1,000,000 18-pounder shrapnel shells was placed in the United States at a price of $10 per shell. To the credit of the Canadian manufacturers, they have completed 3,000,000 shells at an average cost of $6.50, and the United States concerns have not yet completed their order and are asking for an extension of time." This was a remark of General A. Bertram, president of the former shell committee, in an open letter to Sir Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia, which further stated:—

"For various reasons, while chairman, I have refrained from giving out a statement of prices as compared with prices in England and the United States. But I can assure the public that in nearly every case our prices are lower in this country. I have before me now a comparison of prices which will prove my statement."

Speaking of the problem involved in securing the raw material, General Bertram states that: "Colonel Cantley is given the credit of having experimented on basic open-hearth steel for the purpose of making shells. When we were called upon to undertake the first order for 18-pounder shells I learned that our government was paying a price of $4.80 per 100 pounds of acid steel for this purpose. This was produced in the United States, and the material was used in the Dominion arsenal at Quebec. You, sir (the Minister of Militia), suggested the idea of having Colonel Cantley test the quality of material being used at Quebec. He at once performed these tests, which were successful, and from that day on he has taken the lead amongst all the steel manufacturers in Canada in the work they have done in producing probably the largest volume of steel output that will be undertaken for some years to come, namely, the 800,000,000 pounds of steel required to complete our present orders."

General Bertram appends a statement showing the amount of material utilized in the work, and other details of the industry. It is as follows:

"Total number of shells placed, approximately 22,000,000; materials and quantities used in these contracts: steel, 800,000,000 pounds; brass, including copper and zinc, 44,865,617 pounds; copper, 21,595,832 pounds; lead, 101,758,327 pounds; tin, 1,447,708 pounds, resin, 10,037,506 pounds; powder, 4,994,531 pounds; cordite, 6,649,990 pounds; nitrocellulose powder, 3,730,000 pounds; trinitrotoluene, 10,009,000 pounds, or a total of 1,007,779,511 pounds.

"Monthly output of shells, 1,100,000; labor employed, approximately 80,000 to 90,000 men, including skilled and unskilled labor. There are also 1,500 inspectors.

"The industries developed through the efforts of the shell committee are now manufacturing trinitrotoluene, nitrocellulose, sabulite, copper and zinc. To-day a large factory is being erected in Montreal for the manufacture of copper bands, which means that Canada will produce all the raw material for her shell industry. The shell committee also contracted with all copper and smelter industries for their total output. Another new industry has been started in the manufacture of cartridge cases and primers, which required an enormous amount of expenditure to commence operations. "These and other industries which have undertaken this work voluntarily," says General Bertram, "undertook contracts without any advance. This compares favorably with conditions in England to-day where the munitions department advances money for the complete equipment of their factories to enable them to produce the finished article.

"As the business developed in Canada, as experience was gained, we were enabled to greatly reduce the cost of production, so much so that on our present contracts we expect to save the Imperial Exchequer probably $30,000,000 as between the original orders and the prices now being paid to the manufacturers. No doubt we will be criticized for holding this little nest egg for British taxpayers. This would never have been made public had it not been for the unwarranted attacks on Colonel Cantley and other members of the board. I cannot leave this subject without expressing my praise for the loyal support given the shell committee by all who had a hand in the work.

"And now, the work having attained such tremendous proportions, it has been deemed wise to substitute for the shell committee a munitions board, consisting of representatives of the British and Canadian financial experts. One measure of satisfaction we shall always have for our efforts, namely, one of the largest industries in America to-day, which will mean a productive output to the end of August of over $350,000,000."

◆

WINTER FIGHTING.

Those who express surprise that the Russians are able to carry on sustained and successful fighting over a long front in mid-winter probably forget that last winter saw some of the most severe fighting of the whole war. As the Russian offensive grows it is likely to be followed by an Allied attack in the west, in order to take advantage of the Russian advance, or, in case of another Russian failure to keep the Germans so occupied in France and Belgium that they would be unable to send reinforcements eastward. This form of co-operation was followed in some degree in 1915, and in the present year much greater unity in military policy also may be expected from the Allies.

A year ago there was terrific fighting in Galicia. The Russians, after occupying nearly all of Bukowina were driven out late in February, and it was then that Von Hindenburg carried out the great drive which finally drove the Russians out of East Prussia.

As all of the principal combatants are better prepared in the matter of clothing, equipment and munitions than they were last year, and as the Allies are determined that this shall be the last winter of fighting, many observers expect great activity on both fronts. Under our own winter conditions it is difficult to understand how fighting on a large scale can go on in mid-winter, but it did go on last year and it is to be expected again.

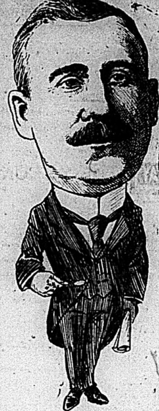
The Germans, naturally, do not take a cheerful view of this winter fighting. Major Moraht, the military expert of the Berliner Tageblatt, has just published in that newspaper a very frank description of the unparalleled hardships and sufferings which the German troops are encountering east and west. Two of his paragraphs which appeared in recent despatches, may be reproduced:

"After the terrible change in the weather conditions which December brought, our trenches by no means resemble upholstered caverns, nor are the dugouts like comfortable Alpine huts. The battle against the elements must be fought day and night, and it merely allows the cave dwellers to exist.

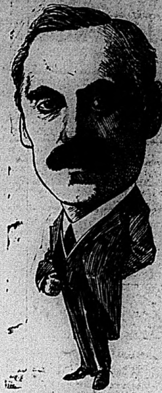
"There are, of course, isolated spots at the front where the soil and the climatic conditions are more favorable, but they are few and far between. On our western and eastern fronts, and along the lines held by our Austro-Hungarian allies, the conditions under which we must stubbornly hold out are such as never in the history of the world's most terrible winter campaigns had to be endured before."

◆

A Chatham soldier is ill with German measles. The cruelest method yet!



Getting Together for the Common Good



The war has caused a great change in the attitude of the general public towards the use of alcoholic beverages. Many people who formerly looked upon the sale of intoxicants with indifference or toleration are now awake, and realize the tremendous importance of the liquor evil.

What Caused It?

What caused this awakening? Well, the public learned from newspaper reports the grave effects of liquor on men who were working on munitions in England—how intemperance reduced the output of shells. They learned that, for military reasons, Russia had prohibited the sale of vodka and France that of absinthe, that England had reduced the hours of sale of alcoholic beverages. They saw, too, that the Canadian military authorities realized the danger of intoxicants, as witnessed by the recent restrictions put on the sale of intoxicating liquors in Ontario.

All these things, and others, combined to make people think.

And to-day people are asking themselves and one another if it is not time to make a great step forward and banish the liquor traffic in the Province of Ontario.

Non-Partisan Organization

Realizing the present state of public opinion, a non-partisan organization has been formed, with the object of securing the enactment of a measure for the total prohibition of the liquor traffic in the Province of Ontario. The Citizens' Committee of One Hundred is the name of this organization, and it represents the whole Province. It numbers men on both sides of politics—men who believe that the liquor question should be taken out of politics—men who are getting together to work for the common good.

The Committee of One Hundred recognizes that no one political party can claim a monopoly of temperance principles. Both parties, being responsible to the people, realize the necessity of enacting temperance legislation, in harmony with public opinion. At the session of the Ontario Legislature on March 8th, 1913, the late Sir James Whitney, in speaking on the temperance question, used the following language:—

"We will stand by our pledges, as we have during the past eight years. We will never cease so long as political life is in us to do everything that reasonable men can do to minimize and make less from year to year the almost unimaginable evils of the liquor traffic."

Premier Hearst and other members of the Cabinet have from time to time declared that the Government will keep fully abreast of public opinion in temperance legislation, as in other fields. The Committee of One Hundred believe the Government to be thoroughly sincere in this stand. The Committee have confidence that the Government will move forward in this important matter as rapidly as public opinion will support them.

The function of the Committee of One Hundred is to crystalize and give expression to the present state of public opinion on the question of prohibition. The Committee further believes that it can demonstrate to the Government that Ontario to-day is overwhelmingly in favor of prohibition. After doing so, the Committee intends to ask the Government for the enactment of a measure for the total prohibition of the liquor traffic in the Province of Ontario, in so far as the Provincial Government has the power to prohibit it, or to submit the same to the people for ratification or rejection.

The Committee of One Hundred asks all patriotic people to join this big new prohibition movement. The Empire to-day is demanding great sacrifices in men and money for the welfare of the nation. The colossal expenditures for liquor in Ontario should be conserved for other more vital needs, and the manhood of this great Province saved from alcohol's devitalizing effects. We want to hear from people everywhere who are interested.

Premier Hearst

Extracts from speech of Honorable W. H. Hearst in the Legislature during the debate on the Liquor License Amendment Act, March 30th, 1915:

"We are laying the basis for a steady forward movement."

"The policy of the Government is to minimize as far as possible the evils of the liquor traffic, and the Commission will be instructed to carry out that policy, and that policy alone."

"The leader of the Opposition is well aware of the dangers of going in advance of public opinion in temperance legislation."

Hon. W. J. Hanna

Hon. W. J. Hanna, in the Legislature, March 30th, 1914:

"In their temperance legislation for Ontario Mr. Hanna maintained they were keeping pace with the mind of the people, they were going as fast with their legislation and with their administration of law as the condition of things in the Province warranted."

Toronto World

The Toronto World, Dec. 18, 1915:

"The nation and the Empire is not only in a gigantic struggle with the German menace, but a mightier struggle seems to be going on within the great British mind as to how the Empire and its peoples are to be best fitted, even regenerated, before the war can be brought to a successful issue. . . . And does this struggle turn, for one thing, on the drink evil? . . . The King has pledged himself to abstinence; Parliament and the bodies to whom it has delegated power have started in to regulate the habits of people, to restrict the use of drink, thereby to force the entire nation, high and low, to conserve its whole resources, energies and earnings for the successful ending of war.

"Is universal sobriety to be forced on everyone, from King and political chief down to laborer in the munition plant? Something portentous is under way, and the bottle may have to go."

Billy Sunday

"The saloon is a liar. She promises you good cheer. She sends you sorrow. She promises you health. She sends you disease. She promises you prosperity. She sends you poverty. She sends the husband home with a lie on his lips to his wife. She sends the son home with a lie on his lips to his mother."

N. W. Rowell

In addressing the Life Underwriters' Association of Canada Mr. N. W. Rowell said:

"If we have in our midst an institution which is demanding from us immense sums of money for its perpetuation, and is giving no value, but is impairing the efficiency of the men who go, as well as of the men who stay, there is one clear duty for every patriotic citizen, and that is to say, to the full measure of his power, that the curse shall be wiped out."

Sir Geo. E. Foster

Hon. Sir Geo. E. Foster, in speaking at the banquet of the Life Underwriters' Association of Canada, said:

"We have the unemployed, we have distress in some homes in Canada. There is food enough, animal and vegetable, in this country, allowed to waste, or actually wasted, to feed every hungry mouth in the whole Dominion if it were saved, if it were conserved. I confess to you that every time I see an open bar and see young soldiers going into it and coming out of it, every time I pass an open bar and see one of the unemployed, who, perchance, has got a day's employment and has waited only to get his wage and then make a bee-line for that bar—I confess my soul cries out for the closed bar in this great Dominion of ours."

Lloyd George

In the House of Commons, March 29, 1915:

"We are fighting Germany, Austria and drink, and so far as I can see the greatest of these foes is drink. . . . I have a growing conviction that nothing but root and branch methods would be of the slightest avail in dealing with the evil. . . . I believe it is the general feeling that if we are to settle German militarism we must first of all settle with drink. . . . I am permitted by his Majesty to say that he is very deeply concerned on this question."

Toronto Health Bulletin

The above publication is issued monthly by the Toronto Department of Public Health, of which Dr. C. J. Hastings is the head. The October, 1915, number says:

"Of the various habit-forming drugs, alcohol stands out pre-eminently as the greatest universal curse to humanity, and has practically no redeeming features. In the light of modern knowledge, alcohol, which once occupied a prominent place in the treatment of disease, is becoming more and more discredited every year. . . . In the first place, through the economic effects on the home. . . . In the second place, we have the influence of alcohol on the ers themselves forcefully presented to us by life insurance companies. They have demonstrated in a very clear way the influence of alcohol on the duration of life, and have, of late years, been giving special attention to this source of danger."

Citizens' Committee of One Hundred

E. P. CLEMENT, Berlin,
Chairman
JAMES HALES, Toronto,
Vice-Chairman

G. A. Warburton, Chairman of Executive Committee
C. P. R. Building, Toronto. Telephone Main 2246

FRANK KENT, Meaford,
Treasurer
NEWTON WYLIE,
Secretary

The weather man doesn't seem to favor winter sports.

That Picton team will be here tonight. Who can guess the score?

Yes indeed, the weather is most unseasonable.

Several kinds of weather in one day seems to be the rule. A lot of weather, one might say.

Henry Ford was to stop the war by Christmas. The Kaiser was going to Paris, too. Anyway, Ford may get some consolation out of knowing that the war will be over before the Kaiser gets to Paris.

Current Comment

A Public Duty.

An Ontario reeve just elected has been disqualified for not paying his taxes. All taxpayers should bear in mind that at this time prompt payment of taxes is more than ever a public duty.—Toronto Star.

Tough Eating.

New York may have its horse meat, but Missouri still sticks to the mule. —St. Thomas Journal.

An Investment Tip.

Here is an investment tip. If Germany is to receive that 3,600 million dollar indemnity for quitting France, sell your Anglo-French bonds and buy German exchange, or what is the same thing, German Government securities. But here is a second tip without which the first is valueless. There is about one chance in 3,600 million that Germany will get that indemnity from the Allies.—New York Financier.

Mighty Nickels.

"I know I ought to begin saving money against a rainy day," said a salaried man with a wife and two children, "but it's mighty hard. The best I can seem to do is to squeeze out a nickel here and there, and that hardly seems worth while." How many more are there like that? And what do they expect the years will bring them? What of old age, and what of the misfortunes that may come before age chills their blood, slows their hands and makes their steps laggard? Their trouble is that they underestimate the value of the nickels and the importance of making a beginning. A nickel is a little thing, sure enough, but twenty of them make a dollar. The commonest mistake, and the worst is to forget that despised nickels and dimes are what make dollars.—Duluth Herald.

GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From The Daily Intelligencer Jan 14 1868.

The official Gazette contains the appointment of Elijah Westman Secord Esq., of Madoc, as a Notary Public.

The telegraph employees at Belfast who were arrested on a charge of Fenianism have been discharged as not guilty.

The upper floors of the Maryland Sugar Refinery, Baltimore, gave way last night. One man is supposed to be killed and two badly scalded.

The steamer "Chicago", from New York, is reported ashore off Londonderry, Ireland, and is going to pieces.

◆

The weather may be unseasonable, but you don't hear any indignant citizens complaining because their gas bills are too low.

◆

The pessimist takes a sneerful view of everything.

"Truth Dexter"

By

SIDNEY McCALL

CHAPTER XXIX—Continued

"If you had ever really cared for me, my better self might seem a little tame." Her voice was wistful.

"Come, now, Orchid! Be honest! You never really cared for me, either. It was simply that I was out of reach, and you didn't want another woman to get ahead of you."

"Perhaps it was. Yet I do think that you could make almost anything out of yourself under the proper conditions."

"Ah, Cassandra, you don't know me if you think that the conditions could include treacheous desertion of those two women! Apart from Truth, I am sincerely attached to Mrs. Dexter."

"Then you will go back and—submit?"

"I shall go back and—submit."

Orchid sighed. "I can see you in my mind's eye, ambling toward a contented old age of slippers and sweetened mush; shedding your ideals with your hair, and waxing eloquent only on the virtues of your eldest-born."

Craighead laughed. "Surely that is better than shambling along the filthy lanes of political perferment."

"Perhaps so," said Orchid, with a shrug, "if it were a necessity for you to 'shamble.' I had pictured you flying. One does not like to think of an eagle in a henhouse."

"Oh, I guess I can sun myself on the top of the coop once in a while," rejoined her companion. Both were silent for quite a space; then Craighead said,—

"Orchid, do you feel that it would be impossible for you ever to be friends with Truth?"

Orchid stared at the question. "Yes, utterly impossible! I could never endure that solemn stare of hers. It is like looking into the eyes of a child, and I was always deathly afraid of children. Parental joy is not in my line!"

"You will marry again, some day."

"Probably, but not in Boston. I am beginnig to loathe the place! And as for this room—" She broke off with gestures of disgust.

"The room is exactly like its mistress, Orchid,—brilliant, beautiful, and unrestful."

"I think I hate the Budha most of all," she went on, petulantly. "Look at him now, with his sleek body and oily grin! If only he would make faces, or open those pulpy eyelids the millionth part of an inch, or—give a twiddle to his thumbs, I could endure him! But that maddening grin! Well, it is his last. He goes to the auction rooms to-morrow."

"Do you mean it?"

"Yes, I am going to sell everything. I have given all my gowns to my maid, with the threat that should she wear one of them in my presence, it means instant dismissal."

Craighead rose to his feet. "What a break-up for you, to be sure! You can't let the past go without a pang. Neither can I," he sighed. "I must be going. It is very late. How shall we say 'good-bye,' Orchid?"

She rose also, and coming close to him, suddenly laid her head against his arm. "Oh, Van," she said piteously, "I am so tired of everything, —myself most of all! Maybe I have cared for you more than either of us knows. You will be happy—and—forget, but I shall never be happy."

He took both her hands in his; the motion withdrew his arm. "If you are not happy no one is to blame but yourself," he said kindly. "You have more than any woman I know, —wealth, youth, beauty, talent, charm—"

"Oh, yes," she broke in. "I say all those to myself, but I might as well be repeating 'x, y, and z.' The equation is lacking. I can't really be anything, not even a villain, though I have tried. Will you say to your wife that I regret my cruelty?"

Van gave a tender, surprised smile. "Orchid!"

She shivered slightly and turned her face away. "Never mind all that! It doesn't atone for much."

"It atones for everything!" cried he. "I always knew yau had fine instincts. You have given me a happy memory to carry away."

"Go, then, before I mar it! This is 'good-bye,' indeed."

"Good-bye! and bon-voyage, should I not see you again. I may be called away within a few days."

She held him by the hands, drawing him slightly toward her, and gazing with mysterious intentness into his eyes. "Good-bye! Don't you dare to pity me! It is true that I never really cared."

She heard him pass into the outer hall, and go slowly down the steps. She leaned forward, listening intently for the sound of his footsheps on the hard pavement. They came, clear, firm and regular as the marching of a soldier. She drew breath quickly, threw her head back, and walked over to the Buddha. "You grinning horror!" she whispered, and struck it violently on the mouth.

James came running in at the sound of the crash. "Oh! the hidol! the hidol!" he cried. "Now 'ow in creashun could he 'a' wobbled hisself offer that table?"

"He smiled himself into an attack of vertigo," explained Orchid, gravely, and then to the horror of James, went off into peals of laughter. "No, don't put him back on the pedestal; take him out into the stable, or the kitchen; or anywhere where I shall never see him again!"

"'Is nose is most flattened into 'is skull," said James, reproachfully.

"That will add fifty dollars to his antiquity."

James tenderly lifted the fallen idol and bore him from the room. At sight of the smirking, flat face over the footman's shoulder, Orchid went into a new paroxysms of mirth.

James deposited the image on the kitchen table unmindful of ejaculations from the cook. He mopped his brow with a large, black-bordered handkerchief, and muttered loudly. "I don't like the looks of it,—I say, I don't like the looks of it!"

"God knows, ye ain't the only one!" said the cook, grimly. "What in land's sake do you bring the grinnin' 'eathen into my kitchen for, I'd be pleased to know?"

'I don't like the looks of it!" repeated James. "'Take 'im into the kitchen,' she says, 'or the stables,' she says, 'or anywhere where I'll not clap eyes on 'im agin,' she says; and then goes hoff into shriekin' 'isterics."

"I'm not took aback at anything, now," she volunteered. "These 'swells,' as they calls theyselves, are all of a piece,—half-cracked, I call 'em!"

Meanwhile Orchid, in the drawing-room, had crept into the chair so lately occupied by Van, and was crying herself to sleep.

Craighead hurried up Beacon Street in the direction of the Hanover, looking about as he went for a telegraph office. All the small ones were closed for the night. He boarded a late car and went down into the city again, preferring not to send a domestic message through any of the hotels or apartment houses in a neighborhood where he was well known. He went to the main office of the Parker House, and despatched the following: "Have decided as you wish. Shall I come? Van."

The long distance back to the Hanover was taken on foot. He was glad of the exercise, the cold night air, the March wind. The sky was very clear, and stars winked and blinked in flocks. He looked up toward them thinking of a characteristic speech that Truth had made. "Do you call those hard little things stars?" she had cried. "They make me think of Jew's eyes over a bargain-counter. They are not even kin to those soft, glorious lights of ours in the South." To Van, now, they semed hard, and cold and keen. Other phenomena than stars were becoming illuminated by Truth's original points of view.

He felt a sudden longing to see Truth, and his heart warmed too toward Orchid. "She is a superb little woman," he said to himself, of the latter. "I believe the good in her will triumph in the end, but even at her best she would have worn me to a nervous thread. Truth is the sort of wife I need. Poor little Orchid! I wonder whether she ever did really care for me?"

To be Continued.

A Million Mothers behind the purest, cleanest, most nutritious of all cereal foods—Shredded Wheat. They have tested it and found it best for youngsters, best for grown-ups—a food to work on, to play on, to think on. Contains the life of the wheat in a digestible form—puts gimp and ginger into the jaded body. Delicious for breakfast with milk or cream or for any meal. Made in Canada.

"HERE'S YOUR TICKET" To WINNIPEG and the Coast

Your train leaves Belleville 5.10 p.m. Mon., Wed., Fri.

With Connections to and from all Western Points. Electric lighted sleepers, dining cars and first-class coaches

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent.

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CANADIAN NORTHERN ALL THE WAY

CANADIAN NORTHERN RY.
TORONTO TO VANCOUVER
CANADIAN NORTHERN

GET THE F. S. ANDERSON CO'S GENUINE SCRANTON COAL BELLEVILLE

The Best we Can Buy Carefully Prepared and Delivered

The F. S. ANDERSON CO., 42 Bridge St.

CROFTER TO MILLIONAIRE.

J. W. Stewart Now Possesses an Estate in His Old Home.

There lately arrived in London a man whose career provides yet another amazing illustration of the energy, perseverance, and shrewdness of the modern Scot. His name is Mr. John William Stewart, known in Canada as "Jack" Stewart, the millionaire railway contractor, says London Tit-Bits.

Four years ago he bought from the Duke of Sutherland 50,000 acres of the Sutherland estates, with an annual rent-roll of £2,500, which among other things included Mr. Stewart's birthplace, a tiny cottage at Drumbeg, in the parish of Assynt. A few months later Mr. Stewart bought from the Duke for £66,000 a further large tract of land in the parish of Assynt, which included house property, a deer forest, a sheep farm, and small holdings, with a rental of £2,700.

Yet it is not so many years ago since Mr. Stewart landed in Quebec with just 10s. in his pocket. This was after he had tried farming and engineering in Scotland, and decided that the Colonies offered him more scope for the realization of his ambitions. Obtaining work as a farm hand on a French-Canadian farm, he ultimately settled down in British Columbia with the money he had saved, where he found work on the railway. Afterwards he drifted to Montana, in the States, and made such good use of his opportunities that he was able to enter into partnership with two well-known Irish-American contractors, Foley and Walsh, which has since become one of the foremost firms of its kind in the West.

A patriot to the backbone, Mr. Stewart has utilized some of his wealth to equip a Highland regiment in British Columbia, where he is opening up a great new railroad, and has furthermore contributed £20,000 to the war funds.

"Rather than my country should be beaten in this great war," he says, "I will go back again to day labor and small wages where I began."

And there are thousands of wealthy Scotsmen in all parts of the world who would do the same.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY

Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—3690

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388

Advertise in The Intelligencer

What shall we serve for Refreshments?

ALWAYS the hostess's pressing problem. For every occasion when you need to serve light refreshments, you can delight your guests with—

PARIS PATÉ
PARIS MEAT PATTY

THE most tempting of all cooked-meat delicacies. Made from delicious meats and spices—prepared and cooked by clever French Chefs. Needs no cooking—just ready to serve.

Keep a tin or two handy. Your Grocer sells Paris Paté.

For Balls, Parties, Receptions, Dinners, etc.

"Good for everybody—young & old alike—at all times."

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TRADE MARK REGISTERED

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

Bonaventure Union Depot

OCEAN LIMITED	Leaves 7.25 p.m.	Daily Except Sat.
Montreal, Quebec, St. John, Halifax.		
Maritime Express	8.15 a.m.	DAILY

Through Sleepers, Montreal to Halifax.

Connection for The Sydneys, Prince Edward Island, Newfoundland.

The NATIONAL

TORONTO TO WINNIPEG

Leaves 10.45 p.m., Tues., Thurs., Sat.

Arr. 3.50 p.m., Thurs., Sat., Mon.

Tickets and sleeping car reservations. Apply E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Ottawa Winter Fair

Single Fare $4.10

Going January 17th to 20th

Trains Leave Belleville
2.58 A.M.
12.50 P.M.
5.32 P.M.

Returning not later than January 22nd, 1916.

Trains Leave Ottawa
9.35 A.M.
1.15 P.M.
11.10 P.M.

For further particulars and tickets, apply to S. BURROWS, AGENT.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Winter Resorts

SPECIAL ROUND TRIP FARES.

LONG LIMIT STOPOVERS.

Asheville and Hot Springs, N.C.; Charleston, S.C.; Nassau, N.P.; Hot Springs, Ark.; French Lick Springs, Ind.; Jacksonville and all Florida Points; Havana, Cuba and New Orleans, La., via New York and Rail (or steamer according to destination,) or via Buffalo, Detroit or Chicago.

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OTHER HEALTH RESORTS.

Mount Clemens, Mich.; Battle Creek, Mich.; St. Catharines, Well., Ont.; Preston Springs, Ont.

Further particulars on application to Grand Trunk Agents.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—5.25 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 5.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 7.30 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate points—6.25 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—16.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 5.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *3.40 a.m.

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

†Deseronto only

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville Ont.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily
No. 16—2.00 a.m.—Fast train, flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7.00 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m.—Express, daily.
No. 28—5.45 p.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19—2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13—4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.
No. 29—7.50 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.20 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1—3.05 p.m.—International Limited, daily.
No. 7—4.56 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'.

Going West.	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.
Going East.	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North	Leave.	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.
Going South.	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.56 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1915.

GOING EAST.

CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.50 p.m.	2.58 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

GOING WEST.

MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.18 p.m.	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

Going East	Daily except Sunday
Leave Toronto	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	5.32 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leave Belleville	5.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.30 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent.

Belleville Business Directory

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column or calling at The Intelligencer Business Office, full information may be obtained.

MINING.

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE

Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

"COLLIP, FLORIST."

Front Street.

Night Phone 176. Day Phone 206.

All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.

Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts.

Announcement

Messrs. Greenleaf & Son wish to announce to their old patrons and friends that they have found it advisable to incorporate their business under Ontario Companies Act.

The new company, under the same management as heretofore, and under the firm name of GREENLEAFS, LIMITED, have purchased the property known as the Brown Foundry, together with the good will and equipment of Mr. Geo. Keith.

It is their intention to remodel these buildings and install suitable equipment to meet the growing demands of their patrons.

The Management take this opportunity of thanking their old friends and solicit their patronage in their new venture.

GREENLEAF & SON

Garage and General Machinists

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000

Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3., Saturday 10 to 3.

R TANNAHILL

Manager Belleville Branch

If the Kaiser really wants a nice new palate, he can get it if he goes to Paris personally to have it fitted.

Good evening! How's your coal supply hanging out?

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

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Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.; North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies. Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.

Office: 17 Campbell St., Belleville. Phone 161.

CHANCEY ASHLEY

Insurance Agent

Has Removed to 229 Front Street

Next to Riggs' Music Store

THOS. STEWART

Bridge Street, Belleville.

Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON

Agent for

Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance. Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.

ROBERT BOGLE

MERCANTILE AGENCY.

Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed. Office, 28 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY

Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way. Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.

W. R. Vallance, Mgr. Phone 330.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front St., Belleville. Phone 845. LEE CHEW.

ENGINEERING.

J. D. Evans, C.E. & O.L.S.

J. W. EVANS, C.E. & M.E.

EVANS & EVANS

Civil and Mining Engineers and Ontario Land Surveyors. Belleville and Trenton.

Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker & Victoria Avenues. Telephone 353.

BUS, AUTO AND CABS

ASELSTINE'S MOTOR BUS, CAB & AUTO LIVERY

Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tired, for weddings, private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town. Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre streets. Tweed Stage in connection. Phone 229.

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Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers. Apply to

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Barrister, etc.

Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St., Belleville.

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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell St. Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates.

J. FRANKLIN WILLS, K.C.

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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

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Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg.

Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms.

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MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England

Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

Those who forget today seldom remember tomorrow.

Petulance is a shadow that clouds the sunshine of life.

Who Kissed Him?

A Story of the Breaking Out of the Great European War.

By JOHN Y. LARNED

Edward Brewerton was considered the handsomest man in his class at college. His was not that class of beauty that is purely physical; he was an intellectual fellow, a man of character, and this was stamped upon his features. Moreover, though there were girls who were stupid enough to tell him that he was an Apollo, instead of making him conscious of his beauty, it disgusted him.

On leaving college Ned concluded to see something of the world before settling down to work. He sailed with the American multitude in June for Genoa, from there proceeded to the Italian lakes and thence on into Switzerland through the St. Gothard tunnel. In the train leaving Lugano and in the same compartment with him were half a dozen American girls traveling under the care of a middle aged lady. The girls were evidently having the time of their lives. Their duenna was giving them instructions by the way, pointing out this and that object of interest, a peak, a cascade, the track of an avalanche, anything that they should notice.

Ned had met no Americans in his journey thus far—at least had made no acquaintances among them—and was at once seized with a desire to know these young ladies. One does not realize how precious one's fellow countrymen are till he meets them in a foreign land. Not only were these ladies fellow countrywomen of Ned, but they were all pretty, some of them very pretty, and there was one of them that had a pair of the most kissable lips he had ever seen.

The young man, though desirous of forming the acquaintance of this party, and especially the one with the kissable lips, sat with them for some time without meeting any excuse for doing so. One of them dropped a guidebook, but before Ned could pick it up the girl recovered it herself. Though he watched for an opportunity, none came. At last an idea came to him.

It occurred to Brewerton to put this party off their guard by pretending to be a foreigner and ignorant of the English language. He spoke German indifferently and French tolerably. When the guard took up the tickets Ned asked him some questions in German. This was sufficient to indicate his nationality. Later when the duenna asked him in English how many minutes were required for the train to pass through the tunnel he replied in German that he did not understand her.

This loosened the tongues of the girls.

"Lill," said one to another, "you've lost your bet that he is Italian."

"And you've lost yours that he is English."

"I knew he was German. He is my ideal of the principal character in Wagner's opera of 'Lohengrin,'" said another.

These remarks were made in a low tone, with continuous glances at Ned, who was apparently intent on the splendid scenery through which the train was moving. He did not hear all that was said, but he heard enough to tell him that he was an object of interest to his fellow travelers. Indeed, he received more attention than the peaks and the waterfalls along the route.

The kissable young lady in the party was, judging from a mischievous smile that hovered about her pretty lips, the arch mischief maker of the lot. They called her Jack, all except the duenna, who addressed her as Jaquelin. To her not even the most magnificent peak lifting its head far above the clouds was a matter of serious consideration. It was of red stone, and she spoke of it as the "red headed one." She made several comical remarks about Ned which he heard plainly and caused her companions to laugh.

There is a station near the southern entrance to the St. Gothard tunnel, where all trains stop before plunging into the mountain, and many of the passengers alight to stretch their legs. Ned got out and walked back and forth beside the train. When he passed the compartment occupied by the girls two of them were at the window. They looked at him, their eyes dancing with mischief.

"I should not be surprised," he said to himself, "if, before this journey is over, those imps will play some game on me."

When the train was about to start he re-entered the compartment, and the few hundred yards separating the station and the mountain were soon passed. Just before leaving daylight he glanced up at the roof of the car and observed that the light had been covered by a woman's traveling hat, but had no time to determine how the feat had been accomplished. When the train entered the tunnel there was not a ray of light in the compartment.

It requires just a quarter of an hour to pass through the St. Gothard tunnel. Not a word was spoken during the passage. Some five or six minutes had elapsed when suddenly Ned felt a pair of lips pressed against his. That they were feminine was evident from the fact that, besides himself, there were only women in the compartment. Ned made a grab, but his hand slipped over a fabric of woman's apparel.

One of the girls had kissed him. Whoever she was she must have made a careful observation as to his exact position, for she could not see him. She first struck his cheek, but instantly passed to his lips. The whole contact occupied only one or two seconds.

Nine or ten minutes of darkness remained, during which the perpetrator of this bit of mischief might compose herself. Doubtless all the girls were conspirators and would bear themselves in such manner as to protect the guilty one. Probably the kissing had been done on a bet. Ned's opinion was that Jack had been the perpetrator, but he could not be sure.

The matter must have been well arranged during the stop before the train entered the tunnel, for when it emerged there was not the slightest indication on the face of any of the girls that anything unusual had occurred. Ned scanned the features of each without observing any betrayal. As for Jack, she began at once as soon as there was light to read a guidebook. The only person in the party who did not seem to have a secret was the duenna, and Ned made up his mind that the mischief had been hatched without her knowledge.

The ride to Lucerne was not long. Though Ned kept his ears open for information, not a word was spoken that would give him even an inkling as to which one of the girls had kissed him. He watched to see if the party were going to a hotel, intending to go to the same hostelry. But they went to a pension, and he lost track of them.

One day while Ned was in Munich a clap of thunder came from a clear sky in a declaration of war by Austria against Servia. It was followed by another from Russia, another from Germany, from France, England and the rest.

Ned, who was intending to return to America by way of England, had drawn the balance on his letter of credit, consisting of some $600. It was evident to him that he had better get out of Europe as quickly as possible. But by what route? To make his way through France seemed next to impossible. Italy was a neutral country, and the distance compared with any other route was short. He would go to Italy.

But the only mode of conveyance was legs. This did not trouble him. Indeed, he had been making pedestrian tours among the Alps. Putting what clothes he could carry in a pack on his back, he sallied forth to walk something like a hundred and fifty miles. Unfortunately he must pass through a portion of Austria. As soon as he struck the border he found everything in confusion. He was obliged to show his passport continually, and, as for getting a conveyance for any part of his journey, that was out of the question.

One morning while he was trudging along within ten or twelve miles of the Italian border he saw an Austrian officer with several soldiers stop an automobile and say something to some women in it, and they got out. Then the officer put one of his men in it for a chauffeur, and the machine sped away, leaving the women in the road.

Ned inferred that the machine had been taken by the Austrian government and hastened to offer his sympathies. He found a despairing group. And to his astonishment they were the duenna and the girls with whom he had passed through the St. Gothard tunnel. Forgetting that he was supposed to be a German, he said in good American English:

"Ladies, can I be of any assistance to you?"

"Oh, my goodness gracious!" exclaimed all the girls in a breath.

"For heaven's sake," said the duenna, "what are we going to do?"

"It is ten miles to the Italian border," replied Ned. "If you are able to walk it I think we can get a conveyance of some kind there."

"But we haven't a dollar with which to hire a conveyance."

"Don't trouble yourselves about that. I am well provided."

Under Ned's guidance and protection the party set out for the Italian border, striking it on a railroad north of Verona. They succeeded in getting transportation to Milan and thence to Genoa.

All expenses were paid by Ned until the party reached Genoa, where they found that certain Americans in Italy desirous of going home had chartered a steamer. The women were still without money, and Ned had just enough to carry them all home.

"I will pay the passage of each and all of you," he said to them, "on one condition."

"Name any condition you like," said the duenna.

"Tell me which one of you kissed me in the St. Gothard tunnel."

"Never!" exclaimed all the girls at once.

"Very well; then you'll remain in Italy."

Finally Jack broke the deadlock. "I cannot tell a lie. It was our chaperon."

There was a burst of laughter, and Brewerton gave in, pretending to take Jack's confession for a real one, though he knew that she was the guilty person.

The girls and their duenna occupied one stateroom on the return voyage, and Ned slept on deck.

Ned and Jaquelin on moonlight nights sat on deck a great deal. There is no further record of any more kisses between them, but Ned having tasted the lips of his companion once was not likely to sit in the moonlight without tasting them again.

A month after their arrival Ned and Jack became man and wife.

EVERY THREE MINUTES ONE DIES IN THE U. S.

The Anti-Tuberculosis Society illustrates the frightful toll of consumption by extinguishing a light every three minutes, and shows that it is the man or woman, girl or boy, who neglects colds, whose blood is impure, who feels weak and languid, who is the very one to contract tuberculosis—and none are immune.

During changing seasons, or after sickness, blood-quality is most important, and if you and your family will take Scott's Emulsion after meals it will charge your blood with health-sustaining richness, quicken circulation, and strengthen both lungs and throat. Scott's is free from drugs—easy to take—it cannot harm. Get a bottle to-day.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 15-21

When a feller knows it all there is no use tryn' to tell him anything exceptin' something that ain't so and he'll genially swaller that, lock, stock and bar'l.

HE KNEW TOO MUCH

By DONALD CHAMBERLIN

Everybody knows that the besetting sin among officials in Russia is graft. From the highest to the lowest they expect the palm to be crossed before they will do their duty, and a favor costs a great deal more.

There was once a general in Russia who was intimately connected with the imperial family. His name was Alexander Rizenoff. He was a skillful commander, and to him Russia was indebted for its salvation in a certain war. During this time he was much troubled by the rascality of officials in the supply department. He could get neither food nor ammunition for his troops because those whose duty it was to provide and forward them were waiting for those who sold to pay their commission and those who forwarded to receive the same pecuniary attention.

General Rizenoff was a very energetic man, and after his victory determined to bring some of these officials to justice. He employed secret agents to trace the causes of the delays that had inconvenienced him, but when they made their report he found himself estopped from pursuing the matter further. His investigators had traced the graft to certain grand dukes who had been getting rich during the war, and he believed that if he brought the matter up officially he would probably be sent to Siberia on some trumped up charge.

The guilty persons knew that the general was aware of their delinquencies, but were not aware what he intended doing with the evidence in his possession. They would have united in a plan to get rid of him, but his victories over the enemies of Russia had made him so popular that they did not dare to accuse him of any crime.

Meanwhile the general was lionized, wined and dined by the lofty and cheered wherever he appeared in public by the lowly. The loudest in his praise were those who had come near thwarting his military successes and were now hunting for a plan by which they could seal his lips in case he should think of exposing their peculations.

The general was a very good man. Far from enjoying being feted, he preferred his rooms in the quarters assigned him as a commander. He was essentially a man's man and had very little to do with women.

One evening at a ball at the winter palace one of the grand dukes told the general there was a lady present who desired that he should be presented to her. Rizenoff demurred, but the would be introducer, who was an uncle to the czar, would not be refused, and he was altogether too powerful to offend. The general was led up to a Spanish lady, who looked up at him with a pair of Madonna-like eyes, which seemed to say, "I am the slave of the warrior who has led his troops to victory." Women had made open advances to him. They attacked him through his vanity and through his senses. They had all failed. There was something inexpressibly timid in this girl's admiration, something that seemed to say: "I can never aspire to be noticed by you. I only wish to bask for a moment in the light of your glory."

Rizenoff was touched by this worship of a beautiful girl almost young enough to be his daughter. He returned it by asking her to dance. She looked up at him with a frightened glance, as much as to say: "This honor cannot be for such as I. I should not know how to behave in so exalted a position as that of your partner."

Nevertheless she danced and with such grace that others ceased to dance to watch her. Every movement was perfect, yet it seemed natural, not cultivated perfection. When the dance was ended the general led his partner to one of the little nooks intended for tete-a-tetes and there spent the rest of the evening with her.

From that time General Rizenoff paid his court to this girl and to her only. Inez Cardena was her name. Who she was, how she came to be invited to a state ball, no one knew. She did not claim to be noble. She was too well bred to be of the peasant class. She was invited to all functions where General Rizenoff was invited, for his attentions to her were well known. On such occasions where she danced she was the center of all eyes, and it soon came to be noted that she never danced with any one except Rizenoff. Whether no one else asked her to dance or whether she considered it such an honor to be chosen by him that it would be a sacrilege to dance with any one else did not transpire.

One night Rizenoff departed from the palace of a grand duke where a ball was in progress in a carriage in company with Inez Cardena. Shortly afterward the carriage drove up to the general's quarters. When the door was opened Rizenoff's dead body was there with a poniard sticking in his heart. No living person was in the carriage.

People talked, but only under their breath. Information was issued from the palace that the general had come to his death from cause or causes unknown to the government, and it was forbidden to discuss the matter.

"She was a dancer from Madrid," said a man to another in speaking of Inez Cardena.

"And the general knew too much."

The reward of $5 for the return of his missing wife which a Newark (N. J.) man offers seems excessive when one learns that the lady weighs 200 pounds and has a mole on her lip.

SUDDEN DEATH

Caused by Disease of the Kidneys.

The close connection which exists between the heart and the kidneys is well known nowadays. As soon as kidneys are diseased, arterial tension is increased and the heart functions are attacked. When the kidneys no longer pour forth waste, uremic poisoning occurs and the person dies, and the cause is often given as heart disease, or disease of brain or lungs.

It is a good insurance against such a risk to send 10 cents for a large trial package of "Anuric"—the latest discovery of Dr. Pierce. Also send a sample of your water. This will be examined without charge by expert chemists at Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y. When you suffer from backache, frequent or scanty urine, rheumatic pains here or there, or that constant tired, worn-out feeling, it's time to write Dr. Pierce, describe your symptoms and get his medical opinion without charge—absolutely free. This "Anuric" of Doctor Pierce's is found to be 37 times more active than lithia, for it dissolves uric acid in the system as hot water does sugar.

Simply ask for Dr. Pierce's Anuric Tablets. There can be no imitation. Every package of "Anuric" is sure to be Dr. Pierce's. You will find the signature on the package just as you do on Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for blood and stomach.

WORRY, DESPONDENCY.

Kidney Disease is suspected by medical men when patients complain of backache or suffer with irregular urination, disturbed, too frequent, scanty or painful passage. The general symptoms are rheumatic pains or neuralgia, headaches, dizzy spells, irritability, despondency, weakness and general misery. Worry is a frequent cause and sometimes a symptom of kidney disease. Thousands have testified to immediate relief from these symptoms after using Dr. Pierce's Anuric Tablets.

HAS A BIG JOB.

Chairman of Quebec Board to Care for Soldiers is a Busy Man.

The appointment of the Hon. C. A. Simard as chairman of the Quebec Province Commission in charge of making arrangements for finding employment for returned soldiers, might be called an appreciation of services rendered both to the Government and the people of Quebec.

Mr. Simard was one of the first to recognize the value of good roads, and through his early efforts he gathered around him a body of public opinion that soon made itself felt. He is a large property holder on the south side of the river across from Montreal in the vicinity of Laprairie, and in 1913 was appointed a member of the Legislative Council of Quebec.

He organized the Franco-American Chemical Company, and is general manager of the St. Lawrence Drug Co. The former company is a world-wide concern with branches in Europe and the United States.

Mr. Simard is said to have a genius for organization, and he will have ample scope for his powers, for the task of securing employment for returned soldiers is no easy one. Already Montreal has 200 men invalided home seeking employment, and the list will be added to by half that number within a week.

Little aid is expected from the city of Montreal, so it will be the task of Mr. Simard and his associates to mobilize the manufacturers throughout the Province. Mr. Simard has great faith in the possibilities of technical education, and hopes by that means to help soldiers who otherwise might have to spend their days as mere laborers, janitors, or the like.

Mr. Simard is but 45 years old.

Australian Market for Canadian Fish

In addition to the great market for Canadian fish which is now being opened up in Great Britain owing to the scarcity of supplies there through war conditions, a valuable export market is now being developed in Australia. A report to the Department of Trade and Commerce from Canadian Trade Commissioner Ross of Melbourne draws attention to the fact that Australia also faces a fish shortage, and that there is a record demand for Canadian fish there.

New Brunswick packers have already taken advantage of the opening and are shipping large quantities of canned sardines and herrings. Preserved fish in tins are reported to be in great demand, with high prices ruling. During the past twelve months Canada has sent more than half a million dollars' worth of fish to Australia.

In Great Britain fish prices have gone up more than 100 per cent., and recent shipments of Canadian fish to the motherland, have demonstrated the immense value of the market opened up by the war to Canadian fishermen. Canada possesses the most extensive fisheries in the world, with a catch last year valued at more than $33,000,000 and more than 100,000 men employed in the industry. The ill wind of the war is blowing good to the fishermen of Canada, who are getting ready markets and higher prices.

Wanted a Sleepy One.

"Mother, must Fred and I have a chaperon for tonight?" asked the sweet young thing.

"Certainly, dear," replied the mother.

"Well, mother, please don't send Aunt Helen as a chaperon because she's got insomnia."

Bargains

AT

Lattimer's Drug Store For Saturday

50c. Gin Pills 25c.	50c. Fruitatives 29c.	50c. Dodd's Pills 32c.	50c. Chase's Nerve Food 29c.	50c. Zam-Buk 35c.	50c. Williams' Pink Pills 32c.

Patent Medicines

25c.	Nerviline	15c.
25c.	Thomas Electric Oil	15c.
25c.	Chase's K. & L. Pills	15c.
25c.	Carter's Liver Pills	15c.
35c.	Castoria	24c.
25c.	Chase's Syrup	15c.
25c.	Woods' Norway Pine Syrup	17c.
25c.	Gray's Syrup	17c.
25c.	Four T's	17c.
25c.	Shiloh's Cough Syr.	17c.
25c.	Baby's Own Tablets	15c.
50c.	Chase's Ointment	45c.
25c.	Egyptian Liniment	17c.
$1	Scott's Emulsion	69c.
50c.	Scott's Emulsion	38c.
50c.	Pinex	37c.
$1	Pinkham's Comp.	85c.
25c.	Nature's Remedy	12c.
25c.	Abbey's Salt	17c.

15c

SOAP

3 for 25c

Extra Special

25c.	Syrup White Pine and Tar	2 for 25c.
25c.	Bromide Quinine	15c.
50c.	Emulsion Cod Liver Oil	25c.
$1	Emulsion Cod Liver Oil	50c.
50c.	Wine Cod Liver Oil	25c.
$1	Wine Cod Liver Oil	69c.
25c.	Blaud's Iron Pills	2 for 25c.
25c.	A. B. S. C. Tablets	2 for 25c.
25c.	Hydrogen Peroxide	15c.
25c.	Witch Hazel Cream	15c.
25c.	Almond Cream	15c.
25c.	Cucumber Cream	15c.

Toilet Articles

35c.	Pond's Vanishing Cream	29c.
50c.	Ingram's Milkweed Cream	29c.
25c.	Violet Talcum	15c.
25c.	Sandalwood Talcum	15c.
25c	Duchess Rose Talcum	15c
15c.	Glycerine Soap	3 for 25c
25c.	Shaving Lotion	17c.
75c.	Rubber Gloves	49c.
25c.	Tooth Paste	15c
25c.	Massage Cream	20c.
25c.	Danderine	20c.
50c.	Danderine	40c.
25c.	Sanitol Tooth Powder	20c
10c.	Wash Cloths	5c.
25c.	Hutax Tooth Powder	20c
25c.	Tooth Brushes	14c.
25c.	Sanitol Face Cream	20c.

FREE

With each package of Nyal's Tooth Paste or Tooth Powder purchased Saturduy, we will give absolutely FREE

A 25c TOOTH BRUSH

$2.00 Hot Water Bottles

Guaranteed for 2 years

$1.19

Cigars

10c.	Ovido	4 for 25c.
10c.	Irvings	5 for 25c.
10c.	Travellers	5 for 25c.
10c.	Japs	4 for 25c.
10c.	Bachelors	4 for 25c.
5c.	Havana Ribbon	6 for 25c.
5c.	John Bull	6 for 25c
5c.	Col. Steele	6 for 25c.

FREE

With each bottle of Nyal's Cherry Cough Syrup at 50c., purchased Saturday, we will give absolutely Free one box of

Nyal's Laxacold Tablets

75c. worth of goods for 50c.

Chocolate Department

When you want High Class Chocolates, come to us. We carry the best and our stock is always fresh.

Willard's, Huyler's Nylo's

Riley's Toffee

The Famous English Toffee

40c lb.

THE BEST FACE CREAM EVER USED is what our Lady Customers tell us about NYAL'S FACE CREAM 25c. and 50c. Jars.

Kodaks AND Supplies

25c. Laxative Bromo Quinine . . . 17c.	Weeks' Break up a Cold Tablets 17c.	Nyal's Red Rose Cream 25c.	Nyal's Shaving Lotion 25c.	Nyal's Almond Cream 25c.	$1.00 Listerine 75c.

AGENCY

Nyal's Family Remedies

WOOLS

At the present time we have a large stock of Military and Fingering Yarns. As this Wool was secured under our old agreement, we have not had to advance our prices on this lot. Secure what you require soon.

Hockey Goods

Hockey Sticks, Hockey Gloves, Hockey Pads, Leg Gnards, Pucks and Skate Straps all at popular prices.

THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

CANADA POSTAGE
TWO CENTS
2
2

COSTS LITTLE

Accomplishes Much

A two cent stamp does a lot for very little money, but it would require thousands of two cent stamps and personal letters to make your wants known to as many people as a 25c. investment in our Classified Want Ads.

HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER

SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

You never know what you can do till you try, and even then you

The Long And Short Of It!

TALL Men, Short Men and Stout Men frequently find the Clothes question quite baffling!

Those who have worn our Special Sizes for such proportions know that the solution here is easy.

The worried ones are invited to try on our Suits and Overcoats, in Slim, Stout and Extra Sizes, just to see how easy it is to find a fit.

If you think it necessary to have your Clothes made to order, then you have not given this Store a trial.

We have all our sizes cut in several shapes to accommodate just such cases as yours. We are positive that we can

Fit You To A "T"

The fact is that we guarantee you a fit—just as much as we guarantee a fit—in any of our regular sizes.

Suits, $12, $15, $20 to $25
Overcoats, $10, $12 to $20
Trousers, $2, $3, $4 to $6

Quick & Robertson
THE OUTFITTERS

JANUARY BOOT SALE

See Our Windows **GORMAN'S** BOOT SHOP See Our Windows

BUY NOW
DON'T MISS THIS SALE

Pass It On
Let Neighbor
Tell Neighbor

Our January Clearance Sale Has Commenced
BOOT BARGAINS FOR EVERYBODY

January with many concerns is a quiet month—but we do not purpose having any quiet days at the GORMAN BOOT SHOP. We are determined to keep busy. THE PROFIT ALL YOURS. So come, let us serve you.

JUST NOTE THESE

102 Pair Men's Patent, Gun Metal, Vici Kid, Tan, Mahogany Boots, all sizes, all toes. Regular Price, $5.00 and $6.00. January Clearance Price,............ **$3.25**

189 Pair of the famous **Duchess Boot** for Women, all sizes, all widths, all heels, Goodyear Welt Soles, Patent, Gun Metal or Vici Kid Leathers, Lace or Button Cloth or Kid Tops. Reg. price $4 and $5 January Clearance Price,............ **$2.90**

OTHER BARGAINS
Too Numerous to Mention. So Drop in Sometime—Any Time

You Save By Spending At GORMAN'S January Clearance Sale

A Simple Way to Remove Dandruff

There is one sure way that has never failed to remove dandruff at once, and that is to dissolve it, then you destroy it entirely. To do this, just get about four ounces of plain, common liquid arvon from any drug store (this is all you will need), apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

By morning, most if not all, of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single sign and trace of it, no matter how much dandruff you may have.

You will find all itching and digging of the scalp will stop instantly, and your hair will be fluffy, lustrous, glossy, silky and soft, and look and feel a hundred times better.

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Within The Military Circle

Continued From Page One.

church, and on Sunday next will parade to the Presbyterian church.

Pte. A. Welch has been transferred from Madoc to the Staff Pioneers and has been promoted to the rank of corporal.

The following are the names of those who have enlisted in the 155th Battalion at Madoc and are drilling in the Madoc Armouries:—

SRgt. T. Reynolds, Pte. J. Ault, Pte. G. Bassett, Pte. L. Bassett, Pte. J. Brown, Pte. L. Burns, Pte. C. Burkett, Pte. F. Ballard, Pte. C. Broadworth, Pte. D. Blakely, Pte. A. Clarckson, Pte. E. Carl, Pte. C. Deline, Pte. C. Donaldson, Pte. W. Fox, Pte. C. Gunn, Pte. F. Glover, Pte. G. Gifford, Pte. W. Hart, Pte. A. Hayton, Pte. W. Hawthorn, Pte. C. Howsler, Pte. M. Halloran, Pte. D. McKenzie, Pte. W. J. McCoy, Pte. H. McIntyre, Pte. E. Moore, Pte. R. Newland, Pte. G. O'Rourke, Pte. H. Pitts, Pte. L. Reeves, Pte. D. Rogers, Pte. W. Storring, Pte. W. Taylor, Pte. R. West, Pte. P. Welch, Pte. A. Welch, Pte. M. Weese. Pte. F. Young.

New Recruits

..Pte A. Cronkwright, Pte. Holland, Pte. Paget, Pte. Willis.

When one visits the Armouries they see everywhere the smiling faces of the recruits. There are a happy lot, happy with the knowledge that they are serving their country in her time of stress. In an interview with one of the recruits he said: "I never felt happier and if a young fellow wants to feel good let him don the khaki."

Lieut. Webb is doing everything in his power to make the boys comfortable and highly appreciate anything done towards their welfare by the citizens.

BELLEVILLE

Col. Adams was sent to the hospital last night by Major McColl, M.O. The colonel is suffering with La Grippe.

Lieut R. S. Rabbie has been taken on as Supply Officer, Canadian Army Service Corps temporarily, in the place of Capt. Geo. Driver, who leaves shortly for Montreal.

The members of the 80th Battalion brass band have formed a euchre club and playing is now in progress for a cash prize. Keen interest is shown in the games. The first draw resulted as follows:

J. Chamberlain		H. Vickers	
J. McKenzie...	3	E. Potter	0
E. Seymour		J. B. Angrove	
E. Brethour....	3	B. Sills	2
J. T. Skunk		D. Tanner	
A. M. Johnston	3	W. Hoffert	1
M. Dino		J. W. Connor	
W. Grant....	3	Frank Bell	2

Ptes. R. H. Morrow and J. Burrows, of the 80th Battalion, have been admitted to the Napanee Hospital.

Pte. Skunk, of the 80th Battalion, has been admitted to the Belleville Hospital.

Ptes. Hannah and Barber, of the 80th Batt., have been discharged from the Napanee Hospital.

Ptes. Stewart, Simmons and Whitty of the 80th Batt., have been discharged from the Belleville General Hospital.

A recruiting meeting will take place in Marmora tonight in the interests of the 155th Battalion.

Lieuts. Sanford and Wills of the 155th Battalion returned to the city to-day with new recruits secured in Marlbank.

The total number of men who have enlisted in the 155th Overseas Battalion is 360, or about one-third of the men wanted.

A dental parade of ten men of the 80th Batt. was held this morning.

An orchestra from the 80th Battalion will be present at the Graduation Exercises at the hospital this afternoon.

New Society Coming Out of Great War

(Continued from page 1)

away entirely with that contempt which the masses were wont to have for the ministers of Churches. Everywhere these Catholic Chaplains, armed only with their faith and animated by a wonderful spirit of sacrifice, have provoked the admiration of unbelievers as well as of the soldiers of all creeds.

I had a long talk with one of them who is famous throughout France for his innumerable acts of bravery and utter disregard of death. He was in the retreat from Mons, and ever since whenever his men have been in action they have always found him in the very front line of fire, ready at any moment to administer the comforts of religion to those who wanted them or to help the wounded out of danger, whether believer or atheist.

"It is most striking what a tremendous influence over men the idealistic side of this war has had," he said. "In my experience I have never known a man in the hospital or on the battlefield to refuse extreme Unction.

Religion "Declined Tremendously."

"Without a question, for years before the war religious feeling had declined tremendously in France, either from indifference or scepticism. To be more precise, I have divided the men into four categories; those who had received Christian education, but had dropped out of it in the daily struggle for life; those in the same condition, but who had become atheists through materialistic convictions acquired later in life; those who had received the Church's education and never lost it, although worshipping in a perfunctory way, and finally, those to whom faith was a dead letter because they had never been taught to believe.

"In the first instance, the first class of men voluntarily returned to the Church once they were brought into contact with death and the hereafter. The second class also came back as soon as the war had forcibly made them of their theories in the supreme hour.

"The third class revived all the enthusiasm of their youth, while the 4th class I have found absolutely refractory. These men are like grownup children. They question every statement you make, and refuse to budge from their stand that they must have actual proof of the efficiency of the Church's teachings.

"They won't realize that you cannot explain faith, and, having never known it, they are ignorant of its great comforting influence. This is not a numerous body.

No Pressure on Men

"However, we never insist nor exercise any pressure. Religious practice is partly optional, and the result is highly satisfactory. Seventy-five per cent. of the men of my section never fail to attend Mass.

"Let me tell you one incident that will show how deeply the soldiers desire priestly assistance in the hour of death. Recently a heavy shell fell right among a body of men on their way to the trenches. I was with them, and immediately attended to the stricken and dying.

"Deep in the shell crater I found a young man frightfully mangled. I took his hand and whispered in his ear: 'I am a priest. Make an effort and press my hand to let me know you have recognized me.'

'The dying boy's eyes were closed and his face was hideously contorted in the grimmest agony, but no sooner had I whispered those few words than he seemed to heave a sigh of relief. His eyes slowly opened. There was a slight pressure of my hand and his face relaxed into a sublimely peaceful smile. With my ear close to his lips I caught the faint words:

"'Why, a priest here! God be thanked.'

"I rapidly administered absolution and he died in my arms. The vision of this wonderful experience ever haunts me and spurs me on in my work."

And with these words the chaplain leaped into the saddle and with a military forage cap cocked over one ear galloped swiftly away, a lonely, black figure on the desolate yellow dunes.

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It is also well to remember that you don't owe anybody a dollar for the things you are doing without.

Kingsbeer
Club Special" & "Home Brew"
The Best Two Lagers Made in Canada
Consumers who cannot purchase KINGSBEER from their local dealer please address "Mail Order Department, 38 Chaboillez Square, Montreal."

We Have In Stock
Considerable Corrugated Galvaniz Iron.

It will pay you to get our prices before purchasing. We keep a good supply of GALVANIZED NAILS on hand at the lowest prices.

Well Pumps, Cistern Pum
of all descriptions kept in stock.
It Will Cost You Nothing To Get Our Prices.
Give us a Call

The John Lewis COMPA LIMIT

HOCKEY STICK
NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.

AUTOMOBILE SKATES
Made in Canada
Have you seen the New Ones?
Stronger and Lighter than eve

THE **SMITH HARDWARE**
LET US DO YOUR PLUMBING

The Beauty of O Feed

is that there is no waste to it. horse will lick up the last oat o last kernel of grain. It tastes so to him that he wants every bit belongs to him. So there's econ as well as satisfaction in buying feed and grain here. Try it once you'll try it always.

H. E. FAIRFIE

The Poets' Corner

The Optimist.

"It Couldn't Be Done—So He Did It."

Somebody said it couldn't be done,
But he with a chuckle replied,
That "Maybe it couldn't, but he would be one,
Who wouldn't say so till he tried."

So he buckled right in with the trace of a grin
On his face. If he worried he hid it.
He started to sing as he tackled the thing
That couldn't be done—and he did it!

Somebody scoffed: "O, you'll never do that;
At least no one ever has done it."
But he took off his coat, and he took off his hat,
And the first thing he knew he begun it.

With the lift of his chin and a bit of a grin
Without any doubting or quiddit.
He started to sing as he tackled the thing
That couldn't be done—and he did it!

There are thousands to tell you it cannot be done;
There are thousands to prophesy failure,
There are thousands to point out to you one by one
The dangers that wait to assail you.

But just buckle in with a bit of a grin
Then take off your coat and go to it,
Just start in to sing as you tackle the thing
That "cannot be done"—and you'll do it.

—Montreal Star.

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WHY NOT FLORIDA FOR YOUR WINTER TOUR?

The attractions are unsurpassed, beautiful palm trees, warm sea bathing, oranga and banana groves, golf, tarpon fishing, luxurious hotels for all pockets. Two nights only from Toronto. Winter tourist tickets no on sale. Be sure that your tick read via Canadian Pacific Railw Excellent service is offered via De troit and Cincinatti. Particula from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agen or write M. G. Murphy, District Pa senger Agent, Toronto, Ont.

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Economy for Both

"Woman is very unreasonable," said a venerable New Hampshire justice of the peace. "I remember that my wife and I were talking over our affairs one day and we agreed that it had come to the point where we must economize. 'Yes, my dear,' said I to my wife, 'we must both economize!' 'Very well, Henry,' she said, with a tired air of submission, 'you shave yourself and I'll cut your hair.'"—New York Globe.

ARENA
TURNBULL

BAND Tuesday, Thursday a Saturday

Intermediate O. H. A. Hockey
Picton vs. Belleville, Friday, J uary 14th.
Puck faced at 8.15 sharp. Band attendance.
Amission 25c. Reserved seats

OVERCOATS

Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat! We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.

Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

Ladies' Hudson Seal Coa

No. 1 Quality Lined through-out with No. 1 Brocade satin inches long........Price $120
Muff to match " $22.00

J. T. DELANEY
29 Campbell St. Phone
opposite Y.M.C.A.
See Our Window
N. B. We Buy Raw Fu

BUTTERICK FASHIONS FOR SPRING

Special Introductory Sale

To introduce to the Ladies of Belleville and vicinity the famous

Gossard Corsets

we are offering 50 pairs of one of the very best models

No. 364

as shown in the illustration.

The regular price of this Corset is $4.50. Special Introductory Price

$3.49

SPRING--BUTTERICK FASHION QUARTERLY--1916

This 84 page quarterly style review of Butterick contains authoritative PARIS and NEW YORK FASHIONS, and advance information about style tendencies, materials and dress accessories.

22 pages of Dresses, Waists and Skirts; 3 of Evening Dresses; 1 of Bridal Dresses; 2 of Special Gowns for stout women, 4 of Waists; 7 of Coats, Suits and Wraps; and 24 pages for misses, juniors, small boys and girls, and infants.

Only 25c, with any Butterick Pattern FREE

Ladies' and Misses' Suits and Coats at One-Third Less than Regular Cost

Ketcheson & Earle

February Delineator at the Pattern Counter, 15c

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 8 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED—A HOUSE MAID. APPLY IN evening to Mrs. (Dr.) Gibson 28 Campbell St. j4-dtf

WANTED—COOK, GENERAL. WITH REferences. Wages $30 per month. Apply 111 Victoria Ave. j8-dtf

WANTED — EXPERIENCED MAID FOR general housework. References required. Apply Mrs. Blagrave, 80 Commercial Street. j14-dtf

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO LEARN BARber business and help in tobacco store, at once. A. E. Wrightmyer, 209 Front Street. j12-dtf

WANTED—FIRST CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill and Planer hands, Toolmakers. Good wages. Steady work. Canadian Westinghouse Company, Limited, Hamilton, Ont. d-j27

TO RENT

TO RENT. RESIDENCE, No. 221 CHARLES St.; contains all modern conveniences. Apply at The Intelligencer Office a23-tf

TO LET, THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the Bank of Commerce, and also rooms in the same block and the Robertson Block, suitable for offices and apartments. S. S. Lazier. j17-dtf

Fresh Made Appetizing Confections

Chocolate Dates, 40c lb.
Date Pudding, - 25c lb.
Maple Walnut Cream,- - - 20c lb.
Neapolitan Fruit Pudding, - - 30c lb.
Humbugs, - - 20c lb.
Butter Scotch, - 20c lb.

Our Own Make

Chas. S. Clapp

If, as somebody says, the underwear manufacturers are prosperous, they perhaps can afford to put some regular clothes on the young men who advertise their wares in street cars and magazines.

SPORTING NEWS

THE BIG HOCKEY GAME AT THE RINK TO-NIGHT

Picton Intermediates Play Local Team—A Defeat to be Retrieved—Never so Much Enthusiasm Since Belleville's Big Team

Since Belleville had the "Big" team consisting of Winchester, Burrows, McMillan, McGuire, Kennedy, Brown and Marks there has not been so much enthusiasm over a hockey team as is evident this season.

The fact that two juniors are on the team adds greatly to the interest that has been aroused in local circles. Philips is playing a star game in goal and Whalen the fast little junior is to play to-night with the stronger team. Symons and Whitty are as good an amateur defense as will be found in the mid-way part of the league and as a rover, it is doubtful if Finkle can be beaten in this group at any rate. Earle and Mitchell are hard working and hard checking forwards who may alway be depended upon to give a good account of themselves.

Picton defeated the local team in Picton when they last met, but the boys are determined to wipe the slate clean to-night and turn the tables in decisive style.

Picton comes to this city anxious to add one more game to their win column and will not go down to defeat without a desperate struggle. That they will be defeated is almost a certainty for Belleville intermediates are preparing to go high in the league and the team that heads them must play hockey all the way.

HOCKEY

There was a quick snappy practice at the rink last night by the Intermediate and Junior teams. They were ably coached by Bill Symons who seems like a father to them all.

Don't forget to see the game to-night Cold weather came along just in time to give good ice for to-night's game. A good, fast game may be expected.

The Belleville team, barring accidents, will line up to-night as follows; Goal, Phillips; Defence, Symons, Whitty; Rover, Finkle; center, Earle; right wing, Whalen; left wing, Mitchell.

This should make an improvement in the team as Whalen is a fast little player who is bound to strengthen the line up.

Captain James T. Sutherland, President of the O.H.A., is confined to his house at Kingston with an attack of la grippe, and as a result he was unable to witness the match between the Frontenacs and Brockville. This is the first Kingston game of hockey that he has ever missed.

MILITARY SPORTS

The second game in the Battalion baseball league was played in the Armouries last night when the combined team from the Signallers and Machine Gun Section met the Brass Band. With teams as evenly matched as the two that played last night, there is going to be some keen competition before the schedule is over. The game which ended in a victory for the Brass Band by a lead of one run, was anyones game until the last innings. The kind of sportsmanship that prevails in the 80th was demonstrated last night when the Brass Band gave a good player to the other team who found themselves short a man. The final score was 15 to 16 in favor of the Band. The teams lined up as follows:—For the Band; Chamberlain, Seymour, Tanner, Vickers, Lister, Hewitt, Angrove, Spuires. For the Combined team— Thompson, Carmody, Thompson, Bolin, Mackie, Sills, Powers, Sills.

The next games will be played next Wednesday and Thursday nights at 7.15 p.m.

THE RING.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—The proposed ten-round bout between Jess Willard, world's heavyweight champion, and Frank Moran, which, it was expected, would take place in this city in March, probably will be postponed until Decoration Day, May 30th, it was said tonight.

This step has become necessary, it is said, because Willard has informed the promoters of the match that he will be unable to box in March. If a later date is selected the bout will be staged in the open.

Hearty Response To Belgian Fund

MONTREAL, Jan. 14.—As a result of the first appeal of the Belgian Relief Committee of Montreal for assistance in feeding the thousands of destitute Belgians during the present winter there came to the offices at 59 St. Peter street the other day thirty-four dollars from the teachers of Mount Allison Ladies' College, Sackville, N.B. The gift was a spontaneous one. The money was sent enclosed with a copy of the first advertisement of the Belgian Relief Committee asking for money.

This is but one of many such instances which have already swelled the funds now at the disposal of the Montreal Committee to thousands of dollars. Other gifts have been larger, others smaller, but all are equally welcome. Some of the gifts have been in cash and others in donations of materials, both of which are acceptable and are received with the gratitude of those who are devoting their energies to this noble cause.

Among the early ones to respond was the Coaticook, Que., Baptist Sunday School, one of the hundreds of Sunday Schools of the Dominion working for the cause. The gift of this organization consisted of $61.12 and two cases of clothing. The neighboring town of Lennoxville, through its Patriotic Association, sent a cheque for $112.50.

The women of Granton, Ont., have been among the active ones of the smaller places, and through the Ladies' Canadian Club have sent thirty dollars. A public concert at Rathilda, Sask., resulted in the forwarding of fifty dollars, while a public school class at Fort Qu'Appelle, Sask., sent $1.50.

St. Martin's Church Sunday School at Montreal, has given $37.60. One of the larger single donations comes from Red Deer, Alta., where the local newspaper collected $600.

Perhaps one of the most interesting gifts is the one from Dawson City, from one of the far-away corners of the Dominion. The Klondike Chapter, Imperial Order of Daughters of the Empire sent $126.91. From much nearer the committee headquarters comes the gift of $50 from the city of Outremont and similar gifts.

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OTTAWA, Jan. 12.—Gen. Logie, O. C. of the Toronto Military Division, is in Ottawa today.

The new Sportsmen's Battalion has been officially authorized by the Military department, and Crown Attorney Greer will have command, with the rank of lieutenant-Colonel, said Gen. Hughes today.

Asked concerning the proposal to raise an Orange regiment in Toronto, Gen. Hughes said: "There will be no creed regiments raised in Canada."

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Gorman's Boot Shop for reliable bargains.

◆

Forty thousand large bunches of bananas are going to waste in Nicaragua because of the war. We wonder that no live banana salesman has convinced the opposing armies of the armies of the value of banana peelings for trench defenses. Think of what would happen to a charging foe when they struck a field of banana skins!

◆

A New York physical director says that a lot of men down in that burg are getting to be just like dinosaurs. Now, wait a minute before you say anything about compliments. "The dinosaur," he goes on to say, "was just a pin-headed fatty of an animal that didn't have sense enough to stop eating when it should." It would be easy to find a few of these bipedal dinosaurs right here in this little town.

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The owing of relationship should never be clipped, but always expanded, and serene.—"Old Curiosity Shop."

◆

That New York man who was fined $400 for hugging a dressmaker should remember that dressmakers are expensive people.

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Better put your snow shovel away in moth balls.

Local Business Men

Are realizing more every day the value of the concise, memory tickling Classified Want Ads. Make your story short and pithy and our Want Ad. Columns will repay you a hundred fold for the small investment.

PERSIAN LAMB

We have never before been better prepared to meet the season's demand for high class Persian Lamb garments, than at present.

Why not get prices on having your Persian Jacket repaired, remodelled or lengthened? We have skins to match every coat.

G. T. WOODLEY,
Phone 421. 273 Front St.

RITCHIE'S

LADIES!

Your Choice Of Our ENTIRE STOCK Of BLACK & COLORED COATS At Half Price

This offer does not mean only a few of the Coat Models selected for quick clearance, but embraces every Ladies' Black and Colored Coat now in stock, and that means a lot, especially so early in the season, for there are still many handsome up-to-the-minute garments displayed in our showing, all strictly new models in first class materials and best shades. Just think of this:—

Regular $10.00 Coats are now ......$ 5.00
Regular $12.00 Coats are now 6.00
Regular $15.00 Coats are now 7.50
Regular $18.00 Coats are now 9.00
Regular $20.00 Coats are now 10.00
Regular $25.00 Coats are now 12.50

OR JUST HALF PRICE.

(See windows)

Ladies' Dress Skirts Half Price

A clearing lot of Ladies' Skirts, made of Serges, Panamas and Voiles—all splendid quality material and well made; not all this season's, but good styles. On sale at just HALF PRICE.

$5.00 Skirts for $2.50
$6.00 Skirts for 3.00
$7.50 Skirts for 3.75

All Our Misses' and Children's Coats Now Clearing at 25 p.c. Off Regular Prices

That means: $5.00 Coats for $3.75; $6.00 Coats for $4.70; $8.00 for $6.00; $10.00 Coats for $7.50; $12.00 Coats for $9.00; $15.00 Coats for $11.75.

And the showing is very large, embracing Coats for children of all ages. The materials are the best and the shades represent all that is new for the season. Choose now and get first choice, for they will sell quickly at this remarkable reduction.

TEA ROOM

Commencing Monday

The Quinte Chapter Daughters of the Empire will hold their Afternoon Tea between 4 and 6 o'clock in the Millinery Parlors of our store. The Tea Room will be opened Monday Afternoon.

Proceeds for the Benefit of the Belgian Relief Fund and other war work.

Everybody is Invited

THE HOME BOOK OF Fashions
The Ladies' Home Journal

The RITCHIE Company Limited

CITY AND VICINITY

WINTER FAIR AT OTTAWA

Canadian Pacific Excursion Rate $4.10 return, going Jan 17th to 20th, returning god to Jan. 22nd. For further information and tickets apply to S. BURROWS, C.P.R. Agent. j12,8t

PHOTO-DRAMA CREATION

Part 2 Sunday 2.30 and 7.30 p.m. Griffin's Theatre. Seats free. J14-2

Quinte Chapter I.O.D.E. will open a tea-room at the Ritchie Company's Millinery room on the afternoon of Monday, January 17th. Tea served from 4 to 6 p.m. Proceeds in aid of Belgium Relief Fund and other war work. J14-2t

SCOTT'S TO-NIGHT

Bosworth, Inc. precents Dustin Larnum in "Captain Courtesy" in 5 acts. A story of the Mexican occupation of California, 1840-46, also one good comedy. Orchestra in attendance. Special extra attraction, Tommie Redway Comedy Juggler.

◆

A lot of fellers write illegibly simply bekus they can't spell.

15TH RESERVE. ATTENTION! DRILL TONIGHT AT ARMOURIES

8 sharp. Every man between the ages of 18 and 60 not on active service is requested to Volunteer and attend drill.

You never know the moment we may all be wanted so why not be prepared to do your bit as an intelligent citizen by learning your drill. Come tonight.

Competent instructors to start you off right.

Women's $4.00 and $5.00 Boots now selling for $2.90 at Gorman's January Clearance Sale.

DANCING

New Academy
Mr. and Mrs. Johnstone's
Special, Social Dance
Saturday evening
8.30 till 11.30. Orchestra
Monday evening Social Dance as usual

Raise Your Family

on our bread in the name of good health and every sanitary precaution. Our bakery is a model and our quality standard unapproached when it comes to bread baking. Sit down to the table with that eagerness which those who have sampled our bread and know that it is on the table awaiting them.

Yerex's Bakery
Phone 787
68 Sinclair St. Belleville

THE WEATHER.

Southerly winds, light snow falls. Sunday, light snow falls or sleet followed at night by north west winds, becoming colder.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 81 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, JANUARY 15, 1916. No. 14

ESTABLISHED 1858
58 years continuous business is a guarantee for square dealing, best values and lowest prices.
FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Office Phone 2 Night Phones 260 & 635

Manitoba Women Will Get Franchise

Second Reading Was Given Norris Bill Without Dissenting Voice

DISPENSARIES SYSTEM

So-Called Prohibition Measure Doesn't Ban Liquor Entirely

WINNIPEG, Jan. 14.—Premier Norris in the legislature today moved the second reading of a bill enfranchising the women of Manitoba, and the motion was unanimously adopted. Similar unanimity marked the second reading of the Manitoba Temperance Act, which will be submitted to the electors on March 15th.

In moving the second reading of the woman suffrage bill, Premier Norris pointed out that besides giving votes to the women it recognized their right to sit in the legislature.

With regard to the prohibition bill Hon. A. B. Hudson said it was the same as the Hugh John Macdonald Act of 1912, except that the title had been changed to the Manitoba Temperance Act. He pointed out that under its terms only wholesale and retail druggists can sell liquor in the province, and those persons can exercise the privilege only on strict considerations. Wholesalers can sell as much as ten gallons to one person, provided the liquor be required for mechanical or scientific work. Retailers can sell only on medical prescriptions. The importation of liquor is not prohibited and the breweries and distilleries can continue to do business with other provinces.

FIFTY PERISHED WITH STEAMER

Captain and Many of Clan Macfarlane Crew Are Still Missing—Were Torpedoed in Mediterranean

CERTAINLY WAS DELIBERATE MURDER

The German Submarine's Captain Showed An Impatience to Sink Vessel Quickly

LONDON, Jan. 14.—The Malta correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Co. sends the following despatch:

"Fifty members of the crew of the British steamship Clan Macfarlane which was torpedoed in the Mediterranean Dec. 30, are still missing and have been given up as lost. Captain Swanston, commander of the steamship, is included among the missing.

"The survivors who have arrived here state that the steamship was torpedoed without warning in a rough sea, the submarine appearing on the surface only after the torpedo hit the ship. After the crew had taken to the boats, the submarine came alongside the boat occupied by the Clan Macfarlane and the submarine commander asked and received miscellaneous information about the ship and her crew.

"The submarine was one of the largest type, and mounted two guns. Its commander showed great uneasiness, survivors say, while waiting for the steamship to sink. He finally accelerated her sinking by placing five shots below her waterline.

"The lifeboats battled eight days against mountainous waves, with the occupants on rations consisting of half a biscuit and a small cup of water twice daily. Six lifeboats had been tied together but three broke away before help came and are believed to have been lost."

New Viceroy of India is Chosen

LONDON, Jan. 14.—(Special)—It is officially announced tonight that Baron Chelmsford, former governor of Queensland and of New South Wales, has been appointed viceroy and governor-general of India in succession to Baron Hardinge.

Frederic John Napier Thesiger, third Baron Chelmsford, was formerly an officer of the Royal Engineers. He was born in 1850 and he served as military attache in the Turko-Russian war of 1877-78. He also served on the commission for the delimitation of the frontiers of Turkey in 1878 and 1879 and he was military vice-consul of Anatolia in 1871-72. Baron Chelmsford also served in the Egyptian Expedition. He then took service in the Egyption army, and took part in the Soudan expedition. He was governor-general of the Red Sea littoral 1884-1886 and he later was commander of the Egyptian-Nile frontier. He was military attache to Constantinople in 1889 to 1896 and he served in South Africa as commander of a division. He became governor of Queensland in 1901.

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIANS

(Canadian Press Special)

OTTAWA, Jan. 14.—The midnight list of casualties is:—

2ND BATTALION

Wounded—Wm. Moyes, Ottawa.

5TH BATTALION.

Wounded—W. Browne, Winnipeg.

8TH BATTALION.

Seriously ill—L. Larose, Carleton Place, Ont.

10TH BATTALION.

Severely wounded — Lieut. H. C Ferguson, Regina, Sask.

14TH BATTALION.

Killed in action — C. N. Patch, Montreal.

Suffering from shock—A. Seaton, Toronto.

16TH BATTALION.

Wounded—D. Seath, Prince Albert. Sask.

19TH BATTALION.

Seriously ill—O. Berthiaume, Hull, Quebec.

Wounded—Corp. H. Cooper, Hamilton, Ont.

21ST BATTALION.

Wounded—Corp. Edmund C. Weston, Campbellford, Ont.

22ND BATTALION.

Wounded—A. M. Lapierre, Montreal.

28TH BATTALION.

Wounded—H. Whyte, Perth, Ont.

31ST BATTALION.

Killed in action—C. B. Manning, Moncton, N.B..

41ST BATTALION.

Died—H. Jolicoeur, Vaucluse, Que.

54TH BATTALION.

Seriously ill—F. Fox, Victoria, B.C.

PRINCESS PATS

Severely wounded—J. B. Mawdsley, Dumas, Sask.

2ND FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE

Killed in action—Driver W. Gulliver, Boom Road N.E., Northumberland Co., N.B.

3RD FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE

Slightly wounded—Corp. H. C. Dunbar, Toronto.

2ND DIVISIONAL AMMUNITION COLUMN.

Seriously wounded — Lieut. L. A. Johnson, Westmount, Que.

6TH FIELD COMPANY, DIVISIONAL ENGINEERS.

Slightly wounded—Driver J. Gommer, Kingston, Ont.

Protests are Of No Avail

LONDON, Jan. 14.—Discussing "the freedom of the seas," The Spectator, in an article, says:

"The British people cannot, and will not be entangled in a web of words. The state department at Washington is served by men of much quicker wit and more able pens than our foreign office and we shall not be surprised to see a victory won by President Wilson and Mr. Lansing over the attempts to define such words and phrases as "blockade,' 'retaliation' and 'freedom of the seas.'

"Call it a blockade of retaliation as regards war zones and the organic development of contraband of war, or what you will, but the fact remains that come what may, we mean to use our sea power to besiege the German nation and we are besieging it."

The Spectator then asks: "Who dares assert that we ever used our naval power to tyrannize over our neighbors or to serve our selfish ends?"

Submarine Blown Up in Brooklyn

NEW YORK, Jan. 15—The submarine E-2 was blown up in the Brooklyn Navy yards today. It is said that twenty of the crew were lost.

Germany Finds Poor Excuse

(Canadian Press Special)

BERLIN, Jan. 15.—In its reply to the British Government in regard to the Baralong incident, the text of which was made public to-day, Germany takes the ground that Britain no longer desires to observe the requirements of international law in regard to German submarines, and breaks off negotiations on this subject, in addition to announcing its decision to take measures of reprisal, as made known yesterday.

The German Government rejects Great Britain's proposal for an examination, by a neutral board, of the Baralong incident, and also of those cases in which it is charged Germany violated international law in submarine operations. The note was delivered to Great Britain through the American embassy.

GERMAN WARFARE TO BE MORE RUTHLESS

BERLIN, Jan. 14.—(via wireless to Sayville, N.Y.)—The German Government has transmitted to Great Britain through the American embassy a note which declares that as a result of Great Britain not fulfilling Germany's demand for an explanation of the circumstances surrounding the sinking of a German submarine by the British patrol boat Baralong, Germany will adopt suitable measures of reprisal.

The Baralong incident was brought up in the British parliament on Jan. 3rd last, when Sir Edward Grey said the British Government would court full inquiry by an independent tribunal of charges made by American muleteers that they, while aboard the Nicosian saw the crew of the British patrol boat Baralong fire on sailors in the water after the sinking of a German submarine.

LIEUT.-COL. H. ROGERS BACK

COBOURG, Jan. 14.—Lieut.-Col. Herman Rogers, officer commanding the 20th Battalion, now in France, passed through town on his way to Toronto. He was joined at Grafton by his mother, Mrs. Rogers, widow of the late Lieut.-Col. R. Z. Rogers, and his little daughter, Dorothy. Col. Rogers is home on six days' leave, and his wife will return with him to Grafton to spend the time with him there. His brother, Capt. R. P. Rogers, officer commanding No. 1 Tunneling Company, is now overseas, and the brothers passed each other on the ocean. Lieut.-Col. Rogers went to the front as second in command of the 2nd Battalion, First Canadian Expeditionary Force, and was later given command of the 20th Battalion.

Chemical professor. Didn't I tell you to notice when that beaker boiled over. Assistant—I did. It was exactly five minutes past eleven.

Export Business In Wheat Heavy

Buying Supposed to be for Account of Spain Which Tended to Advance Prices

CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—Wheat jumped in value today, chiefly on account of a possibility that severe damage to the winter crop might result from the widespread cold wave. Although top prices were not maintained, the market closed strong, 1½c to 1⅝c to 1⅞c net higher, with May at $1.28 and July at $1.20⅞. Corn gained ⅜c to ⅝c to ¾c and oats ⅝⅝c to ¾c. Advances in the wheat market forced quotations up to within ¼c of the highest price record of the 1915 crop. The bulge was checked by heavy profit-taking, which led to a setback of more than one cent. but seemed powerless to prevent a subsequent rally. Friends of higher prices gave most of their attention apparently to assertions by a leading expert that the weather conditions were much like those which produced a remarkable ice pack in the fields and largely wiped out the soft wheat crop of 1912. Bulls were stirred up also by gossip of a liberal new export business, although estimates after the close made the total for today only 400,000 bushels. The aggregate for the last three days, however, was put at between 4,500,000 bushels and 5,000,000 bushels. Predictions of a sharp falling off in receipts northwest, as a result of the blizzard.

SIR JOS. POPE HAS FOUR SONS AT FRONT

Eldest Son Has Been Wounded, Two Are at Shorncliffe and One Has Just Left

OTTAWA, Jan. 13.—The four sons of Sir Joseph Pope, K.C., M. G., Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and Lady Pope, have left to fight for their country. The eldest of these, Major E. W. Pope, R.C.R., who was wounded at St. Julien and who returned home on three months' leave last summer, is now stationed at Shorncliffe, where he has been giving courses in instruction. He is expecting at any moment to be ordered back to France to rejoin Col. Turner's staff.

Another son, Lieut. Maurice Pope of the R.C.E., who gave up a most lucrative position on the Canadian Pacific Railway to go to the front, left England on Monday for the firing line in France. Their third son, who has gone to war is Lieut. Harold Pope, Canadian Army Service Corps. He was a member of the Bank of Commerce staff and is at present at Shorncliffe Camp.

Lieut. Alfred Pope, the youngest son of Sir Joseph and Lady Pope, belongs to the Royal Canadian Regiment and is also at Shorncliffe awaiting orders to leave for the front.

RISE OF BANK PRESIDENT

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—It is a long stride from the position of bank messenger to bank president, but President Theodore Hetzler, of the Fifth Avenue Bank, at Forty-Fourth street and Fifth avenue, does not regard the advance as anything unusual nor does he believe that there is any doubt about the opportunities open to young men who are earnestly interested in banking.

Twenty-five years ago, next month Mr. Hetzler entered the bank as a messenger. This morning the board of directors, of which he had been made a member on Wednesday, elected him president of the bank. He was 15 years old when he got a job as messenger, which he applied to in answer to an advertisement. At 40 he is the youngest president of a prominent New York bank.

"An advertisement in a trade paper led me to the bank, which is still at the same location as it was at the time. I got a messenger's' position which I held for months before I got my first promotion. After that I was shifted from one department to another until I had worked in all of them Five years ago I was made cashier, and two years later they promoted me to the office of vice-president. This morning they elected me president. That is all there is to it."

"Are the same opportunities open today in the banking business?" Mr. Helzler was asked.

"Certainly, I don't know of a more wonderful business for young men. The only way to get ahead now is to work up through all the branches of the business.'"

The more we see of the 1916 model, arched-eye-browed, ear-ringed, fur-booted girls the more we think of the missus.

LARGE GAIN IN REVENUE INDEX TO PROSPERITY

Dominion Figures for December Nearly Double Those of Year Ago—Outlay Also Expands

IMMENSE EXPENDITURE BECAUSE OF WAR

War Expenditure for the Last Nine Months is Nearly Eighty-Six Million Dollars—Debt is Over Half Billion

OTTAWA, Ont., Jan. 14.—(Special.)—The remarkable increase in revenue that has featured Canadian financial statements for the past three months is again evident in statistics for December, issued by the finance department today. Dominion revenues for the month totalled $17,371,516, as against customs increase was from $4,706,117 to $9,060,181, or nearly one hundred per cent. Excise revenue was $2,303,211, an increase of $350,000. Postoffice revenue was $1,846,560 a gain of $496,340. Revenue from public works, including railways and canals, showed the notable increase of $2,165,000.

Revenue for the first nine months of the fiscal year is shown to have bees $122,027,821, an increase over the corresponding period of last year of $22,400,000. Customs increased from $56,000,000 to $69,000,000. The postoffice revenue increased from $9,175,220 to $12,500,000. The revenue from public works advanced from $10,000,000, to $16,000,000.

War-Outlay Exports

War expenditures, however, also continue to advance at an equally rapid rate. For the past month they were $19,233,943, as compared with $6,815,774 for December, 1914. For the nine months of the fiscal year war expenditure totals $85,748,898.

The net debt of the Dominion now stands at over half a billion, $515,000,000. This is an increase of $13,475,851 for December, and an increase of $129,000,000 for the year. Temporary loans amount to $179,000,000. Dominion notes outstanding total $171,000,000, an increase of $8,000,000 as compared with a year ago.

Within the Military Circle

An attempt will be made by the 93rd Battalion of Peterborough to raise 500 men in three days. The city will be divided into eight districts with a platoon assigned to each. It will thus be possible to reach every young man fit for military duty.

It is the general opinion among officers that the Militia Department will eventually make it compulsory for civilians wishing to become officers to qualify first as N.C.O's before taking the officer's training course.

BELLEVILLE

The following is the nominal roll of the 155th Battalion of men enlisted at Belleville:

Anderson, J., Armitage, W. E., Anderson, S. J., Adams, E. V., Botsford, C.A., Brier, F. A., Brunskill, J., Brown, E., Breden, E.B., Begin, E., Trenton; Brown, M., Brown, E., Brockhurst, R. J., Brown, E. E., Crichton, R. W., Carter, H. E., Clark, J. T., Conboy, G., Cronkwright, J. St. P., Trenton; Choinard, F. M., Carl, Ed, Madoc; Chisholm, W. F., Dempsey, L., Dobbs, G. E., Edyvean, R. A. F., Farrow, E. F., Ford, J. W., Grant, O., Harding, W. S., Hughes, M., Hinchey, E. R., Holway, H. P., Hitchon, M., Joss, A. L., Jones, S. O., King, B., Kirk, W. H., Kaiser, W., Longmuir, W. J., Louis, L. S. R., LaMoore, J. R., M'goretta, C., Miller, W. H. Milligan, C., Madden, G. L., MacDonnell, H. J., MacInnis, W. A., McGarvey, H., McMechan, S., Neville, J. H., Ollerhead, J., Phillips, W. R., Rowe H. T. S. Sexsmith, W., Seaman, J. T., Sweet, W., Sissons, A., Savnders, W. G., Taylor, W. J., Madoc; Turner, S. H., Turner, R., Vandervoort, W., Weatherhead, F. A., Weatherhead, C. E., Whittaker, W., Ward, G. A., Welsh, P. E., Madoc; Wannamaker, L. B., Weymark, J. S., Wright, I., Wills, C. H., Wallace, E. A., Waring, M.R., Wilder, L., Warren, A., Young, J. F.

Seventeen recruits from Picton reported for duty this morning with the 155th Battalion.

Lieut. Wills, of the 155th Battalion, secured eleven recruits in Marlbank.

The 155th Battalion enrolled several recruits from Belleville this morning.

Sergt.-Instructor Dow gave the men of the 155th Battalion physical drill this morning. Beginning Monday, every officer and every man will turn out at 6.15 a.m. every day for physical drill.

Yesterday was pay day for the 155th Battalion. This has a telling effect on the men as it puts them in good humor.

Col. Adams, the popular commander of the 155th Battalion, who was suffering with an attack of la grippe, is very much better and will leave the hospital this afternoon.

Ptes. Lynch and Dillabough of the 80th Battalion have been admitted to the Napanee hospital.

Ptes. Duncan and Hamell of the 80th Battalion have been admitted to the Belleville Hospital.

Cpls. Morreau and Drysdale have been discharged from the Napanee hospital.

Lt.-Col. Ketcheson, Commanding Officer of the 80th Battalion, extends an invitation to the citizens of Belleville to attend the church services held at 10.15 a.m. in the Armouries. The service lasts only half an hour, so that it does not interfere with the regular church service. The 80th Battalion brass band will be present under the leadership of Lieut. Stares. The band will makes its first public appearance to-morrow and some good music is assured, the band being very complete and up-to-date.

Lieut. Stares will sing at the evening service to-morrow night at the Tabernacle Methodist church.

Lieut. Hudgins, who played with the Picton team here last night, belongs to the 80th Battalion. He brought with him about fifteen rooters from his company.

Twenty recruits for the 80th Battalion will arrive this evening from Ottawa on the 5.30 C.N.R. train. The bugle band of the 80th will turn out and escort them to the barracks.

Fifty more men are needed to complete the ranks of the 80th Battalion.

Capt. for week ending Sunday, Jan. 23rd, 1916, Capt. P. K. Ketcheson.

Bn. Orderly Officer for today, Lt. A. C. Trousdale, for tomorroy, Lt. B. S. Robertson.

Bn. Orderly Sergt for today, Cpl. Vance, B. Co.; for tomorrow, Cpl. Eneskia, B. Co.

Bn. Orderly Corpl for today, Cpl. McInnes,, B. Co.; for tomorrow, Cpl. Brown, B. Co.

All troops of the Protestant faith will be formed up on the Parade Grounds at 9.10 a.m. sharp, to attend Divine Service to be held at the Armouries at 9.30 a.m.

Roman Catholics will be formed up on the Parade Grounds at 10 a.m. sharp to attend Divine Service at St. Michael's Church.

Harold Magee, of this city, has enlisted for overseas service with the 80th Battalion in Belleville—Brockville Recorder.

The one hundred filled Christmas stockings sent overseas by Miss Falkiner and friends to the Belleville boys

(Continued on page 2)

National Fund Is Wise Course

Some Western Provinces Unable to Meet Demands in Full

ONTARIO DOING WELL

Contributions to Patriotic Fund Much in Excess of Outlay

OTTAWA, Jan. 14.—(Special)—The following provincial analysis of the receipts and expenditure of the Canadian Patriotic Fund for the period ending Dec. 31 illustrates the advantage of relegating to a national fund the responsibility of maintaining the wives and children of the Canadian soldiers. In certain parts of the country a little hostility was shown during the early months of the war to the national undertaking, the desire for local autonomy leading citizens of certain towns to prefer to retain control of their own funds.

This attitude is now practically non-existent. Had it been general, a glance at the attached list will show that while more than ample provision would have been made to soldiers' families in eastern Canada, they would have had a hard time in certain of the western provinces. The national patriotic fund, however, insures the soldiers' families against want, no matter what local conditions may be.

SHOWING OF PROVINCES.

Statement by provinces to Dec. 31, 1915, approximately:

Provinces	Received.	Advanced
Nova Scotia . .	$ 269,782	$ 217,507
P. E. I.	35,643	9,700
New Brunswick .	281,510	194,691
Quebec	1,982,228	1,012,553
Ontario	2,812,027	1,766,213
Manitoba (head office only) . .	56,811	
Saskatchewan . .	368,313	300,000
Alberta	370,540	665,048
B. Columbia . . .	411,304	483,004
Yukon	20,000	
Newfoundland .		2,211
Head Office . . .	152,590	

CAVELL'S DENOUNCER DIES

LONDON, Jan. 14.—A despatch to the Daily Express from Amsterdam says: "The Belgian spy, Cele, who denounced Edith Cavell, the English nurse, who was executed at Brussels some time ago, to the Germans, was assassinated yesterday. His body was found in a street of Schaerbeck, near Brussels, with two bullet wounds in it."

A despatch from Brussels Nov. 27 last said that a French soldier, whose confession to the German authorities resulted in the arrest and execution of Miss Cavell, had committed suicide by hanging in the military prison at Brussels.

SUFFERING FROM SHOCK

Mr. Frederick Slater, of this city, this morning received the following telegram which refers to his son, who enlisted with the Queen's Own Rifles at Toronto:

Ottawa, Jan. 14th.

Frederick Slater, Belleville.

Sincerely regret to inform you, 9370 Sergt. Frederick Edgar Slater, 3rd Battalion, officially reported admitted to No. 2 Canadian Field Ambulance January 1st, suffering from shock. Will send further particulars when received.

Adjutant-General.

Cosgrove Awarded Military Cross

OTTAWA, Jan. 14. — (Special)—Lieut. John R. Cosgrove, 1st Field Company, Canadian Engineers, has been awarded the military cross for conspicuous gallantry and ability near the Wulverghem-Messines road on the night of Oct. 20. The official intimation says: "He prepared for demolition and completely destroyed a house about 300 yards in advance of our firing line. This house had been an enemy advance post."

Finger Amputated

Mr. Geo. Conneybeare, William St., Lindsay, a member of the Grand Trunk bridge gang, under Supt. Kearns, met with a serious accident yesterday near Midland. It appears that his right hand got badly jammed in some manner. On returning to Lindsay Dr. White, G.T.R. physician, found it necessary to amputate the second finger of the right hand.

Extra Saturday Specials

JANUARY SALE
In Full Blast

Window Shades have ad vanced 25 per cent., but while our present stock lasts we will sell at the old prices.

Plain green and cream shades at	35c., or 3 for $1
No. 1 quality shades in green, cream and white, with insertion, at, each	50c.
Flannelette Blankets, double size ,at, pair	$1.19
36-inch wide stripe Flannelettes, yard	8c.
10 yards White Flannelette for	79c.
40 inch wide Factory Cotton at, yard	8c.
Clearing Sale of Bed Comforters	$1.19, $1.85, $1.98
Remnants of Dress Goods of all kinds, clearing at nearly	half price

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

Special . Shoe . Values

CLEARING SALE
Of
Men's Gunmetal and Patent Laced & Button Boots

English and High Toe Lasts, all sizes in the lot. Regular $5.00 and $6.00 values,

CLEARING **$3.45**

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

ADAMS
THE SHOEMAN

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. Jas. Ketcheson, Jr., who has been suffering from an attack of tonsilitis, is much improved.

Sergt. Charles Crosier, Mrs. W. H. Crosier and Miss Dorothy Crosier, of Lindsay, were in town, and attended the graduation exercises at the hospital, yesterday.

Now is your opportunity to get a nice calendar cheap. Geen is selling the balance of stock at half price.

If some folks were to get a penny for their thoughts they'd be overpaid.

W. L. McKinnon, Dean H. Pettes,

OUR BUSINESS

Our Business is to supply investments at the highest rates consistent with safety, convenience and saleability. We sell to each of the following classes of investors:

1. FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS
    Banks, Trust Companies, Loan Companies, Life Insurance Companies, Fire Insurance Companies, Accident Insurance Companies, Friendly Insurance Societies, etc.
2. ESTATES
    Executors who have the handling of trust money.
3. CHURCH FUNDS
    Endowment Funds, Widows' and Orphans' Funds, Superannuated Ministers' Funds, etc.
4. PRIVATE INVESTORS
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We supply large or small blocks of Municipal Bonds which may be selected to meet special needs. Our clients are so satisfied with the service we give them that they deal with us again and again.

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MUNICIPAL DEBENTURES
McKINNON BUILDING
TORONTO ONT.

IN and ABOUT THE CITY

CAMPBELLFORD MAN WOUNDED

Corp. Edmond C. Weston, of Campbellford, is reported wounded in last night's casualties list.

DRILLING INDULGED IN

At the Armouries last night, there was a good turnout of the members of the reserve of the 15th regiment and drill was indulged in for some time.

AUTO DISABLED

An automobile party from Tweed, who were in the city last evening attending the hockey match, upon returning home, met with an accident. At O'Brien's bridge, near Thrasher's corners, which is being repaired, the auto struck some heavy timber with the result that the car was damaged to such an extent that it was impossible to proceed with in. Fortunately none of the occupants of the car were injured to any great extent.

DEATH OF FORMER BELLEVILLE BOY

A message was received yesterday by Mr. Sylvester Lane, of Wallbridge, that his cousin, Charles W. Merritt, of Grand Rapids, Mich., who was about 55 years of age, died on Thursday. The late Mr. Merritt was born in the 4th Con. of Sidney, but moved to Belleville with his parents, the late Mr. and Mrs. Almond Merritt, when quite young, where he resided for several years. About 30 years ago, he went to Grand Rapids, where he was a successful engineer in the large Phoenix Furniture Factory for many years. For some time his health has been failing him. He leaves to mourn his loss, a widow, one son and four daughters. He has several relatives living in Belleville.

YOUNG FARMER KILLED

On the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, about two and a half miles west of Trenton, a fatal accident occurred last evening, between the hours of 5 and 6 o'clock. A young man by the name of Howard Young, was driving a team attached to a vehicle, and as he was attempting to cross the railway track, he was struck by an east bound train. The result was that Young was killed from injuries received about the head, and one of the horses was killed. The accident occurred on a level crossing, near the home of the victim. At this point the G. T. R. and C. P. R. tracks are in close proximity, and the G. T. R. express passed just as Young was driving by. He then drove on to the C. P. R. track, and evidently did not notice the approach of the train which struck him. The injuries he received were of such a nature as to cause almost instant death. The victim resided on the York Road in Murray township. A distressing circumstance in connection with the affair is the fact that Young was about to be married. An inquest will be held.

A FINE PERFORMANCE

At the Griffin Opera House last night, the famous Williamson submarine pictures were presented to a large and appreciative audience. The pictures were fine, and were presented in a manner to be both pleasing and instructive. The pictures were presented under the auspices of the 155th Battalion, of Belleville, and will be repeated this evening. At intervals last night a fine recruiting speech was made by Mr. John Elliott, manager of the Belleville Branch of the Standard Bank, who in his remarks emphasized the necessity there was for young men to enlist. Mrs. A. P. Allen, in her usual sweet and effective manner ,rendered a solo entitled, "What Will You Say," a selection which was received with much approval. Miss Jessie Tuite, the well-known elocutionist of the city, gave a selection in an admirable manner. It was entitled "For Her Daddy's' Sake" and had reference to the war.

This is a sorry time of year for the doctors. Everybody is sick, but only with "little" diseases, which offer no chance for operations.

Belleville Branch Of th Canadian Patriotic Fund

There are still 182 subscribers to this fund now in arrears who have failed to make their payments on the dates promised, including 74 who have not yet paid any portion of the amounts they promised. It is urgently requested that these subscribers meet their obligations before the next appeal to the public is made to provide money for the fund requirements for 1916. This latter step can not be delayed much longer.

The Treasurer begs to acknowledge with thanks the following payments since added to the lists published up to 8th January, 1916.

Miss Helen Palen (Oct., Nov. and Dec.)	$ 4 50
Household on John St. (Jan.)	1 25
J. W. Walker (Jan.)	10 00
Collector of Inland Revenue and Staff	30 00
Postmaster, Officials and Letter Carriers (Dec.)	25 00
Dr. O. A. Marshall	15 00
Standard Bank Staff (Dec.)	2 50

FOR SPRAINS, LAME MUSCLES

Absorbine, Jr., brings quick relief. Keep it always at hand, for instant use. Athletes use Absorbine, Jr., for the muscle that has been strained for the cut or laceration that runs a chance of infection for the abrasion that pains and the limbs that are stiff and lame from over-exertion.

Walter Johnson, the famous pitcher of the Washington Americans says: "Absorbine, Jr., is a first-class liniment and rub-down for tired muscles. I have used it myself to advantage and can heartily recommend it to ball players everywhere."

Absorbine, Jr., is a concentrated antiseptic liniment—only a few drops required at an application. It is safe and pleasant to use—leaves no greasy residue. Sold by most druggists, $1.00 and $2.00 a bottle or postpaid. Liberal trial bottle for 10c. in stamps.

W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F.,
457 Lymans Bldg., Montreal Can.

The Market

There was a fair attendance upon the market this morning, and whilst considerable produce was offered for sale the prices realized for the same were good. Dairy butter sold readily at 32c. to 35c. per pound, fresh eggs from 38c. to 40c. per dozen; dressed chickens at from $1.00 to $1.50 per pair according to size and quality; geese, $1.75 and $2.00 each, and ducks from $1.50 to $1.75 per pair. Potatoes were a scarce article and commanded good prices, namely $1.80 and $1.90 per bag.

BABY'S BATTLES AGAINST SICKNESS

Can best be fought with Baby's Own Tablets— the little pleasant tasting Tablet that never fails to regulate the stomach and bowels and drive out all minor ills of little ones. Concerning them Mrs. H. Hower, Eastburg, Alta., says:—"I have four healthy children thanks to the use of Baby's Own Tablets. I have been using the Tablets for the past eight years, and think them the best medicine in the world for little ones." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS

At the annual meeting of Quinte Royal Scarlet Chapter No. 1, South Hastings, held in the Orange Hall, Belleville, last evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

W. C. in C.—L. Soule.
E. C. in C.—A. R. Walker.
Comp. Chap.—Claude Bonisteel.
Comp. Scribe—D. M. Farrell.
Comp. Treasurer—W. C. Reid.
Sir Herald at Arms—Chas. Boyle.
Comp. 1st Lecturer—G. P. Ruttan.
Comp. 2nd Lecturer—B. Bonisteel.
Comp. 1st Conductor—J. Alexander.
Comp. 2nd Cond.—R. A. Adams.
Comp. Inward Herald—W. H. Cronk
Comp. Outward Herald — A. L. Burke.
Auditors—Comps. A. R. Walker and G. P. Ruttan.

WELLINGTON.

La Grippe, also mumps and measles are here.

A number went to Toronto one day last week.

Mrs. Young of Toronto, was here in attendance at her son's wedding, one day last week.

Very sorry to say that Mrs. O. Morrison fell and broke her arm.

A week of prayer at our Methodist church.

K. P. Mrs. Morden and son are at Bergen, N.Y., at Mr. Garnet Morden's

Sorry W. P. and Mrs. Niles are both ill.

Both our doctors, also have been ill.

An Exceptionally Fine List of
Saturday Night Bargains
At Ritchie's for To-night between 7 and 9.
Read the List on Page 8.

All our girls and boys have returned to school again.

Wood is now coming into town.

Mr. Calliver has opened up a new grocery store.

H. D. Young, of Melville, was in town last week.

Mr. Sprung and mother, are both ill.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Trumpour, of Picton, was at M. B. Trumpour's, last week.

Within the Military Circle

(Continued from page 1)

in the trenches, were received by them on December 24. Letters of thanks have been received from the following:—

Pte. D. S. McSachern, Pte. I. Garling, Pte. Geo. A. Johnson, Pte. H. S. McEleath, Cpl. L. F. Evans.

Pte. James A. Ledgworth

The first death in the ranks of the 59th Battalion, C.E.F., since coming to Brockville, occurred last night at seven o'clock at the Brockville General Hospital, when Private James Arthur Ledgworth succumbed to an attack of pneumonia, resulting from a heavy cold and la grippe. The late Pte. Ledgworth was twenty eyars old, and was born in Belleville, Ont. He enlisted with the 59th at Barriefield Camp on July 17th, 1915, and has been an excellent soldier. His father, George Ledgworth, is also a private in the 59th Battalion, he having enlisted two days after his son. Private Ledgworth's mother resides in Picton, and the body will be sent there tomorrow for internment. The 80th Battalion will provide a firing party.

Armand Lavergne To be Dishonored

(Canadian Press Special)

MONTREAL, Jan. 15.—The Montreal Mail today calls on the Government to cancel Armand Lavergne's commission in the militia. A despatch from St. John, N.B., says the Empire Club has passed a resolution calling on the Government to curb his tongue or cancel his commission. The Garrison Club of Quebec, of which Lavergne is a member, meets today to discuss his status. Meanwhile Lavergne has instructed his lawyer to sue La Presse of Montreal for libel in the statements published yesterday.

The Beginning of a Love Story

By F. A. MITCHEL

Is that a white cloud far up against the blue sky? If so, what means that dotted line? The dots—indeed, the whole line—moves. It is ascending.

No, it is not a cloud; it is the summit of a mountain. Those dots are climbers tied together by a rope. They seem near the top, but that is because they are so far from me. It will be several hours before they reach it.

I came to Chamonix to make the ascent of Mont Blanc. But yesterday I was slightly indisposed, and, if I remember correctly, those in the house in which I am lodged sent for the doctor, who came and said I had a fever My window looks out on the mountain, and I long to regain my strength that I may fulfill the purpose of my coming.

My landlady partly opens my door and peeps through the crack. What means that startled expression on her face? She withdraws hurriedly, and I hear her calling, "Come, quick!"

I am lying in the snow near the summit of the mountain. Beneath me is the valley, beyond which is a succession of mountain peaks. How still is everything! From year to year, from century to century, these mountains revolve with the motion of the earth, a succession of night and day, never interrupted. It is always winter up here; at least there is always snow. I wonder if summer will ever come. Let the earth once be joggled and the inclination of its axis changed—then it may be torrid on these slopes and reptile monsters take the place of the chamois.

A face comes between me and the scene spread out before me. The latter is cold, the former warm; the one merciless, the other full of sympathy. A woman's eyes are looking into mine anxiously.

Singular that I should be lying in the cold snow with this girl looking at me. I shiver, and the anxiety on her face deepens. She takes my hand, but little warmth is imparted. She lays hers on my brow, but I gain no comfort.

I am about to speak to her to ask what this all means when she fades away as figures disappear in moving pictures. Then persons move about me, each one doing something, but the whole to me is an endless confusion But presently the snow under me ceases to be cold, and now there is a slight warmth in my back. The face of the girl again appears before me, like an enlarged faceon a screen, shutting out all else. Something of its previous anxiety is missing. Again it disappears, this time suddenly.

Then the sun shone down on me hot as molten lava. I was experienced in the heat of the sun at great heights, shining through a thin atmosphere, but I had never known anything like this. It seemed as if it were burning out my vitals. Meanwhile the scene about me was changing. I was cold, then hot, but I was not on the mountain. I was nowhere. I simply felt the heat and the cold and did not know which to dread the more.

Now and again that sweet girlish face flitted before me. Sometimes I could see her figure fading, not near by, but at a distance. Others came and went, but I took no notice of them. They were like shadows to me. But she—she was individual and always the same. Her hair and eyes were brown, her face oval, her complexion fair, with a touch of red in her cheeks.

Again I was lying in bed beside my window. There were the mountain and the dotted line where it was before, but now instead of moving upward it was descending. I felt an inexpressible relief from suffering and realized that I had been very ill and was in a state of convalescence. My landlady was standing at a table pouring a liquid from a vial into a glass. She turned and, seeing me looking at her, put down the vial and the glass and came to me.

"What has been the matter?" I asked her.

An expression of relief came over her features as she told me I had been very ill—indeed, was still very ill. I must be quiet and not excite myself.

I soon fell into a slumber, all the while conscious of a restfulness that was delightful. How long I slept I know not, but as soon as I awoke my landlady brought me a bowl of broth. I undertook to feed myself, but was too weak. She gave me a few spoonfuls of the broth, which was all I cared for at the time.

As I grew better I felt a desire to know whether the girl who had appeared to me during what I now realized was delirium was a creature of fancy or flesh and blood. I described her to my landlady, and she said: "She must be the American girl in the next house. The tourists have all been interested in your case, and this young lady came in to see you. She has been of great service."

"Please tell her," I replied, "that I am convalescent and ask her to come to see me, that I may thank her for her attention."

When the girl came I recognized her at once as the object of my dream or whatever it was. She looked at me with a hopeful expression.

"You have been in to see me before," I said. "I am under an obligation to you."

"Not at all," she replied. "But I am surprised that you have been conscious of my presence. You were delirious."

"You took my hand."

She blushed slightly. "I supposed you were not aware of it."

It marked the beginning of a love story, but of the story I shall maintain silence.

Over Century Old.

Martin McDonald, whose home is in the House of Providence, at Kingston, Ont., has just celebrated his 101st Christmas. While he is around every day and enjoys life, his ankle has never recovered fully from a break of several years ago.

England's Great Seal.

The great seal of England is, says the London Chronicle, a more elaborate article than most people imagine. It costs about $3,500 to make it, and it consists of two heavy silver plates, in one of which is cut the die for the front of the seal and in the other that for the back. When the seal is to be affixed to a document a lump of wax is softened in hot water and cooled in cold water, after which it is placed between the two plates and pressed. It comes out in the shape of a disk, with an impression on each side.

Formerly there was an official attached to the seal who was quite as proud of his office as the lord chancellor was of his. That was "Chaffwax," whose sole business was to melt the wax and to take the impressions of the great seal as often as required. The writer remembers the last of the "Chaffwaxes," a rosy cheeked old gentleman who lived long to enjoy the pension that a grateful country granted him for his important services. Those services are now performed by an unnamed subordinate in the chancellor's office.

Try Our Saturday Special Chocolates 33c

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

To be fitted in proper style let McFee make your glasses.

While our glasses are stylish, we do not make style the only or even the first consideration.

Style is combined with—but is secondary to utility.

Yet in making glasses for utility — which is THE ONLY reason for using them at all—style is not ignored

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PICKLES
Gillard's Pickle Relish
Crosse & Blackwell's Sweet Pickle
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Heinz's Sweet Pickles
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Pickled Red Cabbage Midgets
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Libby's Pickles in sealers .... 25c.
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Tomato Chutney Chili Sauce
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Bengal Chutney Sauce
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Pepper Sauce
Mint Sauce
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Have the Intelligencer sent to your Home Address

SINCLAIR'S **SINCLAIR'S**

Coat Clearance

We are offering at greatly reduced prices the balance of our stock of Ladies', Misses and Children's Coats. These Coats are all this season's best styles and at the prices marked are of exceptional value.

All Colored Cloth Coats in Ladies' and Misses' sizes, also to be cleared at 1-3 off regular prices.

The materials are all good qualities of Chinchilla, Whitney Cloth, Mixed Tweeds, Cheviots, Blanket Cloth and Frieze Cloth, in blue, brown, grey and mixed shades. Regular prices are from $10 to $27.50. On sale at **1-3 off marked prices.**

Three only Ladies' Black Plush Coats in a beautiful quality of heavy plush. The regular price was $32.50. To clear at **$28.50.**

One only Girl's Black Plush Coat, size 16 ; regular price $25.00, to sell for **$20 00.**

Northway
GARMENTS

FLANNELETTE BLANKETS.

We are selling two special lines of Flannelette Blankets at reduced prices. Colors are white or grey, with pink or blue border. 10/4 sizes at $1.05. 11/4 sizes at $1.15. Ibex Flannelette Blankets in white or grey.

10/4 size	$1.25 pr.
11/4 size	$1.50 pr.
12/4 size	$1.75 pr.

KIMONO FLANNELS.

We have received about 20 patterns in American Kimono Flannels. These are in several combinations of two colors and the materials are of very good quality, being thick and warm. A splendid assortment to choose from at 15c. per yard.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES.

A good assortment of styles in Children's Dresses in Serge, Bedford Cord and Velvet. Colors are navy, Copen, and brown, all well made, and neatly trimmed with braid and contrasting colors. Sizes 6 and 8 years. **Price, $3.00 each.**

Sinclair's STORE CLOSES SATURDAYS AT 7 P.M. **Sinclair's**

10 Per Cent Discount SALE

Sale Starts on Monday Morning

And will continue from day to day until further notice.

10 p.c. Off

Everything in the store, Spools, Grey Cotton and Holeproof Hosiery excepted.

No goods on approval during the sale.

Wims & Co

HOBSON'S
PALATABLE
Epsom Salts

Easy to take
No Nasty Taste
No Nausea after taking

15c pkg.

Waters' DRUG STORE

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip

Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.

Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows.

F. W. L. CARRE

Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward counties.
Phone 366 276 Albert St., City

EYES BLUR
when reading?
If so; Glasses are needed to overcome the strain—let me help you.

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Eye-Sight Specialist

Hotpoint El Perco

El Perco

A PERFECT PERCOLATOR

Makes six cups of delicious coffee right at the table for less than one cent's worth of electricity. Attaches to any lamp socket and will commence percolating from cold water in 30 seconds.

LET US SHOW YOU ONE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Letters From Belleville Boys At the Front

Belgium, Dec. 27th, 1915.

Dear Mrs. Brown:—Received your kind remembrance on December 25th, and was more than pleased. I assure you it is a great pleasure to receive anything from home. And to know that we are not forgotten, although so far away. We had a very nice Xmas and then when I received the stocking on Xmas morning, I was more than delighted as it made it look more like Xmas. We are getting along fine, over here. Although the weather is very much against us, as the rainy season has set in. Although this country is noted for that especially at this time of the year. Thanking you again for the kind remembrance, and wishing you a bright and prosperous New Year,

I remain,
Yours truly,
F. H. GILLETT.

The following letter was yesterday received by Mrs. Robt. Anderson, 43 Hillside Street, this city. The socks referred to were sent by the R. T. of T. knitting circle in a bale to Miss Ridley last October.

Ward A-4,
No. 2 Can. Stationary Hospital,
Boulogne, France, Dec. 28.

Dear Madam,—I am writing to thank you for the two pairs of socks I received lately, one of which contained the letter you sent. I can assure you that home knitted socks are very much appreciated by us. One pair of them outlast three of army issue, besides being warmer. I see your letter was written on Oct. 15th. We all spent a very enjoyable Christmas in the hospital. I am pleased to say that I expect to be returning to duty in a very few days now, as I am almost well again. No, we do not have to pay for socks sent from Canada. I expect you have lots of snow around Belleville now, cold too.

I joined in Vancouver, but I have been in Belleville. I will close now, wishing you a Happy New Year, although the new year will be nearly a month old by the time you get this.

Yours truly,
SAPPER C. S. ARKELL.

A Complete Breakdown After La Grippe

IT LEAVES THE SUFFERER A VICTIM OF MANY FORMS OF WEAKNESS

Ask those who have had la grippe regarding the present condition of their health and most of them will answer "Since I had the grip I have never been well." There is a persistent weakness of the limbs, bad digestion, shortness of breath and papitation of the heart caused by the thin-blooded condition in which grip almost always leaves its victims after the fever and influenza have subsided. They are at the mercy of relapses and complications, often very serious. This condition will continue until the blood is built up again, and for this purpose nothing can equal a fair treatment with Dr. Williams Pink Pills, which quickly make the blood rich and red, drive the lingering germs from the system and transform despondent grip victims into cheerful, healthy, happy men and women. Mr. John Battersby, London, Ont., says:—"Just before Christmas, 1914, I was taken down with an attack of la grippe, and the trouble left me in a deplorable condition. I was almost too weak to walk about, as I was then working on a farm in Western Ontario, I was quite unable to follow my usual work. I tried several kinds of medicine, but it did not help me. As a matter of fact I felt steadily growing weaker, and in this condition, when reading a paper, I saw Dr. Williams Pink Pills advertised and decided to try them. I got a supply and by the time the second box was finished I felt considerably better, and after continuing the pills for some time longer I felt better than I had done for months. This was my first experience with Dr. Williams Pink Pills, but you may depend upon it that if I find medicine necessary again I will know just what to take."

You can get these pills from any dealer in medicine or by mail, post paid, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Local Legal

LOCAL LEGAL

W. C. Mikel, K.C., has been appointed Crown Prosecutor at the Ottawa Assize commencing next Monday. Mr. Mikel recently represented the Crown in the Criminal Assize at the Capital of the Province, and we now have pleasure in congratulating him on being called to the Capital of the Dominion, to conduct the Crown business.

* * *

Hot Breads Not Injurious

When made from a non-starchy, granulated flour, like Dr. Jackson's Roman meal. Make your pancakes gems, muffins, gingerbread, steam puddings, bread, or anything in household baking from it by using one-third and two-thirds Roman Meal. Eat hot from the oven if desired. May safely feed to a babe. Their granular, non-sticky character allows digestive juices to permeate and entire mass digests at once.

All Roman Meal baking is delicious, nourishes better than meat, prevents indigestion, and positively relieves constipation, or "money back." Ask your doctor. All grocers,' 10c. and 25c. package.

Made by Roman Meal Co., Toronto.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER
CONTAINS NO ALUM.

The only well known medium priced baking powder made in Canada that does not contain alum and which has all its ingredients plainly stated on the label.

E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
WINNIPEG TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL
MAGIC BAKING POWDER
CONTAINS NO ALUM

GRIP AND PNEUMONIA

Comment on the Recent Epidemics and Their Causes

What is the relations between the two diseases? Dr. Emerson, commissioner of health in New York, has lately advanced the theory that the epidemic which is sweeping the country is not our old acquaintance, the influenza or grip, but a product of the pneumo-coccus or germ of pneumonia. Other authorities have declared that the grip shows itself in four or more very different forms, according as it attacks, throat, lungs, nerves, digestive tract, etc. Which view is correct? Does one disease take such protean forms, or is the peculiar character ascribed to this year's visitation, including a tendency to pneumonia, due to the fact that the pneumo-coccus is specially prevalent?

The theory advanced by Dr. Emerson is interesting, but the argument by which he supports it is not entirely convincing. He says:

With the beginning of winter comes a social whirl. In the holiday season people drink more alcohol. They are more frequently in tightly-packed theatres and stuffy restaurants, moving picture shows and other places. They get less rest and sleep. Consequently there is a certain breaking down of resistance and conditions favorable to passing germs from one person to another. The epidemic is the result.

If it is as simple as all that, why is it a quarter of a century or so between epidemics? Are people living with less regard for hygiene than in any year since 1890. If the social whirl gets more whirlier year by year, why does not the danse macabre of the pneumococcus keep step? Dr. Emerson's explanation raises more questions than it answers. One of the mysteries of epidemics, still to be solved, is the variation of virulence. Why is the bacillus most ferocious at the height of a plague and at the point where the disease is most prevalent? Why do individual cases diminish in severity as the epidemic declines? Is the change in the disease or in the population? Are the germs less active, or are those attacked more resistant? Epidemics present curious phenomena which are more apparent in tables of statistics than in the laboratory, which deals with causes and on a microscopic scale, whereas in the hospitals the effects are writ large.

Whatever the relations between grip and pneumonia, the increased death this winter is a reminder that pneumonia is one of the greatest perils that beset the elderly and even those in the prime of strength who neglect elementary precautions. Are people nowadays as careful as their grandfathers? "You'll catch your death o' cold" was the warning of accumulated experience which needed no scientific foundation. Science, indeed, has become a little less confident. When it began to learn about bacteria it became prematurely convinced that its knowledge was inadequate. It regarded pneumonia as a product of scientific exposure like smallpox or scarlet fever, and scouted the popular notion that a "cold" could develop it. More is known now or the great prevalence of the pneumo-coccus and the conditions under which it may break through Nature's defences, but perhaps the defence of vigilance and fear of the unknown has been relaxed.

People are not so much afraid of "night air" as they used to be, and this is clear gain. But on the other hand it may be that they have lost something of the prudence which used to be passed on from generation to generation. In the new confidence in the beneficence of Nature which easy and comfortable artificial surroundings produce, they may have forgotten that Nature may be treacherous. In their homes people are less fortified by the hardships of winter than in the old days of open fires, drafty rooms and icy bed chambers. At the same time they venture about with fewer precautions.

Most cases of pneumonia can be traced to a particular cause—exposure to could coupled with a condition of low vitality. This condition may either result from age or general feebleness, or from fatigue such as comes from overwork, overstrain, dissipation, loss of sleep, or worry. The strong should learn to be watchful for such bad hours when the enemy can break through the defences—their great peril lies in their general immunity, and in their scorn for valetudinarian precautions. The infirm and elderly need a more constant vigilance, directed on the one hand to building up resisting power, and on the other hand to avoidance of unaccustomed exposure. They do well to avoid unnecessary winter travel, and when they journey to be well provided with wraps. On the other hand over-precaution defeats its end by producing tenderness. Safety lies in habitual but moderate exposure and avoidance of unusual risks, and in both respects our easy modern life has its perils. For one used to limousines or heated trolley cars and to the even temperature of the modern city house, to be caught in a blizzard or sudden cold wave is a serious matter. At 50, says the old adage, a man is either a fool or a physician; in dealing with the pneumo-coccus he does well to play the part of physician.

HOW FAT FOLKS MAY BECOME THIN

By Elizabeth Thomas

Perhaps you are suddenly becoming stout, or it may be that you have been putting on weight for years. In either case the cause is the same—lack of oxygen-carrying power of the blood. This trouble occurs in adults of both sexes and all ages, but it may be overcome very easily and without any of the privations that most people imagine necessary to reduce their weight.

Simply go to your druggist and get some oil of orilene capsules. Take one after each meal and one before going to bed. Weigh yourself so as to know just how fast you are losing weight. Wonderful results have been accomplished by this inexpensive recipe, but be sure to get the genuine oil of orilene in capsule form. It is sold only in original sealed packages. Any large druggist can supply you, or a large size box will be sent on receipt of $1.00. Address D. J. Little Drug Co. Box 1,240 Montreal, Can.

DEATH ROLL

ISAAC ROBINSON

At an early hour this morning, Mr. Isaac N. Robinson, a yeoman, residing in the Township of Tyendinaga, passed away after being ill for some time. Deceased in the year 1849 was born in Tyendinaga and had lived there all his life. He was well known and much respected in the vicinity in which he resided. Mr. Robinson was a member of Shannonville Lodge, A. O. U. W. and in religion was a Methodist. A widow, two sons and two daughters survive. The sons are Frederick of Tyendinaga, and Clement of Roblin, Man. The daughters are Mrs. H. E. Farnsworth, of Toronto and Mrs. R. McLaren, of Melrose, Tyendinaga township. Mr. W. B. Robinson, of Belleville, is a brother of the deceased.

MRS. CHARLES GIBSON

The death occurred at Peterboro, on Thursday evening of Mrs. Eleanor Gibson, wife of Mr. Charles Gibson, of that city. Deceased who was 48 years of age, was a daughter of Mr. James Falconer, of Belleville. Deceased had been in poor health for many years, and was removed last Friday to the Nicholls Hospital, Peterboro, with pneumonia, which proved fatal. She leaves to mourn her loss, besides her husband, her aged mother, one sister, Mrs. C. Delisle, who resides in this city, and another sister, Mrs. Robinson, who lives in Carmen, Man. There are three sons and one daughter. Her eldest son, Pte. W. F. Gibson, of the 2nd Battalion, C. E. F., was killed at the battle of St. Julien, and another son, James, who is in England, a member of the 48th Highlanders. The remains will be brought to this city for interment.

BELLEVILLE RIFLE CLUB

Last night's scores at Armouries. Highest possible, 100.

A. Harman	100
J. C. Wills	99
H. Hall	98
A. R. Symons	97
G. D. Gratton	97
W. J. Andrews	96
G. B. Smith	96
J. Peck	95
C. J. Wills	94

$1,000.00 REWARD

For information that will lead to the discovery or whereabouts of the person or persons suffering from Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Mouth and Throat, Blood Poison, Skin Diseases, Bladder Troubles Special Ailments, and Chronic or Complicated Complaints who cannot be cured at The Ontario Medical Institute, 263-265 Yonge St., Toronto. Correspondence invited

Letters to the Editor

We are at all times pleased to insert letters upon subjects of local or general interest. It must, however, be understood that we in no way identify ourselves with our correspondents' opinions.

All letters should be written on one side of the paper only, and should be as concise as possible. They must be accompanied by the name and address of the sender, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

O'BRIEN'S BRIDGE

Lest silence may be interpreted as indifference on my part to the subject that is giving so many people great trouble and inconvenience too, I solicit space for a word. This bridge has given the County Council great concern and expense in the past, chiefly because of the difficulty in securing a firm foundation. When the matter came up last year it was quite unanimously resolved to tinker no longer but to secure the best foundation possible. W. A. McLean, Esq., Provincial Engineer of the Government of Ontario, a gentleman of the highest ability, was consulted, and the plan advised by him is being, I understand, carried out. Rumors that all was not going right were circulated last autumn, but until the day of our municipal nominations very little was heard. On that day very direct charges were made, among which were the following:

That Mr. McLean's opinion was secured by false representations.

That waste of time, of fuel, and other materials marked the job from beginning to end.

That timber was taken in large quantities from the bridge without the knowledge or permission of the committee and used at a job in which the county has no concern.

That cement in large quantities was, long before needed, delivered upon the scene of operations without the knowledge or order of the committee, and that said cement had hardened, and had thus become entirely useless.

That men had not worked for several of the days for which they had been paid.

The gentlemen who made these charges are respectable men who reside near the bridge and who, no doubt, were smarting from the great inconvenience caused by the closing of so important a thoroughfare for so long a time in a very busy season. I deeply sympathize with the many people of the county who suffer so much inconvenience from these conditions. The men who made these charges are certainly sincere, and fully believe them. I am in no position to contradict them. No one made a charge against a member of the committee. While Mr. McLaren, Mr. Sills and Mr. Bleecker who constitute the committee need no certificate of character from me, I beg to say, that having been brought into intimate business relations with all of them for many years, I have no doubt of their personal integrity and devotion to the public welfare, and that they desire the full light of day to shine upon every transaction with which they have connection.

I write chiefly to express the hope that moderation of speech will characterize all that may be said or written hereafter upon this subject, and that the public will keep an open mind until an opportunity be given for the hearing of both sides of the question, and also to ask that any one having personal knowledge of wrong-doing, at once, put in, over their own signature, their charges to the County Clerk, so that they may be dealt with when the Council first meets.

Faithfully yours,
N. VERMILYEA.

Appreciated

The Intelligencer,
Belleville, Ont.,
Gentlemen,—

Enclosed please find one dollar ($1.) to pay my subscription to the Weekly Intelligencer to Sept. 29th, 1916.

Assuring you I appreciate each and every copy of it and read same from cover to cover, I am,

Yours truly,
E. F. COULSON.
No. 2, Evanson street.

NAPANEE PERSONAL

Mrs. Richard Loucks entertained a number of friends on Wednesday evening, in honor of her granddaughter, Miss Hazel Clark, of Belleville.

A very pretty tea was given by Miss Ethel Hawley at her home, on Tuesday afternoon of this week, in honor of her guest, Miss Helen Rathbun, of Belleville. Miss Hawley, wearing Belgian blue satin, received in the drawing room, assisted by Miss Rathbun, in Dresden chiffon over white satin, with touches of Paddy green, and Mrs. Harry Johnston, who wore blue taffeta. In the tea-room Mrs. Keen and Mrs. Dafoe poured tea and cut ices, and the following young ladies assisted: Miss Leonard, Miss Miller, Miss Diana Miller, Miss Grange and little Miss Johnston.—Napanee Beaver.

* * *

The fellers that see the most are the fellers that talk the least.

January Shoe Bargains

50 Pairs of Ladies' DOROTHY DODD $5.00 Shoes for $3.25

Patent in Button Black Cloth Tops, sizes 2½ to 5.
Gun Metal in Button and Laced Styles, sizes 2½ to 5.

Secure a Pair at Once
Before they are sold out.

Several other Lots at Great Bargains
to Clear before Stock-Taking.

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros, Special Bargain List
Combined With Our
January Clearance Sale

offers you the greatest money-saving opportunity that has ever been offered. Scores have saved money by attending this sale. You have the same privilege. Shop here. We can make your shopping profitable and pleasant. Read these notable bargains. Numerous others are to be had at every counter.

Comforters, in a variety of Art Chintz coverings, best quality of filling, worth regularly $2.25; sale price	$1.75
Light and dark colored Flannelettes, regular 12½c.; sale price, yard	10c.
Wrapperettes in several pretty designs and colors	15c. yd.
Several Dress Goods Remnants at great clearing prices.	
$1.00 Ladies' Flannelette Nightgowns, sale price	59c.
$1.50 House Dresses, very special quality, sale price	97c.
Ladies' Wrapperette Waists, clearing at	49c.
Children's Warm Flannelette Pyjamas, reg. 40c., sale price	29c.
Children's Fleece lined Sleepers, special	40c.
Ladies' all silk Underskirts, reg. $3.50, for	$1.99
Ladies' Mervatoff Underskirts, reg. up to $2.25 values for	$1.49
Special Underskirts, one day only, price	39c.

CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' DRESSES AT GREAT CLEARING PRICES.

Misses' Navy Blue Serge Dresses for 3 to 14 year girlies, regular up to $3.50 values for	$1.98
Childrens' Dresses, made up in washable goods, sale price	39c.
Ladies' Long Kimonos, never seen offered before at prices we are selling them for during this sale:	
Regular up to $4.50 values, sale price	$2.98
Reg. up to $2.25 values, sale price	$1.19
Short Kimonos, specially priced for quick clearing, at 49c., 75c., and 97c.	

BARGAINS FOR MEN.

Reg. 25c. Men's Suspenders, best value, sale price	19c.
25c. Men's Ties clearing at	15c.
50c. Men's heavy Wool Sox, special	3 pairs for $1.35
$2.50 Men's Sweater Coats clearing at	$1.49
Boys' Sweaters clearing at	$1.49
Men's Wool Ribbed Underwear, special	67c. garment
Boys' Wool Underwear (few sizes only)	49c. garment

GREAT BARGAINS AT GRANITE WARE COUNTER
You will find this counter at the third counter to the left on entering the store in future.

Granite Basins at	5c., 8c. and 12c.
10c. Cake Tins	2 for 15c.
25c. Sauce Pans at	18c.
See the specials in everyday Kitchen Utensils for	10c.

McIntosh Bros

The Standard Bank of Canada.

Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.

GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.
Toronto, 28th December, 1915.

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch - - - JOHN ELLIOTT - - Manager

ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, 327, Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at the Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $2.00, strictly in advance.

This is the 530th day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany

EVANGELISTS.

The Toronto Glone says: "Billy" Sunday is not the only baseball player of note to devote the later years of his life to evangelism. He had his prototype in our own "Billy" Crofoot, whose Gospel wagon and band of workers have been familiar to Toronto street crowds for about fifteen years. Mr. W. L. Crofoot, whose death was reported in yesterday's papers, was a generation ago one of the best known ball players in Canada. He played in the old Canadian League that preceded the International, and included two teams in Hamilton and one each from Toronto, Guelph and London. In those days that represented the baseball interest, which was twice as strong in Hamilton as in Toronto. Mr. Crofoot after retiring from active participation in the game, officiated as an umpire.

Another great evangelist of modern times who was a baseball player of prominence is E. J. Crabill of Montrose, Pa.

Crabill played with the New York State League and pitched for Binghampton, and was offered a contract to play with the Boston Nationals at a good salary about the same time that he became imbued with the spirit of evangelism. He refused the offer and commenced mission work. That money influenced him could hardly be claimed, for during the next five years he didn't get enough to equal one year's salary as a ball player. Although using different methods than "Billy" Sunday, E. J. Crabill has been phenomenally successful as an evangelist and is considered one of the best on the continent.

THE MEXICAN SLAUGHTER.

The murder of General Manager Charles R. Watson and his party, who were on their way to reopen their mines in Mexico, was the most cruel of many cruel deeds that have been committed in the bloodstained republic for a long time past. The assassins were rebels, of course, but it is understood that they are followers of General Villa, who was president a short time ago, and it is even asserted that they acted directly on his orders. It was Villa who ordered the murder of Benton, the rancher, a British subject, and Mexico has yet to answer to the Government of Great Britain for that crime.

Murder is an everyday occurrence in the disturbed parts of Mexico, and the people have come to regard the shedding of blood as a matter of course. Leaders who have displeased a section which has grown stronger than their own realize the situation so well that they take the first opportunity to escape over the border, and if they are wealthy enough they put the ocean between themselves and their native land. Diaz had to flee, as did his nephew later on. Huerta got away as soon as his power waned. President Madero and his partner, Vice-President Pino Suarez, were a little too slow, so paid the penalty with their lives. When the Mexicans do not stop at slaying their own kith and kin it is not to be wondered at that they should think little of taking the lives of foreigners, especially Americans. The latter, indeed, they blame for some of their troubles, charging that money for rebellion comes across their northern border.

Washington is to call on President Carranza for the prompt punishment of the murderous bandits who slaughtered the mining party. If they are Villa men, Carranza, no doubt, will be delighted to asquiesce in the demand, if he can manage to apprehend the villains. If he fails, what can be done? The President of the United States has on more than one occasion warned Americans to leave Mexico and remain away from it. That is advice that not all have heeded, for men do not care to abandon their interests even in case of personal danger. The latest slaughter has created another very difficult problem for Washington to deal with.

The Welland
a popular collar from
Tooke

* * *

We are now in Winter's grippe.

Free trade is universal among the Allies. Money and munitions pass between them quite freely.

Canada is to have a say in helping to crush German commerce. Why not?

Is Mexico pacified or exhausted? —St. Thomas Journal.—Neither, just devilish.

With the abandonment of Gallipoli, says the German press, Russia has no further interest in the war. Apparently Russia doesn't know Gallipoli has been abandoned for she keeps right on fighting just the same.

Great Britain has submarines that are capable of remaining submerged for three days at a time. That's nothing; Germany has a lot of them that will stay longer than that. In fact, they will never come up.

That Manitoba Free Press thinks that Henri Bourassa must be quite disgusted with his young cousin, Talbot Papineau, who has just been promoted to a captaincy in the Princess Patricia's. He is the only officer remaining of the original crowd which went overseas with the Patricia's. Papineau has been in the thick of the fight from the very outset, and acquitted himself so well that he was given the Distinguished Conduct Medal and was frequently mentioned in despatches. Papineau is a grandson of Louis Joseph Papineau, the French-Canadian rebel of 1837, and the young man inherits all the fighting qualities of his belligerent grandsire. The Free Press' idea of a man who has not the least resemblance to Henri is Talbot Papineau.

GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From The Daily Intelligencer, Jan. 15, 1868.

It is reported that Both France and Italy are pushing forward their naval and military preparations for war with almost unexampled rapidity.

The revenue of Prince Edward Island for the financial year has fallen $400,000 short.

The death is announced today of the wife of the Hon. M. C. Cameron, Registrar of Ontario.

Reports from Nova Scotia state that distress prevails among the fishermen of that province owing to the failure of the shore fisheries during the last fall. Movements are on foot to relieve the suffering of these people.

Current Comment

Some Hog.

News that the Kaiser can't talk will not please those of us who have been waiting in anticipation of hearing him squeal.—Montreal Mail.

Hot Air.

Sir Hiram Maxim has invented a defence against gas attacks. He might lend it to Holland for use against the Ford party.—Montreal Mail.

Kitchener As A Spy.

A few days after Christmas, 1884, in the British camp at Korti on the Nile, where the Gordon Relief Force was waiting for its final dash on Khartoum, an Arab prisoner was brought in.

Tall and thin, his dress a much patched djibbeh, and a dirty skull cap, there was round his neck the string of ninety-nine beads that showed a devoted follower of the Madhi.

"Another blooming spy, said one of the privates guarding him. "He'll be shot to-morrow, I suppose."

But he never was, for the Arab spy was Lord Kitchener of Khartoum.

Lord Kitchener knows the east as no other living man does. He knows it so well that he can speak half of its tongues and dialects with ease, and disguise himself so effectively as to be taken for an Arab.

Lord Kitchener's first job was in the East three years after he had entered the Royal Engineers. He then went out to survey western Palestine. Lord Kitchener's last position before becoming secretary of state for war was in the East, when he was Consul-General in Egypt.

In between those duties, save for the three years of the Boer war, Lord Kitchener has lived in the East. From Egypt to India, from Calcutta to Cairo, his name is one to conjure with. He has talked trade and commerce in the crowded bazaars of Bombay and sat cross-legged with Arab merchants in the Soudan, gravely discussing Soudanese politics.

In the bazaars of Egypt and Soudan he is spoken of as "El Lord," and he is regarded by the masses of the people almost as a god. Did he not smash the Madhi, the god of the peoples of the Near East?

The East looks upon Lord Kitchener as the greatest white man who has ever been among them, greater even than "Chinese" Gordon, and he was a great man. And it is because of this that Lord Kitchener went East. He is the only man who knows the Eastern mind, and has the power to sway it the way he will.—Brantford Courier.

The Poets' Corner

Flowers of the Dust.

The Mills of God grind slowly, but
they grind exceedingly small—
So soft and slow the great wheels go,
they scarcely move at all;
But the souls of men fall into them,
and are powdered into dust,
And in that dust grow the Passion-
Flowers—Love, Hope and Trust.

Most wondrous their upspringing, in
the dust of the Grinding Mills,
And rare beyond the telling the fragrance each distils—
Some grow up tall and stately, and
some grow sweet and small,
But Life out of Death is in each one—
with purpose grow they all.

For that dust is God's own garden,
and the Lord Christ tends it fair;
With, oh, such patient tenderness, and
oh, such loving care!
In sorrow the seeds are planted, they
are watered with bitter tears,
But their roots strike down to the
Water Springs, and the Sources
of the Years.

These flowers of Christ's own providence, they wither not nor die,
But flourish fair, and fairer still,
through all eternity.
In the Dust of the Mills, and in travail, the amaranth seeds are
sown,
But the Flowers in their full beauty
climb the Pillars of the Throne.

—John Oxenham.

WRINKLE CHASERS

Finding a lady reading "Twelfth Night," a facetious doctor asked, "When Shakespeare wrote about 'Patience on a monument,' did he mean doctors' patients?" "No," said the lady, "you find them under the monuments, not on them."—Contributed.

Eminent Woman Surgeon, who is also an ardent suffragette (to wounded guardsman)—"Do you know, your face is singularly familiar to me? I've been trying to remember where we've met before."

Guardsman—"Well, mum, bygones be bygones; I was a police constable." —Punch.

"Bobby," inquired the mother, "did you wash your face before the music-teacher came?"

"Yes'm."

"And your hands?"

"Yes'm."

"And your ears?"

"Well, ma," said Bobby, judicially, "I washed the one that would be next to her."—Ladies' Home Journal.

A gentleman farmer tells of a city lad who once worked for him.

The lad was called one winter morning before dawn and told to harness the mule.

The lad was too lazy to light a lantern, and in the dark he didn't notice that one of the cows was in the stable with the mule. The farmer, impatient at the long delay, shouted from the house:

"Billy Billy! What are you doing?"

"I can't get the collar over the mule's head," yelled back the boy. "His ears are frozen."—Collier's Weekly.

Little Betty was in the habit of praying for her naughty playmate, Tommy. One evening she omitted to mention him. Asked by her mother why she did so, the child replied. "He was howwid to me today. He frew mud in my face. So I won't ask God to bless him."

Her mother tucked her in bed, and then went into the next room, leaving the door open.

She heard Bessy toss restlessly about for five of ten minutes. Then there was a sniffle; then a sound of getting up, and finally a furtive voice: "Please, God, you c'n bless Tommy if you want to—but you needn't do it on my account."—New York Evening Post.

To Ease Her Mind

The nurse was writing a letter for a wounded soldier.

"There's something I'd like you to put in, miss," said the soldier hesitatingly.

"Well, what is it?"

"You won't mind, now? Just put 'The nurses in this hospital are all rather elderly persons.'"

"That isn't quite true," said the youthful nurse.

"It isn't miss; but it would ease my missis's mind wonderful. She's always been a bit on the jealous side."

The missis's mind was eased.

MID-WINTER NEAR THE EQUATOR

(1) Cocoanut trees by the sea side, Honolulu. (2) S.S. "Niagara." (3) Episcopal Cathedral, Honolulu. (4) Hawaiian flower sellers —a familiar street scene. (5) Surf ride.

THE eleventh annual Mid-Pacific Carnival of the Hawaiian Islands will be held in Honolulu, February 21-25, 1916, and preparations for entertaining a large army of tourists are under way by the commercial organizations, as well as by special committees, in which the war department is taking an active part. The carnival will extend throughout a week, the key note being the celebration of Washington's birthday on February 23, on which day there will be a parade of nearly 10,000 United States soldiers with six military bands in line, added to which will be the famous Royal Hawaiian Band, and possibly the band of the Royal Rosarians of Portland, Oregon.

One of the features of the Carnival will be a massed band concert, in which all the bands will be merged into one, and selections directed by each of the leaders in turn. In this massed band concert there will be about 300 musicians. Ancient Hawaiian history will be revealed in elaborate pageants undertaken by Hawaiians, while the Japenese, Koreans and Filipinos will also present bizarre spectacles based on life in their own lands. February is one of the most popular tourist months of the year, although the Islanders claim that every month is the month of May. One of its important steamship services is supplied by Canada from the Vancouver port. The S.S. "Niagara" leaves for the Carnival on January 19th. Honolulu has splendid hotels, while motor cars are almost as numerous as in the large cities of the mainland.

Red Cross Obligations

he Red Cross New Year Resolutions

The one appropriate resolve for the Canadian Red Cross in the coming year is a determination to discharge faithfully all the Red Cross obligations which 1916 will impose.

This, like all New Year's resolutions will not be an easy one to keep. For instance, the announcement of the Government that the Canadian forces will be increased to 500,000 automatically doubles the work of the Canadian Red Cross. Further, with a probable increase in the intensity of warfare during the coming year, there will be a corresponding immense increase in the demands on the Red Cross.

Thus it is a conservative estimate that the output of the Canadian Red Cross will have to be two to two and a half times as large as in 1915, a year which, as the annual meeting of the Canadian Red Cross will show, was it self a year of astounding Canadian Red Cross records. A resolution to shoulder this increased obligation is indeed no light one. It can pass out of the realm of nebulous good intentions into the clear light of concrete achievement only if the latent Red Cross will of this country is translated into unfagging activity on the part of every Red Cross supporter.

The same faith however, which inspires our Parliament to decree the doubling of our military strength lends confidence also to our Red Cross executives. It is a faith in the future based on previous experiences of the greatness of the spirit of Canadian sacrifice.

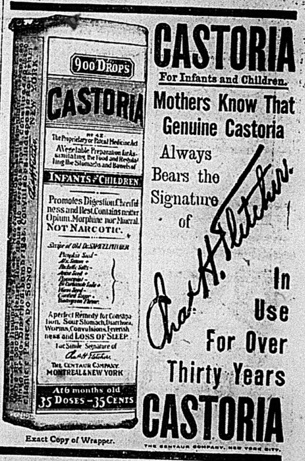
There is indeed little reason to doubt that the Canadian Red Cross will pass triumphantly the crucial 1916 test. It is well, however, that every one who feels a responsibility to relieve suffering of our national task.

* * *

Despite the fact that he's an experienced aviator, Grahame-White and his wife appear to have had a falling out.

* * *

One of the wisest lessons a father can teach his son is to keep out of debt.



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For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

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Consumers who cannot purchase the Dow Brands from their local dealer, please address "Mail Order Department," 38 Chaboillez Square, Montreal.

The National Breweries Limited, Montreal.

Little Things Count

Even in Matches you should consider the "Little Things"—the wood, the compostion, the strikeability, the flame.

EDDY'S MATCHES

are made of strong dry pine stems, with a secret perfected composition that guarantees "every match a lighter." Sixty-five years of knowing how—that's the reason.

All EDDY'S products are dependable—always.

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Co-operative Saving

Is facilitated and encouraged by the opening of a Joint Savings Account in the names of Husband and Wife, Father and Son, Brother and Sister, or any two or more members of the family. Either can deposit or withdraw money at will, and the interest accrues to the credit of both.

Ask the Manager for full particulars.

Belleville Branch — J. G. MOFFAT, Manager

LONDON, ENG., BRANCHES
6 Princes Street, E. C. West End Branch, Haymarket, S. W.

HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

"Truth Dexter"

By

SIDNEY McCALL

CHAPTER XXIX—Continued.

Entering his suite at the Hanover he stumbled over a thick letter that had been thrust, with difficulty, under the door. An instinct told him that it was from Truth, and he felt a twinge of disappointment at Mrs. Dexter's thin handwriting.

As the letter seemed to be unusually long, he decided to make himself comfortable in slippers and smoking-jacket before reading it. He smiled, thinking of what Orchid had said of slippers. A cigar lighted, the lamp adjusted, and his big easy-chair drawn up at the right angle, Craighead prepared to read.

As he reached the full significance of Mrs. Dexter's vaguely delicate and often ambiguous sentences, he gave a low cry, sprang from the chair and began pacing the floor. In a moment, however, the letter was resumed.

He read the last word, and refolded the letter with a strange smile. Then he leaned over to one of the desk drawers, drew out the half-finished communication to Truth, and began tearing it into shreds. Truth's Paris photograph seemed to nod at him from the desk. But something else was needed,—what was it? Suddenly the thought came. From a small secret drawer he took another photograph, this time the face that he called "Jeanne d'Arc." He held it under the light until the shaking of his hands blurred the sweet outlines. Then he placed it upright against a pile of books, still in the full light, and stared on, silently.

Was there ever a sweeter face? —one more noble, or pure. She was only a child yet, and to think—to think —! What must she have suffered all those days Craighead thanked God that he had not been more impatient. A tiny rainbow came between him and the picture. He knew it for a tear upon his lashes. Brushing it away, he leaned nearer, and said aloud —"Little girl! I was not going to give you up, even without — this!"

CHAPTER XXX.
Conclusion.

Six months had passed. On the gray walls of Trinity Church ivy had again changed from emerald to bronze and the elm trees on the Common again bore sparrows in lieu of leaves. In the South, the country roadsides blazed with golden-rod and purple iron-weed; the great forest about the Big House had entered upon that iridescent drowsiness which heralds winter sleep. Blossoms had fallen and fruit was being stored—yet Craighead had not seen his young wife face to face.

In answer to the telegram sent so long before, she had returned the message: "Thank you with all my heart. We are very happy. But do not come —wait for my letter."

What a letter that had been! Gratitude, pride, humility, passion, shyness, love,—all emotions of which a proud, sweet, unspoiled woman could be capable of, crowded like luminous flowers into the garden of that single cry.

"My whole lifetime will be too short to prove my love," she wrote. "Perhaps if I had a thousand lives, each melted into a single day and each filled to overflowing with love for you, it would do for a beginning. Oh, but I shall be so good! So careful of your wishes! I don't believe I can ever have another sad thought. But now I am ashamed for, even while thanking you for your glorious nobility, I am going to ask you still another favor. It will seem a strange one to you, I fear, but it is very real to me. I want you to let me stay in the South quietly, just with grandma, until—October. I know that we Southern girls are brought up in foolish reticence and modesty, but the feeling is in my blood and bones, and I cannot give it up all at once. Oh, you can't imagine how I shrink from seeing any one but grandma—even with her I am sometimes confused. I should die of shame in meeting even you, my dear, noble husband that I love more than any woman ever loved her husband before. This will not make you doubt my love, I know. This is my strong, earnest wish; almost my prayer—but even in this, if you feel very strongly, I will fight down my feelings and come back to you in Boston. I cannot help thinking of the heavenly sweetness it would be to meet you for the first time here—when I am well and strong again. The fear of losing you has made me see how precious you were. I will do everything you say."

Craighead frowned as he read this unique proposition, but under the shadow of a frown a smile burst forth. Truth's Jeanne d'Arc picture was, at this time, never absent from his desk. At this he glanced, as he said aloud, "You are a strange, silly, charming little woman, and I guess you are going to get things just about as you want them."

A week later he saw Mrs. Wiley's name no the passenger list of a New York steamer, and knew that she was passing out of his life forever.

Some time after, while writing to Truth on the subject of her uncle's will, he received the following answer: "We rely on your advice in this as in everything. But grandma and I have talked it over a good deal, and we thought perhaps the best thing would be to build and endow a big Home for veterans of the Civil War, and let both sides be equally welcomed. It might stand on the banks of the Potomac River. I should love to go to it and see that the soldiers had every comfort, and, because I love you so dearly, I shall feel no different to the Northern soldiers from the Southern. We should have just the same number of each, and I think they would enjoy themselves fighting over old battles in memory. What do you think of this for a plan? Grandma is eager for it, and already talks of putting up unlimited supplies of fig and watermelon-rind preserves this summer, to be used there. Oh, if you could only see grandma now that this nightmare of money is taken from her! Both of us are entirely, perfectly, absolutely happy. I have found that sewing can be more fascinating than the most inspiring of lectures. And this all because of your great nobility."

Van agreed, tentatively to the plan, but said that it must wait for actual commencement of operation until they could all be together, and work out details. The money was put into the hands of trustees, with income to accumulate for the present. The checks that he now sent Truth were all from his own earnings, and he fell into the way of making a playful statement as to the derivation of each sum. "Enclosed please find a check for one hundred dollars, being payment in full to Van der Weyde Craighead, barrister, from Josiah T. Quail, for services rendered. N.B. The service was rescuing him from a night in jail."

With another fifty dollars he wrote: "Payment in full for drawing up a last will and testament of G. Milton Trashbasket, a professional poet, with nothing to leave but pencil, ends and rejected MSS."

If Craighead lost, during this interval, in the companionship of his wife, he gained an unlooked-for harvest in her letters. These were all written in her quiet evening hours, her "holy time," as she called it; and came as regularly as the day. In them he was often startled by flashes of rich imagery, insight into the deepest problems of human existence, and, above all, by cleaving expressions of love for himself. The pure, simple home-life of the two women unfolded before him as a new and exquisite species of life. Truth told him of her garden, her thoughts, and of the books that she and her grandmother took turns in reading aloud as the other sewed. Once in a great while she hinted of the progress she was making on a certain important outfit. "As I sit by the table, writing, the bed beside me is full of little clothes. Each one is a chrysalis woven more of love than visible fibres. Almost every night I take them out this way, so that I can see them all. I am not used to the wonder of them yet, and, often, when I have been gloating over them, half-frightened by the beating of my own heart, I must fall on my knees to kiss each one again, to hold out the unbelievable little sleeves, to thank God, and whisper your dear name. Oh, Van, Van! I pity you for being a man!"

It was, indeed, a time of brooding sweetness in the Big House. The acute sorrow of the Colonel's death had melted into a softer memory. Mrs. Dexter once said: "I cannot even wish him back again. It is the sunshine of his blessed presence that is over us all. Why should I demand the earthly part? For that dreadful year while we used the money I was afraid to meet him, even in dreams, but now I sleep again, by his side."

One of Craighead's letters written in September deepened in Truth a joy that already, at times, seemed too great to be endured. "While my little wife spins and weaves in her South it behooves the head of the family to be seeking a sheltered nook in his colder clime. Shall I be shamed by mocking-birds? In pursuance of this, my plain duty, I have been spending a day looking at houses in Brookline, and have secured the refusal of a charming new cottage, which has not only sufficient ground for a whole Dutch colony of bulbs, and many winding walks for toddling feet, but actually a well-spring of its own, and a tiny birch forest which will please some one I know more than a little. I must give my answer by the end of three days. Shall it be 'Yes'? or does that some one prefer the grandeur of the Hanover?"

Thus the blessed months slipped by. Magnolia blossoms stood, like ivory chalices upon the enamelled altars of their boughs, then fell away into tarnished petals, leaving silky burrs, from which, in time, oozed seeds like drops of clotted blood to hang, suspended at intervals, from threads of invisible silk. The yellow flowers of the "rattle-box" changed into small translucent bladders, each loosely filled with black atoms of seed. Along the creekside ripe whortleberries tantalized hungry assemblies of minnows, and on the hills brown "chinkapins" twinkled as brightly as the squirrel's eyes which sought them out. Harvest time was at hand, and the wood responded to the immemorial cry; in the Big House (itself an adaptation of forest trees), one of God's creatures waited for her hour of fruition.

At last it came, a fiery Nessus garb of agony, which, being endured, cooled into the white robe of motherhood.

To be Continued.

HOW LONG WILL THE WAR LAST?

The War Against Health Is Quickly Ended By "Fruit-a-tives".

MRS. DEWOLFE

East Ship Harbour, N.S.

"It is with great pleasure that I write to tell you of the wonderful benefit I have received from taking 'Fruit-a-tives'. For years I was a dreadful sufferer from *Constipation and Headaches*, and I was miserable in every way. Nothing in the way of medicines seemed to help me. Then I finally tried 'Fruit-a-tives' and the effect was splendid. After taking one box, *I feel like a new person* and I am deeply thankful to have relief from those sickening Headaches".

Mrs. MARTHA DEWOLFE.

"FRUIT-A-TIVES", the medicine made from fruit juices, has relieved more sufferers from *Headaches, Constipation, Stomach, Liver, Kidney and Skin Troubles than any other medicine*.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—32690

For Your Aching Head

Take one ZUTOO TABLET and in 20 minutes, the pain is gone and you feel fine.

ZUTOO will stop any Headache, Sick, Nervous, Dyspeptic or Monthly—in 20 minutes by the clock. 25c at dealers.

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OCEAN LIMITED — Leaves 7.25 p.m. — Daily Except Sat.

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Maritime Express — 8.15 a.m. — DAILY

Through Sleepers, Montreal to Halifax.

Connection for
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Newfoundland.

The NATIONAL

TORONTO TO WINNIPEG

Leaves 10.45 p.m., Tues., Thurs., Sat.
Arr. 3.50 p.m., Thurs., Sat., Mon.

Tickets and sleeping car reservations.. Apply E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto, Ont.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Winter Resorts

SPECIAL ROUND TRIP FARES.

LONG LIMIT STOPOVERS.

Asheville and Hot Springs, N.C.; Charleston, S.C.; Nassau, N.P.; Hot Springs, Ark.; French Lick Springs, Ind.; Jacksonville and all Florida Points; Havana, Cuba and New Orleans, La., via New York and Rail (or steamer according to destination,) or via Buffalo, Detroit or Chicago.

BERMUDA AND WEST INDIES
OTHER HEALTH RESORTS.

Mount Clemens, Mich.; Battle Creek, Mich.; St. Catharines, Well., Ont.; Preston Springs, Ont.

Further particulars on application to Grand Trunk Agents.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 6.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 7.30 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate points—6.25 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—†6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 5.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *3.40 a.m.

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

†Deseronto only.

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Ottawa Winter Fair

Single Fare $4.10

Going January 17th to 20th

Trains Leave Belleville
2.58 A.M.
12.50 P.M.
5.32 P.M.

Returning not later than January 22nd, 1916.

Trains Leave Ottawa
9.35 A.M.
1.15 P.M.
11.10 P.M.

For further particulars and tickets, apply to S. BURROWS, AGENT.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily
No. 16—2.00 a.m.—Fast train, flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7.00 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m.—Express, daily.
No. 28—5.45 p.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19—2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 15—4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.
No. 29—7.50 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.20 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1—3.05 p.m.—International Limited, daily.
No. 7—4.55 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'.

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro
Mail	6.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North

	Leave.	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.54 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	*9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1915.

GOING EAST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.50 p.m.	2.58 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

GOING WEST.
MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.12 p.m.	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

Going East	Daily except Sunday
Leave Toronto ..	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	5.32 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West.	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leave Belleville	6.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.30 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent.

Belleville Business Directory

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column or calling at The Intelligencer Business Office, full information may be obtained.

MINING.

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE

Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

"COLLIP, FLORIST."

Front Street.

Night Phone 175. Day Phone 209.

All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.

Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts.

Announcement

Messrs. Greenleaf & Son wish to announce to their old patrons and friends that they have found it advisable to incorporate their business under Ontario Companies Act.

The new company, under the same management as heretofore, and under the firm name of GREENLEAFS, LIMITED, have purchased the property known as the Brown Foundry, together with the good-will and equipment of Mr. Geo. Keith.

It is their intention to remodel these buildings and install suitable equipment to meet the growing demands of their patrons.

The Management take this opportunity of thanking their old friends and solicit their patronage in their new venture.

GREENLEAF & SON

Garage and General Machinists

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . .	$16,000,000
Rest	$16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3.. Saturday 10 to 3.

R TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

If the Kaiser really wants a nice new palate, he can get it if he goes to Paris personally to have it fitted.

Good evening! How's your coal supply hanging out?

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

INSURANCE.

W. H. HUDSON

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.; North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies.

Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.

Office: 17 Campbell St., Belleville. Phone 161.

CHANCEY ASHLEY

Insurance Agent

Has Removed to 229 Front Street

Next to Riggs' Music Store

THOS. STEWART

Bridge Street, Belleville.

Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON

Agent for

Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance. Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.

ROBERT BOGLE

MERCANTILE AGENCY.

Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed. Office, 28 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY

Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way. Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.

W. R. Vallance, Mgr. Phone 330.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front St., Belleville. Phone 548. LEE CHEW.

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EVANS & EVANS

Civil and Mining Engineers and Ontario Land Surveyors. Belleville and Trenton. Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker & Victoria Avenues. Telephone 859.

BUS, AUTO AND CABS

ASELSTINE'S MOTOR BUS, CAB & AUTO LIVERY

Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tired, for weddings, private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town. Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection. Phone 229.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers. Apply to

S. MASSON

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Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St., Belleville.

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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell St. Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates.

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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge St. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.

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Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.

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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

Belleville, Madoc and Tweed.
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JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England

Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

Those who forget today seldom remember tomorrow.

Petulance is a shadow that clouds the sunshine of life.

Martyred Belgium Cries for FOOD!

You have Plenty — Share it!

We cannot—we MUST NOT let the destitute Belgians starve! No victory could be lastingly glorious if it involved the decimation by famine of a small nation that deliberately sacrificed itself rather than sacrifice honor!

Earl Curzon of Kedleston, says:

"We have to relieve from privation, and from worse, these unhappy people during the forthcoming winter, the second winter which they have passed under these cruel conditions; we have to keep alive their vital resources, to support their courage, and enable them to continue to endure".

THE Belgian Relief Fund

has been and is administered with an Efficiency and Economy never before equalled in Public Relief Work.

All accounts are audited, and every pound of food and supplies is accounted for. The arrangements are absolutely effective for securing that none of the food or money goes into the hands of the Germans, is requisitioned by military authorities, or in any way diverted from the object for which it is given.

Nearly 3,000,000 Belgians must depend this winter on charity! Without help hundreds of thousands will starve! We in Canada have plenty! In the name of humanity and of the cause for which we are fighting, let us do our part toward saving these heroic allies!

Send your subscriptions weekly or in one lump sum to Local or Provincial Committees, or to the

Central Executive Committee, 59 St. Peter St., Montreal.

$2.50 FEEDS A BELGIAN FAMILY ONE MONTH

"CHEQUES TO BE MADE PAYABLE TO "THE TREASURER, BELGIAN RELIEF FUND, 59, ST. PETER STREET, MONTREAL, OR TO LOCAL COMMITTEES."

MAKE HER DREAM COME TRUE
2

Your taste
for good tea will prove to you
Red Rose
Tea "is good tea"

The standard Canadian food
Kellogg's
TOASTED
CORN FLAKES
For the business man or workman. *CAUTION:*—No other cereal food is manufactured by us. Only our celebrated Corn Flakes.
10c. a package. At all Grocers.
"MADE IN CANADA"
THE BATTLE CREEK TOASTED CORN FLAKE COMPANY, LIMITED
LONDON, ONTARIO, CANADA
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WOOLS
At the present time we have a large stock of Military and Fingering Yarns. As this Wool was secured under our old agreement, we have not had to advance our prices on this lot. Secure what you require soon.
Hockey Goods
Hockey Sticks, Hockey Gloves, Hockey Pads, Leg Guards, Pucks and Skate Straps all at popular prices.
THE BEEHIVE. CHAS. N. SULMAN

Raise Your Family
on our bread in the name of good health and every sanitary precaution. Our bakery is a model and our quality standard unapproached when it comes to bread baking. Sit down to the table with that eagerness which those who have sampled our bread and know that it is on the table awaiting them.
Yerex's Bakery
Phone 787
68 Sinclair St. Belleville

PERSIAN LAMB
We have never before been better prepared to meet the season's demand for high class Persian Lamb garments, than at present.
Why not get prices on having your Persian Jacket repaired, remodelled or lengthened? We have skins to match every coat.
G. T. WOODLEY,
Phone 421. 273 Front St.

Best for Baby

MANY a mother is worried about changing baby's food from time to time. The food that suits at six weeks of age will not suffice at six months.
The 'Allenburys' Foods are the only system of Infant Feeding that provides for baby's needs step by step—a progressive dietary suited to baby's growing digestive powers.
The juice of grapes or oranges, or meat juice—so beneficial to the hand-fed baby—can be given with these Foods. Careful instructions are given with each tin.
The 'Allenburys' Foods
Promote health and sturdy development.
MILK FOOD No. 1 From birth to 3 months
MILK FOOD No. 2 From 3 to 6 months
MALTED FOOD NO. 3 From 6 months onwards
A valuable booklet "Infant Feeding and Management," with large sample, post free to mothers.
The Allen & Hanburys Co. Limited, Toronto.
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THIRD INTERNATIONAL GOOD ROADS CONGRESS

30.000 Invitations Sent Out For Meeting in Montreal in March

With over 30,000 invitations being sent out at the end of the month by George A. McNamee, secretary of the Third Annual Canadian and International Good Roads Congress, to be held in Montreal, March 6th to 10th, a conservative estimate of the attendance of bona fide delegates is 2,000. When the first Congress was held in Montreal in May of 1914, the attendance was about 800, while at the Congress in Toronto last year this record was nearly doubled, over 1,400 delegates being present. With the constantly growing increase of interest in the subject of Good Roads, and the large expenditures being made this year, it is certain that the Congress will attract a goodly number not only of the govermental and municipal representatives and officials who are most nearly connected with the planning and carrying out of the work, but also of private citizens, more especially from the agricultural districts, who have come to realize how intimately their welfare, prosperity and productiveness are bound up with the provision of safe, smooth and permanent highways. The invitations are going out to Dominion and Provincial cabinet ministers, government engineers, mayors, reeves, and councillors of cities, towns, villages and townships, wardens and councillors of counties, road contractors, manufacturers of supplies, members of boards of trade, engineering societies, automobile clubs agricultural societies and other bodies directly or indirectly associeted with the Good Roads Movement. Many of those who come will be equipped with the expert knowledge and the actual experience which will enable them to impart valuable information; others will be able to furnish illuminative details in the discussions which will follow the various addresses and papers still others will bring problems which the collective wisdom of the gathering will help to solve, and those who come only to listen and learn will return to their home places and their duties with a vast fund of useful data and a larger outlook upon the whole question of Good Roads.

The usual exhibition of machinery and accessories will be held in connection with the Congress, and for this purpose 25,000 square feet of space has been set aside at Sohmer Park, the scene of the gathering. That the Dominion Government recognizes the educative value of this exhibition is apparent from the fact that the department of Customs is allowing all exhibits to enter Canada duty free.

British Ready To Beat Germans

LONDON, Jan. 13.—There is a spirit of great optimism in both British and French dispatches expressing the firm conviction of the allied Generals that there is no possibility of any successful German offensive anywhere in the West.

The correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Company sends from British Headquarters an interview with an unnamed prominent staff officer, who is quoted as saying.

"We now have full information about the German forces facing us. We know their exact dispositions and strength. We everywhere outnumber the Germans, and also outnumber them in both field and heavy artillery, and our weapons are better than theirs. We can fire five shells to their one, without depleting our munitions. We can take their first line of trenches wherever we wish.

"To say that we have got them beaten is dangerous rubbish, but the truth is, we have got them ready for a beating."

Spy Plot Found by Censoring Mails

LONDON, Jan. 14.—The recent inauguration of a censorship upon both outgoing and incoming American mails has already produced results, according to officials, in the form of the revelation o fa widespread espionage plot. which the officials declare has amply justified the organization of the large department necessary to carry on the work.

According to evidence revealed by the opening of American mail, it is stated, an organization of spies here has been sending information to an American branch, which forwards it to Germany by various routes, chiefly by one through Holland.

EX-TELLER ACQUITTED, BUT ACCOUNTANT HELD

MONTREAL, Jan. 14.—Leslie G. Kastner, formerly paying teller of the local branch of the Sterling Bank of Canada, was acquitted to-day by Judge Leet on the charge of stealing $2,850 from the Sterling Bank, but committed to stand trial on a charge of having made false entries in the bank's books. Judge Leet said Kastner evidently had made the entries acting under the instructions of the accountant, D. J. Couchon, and may not have made them with criminal intent.

Couchon was held on a charge of stealing $2,850, and was committed for voluntary statement on January 19th.

NEW YORK WARS ON GRIP

400 Summoned to Court For Expectorating in Public Places

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—To prevent the spread of the grip and other communicable winter diseases by a campaign against violation of the ordinance against spitting in public places, the Sanitary Squad and inspectors of the Department of Health, with the aid of thirty-four detectives and every patrolman in the Police Department, on Tuesday served 400 persons with summonses to appear in magistrates' courts to-day and be fined and reprimanded. Only a few of the offenders were discharged and all got lectures.

SLAIN GIRL BURIED IN HER WEDDING GOWN

Coroner's Jury Finds Her Death Due to Bullet Fired by Her Lover

LONDON, Ont. Jan. 14.—Within 52 hours of the shooting of Dora Kowalck, Coroner Ferguson's jury brought in a verdict that her death was due to a bullet fired from a revolver in the hand of Nickolas Nesterook. Nesterook, who will have his preliminary hearing Saturday, in time to have the case before the Grand Jury next week, was counselled by Mr. Edmund Meredith, K.C., that it was unnecessary to testify to-night.

The funeral of the victim took place this morning from St. Mary's church, where a Cleveland priest of the Greek Orthodox rite was to have conducted the marriage, and the girl was buried in what was to have been her wedding gown.

How to Save Your Eyes

TRY THIS FREE PRESCRIPTION

Do your eyes give you trouble? Do you already wear eyeglasses or spectacles? Thousands of people wear these "windows" who might easily dispense with them. You may be one of these, and it is your duty to save your eyes before it is too late. The eyes are neglected more than any other organ of the entire body. After you finish your day's work you sit down and rest your muscles, but how about your eyes? Do you rest them? You know you do not. You read or do something else that keeps your eyes busy; you work your eyes until you go to bed. That is why so many have strained eyes and finally other eye troubles that threaten partial or total blindness. Eyeglasses are merely crutches; they never cure. This free prescription, which has benefited the eyes of so many, may work equal wonders for you. Use it a short time. Would you like your eye troubles to disappear as if by magic? Try this prescription. Go to J. S. McKeown druggist, or to the nearest wideawake drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Optio tablets; fill a two-ounce bottle with warm water, drop in one tablet and allow it to thoroughly dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eyes two to four times daily. Just note how quickly your eyes clear up and how soon the inflammation will disappear. Don't be afraid to use it; it is absolutely harmless. Many who are now blind might have saved their eyes had they started to care for them in time. This is a simple treatment, but marvelously effective in multitudes of cases. Now that you have been warned don't delay a day, but do what you can to save your eyes and you are likely to thank us as long as you live for publishing this prescription. The Valmas Drug Co., of Toronto, will fill the above prescription by mail if your druggist cannot.

Interesting Items

The young unmarried women of Brittany have formed an association to boycott all bachelors who fail to enlist

Wilfrid Gribble, the Socialist, was yesterday convicted by a jury of using seditious language and remanded a week for sentence. Gribble at a Socialist meeting called the King a "puppet," and said that the recruiting slogan. "Your King and Country Need You," should be, "Your King and Country Bleed You."

Fred, Belyea, a freight conductor on the Grand Trunk Pacific, was killed at a point near Graham, Ont., when the caboose in which he was riding overturned.

Pondan, Ont. Physicians are deeply interested in the birth of a child without hands or feet at Victoria Hospital here. The little one, whose parents are well-known and highly respected, was born on Saturday, and is a strong, healthy and bright child.

WIRELESS MYSTERY OUT

Plant at Maine Can Receive Direct From Germany

BOSTON, Mass, Jan 14—The Evening Traveller has the following special dispatch from Portland, Maine:

That the big wireless station at Nasion's corner, in the Deering section, is owned by a German company, with headquarters at Hanover, Germany, and that it can receive messages direct from Germany, became known today. E. E. Mayer, an official of the company here, said to-day that the same company is conducting the Tuckerton, N.J., station.

Mystery has surrounded the erection of this wireless station, which was completed about two weeks ago. Men first, finally admitted it was connected with the Tuckerton Station. United States officials simply said that "the station is under supervision." Lieut. F. S. Hatch, of the United States Navy is here to act as official supervisor.

The station will be in operation receiving messages from Germany in about two weeks. It receives only. It is one of the three biggest wireless stations in this country and the first, it is said, to demonstrate in practical use that lower towers are as efficient as high aerials in receiving wireless messages. Many experimental messages already have been received.

Servant Problems In United Rtates

Estimated That 50,000 Girls Could Find Situation

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—The scarcity of servants in New York City because of the war is causing great concern among employment agents, and as a result of a recent meeting at Little Hungary, East Houston street, an organization may be formed to meet the situation. The employment agents at the meeting expressed alarm over the news that after the war laws would be enforced by various countries restricting emigration, and plans were discussed for sending representatives abroad to stimulate the supply of girls to do housework.

"Not alone in New York City, but the whole nation is feeling the effects of the curious situation," one who was present at the meeting said. "There never has been anything similar in the history of the country that I know of. It was suggested that men be sent to Germany, France, England, Russia and other countries to advise the women how to get to America and the advantages in the shape of employment to be obtained there, but nothing definite was accomplished. The demand for servants is pouring in from all over the United States and at least 50,000,000 girls, I think, could find places."

INSTALLMENT PLAN FOR BELGIAN FUND

MONTREAL, Jan. 15.—Among the pledges placed in the hands of the Belgian Relief Committee, 59 St. Peter street, is one from a man who agrees to send five dollars monthly for six months to be used for the purchase of Canadian wheat for the starving thousands in Belgium. This is but one of a number of such pledges which provide a steady income of money for the Belgian Relief Committee and an easy method of payment for those who desire to give but cannot afford to give all they wish in a lump sum.

The seriousness of the situation demands immediate consideration and even the smallest sums are acceptable to the committee. The need of Belgium is great just now. Starvation faces the people and relief must be sent at once or thousands will perish this winter. The initial payments of these installment pledges form a nucleus on which the committee is enabled to contract for wheat, the one article most needed to relieve the destitution now existing.

The difference between theory and practice is often exemplified by the advice we give and the advice we take.

The social climber would even try to make her way up an icy stare.

ROBIN HOOD
PORRIDGE OATS
(Pan-Dried)
ROBIN HOOD MILLS

On a Healthy Foundation
Let your children stand on the healthy foundation of a strong constitution, built by good food.
ROBIN HOOD PORRIDGE OATS
build health and strength because they are the finest pan-dried oats in the world. They take less time to cook than other rolled oats.
Children enjoy them—so will you.
Coupon in every package, good in exchange for Silverware.

In the Kitchen
A great help in Cooking
One of the most remarkable features of **OXO CUBES** is the economy they effect in cooking. They are an excellent substitute for meat in soups and savouries. They prevent waste and oddments can be served in many appetising ways by their use:
Then contrast the old-fashioned cumbersome way of cooking with the quick, convenient **OXO CUBE** way. Think of the time saved—the material saved—the fuel saved—and then reckon up that in dollars and cents. But that is not all. **OXO** increases nutrition—it makes every dish more wholesome and digestible.
Tins of 4, 10, 50 and 100 Cubes.
OXO CUBES

Every Woman Can Have Beautiful Abundant Lustrous Hair
The clever women of Canada have learned that Parisian Sage possesses the peculiar power to turn dull, lifeless-looking hair into lustrous, fascinating hair.
And that is why a head of dull appearing hair is a rarity nowadays, for why should any woman neglect the opportunity to make her hair beautiful when it adds so greatly to her charms?
Parisian Sage not only beautifies the hair, but it makes hair grow abundantly, stops it from falling out, and removes every trace of dandruff.
It is the ideal hair dressing for the whole family, because it is not sticky or greasy, and possesses a refreshing and invigorating quality not found in ordinary hair preparations.
It makes the scalp feel splendid the minute you put it on the head. Sold by druggists everywhere for 50c. a large bottle.
For aches, pains, rheumatism, etc., try Parisian Mustard Cerate. Its effect is wonderful. Use in place of mustard plasters, poultices or hot applications. Will not blister. 25c. a tube.

PARISIAN SAGE

GRADUATING EXERCISES AT BELLEVILLE HOSPITAL

Three Nurses Receive Diplomas — Addresses by Chairman J. W. Johnson, Dr. McColl and Sergt Crozier

A number of ladies and gentlemen of the city yesterday afternoon assembled at the Belleville hospital for the purpose of witnessing graduation exercises. They were cordially received by Miss Green, lady superintendent, and nurses and were conducted to the assembly room, which had been tastefully decorated with bunting for the occasion.

Amongst the gentlemen present were Messrs. J. W. Johnson, M.P.P. and J. J. B. Flint, Revs. S. C. Moore, C. J. Smith, A. S. Kerr and A. M Hubly. A few military officers in khaki were also present.

Previous to the exercises, the orchestra of the 80th Battalion rendered a number of selections which were much appreciated.

The three nurses who, having completed a three years' course and graduated were, Miss Crozier, of Lindsay, Miss Howard, of Port Hope, and Miss Mastin, of Belleville. These talented young ladies offered their services for overseas work in connection with hospital work and were accepted. All are expected to leave Canada in the near future and will be taken to Cairo, Egypt.

Owing to Dr. Gibson, who was to preside over the ceremony being called away on professional duties, Mr. J. W. Johnson, M.P.P., was asked to preside, and did so in his usual affable and able manner.

The proceedings were opened by an appropriate prayer, being offered up by Rev. A. M. Hubly, rector of the Reformed Emmanuel church.

Lieut. Stares sang a war song in fine voice and all present appreciated same.

Mr. Johnson then gave an address, speaking as follows:

Mr. J. W. Johnson, M.P.P., was chairman and in a happy, informal way presided over a proud and happy gathering. He said that thirty-six years have passed since the noble women who then composed the membership of the W. C. A. of Belleville, erected the original structure which has through the never ending efforts of the association and the generosity of our citizens grown to its present magnificent proportions. The older citizens will each year recall with pride the labors of love performed by Mrs. Nathan Jones and Mrs. Jacques and their associates in the days long past.

The Belleville Hospital exists for the purpose of assuaging pain and healing disease by the skill of learned physicians, and the treatment of injuries or disorders of the body by expert surgeons. Here is poured out the Balm of Gilead.

The great war in which we are engaged for the preservation of our Empire and the liberty of the world has given those sons of Canada in whose veins the red blood of the race is flowing the opportunity to prove their valour and tenacity as soldiers under the most trying circumstances and against the greatest odds that soldiers ever faced, and all the world has said, "Well done, there never was performed, there never could be performed greater deeds than yours"; and in this room we are honoured by association with a returned veteran, Sergeant Crozier of Peterboro, sorely wounded and only a short time ago a prisoner in Germany, whose sister graduates to-day.

Equally with the great Canadian fighting man, the surgeon soldier and the soldier nurse from Canada have given proof of possessing skill and bravery, indifference to danger and devotion to duty such as were never even dreamed possible before the war began. Yesterday's papers tell how the King has honored them and we are proud beyond expression to know that our Belleville's Matron Ethel Ridley and Kingston's Dr. Ross are among those whom his Majesty has chosen for signal distinction. He, the speaker, felt that the young fellow who now neglects the opportunity to do his part will in future be without a title to manhood and that the parents who abetted him to shirk his duty will live to see their son dishonored.

Canada expects to be called to the councils of the Empire when the war is over, that will be her right and privilege; there will be other rights to be granted, other privileges to be extended when that time comes. In view of their services at home and at the front how can Canada and the several provinces longer deny to the women of the land the right of franchise? Think of Ethel Ridley's work at the front and its recognition by the sovereign and that under the present law that brave, intelligent woman on her return to her beloved home land could have no say in its national affairs, because she is denied the right to vote.

Dr. MacColl was called upon to present the diplomas and did so in a most gracefully manner. Previous to handing the nurses their diplomas, he spoke briefly, but appropriately. He referred to the fact that this was a military year and he was in touch with military matters. In speaking of the nurses who had graduated and other nurses, he said he had no doubt that after the war was over, there would be a change in the status of the nurses. It has without the shadow of a doubt, been shown that by the government it should be recognized as a professon, the same as lawyers and physicians. Upwards of 1,500 Canadian nurses have gone to the front and what a name they have made, not only for themselves but Canada. This was an auspicious occasion as the nurses receiving their diplomas had volunteered their services for the work of attending to the sick and wounded. What a noble work this was. The nurses have the faculty and are trained to have that human touch that accomplishes much. There was no doubt in warfare, the nurse would yet displace the nursing orderly as he has not the touch of human side of nature as the trained nurse had. The nurses never had the standing they have today. In the present war they have even been sent and gone to the firing line, and how nobly had they performed their duties. After the war is over, he had no doubt that there would be recognition of gallant work done, and this has even been done now. One of Belleville's nurses, namely, Miss Ridley, had been honored by the King for services rendered. The speaker then referred to Dr. Ross, M.P.P., of Kingston, who at the front did splendid services, even going into the firing line where he was not supposed to go. His gallantry had been fittingly rewarded. Nurses were coming forward for duty in this regard, and all would no doubt get places in the near future. In referring to the nurses, who were to receive their diplomas, the Dr. spoke of Miss Crozier, who brother was present at the gathering and who had done his bit, and was for some time a prisoner of war in Germany. He congratulated the young ladies upon the success that had attended their efforts and wished them all success in their future operations wherever they might be.

The nurses were then presented with their diplomas by Dr. MacColl and Mrs. J. C. Moynes pinned a clasp pin upon each, stating she did so on behalf of the Hospital Board and the Women's Christian Association. She congratulated the nurses upon their splendid work and with them ultimate success. The graduates were each presented with beautiful bouquets by their sister nurses.

Miss Green, Lady Superintendent, spoke a few words. She said the nurse loves her work, no matter what it might be. Those nurses who had not received their diplomas, had like other nurses who had graduated from the Belleville Hospital, done well their services. She was especially pleased with the interest generally taken in the Belleville Hospital by its citizens.

Lieut. Stares was again called upon, and rendered a song of a military nature.

Lieut. Crozier, of Lindsay being called upon gave a short address. On behalf of the boys at the front he wished to thank the ladies of Belleville, and in fact all the ladies of the Daughters of the Empire for the many gifts received at the front. He could say that they were much appreciated. He referred to the time he was in Germany and gave a brief outline of the routine duties they had to perform. At 4.30 in the morning, they were routed out, and at 6 or a few minutes after breakfast was served. The meals were poor, in fact the only word he could use to designate them was punk. Whilst a prisoner, only two letters and four postal cards are allowed to be written monthly. In speaking of the Canadian nurses, Lieut. Crozier said all the boys at the front were proud of them and could do nothing but praise them. They all call them sisters. In concluding his remarks, the speaker said that the boys who were prisoners, were in need of more clothing for the winter, blankets especially, would be much appreciated.

This concluded the programme, and light refreshments were served.

NOTES

The nurses' reception room was most appropriately decorated with smilax and carnations. In this room was set aside for the providing of refreshments.

Mr. J. W. Johnson, M. P.P., in introducing Miss Green as Superintendent of the Hospital, spoke glowing words in regard to her work as head of the institution.

* * *

Proceeding from Seattle to Nanaimo, B.C., to load bunker coal, the Japanese steamer Ken Yon Maru, with a cargo for Vladivostock, struck on Saturna Island, in the Gulf of Georgia, at 3 o'clock Wednesday. A fierce snowstorm was raging when the vessel struck. The steamer Salvorada was ordered from Victoria to her rescue, and reached her at 7 o'clock this evening.

We Have In Stock
Considerable Corrugated Galvanized Iron.

It will pay you to get our prices before purchasing. We keep a good supply of GALVANIZED NAILS on hand at the lowest prices.

Well Pumps, Cistern Pumps
of all descriptions kept in stock.
It Will Cost You Nothing To Get Our Prices.
Give us a Call

The John Lewis COMPANY LIMITED

HOCKEY STICKS
NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.

AUTOMOBILE SKATES
Made in Canada
Have you seen the New Ones?
Stronger and Lighter than ever

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO.
LET US DO YOUR PLUMBING

The Beauty of Our Feed

is that there is no waste to it. Your horse will lick up the last oat or the last kernel of grain. It tastes so good to him that he wants every bit that belongs to him. So there's economy as well as satisfaction in buying your feed and grain here. Try it once and you'll try it always.

H. E. FAIRFIELD

WEAK LUNGS
Bronchitis—Asthma—
Coughs — Night Sweats—
Debility
And those conditions leading to
Consumption

Some Extracts from Sworn Evidence:

Randolph E. Palmer, on Oath, says: "'Nature's Creation' is what helped me."

Charles Knoph, on Oath, says: "My night sweats stopped and my hemorrhage stopped from the first day."

Louis C. Zink, on Oath, says: "I have to thank 'Nature's Creation' that I am here to-day."

Send for Booklet containing complete statements, on Oath, from those who have used "Nature's Creation."

NATURE'S CREATION COMPANY OF CANADA, LTD.
Room 14, Cosgrave Building,
Toronto, Canada.

WHY NOT FLORIDA FOR YOUR WINTER TOUR?

The attractions are unsurpassed, beautiful palm trees, warm sea bathing, orange and banana groves, golf, tarpon fishing, luxurious hotels for all pockets. Two nights only from Toronto. Winter tourist tickets now on sale. Be sure that your tickets read via Canadian Pacific Railway. Excellent service is offered via Detroit and Cincinatti. Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents, or write M. G. Murphy, District Passenger Agent, Toronto, Ont.

j13,to22.

ARENA
TURNBULL St.

BAND TO-NIGHT

Intermediate O. H. A. Hockey
MONDAY JANUARY 17
KINGSTON 33RD BATTERY
vs.
BELLEVILLE INTERMEDIATES
Puck faced 8.15
Admission 25c. Reserved seats 35c.

OVERCOATS

Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat! We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.

Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

Ladies'
Hudson Seal Coats

No. 1 Quality Lined throughout with No. 1 Brocade satin 40 inches long........Price $120.00
Muff to match $22.00

J. T. DELANEY
29 Campbell St. Phone 797
opposite Y.M.C.A.
See Our Window
N. B. We Buy Raw Furs

Always the Same
PURITY FLOUR

PURITY FLOUR

Day in and Day out.
Week in and Week out.
Year in and Year out.
Always the same.

RITCHIE'S SATURDAY NIGHT BARGAINS

To-night's List on Sale Between 7 & 9

Everyone will see at a glance the advisability of Shopping at Ritchie's To-night. Theee Special Bargain Attractions are on sale for two hours only, from 7 to 9. Be on hand early and get first choice

Watch for the Blue Price Cards, they indicate the specials.

TEA ROOM—Commencing Monday

The Quinte Chapter Daughters of the Empire will hold their Afternoon Tea between 4 and 6 o'clock in the Millinery Parlors of our store. The Tea Room will be opened Monday afternoon. Proceeds for the benefit o fthe Belgian Relief Fund and other war work. Everybody Is Invited.

Men's Colored Shirts 59c

Men, here is your chance to secure one or more high grade Shirts for very little money. For tonight we offer several dozen Men's Colored Shirts, coat style and stiff cuffs, all attractive patterns, in sizes 14 to 16½; regular 75c., for 59c.

Men's Soft and Stiff Hats $1.00

Odd sizes of our regular $2.00 and $2.50 Black stiff and Colored Felt Hats, all perfectly new goods, only odd sizes of each style. The Felts are in shades of Brown, Green and Navy, all splendid winter weights and best styles. Your choice tonight, $1.00.

(Men's store).

Children's Hose 25c pair

Plain Black Cashmere Hose in sizes 5½ to 7½, all excellent qualities and good winter weights, regular 35c. to 40c. Your choice tonight, 25c. pair.

Pongee Silk 39c yard

Natural Pongee Silk, 35 inches wide and very suitable for Waists, Dresses and Men's Shirts, regular 50c. yard. Your choice tonight, only 39c. yard.

Huck Towels 25c pair

Very fine quality Huck Towels in fringed and hemmed, all white with red borders, very special for tonight's selling at 25c. pair.

Taffetta Ribbon, 9c yard

A special lot of plain Taffeta Ribbon, 3 and 4 inches wide, in shades of pink, navy, Alice, green, rose, cardinal, white and black; qualities that sold at 10c., 12½c. and 15c.; clearing tonight at only 9c. yard.

Silk Mulls, 25c yard

For tonight's quick clearance we have gathered together several pieces of Silk Mulls in plain and figured shades of Cream, White, Green, Cardinal, Navy and Black, worth regularly $1.00 yard. Clearing out tonight at only 25c. yard.

Grey Cotton 8c yard

40 inch Grey Cotton in a fine even weave, free from specks, very special value tonight 8c. yard or 13 yards for $1.00.

Tea Towels 2 for 25c

Pure Linen Tea Towels with neat Red Border that sell regularly at 15c. each straight. Your choice tonight only 2 for 25c.

30c Sheeting 19c yard

8/4 and 9/4 Unbleached Sheeting, plain only, qualities worth up as high as 30c. yard; all at one price tonight only 19c. yard.

$1.00 Corsets 79c

Made of good strong Coutil, and splendid fitting model usually sold at $1.00 a pair. Tonight only 79c. pair.

Blouses 39c

In Voiles, Prints and Linenes, all good styles and regularly sold as high as $1.25. Tonight, 39c.

85c Underwear 69c

Vests and Drawers, slightly imperfect, some only soiled through handling. Regular value 85c. Tonight, 69c.

Coats Half Price

Your choice of our entire stock of Ladies' Black and Colored Coats tonight and all next week at JUST HALF PRICE.

Skirts Half Price

Not this season's, but good styles, made of Serges, Panamas and Voiles; on sale tonight at JUST HALF PRICE.

Dressing Sacques 50c

Made of a fine quality Wool Eiderdown in pale blue, pink, etc., slightly soiled, regular up to $2.00; on sale at 50c.

Children's Pajamas $1.00

Duckling Fleece Material in fancy pattern for ages 6to 12 years. Regular $1.50; on sale tonight, $1.00. (Mantle Room)

Watch for the Blue Price Cards.

The RITCHIE Company Limited

SPORTING NEWS

Eight to Five Was the Score

The Belleville Team Trims Picton in Fine Style

BELLEVILLE DEFENCE GOOD

Practically a New Team Upsets all Precedent and Defeats a Well Trained Organization

Phillips, Symons, Whitty—you've heard it all. Might just as well stop the article now. Picton forwards would work down until they struck that stone wall defence then good night, there was nothing to it. they simply coudn't get by.

Phillips stopped shots that seemed impossible and did it time and time again. Either Whitty or Symons went down the ice apparently at will. Didn't always score, but always went through. These three make as strong a defense as Belleville has seen in years.

Don't think that Belleville forwards were not good, because they were. Finkle, Whalen, Simmonds and Mitchell played a stellar game.

Finkle reminds one greatly of his great supporter, Symonds, in his style of play. Looks to be going slow, yet no one can catch him.

Simmonds was described as being a player that would make a man mad. He was eternally picking away at an opponetn's stick. He was always where the puck was on his side of the ice, and that he was ever laid off, as he was last season, is a mystery to all who witnessed the game last night.

Every hockey fan ought to make their prettiest bow to Whalen, who was head and shoulders ahead of his opponent.

That Belleville forwards have not worked together, was evident from the start. Individually, Belleville players had it over the Picton bunch like a tent, but Picton had the better combination. Individual rushes characterized Belleville's game, while Picton worked down the ice together, until they stuck that stone wall—Whitties and Symons—then they stopped.

Outside of Bedborough, on the Picton team, the Belleville boys simply outclassed their opponents, and won on their actual merits—not on team play.

The score of 8 to 5 does not show the relative ability of the players, while if the score was 10-0 in Picton's favor, it would about show the relative team work. Picton has held to the same team, and their boys are working together like clock work, but they cannot get far in their group, because they are not fast enough man for man.

When this Belleville bunch have been together for two weeks, there will be no stopping them in this group.

On Monday night they line up against the 33rd Battery, of Kingston, and they undoubtedly will win that game by a wide margin, as we are satisfied there will be no stopping Belleville from this date forward.

Early betting was against Belleville and several bets were laid by Belleville men against the home team. This, however, didn't last long and by seven o'clock no Picton money was in sight. That Belleville is in a class by themselves in this group, is a certainty.

The teams lined up as follows:—

Belleville—Phillips goal; Symonds, defence; Whittie, point; Finkle, rover; Whalen, centre; Simmonds, right wing; Mitchell, left wing.

Picton—Walsh, goal; Bedborough, defence; Heffernan point; Barns, rover; Cooper, centre; Bert Burns, right wing; Hudgins, left wing.

A. Brouse, Kingston, referee.

HOCKEY RECORD

INTERMEDIATE.

Belleville	8	Picton	5
23rd Battery	4	Cobourg	2
Bowmanville	6	Whitby	3
33rd Battery	5	Queen's	2

Cobourg defaulted to 84th Battalion.

BUTTERICK FASHIONS FOR SPRING

Special Introductory Sale

To introduce to the Ladies of Belleville and vicinity the famous

Gossard Corsets

we are offering 50 pairs of one of the very best models

No. 364

as shown in the illustration.

The regular price of this Corset is $4.50. Special Introductory Price

$3.49

SPRING—BUTTERICK FASHION QUARTERLY—1916

This 84 page quarterly style review of Butterick contains authoritative PARIS and NEW YORK FASHIONS, and advance information about style tendencies, materials and dress accessories.

22 pages of Dresses, Waists and Skirts; 3 of Evening Dresses; 1 of Bridal Dresses; 2 of Special Gowns for stout women, 4 of Waists; 7 of Coats, Suits and Wraps; and 24 pages for misses, juniors, small boys and girls, and infants.

Only 25c, with any Butterick Pattern FREE

Ladies' and Misses' Suits and Coats at One-Third Less than Regular Cost

Ketcheson & Earle

February Delineator at the Pattern Counter, 15c

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN HIS MAJESTY'S SURROGATE COURT of THE COUNTY of HASTINGS. IN THE MATTER of the estate of John William Young, late of the Township of Sidney, in the County of Hastings, yeoman, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to Trustee Act, Sec. 56, Chap. 121 R.S.O. 1914, that all persons having claims against the estate of the said John William Young who died on or about the twenty-second day of December, 1915, are requested to send by post prepaid, or to deliver to the undersigned solicitors for the Executor of the estate on or before the twentieth day of February, 1916, their names, addresses and descriptions and a full statement of particulars of their claims and the nature of the security (if any) held by them duly verified by Statutory Declaration, and that after the said day the Executor will proceed to distribute the estate of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he then shall have notice.

Dated this 14th day of January A.D. 1916.

MIKEL, STEWART & BAALIM,
28 Bridge St., Belleville.
Solicitors for Executor, Selden Ketcheson.
4td:j15,22,29:f5

Fresh Made Appetizing Confections

Chocolate Dates,	40c lb.
Date Pudding,	25c lb.
Maple Walnut Cream,	20c lb.
Neapolitan Fruit Pudding,	30c lb.
Humbugs,	20c lb.
Butter Scotch,	20c lb.

Our Own Make

Chas. S. Clapp

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Rev. A. S. Kerr, M.A., Pastor.

The pastor will preach at both services tomorrow.

11 a.m.—An Allegory of the Church.
3 p.m.Sunday School. Ladies' and Brotherhood Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Why Does God Permit the War?
A cordial welcome to all.

THE TABERNACLE METHODIST CHURCH
Church Street.
Rev. S. C. Moore, B.A., B.D., Pastor.
Parsonage, 246 Church St. Phone 578.
Special Khaki Service.

The pastor will preach morning and evening.

10 a.m.—Morning Classes and Junior League. Leader, Mr. Thompson.

11 a.m.—Subject: The Ministry of Tears.

2.30 p.m.—Sunday School, Excellent Orchestra. Alpha Club. Special Speaker.

7 p.m.—Khaki Service. Subject: "The Challenge of the War." Members of the 80th Batt. will occupy the choir-gallery and lead in the service of song. Chaplain Ketterson and other soldiers will assist in the service. Solos by Capt. Wrightmyer and Lieut. Stairs, Mus. Bach. Come and hear our soldiers sing.

Soldiers, students and strangers warmly welcomed to all services.

WEST BELLEVILLE METHODIST CHURCH.
Corner Holloway and Dunbar Sts.
Rev. J. N. Clarry, B.A., Pastor.
Parsonage, 44 Hillside St. Phone 575.

10 a.m.—Class meetings and Junior League.

11 a.m.—The Second "R" of the Series on The Call to the Higher Life.

2.30 p.m.—Let every member of the S.S. be present at the session to-day. Excellent orchestra in attendance.

7 p.m.—The Riches of the Kingdom and the Disciples' Vision.

Strangers and visitors made welcome at all of the services.

CHRIST CHURCH.
(Anglican)
Rev. R. C. Blagrave, D.D., Rector.
Residence, 30 Commercial St.
2nd Sunday after Epiphany.

Holy Communion .... 8 a.m.
Morning Prayer and Sermon, "The Greatest Need of our Time" .... 11 a.m.
S. S. and Bible Classes .... 3 p.m.
Evensong and sermon, "Wilderness Food" .... 7 p.m.

Seats free. Visitors and strangers welcome.

JOHN STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Corner Victoria Ave. and John St.
Rev. Z. C. Currie, Pastor.

11 a.m.—The Gist of a Great Sermon.
3 p.m.—The Church School.
7 p.m.—Some Reflex Influences of Christ's Ascension.

Mrs. A. E. MacColl, organist and choir leader.

Strangers and visitors welcome.

THE SALVATION ARMY
Pinnacle Street

11 a.m.—Holiness Meeting.
3 p.m.—Free and Easy.
7.30 p.m.—Salvation Meeting.
Sunday School—10 a.m. and 2 p.m.
Everybody welcome.
Captain and Mrs. Ruston, C.O.s.

THE BELLEVILLE BUSINESS MEN'S BIBLE CLASS.

Meets in the auditorium of the Bridge Street Methodist Church every Sunday afternoon at 2.45.

Lesson for tomorrow: "Peter's Sermon at Pentecost."—Acts II:14-47.

Professor Staples of Albert College will take the lesson.

Members of the 80th and 156th Battalions, students, gentlemen of leisure, and men of all occupations are cordially invited to spend an hour with this class in the study of the Bible.

E. F. DICKENS, President. F. E. O'FLYNN, Teacher.

EMMANUEL CHURCH.
Reformed Episcopal, Liturgical and Evangelical.
Between Pinnacle and Church streets.
Phone 602. Rev. A. M. Hubly, Rector

11 a.m.—Pulpit Theme: The Hidden Life.
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Sermon: Costless Worship; A Misnomer.

BETHEL HALL, FRONT STREET.
Over Lattimer's Drug Store.
Christians gather in the name of the Lord Jesus Christ.

Sunday, 11 a.m.—The Lord's Supper.
3 p.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Gospel Preaching.

SUNDAY EVENING.

Subject: Satan, His past, present and future, according to Scripture.

BRIDGE STREET METHODIST CHURCH.
Organized in 1815.
Pastor, Rev. H. S. Osborne, B.A., B.D.

10 a.m.—Rev. Mr. Adams' Class. Junior Epworth League. Miss N. Yeomans, Supt.

11 a.m.—Public Service. Sermon by the Pastor. Subject: "Mistaken Standards of Measurement."

2.30 p.m.—Sunday School. Well organised Bible Classes. A place for all. Judge Deroche, Supt.

7 p.m.—Public service. Preacher, the pastor. Subject: "No One Cares."

The best of music by large choir under the direction of Prof. Cameron. Miss Edna Wallace, organist.

Soldiers, students and strangers are cordially invited to come with us to these services.

VICTORIA AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH.
Corner of Victoria Ave. and Pinnacle St.
Rev. Chas. Geo. Smith, B.D., Pastor.
Residence: Turnbull St. Phone 214.

The pastor will preach at both services tomorrow.

11 a.m.—Subject: "The Holy Spirit." 5-minute Children's Sermon. Topic—"The Poultry Show."

2.30—Sunday School and Bible Classes. Yokefellows Class for men. A. F. Class for Business Girls taught by Miss Hitchon. Mr. P. C. MacLaurin, B.A., Supt.

7 p.m.—Subject: "Whiter Than Snow."

GET THE
F.S.ANDERSON CO'S
GENUINE
SCRANTON
COAL
BELLEVILLE

The Best we Can Buy Carefully Prepared and Delivered

The F. S. ANDERSON CO.,
42 Bridge St.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent my be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388

British Shelled Trenches Heavily

LONDON, Jan. 15.—(Special)—A British official communication made public last night says: "The enemy's trenches about Givenchy were heavily bombarded by us today. Considerable damage was done to the parapets. The artillery was active today on both sides about Kemmel and Hill 60."

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED—GIRL TO HELP WITH CHILDREN and light housework. Apply 247 N. John Street. 15-4td

WANTED—SMART INTELLIGENT GIRLS to learn Shirt-making. Apply Deacon Shirt Company. 15-6td

WANTED—A HOUSE MAID. APPLY IN evening to Mrs. (Dr.) Gibson 28 Campbell St. j4-dtf

WANTED—COOK, GENERAL, WITH REferences. Wages $20 per month. Apply 111 Victoria Ave. j8-dtf

WANTED — EXPERIENCED MAID FOR geenral housework. References required. Apply Mrs. Blagrave, 30 Commercial Street. j14-dtf

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO LEARN BARber business and help in tobacco store, at once. A. E. Wrightmyer, 209 Front Street. j12-dtf

WANTED—FIRST CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill and Planer hands. Toolmakers. Good wages. Steady work. Canadian Westinghouse Company, Limited, Hamilton, Ont. d—j27

TO RENT

TO LET—FOUR ROOMS, GROUND FLOOR, with conveniences. Low rental. No. 106 Mill Street. 1t

TO RENT, RESIDENCE, No. 221 CHARLES St.; contains all modern conveniences Apply at The Intelligencer Office a23-tf

TO LET, THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the Bank of Commerce, and also rooms in the same block and the Robertson Block, suitable for offices and apartments. S. S. Lazier. j17-dtf

AGENTS WANTED

WANTED—MAN OR WOMAN TO DIStribute War Literature. $120 for sixty days' work in your own community. Spare time may be used. Winston Company, Limited, Toronto. d18-3twks

WANTED

SEWING MACHINE OPERATORS ON Whitewear, waists, children's dresses and house dresses; model factory; best wages. ALSO MEN CUTTERS, some experience necessary. Gale Manufacturing Company, Limited, corner Spadina and Wellington Streets, Toronto. 3t:j15,17,18

A CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT OF ONtario desires to obtain a position in a mercantile, a manufacturing, or other business house in the City of Belleville, where his qualifications as an experienced accountant could be used. He wishes to be at home with his family who now reside there. All correspondence will be held strictly confidential. Address:—A.B.C., c/o Intelligencer Office, Belleville, Ontario. 1t

PERSONAL

NINETY-FIVE ACRE FARM, GOOD HOUSE and barn and orchard, close to town in exchange for city property or market garden. Samuel Covell, Brighton, Ont. 1t

Somehow or other we have an awful time restraining ourselves from answering up caustic-like when some feather-brained person says with a near-superior air: "Let's see. Who are the Van Bluffers?"

By the way, did anybody ever see a hyphenatecd Mexican.

CITY AND VICINITY

WINTER FAIR AT OTTAWA

Canadian Pacific Excursion Rate $4.10 return, goinr Jan. 17th to 20th, returning god to Jan. 22nd. For further information and tickets apply to S. BURROWS, C.P.R. Agent. 12,8t

Water Takers paying on or before the 25th will get 25 p.c. discount.

MAIL CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on Friday, the 25th February, 1916, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week each way over Marysville Rural Route No. 1, from the 1st April next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Marysville, Lonsdale, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

H. MERRICK,
Post Office Inspector.
Post Office Inspector's Office,
Kingston, Jan. 14th, 1916.
52A.—5m-25-7-13 31d;j15,22,29

PHOTO-DRAMA CREATION

Part 2 Sunday 2.30 and 7.30 p.m. Griffin's Theatre. Seats free. J14-2

Quinte Chapter I.O.D.E. will open a tea-room at the Ritchie Company's Millinery room on the afternoon of Monday, January 17th. Tea served from 4 to 6 p.m. Proceeds in aid of Belgium Relief Fund and other war work. J14-2t

Everything for your hens to keep them in good laying condition. G. W. Perry, Bridge St.

The Red Cross and Women's Patriotic Association have been most fortunate in securing Lottie L. Lillipton, of Hawaii, she appears here in February the 3rd, in her elocutionary and lecture entertainment, and is an artist of rare merit. She will be ably assisted by local talent and a good orchestra.

The Minister's Bride, coming to the Tabernacle, Tuesday, January 25th. Come, everybody will want to see her in costume of 1814. J15-2t

Dr. Dormer, Osteopathic Physician, 28 Victoria Ave., Phone 73.

THE WEATHER.

High westerly winds, fair and very cold today and local snow flurries tomorrow.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY INTHINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 81 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, MONDAY, JANUARY 17, 1916. No. 15

ESTABLISHED 1858
58 years continuous business is a guarantee for square dealing, best values and lowest prices.
FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Office Phone 2 Night Phones 280 & 635

Sunday Canadian Press Specials

Nothing New on British Front—Russians Advance in Persia—French Continue Action

NO PEACE FOR MONTENEGRO

Casualties Among Canadians Only Normal—Inflated Report False—Russians Launch Fierce Attacks—Greeks Stirred

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 16.—British official statements says that beyond artillery exchanges there is nothing new to report.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 16.—An official despatch reports the capture of Kangawar from the Turks by the Russian advance in Persia.

The Constantinople war office announces briefly that a new general offensive along a hundred mile front has been begun by the Russians in the Caucasuas.

A Paris official report says there is spirited artillery fighting in the Champagne district at Lille and in Woevre.

A Rome despatch says the Montenegrin authorities officially deny that there will be an Armistice with Austria, Montenegro will fight to the end and will not consider peace proposals from any quarter.

OTTAWA, Jan. 16.—It is announced that the report that a long list of Canadian casualties was issued in London yesterday was misleading as the list was for the full month of December. The casualties among the Canadians at present are only normal.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The British steamer Toquet 5,000 tons has been torpedoed and sunk in the Mediterranean. No word has been received as to her crew.

A Berlin despatch states that huge Russian reinforcements have arrived on the Galician front. The Russians have launched fierce attacks at several points along this front. The despatch admits that the Germans are hard pressed in several places.

An Athens despatch reports there is much ill feeling stirred up over the German raid at Yanesha, Greece, during which several Greek soldiers were killed.

Disastrous Fire At Brandon

(Canadian Press Special)

BRANDON, Jan. 17.—Doige, Rankin & Robertson's three-storey department store was destroyed by fire this morning, with a loss of $100,000. Miss Marsh, an employee, is missing, and is believed to have perished in the fire.

BRITISH FORCES WIN IN MESOPOTAMIA FIGHT

The Force Marching to the Relief of British Army at Kut-el-Amara Defeats and Pursues Turks

AUSTEN CHAMBERLAIN TELLS THE STORY

Russians Successful in Persia and the Caucasus—Anglo-Russian Forces Apparently Working on a General Plan With View to Joining Hands on a Wide Front

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 17.—The announcement was made in the House of Commons today that the Turkish forces in Mesopotamia have fallen back to within six miles of Kut-El-Amara. The announcement was made by Austen Chamberlain, who said the Turks had retreated as the result of another British victory. The Turkish positions at Waddi, he said, were carried on Saturday by the British forces.

Britons and Russ Combine

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Despatches from the Far East to-night show that British and Russian forces are meeting with considerable success in campaigne against strong enemy forces in Mesopotamia, Persia and the Caucasus. While these campaigns that the Allies are working on a comprehensive plan, with the idea of finally establishing an Anglo-Russian line from the Persian Gulf to the Caspian Sea. A feature of the Caucasus fighting is that the Russian official statement gives the first official intimation that Germans are fighting with the Turks in Persia.

Good New From Mesopotamia

To-day's official statement by the Press Bureau that British forces marching to the relief of General Townshend's beleaguered army at Kut-El-Amara had won another stiff battle and were pursuing the retreating Turks was received with delight here, and the hope is expressed that the critical stage of the situation is passed. The statement follows:

British are in Pursuit

"After their defeat the Turkish force opposing General Aylmer retired to a position astride the Tigris at Orah, 25 miles down stream from Kut-El-Amara.

"General Aylmer attacked the position January 13, nard fighting continuing till nightfall.

"During the evenings of January 13 and January 14 the enemy began to retire, and is being closely pressed on the east and on the north by the British forces."

The Fighting in Persia

Petrograd and Constantinople despatches regarding the fighting in the Caucasus are contradictory, the Russians, commanded by Grand Duke Nicholas, giving details of guns and prisoners taken. The Turks admit a Russian offensive on a front of nearly 100 miles, but claim that the fighting which they say has progressed for five days, is progressing favorably for them.

Took Many Guns and Men

The Petrograd report says:

"Caucasus—In the course of the fighting January 14 we captured 20 Turkish officers and more than 400 men, a quantity of war and engineering material and provisions, one heavy gun and seven other guns and eight machine guns.

"Persia—In the fighting at Kangaver, half way between Hamadan and Karmanshah, we took many prisoners. The enemy abandoned many dead on the battlefield. Our losses were insignificant.

"Southeast of Hamadan we drove back towards Daulatabad a detachment consisting of Turks and Germans."

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 17.—(Later).—The recent operations in Mesopotamia, including the advance to Ctesiphon, were considered and approved by the war council, said Mr. Chamberlain. It would not be in the public interest that I should make any statement on the scope of the operations now in progress. Information of that kind in the present circumstances would be far more valuable to the enemy than to the House. On the 11th inst., I announced the enemy had retired to Essian, a position six miles east of Kut-El-Amara. He, however, assuredly advanced again on the 12th to what is called the Waddi position.

Since then we have received telegrams from General Townsend up to the morning of the 15th. From these telegrams it was apparent that General Aylmer was pressing back two divisions on the left bank. At and about the Waddi position, there was continuous fighting on the 13th, in the neighborhood and on the morning of the 14th, General Aylmer reported the enemy were again retiring and he himself was moving his quarters and his water transport to the mouth of the Waddi. On the 15th, General Aylmer reported that the whole Waddi position had been captured and that the enemy's rear guard had taken up a position at Essian.

General Aylmer reports that the operations were seriously hindered by the weather, and I am sorry to say the weather is still reported bad. All the wounded have been sent down the river.

Berlin Admits Defeat

(Canadian Press Special)

BERLIN, Jan. 17.—The Russian forces in the Caucasus have forced the Turks to withdraw their advanced positions several miles at some points according to a Turkish official statement of today received here from Constantinople.

A DEBT OF HONOR

"They preferred to go starving rather than dishonor and soil their hands by work for their enemies and the invaders of their country," said T. P. O'Connor in a recent speech, appealing for assistance for the destitute population of Belgium. Mr. O'Connor had reference in this particular passage of his address to those Belgians in that part of the country under German occupation, where the invading forces attempted to press the prisoners into doing work for the German army.

Mr. O'Connor's address was a powerful one embodying many details of the Belgian situation which the whole world should know, but lack of space precludes the possibility of our treating at this time with more than this one passage.

They preferred to starve rather than work for the invaders of their country, says "Tay Pay". They preferred death to dishonor,—they were willing to give up their lives rather than aid their enemies.

Nay, they did more than this. They gave to the world a display of courage such as has never been known and have placed upon the British Empire a debt that must be paid. England can never fully repay Belgium for what she did in the dark days of August and September, 1914, for she can never bring back to the mourning widows and mothers the men who fell at Louvain, Liege, and on the other fields of battle. But Britain can, must and will partially pay this debt of honor when the opportunities are presented as we have them to-day.

Winter is upon the Belgian men, women and children, who are forced to stay at home, and with winter comes the dark shadow of misery and want. Relief has been extended in food and clothing and is still being given, but to-day Belgium finds herself facing imminent starvation, and England and her dominions have a debt to pay.

Now is the time for its payment. Bread is needed. Literally bread is wanted. This is no figure of speech but a cold fact that no Canadian who prides himself on being British can dodge. Canada cannot send bread, but Canadians can send wheat or flour and a bag of flour will keep one Belgian family from starvation on entire month.

Will not Canada pay this debt of honor, or at least her share? We have the wheat, we have the flour. Can we sit snug by our fires, fat with the glorious harvest of this year, and let our debt go unpaid? Are we going to let the poor women and children, who gave their men to save the British Empire, starve and die miserable deaths because we will not pay?

Canadians must hold up their heads and open their purses and help. Let us come forward with the aid that is needed. Let us help pay Britain's debt of honor to Belgium by feeding her starving.

We are all working—some of us fighting—for the Empire's victory over our enemies and Belgium's enemies, but no victory could be lastingly glorious if it involved the decimation by famine of a small nation that deliberately sacrificed itself rather than sacrifice honor.

Noted Runner Joins Forces

(Canadian Press Special)

MONTREAL, Jan. 17.—Edouard Fabre, who won last year's Boston Marathon and the long-distance race at the Panama-Pacific Exposition, has enlisted in No. 6 Hospital, Canadian Expeditionary Force, from Laval University.

EMMELINE PANKHURST TO BE ADMITTED

(Canadian Press Special)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.— Mrs. Pankhurst will be admitted to the United States, as the President is opposed to her exclusion.

Within the Military Circle

BELLEVILLE

Lieut Wrightmeyer of the 155th Battalion, has been promoted to the rank of captain.

To be sworn in by his father was the experience of W. F. Wilson who enlisted in the 155th Batalion at Picton recently.

The 155th Battalion will commence the N.C.O.'s class of infantry next Monday, Jan. 24.

Capt. Spriggs, Adjutant of 136th Battalion, Port Hope, is the guest of his brother, Mr. F. K. Spriggs, Church street.

The concerts held under the auspices of the 155th Battalion, at Griffin's Front street Theatre yesterday afternoon and evening were very successful. The Williamson's submarine pictures were shown and were very much enjoyed by the large audiences that filled the theatre on both occasions.

Major McCullough of the 155th Battalion, will take charge of the recruits at Bancroft.

Ptes. Brown, Jones and Chism of the 155th Battalion, have left for Kingston to take up a class in signalling.

The 80th Battalion church parade held in the Armouries yesterday, was attended by fifty citizens. The 80th band was in attendance under Lieut. Stares. At the close of the service Col. Ketcheson, C. O. of the 80th Battalion, presented Sergt. Major Bowen with a long service medal and congratulated him on his military career.

Lieut. Bouchette of the 80th Battalion has reported for duty after attending the P.S.I.

KINGSTON

Belleville sent five recruits and Ernsville three recruits to the local artillery, Thursday.

The following officers are specially employed as recruiting officers in the 3rd Divisional area: Lt.-Col. Stewart, 43rd regiment, Ottawa; Captain Thoburn, G.G.F.G., Ottawa; Captain Stothers, 8th C.F.A., Ottawa; Lt. Col. Allarad, 70th regiment, Hull; Lieut. Dunham, 41st. regiment, Brockville; Lt.-Col. McCammon, A.M.C., Brockville; Lieut. McRae, Omemee, 45th regiment; Major McCullock, 136th battalion, Port Hope, Major McKenna, C.F.A., Cobourg; Lt.-Col Morgan, Cornwall, making in all ten officers who are regularly engaged in seeking recruits for the 18 units C.E.F. now in course of training or organization in the Division.

The 3rd Division is the only Division in the Dominion of Canada which showed an increase in the number of recruits secured during the last two weeks of December over the number secured during the first two weeks of the last month of the year 1915.

Returned Soldiers Land at St. John

(Canadian Press Special)

ST. JOHN, Jan. 17.—The C. P. R. liner "Missanabie" arrived here early today from Liverpool with 268 passengers, including sixty-nine returned officers and men. Of the latter, sixty-two left by train for Quebec and seven remained at the local discharge station.

Small Spanish Steamer Sunk

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 17.—The Spanish steamer "Belgica," 2,000 tons, has been sunk. Twenty-three members of the crew were saved.

Wrist Watch For Each Volunteer

COBOURG, Jan. 17.—(Special.)—At the last meeting of Cramabe Council it was decided to present every young man who has joined the colors from that municipality with a wrist watch.

RUSSIANS CAPTURE TWO THOUSAND PRISONERS

Great Masses of Wounded Left Behind by Teutonic Forces—Retreat From Stripa was Disastrous to Foe

AUSTRIANS CLAIM ATTACKS REPULSED

Says Russians Have Attacked in Great Force But Have Not Succeeded—No Territory Lost—Admit Determined Attacks by Slavs

Retreat was Awful

LONDON, Jan. 17.—(Special).—A Petrograd despatch to The Times says:

According to prisoners, the Austro-German retreat to the western bank of the Stripa was terrible. They had erected on a 20-mile front only two wooden bridges across which they might transport their artillery. The infantry forded the stream over treachtrous ice, which was flooded at many places, and retired under a ceaseless fire from the Russians.

Frightful Havoc

The Russian fire wrought frightful havoc. A single division took an entire day to cross, and just barely reached its destination.

Great masses of wounded remained on the eastern bank, and fully 2,000 unwounded men were captured by the Russians.

A sudden thaw in the Poliesie region caused the Austro-German transport and heavy guns to stick in the mire. They will be fortunate if they succeed in extricating themselves in time to save them from the Russian advance which is being conducted along the entire breadth of Poliesie.

The Austrian Claims

While the Russian War Office in despatches received on Sunday declares that the situation is unchanged on Russia's western front, the Austrians report that the Russians have resumed their offensive in eastern Galicia and Bessarabia, and after desperate fighting the Russians have suffered heavy losses.

Heavy Attacks

The Russians, it is claimed, attacked in columns twelve to fourteen lines deep, and made four to six attacks at some places, with disastrous results to themselves, leaving 1,000 dead in front of one brigade and losing 240 prisoners.

"The Austro-Hungarians have maintained all their positions," says the report, "and the Russians have not gained one inch of territory.

"Vienna territorials have repulsed superior Russian forces on the Karmin.

"Since the beginning of the battle the Austro-Hungarian forces of Generals Pflanzer, Baltin and Bothmer have taken 5,100 Russians, including thirty officers."

HOT LEMONADE AND WARM SLEEP STOP GRIP

Health Commissioner of New York City Sanctions Common Sense Preventitive Treatment For Influenza

How to keep from having the grip when everyone about you is suffering from this aggrevating disease and you are beginning to have the symptoms yourself—this is the question that has been uppermost in the mind of hundreds of thousands during the present epidemic.

In an attempt to answer it a representative of the New York Tribune interviewed a large number of prominent physicians and submitted to Health Commissioner Haven Emerson a summary of their advice. The latter put his official O. K. on the following treatment:

Take a cathartic.

"Then take a brief hot bath to warm up the body and start the blood running freely.

"Drink a large bowl of hot lemonade and go to bed early. Cover one's self thoroughly and warmly, even to an extra pillow to protect the head and ears, and get nine hours' sleep.

"If the trouble seems to be chiefly in the throat, wrap the neck in a wet woollen cloth covered by a dry woollen cloth."

The official qualified his recommendation as far as the hot bath part of the treatment is concerned, saying that none should do this unless they were very sure that they would be able to keep themselves perfectly warm during the night and the morning afterward.

"But the hot lemonade, the cathartic and the warm sleep stand as the official preventive for the dread disease which is adding from 10 per cent to 40 per cent. of the weekly death records in many parts of the country."

Commits Murder Then Suicides

(Canadian Press Special)

EAST BOLTON, Brome County Que., Jan. 17.—George Rakenreed, a German laborer, aged 45, living in a squalid cabin with Naomi Tennyson, aged 40, and her daughter, aged 12, killed the child on Sunday morning, and later slashed his own and the woman's throats, announcing his intention of making an end to everything. The Tennyson woman made an antemortem statement.

This is the third murder in this section in the past few weeks. Rakenreed had inflamed himself with whiskey purchased in Eastman on Saturday night.

Following the crime, the murderer and Mrs. Tennyson lay in the unwarmed shack for several hours before accidental assistance intervened, and both will probably die from pneumonia. All three came from the States several years ago.

Big Booze Battle For Ontario

"Wet" and Dry" Organizations in Fierce Preliminary Skirmishes

"DRYS" QUOTE KITCHENER

"Wets" Protest Against Campaign During the War—Both Use Name of Patriotism

TORONTO, Jan. 15.—The rival publicity campaigns now being waged by the Citizens' Committee of One Hundred and the Personal Liberty League of Ontario, are serving to stir up the otherwise dormant bear of politics in this Province.

Whether Old Man Ontario welcomes the diversion of his interest from his sons at war remains to be seen, but meanwhile the coffers of the big dailies are being enriched and the electorate amused by a very strenuous offensive which both sides have taken during the last three nights in the Toronto papers.

Each organization with a tremendous name is appealing to patriotism and the clash is naturally sharp and resonant. Says the latest half page advertisement of the Personal Liberty League of Ontario:

"And now at this critical time comes the Citizens' Committee of One Hundred with its campaign for total prohibition to divide us, to throw us into opposingg camps, and if possible force their will on this Province when many of the electors are fighting for the Empire in Europe.

"The Citizens' Commttiee of One Hundred realizes that the men who are fighting for the world's liberty on the battlefield of Europe would be fighting for the liberty of the individual if they were home."

It is not thought, however, that they are idle. In fact, it is known that the hosts are marshaling for the greatest temperance fight that Ontario has ever known. The old organizations, the Dominion Alliance for the total suppression, etc., and the Licensed Victuallers' Association, are not appearing in this campaign.

Perhaps there is a magic in new names and machines, both of the new organizations express great confidence in their ability to overawe the Legislative mind when it appears in Queen's Park not many weeks hence. It is prophesied that Ontario will forsake the quarrel over Bilingualism for a much more congenial and familiar fight over the giant Booze.

The most portentous fact in the political situation is that for the first time the Abolish-the-Bar forces are making an appeal primarily on patriotic grounds and that they apparently have enough funds to rival the trade in publicity and organization.

CA SUALTIES AMONG CANADIANS

OTTAWA, Jan. 16.—The following casualty list was issued today:—

1ST BATTALION.

Died, Jan. 5—G. N. Drake, Fonthill, Ont.

3RD BATTALION.

Suffering from shock—Sergt.. F. E. Slater, Belleville, Ont.

Wounded—M. Harris, Fort William, Ont.

4TH BATTALION.

Slightly wounded—R. A. Benton, Innisfail, Alta.

7TH BATTALION.

Wounded—G. V. Amiel, Vancouver, B.C.; J. Duncombe, Vancouver.

8TH BATTALION.

Seriously ill—A. Smith, Sherbrooke, Que.

Wounded—R. Gibson, FortWilliam.

10TH BATTALION.

Killed in action—W. S. Garbutt, Vancouver, B.C.

14TH BATTALION.

Seriously ill—D. Arsenault, Eel River, Que.

16TH BATTALION.

Wounded—A. J. Ferguson, Moose Jaw, Sask.

18TH BATTALION.

Wounded—V. MacLeod, Fredericton, N.B.

22ND BATTALION.

Wounded—G. Dugay, Campbellton, N.B.

24TH BATTALION.

Wounded—F. W. Shaw, Montreal.

26TH BATTALION.

Died of wounds Jan. 7.—L. G. Seely, St. John, N.B.

Wounded—W. H. Golden, St. John, N.B.

28TH BATTALION.

Killed in action—J. H. Montgomery, Winnipeg; K. S. Loucks, Winnipeg.

31ST BATTALION.

Suffering from shell concussion—Earl Gardiner, Calgary, Alta.

42ND BATTALION.

Dangerously wounded—Corp. J. H. Galbraith, Quebec..

ROYAL CANADIAN REGT.

Slightly wounded—F. C. Eldred, Vancouver, B.C.

3RD C. M. R.

Dangerously ill—Corp. H. G. Riddell, Edmonton.

No. 3 GENERAL HOSPITAL.

Seriously ill — Lieut.-Col. H. B. Yates, Montreal..

3RD FIELD CO'Y ENGINEERS

Wounded—Sapper A. Bird, Westboro', Ont.

LIEUT. L. A. JOHNSON'S DEATH.

Montreal, Jan. 16.—Lieut. Lacy Arthur Johnson of the Divisional Ammunition Column, whose death is recorded in tonight's casualty list, issued at Ottawa, was a son of the late Lieut.-Colonel Lacy R. Johnson, Montreal, welfare agent of the C.P.R. Lieut, Johnson, while in England just before leaving for France, married Miss Beatrice Eoran of Montreal, who is at present in London.

Extra Saturday Specials

JANUARY SALE
In Full Blast

Window Shades have advanced 25 per cent., but while our present stock lasts we will sell at the old prices.

Plain green and cream shades at .... 35c., ,or 3 for $1
No. 1 quality shades in green, cream and white, with insertion, at, each .... 50c.
Flannelette Blankets, double size ,at, pair $1.19
36-inch wide stripe Flannelettes, yard .... 8c.
10 yards White Flannelette for .... 79c.
40 inch wide Factory Cotton at, yard .... 8c.
Clearing Sale of Bed Comforters $1.19, $1.85, $1.98
Remnants of Dress Goods of all kinds, clearing at nearly **half price**

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

Special
. Shoe .
Values
CLEARING
SALE
Of
Men's Gunmetal and Patent Laced & Button Boots

English and High Toe Lasts, all sizes in the lot. Regular $5.00 and $6.00 values,

CLEARING $3.45

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY!

ADAMS
THE SHOEMAN

NOTICE

The officers and members of Quintena Rebekah Lodge 133, are requested to attend their meeting Tuesday evening, Jan. 18th, when the annual installation of officers will take place.
Eliza Ormond, Noble Grand.

◆

MUSIC & DRAMA

Daniel Frohman presents the screen favorite, Marguerite Clarke, in "The Pretty Sister of Jose", in 5 acts, also 2 good comedies will be shown in Scott's Theatre to-night and Tuesday. Large orchestra in attendance. Plan opens Wednesday for "Man Who Stayed at Home." 1t

For Mental and Physical Efficiency

there must be efficiency in digestion—but first, and more important, the food must possess sound nourishment.

In this respect no food supplies in more splendid proportion, all the nutritive elements of the field grains and is at the same time so fully processed for easy, quick digestion as

Grape=Nuts

This famous pure food, made of whole wheat and malted barley, retains the vital mineral salts of the grains—so lacking in many foods—but all-important in building brain, nerve and muscle.

There's a wonderful return of mental and physical vigor for the small tax upon the stomach in the digestion of Grape-Nuts.

"There's a Reason"

MADE IN CANADA. Sold by Grocers.
Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

Good evening. Are you in need of a new pair of boots? If so, it will pay you to purchase them now at Gorman's Clearance Sale. 1t

IN and ABOUT THE CITY

FORGOT HER EGGS

A basket containing eggs were on Saturday left at the police station for an owner, having been left with a party on the market who didn't know the owner. The hen fruit was subsequently found.

PTE. TAYLOR KILLED

According to a message received yesterday Pte. Taylor, son of Wilson Taylor, B.A., Professor of Mathematics, Hamilton, and brother of Professor Taylor of Albert College of this city, was killed in action in France.

PICTURES APPRECIATED

At Griffin's Opera House yesterday afternoon and evening, photo drama pictures of Creation were presented and were much appreciated by the spectators who witnessed same.

CALL FOR POLICE

Saturday night the police answered a call to a residence on Bettes street, it being reported a man was acting in a rather strange manner and had made an effort to enter a residence. The policeman who responded to the call was unable to discover any person about the premises or in the immediate vicinity.

LOOKING FOR DADDY

On Saturday afternoon a boy of tender years was found wandering about the street and was taken to the police station. Later it was ascertained his name was Dobson and his home on Church street. The child was loking for his daddy who has gone to war.

JOHN STREET JOTS

The annual business meeting of the congregation is fixed for Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

The Session meets this evening (Monday) at 7.30, and the Board of Management at 8 o'clock.

The ranks have been much depleted by La Grippe and kindred ills. Elders J. R. Massie, D. V. Sinclair and T. Givins are in the number and their presence much missed.

The Sunday School is planning a sleigh drive and supper for next week.

BIRTHDAY PARTY

Master Arthur Herity on Saturday evening at the residence of his mother, Mrs. Fred. Herity, Lewis street, entertained a number of his young companions at a birthday party. The young folks had a most delightful time and were well treated by their young host, who was the recipient of many useful gifts.

SLIPPED ON WALK

Mr. Chancey Ashley whilst proceeding to his home on Bridge street on Saturday evening, slipped and fell upon the icy sidewalk, sustaining painful injuries. The injuries were of such a nature as to compel him being taken home in an automobile. Fortunately upon examination no bones were broken, but the victim's back was somewhat injured.

Albert College Loses Student

Young Man of Twenty-Four Dies After Two Year's Study—Lived in Midland

A dark cloud, behind which there may be a silver lining, at present overshadows Albert College, owing to the fact that one of its popular and bright students will no more enter the halls or class room. On Saturday evening Mr. Charles E. Hopkins, whose home was at Midland, passed away after a brief illness. The cause of death was uraemia. Deceased, who was 24 yars of age, was born in Uxbridge Township, but had lived for some time in Midland. This was his second year at Albert, where he was beloved by his fellow students. He was an exceptionally clever young man and by his genial disposition made many friends, and his demise is sincerely regretted. The remains were prepared for burial and were today taken to his late home in Midland, being accompanied by his mother, brother and sister, all of whom arrived here too late to see their loved one alive.

Memorial Service

On Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the chapel in connection with the college an impressive memorial service was held, attended by the faculty and students of the institution. Rev. Dr. Baker, Principal, presided, and took part in the service as did also Revs. S. C. Moore, H. S. Osborne, and J. N. Clarry. A duet was most appropriately rendered by Professors Cameron and Staples, entitled "Beulah Land."

◆

Gorman's January Clearance Sale is now in full swing. Boot bargains for men, women and children. 1t

◆

Interesting Dates During Year 1916

1916 is Leap Year.
February has a day added.
May day comes on Monday.
Victoria Day will be on Wednesday.
Dominion Day comes on Saturday.
Good Friday falls on April 21st, and Easter Sunday on April 23rd.
Labor Day will be Sept. 4th, Monday
Christmas Day will be on Monday.
January will have 5 Sundays, so will April, July, October and December.
King George's Birthday, June 3rd. He commences the 7th year of his reign on May 9th.
There will be three eclipses of the sun and two of the moon. Most of the quintette will be invisible in Canada.

◆

DEATH ROLL

JOHN FELIX FOSTER

Mr. John Felix Foster, who died January, 2, 1916, at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Foster, 203 Raymond Ave., Bay City, Michigan, at the age of 28 years, was a former College Hill boy. He is survived by his wife, his parents and one sister, all of Bay City. His parents also formerly lived in this city.

MRS. E. McCORMICK

After a brief illness Mrs. Ernest McCormick passed away on Sunday evening at the family residence, 37 Dunbar street, Belleville. An attack of pneumonia was the cause of death. Deceased, whose maiden name was Alice Maud Empson, was the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Empson of Thurlow Township, where she was born 30 years ago. Mrs. McCormick was a lady who was highly esteemed by all who knew her and her demise has caused heartfelt sorrow amongst a large circle of relatives and friends. In addition to the husband a young son, Empson, aged 6 years survives, also the parents and three brothers, Herbert, Charles and Robert, all of Thurlow. To the bereaved will be extended the sincere sympathy of a host of friends.

ROYAL
YEAST CAKES
E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.
MADE IN CANADA
BEST YEAST IN THE WORLD
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

"Sergt. H. C. Kingston and his mother (nee Bessie Conger), were the guests of Mr. Jos. Templeton and Miss Templeton on Saturdaty. Sergt. Kingston belongs to the Imperial A. S. C. Mechanical Transport, Toronto, and expects to leave for England shortly. Sunday was spent by them with relatives of his father in Stirling and North Hastings, where the Kingstons are a well known and highly respected family.

ENGAGEMENT ANNOUNCED

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Agnew, "Rendenhall" announce the engagement of their daughter, Olive Browne, to Captain Richard Douglas Ponton, late of the 2nd Battalion, 1st Canadian Division, son of Lieut. Col. and Mrs. W. N. Ponton, "Sidney Cottage." The marriage will take place early in February

Attend Wims' January Sale. You can save 10 per cent on every purchase. This is a rare opportunity to save money, as the stock is all new and up to date. 1t

DEATHS

McCORMICK.—In Belleville on Sunday, January 16th, 1916, Alice Maud McCormick., aged 30 years, wife of Ernest McCormick.

The funeral will take place from the residence 37 Dunbar street, tomorrow (Tuesday) afternoon at 2.30 p.m. Services at 2 o'clock. Interment Belleville cemetery.

GIBSON—In Peterboro' on January 14th, Nellie Falconer, dearly beloved wife of Charles T. Gibson, in her 40th year.

The funeral will leave the residence of her sister, Mrs. C. DeLisle, 299 Foster avenue, on Tuesday, Jan. 18th at 2.30 p.m. Service at 2 o'clock. Interment, Belleville cemetery.

Now is your opportunity to got a nice calendar cheap. Geen is selling the balance of stock at half price.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Adress

KHAKI SERVICE AT TABERNACLE

Choir is Formed of Men in Uniform—Former Methodist Minister Offers Opening Prayer—Chaplain of 155th Read Lessons

The services at the Tabernacle Methodist Church in this city last evening were strictly of a military nature. In fact it was termed a Khaki Service. The choir gallery was filled with members of the 80th Battalion in uniform who were musically inclined, whilst others occupied seats about the pulpit. The service opened by the well known marching hymn, "Onward Christian Soldiers," followed by an opening prayer by Corporal Dickson of Coe Hill, who gave up his charge as a Methodist minister to enlist. Chaplain Ketterson of the 80th Battalion, read the lessons and also at the close of the service pronounced the benediction. During the service Lieuts. Stairs and W. H. Wrightmyer rendered appropriate solos in fine voice.

Rev. S. C. Moore, Pastor, gave a discourse which in the main was of a recruiting nature. His subject was "The Challenge of the War," and the the text was from St. Luke, xxii:36— . . . . . . "And he that hath no sword let him sell his garments and buy one."

In the course of his sermon the preacher said that this was our war and that it was a war for righteousness and home. That the Kaiser had an eye on Canada there was not the slightest doubt, but thanks to the British navy, of which we are justly proud, we are spared from an invasion by the foe. That Canada had given proof of her patriotism and love for the mother land could not be denied, but more men, and more men, and more ammunition were needed An appeal is being made for 500,000 men from Canada, and this was not asking too much from this country, considering its population. The question is, are we alive to the situation that confronts us and what it would mean if the enemy were victorious in this conflict? He would not like to think there were shirkers or slinkers in Canada. It is no more or less than a sacred duty to assist the Allies in this struggle, to assist in the defence of right, humanity righteousness and home. That Canadians who have gone to the front have done valiant service as witnessed at Langemarck and other places. For the unity of the Empire we fervently pray, but we must be prepared to pay the price to secure that peace, no matter what the sacrifice may be. It is sad to see our sons and loved ones go away over the sea, but it was sadder still to see shirkers in Canada when the call for help from the mother land comes. The Germans are making great sacrifices in defence of the fatherland and should we not make even greater sacrifices when we are defending such a cause in which we are engaged. We want peace, but only that peace which secures honor and integrity, justice, righteousness and love for God and mankind in general. This should come before safety first. God bless the soldier lads, and God comfort those who mourn. Those who have laid down their lives have not died in vain. Their blood calls loudly from the ground; it calls for a new and greater sacrifice. Enlist now, not only in the King's army for defence of our land, but in the army of the King of Kings and Lord of Lords. When peace finally comes what a greeting and welcome will be accorded those returning home. If some are called upon to make the final sacrifice their names will be memoralized for years to come.

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BAYSIDE L.O.L., No. 2349, ELECTS OFFICERS FOR 1916.

At the December meeting of L. O. L., No. 2349, Bayside, the following officers were elected for the year 1916:

David A. Parks—Wor. Master.
George B. Heagle—Deputy Master.
A. L. Burke—Chaplain.
W. H. Finkle—Rec. Secretary.
Lewis Wilson—Fin. Secretary.
Arthur Calnan—Treasurer.
Benson Bonisteel—Lecturer.
James Donaldson—Dir of Cer.
F. Reid—1st Committee.
Fred Jeffrey—2nd Committee.
Ernest Potter—3rd Committee.
Oliver Munnings—4th Committee.
Albert Finkle—5th Committee.

The officers were then duly installed by our Past Master, Wor. Bro. F. W. Wilson, who performed that duty in a very efficient manner.

◆

Wheat Not On The Free List

OTTAWA, Jan. 15.—Reports that the Government will put wheat on the free list, thus availing itself of the United States market under the American tariff legislation, are understood to be wholly unfounded.

They have probably arisen from the fact that J. G. Turriff, Liberal member for Assinaboia has placed in the order paper of the Commons a resolution declaring such action to be desirable.

The free wheat agitation was resumed in the West this year owing to the big crop, but little has been heard of it since the commandeering of wheat for the British Government and the probability of a similar market being secured overseas for the rest of the surplus crop.

So far as can be learned here, the arguments against free wheat as put forth in the Budget speech two years ago, still hold good. They were a reiteration of the Conservative policy in respect to reciprocity.

Try Our Saturday Special Chocolates 33c

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

To be fitted in proper style, let McFee make your glasses.

While our glasses are stylish, we do not make style the only or even the first consideration.

Style is combined with—but is secondary to utility.

Yet in making glasses for utility — which is THE ONLY reason for using them at all—style is not ignored

at

Angus McFee's

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

PICKLES
Gillard's Pickle Relish
Crosse & Blackwell's Sweet Pickle
Libby's Sweet Pickle
Heinz's Sweet Pickles
Lea's Sweet and Sour Pickle.
Pickled Walnuts — Chow Chow
Pickled White Onions — Girkins
Pickled Red Cabbage — Midgets
Pearl Onions
Libby's Pickles in sealers . . . 25c.
Pin Money Pickles . . . . . 25c.
Tomato Chutney Chili Sauce
Tomato Ketchup French Mustard

INDIAN CHUTNIES
Bombay, Bengal Club, Mango

SAUCES
Lea & Perrin's Worcestershire
Yorkshire Relish
H. P. Sauce
Brand's A1 Sauce
SoSyer's Sultana's Sauce
Harvey's Sauce
Montserrat L. J. Sauce
Bengal Chutney Sauce
C. & B. Mushroom Catsup
C. & B. Walnut Catsup
C. & B. Anchovy Sauce
McIlhenny's Tabasco Sauce
Pepper Sauce
Mint Sauce
French Capers
Onion Salt
Celery Salt

Have the Intelligencer sent to your Home Address

SINCLAIR'S **SINCLAIR'S**

Coat Clearance

We are offering at greatly reduced prices the balance of our stock of Ladies', Misses and Children's Coats. These Coats are all this season's best styles and at the prices marked are of exceptional value.

All Colored Cloth Coats in Ladies' and Misses' sizes, also to be cleared at 1-3 off regular prices.

The materials are all good qualities of Chinchilla, Whitney Cloth, Mixed Tweeds, Cheviots, Blanket Cloth and Frieze Cloth, in blue, brown, grey and mixed shades. Regular prices are from $10 to $27.50.. On sale at **1 3 off marked prices.**

Three only Ladies' Black Plush Coats in a beautiful quality of heavy plush. The regular price was $32.50. To clear at **$28.50.**

One only Girl's Black Plush Coat, size 16 ; regular price $25.00, to sell for **$20 00.**

Northway
GARMENTS

FLANNELETTE BLANKETS.

We are selling two special lines of Flannelette Blankets at reduced prices. Colors are white or grey, with pink or blue border.
10/4 sizes at $1.05. 11/4 sizes at $1.15.
Ibex Flannelette Blankets in white or grey.
10/4 size . . . . $1.25 pr.
11/4 size . . . . $1.50 pr.
12/4 size . . . . $1.75 pr.

KIMONO FLANNELS.

We have received about 20 patterns in American Kimono Flannels. These are in several combinations of two colors and the materials are of very good quality, being thick and warm. A splendid assortment to choose from at **15c. per yard.**

CHILDREN'S DRESSES.

A good assortment of styles in Children's Dresses in Serge, Bedford Cord and Velvet. Colors are navy, Copen, and brown, all well made, and neatly trimmed with braid and contrasting colors. Sizes 6 and 8 years. **Price, $3.00 each.**

Sinclair's STORE CLOSES SATURDAYS AT 7 P.M. **Sinclair's**

10 Per Cent Discount

Off the Whole Stock — Spools and Grey Cottons Excepted.

Housekeepers, Boarding-housekeepers, Hotelkeepers, should take advantage of this sale and secure a supply of—

TABLE LINENS
NAPKINS
TOWELS
TOWELINGS
SHEETINGS
TICKINGS
BLANKETS
QUILTS
COMFORTERS
SHIRTINGS

The Sale is now in Full Swing.

TERMS CASH

Wims & Co

HOBSON'S
PALATABLE
Epsom Salts

Easy to take
No Nasty Taste
No Nausea after taking

15c pkg.

Waters' DRUG STORE

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip

Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.

Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows.

F. W. L. CARRE

Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward counties.
Phone 366 276 Albert St., City

EYES BLUR
when reading?
If so; Glasses are needed to overcome the strain—let me help you.

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Eye-Sight Specialist

Hotpoint El Perco

El Perco

A PERFECT PERCOLATOR

Makes six cups of delicious coffee right at the table for less than one cent's worth of electricity. Attaches to any lamp socket and will commence percolating from cold water in 30 seconds.

LET US SHOW YOU ONE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Advertise in The Intelligencer

Letters From Belleville Boys At the Front

In June, 1915, the R. T. of T. Knitting Circle was organized and since then the members have knitted two hundred pairs of socks, and have also done considerable sewing.

On the 16th October last, a bale consisting of 125 pairs of socks, 22 night shirts, soap, candy, gum, and a quantity of hospital supplies, was sent to Miss Ethel Ridley, matron No. 2 Canadian Stationary Hospital at Le Touquet. Since then the hospital has been moved to Boulogne Base.

On November 24, 1915, the following letter was received by Mrs. H. J. Sharpe, Secretary of the Circle, from Miss Ridley:

Dear Mrs. Sharpe:—Thank you so much for your letter and certification of the bale you have sent. Miss Denmark, Miss Green and I appreciate greatly the interest that the people of Belleville have taken in No. 2 Canadian Stationary Hospital. We have received so many boxes at various times, containing all sorts of most useful things which have been the greatest assistance in our work. Your bale will not probably reach us for a long time yet, as cases are very much delayed in transport. However, I will let you know as soon as we do receive it.

We will be very pleased indeed to receive the stockings, or rather socks. I always try to keep the nice warm ones for the men who are going back to the Front. They do appreciate having an extra pair of clean dry socks.

It is dreadful to think that anyone would be base enough to sell the poor men socks that the women at home are denying themselves to provide.

It is kind of you to say that you would like some suggestions as to what we need. Mufflers and socks are very useful in the winter; candy and gum are enjoyed greatly by the patients; soap, bon ami, sappolio, Dutch cleanser, are more than welcomed by the Sisters; dish towels and dusters are also very useful.

Recently we have been moved from our place at Le Touquet, and now have a very much smaller hospital, so that really our needs are not quite so great as they once were.

When we had officers there were many things that would have been of great help, but we have no beds for officers here. Please don't judge from this statement that our enlisted men suffered, for everything we can do has always been done for them, and I think I may say they liked our hospital very much, but of course, a difference is made on account of rank which is only right and taken for granted.

Thanking you again, I am,

Yours most sincerely,
ETHEL B. RIDLEY,
Matron.

Friday another letter was received by the Secretary:

Dear Mrs. Sharpe:—Your parcel containing socks, shirts, gum, etc., came some few weeks ago. I waited instructions from Miss Ridley. She has given me permission to open the bale and use the contents for this hospital, which I was, of course, very glad to do.

Please accept our sincere thanks. We will find everything most useful. We use such tremendous quantities of all supplies. The socks are especially acceptable. Thanking you again, I am,

Sincerely yours,
ANNIE C. STRONG,
Matron.

No. 2 Can. Stat. Hospital,
Boulogne Base.

In addition to the above bale sent to No. 2 Can. Hospital, the R. T. of T. Circle supplied twelve pairs of socks for shipment sent by Mrs. C. J. Bowell direct to the trenches.

Also a few days ago parcels containing thirty pairs socks, two mufflers, pair gloves, candy, soap, etc., were mailed to Belleville boys in France.

The following letter has been received from Pte. P. A. Boland, by his mother:

Belgium, Dec. 25, 1915.

Dear Mother:—Just a few lines to let you know I am still alive and well. This is Xmas day. We are in the front lines but there is not much doing in the way of fighting. The Huns have hardly fired a shot to-day. Our boys are just waiting for them to start something. They, I mean the Huns, have never showed their heads above the trenches. A few stray bullets are about all they got from us. Last night we could hear them singing some kind of lingo. In return our chaps kept shouting to them that we were going to have turkey for dinner to-day. By the way our Xmas dinner consisted of beef-steak, plum pudding, cheese, jam and tea. Some class to us!

The weather over here is not so bad at present. If it wasn't for the mud we would just be fine. We are up to our necks in it. Still we don't mind it much after three months and a half. The boys are as hard as nails, although it is a hard old game. You never hear any of us kicking. We know it won't last for ever. As long as I am in good health I don't care.

Well, Mother, I think I told you I received all your boxes so far. The next time you send me a box I would like very much if you would put in some short-cake. You know the kind I mean, those home-made chaps. We are getting lots to eat over here, but the same thing day after day don't go very good. I spend nearly all my month's pay in food. There is a little store behind the lines where we order our groceries. They charge us eighty-five cents a dozen for eggs. That's going some, isnt' it?

Tell Kathleen I received her letter of December 1, also Minnie's card. I will write to you often, so cheer up! Better days are coming. I think I have told you all for this time. Give my love to all. I remain

Your son,
Pte. P. A. Boland.

SUNLIGHT SOAP

It bears the Seal of Purity 18

All over the world the name Sunlight stands for purity in Soap. Our $5,000 guarantee of Purity is something more than an advertisement. It marks the high standard we have set for ourselves to give you the best laundry soap it is possible to produce at any price.

Sunlight 5¢ Soap

WHAT WEAK WOMEN NEED

WE HAVE IT IN A REMEDY CONTAINING THE THREE OLDEST AND MOST FAMOUS TONICS KNOWN

Vinol contains the three oldest and most famous tonics known to medicine, viz.—the medicinal extractives of fresh cod livers, without oil, peptonate or iron and beef peptone.

That is why Vinol is such a wonderful remedy for weak, run-down persons, feeble old people, delicate children, and to restore strength after sickness. Read this testimony.

—Savannah, Ga. "I was weak, nervous, run-down, had no appetite, and could not sleep. I had tried medicines without any benefit, and one day the nurse asked me to try Vinol. I did so and it made me feel like a new woman. It has restored my strength and I can do all my own housework. I would not take anything for the good Vinol has done me." Sarah White.

We return money in every such case where Vinol fails to benefit the purchaser. J. S. McKeown, Druggist, Belleville, Ont.

HONOR ROLL

DECEMBER REPORT. S. S. No. 2. AMELIASBURG

Senior IV.—Cecil Hermon, Grace Kenny (absent).

Junior IV.—Gordon Kenny.

III.—Gerald Anderson, George Kenny, Sherman Babbit, Olive Reid, Clifford Hillman, Lorna Reid, Helen Herman, Edith Cassidy, Carrol Redner, Alice Wilder.

II.—Cecil Belnap, Uldene Babcock, George Lywood, Bernard Redner and Marks Reid, equal.

I.—Theadore Reid, Marguerite Thompkins, Keith Redner.

Primer—Helen Roblin, Charlie Kenny, Theadore Roblin, Frederick Hermon, Florence Wilder, Dorothy Moy, Marjory Redner.

S. L. Bateman, Teacher.

Lazy Livers Come from Lazy Living—sometimes from food follies that tax the overworked digestive organs. Get back to Nature by eating Shredded Wheat. It puts you on your feet when everything else fails. It supplies the muscular energy and mental alertness that put you in fine fettle for the day's work. Delicious for breakfast with milk or cream, or for luncheon with fruits. Made in Canada.

Women's $4.00 and $5.00 Boots only $2.90. Gorman's Clearance Sale. 1t

HAMS OF WESTPHALIA.

Processes by Which They Are Cured and Flavored.

The famous Westphalian hams, which are eaten without cooking, are cured by an elaborate process that has been worked out patiently and skillfully by generations of expert workmen.

After being rubbed thoroughly with a solution in which there are 100 pounds of salt to one pound of saltpeter, the hams are placed on cement floors, or in vats, and thickly strewn with salt. They lie under salt for two weeks and then pass to a vat that contains a 22 per cent solution of brine. They remain in that solution for eighteen days. Every day they are shifted in the vat; the hams on the bottom are brought to the top, and vice versa.

At the end of the eighteen days the hams are packed, one upon another, in a cool, dry cellar, where they remain for four weeks, in order to ripen—that is, to take on color and become tender. Then the salt is washed off with a stiff brush dipped in lukewarm water, and the hams are put to soak for twelve hours in fresh water. After that they are ready for the smokehouse.

The smokehouses are two or three stories high, with holes bored in the flooring. The fires are kindled on the ground floor, and the meat is hung on the second and third floors. The fires are made entirely of beech wood, but the workmen constantly throw juniper berries and juniper twigs on the embers. The fire burns brightly. It is checked with beech wood sawdust whenever it burns too briskly.

The smoking continues for about eight days. Under the ancient curing methods, however, the hams were often kept in the smoke rooms for six weeks, and it is by this latter method that the best hams are still made by the country folk of Westphalia.

WHAT A MAN READS.

It Is a Big Factor In Determining His Course of Life.

A certain low form of aquatic animal life anchors itself to a rock and feeds on whatever the current brings. The average man feeds his mind in much the same way. He falls into line for current amusements. He reads only current literature. He listens to what happens to go by. He makes but little systematic attempt to shut out the unfit or to put himself in line for the fit.

The result is a defective grade of human life that rarely elevates society and often degrades it. If a man would make the most of himself, and that is manifestly the supreme purpose for which he was put into the world, it is worth his while to do his daily work where unclean things, mental and physical, are not made common.

It makes a good deal of difference in the worth of the man today as to whether his reading last night was "Hamlet" and "Isaiah" or "The Other Man's Wife," whether he went to the art institute or the burlesque show. An ancient teacher of well balanced mind gave this direction to his disciples as to the topics to be selected for deliberate thought:

"Finally, my brethren, whatsoever things are true, whatsoever things are honorable, whatsoever things are just, whatsoever things are pure, whatsoever things are lovely, whatsoever things are of good report, if there be any virtue and if there be any praise, think on these things."

To think on these things one must see and hear these things. To see and hear these things one must make an effort to do so.

Sunlight and Vegetation.

The early rays of the sun exercise a more powerful effect in promoting rapid vegetation than the sun's light during the later hours of the day. The active little chlorophyll grains work faster and better in elaborating food for the plant under the action of the blue and yellow rays of the early morning than under the later violet and blue rays. Practical gardeners should make use of this fact by growing early produce as far as possible in a position where the plants will get the full benefit of the morning sun.—London Mail.

Siberia.

Siberia comprises 5,100,000 square miles, divided into the following regions: Western Siberia, comprising the governments of Tobolsk and Tomsk and the territories of Semipalatinsk, Akmolinsk and Semiryechshensk; eastern Siberia, the governments of Irkutsk and Yeniseisk and the territories of Transbaikal, Amur, Yakutsk, the littoral and one-half of the island of Sakhalin.

Not Mercenary.

Mr. Gottrox—My daughters, young man, are both worth their weight in gold.

Suitor—The fact that I am asking you for the smaller one proves, at any rate, that I am not mercenary.—Chicago News.

He Knew.

"Aren't you going to listen to the vox populi, Senator Headstrong?"

"Vox populi, nothin'! What have these here secret orders ever done for me?"—Buffalo Express.

Outclassed by a Long Shot.

Little Wifey—Did you tell Mr. Blinks that the baby had cut his first tooth?

Big Hubby—It's useless. He has a hen which laid fourteen eggs in six days.—Philadelphia Ledger.

An even disposition is the best pillow on the sea of life.

WINDING THE CLOCK.

Follow This System and You May Get More Accurate Time.

You cannot secure the best services from a good watch or clock unless you know how to wind them so as to cause the least wear and irregularity in their delicate machinery.

A watch should be wound at the same time every day. If allowed to run down or even almost do so and then wound up until it will not wind any further it cannot do as perfect work as a watch that is not allowed to run to its full capacity or wound up until it is as tight as it can be made.

If a watch is wound both morning and evening at about the same hour and the key is given only enough turns to wind it a little less than half what it could be wound the watch will run more evenly, wear much longer and keep more accurate time than if it is wound up tight once a day.

A watch spring will last longer if it is wound when there is the least extreme of temperature, and morning and evening are, of course, the best in that respect.

It is more or less dangerous to wind a watch during a heavy electric storm, and it is best to avoid winding while on an electric car.

An eight day clock should be wound twice a week at as regular periods as possible to secure the best results. Never allow the clock to run down, and if possible do not wind it until it is tight.

Learn by experience just how many turns of the key it takes to wind the clock to run eight days and then when half of the week is gone wind the clock by giving the key just half as many turns as it would require to wind it all the way. More accurate time will be had and it will avoid placing any of the parts in a strain, which is frequently the cause of good clocks giving out in some particular before they have served half as long as they should.

A little attention to this advice will lengthen the life of any watch or clock and make it a better timepiece.

A FAMOUS MISER.

Cooke Died Wealthy After a Life of Petty Saving and Trickery.

Thomas Cooke, known as the "Islington miser," left at his death more than $300,000. His whole life was one of penury, petty saving and petty trickery. He made it a habit in order to get meals for nothing to fall in a pretended fit in front of a house at dinner time and on recovering he would naturally be invited to share the meal, which he always did after the proper amount of protestation. Often he would pretend to these kind people that they had saved his life, would make a great fuss over them and tell them he intended to remember them or their children in his will.

One man, a poor relation, occasionally sent him small presents of butter. This angered Cooke, who said to him: "Why send me such driblets, you who are to get thousands and thousands at my death? Send me a firkin." The firkin and several more were sent, but neither this legacy nor any of the others came to reality.

Like many men shrewd in petty ways, he was easily deceived in matters out of his own line. Thus once when his horse was sick he was too mean to pay a horse doctor and asked advice of a quack, who told him he must take thirty onions, drill a hole through each, put them on a string, put the necklace around the horse's neck and let it stay there. The expense of thirty onions was too much; he bought fifteen, and when, after many days, they had served their purpose, he took them to the servant and ordered her to make an onion porridge for the day's dinner.—Exchange.

Homemade Toothpowder.

An effective tooth powder which can be always recommended is made as follows: One ounce of precipitated chalk, half an ounce of carbonate of soda, half an ounce of powdered orris root. Mix well together and pass three times through a sieve. Place in a bottle or in tins until required for use. The carbonate of soda removes the grease from the teeth and prevents decay, and the powdered orris root keeps the gums healthy.

Proof In Hand.

"Those fish will cost you just $10 apiece," said the fish warden as he caught a disciple of Izaak Walton pursuing his sport out of season.

"Great!" exclaimed the fisherman, handing over the money. "Give me a receipt, please. Now the boys will have to believe me when I tell them what I caught."
patch

Widow With Live Husband.

When an otherwise industrious, God fearing and considerate head of a family makes up his mind to go in for politics his wife would just as well make up her mind that she is going to have a touch of the experience of being a widow with a live husband.

Willing to Be Studied.

"What is that class of girls doing?"

"Studying fossils."

"Well, I used to object to being called one, but I guess I'll own up to it now."

And Tie a Ribbon on the Shovel.

Mrs. Youngbride (to hired girl)—Next Mary, you'd better scrub out the bottom of the coal bin. The coal is coming to day.—Boston Transcript.

We've often wondered if the boob who crashes into us on the dancing floor and then bellows, "Beg pardon," thinks for a minute that makes us hate him any the less.

January Shoe Bargains

50 Pairs of Ladies' DOROTHY DODD $5.00 Shoes for $3.25

Patent in Button Black Cloth Tops, sizes 2½ to 5.
Gun Metal in Button and Laced Styles, sizes 2½ to 5.

Secure a Pair at Once
Before they are sold out.

Several other Lots at Great Bargains
to Clear before Stock-Taking.

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros. January Clearance Sale

Enters the Third Week with Bigger and Better Bargains than ever.

Newspaper announcements can't keep pace with the many bargains that will be put out on the counters all this week; consequently you can't afford to miss one day of this great sale.

Here are a few special offers:—

CHILDREN'S COATS FOR WINTER that will keep the kiddies warm. Colors, navy blue and red Fur Fabric, trimmed with belt; a very serviceable and warm coat, clearing at $2.39. Regular $3.50 value. Others clearing at $2.69 for larger kiddies.

Kiddies' Bear Cloth Coats, tan color, suitable for children from 2 up to 6 years; clearing at .... $2.98 up to $3.98

Children's Sweater Coats, regular up to $1.25 values, clearing at .... 85c.

Children's Toques, great values, clearing at 25c. up to 50c.

Girls' Sweaters, a few clearing at only $1.49. Regular $2.25 values.

McIntosh Bros

PERSIAN LAMB

We have never before been better prepared to meet the season's demand for high class Persian Lamb garments, than at present.

Why not get prices on having your Persian Jacket repaired, remodelled or lengthened? We have skins to match every coat.

G. T. WOODLEY,
Phone 421. 273 Front St.

The Standard Bank of Canada.

Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.

GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.
Toronto, 28th December, 1915.

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch - - - JOHN ELLIOTT - - - Manager.

THE PURCHASE of one thousand dollars worth of goods from your own town or your own country, instead of purchasing outside, means the addition of one person to your town or your country instead of supporting him abroad.

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, 227 Front Street.
CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $2.00, strictly in advance.

This is the 532nd day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany

DARED BY MEXICO.

There are three excellent reasons why the United States should recognize the timeliness for intervention in Mexican affairs.

The first—and perhaps the most popular reason—is the natural resentment occasioned by the wholesale killing of Americans, the spirit of killing and the taunting message of the Villaists that they are bent upon a war of extermination.

This latest atrocity has stirred Canada more than usual because of the fact that a Canadian was also among the killed.

The second — and perhaps the least worthy of the three—is the fact that millions of dollars' worth of American, English and German properties are in need of protection such as only the American nation can give, with present world-wide conditions.

The third—and we reason the best of all, certainly the highest ground we may choose—is best summed up in the lamented McKinley's justification of the American policy in Cuba:

"It should be our duty to assist in every proper way to build up the waste places, encourage the industry of the peopleand assist them to form a government which shall be free and independent. There must be no thought of conquest or of permanent American overlordship."

This we believe about agrees with the common sentiment of the American nation.

President Wilson is playing politics and is basing his hope upon his record as a "Peace President," and to take a hand in the Mexican affair would take away his only hope of re-election.

The whole idea is quite obvious —and the politics contemptible.

Vote-catching as usual stands in the way of Americanism.

STAGE FAVORITES.

We all have our especial favorites, and this is as true on the stage as it is in private life. You may like Mansfield; you may like Mantell, but every man has his favorites. Even critics are quite likely to be influenced by particular favorites.

Johnson Marshall, the great dramatic critic, one time sat in his dress circle seat, and next to him was his old friend Grey.

"What do you think of her?" asked Grey, who greatly admired the opinions of his friend.

"Rotten," said Marshall, promptly; "she doesn't even know the very element of elocution, and her exit in that second act was a tragedy. She went off as if she had a bulldog after her; now, didn't she? The part requires more repose of manner."

The party was a great success, and the hostess felt quite satisfied as she sat chatting to Johnson Marshall.

"I've got that new little actress coming along," she said, "Miss Verbena Folely. She ought to be here."

When Verbena Foley was shown in, her hostess introduced her to Marshall.

"Pleased to meet you," she said. "Thanks for your tip. I try to get off the stage gracefully now. I really was so nervous the first night, you know."

"I was a little severe, perhaps," he admitted.

"Not at all," she said promptly. "Your notice helped me. Everyone says I am much better in the part now. Come and see the show again tomorrow, will you?"

Now it had always been Mr. Marshall's boast that he never went to see a play a second time, but Miss Foley leant close to him, and Miss Foley was even prettier close to than on the stage, which is unusual.

"Well, if I've time," he said indulgently.

And so, Mr. Marshall toppled and fell.

It was the first night of a new comedy, and once again Mr. Marshall sat beside his friend Grey.

"It's a funny play," said Grey at last.

"Rather," said Marshall. "Perfectly delightful."

"You used not to care for Miss Foley's acting, did you?" Grey murmured. "I'm afraid she —"

"The finest actress on the English stage, bar none," said Marshall imperiously.

Grey looked at him curiously.

"I thought you never reversed your judgments, Marshall? Your notice of her in the other play—"

"She has improved," said Marshall positively, and with the air of one who will not admit of contradiction.

Grey has lost all respect for Marshall as a critic. He thinks a critic ought not to be human. Marshall is very human.

Nobody knows it better than Miss Foley, either.

As arule most of us are human, and although we try to be impartial, seldom do we succeed. Milton was supposed to be above flattery, yet when a friend told him that he had that reputation, Milton smiled as he responded "Is that so?"

PAPEN'S PAPERS.

There was good reason why Captain von Papen became so frantic over the seizure of his correspondence by the British authorities at Falmouth. The papers taken contain records of large payments of money, apparently to secret agents for unlawful acts.

The most conspicuous memorandum is a payment of $700 to Werner Van Horn, who for nearly a year has been held in custody while the United States authorities have been trying to decide what to do with him for blowing up the Vanceboro bridge. Van Horn's counsel triumphantly exclaims that this was a military act and that he cannot be punished for it.

If so, it was an act of war against the Government of the United States, for which both Van Horn and the German Government should be held to account.

* * *

Remember the big game tonight.

Kingsbeer
"Club Special" & "Home Brew"
The Best Two Lagers Made in Canada
Consumers who cannot purchase KINGSBEER from their local dealer please address "Mail Order Department, 36 Chaboillez Square, Montreal."

Real Winter has apparently arrived.

Had la grippe yet?

Sam Hughes; Col. Sam Hughes; Honorable Col. Sam Hughes; Maj.-General Sam Hughes; Maj.-Gen. Sir Sam Hughes; still "Sam" Hughes.

Germany now threatens Britain with reprisals. At on time Britain was to be conquered.

The Poets' Corner

Get Into The Boosting Business

Do you know there's lots of people
Sitting 'round most every town,
Growling like a broody chicken,
Knocking every good thing down?
Don't be that kind of cattle,
'Cause they ain't no use on earth,
But just be a booster rooster,
Crow and boost for all you're worth.

If your town needs boostin boost her—
Don't hold back and wait to see
If some other fellow's willin—
Sail right in, this country's free,
No one's got a mortgage on it,
It's just yours as much as his;
If your town is shy of boosters,
You get in the boostin' biz.

If things don't seem to suit you
An' the world seems kinder wrong,
What's the matter with a boostin'
Just to help the thing along?
'Cause if things should stop a-goin,
We'd be in a sorry plight.
You just keep the horn a-blowin!
Boost her up with all your might.

If you see some fellow tryin'
For to make some project go,
An' you can boost it up a trifle,
That's your cue to let him know
That you're not going to knock it,
But that you're going to boost a little
'Cause he's got the best thing out.

Current Comment

Armand the Adorable.

Let Armand Lavergne, M.P.P., invite prosecution for high treason to the British Empire. The invitation will not be accepted, inasmuch as Armand the Adorable is only chargeable with high treason to the French-Canadian race.

Why should Armand Lavergne, M.P.P., strut and pose, and talk in the heroic guise of a traitor when Mr. Lavergne is only fitted to serve as a valet or barber to a real traitor?—Toronto Telegram.

Tories in Khaki.

General Sir Sam Hughes saw several of the members of parliament in khaki on the opening day of the session, so he rounded them up and told them about a fine recruiting meeting he was going to hold at Prescott. In his own nice way he ordered them to accompany him, and they all went to Prescott last night. It so happens that the members in khaki are all Conservatives. There are six of them: George H. Bradbury, an old Ottawa boy, Gerald V. White, a Pembroke boy, Dugald Stewart, H. B. Tremain, W. Ross Smyth, and George W. Fowler.—Ottawa Journal.

GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From The Daily Intelligencer, Jan. 17
1868

A fire consumed the barn of Mr. Thomas Oddie, 6th concession Seymour. One span of horses and a young colt perished in the flames.

The people of St. Thomas and St John's, West Indies, have voted for annexation to the United States. The vote was 1244 to 22.

Robbers entered the house of John Benninghoff, Titusville, Pa., and stole the sum of $100,000.

Keir Hardie's Rough Attire.

James Keir Hardie, the British labor leader, never relinquished his working class garb, and many were the occasions when his rough attire led to mistakes on the part of others. One story is that Keir Hardie, then many years an M. P., was challenged by a policeman outside the house of commons. The officer asked Mr. Hardie if he was working there. "Yes." "On the roof?" (which was undergoing repair). "No," answered the leader of the Independent Labor party, "on the floor." Another time a landlady refused to let him have rooms until he gave references. He looked too rough. The good woman was astonished when Mr. Hardie named a number of the most prominent men in parliament. He was arrested in Belgium once on suspicion of being in collusion with a notorious anarchist whom the police had detained. The Belgian police never could understand why a British M. P. was not elaborately attired.

How to Slay a Grudge.

"I forgave you once, and I won't forgive you again." This is what we heard one brother say to another who had unwittingly broken his chisel for the second time. He would not listen to an explanation. "You shall not use another of my tools," he continued. The next day he wanted to borrow a book from that brother. But before he asked for it he remembered he had said he would not lend his tools any more. He said to himself: "Well, I don't care if I did. He owes me something for breaking the tool, so I will just ask for the book." And he did. "Certainly you can have it and keep it as long as you want it," replied the brother without one bit of grudge in his heart. The effect was good, for the very next day he asked his brother to go with him into the tool room, and there he said, "You can use any of them if you wish, only please be careful not to break them." The grudge had disappeared.—Christian Herald.

MILITARY STRATEGY.

Retreating Through a City Is Disastrous to an Army.

If you suffer defeat in front of a great town and have to retreat through it under the blows of the victorious enemy you are in the worst possible position for conducting that retreat. The streets of the town (but few of which will run parallel to your course and can, therefore, serve as avenues of escape for your army) are so many defiles in which your columns will get hopelessly congested. The operation may be compared to the pouring of too much liquid into a funnel which has too small an orifice. Masses of your transport will remain clogged outside the place. You will run the risk of a partial and perhaps of a complete disaster as the enemy presses on.

There is very much more than this. A great town cannot but contain, if you have long occupied it, the material of your organization. You will probably abandon documents which the enemy should not see. You will certainly, in the pressure of such a flight, lose accumulated stores. Again, the transverse streets are so many points of "leakage" into which your congested columns will bulge out and get confused. Again, you will be almost necessarily dealing with the complications of a mass of civilian conditions which should never be allowed to interrupt a military operation.

In general, to fight in front of a great town when the chances are against you is as great an error as to fight in front of a marsh with few causeways. So far as mere topography is concerned, it is a greater error still.—From "The Elements of the Great War," by Hilaire Belloc.

Seville Nights.

In all the principal places and gardens of Seville moving picture screens are erected and small tables and chairs set out, the exhibitors either making their profits from the drinks sold or by rental of chairs at 2 cents each. Thousands of people go nightly, to the different plazas and gardens, and the entire life of the city for about four months centers around these moving picture shows.

Leakage In Steam Pipes.

To make a permanent cement for stopping leakage in steam pipes where caulking or plugging is impossible, mix black oxide of manganese and raw linseed oil, using enough oil with the manganese to bring it to a thick paste. Apply to the pipe or joint at leak. If the pipe be kept sufficiently warm to absorb the oil from the manganese, in twenty-four hours the cement will be as hard as the iron pipe.

The Happy Mean.

"Why does Miss Oldgirl wear such exceedingly youthful costumes? She doesn't expect, does she, any one will believe her as young as all that?"

"Oh, no, but she hopes the observer will strike an average between her age and that of her apparel."

Ribbon of the Garter.

The dark blue ribbon now worn by the Knights of the Garter was changed to its present shade from one much lighter in tone in the year 1622. The pictures of Charles I. by Vandyke always show the lighter shade.—London Mail.

Putting the Blame on Noah.

A tablet believed to be 4,000 or 5,000 years old and to antedate the book of Genesis by 1,000 years sets forth, according to the translation of Dr. Steven Langdon of Oxford university, England, that it was Noah and not Adam and Eve who brought about the fall of man. Noah was commanded not to eat of the cassia tree in the garden of paradise, the translation has it, and when he disobeyed the curse of ill health and an early death instead of a life span of 50,000 years like that of his ancestors, fell on him. According to Babylonian and Sumerian accounts, the flood occurred about 35,000 years before Christ, and the period between that catastrophe and creation—432,000 years—was filled in by ten kings, so that each must have ruled something like 43,200 years. The comparatively short reigns of later kings is explained as being the result of Noah's sin in eating of the cassia tree.

Legend of the Pearl.

The ancient inhabitants of India had a very pretty superstition concerning the origin of pearls. They believed that at certain seasons Buddha showered dewdrops upon the world, which the oyster, floating on the waters to breathe, received and held until they hardened and became pearls.

Business and Pleasure.

"We want to keep business out of politics," said the reformer.

"Well," replied Senator Sorghum, "you've taken all the pleasure out of it. If you take all the business out of it, too, I don't see what's going to be left."

Social Aspirations.

"She likes publicity, eh?"

"Does she? Why, she thinks the society column ought to make an item of it when she gives a little breakfast to a tramp.

Retort Courteous.

She—I never helped you to make a fool of yourself. He—You didn't? Didn't you marry me?

The love of beauty is taste; the creation of beauty is art

Many a man asks questions merely for an excuse to answer them himself.

Every man favors honest government as long as it doesn't interfere with his interests.

CARE OF GOOD CLOTHES.

The Finer the Stuff the More Watchful One Should Be.

It is a very common mistake to believe that good materials, whether of cotton, silk or wool, need less care than cheap ones. How often does one complain of the lack of wearing quality in a garment for which a big price has been paid. Yet, most frequently, what has worn out the fabric has not been actual use, but the neglect it has suffered.

One of the principal differences between good and cheap materials is that the better grades are finer spun. This may mean that the fabric is stronger and, in proportion to the uses to which it is put, may wear longer, but it also means that each tiny thread by itself is weaker and more apt to injury. Anything which may attack the threads one by one, therefore, does more harm with fine goods than with coarse.

No matter how careful one may try to be, clothes that one wears gradually get a trifle of the grease from the perspiration of the body. In spite of constant watching clothes will become dusty. This combination of dust and body moisture forms a regular breeding ground for tiny little vegetable growths. These are so small that it takes the most powerful microscope even to see them.

In themselves these bacteria do but little harm, but many of them set free an acid which eats into the fiber of the material. If the individual fiber is coarse the deposit of the acid upon it is not enough to eat all the way through, but if it is sheer or woven of fine threads one by one the threads are eaten through and the texture weakened.

Good clothing, instead of being kept shut away in boxes and drawers, should be constantly aired and shaken. The finer the material the more often should it be looked after. A coarse piece of goods will wear out by using, a fine piece by being laid away

Finance.

"Hello, Bilkins. How well you look! All your worries gone up in smoke?" said Slithers joyously.

"Yes, Slithers," said Bilkins, "I've got a great load off my mind. I've just been able to borrow enough money to pay off all my debts."

Cutting Combs.

Combs are always cut out in pairs. The spaces left between the teeth of one comb serve to form the teeth of the other, so that in shaping one comb two are really made.

Suspicious.

Friend—So this is one of your jokes, is it? Ha, ha, ha! Humorist (testily) —Well, what are you laughing at, anyhow? Isn't it a good one?—Passing Show.

What Might Happen.

He—Yes, I am still single. She—But you intend to marry some day, do you not? He—I do unless some woman changes my mind

Judgment Days.

The world is full of judgment days, and into every assembly that a man enters, in every action he attempts he is gauged and stamped.—Emerson.

His Sole Merit.

"You're a brute!" wrathfully exclaimed Mrs. Wrangle. "I know a thousand reasons why I'd hate to be you and only one reason why I'd like to be you."

"What is that one reason, madam?" frigidly demanded Mr. Wrangle.

"Because, sir, you have a good wife," she fired back at him.—

Unkind.

"I understand he inherited a fortune?"

"Yes; he was his rich uncle's only heir."

"I thought so."

"What do you mean?"

"Nobody who had more than one heir to choose from would have picked him to leave all his money to."

The Fault of Ridicule.

There is no character, howsoever good and fine, but it can be destroyed by ridicule, howsoever poor and witless. Observe the ass, for instance. His character is about perfect, he is the choicest spirit among all the humbler animals, yet see what ridicule has brought him to. Instead of feeling complimented when we are called an ass we are left in doubt.—Mark Twain.

Military Spies.

One of the ingenious ideas of modern war strategy is to utilize artist skill in making a drawing of a fortification without betraying its purport on the surface. The spy makes a drawing which appears to be an ordinary landscape. If caught with it he might pose with comparative safety as an artist who had been sketching for pleasure and was entirely ignorant of the existence of any fort and its surroundings.

Interpreted according to a secret code, however, the picture reveals to the spy's government a fairly complete plan of a fort. This is indicated by the character and position of details. One kind of tree represents an armored gun turret. A bush is an observation turret. Other forms of trees are gun positions, a couple of gates are entrances to the fort, a piece of fencing is a barbed wire entanglement, lines of bushes are ditches, and so on.

EAST INDIAN IDOLS.

Some That Are Guarded and Saluted by British Troops.

In India a British guard of honor presents arms to a stone tiger every day. The tiger is regarded by the natives as a god who drives away all danger and calamity, and once some soldiers, in a spirit of mischief, overthrew the image from its resting place and sent it rolling into the valley below.

So snocked and scandalized were the natives that a revolt seemed imminent, and Lord Combermere quieted the outraged natives by restoring the image to its pedestal and ordering the regiment to salute it in full view of all. Since that time a British troop has kept watch over the tiger idol day by day.

Another Indian idol which is watched over by the British is the god whose name is Kiak Kiak, equivalent to "Lord of Lords," which is supposed to be asleep for 6,000 years and whose awakening will be the end of all things.

Hence the natives of the city of Pegu, in Burma, are terribly afraid that some one will arouse the god, so the British government, to avert trouble, stationed a sentry there to prevent this catastrophe.

Once a year a strange custom is observed in Cairo. A piece of carpet on which, according to tradition, Mahomet once sat and which is the most famous sacred relic of Islam, is carried through the streets, and the khedive and his troops all receive it in review order and salute it as they pass. The relic is guarded most carefully at ordinary times, and the officer in charge of it each morning must salute it with his sword raised, while the bugler blows three blasts before it. —Exchange.

Perpetual Motion.

Several people have had a shot at making something that would go on forever, like Tennyson's brook. And these have not all been cranks. A mechanician, for instance, made a top, which was balanced on diamond tips and spun in a vacuum, which ran for twelve months.

A Swiss watchmaker has invented an electric watch which will go for fifteen years without requiring to be rewound.

A watch and clock maker of Burton had in his possession an electric clock of his own making which has already gone twelve years and has never failed to record the time during that period, although it has never been rewound. He claims that the mechanism will last fifty years and that he would not be surprised if the clock ran uninterruptedly for a century.

Of course the possibilities of radioactivity are today only dimly known, but they may yet revolutionize all our notions of motion and energy and put even electricity out of court.

The Explanation.

"My dear," said Mr. Hemmandhaw, "I hope you are not planning to buy a lot of new furniture."

"I am not," replied Mrs. Hemmandhaw, "and I don't know what gives you the idea."

"This shopping list gives me the idea."

"What shopping list?"

"On this paper which I just picked up off the floor are written 'wash stand, parlor chairs, dining room table, writing desk, refrigerator, piano stool, pedestal, stepladder, cedar chest, music cabinet and garbage can.'"

"Oh, that is just a record I was keeping of the things the baby has fallen from this week.

How Climate Has Changed.

In Switzerland a mean temperature equal to that of north Africa at the present time is shown by its fossil flora to have prevailed during the miocene or middle tertiary epoch. Anthropoid apes lived in Germany and France; fig and cinnamon trees flourished at Danzig; in Greenland, up to 70 degrees of latitude, magnolias bloomed and vines ripened their fruit, while in Spitzbergen and even in Grinnell Land, within little more than 8 degrees of the pole, swamp cypresses and walnuts, cedars, limes, planes and poplars grew freely, water lilies covered over standing pools and irises lifted their tall heads by the margins of streams and river.

Sand Swept Asia.

In the arid lands of central Asia the air is reported as often laden with fine detritus, which drifts like snow around conspicuous objects and tends to bury them in a dust drift. Even when there is no apparent wind the air is described as thick with fine dust, and a yellow sediment covers everything. In Khotan this dust sometimes so obscures the sun that at midday one cannot see to read fine print without a lamp.

Where Scotland Joins England.

The width of the island of Great Britain at the point of contact between England and Scotland is about sixty miles. The river Tweed divides the two countries for a few miles at the east, and the Cheviot hills serve as a boundary for the greater part of the rest of the distance.

Quite So.

"Here somebody says that electric currents can be made to take the place of food in sustaining life."

"What a shocking theory!"

I count life just the stuff to try the soul's strength on.—Browning.

SHRAPNEL SHELLS.

Various Types In Use and the Mass of Bullets They Carry.

Most nations are agreed that the three inch shrapnel is the most effective for killing men in modern warfare. The three inch type, which is almost universally used, contains from 210 to 360 half inch lead bullets, bunched together in the front part of the shell. A time fuse, which is made with the accuracy of a watch, is graduated in seconds and is set to explode at a given range as determined by the artillerymen.

The velocity of the shell may be gathered from the fact that it travels a mile in four seconds and within a quarter of a minute is four miles from the mouth of the gun. At any time during this rapid flight the shell can be made to explode with marvelous precision and deadly effectiveness, driving its bullets in a cone shaped shower down on the heads of the enemy.

A remarkable fact regarding these shells is that the velocity of the bullets when the shell explodes exceeds the velocity of the shell at the time of the explosion by from 250 to 300 feet per second, the bullets of a bursting shell covering a zone about thirty yards wide and 250 yards long.

Shrapnel shells used by different governments at the present time all operate on the same principle, but differ somewhat as to size and the arrangements of the fuse.—Pearson's Weekly.

Belgrade.

Belgrade, the capital of the kingdom of Servia, has gradually, for many years past, been losing its old Turkish aspect, becoming more modern, more European. The history of the city for nearly 1,000 years has been one of continual contests. The walls have disappeared since 1862; the last and finest of the five gates was demolished in 1868, and the citadel is not up to the requirements of modern warfare. The manufactures of Belgrade consist of arms, cutlery, saddlery, silk goods, carpets, etc. The chief buildings in the city are the royal and episcopal palaces, the government houses, the cathedral, barracks, bazaars, national theater and various educational institutions. The population is about 70,000.

What Interested Her.

Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, discussing the divorce evil, on one occasion said: "Love is the best foundation for marriage, of course. But common sense keeps it cool, and cool things, of course, keep the best. But selfishness kills all—and some married people are as selfish as the lady to whom the palmist said, 'These lines, alas, tell me that you are destined to wear widow's weeds.' 'Oh, dear me!' said the lady. 'For how long?'"

Strength of Oysters.

If a man, in proportion, had the strength of an oyster he could lift a locomotive with ease. With the muscles with which an oyster of good size holds its shell closed a weight of thirty-five pounds can be supported. A weight of more than six pounds is required to force apart the shell of a common mussel, and in the Mediterranean a clam exists that will support nearly 500 times its own weight—equivalent to a 150 pound man supporting more than thirty-six tons. These interesting facts have been brought to light by a series of experiments and investigations conducted by Felix Plateau, a Belgian scientist. Dr. Plateau has been measuring at the same time the strength of insects. Harnessed to a delicate weighing machine of special construction, the insects were prodded into attempts to escape while weights were added until any forward movement was rendered impossible. By such means the investigator learned, among other curious facts, that a bee, weight for weight, is thirty times as strong as a horse

Pink Pearls.

One of the most important industries of the Bahama islands is the gathering of pink pearls. It is the only place in the world where these pearls are found. They are not taken from the oyster shell, but from a shell resembling a large snail shell, called a "conch." These pearls when perfect bring very high prices.

Getting In Trim.

"You're going to the gymnasium pretty regular now, aren't you?"

"Yes. Bill Hawkins called me a liar three months ago, and in about three months more I'll be ready to tell him he's another."

Bull Fight Whistles.

Nearly every spectator at a Spanish bullfight carries a whistle, which he blows if he considers a toreador to have broken any of the rules of the "game."

Enforced Truthfulness.

Blobbs—Wigwag is the most truthful man I know. Slobbs—Yes. Wigwag has such a bad memory he has to stick to the truth.

The Member for Calais.

There was a time when Calais was represented in the English parliament. It was in the reign of Henry VIII. that Calais was granted the right to send its representative to Westminster, and the names of some of its members have been preserved. Its last sitting member, for instance, was one Edmund Peyton, alderman of Calais.—London Standard.

BERLIN, Jan. 15.—The Austrian official report dated Friday was received here today. It says: On the Bessarabian front the Russians have again attempted to break through near Toporarutz and east of Rariucze. Five great attacks have failed. Since the beginning of the battle in the east in Galicia and Bessarabia, the Austro-Hungarian forces of Generals Pflanzer, Baltin and Bothmer have taken 5,000 Russians including thirty officers. The Austro-Hungarian patrols routed the Russian Field Guards near Karpilovka. Montenegrin troops are in retreat in the south and west directions and are pursued by Austrians.

"Truth Dexter"

By

SIDNEY McCALL

CHAPTER XXX—Continued.

Truth lay on her bed, pale as the last honeysuckles that crowded at her window, and more sweet. The physician was long gone, and the siege of pain forgotten in the first mother's ecstatic cry, "I have gotten a man from the Lord!"

Aunt Big Mary, being celebrated for skill and knowledge in such crises, had been transferred from kitchen to sick-room, and now sat, small in person but imposing in dignity, by the low fire of pine-knots. A greenish concoction in a small granite saucepan simmered on the hearth, and gave out a pleasant odor of herbs, which mingled in natural affinity with other prevalent and characteristic smells—soap, damp flannel, and violet-powder. Truth's eyes had been carefully shielded from the fire, but they did not need external light. They were fixed, as it were, upon some vision of rapture dawning for her alone; a heavenly smile was set on her lips, and she seemed to listen to music. Indeed any intent ear could have heard the sound, a weak, thin, irregular breathing that rose from a cocoon of white flannel close against her arm. What a sound is that! Not all the trumpeting of earth's victorious armies is more mighty, or the song of dying violets more sweet! The first cry may torture and tear the heart with memories of a thousand vanished pangs of motherhood; but the rythym of the sweet, consenting sleep that follows—that is the true music of the spheres!

Mrs. Dexter entered on tip toe, closing the door with painful care. Unsoftened by the precaution Big Mary frowned, and lifted a threatening hand. Her beady eyes expressed a question. Mrs. Dexter must have understood, for she nodded.

The nurse stooped for one more stir to her concoction on the hearth, then walked toward the bed, Mrs. Dexter following meekly, and stood scowling importantly upon her charges.

"How is you now, Miss Troof?" she demanded, with a sort of suppressed ferocity that would have daunted the uninitiated.

"I never felt better in my life!" said Truth. "I am dying to take him down into the garden this minute and show him to the roses."

The cocoon stirred, groaned, and then sneezed, as if in indignation. "Bress his heart!" cried the nurse, her stately manner melting like wax before that sound, "did dey talk about takin' hit into de cold world, an' hit skeercely rested from Heaven? Nebber min'! Hit's mammy will look after her lamb!" She turned the bundle over to the other side, Truth watching the operation with a distressed frown. "I ain't calkerlatin' ter have one side er its head like a climbin' squash an' de yother like a hive o' bees, ef you an' Miss Dolly is," she said indignantly, in answer to the frown.

Mrs. Dexter waited to hear no more, but stole, laughing, from the room.

Aunt Big Mary, still grumbling, caught up a bit of flannel here, a brush there, as if in anticipation of a guest; but before Truth had time to wonder the door opened again and the tall figure of a man came slowly into the firelight.

The old woman put a hand on Truth's chest. "Now, honey! fer God's sake—!"

Truth flung her off. "It is Van!" she cried in a voice that burst through the shadows like a star.

She heard heard one great sob; Aunt Big Mary sped from the room, and Van was kneeling by the bed, weeping out his heart on his young wife's pillow.

An hour later, when the baby had been soothed and apologized to for the unwarranted disturbance, Van was allowed to come in again, this time escorted in state by Mrs. Dexter.

"Isn't he just the beautifullest thing you ever saw?" asked Truth, warily elongating the tiny aperture at the exposed end of the cocoon.

"I haven't had a good look yet," responded Van, evasively.

"Why, here,—you can see him perfectly! There's his whole face, nose, eyes, mouth and all!"

"I presume that—er—button—*may* become a nose some day!"

"You sha'n't see him another minute!" said Truth indignantly, and brought the edges of the shawl together.

"Good Gawd! You gwineter *smother* my chile!" shrieked Big Aunt Mary. "Miss Troof, you ain't got no mo' notion er takin' keer o' dat baby dan a jay-bird has o' pickin' his teeth!"

"But, Van," began Truth, when the disturbance was quelled and the nurse pacified, "how on earth did you get here? How did you — know?" Her pale face became crimson.

"He's been in Montgomery a week!" cried Mrs. Dexter, before Van could answer.

"And *such* a week!" groaned Van. "I read enough magazines and trashy novels to soften the brains of Solon, not to mention the strain on my nerves."

"Oh," said Truth in a low voice, "and you were *that* near!" Her pretty confusion deepened.

Van laughed, and a moment later drew from his pocket several yellow envelopes. "Do you care to hear your congratulations, Mrs. Craighead?"

"Congratulations!" echoed Truth. "Who could send them? Does anybody else know?"

"Why, of course! What do you expect? A man can't keep news like this all to himself. There would be danger of bursting!"

"Well, I never!" ejaculated Truth, and lay back on her pillow, quite exhausted. Mrs. Dexter crept to the bedside, and held Truth's hand while the messages were being read.

"Here's the first," said Van. "Drat the boy! How's Truth?"

"Father!" exclaimed Truth. "Isn't it exactly like him? That one doesn't need a signature."

"None of them do, I fancy," remarked Van. "Here's the second. 'Rah-rah-rah-Harvard! Remember, I am his godfather! How is Truth?'"

"Quin!" cried Truth with shining eyes.

"Now who sent this one? 'God bless Truth and her boy! How is the little mother?'"

"My dear, dear Mrs. Adams!" whispered Truth, her eyes filling with tears.

The little group fell into silence Only the baby's irregular breathing marked off the sweet, flying moments. The sound of a distant whippoorwill, twice repeated, came faintly, like the echo of a vanishing regret.

Mrs. Detxer roused herself with a start.. "Night is coming in! You have had too much excitement for one day already, my darling. Now we must leave you and the little one to Aunt Mary."

"Oh, just one moment!" pleaded Truth. "Just one—alone with Van."

Mrs. Dexter looked appealingly toward the nurse. The old woman nodded grim assent, and followed her mistress from the room. The two stood, whispering together in low tones, just without the door.

Mrs. Dexter did not look into Van's face as he came out, but before she knew it he had flung both arms about her, without a word, and was straining her against her breast.

"My son!" she whispered, "my own dear son!"

Night came down over the Big House, and darkness was everywhere except in the wide, softly shaded room where slept Truth and the cocoon.

The End..

OUR YOUNG WOMEN

are so often subject to headache—are languid, pale and nervous—because their blood is thin or insufficient. They are not really sick and hesitate to complain, but they lack that ambition and vivacity which is their birthright. They do not need drugs—but do need the tonic and nourishment in Scott's Emulsion that makes richer blood, fills hollow cheeks, suppresses nervousness and establishes strength. Nourishment alone makes blood and Scott's Emulsion is the essence of concentrated nourishment, free from wines or opiates.

If mother or daughter is frail, pale or nervous, give her Scott's for one month and see the betterment. It has a wholesome, "nutty" flavor. Avoid substitutes. At any drug store.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 15-24

A FIND ON THE BEACH

By M. QUAD

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The Palawan islands, in the China sea, are to the north of Borneo and form a part of the Philippine group. They stretch out for a distance of 700 miles and number nearly a thousand In the year 1882 I was landed on one of the Palawans from a Singapore trader to get up and run a copra plant. I had with me four Chinese, and the trader landed provisions for a year.

Nothing of special interest occurred until I had been on the island three months. Then one morning as I went down to the boat to go on a fishing trip I was amazed to find tracks of a woman's bare feet on the wet sands.

Whoever had visited our island in the darkness had come up out of the depths of the sea. No boat or raft had landed on the shore. The footprints were as plain as a plaster cast, and we were immediately interested and more or less excited. After thinking the matter over I decided that the woman must have come from one of two islands north and south and determined to give both a search. I set off to the north and in the course of an hour made a landing. This island had an area of not more than five acres. I went over it carefully, but not a living thing did I find.

It was noon when I got back to my own island, and after dinner I set out to search the other. As this one had more vegetation I took with me a boy, who was about fifteen years of age and named Whang.

It was near sunset when we put off after a vain search, and when we reached the reef surrounding our island and a half a mile out from the beach, the evening breeze died out to a flat calm, and we lay like a log. Before taking to the oar to scull us into the shore I sat quiet for a minute listening to the whispers of the sea. Whang leaned over the rail of the boat and watched the sharks darting to and fro and leaving trails of fire behind them, and things were so still that I could hear the ticking of my watch, when there came a strange interruption. It was the voice of a woman in laughter, and it sounded close by. We both sprang up at the sound, wondering if our ears had deceived us, and as we stood listening the sounds came again. When they had died away the boy turned to me and whispered:

"Master, let us get ashore at once! There is a witch of the sea close by, and she will drag us down!"

I waited ten minutes, and, hearing nothing more, I picked up the oar and sculled in to the landing. There I found the three Chinamen waiting for me, and they were in a state of great excitement. They had heard the laughter, and they believed with the boy that a witch of the sea was hanging about and meant to do us harm.

I simply contented myself with saying that we would leave some provisions on the beach that night and see if they were missing in the morning and with sleeping with one eye open to see that the frightened fellows did not steal the boat and make off to some other island.

We were down on the beach when daylight came, and there were fresh tracks again. The woman had circled about the heap of provisions, but had touched nothing. The Chinese were absolutely knocked out with consternation, and only my promise to watch the beach that night and capture or shoot the witch calmed them down. I remained with them all that day to prevent them from plotting, and it was not until midnight that I took up my watch on the shore.

It was low tide at 2 o'clock. I was concealed behind a heap of brush, and it was a starlight night. At that hour a figure which looked like a human being came out of the gentle surf and began to walk up and down the beach. As it walked away from me I rose up and went forward on tiptoe and was within thirty feet of it when it caught the alarm and fled back to the water like a shadow. I heard an exclamation of alarm and splashes in the water and saw the wake as the "it" swam away. I had meant to keep cool, but the sight of the figure excited me, and its escape when I figured on capture added to it, and so, hardly knowing what I did, I drew one of my revolvers and began firing as the swimmer moved away. I fired six shots, but I heard no cry of pain or other sound.

I went back to the Chinamen and found them chattering in terror, and if they had not been afraid of the witch they would have made a rush for the boat and left me alone on the island I sat watching them till daylight came, and then we all went down to the beach. The tide was coming in, but we found tracks as before. While we were hurrying about, arguing and discussing, the tide brought in the naked limb and foot of a woman, a white woman. It had been torn from the body by the sharks, and it was the foot which had made the tracks in the sand. One of my shots had struck and killed her as she swam away, and the blood had brought the savage sharks to the attack. There lay the limb before us, with the flesh hard and firm, though showing a bruise here and there. But no other part of the body came ashore. To whom the limb had belonged, how she had been cast away there, where she was hiding, why she did not seek our protection—none of these questions can I answer. We buried the limb in the sands and heard no more of the nymph of the sea.

So Plebeian.

Doctor—This prescription will supply iron in your system. Rich Patient—Iron is so common, doctor. Couldn't you make it gold or silver?

Cause For Grief.

"Why did everybody cry in that last death scene?"

"Because they knew the actor wasn't really dead."

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY

Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—30690

ACTION OF PEROXIDE.

It Cleanses a Wound, but Does Not Aid in the Healing Process.

"It would be well for people to understand what peroxide of hydrogen will do and what it will not do," remarked a dentist just after extracting two old roots on which a large abscess had formed. "It is one of the best, if not the very best, antiseptics we have, but it has no healing qualities. Many people imagine that it will heal a sore place in the mouth, yet that is just what it will not do.

"I have just injected peroxide and water into the cavities in the gums from which I extracted those roots. I did that to destroy the pus that had been left behind by the abscess, for that is the use of peroxide. It unites chemically with the pus and kills the germs that make it. But this is all that it does. And if you continue to use it you will retard the healing instead of hastening it. Peroxide, improperly used, has injured almost as many mouths as it has benefited. The sore place in your mouth is clean now, and all it needs is something to keep it clean while nature heals it. Peroxide will not do that—in fact, it will retard it."

The dentist then prescribed a healing wash. There are many such on the market, but any one having a tooth pulled is foolish to select his own.

The First Canal Builder.

General Goethals is the latest canal builder to achieve fame, but he has had many predecessors, and the earliest so far as is known was one Naram-Sin, who nearly 5,000 years ago opened a canal from Nippur to the Euphrates. This was discovered by Dr. George A. Barton in deciphering some of the ancient Sumerian tablets at the museum of the University of Pennsylvania. He found a tablet dated "the year when the divine Naram-Sin opened the mouth of the canal Erin at Nippur." This was not an Irish canal, so far as is known, but it was a great event in the history of Nippur, which gave it transportation facilities with the rest of the world. Naram-Sin was a king of Babylonia, and he is responsible only for financing the canal, and slaves probably did the work.

Disraeli as a Turk.

At one period of his life Disraeli had decided leanings toward the life of a Turk, "very much confirmed by my residence in Turkey." And the Turkish grandee who told him that he must be one of the eastern race "because he walked so slowly" won Dizzy's heart at once.—London Standard.

Two Distant Suns.

The nearest star to the earth is, as far as known at present, Alpha Centauri, in the southern hemisphere. It is a double star, consisting of two suns, each about as massive as our sun and slightly brighter, revolving around each other in a period somewhat more than eighty years at a mean distance apart of about 1,000 million miles.

But the orbit is so eccentric that at one point in the revolution the two suns are not farther apart than the distance between Jupiter and our sun, while at the opposite point they are nearly as far apart as the distance of Uranus from the sun. Thus the two suns in Alpha Centauri rush around their common center of gravity, now sweeping nearer to each other and now farther apart, all their evolutions being performed within a circuit much smaller than that of the solar system.

"NO goods purchased abroad are cheap that take the place of our own labor and our own raw material."

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Through Sleepers, Montreal to Halifax.

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Leaves 10.45 p.m., Tues., Thurs., Sat.
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Tickets and sleeping car reservations.. Apply E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto. Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Ottawa Winter Fair

Single Fare $4.10

Going January 17th to 20th

Trains Leave Belleville
2.58 A.M.
12.50 P.M.
5.32 P.M.

Returning not later than January 22nd, 1916.

Trains Leave Ottawa
9.35 A.M.
1.15 P.M.
11.10 P.M.

For further particulars and tickets, apply to S. BURROWS, AGENT.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

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Winter Resorts

SPECIAL ROUND TRIP FARES.

LONG LIMIT STOPOVERS.

Asheville and Hot Springs, N.C.; Charleston, S.C.; Nassau, N.P.; Hot Springs, Ark.; French Lick Springs, Ind.; Jacksonville and all Florida Points; Havana, Cuba and New Orleans, La., via New York and Rail (or steamer according to destination,) or via Buffalo, Detroit or Chicago.

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OTHER HEALTH RESORTS.

Mount Clemens, Mich.; Battle Creek, Mich.; St. Catharines, Well., Ont.; Preston Springs, Ont.

Further particulars on application to Grand Trunk Agents.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 5.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 1.50 p.m., 7.30 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate points—6.25 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., †9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—†6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 5.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *3.40 a.m.

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

†Deseronto only

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville Ont.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily
No. 16—2.00 a.m.—Fast train, flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7.00 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m.—Express, daily.
No. 28—5.45 p.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19—2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13—4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.
No. 29—7.50 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.20 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1—3.05 p.m.—International Limited, daily.
No. 7—4.55 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'.

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North

	Leave.	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.56 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1915.

GOING EAST.

CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.50 p.m.	2.58 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

GOING WEST.

MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.18 p.m	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

Going East	Daily except Sunday
Leave Toronto	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	5.32 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leave Belleville	6.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.30 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent

Belleville Business Directory

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column or calling at The Intelligencer Business Office, full information may be obtained.

MINING.

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE

Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

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Front Street.

Night Phone 175. Day Phone 206.

All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.

Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts.

Announcement

Messrs. Greenleaf & Son wish to announce to their old patrons and friends that they have found it advisable to incorporate their business under Ontario Companies Act.

The new company, under the same management as heretofore, and under the firm name of GREENLEAFS, LIMITED, have purchased the property known as the Brown Foundry, together with the good will and equipment of Mr. Geo. Keith.

It is their intention to remodel these buildings and install suitable equipment to meet the growing demands of their patrons.

The Management take this opportunity of thanking their old friends and solicit their patronage in their new venture.

GREENLEAF & SON

Garage and General Machinists

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000

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R TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

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Good evening! How's your coal supply hanging out?

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

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QUINTE LAUNDRY

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MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England

Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

Those who forget today seldom remember tomorrow.

Petulance is a shadow that clouds the sunshine of life.

The Old Year Out and the New Year In

By EDITH V. ROSS

The celebration of New Year's day in New York has necessarily changed with the people who celebrate it. It was transplanted to New Amsterdam from Holland when a few houses clustered about the fort and every person in the village knew every other person. That was a fit community for making calls. When the people of New York had grown from hundreds to millions the custom broke down of its own weight.

How far back dates the custom of seeing the old year out and the new year in is not known. Certain it is that one night in New Amsterdam—Dec. 31—Hendrick, the watch, after calling the hour "Twelve o'clock and all's well," turned to walk to the next corner to repeat the announcement, when he saw the house of Killian van Gansback in a blaze of illumination from fully a dozen wax candles. Hammering with the great iron knocker, the upper half of the door was opened, and he saw a number of Dutch girls in many petticoats and young men in many pairs of breeches raising pewter mugs to drink in Holland gin to St. Nicholas, the patron saint of the town, "May he grant us a prosperous year."

"What means this invasion of the night when all good citizens should be sound asleep in bed?" he cried. "Disperse!"

The moment it was noticed that the intruder upon the festivities was the watch every light was blown out and there was a scattering of the revelers. Bolts were shot, and in a few minutes the rooms on the ground floor were locked and the great front door was barred.

At that time Katrina Van Gansback was at a marriageable age, and her father had decided to wed her to old Dedrick Beekman, more than twice as old as she. Her mother was dead, and she had been brought up under the care of her aunt, Anneke Ten Eyck, a spinster of fifty. During the festivities on that eventful night the aunt drew Beekman into a side room for the purpose of arranging the settlement he was to make upon her niece and to appoint a day for the wedding.

Katrina was not only opposed to marrying old Beekman, but had a lover in young Wouter Ten Broeck, and the young couple were at their wits' end to find a way to defeat Anneke Ten Eyck's plan for marrying Katrina to Beekman. During the evening of the old-new year conviviality Katrina stood at the door listening to the arrangements that were being made to dispose of her. The moment the company were gone and the lights were put out she turned the key on her aunt and Beekman and led her father, who was feeble, up to his room and put him to bed.

A loud knocking came from below, but as the only persons in the house, except the couple locked in below, were Katrina and her father, and the latter was deaf as the stone steps in front of the house, their ability to get out depended solely on Katrina. When she had seen her father in bed and well covered, especially about the ears, she went out, closing the door behind her, and descended to the room where the prisoners were still hammering to be freed.

"Who's there?" asked the minx, pretending ignorance.

"Your Aunt Anneke. Let me out at once."

"Any one else?"

"Yes; Meinheer Beekman is in here with me."

"Oh, auntie, what a talk this will cause!"

"No scandal at all unless you blab."

"My keeping the secret will do no good. You and Meinheer Beekman must be married."

"Nonsense! There's no need of the matter getting out."

"I don't want to marry Meinheer Beekman, and I do want to marry Wouter Ten Broek."

There was no reply to this for some time. Evidently the parties within were consulting as to what it was best to do. Whether the woman refused to marry the man or the man refused to marry the woman was never known. At any rate, after a conference the aunt returned to the attack, or, rather, persuasion, telling her niece of the advantages she would enjoy as the wife of Meinheer Beekman, who was the largest dealer in pelts in New Amsterdam.

But Katrina was not to be persuaded, and her aunt was at last obliged to consent to her terms. No written pledge was required, for Katrina needed only to tell the story to set the tongues of the town wagging about her aunt and Meinheer Beekman.

As soon as an agreement was reached Katrina unlocked the door, and Meinheer Beekman, taking down the bars to the front door, stole away in the darkness. The next day the betrothal of Katrina and Wouter Ten Broek was announced.

Katrina kept the secret till after her aunt had been dead some years, then told it to her daughter, who was about to be married. The daughter handed it down, and it is preserved in the archives of the family to this very day.

However, the story does not prove that the Dutchmen of New Amsterdam were in the habit of seeing the old year out and the new year in, else the watch would not have broken up the party.

* * *

Why do the censors cut out fights and the like and then permit some of those film stars to go on making love for the edification of the public?

HER LOVE AND FROGS

By M. QUAD

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The Swamp farm, as it was called, was situated four miles out of Dayton and was owned by the Widow Bliss.

The tin peddler, the sewing machine agent, the book canvasser, the patent right man and many others who came that way saw, admired and were ready to love the owner of the Swamp farm. She admitted to herself that it might be better if she had a good husband, but she had a "nay" for all these men except one. He was a Mr. William Burton. He was a man just about her age and ranked as an old bachelor. Mr. Burton didn't begin as most of the others had. He had the sense to admire the widow without telling her that he admired.

Mr. Burton could talk of soils, crops, swamps, the weather and a hundred other things and never let a hint fall that he intended some day to talk of love and matrimony. The widow mentally pitied him for this, and yet she felt a bit piqued.

Mr. Burton was a surveyor, and his duties called him into the neighborhood of the Swamp farm about once a week. He could probably have made it once in two weeks and perhaps once in four, but it's none of our business. Along about Wednesday in every week the widow would look out of the front door and see Mr. Burton surveying or pretending to. He would look up by accident and see her standing there and would be invited in to drink a glass of fresh buttermilk.

This thing had gone on for a long, long time when he called one day, not to survey her garden, but to sit in the house and talk.

"Widow, I have been coming here a long time," he began.

"And it has tired you out?" she laughed in reply.

"Not a bit. I came today to ask you to be my wife."

"Mr. Burton," replied the widow, "I made up my mind about this marriage question quite a long time ago. I shall marry the man who can tell me how to make money out of my old swamp. When I am sure that he has told me right he may bring in the preacher."

"That old swamp has been a bleak spot for fifty years," he said after a time. "By the way, you don't own all the swamp, do you?"

"No. There's twenty-eight acres of it that belong to Mr. Cooper, but he can't do anything more with his part than I can with mine."

Mr. Burton walked down to the edge of the swamp and back again, and then he sat down and took his head in his hands and thought and thought. By and by he looked up with a bright smile on his face and said:

"Mrs. Bliss, I have got it. I have solved the problem. You are to turn that swamp into a frog farm!"

"Gracious me, but whoever heard of such a thing?" she exclaimed.

"Lots of folks have heard of it. There are half a dozen men in this state who are raising frogs for the market and making a heap of money out of it."

"But I never heard of any one selling frogs," persisted the widow. "Would any one in Dayton eat a frog, much less buy one?"

"Not in Dayton," he laughed, "but in New York. They are on the bills of fare at most hotels and restaurants and are considered a great delicacy. They eat only the hind legs."

It was a week later that men and boys called at the Swamp farm with pails and baskets and paper bags.

When the widow had bought 600 big and little frogs and paid out so much money that she had to let her taxes slip by she went down to the swamp one morning to have a look at her "live stock."

Not a frog was in sight this morning, not a big one or a little one. That swamp was absolutely without life.

The widow ran back to the house and arrived there just a minute before Mr. Burton appeared.

"I—I was going to send for you!" she gasped.

"What has happened?" he asked.

"Every frog has disappeared!"

"You don't say?"

"Come along and see for yourself."

He walked along down to the swamp with her, and she heard him chuckling as he walked. Instead of looking over the swamp to see if he could solve the problem he sat down on a log and began to laugh.

"What do you mean, Mr. Burton?" was almost demanded.

"I was to tell you how to make money out of this old swamp."

"Yes, you said you could, but it seems you have only shown me how to lose money instead."

"You are wrong, widow—you are wrong," said Mr. Burton. "You see, there were twenty-eight acres which you didn't own. I bought them. When you had 600 frogs on your side of the swamp I threw a lot of frog food in on my side. Last night your 600 came over the line. They are now my property."

The widow looked at him with mingled amazement and indignation.

"Oh, don't look that way," he laughed. "I am now going to tell you how you may make the money."

"How—how"—she stammered.

"Why, marry the man who owns the 600 frogs," he replied.

And after about a month she did. She not only made money out of the frog farm, but she got a good husband besides, and that is something that money cannot buy.

* * *

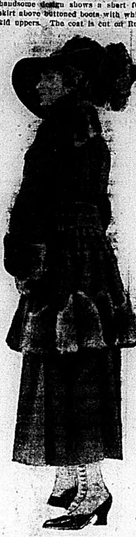
If he can't succeed any other way, Mr. Wilson might scare the Mexicans into submission by threatening to turn the Germans loose against them.

Woman's World

A STUNNING TAILLEUR.

Of Richest Materials, This Suit Speaks the Last Word.

Developed in navy broadcloth, this handsome design shows a short full skirt above buttoned boots with white kid uppers. The coat is cut on Russian lines, and around the bottom of the full peplum runs a band of muskrat fur pointed at the top. Deep collar and cuffs of this same fur give the rich finish, and the velvet hat is set off with small ostrich feathers.



REAL DISTINCTION.

A Thanksgiving Cue.

Candle shades are made for Thanksgiving decoration by painting fruit designs on paper and cutting away the spaces between the patterns. Designs in which the stems and leaves form a trelliswork should be used, and the more cutting out the scheme admits of the better. The frame chosen is the simple style in which there are two circles, a smaller above a larger, and in which the shade has a flat surface and sloping sides. The wire is then covered with thin silk gathered to both edges, the color being chosen to contrast prettily or to harmonize with the fruit scheme. Lattice designs are good, and plums, peaches, oranges and the grapes are painted to trail all over latticework. Flowers, such as pansies, wistaria, peonies, roses and chrysanthemums, are painted in brilliant and natural colorings, and the stems are twined in and out to form the intersections.

A pretty idea is to match the shade decoration in the flowers of the centerpiece, using glass candlesticks and setting the center one into a great mass of the flowers, which are so arranged as to bank around it without vase or bowl being visible. Chrysanthemums in red and white and yellow shades make a lovely combination, in which the lining can be of the lighter color and the most of the outer decoration in the dark.

The painting is done with water colors, but when this is too laborious a process wall paper can be used and can be found in many latticed patterns which are even more effective than the water colors.

Sun Baths.

Prolonged exposure of the human body to bright sunlight for those not accustomed to its rays is dangerous.

The damage is more than the sunburn which results, for physicians have shown that headache and symptoms of meningitis have developed after youths under their observation have been sitting or lying several hours in the sunlight with unprotected heads.

Sun baths are most popular with anemic and nervous city indoor workers, but too much sun is apt to harm the nerve system of nervous people.

Instead of being benefited by long exposure to the sun the nervous are rendered more nervous. No one welcomes more than the physician the "back to nature" tendency of recent years, but they are now being careful to warn against excesses and abuses in the "enjoyment of nature."

Adequacy.

"Bobby," inquired the mother, "did you wash your face before the music teacher came?"

"Yes'm."

"And your hands?"

"Yes'm."

"And your ears?"

"Well, um," said Bobby judicially, "I washed the one that would be next to her."—Ladies' Home Journal.

IN AT THE FINISH.

For Her Who Makes Her Clothes, but Doesn't Look It.

The woman who sews well often does not undertake to make her own clothes, simply because she knows that it is impossible for her to give them the proper finish. But if once she can master a few details of finishing even the woman who does not sew well will dare to undertake a new frock or blouse of pretentious fashion.

At the trimming and plaiting shops, under whatever name they go, it is possible to get various sorts of dainty finishes made. Machine hemstitching for cuffs and collars and hems, picot edges, plaiting of all sorts, shirring and cording, all these are done for reasonable sums, and often a bit of such finishing goes a long way toward giving the right air to a homemade frock.

But the woman of ingenuity can do many things herself to give her frocks the right style. For one thing she can substitute a dainty finish for a picot edge. This is used along the edge of flounces and frills with good effect. Simply roll the edge in a tiny roll and whip it over and over, evenly but not specially close together, with strong thread of a matching or contrasting shade.

A net lining for the bodice of a silk frock is easy to make. Again it is the finishing that counts. The neck part should be cut a little lower than the neck of the silk and edged with a very narrow bit of valenciennes lace. The front should be closed with ball and socket snaps and the armholes should be edged with the lace.

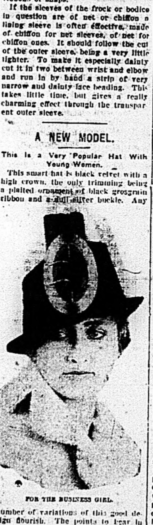
When there is a transparent bodice or vest a little underbodice or part of one should be fastened under it. For a transparent vest the underbodice need be no more than a piece of chiffon or net that reaches from the waist to the chest, gathered or shirred to the belt of the bodice and daintily shirred at the top, edged perhaps with narrow lace and fastened together either with ribbons or snaps.

If the sleeves of the frock or bodice in question are of net or chiffon a lining sleeve is often effective, made of chiffon for net sleeves, of net for chiffon ones. It should follow the cut of the outer sleeve, being a very little lighter. To make it especially dainty cut it in two between wrist and elbow and run in by hand a strip of very narrow and dainty lace beading. This takes little time, but gives a really charming effect through the transparent outer sleeve.

A NEW MODEL.

This Is a Very Popular Hat With Young Women.

This smart hat is black velvet with a high crown, the only trimming being a plaited ornament of black grosgrain ribbon and a dull silver buckle. Any number of variations of this good design flourish. The points to bear in mind are a high crown and narrow brim, with an upstanding front trimming set perpendicularly.



FOR THE BUSINESS GIRL.

Make Your Own Fernery.

You can have success with grapefruit seeds by taking a few precautions. When planting these seeds do not keep any that have been cut. Then before planting the seeds should be soaked for one day or at least for half a day.

Fill the receptacle up to within three-quarters of an inch of the top with dirt mixed with a little sand, on which place the seeds so thickly that no soil can be seen.

Then cover with dirt and keep in a warm, sunny place, wetting with warm water, but not too wet.

The seeds sprout in about five weeks. They are both beautiful and hardy and need practically no attention.

What His Wife Thinks.

"Your wife has a pretty high opinion of you, hasn't she?"

"Yes, indeed. She can't understand why a man of my refinement should want to associate with a man like you."—Detroit Free Press.

DOING GOOD.

There is one thing that can never turn into suffering, and that is the good we have done.—Maeterlinck.

THE FAMILY BUDGET.

The Wisdom of Settling on a Family Financial Program.

The young married man must, to be successful, outline some sort of financial program. He must, after careful consideration, decide upon the family budget. Next to the budget, or in most cases of even greater importance, is protection. It is the sacred duty of every married man to provide this protection. Should one remain lax and improvidential one may have cause to regret.

Therefore when one has selected the wife, or perhaps one has already done so, it is the duty to announce the family budget, and the first and most important part of the budget is the protection fund—life insurance.

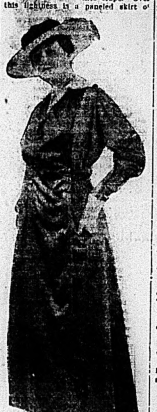
Life insurance is the greatest institution for systematic saving there is, and it has more adherents by several millions than the savings banks.

A depositor in a savings bank makes a deposit and may intend to make more. But a man taking a life insurance policy makes a definite financial plan for years ahead, if not for life. He may forget to make his deposit in the savings bank next year, but the man who takes out the life insurance will be reminded of his obligation.

A PRINCESS EFFECT.

A Smart Afternoon Gown Suitable For Young Women.

The bodice of this one piece dress is georgette crape of a wistaria shade over shadow lace. The cuffs are banded, and the collar is white crape. Over this lightness is a paneled skirt of pussy willow satin in a deeper shade of wistaria, with a demi belt fastened by novelty buttons. The purple velvet hat that goes with this frock is faced with white satin.



AN ATTRACTIVE DESIGN.

Delicious Meat Patties.

To make these delicious additions to school or office luncheon there are required one pound of flour, half a pound of lard or dripping, half a pound of raw beef or mutton or six ounces of veal and two of ham, one egg, salt and pepper, a tablespoonful of baking powder and a teaspoonful of chopped parsley. Cut the meat into small dice. Mix it with the parsley, salt, pepper and a little stock, water or gravy. Mix together the flour, baking powder and a teaspoonful of salt. Rub the lard or dripping finely into the flour. Mix to a paste with cold water. Work it lightly on a floured board into a smooth ball; then roll it out to about an eighth of an inch thick. Stamp it into rounds with a cutter a size larger than the patty tins.

After greasing the tins line each with a round of pastry, put a good spoonful of meat in the middle. Damp the edges of a second round with water, lay this over the tin, press the edges together and crimp them neatly.

Brush the top of each patty with beaten egg or a little milk. Bake them in a moderate oven for about three-quarters of an hour.

Unconscious Versification.

Among examples of unconscious versification the one cited below should be noted as being probably the best on record. Many imaginative writers become lyrical, inspired by the beauty of their subject or by the mere harmony of words reacting on their imagination, but the following lines, which might be a stanza from "In Memoriam," are from a solemnly prosaic textbook on the "Parallelogram of Forces," by, I fancy, Sir David Brewster:

And hence no force, however great,
Can draw a cord, however fine,
Into a horizontal line
Which shall be absolutely straight.

—London Chronicle.

The Best That Could Be Done Under the Circumstances

By F. A. MITCHEL

Margaret Brierley was brought up by a couple of maiden aunts, sisters, who were well off and intended that after their death Margaret should have their belongings. These were in part a comfortable house and grounds in the village, in which they lived. Margaret proved an apt scholar and was graduated with honor. Since life with her aunts was very dull she yearned for something livelier. After a year of "sitting around holding her hands," as she expressed it, she determined to go to the city to teach.

Her aunts combated her resolution. They reminded her that they had cared for her since she was an infant, educated her and given her everything she wanted. All in vain. One morning when Aunt Sarah went into her room to awaken her the bird had flown.

Three years passed, during which there was no communication between the aunts and the niece. Margaret was getting on well as a teacher when she fell ill. Having no means to provide a substitute for her school duties, she was dropped from the salary roll. Then the poor girl began to regret that she had yielded to the impulse to be independent. Nothing remained for her but to go back to her aunts and ask their forgiveness and help.

Taking advantage of a slight rally, she spent her last funds for a railway ticket to her former home. She arrived at the house as darkness was falling. How comfortable everything looked! There were the dainty white house, the porch and lattice covered with vines, the flower garden to one side, the kitchen garden in the rear, the whole inclosed by the low picket fence. She went as fast as her condition would permit up the walk, opened the door and entered. All was still.

"Aunt Elizabeth!" she called, with no reply.

"Aunt Sarah!" Still no answer.

She went through the house, but found no one. Thinking that her aunts had gone out, she took off her wraps and sat down in the living room before the open fireplace, in which were live coals.

Presently she heard the front door open and shut. She arose, intending to greet her aunts. Instead a young man entered. Seeing her, he paused.

"Where are my aunts, Misses Elizabeth and Sarah Stacey?"

"Are you Margaret Brierley?"

"I am."

"Miss Elizabeth died a few months ago, and Miss Sarah followed her in two weeks."

Margaret sank back in her chair and covered her face with her hands. It was some time before she spoke again; then she said:

"Who lives here now?"

"I do. I am Roger Blackmore, a distant connection of the two ladies. They made me their heir."

"What shall I do?" moaned Margaret, forgetful of the presence of another.

"Have you not been successful?"

"I am ill and without a cent in the world."

"You are welcome to remain here as long as you like. I will leave you and send some one to take care of you."

"What claim have I on you?"

"I will show you."

Going to a desk, he took out a paper and handed it to her. It was the will of her aunts, leaving all they possessed to him. There was a clause stating that if their beloved niece, Margaret Duncan, ever returned in need it was their desire that the said Roger Blackmore should relieve her wants. She looked up at the heir.

"How can you relieve the wants of a woman near your own age without"—

"I think your aunts were mindful of that."

"Then why this request?"

"Perhaps they fancied"—

"What?"

"That we might pool our issues?"

"Pool our issues! What do you mean?"

"Marriage."

Margaret made no reply to this. She felt that she would be willing to marry Polyphemus for a home and rest. Presently she arose slowly and with difficulty.

"Where are you going?" asked Blackmore.

"I don't know. I can't stay here."

He went to her and gently forced her back in her chair. "The good ladies," he said, "told me that if you failed in your work they would be glad if you and I could occupy their old home and enjoy their income together."

Margaret sat silent for awhile, then looking up at him, said:

"As for me, I can do nothing else. It remains for you to decide whether or no you care to accord with the wish expressed."

Without reply he left her and went to the telephone booth. She heard him ask: "Is the Rev. Mr. Stark at home? Tell him to come to the Stacey place immediately." Then, returning to her, he said: "You can't leave here in your present condition. If I permitted you to do so your aunts would turn in their graves. You can't stay here alone, and I can't stay with you without scandal. You'll have to take my unworthy self. It's hard luck for you, but it can't be helped."

She put out her hand to him, and he bent down and kissed her.

The parson came, and all was well.

* * *

In all our readings we've never come across a law which provides punishment for the idiot who leaves a suitcase in the aisle of a crowded street car.

A Worse Place Than Up In the Air

By JOHN Y. LARNED

One evening at a social gathering I was introduced to a young woman—a widow—whose expression on meeting me was, to say the least, surprising. There were recognition, astonishment, pleasure, all mingled with something like wonder. It occurred to me at once that I must have met one with whom I had been connected in the past. My assurance is by no means of a low order, and I determined not to assume the defensive.

"Can it be," I hazarded, "that I have met a friend of my youth?"

"No."

"I have it. We were in Switzerland together last summer."

"We were not."

"Strange," I said, assuming a thoughtful tone and expression, "that I should remember a person distinctly and yet cannot call up the circumstances"—

"I don't believe you remember having met me at all."

I smiled and confessed that I did not.

"Never mind where we met," she said, pouting.

"It wasn't up in the clouds sailing in aeroplanes, was it?"

"Worse."

"Upon my word, you speak in riddles! Please explain."

The lady changed the subject, speaking on ordinary topics. Curiosity led me to retain the acquaintance I had formed, and I asked permission to call. But my affairs were in bad shape at the time, and, being much worried, I failed to avail myself of the permission granted. Matters went from bad to worse with me. The fact got whispered about that I was in financial difficulty, and I was pressed on every side for payment of accounts for which there were no funds ready. One morning the mail brought me a letter from John Simpson & Co., a firm doing the same kind of business that I did, stating that they had been made aware that I needed funds to tide me over difficulties and that they would be happy to advance what I required.

It is needless to say that such generosity surprised me. I had known and done business with the concern, but had no idea that it took any interest in me. I called on Mr. Simpson, the head of the firm, and offered to make a showing of my affairs with a view to proving that a loan of $20,000 for a year would pull me through. But I could furnish no security. I was informed that I would hear from him within twenty-four hours, and the next morning's mail brought me a check for the amount I needed. No receipt to be signed was inclosed; nothing was said about a showing up of my accounts; no time was specified for payment. Twenty thousand dollars were handed to me just as if they belonged to me. I called on Mr. Simpson at once for an explanation, but got no satisfaction.

"You go on doing business," he said. "You have the good will of your competitors and business men generally. Don't bother your head about the money advanced. Are you sure it is a-plenty?"

I assured him that it was.

Being set up on my feet, my mind was more at ease, and I resumed my social connections. One morning I was passing a shop where women's goods are sold just as a lady alighted from an auto. I recognized Mrs. Carmody, the lady who remembered me, but whom I had failed to remember. Conscious of my neglect of her permission to call upon her, I felt embarrassed; but, pulling myself together, I spoke to her, told her that a pressure of affairs had prevented my availing myself of the honor she had done me, etc.

I left her, thinking of the mystery concerning her. One thing especially puzzled me. When I had facetiously suggested that we might have met up in the air she had replied, "Worse than that." What did this mean? I resolved to get it out of her and to call upon her at once for the purpose.

"Now," I said to her when we were seated tete-a-tete in her drawing room, "I confess that I cannot remember you at all, and I wish you to relieve my curiosity by explaining what you meant by saying that we had met in a worse place than up in the air."

"Can't you think of a worse place than that?"

"No."

"Down under the water."

The expression on my face caused a burst of laughter that was both tantalizing and becoming.

"You and I," she continued, "were on board the Titanic together on her last trip. We both went down or were sucked down with the vessel. I clutched some one under water. It was you. When we came up I was bereft of my senses. You unstrapped your life preserver and gave it to me. I clung to it till I was picked up."

In time I married the widow, who was wealthy, and she turned over to me the management of her affairs. One day while looking over some old papers of hers I came upon her check for $20,000 payable to John Simpson. Then I knew who had advanced the money that had saved me from financial failure. I went to my wife, embraced her and covered her face with kisses. She wished me to explain my sudden demonstration of affection, but I paid her for keeping me in ignorance of where we had met by withholding my knowledge of the check.

* * *

We knew they'd find something to take the place of fur-topped boots. It's to be the "Puss-in-Boots" stocking.

A coated cellar maketh a warm house.

The Long And Short Of It!

TALL Men, Short Men and Stout Men frequently find the Clothes question quite baffling!

Those who have worn our Special Sizes for such proportions know that the solution here is easy.

The worried ones are invited to try on our Suits and Overcoats, in Slim, Stout and Extra Sizes, just to see how easy it is to find a fit.

If you think it necessary to have your Clothes made to order, then you have not given this Store a trial.

We have all our sizes cut in several shapes to accommodate just such cases as yours. We are positive that we can

Fit You To A "T"

The fact is that we guarantee you a fit—just as much as we guarantee a fit—in any of our regular sizes.

Suits, $12, $15, $20 to $25
Overcoats, $10, $12 to $20
Trousers, $2, $3, $4 to $6

Quick & Robertson
THE OUTFITTERS

Clearance Sale

GORMAN'S BOOT SHOP

Men's $5.00 and $6.00 Boots for $3.25
Women's $4 and $5 Boots for $2.90
Men's Hockey Boots, regular price $3.00 for $1.75
Boys' Hockey Boots, regular price $2.50 for $1.50

Many Other Bargains too numerous to mention

You Save by Spending at
Our January Clearance Sale

WOOLS

At the present time we have a large stock of Military and Fingering Yarns. As this Wool was secured under our old agreement, we have not had to advance our prices on this lot. Secure what you require soon.

Hockey Goods

Hockey Sticks, Hockey Gloves, Hockey Pads, Leg Guards, Pucks and Skate Straps all at popular prices.

THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

Raise Your Family

on our bread in the name of good health and every sanitary precaution. Our bakery is a model and our quality standard unapproached when it comes to bread baking. Sit down to the table with that eagerness which those who have sampled our bread and know that it is on the table awaiting them.

Yerex's Bakery
Phone 787
68 Sinclair St. Belleville

HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER
SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

The Devil's Bible.

The devil's Bible is in the Royal Palace library of Stockholm, Sweden. It is a huge copy of the Scriptures, written upon 300 prepared asses' skins. One tradition declares that it took 500 years, or from the eighth to the thirteenth century, to make the copy, which is so large that it has a table to itself. Another tradition affirms that the work was done in a single night by a monk with the assistance of his satanic majesty, who, when the work was completed, gave the monk a picture of himself for the frontispiece, where, amid illuminated incantations, it is still to be seen; hence the name. This marvelous manuscript was carried off by the Swedes during the thirty years' war from a convent in Prague.

A Fable.

A woman once came to the cave of a sage who was renowned for his profound analysis of her sex.

"Master," said she, "let me sit at your feet awhile. I am but a woman—faulty and foolish and weak—but I would fain be the pupil of your learning and the disciple of your virtues."

And the sage, secure in his wisdom consented.

Then he laid himself down to sleep in the shade of a rock, out of the glare of the sun. When he wakened he was blindfolded and bound hand and foot—a prisoner to love.

He had protected himself against every feminine weapon except the most dangerous one—humility.

Military Diagnosis.

A nurse related as a true story of a soldier's wit that a soldier in a hospital on recovering consciousness said, "Nurse, what is this on my head?"

"Vinegar cloths," she replied. "You have had fever."

After a pause:

"And what is this on my chest?"

"A mustard plaster. You have had pneumonia."

"And what is this at my feet?"

"Salt bags. You have had frost bite."

A soldier from the next bed looked up and said:

"Hang a pepper box to his nose, nurse; then he will be a cruet."—London Strand Magazine.

Tireless Camels.

An eastern legend has it that the camel was fashioned last by the Creator, and so it is held in very high esteem by the people of the east. Although a somewhat unshapely and perhaps bad tempered animal, the camel is an untiring worker. He will travel on for hour after hour without appearing distressed in any way and on this account has made a good name for himself.—London Answers.

History.

Brown—Anybody can make history, you know, but only a great man can write it. Smith—That may be, but when history is made it is always sure to be history, while when it is written it is merely some man's idea of history.

One Improvement.

We never hear anybody talking about the good old times without being reminded that our forefathers had to crawl head first into their shirts

Life's Grindstone.

Whether the grindstone of life wears a man down or polishes him up depends entirely on the stuff he is made of.

Seldom is knowledge given to keep, but to impart. The grace of this jewel is lost in concealment.

SERGT. GERALD SPAFFORD WRITES INTERESTING LETTER

Belleville Boy in Belgium Tells of Life in the Trenches—Reports From Many Well Known Local Men at the Front

Belgium, Dec. 12, 1915.

My Dear Friend:—I am sending you a few hastily written lines, in a form of a cheery message to our dear ones at home.

I trust it may prove sufficiently interesting to find a place in the good old Intell.

We are having terrible weather and the boys are bearing up well under the strain, and are cheerful.

We lost three fine lads in a duel we were engaged in the other day—a big 8-incher landed on our dugout and killed Sergt. Highley outright, and Gunners Foley and Pearson died from their terrible wounds, a few hours later.

Gunner A. E. Harris, of Belleville, one of the old 34th men, had a miraculous escape from death, by the same shell.

Gunner Hollands, who was employed at McFee's Jewelery store, is with the 1st Battalion is looking hale and hearty.

Out of the original, 146 men through casualties, etc., there are only 40 of the old boys left, that is going some.

I am sending you a snap photo of myself, taken recently. The field in the back ground is close to where the London Scottish made their famous charge, a year ago; close at hand are the heavy guns, we now have near us. You can detect the mud bespattered condition of my clothing.

Trumpeter F. Sheldon, is doing his bit and the box contributed by his friends was received with exceeding pleasure, particularly Sergt. Harman's gift and message.

Bom. E. A. Carr, of G. T. R. staff, is going on fine. Good soldier is Ernie as expressed in Wiltshire.

Bom. F. Day, another Belleville boy, who has climbed to the dignity of N. C. O. recently, by hard work and attention to business.

Harry Thomas, better known to the boys as "Porkey" is still in the ring, doing fine.

"Hinckey" Bowen, the little, big-man, for he has been doing a man's work, although only a wee shaver, is progressing favorably.

Bom. Buck is in the happy hunting grounds of a hospital, undergoing an operation—not a serious one; hope to see him back soon.

Curley Tryon is still with Tickell's old black team, and keeps busy hauling ammunition and brick, looking fine.

Gunner Bird is doing his bit.

Saw Gunner Harris and Piscoe Hall on the road tod-ay; both tip-top.

Concluding with my sincere wishes for a bright and happy New Year.

Sincerely Yours,
G. W. SPAFFORD.

Belgium, Dec. 20 1915.

Dear Mr. Bowell:—The N.C.O.'s and men of the Fighting 34th all send their greetings with the compliments of the season.

I am glad to report that all the boys are exceedingly well, and enjoying good health.

We welcomed Bom. Harry Hollands, who has joined his old Belleville comrades at the front, a few days ago. He is looking fine, and we are glad to meet him.

What's doing here? Well, while we are playing a waiting game, we have had a number of little shows here lately, and many artillery duels, and in spite of the excessive rain and muddy conditions, we have been holding our own, and a little bit more.

A good joke on the "Boches" happened this week, they started a gas attack, and got their poison fumes going nicely, when lo, the wind changed and blew it back into their trenches. Our artillery gave them almost sixteen hours of shell-fire, and reports are, we got several lines of their watersoaked and literally wrecked trenches.

A few weeks ago the Canadians, after we bombarded the German trenches—took a run over to see how they were, after bayoneting about 30 of them, they returned with 12 prisoners; dejected looking customers.

Several letters to hand and seemingly the question prominent in every-one's mind: When will this terrible war end?

Naturally I presume it is assumed that we, who are out here, have at least a faint idea, or at least hope that hostilities will soon cease.

I have information from time to time, which I am sure is from a reliable source, and I am satisfied that we have, in spite of appearances to contrary recently, owing to the Central European situation on which the eyes of the world have been centered, every cause to be cheerful and accept circumstances, as they are presented and as loyal British subjects, in this time of sacrifice, with persevering determination, for we HAVE GERMANY BEAT right now.

Sixteen months have passed and gone, during which time the Titanic struggle is still going on with seemingly never ending intensity. Millions of lives have been sacrificed, and billions of gold expended, and yet the destinies of the great European powers are apparently hung in the balance. We hear the peace cranks howling for peace and the pessimists predicting disaster, but in spite of it all, we still hear the call to arms resounding, and in spite of our reverses, we see the nasty little, contemptible army of Britain gradually growing from thousands to millions. We see and hear the thunder of ponderous guns, which a year ago were conspicuous by their absence. What has this to do with the situation? Simply this. To say we have what Germany has not—We are to-day prepared — and Germany has long since shot her bolt, and we find her straining every muscle in their body to gain time by bothering other powers for what? To gain if possible, an honorable settlement of peace. Germany is beat and she knows it. She already feels the gigantic chain, which is slowly but surely being wound about her. She realizes that our navy is the mistress of all the seas, and we have by grim determination driven her pirates and submarines either to destruction or capture, until at present we seldom hear of them.

We already hear the cries of distress and demands of the population, who have seen the legions of which their brothers and fathers were part, melt away like the snow before the Spring-time sun. We have before us a few facts and figures which are worthy of consideration, which will help us to decide whether our deductions are justified when we say Germany is beaten. An official census tells us that the total male population of Austria and Germany in 1911 was 27,000,000. We must now find, allowing for reservists, munition workers, artificers, etc., the number of men of gross military age in both countries. Again we refer to reliable computation and find that they had 12,000,000 men of the gross military age, between 17 and 45 years.

Now then, if official records of the casualties, which have been faithfully recorded during the present war, are correct, we find the following figures: Up to July 31st, allowing for temporarily incapacitated returns at one quarter of one per cent.; German dead, 620,000; Austrian dead, 525,000; German prisoners, 300,000; Austrian prisoners 600,000; disabled, sickness of permanent character, and unfit for service, 4,500,000 for both Germany and Austria—the total presented to us is 6,525,000, not forgetting recent fighting and the additional losses which have occurred. If the above figures are even approximate we can, I believe, with justifiable optimism, conclude that Germany has an army you can count in thousands; and considering the lavish expenditure of ammunition at the commencement of the war we find today that when on the defensive she husbands her supplies, for she realizes that her resources are at an ebb and the hour fast approaches when, after the smoke of thundering guns has cleared away we will find but remnants of the once proud and seemingly invincible German army crying, as we have made them cry in the past at the sight of British bayonets, for mercy, and howling for peace and clemency.

Not only have we got them beaten on the land, on the sea (and beneath it), but also in the air. Records show that successes in the air are ten to one in our favor.

We have them beaten, even with their poisonous gas. The recent attack referred to proves that it is feared no longer by our brave Tommies for today we are prepared, and our artillery fire strikes terror into their hearts. Diaries of captured officers reveal to us the terrible strain they have undergone in recent engagements when under our terrific shell fire. Reports tell us that Germany is feverishly manufacturing machine guns and automatic rifles to compensate for the lack of men.

And not only have we got Germany beaten in man power and guns, in the air and on the sea, but our resources are unlimited. Our people have food in plenty, while we hear of food riots in the enemy's country, and we know the people there are groaning beneath the stress of taxation and feeling the dire pangs of want. We have crippled her commerce forever. Our navy has slowly but surely throttled her, and the to-morrow of Germany is assuredly one in which we shall see—not as the peace fanatics and howling pack of pessimistic lunatics predict, that we want peace. May God forbid. We must forever crush the would-be conquerors of England and Europe and obliterate from the fair name of liberty—freedom and honor—the stain of dishonor which Teutonic Kultur has sought to substitute in letters of blood on the face of Europe and the world—Kultur. So in spite of recent events and seeming reverses, I believe candidly the end is near and soon the joy bells of victory—and while we still hear the trumpet call to arms resounding, I conclude to the slacker—get busy or clear the way for we will soon be home and we will have no room for slackers nor for the would-be peacemakers who have retarded rather than helped us toward this end by supporting the cause for which our sons have sacrificed their lives and all, to restore to civilization our birthright. Watch Japan, and while the Balkans are fuming and fomenting, hearken to the echoes from the battlefields of Flanders and France.

We have Germany beaten; but we must forever crush her. Now is the time for us to do it. We shall have no assurance of peace until we bring William the Monster to account for the atrocities he has been the instigator of through the medium of his Kultured assassins, and regain that for which our forefathers fought on these same battlefields in the days of Waterloo.

Sincerely,
SPAFFORD

We Have In Stock
Considerable Corrugated Galvaniz
Iron.

It will pay you to get our prices before purchasing. We keep a good supply of GALVANIZED NAILS on hand at the lowest prices.

Well Pumps, Cistern Pump
of all descriptions kept in stock.
It Will Cost You Nothing To Get Our Prices.
Give us a Call

The John Lewis COMPAN LIMITE

HOCKEY STICK
NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.

AUTOMOBILE SKATES
Made in Canada
Have you seen the New Ones?
Stronger and Lighter than ever

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO.
LET US DO YOUR PLUMBING

The Beauty of
Feed

is that there is no waste to it. Y
horse will lick up the last oat or
last kernel of grain. It tastes so g
to him that he wants every bit
belongs to him. So there's econ
as well as satisfaction in buying y
feed and grain here. Try it once
you'll try it always.

H. E. FAIRFIEL

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent my be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388

ARENA
TURNBULL S
BAND Tues., Thurs., Sat.
Intermediate O. H. A. Hockey
MONDAY JANUARY 17
KINGSTON 33RD BATTERY
vs.
BELLEVILLE INTERMEDIATES
Puck faced 8.15
Admission 25c. Reserved seats 3

OVERCOATS

Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat. We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.

Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street.

GET THE F. S. ANDERSON CO'S GENUINE SCRANTON COAL BELLEVILLE

The Best we Can Buy Carefully Prepared and Delivered
The F. S. ANDERSON CO.,
42 Bridge St.

Ladies'
Hudson Seal Coat

No. 1 Quality Lined throughout with No. 1 Brocade [illegible] inches long........Price $120.0
Muff to match $22.00

J.T. DELANEY
29 Campbell St. Phone 797
opposite Y.M.C.A.
See Our Window
N. B. We Buy Raw Furs

WHY NOT FLORIDA FOR YOUR WINTER TOUR?

The attractions are unsurpassed, beautiful palm trees, warm sea bathing, orange and banana groves, golf, tarpon fishing, luxurious hotels for all pockets. Two nights only from Toronto. Winter tourist tickets now on sale. Be sure that your tickets read via Canadian Pacific Railway. Excellent service is offered via Detroit and Cincinatti. Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents, or write M. G. Murphy, District Passenger Agent, Toronto, Ont.

j13,to22.

BUTTERICK FASHIONS FOR SPRING

Special Introductory Sale

To introduce to the Ladies of Belleville and vicinity the famous

Gossard Corsets

we are offering 50 pairs of one of the very best models

No. 364

as shown in the illustration.

The regular price of this Corset is $4.50. Special Introductory Price

$3.49

SPRING--BUTTERICK FASHION QUARTERLY--1916

This 84 page quarterly style review of Butterick contains authoritative PARIS and NEW YORK FASHIONS, and advance information about style tendencies, materials and dress accessories.

22 pages of Dresses, Waists and Skirts; 3 of Evening Dresses; 1 of Bridal Dresses; 2 of Special Gowns for stout women, 4 of Waists; 7 of Coats, Suits and Wraps; and 24 pages for misses, juniors, small boys and girls, and infants.

Only 25c, with any Butterick Pattern FREE

Ladies' and Misses' Suits and Coats at One-Third Less than Regular Cost

Ketcheson & Earle

February Delineator at the Pattern Counter, 15c

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED—GIRL TO HELP WITH CHILDren and light housework. Apply 247 N. John Street. 15-4td

WANTED—SMART INTELLIGENT GIRLS to learn Shirt-making. Apply Deacon Shirt Company. 15-6td

WANTED—A HOUSE MAID. APPLY IN evening to Mrs. (Dr.) Gibson 28 Campbell St. j4-dtf

WANTED—COOK, GENERAL, WITH REferences. Wages $20 per month. Apply 311 Victoria Ave. j8-dtf

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO LEARN BARber business and help in tobacco store, at once. A. E. Wrightmyer, 209 Front Street. j12-dtf

WANTED—FIRST CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill and Planer hands, Toolmakers. Good wages. Steady work. Canadian Westinghouse Company, Limited, Hamilton, Ont. d—j27

TO RENT

TO RENT, RESIDENCE, No. 221 CHARLES St.; contains all modern conveniences. Apply at The Intelligencer Office a23-tf

TO LET, THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the Bank of Commerce, and also rooms in the same block and the Robertson Block, suitable for offices and apartments. S. S. Lazier. j17-dtf

WANTED

SEWING MACHINE OPERATORS ON Whitewear, waists, children's dresses and house dresses; model factory; best wages. ALSO MEN CUTTERS, some experience necessary. Gale Manufacturing Company, Limited, corner Spadina and Wellington Streets, Toronto 3t j15,17,18

Italy's Ancestral Glories.

Three times has Italy ruled over Europe. She has sat on the political throne under the Caesars, on the ecclesiastical throne under the popes from Gregory the Great to Leo X, and on the intellectual throne of the renaissance. These things every Italian family remembers. Augustus Caesar and Trajan, Hildebrand and Innocent III, Dante and Petrarch, Michelangelo and Raphael, Galilei and Bruno are in his mouth like household words. The Italian does not consider himself and us as equals; he accepts, he believes in, modern democracy, but deep in his heart he is an aristocrat, haughtily proud of his long descent and his ancestral glories. When thinking of Italians one must always bear in mind that they, out of all the peoples of Europe, have the most glorious past and that they are conscious of it to the quick.—Henry Dwight Sedgwick in Yale Review.

Balzac's Way.

Jules Sandeau related that one time while living in Paris Balzac locked himself up in his room for twenty-two days and twenty-two nights, refusing to see any one and keeping the curtains closed and the lights continually burning even in broad daylight. The only human being he saw during this time was his servant, whom he rang for when he felt the need of food, which he washed down with numerous cups of coffee. He would throw himself on his bed only when entirely exhausted from lack of sleep, and he remained in complete ignorance of what was transpiring outside, the state of the weather and even of the time and day of the week. He only freed himself from this voluntary captivity when he had written the word "End" on the last page of the manuscript he began when he entered his prison.

Suitable.

"So you think Katherine made a very suitable match?"

"Yes, indeed; you know what a nervous, excitable girl she was. Well, she married a composer."

Not Too Obscure.

Artist's Wife (during quarrel)—You were quite obscure before I married you. Artist—You didn't have any trouble in finding me.

Fresh Made Appetizing Confections

Chocolate Dates,	40c lb.
Date Pudding, -	25c lb.
Maple Walnut Cream,- -	20c lb.
Neapolitan Fruit Pudding, - -	30c lb.
Humbugs, - -	20c lb.
Butter Scotch, -	20c lb.

Our Own Make

Chas. S. Clapp

SPORTING NEWS

THE GAME TONIGHT

No hockey fan will miss the big intermediate game here to-night when the 33rd Battery of Kingston clash with the local team. Both of these teams have defeated Queen's, and a whirlwind game may be expected from start to finish.

Kingston and Belleville both have a rock bound defense, according to all reports, and although Whitty is sick with LaGrippe, and will be unable to play to-night, Holloway may be depended upon to put up a good game.

The same team is expected to play to-night that played last Friday with this one exception, and much better team work among the forwards is predicted.

The report reached us that Whalen who played on Friday night was the younger brother, who is a junior. This was wrong, as the boy who played Friday night and will play again to-night, is "Ted" Whalen, who has played intermediate hockey for the past three years.

Belleville will likely line up as follows:

Goal, Phillips; defense, Symons and Holloway; rover, Finkle; centre Whalen; right wing, Simmonds; left wing, Mitchell.

The forwards will show up stronger to-night for two reasons. They are pitted against a weaker forward line up than on last Friday night and they have now played one game together.

Belleville defense will probably be as strong as ever in defensive play, but it is likely that Symons will be compelled to do all the offensive work that is done by the back division. He is perfectly able to shoulder a fair percentage of the work at that, and with Phillips in goal is not likely to worry much when he rushes.

LaGrippe is bound to keep a lot of fans away from the rink to-night, but everyone who is able is almost sure to be there to see Belleville close the first lap on the group leadership.

The Juniors play Lindsay here on Friday night.

It is near-officially announced that Whitty will be unable to play tonight, and that Hollaway will take his place. Hollaway in a wonderful check and will only lack Whitty's experience and "get-away" speed.

There is no truth in the rumor that Symons, Belleville's crack defense man, is out of town. Big Bill will be on hand to-night as usual.

SATURDAY'S RESULTS

(O.H.A. Senior.)

Argonauts. . . . .4 40th Battery . .2

(Intermediate.)

Sarnia . . . . . . .18 Ingersoll 3

(Juniors.)

London Ontarios . .4 Ingersoll 1
Newmarket . . . . .5 Milton 3
St. Andrew's Coll. . 6 Pickering Col. 3
xMarkham . . . . . .11 Aurora 3

N. H. A.

Ottawa . . . . .5 Canadiens . . . 2
Quebec . . . . .5 Torontos 2

N. H. A. STANDING

Teams	Won.	Lost	For	Ag'st.
Wanderers	5	1	27	21
Quebec.	5	33	33	28
Canadiens	4	4	26	25
Ottawa	3	4	20	17
Torontos	1	6	15	30

GAMES TO-DAY

O.H.A. Senior—Waterloo at Berlin.

Intermediate—33rd Battery at Belleville, Picton at Queen's II., 93rd Battalion at Peterboro' Electric, Oshawa at 84th Battalion, Brantford at Paris, Alliston at 76th (Barrie), Bracebridge at Gravenhurst.

Junior—Port Hope at Cobourg, Oshawa at Bowmanville, Peterboro' at Lindsay, Newmarket at Aurora, Aura Lee at Markham, Ingersoll at Brantford, Woodstock at Hamilton R. C., Berlin at Preston, Etayner at Collingwood.

N.H.A.—Wanderers at Ottawa.

Mrs. J. H. Packham, of Owen Sound, is spending several weeks, with her brother, H, J. Poste, 199 Forin St

CLASSIFIED WANT ADS
TO LET

The telegraph will reach your man quickly. If you are sure just where he is the telephone will do it quicker. But if it is good help you want and do not know just where to find it, our Want Ads. are quicker than either.

Not Guilty.

Marcus Pickney had been arrested through the activities of his 200 pound Scotch wife, and the pair were facing the judge.

It seemed that Pickney was a shiftless, ne'er-do-well, lazy man, with a strong disinclination to honest toil. Moreover, he was in the habit of coming home "corned" and beating his thrifty better half. It was on the occasion of the last of these episodes that she had brought about his arrest.

After patiently hearing testimony the judge said:

"Mrs. Pickney, it seems to me that this is a case where prosecution is possible for nonsupport."

"Oh, your honor," wailed the excited woman, "they can't bring that up ag'in me! I've took in washin' and giv' him what you might say was fine livin' ever since we was marrit. No; he can't accuse me of that, judge."

World's Oldest Industry.

The pearl fisheries of Ceylon are said to be the oldest industry in the world. For over 3,000 years the pearl oyster harvest has been gathered by the natives, who, skilled in diving, have handed down the industry from one generation to the next. Pearl fishing in Ceylon today is somewhat of a speculation. The greatest care is taken lest when the shells of the bivalves are opened any of the precious gems be lost or stolen. A very strict watch is kept over the natives who are employed in this kind of work, but in spite of the greatest precautions some of the smaller stones are frequently concealed. The refuse from the shells is very carefully examined subsequent to this first examination. Even the dried dust of the oyster is carefully sifted.

Grazed in the Fog.

It is not usual for a ship on the high seas to elect to cast anchor on the deck of a passing steamer, but that is what a four masted schooner did once in the Atlantic. The two vessels grazed in the fog, and the "catted" port anchor of the schooner caught in the steamer's deck "by a fluke." It fastened to an engineer's stateroom in such a manner as to bar his exit, but fortunately the chain parted just as the room was being ripped into fragments. The schooner followed the steamer to its destination to recover her anchor.

The Cocoa Bean.

The cocoa is a native of Venezuela. It is a pod bean the size of the first joint of the finger, six or eight of these beans to the pod. The wet beans are shelled from the pods and then fermented in heaps for six days until cured. During this ferment heat is developed that will cook an egg, so it is said. The cocoa bush begins bearing at five years, grows into a tree thirty feet high, and, like the olive, the older the tree the better. The beans hang from the trunk and the under side of the limbs, sticking out on stems.

Colored Oysters.

Although he had never before been inside a big city hotel, Uncle Sol was determined to keep the fact a profound secret.

The old gentleman carefully watched his nephew and imitated him in all of his actions and manners.

"Have some oysters, uncle?" asked the nephew.

"Don't care if I do."

"What'll they be?"

"Oh, most any kind, I guess!"

"I'll take a few blue points."

With a careless wave of his right hand and a patronizing look at the waiter Uncle Sol exclaimed:

"I'll guess I'll take a few red ones."—Exchange.

Some Foreign Coins.

The franc was formerly called livre (pound), though the connection with any special weight is not evident. The name of the German coin, mark, meaning a weight of eight ounces, was formerly in general use in Europe. The name of the Italian coin that corresponds with a franc (lira) also means pound. The coins in present use in Spain have their names from other sources. The five peseta piece is called escudo (shield). Peseta, the name of the small coin representing the monetary standard, means simply "little piece." Ruble is from the word meaning "to cut" and was so called because originally the coin was made with an ornamental edge.—London Telegraph.

Great Scheme.

"I have a scheme."

"Propound it."

"A movie show to be called 'The World.' Everybody in the world will be employed to act in the picture. We're bound to get an audience. Every person depicted will want to see it."

Egg Crop Loss.

Two per cent of all eggs sold are broken before they get to the consumer. Two per cent more are dirty. The total loss from all causes is over one-sixth the total egg crop.—Farm and Fireside.

Rivals.

"Is this an all star company?" asked the manager of the Bunkhurst Opera House.

"Sure it is," said the press agent. "They haven't spoken a pleasant word to each other since they started on tour."

Hold Up Your Head.

The simple habit of holding the chest high and the head erect will do more than anything else to retain a youthful figure. The moment the back bends goodby youth!

As a moth gnaws a garment, so doth envy consume a man.—Chrysostom.

* * *

Our mistakes may add to the wisdom of others.

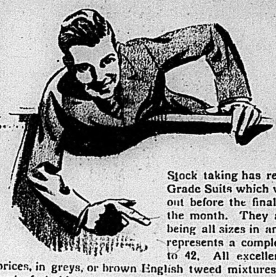
* * *

There are a lot of funny things in this world—besides men and women.

RITCHIE'S

IMPORTANT STOCK REDUCING SALE OF

MEN'S HIGH GRADE SUITS



Regular **$15.00** and **$16.50** Values on Sale at

$10.95

Stock taking has revealed a quantity of High Grade Suits which we are desirous of clearing out before the final inventory at the end of the month. They are odd lines of suits not, being all sizes in any one pattern, but the lot represents a complete range of sizes from 36 to 42. All excellent values at the regular prices, in greys, or brown English tweed mixtures. Owing to the increased cost of clothing materials and trimmings, we consider this an excellent opportunity to procure a first class Suit at a bargain. **$10.95**

A CLEARANCE LINE OF MEN'S OVERCOATS

Regular $15 for $12

Odd sizes of our Regular $15 Overcoats in plain Browns and Brown Mixtures, and we have decided to clear these out before stock inventory. They are all desirable garments, well lined, and with large shawl or velvet collars. Length 44 to 48 inches. You choice this week **$12**

Men's Heavy Grey TROUSERS

Splendid Heavy Winter Weight Trousers, in a full range of sizes, all of the untearable quality; a special line in a grey shade, two qualities, priced at . . $2.00 and $2.50

Men's Corduroy TROUSERS

Brown and Drab Corduroy Trousers for Winter Wear. These have become very popular this season and for wearing qualities cannot be surpassed. For the month of January we are offering a special line of these Trousers, made of excellent quality English Cordaroys, at $3.00

(Men's store)

Ladies Black and Colored COATS At Just Half Price

This offer does not mean only a few of the Coat Models selected for quick clearance, but embraces every Ladies' Black and Colored Coat now in stock, and that means a lot, especially so early in the season, for there are still many handsome up-to-the-minute garments displayed in our showing, all strictly new models in first class materials and best shades.

Quinte Chapter Daughters of the Empire TEA ROOM

2nd Floor

The Front Section of the Millinery Parlors on the Second Floor of our store has been given over to the Ladies of this Chapter, and commencing today they will serve Afternoon Tea between the hours of 4 and 6 o'clock. Everybody is invited. The proceeds are for the Belgian Relief Fund and other patriotic purposes.

The RITCHIE Company Limited

CITY AND VICINITY

WINTER FAIR AT OTTAWA

Canadian Pacific Excursion Rate $4.10 return, going Jan. 17th to 20th, returning good to Jan. 22nd. For further information and tickets apply to S. BURROWS, C.P.R. Agent. 12,8t

The Minister's Bride, coming to the Tabernacle, Tuesday, January 25th. Come, everybody will want to see her in costume of 1814. J15-2t

Men's $5.00 and $6.00 Boots only $3.25. Gorman's Clearance Sale. 1t

HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

CANADA POSTAGE
TWO CENTS

COSTS LITTLE

Accomplishes Much

A two cent stamp does a lot for very little money, but it would require thousands of two cent stamps and personal letters to make your wants known to as many people as a 25c. investment in our Classified Want Ads.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

THE WEATHER.
Strong westerly winds, local snow falls or flurries, but mostly fair and decidedly cold today and on Wednesday.

The Daily Intelligencer.

ESTABLISHED 1858
58 years continuous business is a guarantee for square dealing; best values and lowest prices.
FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Office Phone 2 Night Phones 260 & 635

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 81 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, TUESDAY, JANUARY 18, 1916. No. 16

MONTENEGRO HAS NOW SURRENDERED TO AUSTRIA

So Says Berlin Despatch—First One to Sue For Peace—Austro Hungarian Parliament Cheers Announcement

ACT CAUSED A TREMENDOUS SENSATION

Brave Little Nation was Expected to Fight to the End—No Word as Yet From Montenegro

Montenegro Surrenders

BERLIN, Jan. 17.—Montenegro has unconditionally surrendered to Austria. She will lay down her arms. She is the first of the European belligerents to sue for peace in the eighteen months of fighting. Terms will be discussed at once. It is believed they will include the cession of Mount Lovcen to Austria and the northern Albanian town of Scutari to Montenegro.

Announcement of the submission of the little mountain kingdom was made to-day by General Headquarters of the Austro-Hungarian army and by Count Tisza, the Hungarian Premier, before the Hungarian Parliament.

Army Lays Down Arms

The official announcement says:—"The King and Government of Montenegro, on January 13, asked for a cessation of hostilities and the opening of peace negotiations. The Austro-Hungarian Government answered that this would not be possible unless the Montenegrin army should unconditionally lay down its arms.

"The Montenegrin army yesterday accepted these terms."

Count Tisza, addressing the Hungarian Parliament, said: 'Montenegro has asked for peace. We asked that, beforehand, Montenegro unconditionally lay down her arms. Just now news has arrived that the unconditional laying down of arms has been accepted. Peace negotiations will be entered into immediately."

Commotion in Parliament

The Premier's announcement came just after proceedings under the first paragraph of the order of the day had been completed. He asked permission to interrupt the discussion.

His announcement caused a tremendous sensation. A deep silence followed his words and then Parliament broke into commotion. Shouts of joy made the ancient chamber ring.

The news quickly spread to the streets, and the entire city joined in the first peace celebration.

The sudden announcement of Montenegro's capitulation came on the heels of despatches quoting her King and Cabinet Ministers to the effect that the nation would never surrender. It was declared they would fight to the last man; that Montenegro never had been conquered, and never would be.

.... Not Confirmed ....

The announcement that Montenegro has surrendered has not as yet been confirmed from any allied forces.

Prohibition In Ontario

Which Gives Best Results—Past And Present Reviewed

Regarding prohibition in Ontario the Montreal Gazette says it is only natural, perhaps, that the drift of opinion in the western states should be felt in our western provinces. A while ago the western states were fired with a rage for "advanced legislation," such as the initiative and referendum, and forthwith those measures were taken up in Alberta and Saskatchewan. Since then seven states have adopted prohibition, which went into effect on New Year's Day, and Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba are now following suit. Ontario is likewise joining the procession. A Committee of One Hundred, with headquarters in Toronto, is organizing a campaign for the total suppression of the licensed liquor trade so far as it can be suppressed by the Provincial Legislature. The Legislature has not the constitutional authority to close the distilleries or breweries, nor can it stop the transportation of whiskey or beer from a "wet" province to the consumers within its own boundaries, but it can deprive the 1,500 hotels and saloons of licenses and thus outlaw the traffic. In the last thirty or forty years Ontario has had recourse to the Dunkin Act, Scott Act and local option, but it cannot be said that such efforts at suppression have resulted in much good to the cause of temperance. They were enforced for a time, but when the zeal of the temperance men abated and the people wearied of government by whiskey detectives, the acts usually became a dead-letter. So it was and has been in other parts of the Dominion. No one doubts the sincerity of the temperance leaders, but, like other ardent social reformers, they are apt to overestimate the force of public sentiment in favor of their project and to underestimate the amount of public objection to compulsion, even for the best of causes.

The Toronto committee is raising subscriptions to carry on this work, and advertises itself as thoroughly non-partisan, portraits of Mr. Hearst, the provincial premier, and Mr. Rowell, leader of the Liberal Opposition, appearing side by side in its printed appeals. It may be doubted, however, whether the two sides are thus entirely unanimous. At the last provincial election Mr. Rowell was defeated on the cry of "Abolish the Bar" and it is suspected by some that he is trying to recover his ground and to land the Tories in disaster by roping them in as out-and-out opponents of the liquor trade. When the Liberals were in office for so long under Mowat, Hardy and Ross, they made the license law a party engine, appointing their own friends as commissioners and inspectors and seeing to it that the licensee who dared to remain a Tory had an unpleasant time of it. On public occasions, notably when church members were present, they denounced the trade as an agency of the devil, but never failed to blackmail it out of election funds in the name of righteousness. Mr. Rowell is no doubt honest in his belief in prohibition, but he is a Liberal partisan before he is anything else, and the Tories may be forgiven if they regard him with some suspicion. It is not likely, therefore, that the present movement will succeed. The efficient regulation of the traffic appears to yield better results than futile attempts to abolish it. Mr. Rowell says its suppression would enable the province to give more money to the fund for war purposes, but so for that matter would the refusal to subscribe to the committee's treasury until it is clearly shown that there is no sinister object in the campaign.

PREPARING FOR WAR YOUNG MAN GOES INSANE

Operation to Fit Albert Oliver For Active Service Causes Trouble

TORONTO, Jan. 17.—Driven suddenly insane, Albert Oliver, 2058 Yonge street, stripped himself of his garments and raced wildly up and down Yonge street in Eglinton on Sunday morning until a policeman from No. 5 Sub-station took him into the office of a Yonge street physician. From here he was taken to the General Hospital and then sent to the Reception Hospital.

Ambulance driver Ross of the Police Department says that the surgeon to whose office Oliver was taken by the policeman states that the young man's condition might have been caused by an operation of a trivial nature performed recently in order that Oliver might be accepted for active service.

Later in the day Oliver's brother informed Police Sergeant Grant that his brother was seemingly in perfect health at breakfast time. Oliver was dressing to go out for a walk when his brother left the house for church.

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After his complete recovery, Emperor William returned Sunday afternoon to the war theatre.

British Forcing The Turks Back

Steadily Gaining Ground on Turk Forces—Relieving Expedition Wins Big Victory—Will Soon Join With Kut-el—Amara Force

RUSSIANS ARE ADVANCING

The Winter Bear is Steadily Diving Teutons Before Them—Turks Admit Defeat

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 18.—A special despatch form the British forces in Mesopotamia, says that the British are driving the Turks back daily and are expected to relieve the forces at Mesopotamia to-day.

Campaign Co-Related

LONLON, Jan. 17.—Anglo-Russian forces in the Far East continue to make progress in co-related campaigns against the Turks, official despatches to London and Petrograd recording victories in Mesopotamia and the Caucasus respectively. The British force in Mesopotamia, under General Aylmer, advancing to the relief of Kut-el-Amara, where General Townshend's force is besieged, has fought another stiff battle. As a result the Turks opposing the advance, who were compelled to fall back after the fighting on the 13th and 14th inst., have lost their positions and have again retreated to a point within six miles of Kut-el-Amara. From the latter place word has been received up to Saturday last, and from General Aylmer up to Sunday. All Britain hopes that the relieving and the beleaguered forces will soon be able to join hands, if they have not already done so, and bring the Turks to a decisive battle. The movements of the British forces are greatly hampered by the bad weather, which has flooded large sections of the country.

A Turkish Admission

The Turks now admit the withdrawal of "advanced posts" in some parts of the Caucasus, owing to the Russian attacks, and, the Czar's forces record the capture of additional prisoners and munitions. They say nothing of the Mesopotamia fighting other than a reference to intermittent artillery duels.

Diamond Smugglers Now Plead Guilty

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Herman P. Deltz and his son, Charles Deltz, bankrupt diamond dealers, called to trial to-day before Judge Hunt in the United States District Court for smuggling nearly half a million dollars' worth of jewels across the Canadian border, brought the case to a sudden end by pleading guilty. The elder Deltz was sentenced to a year and a day in the Federal prison at Atlanta, Ga., and the son to pay a fine of $5,000. The court directed that if the fine was not paid by next Monday Charles Deltz should be brought before him for re-sentence. The action was taken just as the trial was to start.

Counts in the indictment charging the defendants with personally carrying the jewels across the border were dropped with the consent of the District Attorney.

The Government charged that the smuggling conspiracy continued from 19191 to 1914, the evidence of which was obtained in the course of bankruptcy proceedings against Deltz and his son and Joseph Samuels & Company, braid makers of New York, and Aranson & Ruttenbery of Montreal. Deltz claimed his insolvency was due in part to the loss of diamonds he had pledged with pawnbrokers.

VERY LITTLE SICKNESS AMONG THE CANADIANS

The Evening Telegram yesterday had the following from its London correspondent:

Sir George Perley and Hon. Frank Cochrane, Minister of Railway, have just returned from a three days' visit to headquarters and other parts of the Canadian front. They met many Brigadiers and Colonels. They crossed the Channel on a destroyer.

They report very little sickness among the Canadians.

All are cheerful and well-fortified against the weather, which already is improving.

The soldiers are confident "Fritz" will shortly receive fits. The visitors were particularly enthusiastic over the efficiency of our artillery.

Gen. Turner is here on leave.

Within the Military Circle

BELLEVILLE

The strength of the 155th Battalion is now well over 400. About 75 per cent of these are Canadian, 19 per cent. or English born and the rest are made up of several different nationalities.

Dr. Harper of the 155th Battalion, Madoc, is in the city to-day.

80TH BATTALION ORDERS

Captain for week ending Sunday, January 23rd, Capt. P. K. Ketcheson. Next for duty, Capt. S. W. Gilroy.

Officer for to-day, Lt. E. E. Bouchett; for to-morrow, Lt. J. M. Phalen.

Sergt. for to-day, Cpl. Hatchard, B. Co.; for to-mrorow, Cpl. Hurst, A. Co.

Corpl. for to-day, Cpl. Bryden, B. Co.; for to-morrow, Cpl. Hurst, A. Co.

MILITARY CROSS IN COBOURG

Mrs. R. J. Craig received from her son, Lieut. C. S. Craig, the Military Cross, which he was recently decorated with by the King at Buckingham Palace. There are two crosses, each of solid silver. The larger one is 1 5-8 inches square, and the silver bar is one and a half inches wide. The cross bears in the centre the letters "G.R.I." and on each of the four arms of the cross is the Imperial Crown. The ribbon is of 3 equal strips, 1 2-8 inches wide and 1 1-2 inches high, with the centre strip dark purple and the other white. As the military cross is of recent origin, this is probably the first one to arrive in Canada.

KINGSTON

The School of Signalling opened today. Over one hundred men from the various units in the division are taking the course, which will be directed by Lieut.-Col. Mundell, divisional signalling officer.

Captain Frank Lee, of Lindsay; Lieut. Muncie, of Kingston, and Staff-Sergt. Reid are the instructors in signalling.

All men enlisting in the C.E.F. must be vaccinated on the day they are medically examined, according to a recent order issued by Colonel Hemming.

Lieut. Mackenzie, of Ottawa; Lieut. Waley, of the 14th Regiment; Lieut. James, of the G.G.F.G.; Lieut. Doran, of the 56th Regiment; Lieut. Poyser, of the 56th; Lieut. Sergeant, of the 56th; Lieut. Smith, of the 15th Regiment; Lieut. Martin, of the P.L.D.G., and Lieut. Mouck, of the 47th Regiment, have been attached to the 146th Battalion for instruction and duty.

Took "Ten Nights" To Quit Gallipoli

LONDON, Jan. 17.—Further details of the evacuation of the Sulya Bay and Sedd-ul-Bahr regions appear in the morning newspapers. The accounts state that the operation in each case covered ten nights. The first period was devoted to the removal of winter stores and superfluities. During the next period everything was removed except the actual foood and munitions needed for the final ten nights, during which the troops embarked with guns and animals. On the last night picked men held the first line trenches, one man to seven yards of the front, and they remained until word came that all was clear on the beach.

Greece Must Join Or Fight Entente

(Canadian Press Special)

BERLIN, Jan. 18.—A Sofia despatch to the Overseas News Agency says the Entente Powers have sent a note to Greece requiring her to deliver their passports to the ministers of Central Powers within forty-eight hours, failing which the Entente will take necessary measures.

"Blackmailed" shows with what comparative ease the most honorable and innocent persons may become enmeshed in the web of the most contemptible of human spiders, the blackmailers. This story has been copyrighted and will appear only in the Intelligencer. The first of the story will appear in Thursday's paper. Don't miss it.

Murphy to Introduce Prohibition Question

Borden Government Asked Whether Temperance Legislation is in Prospect

FISH PRICES AN ISSUE

Jameson, of Digby, N.S., Suspects Middlemen Get Undue Profits

OTTAWA, Jan. 17.—Evidence that the question of prohibition of liquor in Canada during the progress of the war will come before parliament this session was forthcoming this afternoon when Hon. Charles Murphy gave notice of the following enquiry of the government:

Is it the intention of the government to introduce during the present session of parliament legislation restricting or prohibiting the manufacture or sale of liquor during the war?"

Mr. Murphy returns again to the question of the two submarines purchased by Sir Richard McBride, by asking when they were equipped with torpedoes.

Clarence Jameson, M.P. for Digby, N.S., who has taken a deep interest in the development of the fish industry, intends to move in the House this session for an enquiry into the causes of the great discrepancy between the prices of fish at the places of production and those charged on the interior markets.

George W. Kyte, of Richmond, N.S., gives notice of motions for returns showing the names of members of the House of Commons and the various Legislatures who are in the service of the militia department, either in Canada or overseas, their rank and rate of pay; also the names of employees of the government who have enlisted for home or foreign service since the war broke out, with their rate of pay, specifying those who continue to receive the same salaries that were paid to them before they enlisted.

Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux will move the following resolution: "That this House recognizes the necessity for immediate national action to cope with new and complex conditions arising after the war and emphasizes the urgent need for a system of national labor bureaus."

Francis Glass of East Middlesex has given notice of a resolution calling upon the government to encourage the flax and linen industries of Canada.

Canadian Lieut. Burned to Death

(Canadian Press Special)

TORONTO, Jan. 18.—Cables today announce that Flight Lieut Ross, a Canadian, was burned to death yesterday. He had started on a flight when his machine burst into flames and came down wrecked and it is supposed that the tank exploded. The authorities at Ottawa say that the only Ross on the list of Canadian aviators was Gordon Ross, aged twenty-one, of Kunvegan Road, Toronto, who after a a course at Dayton, Ohio, went to England a few months ago.

CANADIANS BREAK UP MEETING OF QUAKERS

LONDON, Jan. 18.—Wild scenes were witnessed at a gathering last night in a Quarker meeting-house, in which Canadian soldiers participated. The trouble arose owing to interruptions by a faction of Quakers of a Quaker speaker who was supporting conscription.

One of the Canadian soldiers tried to muzzle one of the interrupters of the speaker with his gauntlet. The meeting house was soon a mass of struggling forms. In the melee hats were smashed, clothes were torn and collars lost. The conscriptionists finally came off victorious in the struggle, and then sang the National Anthem and cheered the King.

RUSSIANS CONTINUE THEIR SUCCESSES

(Canadian Press Special)

BERLIN, Jan. 18.—A War Office statement says that the Russians under cover of night and snowstorms succeeded in surprising several small outposts to the southeast of Riga, and destroying them.

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Many persons have been drowned by flood in northern Holland. On the Marken Islands the death list has reached sixteen, including seven children. Queen Wilhelmina has opened the Royal Palace at Amsterdam to shelter the refugees.

CONSCRIPTION NOT NECESSARY IN CANADA

Confident Half Million Men Can be Secured Through Voluntary System—Address to Throne Causes Big Debate

AMERICANS ARE LOYAL TO ALLIES' CAUSE

Premier Borden Believes American Settlers Are Anxious to See Britian Win—Debate in House of Commons to Continue To-Morrow

OTTAWA, Jan. 17.—Perhaps the features of the debate upon the address in reply to the speech from the throne which began in the House of Commons today was Sir Wilfrid Laurier's appeal to the Prime Minister that conscription would not be resorted. Sir Wilfrid spent a good deal of time in replying to the arguments of the Nationalists against Canada's participation in the war. Speaking for himself, he declared that neither the King of England nor the Parliament of England could compel a Canadian soldier to go to the front or take a dollar from the Canadian treasury. Canada's participation in the war, he said, was the spontaneous expression of the people's will and the deliberate action of a free parliament.

Sir Robert Borden dismissed the appeal about conscription with a sentence, saying that the government did not propose conscription.

Personally he did not subscribe to the belief that conscription would cause the American settlers to leave the country. On the contrary he believed the American settlers were as anxious to fight for the Allies as were native Canadians.

Sir Wilfrid's Doubts

The address was moved by Dr. Thompson, M.P. for the Yukon. He made an excellent speech. The motion was seconded by Dr. Paquet, the Conservative member for L'Islet, Quebec. Sir Wilfrid Laurier spoke next, and was followed by the Prime Minister. Sir Wilfrid seemed in excellent health and spoke with unusual vigor. He ventured to doubt whether the government would be able to raise 500,000 volunteers and criticized the lavish expenditures upon public works and the commandeering last autumn of all wheat in the eastern elevators.

Sir Robert Borden seemed quite recovered from his recent illness and spoke at considerable length. He reviewed the history of the war and the great part Canada had played therein. Considering the millions of men that Great Britain had already placed in the field, Sir Robert did not consider that Canada should shrink from raising an army of 500,000. Parliament must remember, he declared, amid prolonged applause, that Canada was a part of the British Empire.

The Premier was followed by Dr. Clark, the Liberal member for Red Deer, who intimated that the Liberals would not oppose an extension of the parliamentary term. Postmaster-General Casgrain will resume the debate tomorrow.

WEDDING BELLS

A very pretty wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Ketcheson, at 11 a.m., Jan. 12, 1916, when their youngest daughter, Mary Alma, was united in the holy bonds of matrimony to Mr. Kenneth A. Faul, of Sidney, by Rev. L. M. Sharpe. To the strains of the bridal chorus, rendered by Miss Luella Potter, of Frankford, the young couple took their places beneath the floral arch. The bride was given in marriage by her father, and was charmingly attired in white voile with pearl and fur trimming. She carried a shower bouquet of carnations and smilax, and wore the traditional bridal veil with orange blossoms, which had formerly adorned her aunt, Mrs. John Spear, of Chicago, on a similar occasion. The usual congratulations extended, the invited guests, numbering about seventy, were ushered to the dining room by Mr. Bert Lott, where a good dinner awaited them, the guests being served by a few girl friends of the bride.

The signing of the register was witnessed by Mr. Arthur Craig and Miss Eva Sine. Mr. and Mrs. Faul left immediately after dinner for Belleville, where they took the 3.05 train for their honey-moon tour. The bride travelled in a navy blue suit and white sailor hat. The display of handsome and useful gifts testify to the popularity of both parties. Upon their return they will reside in Sidney. The Intelligencer joins with their many friends in wishing them a happy and prosperous path through life.

JONES—HARRY.

A quiet wedding was solemnized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Harry, Bayside, on Wednesday, Jan. 12, when their second daughter, Jennie, was married to Mr. Walter Jones, of Bowmanville, by Rev. F. G. Joblin, Pastor of Bayside Circuit.

After ample justice had been done to the very bountiful and wholesome dinner which was provided, a pleasant hour was spent in toast-making to the future happiness and health of the bride, which toasts were responded to in a very efficient manner. The happy couple then left to go to their new home in Bowmanville.

The Intelligencer has secured the right to publish the copyrighted story, "Blackmailed," by Arthur Applin, and will commence publishing the story on Thursday next. No story lover will miss a line of this wonderful, true-to-life story.

TEA ROOM IS AUSPICIOUSLY OPENED

Under the auspices of Quinte Chapter of the Imperial Order of the Daughters of the Empire, in Belleville, a tea room was yesterday afternoon opened in the spacious millinery room of the Ritchie Company's establishment, on Front street. The room which is in every respect an ideal place for such a function, was tastefully decorated with bunting and flags, whilst daffodils were the flowers used. Yesterday a number of citizens attended and partook of the tempting refreshments provided by the ladies.

The convenors this week will be Mrs. Dr. Marshall and Mrs. Walter Lingham; the second week, the Regent, Mrs. E. G. Porter and Mrs. F. B. Smith will be convenors; the third week, Mrs. R. J. Graham and Mrs. J. W. Johnson will be in charge and the fourth week, Mrs. Judge Fraleck and Mrs. C. Bogart.

A number of ladies who are members of the Chapter, acted as waiters.

LAID TO REST

The funeral of the late Mr. Isaac N. Robinson, who died in Tyendinaga township, took place yesterday afternoon. At Salem church, services were conducted by Rev. Wm. Mair, of Melrose, who also officiated at the interment at Salem cemetery. A number of floral tributes were placed upon the casket. The bearers were, Messrs. O. Roblin, T. Leslie, H. Swan, D. Hagerman, J. R. and C. W. Cole.

Alleged Theft Of Silver

A Findlander who goes by the name of Herbert Hill, was yesterday arraigned before Judge Deroche on a charge of theft and elected to be tried by His Honor. His trial was fixed for Wednesday, the 26th inst., at 11 o'clock. It is aleged that Hill stole 48 pounds of silver from the premises of the Deloro Reduction Company, situated in Marmora township.

Patriotic Campaign

In the gerat campaign for patriotic purposes the County of Hastings is asked for $39,011.05 and the County of Prince Edward is asked for $12,948.40; Northumberland and Durham, $47,616.79, and Lennox and Addington is asked for $38,064.00.

Our
JANUARY SALE
Still in Full Swing

Goods Slaughtered in many cases 10 to 25 p.c. off Regular Prices

Have Cents
Save Your Dollars By Buying Here Now

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mr. Frank Johnson and his sister, Mrs. C. Dalrymple, of Montreal, have returned home after a visit to Detroit and Toronto.

Mr. James Manley of Toronto, is in the city visiting relatives and friends.

Mr. E. Naylor, of the City Hotel, is confined to his bed by illness.

Mr. Jas. Barnhart, an old employee of the G. T. R. in Belleville, but now of the Engineers Department, city of Toronto, is spending a few days visiting realtives and friends in Belleville and vicinity.

A responsible position has been given a former Belleville boy, Lieut. Garnet L. Berkeley, C.E., O.L.S., now of Toronto, and son of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Berkeley, Victoria Ave., he having been given command of the 4th Divisional Cycle Corps, Toronto, with the rank of Captain and has full charge of this unit.

◆

LADIES' HIGH CUT WATERPROOF LACED BOOTS, to wear without Rubbers. Celebrated "Classic." Sizes 2½ to 6. 23 pairs only. $5 and $5.50, for $3.25. THE HAINES SHOE HOUSE. J18-2td

MUSIC & DRAMA

"QUO VADIS"

It would require a second Solomon to decide what is the most attractive feature of George Kleine's artistic production of the Cines photo-drama "Quo Vadis", which is now exciting the admiration of the world. Some spectators enjoy most, the spectacular scenes of the Arena with its ferocious lions, exciting gladiator combats and chariots, to say nothing of Ursus' thrilling conquest of the savage bull, while others prefer the romantic love story of Vinitius and Lygia, which is so completely related. Some admire the characteristic scenes of Nero's court with its brilliant pageantry, magnificent festivals and reproduction of Roman palaces and gardens—and a great many applaud the production for its deep moral and religious note, the impressive visulization of the early struggles of Christianity and inspiring scenes in which the Saviour and Apostles Peter and Paul deminate. Altogether it is a supreme masterpiece and the one word that fittingly describes it is "marvellous." Geo. Kleine's "Quo Vadis" is announced for two nights, commencing Wednesday, Jan. 26 at the Griffin Opera House with matinees daily. All seats are reserved for the matinee and evening performances, and will be on sale beginning Monday, Jan. 24, at Doyle's Drug Store. Prices 10, 15, 25c.

In And About the City

VICTIMS OF LAGRIPPE

Many of our citizens are at present confined to their homes with an attack of LaGrippe, which is prevalent throughout the country.

A BIRTHDAY PARTY

A very enjoyable evening was spent at the home of Mrs. Charles Saunders, Harriet Street, in honor of her son's eighth birthday. The evening was spent in games. The only thing to mar the evening's fun was the absence of his dear daddy, who is at present fighting in the trenches for his King and country's honor.

EXTRAORDINARY RECORD

Quietness in regards to police records still prevails. There has not been an arrest for drunkenness since the evening of December 23rd, 1915, which is a record in the annals of the present force. This speaks volumes for the city as a law abiding city, and also for the licensed hotels, the proprietors of which are no doubt observing the law in its strictest sense.

TANKARD COMPETITION

At the Belleville Curling Rink this afternoon the Ontario Curling Tankard competition for this district opened and will continue this evening. Several clubs were included in the district but from one cause and another only three clubs were represented this afternoon, namely Belleville, Port Hope and Cobourg. Campbellford may possibly send two rinks down this evening. Messrs. A. P. Allen and Mr. Wright were skips for the Belleville rinks. Play was commenced at 2 o'clock and will be continued this evening.

◆

IF YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY, BUY NOW at our Great Bargain Sale. Everything that goes into Shoes is advancing. THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSE. J18-2t.

GRIFFIN'S OPERA HOUSE
Two Days Only, Wednesday & Thursday, Jan. 26 and 27
The Stupendous Photo Drama
QUO VADIS
In 3 Acts, 8 parts
Performance lasting 2¼ hours as presented at the Astor Theatre, N.Y., 306 consecutive sucformances; a sensational success throughout Europe and America.
Prices, 10c, 15c and 25c
Seats on sale at Doyle's.

Fresh from the Gardens
of the finest Tea-producing country in the world.
"SALADA"
TEA B 74
Sealed Packets Only.
Try it—it's delicious. BLACK GREEN or MIXED.

MONEY IN TRANSIT

How Millions Are Moved In Safety From City to City.

STRONG ROOMS IN BIG BANKS

The Modern Manganese Steel Vault, With Its Electric Skin, Can Defy the Most Daring and Clever Burglar Equipped With the Finest Tools.

Millions and billions in real cash, gold and bills, are vague things to most of us, and few people have any idea where this immensely wealthy nation keeps its real money or how it is guarded on its travels.

It is with the greatest reluctance that its owners or trustees ever move it; they prefer to exchange the checks, notes, drafts or securities that represent it. But there are times when the real money must go, and then its journey is a very interesting thing.

Every bank and trust company is required by the banking laws to keep a certain amount of money on hand, the amount being in proportion to the size of the institution, and in addition the current business of the house requires that so many millions more be available for use at the paying teller's window. To safeguard these large sums is the business of safe and vault building experts, and so far advanced is this science that it is practically impossible for the best equipped crooks to extract $1 from any big bank vault. Bank robbing these days is practiced on small country banks or is achieved by dishonest bankers.

The manganese steel vault, with its electric skin, is the last word in protection. The vault designer selects a spot in the institution, in any place from the cellar to the roof, where the vault can be isolated and cannot be reached easily by tunnelers, and there the big steel house is built. Its walls are so thick that they will resist fire, earthquake and heavy explosives, and the whole is protected by an electric skin. This is usually of a soft foil of alloy, and if even a pin is thrust through it at any point a short circuit is made and alarm bells set ringing in the building, in police headquarters, in the offices of private protective agencies and in the homes of certain officers of the bank. The burglar, with a torch that would burn a hole through the steel in a few minutes or tools that would cut out a door in an hour, has not a chance, even after he has tunneled to the vault and overcome the watchmen.

When millions in cash are taken from the vaults a picked corps of guarded clerks check it out in steel casks of the kind known as express strong boxes, and these are placed in wagons in which the carrying compartments are wholly of steel screens. Each wagon has its set of guards, usually two on the front seat, one driving, one locked in with the money and one riding on the rear.

The money is checked out of the vaults into the hands of express company employees, who cart it to their express cars in the railroad yards, and it travels to its destination in as simple and unostentatious a manner as if it were so many crates of eggs. The express company employees never know what is in the strong boxes—they merely know that they have so many of them in given numbers to receive and to deliver, and that is all there is to it.

An additional safeguard is the very weight of any given quantity of gold and the serial numbering of large bills. These latter are kept in the same packets in which they leave the banks if possible, and the groups of numbers make them as individual and as easily identifiable as one man from another. If a thief extracted a million in $10,000 bills he could not cash a single one of them.

◆

"Blackmailed," by Arthur Applin, author of "The Girl Who Saved His Honor," a copyrighted story that is run only by the Intelligencer will start in this paper on Thursday.. This is one of the best stories of the year and should not be missed by any story lover.

The "Land of Cattle."

Italy may fairly claim to be senior among the nations of Europe, so far as its name is concerned. The peninsula has been "Italia" almost as far back as even legend reaches. According to Mommsen, the "Itali" proper were the inhabitants of the southern part of the country. As to the origin of the name, there is the normal legend of a King Italus, but his name must have been pronounced Vitalus and Vitulus, which means a bull calf, and it is easy to recognize in it an allusion to Italy as the land of cattle.—Spectator.

A Dilemma.

Wife—Henry, you really must have the landlord come and see for himself the awful damage the rain did to our ceiling. Hub—I can't without letting him see the damage the children have done to the rest of the house.

We are all born for love. It is the principle of existence and its only end.—Disraeli.

The Modern Way.

Mrs. Henry Peck—Men have degenerated sadly since the days of chivalry. Sir Walter Raleigh spread his cloak on the ground for the queen to walk on. Women do not walk on men's cloaks in these modern days. Mr. Henry Peck—No; they walk on men's necks now.

Open to Conviction.

"I understand," said Mr. Dolan, "that you declared there should be no more fightin'."

"I said that," replied Mr. Rafferty. "But I never was obstinate, an' mebbe a few words of argument from you can make me change my mind."

An Artist's Struggles.

Professor von Herkomer, the famous painter, had such a struggle to gain a living in his early days that had it not been for his inexhaustible stock of patience and self confidence he would probably have abandoned art entirely. He sold his first picture for 2 guineas and later on earned for a short time a couple of pounds weekly for a woodcut which he supplied to a comic paper. This modest salary coming to a stop, he was at his wits' end to know what to do. He applied to a troupe of minstrels for an engagement as zither player, but in vain, and then took to designing carpets. For some years he battled with poverty, achieving no success until he obtained employment on a weekly illustrated journal.—London Globe.

Ownership of Deserts.

The national government virtually owns all our deserts, although in Texas the state owns all the public lands. It is probable that eventually the desert lands will pass from public ownership into the hands of private owners by allotment of areas, the size of which will be relative to their productiveness. For it must be realized that whereas in a well watered region five acres may be enough to support a family, anywhere from 500 to 10,000 acres may be needed to support a family in the desert. It is all a matter of water supply, for water is primarily the basis of land utility and value, as it is the prime means of subsistence of all living things, whether plants or animals.—

Smokeless Powder.

Smokeless powder dates back some fifty years, but it was not until about 1886 that it attained its real efficiency and sprang into general use. It must be understood that even the best of this powder is not absolutely smokeless. It is not smoky enough, however, to "do any harm," and as compared with the old powder may well be called "smokeless."

Charles Reade's Mistake.

"It was Charles Reade, wasn't it, who wrote, 'Nothing is so terrible as a fool?'"

"Yes, but he was wrong. I live next door to a newly married couple. If Charles could see them he would at once admit that two fools are even more terrible."

What Did It Mean?

A notice board in a Scottish kirk once bore, it is said, the following amazing sentence: "This church is licensed for the solemnization of marriages."

One of the very best of all earthly possessions is self possession

Try Our
Saturday Special
Chocolates
33c
JAS. WALLACE & CO.

When in Eye Trouble
Don't Take Chances

There's an eye-glass house long established — with a wide experience — and an unquestionable reputation—up to date in all respects
Where you can be SURE of good service at a reasonable price.

Our Reputation for Accuracy & Reliability

has been established by over 20 years' square dealing in this community
at

Angus McFee's

Comb Honey
At Wallbridge & Clarke's
1000 Sections of delicious
COMB HONEY
At Reasonable Prices
Dark Buckwheat Honey,
15c per section
$1.70 per dozen
No. 1 White Honey,
20c per section
$2.25 per dozen
Pure Cream Lucca
Italian OLIVE OIL
Quart Tins 75c
Boned Chicken, tins 25c & 40c
At Wallbridge & Clarke's

Have the Intelligencer sent to your Home Address

SPECIAL SHOE BARGAINS

ADAMS The Shoeman | See Window Displays

Marked Regardless of Cost to Make a Quick Clearance before Stocktaking

Women's Gypsy Button Boots
Midnight Blue, Black Velvet and Kid, Up to date shoes sold everywhere at $4.00 and $5.00, sizes 2½ to 7,
Clearing $2.98

Women's Gun Metal and Patent Button Boots
Plain Toe and Tipped, Cloth and Mat Calf Tops; all sizes in the lot. $4.00 and $5.00 values.
Clearing $2.98

Men's Gun Metal and Tan Calf Laced and Button Boots
English and Nobby Toes; all sizes in the lot. $5.00 and $6,00 values.
Clearing $3.45

Children's Tan & Black Button and Blucher Boots
Easy fitting lasts. Sizes 4 to 7½. Regular $1.35 and $1.50
Clearing $1.00

☛ WE SAVE YOU MONEY ☚

ADAMS The Shoeman

SINCLAIR'S SINCLAIR'S

Cloth Coats
At Reduced Prices

The remainder of our stock of LADIES' and MISSES' COLORED CLOTH COATS must be cleared out, and to do this we have marked them at greatly reduced prices. Coats are all this season's styles, and are made of excellent materials in Chinchilla, Whitney Cloth, Frieze, Tweeds, etc. The colors are Navy, Grey, Brown and mixtures.

The Coats are roomy and comfortable, and nearly all have high or convertible collars. All sizes are shown and in a number of styles

To Clear at One-Third Off Regular Prices.

We have a very few Plush and Fur Fabric Coats left. These are in the Newest Styles, and are marked at greatly reduced prices.

Buy Your Coat Now and Save Money

Northway GARMENTS

DRESS GOODS.
An assortment of about 25 pieces of Dress Goods and Suitings, in Blue, Grey, Brown and Green Mixtures and Checks. The materials are qualities which sold regularly for 65c., 75c. and 90c. yard, and are excellent value at 49c. yard.

SWEATER COATS.
For Skating, Snow-shoeing, or any other outdoor sport a Wool Sweater Coat is a very comfortable article of clothing. We have several styles of Pure Wool Sweater Coats in Ladies', Misses' and Children's sizes. All colors are shown in various weights.
Ladies' sizes, 34 to 42 ins., prices 75c. to $5.00
Children's sizes, 2 to 12, prices .. 50c. to $2.75

BEAUTIFUL BLOUSES.
We are showing a large assortment of Ladies' Silk Blouses in Taffeta, Pussy Willow, and Wash Silk, Georgette Crepe and Crepe de Chene. These may be had in a large variety of plain colors, stripes, plaids and combinations of colors and materials. Prices range from $1.98 up.

Sinclair's | STORE CLOSES SATURDAYS AT 7 P.M. | Sinclair's

10 Per Cent Discount

Off the Whole Stock — Spools and Grey Cottons Excepted.

Housekeepers, Boarding-house-keepers, Hotelkeepers, should take advantage of this sale and secure a supply of—

TABLE LINENS
NAPKINS
TOWELS
TOWELINGS
SHEETINGS
TICKINGS
BLANKETS
QUILTS
COMFORTERS
SHIRTINGS

The Sale is now in Full Swing.

TERMS CASH

Wims & Co

WHY NOT THE BEST?

You men who shave, just drop in when passing, and let us show you the new self adjusting and stropping

AUTO-STROP SAFETY RAZOR
500 shaves — $5.00
"GUARANTEED"

Waters' DRUG STORE

Chamberlin - Metal Weather Strip

Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.

Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows

F. W. L. CARRE

Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward counties.
Phone 366 276 Albert St., City

EYES BLUR
when reading?
If so; Glasses are needed to overcome the strain—let me help you.

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Eye-Sight Specialist

Hotpoint El Perco

El Perco

A PERFECT PERCOLATOR

Makes six cups of delicious coffee right at the table for less than one cent's worth of electricity. Attaches to any lamp socket and will commence percolating from cold water in 30 seconds.

LET US SHOW YOU ONE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Advertise in The Intelligencer

Letters to the Editor

We are at all times pleased to insert letters upon subjects of local or general interest. It must, however, be understood that we in no way identify ourselves with our correspondents' opinions.

All letters should be written on one side of the paper only, and should be as concise as possible. They must be accompanied by the name and address of the sender, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

RE. O'BRIEN'S BRIDGE REPAIRS

To Editor Intelligencer,

Dear Sir:

Several letters have recently appeared in the public press criticising the work of making the necessary repairs to O'Brien's bridge, and while fair and competent criticism of any public work is always in order, certain statements have been published in reference to this work which tend to reflect upon the integrity and efficiency of those in charge of the work, and which are in the writer's opinion not justified by the facts in the case, and for that reason should be publicly corrected.

On August 2nd last, at the request of the committee, appointed at the January session of the County Council, to make the repairs to this bridge, the writer with the committee made an inspection of the condition of the pier as well as the superstructure, finding the pier had settled some 14 to 18 inches, thereby distorting the superstructure and rendering the bridge unsafe for the heavy traffic pasing over this bridge. On subsequent inspection and soundings being taken, and after ascertaining from what was thought to be the best sources of information the character of the present old foundation, the writer advised the committee of the seriousness and difficulties which would likely be met with in securing a safe and permanent foundation, and also asked the advice of Mr. W. A. McLean, Provincial Engineer of Ontario and Mr. William I. Bishop, C. E. of Montreal, who is a member of the Province of Quebec Steam Commission. The reports of these two engineers, as well as my own report, together with plans showing the proposed method of carrying out the work to secure a permanent foundation were submitted to the committee in joint session with other members of the County Council and after full and careful consideration the committee instructed the writer to proceed along the lines then advised. It might be also stated here that the Provincial Act and Regulations of the Public Works Department of Ontario require that work of this kind be carried out by a competent engineer.

The work has therefore been carried out to date exactly along the lines first decided upon and approved of by the best engineers available and with the approval of the committee. Many difficulties and unforseen delays which cannot be gone into in this brief communication have been encountered and overcome in connection with this job that no engineer or anyone else could predetermine. Although soundings were carefully taken around the present old pier, many obstructions such as logs, old timber, portions of the former bridge which had been destroyed, and one of the old boiler caissons filled with concrete which supported the former bridge, had to be cut through or encompassed in driving the steel sheet cofferdam. All of these obstructions being covered with from six to ten feet of stone filling it was manifestly impossible to remove these obstructions in the depth of water (varying from ten to fifteen feet) existing at the site of the old pier, by anything outside of a steam dredge which on account of the location of the bridge was out of the question.

From the best information that was obtainable by the committee or the engineer from those who claimed to be familiar with the foundation under the present pier, (and it might be stated that there seemed to be no unity of opinion among those who claimed to have first and personal knowledge of this foundation as to its construction and permanency) and from the fact that the pier was easily movable (which fact is attested to by members of the committee and many others) it was deemed advisable and in accordance with the best engineering advice, in order to secure a permanent foundation to remove the present old pier and excavate sufficiently to determine whether it would be necessary to carry a concrete foundation down to rock bottom, or put in a large spread supporting base within the cofferdam properly reinforced upon which to erect the new pier. As the sheet piling has already been driven to a sound foundation, either solid rock or a hard compacted gravel, it is highly improbable that there are large cracks in the rock bottom which will seriously interfere with the pumping out of the cofferdam, as the driving of the pile sections would have indicated whether there was any large cracks or not.

If, as is stated in one of the letters published, some of the original wood piles were not driven down to solid rock on account of entering large cracks in the rock bottom of the river, that in itself would be ample justification for removing the present old pier, and excavating to rock, or putting in a spread base of reinforced concrete as already mentioned, and this could only be done by the use of a cofferdam.

Only such amount of crib timber was ordered as was deemed necessary for the construction of the supporting cribs, bracing, etc. after allowing for the maximum amount of settlement of the cribs on the soft mud bottom when the weight of the bridge spans were placed upon the cribs, and while there was some timber that was not required to be used in the construction of the cribs, owing to a lesser settlement than was expected, it would have been poor policy in the writer's opinion to not have provided for any ordinary contingency when placing the weight of the bridge spans upon the cribs. This was proven by the fact that one crib after sinking had to be extended by the addition of more timbers in order to secure sufficient bearing and prevent the crib from shifting on the mud bottom of the river.

All timber was properly checked by the foreman on delivery, and no timber to the writer's knowledge has been disposed of without proper authority and accounting.

Owing largely to the large harvest it was with considerable difficulty that sufficient teams could be secured for hauling material to the work during the months of July, August and September, and the foreman, Mr. George Vanderwater informs the writer that all teams hauled as large loads of the heavy and green hemlock timbers and the steel sheet piling as could reasonably be expected, and many times the teams did not arrive at the bridge to unload their last load for the day until 7:30 in the evening.

One car containing 150 barrels of Portland cement was ordered for the work shortly before it was expected it would be required and was stored in the most convenient and dry place near the bridge. A portion of this car was used by the Corby Distillery without hauling to the bridge for which the county will receive pay for, and the balance excepting what has already been used in the work is safely stored and should not be damaged to any serious extent for concreting the pier. This car of cement has all been checked over by the foreman and all that has not already been used or sold will be available and required for the work.

Certain tools, rope, chain, blocks, etc. were very obligingly loaned to the foreman by some of the residents in the neighborhood of the bridge to save the purchase of new equipment by the county, and such tools, etc., as have not already been returned to the owners will be done so when desired, and in case of any that are broken or damaged, the owners will be properly recompensed.

Residents in the vicinity of the bridge were asked verbally and by telephone to furnish and deliver from time to time as required the necessary supply of cordwood fuel for the boilers but on several occasions could not or would not deliver the wood when it was required, and to prevent the shutting down of the work, the foreman sent a county team to get the wood. This can be certified by some of the parties furnishing the wood. It was also impossible for the foreman to estimate the amount of wood that might be required to complete the work of sinking the cofferdam, etc.

The hoisting engine, boiler, centrifugal pump and rock drill were rented from Mr. W. H. Harvey, the contractor for the new Trenton bridge, at $75.00 per month which is only a fair rental for expensive machinery of this kind, and saved the county purchasing new equipment. No charge is being made for this equipment at the present time. Mr. Harvey has rented the steam pile hammer from the county on the same basis. The steam boiler connected with the hoisting engine was never considered of sufficient capacity to operate the steam hammer, but did satisfactorily operate the hoist all the time the work was in progress. The steel beam supports for carrying the chain block which were placed in position to move the steam hammer from section to section could not be utilized on account of the unforeseen difficulties experienced in driving the piling, and the irregular shape of the cofferdam, but will still be available for pulling and lifting the piling and for carrying the moving skip used for excavating purposes.

The customary methods for tightening up the cofferdam have been used, the water before shutting down the work on account of adverse weather conditions, being lowered four feet, and with normal weather conditions which will ensure sufficient live steam pressure to operate the pumps to their maximum efficiency and capacity, there should be no serious difficulty in pumping out the cofferdam sufficiently to allow the necessary excavation being made. A steel sheet cofferdam of the same type and construction has recently been satisfactorily pumped out in connection with the work of constructing the new Trenton bridge.

In view of the fact that great trouble and expense has been caused the county in past years on account of the unstable character of the foundations to O'Brien's bridge (two or more bridges having been destroyed) and that when the present piers were constructed some twelve years ago, the writer is informed on reliable authority that Mr. M. J. Butler, C. E., former Deputy Minister of Railways and Canals, and one of the foremost engineers in Canada, then stated that while it was probably worth trying as an experiment, on account of cheapness of construction, to place the present concrete piers on the old foundations left from former bridges, that the only absolutely sure and permanent method would be to put down a new foundation along the lines as now being carried out, it would appear that better economy would be exercised at the present stage in securing a permanent and sound foundation, thus ensuring the future life and safety of the bridge superstructure.

It is to be hoped that anyone having criticisms to make in connection with this work, which has been carried out under difficult conditions, and which is being carried out to the best knowledge and ability of both the committee and engineer, will appear before the County Council at its next session, at which time and place intelligent and fair explanations of the entire work will no doubt be available.

LUCIUS E. ALLEN
Engineer County of Hastings.

GILLETT'S LYE
MADE IN CANADA
For making soap.
For softening water.
For removing paint.
For disinfecting refrigerators, sinks, closets, drains and for 500 other purposes.
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.
GILLETT'S LYE

WEDDING BELLS

WEESE—ROBERTS

A quiet but very pretty wedding took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Roberts, Trenton, Ontario, on January 12th, when their youngest daughter, Myrtle Blanche, became the wife of Mr. Norman Weese of Albury, Ontario. At half-past two o'clock, to the strains of "Here Comes The Bride," played by Mrs. John Wilson, the bride, leaning on the arm of her father, entered the parlor. She looked charming in a gown of white silk crepe and shadow lace trimmed with pearls. She carried white carnations and wore the groom's gift, a beautiful pearl brooch.

After the ceremony, which was performed by Canon F. W. Armstrong, the young couple led the way to the dining room, which was prettily decorated with pink and white carnations, and where a delicious luncheon was served.

The young couple left amid showers of confetti on the evening train for Eastern points. The bride travelled in a suit of navy blue broad cloth and black velvet hat. The costly and beautiful presents show the high esteem in which the young people are held. We wish them every happiness.

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Nurses Who Are Going To Front

The following nursing sisters will go with the reinforcements for No. 5 Stationary Hospital (Queen's) at Cairo, Egypt:

McGregor, Drummond (Toronto), Milroy, Howey, Moore (Seeley's Bay), Harrigan, Lloyd, Robertson (Kingston), S. Jenkins (Belleville), Hansen, G. Waters (Belleville), Connerty, (Smith's Falls), Fay, Moran, Johnstone, Currie, Carmichael, Darling, Whitlam, Ashley, Hinch, (Newburgh), N. Shearer (Brockville), Morton, (Kingston), Robinson (Kingston), Killorn (Brockville), Douglas (Brockville), Briden, Mastin, (Belleville), Smith (Belleville), Misner, Robb, Bowlby, Chapman.

◆

An acid house of the Du-Pont Powder Company in Gibbstown, N.J., blew up Friday night, injuring five workmen. It was the eighth explosion at the Du Pont plants in this section in the last three months with a total of 39 deaths.

◆

King George V. of Britain wired King Peter of Serbia, on the occasion of the Greek New Year, as follows: "I am fully convinced that the allies, with the heroic Serbian army, are now in a position to win back for your people complete independence, and to secure final victory."

"Tea and Coffee Don't Hurt Me."

Can he get away with it?

The drug, caffeine, in tea and coffee, from 1½ to 3 grains to the average cup, hurts many tea or coffee drinkers, at some time of life, and often hurts them hard.

Caffeine is a powerful irritant that unsteadies the nerves, races the heart, disorganizes the digestive organs and plays havoc with the health of a large proportion of tea or coffee users.

Of course, there are some who go on drinking tea or coffee for years, without apparent harm, at least they don't suspect it, until the cumulative drug, caffeine, has got in its work. Isn't it the best plan to play safe with health—quit both tea and coffee and use

INSTANT POSTUM

This pure food-drink made of wheat and a small portion of molasses has a delicious snappy taste, yet contains no drug or other harmful element.

Postum comes in two forms: the original POSTUM CEREAL, must be well-boiled, 15c. and 25c. packages: INSTANT POSTUM, the soluble form, can be made in the cup, at table, by adding hot water, 30c. and 50c. tins. Both kinds are equally delicious, and the cost per cup is about the same.

The better health that follows quitting both tea and coffee has shown thousands

"There's a Reason" for POSTUM

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

January Shoe Bargains

50 Pairs of Ladies' DOROTHY DODD $5.00 Shoes for **$3.25**

Patent in Button Black Cloth Tops, sizes 2½ to 5.
Gun Metal in Button and Laced Styles, sizes 2½ to 5.

Secure a Pair at Once
Before they are sold out.

Several other Lots at Great Bargains
to Clear before Stock-Taking.

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros. January Clearance Sale

Enters the Third Week with Bigger and Better Bargains than ever.

Newspaper announcements can't keep pace with the many bargains that will be put out on the counters all this week; consequently you can't afford to miss one day of this great sale.

Here are a few special offers:—

CHILDREN'S COATS FOR WINTER that will keep the kiddies warm. Colors, navy blue and red Fur Fabric, trimmed with belt; a very serviceable and warm coat, clearing at $2.39. Regular $3.50 value. Others clearing at $2.69 for larger kiddies.

Kiddies' Bear Cloth Coats, tan color, suitable for children from 2 up to 6 years; clearing at .... $2.98 up to $3.98

Children's Sweater Coats, regular up to $1.25 values, clearing at .... 85c.

Children's Toques, great values, clearing at 25c. up to 50c.

Girls' Sweaters, a few clearing at only $1.49. Regular $2.25 values.

McIntosh Bros

PERSIAN LAMB

We have never before been better prepared to meet the season's demand for high class Persian Lamb garments, than at present.

Why not get prices on having your Persian Jacket repaired, remodelled or lengthened? We have skins to match every coat.

G. T. WOODLEY,
Phone 421. 273 Front St.

The Standard Bank of Canada.

Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.

GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.

Toronto, 28th December, 1915.

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch - - - JOHN ELLIOTT - - Manager

THE PURCHASE of one thousand dollars worth of goods from your own town or your own country, instead of purchasing outside, means the addition of one person to your town or your country instead of supporting him abroad.

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, 87 Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 60c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $2.00, strictly in advance.

This is the 532nd day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany

A-CHOO!

Don't sneeze!

That is, don't sneeze in public places.

If you must ka-choo—go down to the water-front, or to the Kingston Road rifle range or some other place with a wide angle.

Just now there are probably 3,000 people in various stages of influenza in this city.

And all because somebody sneezed!

Don't think it's unimportant whether people have grip or not. It is, as a matter of fact, a point of prime importance.

A siege of it is frequently preliminary to pneumonia, or the weakened condition arising therefrom makes many people easy prey to other diseases.

Of itself grip is serious, regardless of what it may induce. This year the whole nation is in its clutches, the most serious epidemic since 1885 or thereabouts.

It's a big factor when it gets fairly started. Back in Napoleonic days when Wellington and the Little Corporal were wrestling in the Peninsula campaign, grip gained such a hold that both armies laid down their weapons and sneezed at each other for days.

It might be a good plan by which to minimize the slaughter over-seas, but Fate exercises her usual perversity with the result that the grip germ is lodged on this side of the seas where it isn't needed.

You can do your own small part in diminishing the casualties by observing simple rules, one of which—to remember easily—can be set to Samuel Clemen' swinging little refrain:

Sneeze, brother, but sneeze with care.
Never in the presence of the passengaire!

FILL UP THE BATTALIONS.

The Christmas holidays necessarily brought some interruption to recruiting, and there is all the more reason now that this work should be taken up with renewed energy, not only by the military men and civilians who have been most active in the matter, but by the people at large.

There are thousands of men in this province who rejoiced in the patriotism of the first detachments we sent to the war, who cheered the men who went, who praised them. Again, last Sunday hundreds gathered in one of our churches in honor of the boys in khaki.

By urging our sons to go and by keeping green the memories of those who have fallen our people have committed themselves not only to a general support of the work of prosecuting the war but to personal and constant participation in the work of filling up the new battalions.

Our men in the winter trenches are calling for their friends at home. Canada has undertaken to double the 250,000 men authorized up to a few weeks ago. Men who are being enlisted today will have to undergo a considerable period of preparation before they are fit for active service, and it will therefore be spring or summer before they can hope to join the forces in the field. This coming period is the critical one of the whole war. This year the Empire must strike with all its vigor.

Before every town, village and parish in Ontario now must be kept constantly the daily thought that every part of the province must provide a larger contribution to the regiments now being formed. Every leader of our race who has recently discussed the progress of the war has repeated with all gravity the statements of His Majesty the King, of Earl Kitchener, of Mr. Asquith and others, that victory is possible only if the whole Empire rises this year to the high level of its duty by pouring an ever-broadening stream of reinforcements into the battle line.

More than ever, then, this is the duty of the hour for everyone in Ontario, not merely the duty of recruiting officer and of civilian committees, but the duty of every individual. The men in the winter trenches must not call in vain. Victory is only for those who show themselves worthy of freedom in this testing crisis.

UNION BANK

Reports Good Profits and an Expanded Business.

The Union Bank of Canada, that old-established institution which, originating in the city of Quebec, placed its headquarters a few years ago in Winnipeg in order to be more closely in touch with the growth of the great west, presents a remarkably satisfactory statement for the year ending November 30, 1915. It is worthy of note that, so sound is the business of this bank and so well-selected its assets, that it has been able throughout the entire period of stringency and war difficulties to maintain sufficient profits to pay its customary dividends and bonus, to keep up its contribution to Officers' Pension Fund, to make full provision for depreciation of securities and other contingencies, and not only to refrain from drawing upon its accumulated balance or its Rest Account but to add a substantial sum to the balance each year.

The profits this year amounted to $659,688 as compared with $712,440 in 1914 and $750,095 in 1913—a very moderate shrinkage indeed in a year of universally diminished bank earnings. This represents 13.2 per cent. on the capital stock of which 9 per cent. was distributed in dividends and bonus, 3 per cent. was applied to Contingent Account war-tax, amounting to $45,730 and Pension Fund $10,000 leaving $106,976.75 to be carried forward at credit of Profit & Loss Account.

These very satisfactory profits were earned upon a balance which is in a highly strong condition, and has been rendered considerably more liquid during the year. Deposits show a heavy increase over the figure of 1914—interest deposits five millions greater, non-interest deposits four and a half millions greater. As against these the total assets are altogether more than 90½ millions against 81½ millions a year ago. There is a very great increase in the cash, securities and call loans items which make up the liquid reserve, which is 47.92% of liabilities to the public. That this increase, however, has not been secured at the expense of the commercial clients of the Bank is amply evident from the fact that current loans and discounts in Canada are $48,941,315 being less than two millions below the figure of 1914 (which was $50,866,365) and considerably above the figure of 1913, namely $46,798,969. As evidence of the quality of the assets and of the improvement in credit conditions it may be noted that the amount of overdue paper has been greatly reduced and is now well below the figure which might be expected in proportion to the volume of the business.

· 3 LEADERS ·
THE
DOW
ALES
STOUTS &
Malt Extract

Consumers who cannot purchase the Dow Brands from their local dealer, please address "Mail Order Department," 38 Chaboillez Square, Montreal.

The National Breweries Limited Montreal

Ministers Recommend

Rev. John Davidson, of Thurso, Que., writes:—"I have had considerable trouble with my throat, caused by public speaking in heated buildings and exposure to damp and chilly atmosphere. I find PEPs very effective in soothing the throat."

Rev. Edward G. Heaven, Marksville, Ont., writes:—"I have used PEPs and find they give considerable relief to the throat. I have also found them very beneficial for colds."

PEPs is the direct treatment for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hoarseness, Larnygitis, and other ailments of the throat, chest, and lungs. As PEPs dissolve on the tongue, healing vapors are liberated which are breathed down direct to the sore places. Liquid cough mixtures, etc., cannot be inhaled, they go to the stomach not the lungs. PEPs get to the seat of the trouble direct.

PEPs are sold only in tin boxes. All druggists and stores 50c. box, 3 boxes $1.25.

FREE TRIAL

Send this article, name of paper, and 1c. stamp for postage to PEPs Co., Toronto, Winnipeg, or Montreal, and we will send free package.

Peps

MOBILIZING FOR TRADE WAR

The President of the British Board of Trade is convinced that Germany is feeling severely the economic pressure brought about by the activities of the British fleet. He proposes to increase that pressure if the necessity should arise, by a zollverein to include all the Allies for the period of the war. But whether such a customs union be established or not, every effort will be made, both now and in the peace-time to come, to capture the world-trade of Germany. It is not proposed to allow Germany to rehabilitate herself economically after the war at the expense of the Allies who have suffered so much at her hands.

This is right and proper. Germany had the markets of Britain wide open to her before the war; the seas of the world were hers to traffic in; yet she threw away all her enormous gains to embark on a suicidal war; and now she must abide by the penalty.

Mr. Runciman announced that the Overseas Dominions and the Mother Country will more closely co-operate in the future in all matters of trade and commerce. He did not, however, hold out any hope for free trade within the Empire, for, he said, "the colonies were determined to raise their revenue and foster their industries in their own way."

Germany's bid for world-trade was based on a domestic zollverein; the British Empire in this instance could do worse than fight the enemy with his own weapon.

GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From The Intelligencer, Jan. 18, 1868.

The death of Capt. Ransford; late of the 104th Regiment is announced. He served in 1812, and took part in the famous march of that regiment to Canada.

Information is received that a very violent hurricane recently prevailed at Teneriffe and in the vicinity. Ships were driven to sea; houses unroofed and blown down.

A story is rumored that the whole volunteer force will be probably called upon to do frontier duty at an early date.

The Poets' Corner

The Search-Lights.

(Political morality differs from individual morality, because there is no power above the State.—General von Bernhardi.)

Shadow by shadow, stripped for flight,
The lean black cruisers search the sea,
Night-long their level shafts of light
Revolve and find no enemy.
Only they know each lapping wave
May hide the lightning and their grave;

And, in the land they guard so well,
Is there no silent watch to keep?
An age is dying; and the bell
Rings midnight on a vaster deep;
But over all its waves once more
The search-lights move from shore to shore;

And captains that we thought were dead,
And dreamers that we thought were dumb,
And voices that we thought were fled,
Arise and call us, and we come;
And "Search in thine own soul," they cry,
"For there, too, lurks the enemy."

Search for the foe in thine own soul,
The sloth, the intellectual pride,
The trivial jest that veils the goal
For which our fathers lived and died;
The lawless dreams, the cynic art,
That rend thy nobler self apart.

Not far, not far into the night
These level swords of light can pierce;
Yet for her faith does England fight,
Her faith in this our universe,
Believing Truth and Justice draw
From founts of everlasting law.

Therefore a Power above the State,
The unconquerable Power returns,
The fire, the fire that made thee great,
Once more upon her altar burns.
Once more, redeemed and healed and whole,
She moves to the Eternal Goal.

—Alfred Noyes.

An Indian's Comment.

Are we civilized? A young woman who visited the Grand canyon a few weeks ago had an educated Indian as a guide one day, and as the party went along they saw a father, aggravated by something his young son had done, stop on the edge of the canyon and give the boy a thorough spanking. The Indian was indignant. "That is what I call barbarous," he exclaimed. "Now, that boy will always remember this great canyon as the place where he received a spanking. He might have carried a picture of its grandeur in his mind that would have assisted in developing him, but now all that is spoiled. We Indians don't do things that way. We expect our children to endure pain, but we don't inflict it." And wasn't the Indian right?

Fully Informed.

Uncle Mose aspired to the elective office of justice of the peace in the "black bottom" part of town. One bar there was to his preferment; he could neither read nor write. His master advised him to go to the commissioner of elections and ask whether he was eligible. Mose went and returned. "What did he tell you, Mose?" inquired the master. "It's all right, sah," answered Mose; "dat gen'lemum suttinly was kind, yas, suh. He tole me Ah was illegible fo' dat office."

Firedamp.

Firedamp is the ordinary name for the carbureted hydrogen which issues from "blowers" or fissures in coal seams. It is inflammable, and when mixed with air in certain proportions is highly explosive. Its ignition is attended by the danger of an explosion of coal dust.

His Adventurous Life.

"Uncle, have you had many exciting adventures in your life?"

"Oh, yes, my boy. Several times I have been caught in automobiles driven by fool friends who wanted to show me that their cars could make sixty miles an hour."

Think and Live Long.

Brain workers, according to a medical expert, live longer than muscle workers. Those who make use of both live longer than either, and the greater brain workers live longer than the lesser ones. "Life insurance companies realize the progressive shortening of life as one goes down in the scale of education when they refuse to accept illiterates because they are bad risks."

What He Lacked.

"They tell me," said the innocent maid, "that your marriage was the result of love at first sight. Is it true?"

"It is," answered the round shouldered man sadly. "Had I been gifted with second sight I'd still be in the bachelor class!"

Music and Madness.

Handel and Mozart each died insane, while both Donizetti and Schumann composed much of their very best work while actually inmates of lunatic asylums.

Sure Proof.

Hokus—I can always tell a woman who takes things just because they look cheap. Pokus—How? Hokus—Simply by looking at her husband.

Acquired.

Wife—It's a mystery to me that I didn't see these faults in you before we were married. Hub—No mystery about it, my dear. I didn't possess them then.

What is called luck, good or bad, is only the result of the operation of the

UNION BANK OF CANADA

51st Annual General Meeting, Winnipeg, January 12th, 1016

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Balance at credit of account, 30th November, 1914	$ 103,019.51
Net profits, for the year, after deducting expenses of management, interest due depositors, reserving for interest and exchange, and making provision for bad and doubtful debts and for rebate on bills under discount, have amounted to ..	659,688.01
	$762,707.52
Which has been applied as follows:—	
Dividend No. 112, 2 per cent, paid 1st March, 1915	$100,000.00
Dividend No. 113, 2 per cent, paid 1st June, 1915	100,000.00
Dividend No. 114, 2 per cent, paid 1st September, 1915	100,000.00
Dividend No. 115, 2 per cent, paid 1st December, 1915	100,000.00
Bonus of 1 per cent, payable 1st March, 1916, to shareholders of record as on 14th February, 1916	50,000.00
Transferred to Contingent Account	150,000.00
Contribution to Officers' Pension Fund	10,000.00
War Tax on Bank Note Circulation to 30th Nov., 1915	45,730.77
Balance of Profits carried forward	106,976.75
	$762,707.52

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock		$ 5,000,000.00
Rest Account	$ 3,400,000.00	
Balance of Profit and Loss Account carried forward	106,976.75	
	$ 3,506,976.75	
Unclaimed Dividends	4,716.28	
Dividend No. 115	100,000.00	
Bonus payable 1st March, 1916, to Shareholders of record as on 14th February, 1916	50,000.00	
		3,661,693.03
		$ 8,661,693.03
Notes of the Bank in circulation	$ 7,673,659.00	
Deposits not bearing interest	21,999,832.00	
Deposits bearing interest	50,685,301.63	
Balances due to other Banks in Canada	205,629.00	
Balances due to Banks and Banking Correspondents elsewhere than in Canada	981,105.99	
Bills payable	105,196.13	
		81,654,026.75
Acceptances under Letters of Credit		343,585.45
Liabilities not included in the foregoing		3,758.47
		$90,663,063.70

ASSETS

Gold and Silver Coin	$ 1,481,583.56	
Dominion and Government Notes	7,775,511.00	
		$ 9,257,094.56
Deposit with the Minister of Finance for the purposes of the Circulation Fund		260,000.00
Deposit in the Central Gold Reserves		2,800,000.00
Notes of other Banks		705,742.00
Cheques on other Banks		3,556,391.45
Balances due by other Banks in Canada		79,286.08
Balances due by Banks and Banking Correspondents elsewhere than in Canada		6,033,315.88
Dominion and Provincial Government Securities not exceeding market value		685,707.50
Canadian Municipal Securities, and British, Foreign and Colonial Public Securities other than Canadian		395,349.98
Railway and other Bonds, Debentures and Stocks not exceeding market value		3,434,[illegible]9.73
Call and Short (not exceeding 30 days) Loans in Canada, on Bonds, Debentures and Stocks		7,746,570.41
Call and Short (not exceeding 30 days) Loans elsewhere than in Canada		4,183,657.69
		$39,138,385.31
Other Current Loans and Discounts in Canada (less rebate of interest)		48,941,315.32
Other Current Loans and Discounts elsewhere than in Canada (less rebate of interest)		608,602.92
Liabilities of customers under Letters of Credit, as per contra		343,585.45
Real Estate other than Bank Premises		234,877.96
Mortgages on Real Estate sold by the Bank		109,379.14
Overdue Debts, estimated loss provided for		220,466.67
Bank Premises, at not more than cost, less amounts written off		1,057,143.22
Other Assets not included in the foregoing		9,007.71
		$90,663,063.70

JOHN GALT, President. G. H. BALFOUR, General Manager.

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE UNION BANK OF CANADA.

In accordance with the provisions of sub-sections 19 and 20 of Section 56 of the Bank Act, we report to the Shareholders as follows:

We have audited the above Balance Sheet with the books and vouchers at Head Office and with the certified returns from the branches.

We have obtained all the information and explanations that we have required, and are of the opinion that the transactions of the Bank which have come under our notice have been within the powers of the Bank.

In addition to our verification at the 30th November, we have, during the year, checked the cash and verified the securities representing the investments of the Bank at its chief office and principal branches and found them to be in agreement with the entries in the books of the Bank relating thereto.

In our opinion the Balance Sheet is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the affairs of the Bank, according to the best of our information and the explanations given to us, and as shown by the books of the Bank.

T. HARRY WEBB, E. S. READ, C. R. HEGAN,
Auditors,
of the firm of
WEBB, READ, HEGAN, CALLINGHAM & CO.,
Chartered Accountants.

Winnipeg, 20th December, 1915.

In the absence of the President, Mr. John Galt, the Chair was taken by Mr. R. T. Riley, Vice-President.

The Vice-President Address

In moving the adoption of the Report, the Vice-President, Mr. R. T. Riley, spoke in part, as follows:

The statement, which we have placed before you to-day discloses a condition of the Bank which should be very gratifying considering that we are in the midst of a war which has caused an unparalleled dislocation of the world's commerce and finances.

The finances of the Dominion have been conducted during the past year with comparatively little help from outside, and although we shall have to make further borrowings for war purposes, there need be no misgivings as to our ability to repay such obligations.

Trade conditions in Canada have distinctly improved. Orders for war materials and supplies have exceeded all expectations, and the decease of foreign trade is now in our favor and likely to continue so for some time, as there is still a lot of grain to be exported from the crop of 1915.

Our share of the cost of the war has not yet fallen upon us, and it is the paramount duty of every corporation and private individual to exercise the strictest economy, both in public and private life, so that when we are called upon to pay our share we shall not be found unprepared.

Canada has every cause for thankfulness that we have been blessed with a bountiful harvest beyond the expectations of the most optimistic, and as a result the farmers of the West are to-day in a better and safer condition than ever before.

With reference to conditions in England, our London Manager reports that the effect of the war on general business in Great Britain has been confusing, and that while there have been no repetitions of the financial upheavals of the previous year, the burden of hostilities has made great inroads into accumulated wealth, and further disorganized the complex industrial and financial life of the nation.

The United States for the time being has become the money market of the world, and it is pleasing to note the satisfactory manner in which the recent Canadian loan of $45,000,000 has been received, as well as various Provincial, Municipal and Railway loans aggregating in the total about $140,000,000. It is the duty of every financial institution to see that all offerings should be thoroughly sound, and of the highest character.

Our policy for the coming year will remain the same. We shall be conservative, at the same time extending to our customers as liberal treatment as conditions and sound banking will warrant.

General Manager's Address

The year just closed has been one of much anxiety to bankers, and we are pleased to have come through it in such a satisfactory manner.

Reserves—Referring more particularly to the statement which has been presented to you the percentage of Liquid Assets to total Liabilities to the public amount to $47.92 per cent. as compared with 36.27 per cent. last year.

Prifits—The profits for the year were $659,688.01. This is $52,752.47 less than the previous year, which, under trying and abnormal conditions, and the maintaining of such large idle reserves, must be regarded as satisfactory. They have been sufficient to pay the usual dividend of 8 per cent. and a bonus of 1 per cent., making a grant of $10,000 to the Officers' Pension Fund, providing for $45,730.77 War Tax on circulation and set aside $150,000 for contingencies, besides having made adequate provision for all losses.

Circulation—Notes of the Bank in circulation have increased $1,300,000.

Desposits—Total deposits of $72,685,000 show a gratifying increase of $9,240,000.

Balances due to and by Other Banks Balances due by Banks outside of Canada show an increase of $3,050,000 over 1914.

Gold and Silver Coin and Dominion Government Notes amount to $9,257,000, which is $2,140,000 more than in the previous statement.

Cheques on Other Banks amounted to $3,556,000, being $1,120,000 greater than last year.

Investments—There is little change in the Bank's Investments. The increase of $115,000 represents the initial payment on the Bank's subscription to Canada's first War Loan of $100,000,000. The amount allotted to this Bank was $986,400, which has since been fully paid for.

Call and Short Loans—Call and Short Loans in Canada are $4,624,000 higher and are against bonds of a high order.

Current Loans and Discounts—Current Loans and Discounts in Canada have been reduced by $1,925,000.

Total Assets—The total Assets of the Bank have risen to the large amount of $90,663,000 as against $81,561,000 last year, an increase of $9,100,000.

General Remarks—Enforced liquidation has been in progress throughout Canada for the past two years, but the strain has been lighter than was anticipated. This period will be extended until normal conditions are resumed, but the future is faced with feelings of hopefulness and every confidence. The chief factors which have contributed to this lightening of our burdens are thrift, strict economy, the lessening of expenditure on capital account, balance of trade with Great Britain being in Canada's favor and bountiful harvests.

The gratifying results of the past season's crops have enabled farmers to liquidate their obligations very largely, and every encouragement is being offered by Provincial Governments in Western Canada to go more extensively into mixed farming.

Staff—It will be of interest to our Shareholders to know that 315 members of our staff have volunteered for overseas military duty, of these, we regret to announce, nine have been killed in action, and to their sorrowing relatives our sympathy is extended; 21 have been wounded and 285 are still on active service. Too much praise cannot be extended to the 1,476 remaining members of the staff who are so loyally and cheerfully performing additional duties and working longer hours whilst their fellow clerks are fighting for the Empire.

Mr. E. L. Drewry seconded the motion for the adoption of the report.

The motion was then adopted.

Auditors, Messrs. T. Harry Webb, C.A.; E. S. Read, C.A.; and C. R. Hegan, C.A., of the firm Webb, Read, Hegan, Callingham and Company, were reappointed auditors.

The following were elected the Directors for the ensuing year:—Sir William Price, Messrs. John Galt, R. T. Riley, Geo. H. Thomson, E. L. Drewry, F. E. Kenaston, Wm. Shaw, W. R. Allan, M. Bull, Stephen Haas, Major-General John W. Carson, C.B.; J. S. Hough, K.C.; B. B. Cronyn, Hume Blake, K.C.; R. O. McCulloch.

At a subsequent Meeting of the Board, Sir William Price was elected Honorary President; Mr. John Galt, President; Mr. R. T. Riley and Mr. George H. Thompson, Vice-Presidents.

Boys and Playgrounds.

I do not know of any better way to teach a boy to be honorable and straight than to give him a chance to play with his comrades, says Justice Hughes. In the playground he learns because he does not want anybody else to cheat him, and he is "down" on the boy that does not play fair; he will establish standards of conduct which we must maintain in the community and particularly in our great cities. If there is one thing that we need more than another it is the constant emphasis among our citizens of that spirit of fair play, that willingness to give and take, that generosity in defeat and that lack of assertiveness in victory which we identify with true sport and which is learned best of all in childhood upon the playground.

A Singular Marriage Custom.

The Kurds have a very curious and somewhat dangerous marrige custom, which one would think would be more honored in the breach than in the observance. The husband, surrounded by a bodyguard of twenty or thirty young men, carries his wife home on his back in a scarlet cloth and is desperately assaulted the whole way by a number of girls. Sticks and stones are hurled at the bridegroom, who in the coming home with his bride can hardly be considered a very happy man, for the irate amazons often inflict on him marks which he carries to the grave. It may be that among the lady pursuers are some of the bridegroom's former "flames," who turn the mock attack into downright earnest to

An Old London Paper.

On Sept. 8, 1666, a special number of the London Gazette was issued, the reason being, as described in its first paragraph: "The ordinary course of this paper having been interrupted by a sad and lamentable accident of fire lately happened in the city of London, it hath been thought fit for satisfying the minds of so many of his majestie's good subjects, who must needs be concerned for the issue of so great an accident, to give this short, but true, accompt of it."

The first number had been published on Nov. 14, 1665, when the court was at Oxford on account of the great plague, and the paper was therefore called at first the Oxford Gazette. With its twenty-fourth number, however, it became the London Gazette, by

TOO MUCH OF THE SAME THING

A Man and Wife Decide to Try Effects of One Evening of Separation.

By F. A. MITCHEL

While Donald and Rosamond Burke were courting the hours they could spend together were interminable. Donald would go home, after sitting sometimes till 2 o'clock in the morning, wondering what in the world they had found to talk about. Rosamond would go up to her room regretting that the next evening she must pass without her lover, for her father would not consent to his calling oftener than twice a week.

But there came a time after their marriage when this was changed. To their surprise the evenings began to seem long. Then Donald about 9 o'clock would stretch himself on a lounge and go to sleep. If any friend dropped in there was instant relief. Both husband and wife would brighten up, the hours would fly, and bed time would come too soon.

But they lived in a city where distances were great, and not being especially intimate with their neighbors, there were few to drop in on them socially. They had both been in society before marriage, but as soon as they became engaged they were sure they would never care to keep up the work attending a membership of a large social circle or enjoy the society of any one except each other. They had therefore dropped out entirely.

Donald was a thinker. When anything went wrong he was accustomed to think out the cause. "Cause and effect rule the world" was a favorite phrase of his. When he found that instead of spending six hours on a stretch with Rosamond and wishing they were eight he could now scarce spend one without being bored he set himself about looking for the cause. Not long after he had found it he said to his wife one day at dinner:

"My dear, I wish to call your attention to a matter concerning your providing our food. Don't continue to place on the table any one article continuously. No matter how much one likes tomatoes, if we have them every day we will grow tired of them."

"Just so," said madam.

"And the same cause pertains to another matter of much greater importance. For the same reason that a person can't eat tomatoes every day continuously he or she can't associate with any one person exclusively. There is no truer adage than 'Variety's the spice of life.'"

"I see what you mean. I have noticed it for some time—you have become tired of me."

Some time was occupied in getting over this obstacle to a plan Mr. Burke had formed, and, forcing his wife to admit that they would be better off if they were not so closely tied together, then he continued:

"I propose that one night in the week—say Saturday—we each go out somewhere separately and see other persons besides ourselves. We need not say where we are going, though that shall be optional."

"I know very well where you will go. You will be behind the scenes at the theater. That was your favorite way of spending an evening before we became engaged."

"I don't think," replied the husband, "that I would care to return to that. I shall probably go where I can meet intellectual persons. Where do you expect to go?"

"I can't go anywhere without an escort."

"Humph! I did not think of that. Whom do you propose to call in for the purpose? Your brother Tom, I suppose."

"I shall call on any one I choose. Tom wouldn't do at all. He has too much on hand to give his time to me."

Donald was not so infatuated with his plan after this. There was a great disadvantage in it on his part. He could go alone, but his wife must have an attendant. This attendant might be an attractive man. It would be necessary that the escort should know that the reason he was called upon to take the lady out was because she was tired of her husband. Donald didn't like the scheme so well as he had thought he did. But he had gone too far to recede.

When the first Saturday came round on which the couple were to see others besides themselves before Donald went to business his wife said to him:

"I think, dearie, that you had better dine at your club or somewhere else, and I will dine at Mary Edwards'. She says she will be delighted to have me. So goodby till we meet tonight. Don't be out after 11."

"Why can't we dine at home?"

"Why, I've thought that a dinner at the club with some of your old friends would do you good."

Donald made no reply to this. He kissed his wife goodby, or, rather, suffered her to kiss him. He was thinking that this dining apart would prevent his knowing who would be his wife's escort, and in that he was very much interested.

After business he repaired to his club and looked about for some of his old friends with whom to dine. It was astonishing how the men about the club had changed since he had been married. In all the years of his membership he had not noticed so great a dropping away of old and a coming of new faces as had taken place in the brief period of his marriage. It did not occur to him that he had been standing still as a club member while the club had been marching on. Only two or three members whom he knew well were there, and they were either going home for dinner or had engagements to dine elsewhere. One old friend touched a sore spot in Burke's breast by saying:

"Hello, old man, got back to the club, have you? They all do in time, but it generally takes longer than in your case."

"I've not come back to the club permanently," replied Burke with offended dignity. "I've come because—because—there is no dinner served at home today."

"I see, cook got on a rampage and lit out. That's one of the troubles of married life, you know."

Burke dined alone in a room big enough to seat 200 persons, and there were just twenty men in it. Nothing tasted good to him, and he only half finished the bottle of wine he ordered. Having finished his meal, he went into the lounging room to smoke. There was no news in the evening papers to speak of, and, as for the Parisian illustrated journals with their vivid pictures that used to be so attractive to him, they disgusted him.

He received a pleasurable sensation in being called to the telephone. Rosamond's voice made his heart throb quicker.

"Is that you, dearie?" she asked.

"Yes, sweetheart."

"Having a good time?"

"Pretty good. How about you?"

"Oh, I'm having a splendid time! Mary invited my escort to dine with us. He and I are just going out together."

Mr. Burke made no reply to this. He was thinking about the escort.

"Give my love to the chorus girls," came from Mrs. Burke.

"Eh?"

"Ta-ta! My escort is waiting for me. I hope you'll have a jolly evening. Don't stay out all night."

A click, and Mr. Burke knew that there was nothing further to be said. It was just as well, for he had nothing to say outwardly, though he had a lot to say inwardly.

Several ways of passing the evening suggested themselves to him. He would go to a theater where he had been once well known behind the scenes, in the morning, if his wife did not give a good account of herself, he would fling chorus girls at her. Another plan was to go to the club library and read till midnight. A third was to go home and hide in a room on the top story and let his wife worry till 2 or 3 o'clock in the morning. He hoped by that time she would be hysterical.

He tried the library; but, finding that he had read one page over several times and still did not know what was in it, he went to the theater, sat awhile looking at a play he had formerly thought very funny, but which now tired him; then went around to the stage door and was admitted by the same official he had known when a bachelor.

How tawdry the scant costumes of the ballet girls! How frightful the paint and powder! Burke left the theater and when outside among the flaring electric signs debated how he would get through the rest of the evening. Looking at his watch, he saw that it was only 9 o'clock. What would he do with the rest of the evening?

He returned to the club, knocked the balls about on the billiard table, looked at his watch three times in half an hour and at 10 o'clock went home. It was the stillest house he ever entered. He walked the floor till 11. If his wife had gone to the theater she would likely be home within a few minutes. Between 11 and a quarter past seemed two hours. Going to the front door, he opened it and looked out. No wife in sight. Slamming the door behind him, he strode away to Mary Edwards'. Pulling the bell violently, he was admitted by the lady herself.

"Where's my wife?" he asked sharply.

"Upstairs getting on her wraps to go home. The carriage will be here in a few minutes."

"Where's her escort?"

"What escort?"

"Is that you, dearie?" came a lugubrious voice from a landing above.

Down came Mrs. Burke.

"I'm so glad you've come," she said. "Mary has been very good to me, but I've been worrying about you so that"—

"Worrying about me? Why, haven't you been anywhere?"

"Nowhere but here."

"There's the carriage," remarked Miss Edwards, hearing a sound of wheels without.

"I've had a horrid evening," said Mrs. Burke as they drove home locked in each other's arms.

"So have I," replied the husband.

"I don't like your plan at all."

"Nor I. We won't do it again, will we?"

"No, indeed."

"I bored Mary dreadfully. She tried hard to amuse me, but failed."

"I dined alone at the club and had a miserable time of it."

"What did you do after dinner?"

"I went to the theater."

"Behind the scenes?"

"Yes, but the girls were not as attractive as before I met you, dearest."

Burke gave the cabman a five dollar bill without calling for change.

"Reckon them's just married," remarked the cabman to himself as he drove away chuckling.

Major Darling has assumed command of the 48th Highlanders in succession to Lieut.-Col. Duncan Donald.

The Russian Government has placed an order in the United States for 32,000 machine guns.

CANADA'S FISH FARMS

A BILLION FRY ARE FOSTERED BY GOVERNMENT EACH YEAR

Eggs Are Collected, Hatched, and Distributed to All Parts of the Dominion—Great Problem is to Protect the Youngsters From the Depredations of the Fish Which Prey Upon Small Fry.

It is not difficult to imagine that Canada's $25,000,000 trade in fish for 1914 should for this year be largely enhanced because of Great Britain's wholesale withdrawal of trawlers for trapping submarines. That our fishermen on the Atlantic coast and its inlets are finding their nets heavier because of the war is not so apparent. Gaspe's wonderful cod banks never yielded anything approaching the huge catch of this year; it is ascribed to the fish in the North Sea being disturbed by underwater craft and mines; if you don't believe it, you can get even by calling it a fish story by Hon. Mr. Hazen, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, who says so.

This year the close season for salmon trout and whitefish was abolished on the Great Lakes, which means the present, their spawning season, says The Toronto Star Weekly. It may indicate a war measure, to try and capture some of the 750,000 ton market which British trawlers have largely lost; or the Dominion Government may be sincere in averring it an experiment, and designed to hugely augment the catch of female fish to supply Canada's hatcheries with spawn. The latter result is certainly being achieved, and a prodigious supply of eggs is daily being dispatched to the breeding depots at Collingwood, Belleville, Wiarton, Point Edward, etc. Even Sir Sam's personally conducted department is not busier these weeks than the hustling branch of the Fisheries with their more than fifty hatcheries to populate.

While the Dominion concerns itself about commercial fish — salmon, whitefish, halibut, etc., lobsters, and oysters — Ontario as a Province anxious to cater to tourists, is encouraged to conserve similarly her natural supply of sporting fish—black bass, sturgeon, 'lunge, pickerel, speckled trout, etc. Maine is a sportsman's State; it is said she earns annually over $30,000,000 in recreation traffic; her motto that Ontario yearns to copy is "Tourists, and more tourists."

The procedure is decidedly interesting. Last week the first shipment of speckled trout eggs, numbering 150,000, arrived from Haliburton at Mt. Pleasant hatchery, near Brantford, which is furnished with extensive brooding ponds. To secure these the fish were netted and the eggs and milk deftly pressed by skilful hands into tubs, where they are stirred together and the eggs fertilized. In the hatchery follow several washings and then they are transferred to glass jars. The quantity of eggs per fish varies according to species; whitefish and pickerel yielding about 35,000. One of the jars will hold 150,000 whitefish or 250,000 pickerel eggs, and in the hatcheries stand close together rows of them, generally in three tiers, so as to be readily in view of the overseer every minute of the day. Through each jar passes constantly a stream of pure water fed at the bottom, the overflow discharging at the mouth of the vessel; this prevents the coagulation of the egg mass and its consequent destruction. The whitefish ova being collected now will hatch in these jars in about five months, being ready for distribution next May. Pickerel break their tender shells in six weeks, but are gathered as a rule in May. Upon hatching, these fry are placed in large vessels to find their "legs," and in a week are ready for shipment in cans to the point where a Government boat is ready to convey and dump them in the best-suited localities.

"Dog eat dog" is a saying which more truly might have been "Fish eat fish," for the latter are cannibalistic to a degree. Experts agree, were it not so, that fish culture would be unnecessary. Extremely few of the eggs naturally deposited by a female fish are ever fertilized. Of these few only a portion of one per cent. ever hatch; they are devoured by living fish, big and little. Fish culture practice first ensures fertilization and then protection from its own species; the hatcheries boast that of the eggs treated they only lose about fifteen per cent. However, Master Fish's troubles are not passed when our parental Government dumps him over the side of the launch into his native element; for big fishes eat small fishes, and the race is to the swift and the battle to the strong unless Master Fish proves a veritable artful dodger. Comparatively few can reach maturity.

It only means "more hatcheries," and even now the hatcheries in Canada are annually yielding well over a billion fish of different kinds.

Black bass, in which Ontario sportsmen so delight, cannot be treated in ordinary mechanical hatcheries, owing to the nature of their ova. They are pesting fish, and have to be retained in brood ponds where they hatch out naturally, but free from the devouring maw of hungry fish enemies that they would face otherwise. From 100 parent bass it is usual to secure 5,000 fry.

It is interesting to note that fish-breeding in this country started from the private fish hatchery established by the late Samuel Wilmot at Newcastle, Ont., and which was taken over by the Dominion Government in Confederation year, he being for many years chief superintendent of the country's fish depots which gradually came into existence.

The subsidizing by the Government of factories for the manufacture of dye-stuffs was suggested at a meeting of the Tanners' Section of the Board of Trade.

A LIFETIME OF SICKNESS

Worn Out, Thin and Miserable Until She Took "Fruit-a-tives"

PALMERSTON, ONT., June 20th, 1914.

"*Stomach Trouble and Distressing Headaches* nearly drove me wild. Some time ago, I got a box of "Fruit-a-tives," your famous fruit medicine, and they completely relieved me. To-day I am feeling fine and a physician, meeting me on the street, asked the reason for my improved appearance. I said, "*I am taking Fruit-a-tives.*" He said, "If Fruit-a-tives make you look so well, go ahead and take them. *They are doing more for you than I can.*"

MRS. H. S. WILLIAMS.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal subdivisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY

Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—32690

WHEN THE SUN DIES.

Deadly Havoc the Change Will Enact Upon Our Poor Planet.

"If the sun should go out how long would it be before darkness would appear on the earth?" asks a reader.

Eight minutes, eighteen seconds and five hundred and sixty-six one-thousandths of a second!

At the end of that brief interval of time the blue curtain of day would disappear as if an almighty hand had snatched it off, and the dome of night, spangled with stars, would instantaneously arch the earth. We would be plunged into darkness so quickly that for a moment nothing would be visible. Then the piercing rays of the stars would begin to affect our eyes, and after that, gradually, our immediate surroundings would dimly emerge from the gloom. There would be starlight, but no moonlight, for the moon shines only with reflected sunlight.

At first the disappearance of the light would be the thing most troublesome to us, but as time went on a chill would begin to creep over the sunless earth, and out of the dark and frozen air, all around the globe, a pallid snow would descend, as the atmospheric moisture condensed. When days and weeks had elapsed the awful cold of outer space would chill the atmosphere down to the earth's surface and animal and vegetable life would alike perish in the endless winter of universal night!

Clever Ruse.

Even more than a fee gratefully paid does a humorous physician enjoy an extra fee adroitly drawn from the hand of a reluctant payer. Sir Richard Jebb was once paid three guineas by a nobleman from whom he had a right to expect five. Sir Richard dropped the coins on the carpet, when a servant picked up and restored them—three and only three. Instead of walking off Sir Richard continued his search on the carpet.

"Are all the guineas found?" asked his lordship, looking around.

"There must be two still on the floor," was the answer, "for I have only three." The hint, of course, was taken, and the right sum was put down.

The Scorpion's Wonderful Ear.

I have studied the habits of the scorpion for many years and have often noticed how very sensitive scorpions are to the most delicate sound, musical or otherwise. Under the thorax the scorpion has two comblike appendages, which are the antennae (pectinatae). It is pretty well settled by physiologists and entomologists that in insects the antennae represent the organs of hearing. These delicate structures are easily affected by the vibrations of sound, and there can be no doubt whatever that they are also affected by sounds quite inaudible to the human ear. The slightest vibration of the atmosphere from any cause whatever at once puts in motion the delicate structures which compose the antennae, to which organs insects owe the power of protecting themselves against danger as well as the means of recognizing the approach of one another.—London Spectator.

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

Bonaventure Union Depot

OCEAN LIMITED	Leaves 7.25 p.m.	Daily Except Sat.
Montreal, Quebec, St. John, Halifax.		
Maritime Express	8.15 a.m.	DAILY

Through Sleepers, Montreal to Halifax.

Connection for The Sydneys, Prince Edward Island, Newfoundland.

The NATIONAL

TORONTO TO WINNIPEG

Leaves 10.45 p.m., Tues., Thurs., Sat.
Arr. 3.50 p.m., Thurs., Sat., Mon.

Tickets and sleeping car reservations. Apply E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 61 King St. East, Toronto, Ont.

CLASSIFIED WANT ADS
TO LET

The telegraph will reach your man quickly. If you are sure just where he is the telephone will do it quicker. But if it is good help you want and do not know just where to find it, our Want Ads. are quicker than either.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Winter Resorts

SPECIAL ROUND TRIP FARES.

LONG LIMIT STOPOVERS.

Asheville and Hot Springs, N.C.; Charleston, S.C.; Nassau, N.P.; Hot Springs, Ark.; French Lick Springs, Ind.; Jacksonville and all Florida Points; Havana, Cuba and New Orleans, La., via New York and Rail (or steamer according to destination,) or via Buffalo, Detroit or Chicago.

BERMUDA AND WEST INDIES
OTHER HEALTH RESORTS.

Mount Clemens, Mich.; Battle Creek, Mich.; St. Catharines, Well, Ont.; Preston Springs, Ont.

Further particulars on application to Grand Trunk Agents.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 7.30 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate points—6.25 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—†6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 5.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *3.40 a.m.

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

†Deseronto only.

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville Ont.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily
No. 16— 2.00 a.m.—Fast train, flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7.00 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m.—Express, daily.
No. 28— 5.45 p.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19— 2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13—4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.
No. 29— 7.50 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.20 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1— 3.05 p.m.—International Limited, daily.
No. 7— 4.55 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'.

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro
Mail	6.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North

	Leave.	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.56 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1915.

GOING EAST.

CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.50 p.m.	2.58 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

GOING WEST.

MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.18 p.m.	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

	Daily except Sunday
Going East	
Leave Toronto	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	4.32 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leave Belleville	5.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.30 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent.

Belleville Business Directory

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column or calling at The Intelligencer Business Office, full information may be obtained.

MINING.

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE

Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

"COLLIP, FLORIST."

Front Street.

Night Phone 175. Day Phone 206.

All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.

Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts.

Announcement

Messrs. Greenleaf & Son wish to announce to their old patrons and friends that they have found it advisable to incorporate their business under Ontario Companies Act.

The new company, under the same management as heretofore, and under the firm name of GREENLEAFS, LIMITED, have purchased the property known as the Brown Foundry, together with the good will and equipment of Mr. Geo. Keith.

It is their intention to remodel these buildings and install suitable equipment to meet the growing demands of their patrons.

The Management take this opportunity of thanking their old friends and solicit their patronage in their new venture.

GREENLEAF & SON

Garage and General Machinists

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3.. Saturday 10 to 3.

R TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

If the Kaiser really wants a nice new palate, he can get it if he goes to Paris personally to have it fitted.

Good evening! How's your coal supply hanging out?

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

INSURANCE.

W. H. HUDSON

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.; North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies. Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.

Office: 17 Campbell St., Belleville. Phone 261.

CHANCEY ASHLEY

Insurance Agent

Has Removed to 229 Front Street

Next to Riggs' Music Store

THOS. STEWART

Bridge Street, Belleville.

Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON

Agent for

Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance. Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.

ROBERT BOGLE

MERCANTILE AGENCY.

Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed. Office, 28 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY

Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way. Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.

W. R. Vallance, Mgr. Phone 338.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front St., Belleville. Phone 548. LEE CHEW.

ENGINEERING.

J. D. Evans, O.E. & O.L.S.	J. W. EVANS, O.E. & M.E.

EVANS & EVANS

Civil and Mining Engineers and Ontario Land Surveyors. Belleville and Trenton. Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker & Victoria Avenues. Telephone 355.

BUS, AUTO AND CABS

ASELSTINE'S MOTOR BUS, CAB & AUTO LIVERY

Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tired, for weddings, private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town. Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection. Phone 229.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers. Apply to

S. MASSON

Barrister, etc.

Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St., Belleville.

LEGAL.

WILLS & WRIGHT

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell St. Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates.

J. FRANKLIN WILLS, K.C.
MALCOLM WRIGHT.

NORTHRUP & PONTON

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge St. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.

W. B. NORTHRUP, K.C., M.P.
W. N. PONTON, K.C.
R. D. PONTON.

PORTER & CARNEW

Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.

E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P.
WM. CARNEW.

Solicitors for Union Bank.

MIKEL, STEWART & BAALIM

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

Belleville, Madoc and Tweed.

Solicitors for Molsons Bank.

W. C. MIKEL, K.C.
D. E. K. STEWART.
FRANK BAALIM.

W. D. M. SHOREY

Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg.

Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms.

Office: 8 Campbell St., Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England

Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

Those who forget today seldom remember tomorrow.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Adress

Such a help in cooking!

OXO CUBES save many an hour for busy Cooks. So many dishes can be improved by simply dropping in one of the OXO CUBES.

OXO CUBES

German Spy School at Antwerp

Four Weeks' Course of Instruction Fits Amateurs For Work of Espionage

During the hearings in the case of Marie Therese le Philipponat at Geneva, to which reference was made in recent despatches, it developed that the German General Staff is maintaining a spy school at Antwerp. In regard to the work of this establishment lately arrived newspapers give further details. The spy school receives its recruits from neutral and occupied countries, where the German information service has agents assigned. These locate any persons who may seem willing and well equipped for espionage and send them to the Antwerp institution. Here they are put through a course of instruction lasting four weeks under the tutelage of General Staff officers, police commissionaries, and a professor of chemistry.

The military officers teach the pupils everything relative to the enemy's armies, their composition, the distinguishing marks of different arms and corps, how to compute numbers of various units and estimate the strength of a detachment occupying a transport train of so and so many cars, etc.

On the police officers falls the important task of teaching the neophytes all the little tricks of their trade. The prospective spies are instructed in the accepted methods of ferreting out the secret of their rivals the foreign police and espionage agents. They also get trained in the ways of acting and answering at an inquiry, in order to pull themselves out of a hole should they have the mischance of getting caught. Besides, the commissionaries give the students when graduated their respective numbers of identification, as well as an index of their colleagues already in the service, so that they may be able to appeal for assistance from the latter in case of need.

The role of the professor of chemistry is rather complex. He instructs the pupils in the code to be employed, as well as in the preparation of special invisible inks for correspondence and of reagents necessary to bring out the writing in letters written by other spies with ink of this kind.

There is thoroughgoing German system in it all, and not the least particular is neglected or left to chance.

◆

Don't Let Soap Spoile your Hair

When you wash your hair be careful what you use. Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali, which is very injurious, as it dries the scalp and makes the hair brittle.

The best thing to use is just plain mulsified cocoanut oil, for this is pure and entirely greaseless. It's very cheap, and beats the most expensive soaps or anything else all to pieces. You can get this at any durg store, and a few ounces will last the whole family for months.

Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in; about a teaspoonful is all that is required. It makes an abundance of rich creamy lather, cleanses thoroughly, and rinses out easily. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and is soft, fresh looking, bright, fluffy, wavy and easy to handle. Besides, it loosens and takes out every particle of dust, dirt and dandruff.

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Whisky For Cow His Novel Excuse

GODERICH, Jan. 17.—Robert Collinson, who keeps a boarding house here, apparently thinks it wise to change the "bill of fare" occasionally, and is now experimenting by giving whiskey to his cow. Collinson was brought before Police Magistrate Kelly for bringing liquor into the county, for other than his personal use, and when the case was being tried ten days ago he was not able to satisfy the Magistrate to what he had done with a gallon and a half of whiskey which he had disposed of in six days, as he swore that in the previous fourteen days a quart was sufficient for his appetite. During the interval of the adjournment Collinson discovered that he had given three quarts of the whiskey to his cow, apparently thinking that his would be a satisfactory explanation, but Magistrate Kelly did not think that milk so flavored would be up to standard, and fined Collinson $50 and costs.

UNITED STATES NOT LIKELY TO GO TO WAR

(FROM THE VANCOUVER NEWS-ADVERTISER.)

With all due deference to Lloyds and other investors in probabilities we do not think that the United States is on the verge of war with Austria. If the submarine outrages continue public opinion may force the President into some course more effective than messages. He has already pretty well exhausted the language of imperative yet peaceful diplomacy. The language does not now serve any serious purpose. It brings out explanations and promises, but the offences go on just the same. How much longer the United States will protest and threaten, and the Teutons parley and butcher remains to be seen. There must be a limit, but it is not yet in sight.

President Woodrow Wilson is a sagacious and conservative ruler. He will always keep a little behind popular demand. If ever he enters into this war it will be when the unquestioned, insistent and urgent demand of public opinion compels it. He will be driven by a public sentiment so strong and so aggressive that he will seem to be almost a traitor to his countrymen if he refuses. This will be so even if the President follows his own inclinations. For a war with a group of European Powers would be such an awful and momentous event, that the President will not undertake it unless he is able to prove that he is carrying out the order of the people.

This is election year and the people have it in their power to reward or punish the President who fails to represent them. It has always been charged that the war of 1812 was brought on by a president and cabinet with a view to the re-election of the former. Mr. Woodrow Wilson is not that kind of a president, but the fact that this is presidential year cannot be forgotten, and he will not be so well able to ignore public opinion as he would at another time. In a few months the parties will be nominating their candidates and making platforms. The slaughter of United States citizens by German and Austrian submarines will be discussed at conventions, and the course of the President in regard to these matters will be an element in the political campaign.

The Allies do not seem anxious for United States to participate in this European war. If the United States becomes a party to the war, even at this late hour, that nation would naturally claim a large share in deciding when and on what terms peace would be made. Though the United States would probably not join the Entente Alliance, and would not intend to fight against any country except those with whom she had a quarrel of her own, she would eventually be drawn into the campaign, so that she would hardly be able to make a separate peace.

There are many who say that the United States could not take much share in the European war because she has few soldiers and could not use her strong navy. That would be so if the war is within a few months of the end. But the United States can raise a volunteer army of a million or two million men as well and as soon as Britain could. She can train them nearly as soon and as well. She could have half a million trained men in Europe within six months, and two million within a year, all supplied and equipped with arms and munitions.

Nevertheless Britain and Canada are well satisfied with the friendly neutrality of the United States. The control of the ocean makes it possible for the allies to use the resources of the United States and other neutral countries, to which Germany has little or no access. The submarine incident and the Teutonic conspiracies within the United States borders have strengthened the sympathy between the people of the United States and the Allies. If the United States finds sufficient cause of war with Germany and Austria, or either of them, the comradeship will be strengthened. But the present attitude of the United States toward the European belligerents is not unsatisfactory to the British people and nation, and they are not asking for a change.

Red Cross A National Service

The primary and foremost object of the Red Cross is the relief of the wounded. But we are all too optimistic with regard to the wounded. We have great confidence in the skill of modern surgeons, and we are apt to exaggerate the rapidity with which cases are cured.

As a matter of fact, a great burden of responsibility and expense is placed on the Red Cross every time a wounded man is taken into a hospital. His cure will require months of the utmost care and attention.

With the steady increase in casualties it is evident that the work of the Red Cross increases in geometrical proportion each day that passes. It has also a great and increasing obligation toward the prisoners of war, nor is it free from obligation toward the invalided and incapacitated soldier. The mere technicality of a government discharge does not relieve the Red Cross of its elementary duty of caring for the wounded man until he is completely restored to health. Even at the conclusion of peace there will be a large unpaid balance of Red Cross obligation.

To discharge these numerous obligations large sums of money are required. None of us are free from the duty of supporting the Red Cross. Its work is essentially a national service.

Those who wish a more practical and cogent argument for their contributions, than the general plea of sympathy and humanity, will find it in the fact that a prosperous Red Cross Society is a powerful stimulous to recruiting.

Men will be much more willing to risk their lives for their country when they see that our National Red Cross Society amongst other organizations is in a position to care for them in all eventualities even after the conclusion of peace.

GinPills FOR THE KIDNEYS

Why They're Used

As Mrs. Ripley, of Williamsfield East, says: "Before I had taken Gin Pills, I suffered dreadfully with my back and had suffered for twenty years. I have tried everything but got no relief until I took Gin Pills. I am now 48 and feel as well as I ever did in my life. There is nothing that can hold a place with Gin Pills for Pain in the Back, to which women are subject."

Gin Pills are 50c. the box or 6 boxes for $2.50 at any drug store. If you want to try Gin Pills write for free sample to the 21

National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada Limited, Toronto.

FIRE DESTROYS BERGEN 20,000 ARE HOMELESS

Property Damage Estimated at $10,000,000—Dynamite Used by Firemen

CHRISTIANIA, Jan. 17.—Twenty thousand persons are homeless as a result of a fire which swept the city of Bergen to-day, causing property damage estimated at not less than $10,000,000.

The fire, which originated in the business district, gained rapid headway. The flames were fanned by a hurricane and soon all the largest business buildings, banks, hotels and newspaper offices, as well as the telephone and telegraph stations, were destroyed.

Efforts of the firemen and police to control the conflagration as the flames swept into the residential district proved futile and dynamite was used to blow up the buildings in the path of the fire.

War Made Bergen Prosperous

The difficulties of the 20,000 persons now without homes were increased by the fact that the largest storage houses, filled with provisions for supplying the surrounding country, were burned down. It is harder to obtain groceries to-day than at any time since the outbreak of the war.

Bergen never was so flourishing at the beginning of the present year, these conditions being due largely to the increased merchant marine.

Bergen is one of the oldest and most pictureque towns in Norway, and it ranks first of the Norwegian shipping centres. It is well built on a hilly peninsula and is situated at the end of a deep bay of the Atlantic nineteen miles northwest of Christiania. Through Bergen passes a large part of the foreign trade of Norway. Fleets of vessels bring the produce of the northern fisheries to the seaport.

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Prohibition Is Federal Issue

OTTAWA, Jan. 17—What effect will the propaganda for nation-wide prohibition during the war have upon the present session of parliament?

This question is being asked by the members spending Sunday at the capital. The evening papers yesterday contained the call for nation-wide prohibition as a measure of economic conservation during the war, issued by J. R. Booth, Senator Edwards and the principal employers of labor in this part of the country. Tomorrow every member of parliament will receive a written invitation to declare himself, and petitions from every polling subdivision in Canada will soon be on their way to Ottawa.

There is no indication as yet that the government intends to bring down the desired legislation. That the subject will come up for a prolonged debate in the house of commons is evident.

It is quite possible that the government may answer the demand for nation-wide prohibition by saying that action should be taken in the first place by the provinces. The federal government has a great deal of money to raise, and prohibition would reduce the receipts of the inland revenue department by about $15,000,000 a year, but it is not believed that the loss of revenue would prevent prohibitory legislation if public sentiment earnestly and overwhelmingly demanded the same.

THAT RASH ON BABY

Relieve your anxiety! Baby is fretful, cannot sleep. Appetite is gone! No wonder you are worried. But worrying won't do any good. Zam-Buk will!

You have tried the ordinary remedies. These are too coarse and harsh for baby's delicate skin. They either do not penetrate,—remain uselessly on the surface, or penetrate and make matters worse.

Zam-Buk is different. It is mild yet powerful in action. It is suited to delicate skins. Its pure, rich herbal essences bathe and soothe the tender, burning, irritated skin, stop the pain and itching, and get to the very root of the trouble! Zam-Buk kills the cause of skin disease and quickly forms new, healthy skin.

Not only for baby's skin troubles, but for adults, Zam-Buk is unequalled. It cures piles, eczema, ulcers, cuts, burns, bruises, chapped hands, cold sores and all skin diseases and injuries.

All druggists and stores, 50c box, 3 for $1.25. Refuse imitations.

ZAM-BUK

◆

Use Any Household Recipe with Dr. Jackson's Roman Meal, and bake anything from it. If you like, eat hot from the oven. It won't ferment. It makes most delicious baking, prevents indigestion, is very nutritious, relieves constipation, or "money back." That's why a leading physician says it's a godsend to humanity. Especially try it in porridge, pancakes, and gems, but carefully follow directions on package for making porridge. For an early breakfast, cook the night before in a double boiler without stirring and warm in the morning by setting in boiling water while dressing. At grocers', 10c. and 25c.

Made by the Roman Meal Co., Toronto.

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Raising Fenceposts.

The increased demand for fenceposts has induced some far seeing farmers to raise them for sale as well as for their own use. It takes time, of course, to do this, yet a shorter period than most persons suppose. A plantation of locusts can be brought to fence post size in five years from seed. The seed are first scalded with boiling water and then after soaking overnight are sowed an inch apart in rows two feet apart. They are subsequently thinned to stand four inches apart and are mulched with straw during the first year. As they increase in size they are again thinned until they stand finally eight feet apart. From time to time as growth develops they are trimmed to prevent their becoming top heavy, and at the end of the fifth year they are ready for the market. Each tree will cut an average of three posts, and 650 trees are grown to the acre. In most localities these will sell for from 20 to 35 cents each, netting the farmer no less than $390, or $65 per acre per year. —Exchange.

Chocolate, Spanish Style.

To know the finest method for making chocolate or cocoa one must learn of the practice in Spain or in one of the Spanish American countries. There one finds out two important things. The first concerns the utensil in which the chocolate is made. Our nearest approach to this is an enameled ware double boiler. Indeed, this is a perfectly satisfactory substitute for the heavy and fragile chocolate pots favored by some of the Spanish countries. The second point is that chocolate is better if not served freshly made. Chocolate and cocoa are much smoother and the flavor is much improved if they are prepared some hours before service. Cook the chocolate in the enameled ware boiler very thoroughly. Set in a cool place and let stand until required. Then heat to the boiling point and serve either with or without whipped cream.

Geographical Forenames.

The name "Dardanelles," which one girl baby bears, is more musical than some geographical names with which children are burdened. Mrs. Andrew Lang tells of a family where the babies were named after the places where the father happened to be when he heard of their births. He being a courier, there were a St. Petersburg and a Naples, Kattegat and Skagerrak were the twins, while the only daughter was named Vienna.

Another curious geographical name is recorded in the "Souvenirs du Chevalier de Cussy." In 1820, when attached to the French embassy at Berlin, he met a Countess Bernstorff, who had been christened America because she was born there during the war of independence, her father at that time being in command of a Hessian regiment.—Pall Mall Gazette.

LET LAVERGNE ALONE: LET HIM HANG HIMSELF

Rev. Byron Stauffer Would Treat Him With Same Contempt He Got in Quebec

"Let British, Canadian, Protestant Toronto keep silence and let Mr. Armand Lavergne hang himself," said Rev. Byron Stauffer, speaking at Bond Street Church, Toronto, last night of the recent utterances of the Quebec Nationalist in the Legislature of that Province.

Rev. Mr. Stauffer first outlined briefly the policy of Mr. Lavergne and the other French Nationalists, and declared that his recent opposition in 1909 to the Canadian navy proposed by Sir Wilfrid and later his opposition to the Borden contribution policy.

"I vote to let him go now. I vote to let him hang himself on his own cord. It will save us much rope. Crown Attorney Corley tells me he cannot be arrested on a treason charge. The British way is to let men talk as they wish and not confine them or there might be an explosion. Mr. Lavergne wants to be a martyr, to undo the work of Archbishop Bruchesi. We must treat Bourassa and Lavergne with the silence and contempt that the members of the Quebec Legislature treated him with. We must drop him like a hot potato. Let Sir Sam Hughes take his rank away. It will make his look more silly."

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UNDER THE SNOW.

Meadow-Mice Seem Happy When the Snow Covers the Ground.

Where the shambling mink, the leaping cotton-tail, and the nimble squirrel were eager to imprint the first inviting sheet of snow with many records of their varied activities there is now only a colony of feeble, timid meadow-mice, hurriedly laying out ramified tunnels under the snow. They must find joy in the transformation of the landscape. Before the snow made all things white no trace of them could be discerned. The marsh hawk flapped and soared low over the matted rushes and prostrate grass, but his keen scrutiny did not detect the careful, silent, shrinking little biders. Where fire cleared the ground last year's runways were still traced, and a small sunken dome of moss and fine grass here and there marked the brief habitation of a young brood. Only the abandoned nest could be found under the dome, with an entrance to the protecting marsh vegetation not yet converted to soil by successive yearly inundations. Through summer and fall the meadow-mice revealed no trace of their existence, but the first snow brought them energetically to life. Though affording but meagre shelter where it clings on the entangled grass, they dart through it along the newly-constructed runways, momentarily displaying their black backs where the white covering is broken, and again disappearing where the matted vegetation sustains the long, irregular canopies.

These preparations for winter would be covered and concealed by a few more inches of snow. Another fall would hide the diminutive world, leaving the nimble-footed and silent inhabitants to hurry unseen along their devious paths. They must enjoy the protection of the snow. When impelled by hunger to feast on the inner bark of small saplings they work up almost to the surface, but never out into the daylight. When small thickets or entanglements of sumach, sassafras, or maple are covered with mounds of snow they seem to mock the silent majesty of burdening winter by improving the opportunities of its concealment. Climbing to the smaller twigs and branches and stripping the bark with their long, paired incisors, they never venture to the surface of the white mounds. A round breathing-hole may reach the surface, but there is never any indication about its edge of curiosity regarding the outer world. Spring reveals the barked twigs, girdled trunks, and confused intricacy of runways through frozen grass, mosses, and matted weeds. Young fruit trees and other nursery stock may prove a temptation in winter. There may be serious depredations, for meadow-mice are very prolific and sometimes move in large swarms in search of more abundant food. Judging by their speed along the newly-designed runways, they may be extensive travelers.

The first snow promotes a time of recklessness between the summer concealment of low vegetation and the safety of the burying depths of winter. Between the beds of lightly-covered grass, where the hard ground is thinly coated, they dart across in startled haste; their short tails curved in outline against the background of white. In these open exposures the prints of their expanded toes seem ridiculously large for such small animals. There are enemies abroad. The marsh hawk is eager to take advantage of the unusual exposure. The invader who causes so much alarm in the snow and frozen grass may be in reality an assurance of safety. The strong-winged enemy flaps and curves threateningly at a distance, showing that he has fear and caution as well as rapacity. And the scurrying meadow-mice continue their preparation for winter, the feeble violence of their haste suggesting terror at the prospect of being found unprepared.—S. T. Wood in Toronto Globe.

Distribution.

"The question of distribution is one of the most serious of our time," remarked the ponderous man.

"It is," replied Miss Cayenne. "There is no telling what may happen to the simplest statement of innocent fact after it has been passed around by the gossips."

You will like the rich strength and full flavor.

Red Rose Tea "is good tea"

2,000,000 Belgians Depend on us for Bread!

Since shortly after the German invasion, the Belgians have depended for food entirely on the "Commission for Relief in Belgium". Their own store of food, even if not destroyed or pillaged, would last only three weeks—they have had no chance to raise more—and the ruthless Germans refuse to supply them!

Backed by the

Belgian Relief Fund

so generously contributed in the British Empire and the United States, the neutral Belgian Relief Commission has imported enough wheat, flour and other foods to feed the whole nation so far. The great majority of the 7,000,000 Belgians left in the country have been able to pay for their daily allowance of bread—but a steadily growing number have no money left.

Unless we are willing to let these hundreds of thousands of women, children and old men starve, they must be fed at the expense of the Belgian Relief Fund. To make this possible someone must contribute nearly $3,000,000 a month—every month—all this winter!

No people under the Allied Flags are as well able to contribute generously as we Canadians! No cause has ever been more deserving of help! In the name of Justice and Humanity—for the sake of our own self-respect—let us give all we can to help our martyred Allies!

Send your subscriptions weekly, monthly or in one lump sum to Local or Provincial Committees, or to the 5

Central Executive Committee, 59 St. Peter St., Montreal

$2.50 Feeds A Belgian Family A Month.

"CHEQUES TO BE MADE PAYABLE TO "THE TREASURER, BELGIAN RELIEF FUND, 59, ST. PETER STREET, MONTREAL, OR TO LOCAL COMMITTEES."

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Libel.

Libel once meant any little book, but as many small tracts in the early days of printing were personal and offensive in character the word acquired its present significance.

The Skeptics.

Harvey's theory of the circulation of the blood was considered so ridiculous at the time of the discovery that for ten years not a single patient consulted him.

Beyond Him.

"I cawn't comprehend," said Cholly Tanspatts, "how it—aw—can be that the moon, doncherknow, makes the—aw—tides rise and fall—aw—when they rise and fall just the same when we—aw—have no moon, doncherknow, deah boy!"

Purdie's Panacea.

Tom Purdie, an old manservant in Sir Walter Scott's household, used to talk of the famous "Waverley Novels" as "our books" and said that the reading of them was the greatest comfort to him.

"Whenever I am off my sleep," he confided to James Skene, the author of "Memories of Sir Walter Scott," "I have only to take one of the novels and before I have read two pages it is sure to set me asleep."

Flooding the Magazine.

A flooding device to prevent the explosion of the powder magazine is fitted to most big battleships. By simply turning on a number of taps sea water is allowed to rush through pipes into the powder store, which is rendered harmless in case of fire.

The Long And Short Of It!

TALL Men, Short Men and Stout Men frequently find the Clothes question quite baffling!

Those who have worn our Special Sizes for such proportions know that the solution here is easy.

The worried ones are invited to try on our Suits and Overcoats, in Slim, Stout and Extra Sizes, just to see how easy it is to find a fit.

If you think it necessary to have your Clothes made to order, then you have not given this Store a trial.

We have all our sizes cut in several shapes to accommodate just such cases as yours. We are positive that we can

Fit You To A "T"

The fact is that we guarantee you a fit—just as much as we guarantee a fit—in any of our regular sizes.

Suits, $12, $15, $20 to $25
Overcoats, $10, $12 to $20
Trousers, $2, $3, $4 to $6

Quick & Robertson
THE OUTFITTERS

BUY NOW
DON'T MISS THIS SALE

Clearance Sale

GORMAN'S BOOT SHOP

GENUINE BARGAINS

For All
At Our
January
Clearance
Sale

WOOLS

At the present time we have a large stock of Military and Fingering Yarns. As this Wool was secured under our old agreement, we have not had to advance our prices on this lot. Secure what you require soon.

Hockey Goods

Hockey Sticks, Hockey Gloves, Hockey Pads, Leg Guards, Pucks and Skate Straps all at popular prices.

THE BEEHIVE **CHAS. N. SULMAN**

Raise Your Family

on our bread in the name of good health and every sanitary precaution. Our bakery is a model and our quality standard unapproached when it comes to bread baking. Sit down to the table with that eagerness which those who have sampled our bread and know that it is on the table awaiting them.

Yerex's Bakery
Phone 787
68 Sinclair St. Belleville

HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER
SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

IN and ABOUT THE CITY

PRESCRIPTION

One young man in this city says: "I don't care whether they have prescription here or not, I won't go."

HOCKEY CLUB FORMED

DESERONTO, Jan. 17.—At a meeting recently held to organize a hockey club the following were elected: President, T. Warren; vice-president, John Burns; secretary-treasurer, Geo. Houle; manager, J. K. Knowles, and Messrs. James Fairbairn and Bernard Marrigan as members of the executive. The club have written Belleville, Napanee and Picton to arrange a four-team league.

A PROFITABLE HERD

PICTON, Jan. 17.—Morden Gilbert of Hillview Farm, Sophiasburgh, has a herd of cows which have proven very profitable. In 1915 he milked ten cows, and up to Dec. 31st they had given 101,416 lbs. of milk, an average of 10,141 lbs per cow. The milk was sent to Ben Gill factory. The average price was $1.25 per hundred pounds, making the earnings of the herd $1,267.70, an average of $126.77 per cow. In 1914 Mr. Gilbert built a new barn and silo and equipped his stables with modern conveniences.

DEATH IN AN ACCIDENT

PICTON, Jan. 17.—Mrs. William Neilson, Gilead, received sad news from Buffalo. Her son-in-law, J. Denison, was the victim of a steam pipe explosion on the passenger train of which he was engineer. It happened just as the train was pulling into Buffalo. He and the fireman were blown clear of the engine. Mr. Denison has since died of his injuries. He has been in the employ of the same railroad company ever since he was a small boy.

PROVING VERY SUCCESSFUL

Well! how is your January Clearance Sale going? was the question we asked Bob, of the Gorman Boot Shop. Business is going along very satisfactorily," answered Bob. The sale is proving to be a great success. The large number of people who have visited our shop have realized that our January Clearance Sale favors the purchaser. January with many concerns is a quiet month, but we do not purpose having any quiet days. We are determined to keep busy and to make this January the largest in the history of the Gorman Boot Shop. The great success we have met with so far certainly signifies that we will accomplish our purpose. The public realize, concluded Bob, that when the Gorman Boot Shop puts on a sale, it does so in earnest, and that the reductions made are honest and liberal.

WEAR THE CELEBRATED KAUFMAN RUBBERS—they wear well and fit all shapes, and have made a host of friends. Special agents for this district THE HAINES SHOE HOUSES. J18-2td.

"PORTO RICO PROGRESS" REPORTS THE DEATH OF LIONEL PARKER

San Juan Paper Tells of His Life—Was Brother of Sir Gilbert Parker-Went to Porto Rico Six Years Ago—Spent the Summer in Belleville

The Porto Rico Progress, published in San Juan, Porto Rico, under date of Wednesday, Jan. 5th, 1916, has the following to say regarding the late Lionel Parker:

Lionel Montrose Parker, 49 years of age, a prominent fruit grower and a brother of Sir Gilbert Parker the novelist, died of heart disease at the Presbyterian Hospital on New Year's night, after an illness of almost six weeks. The funeral service was held Monday afternoon at four o'clock at St. John's Church, Bishop Charles B. Colmore and the Rev. Samuel Sutcliffe officiating. The pall-bearors were Judge E. B. Wilcox, W. A. McKinley, B. Mitchell, Frederick C. Holmes, Capt. E. J. Griffith, W. B. Shaw and Benjamin Murphy.

Mr. Parker came to Porto Rico six years ago last October and purchased a fruit farm beyond Bayamon on the Manati road. His locating in Porto Rico followed a visit of the year previous when he was so much pleased with the climate here that he returned to Chicago and sold out his business there preparatory to moving to the island. He came here on account of his health and that of Mrs. Parker.

Mr. Parker spent several months with his family at Belleville, Ontario, during the summer, returning about three months ago. About the middle of November he was taken ill supposedly with dengue fever, and because his family was still north he went at once to the hospital. His illness at first did not seem to be severe and he expected to be able to meet Mrs. Parker and their two children on their return here early in December. Complications developed, however, and he grew gradually worse, although it was generally believed that he had excellent chances to recover up to a short time before his death.

Mr. Parker was one of twelve children, five of whom survive. He was the son of Captain Frederick William Parker, of Dublin, Ireland, an officer in the British army, and Jane Simmons Parker, of Ontario, Canada. He was born at Camden East, Ontario, in 1866. He was educated in Canada as a chemist and later engaged in the fur business in Canada, New York, Chicago and St. Paul. Prior to coming to Porto Rico he was the head of the Parker Embroidery Company of Chicago. He had made his home in Chicago at different times for twenty years and besides being engaged in business there was prominently identified with many of the leading musical societies of the city.

In 1907 Mr., Parker married Miss Grace Eleanor Marks, daughter of Roland P. Marks of Chicago. The marriage took place at the home of Mrs. Parker's sister at New Brighton, Staten Island, New York. Mrs. Parker and two children, Jane Eleanor Parker and Caroline Hutchinson Parker, survive him. Other survivors are Sir Gilbert Parker, Bart, M.P., Henry W. Parker, cashier of the Merchants National Bank of St. Paul, Minn.; Frederick William Parker, of Toronto, Canada; Arthur G. Parker, of Oakland, California, and Miss Josephine Parker of Belleville, Ontario.

Mr. Parker was among the most prominent fruitgrowers in the Bayamon section and was one of the organizers and later president of the Bayamon Saddle and Motor Country Club. He was also a member of the Union Club.

Following the funeral services on Monday the body remained at St. Johns Church until it was placed on the steamer Coamo to-day. The body is to be taken to Chicago and placed in a vault to await burial in the Marks' plot in Rosehill Cemetery.

Mrs. Parker, who has been in ill-health for several years, will go north as soon as her health permits.

MEN'S TAN CALF BUTTON BOOTS on New English Toe. Regular $4, now $2.50. January Sale. THE HAINES SHOES HOUSE.

Giants and Dwarfs.

In the seventeenth century all the abnormally large and small folks of Austria were assembled in Vienna in response to a whim of the empress. As circumstances required that all should be housed in one building, there was a fear that the imposing proportions of the giants would terrify the dwarfs. But the dwarfs teased and tormented the giants so that these overgrown mortals complained with tears in their eyes, and as a consequence sentinels had to be placed to protect the giants from their pygmy persecutors, for the smallest men had the biggest brains and the longest tongues.—London Telegraph.

The Difference.

Mrs. Dash—The idea of Mrs. Rash having society aspirations! Why, her father was a peddler! Mr. Dash—Yes, she's entirely too forward. She ought to hang back until people have forgotten it. Now, in your case, my dear, it was your grandfather who was a peddler.

Masked Musicians.

The Shakuhachi players of Japan are a privileged class of itinerant musicians. Their instrument, a kind of reed oboe, enjoys what is perhaps a unique distinction, it having been adopted as a unit of measurement, a sixth of a sen, or about two feet. A peculiar headdress, something like an immense peach basket hat, serves as a cool variety of mask, permitting the wearer to see without being seen—a decided advantage to such people as have come down in the world and are undesirous of publicity. It also serves as a further distinctive feature of this class of musician to those who do not read the descriptive matter which is hung in front of each player.—Wide World.

DAVIES

Home Made Sausage
3 lbs. 25c

Smoked Hams
21c a lb.

Large Sweet seedless Oranges
35c a doz.

Shoulder Roast Beef
12 1-2c a lb.

The Arch.

The consensus of opinion among the learned is to the effect that the arch was invented by the Romans. Some claim that Archimedes of Sicily was the inventor, while there are others who would make it to be of Etrurian origin, but there can be no doubt about the fact that the Romans were the first to apply the principle to architecture. The earliest instance of its use is in the case of the Cloaca Maxima, or greatest sewer, of Rome, built about 588 B. C. by the first of the Tarquin line of kings, a work which is regarded by the historians as being one of the most stupendous monuments of antiquity. Built entirely without cement, it is still doing duty after a service of almost twenty-five centuries.

Snubbed His Old Friends.

In the old days a miner who had toiled and suffered in the Klondike and then struck it rich returned to Puget sound after two years of isolation in the far north. He sought out a restaurant. "Bring me $5 worth of beans," he told the waiter. Remarking to himself that this fellow certainly must be fond of beans, the amazed waiter complied, heaping up the table around the diner with a veritable mountain of baked beans. "Now," said the Klondiker, "take that stuff away and bring me something to eat. It has cost me $5, but I just wanted to show those blank beans that I don't have to eat any more of 'em, now that I'm in a white man's land again."

Aliens Poured In.

Scores of alien enemies, chiefly Bulgars and Austrians, many of whom knew nothing of the events of the past sixteen months other than the fact that their countries were at war, were brought by more intelligent fellow-countrymen to Toronto just before Christmas for registration. They poured into the city from the northern parts of British Columbia, Quebec, and the more settled portions of Northern Ontario to spend Christmas with fellow-countrymen.

Unable to read or speak English, isolated in shanties and construction camps, many of the new arrivals had no knowledge of the past events of the war. In some instances, in spite of the posters scattered over the country calling upon subjects of enemy countries to report themselves to the nearest registrar, the men, until their arrival in Toronto, did not know they were regarded as alien enemies.

The co-operation of the more respectable members of the Toronto colonies frequented by Bulgars and Austrians proved an assistance to the police. Unregistered new arrivals were refused shelter in the lodging-houses until they could produce the card given by the bureau.

Institutions of Western Provinces.

The Cabinet Ministers of the western Provinces decided that institutions for joint use shall be provided as follows: Manitoba, incorrigibles and deaf mutes; Saskatchewan, blind asylum; Alberta, mental defectives; British Columbia, imbeciles. The capital cost of each institution will be borne by the Provinces individually, but the maintenance will be shared among the four.

We Have In Stock

Considerable Corrugated Galvanized Iron.

It will pay you to get our prices before purchasing. We keep a good supply of GALVANIZED NAILS on hand at the lowest prices.

Well Pumps, Cistern Pumps
of all descriptions kept in stock.
It Will Cost You Nothing To Get Our Prices.
Give us a Call

The John Lewis COMPANY LIMITED

HOCKEY STICKS

NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.

AUTOMOBILE SKATES
Made in Canada

Have you seen the New Ones?
Stronger and Lighter than ever

THE **SMITH HARDWARE** CO.
LET US DO YOUR PLUMBING

The Beauty of Ou Feed

is that there is no waste to it. Yo horse will lick up the last oat or t last kernel of grain. It tastes so go to him that he wants every bit th belongs to him. So there's econom as well as satisfaction in buying yo feed and grain here. Try it once a you'll try it always.

H. E. FAIRFIEL

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent my be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388

ARENA
TURNBULL S

BAND Tues., Thurs., Sat.

O. H. A. HOCKEY
LINDSAY JUNIORS
vs.
BELLEVILLE JUNIORS
FRIDAY, JANUARY 21ST.
FAST GAME ASSURED
Puck faced 8.15
Admission 25c. Reserved seats 35c
Band in attendance

OVERCOATS

Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat! We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.

Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

GET THE
F.S.ANDERSON CO'S
GENUINE
SCRANTON
COAL
BELLEVILLE

The Best we Can Buy Carefully Prepared and Delivered.
The F. S. ANDERSON CO.,
42 Bridge St.

Ladies' Hudson Seal Coats

No. 1 Quality Lined throughout with No. 1 Brocade satin 40 inches long........Price $120.00
Muff to match $22.00

J. T. DELANEY
29 Campbell St. Phone 787
opposite Y.M.C.A.
See Our Window
N. B. We Buy Raw Furs

Wood and Water.

All wood contains more or less water. Even the driest wood known contains two or three pounds of water to every hundred pounds of weight. Absolutely dry wood is unknown, for the heat needed to obtain it would dissolve the wood and convert it into gas and charcoal. An eminent Swiss authority on the characteristics of wood believes that a sufficiently powerful and perfect microscope, could it be made, would show that the ultimate wood cell is composed of crystals like grains of sugar or salt and that thin films of water hold the crystals apart, yet bind them into a mass. A good microscope shows the wood cell and reveals its spiral bandages and its openings and cavities, but no instrument yet made reveals the ultimate crystals that, as many believe, do exist, and that would explain why water cannot be expelled from wood without destroying the wood itself.

WHY NOT FLORIDA FOR YOUR WINTER TOUR?

The attractions are unsurpassed, beautiful palm trees, warm sea bathing, orange and banana groves, golf, tarpon fishing, luxurious hotels for all pockets. Two nights only from Toronto. Winter tourist tickets now on sale. Be sure that your tickets read via Canadian Pacific Railway. Excellent service is offered via Detroit and Cincinatti. Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents, or write M. G. Murphy, District Passenger Agent, Toronto, Ont.

j13,to8

Fire broke out in the Vatican yesterday in the arsenal of the Swiss Guards. It spread to the vestry of the Vatican but was soon put under control.

BUTTERICK FASHIONS FOR SPRING

Special Introductory Sale

To introduce to the Ladies of Belleville and vicinity the famous

Gossard Corsets

we are offering 50 pairs of one of the very best models

No. 364

as shown in the illustration.

The regular price of this Corset is $4.50. Special Introductory Price

$3.49

SPRING--BUTTERICK FASHION QUARTERLY--1916

This 84 page quarterly style review of Butterick contains authoritative PARIS and NEW YORK FASHIONS, and advance information about style tendencies, materials and dress accessories.

22 pages of Dresses, Waists and Skirts; 3 of Evening Dresses; 1 of Bridal Dresses; 2 of Special Gowns for stout women, 4 of Waists; 7 of Coats, Suits and Wraps; and 24 pages for misses, juniors, small boys and girls, and infants.

Only 25c, with any Butterick Pattern FREE

Ladies' and Misses' Suits and Coats at One-Third Less than Regular Cost

Ketcheson & Earle

February Delineator at the Pattern Counter, 15c

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head. 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word: 4 insertions 75 cents: 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 8 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED—GIRL TO HELP WITH CHILDren and light housework. Apply 247 N. John Street. 15-6td

WANTED—SMART INTELLIGENT GIRLS to learn Shirt-making. Apply Deacon Shirt Company. 15-6td

WANTED—A HOUSE MAID. APPLY IN evening to Mrs. (Dr.) Gibson 28 Campbell St. 14-dtf

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO LEARN BARber business and help in tobacco store, at once. A. E. Wrightmyer, 209 Front Street. j12-dtf

WANTED—FIRST CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill and Planer hands, Toolmakers. Good wages. Steady work. Canadian Westinghouse Company, Limited, Hamilton, Ont. d—j27

TO RENT

TO RENT, RESIDENCE, No. 221 CHARLES St.; contains all modern conveniences. Apply at The Intelligencer Office. a25-tf

TO LET, THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the Bank of Commerce, and also rooms in the same block and the Robertson Block, suitable for offices and apartments. S. S. Lazier. j17-dtf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—FORD TOURING CAR, 1914 model; new non-skid tires; engine lately overhauled; will sacrifice if sold this week. Apply Box P, Intelligencer. 18-4t

Fresh Made Appetizing Confections

Chocolate Dates,	40c lb.
Date Pudding, -	25c lb.
Maple Walnut Cream,- - -	20c lb.
Neapolitan Fruit Pudding, - -	30c lb.
Humbugs, - -	20c lb.
Butter Scotch, -	20c lb.

Our Own Make

Chas. S. Clapp

WANTED

SEWING MACHINE OPERATORS ON Whitewear, waists, children's dresses and house dresses; model factory; best wages. ALSO MEN CUTTERS, some experience necessary. Gale Manufacturing Company, Limited, corner Spadina and Wellington Streets, Toronto. 3t-j15,17,18

CANADA POSTAGE
TWO CENTS
2
2

COSTS LITTLE

Accomplishes Much

A two cent stamp does a lot for very little money, but it would require thousands of two cent stamps and personal letters to make your wants known to as many people as a 25c. investment in our Classified Want Ads.

BOYS' GUN METAL BUTTON BOOTS the kind the Boys like. Sizes 1 to 5, $3.00. THE HAINES SHOE HOUSE. J18-2t

◆

"The Girl Who Saved His Honor" was a wonderful story by Arthur Applin, but the copyrighted story, "Blackmailed" by the same author which is to begin in The Intelligencer on Thursday, is better yet, and no story lover will miss it. It will be published only in this paper.

◆

AFTER AN IMMENSE YEAR'S BUSINESS, THE HAINES SHOE HOUSE WILL CLEAN OUT ANY LOTS AND BROKEN SIZES AT GREAT BARGAIN PRICES. J18-2t

◆

Dry Bill-of-Fare.

Poor old Huerta, ex-dictator of Mexico, has paid his last debt to nature. He has gone where champagne, his favorite beverage, is not on the bill-of-fare.—Hamilton Spectator.

SPORTING NEWS

BELLEVILLE INTERMEDIATES DEFEAT 33RD BATTERY

Local Boys Have Easy Time Beating Kingston Team--Score of 12-1 Tells Story—Little to Choose Between Belleville Forwards

Belleville intermediates out-classed the 33rd Battery of Kingston in every way last night at the local Arena.

The local forwards simply smothered the Kingston team and fairly rained shots on the Kingston goal. The visitor's goal keeper put up a good game but the puck was shot at him so fast and often that he had no possible chance to keep it out. Marshall, for Kingston, was a fine hockey player, but except for the first minute or two, he was not allowed to get away.

Sullivan, the little centre man for the battery, played a nice game, but had no opportunity for spectacular work.

Mitchell, Finkle, Whalen and Simmonds were all right on the job every minute, and there was little to choose between them. If anything Mitchell had the shade for he possibly excelled in shooting.

Holloway, although he was not kept very busy, gave a good account of himself, and after seeing the game everyone was glad that Whitty did not take any chances on playing.

Phillips let an easy one go by him in the start and was not crowded at any time afterwards. He is beginning to loaf a little and it might not be a bad idea if the management jarred him up a bit.

Kingston scored the first goal through a pretty rush by Marshall, and he was able to beat the Belleville defense. After that the game was Belleville all the way. The first period ended 3 to 1 in Belleville's favor; the second period 7 to 1, and the third 12 to 1.

A big crowd witnessed the game and a team that shows the ability of these boys deserves a No. 1 support.

Jack Moxam, of Toronto, refereed the game and he was far above the average. His work was very similar to that of Fred Waghorne, and it is doubtful if a better referee than Waghorne ever worked in Ontario.

A NICE LETTER FROM "SANDY" BURROWS

It was certainly a feast for the hungry hockey fans to see the Belleville team get together and dish up some real hockey last night.

I was at the Picton-Belleville game and honestly left in disgust on account of the specimen of hockey displayed by the forwards of our team, as they were all over the ice like a bunch of sheep. I saw Bill Symons and Whitty go up the ice continually, and when nearing Picton goal pass the puck over and no one there to receive it. I never saw a more unselfish player than Symons, a very fast skater, beautiful stick handler and lots of grey matter under those auburn locks; and Bill, by his play, doesn't care who scores so long as one of his team bulges the net. He certainly must have given his team a nice fatherly talk, as they were all to the good last night, and above all, played their positions and passed the puck—and this is the way to play hockey to win games.

It looks to me as if we had a real team, the best in years, and if the boys will listen to the advice of their worthy captain and play their positions, the hockey-loving public of Belleville will have a team to be proud of.

SANDY BURROWS.

HOCKEY

MONDAY'S RESULTS.

O. H. A. Senior.

Elmira	7	Preston	1
Berlin	6	Waterloo	2

Intermediate

Belleville	12	33rd Battery	1
Peterboro' Elec.	4	93rd Battalion	3
76th Battalion	21	Alliston	2
Paris	12	Brantford	3
Bracebridge	15	Gravenhurst	1

Junior

Aura Lee	14	Markham	6
Port Hope	5	Cobourg	3

Bowmanville defaulted to Oshawa.

N. H. A.

Wanderers	7	Ottawa	3

N. H. A. RECORD.

Teams	Won.	Lost.	For.	Agst.
Wanderers	6	4	34	24
Quebec	5	3	38	28
Canadians	4	4	26	25
Ottawa	3	5	23	24
Toronto	1	6	15	30

GAMES TUESDAY.

O. H. A.—Senior—T. R. and A. A. at Argonauts.

Intermediate—Weston at Bolton; Hamilton at Dunnville; Niagara Falls at Port Colborne; London Overseas at Woodstock; Seaforth at Mitchell; 147th Battalion at Markdale; Mitchell at Seaforth.

Whether there is anything in the wind regarding the formation of an international pro. hockey league or not, suffice is to say that Mr. Lol. Solman, controller of the Toronto Arena, knows nothing about it. Mr. Solman is of the opinion that the whole thing is a dream, and on a par with the fantastic yarns sent out from the same source in regard to the building of race tracks in divers parts of the Province that are never built except on paper. "If there was any proposition afoot to place a Toronto team in a circuit apart from the N. H. A., I should be the first to hear of it," said Mr. Solman this morning. Mr. Solman stated that he would like to have two pro. teams in this city, but that he was perfectly satisfied with the situation as it stands. President Emmett Quinn, of the N. H. A., is also of the opinion that somebody is having nightmare. The N. H. A. is too firmly entrenched in popular favor in Montreal to fear opposition.

◆

THE RING

One of Battler Levinsky's sparing partners, George Anger, is eight foot and one inch tall.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 17.—Jess Willard, world's champion heavyweight, was to-night signed by Jack Curley for a bout with Frank Moran of Pittsburg. The contest will be held in New York, and will be for ten rounds, it was announced. No definite date was set for the match, which will be held some time between April 10 and 22.

Curley, who gave out the information regarding the signing of the articles, said Willard would get $32,500, and the privilege of 45 per cent. of the total gate receipts after the State tax had been deducted. The fight papers, Curley said, bore the signatures of both Willard and Tom Jones, his manager.

SKI-ING

REVELSTOKE, B. C., Jan. 17—Nels Nelson, who last week broke the Canadian record for long-distance ski jumping by two feet, to-day jumped one hundred and fifty-one feet six inches, the official Canadian record thereby being exceeded by twenty-seven feet six inches.

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THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSE will close Saturday night's at 9 o'clock. January and February. J18-2t

◆

An Economical Wife.

"A friend of mine," says a clever needlewoman, "had occasion to open my shirtwaist box the other day. She came to me, saying, 'My, but you are extravagant! You have eleven pretty silk waists in that one box. How did you happen to buy so much wash silk?' My answer surprised her. My husband works in a bank and must wear clean linen. He is partial to silk shirts, but as soon as there is the least break near the collar they are thrown away.

"Shortly afterward I appear in a new silk waist, for the rest of the shirt is perfectly good. He is a large man, and there is not the least trouble in getting the waist from the shirt. Sometimes I vary them by putting on a plain collar and cuffs.

"You will find that when using this idea you do not mind at all how many new shirts the man of the house chooses to buy. You will even suggest at times that a certain shirt in the window would look well on him—and incidentally, on you."

Dog Hero of Austerlitz.

In the annals of the French army Mustache is still a celebrity. Mustache was one of the dogs used in the Italian campaign when Napoleon was first consul. He saved the French army from a night surprise and annihilation. Later he tracked and captured a spy who had secured valuable information.

But this dog's crowning achievement was at the battle of Austerlitz. The standard bearer of the regiment had just fallen dead. Mustache's teeth and an Austrian soldier's hand grasped the tattered banner simultaneously. . tache flew at his enemy's throat and bore him down. Then, seizing the flag, he carried it back to the regiment.

Napoleon gave Mustache the highest decoration for his valor. He met a soldier's death not long after this, racing forward beside the flag, leading the regiment in a furious charge.

Curious Street Names.

The list of curious street names is inexhaustible. Bermondsey possesses a Pickle Herring street. Near Gray's Inn there is to be found a Cold Bath square. Most of the Nightingale lanes and Love lanes are hidden ironically enough in the slums of the east end.

But for really bizarre street names one should go to Brussels. The Short Street of the Long Chariot, the Street of the Red Haired Woman and the Street of Sorrows are remarkable enough to catch the least observant eye. The Street of the One Person is, as one might guess, considerably narrower than Whitehall. But the cream of Brussels street names surely belongs to the Street of the Uncracked Silver Cocoanut. This in the original appears as one ponderous thirty-six letter word. —London Chronicle.

RITCHIE'S

IMPORTANT STOCK REDUCING SALE OF MEN'S HIGH GRADE SUITS

Regular $15.00 and $16.50 Values on Sale at **$10.95**

Stock taking has revealed a quantity of High Grade Suits which we are desirous of clearing out before the final inventory at the end of the month. They are odd lines of suits not being all sizes in any one pattern, but the lot represents a complete range of sizes from 36 to 42. All excellent values at the regular prices, in greys, or brown English tweed mixtures. Owing to the increased cost of clothing materials and trimmings, we consider this an excellent opportunity to procure a first class Suit at a bargain. **$10.95**

A CLEARANCE LINE OF MEN'S OVERCOATS

Regular $15 for $12

Odd sizes of our Regular $15 Overcoats in plain Browns and Brown Mixtures, and we have decided to clear these out before stock inventory. They are all desirable garments, well lined, and with large shawl or velvet collars. Length 44 to 48 inches. You choice this week **$12**

Men's Heavy Grey TROUSERS

Splendid Heavy Winter Weight Trousers, in a full range of sizes, all of the untearable quality; a special line in a grey ~~shade,~~ two qualities, priced at . $2.00 and $2.50

Men's Corduroy TROUSERS

Brown ~~and~~ Drab Corduroy Trousers for Winter Wear. These have become very popular this season and for wearing qualities cannot be surpassed. For the month of January we are offering a special line of these Trousers, made of excellent quality English Corduroys, at $3.00

(Men's store)

Ladies Black and Colored COATS At Just Half Price

This offer does not mean only a few of the Coat Models selected for quick clearance, but embraces every Ladies' Black and Colored Coat now in stock, and that means a lot, especially so early in the season, for there are still many handsome up-to-the-minute garments displayed in our showing, all strictly new models in first class materials and best shades.

Silk and Serge Dresses Half Price

About two dozen in all to be cleared out previous to stock inventory. Made up of splendid quality material in shades of Brown, Cream, Navy, Black and Copenhagen. Not this season's dresses, but good styles and all nicely trimmed. Regular prices from $8.00 to $25.00. On sale at from

$4.00 to $12.50

The RITCHIE Company Limited

CITY AND VICINITY

MEN'S GUN METAL BUTTON BOOTS up-to-date Last, $3.50, January Sale price $2.50. THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSE. J18-2t

The Thriftiest Parson.

A supreme example of thrift was the Rev. Robert Walker—the "Wonderful Walker." For the greater part of his life Walker was curate of Leatherwaite, Cumberland, commencing there with a stipend of £5 per annum. His wife brought him a fortune of £40, and on the interest of this and his £5 annually Walker reared a family of eight. When after twenty years his stipend was raised to £17 10s. a year he contrived to save. And not only did the family "live well, though plainly," but, as he declared with justifiable pride, his children never lacked any of the necessaries of life and were given an education to fit them for any rank of society, the boys, indeed, going to one of the universities.—London Standard.

Dr. Dorner, Osteopathic Physician, 28 Victoria Ave., Phone 73.

AFTERNOON TEA

Thursday, January 20, St. Thomas Parish House, four to six. Silver collection. 18,2t

MEN'S TAN RUBBERS, clearing at 75c. THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSE. J18-2td

Hear Dr. Weeks to-night, Baptist church, Patriotic adress. Mrs. McLaurin will sing. 1t

WINTER FAIR AT OTTAWA

Canadian Pacific Excursion Rate $4.10 return, going Jan. 17th to 20th, returning god to Jan. 22nd. For further information and tickets apply to S. BURROWS, C.P.R. Agent. 12,8t

THE WEATHER.
Fair and cold to-day and on Thursday.

The Daily Intelligencer.

ESTABLISHED 1858
58 years continuous business is a guarantee for square dealing, best values and lowest prices.
FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Office Phone 2 Night Phones 260 & 635

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 81 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1916. No. 17

Lindsay Lady Celebrates Her 100th Birthday

Received Addresses From Two Councils and Other Bodies

LINDSAY, Ont., Jan. 18.—Mrs. Elizabeth Hopkins, of Lindsay, Ont., who celebrated her one hundredth birthday on Saturday, had the honor of not only receiving telegrams of congratulations from Premier Hearst, Major-Gen. Sir Sam Hughes, the Bishop of Toronto, and other notable people, but also received deputations representing the Town Council of Lindsay, and the Council of Sturgeon Point, both of which presented addresses of congratulation, and paid tribute to her long life of good works on behalf of the communities of the two places.

Mrs. Hopkins received an address of congratulation from the congregation of St. Paul's Church, where she has worshipped for half a century, and throughout the whole of the day was receiving visitors. The house was decorated with an abundance of flowers, the gifts of relatives and friends.

Surrounded by several of her children, grand-children, grand-nephew, and a few old friends, Mrs. Hopkins partook of Holy Communion at eleven o'clock in the morning, Canon Marsh, assisted by the Rev. McConnachie, being the celebrant. The aged lady followed the service with wonderful clearness and at its conclusion received the congratulations of those assembled, knowing each one by name and recalling incidents connected with their lives which showed a remarkable memory.

◆

HATES GERMANS SO GIVES TO BELGIANS

Little Listowell, Ont. Tot Sends Money to Feed One Belgian Child For a Month

MONTREAL, Jan. 19.—Among the donations that have come into the hands of the Belgian Relief Committee, at the offices at 59 St. Peter street, is one from a baby girl in Listowell, Ont., "who just hates Germans."

Perhaps everyone may not approv of the sentiment which prompted the gift, but this little tot's money will provide the food that will keep the breath of life for one month in some other little one who perhaps also hates Germans for an even better reason. Life for a month. Few Canadians can realize what that means. The Belgians—three million of them—are living from hand to mouth. They have no money with which to buy food; there is no food to buy even if there were money, no food except that provided through the generosity of their Allies.

Wheat is the one great need and Canada can supply it. If every littl tot in Canada hated Germans $2.50 worth, many a shipload of the much needed wheat would go to feed the hungry Belgian kiddies.

U.S. PRESIDENT WILSON HEARS FROM HIS PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE IN LONDON

HOUSE SAYS ALLIED FLEET WILL BLOCKADE GERMANY

Supplies will be Cut Off From Central Empires

U. S. PRES. WILSON GETS REPORT

(Canadian Press Special)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—A report to President Wilson from Colonel E. M. House, his personal representative now in London, lead the admistration to expect that within a few days a proclamation will be issued by all the Entente Allies announcing that the allied fleet will blockade Germany and that Mons will be found to be cut off from the supplies which neutral countries have been clandestinely allowed to be shipped to the central empires.

WAR ZONE NOTES

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 19.—A Reuter despatch says that Emperor William met King Ferdinand at Nish yesterday.

PARIS, Jan. 19.—Afternoon statement—There is nothing to report since preceding official communication.

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SURRENDER OF MONTENEGRO ARMY PREMATURE

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 19.—A wireless received to-day says the news regarding the surrender of Montenegrin army appears to be somewhat premature. It is now being announced from another source that the negotiations between Austria and Montenegro have been broken off, Montenegro having found the conditions of surrender imposed by the Austrians quite unacceptable.

◆

YOUNG MAN, YOUR COUNTRY NEEDS YOU.

One of the reasons assigned for the failure of Britain and her Allies to force the Dardanelles was lack of sufficient reinforcements at a critical hour.

Had the necessary men been available when they were needed the straits would have been forced, Constantinople would long since have been in the hands of the Allies, and thousands of British lives would have been spared; Bulgaria would not today be fighting with the enemy, and all of the Balkan states would probably have been lined up against the German tyrants.

Other critical hours are bound to arise before the end—more critical than that when the Dardanelles might have been opened.

Will the British forces be in a position to take advantage of their opportunities? Every physically fit man of military age can help answer the question by enlisting at once.

WHAT ABOUT YOU?

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIANS

2ND BATTALION.
Wounded accidentally—Lieut. Malcolm Neilson, England.

3RD BATTALION.
Wounded—A. Hare, England.

4TH BATTALION.
Died of wounds—F. Mulhern, Toronto.
Missing—Lieut. C. V. G. Field, England.

5TH BATTALION.
Died of wounds—J. A. Cuttler, England.
Killed in action—G. Ireland, Austin, Man.

7TH BATTALION.
Severely wounded—C. Bruce, Vancouver, B.C.

8TH BATTALION.
Wounded—Capt. L. W. Bingay. Port Arthur, Ont.

15TH BATTALION.
Wounded—W. G. Bacon, Toronto.

18TH BATTALION.
Wounded—S. Braddock, Woodstock, Ont.; W. Doherty, West Toronto.

21ST BATTALION.
Wounded—J. E. Jones, England.

24TH BATTALION.
Killed in action—E. Stewart, Montreal.
Wounded—S. H. Mullett, England.

27TH BATTALION.
Killed in action—J. A. Mancktelow, England.

29TH BATTALION.
Slightly wounded — S. R. Fay, Bridgetown, N.S.; J. Marshall, England.
Wounded—E. A. Kelly, England; J. Flatley, England; A. C. Jameson, Bedford, Que.

31ST BATTALION.
Killed in action—R. Stewart, Scotland.

39TH BATTALION.
Seriously ill—A. W. Hutcheon, London, Ont.

54TH BATTALION.
Seriously ill—A. Macaulay, Scotland.

3RD FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE
Wounded—Gunner F. A. Thomas, England.

4TH ARTILLERY BRIGADE AMMUNITION COLUMN.
Slightly wounded (now on duty)—Driver W. Whitehead, England.

RESERVE ARTILLERY BRIGADE
Seriously ill—Sergt. J. H. L. Meier, Toronto.

SECOND FIELD CO., C.E.
Seriously wounded—Sapper J. R. Mathieson, Scotland.

No. 7 CANADIAN STATIONARY HOSPITAL.
Dangerously ill—Capt. F. V. Woodbury, Halifax, N.S.

SEVEN UNITED STATES SOLDIERS CAPTURED

DOUGLAS, Arizona, Jan. 19.—Seven soldiers of the seventh United States cavalry were captured early to-day by Mexican bandits in New Mexico according to reports received here. Cowboys are scouring the country for the bandits.

◆

NEW DEVELOPMENTS IN GREECE 48 HOUR ULTIMATUM

(Canadian Press Special)

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.9—Despatches from London says that Premier Briando, Premier Asquith and Military representatives composing the Allied War Council, went into session at Downing street shortly after noon. Three hours before this conference began the Foreign Office issued a statement discrediting the German report that the allies had delivered forty-eight hour ultimatum to Greece. It was stated German reports of new developments in Greece are believed to be untrue.

◆

Germans Hold Hopes Of Invading Canada

Senator Lougheed Gives Warning Of Results of Enemy's Victory in Europe

OTTAWA, Jan. 18.—Declaring that in the United States there were from 10,000,000 to 12,000,000 Germans, many of them military reservists, who had long dreamed of seeing German authority established in North America, Hon. Senator Lougheed, Minister without portfolio and government leader in the Senate, today urged the people to greater effort in aid of the Allies, in a speech during the debate on the reply to the speech from the throne.

"Canada's security can only be established by a victory over Germany," declared Senator Lougheed, who said these German-Americans had visions of the fatherland one day dominating North America. "Let the allied lines be broken through by Germany, and Canada would be invaded by Germans brought to Canada's shores in transports and Canada's boundary would be crossed by German reservists in the United States."

◆

WOMAN EDITOR ON TRIAL

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—Mrs. Margaret Sanger, editor of The Woman Rebel and prominent as a publicist on questions affecting women, was called to trial in the Federal Court to-day on the charge of circulating literature on the control of birth. The case was put over until January 24 owing to the pressure of court business, but was marked by the appearance in the court room of scores of friends of the defendant, who came to give her their support in her defence of the charge.

Mrs. Sanger acted as her own lawyer and demurred when Judge Clayton postponed the case, declaring that she wanted to settle the question at once as to whether or not she had a right to promulgate her theories.

◆

PACIFIC COAST CURLING

(Canadian Press Special)

VANCOUVER, Jan. 19.—For the first time in history the Pacific Coast curling was played on natural ice yesterday, when in a game on Lake Burnaby, Skip Hendry of New Westminister, defeated McIntyre of Vancouver, by twelve to eight.

◆

As we get it, the Germans have informed England that they will continue to murder.

Within the Military Circle

A concert will be held by the 80th Battalion, Sunday afternoon and evening at the Griffin's Front St. Theatre. A fine war film "Fighting for the Colors" has been secured and will be shown here for the first time. The 80th orchestra will play at both concerts.

The authority from headquarters has been received by the 80th Battalion to equip a recreation room for the men.

The room is being erected at the rear of the barracks and will contain a canteen. Great credit is due to Col. Ketcheson and Capt. Watson in securing the requisite authority for the room and it shows that these two officers are looking after the welfare of their men.

Hockey and Basketball Leagues are being organized in the 80th Battalion. A series of matches are being made between civilian and military teams. The work is in charge of Lieut. Phelan who expects to form a good hockey team that will clean up all the local aggregations.

BELLEVILLE

Lt.-Col. Adams is in Kingston today on business in connection with the 155th Battalion.

Lieut. Wills and Lieut. Sanford are in the eastern part of the country securing recruits for the 155th Battalion.

The 155th Battalion will hold a recruiting meeting in the Trenton Opera House next Sunday, Jan. 23.

Ptes. Smail and Ryan of the 80th, have been admitted to the Belleville General Hospital.

Ptes. Charlton, Garrett and G. A. Thompson, of the 80th Battalion, have been admitted to the Napanee General Hospital.

Ptes. Jackson, Lynch and McDiarmid, of the 80th Battalion, have been discharged from the Napanee Hospital.

The 80th Battalion is being instructed in field and extended order work today.

80TH BATTALION ORDERS.

Orderly Officer for today—Lt. J. N. Phelan; for to-morrow—Lt. L. C. McColl.

Orderly Sergt. for today—Corp. Hurst, A. Co.; for tomorrow, Corp. Brown, B. Co.

Orderly Corporal for today—L.-Cpl. Ladds, A. Co.; for tomorrow—L.-Cpl. Carroll, B. Co.

KINGSTON

The city council last night decided to give Lt.-Col. Low and the 146th battalion every possible assistance in the stampede for recruits which commenced yesterday. Lt.-Col. Low has launched his stampede with the most assuring prospects of success. Everybody has been started to think about recruiting, to talk about recruiting, and many have started to enlist in response to the urgent appeal for men for the salvation of the British Empire. Today, fully forty officers, and every man of the 146th battalion will be in the stampede for recruited, and every conceivable method will be used to secure the 500 men required before the month of January closes. Press, and pulpit are in the movement with the 146th battalion, and the khaki-clad population of the city will increase daily.

Today at noon, seven of the best members of the local staff of the A.S.C. left for Quebec, preparatory to going overseas. These men will go with Captain Priver and Lieut. Alexander The following are the men who were selected by Major Hamilton for the front:—R. A. Gillan, Allan. F. Fair, Richard Somerville, J. A. McCormick, R. M. Reid, H. F. Sarnders, James C. McGillivray.

Lieut.-Col., Barragar and Captain Wotherspoon are busy working on the examination papers of the Provincial School of Infantry which closed its last class on Saturday. No results will be known for some days yet.

The next class of the P.S.I. will open on Monday next.

There are 250 applicants for the next class of the provincial school of artillery. An effort will be made to accommodate all the applicants.

The School of Military Cookery opened yesterday and about twenty responded for the course. The school is under the direction of Maj. Hamilton, A.D.T.S., and the instructional work is conducted by Sergt.-Maj. Kerrison. W.O., and Staff-Sergt. Rolfe. The course is being conducted in the dormitories of artillery park.

The School of Signalling started yesterday, with a large class from fifteen different units in the division. The instructional work of the school will be conducted in Grant hall.

WINS MILITARY CROSS

In the list of Canadians who have just been decorated for conspicuous valor on the field, is Lieutenant Edison Franklin Lynn, who has been awarded the Military Cross. Lieut. Lynn is a Belleville boy. He attended old Octavia street school and at the time of the South African war went with the first contingent. He passed all through the campaign without a scratch. Prior to the outbreak of the war in 1914, he was a trusted employee of the Hydro Electric Department, Toronto. In August 1914, he was granted a commission in the Canadian Engineers.

ACCUSE THE MONTENEGRINS OF PACT WITH AUSTRIANS

Astonishing Charges Made by Papers in Rome Against "Black King" It is Stated That Montenegrins Virtually Give Kuc, An Impregnable Position, to Invaders—Supplies Sent By Italy Allowed to Rot on Wharves—Hold King Nicholas Personally Responsible For Betrayal of His Country— Berlin Relates Negotiations For Surrender

ROME, Jan. 18.—Reports that the Montenegrins were heroically fighting the Austrians were false.

On the contrary they were secretly aiding them. They even informed the Austrians of the arrival of ships conveying provisions and munitions from Italy, thus enabling the Austrian submarines to sink the vessels.

King Nicholas has been secretly leagued with the Austrians since October, and practically solicited invasions of his country, which he betrayed with the object of concluding a separate peace.

This explains and fully justifies the attitude of the allies, who knew that to aid Montenegro would be worse than useless. Had they supplied guns and ammunition to the Montenegrins they would simply have fallen into the Austrians' hands.

King Nicholas alone is responsible for betraying his country. The majority of the Montenegrins, including his sons, are opposed to a separate peace, which is bound to lead, sooner or later, to the dethronement of the King.

Gave Kuc to Austrians

An Associated Press despatch from Rome says:

The charge that Montenegro agreed with Austria even before the outbreak of the war to cede Mount Lovcen and that the defence of the mountain was only sufficient to lull the suspicions of the Entente allies, is made by a correspondent of The Idea Nazionale of this city.

"Montenegro allowed the Austrians to take Kuc, which was practically impregnable," says the correspondent, "and when the Government retired to Pedgoritza President Giukanovitch of the State Council and other high officials remained in Cettinje with orders to yield the capital to the Austrians without opposition.

Allow Supplies to Rot

"Italy recently sent an enormous quantity of ammunition to the Montenegrin and Serbian armies, but the provisions sent were left rotting on the quays at San Giovanni de Medua, Albania, although there were plenty of means for transport to the interior. Instead of repairing the Medua-Scutari road, the Montenegrins repaired the Giakova-Scutari road, facilitating the Austrian anti-Serbian operation. The food was not carried into the interior in order to induce the poulation to believe that they were deserted by the allies, and that hence there was necessity for Montenegro joining the Austro-Germans."

Negotiations for Surrender

Berlin, via wireless to Sayville, Jan. 18.—The official communication of the Austro-Hungarian Headquarters, dated to-day, says:

"The negotiations concerning details for the capitulation of the Montenegrin army began yesterday afternoon, and the Austro-Hungarian troops, which meantime had occupied Virbasar and Reika, ceased hostilities.

Rieka is the second capital of Montenegro, where the King's winter palace is located, and whence a steamer line runs along the Crnejovica River to Virbasar and Scutari. Virbasar is the terminus of the railroad from Antivari and is the most important harbor on Scutari Lake. The Rieka and Virbasar basins are the most fertile regions in Montenegro.

According to Rome reports, King Nicholas of Montenegro has issued a proclamation urging that he was compelled to choose between surrender to Austria or utter ruin. He urged his soldiers to lay down their arms in accordance with the Austrian peace pact.

Unconfirmed reports said that Austria will guarantee Montenegro's independence and grant her an Adriatic port in exchange for Mount Lovcen.

A Sorry End

LONDON, Jan. 19.—A considerable share of the editorial space in the morning newspapers to-day is devoted to Montenegro's surrender, which is generally characterized as the work of Court influences, with dynastic rather than national aims.

"This is a sorry end to the glorious history of Montenegro," says The Morning Post, "which henceforth will be only a vassal State of Austria."

The Times says: "However much local and personal considerations entered into the decision of King Nicholas however much it was facilitated by subterranean relations of the kind revealed some years ago in the notorious Austro-Montenegrin high treason trial at Cettinje, it is unquestionable that it would not have been reached but for the German victories. The capitulation of Montenegro is a signal to the Allies that they cannot hope to win without greater vigor and foresight."

◆

SAVED FROM DEATH AS SPY RETURNS TO TRENTON HOME

Release of American Secured by Letter Thrown From Window

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 18.—As a result of intervention by the State Department, John D. Wroblewski, of this city, who was arrested in Austria at the outset of the war and sentenced to death as a Russian spy, has returned safely to his home here.

Having sold out his printing business, Wroblewski, who is a man of considerable means, went abroad, to travel, and was in Austria at the declaration of hostilities. He was an American citizen, but Russian-born, and the Austrians declared he was a colonel in the Czar's army. He was arrested and sent to Przemysl and condemned to die. When the city was besieged he was transferred to Pressburg.

In the prison there he wrote a note to Joseph Zielinski, a real estate dealer here and threw it from a window. A passerby picked it up, mailed it, and it reached its destination. Zielinski took the matter up with a lawyer, who successfully appealed to the State Department.

◆

National Defenses For Sweden

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 19.9—Copenhagen ed in Stockholm by a speech at the opening of the Swedish Parliament by King Gustave who urged vigorous preparation of the National defences in view of the disregard of neutral rights by belligerents. The Swedish press criticizes the action of British authorities in seizing the cargo of the steamship Stockholm last week and some of the papers say such actions are worse than open rupture.

◆

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION WANTED

A man helper in man's boarding house. Good wages. Apply S. R. Burrows.

Pugsley Urges Deepest Probe Into Contracts

Former Shell Committee Accused Of Loose Methods in Giving Orders

OTTAWA, Jan. 18.—(Special)—In the debate upon the address tonight Hon. Wm. Pugsley disturbed the harmony which has heretofore prevailed by a sensational attack upon the Imperial Shell Committee, of which General Sir Alexander Bertram was chairman. He demanded that a commission be appointed to investigate certain serious charges and alleged that the shell committee had let contracts for large amounts to firms in which General Bertram and Mr. Carnegie, another member of the committee, were respectively interested. He also claimed that contracts had been let to middlemen who had no factories of their own, and that legitimate manufacturers had been asked to pay commissions when seeking orders. Mr. Pugsley was careful to exonerate members of the committee and members of the committee and members of the government of any charges of a personal wrong-doing, but he contended that a situation was presented which required a searching investigation. He will continue to develop this line of argument when he resumes the debate to-morrow.

◆

Direct Message From His Majesty

King of the Belgians to the Children of Canada

OTTAWA, Jan. 15th, 1916.—His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught has received from His Majesty King Albert of Belgium the following message for the children of Canada:—

"26th December, 1915.

"Queen Mary has sent me the spendid gift of the Canadian children. Will you kindly express to those who promoted the fund, in the name of my country and in my own name the heartfelt gratitude for the so generous help to Belgian children.

"We are deply touched by the great sympathy and generosity Canada has shown Belgium in these days of trial—we shall never forget it.

"The Queen is delighted with the Album, which will be a lasting souvenir of the beautiful impulse of the Canadian people for the Belgian cause."

The album was accompanied by a draft from the Royal Bank for $23,035.04, being the pennies, sixpences and shillings of 200,000 Canadian children.

◆

RUMORS ABOUT EGYPT TO MASK FOE'S AIM

PETROGRAD, Jan. 18.—(Special)—A correspondent of The Ruskoe Slovo, discussing German designs in Asia, argues that the German high command is deliberately spreading rumors of a projected campaign in Egypt in order to mask the true direction of the blow, which is aimed at the Russian Asiatic frontier and the boundaries of India.

The correspondent cites the recent changes in Turkish Generals, the influx of German instructors for the Turkish army, and persistent reports of the appearance of German units southeast of Urumiah Lake. After the rupture of the Serbian front Germany despatched troops to the Russian Asiatic frontier.

◆

LAWYER CHARGED WITH COMPOUNDING A FELONY

Came From St. Louis to Wind up Affairs of Man Wanted For Fraud

TORONTO, Jan. 19.—Yesterday Detective Montgomery arrested Shepherd Evans, a lawyer, of St. Louis, on a charge of compounding a felony with Ald. Brull, who was apprehended at St. Louis on a charge of stealing jewelry worth $1300 from Abraham Rosenthal, 125 West Queen street, about a month ago.

It is stated that Evans was sent to Toronto by Brull to wind up his affairs here.

Our
JANUARY SALE
Still in Full Swing

Goods Slaughtered in many cases 10 to 25 p.c. off Regular Prices

Have Cents

Save Your Dollars By Buying Here Now

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

QUEEN ALEXANDRIA CADETS AWARDED PRIZES

On Tuesday morning, January 18th, a presentation of prizes to successful cadets took place at Queen Alexandra School. These were rewarded to the cadets of this school making over thirty out of a possible fifty points in the recent shooting competition open to Public School cadets of this city.

After the opening exercises in the assembly room, our inspector, Mr. H. J. Clarke, B.A., called the ten successful boys to the front of the hall. After a short address he presented each boy with a very useful and interesting book. Asa Yeomans was first in this school, with a total of forty-two points, being just one point behind the best shot in the city. The nine other boys who received books were, Roy Naylor, Alex. Kerr, Clarence Ketcheson, Charlie Pratt, Morley Huffman, Allan Boyle, Ward Luffman, Archibakld MacArthur and Fred Clarke.

Mr. Clarke congratulated the boys on their fine showing and encouraged them to practice and do even better in the spring competition. It is an honor to our school that ten prizes out of twenty to compete for, were won by the boys of this school, and we all are justly proud of them.

GRIFFIN'S OPERA HOUSE
Two Days Only, Wednesday & Thursday, Jan. 26 and 27
The Stupendous Photo Drama
QUO VADIS
In 3 Acts, 8 parts
Performance lasting 2¼ hours as presented at the Astor Theatre, N.Y.; 306 consecutive succ formances; a sensational success throughout Europe and America.
Prices; 10c, 15c and 25c
Seats on sale at Doyle's.

HOW TO PROLONG LIFE

By adopting a simple diet men like Conaro have lived to be 100 years of age, but with our complex diets of to-day, the vitality of the aged is taxed to its utmost endurance. A simple diet, therefore, is conductive to a long life, and if the vitality of the aged is taxed to its utmost endurance. A simple diet, therefore, is conductive to a long life, and if the vitality becomes impaired and weakness seems apparent, our local druggist, J. S. McKeown, has in Vinol a reliable, non-secret remedy which contains just the elements needed to restore strength to weak, feeble old people, and prolong a healthy, happy life.

Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the Royal Scarlet Chapter, District No. 3, South Hastings, met in Plainfield Friday evening, January 14. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

W. C. in C.—Fred Grey.
E. C. in C.—Frank Pound.
Comp. Chap.—W. J. Hall.
Comp. Scribe—Geo. D. McCullough.
Comp. Treasuer—Harry Dafoe.
Sir Herald at Arms—Geo. F. Reed.
Comp. 1st Lect.—Arthur Hall.
Comp. 2nd Lect.—P. R. Sullivan.
Comp. 1st Conductor—J. Emerson.
Comp. nd Conductor—W. J. Patterson.
Comp Inward Herald—John Rollins.
Comp. Outward Herald—J. Goodfellow.
Auditors—Geo. F. Reed, Arthur Hall.

MUSIC & DRAMA

Unparalleled in the world for photographic beauty, human interest, dramatic power and spectacular grandeur is George Kleine's production of the Cines photo-drama "Quo Vadis" which is to be the attraction at the Griffin Opera House commencing Wednesday, Jan. 26, for two nights with daily matinees. Although this is a strong statement to make, it is fully verified by the remarkable runs this attraction has had in the Astor Theatre, New York City, the Garrick at Philadelphia, McVicker's in Chicago, Tremont Theatre in Boston and a host of other cities under the most adverse circumstances and in summer time, too, when every other dramatic form of entertainment has failed to attract the public into theatres. This fact alone is sufficient substantiation of almost any assertion that may be made about this truly wonderful photo-drama. The seat sale for the local engagement commences Monday, Jan. 24th at Doyle's Drug Store. Prices 10c., 15c., 25c.

District Lodge Elect Officers

The annual meeting of Loyal Orange District Lodge No. 3 for South Hastings was held in Plainfield Orange Hall on Tuesday, Jan. 11th at 2 p.m. with Bro. G. F. Reed, W.M., in the chair. There was a good attendance from every Primary lodge in the district. The reports from the various Primary lodges showed a marked increase in members. After the general routine of business had been dispensed with, Bro. Reed thanked the brethren for the confidence they had reposed in him during the past year, and asked Bro. W. J. Hall, Past Co. Master, to conduct the election of officers for the ensuing year, which resulted as follows:

Dist. Master, Bro. H. L. Gerow; Dist. Master, Bro. P. R. Sullivan; Chap., Bro. M. Tummon; Rec Sec., Bro. W. Reynolds; Fin .Sec., Bro. H. Dafoe; Treas., Bro. G. F. Reid; Director of Lect., Bro. Fred Grey; Lecturers, Bro. J. Emmerson, Br. W. Goodfellow.

About Baby

III.

BABIES are frequently over-fed. Their capacity for food is very small—at birth 1-oz., at two months 3-ozs.

It is the amount of food digested that nourishes.

Do not feed Baby just because he cries, probably the reason is indigestion from over-feeding, not hunger.

The nature of the Food should be right as well as the quantity. Doctors and nurses throughout the world recommend

'Allenburys' Foods

The best alternative to Human Milk.

79

THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSE
will close Saturday night's at 9 o'clock, January and February. J18-2t

LAID TO REST

Many citizens were yesterday afternoon in attendance at the obsequies of the late Mrs. Ernest McCormick. At the family residence Dunbar street, services were conducted by Rev. A. R. Sanderson, of Campbellford, assisted by Rev. C. G. Smith, pastor of the Baptist church, Belleville. The floral tributes were many and beautiful in design. The remains were placed in the Belleville vault. The bearers were, Messrs. B. Shorey, C. Wallers, C. V. Meagher, J. W. Davison, E. Lang and Dr. Duprau.

Gormans are now selling the famous Duchess Boot for women, all leathers, all toes, all heels. Regular price $4.00 and $5.00, for $2.90. It

IN and ABOUT THE CITY

TRAMPS PROTECTED

Three weary pilgrims were last night provided with shelter at the police station. The trio were comparatively young men.

ALLEGED ASSAULT

Albert Premo was yesterday placed under arrest on a charge of assaulting his mother, Mrs. Rosa Lambert. The case was enlarged for a week and the accused was remanded to jail until Wednesday next.

ALLEGED THEFT

A young man named W. R. Cooley, was yesterday afternoon placed under arrest on a charge of theft. It is alledged that he stole a robe from the McLaughlin garage on Coleman street. The accused was remanded to jail until Wednesday next 26th inst.

JOINED REGIMENTAL BAND

Mr. W. G. McDowall of Hamilton, arrived in this city yesterday and has enlisted as a member of the 80th Battalion band. Mr. McDowall is recognized as an ephonium player of no small degree. He with Lieut. Stairs, the bandmaster of the 80th band, was a charter member of the 91st Canadian Highlander Band of Hamilton. Mr. McDowall is a decided acquisition to the already efficient 80th band.

CASE SETTLED

Owing to indisposition Police Magistrate Masson was this morning unable to preside over police court proceeding, and in his absence Mayor Ketcheson occupied the seat upon the bench. A party named Herman Wannamaker, was charged with assault. The result of the proceedings was that a satisfactory settlement was effected between the parties involved. Mr. Carnew, County Attorney, was present on behalf of the Crown.

INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS

The officers of Quintena Rebekah Lodge No. 123 of Belleville, were last evening installed by the District Deputy Grand President, Sister De Viney of Trenton. After the installation ceremony refreshments were served. The officers installed were as follows:

P. N. G.—Eliza Ormand.
N. G.—Lillie Naylor.
V. G.—Mabel Darah.
R. S. N. G.—Katherine McCurdy.
L. S. N. G.—Mabel Palos.
R. S. V. G.—Flinda Doctor.
L. S. V. G.—Lela Weese.
Warden—Lucy Cole.
Conductor—Essie Naylor.
Rec. Sec.—Lucy Forster.
Fin. Sec.—Emily Asselstine.
Treasurer—Alice Jones.
Inside Guardian—Ethel Frost.
Outside Guardian—Cecilia Doctor.
Organist—Nellie Smith, Lela Weese.

Have you seen the Boot Bargains in Gorman's Windows? It

"HAD ALMOST GIVEN UP."

Sarnia, Ont.—"About 27 years ago I was taken very bad, my blood, too, was in bad shape. I got so I had to go to bed and I was there for over three months. I could not eat and suffered untold agony. I had three of the best doctors I could get but it just seemed nothing was going to help me. I had almost given up. I thought I would never be any better and was willing to give up and die rather than suffer as I was. A neighbor of mine told me of Dr. Pierce's wonderful remedies and I decided to use them. My husband bought me six bottles of 'Favorite Prescription.' I had not taken it long until I felt better. In less than six weeks I was out of bed, and in less than six months I was *cured* and have been well ever since. Do all my own work. I have raised three daughters, two are married and have children. They have used it and they are healthy, so are their children. I am sure it was all on account of my having them use the medicine.

"I keep all of Dr. Pierce's medicines in the house. Have 'Favorite Prescription,' 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Smart-Weed'—anything prepared by Dr. Pierce is good. I also have a copy of the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, which I have had 26 years; it has been very valuable to me."—MRS. J. WAY, 232 Ontario St., Sarnia, Ont.

If you are a sufferer, if your daughter, mother, sister need help, get Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription in liquid or tablet form from any medicine dealer to-day. Then address Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., and get confidential medical advice entirely free.

A most valuable book in any home is Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. A splendid 1008-page volume, with engravings and colored plates. A copy will be sent to anyone sending fifty cents in stamps, to pay the cost of wrapping and mailing *only*, to Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the original little liver pills, first put up nearly 50 years ago.

CONDITION IMPROVED

The condition of Mr. Chancey Ashley of this city, who sustained the fracture of two ribs owing to a fall upon an icy walk, shows improvement.

REMAINS INTERRED HERE

Yesterday afternoon the funeral of the late Mrs. Charles Gibson, who died in Peterboro', took place from the residence of her sister, Mrs. C. DeLisle, 299 Foster Avenue. Rev. A. S. Kerr, pastor of St. Andrew's church officiated at the house and grave at Belleville cemetery. The bearers were Messrs. Wm. McGie, Wm. McIntosh, John McIntosh, C. Atkins, A. B. Walker and Wm. Taylor.

The floral tributes were many and beautiful in design, the contributors being as follows:

Wreath—family.
Anchor—Mr. and Mrs. DeLisle and family.
Star—Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Taylor.
Heart—Ladies Aid St. Andrew's church, Peterborough.
Sheaf—Laidies Aid Trinity Church, Peterborough.

Bouquets—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Rogers, Mr. and Mrs. John McIntosh, Ladies Auxiliary B. of L. E., Mr. and Mrs. Bowie, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McIntosh, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Allen, Peterborough; Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Braund, Peterborough; Miss E. M. Gordon, Peterborough; Miss L. C. Caldwell, Peterborough; Miss L. C. Esplen, Peterborough; Pte. Herbert S. Rogers, prisoner of war, Germany.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. Frank Hick and Mrs. Wm. Lang, of Montreal, have been called to the city owing to the serious illness of their father, Mr. John Hick, who resides on Moira Street West.

Try Our
Saturday Special
Chocolates
33c
JAS. WALLACE & CO.

When in Eye Trouble
Don't Take Chances

There's an eye-glass house long established — with a wide experience — and an unquestionable reputation—up to date in all respects

Where you can be SURE of good service at a reasonable price.

Our Reputation for
Accuracy & Reliability

has been established by over 20 years' square dealing in this community
at
Angus McFee's

Comb Honey
At Wallbridge & Clarke's

1000 Sections of delicious
COMB HONEY
At Reasonable Prices

Dark Buckwheat Honey,
15c per section
$1.70 per dozen

No. 1 White Honey,
20c per section
$2.25 per dozen

Pure Cream Lucca
Italian OLIVE OIL
Quart Tins 75c

Boned Chicken, tins 25c & 40c

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

SPECIAL SHOE BARGAINS

ADAMS The Shoeman

See Window Displays

Marked Regardless of Cost to Make a Quick Clearance before Stocktaking

Women's Gypsy Button Boots
Midnight Blue, Black Velvet and Kid, Up to date shoes sold everywhere at $4.00 and $5.00, sizes 2½ to 7,
Clearing $2.98

Women's Gun Metal and Patent Button Boots
Plain Toe and Tipped, Cloth and Mat Calf Tops; all sizes in the lot. $4.00 and $5.00 values.
Clearing $2.98

Men's Gun Metal and Tan Calf Laced and Button Boots
English and Nobby Toes; all sizes in the lot. $5.00 and $6.00 values.
Clearing $3.45

Children's Tan & Black Button and Blucher Boots
Easy fitting lasts. Sizes 4 to 7½. Regular $1.35 and $1.50
Clearing $1.00

☛ WE SAVE YOU MONEY ☚

ADAMS The Shoeman

Northway
GARMENTS

SINCLAIR'S SINCLAIR'S

Cloth Coats
At Reduced Prices

The remainder of our stock of LADIES' and MISSES' COLORED CLOTH COATS must be cleared out, and to do this we have marked them at greatly reduced prices. Coats are all this season's styles, and are made of excellent materials in Chinchilla, Whitney Cloth, Frieze, Tweeds, etc. The colors are Navy, Grey, Brown and mixtures.

The Coats are roomy and comfortable, and nearly all have high or convertible collars. All sizes are shown and in a number of styles

To Clear at One-Third Off Regular Prices.

We have a very few Plush and Fur Fabric Coats left. These are in the Newest Styles, and are marked at greatly reduced prices.

Buy Your Coat Now and Save Money

DRESS GOODS.
An assortment of about 25 pieces of Dress Goods and Suitings, in Blue, Grey, Brown and Green Mixtures and Checks. The materials are qualities which sold regularly for 65c., 75c. and 90c. yard, and are excellent value at 49c. yard.

SWEATER COATS.
For Skating, Snow-shoeing, or any other outdoor sport a Wool Sweater Coat is a very comfortable article of clothing. We have several styles of Pure Wool Sweater Coats in Ladies', Misses' and Children's sizes. All colors are shown in various weights.
Ladies' sizes, 34 to 42 ins., prices 75c. to $5.00
Children's sizes, 2 to 12, prices .. 50c. to $2.75

BEAUTIFUL BLOUSES.
We are showing a large assortment of Ladies' Silk Blouses in Taffeta, Pussy Willow, and Wash Silk, Georgette Crepe and Crepe de Chene. These may be had in a large variety of plain colors, stripes, plaids and combinations of colors and materials. Prices range from $1.98 up.

Sinclair's | STORE CLOSES SATURDAYS AT 7 P.M. | Sinclair's

10 Per Cent Discount

Off the Whole Stock — Spools and Grey Cottons Excepted.

Housekeepers, Boarding-house-keepers, Hotelkeepers, should take advantage of this sale and secure a supply of—

TABLE LINENS
NAPKINS
TOWELS
TOWELINGS
SHEETINGS
TICKINGS
BLANKETS
QUILTS
COMFORTERS
SHIRTINGS

The Sale is now in Full Swing.

TERMS CASH

Wims & Co

WHY NOT THE BEST?

You men who shave, just drop in when passing, and let us show you the new self adjusting and stropping

AUTO-STROP
SAFETY RAZOR
500 shaves — $5.00
"GUARANTEED"

Waters' DRUG STORE

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip

Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.

Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows

F. W. L. CARRE

Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward counties.

Phone 366 2/6 Albert St., City

EYES BLUR

when reading?
If so; Glasses are needed to overcome the strain—let me help you.

Alex Ray, Opt. D.

Eye-Sight Specialist

Hotpoint
El Perco

El Perco

A PERFECT PERCOLATOR

Makes six cups of delicious coffee right at the table for less than one cent's worth of electricity. Attaches to any lamp socket and will commence percolating from cold water in 30 seconds.

LET US SHOW YOU ONE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Advertise in The Intelligencer

COUNTRY CORRESPONDENCE

TO CORRESPONDENTS

The Intelligencer is constantly receiving news items from parties throughout the district who fail to attach their names to the manuscript. While items of interest, from all sections of the county are solicited, The Intelligencer positively declines to publish news that does not bear the name of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but that articles may be received in good faith—The Editor.

MELVILLE.

A pretty wedding was solemnized at the parsonage, Melville, on Tuesday, January 11th, when Mr. Herbert W. Taylor, Hallowell, was united in marriage to Miss Eliza Adalene Richardson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Richardson, of the same township, Rev. E. H. Harston, officiating. The bridal couple were attended by Mr. Austin Witan and Miss G. Taylor, Bloomfield. After the ceremony, the wedding party motored to Belleville, where the bride and groom entrained for a brief honeymoon.

Miss Minaker, Picton, is this week the guest of Miss Edna Vance.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Chase were at home to a number of guests Wednesday evening.

Rev. W. R. Archer, Wellington, was engaged last week in special services. He was assisted on Wednesday evening by Rev. E. Harston, of Melville.

We are pleased to report that there are no new cases of diptheria and that those afflicted are apparently on the road to recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Weeks and Miss Madeline spent Saturday in Belleville.

Mrs. Allan Spencer and Miss Myrtle, spent the week-end with friends in Picton.

We regret to report the illness of Mrs. G. Osborne, who is suffering from a severe attack of la grippe.

Owing to the fear of that dread disease, diphtheria, the school attendance has been unusually small during the past week.

Miss Louis Locklin is this week the guest of friends in Trenton.

Mr. Robert Kenny, Consecon, canvassed this locality on Saturday, as salesman for the Aladdin lamp and vaccum washer.

The funeral service of the late Miss E. Maines was conducted at the home, Christian street, on Wednesday by Rev. E. H. Harston, who spoke comforting words from the text, "Blessed in the sight of the Lord is the death of His Saints." Interment was made in the Bowerman cemetery.

Mr. and Mrs. Garfield French returned on Wednesday from a visit with friends in Belleville.

Rev. E. Harston attended the dinner, Monday evening, given in connection with the re-opening services of Grace church, Trenton, which has recently been repaired, enlarged and beautified and holds now a prominent place among other edifices of its kind, owing to its artistic beauty, and enlarged proportions.

On Thursday, owing to the icy condition of the roads, Mr. James Locklin accidentally fell while carrying in his hand a cross-cut saw thus sustaining serious injury to the knee, from several teeth of the saw penetrating the flesh to the bone.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Carley spent the week-end with friends in Trenton and Wooler.

Miss Oral French returned home on Tuesday, after spending several weeks with friends in Trenton.

The Epworth League on Thursday evening was well attended. An address by the pastor and a vocal solo by Mr. Weeks were interesting features of the programme.

An interesting ceremony, the christening of their infant son, Elmo Warren, took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Chase on Friday evening, Rev. Harston officiating. Among those present were, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. French, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Chase, Mr. and Mrs. James Morton and Rev. Harston and Mrs. Harston.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Weeks spent a few days last week with friends in Crofton

Mrs. Aurelia Morton and Mr. Fred, entertained a small party of friends on Friday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Garfield French, Alberta, were guests of honor.

Miss Alma Pyne, Crofton, is the guest of Miss Madelene Weeks.

It is feared that the absence of snow and alternate freezing and thawing during the first part of the present winter, will prove destructive to the new seeding of the past summer. If these fears prove true, the hay crop for 1916 will be short.

The W. M. S. held its regular meeting at the home of Mrs. Aurelia Morton, on Thursday afternoon with the president, Mrs. Kinnear, in charge. Music was furnished by the Associate helpers with Miss Ella Locklin, as accompanist. A paper, "The Land of Covered Faces" by Mrs. W. Anderson, took the place of the study book. Plans were discussed for continuing the sewing and the knitting for the boys in khaki. A committee was appointed to meet at the home of Mrs. W. H. Anderson, on Wednesday, to trans- At the close, the hostess, assisted by Mrs. C. H. French and Miss Annie Chase served refreshments.

WEAR THE CELEBRATED KAUFMAN RUBBERS—they wear well and fit all shapes, and have made a host of friends. Special agents for this district THE HAINES SHOE HOUSES. J18-2td.

COOPER

Miss Alice Bremner, of Debtler, is visiting her cousin, A. Hannah.

Miss Jesssie Rollin from Ivanhoe, is visiting friends in this locality.

Mrs. Jas. Lucas from Elgin, is holidaying at the home of her father, Mr. Hark Rollin.

Miss Violet Fleming, Queensboro, is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. F. Parks.

Messrs. Arthur Blair and Arthur Parks were in Belleville, a few days last week.

Mr. W. J. McCoy, has on the King's uniform, and is at present on duty in Madoc.

Mrs. Watt, of Coe Hill, is spending a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. H. Rollin.

Rev. Mr. Merrick of Queensboro took the service in the Methodist church here last Sunday morning.

Miss Lena Rollin has returned to Belleville to Albert College, where she is receiving instruction in music.

Mr. Hannah unloaded a car of flour and feed last week.

We are glad to learn that Miss Ottie Bird is slowly improving from a severe attack of pleursy.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Diamond, of Snanonville, is viting friends here. Mrs. John Wood is spending the winter months with her daughter, Mrs. F. Diamond.

The Edith Cavell Red Cross Society are having a concert and social on February 14th "Valentine Day" This society, although only few in number in one corner of Madoc township are making things "hum." They are alive to the fact that the boys and men at the front need all the help that they can get for their comfort, while fighting for freedom and right.

VICTORIA.

Our snow on Saturday made us good sleighing.

The icy roads caused several accidents.

Church next Sunday at 10.30 a.m.

Mr. Rob Bush and Mr. Roy Bush, of Stirling, spent a few days with their brother, Will.

Masters Gerald and Roy Brickman, are confined to the house with measels

Wednesday was rather stormy for those attending the wedding at Trenton.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Montgomery entertained some friends on Thursday evening.

Mr. E. Brickman is getting up his wood.

Colds are still prevalent in this vicinity.

Miss Carolla Weese and Miss Vera Brickman, spent Wednesday at Mr. J. F. Weese's.

Mrs. M. Hubbs is spending some time in Bloomfield.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Bush Messrs. Rob. and Roy Bush, Mr. and Mrs. S. Fox spent Thusrday evening at Mr. Rae Foxe's.

Mr. Roy Pulver is visiting his brother, Mr. H. Pulver for a week.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Fox, Mr. and Mrs. Rae Fox, were visitors at Mr. Lorne Brickman's, on Saturday evening.

Mrs. J. Sager is visiting at Belleville.

Mr. Lorne Brickman drove to Belleville on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Rae Fox and Mr. and Mrs. S. Fox spent Friday evening at W. Bush's.

Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Redner, Mr. and Mrs. P. Delong and Miss Hazel, were Sunday visitors at Mr. L. Brickman's.

THURLOW NEWS.

A very pleasant time was spent on Friday evening last at the home of Mr. Harry Tweedy, when more than thirty neighbors and friends who invited, met on his return from his honeymoon trip, and presented him with a beautiful morris chair. After a dainty lunch had been served, games, music and social intercourse was indulged in, until a late hour, when all departed wishing Mr. and Mrs. Tweedy a long and happy life.

Mrs. Diamond and daughter, Bessie, of Toronto, were the guests last week of her sister, Mrs. E. W. Brown.

Mr. Byron Foster and Miss Grace Palmer, of Foxboro, spent one day last week at Mr. Sam Dean's.

Miss Myrtle Dean has returned home, after spending a couple of weeks visiting friends in Foxboro.

Mrs. Marshall Bradshaw is very ill with pneumonia.

Mr. Geo. Beer has purchased Mr. John McCullough's farm, 4th line.

CARMEL.

Rev. Wilyson gave a stirring Patriotic sermon on Sunday, which was much appreciated.

Miss M. Fairman is able to be around again, after her attack of grip.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Horton and Mrs H. A. Horton spent Saturday evening in Foxboro.

Miss Mattie Gerow entertained the young people of the neighborhood on Friday evening last.

Mr. Fred Quick spent the week-end in our neighborhood.

Mr. and Mrs. Patterson and family visited at Mr. H. Gerow's on Monday last.

Miss Ethel Howe visited at Mr. B. Fairman's, on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Tracey attended the funeral of the latter's father, Mr. Copeland, on Thursday, at Roslin.

Mr. H. Ross visited at Mr. Vandewater's on Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Gilbert are visiting at Mr. C. Osborne's, Melrose.

Several of our young people took in the party given at Mr. Longwell, Foxboro, on Thursday night.

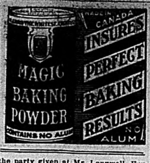
We are glad to learn that Mr. Clarke is able to be out again, after his long illness.

YOUR BRONCHIAL TUBES

When a cold settles in the bronchial tubes, with that weakening, tickling cough, immediate treatment is very important. The breath seems shorter because of mucous obstructions; usually fever is present, your head jars with every cough and your chest may ache. This is no time for experimenting or delay—you must get Scott's Emulsion at once to drive out the cold which started the trouble, and it will check the cough by aiding the healing process of the enfeebled membranes.

If you have any symptoms of bronchitis, or even a stubborn cold, always remember that Scott's Emulsion has been relieving this trouble for forty years. It is free from harmful drugs. Refuse substitutes.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 15-25



CROOKSTON.

Miss Margaret Poste, of Fuller, is spending a few days with her friend, Miss Martha Downey.

Mrs. Lillah Norman lost her house and contents in a fire early Thursday morning.

Mrs. Florence Kellar, who has been ill, is getting better.

A large number from here were in Madoc on Saturday night for the services at the Armouries conducted by Mr. G. M. Sharpe.

Pte. J. G. Collins, of Lindsay, attended service at the Guild Hall on Sunday afternoon.

Rev. A. E. Smart, of Madoc, was in Crookston on Saturday.

The Evangelistic services which are being conducted by Mr. G. M. Sharpe, of Toronto, is to be continued for another week.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Mack and baby, spent Sunday with his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Bateman, of Springbrook, spent Sunday afternoon with the former's sister, Mrs. Charley Kellar.

Mr. John Burrell, sr., is very ill with pneumonia.

Mr. John Burrell, jr., was in Belleville on Monday.

Mr. Herman Dafoe, of Brownsville, N.Y., is visiting his father, Mr. Gilbert Dafoe.

GILEAD.

On Saturday evening, January 15, a number of friends and neighbors gathered at the home of Mr. S. Pope to present his daughter, Mrs. H. Tweedy, formerly Miss Daisy Pope, with a miscellaneous shower. Mrs. Tweedy was one of Gilead's most popular young ladies and always took an active part in church and Sunday school work. The evening was spent in games and music. Refreshments were served after which the company dispersed to their several homes, after having spent a very enjoyable time. We wish them bon voyage through life.

How You Can Remove Every Trace of Hair

(Toilet Talks)

A stiff paste made with some powdered delatone and water and spread on a hairy surface about 2 minutes will, when removed, take every trace of hair with it. The skin should then be washed to free it from the remaining delatone. No harm can result from this treatment, but be sure it is delatone you get and you will not be disappointed.

IVANHOE.

We are having pretty good winter weather now.

Yesterday morning Rev. Mr. Sharp, the Evangelist, who is conducting services at White Lake, preached at this appointment. The service was well attended, and much good was done.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Shaw spent Sunday at Moria, guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Hollinger.

Miss Tillie Wood was the guest of Miss Carrie Marten, Sunday.

Miss Nettie Benson took dinner with Mr. and Mrs. A. Clements on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kilpatrick, of Crookston, spent Thursday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Tummon.

A meeting of the Farmer's Institute was held here last Wednesday afternoon and evening. The attendance was the smallest for this place in a long time. The special services at White Lake, drew part of their crowd

Miss Carrie Gay was the guest of Miss Parker, Saturday evening

Mrs. S. Tummon, of Crookston spent Tuesday afternoon with Mrs. T. Tummon.

BOYS' GUN METAL BUTTON BOOTS the kind the Boys like. Sizes 1 to 5, $3.00. THE HAINES SHOE HOUSE. J18-2t

HOLLOWAY.

Mrs. Myron Hawley had a narrow escape from being killed, owing to the icy weather. As they were driving down Zion Hill, the sleigh slid and threw them into the ditch dislocating Mrs. Hawley's shoulder.

Mrs. S. J. Kelly and Mrs. J. Townsend spent Tuesday of last week with Mrs. J. Haggerty, West Huntingdon.

Miss Flossie Rose spent a few days last week with friends near Foxboro.

Mr. W. Lidster, our cheese maker, is having a bee drawing coal for the factory.

Mrs. G. Garrager spent Monday at Mr. W. Hough's.

Mrs. R. Townsend and Miss Mildred, made a trip to Madoc one day last week.

We were sorry to hear of the death of Miss Ruby Bird, of Stirling, as she had many friends in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Kelly are spending a few days with relatives in Richmond.

Mr. A. Provins who has spent the past few weeks with Mr. T. J. Kelly and other friends, received a phone message that his son-in-law, Mr. Stewart, near Shannonville, had passed away.

DESERONTO NEWS

The funeral of the late William Donaldson was held on Wednesday afternoon at his residence on Main street, Rev. S. T. Tucker, of the Methodist church, conducted the service. He is survived by his widow and one daughter, Mrs. Stanley Embury, and one son Frank, of Peterboro. Deceased held the position as chief constable of the town. The funeral was under the auspices of the Masonic order. The council, the firemen and the 155th Battalion attended in a body. The remains were placed in the Deseronto cemetery vault.

Miss Evelyn Fairbairn has bought the millinery business of Miss Agnes Wilson.

Alex. Therrien and Miss Florence Therrien have returned home from a visit with their brother at Athetol, and friends at Collingwood.

A recruiting meeting was held in Naylor's Opera House on Tuesday evening. Mayor Rixen was chairman. Addresses were given by local clergymen, Cols. Adams, Putman and Mallory, and Lieut. Sandford, a returned hero of the Hesperian. Moving war pictures were shown. The funds are to aid the Battalion in sundry ways and help a band that is being formed in Belleville.

The Deseronto Platoon of the 155th Battalion, has rooms at the corner of St. George and Edmund streets and has now twenty members. Lieut. Raymond is in charge, along with Q. M. S. Breden.

A wedding of interest to Deseronto people took place at Schnectady, N.Y., at Trinity M.E. church by the pastor, Rev. T. Thompson, when Percy J. Watson, formerly of Deseronto, and Miss Gertrude Beekman, were married on December 15th.

Gorman's January Boot Bargains are unexcelled. 1t

4TH CON. AMELIASBURG

Mrs. William Way, of Hastings, and Mrs. Scott Adams, of Sidney, are visiting their brother, H. M. Delong, and other friends in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. Elou Parliament spent over Sunday at Massassaga, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Jose.

Mr. Arthur Adams, of Consecon, spent the week-end with friends in this vicinity.

Mr. David Tripp, of Centre, took dinner at Elou Parliament's on Tuesday.

Mrs. Henry Huycke, of North Lakeside, spent a few days of last week with her mother, Mrs. Debbie Carnrike, who continues quite ill.

Sorry to report Mr. Chas. Sager is on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. Arclen Blakely spent Wednesday at Bloomfield, attending a dinner with the latter's grandfather, Mr. Peter Burr.

About 2 o'clock Saturday morning, Mr. D. H. Vancott's house caught fire. Fortunately it was soon extinguished, but while doing so, Mrs. Vancott was severely burned, and is under medical care.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Simonds visited at Mr. John Weeks, Consecon, on Monday evening.

Mr. Chas. Dolan was at Trenton on Saturday.

Mrs. H. M. Delong and little grandson, returned home on Saturday, after spending several weeks at Bloomfield with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Higgins.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Alyea, of Consecon, were on Sunday the guests of Mr. Chas. Sager and family.

Mrs. Abraham Wood and son, Leonard, were recent guests of Mr. J. H. Howe, Consecon.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Wood and family, of Mountain View, spent Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Gibson.

Mrs. Clayton Sprung and son Clark, of Mountain View, spent Saturday with her daughter, Mrs. Roy Vancott.

Mr. and Mrs. Elou Parliament visited the latter's son, Gilbert Phillips, Allisonville, on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Simonds were guests of Mr. Chas. Sager and family on Thursday evening.

Gorman's for Reliable January Boot Bargains. 1t

HILLIER.

We had a fine fall of snow last night and it is still snowing to-day.

La grippe is again in our midst and those that have not had it are expecting it.

The agricultural school at Hillier is being well patronized. Those from this section are, A C Tice, H. Pine, H. Terry, J. Cook, G. Rice and G. Ryckman.

Miss Ella Tery, of Swamp College, is visiting at her niece's, Mrs. Roy Palmer.

Miss Mabel Baitley spent last Sunday at her sister's, Mrs. Dayton at Picton.

Mr. Wm. Bedell is around again after his serious auto accident.

Mr. James Baitley and son, Byron, went to Belleville, Tuesday, with a load of hogs for Mr. Green. Price paid 11¾c. per lb.

Mr. Edison Campbell has enlisted He is staying at present at Wellington.

The Annual Orange dinner was held at Allisonville on Friday. A large number was present, including several from other lodges. A good time reported.

NILES' CORNERS

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. May and son, Everett Eugene, of Little Kingston, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. Ryan, on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Ellis and son, Bennie C., spent Thursday night and Friday with friends at Gilead.

A number from here attended the dance at Wellington, on Friday night.

Mrs. Cregg Platt, of Wellington, spent a few days last week with her aunt, Mrs. Fred Ellis.

Mrs. C. Ryan took dinner with Mrs. B. Ellis on Friday.

Men's 4 Buckle Overshoes only $2.00. Gorman's Clearance Sale. 1t

A SNAP

For

Men and Boys

Gun Metal Buttoned and Laced Boots

Worth $3 and $3.50, now Clearing

Men's for $2.45

Boy's for $2.25

Our Stock of Winter Footwear is Complete at Popular Prices

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES

Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros.

January Clearance Sale

Enters the Third Week with Bigger and Better Bargains than ever.

Newspaper announcements can't keep pace with the many bargains that will be put out on the counters all this week; consequently you can't afford to miss one day of this great sale.

Here are a few special offers:—

CHILDREN'S COATS FOR WINTER that will keep the kiddies warm. Colors, navy blue and red Fur Fabric, trimmed with belt; a very serviceable and warm coat, clearing at $2.39. Regular $3.50 value. Others clearing at $2.69 for larger kiddies.

Kiddies' Bear Cloth Coats, tan color, suitable for children from 2 up to 6 years; clearing at .... $2.98 up to $3.98

Children's Sweater Coats, regular up to $1.25 values, clearing at .... 85c.

Children's Toques, great values, clearing at 25c. up to 50c.

Girls' Sweaters, a few clearing at only $1.49. Regular $2.25 values.

McIntosh Bros

PERSIAN LAMB

We have never before been better prepared to meet the season's demand for high class Persian Lamb garments, than at present.

Why not get prices on having your Persian Jacket repaired, remodelled or lengthened? We have skins to match every coat.

G. T. WOODLEY,

Phone 421. 273 Front St.

The Standard Bank of Canada.

Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.

GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.

Toronto, 28th December, 1915.

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch . . . JOHN ELLIOTT . . . Manager

THE PURCHASE of one thousand dollars worth of goods from your own town or your own country, instead of purchasing outside, means the addition of one person to your town or your country instead of supporting him abroad.

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, 207 Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $2.00, strictly in advance.

This is the 533rd day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany

ITS OLD ENEMY.

To other troubles there has been added in Holland the damage of floods. Holland has suffered more from the war than any other neutral country; its commerce has been hurt, prices of food have gone soaring, and above all this the Hollanders have done twice as much as a nation of their size could be expected to do to relieve the sufferings of their neighbors, the Belgians. And now the dikes have broken in its northern provinces and much territory is under water.

It is an old enemy that has attacked Holland. A great part of the country has been carved, or stolen from the sea. A fourth of the region adjoining the sea is lower than sea level, much of it as much as twenty feet lower, and the mean height of the whole country is only about 30 feet above sea level. The history of Holland differs from that of all other countries. Other countries have fought for independence and religious liberty—the Hollanders have fought also for the very land they dwell upon.

But if the Netherlands are the more to be pitied in that the floods have come at a time of peculiarly hard times, on the other hand the Hollanders know how to cope with this old enemy. There have been worse inundations in Holland—that of 1530, for instance. The Hollanders have even cut their own dikes at times in order to drive out an invader. The present floods might have come at an easier time; but, even as it is, they will not daunt Hollanders.

* * *

CANADA BEHIND IN BEEF.

Exports of beef alive and dressed were practically doubled in 1915 as compared with those of 1914, and this had a stiffening effect upon the market. The question arises, can Canadian stockmen keep it up? Certainly, and increase the output immensely, but to accomplish it more attention must be paid to the breeding of greater numbers of higher quality of live stock in this Dominion. Comparatively speaking, Canada is poorly stocked with beef cattle. Canada, with a population of three people per square mile, has only one beef animal per square mile. The United States has thirty-three people per square mile, and twenty beef cattle. The United States has eleven times the number of people per square mile, but twenty times as many beef cattle, and yet we are continually hearing complaints of a shortage of beef cattle in the United States, where production of this class of stock is said to be less than in 1870, while the increase in population has been very rapid. The United States, once the leader in meat exports, has gradually been forced, through decreased supplies in comparison with consumption at home, to fall out of a large part of the market abroad, which has been taken by the Argentine and Australia. Australia suffers from seasons of drouth which deal hard blows to the cattle business, and the Argentine is already struggling to cope with the increased demand. The surplus beef which Europe consumes comes, and must continue to come, largely from the Americans and Australasia. Canada must get some of the market and hold it. Our cattle, after feeding our own people, must either go to Europe or must supply a part of the demand in the United States that other cattle may go to Europe. The beef cattle market cannot be overstocked in a few months. It takes years to breed up herds and commence marketing on a very large scale.

But to get back to the Canadian markets of 1915. Official figures tell us that the number of cattle in Canada increased some thousands last year, but Canadian herds have decreased in the last five years by over 850,000 head, and Canada is now credited with 3,399,155 head of beef cattle and 2,666,846 milk cows. Just compare these figures with those of some other countries and note Canada's deficiency in cattle. According to figures recently published in a Chicago market paper Australia has 20,000,000 head, India 106,000,000 head, Russia 51,000,000 head, United States, 58,000,000 head, Argentina, 29,000,000 head, and Brazil 25,000,000 head. Canada, comparatively, does not seem to be overstocked, and yet there were more cattle and more other meat animals marketed in Canada in 1915 than in 1914 or any immediately previous year.

What is the outlook? The British Government has contracted for the Australasian output. The Argentine cannot cope with the demand and sold heavily. The United States has such an increasing demand at home that she cannot relieve matters much. There appears to be a world shortage of beef. The output from Canadian farms was larger last year. It is more than likely that it will increase again this year. The question is this: Are we selling too many cows and heifers for beef when they should be retained in the breeding herds, and are too many calves being vealed? We do not know; but one thing seems certain, there is not going to be, for some years to come, as many beef cattle per capita in Canada as in the other countries named, and there is sure to be a world shortage for some time to come. We are not foreshadowing high prices. They have not be as high as they have been during the past year, but we believe beef-raising will prove profitable, for, when the war is over, grains and feeding stuffs are almost sure to drop in price and perhaps very appreciably, and then, even at lower than present prices, beef-raising will pay. We would caution against rushing good breeding cows to market from two to five years before their period of usefulness as breeders is past. There is a big demand for canners and cutters to supply war orders, and they are being cleaned out. The price for canners is generally around 2½ to 3 cents per lb. That is, to the farmer. If a cow is a good breeder and will raise two or three good calves, and then bring the same price per pound, it might pay to keep her for the sake of getting the calves. And, too, we would not advise the wholesale fattening of promising heifers. The business must be kept up in years to come, and the good heifers and heifer calves are the only safe method of increase. If we are to continue to market more, we must have more breeding stock. If it is not imported, increased marketing does not point to a very rapid increase in breeding stock unless better and more productive methods of breeding are practiced. The stock cannot be sold for beef and added to the breeding herd at the same time. Producers seem to have a good chance now. There would seem to be a bright future ahead. Enough stock should be produced to hold the market now being established. The average price for choice steers on Toronto market for all 1915 was $8.12 per cwt., and for handyweight butchers $7.47. Prices were highest in July at $9.10. These prices do not include fancy Christmas beef. All kinds of cattle have found ready sale. Coarse cattle have been cleaned up for army purposes. Breeders should not sell themselves short of cattle.

Transcona
two-inch band
Worn from ocean to ocean by discriminating men
Tooke
BROS - LIMITED
(made in Canada)

* * *

GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From The Daily Intelligencer Jan. 19, 1868.

Two men were instantly killed and five wounded when a malt storehouse collapsed in Yonkers, N.Y.

A $74,000 Armouries is to be erected in Montreal.

The police of Limerick have made a seizure of the guns and ammunition found in the shops of that city, to put them out of the reach of the Fenians.

The German Government has passed a bill for a railway loan of forty million thalers.

* * *

Current Comment

Christian Soldiers.

The patriotic and energetic action of Rev. W. A. Cameron in leaving the ministry for active service ought to encourage men of the churches to turn out in larger numbers. It is asked if Christianity is a failure, but it is far from that in the case of ministers who don the khaki.—Mail and Empire.

Common Good.

Instead of proposing a battalion of church members and teetotalers, would it not be better for such to join one of the several units now in formation? They would find good company in many sober, earnest members already enrolled, and be better able to diffuse their own shining light among the few unregenerate.—Hamilton Spectator.

The People's Voice.

The German Government would like to have a new election in order to get rid of the Socialists in the Reichstag. The Social Democrast outnumber every other single party, and their recalcitrance make difficult the working of German Parliamentary stage-managers. If the German masses had free and full voting powers, what would be their verdict?—Mail and Empire.

A Reasonable Proposal.

Mr. D. Dubuc, of Sainte Sophie de Levrard, County of Nicolet, writes to La Patrie a letter, of which the following is the translation: "Will you permit the following suggestion from a reader? Do you not think it would be more practical to offer to the Kaiser of Germany Henri Bourassa in exchange for Dr. Beland, Member for Beauce? Assuredly Canada would gain much by the exchange, and the Emperor of Germany would also gain in having one faithful friend more."—Toronto News.

The Poets' Corner

A Man's Reply.

I stand at the bar of your woman's soul,
Condemned in the cause that you plead.
My only defence is the simple request,
That you'll judge me by motive, not deed.

For remember, that man's but a child in the dark,
Though formed by the hand above;
He will fall many times, but will walk forth at last,
In the sunshine of infinite love,

So I venture to answer your question so fair,
And give you "A Man's Reply,"
That for the prize of a true woman's love,
I am ready to live or die.

You say that the man who gains your love,
Must be brave and true and good;
I answer that she who wins my heart,
Must be true to her womanhood.

You say you look for a "man and a king,"
A very prince of the race;
I look for a kind and generous heart,
And not for a queenly face.

You require all things that are good and true,
All things that a man should be:
I ask for a woman, with all that implies,
And that is sufficient for me.

You ask for a man without a fault,
To live with him on earth;
I ask for a woman, faults and all,
For by faults I may judge of worth.

I ask for a woman made as of old,
A higher form of man,
His comforter, helper, adviser and friend,
As in the original plan.

A woman who has an aim in life,
Who finds life worth the living,
Who makes the world better for being here,
And for others her life is giving.

I will not require all I have asked,
In these lines so poor and few;
I only pray that you may be all,
That God can make of you.

For your heart and soul, and life and love,
Are sacred things to me,
And "I'll stake my life" that I'll be to you
Whatever I ought to be.

* * *

Don't Use Dangerous Antiseptic Tablets

It is an unnecessary risk. Use the safe antiseptic and germicide, Absorbine, Jr.—It kills germs quickly and surely without any possibility of harmful results, made of pure herbs, non-poisonous, and there is no danger whatever if the children get hold of the bottle. It retains its germicidal powers even when diluted one part of Absorbine, Jr., to 100 parts water—and its antiseptic powers one part Absorbine, Jr., to 200 parts water.

The germicidal properties of Absorbine, Jr., have been tested and proven both in laboratory and actual practice. Detailed laboratory reports mailed upon request.

Absorbine, Jr., $1.00 and $2.00 per bottle at druggists or postpaid.

A liberal trial bottle postpaid for 10c in stamps. W. F. YOUNG, P.D.F., 457 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Can.

* * *

AFTER AN IMMENSE YEAR'S BUSINESS, THE HAINES SHOE HOUSE WILL CLEAN OUT ANY LOTS AND BROKEN SIZES AT GREAT BARGAIN PRICES. J18-2t

* * *

Norfolk's First Gallows.

Since Norfolk County, Ontario, has had a jurisdiction of her own, capital punishment has never obtained within her borders until a few days ago, when Emerson Shelley was hanged for the murder of Christian Shoup. In September, 1824, a gallows was erected at Vittoria to swing two horse thieves, named Smith and Carr. The hour was 1 o'clock in the afternoon, and the gallows was framed like the bent of a barn and raised by the crowd so that the posts dropped into holes in the ground. The prisoners were brought out in an ox cart sitting back to back, the sheriff, walking ahead, and a constable on either side. Two prayers were made and eight minutes remained. This time was allotted to the prisoners. Smith would say nothing, but Carr breathed words of penitence and warning to the young about him. He had not occupied more than half the time when a rider drove into the crowd and handed the sheriff a reprieve. The document was on hand three days previously, but it was considered best to give the men all the scare possible. On release Smith disappeared, and stealing a horse rode to the Niagara frontier. He was two hours ahead of his pursuers. Carr had to be ejected from the jail, protesting that he would never be better prepared for death.

$1,000.00 REWARD

For information that will lead to the discovery or whereabouts of the person or persons suffering from Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Mouth and Throat, Blood Poison, Skin Diseases, Bladder Troubles, Special Ailments, and Chronic or Complicated Complaints who cannot be cured at The Ontario Medical Institute, 263-265 Yonge St., Toronto. Correspondence invited

Gorman's are now selling Men's $5.00 and $6.00 Boots for $3.25. It

THE MARKETS

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—Surprise over the smallness of an increase in the United States visible supply total had a good deal to do today with giving the bulls final control of the wheat market, and so, too, did prospects of the removal of the railroad embargo on shipments to Baltimore. Despite a setback which took place soon after the start, prices closed strong, 1c to 1 1-8c net higher with May at $1.28 5-8 and July at $1.22. All the other chief staples, too, scored gains—corn 5-8c, oats 7-8c to 1 5-8c.

TORONTO GRAIN MARKET.

Fall wheat, bushel	$1 00 to	$1 10
Goose wheat, bushel	0 98	....
Barley, bush.	0 60	0 65
Oats, new, bush.	0 44	0 46
Buckwheat, bush.	0 80	....
Rye, bush.	0 80	....
Peas, bush.	1 50	1 75

TORONTO DAIRY MARKET.

Butter, creamery, fresh-made, lb. squares	0 35	0 36
Butter, creamery, cut sq.	0 34	0 35
Butter, creamery, solids	0 34	....
Butter, separator, dairy	0 33	0 34
Eggs, new-laid, per doz.	0 40	....
Eggs, cold-storage, doz.	0 30	0 33
Eggs, cold storage, 2nds.	0 24	0 25
Cheese, per lb.	0 18¾	0 19¼
Honey, extracted, lb.	0 11½	0 12½

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

TORONTO, Jan. 17.—The Board of Trade official market quotations:

Manitoba Wheat (New Crop.)

No. 1 northern, $1.22¼, in store, Fort William.

No. 2 northern, $1.19¾, in store, Fort William.

No. 3 northern, $1.17¼, in store, Fort William.

Manitoba Oats.

No. 2 C.W., 46c, in store, Fort William.

No. 3 C.W., 44c, in store, Fort William.

Extra No. 1 feed, 44c, in store, Fort William.

No. 1 feed, 42c, in store, Fort William.

American Corn.

Yellow, No. 3, new, 81½c, track, Toronto.

Canadian Corn.

No. 2 yellow, old, nominal, track, Toronto.

Ontario Oats.

No. 3 white, 40c to 41c, according to freights, outside.

Commercial oats, 39c to 40c.

Ontario Wheat.

No. 2 winter, per car lot, $1.06 to $1.08, according to freights, outside.

Slightly sprouted and tough, $1.03 to $1.06, according to sample.

Sprouted, smutty and tough, 94c to $1, according to sample.

Feed wheat, 80c to 85c.

Peas.

No. 2, nominal, per car lot, $1.80, according to freights, outside.

According to sample, $1.25 to $1.75.

Barley.

Malting barley, 60c to 63c, according to freights, outside.

Feed barley, 53c to 55c, according to freights, outside.

Buckwheat.

Nominal, car lots, 77c to 79c, according to freights, outside.

Rye.

No. 1 commercial, 89c to 90c, according to freights, outside.

Rejected, 76c to 85c, according to sample.

Manitoba Flour.

First patents, in jute bags, $6.80, Toronto.

Second patents, in jute bags, $6.30, Toronto.

Strong bakers', in jute bags, $6.10, Toronto.

Ontario Flour.

Winter, $4.60 to $4.80, according to sample, prompt shipment.

Millfeed (Car Lots, Delivered)

Bran, per ton, $24, Montreal freights.
Shorts, per ton, $25, Montreal freights.
Middlings, per ton, $26, Montreal fr'ts.
Good feed flour, per bag, $1.60, Montreal freights.

Hay.

No. 1, per ton, $17.50 to $18, track, Toronto.

No. 2, per ton, $13.50 to $15, track, Toronto.

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET.

WINNIPEG, Jan. 17.—May wheat made a new high level of $1.26⅝ on the local market today and closed at $1.26 or 1⅝ over Saturday's close. July was 1⅝c higher, closing at $1.25⅞. Oats were up ⅜c, and flax was 1½c up. Cash demand was good for everything but No. 1 northern, which did not seem to be much wanted. There was considerable trade in low grade wheat for hospital elevators and mixing houses, and in Nos. 3, 4 and 5 for eastern mill account. Export houses bought wheat. Big export houses bought freely, but some classes of buying suggested direct British orders to meet the government requirements of double stocks to be carried by all mills in the United Kingdom.

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, Jan. 17.—Receipts of live stock at the Union Yards were 2,719 cattle, 1,219 hogs, 565 sheep and lambs, and 62 calves.

Butchers' Cattle.

Choice heavy steers at $7.75 to $8.16; choice butchers' cattle at $7.50 to $7.75; good at $7.10 to $7.40; medium at $6.75 to $7; common at $6.25 to $6.65; choice cows at $6.25 to $6.50; good cows at $5.75 to $6.15; medium cows at $5.25 to $5.60; common cows, at $4.50 to $5; canners and cutters at $3.25 to $4.50; light bulls at $4.25 to $5; heavy bulls at $5.75 to $7.25.

Stockers and Feeders.

Choice feeders, 900 to 950 lbs., at $6.25 to $6.75; good feeders, 800 to 900 lbs., at $6 to $6.25; stockers, 700 to 800 lbs., at $5.25 to $5.75; common stock steers and heifers at $5 to $5.25; yearlings, 600 to 650 lbs., at $6 to $6.65.

Milkers and Springers.

Choice milkers and springers at $90 to $100; good cows at $70 to $85; common cows at $45 to $60.

Veal Calves.

Extra choice veal, $10.25 to $10.75; best veal calves at $9 to $9.60; good at $7.25 to $8.50; medium at $5.75 to $6.75; heavy fat calves at $5.75 to $7; common calves at $4.50 to $5.50; grassers at $4 to $4.75.

Sheep and Lambs.

Light sheep, $7.75 to $8.50; heavy sheep and common, $6 to $7.50; cull sheep, $4 to $5; lambs at $11 to $11.75; cull lambs at $7.50 to $8.50.

Hogs.

Selects, fed and watered, at $9.35; 50c is being deducted for heavy, fat hogs, and thin, light hogs; $2.50 off for sows and $4 off for stags from prices paid for selects.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

MONTREAL, Jan. 17.—At the Montreal Stock Yards, west end market, the undertone to the market was easy, but prices were practically unchanged. The supply of canning cows was small and the market for such was stronger, 15c to 25c per hundred higher, with sales at $3.75 to $4. Sheep prices, as compared with a week ago, showed an advance of 25c per hundred pounds, due to limited supplies offered, and sales of ewes were made at $6.75 to $7 per hundred. Lambs unchanged at steady prices. Milk-fed calves firm, owing to scarcity, with sales of a few at 9½c to 10c per pound, but the supply of grass-fed stock is ample at 5c to 6½c. Hogs were unchanged, at $10.25 to $10.35 for selected, $8.25 to $8.30 for sows and $5.12½ to $5.17½ for stags.

Butchers' cattle, choice, $7.75 to $8; do., medium, $6.50 to $7.50; do., common, $5.25 to $6, canners, $3.75 to $4.50; butchers' cattle, choice cows, $6 to $6.25; do., medium, $5 to $5.75; do., bulls, $5.25 to $6.75; milkers, choice, each, $90 to $95; do., common and medium, each, $80 to $85; springers, $65 to $75; sheep, ewes, $6.75 to $7; bucks and culls, $6.25 to $6.50; [illegible] hogs, $10.25 to $10.35.

Little Things Count

Even in Matches you should consider the "Little Things"—the wood, the compostion, the strike-ability, the flame.

EDDY'S MATCHES

are made of strong dry pine stems, with a secret perfected composition that guarantees "every match a lighter." Sixty-five years of knowing how—that's the reason.

All EDDY'S products are dependable—always.

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Mail us the cheques or cash you receive, with your Pass-book, which we will return with the Deposit credited. Then you can pay your bills by cheques, which we will honor, or if you want the cash yourself, send us a cheque in your own favor and we will forward the money by return mail.

Drop in and talk to the Manager about it.

Belleville Branch — J. G. MOFFAT, Manager

LONDON, ENG., BRANCHES
6 Princes Street, E. C. West End Branch, Haymarket, S. W.

Doughie— the Baker

No! this is not your breadman. But an uproariously funny song (70112) which the inimitable Harry Lauder has just recorded exclusively for the Victor.

It is one of a number of splendid new Victor Records you will want for your collection. A few others are listed below. Ask to hear them.

Ten inch, double-sided Victor Records
90c. for the two selections.

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A Perfect Day Mother Machree	McKee Trio McKee Trio	17835
Piney Ridge All I Can Do Is Just Love You	Irving Kaufman Irving Kaufman	17896

Two Delightful Dance Records

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My Little Girl—Medley One-Step Down in Bom-Bombay	Conway's Band Conway's Band	35495

New Red Seal Record

In a Gondola (Violin)	Mischa Elman	64550

Victrola VI. $33.50

With 15 ten-inch double sided Victor Records (30 selections, your own choice) $47.00

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HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

The MacGregor Case

It Indicates the Danger of Accepting Circumstantial Evidence.

By ETHEL HOLMES

Fergus MacGregor and his wife, Elizabeth, lived on the outskirts of Edinburgh, Scotland. Their nearest neighbor lived about a quarter of a mile distant. The MacGregors appeared to live happily together till one evening their neighbor, Alexander Tweedy, heard excited voices coming from the direction of their home. Tweedy's wife thought she heard a third voice once or twice take part in what was going on trying to calm the others, but her husband failed to bear her out in this, and she was not sure. Finally the quarreling stopped, and nothing more was heard.

The next morning Tweedy on his way to Edinburgh, where he worked, passed the MacGregor home and noticed that it seemed to be deserted. A window pane on the ground floor was broken, which he had noticed before and at which he wondered, because the MacGregors were tidy persons and kept their home in good order. He continued his way, not attaching much importance to what he had seen or what he had heard the night before.

But when the next morning he passed the house again and saw no one about he became curious and, going to the window, looked in. He was shocked to see evidences of a struggle. Everything was in disorder. A table that had stood in the center of the room had been overturned, and the fragments of a lamp that had stood on it were scattered over the floor. Clothing lay about, both men's and women's.

Tweedy was astonished. He had heard no sounds that would indicate anything more than a war of words. True, his wife had awakened him in the middle of the night and said that the MacGregors were quarreling again. He had listened, but, hearing nothing, told her that it was due to her imagination and she had better go to sleep and think no more about the matter. But now appearances tended to prove that the quarrel had been more serious than he supposed. Putting his arm through the aperture left by the broken pane, he raised the window and entered the house.

There was nothing of value left in it except the furniture. It looked to Tweedy as if either MacGregor had killed his wife or the wife had killed her husband and whichever was the murderer had made off with whatever could be carried away hastily. But this was only a theory and did not account for what had been done with the body of the victim.

Tweedy was about to leave the premises when he noticed on the floor a strand of red hair. The hair was long and evidently a woman's. The finder shuddered. Mrs. MacGregor's hair was red.

Tweedy dropped the strand on the floor, where he had found it, got out through the window and went on to Edinburgh to his work. In the evening when he returned to his home he told his wife that he had seen excellent evidence that their neighbor had murdered his wife, disposed in some way of the baby and fled with all the valuables. Mrs. Tweedy listened to his recital with horror.

"I'm going to the sheriff to tell him of the murder," said Tweedy.

"Ye'll dinna do ony such thing, Sandy," was the reply. "Dinna mix yersel' up with it. They'll think you had summat to do with it. Let somebody else find it oot."

Sandy took his wife's advice. Every morning he passed the deserted home on his way to his work and every evening on his return. His conscience smote him for not making the tragedy known, and on several occasions he told his wife that he would report it, but she always dissuaded him.

But one day the horror came out through another source. A man passing a thicket back of the MacGregor home smelled an offensive odor and thought the dead body of some animal was there. Prompted by curiosity, he made an examination and found the decaying corpse of a woman. Going straight into the city, he reported his find, and persons were sent out to bring in the body. The face had been mutilated besides being decayed, so that it was beyond recognition. The hair was red. The dress was the MacGregor tartan.

An examination was made of the MacGregor home, and what Alexander Tweedy had found was carefully noted even to the strand of hair which was picked up and preserved. There being no doubt on the part of the authorities that MacGregor had quarreled with his wife, murdered her and made off with the family valuables, a search was instituted for him. He could not be found, and the search was about to be given up when some one suggested that in time a murderer will visit the scene of his crime. A watch was set and, true enough, one day MacGregor was captured standing before his house looking at it strangely. He was immediately arrested.

"What are ye takin' me for?" he asked.

"Niver mind what we're takin' ye for? Ye'll have a chance to find that oot later on."

When Fergus MacGregor was informed of the charge against him and of the discoveries that had been made he uttered no reply whatever. He seemed utterly crushed. He was advised to secure the services of a lawyer and permitted a friend to send him an attorney, who asked him what he had to say.

"What's the use o' tellin' a story?" asked Fergus. "Isn't my wife dead? I don't care if they hang me."

"You'd better make up a story," said the lawyer. "Tell me something that I can hang a theory on."

So Fergus told him his story. He and his wife had lived happily together but for a brother of hers, who was always applying to them for money and threatening his brother-in-law if he didn't get it. One night this brother came for money. His sister defended him against the anger of her husband. Fergus, losing his patience, told her that if she preferred her brother to him he (Fergus) would go away from her. Then he had left them and gone to the home of an old friend who lived alone some distance from the MacGregor home. Fergus declared that was all he knew of the tragedy.

"But how do you account for the murder of your wife? Surely her brother would not have killed her."

"I can't account for it any more than you can."

"Her brother must be living. Can't you suggest some way of finding him? His testimony, if you are innocent, would save you."

"He has never had any fixed abode that I have heard of. I would not know where or how to look for him. Besides, if he were not implicated in the murder he would show himself of his own accord."

"He might keep away to prevent his being called on to testify against you."

"No fear of that; he had no love for me."

The lawyer pondered for awhile, then said, "The only defense I can make is to prove an alibi, and that could be done only by fraudulent means."

"Put me on the stand and I'll tell my story."

"It's doubtless the best," said the lawyer, "that can be made out of the matter, but it will have no effect whatever on a jury."

The trial of Fergus MacGregor was looked upon as a mere formality, and there was no doubt whatever that he would be convicted. His lawyer made the most out of his story, and proof was furnished that his client had been where he claimed to have been since he had left his home. The fact that the face of the body found in the thicket could not be recognized was dwelt upon by the prisoner's counsel; but, since the garment on the corpse was one of Mrs. MacGregor's dresses, the hypothetical methods to show that the body was not that of Mrs. MacGregor fell flat. Besides, there was the strand of red hair that several witnesses who knew the lady swore was the exact shade of Mrs. MacGregor's.

The judge, the jury and the spectators were bored by the counsel's defense of MacGregor, the jury listening to it perfunctorily and the others talking together while it was being spoken. When the lawyer sat down the public prosecutor arose and said:

"There seems, your honor, no occasion for me to sum up this case at length, and I will do so very briefly. Sounds of a quarrel were heard in the MacGregor home. The prisoner disappeared, doubtless taking the family valuables with him, though they have not been found. His wife's body is concealed in a thicket near the house, identified by a dress belonging to Mrs. MacGregor and by strands of hair found in the house which she lost during a struggle for her life. Counsel for the defense has claimed that the case is one of circumstantial evidence. If it should not convict the prisoner, then no circumstantial evidence should convict any criminal."

The words were no sooner spoken than a woman came running into the courtroom.

"Fergus," she cried, "they tell me they're going to hang ye for killing me!"

The live body of the murdered woman pushed its way to the prisoner, threw her arms around his neck and patted him lovingly.

"Your honor," cried counsel for the defense, "it has been stated that if the circumstantial evidence in this case should not convict the prisoner then no person should be convicted by such testimony. Therefore it follows that no person should be convicted on circumstantial evidence."

Every one present was dumfounded. When the prisoner could find his voice he asked his wife to tell where she had been.

"With Walter. I've been tryin' to get him out of a scrape he got into in Lunnon."

The mystery of the MacGregor case remained a mystery for ten years. Then a man was convicted of murder in Australia who before he died on the gallows made the following confession:

Ten years before he and two pals, a man and a woman, in Edinburgh, all the worse for liquor, left the town to evade the police. Passing the MacGregor home and finding it unoccupied, they broke a pane of glass, opened a window and went in. They appropriated certain articles of value, especially clothes, the men donning MacGregor's garments, the woman a dress of Mrs. MacGregor. They were about to depart when the men discovered that the woman had found some jewelry of Mrs. MacGregor. They demanded their share of it, which she refused to give up. They took it by force, unintentionally killing her in the struggle. After depositing the body in the thicket they departed. The woman's hair was red.

* * *

A tidal wave twenty-four feet in height created havoc with ships and warehouses in Hamburg, according to despatches reaching here. The loss in merchandise alone amounts to fully 1,000,000 marks.

* * *

"Blackmailed" shows with what comparative ease the most honorable and innocent persons may become enmeshed in the web of the most contemptible of human spiders, the blackmailers. This story has been copyrighted and will appear only in the Intelligencer. The first of the story will appear in Thursday's paper. Don't miss it.

NO HYPHENITIS HERE.

Canada Has No Problem Arising From German Citizens.

A correspondent of the New York Herald, writing to his paper from Ottawa, has this to say about "hyphenitis" in Canada:

Canada is a land where hyphens grow in every bush, but it is a land free from the disease known to the United States as "hyphenitis." With the hyphen everywhere in evidence, there is no problem of the hyphenated.

Canada has a "German problem," but it does not affect the German-Canadian. Some idea of the magnitude of the alien situation which confronted the Dominion upon the outbreak of the war will be conveyed by the fact that the number of subjects of the enemy countries within its borders — Germans, Austrians, and Turks—is put as high as half a million. These were men who had not become naturalized. The great majority were recent immigrants.

For the purpose of handling this alien problem the country was promptly divided into registration districts and registrars were put to work separating the sheep from the goats. The records of individuals were carefully looked into, the great majority of the sheep were placed under parole, the goats were incarcerated in detention camps. For reasons that will be made clear, a good many of the sheep went with them.

Between six thousand and eight thousand Germans and Austrians are held at these detention camps. The majority of these, however, are Austrian and German workmen, held, not because of any enemy act or through special fear of their committing such act—this being true particularly of the Austrians—but because they were thrown out of work by the coming of the war, had no place to go, and had to be cared for. So far as this element is concerned, internment is more in the nature of charity than punishment.

Berlin is the principal city of "German" Canada. It is a splendid, up-to-date city of nearly twenty thousand population. The conditions are very much like those of some parts of Pennsylvania—the names are German, some of the elders cling to the traditions of the Fatherland, the German language is taught in the schools, German newspapers are published, and the native-born are as Canadian as the descendants of the "Pennsylvania Dutch" are American. Many of the men now active in the business life of this section are Canadians of the second and third generations.

To a large extent the masses of these German Canadians have lived their lives to themselves. In consequence there was some disposition, when war came, to look upon this element with suspicion. This was especially true after a few Germans in other parts of the country had made themselves obnoxious by their manifestations of sympathy for the enemy, and more especially true when a few hotheads—not Canadians, mind you, but Germans—had been so indiscreet as to attempt to justify the slaughter of women and children aboard the Lusitania.

This suspicion lasted for some time, but has been pretty effectively dispelled. When war came the leaders of "German Canada" came right to the front. In the war Parliament the Hon. W. G. Weichel, member of the House of Commons for Waterloo, was selected by Premier Borden to second the address from the throne.

Mining in British Columbia.

Mining, which, after all, should be perhaps the greatest industry of British Columbia, is beginning to come into its own. There are dozens of big mines, copper, zinc, silver, not to speak of coal, which are steadily producing, and doing so quietly without any band wagon methods. But there are signs that the investing public is getting into a receptive mood in regard to mining. Hitherto British and United States capital has corralled most of the best paying propositions, while local capitalists have been asleep or indifferent.

The investing public is getting into a receptive mood in regard to mining. There is still plenty of money left in the Province for legitimate investment, and given a fair deal, money will be forthcoming. The investing public of this province has cut its investing eye tooth and will demand fair treatment from the prospectors, insisting that they be sure of their ground when looking for prospective buyers, and will expect fair treatment from corporations. When a corporation places its securities in the hands of the public its propositions become the concern, not of the immediate persons interested, but of every man holding stock, who does not want to be kept in the dark regarding operations, and who wants the why and wherefore of all statements explained thoroughly. With reports of dividends and good prices reigning there should not be the lack of confidenec in buying that there is at the present.

Strictly Canadian Henceforth.

All of Canada's army divisions at the front are to be henceforth completely Canadian. The Minister of Militia announced a few days ago that arrangements had been completed for the supplying of every unit of the three divisions now at the front with both Canadian men and Canadian equipment. Although the 1st Division was completely Canadian so far as personnel and equipment went, it was found necessary when the 2nd Division went across to borrow part of the artillery, transport, and other units from the British War Office. These are now being replaced by units and equipment supplied and owned by Canada.

In the case of the 3rd Division, the organization of which is now being completed, the same policy of having Canadian-supplied or Canadian-owned equipment in the way of transports, artillery, Army Service Corps, etc., is being followed.

The Servant Problem—who ever heard of it in the home where the housewife knows Shredded Wheat? In five minutes you can prepare a wholesome, satisfying meal with Shredded Wheat Biscuit without kitchen worry or work. For breakfast heat the Biscuit in the oven to restore crispness and serve with hot milk. For lunch serve with sliced bananas or other fruits. Made in Canada.

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

Bonaventure Union Depot

OCEAN LIMITED	Leaves 7.25 p.m.	Daily Except Sat.

Montreal, Quebec, St. John, Halifax.

Maritime Express	8.15 a.m.	DAILY

Through Sleepers, Montreal to Halifax.

Connection for The Sydneys, Prince Edward Island, Newfoundland.

The NATIONAL

TORONTO TO WINNIPEG

Leaves 10.45 p.m., Tues., Thurs., Sat.
Arr. 3.50 p.m., Thurs., Sat., Mon.

Tickets and sleeping car reservations. Apply E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto, Ont.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Winter Resorts

SPECIAL ROUND TRIP FARES.

LONG LIMIT STOPOVERS.

Asheville and Hot Springs, N.C.; Charleston, S.C.; Nassau, N.P.; Hot Springs, Ark.; French Lick Springs, Ind.; Jacksonville and all Florida Points; Havana, Cuba and New Orleans, La., via New York and Rail (or steamer according to destination,) or via Buffalo, Detroit or Chicago.

BERMUDA AND WEST INDIES
OTHER HEALTH RESORTS.

Mount Clemens, Mich.; Battle Creek, Mich.; St. Catharines, Well., Ont.; Preston Springs, Ont.

Further particulars on application to Grand Trunk Agents.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—5.25 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 1.30 p.m., 7.30 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate points—6.25 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—†6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 5.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *3.40 a.m.

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

†Deseronto only

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville Ont.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily.
No. 16—2.00 a.m.—Fast train, flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7.00 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m.—Express, daily.
No. 28—5.45 p.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19—2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 15—4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.
No. 29—7.50 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.20 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1—3.05 p.m.—International Limited, daily.
No. 7—4.55 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'.

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North

	Leave.	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.56 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1915.

GOING EAST.

CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.50 p.m.	2.58 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

GOING WEST.

MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.18 p.m.	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

Going East	Daily except Sunday
Leave Toronto	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	4.32 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leave Belleville	5.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.30 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

FLORIDA VIA DETROIT AND CINCINNATI

WHY NOT FLORIDA FOR YOUR WINTER TOUR

THE ATTRACTIONS ARE UNSURPASSED.

Beautiful Palm Trees—Warm Sea Bathing—Orange and Banana Groves—Golf —Tarpon Fishing—Luxurious Hotels for all pockets.

TWO NIGHTS ONLY FROM TORONTO.

WINTER TOURIST TICKETS NOW ON SALE

FAST TRAINS FROM TORONTO DAILY VIA

CANADIAN PACIFIC

MAKING DIRECT CONNECTION AT DETROIT

Particulars from S. BURROWS, Canadian Pacific Ticket Agent, or write M. G. MURPHY, D.P.A., Toronto.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—33690

* * *

A corporation of the city of Glasgow wanted to purchase the Whistler portrait of Carlyle and in due course waited on the master of the gentle art of making enemies about the price (1,000 guineas). They admitted it was a magnificent picture, but "Do you not think, Mr. Whistler, the sum a wee, wee bit excessive?"

"Didn't you know the price before you came to me?" asked the master, with suspicious blandness.

"Oh, aye, we knew that!" replied the corporation.

"Very well, then," said Mr. Whistler in his suavest tones, "let's talk of something else." And as there was nothing else of interest to detain the "corporation" they paid the price and made an excellent bargain.

How You May Throw Away Your Glasses

The statement is made that thousands wear eyeglasses who do not really need them. If you are one of these unfortunates, then these glasses may be ruining your eyes instead of helping them. Thousands who wear these "windows" may prove for themselves that they can dispense with glasses if they will get the following prescription filled at once: Go to J. S. McKeown's drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets; fill a 2-ounce bottle with warm water and drop in one Bon-Opto tablet. With this harmless liquid solution bathe the eyes two to four times daily, and you are likely to be astonished at the results right from the start. Many who have been told that they have astigmatism, eye-strain, cataract, sore eyelids, weak eyes, conjunctivitis and other eye disorders, report wonderful benefits from the use of this prescription. Get this prescription filled and use it; you may so strengthen your eyes that glasses will not be necessary. Thousands who are blind, or nearly so, or who wear glasses might never have required them if they had cared for their eyes in time. Save your eyes before it is too late! Do not become one of these victims of neglect. Eyeglasses are only like crutches and every few years they must be changed to fit the ever-increasing weakened condition, so better see if you can like many others, get clear, healthy, strong magnetic eyes through the prescription here given. The Valmas Drug Co., of Toronto, will fill the above prescription by mail, if your druggist cannot.

Belleville Business Directory

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column or calling at The Intelligencer Business Office, full information may be obtained.

MINING

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE

Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

"COLLIP, FLORIST."

Front Street.

Night Phone 175. Day Phone 206.

All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.

Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts.

Announcement

Messrs. Greenleaf & Son wish to announce to their old patrons and friends that they have found it advisable to incorporate their business under Ontario Companies Act.

The new company, under the same management as heretofore, and under the firm name of GREENLEAFS, LIMITED, have purchased the property known as the Brown Foundry, together with the good will and equipment of Mr. Geo. Keith.

It is their intention to remodel these buildings and install suitable equipment to meet the growing demands of their patrons.

The Management take this opportunity of thanking their old friends and solicit their patronage in their new venture.

GREENLEAF & SON

Garage and General Machinists

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3.. Saturday 10 to 3.

R TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

If the Kaiser really wants a nice new palate, he can get it if he goes to Paris personally to have it fitted.

* * *

Good evening! How's your coal supply hanging out?

* * *

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

INSURANCE.

W. H. HUDSON

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.; North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies. Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.

Office: 17 Campbell St., Belleville. Phone 161.

CHANCEY ASHLEY
Insurance Agent

Has Removed to 229 Front Street

Next to Riggs' Music Store

THOS. STEWART

Bridge Street, Belleville.

Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON

Agent for

Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance, Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.

ROBERT BOGLE

MERCANTILE AGENCY.

Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed. Office, 28 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY

Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way. Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.

W. R. Vallance, Mgr. Phone 336.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed. If not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front St., Belleville. Phone 848. LEE CHEW.

ENGINEERING.

J. D. Evans, C.E. & O.L.S. J. W. EVANS, C.E. & M.E.

EVANS & EVANS

Civil and Mining Engineers and Ontario Land Surveyors.

Belleville and Trenton.

Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker & Victoria Avenues. Telephone 373.

BUS, AUTO AND CABS

ASELSTINE'S

MOTOR BUS, CAB & AUTO LIVERY

Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tired, for weddings, private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town. Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection. Phone 229.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers. Apply to

S. MASSON

Barrister, etc.

Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St., Belleville.

LEGAL.

WILLS & WRIGHT

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell St. Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates.

J. FRANKLIN WILLS, K.C.
MALCOLM WRIGHT.

NORTHRUP & PONTON

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge St. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.

W. B. NORTHRUP, K.C., M.P.
W. N. PONTON, K.C.
R. D. PONTON.

PORTER & CARNEW

Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.

E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P.
WM. CARNEW.

Solicitors for Union Bank.

MIKEL, STEWART & BAALIM

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

Belleville, Madoc and Tweed.

Solicitors for Molsons Bank

W. C. MIKEL, K.C.
D. E. K. STEWART,
FRANK BAALIM.

W. D. M. SHOREY

Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg.

Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms.

Office: 8 Campbell St., Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England

Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

Those who forget today seldom remember tomorrow.

* * *

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Adress

HOW PRISONERS OF WAR ARE EXCHANGED

Madam Bohny, the wife of Col. Bohny, Physician in Chief to the Swiss Red Cross has written the following account of the manner in which totally incapacitated prisoners of war are exchanged between France and Germany, by way of Switzerland. In one period of two weeks the number of those thus repatriated amounted to over 9,000.

"The selection of prisoners to be exchanged was made at Constance on the German frontier and at Lyon by two doctors belonging to the Swiss Army Medical Corps. The Swiss Red Cross organized two hospital trains, one at each point to carry the wounded released by the medical examination.

The personnel of each train was composed of a doctor major, in complete command of the train; a doctor captain for medical services exclusively, and a secretary whose task was to draw up an accurate list of the wounded. The feminine personnel was composed of a nurse in each carriage or fifteen to every train under the supervision of a Red Cross matron who had complete charge of the equipment of the train and the distribution of the presents, received at the railway stations.

Meals were arranged for in the following manner. The French received coffee and white bread at Zurich and warm milk at Geneva. The Germans received supper at Geneva and breakfast at Zurich.

"I was of the belief at the outset", says Madame Bohny, that man can grow accustomed to the sight of human miseries and become little by little indifferent to them. But no! The frightful aspect of all these young men in the prime of life mutilated, maimed and disfigured for the rest of their existence creates always a most poignant impression. One would imagine that the sight of such wretchedness would infallibly extinguish every thought of gaiety in the beholder. Nevertheless the spectacle of the courage and joy wherewith they resign themselves to their lot enables you to share with them hours which are truly happy.

To die for one's country is nothing in comparison with a life full of pains and infirmities such as these men have in prospect. Nevertheless they face this lamentable future with admirable courage.

Here is an example. One of our invalids, the most deserving of pity, was a young man who had both his legs and one arm amputated and at the same time was totally blind.

I scarcely dared to address him a few words of consolation, but I was soon made aware that he asked for none. He talked gaily with me on all subjects and exclaimed with imperturbable heroism. "Although I have lost everything, my heart still beats safe and sound in my breast."

The most of our unfortunates think and speak in the same manner whether they are French or German.

Our train was overflowing. No less than 320 severely wounded were distributed in 15 cars. Amongst them were madmen, tuberculosis sufferers, and many sick whose lives were in hourly danger. The good nurses had certainly work in abundance. As soon as we had crossed the German frontier into Switzerland we were overwhelmed with ovations. A veritable cyclone of gifts fell on our train from station to station. Soon our carriages were transformed into moving gardens fragrant with flowers. All along the way enthusiastic crowds acclaimed us even in stations where the train did not stop.

Only those provided with a card of admission from the State Dept. had the right to enter the train. This privilege was enjoyed principally by members of the various diplomatic bodies and by the Swiss Red Cross. These visitors made themselves useful by distributing gifts and speaking words of consolation to the wounded.

After leaving Geneva the wounded received at Bellegards, the first welcome from their compatriots. To the strains of the Marseilaise the train drew slowly into the railway station, which was sumptuously decorated as on great festival days. The guard presented arms. Handkerchiefs and hats were waved. All voices were mingled in a thunder of patriotic welcome.

It is impossible to describe the reception which we received at Lyon. An innumerable assemblage, officers in resplendent uniforms, high functionnaries of category, numerous ladies of the French Red Cross in elegant white costumes, the richly decorated station, all formed a setting of extraordinary brilliance and magnificence.

As soon as the train was emptied of French prisoners of war, it was filled with Germans and proceeded on its way to Switzerland. Every night from station to station were renewed the joyous demonstrations above mentioned, as well as a rain of gifts of every variety. During all these journeys to and fro, animated by an enthusiastic feeling of charity, the inhabitants of the districts through which the train passed flocked to the railway station at no matter what hour of night.

Thus journeyed for three weeks from Constance to Lyon and from Lyon to Constance a whole series of trains, exhibiting always the same spectacle and giving rise to sympathy, the same demonstrations and the same heartfelt welcome, but also affording always the same spectacle of the same misery, of maimed unfortunates, galvanized into a momentary life, by the joy of seeing their native land once more.

Once, during this period of lugubrious exchanges, two trains stopped for a moment on opposite tracks in the middle of the night. Heads leaned out of windows. Flowers were thrown from one train to the other. The one train sang the Marseillaise, the other Deutschland uber Allies. Then the wheels moved and the trains disappeared in the darkness.

Dandruffy Heads Become Hairless

If you want plenty of thick, beautiful, glossy, silky hair do by all means get rid of dandruff, for it will starve your hair and ruin it if you don't.

It doesn't do much good to try to brush or wash it out. The only sure way to get rid of dandruff is to dissolve it, then you destroy it entirely. To do this, get about four ounces of ordinary liquid arvon; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

By morning, most if not all, of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single sign and trace of it.

You will find, too, that all itching and digging of the scalp will stop, and your hair will look and feel a hundred times better. You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. It is inexpensive and four ounces is all you will need, no matter how much dandruff you have. This simple remedy never fails.

MEN'S TAN CALF BUTTON BOOTS on New English Toe. Regular $4, now $2.50. January Sale. THE HAINES SHOES HOUSE.

This German Spy Has Escaped?

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—Ignatius T. T. Lincoln, a former member of the British Parliament, and a self-confessed German spy, who was being held here pending his extradition to England on forgery charges, was today reported to have escaped while being taken from the Raymond street jail to the federal building in Brooklyn.

Officials were extremely reticent when questioned about the report, and declined to either confirm or deny it. It was understood that Lincoln was being taken to the federal building in connection with an appeal he made from the extradition order.

The great majority of Canadians are eating

Kellogg's TOASTED CORN FLAKES

Why? Because they are delicious and nutritious. Made from Southern white corn. Deliciously flavored by our secret process. Made by a Canadian Company. A man's winter food. Kellogg's Toasted Corn Flakes is our only product.

10c. a package. At all Grocers.

"MADE IN CANADA"

THE BATTLE CREEK TOASTED CORN FLAKE COMPANY, LIMITED
LONDON, ONTARIO, CANADA 128

THE LORD JESUS AS A YOKE-FELLOW

"Come Unto Me, All Ye That Labor and Are Heavy-Laden."

Self-Surrender Absolutely Essential to Discipleship—Advantages of the Poor—The Church's Course Contrary to That of the World—"Prize of the High Calling" Compared With "Restitution"—Jesus' Mercy Toward Honest Doubters—Blessedness of Yoke-Fellowship With Christ.

PASTOR RUSSELL

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 16.—Pastor Russell gave a practical address here to-day from the text, "Take My yoke upon you, and learn of Me . . .; for My yoke is easy and My burden is light." (Matthew 11:29, 30.) The Pastor said in part:

We are to remember that our Lord used these words to the Jews; and that He was not addressing so much those who labored and were heavy-laden in a physical sense as those who were burdened in a mental and moral sense. This class had been striving to keep the Law. They knew the terms of the Law Covenant, that "he that doeth these things shall live by them." (Leviticus 18:5.) But they were all dying; and they well knew that if they had been keeping their part of the covenant, God would have kept His part.

This class is illustrated in the case of the rich young ruler who came to the Master, saying, "What good thing shall I do that I may inherit eternal life?" (Matthew 19: 16-22.) He had been striving hard to keep the Law. It was no wonder that Jesus loved him; for he was a noble character. Then in kindness the Master told him in what respect he was still lacking. His heart was set upon his riches. So our Lord put him to the test. "If you are weary and heavy-laden with trying to keep the Law from your youth up," was the thought which Jesus presented, "and still cannot gain life, I will tell you the only way by which you can obtain life everlasting. It is simply to cease from your own works, and accept through Me, as a gift from God, the forgiveness of the sins which you cannot avoid. Then renounce all earthly things, become My disciple, and lay up treasure in Heaven."

But the young man departed sorrowfully; for he had much possessions. Others, poorer than this young man in worldly possessions, had also been striving to keep the Law—Peter, James, John, Nathaniel, and the rest. Jesus presented Himself to them as the Messiah, telling them that if they would become His disciples and share with Him in the sacrifices of the present time, they should also share the Heavenly Kingdom hereafter. They gladly complied, unlike the rich young ruler, for they had less to fetter them to the earth.

We can readily see how riches of learning, of knowledge, of experience, of honor, of men, of social standing, of wealth—riches in any form—would be something to hinder the majority of men from becoming followers of the Lord Jesus Christ. But our Lord has just one set of terms under which any and all may come to Him. There is no royal road to the Kingdom of God. Whoever does not care to come on His terms may stay away and wait for the opportunities of the next Age. God has a great deal in the future—Times of Restitution for a needy world. The Call of the Gospel Age is unique. Some learn of this Call; fewer accept it; and still fewer prove faithful to the end.

The Church vs. the World.

God's Plan for the world is to lift them up out of sin, degradation, and death, back to all that was lost by Adam. But no one can get this Restitution now. However, it will not hurt men to know in advance that God is gracious, and that He has provided something good for mankind. As the Love and the Mercy of God shine into their hearts, they will come to love Him more and more. At present God is selecting the soldiers who wish to enlist in the battle now being waged between right and wrong. All others may in the future come into the family of God on a lower plane.

As Adam lost his sonship and all his possessions because of sin, so because of the deliverance which Christ will accomplish by and by these sinners may come back into harmony with God and to all that was lost in Adam. Let us thank God on their behalf. But this will not hinder us from having some still better thing. The more we come to know our Heavenly Father, the better we love Him.

When we find that it costs something to be a disciple of Christ during the present time, we are all the more convinced of the value of the good things which He has for them that accept His Call of the Gospel Age. But during the Millennial Age it will cost something not to do God's will. For all such there will be stripes, and eventually destruction if they continue to be disobedient. But there will be blessings for all who will then walk in the way of the Lord. Now, whoever walks in the footsteps of Jesus must walk contrary to the spirit of the world. Yet this class are the happiest people in the world, even though the world, their own flesh and the Devil are all against them. Satan pays more attention to them than to other people. There is no need for him to give special attention to those who are asleep. But whoever is waking up will be beset with persecution, with worldly inducements, and with everything to oppose his way.

But since He that is on their part is greater than all that can be against them, if only they retain their love, faith, and obedience, the opposition will become a blessing. The Master told His disciples that all manner of evil would be said against them falsely for His sake. St. Paul also declared, "Yea, all that will live godly in Christ Jesus shall suffer persecution" in the present time. But there is a far greater reward for following Christ, for doing the Lord's will under present unfavorable conditions, than there will be for doing the Lord's will in the future. We are glad to suffer now that we may reign then, when the world's opportunity shall come.

The Church's Glorious High Calling.

The High Calling of the Church is the most wonderful opportunity which God has ever given to any of His creatures. Those who have made a Covenant of Sacrifice with God may have severe experiences now; but later the faithful ones amongst them will have glory, honor, and immortality, and in the ages to come God will show the exceeding riches of His grace toward them through Christ Jesus. (Ephesians 2:4-7.) But who amongst those that have this hope would surrender it and take Restitution instead—a perfect human body, a perfect home in a perfect earth, perfect fruits, beautiful flowers, and all the grandeurs of Restitution Times? Not one!

How did we attain this hope? By obedience to the Call contained in our text. By nature we were sinners, even as others, members of the fallen race. But as the Apostle points out, we recognized in our nature the Law of right and wrong. We still retained a part of what was originally given to Father Adam and lost by him. Humanity still has something left of the image of God in which Adam was created. The world in general know about the Golden Rule, "Do unto others as ye would that they should do unto you." But "there is none righteous, no, not one." Fallen humanity find it a hard battle merely trying to live right, to do justly by their neighbors, to be kind and just to family and friends.

To this class that have been trying to do the Lord's will and that have found it a hard task to live up to the Divine standard, our Lord Jesus says, "Come unto Me"—you who are weary and heavy-laden in your attempts to do what is right, to speak no slander, to treat your neighbor always as you would have him treat you. This class have found out that if God were to require perfection of them, they could never come to Him at all; for fallen humanity cannot measure up to His perfect standards.

But why should we come to Jesus, instead of going directly to God? It is because Jesus is God's appointed Way. (John 14:6.) God is aware of our fallen estate. He knows that we have inherited our weaknesses of mind and body. He could not accept us thus; hence He has provided for us a Saviour and Advocate. He is seeking now for those who are striving to do right, those who realize the grandeur of His requirements in the Golden Rule. To this class He is sending a special Message. He is inviting them to have a share in the sacrifice of Christ.—Romans 12:1, 2.

His Glorious Provision in Christ

But no sacrifice can come to the altar of the Lord except that which is without spot or blemish; and we are spotted and blemished. Therefore unless our Lord Jesus imputes of His merit to cover these spots and blemishes, we never could be accepted as joint-sacrificers with Him. He must do this before we can receive the begetting of the Holy Spirit.

Thus those who realize that they come far short of God's standard and need a Saviour may come to the Lord. These enter by faith into the rest of God—not merely that future rest for the people of God who enter into the Kingdom, but even now. "We who have believed do enter into rest." (Hebrews 4:3.) We have rest even in these imperfect human bodies. We knew that there were weaknesses before, but we did not know how to get rid of them. Now we know that "the blood of Jesus Christ cleanseth us from all sin," from all unintentional weaknesses. How glad we are that Jesus died for our sins; that He has furnished by imputation a covering for all of our imperfections. So we are resting, trusting, refreshed by this knowledge.

"According to thy faith be it unto thee," says the Master. Our justification is all by faith. God does not purpose to justify those who cannot believe. Some can believe more easily than can others. But the time will come when all can believe.

For my own part, I cannot believe as easily as do some people. I must have a certain amount of evidence. But the Lord was willing to accept St. Thomas even if that disciple could not exercise faith quickly in what he had not seen; in fact, the Master even gave him the demonstration which he needed in order to believe. But unless we can accept the Gospel Call with the evidences which the Lord has furnished, we cannot be of the Kingdom class at all. We do accept. We are resting in the promises by faith. The Apostle says, "The peace of God, which passeth all understanding, shall guard your hearts and minds through Christ Jesus." (Philippians 4:7.) Just as surely as we are children of God, and are living in covenant relationship with Him, so surely is this promise ours.

So then, if there be any dear friends present to-day who have not yet come to the Lord, we would give them this Message, "Come unto Me, all ye that labor and are heavy-laden; and I will give you rest." If you have not been trying to do the will of God, then you are not weary and heavy-laden. But if you have been trying, and feeling your impotency, then listen to this Call. Do not stop there, however. "Take My yoke upon you, and learn of Me," advises our Lord and Saviour.

Our Great Yoke-Fellow.

A yoke is a symbol of servitude. By the use of this symbol our Lord implies that those who are set free, either from the yoke of the Law Covenant, as were the believing Jews, or from the yoke of Satan, as were the believing Gentiles, should take His yoke, should become His servants, should learn to do His will. A yoke is generally arranged for two; and since our Lord speaks of it as His yoke, we are to understand that He also is a servant. Having come to do the Father's will, He invites us to become true yoke-fellows with Himself in the doing of the Father's will, to be co-laborers with Christ in the great work of the world's deliverance from sin and death.

The secret of the ability to wear this yoke, to have companionship with Christ in His service, and to have as a result a great blessing in our own hearts, lies in our learning to be meek and lowly of heart, as He was. It is impossible for the proud, haughty, self-willed, ambitious, or worldly-wise to labor in the same yoke with Jesus, or to find the true rest of soul which we properly seek. But if we are meek, teachable, humble-minded, ready to know and to do the Lord's will at any cost, then indeed we shall find rest.

Those who wear this yoke have the Divine assurance that all things are working together for good to them; that the heavier the burden now the greater will be the blessing and the reward by and by; that the severer the experiences now, the brighter shall be their character and the surer shall they be of preparedness for the Kingdom. From this viewpoint every burden is light, not only because the yoke is easy, but because the Lord is their Yoke-fellow, and assumes the weight of the load for those who walk close to Him.

Having a strong, efficient Yoke-fellow is very different from trying to pull the load alone. Of our Lord it was written, "Of the people there was none" with Him. (Isaiah 63:3.) But how different it is with His footstep followers! Not only do they have brethren to encourage and assist them, but above all they have the Master with them. "Lo, I am with you alway, even unto the end of the Age," is His promise. Although we are now in the end of the Age, yet the Age will not close until the last member of the Church is called and proven. Moreover, the Lord will be with His followers all the way as a true yoke-fellow.

"Learn of Me."

"Take My yoke upon you, and learn of Me," says the Master. If we have taken His yoke upon us, we are in His School, learning of Him. Yet at the same time we are being taught of the Heavenly Father. He says, "I will put you into the School of Instruction; and the One who has redeemed you I have appointed to be your Teacher. You are to be under the care of your Elder Brother." So we are learning the necessary lessons day by day, growing in grace, in knowledge, in character-likeness to our Redeemer, in all the fruits of the Holy Spirit.

What are the fruits of the Spirit? Meekness, faith, gentleness, patience, self-control, brotherly kindness, love. The Apostle says that these fruits are manifest—can be seen. "If these things be in you and abound," declares St. Peter, "they make you that ye shall be neither barren nor unfruitful in the knowledge of our Lord Jesus Christ." (2 Peter 1:8, 10,11.) We must therefore exercise ourselves according to the Divine arrangements; and then we shall be ready for the graduation, when our Master shall say, "Well done, good and faithful servant; thou hast been faithful over a few things"—you did not do very much, but you had the right spirit, you did the best that you could—"enter thou into the joy of thy Lord."

"For I am meek and lowly in heart." This is one of the main lessons in the School of Christ. Whoever has learned to be humble-minded, submissive, gentle, obedient, shall find rest of soul, and finally shall enter into His rest—the Kingdom rest. Then the sons of God will have perfect bodies, complete in every sense of the word. They will have the glory, honor, and immortality which God has in reservation for those that love Him supremely.

Those who have learned of Christ have made God's work the chief interest in life. Therefore they do not give all of their time to the ordinary vocations of mankind. On the contrary, they are determined to follow the Master, to labor for the good of others, and to let the light of Truth shine out wherever they may go. Having become members of the Christ company, henceforth for them to live is Christ. Their work is to serve the Truth and the brethren, to suffer with their Lord now, and to reign with Him hereafter.

The Christian who has been making progress for years, growing in grace and in the knowledge of the Lord, gradually comes to know the Father and the Son in the intimate sense, to become well acquainted with them, knowing their mind as one knows the mind, the heart, of an intimate friend. It is a great privilege thus to know the Father and the Son, a privilege not to be attained by every one. It must be carefully sought and earnestly desired. Such a growth in grace should be eagerly sought by all of the true followers of our Lord, by all who long to be His joint-heirs in the Kingdom; for without this intimate fellowship and communion they cannot make progress in spiritual things. In proportion as we know the Father and the Son, in that same proportion shall we love them and strive more and more to do the things which are pleasing in their sight, and the greater shall be our rest of faith.

"Blackmailed," by Arthur Applin, author of "The Girl Who Saved His Honor," a copyrighted story that is run only by the Intelligencer will start in this paper on Thursday. This is one of the best stories of the year and should not be missed by any story lover.

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IF YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY, BUY NOW at our Great Bargain Sale. Everything that goes into Shoes is advancing. THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSE. J18-2t.

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PAPER MANUFACTURES AND WAR'S EFFECTS

Trouble May Come From German Aggression—Canada and Other Countries Are Filling Graps Made

IN THE MONETARY TIMES BY E. B. BIGGAR.

There is no more striking illustration of the economic unheavals caused by the war, and of the almost impartial way in which the innocent are made to suffer with the guilty, than that furnished by the paper industry. When the war-cloud broke in blood on the astonished nations of Europe, it appeared certain to the German leaders of industry that Germany and Austria would not only hold Norway, Sweden and Finland as sources of supply for the primary materials of wood and pulp and the cheaper grades of paper, but that the Teutonic empires would continue to dominate the rest of the world in the supply of those specialties in finished papers which had been for years their own monopoly. So commonly was this assumed that when Belgium and Northern France were overrun there was an almost systematic wrecking of paper plants in the devastated areas in order that German mills might supply the trade thus destroyed.

Paper Mills Closed

The illusion was soon dispelled. The rapid internment of German and Austrian merchant ships and the dangers of navigation in the North Sea; along with the Russian ban upon exports of wood and other products from Russia to Germany swiftly brought the German manufacturers to realize that they could not live on their own vitals. In the first four months of the war it was reported that in the branch of kraft papers alone 27 German mills closed down, while scores of mills in other branches either had to close or run to partial capacity, because of shortage of raw materials or the sudden cutting out of the foreign market for their goods. The docks at the seaports of Holland and Germany were piled with pulp and paper, and many other classes of goods for which there was no outlet over an ocean ruled by the enemy. Then the restrictions of the coal trade, followed by the British prohibition of the export of coal to Germany, the embargo placed by Italy on the export of sulphur, an essential in pulp; the stoppage in the shipment of some other raw materials of the trade, upset all calculations, both in Germany and Scandinavia, with the result that not only was the manufacture of German specialties in paper paralyzed, but in the first winter of the war about 200 papers in Germany suspended publication and large numbers of others had to appear in reduced size.

Lost Supplies and Markets

Before the war Germany had been importing 80 per cent. of its pulpwood from Russia and about 20 per cent from Austria, while large quantities of pulp were imported from Scandinavia. Germany, in turn, exported over 200,000 tons of mechanical and chemical pulp to other countries, such as Great Britain, France, the United States and Italy. At the beginning of the war, and for some years before, Germany was also the largest manufacturer of paper and paper products of any country in Europe, her annual output being over a million and a half tons more than Great Britain, the next in rank in Europe. German growth in this industry may be measured by the record of her consumption of wood for pulp, which increased from 485,818 cords in 1900 to 1,342,604 cords in 1913. Of all countries in the world the United States alone exceeded Germany in the manufacture of paper, and this only because of the big production of newsprint, based on the vast issues of the American press. In many specialties a practical monopoly was conceded to German mills. And Great Britain was Germany's largest customer. The big guns that smashed the villages and churches of France and Flanders also severed these arteries of friendly trade, to the deep and specific injury of the German industry—an injury which will prove permanent in many important lines and which will cut the deeper the longer the war continues. This is evident because the world must have the particular kinds of paper which Germany has heretofore supplied, and the mills of Great Britain, the United States, Canada, Japan and India are now called upon to fill up this gap. In fact these countries have already completely succeeded in many lines, nor is it likely that the consuming countries will ever be content to allow any one country to monopolize these products again.

The same is true of many lines of chemicals and dyestuffs, of which a greater or less control of the world's markets has been held by German firms, affecting profoundly the current of the textile, as well as the pulp and paper trades. The scarcity of these chemicals is giving a severe wrench to a thousand different trades and industries all over the world, bringing difficulty and distress in the remotest lands, and in trades and occupations which at first consideration seem to have no connection with the industries that produce the primary materials.

Take one example. Germany holds on to all the bleaching powder she can buy or make, and Great Britain and her Allies prohibit the export of the same to their enemies, and because this material is used in the manufacture of asphyxiating gases, the paper, the textile and many other industries all over the world are in trouble. German toilers in these industries will be injured for years beyond the duration of the war itself, and it seems certain that at least some of these trades will be destroyed forever in Germany.

"The Girl Who Saved His Honor" was a wonderful story by Arthur Applin, but the copyrighted story, "Blackmailed" by the same author which is to begin in The Intelligencer on Thursday, is better yet, and no story lover will miss it. It will be published only in this paper.

What to Do When Hair Grows Thin

Parisian Sage Makes the Hair Grow

If your hair is getting thin and causing you anxiety, you ought to read about Parisian Sage, the hair grower, that surely does grow hair.

Parisian Sage is guaranteed by the Manufacturers to stop your hair from falling out, or refund your money. It will make the hair grow profusely if used regularly.

Hair falls out and stops growing because the hair root does not receive proper nourishment. If the nourishment entirely ceases for any length of times the hair root will die and baldness will follow. It's the dandruff germs that steal from the hair root the nourishment that nature supplies it.

Parisian Sage soaks into the scalp, destroys the dandruff germs and furnishes the nourishment needed to stimulate a renewed growth of hair.

Parisian Sage grows hair, stops hair from falling out, eradicates dandruff and puts an end to splitting hair. It turns dull, lifeless, faded hair into bright, lustrous hair, and is used by women and men who take pride in beautiful and luxuriant hair. It is the most delightful and refreshing hair dressing ever put into a bottle and should be used by every member of the family.

Parisian Sage is sold by leading druggists everywhere for only 50c. a large bottle.

For aches, pains, rheumatism, etc., try Parisian Mustard Cerate. Its effect is wonderful. Use in place of mustard plasters, poultices, or hot applications. Will not blister. 25c. a tube.

The Long And Short Of It!

TALL Men, Short Men and Stout Men frequently find the Clothes question quite baffling!

Those who have worn our Special Sizes for such proportions know that the solution here is easy.

The worried ones are invited to try on our Suits and Overcoats, in Slim, Stout and Extra Sizes, just to see how easy it is to find a fit.

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Fit You To A "T"

The fact is that we guarantee you a fit—just as much as we guarantee a fit—in any of our regular sizes.

Suits, $12, $15, $20 to $25
Overcoats, $10, $12 to $20
Trousers, $2, $3, $4 to $6

Quick & Robertson
THE OUTFITTERS

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY HOLD ANNUAL MEETING

Date of Fair Will be Changed to Later in the Season—A Small Deficit Last Year Address of an Optomistic Nature

The annual meeting of the Belleville Agricultural Fair Association was held in the city yesterday afternoon and was well attended. Amongst others, the following were present: Messrs. A. Jones, R. H. Ketcheson, G. G. Horton, H. K. Denyes, Mayor Ketcheson, R. J. Garbutt, W. C. Reid, R. P. White, G. F. Reid, Geo. McCullough, A. Brickman, H. Ketcheson, C. Weese, S. Wellbank, W. A. Martin, W. C. Ketcheson.

Mr. A. Jones, Manager of the Molsons Bank in Belleville, who is President of the Association, occupied the chair, and in opening the meeting stated that last year the fair was good, the programme provided was good, but the receipts were not good. A question to be considered was whether or not the date of the fair should be changed. Personally, he thought the dates upon which the fair had been held were too early. Considering everything the Association was not bad off. This past year only $400 was borrowed, whereas $500 was borrowed the year previous.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

Mr. G. G. Horton, Treasurer, submitted the following financial statement:

Receipts—	
Balance from last annual report ....$	9 97
Legislative grant	351 00
Municipal grant (city of Belleville)	200 00
Membership fees, 1915	77 00
Cash donations	358 00
Donations, goods, etc	214 00
Membership fees, received for 1916	63 00
Admission to exhibition	887 50
Rent of ground, stalls, etc.	63 75
Grand stand receipts	120 50
Money borrowed on note	400 00
Legislative grant for losses in gate receipts, 1915	131 00
Miscellaneous receipts	110 10
	$2979 22
Expenditures—	
Cash paid for horses, cattle and sheep ....$	939 50
Cash paid for pigs, poultry and dairy products	210 00
Cash paid for grain and seeds, roots and vegetables	43 85
Cash paid for fruit and flowers	14 80
Cash paid for fine art and ladies' work	31 25
Cash paid for other exhibits	7 90
Meeting or lectures, etc.	63 90
Expenses of delegates to fair convention	2 00
Paid for departmental judges	36 00
Amount spent in special attractions	140 00
Prizes in goods, medals, cups, etc.	214 40
Rent, lighting, etc.	38 98
Paid for loan on mortgage, principal, interest, etc.	530 00
Services of officials	153 00
Working expenses	58 50
Annual expenditure	528 11
	$3015 19

Deficit—$35.97.

On motion the report presented by the Treasurer was adopted.

Mr. George F. Reed, as one of the directors of the Fair Association, spoke briefly in regard to the fair and its working.

Mr. George McCullough, a director, was in accord with the proposition of the President to hold Belleville fair at a later date. The prize list might be reduced in some respects. He had done all in his power to keep down expenses. Whilst there was a discount made in the prize list there was no fault found by the exhibitors.

Mr. Asa Brickman said he had done all he could for the Belleville Fair.

Mr. W. C. Reid concurred in the remarks of the President in regard to the date of the Belleville Fair. He thought that it was a mistake to hold the fair whilst the Toronto exhibition was in progress, as it was natural for many to go away from the city for this holiday.

Mr. Harry Ketcheson was of the opinion that the fair last year was a success considering the date it was held on. He would favor the fair being held at a later date in the year. Personally he would do all in his power to make the Belleville fair a success.

President Jones stated that the date of the fair was changed because it was considered to be a good time, especially as Labor Day is a holiday.

Director C. Weese was in hearty accord with the fair being held at a later date in the season. If it was held two or three weeks later it would no doubt be an advantage in many ways.

Mr. H. K. Denyes considered the Belleville fair last year was a good fair and compared favorably with other fairs. Our prize lists were better than those of other fairs. As to holding the fair at a later date, there was a diversity of opinion. There was no doubt that many attend the Toronto fair at the time the Belleville fair has been held in the past two or three years. He thought that perhaps less money might be spent for speeding events, and not have such a cut in the prize list. Our prize list looms up well, in fact, much better than many of the fairs in this district. Our expenses were, in his opinion, too large, especially in printing and advertising.

Mayor Ketcheson, of Belleville, being called upon, said the citizens of Belleville took a deep interest in the fair and he had no doubt would support it in the future as in the past. The city during the past year had great expenditures owing to the war. He would like to see the city membership increased, and he would do all in his power to assist in accomplishing this end. If we all put a little energy into the fair there is no doubt that success would follow. He thought that it was a rather poor policy to hold the fair here whilst the Toronto fair is in progress. All in Belleville want to see the fair a success. He could not promise what the city council would do, but a grant to the fair would be made.

President Jones thanked the Mayor for the remarks he had made.

Mr. R. J. Garbutt spoke optimistically of the Belleville fair, which he considered was an excellent fair. He was of the opinion that the date was a little early in the season, and if it was held later it would no doubt prove to be more profitable.

Mr. Wellbanks, a director of the fair, said that on the 1st of September many farmers are busy and fruit and vegetables were not altogether ready to be exhibited at this time. If the fair was made two weeks later it would no doubt be of advantage.

Mr. R. H. Ketcheson, Secretary of the fair, gave a few remarks. He believed that the holding of the fair two weeks later would be an advantage.

Mr. W. A. Morton suggested that the fair be held after the Picton fair; as it is apparent the dates of late years have been too early.

Mr. Horton, Treasurer, presented a report which showed that the receipts for each day of the fair in late years have been as follows:

Year	Sept.	1st day	2nd day	Total
1908	16-17	$	$	$ 655.00
1909	14-15	61.40	531.05	592.46
1910	13-14	133.60	586.00	719.60
1911	12-13	102.50	708.00	810.50
1912	10-11	100.00	693.00	793.00
1913	1- 2	650.45	563.00	1313.45
1914	8- 9	261.00	763.00	1034.00
1915	6- 7	327.00	549.00	970.00

On motion it was decided not to hold a stallion, and a bull show and seed show competition in the spring, also not to hold a standing field crop competition.

It was decided to have departmental judges and to engage the number necessary.

Mayor Ketcheson stated that he would make the same contribution to the fair as he made last year, namely $25, to be arranged in prizes as the Association desired.

After some discussion it was decided by an almost unanimous vote to change the date of the Belleville fair from the 1st week of September to a later date.

It was moved that the Belleville Society affiliate with the Central Fair Board and send two delegates to the annual meeting to be held in Madoc village.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The election of officers resulted as follows:

Honorary Presidents—Sir Mackenzie Bowell, E. G. Porter, K.C., M.P., W. B. Northrup, K.C., M.P., J. F. Wills, K.C., Mayor H. F. Ketcheson and ex-Mayor Panter.

President—Arthur Jones.

First Vice-Pres.—Harry Ketcheson.

Second Vice-Pres.—H. K. Denyes.

Directors—Mayor Ketcheson, W. C. Ketcheson, Asa Brickman, L. H. Terwilligar, W. W. Anderson, W. J. Wood, R. P. White, Geo. H. McCullough, P. J. Denike, C. W. Weese, W. C. Reid, Geo. F. Reed, R. J. Garbutt, W. A. Martin, F. R. Mallory and S. Wellbanks.

Auditors—J. Clapp and H. Fairman.

The two delegates selected to attend the Provincial Fair Convention at Toronto were President A. Jones and Secretary R. H. Ketcheson.

Delegates to the Central Fair Association at Madoc—Messrs. H. Ketcheson and C. Weese.

A meeting of the directors was then held and Mr. R. H. Ketcheson was appointed Secretary and Mr. G. G. Horton, Treasurer.

LADIES' HIGH CUT WATERPROOF LACED BOOTS, to wear without Rubbers. Celebrated "Classic." Sizes 2½ to 6. 23 pairs only, $5 and $5.50, for $3.25. THE HAINES SHOE HOUSE. J18-2td

OAK HILLS.

Rev. Mr. Reddick has begun revival services in the Eggleton church. There is scarcely a home in our community that is not suffering with colds and grip.

The W. M. S. meeting was held at Mrs. R. Stapley's, last Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. J. Bird, Mrs. F. Juby and Mrs. J. Bronson, attended the W. M. convention which was held at Wooler last week.

Letters From Belleville Boys At the Front

France, Somewhere in the mud,
December 31, 1915.

My Dear Mrs. "B."—Your parcel of cake, soxs, chocolate and cigarettes received the 22nd in fine shape; it was really packed exceptionally good. I shared same with two boys who are billetted with me. The way we went to the cake and cigarettes can hardly be imagined. I was very lucky with boxes, so had a great feed during this Xmas, more than we expected. The weather here is like our March. You are no doubt aware of the mud, so I will simply confirm the very worst description you have heard of same. It is all here.

Our lorries have been laid up for a spell as the roads can not stand up under the heavy traffic, so they have us repairing roads and helping the engineers; just how long it is going to last I do not know, but at any rate there is a lot to be done and the engineers would not have too many if they had the whole army. I spent Tuesday, the 28th, with the 21st Battalion in their "Mobile Reserve Trench." I found Ernest Geen and Aruthur Johnson well, also Capt. J. Sills. Between these trenches, which are the third line, and the line of communication, there is a swamp, known as Ypres flats, about one mile wide, pretty much all along right angle with our 2nd Division front, this swamp at this time is six feet deep in places.

I hear from Connie very often. She seems well, but all the time looking forward to our leave which is always rumored to be coming to us soon. I hardly think we will get leave until we are here six months at least. I hope this finds you well. So far I have been good for health and sore feet. Wishing you a very happy New Year, I am

Most sincerely,
Herbert B. Weller.

Belgium, Dec. 30, 1915.

Q. M. Sergt. G. Spafford.
4039, 2nd Battery,
1st Can. Art. Bde.

Dear Sir.—I beg to acknowledge receipt of case of Xmas present from the "Belleville Women's Patriotic Association," forwarded on by you, which I have distributed amongst the Belleville men in the 1st. Canadian Art., Bde., Amm. Column.

My comrades join me in thanking you for your trouble and kindness, and desire you to convey to the ladies of the Association their deepest gratitude and appreciation for their kindness in helping them to forget as much as possible where they are this Xmas, and the delight it affords them to know that they are not forgotten.

Again thanking you on behalf of the following: W. C. Burgess, A. Lafferty, F. Smith, J. C. Sills, F. Ashmore, O. Trainer, C. Nesbit, R. Small and R. H. Wright.

Yours very sincerely,
H. W. Dillmutt.

The above is a copy of a letter sent to Q.M.S. Spafford.

Clearance Sale

GORMAN'S BOOT SHOP

GENUINE BARGAINS For All At Our January Clearance Sale

BUY NOW
DON'T MISS THIS SALE

WOOLS

At the present time we have a large stock of Military and Fingering Yarns. As this Wool was secured under our old agreement, we have not had to advance our prices on this lot. Secure what you require soon.

Hockey Goods

Hockey Sticks, Hockey Gloves, Hockey Pads, Leg Guards, Pucks and Skate Straps all at popular prices.

THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

Raise Your Family

on our bread in the name of good health and every sanitary precaution. Our bakery is a model and our quality standard unapproached when it comes to bread baking. Sit down to the table with that eagerness which those who have sampled our bread and know that it is on the table awaiting them.

Yerex's Bakery
Phone 787
68 Sinclair St. Belleville

HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

"THERMOR" THE WATERLESS HOT BOTTLE . .

It's New! It's a Wonder! Be Convinced! Try It!

Awarded Gold Medals at Paris, London, Berlin and numerous other Expositions.

Stay Hot 12 Hours

Used as Foot Warmer, Bed Warmer. Autos, Baby Carriages. Never too hot or too cold. Always just right. Price $3.50

The John Lewis COMPANY LIMITED

HOCKEY STICKS

NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.

AUTOMOBILE SKATES

Made in Canada.

Have you seen the New Ones? Stronger and Lighter than ever

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO.
LET US DO YOUR PLUMBING

The Beauty of Ou Feed

is that there is no waste to it. You horse will lick up the last oat or th last kernel of grain. It tastes so goo to him that he wants every bit tha belongs to him. So there's econom as well as satisfaction in buying you feed and grain here. Try it once and you'll try it always.

H. E. FAIRFIELD

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent my be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisment will not be paid for.—64388

ARENA TURNBULL ST

BAND Tues., Thurs., Sat.

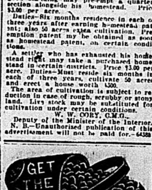
O. H. A. HOCKEY
LINDSAY JUNIORS
vs.
BELLEVILLE JUNIORS
FRIDAY, JANUARY 21ST.
FAST GAME ASSURED
Puck faced 8.15
Admission 25c. Reserved seats 35c.
Band in attendance

OVERCOATS

Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat. We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.

Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street



The Best we Can Buy Carefully Prepared and Delivered
The F. S. ANDERSON CO.,
42 Bridge St.

Ladies' Hudson Seal Coats

No. 1 Quality. Lined throughout with No. 1 Brocade satin 40 inches long ....Price $120.00
Muff to match $22.00

J. T. DELANEY
29 Campbell St. Phone 797
opposite Y.M.C.A.
See Our Window
N. B. We Buy Raw Furs

Give it Fair Play

Why not decide NOW to give ZUTOO Tablets, the remedy so generally used for headache, a fair and square trial?

If there is any doubt in your mind as to the worth of these tablets or of their harmlessness, try them and KNOW the truth.

Don't sacrifice your comfort on account of prejudice or skepticism. Try the tablets and know. 25c at dealers or by mail prepaid. B. N. Robinson & Co. Reg'd, Coaticook, Quebec.

Zutoo

WHY NOT FLORIDA FOR YOUR WINTER TOUR?

The attractions are unsurpassed, beautiful palm trees, warm sea bathing, orange and banana groves, golf, tarpon fishing, luxurious hotels for all pockets. Two nights only from Toronto. Winter tourist tickets now on sale. Be sure that your tickets read via Canadian Pacific Railway. Excellent service is offered via Detroit and Cincinatti. Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents, or write M. G. Murphy, District Passenger Agent, Toronto, Ont.

j13,to22.

Advertise in The Intelligencer

15c February Delineator 15c

Kimona Fleece Velour SPECIAL

This Fleece Velour is a beautifully made cloth, and is specially adapted for House Dresses, Wrappers, etc. It is a nice, soft, warm cloth, and will make up nicely. It comes in colors of Red, Blue, Fawn, Rose and Pink, and sold for 20c per yard.

Special for Thurs., Fri. and Sat.
At 13c per yard

COMFORTERS For The Cold Weather

12 Only Wadded Comforters
Sold regularly for $2.50
Special For The Week End
$1.78

Good, strong and serviceable Coverings, and very nicely quilted.

Ketcheson & Earle

25c BUTTERICK FASHIONS FOR SPRING, 1916 25c

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 6 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT, NO washing. Apply at once. Mrs. Gay, Victoria Ave. tf

WANTED — ATTENDANTS. APPLY Ontario School for the Deaf. j19-tf

WANTED—GIRL TO HELP WITH CHILDren and light housework. Apply 247 N. John Street. 15-4td

WANTED—SMART INTELLIGENT GIRLS to learn Shirt-making. Apply Deacon Shirt Company. 15-6td

WANTED—A HOUSE MAID. APPLY IN evening to Mrs. (Dr.) Gibson 28 Campbell St. 14-dtf

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO LEARN BARber business and help in tobacco store, at once. A. E. Wrightmyer, 209 Front Street. j12-dtf

WANTED—FIRST CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill and Planer hands, Toolmakers. Good wages. Steady work. Canadian Westinghouse Company, Limited, Hamilton, Ont. d—j27

TO RENT

TO RENT, RESIDENCE, No. 221 CHARLES St.; contains all modern conveniences. Apply at The Intelligencer Office a25-tf

TO LET, THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the Bank of Commerce, and also rooms in the same block and the Robertson Block, suitable for offices and apartments. S. S. Lazier. j17-dtf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—FORD TOURING CAR, 1914 model; new non-skid tires; engine lately overhauled; will sacrifice if sold this week. Apply Box P, Intelligencer. 18-4t

WANTED

WANTED—MAN OR WOMAN TO DIStribute War Literature. $120 for sixty days' work in your own community. Spare time may be used. Winston Company, Limited, Toronto. d16-8tw&s

SITUATIONS VACANT

DO YOU WANT AN EXTRA SIX TO TEN DOLLARS A WEEK?. Industrious persons will be provided with constant home work on Auto-Knitting Machines. Experience unnecessary, distance immaterial, war orders urgent. Write today for rates of pay, etc., enclosing addressed stamped envelope. Auto-Knitter Hosiery Co., Dept. 161, 257 College Street, Toronto.

Fresh Made Appetizing Confections

Chocolate Dates, 40c lb.
Date Pudding, - 25c lb.
Maple Walnut Cream,- - - 20c lb.
Neapolitan Fruit Pudding, - - 30c lb.
Humbugs, - - 20c lb.
Butter Scotch, - 20c lb.
Our Own Make

Chas. S. Clapp

Have German scientists discovered a synthetic appetite for the synthetic foods they have produced?

CITY AND VICINITY

MEN'S GUN METAL BUTTON BOOTS up-to-date Last, $3.50, January Sale price $2.50. THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSE. J18-2t

AFTERNOON TEA

Thursday, January 20, St. Thomas Parish House, four to six. Silver collection. 18,2t

MEN'S TAN RUBBERS, clearing at 75c. THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSE. J18-2td

WINTER FAIR AT OTTAWA

Canadian Pacific Excursion Rate $4.10 return, going Jan. 17th to 20th returning good to Jan. 22nd. For further information and tickets apply to S. BURROWS, C.P.R. Agent. 12,8t

MRS. PANKHURST ARRIVES IN STATES

(Canadian Press Special)

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—By order from Washington Mrs. Pankhurst was to-day admitted to the country.

SPORTING NEWS

HOCKEY

SPECIAL TRAIN

The Belleville Intermediates are running a special train over the C. N. R. to-morrow night to enable the local hockey enthusiasts an opportunity to witness the game between Belleville and Queens' 2nd.

Mr. Ernie Lang, of this city, will this evening referee the game at Kingston, which takes place between the Frontenacs and K. C. I. teams of that city. This will be a junior O. H. A. match.

O. H. A. HEADQUARTERS

Bowmanville juniors have defaulted to Oshawa, which does not give the district to Port Hope, but ties them and Oshawa. The two will play off home-and-home at Port Hope Thursday; at Oshawa Thursday week.

Meaford has defaulted to Stayner in junior group 9, leaving Collingwood and Stayner to meet in home-and-home games according to the original schedule.

Kingston Frontenacs play their senior game at Brockville on Thursday instead of Friday. W. M. Tackaberry of Ottawa has been agreed on as referee.

Campbellford will play at Cobourg St. Michael's on Friday instead of Thursday. E. Lang of Belleville will referee.

In group five Simcoe Norfolks and Port Colborne will play home and home games, the first at Port Colborne on Thursday next, and the second at Simcoe on the 25th.

Port Hope wins District

At the Belleville Curling Club rink yesterday afternoon and evening, a competition took place between rinks representing Belleville, Cobourg and Port Hope, for the Ontario Tankard Competition for this district. The result was a win for Port Hope. In the afternoon Belleville and Cobourg rinks played, resulting in a win for Belleville by a score of 32 to 30. In the evening Belleville rinks played against Port Hope and the result was a win for Port Hope by a score of 35 to 31. The composition of the rinks and the score were as follows:

Belleville—F. D. Diamond, J. G. Galloway, M. J. Clarke, A. P. Allen, skip—20; W. N. Belair, S. Robertson, J. A. McFee, M. Wright, skip—12.

Cobourg—A. J. Gould, W. A. Staples, J. Henderson, W. L. Allen, skip—9; W. Titford, F. Allison, C. McCallum, E. W. Hargroft, skip—21.

Evening

Belleville—W. N. Belair, S. Robertson, J. A. McFee, M. Wright, skip—8; F. D. Diamond, J. G. Galloway, M. J. Clark, A. P. Allen, skip—23.

Port Hope—T. H. Brown, W. T. Garnett, W. H. Peacock, T. Morrow, skip—22; Jas. Caldwell, W. B. Johnson, R. M. Graham, J. H. Peacock, skip—13.

Mr. F. E. O'Flynn, of Belleville, was the official referee, and performed his duties in a most important and affable manner.

On Tuesday next the district cup competition will take place here. The rinks competing will be, Port Hope, Colborne, Cobourg, Picton, Hastings and Campbellford. For this event Mr. F. E. O'Flynn will be the official referee.

FAILURE OF SUBS. TO HURT BRITAIN

Huns' Sea Weapon Proving More Futile—Kept Well in Hand in The Mediteranean

LONDON, Jan. 17.—The following article is by John F. H. Pollen, the well-known naval writer:

The naval news seems to be confined to the doings of submarines, and, during this period when incidents are as common as events are rare it is the submarine services of the belligerents that play the leading roles. Nor is this to be wondered at, for we must remember that Germany's "war of attrition," which was to reduce the British navy to impotence, was to be a war of submarines, and the "blockade" that was to bring England to starvation by the destruction of every British ship that sailed was to be a blockade of submarines

Germany from the outset seems to have staked everything on her U boats. They were to be the primary weapon of offence by sea; they were to snatch the command of the seas from the British navy; they were finally to bring us, starving and craven, to the feet of Germany. And had their submarines been as efficient and our navy as inefficient as the Germans hoped even this end might have been achieved.

Unfortunately for the enemy the weakness of the Briish navy was a myth, and the value of German submarines much overrated. By a display of ingenuity and resource that has never been equalled in this or in any other war, our sea service completely turned the tables, and by a few dexterous moves reduced Germany's submarine war to a matter of almost secondary importance.

Bethmann's Sea Silence

There is no need to dilate upon the ghastly failure of both the "war of attrition" and the submarine "blockade." Their collapse is an accomplished fact, but in passing there is one fact worthy of notice.

It is that in his recent speech on the progress of the war the German chancellor made no reference whatever to the sea aspect of it, beyond one of the usual libels on British seamen that so delight the heart of the Teuton. It is significant. The new gospel, according to the Germans, is that sea-power is valueless! It rather reminds one of the fox and the grapes. But the Germans will remember the time when their hard-earned savings were wrenched from them to build up the "great fleet of Germany," and will perhaps begin to wonder if this is the true gospel. The allied fleets will help them to realize to the full that sea power is going to strangle them in the end.

There is another matter that is also worthy of comment—the recent activities of submarines in the Mediterranean. In the sea of Marmora, where targets are few and dangers many, one of our intrepid submarine commanders spent the opening days of this month in harrying the Turks to the utmost of his ability. One of Turkey's last remaining destroyers, the Yar Hissar, was torpedoed and sunk. The officers and men were picked up, and as they could not be carried off in the submarine were placed in safety on a sailing ship. The Ismid railway was shelled, and, finally, a large transport was sunk in Panderma bay. This anchorage was frequently visited by our submarines, and the sinking of a transport there is a matter of more than ordinary importance.

Rounding Up Pirates

The situation with regard to the submarine campaign in the Mediterranean remains much the same. After the first week of feverish activity, in which a number of transports were attacked and several merchant ships sunk, with due frightfulness, the victims became fewer and fewer, until several days passed without any casualties. The reason was not hard to find, for after the first outburst, the protective measures adopted by the navy began to take effect, and, in fact, as was stated at the time, the navy had the menace well in hand.

The prophecy that there would be several more outbursts was also ventured, and the events of the last fortnight have revealed its truth. In this period a really considerable number of vessels have been sunk; indeed, the Germans have made better "bags" than they did in any of the weeks when the "blockade" of England was at its zenith, but this apparent success must not be construed into a proof that the navy has lost control over the U boats. On the contrary, the fact that of the hundreds of transports that are swarming in the Mediterranean not one has been attacked goes to prove that the Allies are slowly but surely rounding up these pirates. The time will come ere long when not only transports and hospital ships, but also merchantmen, can sail in perfect safety under the protecting wing of sea power.

The task is as yet but half done, and it will take time to cut off all the sources of supply and finally to round up these marauders. From various reports it appears that the navigation to the Italian ports is once more quite normal, and though many of the reports of the sinking of German submarines are exaggerated, it is more than probable that the navy has already accounted for some of them. Though it is true that the casualties among merchant ships have recently been considerable, let us realize once for all that the navy has got the menace well in hand and will ere long stamp it out. These sporadic outbursts will no doubt continue, but given time, our sea power will make the Mediterranean as safe as it has made the English Channel.

RITCHIE'S

IMPORTANT
STOCK REDUCING SALE OF
MEN'S HIGH GRADE SUITS

Regular $15.00 and $16.50 Values on Sale at $10.95

Stock taking has revealed a quantity of High Grade Suits which we are desirous of clearing out before the final inventory at the end of the month. They are odd lines of suits not, being all sizes in any one pattern, but the lot represents a complete range of sizes from 36 to 42. All excellent values at the regular prices, in greys, or brown English tweed mixtures. Owing to the increased cost of clothing materials and trimmings, we consider this an excellent opportunity to procure a first class Suit at a bargain. $10.95

A CLEARANCE LINE OF
MEN'S OVERCOATS
Regular $15 for $12

Odd sizes of our Regular $15 Overcoats in plain Browns and Brown Mixtures, and we have decided to clear these out before stock inventory. They are all desirable garments, well lined, and with large shawl or velvet collars. Length 44 to 48 inches. You choice this week $12

Men's Heavy Grey TROUSERS

Splendid Heavy Winter Weight Trousers, in a full range of sizes, all of the untearable quality; a special line in a grey shade, two qualities, priced at . $2.00 and $2.50

Men's Corduroy TROUSERS

Brown and Drab Corduroy Trousers for Winter Wear. These have become very popular this season and for wearing qualities cannot be surpassed. For the month of January we are offering a special line of these Trousers, made of excellent quality English Cordurovs, at $3.00

(Men's store)

Ladies Black and Colored COATS At Just Half Price

This offer does not mean only a few of the Coat Models selected for quick clearance, but embraces every Ladies' Black and Colored Coat now in stock, and that means a lot, especially so early in the season, for there are still many handsome up-to-the-minute garments displayed in our showing, all strictly new models in first class materials and best shades.

Silk and Serge Dresses Half Price

About two dozen in all to be cleared out previous to stock inventory. Made up of splendid quality material in shades of Brown, Cream, Navy, Black and Copenhagen. Not this season's dresses, but good styles and all nicely trimmed. Regular prices from $8.00 to $25.00. On sale at from

$4.00 to $12.50

The RITCHIE Company Limited

SEEING VISIONS DREAMING DREAMS

As Canada is paying for the maintenance of these troops at the rate of about $1,000 yearly per man, the resultant burden of taxation on a community not much more populous than Pennsylvania is very heavy, yet there is no complaint and for any public man to oppose the military measures being taken would be an act of political suicide.

In a recent communication former Governor Pennypacker makes the surprising statement that "If the Germans win, then in all probability Canada, with the Great Lakes, the St. Lawrence River and the Manitoba wheat fields, which the British wrenched from us in the Democratic days of Polk, will enter the union of the States"; and the ground upon which he seeks to justify this astonishing opinion is that "Canada will be unable to protect herself in any other way and can do no otherwise."

It would be hard with equal brevity to be more irrational. If Mr. Pennypacker supposes that the Canadian people have the least disposition toward a union with the United States he cannot have made himself acquainted with the situation. So far from being that way inclined, the great majority of the more violently opposed to any movement in that direction. They are extremely jealous of the quasi-independence which they enjoy, and their attitude toward this country, if not exactly unfriendly, is distinctly distrustful.

It was through the influence of this district that the reciprocity treaty negotiated under the Taft administration was so emphatically rejected. At the time of its negotiation the Liberal Party was in power, with Sir Wilfrid Laurier as Premier. With a misconception of the prevailing conditions not to be expected from a politician of his long experience and exceptional astuteness, Laurier had conceived the idea that American reciprocity would be popular with his fellow-countrymen. He thought that the treaty for which he had become responsible represented a very good bargain from the Canadian point of view, that Canada was getting more than it gave. So when it came to electing a new parliament he made reciprocity the leading issue of the campaign.

It can hardly be necessary to do more than recall what happened. The Liberal Party went down in overwhelming defeat and the Conservatives were restored to power after many years' exile in the wilderness as the champions of Canadian commercial as well as political independence.

How thoroughly loyal and devoted the Canadians are to the British connection has been demonstrated with a fervor and impressiveness which few outsiders had anticipated since the beginning of the present war. It is hardly an exaggeration to say that the Canadians have shown a more strongly military spirit, that they have been more ready to make the patriotic sacrifices which the war demands than the British themselves. They have sent 120,000 men to the trenches of Flanders and the Dardanelles. They have another 120,000 in training and the government has just announced its intention to recruit 250,000 more.

Canada will never be embodied in the United States, but after the war is over—a war which Germany will certainly not win—Canada will become a co-equal and co-ordinate member of a reconstructed and federated British Empire.

Former Governor Pennypacker is seeing visions and dreaming dreams.

THE WEATHER.
Southerly winds, cloudy and milder with some light snow or rain to-day and on Friday.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 81 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, JANUARY 20, 1916. No. 18

ESTABLISHED 1858
58 years continuous business is a guarantee for square dealing, best values and lowest prices.
FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Office Phone 2 Night Phones 260 & 635

John Bull Hits Bull's Eye In Baralong Case

Perpetrators of World's Most Hideous Crimes Audaciously Talk of Their Methods

GREAT BRITAIN GIVES EAR

Proposing Only Investigation Possible, a Neutral Tribunal Which Germany, Knowing Too Well Its Verdict, Refuses to Accept

LONDON, Jan. 19.—The British official view of the German note regarding the Baralong case was given out tonight, as follows:

"The Germans claim that their army and navy have observed during the present war the principles of international law and humanity, and that the German authorities take care that all violations will be carefully investigated and punished.

"Some surprise is expressed that the nation whose armed forces have been responsible for the sack of Louvain, the murder of hundreds of unoffending men, women and children on the Lusitania, and other ships, the execution of Edith Cavell, the introduction of poisonous gases, the poisoning of wells, attempting torpedoing of hospital ships and countless other atrocoties, should describe their methods of warfare as humane.

"It is further pointed out that it would be interesting to know how many German subjects, if any, have been punished for these atrocities. The Germans claim that the Arabic was torpedoed because the commander of the submarine had the conviction that the Arabic was about to ram her. The true facts are that the Arabic was deliberately sunk by a submarine without warning and that she neither attempted to attack the submarine or to escape from it.

"With regard to the destruction of the British submarine E-13, in Danish waters, by a German torpedo boat destroyer, it is claimed that it come to a fight between the war vessels and that the submarine defended itself with gun-fire. The true facts are as follows: The Germans found the submarine stranded in neutral waters and incapable of either defence or of fence. The German destroyer fired a torpedo at the E-13. The torpedo exploded close to her. At the same moment the German destroyer fired with all her guns, and the commander of the E-13, whose submarine was on fire fore and aft, and who was unable to defend himself owing to being aground, gave orders to the crew to abandon her. While the men were in the water they were fired on by machine guns and with shrapnel.

CRIMES OF VON TIRPITZ.

"The Germans defend their action in the case of the Ruel on the ground that it was a measure of reprisal in accordance with measures announced

Continued on Page Six.

OFFICIALLY NOTIFIED ITALY FIGHTINC RESUMED

(Canadian Pres Special)

ROME, Jan. 20.—Montenegro officially notified Italy to-day that fighting between Montenegro and Austria had been resumed.

Kng Nicholas and his government have rejected all terms offered by Austria and fighting has been resumed along the whole front. King Nicholas remains with the army to organize the defense of the country.

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIANS

FIRST CANADIAN INFANTRY BRIGADE HEADQUARTERS.
Wounded—P. E. Verrell, St. Thomas Ont.

3RD BATTALION.
Wounded—W. P. Irving, Toronto.
Killed in action—Corp. W. T. Slater, England; E. McHugh, Toronto.

7TH BATTALION.
Killed in action—C. F. Fox, Victoria, B.C.; W. B. Laxton, Mission City, B.C.

14TH BATTALION.
Suffering from shock—C. McLean, Scotland.

16TH BATTALION.
Severely wounded—J. Rainey, Ireland.

18TH BATTALION.
Wounded—John Reeder, England.

19TH BATTALION.
Wounded—F. A. Mackenzie, St. Catharines, Ont.; G. R. Parkin, Eng.

24TH BATTALION.
Killed in action—L.-Corp. E. R. Richard, Brownsburg, Que.

25TH BATTALION.
Wounded — G. Swimmer, Peggy's Cove, Halifax, Co., N.S.; H. J. Wort, England.

28TH BATTALION.
Wounded—A. L. Sprink, Caron, Sask.

29TH BATTALION.
Killed in action—F. G. Earl, Vancouver, B.C.

36TH BATTALION.
Seriously ill—S. Bottomley, Stratford, Ont.
Died—A. Cooper, Scotland.

42ND BATTALION.
Severely wounded—F. H. Walder, England.

55TH BATTALION.
Seriously ill—A. Smith, Penobsquis, N.B.

ROYAL CAN. HORSE ARTILLERY.
Killed in action—Gunner E. Ryder, Kingston, Ont.

2ND FIELD CO., C.E.
Slightly wounded — Sapper W. F. White, Toronto.

No. 3 STATIONARY HOSPITAL.
Seriously ill—D. R. Smuck, Sarnia, Ont.

RUSSIANS ROUTE TURKS IN CAUCASUS BATTLE

Moslem Troops Dislodged From Positions on Front of Sixty-Six Miles by Czar's Men and Run From Field in Panic

LONDON, Jan. 19.—Late official advices received from Petrograd tonight convey intelligence of the winning of a big victory over the Turks by the Russians in the Caucasus. Turkish official reports of the past few days were indicating that everything was not going well with the Moslem troops in the fighting here, and the public has been expecting good news.

The Russian victory was won by the piercing of the Turkish centre in a furious and unsuspected attack which disorganized the resistance of the Turks and forced them to beat a hasty retreat, closely pursued by the Russians, who drove them ahead in panic flight in many places. The few prisoners taken, 5 officers and 208 men, is believed to point to the desperate nature of the fighting. Much war material was captured by the victors, including machine guns, caissons and an ammunition depot.

Get Near Erzeroum

The Russians have now reached a point about 35 miles east of Erzeroum, on which place the Turks are directing their retreat. The Russian official report on this fighting says:

"Caucasus: By our furious and unexpected attack on their centre, the Turkish army was disorganized and dislodged from a strong position over a front of more than 100 versts (66 miles), extending from the region of Lake Tortum to the region of Charianson River, north of Melazghert, and retreated in the direction of the fortified Plain of Erzeroum. At many places this retreat assumed the character of a panic-flight Several Turkish units were almost annihilated; hundreds of bodies cover the route of our offensive.

"At many points our troops had to advance on heights above the clouds, cutting trenches in the deep snow during heavy snowstorms. We occupied the village of Koprukeui, on the Arax, 50 versts east of Erzeroum. In the course of the fighting on the 17th we took prisoners five officers and 208 men, and captured much material, including machine guns and caissons. We seized a Turkish ammunition depot at the Village of Tsurnachel, in the Charianson district.

"Persian campaign: Southwest of Lake Urumiah there have been engagements with Kurds, who were repulsed southward."

THE MAN AND HIS CLOTHES.

What is the score?
How is the stock market?
What is the weather outlook?

When a man wants to know anything of these things he turns to his newspaper. It is his reference book. What is more natural than he should refer to it when he wants to buy clothes

Several manufacturers of branded clothing have been shrewd enough to see this and have advertised their trade mark in the newspapers. This advertising has cashed in directly over the counter of the dealer, as the latter has been only too glad to co-operate in pushing sales—for he believes in newspapers.

Floods Continue To Cause Disaster In Holland

AMSTERDAM, Jan. (C.P. R. Special)—Danger continues to increase in flooded districts of North Holland. Additional collapses of important dikes are reported. The Dutch Government has published a statement requesting sympathizers in foreign countries to refrain from opening relief funds.

GROUPS 2, 3, 4, AND 5 CALLED TO COLORS

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 20.—Recruits of Groups 2, 3, 4, and 5 under Lord Derby's plan were formally called to the colors to-day to begin active training. It is estimated they will number one hundred thousand men.

Why M.P. Missed Train to Ottawa

OTTAWA, Jan. 19—According to the story told by friends of W. F. Nickle, M.P., an absent-minded Kingston tailor caused the member from the Limestone city considerable anxiety and embarassment one day this week.

Mr. Nickle intended to reach Ottawa in time for Monday afternoon's sitting of the House. He had just had a new suit made. As tailors sometimes will, Mr. Nickle's tailor made the trousers too long and he dropped in before train time to let the knight of the needle look over his handiwork and prescribe a remedy.

"Sit right down and I'll shorten them now," boomed the tailor, and the member, although in a hurry, removed his trousers and handed them over to the tailor, taking a seat in the rear of the shop.

Before the tailor could get to work with his scissors and needle, someone came into the front shop and he was forced to go in and wait on him. Before that customer got out another man arrived. Then came another and another, and still some more, with a few women dropping in by way of variety.

All this time the member sat in the back office fearful lest the forgetful tailor would land in with some of his visitors. Ten minutes went by, a terrible half hour dragged away, train time came and went and finally the noon whistles blew. It was after this that the tailor sauntered the back shop and found the M. P. in a state of mind that can best be imagined. No description of the scene that followed is attempted.

This, according to friends of the Kingston M. P., accounts for the fact that he reached Ottawa late at night instead of in time for some of the afternoon session.

ROCKWOOD NURSES GOING TO ENGLAND

To Serve in the Ontario Government's War Hopital

KINGSTON, Jan. 19.—Miss Elizabeth Mills, superintendent of nurses of Rockwood Hospital, and eleven nurses in charge of wards at that institution, are going to England to take positions in the Ontario Government's war hospital that is being established there. This hospital will contain 1,500 beds.

The large halls at Rockwood are like a big drygood's department. It is filled with webs of cotton and other materials from which thousands of dressings are being made for the Ontario Government Hospital in England. These dressings are all being made by the Toronto and Kingston hospitals, and the Rockwood nurses and other ladies are working day and night.

11 Interned Huns Dig 150-Ft. Tunnel And Now at Large

Four Who Break From Amherst Camp Are Thought Especially Dangerous

HAD ESCAPED BEFORE

Have in Their Possession Maps Showing Various Canadian Railway Lines and Other Information

ST. JOHN, N.B., Jan. 19.—Eleven Germans, prisoners in the detention camp at Amherst, N.S., escaped some time between midnight on Monday and daylight this morning, and are now at large. Four of these men have previously escaped from military custody and are regarded as especially dangerous. The men who made their getaway are: William Schaeffer, Louis Karl Veckerman, Paul Kuhnel, William Schroeder, George Kleinworth, Gustav Hartwig, William Wagner, August Meyer, Fred Schultz, Harry Bolifmeier and Carl A. Volmer.

The method of escape was sensational. The internment camp is located in the outskirts of Amherst and is surrounded by what was supposed to be efficient guards, barbed wire fences, etc. In addition, there is a military guard on the camp patrolling all sections of it day and night.

During the night the prisoners named tunnelled under the enclosure to a spot about 150 feet distant and made their escape. Four of the men had in their possession maps showing various railway lines in New Brunswick and other information of value.

Hartwig, regarded as the ringleader of the gang, was arrested in St. John shortly after the war broke out. He was working on one of the dredges engaged in the harbor development work at Courtenay Bay when arrested by one of the detectives attached to the city police force.

It was then found that he had in his possession maps of the harbors on the Atlantic coast from St. John as far south as Virginia and in the case of the Canadian harbors, these maps were marked with soundings and other charted information. From St. John he was taken to the military prison in Halifax, where he made a sensational getaway by swimming from the prison to shore with his clothes in a bundle on his head. He returned to St. John and was captured here on a schooner about to sail to New York. Then he was taken to Amherst and up to Monday night had been interned there.

Notification of the escape of the prisoners was sent to police and military officials in Maritime Province points and a close watch is being kept.

NEW USE FOR AEROPLANES

May be Utilized in P. Q. to Locate Forest Fires

QUEBEC, Jan. 19—The use of aeroplanes for forest fire fighting in the province is one of the matters taken up in the annual report of the Department of Lands and Forests, which has been tabled by Hon. Mr. Allard. Mr. W. C. J. Hall, superintendent of the forest protection department, in his report states that he made a study of aeroplanes from point of view of his department, and has come to the conclusion that they would be of great benefit to locate fires, and enable them to be localized. However, he found that the cost would be at present prohibitive, but later when the cost of machines dropped they could be used servicebly by the Government for forest protection.

DISPERSED SUPPLY TRAIN—AEROPLANE CAPTURED WITH TWO OFFICERS

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, Jan. 20.—The afternoon statement between the Oise and the Aisne, says there were clashes between patrols last night in the region of Puisaleine.

In the Champagne our artillery dispersed a supply train on the road between Valle Sur Tourbe and Vouziers.

A hostile aeroplane dropped three bombs on the outskirts of Luneville without damage. Another enemy aeroplane was brought to the ground near Flin and two officers were captured.

GERMANY CANNOT HIDE WOES CANDID SPEECH IN REICHSTAG

Bitter Criticism Directed At Censorship Which Seeks Vainly to Disguise Bitter Truth of Effectiveness of British Blockade

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 18, via London, Jan. 19.—(Delayed.)—The debate at the closing session of the German Riechstag today was notable for the extremely outspoken criticism of the censorship, especially as it is applied to the Socialist newspapers, as well as to general news concerning the war situation.

According to the report of The Cologne Gazette, the Socialist member, Wilhelm Pittmann, bitterly complained that this censorship was political and not military, and charged that the Prussian Government was making careful preparations that the elections should turn in their favor.

"We must," said Herr Dittmann, "destroy this pernicious mania which only regards voices claiming conquest as the expression of the will of the people. The people are against a will which cries for conquest."

A Candid Confession

Herr Fiscnbecke, Progressive, and Dr. Stresemann, National Liberal, also strongly denounced the censorship and demanded the relaxation of the continuous state of siege. They scathingly criticized a government policy of only allowing the people to hear opinions favorable to Germany.

"We can bear the fresh breath of criticism," said Dr. Stresemann. "That things are not going well with us and that England's blockade is effective is known abroad so exactly that it is needless to hide anything. The government ought to send broadcast the news, not in highly colored phrases that everything is going well, but that much is going ill, and that therefore, it is our duty to assume every burden created by the situation."

Revive Demand For An Election

Hon. Mr. Pugsley's Speech Creates Comment Supporters of Government Talk of a Mandate

(Free Press)

OTTAWA, Jan. 19.—Men in the government and on the government side of the House, who have been strong for a general election, have resurrected their demand as the result of Hon. Mr. Pugsley's speech last night, in which he declared the operations of the old Dominion shell committee had brought "shame to the people of Canada."

This morning they are declaring that Mr. Pugsley's speech indicates the insincerity of the Liberal protestations of an abandonment of party politics, and that it is necessary, therefore, the government should go to the country for a mandate.

The issue would be, they say, the raising and financing of an army of 500,000 men. They are asserting that the Canadian people would not think of changing horses while crossing the stream, and that in consequence the Conservatives outside of Quebec would be returned with an overwhelming majority.

The question of election or no election may be decided when the legislation forecasted in the Speech from the Throne extending the life of Parliament for one year is introduced. It is understood that one of the conditions decided upon by the Liberals is that there shall be another session of Parliament before an election. This condition might be refused by the government with a view to forcing the Liberals to vote against the extension which, it is asserted, would place them in the position of having made an election necessary.

There is considerable speculation as to whether the balance of the debate on the address will take on the tone set by Hon. Mr. Pugsley last night. If it does the present session will be anything but the peaceful one it promised to be at the outset. Mr. Pugsley resumes his speech this afternoon.

THE EXPORT OF WOODPULP FORBIDDEN

(Canadian Press Special)

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 20.—Export of woodpulp is forbidden from tomorrow as a measure of reprisal against Britain for the seizure of parcel post packages.

BANK MANAGER DEAD AT MONTREAL

(Canadian Press Special)

MONTREAL, Jan. 20.—Harry Stikeman, general manager of the Bank of British North America for many years, died last night, aged sixty-three.

BRITISH SUBMARINE ASHORE

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 9.—British Submarine has gone ashore off Holland, according to announcement made by the official press bureau. No loss of lives reported.

IN CLOSE TOUCH WITH TURKISH POSITION

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 20.—General Aylmers' force of British troops, was yesterday in close touch with the Turkish position at Essin, and consequently was seven miles from Kut-el-Amara, in Mesopotamia, where the British force had been surrounded by Turks.

General Townshend, commander of the British troops at Kut-el-Amara, reports there has been no fighting at that place. This information regarding Mesopotamian theatre war was communicated to the House this afternoon, by Austen Chamberlain.

BIG GAIN IS SHOWN IN INLAND REVENUE

OTTAWA, Jan. 19.—The monthly statement of inland revenue published to-day shows that the increase during December was over half a million dollars compared with the same month a year ago. In December, 1914, the revenue was $1,897,774, last December it was $2,416,195. The war tax accounts for $121,988 of this total.

OFFICIAL CONFIRMATION RECEIVED

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 20.—Sir Roper Parkington, Consul General in London for Montenegro today received official confirmation of a report that King Nicholas and his sons would remain at the head of their troops and are determined to fight to the last.

WOMAN SENTENCED FOR ATROCIOUS CRIME

OTTAWA, Jan. 19.—Mrs. Mary Mallory was to-day sentenced to three years' imprisonment by Mr. Justice Sutherland on four charges of white slavery. The case was one of exceptional gravity, the woman's 2 daughters, aged 14 and 16, being the victims.

FOUR POLITICAL AGITATORS ARRESTED IN JAPAN

TOKIO, Jan. 20.—(C. P. R. Special.)—Four young political agitators have been arrested for the attempted assassination of Premier Count Okuna last week. The ringleader of the group confessed he threw the bombs.

New York Times declares that great wave of economy is manifest in New York State and tha wage earners are impressed with importance of savings. New York savings banks now hold $1,791,524,000, an increase of $18,311,000 during the year.

Mounted Police Keep Peace in Northwest

Splendid Order Preserved by Force Among Many Aliens Enemy Settlers

MEN ENLIST FOR FRONT

Crime in Prairie Provinces on Decrease and Horse Thieves Rounded up

OTTAWA, Jan. 10.—The record of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police, which is set out in the annual report tabled in the Commons today, is a wonderful tribute to the efficiency of that famous force. It is particularly interesting with reference to the way in which the enemy alien situation in the western provinces was dealt with.

After the war broke out apprehension was felt owing to many settlers being of enemy nationality, and the force was increased by 500 men. There has been no disturbance of the public peace, the report says, owing to "wise precautions, fair and impartial treatment by the authorities and an admirable self-restraint on the part of the loyal population towards the enemy aliens, and the recognition by these nationalities that as long as they pursued their ordinary avocations and refrained from inimical acts they would not be molested nor interfered with." There were instances of individuals whose acts and words were treasonable and seditious. In a few cases they prosecuted and convicted.

Many Enlist For War

It has now been found to be unnecessary to keep the extra 500 men, and nearly all of them after their one-year engagement took their discharges to join the expeditionary forces. The commissioner feels that any outbreak on the part of the alien population would be sporadic and fruitless. Large bodies of troops are now under training at every centre in the west.

The force on Sept. 30 last consisted of 60 officers, 859 non-commissioned officers and constables. This is an increase of five officers and a decrease of 344 non-commissioned officers and constables as compared with a year ago. The force is distributed as follows: Alberta, 372; Saskatchewan, 488; Northwest Territories, 22; Yukon 57; Now Manitoba, 30. The strength has been increased in Alberta by 63 and decreased in Saskatchewan by 42. Alberta, Manitoba and Saskatchewan are policed under special arrangements with the provinces, and the agreement with Alberta and Saskatchewan expires on March 31 next, but a new agreement had been reached for an indefinite period which may be terminated on one year's notice by any of the parties. The agreement with Manitoba does not expire until 1919.

Arms Seized

During the year arms were seized from 350 aliens, 2309 cases were investigated, 396 interned and 326 paroled.

On Sept. 30, 212 prisoners were in custody charged with general misdemeanors and crimes; 5099 were received during the year. This is the smallest number since 1912. The commonest offence was theft, and next in order came common assault.

The report states that crimes of violence are on the decrease. There were 32 murders during the year, and all of the accused except one were brought to trial.

Horse-stealing, which is always more or less prevalent, has received a salutory check, especially in the Calgary district, where through the efforts of Superintendent Horrigan and his division organized gangs have been broken up, and many have been convicted and punished.

DEBATE ON BLOCKADE

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 20.—A general debate on the question of the blockade of Germany by the British fleet will take place in the House of Commons, Wednesday next.

MUST CONFISCATE EVERYTHING; GERMAN GENERAL'S ORDER

LONDON, Jan. 19—(Special)—The Daily News prints the following order, alleged to have been issued by the German General Sommer in Russia:—

"Requisitions have been carried out too mildly. I therefore order that everything whatsoever found in requisitions, such as foodstuffs, blankets, warm coats, cattle, horses, sheep, goats, etc., shall be confiscated without delay.

"No prayers of the Russian population that part of such things be left to them are to be regarded. We are in an enemy country, and no humanitarian considerations have any value. There is more safety in taking than in giving."

Our
JANUARY SALE
Still in Full Swing

Goods Slaughtered in many cases 10 to 25 p.c. off Regular Prices

Have Cents
Save Your Dollars By Buying Here Now

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

SPECIAL BOOT BARGAINS

Marked Regardless of Cost to Clear Before Stock-Taking.

WOMEN'S GYPSY BOOTS, in Kid, Midnight Blue and Velvet, Patent and Gun Metal Laced and Buttoned, Plain Toe, or Tipped Mat or Cloth Top, all sizes. Regular $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00.

Clearing $2.98

MEN'S TAN and GUN METAL LACED and BUTTONED BOOTS, English or Nobby Toes, all sizes. Regular $5.00 and $6.00 values.

Clearing $3.45

ADAMS The Shoeman

Within the Military Circle

BELLEVILLE

Lt.-Col. Adams of the 155th Battalion has returned from Kingston.

Mr. Elliott has been attached to the 155th Battalion for instructional duty.

Major Allen of the 155th Battalion, felt for Picton to-day.

A Burrows' Adding Machine has been given to the Paymaster's Office of the 155th, on trial. This machine is of great service to the office, but is not provided by the Government and any subscriptions for the payment of same will be much appreciated by Lt.-Col Adams and his staff.

80th Battalion Orders

Bn. Orderly Officer for today, Lt. L. C. McColl, for tomorrow, Lt. A. C. Trousdale.

Bn. Orderly Sergt. for today, Cpl. Brown, B. Co.; for tomorrow, Cpl. Dickson, A. Co.

Bn. Orderly Corpl. for today, Cpl. Caroll, B. Co.; for tomorrow, Cpl. Juby, A. C.

One Family at the Front

We were recently shown a newspaper from Scotland containing a photogravure of a father and five sons who are at present serving at the front. One of the sons, Robert Clement, is a former resident of Port Hope, having worked as teamster at the Standard Ideal!—Port Hope Guide.

KINGSTON

For the first two weeks in January the Third Divisional Area secured 1,360 recruiits. This brings the total troops in the Division up to 358 officers, and 8,256 of other ranks, making a total of 8,714 in all.

There will be "Pals" platoons in the 146th Battalion. Men who have been chums in civil life and who enlist in the battalion will be kept together in the same platoons and sections as much as possible.

Major Porter of Belleville, was in the city yesterday. He is engaged in instructional work all over the Division.

Capt. Wilson, A.D.D.S., who spent two days in the city, returned to Belleville yesterday morning.

There are 155 men from the various divisional units taking the course of the school of signalling.

Lieut.Col. W. J. Brown, G. S. O., is making an inspection trip through the division.

Capt. Ackerman, Peterboro' and Capt. Ponton, Belleville, who are on the divisional instructional staff since returning from the front, were at headquarters on Tuesday.

(Ottawa Journal)

Two thousand young men at only three of four theatres and hockey matches Saturday evening in Ottawa suggests that our recruiting only hits the high spots.

IN and ABOUT THE CITY

ONLY A TRAMP

The only occupant of the police appartments last night was a solitary tramp, who sought protection.

OVERCOAT FOUND

An overcoat, which was picked up from the ice in the harbor, is at the police station awaiting an owner.

CUTTING ICE

The ice dealers of the city have commenced to cut ice upon the bay. The average thickness of the cakes is 12 inches and is of a superior quality.

COMMITTEE MEETING

The first regular meeting of the Civic Committees of the newly elected City Council will be held this evening.

PROHIBITION MEETING

All persons interested for the great movement for a dry Ontario in 1916, are cordially invited to attend a meeting in the Y.M.C.A. Parlors to-night (Thursday) at eight o'clock.

Mr. T. G. Glover of the Committee of One Hundred in Toronto, who are promoting the movement for prohibition for Ontario, will be present.

GRIPPE IN CITY

LaGrippe has secured a fairly strong hold upon many citizens of Belleville. The epidemic is widespread in the Province, and there is probably not a village, town or city that has not its full quota of cases. In many towns schools have been closed, while civic officers have been forced to abandon all attempts at work. Many in the city are under the weather, whilst some are recovering and others endeavoring to fight the disease off.

GRIFFIN'S OPERA HOUSE
Two Days Only, Wednesday & Thursday, Jan. 26 and 27
The Stupendous Photo Drama
QUO VADIS
In 3 Acts, 8 parts
Performance lasting 2¼ hours as presented at the Astor Theatre, N.Y., 305 consecutive successful performances; a sensational success throughout Europe and America..
Prices, 10c, 15c and 25c
Seats on sale at Doyle's.

AN OMISSION

In our report of the Belleville Agricultural Fair Association published in yesterday's paper, the name of Hon. H. Corby should have appeared as one of the Honorary Presidents.

KNOWN IN THIS CITY

Word has been received in the city of the death of Eric J. Goldie, who died from exposure while on active service at the Dardanelles on November 28th, 1915. Eric had many friends in this city,—who will regret to hear of his death. Mrs. Geo. M. Stewart of this city, is an aunt of the deceased.

GIFTS APPRECIATED

Mrs. Hary Doxsee, Octavia street, had a letter from her son, Gunner Earle Doxsee from the front, in which he asked her to thank the ladies of the Rainbow Club for a box received by him, at Christmas time. He evidently had received some instructions about the distribution of same, which he has carried out, and the lucky boys were very much pleased with the contents.

BOXES SENT TO THE FRONT

The Argyle Chapter I.O.D.E., mailed a number of seven pound boxes to the trenches yesterday, each box containing. 1 tin peaches, sardines, pressed beef chicken, sweetened cocoa also coffee, box of biscuits, 1 lb. dates, chocolates, one pair hand-knit socks. It is the intention of the Chapter to send another supply soon, and would be glad to receive other names of boys who are fighting. Kindly phone 365, or send to Mrs. S. W. Vermilyea, 219 Anne Street.

The following were sent boxes:—

Capt. E. O'Flynn, Sergt. Hutchison, Ptes. W. Craig, C. C. Clarke, M. Vandevoort, G. Lancaster, Barnhart, E. Bacon, J. Gilbey, W. Dingman, F. Barnum, A. Lubin, 2nd Battalion.

Lieut. E. Wallace, 1st Contingent.

Corp. E. Geen, Corp. A. Johnson, Corp. L. Evans, Pte. H. Weller, H. McElrath, G. Johnson, F. Rayfield, D. Ketcheson, J. Varley, 21st Battalion.

ORIGIN OF KHAKI

A correspondent in the Vancouver World asks what is the origin of the term "khaki." This is a matter which should be made clear at this time to every man of fighting age in Hastings County. The name used to designate the cloth from which the soldier's uniform is now made is of Hindu origin. In that country it means the color of dust, the original hue of the material. Formerly the British soldiers were dressed as a rule in red, and it was finally decided that this color by making the men conspicuous rendered them an excellent target for the enemy. A hue more in constancy with their surroundings was looked for, and khaki was the result, and at the outset the "dust color" was in keeping with the name. Khaki was first worn by British soldiers in India in 1848. It was adopted by the United States in the Spanish-American War, and is still used there as the light service uniform of soldiers.

DEATH OF AGED LADY

After being ill for some months, Mrs. Hannah B. Tickell, widow of the late ex-Mayor George S. Tickell, passed away last evening at the family residence, 254 Church street. Deceased was one of the best known and esteemed ladies of this city. In the year 1834 Mrs. Tickell was born at Cheltenham, England, being thus in her 82nd years. In company with her husband, she came out to Canada in 1857, and in 1858 located in Belleville where she has since resided. For many years deceased had been a devoted member of Bridge St. Methodist church, and was a lady who always took an active interest in everything, appertaining to the welfare of those of her sex. She was in every sense of the word a lady, imbued with that Christian spirit, which has for its object the doing of good for mankind in general. Her late illness was born with Christian fortitude and without complaint. She has at last passed beyond this vale of tears to be the possessor of joys beyond life's cares. Mr. Tickell preceded her to the tomb, some years ago. Surviving are four sons and one daughter. The sons are, G. W., of Sandiago, Ca.; Dr. A. H., of Nevada, Cal.; Joseph L. and Edward H., of Belleville, and the daughter, Mrs. Annie at home. The grand children are, F. G. Tickell, of Berkely, Cal.; U. S. and Miss Josephine, of Belleville. To the bereaved ones will be extended the heartfelt sympathy of all classes of citizens.

"AT THE CLUB"

"At the Club" is the universal answer one would get if he asked every member of the 80th and 155th Battalion who was off duty last night how he spent the evening. Perhaps he was not there for the whole programme, but he was there for some of it, and if he had to leave he made the necessary excuses where he went and then hurried back. Last night's excellent programme was furnished by Mr. and Mrs. Wheatley and the boys did not need to be told that they gave the first programme that was presented after the club opened. The men's memories served them well, and those who had other engagements for part of the evening, recalling the interesting evening, this talented couple arranged before, hurried away early and hurried back in a surprisingly short time. That those who arranged and took part in the programme knew the tastes of the men was indicated by the selections offered. Mrs. Wheatley sang "Soldiers of the King," Mr. Cook, "For King and Country"; Mr. McKay, "Mary of Arglye"; Miss Terwilliger, 'Somewhere in France"; Miss MacDonnell, "Peg O' My Heart," and Miss Higgs played I l Trovato re. as a violin solo, for all of whom Mr. Wheatley played. These were the programme numbers and everyone kindly responded to the request for an encore or encores. In the words of one of the men last night the place was "jammed." A few weeks ago, in fact every Wednesday night and most of the other nights we could say the club was full, then crowded was the word, now jammed and as there are no more suitable words left the only solution this supporter could think of was to enlarge the place. After the programme the usually abundance of refreshments were served and the men left, closing with God Save the King and after having an extra long evening through the kind permission of the officers.

Rich Indian teas blended with flavory Ceylons.

Red Rose Tea "is good tea"

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SOCIAL and PERSONAL

The condition of Mr. John Hick, who resides on Moira street shows no improvement. He has been seriously ill for some days.

Miss Helen [illegible] of Belleville has successfully passed her first year Law School examinations in Toronto, standing third in a class of 92.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Farrell of Stirling spent the last few days in the city the guests of his brother, D. M. Farrell.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Anderson of Hoard's Station, were the guests of her brother, D. M. Farrell, for a few days.

Mrs. Bacon, of Belleville, has been visiting Mrs. J. A. Clayton, Ottawa.

Mrs. J. C. Moynes of this city is seriously ill from an attack of pneumonia.

ANNUAL MEETING OF JOHN ST. CHURCH

The annual business meeting of the John Street congregation was held last night, and while on account of prevalent sickness and other circumstances attendance was not quite up to the usual number, yet the meeting proved to be one of the most interesting, and everybody was in the most cordial mood because of the excellent character of the reports presented.

The pastor, Rev. E. C. Currie, acted as chairman, and Mr. I. L. Moore, of the Ontario Business College, did duty as secretary in a most accomplished manner.

The report of the Session contained a number of very interesting items. Thirty-seven names were added to the membership roll and thirteen removed during the year. Six of these removals were by the death of faithful members of long standing, who loved their church and gave her of their best.

The introduction of the improved and dated duplex envelope a year ago has resulted not only in a marked increase of givings both to revenue and missions, but in a deepened interest.

The total receipts from all organizations amounted to $4,450, and the expenditure was such as to leave a good balance on the right side. The report of the Church Help Society showed receipts to the amount of $348.74, and the W. M. S. raised by voluntary contribution $328.62. The S. S. Treasurer's report showed receipts to the amount of $268.89.

The givings of all organizations to missionary and benevolent objects was probably the best in the congregation's history and amounted to $1,560.40. The Missionary Treasurer reports $63 more than in 1914 and $232 more than in 1913 in the envelope contributions to missions. This is quite noteworthy in a year of comparative stringency and uncommon demands. In addition to the objects named in the church budget the congregation gave, in 1915, to such worthy causes as the Lord's Day Alliance, Red Cross Fund, Belgian Relief, Sailor's Mission, S. S. Association, Sick Children's Hospital, French Air Fund and local relief work.

Messrs. W. B. Robinson, W. C. Springer and A. O. Marshall were re-elected to the Board of Management, and Mr. W. G. Huffman was elected as a new member of the Board.

Many interesting suggestions were offered as leading to a further advance in 1916 and votes of thanks were passed to all organizations and office bearers in the congregation whose willing and faithful co-operation had helped to achieve the success of the year.

The meeting closed with singing the National Anthem.

Read Gorman's advertisement on Page 7 1t

Financial

"Bradstreets"

There are 543 flour mills in Canada with an aggregate daily capacity of 112,000 barrels. Fully half this capacity is in the hands of four large firms. The war has been favorable to many departments of Canadian industry, but few have benefited so materially as the milling industry. Mills secure the largest measure of their profits from domestic trade. During 1915, however, on both exports and home trade substantial profits were realized. Exports increased during the season 1914-15, the total being 4,897,000 barrels in 1913-14, 4,374,000 barrels in 1912-13 and 4,273,000 barrels in 1911-12. While most of the export trade is within the Empire, more than half of our flour goes to the mother land. This season the increase in exports is being well maintained. Orders have kept the larger and most of the smaller mills busy from the start, the only serious difficulty being ocean freights.

SAVES TORPEDOED SHIP WITH ROPE IN TEETH

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—A. W. Piccott, Minister of Marine and Fisheries in Newfoundland, who arrived here today on the Red Cross steamship Stephano on his way to Washington said:

"Just before I came away from St. John's we heard by accident that Jack Green of Trinity Bay, Newfoundland, an able seaman in the navy, had been decorated with the Distinguished Service Medal for a heroic act in saving life," Mr. Piccott said. "A torpedoed vessel in the North Sea was sinking fast. The captain of Green's ship called for volunteers to go to the rescue of her passengers and crew. Jack did not mind the cold water and dived overboard with a line in his teeth, swam to the other vessel and made the line fast on board.

"A tackle and lifesaving buoy were rigged. Green stopped on board until all hands had been rescued, and then swam back to his ship again. When his mother wrote him and asked for full details, the seaman replied that he did remember going 'over for a bit of a dip' one day."

Try Our Saturday Special Chocolates
33c
JAS. WALLACE & CO.

When in Eye Trouble Don't Take Chances

There's an eye-glass house long established — with a wide experience — and an unquestionable reputation—up to date in all respects
Where you can be SURE of good service at a reasonable price.

Our Reputation for Accuracy & Reliability

has been established by over 20 years' square dealing in this community
at
Angus McFee's

Comb Honey
At Wallbridge & Clarke's
1000 Sections of delicious COMB HONEY
At Reasonable Prices
Dark Buckwheat Honey, 15c per section $1.70 per dozen
No. 1 White Honey, 20c per section $2.25 per dozen
Pure Cream Lucca Italian OLIVE OIL Quart Tins 75c
Boned Chicken, tins 25c & 40c
At Wallbridge & Clarke's

SINCLAIR'S SINCLAIR'S

STOCK = TAKING SALE

Friday and Saturday Bargains

Just before Stock-Taking we are offering some Special Lines at Bargain Prices for Friday and Saturday Shoppers.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES.
We are offering a good variety of Pretty Styles in Children's Dresses. These are made of Serge, Velvet and Bedford Cord of good quality. The colors are Navy, Copen, Red and Brown with trimmings in contrasting colors. Sizes are 6 and 8 years. On sale Friday and Saturday for $3.00 each.

LADIES' COATS, HALF PRICE.
Twenty-five Ladies' and Misses' Colored Cloth Coats are being placed on sale Friday and Saturday. These are all this season's styles and are well made of good materials. The cloths are Chinchilla, Friezze and Tweeds, in Grey, Navy, Khaki, Brown and Mixtures. There are sizes from 10 years to 42 ins. bust in the lot. These Coats sold regularly for $12.50, $13.50 up to $17.50. On sale Friday and Saturday at HALF PRICE.

SWEATER COATS.
An assortment of Ladies' Wool Sweater Coats in Plain Ribbed and Brushed Wool. These may be had in Navy, Grey, Red, Black and Brown in all sizes. This is an opportunity to buy a Sweater Coat cheaply. The regular prices were from $1.50 to $5.00. On sale at Half Price.

WIDE FLANNELETTE, 9c.
34-inch Flannelette in Grey, Blue and Pink striped patterns. On sale Friday and Saturday at 9c. yard.

NIGHTGOWNS, 50c. EACH.
Five dozen Ladies' Flannelette Nightgowns in Pink, Blue and Grey Stripes. Good quality. On sale, 50c. each.

KIMONO CLOTHS, 15c. YARD.
About 25 patterns in Kimono Cloths, in Blue, Brown, Red, Grey, Mauve, Rose and Tan. These are good warm materials. Price, 15c. yard.

CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR.
Children's Underwear, in sizes 3 to 10 years. On sale at 25c. per suit.

BLOUSES
Three Dozen Ladies' Grey and Colored Cashmerette Blouses. All sizes in the lot. Regular prices 75c. to $1.25, for 59c. each.

WOOL BLANKETS.
Fourteen pairs only of White Wool Blankets, sizes 60 x 80 and 64 x 84. Regular prices up to $4.50. On sale at $3 35 pr. 10/4 Grey Flannelette Blankets, $1.05 pr.

DRESS GOODS.
Your choice of about 25 pieces of Dress Goods and Suitings in Blue, Grey, Green, Brown and Mixed Colors. Regular prices, 65c., 75c. and 90c. yard, for only 49c. yard.

Sinclair's | STORE CLOSES SATURDAYS AT 7 P.M. | Sinclair's

January Sale

Our
10 Per Cent
Discount

SALE IS IN FULL SWING.
Stock Consists of
GENERAL DRY GOODS
BLANKETS COMFORTERS
QUILTS BLOUSES
SKIRTS, CORSETS
HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR
SWEATER COATS, for Men, Women and Children.
MEN'S FURNISHINGS.
We carry only the best brands.
10% off the whole stock, Spools, Grey Cottons and Holeproof Hosiery excepted.
YOU CAN SAVE MONEY HERE

Wims & Co

WHY NOT THE BEST?

You men who shave, just drop in when passing, and let us show you the new self adjusting and stropping
AUTO-STROP SAFETY RAZOR
500 shaves — $5.00
"GUARANTEED"

Waters' DRUG STORE

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip

Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.

Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows

F. W. L. CARRE

Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward counties.
Phone 366 276 Albert St., City

EYES BLUR
when reading?
If so; Glasses are needed to overcome the strain—let me help you.

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Eye-Sight Specialist

Hotpoint El Perco

El Perco
A PERFECT PERCOLATOR

Makes six cups of delicious coffee right at the table for less than one cent's worth of electricity. Attaches to any lamp socket and will commence percolating from cold water in 30 seconds.

LET US SHOW YOU ONE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Advertise in The Intelligencer

Farmers Have Had Profitable Year

Chairman of Agricultural Committee Reports on Bay of Quinte District

By J. Elliott
(Toronto Board of Trade News)

It has been suggested that as I am Chairman of the Agricultural Committee of the Associated Boards of Trade of the Province of Ontario, I might give a report on Farming and Patriotic Conditions, as at present prevailing in the Bay of Quinte district.

Since I have been very closely in touch with the farming community in the above mentioned territory for the past nine years I can give a fairly accurate account of the situation in Hastings, Prince Edward and adjoining counties.

1915 Rain-Fall Not Unmixed Evil

It may at once be admitted that the year 1915 will prove more profitable to the farmers than any other during the past decade. Prices obtainable for dairy products were much better than in former years, and the field crops exceptionally good, the yield of grain per acre was much above the average. The copious rains during the summer months which, in some sections of Ontario did much damage to grain, were really a blessing to this locality where so much of the land is given to pasturage, and resulted in a much larger make of cheese than that reached the previous year, the increase being at least fifteen per cent. I do not wish to leave the impression that the excessive rain-fall did no damage to grain in this section; it did, but the loss was so small in comparison to the gain by increased milk that I am quite justified in claiming the wet summer was a financial benefit to the farmers of Eastern Ontario. Very little grain is marketed in the counties under consideration, it being used for feeding purposes, the Bay of Quinte District being one of the great dairy sections of Canada.

Farmers Increasing Live Stock

Owing to the splendid financial position of local farmers, and the excellent prospects of good prices for farm products next season, farmers are increasing their stock of cattle, so we may reasonably look for a much greater production of cheese and butter in 1916 than we had in 1915. I am led to draw this conclusion by the fact that at present there is not over 500,000 boxes of cheese available in the combined cities of London, Bristol, Liverpool and Montreal.

Cheese a Soldier's Ration

As the Allied Nations are supplying their soldiers with cheese as a ration, it becomes at once apparent that the present stock will soon be consumed.

Belleville being the largest city on the Bay of Quinte, it naturally follows it should have the most important Cheese Board in the district and one well and favorably known, not only in Canada but in every large city in Great Britain. The product of over sixty cheese factories, some 4,000 boxes, is sold on the Belleville Board each week during the summer months, the same being purchased by local and Montreal buyers, and all of which is exported to Great Britain. The Belleville Cheese Board of Trade is composed of a class of men who, from an intellectual standpoint, cannot be surpassed in any country. Not only are they prepared to produce and sell cheese, but to do their duty in giving their sons and money to aid our Empire in its present great struggle for liberty.

Patriotic Cheese Men.

In September, 1914, the members of the Board organized what is known as the Belleville Cheese Board Patriotic and Red Cross Fund, each farmer giving one day's milk to be made into cheese, which, when sold, the cash received was handed to the Treasurer of the Board for patriotic purposes. The sum thus realized in 1914 was over $4,000.00, nearly all of which was paid out for patriotic and relief purposes. In 1915 an additional $3,000.00 was raised by similar methods, and this is being used to supply Red Cross Societies and Women's Institutes with money to purchase materials to be made by them, and in due course sent to British hospitals for the use and comfort of our Canadian soldiers. Too much credit cannot be given to the ladies of the Bay of Quinte district for the work they are doing in their Red Cross circles, and the men of the community may be depended upon to furnish all the money needed by the ladies for this work.

In addition to the Belleville Cheese Board Fund there is a Hastings County Patriotic Fund. The three organizations are capably managed by persons whose services are gratuitously given, and the utmost satisfaction as to how the money is distributed prevails.

It is fully realized by soldiers from this district, leaving for active service, that their loved ones will not be neglected during their absence.

Annual Exchange of Ideas.

No account of the agricultural conditions of the district under consideration would be complete without reference to an event that takes place annually at one of Belleville's leading hotels, and which, from being a small gathering of cheese factory salesmen nine year ago, has grown into one of the most influential meetings of those representing the great cheese industry held any place in Canada. The object of the meeting is co-operation and bringing together all those who are in any way interested in this work, whether Members of Parliament, Representatives of the Department of Agriculture, Wardens of Counties, Reeves of Municipalities, Railway and Steamboat Managers; all these come together and discuss how best to improve and increase the dairy and farm products of Canada, and so assist in raising this country in the estimation and esteem of Great Britain and other nations of the world.

In conclusion, permit me to say that after thirty years of close business relations with the rural population of Ontario, I am persuaded that when men are called, or money needed, the farmers of Ontario will be found willing to do their duty to Canada and the Empire.

(Sgd.) J. Elliott,
Chairman Agricultural Committee,
Belleville, Ont., Dec. 10, 1915.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES
BEST YEAST IN THE WORLD
Bread made with Royal Yeast will keep fresh and moist longer than that made with any other.
MADE IN CANADA

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Vocabulary of Barracks and Camp

Among the thousand and one new things that shoals of young men who are entering the army daily will have to learn is the curious vocabulary of barracks and camp, especially in England and France. How racy it is can be seen from the following examples, taken from a chapter on "Tommy's Private Language," an excellent new book on "The Way They Have in the Army."

Atchz.—All right.

Badg-y.—An enlisted boy.

Baggies.—Sailors in the navy.

Blighty—Home.

Bobtack—Powder mixed into a paste to clean buttons and brass work on equipment.

Bobygee—A soldier cook. In India a native one.

Brief, Cheque or Ticket—Discharge documents.

Bully Beef—The tinned meat ration.

Bundook—A rifle.

Bun-Wallah—A soldier who drinks nothing stronger than tea, and is, in consequence, supposed to eat voraciously of buns.

C. B.—Abbreviation of "confined to barracks."

Chancing His Arm—Committing an offence in expectation that it will be discovered. A non-commissioned officer is said to be "chancing his arm," because he may be deprived of his stripes.

Chips—The regimental pioneer sergeant, who is usually a carpenter.

Chucking a Dummy.—When a man faints on parade he is said to "have chucked a dummy."

Clink or Mush—The guard room.

Coming the Old Soldier—When a man attempts to take undue advantage over another, he is said to be "coming the old soldier."

Dock—A military hospital.

Dog's Leg—The first stripe received on promotion.

Doolally Tap—When a soldier becomes mentally unbalanced he is said to have received the "Doolally tap." "Doolally" is a corruption of the name of an Indian town, Deolali.

Get Your Number Dry—A contemptuous instruction given by an old soldier to a younger one who has expressed views and opinions which his short experience has not warranted. A soldier's number (regimental) is stamped in ink on his clothing when he first joins.

Gravel Crushers—Infantry soldiers.

High Jump—An appearance before the commanding officer to answer a charge of breaking regulations.

Jankers—Defaulters' drill.

Lance Jack—A lance-corporal.

Long-faced Chum—A cavalryman's term for his horse.

Lost His Number—A man is said to have "lost his (regimental) number," when he is reported for any offence. It is "lost" because it is placed on the report sheet.

Muckin—Butter.

Muck-in—Share in.

Poultice Wallahs—Royal Army Medical Corps men.

Pukin—Proper, correct, genuine.

Quarter Bloke—The quartermaster.

Rookey—A recruit.

Root-y—Bread.

Scrounger—A man with plenty of resource in getting what he wants.

Slingers—A meal of bread and tea.

Square-Pushing—Courting.

Square-Bit—A best girl.

Stir—Imprisonment in a detention barracks.

Swinging the Lead—The equivalent of "telling the tale."

Tack—A man goes on the "tack" when he takes the pledge.

Vamping—Eating heartily.

Weighed Off—When a soldier has been awarded punishment for an offence he is said to have been 'weighed off."

Yob—One who is easily fooled.

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Presentation of Gold Medals

On Monday afternoon of this week, a very interesting event took place at Queen Victoria school of this city, when Inspector H. J. Clarke presented the prizes for shooting awarded by the Strathcona Trust.

Cadet Gordon Craig, as best shot in the city P. S. Cadet Corps, received the gold medal. Other valuable book prizes were donated to Gordon Craig, George McIntosh, Harry Mills, Will Ormond, Wendell Johnson, Will Andrews.

The boys were delighted with their prizes. Queen Victoria school is very proud of its record in obtaining medals and trophies. During the past four years this school has won the gold medal for Entrance Candidates three times, the trophy for base-ball twice and now in their first shooting competition a Queen Victoria boy has carried off the gold medal as best shot among the city Public School Cadets. The boys intend to enter at least two teams for the National Rifle Association Junior prizes.

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A NEW CHOCOLATE FUDGE

If you like fudge, and want a new treat in this delicious and easily made confection, just try the following recipe:

Mix 2 cups granulated sugar, two tablespoons FRY'S Chocolate Powder and a piece of butter size of walnut. Stir in one cup of milk and boil very slowly from 20 minutes to a half hour—until it forms a ball when dropped into cold water. A few nuts make a pleasant addition. Remove from fire, beat until stiff, pour into pan, and when cool cut into squares.

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Read Gorman's advertisement on Page 7. 1t

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PICKLES FOR LONG LIFE

Woman Lived to be 102 Years Old And Attributed Age of Their Use

BINGHAMTON, Jan. 19.—Mrs. Eliza D. Lathrop, 102 years old, died in this city today.

In an interview given out on her last birthday Mrs. Lathrop said that her chief article of diet was pickles and as a birthday present she then received a huge jar of assorted pickles. She had been fond of pickles all her life and said their use kept her well.

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MUSIC & DRAMA

Among the host of interesting characters in George Kleine's marvellous photo drama "Quo Vadis," which comes to the Griffin Opera House on Wednesday and Thursday, Jan. 26 and 27 with daily matinees, none are more enjoyed and respected by the audiences than Sig. Castellani as Ursus, the giant slave so thoroughly devoted to his mistress Lygia. He completely realizes in his appearance, height and muscular power, all that our mind pictures of the physical giant who could uplift trees and even tear a huge bull asunder. Castellani was not an actor until he posed for this photodrama.

Seats on sale at Doyle's. Prices, 10c., 15c. and 25c.

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FRACTURED HIP

LINDSAY, Jan. 20.—Mr. McArthur, of Cannington, father-in-law of Dr. Barker, of the same village, was brought to the Ross Memorial Hospital this morning. He sustained a fractured hip as a result of a bad fall on the slippery walk.

Gin Pills FOR THE KIDNEYS
Why They're Sold

WINNIPEG, May 19th, 1912.

"In the autumn of 1911, I suffered with a continual pain in the back. As a druggist, I tried various remedies without any apparent results. Having sold GIN PILLS for a number of years, I thought there must be good in them, otherwise the sales would not increase so fast. I gave them a fair trial and the results I find to be good."

GEO. E. ROGERS.

50c. a box or 6 boxes for $2.50, at all drug stores. Free sample sent if you write the 22

National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto.

Endless Chain Can't be Stopped

Two New York Misses Start Ball Rolling For 25-Cents War Relief Fund

NEW YORK, January 19.—The sum of $5,000, most of it in 25 cent contributions, has been collected by two women, inexperienced in such work, for anesthetics for European war hospitals. Money is still coming as a result of their appeal, sent out under somewhat unusual circumstances. The fact is, that now the ball has been started rolling they cannot stop it, even though they want to. The money is being turned over to various relief organizations as rapidly as any considerable amount accumulates.

The money is being collected by means of the old system, now frowned on by the authorities, known as the "endless chain letter." The first batch of letters was sent out some months ago by Miss S. V. Clarke, a nurse of Park avenue, and a friend, Miss Winifred Lipscombe. To how many thousands the letters have gone by now it would be impossible to estimate, but the contributions received show that the letters have reached every state in the union. Here is a copy of the letter, several of which have been sent to the Times' office, by persons who wish to know if the "chain" is all right:

"Owing to the scarcity of anesthetics, operations which give untold agony are performed daily without their aid.

"To mitigate the suffering, we make an appeal to every one to give 25 cents toward the purchase of chloroform to use in the 'hospitals of the Allies.' Please make four copies of this letter and send them to your friends, using the next highest number than this on each letter. Do not fail, or the chain will be broken. Send 25 cents to Miss Elizabeth Whitman, Eye and Ear Hospital, Thirteenth St. and Second Ave., New York City, New York." (Each letter bore a number.)

Investigation by the Post Office Department and by the Times has established the fact that the appeal was made in good faith and that Miss Whitman is in every way responsible. But there are complications, as the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, of which Miss Whitman is head nurse, has not given its sanction officially to the collection of a fund. That is why an effort was made to check the flow of contributions, an effort which has been unavailing.

The facts are as follows: The idea of an endless chain was brought forward by Miss Clarke and her friend, because they felt deep sympathy for the men in the war hospitals, who were suffering because of the lack of medicines. They saw only a chance to do good for others and, desiring to select some one to whom the money contributed could be sent, hit upon Miss Whitman, a personal friend, whose position gave her a certain "stability" required to make a success of their effort to help others.

And so, despite Miss Whitman's objections, the letters were started on their way and grew in numbers until it is estimated that possibly 50,000 of them have been circulated. That is but a guess, for none could hope to tell the actual number.

The Post Office Department sent an inspector to see Miss Whitman, and on going over her receipts decided at once that everything was regular. At the inspector's department of the Post Office it was said yesterday that there was no question about "everything being all right." The chain letters was termed a "worthy charity," and that was the end of it, as far as the department was concerned. The police department and different charity organizations also looked into it and came to the same conclusion, that the work was for a good cause and that everybody connected with it was worthy of respect, and confidence.

Miss Whitman is receiving 25 cent pieces by the bushel. She said yesterday that the money had been turned over to various organizations, among them the British War Relief, the Red Cross the Junior War Relief, the Needlework Guild and the British-American War Relief. She has kept every receipt, and every contribution has been tabulated and accounted for.

DAVIES

Finnan Haddies 12½c lb.
Haddie Fillets 15c lb.
Salmon Steaks 16c lb.
Kippers 10c a pair

A SNAP
For
Men and Boys

Gun Metal Buttoned and Laced Boots
Worth $3 and $3.50, now Clearing
Men's for $2.45
Boy's for $2.25

Our Stock of Winter Footwear is Complete at Popular Prices

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros.
January Clearance Sale
Enters the Third Week with Bigger and Better Bargains than ever.

Newspaper announcements can't keep pace with the many bargains that will be put out on the counters all this week; consequently you can't afford to miss one day of this great sale.

Here are a few special offers:—

CHILDREN'S COATS FOR WINTER that will keep the kiddies warm. Colors, navy blue and red Fur Fabric, trimmed with belt; a very serviceable and warm coat, clearing at $2.39. Regular $3.50 value. Others clearing at $2.69 for larger kiddies.

Kiddies' Bear Cloth Coats, tan color, suitable for children from 2 up to 6 years; clearing at .... $2.98 up to $3.98

Children's Sweater Coats, regular up to $1.25 values, clearing at .... 85c.

Children's Toques, great values, clearing at 25c. up to 50c.

Girls' Sweaters, a few clearing at only $1.49. Regular $2.25 values.

McIntosh Bros

PERSIAN LAMB

We have never before been better prepared to meet the season's demand for high class Persian Lamb garments, than at present.

Why not get prices on having your Persian Jacket repaired, remodelled or lengthened? We have skins to match every coat.

G. T. WOODLEY,
Phone 421. 273 Front St.

The Standard Bank of Canada.
Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.
GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.
Toronto, 28th December, 1915.

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch - - - JOHN ELLIOTT - - Manager

WOOLS

At the present time we have a large stock of Military and Fingering Yarns. As this Wool was secured under our old agreement, we have not had to advance our prices on this lot. Secure what you require soon.

Hockey Goods

Hockey Sticks, Hockey Gloves, Hockey Pads, Leg Guards Pucks and Skate Straps all at popular prices.

THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, 82 Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL,
Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $2.00, strictly in advance.

This is the 533rd day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany

WHY CANADA FIGHTS.

What is the idea of public speakers, like Sir Wilfrid Laurier for instance, insisting that Canada is in this war of her own free will, and not because she is forced into it by Great Britain? Why should the obvious thus be emphasized? asks the Mail and Empire. Whoever supposed that Canada was coerced into fighting? The suggestion underlying the remarks of certain speakers on the subject is that to fight for Britain alone would be unworthy, a sacrifice of Canada's autonomy; that this country is at war, not because Great Britain is at war, but because Canada, having thoughtfully debated upon the various white books and red books, has come to the conclusion that, upon the whole, the balance of right and justice is upon the side of Belgium, France, Russia, and incidentally Great Britain, and that Canada has made up her mind, like any judge, that this is the side upon which she should stand. The inference is that, had the rights of the matter been more obscure, Canada might have refused to participate in the war, or even, conceivably, might have cast in her lot with the other side.

Some time ago the theory was put forth that in a war in which Great Britain was engaged, Canada became automatically a belligerent; that when Britain was at war Canada was at war, but that Canada might remain a non-combatant, and apparently it is to bolster up this notion that so much stress is laid upon the fact that while Canada is actively participating she is doing so of her own free will, and not because of any obligations to the British Empire. For this suggestion there is no warrant in the action of the Canadian people. Nine-tenths of the Canadians who have enlisted have done so, not because Canada enjoys autonomy, not because of the wrongs of Belgium, but because the British Empire is in it; and they would have enlisted just as readily without autonomy as with it. Speakers who harp upon the entire freedom of choice left to Canada in regard to enlistment seem to forget that up to the present time an equal freedom of choice has been left to the people in the British Isles. Canada is in this war just exactly as Ulster or Leicester or Ayrshire is in it.

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THE EVER-ACTIVE SPY.

Out of some hundreds of German spies arrested in Britain since the war began, eight or ten have been shot; out of 1125 apprehended in France, 55 have been put to death. These figures give some idea of the far-reaching extent of the Huns' secret service. It was estimated before the war that Germany paid $50,000,000 yearly for espionage, and that Britain spent only $250,000—chiefly to find out what the German spies were doing.

As we now know, the German secret service has been active throughout the world for years past. It fomented rebellion in South Africa; it stirred up civil war in Ireland; it subsidized newspapers in the United States, and, as we know to our cost, in Canada too; it created discontent in Persia; it tried to buy over leading Belgians to betray their country; it attempted to mislead Italian public opinion; it bribed the Turks and Bulgars to sacrifice themselves to Teuton ambition—in a word, the Hun sought world-domination just as keenly by underground methods of treachery and espionage as he is now doing on the battlefield.

Anyone acquainted with the ramifications of the German Secret Service before the war would have looked for outrages in the United States immediately the British Fleet secured control of the seas and the shipment of munitions to the Allies was thereby assured. But the United States itself was caught napping. Its secret service was negligible and the instigators of the bomb outrages, ship and factory-wrecking plots and other criminal acts were able to work their will unhindered. Fortunately the British secret service was awake to the situation. It followed close upon the heels of the Hun plotters and secured the evidence necessary for the American counts to inflict more or less adequate punishments.

Those in a position to know assert that the American army and navy is full of spies today; and that not a gun is built nor a ship launched that Hun emissaries do not know all there is to be known about them. In the very unlikely event of the people of the United States entering the war, their first task would be to segregate the enemy in their midst. But what a task it would be!

Your Childs Cough

Is it nothing? Is it to be neglected until it leads to that terrible scourge consumption? Peps stand between winter coughs and colds, and serious consequences. Peps are tablets made up of Pine extracts and medicinal essences, which when put into the mouth turn into healing vapors. These are breathed down direct to the lungs, throat and bronchial tubes—not swallowed down to the stomach, which is not ailing.

Try a 50c. box of Peps for your cold, your cough, bronchitis or asthma. All druggists and stores or Peps Co., Toronto, will supply

Peps

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LET BORDEN WORRY.

The Winnipeg Free Press treats the gross waste and jobbery on the National Transcontinental Railway with easy resignation. It says: "It has cost a good bit of money, but the money was there, and if it had not been so spent it would have been spent probably in some other less beneficial manner. It is now idle and useless to talk of the cost."

In the meantime a Conservative Government has to operate a railway through long stretches of unsettled country at an annual loss of hundreds of thousands of dollars. It has to take over a huge reach of road in order to protect the public credit and save something out of the Laurier Government's "investment." It will have to meet the attacks of Liberal politicians and newspapers in any measures that may be taken to protect the credit of the Grand Trunk Pacific and the credit of the country.

But, as The Free Press says, the money has been spent. The road is there. On the strength of the money put into the project the Laurier carried two general election. Now let Borden and White and Cochrane and Rogers worry.—Toronto News.

◆

"TIPPERARY" IS DONE INTO NEW YORK LATIN.

Night Pupils at De Witt Clinton and Professor Collaborate on Songs.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—You can't keep a good song down. When it has been translated into all the living languages it takes up the dead.

If whoever wrote Tipperary will visit the New York Evening School in De Witt Clinton High School, Tenth Avenue and Fifty-ninth street, he will hear there almost any night this lyric lilt—and wonder what has happened to the darling of his brain:

"Longa via ad Tipperarium,
Longa via ibo;
Longa via ad Tipperarium,
Ad pullam quam cognosco.
Vale Picidilium,
Vale Leicester Forum;
Longa via est ad Tipperarium,
Ibi est cor meum."

Also, if he listens longer, he will hear, "I Don't Raise My Boy to be a Soldier," and the other songs of the moment done into the purest New York Latin.

The explanation, if he asks one, is that Professor Horace C. Walt, teacher of Latin in both De Witt Clinton High School and the Evening School, has discovered the way to interest his pupils is to bring Latin up to date. Of course Caesar's legions may have sung the same song, as they realized how far it was from London town to Ireland, but even so, thinks Prof. Walt, to put Tipperary into Horace's tongue brings the past more in line with the present.

◆

GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From The Daily Intelligencer Jan. 20, 1868

A fire broke out and consumed a large part of the Morton Distillery, at Kingston. A large quantity of grain was destroyed.

A fire broke out in the Parliament Buildings in Quebec City and serious damage was done before the flames were extinguished.

A very important discovery of gold was made by A. B. Ross & Co., of Madoc.

At other mines work is being vigorously proceeded with, and altogether the prospect so far as the Township of Madoc is concerned is exceedingly favorable.

◆

Current Comment

Hearken to Dr. Michael Clark prove that free wheat is desirable just as the learned Dr. once proved that dreadnoughts were superfluous and the German peril a myth.—Toronto Telegram.

The Old Remedy.

If the Prohibitionists insist they should be able to get a plebiscite from the Opposition at Ottawa.—Toronto News.

Ontario will be asked to raise four million dollars for the Patriotic Fund this year. It can be done. There are two and a half million people in Ontario.—Toronto Star.

◆

The Poets' Corner

GOOD OLD TOM THERMOMETER

Good old Tom Thermometer!
Now what do you think of that?
Did you ever hear
Of a name as queer
For a fire department cat?
But that's his name I tell you,
Not simply an idle ruse,
And you'd say 'twas fact
If you'd seen him act
For us fellows at the Twos.

No, Tom he's not a loafer,
Though seldom he nips a mouse,
But we call his purr
The Thermometer
For the stove that warms the house.

Old Tom, you see, has wisdom,
In fact, I would say, a soul,
For he lets us know
When the fire burns low
And it's time to put in coal.
When the engine house gets chilly,
Then you'll see Tom take a seat
On the stove and wait
Till we shake the grate
And turn on a bit of heat.

It's there he'll sit a-toastin'
Till we're tired, that hard we've laughed.
Then he'll purr and mew
To say: "That will do"—
Then we go shut off the draft!

◆

GIVES U. S. STEEL STOCK AS PRIZES AT BRIDGE PARTY

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—United States Steel preferred has broken into society. While the feminine elite of the East speculated at the conclusion of Mrs. Elbert H. Gray's annual bridge party on whether the prizes would be bon-bon dishes, powder puffs, vanity cases or what, Mrs. Gray presented the winners with steel shares, endorsed in banks. The value of the stock prizes was $102 at 117 a share.

Chairman Gary of the United States Steel corporation confirmed the story of the stock prizes today but declined to comment on it, saying it was a private affair.

◆

SASKATCHEWAN MAY HAVE DIRECT TAXATION

REGINA, Jan. 18.—The possibility of imposing direct taxation in this Province to provide money for patriotic funds, and the practical certainty that women in Saskatchewan will be given the vote, are the outstanding features of the Speech from the Throne, delivered by Lieut.-Governor Lake at the opening of the fifth session of the third Legislature to-day.

Only one member of the Legislature appeared in khaki, MacBeth Malcolm, representing Hanley. Two of the legislators' desks were draped in Union Jacks, those of J. Glenn, member for South Qu'Appelle, and J. Lyle, member for Lloydminster, both of whom are absent on active service.

◆

Have the Intelligencer sent to your Home Address

Who Were They?

A Case That Puzzled a Detective.

By EUNICE BLAKE

In important social centers where persons congregate who are interested in passing themselves off for more than they are worth there are establishments where jewelry, fine clothes and other articles intended for display may be hired. There is no better location for such a business than a gambling center where crowned heads, nobles, capitalists and such like are to be found in large numbers.

At Monte Carlo there was ten years ago the firm of Dorel & Co., whose stock of jewels was worth several million francs. They would loan these gems, charging therefor an amount equal to 5 per cent a month on the money invested in them. Their intention was to loan only to persons in good standing, but since they took a risk on any one they let have their jewels they hired detectives to keep all their debtors in sight and if possible forestall any loss.

A great many Americans visit Monte Carlo, and occasionally one of them would apply to Messrs. Dorel & Co. for the wherewithal to make a display. Since an American knows more about America and Americans than Europeans know about them the firm concluded to send to New York for a detective to occupy this especial field. Harry Havens was sent by a prominent detective agency and straightaway entered upon his duties.

Havens for the purpose of trial was set to watch a man who purported to have descended from one of the old Dutch settlers of New York. He was known as Heiliger Van Zant. He told Mr. Dorel, head of the loan firm, that his family, though impoverished, still held a high social position in New York society. He had followed a Russian heiress to Monte Carlo whom he was desirous of marrying. He needed clothes and a moderate amount of jewelry that he might make a suitable appearance. As for money, he had enough of that to enable him to make necessary expenditures.

He was furnished with what he asked, and Havens was set to look after him, though his story was believed and the property loaned him was not very valuable. As I have said, the detective was given an unimportant case that he might prove his worth.

Havens was not long in getting a view of the Russian heiress, Maria Nicholevna. She was about twenty-five years old and a fine looking woman. She stopped at one of the principal hotels with her mother, an aristocratic looking old lady, with two iron gray curls on either temple. She was known as "the Countess." The two ladies drove out a good deal and sometimes played at the gaming tables.

Havens had doubts as to Mr. Van Zant's being a genuine member of the old Dutch aristocracy of New York. He secured an introduction to Van Zant and asked him a few questions about life in New York, and the replies were hardly satisfactory. But the gentleman excused his ignorance on the ground that he had been educated abroad and had not been at home since he was sixteen years old. His accent was decidedly English, and this he accounted for from the fact that he had studied at Eton college.

Dorel & Co. knew nothing about the relationships between persons who were constantly coming to and going from Monte Carlo, relying entirely on those they employed to watch their clients. Havens was one day about to enter the office of his employers when he met Maria Nicholevna coming out. The detective was a close mouthed man and made no mention of the fact, but he jotted it down in his mental memorandum book.

The next evening the lady appeared in the gaming pavilion in company with Van Zant, wearing a coral necklace, the carving of which was so delicate that Havens knew it must be of considerable value.

Inquiry at the office of Dorel & Co. brought out the fact that it had been loaned by them; that it had been made in Rome and was worth $1,000. Havens was also told that the lady was laying her nets to catch a British earl, who was in Monte Carlo incognito.

Dorel & Co. went on lending articles of display, and Havens continued to perform his duties, which were to keep track of the supposed New Yorker. But he was equally interested in the Russian heiress.

Why she should borrow jewelry if she were rich he could not tell unless her own gems were in Russia, locked in the family vaults.

If she were really trying to catch an English earl, borrowing the stones might be in order. Havens did not set it down as convincing evidence against her.

Van Zant was intimate with an Englishman named Perkins, whom Havens thought it might be advantageous to pump. He sought Perkins and soon found an opportunity to lend him 100 francs ($20).

This put Perkins under obligations and he told Havens as a great secret that Van Zant was no American at all, but Lord Herbert Hinchelwood, eldest son and heir of the Earl of Abbingward. Lord Herbert was inclined to be wild and had come to Monte Carlo unknown to his father, the earl, to take a flier at the gaming tables.

"The plot thickens," muttered Havens to himself.

"Query: Is Van Zant a New Yorker or Lord Herbert Hinchelwood, or is he neither?

"Is Maria Nicholevna the daughter of a Russian countess or an adventuress?

"Are these two deceived in each other, or are they working in a common plot?

"Is Perkins a stool pigeon for Van Zant or what he pretends to be, a London stockbroker?"

Havens leaned toward the opinion that Van Zant and Marie Nicholevna were both adventurers laying a trap for some person or persons unknown to him. But he was very uncertain. Both were either high bred persons or capable of imitating such. There is illimitable chicanery constantly going on among the nobility of Europe, who are of many grades.

Most of them are constantly scheming to gain something from some one else. Some are honorable; some are swindlers. The fact that Van Zant had borrowed the clothes he wore and Maria Nicholevna the coral necklace did not necessarily prove that they were impostors.

One evening Havens missed both Van Zant and Maria Nicholevna from the gaming tables, where they usually spent an hour or two tossing coins on to the table, sometimes winning, sometimes losing.

The detective had noticed that they were not especially interested, but were simply betting to pass the time. He believed they were absorbed in a bigger game, or at least a game of another kind. Their disappearance did not worry him so much as to his responsibility for Van Zant, since the value of his borrowings from Dorel & Co. was small.

He leaned to the opinion that they had gone after some one for whom they were laying a trap. On inquiring he learned that Maria Nicholevna, or "the countess," had gone to Nice and Van Zant had followed her there.

Havens went at once to the office of Dorel & Co. for information. What was his surprise to learn that Van Zant had been there and had returned all the articles he had borrowed, stating that his baggage, which he had left in England, had been forwarded to him. Maria Nicholevna had returned the coral necklace.

The detective was puzzled. The conditions would fit almost any theory. He formed no theory, for he had learned by experience that theories are misleading. He departed for Nice. After a search he learned that both his quarries were there at different hotels.

Soon after his arrival he saw Maria Nicholevna driving with her mother. She was returning to her hotel, and the detective followed the two into the house. He dined there at table d'hote and saw the Russian ladies in company with some persons who he felt sure were Americans.

Scraping an acquaintance with one of them, a young man from Philadelphia, he put on the pumping process, but only learned that his informant believed Maria Nicholevna was what she pretended to be.

One morning Havens was passing the little church used for worship principally by foreigners sojourning in Nice, when a carriage drove up, and who should alight but Van Zant. He went into the church, and the detective followed him. At the other end of the building were Maria Nicholevna, her mother and a few friends. No sooner had Van Zant joined the others than he and Maria Nicholevna stood before a clergyman who was waiting for them and were married.

Havens had gone over to Nice from sheer curiosity, for when Van Zant had disappeared from Monte Carlo, having returned what he had borrowed, the detective's official duties were ended. He remained in Nice a few days, scanning the marriage notices in such newspapers as he could get in order to see under what names the parties had married.

It was not long before he saw an announcement of a marriage between Lord Herbert Hinchelwood, younger son of the Earl of Abbingward, to Maria Nicholevna, daughter of Countess Warewtski of Warsaw.

Havens was not satisfied, but there was nothing for him to do but go back to Monte Carlo and ask to be assigned to another case. Nevertheless, having been told that Hinchelwood was heir to the title, he believed something was wrong.

One day, a month later, he read in a Paris newspaper that the wife of Lord Herbert Hinchelwood had applied to have her marriage with him annulled. The couple had met in Monte Carlo, where Lord Herbert had passed himself off as an American, but had given out as a secret his real identity. The lady had married him supposing him to be the oldest son of his father and heir to the title, and he had married her supposing her to be immensely wealthy.

Lord Herbert already had several wives living, or such was supposed to be the case. At any rate, he had a bad reputation and had been disowned by his father. The lady was the daughter of a Polish count whose fortune had disappeared, and he had become a music teacher in Paris.

Such was the experience derived by Mr. Havens, detective, in his first case in the service of Messrs. Dorel & Co. at Monte Carlo. He remained with them several years, and his notebook will furnish plans for a number of stories, the characters of which were either nobles or connected with noble families. But he says that none of them puzzled him so much as this case of an earl's son and a count's daughter. At any rate, in no other case were two sharpers bitten, each by the other.

An exchange tells of a young woman, who, neglecting to carry with her a vanity bag, rubbed a marshmallow on her nose in place of powder. We hae oor doots. There isn't enough whatever-the-stuff-is on a marshmellow to make a good job in the way of powdering a nose, and the average girl would rather not use any if she can't have too much.

A Derelict

There Was a Mystery Connected With It.

By DWIGHT NORWOOD

It is many a year since the United States merchant marine was a thing to be proud of. Some persons living remember the clipper ships of the middle of the last century, with their tall masts and skyscraping sails. Confederate privateers rendered shipping goods on them so dangerous that they all disappeared, their trade passing to English and afterward largely to German ships. The trade then lost has never been recovered. Some say it is because other governments subsidize their ships, others that seamen may be hired cheaper in foreign countries than in America. One thing is certain—the American merchant marine since the war between the states has been little or nothing. Whether the great European war will give any of it back to us remains to be seen.

It was in the fifties that Horace Graham, sixteen years old, ran away from home and shipped on one of the famous "Blackball line" sail ships, the Winfield Scott. Those were days when there was a romance of the sea, when vessels were propelled by sails, when they rode the billows lightly and there was no chug-chug of machinery in their vitals. That is why youngsters were continually running away from home to go to sea.

Horace Graham made trips to and from China on the same vessel as ordinary seaman for three years, when he was made third mate. One day, on a return voyage, a derelict was sighted. The captain stood on the after deck examining her, rising and falling with the waves, and when he had made up his mind that there was no living thing to be seen aboard of her he ordered Graham to man a boat, pull to the ship, make an examination and, if there seemed to be no reason to the contrary, to sink her. When eight stalwart sailors were in the boat, which was provided with sufficient gunpowder to blow up the vessel, several augers and some food in case persons starving were found, she was lowered and pulled to the wreck.

On approaching her Graham, who was at the tiller, had a full view of her stern, on which her name had been painted and from which some of the letters had been washed or worn off. Ordering his men to rest on their oars, he took out pencil and paper and made a record of the letters remaining, giving the proper spaces for those that had been erased, as follows:

M   G RE   UR   ON

Having transferred the letters to paper, the officer gave an order to "give way," and the boat moved forward, passing close under the ship's stern. It was then that Graham noticed, upon a closer view, that an attempt had been made to eliminate the remaining letters, but the attempt had failed. Some one had evidently tried to scrape them off with a sharp instrument, but probably had not sufficient time to complete the work.

On reaching the ship a rope with an iron hook was thrown up, caught on the gunwale, and Graham climbed it, leaving his men in the boat. A terrible scene greeted him. There had been a fight on the decks and in the cabins. Corpses of men, with their weapons in their hands, lay here and there, and all except one wore the clothes of sailors of civilized countries. The one exception was a man in Asiatic costume.

It was plain that the ship had been boarded and captured by pirates. That they had left in a hurry was also evident. An auger had been left in the side of the ship below the water line, indicating that an attempt to sink the vessel had been interrupted. Then, too, all the lifeboats except one had been left in their places. There were blocks for eight boats, all the blocks being filled save one set, and at this point the davits were swinging out, indicating that a boat had been lowered.

There were two cabins astern, one evidently the captain's. In the other women's clothing was found. In that belonging to the captain from a little drawer in a locker Graham took out a daguerreotype—photographs were not at that time common—of a girl some eighteen or twenty years old. There was something very attractive in this young and innocent face among such frightful surroundings. Graham put the picture in his pocket not only for the purpose of identifying the ship, but because he wished it for himself.

Before sinking the derelict Graham returned to the Winfield Scott and reported to the captain. Another boat was sent to the derelict to make further examination, but the pirates had taken care to possess themselves of the log and everything else by which the vessel might be identified. Though they had evidently left her in a hurry, they had taken time for such removal. Nothing remained but to make a note of the latitude and longitude in which the derelict was discovered, at that time a favorite region for pirates.

That night before turning in Horace Graham took out his daguerreotype, opened the case and feasted his eyes on the likeness within. It had been nearly a year since he had seen a woman of his own race, and those of Asia were not attractive to him. It seemed to him that this girl was the spirit of innocence risen from the horrors of a massacre. Placing it where he could turn his eyes upon it, he took out his record of the name on the stern of the derelict, or, rather, the remains of it, and began to try to fill in the letters erased. Fortunately the pirates had either neglected this feature or thought the name illegible and had not taken the time or the trouble to eradicate it.

Horace Graham worked till late on filling in the missing letters, now and again looking up at the likeness.

M   G RE   UR   ON.

From the position of the letters preserved he knew he possessed the first and last letters, "M" and "N." Ships were there and are now named for women, and Graham fancied this was a case in point. By trying different letters successively in the first part of the name he finally obtained M-a-r-g-a-r-e-t. He felt quite confident that the name of the ship was the Margaret ——. Though he puzzled long over the last name, he failed to make it out.

The next morning as he was mounting the companionway to the deck he heard the lookout shout:

"Lifeboat on starboard quarter!"

Reaching the deck, he saw the captain raising his glass. Graham ran down for his own glass and soon descried a ship's boat rising and falling with the waves, but could see nothing in it. Meanwhile the ship had been put off her course to point to the boat. When the Scott came near enough a woman's figure was seen lying in the bottom of the boat, and a man, evidently dead, was leaning over a seat. A boat from the Scott was manned and took the other in tow. When alongside the ship the woman, who was either dead or unconscious, was hoisted on to the vessel.

Almost as soon as Graham saw the face of the woman he recognized in it, though much changed by suffering and hunger, the original of the daguerreotype. A spoonful of broth was given her, and she revived. After taking more she opened her eyes and looked wildly about her. But, seeing that she was on the deck of a vessel, the wild look subsided, and she asked what had happened. After being told she was questioned, but everything except the horror of drifting on the ocean's bosom had passed away from her.

Here was a disappointment to Graham, for as soon as he recognized her as the original of the daguerreotype he believed he would receive an explanation of the mystery of the Margaret ——. The likeness was shown her, but it failed to excite any memory whatever. Other means were tried, including mention of the Margaret ——, but without avail. At last all attempts to draw from her information as to what had happened were given up. Unfortunately at that period it was not a universal custom to paint the names of ships on their lifeboats, so that even this information was not forthcoming. The only thing known about the girl was that she spoke the English language with a Yankee accent.

The rescued girl received every attention and very soon was able to go on deck. She tried everything that was suggested to bring about a return of memory, but without avail. There was no other woman aboard, so that she had no companion of her own sex. Graham was so devoted to her that gradually all others gave way to him. The Scott was homeward bound, and as soon as she came into port he was deputed by the captain to examine the shipping records with a view to gaining any information attainable about the derelict.

Armed solely with the record he had taken from the wreck's stern, he ran over the names of American ships till he came to the Margarets, of which there were several. The Margaret Thurston fitted his record. This was a great gain. He soon learned that the ship had been named for a favorite niece of the master and that she was aboard the vessel in Chinese waters at the time she was discovered by the Scott. She had not been heard from since leaving Hongkong and was overdue.

The rescued girl was thus known to be Margaret Thurston, a spinster nineteen years of age and an orphan. Graham had fallen in love with her, and since her only protector, her uncle, with whom she had sailed, was supposed to have been murdered, Graham interested himself in securing for her some property to which she was heir. These attentions on the part of the young sailor won her heart, and he had no difficulty in persuading her to marry him.

Several years after this marriage Mrs. Graham's memory returned to her. Little by little she recalled the tragedy of which she was a part. The Margaret Thurston was chased by a Malay pirate, which gained on its victim rapidly. Striking a fog, the Thurston's captain, believing that his vessel would be captured, put his niece in one of the ship's boats with two men and set her adrift. This was as far as Margaret Graham's memory served her. The rest was merely a surmise.

It was supposed that when the fog lifted the Thurston fell a prey to the pirates who boarded her and massacred her crew. Probably a cruiser was discovered, and the pirates left the ship they had captured and made their escape.

One of the men sent with the captain's niece in the lifeboat was accounted for, dead. As to the other, there was nothing to indicate his fate, though it was supposed that in delirium he had jumped overboard.

Graham did not return to the sea, for soon after this last trip the war between the states broke out, which put an end to American shipping. He inherited a little property of his own, which, with that of his wife, enabled him to make a good living ashore.

The Germans insist that they must have "milk for their babies and meat for their men and women." But who started the starvation process, anyway? We know, but we are willing to let Belgium answer.

Read that a "new gasoline engine has been invented that uses only one-twentieth of a drop of fuel at each charge," and look at the "charge."

"Blackmailed"

By ARTHUR APPLIN

Author of "The Chorus Girl," etc.

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CHATER I.

Sir Galahad of The Wagon-Lit

Sir John Vessie, M.P., got into the express train at Homburg, found the compartment which had been reserved for him, and settled himself down comfortably for the journey. He had just completed the cure and was feeling on good terms with himself and the rest of mankind.

Sir John visited Homburg for preventive measures and because the place amused him. He found it a rest after a strenuous London season—spent in the House. And he was philosopher enough to realize that a short absence from home makes the heart grow fonder.

He was still in the prime of life, still rode straight to hounds when he got the chance, entertained with old-fashioned hospitality at his country place in Sussex, and was regarded by his constituents as an ideal country gentleman and the perfect father of a very happy family. He had married young, the only daughter of a wealthy iron founder.

In spite of bad health, Lady Vessie had proved an ideal helpmate. She was neither brilliant nor beautiful, but she possessed all the other virtues of a simple English gentlewoman. Not a breath of scandal had attached itself either to Sir John's or his wife's name.

Once, in a spirit of humor, Sir John Vessie had remarked that he feared he was woefully old-fashioned and would soon find himself put on the shelf, for nobody in society who was anybody had altogether escaped.

The train had not proceeded far on its journey when Sir John became conscious of an altercation taking place in the corridor just outside his compartment. Having all the Englishman's natural reserve and a rooted objection to mixing himself up in other people's affairs, he would have paid no attention to the heated and apparently one-sided conversation that was being carried on had he not noticed that one of the voices belonged to a woman, obviously an English woman whose knowledge of German was of the slightest.

Unconsciously he listened. It was a remarkable voice—remarkable for its beauty and delicacy even while it was raised fiercely in denunciation of the German State Railway, the German government, and its officials.

Sir John laid down his newspaper and smiled indulgently. How much better these things were managed in England! He raised the blind of the window loking into the corridor. If a countrywoman of his was in distress it was obviously his duty to help her. And he was sure the possessor of such a voice must be well bred and interesting.

As the blind rolled itself up with a noisy jerk the woman turned, looked into his compartment, and waved her hand with an angry gesture toward it.

The stolid German guard merely shook his head; the compartment was reserved. There was no other place in the train except the one he had found for madame. Madame should have applied earlier. If ladies chose to travel alone—

Acting on a sudden impulse, of which he was carcely conscious at the moment, Sir John rose and, opening the door of his compartment, asked if he could be of any service.

The woman looked at him with flashing eyes which almost instantly softened; the frown that had furrowed the white brows disapeared, and the full, red lips parted in a smile.

It is too kind," she replied quietly, recovering her temper instantly. "Foolishly I failed to reserve a wagonlit for myself. In fact, I only made up my mind to return by this train last night. I find the train is full. I am placed in an ordinary first-class compartment with four fat Germans, a smoking compartment; and their tobacco—ugh!"

She held a dainty lace handkerchief to her nose and made such quaint grimaces that Sir John found himself laughing.

"I am expected to pass the night with four fat Germans," she continued. "I know they'll unfasten their collars and take off their boots. I refuse—I flatly refuse.

Tears gushed into the large, blue eyes. Sir John looked at her and stroked his chin thoughtfully. The German official was quite right. The woman had no business to be traveling alone—a woman so young and so beautiful.

He remembered seeing her once at the Casino, and he had mistaken her for a Frenchwoman. He told himself that he ought to have known, if only by her coloring and her figure, that she was English. Her hair was a rich, reddish brown, gleaming in certain lights like burnished copper; level, brown eyebrows; her face was oval. She was not merely pretty; she possessed, too, much character. Those blue eyes, now filled with tears, expressed determination.

A woman who probably was not unaccustomed to looking after herself. But the German was right; she had no business to be alone To be quite certain, Sir John questioned her on the subject again.

"Not a soul I know on the train! My friends left Homburg a few days ago. Of course, I ought to have gone with them, but——" She shrugged her shoulders deprecatingly.

Sir John almost wished he had not interferred. If the woman had been neither young nor beautiful he could have grappled with the problem more easily. He felt shy and embarassed.

"I really do not know what to suggest. I'm extremely sorry for you. I can quite understand your feelings. Perhaps if I were to speak to the gentlemen in your compartment—"

"Gentlemen!"

Sir John turned to the guard, and a rapid conversation ensued in German which the woman failed to follow. She stood staring out of the window. In her right hand she firmly held a crocodile-leather dressing-case.

Presently Sir John turned to her with a courtly bow. "If you will sit down in my compartment I'll see what can be done."

He took her dressing-case and put it on the rack above her head. "Perhaps you would like to know my name." He handed her a strip of pasteboard.

She glanced at it and smiled gratefully. "Mine is Myra Berrington."

Sir John wondered where he had heard it before. It had a familiar ring. Closing the door of the compartment, he disappeared down the corridor with the guard.

Myra Berrington folded her hands on her lap and gazed around the compartment. She carefully noted each article of Sir John's luggage, his traveling coat, the books and literature with which he had provided himself for the journey. Then, taking down her dressing-case, she opened it and, finding a mirror, she looked at her reflection.

She smoothed her face with a powder-puff took off the glove from the right hand, then, closing the dressing-case, she picked up an illustrated paper, and waited.

Sir John returned. His face bore a worried expression. "I'm afraid nothing can be done. The train is absolutaely full. These officials cannot be bribed."

Miss Berrington smiled at him sweetly and rose from the seat. "It's really too kind of you to have troubled, Sir John. I must make up my mind to pass the next eighteen hours walking up and down the corridor. The scenery in places is very beautiful—and the nights are warm now. Thank you so much."

She was moving out of the compartment, but Vessie stopped her. The idea was preposterous—yet the only alternative would be to give up his wagon-lit and join the four Germans.

He knew Miss Berrington was probably right in her assertion that they would loosen their collars and take off their boots when night came. Sir John had never known a discomfort. He had always insisted on traveling in solitude. He could not do without fresh air and at least eight hours sleep. Nothing, neither work nor women nor worry, ever succeeded in depriving him of the latter.

"Please sit down," he said. And he seated himself opposite her. "Now let us talk this over quiettly and see what can be done."

Miss Berrington clasped her hands together nervously. Very beautiful hands, judging from the ungloved one—long, narrow, white, with nails of perfect color. Her feet were long and narrow, too. French shoes and silk stockings, both the color of her dress.

"You musn't give me another thought, Sir John. It's entirely my own fault. I ought to have known this would happen. But as a matter of fact—"

She broke off awkwardly and lowered her eyes. There were still tears in them. Vessie was afraid lest they overflow.

She did not suggest a hysterical woman. She was far too refined and too much of the typical Englishwoman to suggest the adventuress. Vessie again found himself wondering why her name was familiar.

He tried to concentrate his mind on the position. It might have been awkward had it not come about so naturally. It was certainly piquant. He had lived a quiet, sober, matter-of-fact sort of life. Nothing quite so exciting as this had ever happened to him. It was peculiar. All the more peculiar because he knew in his heart he was enjoying it.

"No, there's nothing to worry about," he said after a moment's silence. "I'll—I'll see that you're made comfortable. I'm old enough to be your father; so I'm old enough to look after you."

She looked up and gave him a grateful smile. "You really mustn't worry about me. I deserve to suffer. Do you know—"

"Yes—tell me," Vessie said encouragingly.

"Oh, but it's so silly! I deserve to suffer. You ought to know, because when you do know you'll no longer sympathize with me. I feel I'm accepting your protection under false pretenses."

Sir John did not laugh. He was relieved at her frankness and his curiosity was aroused. "What dreadful crime have you committed at Homburg? Are you running away?"

"Yes!"

She nodded her head two or three times vigorously. Sir John found himself wishing she would take her hat off. He had never seen such wonderful hair. He wanted to see more of it.

To be Continued.

◆

CANADIAN IN SERBIA.

Captain Roy Leitch is With General Staff of Serbian Army.

The career of Capt. Roy Leitch, of Charlottetown, P. E. I., and more recently of Serbia, who has just left Montreal to resume his place in the General Staff of the Serbian army, goes to illustrate that the sense of chivalry, the impulse that drove Byron to fight for Greece, is not entirely absent from modern warfare. Born and educated in Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia, he carried off a Rhodes scholarship and went to Oxford. Some years spent in Switzerland together with his reading of history, gave him a strong dislike of Austria-Hungary and when war broke out he offered his services in the hope that he might be sent to Serbia to fight on the side of the under dog." The British War Office granted his request, and since then Captain Leitch has been in the thick of things in the Balkans.

Somewhat seriously injured while making a rapid advance with the Serbian staff several months ago, Captain Leitch was compelled to accept leave in order to recuperate. He returned to Canada to receive medical attention and to enlist, if possible, Canadian sympathy in the Serbian cause. He underwent a serious operation and will be unable to resume very active service for at least another month.

"I do not think it is possible for you in this country to realize the condition of things in Serbia to-day," Captain Leitch told a newspaper correspondent. "You must remember that it is a small country with a small population, and that it has been at war for practically the whole of the last three years. To-day it is a nation at war in the fullest sense of the term. Everybody is fighting, and I mean this literally. Serbia's sufferings are frightful. Happily the worst of the typhus has been stamped out, thanks to the American and English doctors, but at its worst it was appalling. Picture to yourself a Serbian village under the scourges of plague and war. Before the door of every second house would be standing the women, mourners for the dead within, chanting the death dirge. Perhaps in the next house there would be a group of Serbian soldiers dancing one of the national dances. And this wailing for the dead, this pitiful attempt to put the best face on things, went on from one end of the country to the other.

"Food in Serbia is scarce, unbelievably scarce. Just before I left I dined with a man who was a short time ago one of the richest men in Serbia. All he could offer me was bread and a dish of greens of some sort and this was his fare twice a day. If this is what the rich live on, bread and some green leaves in small quantities, can you imagine how the poor are faring? I have seen suffering incredible, borne with perfect heroism and illuminated with chivalry of the highest order. I could tell you stories of the treatment of Serbian peasants by Austrian invaders that would make your blood boil, and as against this I know where Serbian soldiers, fighting after a three days 'fast, have at the end of the fight, given their scanty rations to Austrian prisoners and wounded. You may think of Serbians as 'uncivilized—they are in the sense that they have not the latest machinery—their ploughs are branches of trees with the children of the family seated on them—but in the essentials of civilization, the spirit of chivalry, they have nothing to learn from us.

"I could tell you stores of Serbian heroism in the field that would keep you here all night, things I myself have seen. I saw three Serbians, an officer and two privates, dynamite a bridge under the fire of ten thousand Austrians. The fuse was far too short and the officer would not let the privates take the risk of firing it. And yet that fuse was fired after the dynamite had been so cleverly placed that not a flying fragment of the bridge fell among the Serbians close at hand. I know a boy of fourteen who insisted in being allowed to join the army and who led the troops for a three days' advance, the last twenty-four hours of which were made almost without a stop.

Strathcona's Beneficence.

Dr. Wilfrid Grenfell, the Labrador missionary, relates that on one occasion Lord Strathcona asked after a certain woman who had been his servant in Labrador over fifty years before. "I told him that she had long ago passed away, but that her daughter, who was married and had a very large family, had often spoken of her mother's connection with him. He asked how she was faring with so many children, but appeared to take very little notice when I told him that the family were having hard times. However, the next time I visited that part of Labrador I heard that he had sent a special Labrador order of pork, flour, molasses, and butter and many outfits of clothing for herself and the children. To this day the woman is wondering where the gift came from.

May Use Old College.

Old Knox College on Spadina avenue, Toronto, was inspected by Lieut.-Colonel Marlow and his staff recently with a view to using the building as a convalescent home for returned soldiers. The project has yet to be more fully considered. Estimates of the cost of fitting it up for the purpose are being drawn up and the matter will be submitted to the Government for consideration. The old building is in many respects well suited for such a home, and its size will give ample room for expansion as the number of invalided soldiers increases.

A Light-keepers Gift.

A lonely light-keeper on the Atlantic coast receiving only a small salary, celebrated Christmas by sending $16.25 to be used for purposes of the war in whatever way the department thought best.

The Oldest Death Sentence.

The oldest death sentence extant is found in the Amherst papyri containing the trials of state criminals in Egypt, about 1300 B. C. The criminal in this case was found guilty of magic, which his judges state "was worthy of death, which he carried out, and he killed himself," apparently by stabbing, as in the Japanese harakiri, which is also of very ancient origin.

Among less civilized peoples drowning would seem to have been the earliest method of legal punishment, for about 450 B. C. the Britons killed their criminals by throwing them into a quagmire. Of other than capital punishments the oldest recorded comes from Chaldea, where it was enacted some 6,000 years ago that when any one maimed a slave "the hand that thus offended should pay him each day a measure of corn."

THE FAMILY PHYSICIAN

"Fruit-a-tives" is the Standby In This Ontario Home

SCOTLAND, Ont., Aug. 25th, 1918.

"*My wife was a martyr to Constipation.* We tried everything on the calendar without satisfaction, and spent large sums of money, until we happened on 'Fruit-a-tives'. We have used it in the family for about two years, and we would not use anything else as long as we can get "Fruit-a-tives."

J. W. HAMMOND.

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" is made from fruit juices and tonics—is mild in action—and pleasant in taste.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY

Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—58690

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

Bonaventure Union Depot

OCEAN LIMITED	Leaves 7.25 p.m.	Daily Except Sat.
Montreal, Quebec, St. John, Halifax.		
Maritime Express	8.15 a.m.	DAILY

Through Sleepers, Montreal to Halifax. Connection for The Sydneys, Prince Edward Island, Newfoundland.

The NATIONAL

TORONTO TO WINNIPEG

Leaves 10.45 p.m., Tues., Thurs., Sat.

Arr. 3.50 p.m., Thurs., Sat., Mon.

Tickets and sleeping car reservations. Apply E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto, Ont.

CLASSIFIED WANT ADS
TO LET

The telegraph will reach your man quickly. If you are sure just where he is the telephone will do it quicker. But if it is good help you want and do not know just where to find it, our Want Ads. are quicker than either.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Winter Resorts

SPECIAL ROUND TRIP FARES.

LONG LIMIT STOPOVERS.

Asheville and Hot Springs, N.C.; Charleston, S.C.; Nassau, N.P.; Hot Springs, Ark.; French Lick Springs, Ind.; Jacksonville and all Florida Points; Havana, Cuba and New Orleans, La., via New York and Rail (or steamer according to destination,) or via Buffalo, Detroit or Chicago.

BERMUDA AND WEST INDIES

OTHER HEALTH RESORTS.

Mount Clemens, Mich.; Battle Creek, Mich.; St. Catharines, Well., Ont.; Preston Springs, Ont.

Further particulars on application to Grand Trunk Agents.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—5.25 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 7.50 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate points—6.25 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 5.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *3.40 a.m.

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

†Deseronto only.

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville Ont.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily

No. 16—2.00 a.m.—Fast train, flyer, daily.

No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7.00 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.

No. 6—11.10 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

No. 14—12.16 p.m.—Express, daily.

No. 28—5.45 p.m.—Local, passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19—2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

No. 13—4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.

No. 29—7.50 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.

No. 27—11.20 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.

No. 1—3.05 p.m.—International Limited, daily.

No. 7—4.55 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'.

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North

	Leave.	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.56 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1915.

GOING EAST.

CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.50 p.m.	2.58 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

GOING WEST.

MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.18 p.m	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

Going East	*Daily except Sunday
Leave Toronto	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	5.32 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leave Belleville	5.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.30 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent.

Belleville Business Directory

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column or calling at The Intelligencer Business Office, full information may be obtained.

MINING.

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE

Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

"COLLIP, FLORIST."

Front Street.

Night Phone 176 Day Phone 205.

All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.

Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts.

Announcement

Messrs. Greenleaf & Son wish to announce to their old patrons and friends that they have found it advisable to incorporate their business under Ontario Companies Act.

The new company, under the same management as heretofore, and under the firm name of GREENLEAFS, LIMITED, have purchased the property known as the Brown Foundry, together with the good will and equipment of Mr. Geo. Keith.

It is their intention to remodel these buildings, and install suitable equipment to meet the growing demands of their patrons.

The Management take this opportunity of thanking their old friends and solicit their patronage in their new venture.

GREENLEAF & SON

Garage and General Machinists

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000

Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3.. Saturday 10 to 3.

R TANNAHILL

Manager Belleville Branch

If the Kaiser really wants a nice new palate, he can get it if he goes to Paris personally to have it fitted.

◆

Good evening! How's your coal supply hanging out?

◆

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

INSURANCE.

W. H. HUDSON

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.; North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies. Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.

Office: 17 Campbell St., Belleville. Phone 761.

CHANCEY ASHLEY

Insurance Agent

Has Removed to 229 Front Street

Next to Riggs' Music Store

THOS. STEWART

Bridge Street, Belleville.

Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON

Agent for Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance. Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.

ROBERT BOGLE

MERCANTILE AGENCY.

Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed. Office, 28 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY

Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way. Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.

W. R. Vallance, Mgr. Phone 330.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front St., Belleville. Phone 845. LEE CHEW.

ENGINEERING.

J. D. Evans, O.E. & O.L.S.

J. W. EVANS, O.E. & M.E.

EVANS & EVANS

Civil and Mining Engineers and Ontario Land Surveyors.

Belleville and Trenton.

Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker & Victoria Avenues. Telephone 819.

BUS, AUTO AND CABS

ASELSTINE'S

MOTOR BUS, CAB & AUTO LIVERY

Special cars, broughams and carriages, all rubber tired, for weddings, private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town. Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection. Phone 229.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers. Apply to

S. MASSON

Barrister, etc.

Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St., Belleville.

LEGAL.

WILLS & WRIGHT

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell St. Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates.

J. FRANKLIN WILLS, K.C.

MALCOLM WRIGHT.

NORTHRUP & PONTON

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge St. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.

W. B. NORTHRUP, K.C., M.P.

W. N. PONTON, K.C.

R. D. PONTON.

PORTER & CARNEW

Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.

E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P.

WM. CARNEW.

Solicitors for Union Bank.

MIKEL, STEWART & BAALIM

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

Belleville, Madoc and Tweed.

Solicitors for Molsons Bank.

W. C. MIKEL, K.C.

D. E. K. STEWART.

FRANK BAALIM.

W. D. M. SHOREY

Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg.

Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms.

Office: 8 Campbell St., Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England

Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

Those who forget today seldom remember tomorrow.

◆

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Adress

Canadian Cigarettes Can Not be Purchased at the Front

Soldiers "Miserable and Dispirited" When They Have Nothing To Smoke

How Our Readers Can Cheer Up Our Fighting Men

Do you know what the lack of cigarettes and tobacco means to our troops in the fighting line?

Let us tell you in a word

When the lads in khaki have enough to smoke, and this, unfortunately, is only a very rare occurrence, they feel, to use their own expressive phrase, "as fit as fiddles."

They are ready to tackle the Germans in any situation that may arise.

Tobacco gives our fighting men the necessary stimulant in the trenches; it fuses their courage to a white heat, because when the Canadian soldiers are smoking they don't care a darn for any German regiment breathing.

Won't you please do something, no matter how small, to make some brave man happy and bless you for the kind action? As little as one quarter will keep a man going with tobacco and cigarettes for almost a week if you will subscribe to Canada's Tobacco Fund (organized by the Over-Seas Club.)

Remember, Canadian tobacco and cigarettes can not be purchased at the front and it is only through the generosity of those at home that our boys can get them. All the tobacco and cigarettes sent to the front through Canada's Tobacco Fund are Canadian manufactured, of the best quality, something that our men are used to and prefer over anything they could buy in France or Belgium.

Each contribution of 25 cents will supply a package containing 50 good quality Canadian manufactured Cigarettes, one-fifth of a pound of good quality Canadian manufactured Tobacco, a box of matches and a reply post card.

Our readers can send their money to Canada's Tobacco Fund through the Editor of the Montreal Gazette, or can deposit it with any Post Office or Bank with the full assurance that they are laying their money out to the best possible advantage. Be careful to specify that your contribution is for Canada's Tobacco Fund, which has been organized by the Over-Seas Club.

◆

THIRD LINE

The recent snowfall has made good sleighing.

Mr. and Mrs. Marshal Bradshaw, are quite ill. Mrs. J. A. Faulkner is in attendance.

Mr. W. L. Ritz has bought the farm, owned by Mr. R. E. Reed.

Mr. W. A. Martin has bought the Leslie farm on the 4th Concession.

Mr and Mrs. Chas. Liddell and Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Clapp, were visiting at Mr. and Mrs. A. Ruttan's, last Monday evening.

Mrs. Susan Gallagher came from Syracuse, where she has been visiting her two sons for a few months. She's now visiting her sister, Mrs. A. Ruttan.

Mr. Harry Tweedie has returned from his wedding trip with his bride.

La Grippe is quite prevalent in this section

Mr. Wm. O'Brien is preparing to build a new barn.

The county council has given in a grant on the Third Line. A large quantity of stone is being piled, ready for the crusher.

◆

THRASHER'S CORNERS

Mr. John Lattone has returned home after visiting a week at Tweed.

We have had a sample of the oat meal made at Mr. Maynes' mill, and it is A I.

Mr. S. W. Donan, from Saskatoon, is visiting his father and mother, who have sold their place here and are soon to go to Saskatoon to live Their daughter, Mrs. H. Comins and family are going also. They will be greatly missed in this vicinity.

Mrs. J. S. Hamilton and Mrs. Jas. Anderson, who got badly cut and bruised on Saturday by being thrown out of a sleigh on their way home from the city.

Should a runaway occur near O'Brien's bridge, I fear their would be some dead horses, as their is nothing to prevent them from going on the bridge.

Mr Clayton Sheffield is here from the West, renewing old acquaintance.

Mr. Ed Luffman entertained a number of friends on Thursday.

A number of friends report a good time at D. O'Rroucks, on Wednesday night.

18 POUNDS OF BLOOD

is the average quantity in a healthy adult, but it is the quality of the blood that determines our strength to resist sickness. With weak blood we find cold hands and chilly feet; in children an aversion to study, and in adults rheumatic tendencies.

In changing seasons get abundant fresh air and take a spoonful of Scott's Emulsion after meals, because Scott's Emulsion is a rich blood-food that will increase both quantity and quality of the blood while it warms the body and helps carry off the impurities.

When multitudes of people are today taking Scott's Emulsion to avert winter sickness, and are giving it to their children, it is careless to neglect its benefits. Look out for substitutes.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 15-26

Fresh and Refreshing

"SALADA"

B 76

is composed of clean, whole young leaves. Picked right, blended right and packed right. It brings the fragrance of an Eastern garden to your table.

BLACK, MIXED OR GREEN

BAND MUSIC PLAYS SMALL PART IN THEATRE OF WAR

Valandova, Old Turkish Village in Southern Serbia, Furnished First Band Seen by Corespondents Near Battlefront

(By William G. Shepherd, United Press Staff Correspondent.)

SALONIKA, Dec. 11.—(By mail to New York.)—Our ambulance rushed down the mountainside at French chauffeur speed and into a valley behind Hill 516, which sheltered us from shell-fire, and, at last, we were so far away from the artillery battle that we could barely hear the guns.

At Old Turkish Village

Valandova, an old Turkish village, in Southern Serbia, was to be our stopping place. There, in the early evening, General Baillaud, whose brave troops—nearly all of them Zouaves—had fought their way to Krivolak and had there tried to reach the Serbians and form a junction with them, was to receive, with field ceremonies, the order of military merit. But we were too late. The ceremony was over. However, we were astonished to see in the yard of a Turkish mosque a French Zouave band.

Little Music in The War

It was the first band that any of us had seen near any battlefront. Between the five of us. American newspapermen, we had seen every front on both sides. Band music hasn't much place in this grim war. There were ninety musicians and five drummers and they stood in the mud, up to their shoe-tops.

"Can't you get them to play?" we asked our guide. "It's the first band we ever saw near a battlefield."

"Will you write stories about it," asked the leader.

We said we would.

Whereupon, standing in the mud, in an evening dusk that was almost darkness, with the Turkish mosques behind them, and two French officers, standing fifty feet above us in the minaret, the band struck up the song of a certain regiment of Zouaves.

Some members of the band sang; they played on their horns in relays, so that we had a chorus, a band and a fife and drum corps going all at once. It was a rattling good tune, and as all Zouave songs are about the desert and Egypt and Arabs, these Zouaves in Serbia didn't sing of Germans or Austrians or Bulgars, but of their enemies of other wars. A translation would go something like this:

Bang! Bang! The Arabs!
 The wolves aren't far away.
Forward! Hustle forward
 And let your rifles play.

We gave three cheers for the band, and the band gave three cheers for us the bandmaster made us promise again that we would write a story about how his band played, and then we were ordered to get back into our ambulance for the ride to Strumnitza, where we were to spend the night. If you hear anyone say that there is no music in the 20th-century war, that men no longer die to stirring tunes, just tell your informer that he's wrong

Band Goes Right to Front

The French Zouaves have a band and it goes with them right up to the front and it plays while they fight and while they die. There are some things a regiment won't give up, no matter what the war councils say or what the general thinks best. With the French Zouaves this thing is their band.

This was on Dec. 2 and that morning General Sarrail, back in Saloniki, had ordered his forces to retire. This band had marched down to Valandova from the mountains. Perhaps they didn't know their march was part of a retreat, but, at the very hour they were playing and singing so blithely about the Arabs, their fellow-Zouaves in the mountains were packing up their things in their dugout and awaiting orders to retire from their mountain top trenches.

In a Hospital Tent

We were taken to a hospital tent at Strumnitza and found a dozen hospital cots ready for us and our military guides. In the center of the tent was a big wood stove which a huge French soldier kept filling with firewood. The lights were candles.

A canvas tunnel ran from our tent to another, in which lay thirty French soldiers whose feet had been frostbitten.

"We start to-morrow for Paris," one of them said. "But it's a long way. First we ride by train to Saloniki. Then they put us on a boat, they tell me and take us to a hospital ship. Then the ship travels eight or nine days until it reaches Marseilles. Then we get on a train and ride twenty-four hours until we get to Paris. It seems far, far away, Paris. But I suppose we'll get there some time."

He was suffering from gangrene following frost-bite and the chances were, the doctor told me, that he might be a cripple for life. He was sick and suffering and he had a right to feel that it was miles and the days between home and this tent in Serbia would be many and long.

It was supper time and a big banquet, of a sort, was before us. Also, we were to hear more rumors of the coming retreat. Our tent stood on an embankment alongside the railroad track. On the bank across the way stood the little Strumnitza railroad station, where we were to dine. When we came out of the tent into the darkness a wonderful sight met our eyes. The lights of hundreds of camp fires shone on hundreds of tents which had been pitched for the night by the withdrawing of troops. We heard singing and a mouth organ.

◆

FIRE PROTECTION IN THE HOME.

Fires in the home are easier to prevent than to extinguish.

Practically every fire originating in a dwelling house is due to carelessness or neglect.

The attic, cellar and all clothes closets should be cleaned at least once a year, and all useless material and rubbish removed and burned.

In storing clothing, remove all matches and other material from the pockets. Do not hang clothes near hot chimneys.

Do not go into closets with lighted matches or candles.

Use only safety matches and keep them away from children.

Never throw burned matches on the floor or into waste baskets.

Do not use inflammable shades on lamps, candles or electric light bulbs.

Coal oil lamps should always be filled by daylight. They should be kept clean and properly trimmed. A dirty lamp is unsafe.

Especial care should be taken in the home to prevent fires from starting, because when they do start there is seldom a man about to extinguish them. Where women and children are housed, the utmost vigilance is necessary on the part of those responsible for their welfare.

A fuse is the 'safety valve' of an electric system, and should never be replaced by one of larger size or other material.

Do not allow paper or rubbish to accumulate behind steam coils or radiators.

Be careful of ashes. Do not deposit them against wooden buildings or fences. See that there are no live coals. Far better to pour a pail of water over them than to take the risk of a strong wind carrying live coals and starting fires.

Rags and cloths saturated with cleaning and polishing oils may ignite spontaneously in a few hours. Burn them at once

Gas stoves should never be connected up with rubber tubing. Gas pipe, rigid and secure, is the only safe connection.

Never allow little children to carry lamps and never set lamps on a table cover. Children may pull them over.

A Meal in a Moment.
1 Oxo Cube; Hot Water; Biscuits
Sustains for hours.
OXO CUBES

Canada to Pay Her Bills Abroad

Government Anxious to Defray Cost of Maintaining Dominion's Troops

OTTAWA, Jan. 18.—"We desire, to put it as broadly as possible, to pay the entire cost of Canada's expeditionary force abroad," said Sir Thomas White, in concluding a brief statement in reply to a question by Hon. William Pugsley

The member for St. John had enquired what portion of the cost of maintaining the Canadian contingents abroad the Government of Canada was now paying, and what arrangement regarding payments had been made with the British Government.

The Finance Minister said that the subject would be discussed probably by the Prime Minister on the introduction of the war appropriation measure, which would be necessary, and possibly by himself in the budget speech.

"The Government of Canada is bearing the entire expense of Canada's participation in the war," stated Sir Thomas. He pointed out, however, that there might be certain accounts that could not be adjusted as between the Canadian and Birtish Governments until after the war. He understood that the Canadian Government was now bearing all expenses of the Canadian troops still in England, and paying those in France and Belgium. There would, later, be an adjustment of accounts for rationing and equipping soldiers at the front.

Mr. Robert Bickerdike (St. Lawrence, Montreal) introduced his bill providing for the abolition of capital punishment in Canada. He described it as intended to put an end to "legalized murder" in the Dominion, and said that if it were passed the number of homicides in the country would be reduced and conviction for crime would be more certain.

On motion of the Prime Minister, a committee was appointed to prepare a resolution expressing the sorrow of the House for the death of Sir Charles Tupper. The committee is composed of Sir Robert Borden, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Sir George Foster, Hon. Geo. P. Graham and R. B. Bennett, of Calgary.

◆

HUN CRY FOR VENGEANCE.

Press Hails "Reprisals" With Chorus of Satisfaction.

BERLIN, Jan. 15 (via Aix-la-Chapelle, delayed in transmission).—The publication of Germany's second Baralong note has aroused an emotional storm such as I have not seen in sixteen months. One feels that the Baralong case has now entered a sensational stage. There is no doubt as to the genuineness of Germany's cry for vengeance for the alleged murder of the submarine crew by the men of the Baralong. The whole German press hails the Government's announced intention to take the sharpest reprisals with a chorus of satisfaction, though probably in response to a hint from the censor, it passes over the American ramifications of the case. The Lokal Anzeiger says:

"What form the reprisals will take we can safely leave to the responsible authorities. The main thing is that the blood of the foully murdered brave German seamen will not remain unavenged. The day is coming, when British treachery, hypocrisy, and murderous lust will receive its just punishment. There is still justice in the world."

There is naturally the keenest speculation over the nature of the Baralong reprisals, but it may be said that it will not take the form of putting an equal number of British prisoners to death. On the other hand, merely taking the English prisoners finest rank and placing them in solitary confinement would, to the German mind, be wholly inadequate to avenge the "crime" of the Baralong's crew and wipe out the even more bitterly resented slur cast by Sir Edward Grey on the honor of the German navy.

There is fortunately no reason to believe as yet that the practice of torpedoing merchantmen without warning will be resumed, although this would undoubtedly satisfy the wrought-up feeling of the German navy.

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JOHN BULL HITS BULL'S EYE IN BARALONG CASE

Continued From Page One.

by the German Government in February, 1915. It is claimed that these reprisals are legitimate owing to the action of Great Britain in attempting to cut off from Germany all imports and starve the German people. The Germans thus maintain their submarine policy in consequence of the British measures against German trade.

"This is, of course, quite untrue, the exact opposite being the case. As far back as December, 1914, Admiral von Tirpitz foreshadowed the submarine blockade of Great Britain and submarine attacks were made on a merchant ship and a hospital ship on January 30, and February 1, respectively. Moreover, as far back as September, 1914, a Dutch ship, with a cargo of grain for Dublin and Belfast, was sunk by the Karlsruhe, and the American ship, W. P. Frye, similarly was struck on January 28.

"Further, on February 4, the German Government declared their intention of instituting a general submarine blockade of Great Britain and Ireland, with the avowed purpose of cutting off all supplies from these islands, and this blockade was put into effect on February 18.

"It was only on March 11 that the British Government put into force as a means of reprisal, measures against German trade, which the German Government now try to maintain were the cause of their submarine policy.

"The Germans maintain that in the cases of the Arabic, the E-13 and the Ruel, they were aiming at the destruction of hostile ships, and in nowise the destruction of helpless persons. The death roll of the Arabic, the shelling of British sailors as they were swimming ashore after abandoning the E-13, and the firing on the crew of the Ruel, who were attempting to save themselves in the boats sufficiently answer this claim.

"With regard to the German refusal to submit the Baralong case and the three cases put forward by the British Government for investigation by an impartial neutral tribunal, this action seems hard to explain if the Germans are really so convinced as they say of the guilt of the British commander and the innocence of the perpetrators of the three outrages cited by the British Government.

"So far as Great Britain is concerned, it is entirely untrue to state that the British Government have left unfilled a just demand for investigation. They have proposed it, and it is the Germans who have rejected it, doubtless because they know full well that the cases in which they are defendants would be decided against them by any impartial tribunal."

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Once more the season has arrived when the forecasters must need annoy us with a recital of the readings from their thermometers.

◆

It may be that our mirror has deceived us, but somehow or other we haven't had to hang out the S. R. O. sign on account of this leap-year business.

"We'll wait for daddy, children—he loves FRY'S chocolate, too"

Fry's Chocolate Powder

makes every Chocolate Cake a triumph. Everybody enjoys its purity and its rich, healthful flavor. Even inexperienced house-wives get perfect results—it's so easy to make. Mix one-quarter cup of FRY'S CHOCOLATE POWDER, with two cups of powdered sugar, adding two tablespoonfuls of cream or of boiling water. That's all.

Of course, remember, "nothing will do but FRY'S." 86

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhœa. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

The Beauty of Our Feed

is that there is no waste to it. Your horse will lick up the last oat or the last kernel of grain. It tastes so good to him that he wants every bit that belongs to him. So there's economy as well as satisfaction in buying your feed and grain here. Try it once and you'll try it always.

H. E. FAIRFIELD

HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER
SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

The Store That's
So Different!

YOU have doubtless read and re-read many Clothing Advertisements!

You have been pestered with big type and you have been reasoned with in small type!

You have been plied with advertised reductions so unreasonable that your good sense at once stamps them as fictitious.

Here' a Store That's Different

Men's Suits and Overcoats
Exceptional Merit
$8.50, $10, $12 up to $25

We are not giving away Clothing or conducting our Store out of pure generosity to the Public.

We sell no $15 Overcoats for $7.88, nor do we sell $20.00 Suits for $10.99.

We claim to be a fair-dealing, wide-awake Clothing House—always giving you the best possible value for your money, and ever ready to make any wrong, right. Surely, no one will or can give you more for your money than we will give you—and you can certainly do no better than to make this YOUR CLOTHING STORE.

Quick & Robertson
THE OUTFITTERS

Liberal Reductions In Boots!

BOOT BARGAINS
GORMAN'S BOOT SHOP
BOOT BARGAINS

Boots
Selling
Rapidly
At Low Bids

BUY NOW
DON'T MISS THIS SALE

Our January Boot Sale
Puts Money in Your Purse

CAUSING DELIGHT, IS OUR JANUARY BOOT SALE. These are busy days at the Gorman Boot Shop. Many persons are taking advantage of these Liberal Reductions. They all realize that THIS SALE FAVORS THE PURCHASER,

WOMEN'S Four and Five Dollar Boots, in all leathers, all toes and all heels, are now selling for.......... $2.90

MEN'S Five and Six Dollar Boots in all leathers, all toes and all heels, are now selling for.................... $3.25

WOMEN'S Rubbers, Maple Leaf Brand, high heels, now selling for.............. 59c

MEN'S Four buckle Overshoes, Maple Leaf Brand, all sizes, now selling for........... $2

BOYS' One Buckle Overshoes now selling for.......................... $1.25

WOMEN'S Jersey Cloth, Storm Cut Rubbers now selling for......................... 90c

MEN'S Two Buckle Heavy Gum Rubbers now selling for.................... $1.45

Now Ladies and Gentlemen

Fathers and Mothers, in concluding our little talk with you on January Boot Bargains, let us again remind you that GORMAN'S reductions are Honest and Liberal, and you will save by spending at Our

JANUARY CLEARANCE SALE

Letters to the Editor

We are at all times pleased to insert letters upon subjects of local or general interest. It must, however, be understood that we in no way identify ourselves with our correspondents' opinions.

All letters should be written on one side of the paper only, and should be as concise as possible. They must be accompanied by the name and address of the sender, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Dear Sir,—So many friends ask me for a few more reminiscences that I feel I must comply with their requests. Miss Jepson and daughter kept school on Pinnacle street in a small white house near where the Police Station now stands. There is only one person in the city beside myself who attended that school—Mrs. John Phippen. One of the old boys was the late lamented James Corby, brother of Senator Corby. All of the Phippen family attended; and I presume at that school Mr. John Phippen was attracted by the charms of the prettiest girl in the school, who was named "Cassie Monroe," and who became Mrs. John Phippen, mother of Hon. Justice Phippen. The grammar school was kept in a little wooden building directly opposite Dr. Gibson's dwelling. The lower storey was occupied by the fire department, which consisted of an antiquated fire engine with wooden brakes, which were manned during a fire by stalwart men. A row of leather buckets hung on the wall, a few poles with hooks and a couple of ladders were in evidence. In the room overhead was the grammar school, consisting of one apartment with a partition behind which we piled wood for use in winter. A pail with drinking water stood at the head of the stairway. Around this pail mud collected, which was moistened by water. In this mud we planted peas, which we watched with jealous care. I have seen vines as high as six inches around the pail, which marked the success of our first agricultural effort. If the room was ever swept I am not aware of it. I never saw a person sweep it. One window looked out on the Court House hill, which was not then terraced. The boys who were kept in for bad behavior availed themselves of this window and got out on the hill and played games in the absence of the master, who would lock them in and go into the town to "moisten his clay" as we boys imagined. A watch was generally kept by the boys, and when the master came in sight the scout would give the alarm, and the boys would trip in and be studying hard when the master unlocked the door. One day the scout omitted to give the alarm, and the master, on opening the door, found the window open and the boys out on the hill. The culprits came in through the window. The dear old man (whom we called Aberdeen, because he came from that city, but whose real name was Alexander Burden), had with a great deal of care prepared for such an emergency. He had a weapon of torture called a towse. It was made of leather, split into fine strips, the end of each strip being hardened by fire. When with plenty of leverage this strap was brought into action upon the extended hand of a boy, the effect was electric. When it was applied with all the vigor of a strong right arm five or six times the culprit could readily believe in the fires of the lower regions which tortured, but never consumed, the unfortunate victims. Only one word can describe the feeling, and you can grasp it easily, as it has only four letters, the first of which is H. Occasionally we got back at the master, when our hearts were filled with joy. Some poor wretch undergoing torment would withdraw his hand as the strap descended and Aberdeen's legs would get the full forces of the blow. The boys would hide their heads under the desks and nearly choke with laughter. But the old man could not be caught again. When such a thing happened he laid the boy's hand on a desk, and down would come the strap with every atom of power he possessed. I suppose your readers will not believe it, but I was a good boy and very seldom was whipped. This pleasure was reserved for more hardened sinners. We were all very proud when we had the old stone school, now standing, erected. Our Catholic friends had a school where now stands their splendid academy, presided over by a Mr. Mason. Where the Balmoral stands was an hotel kept by a man named Harper. A fire broke out in this building and twenty horses were burned. I saw a man with a leather helmet, standing on the topmost rung of a ladder in a most dangerous position. He was wielding an axe, striving to make a place for the hose. I thought him the bravest man I had ever seen. I used to see that man in a frame building erected where the Dominion Bank stands, the lower story occupied by John Donoghue as a shoe store, and the upper by The Intelligencer newspaper, which was then being printed by the late George Benjamin. This man could be seen in his shirt sleeves, at the compositor's case, setting type with astonishing celerity and vigor. That gentleman was Sir Mackenzie Bowell, of whom this city and country are so justly proud. The best houses in the city were on Front and Pinnacle streets near the wharves. John Covert kept a tavern many years in a house still standing. The favorite recreation was going to the main wharf and watching the boat from Kingston come in. The "Gildersleeve" was the first boat I remember. She was followed by Capt. Jacob Bonter's "Novelty." Then came the "Bay of Quinte," captained for so many years by the late F. A. Carrell. A fine steamer called the "Europe" also ran on the bay, captained by Edward Harrison, who for many years kept a book and music store on Front street. My father built a steamboat called the "Moira," which carried passengers and freight from Belleville to Oswego. Returning from Oswego something wrong with the propeller shaft, which might have been easily remedied had the captain not been a craven. The result was that she sank and was an entire loss, carrying no insurance. At that early day I do not think there was marine insurance for vessels on that route. Capt. Bonter's steamer coming out of Deseronto, collided with another steamer and was sunk a short distance from Deseronto wharf. I must take no further space at present.

Yours truly,
J. J. B. FLINT.

Careless Use of Soap Spoils the Hair

Soap should be used very carefully, if you want to keep your hair looking its best. Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle, and ruins it.

The best thing for steady use is just ordinary mulsified cocoanut oil (which is pure; and greaseless), and is better than the most expensive soap or anything else you can use.

One or two teaspoonfuls will cleanse the hair and scalp thoroughly. Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, which rinses out easily, removing every particle of dust, dirt, dandruff and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and it leaves the scalp soft, and the hair fine and silky, bright, lustrous, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get mulsified cocoanut oil at any pharmacy, it's very cheap, and a few ounces will supply every member of the family for months.

DEATH ROLL

LACHLAN McGOWN

About two years ago Mr. McGown met with a serious accident in the city of Toronto, resulting from which a paralitic stroke followed. Ever since he never fully recovered, and another stroke occurred on Friday last and he passed away about midnight yesterday. He was born in the city of Montreal, about 42 years ago, and spent his early life in the town of Napanee, where he was a practising druggist, he afterwards conducted an extensive coal business in Gananoque, and about fifteen years ago he took up his residence in Belleville and latterly he successfully operated as a contractor until the accident above referred to.

He was a man of quiet retiring disposition and sterling integrity. He leaves a widow and two daughters, Margary, nurse in training at Nichol's Hospital, Peterboro, and Reda, at home. He had also two brothers, William and David, residing in Vancouver, and San Francisco, and three sisters, Mrs. George Reynolds, of Winnipeg; Mrs. H. D. Kelly and Ann McGown, of Toronto. The greatest of sympathy is extended to the bereaved.

BELLEVILLE CHEESE BOARD PATRIOTIC & RED CROSS FUND

List of factories contributing during 1915:—

Plainfield	$ 59 16
Mountain	89 32
Bronk	118 16
Plumgrove	66 04
Frankford	142 91
Bayside	90 96
Sidney Town Hall	140 00
Union	77 50
Shannonville	104 47
Rogers	102 00
Moira	72 08
Mountain View	91 87
Wooler	136 00
Wicklow	121 03
Halloway	71 64
Roslin	42 36
Sidney	154 38
Massassaga	60 00
Eclipse	63 92
Clare River	25 00
East Hastings	56 50
King	50 00
Melrose	102 37
Roblin	73 20
Cedar Creek	53 00
Silver Springs	76 56
Foxboro	115 31
Thomasburg	36 00
Albert	100 00
Thurlow	78 35
Tweed	34 50
Acme	82 00
Zion	91 00
Baltimore	25 00
Hyland	100 00
Individual subscriptions—	
S. Foster	1 25
Messrs. W. S. Cook & Son	10 00
J. J. Brennan	3 00
Abel Grills	5 00
	$2921 81

J. ELLIOTT.
Treasurer Belleville Cheese Board Patriotic and Red Cross Fund.

"MADE IN CANADA"

an ARROW COLLAR
2 for 25 cents
CLUETT, PEABODY & CO. Inc. MONTREAL

Dark Parts of Grain Keep Blood Non-Acid

The dark parts of the grains contain valuable saline matters which every human system requires to keep the blood non-acid. Highly refused cereals do not contain these dark parts of the grains, but a whole grain food such as Roman Meal does.

Dr. Jackson's Roman Meal is a dark-colored cereal because the dark parts of the grains are not removed. It is rich in saline matters, highly nutritious, and a perfect health food. It prevents indigestion, and relieves constipation or your money back.

Follow directions on package closely, and DO NOT stir while cooking porridge or you spoil it.

Sold by grocers at 10c and 25c.
Made by Roman Meal Co., Toronto.

WHY NOT FLORIDA FOR YOUR WINTER TOUR?

The attractions are unsurpassed, beautiful palm trees, warm sea bathing, orange and banana groves, golf, tarpon fishing, luxurious hotels for all pockets. Two nights only from Toronto. Winter tourist tickets now on sale. Be sure that your tickets read via Canadian Pacific Railway. Excellent service is offered via Detroit and Cincinatti. Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents, or write M. G. Murphy, District Pa senger Agent, Toronto, Ont.

j13,to22

DEATHS

LACHLAN McGOWN —Died at his home corner John and Dundas streets on Wednesday, January 19, 1916. Age 42 years.

Funeral to Belleville cemetery, Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Services at the house at 2.30.

TICKELL.—In Belleville on Wednesday, January 19th, 1916, Hannah B. Tickell, relect of late ex-Mayor, George S. Tickell, aged 81 years and 4 months.

The funeral will take place from the family residence, 254 Church street, on Saturday, January 22nd at 11 o'clock. Services at the house at 10.30 a.m. Interment Belleville cemetery.

"THERMOR"
THE WATERLESS
HOT BOTTLE . .

It's New! It's a Wonder!
Be Convinced! Try It!

Awarded Gold Medals at Paris, London, Berlin and numerous other Expositions.

Stay Hot 12 Hours
Used as Foot Warmer, Bed Warmer. Autos, Baby Carriages. Never too hot or too cold. Always just right. Price........... $3.50

The John Lewis COMPANY LIMITED

HOCKEY STICKS
NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.

AUTOMOBILE SKATES
Made in Canada
Have you seen the New Ones?
Stronger and Lighter than ever

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO.
LET US DO YOUR PLUMBING

Raise Your Family

on our bread in the name of go
health and every sanitary precautio
Our bakery is a model and our quali
standard unapproached when it com
to bread baking. Sit down to the tab
with that eagerness which those wh
have sampled our bread and know th
it is on the table awaiting them.

Yerex's Bakery
Phone 787
68 Sinclair St. Belleville

GET THE
F. S. ANDERSON CO'S
GENUINE
SCRANTON
COAL
BELLEVILLE

The Best we Can Buy Carefully Prepared and Delivered
The F. S. ANDERSON CO.,
42 Bridge St.

ARENA
TURNBULL S
BAND Tues., Thurs., Sat.

O. H. A. HOCKEY
LINDSAY JUNIORS
vs.
BELLEVILLE JUNIORS
FRIDAY, JANUARY 21ST.
FAST GAME ASSURED
Puck faced 8.15
Admission 25c. Reserved seats 35
Band in attendance

OVERCOATS

Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat! We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.

Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

Ladies'
Hudson Seal Coat

No. 1 Quality Lined throughout with No. 1 Brocade satin 4 inches long........Price $120.0

Muff to match " $22.0

J. T. DELANEY
29 Campbell St., opposite Y.M.C.A. Phone 79
See Our Window
N. B. We Buy Raw Fur

15c February Delineator 15c

Kimona Fleece Velour SPECIAL

This Fleece Velour is a beautifully made cloth, and is specially adapted for House Dresses, Wrappers, etc. It is a nice, soft, warm cloth, and will make up nicely. It comes in colors of Red, Blue, Fawn, Rose and Pink, and sold for 20c per yard.

Special for Thurs., Fri. and Sat.
At 13c per yard

COMFORTERS For The Cold Weather

12 Only Wadded Comforters
Sold regularly for $2.50

Special For The Week End
$1.78

Good, strong and serviceable Coverings, and very nicely quilted.

Ketcheson & Earle

25c BUTTERICK FASHIONS FOR SPRING, 1916 25c

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 6 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED — ATTENDANTS. APPLY Ontario School for the Deaf. j19-tf

WANTED—SMART INTELLIGENT GIRLS to learn Shirt-making. Apply Deacon Shirt Company. 15-6td

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—FIRST CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill and Planer hands, Toolmakers. Good wages. Steady work. Canadian Westinghouse Company, Limited, Hamilton, Ont. d-j27

TO RENT

TO RENT. RESIDENCE. No. 221 CHARLES St.; contains all modern conveniences. Apply at The Intelligencer Office. a25-tf

TO LET, THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the Bank of Commerce, and also rooms in the same block and the Robertson Block, suitable for offices and apartments. S. S. Lazier. j17-dtf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—FORD TOURING CAR, 1914 model; new non-skid tires; engine lately overhauled; will sacrifice if sold this week. Apply Box P, Intelligencer. 18-4t

FOR-SALE—PRIVATE SALE OF HOUSEhold furniture, including coal range, on Saturday, Jan. 22, Monday, 24, from 10 until 5. 218 Church Street. 20-2td

Fresh Made Appetizing Confections

Chocolate Dates, 40c lb.
Date Pudding, - 25c lb.
Maple Walnut Cream,- - - 20c lb.
Neapolitan Fruit Pudding, - - 30c lb.
Humbugs, - - 20c lb.
Butter Scotch - 20c lb.

Our Own Make

Chas. S. Clapp

CITY AND VICINITY

PHOTO-DRAMA CREATION

Part 3 Sunday 2.30 and 7.30 p.m., Griffin's Theatre. Seats free. 21,22

CANADA POSTAGE
TWO CENTS
2
2

COSTS LITTLE
Accomplishes Much

A two cent stamp does a lot for very little money, but it would require thousands of two cent stamps and personal letters to make your wants known to as many people as a 25c. investment in our Classified Want Ads.

3 LEADERS
THE
DOW
ALES
STOUTS &
Malt Extract

Consumers who cannot purchase the Dow Brands from their local dealer, please address "Mail Order Department," 38 Chaboillez Square, Montreal.

SPORTING NEWS

The Tankard Games

Played on Kingston Ice on Tuesday

Napanee Defeated Kingston by 36 to 32, And Brockville Won From Napanee, By 36 to 33. .. .., ...

On Tuesday afternoon the first game of curling in the Ontario Tankard Series was played between two Napanee and Kingston teams on Kingston ice, in which Napanee defeated Kingston by four points. The rinks and scores were:

Napanee—J. Derry, H. Daly, W. A. Daly, C. J. Mabee (skip)—22.

Kingston—H. Bibby, E. C. Gildersleeve, W. J. Hooper and T. Slater (skip)—12.

Napanee—Dr. Howard, J. Daly, W. Smith and Dr. Leonard (skip)—14.

Kingston—H. Wallace, A. W. McLean, W. Montgomery and J. F. McDonald (skip)—20.

On Tuesday evening two teams from Brockville played two teams from Napanee in the Tankard Series at the Kingston rink, in which Brockville won by three points. The rinks and the scoring were:

Napanee—Dr. Howard, J. Daly, William Smith and Dr. Leonard (skip)—21.

Brockville—George Warwick, S. C. Horton, H. S. Brown and W. G. McClellan (skip)—18.

Napanee—J. S. Derry, H. Daly, W. H. Daly, C. S. Mabee (skip)—12.

Brockville—W. Cochrane, J. Mitchell, J. A. Hutcheson and J. E. Chrysler (skip)—18.

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.... PACIFIC COAST HOCKEY ....

(C.P. R. Special to The Intelligencer)

Pacific Coast hockey—Seattle 5, Victoria 3; Vancouver 4, Portland one.

KING'S PLATE ASSURED

Will be Run at Toronto on May 20

That there is no truth in the story published in an evening paper that the historic King's Plate race at Toronto would not be run this season was assured last night through a message from Toronto. The King's Plate will be run at the Woodbine this year on May 20 and will have a greater value than a year ago, including the gift of fifty guineas from His Majesty King George V. The King's Plate race run at the autumn meeting of the Montreal Jockey Club each year will also be run this year. One of the officials of the Montreal Jockey Club stated last night that they had heard nothing regarding the cancellation of the gift of the guineas.

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PETERBORO'S TANKARD RINKS DEFEATED

While Peterboro's district cup rinks were qualifying to play in Toronto, the two tankard rinks were eliminated by Lindsay. Mr. George Giroux was six up in his game with Mr. L. V. O'Connor, but Mr. W. H. Taylor was down 13 in his game with Little's good rink. Peterboro' lost by a margin of four.

◆

SPORTSMEN'S ASSOCIATION FORMED

Brockville has formed a Sportsmen's Patriotic Association. J. A. Hutcheson, K.C., was appointed President and Frank Ritchie vice-president. A trustee board, composed of Hon. G. P. Graham, Mr. Hardy and C. S. Cossitt was named to administer the funds for the benefit of the soldiers, and all sportsmen past and present were included in the membership. The association proposes not to ask for funds, but to give value for every dime or quarter received for any entertainment provided.

Canadians' Duty To Ignore Call Senate is Told

Choquette's Bitter Attack on Participation in War Startled Red Chamber

CALLS FOR A MANDATE

Senator Belcourt Declared Choquette Did Not Voice Sentiment of Quebec

OTTAWA, Jan. 19.—Declaring that he was opposed to the principles that when England was at war Canada was at war, and asserting that England was somewhat responsible for the war, Senator Choquette (Liberal) of Quebec, caused somewhat of a sensation in the upper house this afternoon.

The senator's remarks were made during the debate on the reply to the address from the throne, and immediately brought down on him the censure of a number of the French-Canadian Senators, who stated that they agreed in no particular with the utterances of the Quebec member.

The debate was continued during the afternoon and to-night the senate passed the address without division.

England Partly Responsible

Senator Choquette said the chief items of the speech were proposals of men and money for the war and to prolong the term of parliament. England had not declared war, but England was somewhat responsible for the war. England had in July flirted with Germany, and French Ambassador Cambon in a report from Berlin that month, said Berlin had been led to believe that in case of war between Germany on one hand and France and Russia on the other, England would stand aside. Had England undertaken a different stand on that day and given Germany to understand they would stand by the treaty for the security of Belgium, there would be no war to-day.

"Toronto Jingoes"

Senator Croquette did not agree with the declaration of the two leaders yesterday that when England was at war Canada was at war. Leaders on both sides in the past had held this wasn't to be the case and when Toronto jingoes forced the late government to send some thousand armed men to the South African war they were sent with the declaration that this was not to be regarded as a precedent.

The proposal to amend this constitution to lengthen the term of parliament was a dangerous proposal Senator Croquette said. He declared that he would oppose with all his power the proposal. Senator Choquette said that half a million men were called for and the expenditure of milions was involved, but for himself he was against more men or more money unless there was a mandate from the people.

Senator Watson, Liberal, said French-Canadians had done their share and more in furnishing men. Many of the English-speaking regiments sent from Quebec were largely made up of French-Canadians.

Wants People's Mandate

If it was true, as Hon. Mr. Lougheed said yesterday, that there was danger of the invasion of Canada, then it would be the part of wisdom to keep Canadian soldiers at home for defence, Senator Choquette continued. He did not think with the United States powerful and friendly, that Canada would be taken by Germany should Germany defeat England in the war. The most that could happen would be to have Canada become independent. He was against the increase of the Canadian force to 500,000 men without a mandate from the people.

Belcourt's Strong Reply

Senator Belcourt (Liberal) said he was opposed to every position which Senator Croquette had taken. He proposed to speak for those of his race in Ontario whom he represented. The motion shown by the Duke of Connaught in the speech from the throne reflected the feeling of Canada. Senator Croquette had said many things, with most of which almost everyone in the senate disagreed. No man of sense believed that England was in any measure responsible for this war.

The business of today in Canada was to provide men and money for the great cause in which Canada and Britian and their Allies were engaged. There should be no limit fixed upon the contributions of either men or money but the need of the situation and ability of Canada to contribute.

HOCKEY RECORD

HOCKEY

The following were the hockey results last night:

N. H. A.

Wanderers. . . 7 Torontos 4
Quebec . . . . . 2 Canadiens 2

Senior O. H. A.

40th Battery. . 5 Riverdales 4

Intermediate O. H. A.

Paris . . . . 8 C. M. R. 2

Junior O. H. A.

St. Andrew's Col. . 5 De la Salle . . . 1
Berlin . . . . 7 Preston 0
K. C. I. . . . . . . 9 Frontenacs . . . 5
London . . . . . . 3 Ingersoll 2

◆

WINTER FAIR AT OTTAWA

Canadian Pacific Excursion Rate $4.10 return, going Jan. 17th to 20th, returning god to Jan. 22nd. For further information and tickets apply to S. BURROWS, C.P.R., Agent. 12,8t

RITCHIE'S

Featuring
Half Price Attractions
In The Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Department
Scores of Serviceable Dresses, Coats, Skirts and Furs Clearing At This 50 Per Cent Reduction

5 Only EVENING DRESSES Half Price

The most exclusive social function would cast favor on either of these fine evening gowns. They are all different in style but are principally sheer Chiffons over Satins. The shades are a pretty blue, white, maize, mauve and cream. These dresses we are desirous of clearing out previous to stock inventory, so offer them at just Half Price.

Reg. $25.00 for $12.50

adies' Silk and Serge Dresses Half Price L

About two dozen in all to be cleared out previous to stock inventory. Made up of splendid quality materials in shades of brown, cream, navy, black and Copenhagen. Not this season's dresses, but good styles and all nicely trimmed. Regular prices from $8.00 to $25.00. On sale at HALF PRICE.

From $4.00 to $12.50
(Mantle Room)

Ladies' Black and Colored Coats Half Price

This offer does not mean only a few of the Coat Models selectad for quick clearance, but embraces every Ladies' Black and Colored Coat now in stock, and that means a lot, especially so early in the season, for there are still many handsome up-to-the-minute garments displayed in our showing, all strictly new models in first class materials and best shades. Just think of this:—

Regular $10.00 Coats are now $ 5.00
Regular 12.00 Coats are now 6.00
Regular 15.00 Coats are now 7.50
Regular $18.00 Coats are now $ 9.00
Regular 20.00 Coats are now 10.00
Regular 25.00 Coats are now 12.50

Or Just Half Price.

FURS--HALF PRICE

Probably never in the history of this Store has there been a greater or more sweeping sale of high class Furs. Every piece of Fur in our collection offered at just half the usual price. The showing embraces stylish Muffs, Stoles, Caperinesf etc., in fine qualities of

MINK MARMOT THIBET COON RAT
NORTHERN SABLE STONE MARTEN

Occasionally such bargains as these can be picked up at the end of the season, but rarely in the month of January. Come in and see them; there are dazens of surprising bargains awaiting you.

Ladies' Dress Skirts Half Price

A clearing of Ladies' Skirts, made of Serges, Panamas and Voiles—all splendid quality material and well made; not all this season's. but good styles. On sale at JUST HALF PRICE.

$5.00 Skirts for $2.50 $6.00 Skirts for $3.00
$7.50 Skirts for $3.75

The RITCHIE Company Limited

Timidity of the Horse.

The horse is by nature a timid animal, as, generally speaking, all animals are to whom nature has given powers of swift flight as their chief means of self preservation. Of course individuals differ in this respect, but the rule is so general that it should never be lost sight of in training. That the horse can be trained to war simply shows the extent to which his natural impulses can be modified and subdued by the art of man.

Breeds of horses differ in regard to natural timidity. The pure bred Arab is beyond all comparison the most fearless horse in the world. It is possible that this may be owing in part to the fact that his natural development was for long ages in an open country, where he was not in constant danger from unseen foes, but chiefly I think because he is a higher evolutionary type than any other horse.—Farm and Fireside.

Hot Air.

"Have you hot air in your apartment?"

"Have we? You just ought to hear the landlord telling what he is going to do for us."

An Eye For His Colors.

Haiti appears to breed a spirit of sensitive patriotism unknown in other countries. Some years ago a general in the Haitian army ordered an artificial eye. The maker did his best to execute the order satisfactorily, but the eye was returned from Port au Prince, with a letter complaining that "the eye you forwarded me is of a tint that resembles the Spanish flag. I am far too patriotic to wear any colors but those of my own country." After ascertaining from the ministry of marine the colors of the Haitian standard a scarlet and green eye was dispatched, and this met with enthusiastic approval.

The Idea.

"I see where a very clever dog is the star of a play lately produced."

"I suppose they did that to make it a howling success."

Colored Goldfish.

The artificial coloring of goldfish to meet prevailing tastes by keeping them in water containing certain chemicals is extensively carried on in Sicily.

Every base occupation makes one sharp in its practice and dull in every other.—Sir Philip Sidney.

'MISSING' SOLDIER GAVE HIS FRIENDS SURPRISE

Peterboro Man Invalided Home After Injuries Sustained at Givenchy

KEENE, Jan. 19.—(Special.)—A pleasant surprise came to the friends of Pte. J. H. Wilson, Peterboro, who was reported missing after Givenchy when he unexpectedly returned from the battlefront. On June 16 at Givenchy a shell burst on the parapet of his trench, dropping a couple of sandbags on him and pinning him to the ground. He has spent the intervening months in French and English hospitals. He will spend a few weeks in Peterboro and then report at Kingston.

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What a dull world this would be for the wimmin folks if somebody busted all the mirrors.

THE WEATHER.

Southerly winds, mild, with occasional rain.
Saturday—Quite mild, followed by a change to colder on Sunday.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY INTHINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 81 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, JANUARY 21, 1915. No. 19

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General Villa Reported Captured

Famous Mexican Rebel Leader With 50 Followers Claimed Captured Near San Geronimo

REPORT HAS BEEN DENIED

Villa Once Was Prominent Rebel Leader and Nearly Gained Mastery Over Mexico

(Canadian Press Special)

ELPASO, Texas, Jan. 21.—Reports of the capture of Francisco Villa are denied by General Herrera at Chipuahua.

Reported Captured

EL PASCO, Texas, Jan. 20.—Gen. Francisco Villa with a band of fifty men has been captured near San Geronimo. He is being brought to Juarez and will be publicly executed at the race track there, according to statements made by Carranzista officials. His followers were all executed immediately after their capture, says one report. These reports are confirmed by every available Carranza source on the border. Americans in Chihauhua wire confirmation. Villaistas deny reports of the capture.

The following telegram has been received from Albert H. Davison, a prominent broker of Chihuahua City, who is one of the best informed Americans in Mexico.

"Your telegram received. Carranza officials here declare reported capture of Villa near San Geronimo absolutely confirmed. They say Villa will be brought alive to Chihuahua. His band of fifty men were executed immediately after capture."

Once Near Success

Villa has been the most prominent of the many "rebel leaders" in Mexico, and at one time was thought to be in a fair way to bringing the whole country under his rule. He did not support any President or leader for long. He is regarded as the instigator of the recent massacre of eighteen American citizens. Benton, a British subject, was killed on his orders some time ago, and Britain than stated in effect that she would take reckoning in due course. In the height of his career Villa led armies of 20,000 to 30,000 men, and for a time was consistently successful.

TO WAIT ON THE GOV'T.

And Urge Prohibition as Ecomic War Measure

OTTAWA, Jan. 20.—The committee named this morning at a meeting of Parliamentarians, the Dominion Alliance, and the Central Citizens' Committee to prepare a resolution favoring the principle of Dominion prohibition as an economic war measure, will wait upon the Government on Thursday, January 27th, at noon.

SENATOR RILEY, B. C., DEAD

VICTORIA, B.C., Jan. 20.—Senator George Riley, Liberal, died at Victoria this morning, at the age of 73.

George Riley was born at St. Catharines, Ont., in 1843, and came to British Columbia in 1885. He was an unsuccessful candidate for the House of Commons in 1900, but was elected in 1902 and re-elected in 1904. He resigned in 1906 and was oppointed to the Senate in March of the same year.

HOUSE CANNOT START INQUIRY SAYS MEIGHEN

Contends That Shell Contract Matters Are For the Imperial Government Alone—Canadian Government Has No Power

LIBERAL PARTY IS APPARENTLY DIVIDED

Extension of Parliament Touched Upon—Quebec and Maritime Provinces Anxious For An Election—Ontario and The West Are Opposed

Liberals Disagree

OTTAWA, Jan. 20.—The debate upon the address so far has been controversal only upon the subject of the shell committee. Little has been said about the extension of the parliamentary term, although Dr. Clark of Red Deer favored the same and Hon. Dr. Pugsley to some extent opposed it. That Liberals are not in entire accord was disclosed at an informal conference held this morning.

The Dividing Line

There is evidently a line of cleavage which closely follows the course of the Ottawa River. Quebec and Maritime Province members are rather anxious for an elecion while their Liberal colleagues from Ontario and the west are strongly oposed to it.

No Power to Probe

In the house to-day, Solicitor-General Meighen stated the position of the government in respect to the demand for parliamentary investigation into the operations of the shell committee. Mr. Meighen said that the commitee was responsible only to the imperial government. The Canadian parliament had no more authority to investigate the expenditures of the British Government in Canada than it had to investigate the expenditures of the British Government in the United States.

Contention Combated

This contention was vigorously combated by G. W. Kyte, the Liberal member from Richmond, N.S. He said that the government in the past had claimed a great deal of credit for the shell committee but now sought to evade an investigation by declaring that it was the creature of the imperial government.

Mr. Scott (S. Waterloo) moved the adjournment of the debate.

NO PRINTERS, NO PAPER

Peculiar State of Affairs in St. Catharines

ST. CATHARINES, Ont., Jan. 19.—There will be no issue of the Evening Journal to-day owing to a peculiar strike. This morning the management left a letter on the type-setting machine of one of the men, saying it was understood he had been bringing liquor into the office which must be stopped or dismissal would follow. As union etiquette was not followed, and this communication sent through the foreman, the men put on their coats and quit.

The first trouble, however, started yesterday, when a man in the newsroom refused to help out in the job-printing department and was given the option of doing so or quitting. He quit.

The Journal management paid all the men off and let them go.

CAMPBELLFORD FIRM TO MAKE MORE SHELLS

The Dickson Bridge Works Co., is now engaged in removing the bridge plant and putting in a concrete floor in that part of the building not already used in the manufacture of shells. The company will as soon as possible begin the manufacture of a 6-inch shell and will continue to make the smaller shell. The new contract for the 6 inch shells amounts to $350,000.—Campbellford Herald.

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIANS

Midnight List.

Ottawa, Jan. 20.—The midnight list of casualties follows:—

8TH BATTALION.
Wounded—D. H. Watson, Edmonton, Alta.
Slightly wounded—Lieut. A. R. G. Pattinson, Winnipeg.
10TH BATTALION.
Wounded—A. Anderson, Scotland.
15TH BATTALION.
Previously reported wounded and missing; now, according to German list, dead—Lance-Corp. G. Warden, Scotland.
16TH BATTALION.
Previously reported wounded and missing; now, according to German list, dead—A. Annand, Scotland.
Seriously wounded—Lance-Corp. J. Denholm, Scotland.
Wounded—Lieut. W. N. McLennan, England.
Severely wounded—Lieut. J. H. McCoy, British West Indies.
18TH BATTALION.
Died of wounds—Major C. E. Sale, Goderich, Ont.
19TH BATTALION.
Wounded—J. L. Stroud, Hamilton; H. Dewar, Hamilton.
21ST BATTALION.
Slightly wounded—J. Wright, Orland, Ont.
Suffering from shell shock—N. H. Hircock, Cobourg, Ont.
Severely wounded—E. H. B. Cambridge, Toronto.
22ND BATTALION.
Wounded—E. Frechette, Montreal; Lieut. R. Larocque, Montreal.
Slightly wounded—Major A. E. Dubuc, Montreal.
26TH BATTALION.
Died of wounds—F. Martin, Eel River Bridge, N.B.
28TH BATTALION.
Suffering from shock—C. Woodward, England.
29TH BATTALION.
Killed in action—M. Poulson, Lethbridge, Alta.
37TH BATTALION.
Died—C. Paynter, England.
42ND BATTALION.
Severely wounded—J. Selvwright, St. Henri, Montreal.
Wounded—Corp. P. Ackerly, England; Lance-Corp. N. McTavish, Scotland; Geo. Payne, Scotland; A. E. Hutchinson, England.
49TH BATTALION.
Severely wounded—Lieut. R. H. Gregory, England.
PRINCESS PATS.
Seriously wounded—Lieut. E. F. Newcombe, Ottawa.
ROYAL CANADIAN REGIMENT.
Died—Harry Estles, England.
2ND FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE
Wounded—Gunner J. J. McDonald, East Bay, C.B.
4TH ARTILLERY BRIGADE.
Severely wounded—Staff-Sergt. G. C. Tapson, England.

Another Division For the Front

Fourth Canadian Division to go Soon—Is Now in England

OTTAWA, Jan. 20.—It is announced tonight that Sir Robert Borden, prime minister, sent to the imperial authorities the offer of a fourth Canadian division at the front. The troops are in England now and they will go over to France in the near future.

This will make two complete army corps or about 80,000 men on the firing line.

With the sending of another division of 20,000 men across the channel, it will be necessary to send a corresponding number from Canada to England to be held in readiness to act as reinforcements. The action of the government was made possible by the prospect of a satisfactory response from the country to the call for 500,000 men.

MORE DOGS THAN BABIES

PALM BEACH, Florida, Jan. 20.—Russel G. Colt to-day bet Hermann Oelrichs that there are more dogs in Palm Beach than there are babies, and set out to prove it. He had made considerable progress by to-night. Here is the initial list:—

Mrs. Hamilton Cary, with her prizewining English bull, Newport Nipper; John C. King, one Pomeranian; Hermann Oelrichs, one white Spitz; Mrs. Guerney Munn, formerly Miss Louise Wanamaker, one police dog, two water spaniels, one Russian wolf hound and one pekingese, eight dogs, mostly English pointers and English and Irish setters; Mrs. Willis Seaver Paine, one pekingese; Mrs. Wm. Thaw, 3rd, one Boston bull, and Jean St. Cyr, two Russian wolf hounds.

It was reported to-night that Mr. Oelrichs had been able to discover but eight babies so far. A show-down of the two is to be called for on Saturday night of this week at a dinner at the Beach Club.

GRIBBLE GOES TO JAIL FOR SEDITIOUS LANGUAGE

ST. JOHN, N.B., Jan. 20.—Wilfrid Gribble, Socialist, was sentenced today by Judge Crockett to two months in the county jail here for using seditious language. He was convicted last week.

Application of counsel for Gribble for a reserved case was denied.

Gribble slandered the King at a public meeting, and also said the phrase "Your King and country need you," should be "Your King and country bleed you."

Within the Military Circle

Lieut. H. A. Fish, recruiting officer for the 155th Overseas Batt., C.E.F., stationed in Stirling, is an old officer of the 15 Regt., A.L.I., of Belleville, having enlisted as a private in March, 1896, and is entitled to a twenty year long service medal this coming March. For the last five and a half years he has been living in Rochester, N.Y., and when the call came to him, the first week in December last, to do his litle bit for his "King and Country" he, like a man and a soldier volunteered his services and was attached to this "Bay of Quinte Overseas Battalion," leaving his position and home. Lieut. Fish is an old Hastings County bay, having been born in Belleville, Ont., where he has lived up to the time of taking up his residence in Rochester, N.Y.—Stirling Leader.

(Madoc Review)

The following are the names of those who have enlisted in the 155th Battalion at Madoc and are drilling in the Madic Armouries:

Sergt. T. Reynolds, Ptes. J. Ault, G. Bassett, L. Bassett, J. Brown, L. Burns, C. Burkett, F. Ballard, C. Broadworth, D. Blakely, J. A. Brownson, A. Clarckson, E. Carl, C. Deline, C. Donaldson, W. Fox, C. Gunn, F. Glover, G. Gifford, W. Hart, A. Hayton, W. Hawthorn, C. Howsier, M. Halloran, D. M. McKenzie, W. J. McCoy, H. McIntyre, E. Moore, R. Newland, G. O'Rorke, H. Pitts, L. Reeves, D Rogers, W. Storring, W. Taylor, R. West, F. Welch, A. Welch, M. Weese, F. Young, A. Cronkwright, Holland, Paget, Willis.

New recruits:—Ptes. A. Anson, R. M Harrison, R. Vollick, W. Vollick, McMurray.

Sergt. Matthews, formerly of the 80th Battalion, has reported for duty with the local detachment of the 155th.

Capt. Doyle, Quartermaster, 155th, Belleville, paid the local detachment a visit last week.

Capt. Hyman, Transport Officer, 155th, Belleville, was a vistor of the local detachment last week.

BELLEVILLE
80TH BATTALION ORDERS

Officer for to-day—Lt. J. H. Alp.; to-morrow—Lt. H. L. Birkett.

Sergt. for to-day—Cpl. Dickson, tomorrow—Cpl. Humphries, A. Co.

Corporal for to-day—Cpl. Juby A Co.; to-morrow—L. Corporal Morris, A. Co.

A carnival in honor of the soldiers stationed at Brockville will be held in Februray. The events will include a military tournament, curling, hockey, fancy skating, horse racing and the Brockville Patriotic Minstrels shows.

Pte. R. A. Edyvean, of Rednerville, has been promoted to the rank of sergeant in the Quarter Master's stores of the 155th.

Lieut.-Col. Adams and Major Allen of the 155th Battalion, returned from Picton this morning.

Major Wallbridge, Capt. Geen and Lieut. Wallace of the 155th Battalion, attended a patriotic concert at Canifton last evening. The 80th Battalion orchestra was present and rendered some very good music which was very much appreciated by those present. Excellent results are expected in the way of recruits from the Canifton district.

The 155th Battalion had their physical drill inside the armouries this morning.

Sergt. Arthur McGie of Belleville, who left here last spring with the 39th Battalion, returned to this city this morning and reported at the headquarters of the 155th Battalion. Sergt. McGie is to be commanding officer of the machine gun section and will hold the rank of lieutenant.

Lieut.-Col. Fee and Major Carew, of the 109th Battalion, Lindsay, visited the headquarters of the 80th and 155th Battalions this morning.

Wm. Hay, 26 Howard Street, this city, has enlisted with the 155th Battalion. He has two sons already at the front.

The 155th Battalion have secured 104 recruits for the week ending Jan. 21st. This is an increase of 23 over last week.

The 155th Battalion expect to organize a hockey team in the near future.

KINGSTON

Where the officer commanding a battery of artillery has been given the rank of major there will be no captain appointed for the battery. This is the decision of Ottawa, and will be carried out locally.

Four depot batteries of field artillery will be organized in the city at once, to take the places of the batteries which have been placed in the new artillery brigade for overseas.

There are now 23 men attending the school of military cookery.

Private Mark Dine of the bugle band of the 80th Battalion, is in the city, and has been detained here for several days owing to family sickness.

The following appears in divisional orders for yesterday:

It is published for general information that owing to the scarcity of telegraph operators available for military purposes and the great number of operators required in a divisional signal company, it is desired that all operators who have enlisted in the various C.E.F. units be transferred to divisional signal companies as required.

Officers commanding units of the C.E.F., will therefore forward to headquarters, 3rd division, a statement showing the names and qualifications of all such operators who are at present serving under their respective commands.

RUSSIANS ATTACKING IN GREAT FORCE

Tremendous Struggle Is Now Going on Along Eastern Front—Czar Leave Petrograd to Join Troops

DELAYED OFFENSIVE NOW IN FULL SWING

Teuton Regiments From Serbia and Montenegro Being Rushed To Region of Czernowitz—Enemy Losses Very Heavy—Czar's Forces Repel Counter-Attacks

LONDON, Jan. 20.—A Bucharest despatch says some of the Teuton regiments who fought in Serbia and Montenegro are being hurriedly returned to the Galician front.

The Czar has left Petrograd, and, according to a despatch from the Russian capital, is proceeding to the front near Czernowitz. It is at that point that the general engagement is developing on which the success of the great flanking movement now under way is believed to depend.

As in the case of the recently reported battles, the Austrian despatches again claim that all the Russian attacks have been repulsed with great losses. There is no doubt, however, that the lull in the fighting was brought about by the Russians deliberately for the purpose of organizing the positions taken and bringing up reinforcements and fresh supplies of ammunition before proceeding with the offensive now in full swing.

Repulsed Five Attacks

Petrograd tonight officially reports successes both north and south.

"Northeast of Czernowitz, in the region of Rarinczle," the Russians say, "we captured the sector of an enemy position. In an attempt to capture the sector the enemy made five desperate counter attacks, all of which were repulsed with enormous enemy losses. In the region of Dvinsk," the report says, "our artillery successfully bombarded an enemy column which approached Schlossberg from the west. On the Middle Stripa we stopped an attempt by weak enemy units to approach our trenches."

Foe's Losses Colossal

A despatch to The Times says:

All accounts agree that the Austro-Germans suffered colossal losses in the recent fighting on the southwestern front. During their counter attacks at Czartorysk the German columns melted so rapidly under the fire of the Russian artillery that their armies in that theatre have been forced to remain supine ever since.

At Olyka the Austro-German counter attacks were so costly that the storming columns eventually fell back to the second line without the slightest pressure from the Russians.

Fighting in the North

Serious fighting has occurred on the northern front in the neighborhood of Jacobstadt. During a German attempt to turn the Russian flank in the Drisviaty district the Russians withdrew unperceived, with the result that the German flanking columns came into collision and inflicted heavy losses on each other before the mistake was discovered.

Availing themselves of the confusion the Russians then attacked successfully and expelled the Germans.

What Vienna Claims

The Vienna War Office, in a despatch via Berlin, says:

"The new battle on the Bessarabian frontier has increased in violence. Tenacious attacks by superior Russian forces at several places between Toporoutz and Boyan were repulsed principally by the Budapest Honved division. The enemy several times during the engagements entered our trenches, but were each time repulsed in hand-to-hand fighting with heavy losses.

"At one place the Sixth and Thirtieth Honved Regiments made a victorious counter attack. The ground before the trenches is covered with dead Russians. On the fighting ground of certain battalions were counted as many as 800 to 1,000 bodies of Russians who had been kiled.

"The front held by Generals Pflanzer and Baltin is under the fire of the Russian artillery. There have been artillery duels in eastern Galicia."

Fair Play Is Asked by Times

Says Americans Should Grant Same Interpretation Granted Them

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 21.—The Times prints the blockade proclamation of the Confederate States issued by Abraham Lincoln, and says: "Lincoln announced that competent force would be posted to enforce the blockade, although he had no such force. We were anxious for the friendship of the American people and allowed them plenty of time. Even if the effectiveness of our blockade should be at first open to question, we might reasonably expect from America that favorable interpretation of a strict law which we allowed here.

HOUSE BLOWN UP IN WALKERVILLE

(Canadian Press Special)

WALKERVILLE, Jan. 21.—An explosion of natural gas wrecked a tenement house on Walker road, containing four families, last night. John Belford is dead and several others are injured, two probably fatally. Gas leaked through the ground from a leak in the main fifteen feet from the house, and the explosion resulted when somebody struck a match to light the lamp.

Victory Depends Upon Civilians

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, Jan. 21.—Speaking to a deputation from the National Railwaymen's Union, formed to help war sufferers, General Joffre said: "If only the civilians will hold firm, that is the essential thing. If Frenchmen keep steady we shall have victory, not immediately, or even soon, but eventually."

New Version of Baralong Affair

Reported That United States Muleteers Killed German Submarine Sailors

COULD HAVE GOTTEN FACTS

Independent Jury of American Officers Would Have Obtained Information

LONDON, Jan. 20.—Special—The Central News correspondent in Christiania says:

The After Posten tomorrow (Friday) publishes from its London correspondent a new version of the Baralong affair which he received from a reliable source. According to this version, when the submarine attacked the Nicolsian the latter's crew, including the American muleteers, took refuge in lifeboats. The Baralong hove in sight and sank the submarine, whose crew sought shelter on the Nicosian.

The story proceeds: "When the American muleteers, having returned with the crew to their own ship, discovered members of the German submarine's crew on board these muleteers not unnaturally became quite furious. A fight ensued, in which the muleteers wreaked fury upon the men who in attacking the British ship were really guilty of attempting cold-blooded murder. I understand that if, as proposed by Sir Edward Grey, the Baralong affair has been submitted to an independent jury of American naval officers the above-mentioned facts would have been disclosed."

Let Soldiers Help With Next Harvest

Suggestion Also to Give up Fall Fairs to Save Grant For Patriotism

COBOURG, Jan. 20.—Special—West Northumberland Agricultural Association held its annual meeting here today, the President, Mr. James McLeod, in the chair. He referred to the fact that although the farmers of this district had met during 1915 the demand for increased production, they are confronted to-day by a great difficulty, that of securing sufficient help to put in and harvest the crop. He suggested that the soldiers in training at the different military centres be commissioned by the Department of Militia to turn in and help the farmers with the harvest.

Mr. McLeod threw out the suggestion also to the farmers of the Province that as the Government grant to the fall fairs amounts to some $70,000 the farmers give up the agricultural shows for one year, in order that this amount might be devoted to patriotic purposes, thus making one more sacrifice to the cause of patriotism and humanity.

Belgian Relief Fund Needs

No tag days, no house-to-house canvasses, just an appeal to the Canadian sense of duty is being made by the Belgian Relief Committee on behalf of 2,500,000 starving women and children.

Two million and a half women and children in Belgium are on the verge of starvation for want of Canadian flour.

Local committees all over Canada are receiving subscriptions to be forwarded to the Belgian Relief Committee in Montreal to meet the situation in Belgium, which has assumed serious proportions.

Germans Burned Belgian Homes

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, Jan. 21.—A statement issued by the Belgian Government shows that outside of Flanders the Germans burned over 18,000 houses in Belgium.

CORONATION ONCE AGAIN POSTPONED

(Canadian Press Special)

PEKIN, China, Jan. 21.—The coronation of Yuan Shi Kai has been postponed indefinitely. The official reason is the uprising in Couburn, China.

Our
JANUARY SALE
Still in Full Swing

Goods Slaughtered in many cases 10 to 25 p.c. off Regular Prices

Have Cents

Save Your Dollars By Buying Here Now

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

SPECIAL BOOT BARGAINS

Marked Regardless of Cost to Clear Before Stock-Taking.

WOMEN'S GYPSY BOOTS, in Kid, Midnight Blue and Velvet, Patent and Gun Metal Laced and Buttoned, Plain Toe, or Tipped Mat or Cloth Top, all sizes. Regular $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00.

Clearing $2.98

MEN'S TAN and GUN METAL LACED and BUTTONED BOOTS, English or Nobby Toes, all sizes. Regular $5.00 and $6.00 values.

Clearing $3.45

ADAMS The Shoeman

HOCKEY STICKS
NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.

AUTOMOBILE SKATES
Made in Canada

Have you seen the New Ones'?
Stronger and Lighter than ever

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO.
LET US DO YOUR PLUMBING

Raise Your Family

on our bread in the name of good health and every sanitary precaution. Our bakery is a model and our quality standards unapproached when it comes to bread baking. Sit down to the table with that eagerness which those who have sampled our bread and know that it is on the table awaiting them.

Yerex's Bakery
Phone 787
68 Sinclair St. Belleville

The Standard Bank of Canada.
Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.

GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.

Toronto, 28th December, 1915.

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch . . . JOHN ELLIOTT . . Manager

PERSIAN LAMB

We have never before been better prepared to meet the season's demand for high class Persian Lamb garments, than at present.

Why not get prices on having your Persian Jacket repaired, remodelled or lengthened? We have skins to match every coat.

G. T. WOODLEY,
Phone 421.
273 Front St.

MUSIC & DRAMA

GREAT WAR CORRESPONDENT COMING HERE

Mr. Frederick Palmer will lecture on "The Great World War" and will exhibit the famous movinb pictures of the war at close range, including both the films authorized by the French Government, and those permitted to be taken by the British Government.

It is under the auspices of the 80th "Overseas" Battalion, C.E.F. Belleville citizens will hear Mr. Palmer in Griffin's Opera House on February 1st.

ENGAGEMENT EXTRAORDINARY

Mr. C. R. Scott, of Scott's Theatre, presents his compliments to the amusement loving people of Belleville, and begs to state, that, in his opinion, "The Man Who Stayed at Home" which he has secured for tonight, Saturday matinee and night, is fully deserving of this unusual commendation. "The Man Who Stayed at Home" now playing on the legitimate stage under the name of "The White Feather," is the British War Office Secret Service Drama, which has already reached its second year in London, played for one solid year in New York, and the Strand Theatre, Toronto, broke all records with it. The company is an all English one, picked from the leading theatres of London and Manchester, and includes Dennis Cadic, the very brilliant and gifted young actor. Without any doubt, this will be one of the finest photo-play events ever given in the history of Belleville, and Mr. Scott not only gives his unqualified endorsements to "The Man Who Stayed at Home" but assures his patrons an evening of rare and unalloyed enjoyment. XV. Regt. Band, Chas. Hanna, Manager. Prices: 10c., 20c. Reserved seats now on sale at Theatre. Orchestra in attendance. 1t

Quo Vadis

"Quo Vadis", that marvellous photo drama spectacle that has made the name of the producer, Mr. George Kleine, already famous on this continent, and which has thrilled vast audiences week after week in New York, Chicago, Boston and Philadelphia and various other cities, is announced at the Griffin Opera House for an engagement of 2 nights, Jan. 26 and 27th, with matinees every day. That a rare treat is in store for local amusement seekers is a foregone conclusion as such wonderful patronage and praise that has been bestowed upon this attraction cannot be without merit.

Many ministers and priests have been noticeable in the audience particularly in New York and Chicago, and all have given the entertainment their unqualified approval and endorsement. Some of the pictures are more than inspiring and imbue the spectator with an unbounded reverence for things that are sacred and spiritual. According to all accounts, one of the most striking figures among the great list of factors is the character of Peter. It would be hard to find another player who so perfectly realizes the general conception of this noble man. The features of the actor are perfect for the part and could not have been better had they been chiselled out of marble or painted specially for the production. His acting is at all times in keeping with the beauty of the character and many critics have pronounced the picture where he is preaching to the Christians in the cave, the most artistic and inspiring of the whole wonderful group. And certainly no scene ever pictured or portrayed upon the stage is more impressive or carries stronger weight for good than that incident where the figure of Christ appears to Peter and comands him to return to Rome. It is a splendid specimen of dissolving photography and only one of a remarkable group. In fact, it is said, there are so many great scenes in this glorious photo drama production of "Quo Vadis" it is difficult to pick out any one to praise more than the other. Seats on sale at Doyle's Drug Store; prices 10, 15 and 25c.

◆

3 TIMES CONVICT FORD SAVES HIM

They can call Henry Ford any old thing when it comes to settling a war, but his efforts at the reclamation of human wrecks haven't all been failures as the following Detroit despatch shows:

Samuel D. Haynes of Highland Park has erected a two family brick veneer flat building, costing approximately $10,000, and containing billiard rooms, sun parlors, beamed ceilings, tiled bathrooms, and other "modern improvements" which some might term luxuries.

While item of everyday news is removed from very brief mention in the real estate notes by the fact that this particular house is the realization of a dream that came to Haynes in a call in the State prison at Thomaston, Me., where he spent thirty-nine years of his life. Then his eighth petition for pardon from a life sentence was granted.

GILLETT'S LYE
EATS
DIRT
GILLETT'S
LYE
MADE IN
CANADA

Now he is "one of Henry Ford's boys," a "Tripple-Ex,' or three times convict, one of the many whom the motor magnate has placed in positions of trust. Haynes is connected with the employment department.

Haynes was arrested in Rockland, Me., charged with conducting a gambling house. A policeman named Robbins was detailed to guard him. Haynes determined to escape. He threw a short piece of iron pipe at his guard intending to stun him while the escape was being made, but the end of the pipe struck Robbins in the temple and the officer died four days later.

Haynes was found guilty of murder and was sentenced to life imprisonment. The prosecutor in the case has since sworn that he believed the verdict should have been one of manslaughter, but Haynes' record was against him.

In prison he made up his mind that not a year should elapse that he did not make an attempt at escape.

The first year he was caught and placed in solitary confinement for five months. The second year he tried again to escape, but was shot through the right lung and shoulder, recaptured and put in solitary confinement for fifteen months.

He made another attempt four years later. His wounds bothered him cruelly, but gradually as he recovered he was beginning to realize that he was only making life bitter for himself and for those friends who "stuck to him."

He decided to abandon his attempts at escape. In the last twenty years of his imprisonment he made good.

He was released July 29, 1913, on his eighth petition. On July 3, 1914, he secured employment at the Ford factory. He started to realize his dream of really "making good." The house on Pilgrim avenue is the realization of that dream. He is saving his loan at 6 per cent. interest and he has a substantial sum paid up.

Samuel D. Haynes, once hater of men, has become a member of a respectable community.

◆

MANY CONVICTS ESCAPE

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 20.—Between twenty and forty convicts escaped from the State penal farm at Cummins, Ark., sixty miles from here, early this morning, according to advices received at the offices of the Penitentiary Commission here to-day.

In And About The City

LARGE PLATE GLASS

This afternoon one of the largest panes of glass in any business establishment in this city, was placed in position in front of Messrs. Ritchie's Company's store, Front street. It replaced one that was broken a few weeks ago.

INDOOR BASEBALL

With the lighting which was defective last week all fixed up conditions were almost ideal for the baseball game that took place in the Armouries last night between Mr. Phelan's team from B. Company and the Brass Band. Though the score was a little one sided this was not characteristic of the play. Every man on each team had to be on his toes all the time. The Brass Band's salvation was its pitcher who had considerable speed compared with his opponent. He fanned a number of men and was well supported by his team mates. Some one was on the job to back up any man who made an error and in this way prevented the runs piling up. The greatest weakness of both teams was an inclination on the part of men to hold the ball while deciding which man to close in on and in the meantime two men would steal bases. A good evening's sport was enjoyed after which almost every man took in the weekly programme at the Khaki Club.

B. Company promise the Band a very interesting argument the next time these teams meet. An hour or two's practice together would mean a good deal to both teams and there is opportunity for it almost any afternoon after drill or immediately after supper.

The teams lined up as follows:—For B. Company, Doran, Chant, Brydon, Ellegot, Greenham, Noble, Atkins, and Gordon whose tally was twelve runs. For the Brass Band, Seymour, Guy, Lister, Chamberlain, Brethour, Angrove, B. Sills, and Vickers who scored twenty one runs.

This give s the Band the first place in the league.

The second of this week's' games was between a combined team from the Signallers and Machine Gun Section and A. Company. This was A Company's team's first appearance and though they did not win the game they gave their opponents a closer run than the score indicates and have the first double play of the league to their credit and a very neat play it was. The team lined up as follows: For the combined team, Barlow, W. C. Thompson, A. Thomson, Bolin, Bullock, McCalligott, and Powers. For A. Company, E. Fairman, Nunny, Ketcheson, Bennett, Watson, Friend, Brennan and J. H. Alp. Score 35 to 45. Umpire, C. T. Sharpe.

After the ball game a couple of teams had a basketball workout under Mr. Sharpe in preparation for the league which opens in the Armouries next week.

Ice Creepers, put on your Rubbers, 25c at the Haines Shoe House. fs

This Will Remove Hair or Fuzzy Growths

(Toilet Tips)

A safe, certain method for ridding the skin of ugly, hairy growths is as follows: Mix a paste with some powdered delatone and water, apply to hairy surface about 2 minutes, then rub off, wash the skin, and the hairs are gone. This is entirely harmless and seldom requires repeating, but to avoid disappointment it is advisable to see that you get genuine delatone.

◆

Second Big Fire At Wesport

The Westport roller mills and the electric light plant of Westport, both owned by J. M. Stoness and Sons, Perth Road, were burned to the ground in a fire that visited Westport late yesterday afternoon. This is second fire that has visited the vil in a very short time, the last fire cle ing out a complete business block.

ARENA TURNBULL ST
Game Postponed
Lindsay and Belleville Junior Game POSTPONED until FRIDAY, January 28th
BAND SATURDAY NIGHT

GRIFFIN'S OPERA HOUSE
Two Days Only, Wednesday & Thursday, Jan. 26 and 27
The Stupendous Photo Drama
QUO VADIS
In 3 Acts, 8 parts
Performance lasting 2¼ hours as presented at the Astor Theatre, N.Y., 306 consecutive successful performances; a sensational success throughout Europe and America.
Prices, 10c, 15c and 25c
Seats on sale at Doyle's.

Have You A Cold or La Grippe?
We have a
Penslar Remedy
Our Reputation Stands Behind Penslar
DOYLE'S
Cut-Rate Drug Store.

Try Our Saturday Special
Chocolates
33c
JAS. WALLACE & CO.

When in Eye Trouble Don't Take Chances

There's an eye-glass house long established — with a wide experience — and an unquestionable reputation—up to date in all respects
Where you can be SURE of good service at a reasonable price.

Our Reputation for Accuracy & Reliability

has been established by over 20 years' square dealing in this community
at
Angus McFee's

Comb Honey
At Wallbridge & Clarke's
1000 Sections of delicious COMB HONEY
At Reasonable Prices
Dark Buckwheat Honey, 15c per section, $1.70 per dozen
No. 1 White Honey, 20c per section, $2.25 per dozen
Pure Cream Lucca Italian OLIVE OIL Quart Tins 75c
Boned Chicken, tins 25c & 40c
At Wallbridge & Clarke's

SINCLAIR'S
SINCLAIR'S
STOCK - TAKING SALE
Friday and Saturday Bargains

Just before Stock-Taking we are offering some Special Lines at Bargain Prices for Friday and Saturday Shoppers.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES.
We are offering a good variety of Pretty Styles in Children's Dresses. These are made of Serge, Velvet and Bedford Cord of good quality. The colors are Navy, Copen, Red and Brown with trimmings in contrasting colors. Sizes are 6 and 8 years. On sale Friday and Saturday for $3.00 each.

LADIES' COATS, HALF PRICE.
Twenty-five Ladies' and Misses' Colored Cloth Coats are being placed on sale Friday and Saturday. These are all this season's styles and are well made of good materials. The cloths are Chinchilla, Friezze and Tweeds, in Grey, Navy, Khaki, Brown and Mixtures. There are sizes from 16 years to 42 ins. bust in the lot. These Coats sold regularly for $12.50, $13.50 up to $17.50. On sale Friday and Saturday at HALF PRICE.

SWEATER COATS.
An assortment of Ladies' Wool Sweater Coats in Plain Ribbed and Brushed Wool. These may be had in Navy, Grey, Red, Black and Brown in all sizes. This is an opportunity to buy a Sweater Coat cheaply. The regular prices were from $1.50 to $5.00. On sale at Half Price.

WIDE FLANNELETTE, 9c.
34-inch Flannelette in Grey, Blue and Pink striped patterns. On sale Friday and Saturday at 9c. yard.

NIGHTGOWNS, 50c. EACH.
Five dozen Ladies' Flannelette Nightgowns in Pink, Blue and Grey Stripes. Good quality. On sale, 50c. each.

KIMONO CLOTHS, 15c. YARD.
About 25 patterns in Kimono Cloths, in Blue, Brown, Red, Grey, Mauve, Rose and Tan. These are good warm materials. Price, 15c. yard.

CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR.
Children's Underwear, in sizes 3 to 10 years. On sale at 25c. per suit.

BLOUSES
Three Dozen Ladies' Grey and Colored Cashmerette Blouses. All sizes in the lot. Regular prices 75c. to $1.25, for 59c. each.

WOOL BLANKETS.
Fourteen pairs only of White Wool Blankets, sizes 60 x 80 and 64 x 84. Regular prices up to $4.50. On sale at $3.35 pr.
10/4 Grey Flannelette Blankets, $1.05 pr.

DRESS GOODS.
Your choice of about 25 pieces of Dress Goods and Suitings in Blue, Grey, Green, Brown and Mixed Colors. Regular prices, 65c., 75c. and 90c. yard, for only 49c. yard.

Sinclair's
STORE CLOSES SATURDAYS AT 7 P.M.
Sinclair's

January Sale

Our 10 Per Cent Discount

SALE IS IN FULL SWING.
Stock Consists of
GENERAL DRY GOODS
BLANKETS COMFORTERS
QUILTS BLOUSES.
SKIRTS, CORSETS
HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR
SWEATER COATS, for Men, Women and Children.
MEN'S FURNISHINGS.
We carry only the best brands.
10% off the whole stock, Spools, Grey Cottons and Holeproof Hosiery excepted.
YOU CAN SAVE MONEY HERE

Wims & Co

WHY NOT THE BEST?

You men who shave, just drop in when passing, and let us show you the new self adjusting and stropping
AUTO-STROP SAFETY RAZOR
500 shaves — $5.00
"GUARANTEED"

Waters' DRUG STORE

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip

Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.

Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows

F. W. L. CARRE

Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward counties.
Phone 366 2/6 Albert St., City

EYES BLUR
when reading?
If so; Glasses are needed to overcome the strain—let me help you.

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Eye-Sight Specialist

Hotpoint
El Perco

El Perco
A PERFECT PERCOLATOR

Makes six cups of delicious coffee right at the table for less than one cent's worth of electricity. Attaches to any lamp socket and will commence percolating from cold water in 30 seconds.

LET US SHOW YOU ONE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Advertise in The Intelligencer

Civic Committees In Session

Accounts Passed in the Various Departments

At a meeting of the various Civic Committees held last evening the chief business transacted was the passing of accounts. Mayor Ketcheson and all members of the Council were in attendance.

Public Works

Ald. Whalen, chairman, presided. Accounts passed:

Pay sheet	$43 67
Bell Telephone	6 25
J. W. Walker	80
N. Allen	13 47
Walker Foundry Co.	44 27

Market & City Property

Ald. Duckworth, chairman, presided. Accounts passed were:

Belleville Gas Department	$150 10
Bell Telephone Co.	17 75
Wm. McGie	2 40
Quinte Laundry	5 20
Ritchie Co.	11 39

Water Works.

Ald. Deacon, chairman, presided. The accounts passed were:

Gartshore, Thompson Pipe Co.	$388 58
Pay Sheet	19 00
Bell Telephone	15 25
The Schuster Co.	2 70
Trenton Electric Co.	195 62
Wm. McGie	1 40
McLaughlin Carriage Co.	5 00
John Lewis Co.	45 45
Alex. McLean	4 00
N. Allen.	11 00
R. McCoy	50
H. E. Fairfield	15 00
T. Vanmeer	7 00
J. Creeper	7 50
Belleville Gas Dept.	3 00
Valley Camp Coal Co.	196 62
J. W. Walker	34 47

Parks & Industries

Ald. Earle, chairman, presided. The accounts passed were:

The Walker Foundry	$6 00
The Schuster Co.	3 13

Light

Ald. Smith, chairman. The account:

Trenton Electric Co.	$635 05

Fire

Ald. St. Charles, chairman. The accounts passed were:

H. E. Fairfield	$ 8 15
Quinte Laundry	3 08
D. G. Bleecker	7 25
F. D. Ford	75
B. W. Myers	5 50
Morton & Herity	3 75
John Lewis Co.	2 90
J. W. Walker	54
Bell Telephone Co.	83 50
Tickell & Sons Co.	9 00
J. Roblin	25 00
Gas Dept.	10 13

A recommendation was made that the treasurer be authorized to deduct the amount of $84.00 per month from the contract price paid to Wiley Bros. for the supplying of horses and drivers to the fire department, as the drivers are now paid by the city.

Printing & Stationery

Ald. Parks, chairman, presided.

Jennings & Sherry	$3 90

Gas

Pay sheet No. 2	$214 80
H. Muller Co.	20 36
Sterling Coal Co.	61 88
Pittsburg Coal Co.	255 63
Geo. M. Clarke, Co.	16 62
Can. Meter Co.	6 04
Lyons & Marks	5 00
Intelligencer	6 50
J. W. Walters	5 14
Hamilton Gas Mantle Co.	3 45
R. Sopher	8 75
R. Orr	7 50
Smith Hardware	8 85
Bell Telephone Co.	13 75
E. H. LaRoche	15 00

Eecutive

Ald. Woodley, chairman. The accounts passed were:

Consol Optical Co.	$15 68
Toronto Hospital	20 00
St. Charles Omnibus Co.	2 00
King Edward Sanitarium	31 25

Stock-Taking Bargains during January at the Haines Shoe House. fs

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Police Magistrate Masson is confined to the house by illness.

Mr. Wm. Carnew, County Attorney, was in Tweed to-day on business.

Mrs. Wm. Oliphant has returned home from Toronto, where she attended the funeral of her brother-in-law, the late Harry Bowler.

Miss Hilda Hepburn, of Picton, was the guest this week of her brother, Mr. B. R. Hepburn, M.P., and Mrs. Hepburn, Ottawa.

How Soldiers Keep Strong

Preparedness against sickness is the big, important thing to fighting soldiers. A sick soldier cannot work with vigor any more than you can work with energy when you are weak, tired, almost sick.

The government of one of our allies is giving each soldier a vial of cod liver oil every day because far-reaching experiments show how *wonderfully* it increases the calories of human energy and gives them strength to prevent winter *sickness*. Is this not convincing proof that *you* need it at this season to enliven your blood to prevent sickness?

Cod liver oil is scarce and high-priced this season and many inferior grades may be offered. But remember that

SCOTT'S is the one EMULSION

which guarantees pure cod liver oil—free from harmful drugs.
SCOTT'S EMULSION IS MADE IN CANADA.

If you are subject to colds, throat or lung troubles; if you are easily tired, run-down or have thin blood, you should take *Scott's Emulsion* at once. If your children are backward in growth, frail or anæmic, nothing will do them so much good as *Scott's Emulsion,* and for girls and women in home or business it is nature's great strength-builder.

Scott's is not a "secret" medicine. It is a rich blood-food and a pure tonic; it contains nothing harmful and is pleasant to take. It is prescribed by physicians and liberally used in hospitals and private schools.

One bottle may prevent a sickness.
At any drug store—Start it to-day.

Imitations are sometimes offered but this Trade-Mark has stood for supreme quality for the past forty years.
ALWAYS INSIST ON SCOTT'S.

SCOTT & BOWNE, TORONTO, ONT. 15-14

Fleet Silenced Bulgar Forts

(Canadian Press Special)

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—News agency despatch from Athens says that after a two days' bombardment by the Anglo French squadron they silenced the forts at the Bulgarian town of Porto Lagos and landed troops on Bulgarian soil, who destroyed the Bulgarian gun emplacements and after a brief reconnaisance withdrew.

Russ Destroy 163 Turk Ships

PETROGRAD, Jan. 20.—Special—The official statement issued to-day says:—

"On the Black Sea on January 17, our torpedo-boats raided the Anatolian coast, destroying 163 sailing vessels, 73 of which were loaded with various commodities. Thirty men were taken prisoner. Other vessels made their escape on our approach."

NO "FRILLS."
Just a Statement About Food.

Sometimes a good, healthy commer-ed food and is lucky if he learns that Grape-Nuts food will put him right.

A traveling man writes: "About a year ago my stomach got in a bad way. I had a headache most of the time and suffered misery. For several months I ran down until I lost about 70 pounds in weight and finally had to give up a good position and go home. Any food that I might use seemed to nauseate me.

"My wife, hardly knowing what to do, one day brought home a package of Grape-Nuts food and coaxed me to try it. I told her it was no use but finally to humor her I tried a little and they just struck my taste. It was the first food that I had eaten in nearly a year that did not cause any suffering.

"Well, to make a long story short, I began to improve and stuck to Grape-Nuts. I went up from 135 pounds in December to 194 pounds the following October.

"My brain is clear, blood all right and appetite too much for any man's pocket-book. In fact I am thoroughly made over and owe it all to Grape-Nuts. I talk so much about what Grape-Nuts will do that some of the men on the road have nicknamed me 'Grape-Nuts,' but I stand today a healthy, rosy-cheeked man—a pretty good example of what the right kind of food will do.

"You can publish this if you want to. It is a true statement without any frills."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

TEA ROOM IS AUSPICIOUSLY OPENED

Under the auspices of Quinte Chapter of the Imperial Order of the Daughters of the Empire, in Belleville, a tea room has been opened in the spacious millinery room of the Ritchie Company's establishment, on Front street. Mrs. Lingham and Mrs. Marshall are the general convenors for the month.

1st week—Mrs. E. G. Porter and Mrs. F. B. Smith.

2nd week—Mrs. J. W. Johnson and Mrs. R. J. Graham.

3rd week—Mrs. Fraleck and Mrs. Stork.

4th week—Mrs. A. McGinnis and Mrs. Curtis Bogart.

Teutons Report Spoils of War

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 21—A Central News despatch says that Vienna estimates the spoils of war achieved by the Teutonic Allies in seventeen months of war aggregate nearly three million prisoners, ten thousand guns, forty thousand machine guns and the occupation of three hundred thousand square miles of enemy territory.

Local Legal

Appellate Division—Before Meredith C. J., Riddell, J., Lennox, J., Masten, J.

Hyatt vs. Allen—J. W. Bain, K.C., and M. L. Gordon for defendants. E. G. Porter, K.C., for plaintiff. Appeal by defendants from judgment of Sutherland, J., of November 9, 1915, dismissing defendant's appeal from report of Local Master of Picton. The original action was for a declaration that defendants held certain shares in defendant company for plaintiffs and the judgment so declared and referred it to Master at Picton to take the accounts between the parties, etc. Appeal argued. Judgment reserved.

BIRTHS

BENNETT—On Jan. 20th, 1916, to Mr. and Mrs. Armour Bennett, a son.

Read Gorman's advertisement on Page 7. 1t

Take opportunities, but do not mistake temptations for opportunities.

Financial

Deadly Alchohol.

The temperance advocates who like to build sermons on the theory that whiskey has killed more men than all the wars of the world do not give King Alcohol his full due, for he slays directly as well as insidiously. Alcohol is such an important component of the powder industry that it is asserted that the United States Industrial Alcohol Company has sold its output well into 1917 for delivery to the powder mills. The stock, which never paid a dividend, and which sold at 15 last year, crossed 145 yesterday.—New York Times.

DRUNKARDS SAVED

We are in earnest when we ask you to give ORRINE a trial. You have nothing to risk and everything to gain, for your money will be returned if after a trial you fail to get results from ORRINE. This offer gives the wives and mothers of those who drink to excess an opportunity to try the ORRINE treatment. It is a very simple treatment, can be given in the home without publicity or loss of time from business. Can be given secretly without patient's knowledge.

ORRINE is prepared in two forms: No. 1, secret treatment, a powder; ORRINE No. 2, in pill form, for those who desire to take voluntary treatment. Costs only $1.00 a box. Ask for booklet. J. S. McKeown, Front St.

City and Vicinity

15th Reserve Drill to-night at Armouries at 8 o'clock sharp. Col. Barragar will be present and give a short lecture after the drill.

DANCING

Mr. and Mrs. Johnstone's
Select Social Dance,
Saturday Evening.

Sporting News

It is expected that an exhibition game will be played here between the local intermediate team and the Aberdeens of Ottawa. Negotiations have been about completed for the game.

THURSDAY'S RESULTS.

O. H. A.—Senior.

Frontenacs	7	Brockville	4

Intermediate

Bracebridge	5	Orillia	3
Midland	5	Collingwood	3
Belleville	7	Queen's	3

Junior

Port Hope	6	Oshawa	2
Port Colborne	1	Simcoe	1

A SNAP
For
Men and Boys

Gun Metal Buttoned and Laced Boots
Worth $3 and $3.50, now Clearing
Men's for $2.45
Boy's for $2.25

Our Stock of Winter Footwear is Complete at Popular Prices

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros.
Bargain List
For Saturday

Your dollars can be made to do double duty if you shop here tomorrow. Every article mentioned here, as well as many others on display, have been marked at most astinishing prices. Shop here if you would save money. Read:—

27-inch Swiss Embroideries direct from the mills to you at just half their regular value .... 35c. to 87c. yard
Dress Serges in all the leading shades, your choice of large variety at old prices .... 75c. up to $1.85 yard
Pillow Cases, best quality, clearing at .... 2 for 25c.
Special Turkish Towel clearing at .... 20c. pair
Children's all Wool Mitts .... 15c. pair
Ladies' reg. 50c. Vests, white or natural, clearing at .... 35c.
50c. Ladies' Leather Hand Bags, clearing at .... 35c.
25c. box best Writing Paper, clearing at .... 15c.
Best quality mending Yarn, all colors, ... 3 skeins for 10c.

GREAT BARGAINS IN LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR SECTION.

Reg. 75c. Flannelette Nightgowns clearing at .... 59c.
Reg. up to $1.50 House Dresses clearing at .... 79c.
Reg. up to $1.25 Ladies' Lawn and Wrapperette Waists, clearing at .... 49c.
Reg. up to $1.00 Underskirts in variety of colors only .... 69c.
Reg. $1.50 Ladies' Dressing Sacques clearing at .... 79c.
75c. Ladies' Flannelette Underskirts clearing at .... 49c.
75c. Ladies' Flannelette Drawers clearing at .... 49c.

HERE ARE SOME ASTONISHING BARGAINS FOR THE KIDDIES TO SHARE IN.

50c. Washable Dresses clearing at .... 39c.
$2.50 to $3.00 Navy Blue Serge Dresses clearing at $1.98
25c. Children's Flannelette Underskirts only .... 19c.
5c. Children's School Kerchiefs, clearing .... 3 for 10c.
25c. Children's Cashmere Hose, special .... 15c. pair

MARVELLOUS BARGAINS TO BE FOUND IN THE CHINA DEPARTMENT.

Reg. 25c. Water Jugs, Milk Jugs, Bon Bon Dishes, Jelly Dishes, etc., etc., clearing at .... 15c.
Specially arranged table of 10c. articles includes many useful, every day wants; reg. price 25c., clearing at .... 10c.

Graniteware Section offers you numerous bargains.

Round Roasters clearing at only .... 30c.
Reg. 50c. Granite Double Boilers clearing .... 35c.
Coal Hods, reg. 25c.; clearing .... 15c.
Reg. 50c. preserving Kettles clearing at .... 35c.
50c. Granite Coffee and Tea Pots clearing at .... 29c.
10 quart Granite Water Pail, reg. 50c.; clearing .... 39c.

Bargains in Drug Section for 1 day only.

15c. Talcum Powder for .... 10c.
25c. Bottle Toilet Cream for .... 15c.
25c. Bottle Cough Cure .... 15c.
25c. Tooth Paste or Powder for .... 15c.
Large bottle Glycerine, Castor Oil, Camphorated Oil or Olive oil for .... 10c.
50c. bottle best Florida Water for .... 39c.

McIntosh Bros

WOOLS

At the present time we have a large stock of Military and Fingering Yarns. As this Wool was secured under our old agreement, we have not had to advance our prices on this lot. Secure what you require soon.

Hockey Goods

Hockey Sticks, Hockey Gloves, Hockey Pads, Leg Guards Pucks and Skate Straps all at popular prices.

THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices on Front Street.
CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $2.00, strictly in advance.

This is the 533rd day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany

THE "SHAME" THAT MR. PUGSLEY SEES.

(Ottawa Free Press.

The Dominion Shell Commission, appointed by General Sam Hughes within six weeks of the outbreak of the war under the chairmanship of General Alex Bertram, practical mechanic, manufacturer, and soldier, established in Canada an entirely new industry that has brought to and distributed throughout the Dominion, hundreds of millions of dollars."

Six weeks after the opening of the war, and six months before Britain, compelled by her necessities, decided to do the same thing, Canada proceeded to organize its privately owned industrial resources for the manufacture of the shells that General Sam Hughes correctly predicted would be demanded in appalling quantities.

It was a tremendous task—one for which there was no precedent, one which meant generally and largely a groping in the dark. It was a task for practical men, for captains of industry particularly connected with the metal trades, for those familiar with the manufactories of the country and their equipment, for tactful and essentially honest leaders.

In Messrs. Bertram and his associates General Sam Hughes found men of extraordinary suitability. They were practical machinists and inventors, had captained huge industries, had wide knowledge of Canadian manufacturing conditions and had the confidence and respect of all who knew them. These men accepted what from the first seemed a thankless if not impossible task, they served continuously night and day without a cent of remuneration, they achieved against tremendous obstacles a wonderful thing—the organization, on a gigantic scale, of an industry entirely new to Canada, that has kept thousands of Canadians in employment, and that has driven away the distress that threatened our cities and towns.

That is the record which Hon. William Pugsley from his place in the House of Commons declares "will bring shame to the people of Canada," and which, he asserts, has "produced scandals which were reeking from the Atlantic to the Pacific." His condemnation will be printed in a hundred Canadian newspapers today, and in brief telegrams and cables people in the United States and Britain will be told of this horror that has come to the Dominion.

Why does Hon. William Pugsley make this startling statement?

The commission had given large orders to firms in which its members were interested, for instance John Bertram and Sons, of which Sir Alex. Bertram was vice president, and to a concern with which Mr. Carnegie was connected.

The commission had fixed an unduly high price to be paid for shells.

A Canadian had quoted $4 for fuses that had been bought in the United States for from $4 to $4.50.

The commission had been animated by a desire to distribute orders to friends of the Government.

Bernard Hepburn, M.P., had been given a contract which had been turned over to a firm in Montreal.

E. A. D. Morgan, a Conservative candidate in Richelieu, had got an order at higher than the rates recently paid.

An Ontario manufacturer, having been told that he might expect to get an order, spent $15,000 in installing additional lathes, but was subsequently waited upon by "two gentlemen, one of them closely connected with the chairman of the shell committee, who told him that he could not obtain a contract unless he paid a commission of 1½ per cent. to them"; declining to pay, he got no order.

Men without plants got orders for shell boxes, while others with plants did not.

We believe this is a fair summary of Mr. Pugsley's charges as reported in the newspapers.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley, so far as we can see, provides no evidence other than rumors that have been circulated by disappointed manufacturers or distorted statements and half truths that have appeared in certain newspapers. But, supposing all his assertions are true, are they of a nature to make Canadians forget the real and wonderful achievements of the Shell Commission and bring shame instead of pride to the Canadian people?

Firms with which the commissioners were connected were given orders at the outset because they were included among the few willing to try the experiment of making shells; Sir Alex. Bertram has denied that he has any but a nominal connection with John Bertram and Sons; comparatively high prices had to be fixed in order to tempt Canadian manufacturers into the new industry, and at that the total, we are assured, was $15,000,000 less than the amount allowed by the War Office; oftentimes date of delivery offset a lower offer in price; many Liberal firms have handled contracts for the commission; it was not such a heinous offence for a member of Parliament or for a candidate for Parliament to bring the war facilities of certain firms to the attention of the Shell Committee; many scores of firms who at first refused to have anything to do with the experiment flocked to Ottawa when they discovered that others had tried it and had succeeded well.

How trivial is all this compared with the essential fact that the Shell Commission established in Canada an industry that has brought hundreds of millions of dollars to the Dominion, besides materially helping in the prosecution of the war.

The assertion that there are in the country, men politicians possibly mean enough to sponge on manufacturers who have received orders from the Shell Commission and bold enough to pretend that only upon payments to them could future orders be obtained, is quite believable, after some o fthe revelations in connection with the horse purchases; but that men of the stamp of General Bertram, who, despite the rumors which Mr. Pugsley now gives voice to was created a Sir Knight by his King a few weeks ago, would be a party to such contemptible tricks, is unthinkable.

Owing to the extraordinary growth of the munitions business in Canada, which started with so small an order that the difficulties of its inception were added to, the work of the original shell commission may not have been conducted with the complete system that the great task demanded; but the fact remains that results have shown that the Bertram commission was one of the most efficient that has ever been appointed by a government of this country.

The Free Press regrets to find itself in opposition to so clever and distinguished a member of the Liberal party as Hon. William Pugsley; but we cannot help thinking that he has been led astray by the atmosphere of the chamber which has been the scene of so many gallant party fights in which he has been a leading antagonist. From the speeches of the men on both sides who had preceded, from the speeches of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Dr. Clark, and Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux we had been led to expect that the element of petty partisanship was to be eliminated from this war session, and we had obtained visions of a real drawing together of the two political parties for the prosecution of the war, beside which everything else pales into insignificance.

If Mr. Pugsley's lead is followed by other Liberals, our hopes are shattered and Canada, we believe, will suffer.

In connection with the development of an industry on the scale to which the munitions output has attained, it is too much to expect that there has been nothing deserving of condemnation, but to deliberately and in a wholesale way, blackwash men like Bertram and his associates who have accomplished so much that counts in the successful carrying on of the war does not seem patriotic.

The fishing expedition upon which Mr. Pugsley would have Parliament embark might result in the exposure of some grafters; but it would probably be more prolific in valuable information for the enemy.

BY JOVE!

said a well educated man the other day when he was asked this question:—"Why, when you have a cold, a cough or bronchitis (troubles, you will note, of throat and chest) do you persist in pouring cough syrups, lung tonics and the like into your stomach, which is perfectly sound?"

Ever think of it? The stomach and the lungs are not connected, otherwise food swallowed would choke you. Lung and throat troubles were never yet cured by dosing the stomach. To cure coughs, colds and bronchitis, you must *breathe* the cure. Peps provide the rational treatment for these ailments. Peps are tablets made up of pine extracts and medicinal essences, which when put into the mouth turn into healing vapors. These are breathed down direct to the lungs, throat and bronchial tubes—not swallowed down to the stomach, which is not ailing. Try a 50c. box of Peps for your cold, your cough, bronchitis or asthma. All druggists and stores or Peps Co., Toronto, will supply

Peps

* * *

A GOOD TRADE SHOWING.

The trade of Canada for the twelve months ending October last, as revealed in the summary just issued by the Department of Trade and Commerce shows a total of $1,147,446,551—the largest on record.

Exports were $669,330,590; imports were $478,115,961, showing a surplus of $191,215,089 of sales over purchases.

In 1913 the exports were $479,126,831, the imports $680,126,591, showing an excess of $200,999,760 in purchases over sales.

In other words, our trade balance for the past year as compared with 1913 has bettered by nearly $400,000,000.

This, for a young country, is a remarkably healthy change. May it be continued.

Daily Poem

* * *

WHO WAS TO BLAME?

The investigation ordered by the Ontario Government into the value of the estate of the late Hon. Geo. A. Cox resulted in the increase of value of the estate for succession duties from $870,071 to $4,834,847. This re-valuation made by the Government placed the taxable value of the estate at $4,834,847, which means a tax of about $425,000 instead of $60,000, if the first valuation of the estate had been accepted as correct.

A contemporary asks: "Is it possible that the first valuation was honestly made? If not, why is not some one prosecuted for the offence? The law provides penalties for improper valuation of estates liable to taxation. An example should be made of somebody, if this sort of attempted cheating of the law and the province is to be checked."

May it not be possible that the first valuation was made by persons not knowing the facts? It is to be hoped that such is the case.

* * *

GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From The Daily Intelligencer, Jan. 21, 1868.

The Ontario Legislature voted $5,000 in aid of the sufferers in Nova Scotia.

Quinn, one of the parties connected with the murder of Sullivan at the Anglo-American Hotel, has been arrested at Kingston.

Five hundred carpenters have been thrown out of employment in Quebec.

A gold brick weighing over eighty pounds, having a value of nearly twenty thousand dollars, has been cast at Hellena, Montana.

* * *

Try This If You Have Drndruff

There is one sure way that never fails to remove dandruff completely and that is to dissolve it. This destroys it entirely. To do this, just get about four ounces of plain, ordinary liquid arvon; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

By morning most, if not all, of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single trace of it, no matter how much dandruff you may have.

You will find, too, that all itching and digging of the scalp will stop instantly, and your hair will be fluffy, lustrous, glossy, silky and soft, and look and feel a hundred times better.

You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. It is inexpensive, and four ounces is all you will need. This simple remedy has never been known to fail.

* * *

The Poets' Corner

It Isn't Your Town—It's You.

If you want to live in the kind of a town
That's the kind of a town you like,
You needn't slip your clothes in a grip
And start on a long, long hike.

You'll find elsewhere what you left behind,
For there's nothing that's really new;
It's a knock at yourself when you knock your town;
It isn't your town—it's you.

Real towns are not made by men afraid
Lest somebody else gets ahead;
When everyone works and nobody shirks
You can raise a town from the dead.

And if while you make your personal stake
Your neighbor can make one too,
Your town will be what you want to see;
It isn't your town—it's you.

* * *

"FAGGED OUT" WOMEN

Will Find a Helpful Suggestion In This Letter.

Overworked, run down "fagged out" women who feel as though they could hardly drag about, should profit by Mrs. Carter's experience. She says:—"I am the mother of six children and I got so weak and run-down that I couldn't eat anything and it seemed almost impossible for me to get around and do my work. I tried different doctors' remedies without benefit. I saw Vinol advertised and decided to try it, and received so much benefit from the first bottle that I continued to take it, and it has built up my strength and made me strong and well. I consider Vinol the best medicine I have ever taken, and advise all weak, run-down women to try it." Mrs. Bessie Carter, State Road, N.C.

If all the tired, overworked, run-down women in Belleville could only realize how our delicious cod liver and iron tonic, Vinol, supplies the vital elements necessary to build up blood and strength, we wouldn't be able to supply the demand.—J. S. McKeown Druggist, Belleville, Ont.

* * *

Current Comment

At any rate, it's consoling to know that while the cold spell lasts we can concentrate on keeping warm, while our more capitalistic friends must give some thought to preventing the ol' 'bus from freezing solid.

Girl hazers at Fairmont Normal School gave a hazee an ice water bath, rubbed her down with fibre towels with nettles in them and then painted her red from head to foot. Really, brothers, why withhold the ballot longer?

PASS THE FIRST AID KIT.

"Is your paper really 70 years old?" asked the sweet young thing.

"Certainly," we retorted, defiantly. "Why?"

"Then I was right. I told mother that some of your jokes are older than the paper."

The attack upon the British steamer Clan MacFarlane in the Mediterranean during a heavy sea, and without warning, was as murderous and piratical as any the Huns have yet been guilty of. It is not known that any Americans were on board, but, of course, that would have little bearing on the case—even in Washington.

It is difficult at this distance to find an excuse for Italy's course with respect to Montenegro. Domination of the Adriatic would give Austria the whip hand over her rival. No nation had so much at stake as Italy, and it was believed she would take every means in her power to prevent the very thing that has happened.

For the purpose of keeping up the spirits of the people at home the Crown Prince of Bavaria tells an interviewer that "the British soldiers are no longer what they were," and he speaks lightly of the new armies now being raised. The Crown Prince has a habit of giving out such interviews. Early in the war he dismissed the British forces as "undisciplined troops" which could never hope to stand firm in the face of the German offensive. His opinion at that time was proved to be worth very little.

Juicy
Full-Flavored
Delicious
Sunkist
California's Selected
Oranges
are sold by all good dealers. Order today.
California Fruit Growers Exchange
Co-operative—Non-profit
105 King St., East, Corner Church
Toronto, Ontario

* * *

DEAN SWIFT AND HIS CHOIR.

Singers, Like Poets, Must Be Very Good, He Wrote.

A characteristic letter written by Dean Swift in reference to an application by a Mr. Lovelace for a vacant place in the choir of St. Patrick's cathedral, Dublin, appears in the appendix to the thirteenth report of the historical MSS. commission. Musical News gives an extract:

"I desire you will ask my Lord Oxford whether his brother Nathaniel understands musick; if he does and recommends Mr. Lovelace particularly from his own knowledge, something may be said. I have the honour to be captain of a band of nineteen musicians (including boys); but my quire is so degenerated under the reigns of former Deans of famous memory that the race of people called Gentlemen Lovers of Musick tell me that I must be very careful in supplying two vacancyes, which I have been two years endeavoring to do so.

"For you are to understand that in disposing the musical employments I determine to act directly contrary to Ministers of State by giving them to those who best deserve. If you had recommended a person to me for a Church-living in my gift I would be less curious; because an indifferent parson may do well enough, if he be honest; but Singers, like their brothers the Poets, must be very good, or they are good for nothing."

SONG OF THE CARROT.

Tribute to a Modest Vegetable the Poets Have Neglected.

Why does no poet arise to sing the song of the carrot, the hardest worked vegetable in the kingdom? Much is said in favor of the plethoric pumpkin, the gathering of corn is a commonplace theme, but the poor carrot has been neglected—yes, even scorned.

For diversity of use the carrot has pumpkin and corn backed over the garden wall. Men feed carrots to cattle, increasing the dairy output. They feed them to other stock sometimes, improving its temper. A carrot artificially hollowed with a knife makes an elegant Japanese vase. Sufficiently hardened by harsh contact with the world, a carrot may be used for a weapon, either operated like a mallet with a handle or hurled like a Russian bomb.

Carrots are sometimes even used for food by human beings. They are a chief ingredient in vegetable soup. Mixed with butter they improve its color. They make better pumpkin pie than pumpkins themselves. Served as Hubbard squash they make one wonder why squashes were invented.

The answer to the high cost of living cry is carrots. Johnson had his Boswell. Whom will the carrot have?

The Black Maria.

The repulsive looking, hearselike van used for the conveyance of prisoners is universally known as the "black Maria." The term originated in America. When that country was filling with immigrants from England a negress named Maria Lee kept a sailors' boarding house in Boston. She was a woman of amazonian strength and, according to the author of "More Anecdotes of Bench and Bar," helped the authorities to keep the peace. Frequently the constables invoked her aid, and the saying, "Send for black Maria," came to mean "Take him to prison." The sailors returning to England frequently used the phrase, and so in the course of time the name of black Maria Lee, shortened and altered to black Maria, became the name of the prison van and remains so to this day.—London Globe.

Kingsbeer
"Club Special" & "Home Brew"
The Best Two Lagers Made in Canada
Consumers who cannot purchase KINGSBEER from their local dealer please address "Mail Order Department, 38 Chaboillez Square, Montreal."

STRATHCONA STORIES

BECKLES WILSON RECALLS EPISODES IN CANADIAN'S LIFE.

The Late High Commissioner for Canada Was Related to the Originals of Two Dickens Characters—First Purchase of a Black Fox Skin Showed Lord Strathcona's Talent as a Trader.

ONE of the best stories in Beckles Wilson's "Life of Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal" tells of the death by drowning of one of his boyhood chums at Forres, Scotland. Nine-year-old Donald called on the bereaved family, and "with a gravity far beyond his years, condoled with them, and on leaving begged that they would accept a slight token in memory of his friend. He handed them over all of his pocket money, amounting to a shilling and some odd coppers." "Thus was the child father to the man."

It is interesting to know that Lord Strathcona was related to the Cheerbyle brothers, those delightful old men in Dickens' "Nicholas Nickleby," who were always so considerate of each other, of their employes, and their mother. Lord Strathcona's paternal grandmother was the sister of Mrs. Grant, the mother of the brothers, whom Dickens happened to meet while on a visit to Manchester.

One morning in the early days of the present century an elderly individual, of no very prepossessing appearance, called at the office of the High Commissioner for Canada in London, and asked to see Lord Strathcona. He was told that his Lordship was far too busy to see any but those who had appointments with him.

"Well," was the confident reply, "he'll see me if you tell him my father drove him to Aberdeen when he sailed to Canada."

The message was delivered, and the man admitted. Five minutes later he appeared with a five-pound note in his hand. He repeated his visit three weeks later with a similar result. A month or so later back he came again. The secretary protested to Lord Strathcona that the man had had two five-pound notes already.

"Oh, well," said Lord Strathcona, in his quiet way, "I cannot see him. Give him another five-pound note, and tell him he need not come again. You may add that his father did not drive me to Aberdeen when I went to Canada. As a matter of fact I walked."

Black fox skins were the most valuable pelts in the early days of the Hudson's Bay Company, as they are to-day, and Lord Strathcona's story of his first purchase of a black fox skin is decidedly amusing as well as showing the diplomatic talent he was afterwards to find exercise for in a far greater sphere. He was then quite young, and was stationed at Tadousac post at the mouth of the Saguenay. News one day came to his bourgeois, as the officer in charge of a post was called, that a trapper named Dugas had several fine skins, but that for some fancied grievance had announced his intention of not selling them to the company, but of taking them himself to Quebec. The man, a half-breed, was camping about twenty miles away. Mr. Smith was sent to investigate and buy the furs if he could. He was insultingly received, but he was resolved not to lose his temper. Not a word was said about the furs. He assisted the old squaw, whom he addressed as "Madame" Dugas, to boil the pot, and cut firewood. He helped to skin a rabbit, gave the trapper tobacco, retailed news and anecdotes of mutual friends, sympathizing with Dugas in his grievance against the bourgeois, for whose hasty conduct he apologized. But what was even of more potent effect, was a little book of pictures and a couple of sticks of barley sugar which he had thoughtfully slipped into his pocket for the children. These naturally won the heart of the squaw and her children. Still not a word about furs. He rolled himself up in his blanket when night came, and went to rest. Up at dawn he first collected faggots, and then caught some fish for breakfast. The meal over he announced his intention of going farther on a visit to another trapper, and thanked them for the hospitality which he would long remember. "Perhaps," he added, "you will still be here on my way back. If so, we may meet again — who knows?" He then shouldered his pack and was shaking hands, when Dugas, who had been standing by in a fit of sulky astonishment, cried out, "You no want my furs?"

Whereupon Smith said: "What? Monsieur Dugas, you have furs to sell? Ah, that will make Mr. H. sorry, very sorry to think that he should have lost his temper. What a pity!"

"Tenez," said Dugas, and he brought forth from his lodge a bundle of several very fine skins, one of which he threw over his arm, stroking it lovingly. "That is the best fox I ever trapped. This other is nearly as good. I said I would not sell them to the bourgeois, and I won't. You are a young man, and perhaps you do not know the value. In Quebec I would get thirty pounds; but I do not wish to leave my family and go to Quebec. You may have them, and if your bourgeois says they are not worth thirty pounds you may send them back to me. I will not take the money now. Voila," and he pressed the bundle of skins upon the young trader.

The upshot was that he paid the sum of £23, all the money he had on him, and he and Dugas parted the best friends in the world. Dugas even accompanied him to the camp of the other trapper, and insisted on advancing the funds to pay for the latter's small catch out of what he had himself received, the money to be returned at Mr. Smith's convenience. The furs proved to be worth twice what he had paid.

The celebrated Kaufman Rubbers, with the leather inner heel to fit all shapes. The J. J. Haines Shoe House. fs

What Is Uric Acid?

THE CAUSE OF BACKACHE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL AND SUDDEN DEATH.

Ever since the discovery of uric acid in the blood by Scheele, in 1775, and the bad effect it had upon the body, scientists and physicians have striven to rid the tissues and the blood of this poison. Because of its overabundance in the system it causes backache, pains here and there, rheumatism, gout, gravel, neuralgia and sciatica. It was Dr. Pierce who discovered a new agent, called "Anuric," which will throw out and completely eradicate this uric acid from the system. "Anuric" has proved to be 37 times more potent than *lithia*, and consequently you need no longer fear muscular or articular rheumatism or gout, or many other diseases which are dependent on an accumulation of uric acid within the body. Send to Dr. Pierce, of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., for a pamphlet on "Anuric," or send 10 cents for a trial package of "Anuric Tablets."

If you feel that tired, worn-out feeling, backache, neuralgia, or if your sleep is disturbed by too frequent urination, go to your best drug store and ask for Dr. Pierce's Anuric Tablets. They are put up in 50-cent packages.

Doctor Pierce's reputation is back of this medicine and you know that his "Golden Medical Discovery" for the blood and his "Favorite Prescription" for the ills of women have had a splendid reputation for the past fifty years.

Doctor Pierce's Pellets are unequaled as a Liver Pill. *One tiny Sugar-coated Pellet a Dose.* Cure Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Dizziness, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.

Sharks' Eggs.

The eggs of fishes are usually small, soft and inconspicuous. The most remarkable point about them is the extraordinary number laid by the individual. A single cod lays as many as 9,000,000 eggs. Sharks lay eggs which are large in size, few as to numbers and are deposited singly instead of in masses. These eggs consist of a dark colored leathery envelope and are usually adorned with frills, horns or long twisted tendrils. These appendages serve the purpose of keeping the egg case supported among the branches of seaweeds, thus preserving the embryo from the damage it would sustain were the egg carried hither and thither by the waves.

Precept and Example.

"Colonel, that was an admirable speech you made at the club the other evening on the obligations of citizenship. I've been intending to tell you so ever since I heard it. We need more of that kind of talk nowadays. But what are you looking so gloomy about this morning, colonel? No bad news, I hope."

"Dash it all, yes! I've been drawn on a jury!"

Mount Etna.

Etna, the "burning mountain," is the mightiest volcano in Europe. It is 10,800 feet high. If you wished to walk round its base you would have to walk ninety miles. It slopes steadily on all sides up to the highest crater, which is nearly a mile broad.

Current Bushes.

In Porto Rico, where the air is moist and balmy, air plants grow on the telephone and telegraph wires. The insulation rots in places, and there the plants take root and thrive. These plants are called "current bushes" or "electric light plants."

Same Voice.

"Before I married my wife I could listen to her voice for hours and hours." "And now?" "Now I have to."

Honor is not won until some honorable deed be done.—Marlowe.

A Little Too Much.

One evening a little boy entered a grocery store and handed the clerk a note which read: "I am a poor woman and have no money. My children and I are starving. Won't you give us something to eat?"

The kind hearted clerk filled a large basket with food and gave it to the boy, who quickly departed.

In a few minutes he again entered the store.

"What's the trouble now?" said the clerk.

"Ma sent me back to get the trading stamps," the lad replied.

Your Position at Work.

In what sort of a position is your body when you work? Do you know that working bent over causes the body to adjust itself—bones, muscles and joints—to the unnatural position? Try to see that you have exercise in recreation hours which will offset the bent over tendency.

What It Left.

"An' how did the storm trate ye, O'Hooligan?" a northwest coast farmer asked a neighbor one day. "Did ut blow much away?"

"Bedad, Muldoon," O'Hooligan replied, "ut blew ivery mortal thing off me place, barrin' the mortgage!"—London Tit-Bits.

A Novelty.

Mamma—How shall I have the baby's picture taken? Papa—I wonder if you could have it taken while he's asleep. I'd like to see how it looks that way.

Literary Note.

Madge—My favorite authors are Browning and Henry James. I read them over and over again. Marjorie—You have to.

Go to your bosom, knock there and ask your heart what it doth know.—Measure For Measure.

"Blackmailed"

By ARTHUR APPLIN

Author of "The Chorus Girl," etc.

(Copyright The Frank A. Munsey Co.)

CHATER I.

Sir Galahad of The Wagon-Lit

Sir John Vessie, M.P., got into the express train at Homburg, found the compartment which had been reserved for him, and settled himself down comfortably for the journey. He had just completed the cure and was feeling on good terms with himself and the rest of mankind.

Sir John visited Homburg for preventive measures and because the place amused him. He found it a rest after a strenuous London season—spent in the House. And he was philosopher enough to realize that a short absence from home makes the heart grow fonder.

He was still in the prime of life, still rode straight to hounds when he got the chance, entertained with old-fashioned hospitality at his country place in Sussex, and was regarded by his constituents as an ideal country gentleman and the perfect father of a very happy family. He had married young, the only daughter of a wealthy iron founder.

In spite of bad health, Lady Vessie had proved an ideal helpmate. She was neither brilliant nor beautiful, but she possessed all the other virtues of a simple English gentlewoman. Not a breath of scandal had attached itself either to Sir John's or his wife's name.

Once, in a spirit of humor, Sir John Vessie had remarked that he feared he was woefully old-fashioned and would soon find himself put on the shelf, for nobody in society who was anybody had altogether escaped.

The train had not proceeded far on its journey when Sir John became conscious of an altercation taking place in the corridor just outside his compartment. Having all the Englishman's natural reserve and a rooted objection to mixing himself up in other people's affairs, he would have paid no attention to the heated and apparently one-sided conversation that was being carried on had he not noticed that one of the voices belonged to a woman, obviously an English woman whose knowledge of German was of the slightest.

Unconsciously he listened. It was a remarkable voice—remarkable for its beauty and delicacy even while it was raised fiercely in denunciation of the German State Railway, the German government, and its officials.

Sir John laid down his newspaper and smiled indulgently. How much better these things were managed in England! He raised the blind of the window loking into the corridor. If a countrywoman of his was in distress it was obviously his duty to help her. And he was sure the possessor of such a voice must be well bred and interesting.

As the blind rolled itself up with a noisy jerk the woman turned, looked into his compartment, and waved her hand with an angry gesture toward it.

The stolid German guard merely shook his head; the compartment was reserved. There was no other place in the train except the one he had found for madame. Madame should have applied earlier. If ladies chose to travel alone—

Acting on a sudden impulse, of which he was carcely conscious at the moment, Sir John rose and, opening the door of his compartment, asked if he could be of any service.

The woman looked at him with flashing eyes which almost instantly softened; the frown that had furrowed the white brows disapeared, and the full, red lips parted in a smile.

It is too kind," she replied quietly, recovering her temper instantly. "Foolishly I failed to reserve a wagonlit for myself. In fact, I only made up my mind to return by this train last night. I find the train is full. I am placed in an ordinary first-class compartment with four fat Germans, a smoking compartment; and their tobacco—ugh!"

She held a dainty lace handkerchief to her nose and made such quaint grimaces that Sir John found himself laughing.

"I am expected to pass the night with four fat Germans," she continued. "I know they'll unfasten their collars and take off their boots. I refuse—I flatly refuse.

Tears gushed into the large, blue eyes. Sir John looked at her and stroked his chin thoughtfully. The German official was quite right. The woman had no business to be traveling alone—a woman so young and so beautiful.

He remembered seeing her once at the Casino, and he had mistaken her for a Frenchwoman. He told himself that he ought to have known, if only by her coloring and her figure, that she was English. Her hair was a rich, reddish brown, gleaming in certain lights like burnished copper; level, brown eyebrows; her face was oval. She was not merely pretty; she possessed, too, much character. Those blue eyes, now filled with tears, expressed determination.

A woman who probabry was not unaccustomed to looking after herself But the German was right; she had no business to be alone To be quite certain, Sir John questioned her on the subject again.

"Not a soul I know on the train! My friends left Homburg a few days ago. Of course, I ought to have gone with them, but——" She shrugged her shoulders deprecatingly.

Sir John almost wished he had not interferred. If the woman had been neither young nor beautiful he could have grappled with the problem more easily. He felt shy and embarassed.

"I really do not know what to suggest. I'm extremely sorry for you. I can quite understand your feelings. Perhaps if I were to speak to the gentlemen in your compartment—"

"Gentlemen!"

Sir John turned to the guard, and a rapid conversation ensued in German which the woman failed to follow. She stood staring out of the window. In her right hand she firmly held a crocodile-leather dressing-case.

Presently Sir John turned to her with a courtly bow. "If you will sit down in my compartment I'll see what can be done."

He took her dressing-case and put it on the rack above her head. "Perhaps you would like to know my name." He handed her a strip of pasteboard.

She glanced at it and smiled gratefully. "Mine is Myra Berrington."

Sir John wondered where he had heard it before. It had a familiar ring. Closing the door of the compartment, he disappeared down the corridor with the guard.

Myra Berrington folded her hands on her lap and gazed around the compartment. She carefully noted each article of Sir John's luggage, his traveling coat, the books and literature with which he had provided himself for the journey. Then, taking down her dressing-case, she opened it and, finding a mirror, she looked at her reflection.

She smoothed her face with a powder-puff took off the glove from the right hand, then, closing the dressing-case, she picked up an illustrated paper, and waited.

Sir John returned. His face bore a worried expression. "I'm afraid nothing can be done. The train is absolutaely full. These officials cannot be bribed."

Miss Berrington smiled at him sweetly and rose from the seat. "It's really too kind of you to have troubled, Sir John. I must make up my mind to pass the next eighteen hours walking up and down the corridor. The scenery in places is very beautiful—and the nights are warm now. Thank you so much."

She was moving out of the compartment, but Vessie stopped her. The idea was preposterous—yet the only alternative would be to give up his wagon-lit and join the four Germans.

He knew Miss Berrington was probably right in her assertion that they would loosen their collars and take He had always insisted on traveling off their boots when night came. Sir John had never known a discomfort. in solitude. He could not do without fresh air and at least eight hours sleep. Nothing, neither work nor women nor worry, ever succeeded in depriving him of the latter.

"Please sit down," he said. And he seated himself opposite her. "Now let us talk this over quiettly and see what can be done."

Miss Berrington clasped her hands together nervously. Very beautiful hands, judging from the ungloved one—long, narrow, white, with nails of perfect color. Her feet were long and narrow, too. French shoes and silk stockings, both the color of her dress.

"You mustn't give me another thought, Sir John. It's entirely my own fault. I ought to have known this would happen. But as a matter of fact—"

She broke off awkwardly and lowered her eyes. There were still tears in them. Vessie was afraid lest they overflow.

She did not suggest a hysterical woman. She was far too refined and too much of the typical Englishwoman to suggest the adventuress. Vessie again found himself wondering why her name was familiar.

He tried to concentrate his mind on the position. It might have been awkward had it not come about so naturally. It was certainly piquant. He had lived a quiet, sober, matter-of-fact sort of life. Nothing quite so exciting as this had ever happened to him. It was peculiar. All the more peculiar because he knew in his heart he was enjoying it.

"No, there's nothing to worry about," he said after a moment's silence. "I'll—I'll see that you're made comfortable. I'm old enough to be your father, so I'm old enough to look after you."

She looked up and gave him a grateful smile. "You really mustn't worry about me. I deserve to suffer. Do you know—"

"Yes—tell me," Vessie said encouragingly.

"Oh, but it's so silly! I deserve to suffer. You ought to know, because when you do know you'll no longer sympathize with me. I feel I'm accepting your protection under false pretenses."

Sir John did not laugh. He was relieved at her frankness and his curiosity was aroused. "What dreadful crime have you committed at Homburg? Are you running away?"

"Yes!"

She nodded her head two or three times vigorously. Sir John found himself wishing she would take her hat off. He had never seen such wonderful hair. He wanted to see more of it.

I went to Homburg partly for my health, partly to rest before starting my London season. I've taken the Empress Theatre, you know. I'm producing a new play there in October."

"Ah, yes. Exactly."

Sir John knew now why the name had a familiar ring. He found himself wishing she was not an actress. She hardly looked like one—certainly not like the actresses whose photographs he saw in the weekly newspapers.

"It's a great undertaking," Miss Berrington continued. "My first venture at management."

"That's very interesting. You have a good play, I hope?"

"A wonderful play," she cried enthusiastically. "I believe in it so thoroughly that I'm not only risking my reputation—that nothing—"

Sir John bowed gallantly. "You must allow me to contradict you."

"But all the money I've made as an actress." There was a moment of hesitation, and again she lowered her head. "And would you believe it," she went on, "I'm such a stupid, light-brained little idiot that I've actually been gambling at the Casino at Homburg, and lost. I lost so much that I made up my mind if I stopped a day longer I shouldn't have a penny left with which to produce my play. That's why I'm on this stupid old train. Now, having made my confession, I'll leave you."

"You'll do nothing of the sort," Sir John said deliberately.

"Really!"

Miss Berrington looked at him with an amused smile. She had risen to her feet, and was standing with her hand on the bar of the sliding door. For a moment Vessie had a suspicion that she was laughing at him.

"Now sit down again," he said after a moment's hesitation. "You haven't told me everything."

"Oh, yes, I have. I'm running away from temptation. Rather late, I confess. But he who fights and runs —you know the rest." She sank back in her seat. "The worst of it is I'm not expected back for another week. My servants are away on a holiday, my flat is shut up, so I'll have to wire for rooms at a hotel—" She gave him a quick glance. "You will think me perfectly mad."

"My life is lived among the exceptionally sane," Vessie replied. "Now, Miss Berrington, listen to me. You can't possibly wander about in the corridor all night; it's impossible for you to share a compartment with four fat Germans."

Miss Berrington laughed. "Oh, it isn't the first time I've roughed it in my life. I admit that just now, when I found there was nowhere for me to sleep, I lost my temper. But I realize I must suffer for my sins. Anyway, there's no alternative."

Sir John drew himself up with the air of a man who had made up his mind after a prolonged struggle; the expression on the well-bred, clean-shaven face was serious.

Myra Berrington, watching him between her half-closed lids, felt a little nervous. She wondered what was coming. But when she heard his judgment she blushed and raised a pair of astonished blue eyes.

"We must share this compartment!"

Vessie spoke with great deliberation as if trying to convince himself he was not making an astonishing suggestion. He hesitated a moment as he saw Miss Berrington's eyes looking straight into his own, and he coughed nervously, while the color also mounted to his cheeks.

"By day it will be mine; during the night it will be yours. No, my dear young lady, it's not the least use arguing—I have made up my mind. I can get all the rest I want, say, from luncheon till dinner-time. After dinner the attendant will make up the bed, and you'll sleep. I shall occupy your place in the smoking compartment with the Germans. Now let me put your dressing-case on the rack—so. You will be more comfortable if I put this cushion at your back."

Myra Berrington tried to stop him. She threatened to leave the compartment at once if he persisted in his scheme. But Sir John had made up his mind. There had lain buried in his heart all his life the instincts of Don Quixote. For the first time he had come across a woman who roused them to activity. He told himself he was merely doing his duty.

It was impossible that a young and beautiful girl should be allowed to travel alone and unprotected. It was his duty as an English gentleman to protect her.

He told her all this as the train swung and swayed past rivers and mountains, and through miles of beautiful forests. The fact that she was willing to accept the slight sacrifice he was making assured him he was doing right.

When she complained of a headache he insisted on her taking her hat off, sent a car-attendant for a bottle of eau de Cologne, and moistening her handkerchief bathed her forehead himself. He did these things gently and sincerely, almost as if he had been looking after a child.

A man passing along the corridor outside stopped to stare through the window. Glancing up, Sir John saw him watching them with a cynical smile on his lips. A middle-aged man, slightly bald, with a black moustache. Vessie glared, then drew down the blind.

"The sun is getting rather strong," he said in explanation to Miss Berrington.

She smiled. "I shall never forgive myself for all the trouble I've given you."

During luncheon, which they naturally took together in the dining-car, Vessie found himself talking to her as if he had known her all his life. All his national and natural reserve deserted him. He behaved like a youth of twenty instead of a man of forty-five. Once he found himself wishing he could knock fifteen years off his age. He told his companion so.

"I was ambitious once, just as you are," he continued. "The world was mine to conquer. Now—" He shrugged his shoulders and shook his head sadly.

"You have conquered it," she whispered.

"Merely a financial victory," he sighed. 'After all, what can money buy? A couple of motor-cars, a race-horse or two—which run for the benefit of the trainer, the jockey, and their friends. Servants who look upon their master as their natural prey. A name and a position which one has to keep up for the benefit of every one except himself."

Myra Berrington shivered. "You almost frighten me. You have everything I'm striving to attain, and you are not happy. Perhaps it's a pity I didn't remain in Homburg and lose all I possess."

"Even then I would willingly have exchanged places with you," Vessie whispered.

"I wonder if you really mean that," she said, leaning across the table.

Sir John did not reply. He was paying for the luncheon and giving instructions to the steward about dinner. When he had finished Miss Berrington rose.

"Now I'm going to send you to bed," she laughed. "You mustn't attempt to get up until you're called."

They made their way back to Vessie's compartment.

"You won't hide, will you?" he said to her. "I've ordered dinner for you at half past six. At seven o'clock I shall get up; the compartment will be ready for you an hour later. You can take afternoon tea in the restaurant car and read a book until dinner-time."

"Don't worry about me. I shall find plenty to do, Sir Galahad."

To be Continued.

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Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—16.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 5.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *3.40 a.m.

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GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily.

No. 16— 2.05 a.m.—Fast train, Eyer, daily.

No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7.00 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.00 p.m.; daily except Sunday.

No. 6—11.10 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

No. 14—12.46 p.m.—Express, daily.

No. 28— 5.45 p.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19— 2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

No. 13—4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.

No. 29— 7.50 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.

No. 27—11.30 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.

No. 1— 3.05 p.m.—International Limited daily.

No. 7— 4.55 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'.

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro
Mail	6.20 a.m.	9.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	6.30 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North

	Leave.	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.50 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1915.

GOING EAST.

CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily.
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.55 p.m.	2.58 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

GOING WEST.

MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.18 p.m.	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

Going East	Daily except Sunday
Leave Toronto	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	6.32 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leave Belleville	5.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.30 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent.

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Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms.

Office: 8 Campbell St., Belleville.

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JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England

Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

Those who forget today seldom remember tomorrow.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Adress

ESTABLISHED 1870 S. A. HYMAN & CO. MAKERS OF FINE FURS

An Extraordinary Sale Of Fine Furs

Beginning SATURDAY, JANUARY 22nd, and Continuing for FIFTEEN DAYS ONLY

FUR COATS SEPARATE PIECES FUR SETS

This Sale will present an Unusual Opportunitp to obtain At Far Below Their Actual Value Furs of Excellent Qualities, Superior Finish and Workmanship.

SAVINC OF 25 P.C. TO 40 P.C. OFF THE REGULAR RETAIL PRICES

FUR COATS
Ladies' Fur Coats, Regular $75 for $55
Men's Fur-Lined Coats, Regular $85 for $60

MUFFS
Sable Muffs, Regular $27.50 for $18
Black Bear Muffs, Reg. 16.50 for $11
Mole Muffs, Regular 32.00 for $20

NECKPIECES
Black Wolf Neckpieces Regular $18 for $12
Hudson Coney Seal Neckpieces Regular $21 for $15

We Cannot Carry Over One Season's Stock to the Next—that Every Advantage Comes to the Buyer who has Waited Till Now These Facts Make Clear.

Sale Commences Saturday, January 22nd, and will Continue for Fifteen Days Only
SEE OUR WINDOWS.

S. A. Hyman & Co., 242 Front Street

CANADIAN WOMAN ADOPTS SERB BOY

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—(Special.)—Passengers on the Espagne of the French Line, arriving to-day from Bordeaux, were greatly interested in Konseantine Prolich, a thirteen-year-old hero of the war in Serbia. The boy's father was killed in a battle of the Bulgar-Serbia war a few years ago, and, nursing a revengeful spirit, Konseantine enlisted when the recent German drive began. He was captured unwounded by the German troops.

The Germans turned him over to Dr. Harriet Cockburn, a Canadian woman serving in the Serbia Red Cross, on her promise to take him out of Europe. She means to adopt him. The youngster was dressed in remnants of khaki uniform and wore hobnailed shoes he said he had taken from a German soldier he killed.

Passengers on the Espagne stated that the French Government, to protect its vessels had placed aboard all its ships expert engineers to watch day and night, while in port, for any attempt that might be made to cripple the engines.

a new rule

The housewives of America are feeling already the pinch of the European war in the much-shortened supply, always less than the demand, of house servants, says a writer in an American paper. For years the wail has been going up from homes all over the country, north, east, south and west, city, village, and farm, palatial mansion and modest apartment. "Give us someone to do our work.' Every year there have been fewer and fewer willing to do that work, and their wages have mounted higher and higher as the despair of the housewives increased. And now the sudden drop in immigration has almost entirely shut off the supply of young women from Europe who formerly did something to mitigate the trouble. It is said that 50,000 girls could find situations at once, and probably, if they could be distributed ,over the country, 100,000 is nearer the figure that would find warm welcome.

But possibly, as in some other matters, the situation has reached the point where the necessities of the case will generate its solution. We are discovering, for instance, that we can make our own dyes, now that we can no longer lazily import them from Germany, and a new and flourishing industry is springing up, scientific investigation is being stimulated, and we are being taught the wholesome and much-needed lesson that it is better to do things ourselves than to depend helplessly upon others.

So, now, perhaps, out of the acute house servant situation, just because something must be done, will be evolved new methods in home management that will bring it in line with the modern developments of home economic science. The antiquated methods of our grandmothers which still rule in the vast majority of American homes, are as outworn and absurd, in the midst of present day knowledge, ideas, and developments, as would be the spinning-wheel and the loom in the modern home or the horse car in crowded city streets. These antiquated methods ignore the large and important additions that have been made to our knowledge of food values, that, indeed, have made of human feeding and applied science of high consequence. They ignore also most of the developments in the science of childrearing.

Humanity is prone to make its way along the line of least resistance, and so long as the supply of untrianed or poorly-trained house servants made it possible to carry on the housheld in its antiquated, ramshackle likeness to feudal times, its methods could be changed only slowly and with difficulty, just as we bought our dyes rather than make them ourselves, so long as that course was the easier. But now that household management has struck a snag of the toughest sort, perhaps it will find a new channel for its progress.

Have You a Boy Problem?
It cannot be solved by arithmetic. Solve it by feeding him Shredded Wheat—a natural food that makes his body buoyant with the energy and enthusiasm of youth. A muscle and brain-builder. Contains the life of the wheat in a digestible form. Builds sturdy, robust boys and girls. Serve it for breakfast with hot milk. Made in Canada.

Ladies' Kid and Velvet Gipsy Buttoned Boots Clearing at $2.75, January Sale. The Haines Shoe House. fs

CENTRAL HASTINGS L.O.L.

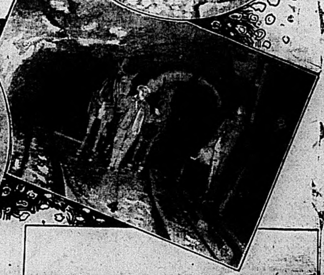
The annual meeting of the Orange Lodge District No. 1 Central Hastings was held in Springbrook on Tuesday afternoon last. The Marmora lodge was represented by Messrs. J. Bonter, D. Southworth, W. H. Clarke, Hugh Boyd and Chas. Lough.

Among the officers elected for the ensuing year were:

D. M.—John W. Johnston, Stirling.
D. D. M.—John Bonter, Marmora.
Chaplain—Rev. W. H. Clarke.
Secretary—Thos. McMullen, Stirling.
Lecturers—David Southworth and Chas. Lough, Marmora.

Read Gorman's advertisement on Page 7 1t

ROGER'S PASS TUNNEL



(1) Party entering tunnel.
(2) From west looking east at final connection.
(3) From left to right: Mr. James, in charge of works; Mr. Dennis, manager for contractors; Mr. J. G. Sullivan, Chief Engineer, Western Lines, C. P. R.
(4) Entrance to tunnel.
(5) Rogers Pass.

NO phase of engineering skill makes a more powerful appeal to the popular imagination than the ability to drive a tunnel from both ends through miles of solid rock and have the two bores meet exactly, as was done in the great Canadian Pacific Railway tunnel at Roger's Pass on December 19th. This shaft of 26,400 feet (five miles) was carried from both ends through the heart of Mount Macdonald and met with such exactness that the layman passing through would not be able to detect the point of union.

Huddled in a little working recess, six thousand feet under ground, twenty-five hundred feet from the remaining wedge of rock which divided the two shafts, a group of railway men and engineers awaited the final shots which should connect the two and mark the completion of this stage in the construction of the tunnel. The success or temporary failure of a work which had been carried on at enormous expense for nearly two years and a half depended on the revelation which would be made when the electric button was touched that fired the charge, but there was no speculation on the part of the engineers. They knew their positions with mathematical certainty, and when at exactly eleven-thirty the detonation of the explosion came roaring down the tunnel, and in a few minutes the powder smoke had cleared enough to permit inspection, and the two cuttings were found to fit as one dime might cover another, there was no outward expression of relief, whatever may have been the inward satisfaction of those in charge of the work.

Not only has this stage of the construction work been successfully reached, but it has been accomplished in a period perhaps unprecedented in tunnel building of this magnitude. It was in July, 1913, that the contract for the mammoth work was let by the Canadian Pacific Railway. Construction on the east end of the pioneer tunnel began in September of the same year, and on the west end in May, 1914. Nineteen months from the latter date the main headings met in the centre of the mountain.

This speed record has been made possible largely by the methods of construction adopted. Instead of attempting to cut the main tunnel through the mountain from both ends, small pioneer tunnels, a little to the side of the location of the tunnel proper, were first constructed. These pioneer tunnels were only large enough for the movement of mule cars, but, by means of shafts cut from their sides, they made it possible to carry on excavation in the main tunnel at numerous places at once, instead of being confined to operations from the end. As they approached the centre of the mountain the pioneer tunnels were deflected into the route of the main tunnel, their purpose having been accomplished.

The first bore of the main tunnel was a shaft of about eight by twelve feet. As this was completed it permitted the laying of rails for mule trains, the introduction of compressed air pipes for ventilation, and the installation of machinery (all operated by compressed air), telephonic communication, and drainage facilities. With this equipment it was possible to proceed with the enlargement of the shaft to its completed size—29 feet wide by 21 feet in height. Some three miles of the tunnel have now been completed to this full enlargement, and the work is proceeding at a rate of one-quarter mile per month, which promises completion of the whole tunnel early in the fall of 1916. Construction has also been hastened by the fact that no serious difficulty was encountered with bad rock formations or excessive water.

Where the rock formation is hard and solid it will remain as the permanent wall of the tunnel, as it cannot be improved upon by any artificial construction. Where it is soft, with a tendency to crumble or slide, it is immediately framed up with an arch of stout timbers. A permanent concrete arch is then built on the inside of the timber work, which is not removed.

A feature of importance in the ventilating system, which will ensure rapid changes of air throughout the entire tunnel.

The construction of this tunnel will only reduce the length of the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway 4.3 miles, but it will eliminate 4½ miles of snowsheds and reduce the track elevation 552 feet. It has a maximum grade of only 95/100 per cent, and eliminates 2,400 degrees of curvature which is an important consideration in railway operation and maintenance. And being a double-track tunnel it will form another link in the double-track system of the Canadian Pacific Railway through the mountain region of Western Canada.

The Store That's So Different !

YOU have doubtless read and re-read many Clothing Advertisements !

You have been pestered with big type and you have been reasoned with in small type !

You have been plied with advertised reductions so unreasonable that your good sense at once stamps them as fictitious.

Here' a Store That's Different

Men's Suits and Overcoats
Exceptional Merit
$8.50, $10, $12 up to $25

We are not giving away Clothing or conducting our Store out of pure generosity to the Public.

We sell no $15 Overcoats for $7.88, nor do we sell $20.00 Suits for $10.99.

We claim to be a fair-dealing, wide-awake Clothing Houae—always giving you the best possible value for your money, and ever ready to make any wrong, right. Surely, no one will or can give you more for your money than we will give you—and you can certainly do no better than to make this YOUR CLOTHING STORE.

Quick & Robertson
THE OUTFITTERS

Liberal Reductions In Boots!

See Our Windows

GORMAN'S BOOT SHOP

See Our Windows

Boots
Selling
Rapidly
At Low Bids

BUY NOW
DON'T MISS THIS SALE

Our January Boot Sale Puts Money in Your Purse

CAUSING DELIGHT, IS OUR JANUARY BOOT SALE. These are busy days at the Gorman Boot Shop. Many persons are taking advantage of these Liberal Reductions. They all realize that THIS SALE FAVORS THE PURCHASER,

WOMEN'S Four and Five Dollar Boots, in all leathers, all toes and all heels, are now selling for.................. **$2.90**

MEN'S Five and Six Dollar Boots in all leathers, all toes and all heels, are now selling for............................ **$3.25**

WOMEN'S Rubbers, Maple Leaf Brand, high heels, now selling for.............. **59c**

MEN'S Four buckle Overshoes, Maple Leaf Brand, all sizes, now selling for........... **$2**

BOYS' One Buckle Overshoes now selling for............................ **$1.25**

WOMEN'S Jersey Cloth, Storm Cut Rubbers now selling for........................... **90c**

MEN'S Two Buckle Heavy Gum Rubbers now selling for.......................... **$1.45**

Now Ladies and Gentlemen

Fathers and Mothers, in concluding our little talk with you on January Boot Bargains, let us again remind you that GORMAN'S reductions are Honest and Liberal, and you will save by spending at Our

JANUARY CLEARANCE SALE

IN and ABOUT THE CITY

"BLACKMAILED"

Do not miss the opening chapters of The Intelligencer's new story "Blackmailed," commencing in last evening's paper.

SCHOOL BOARD

A regular meeting of the Belleville Board of Education will be held this evening to wind up the business for the past year.

COUNTY LOYAL ORANGE MEETING

The annual meeting of the County Loyal Orange Lodge of Central Hastings, will be held in the Orange Hall, Madoc, Tuesday, Februray 1st.

DESERVED PROMOTION

Sergeant Major C. Thompson of the 33rd Battery, Kingston, who was for some time on of Belleville's most efficient police officers, has received a deserved promotion. His title is now that of a warrant officer, which is the highest N.C.O. rank obtainable.

PROMINENT CITIZEN OF MARMORA LEAVES FOR SMITH'S FALLS

Mr. W. H. Hubbell, who for a number of years was engaged in the milling business in Marmora, has removed with is family to Smith's Falls, where he has taken over an extensive business.

MILITARY DANCE IN BELLEVILLE

The lady friends of Belleville of the 155th Battalion, C.E.F., are giving a dance to-night, Friday evening, January 21st, at Ramsey's Academy, Front street, the proceeds of which are to go to the Regimental Fund of the regiment. No written invitations are being issued.

FURNISHED MUSIC

The orchestra in connection with the 80th Battalion of this city, last night furnished an excellent programme of music at a concert given at the Village of Canifton. The affair was under the auspices of the Canifton Home Circle, No. 202, and was well attended. Dr. J. A. Faulkner of Foxboro, was chairman.

ALLEGED THEFT

Some time during the month of September last a party named Thomas Martin was in Belleville and it was alleged he stole a pair of boots from George Babcock of this city. Martin left the city, but was yesterday apprehended by a constable at Campbellford. The police here was notified of the arrest and Constable Deshane left today to bring the accused back to the city.

A SERIOUS OFFENCE

John Gibson, who is known to many in Belleville, was arrested this afternoon charged with providing liquor to a soldier. Gibson had been suspected of procuring liquor and shortly after noon to-day he was given a dollar by a soldier to buy a bottle of whiskey, which he did. He will be tried for the offence before the magistrate to-morrow.

CHARGED WITH FALSE PRETENCES

Last evening a woman who gave her name as Mrs. Jane White alias Beatrice Crandall, was placed under arrest here on a charge that she did by false pretences obtain food and lodging in this city. When arrested she had a babe in arms, which she alleged she was taking care of for her sister. She gave her home as Trenton. This morning Mayor Ketcheson, in the absence of Police Magistrate Masson, remanded the woman to jail for a few days.

RECOUNT AT DESERONTO

At the town of Deseronto yesterday before Judge Deroche, of Belleville, a recount of ballots cast for Reeve at the recent municipal election was held. At the close of the contest Reeve T. H. Naylor was declared elected by a morjority of 4 over Mr. James Dryden. The result of the recount was that Mr. Naylor was sustained in his seat by a majority of 3 votes, he having received 183 to Mr. Dryden's 180. Mr. Wm. Carnew, of Belleville, represented Mr. Naylor and Mr. W. S. Herrington, K.C., of Napanee, for Mr. Dryden.

A CLEVER ADDRESS

In connection with the Star Course of the Y.M.C.A. last evening, Dr. Arthur W. Evans, who is characterized as the Welsh orator, gave one of his imitable adddresses. The speaker is a relative of Lloyd George, but of late had made his home in the United States. There was a small attendance at the lecture, but those who attended were amply repaid for doing so. The speaker in the course of his remarks referred to the war and prophesied that there would be but one result, namely a win for the Allies.

DAVIES

Sweet Seedless Oranges
Jumbo Size
35c doz.

Excelsior Brand Peas
4 tins 30c

Halibut Steaks
15c lb.

"THERMOR

THE WATERLESS HOT BOTTLE

It's New! It's a Wonder!
Be Convinced! Try It!

Awarded Gold Medals at Paris, London, Berlin a
numerous other Expositions.

Stay Hot 12 Hours

Used as Foot Warmer, Bed Warmer. Autos, Baby Carriages. Never too hot or too cold. Always just right. Price **$3.5**

The John Lewis COMPAN
LIMITE

Bargains

..............AT..............

Lattimer's Drug Store For Saturday

50c. Gin Pills 25c.	50c. Fruitatives 29c.	50c. Dodd's Pills 32c.	50c. Chase's Nerve Food 29c.	50c. Zam-Buk 35c.	50c. Williams' Pink Pills 32c.

Patent Medicines

25c.	Nerviline	15c.
25c.	Thomas Electric Oil	15c.
25c.	Chase's K. & L. Pills	15c.
25c.	Carter's Liver Pills .	15c.
35c.	Castoria	24c.
25c.	Chase's Syrup	15c.
25c.	Woods' Norway Pine Syrup	17c.
25c.	Gray's Syrup	17c.
25c.	Four T's	17c.
25c.	Shiloh's Cough Syr.	17c.
25c.	Baby's Own Tablets	15c.
50c.	Chase's Ointment .	45c.
25c.	Egyptian Liniment .	17c.
$1	Scott's Emulsion ..	69c.
50c.	Scott's Emulsion ..	38c.
50c.	Pinex	37c.
$1	Pinkham's Comp. .	85c.
25c.	Nature's Remedy ..	12c.
25c.	Abbey's Salt	17c.

15c

PALMOLIVE SOAP
3 for 25c

Extra Special

25c.	Syrup White Pine and Tar .. .. .. 2 for	25c.
25c.	Bromide Quinine ..	15c.
50c.	Emulsion Cod Liver Oil	25c.
$1	Emulsion Cod Liver Oil	50c.
50c.	Wine Cod Liver Oil	25c.
$1	Wine Cod Liver Oil	69c.
25c.	Blaud's Iron Pills 2 for	25c.
25c.	A. B. S. C. Tablets 2 for	25c.
25c.	Hydrogen Peroxide	15c.
25c.	Witch Hazel Cream	15c.
25c.	Almond Cream	15c.
25c.	Cucumber Cream ..	15c.

Toilet Articles

35c.	Pond's Vanishing Cream	29c
50c.	Ingram's Milkweed Cream	29c.
25c.	Violet Talcum	15c.
25c.	Sandalwood Talcum	15c.
25c	Duchess Rose Talcum	15c
15c.	Glycerine Soap 3 for	25c
25c.	Shaving Lotion ..	17c.
75c.	Rubber Gloves .. .	49c.
25c.	Tooth Paste	15c
25c.	Massage Cream ..	20c.
25c.	Danderine	20c.
50c.	Danderine	40c.
25c.	Sanitol Tooth Powder	20c
10c.	Wash Cloths	5c.
25c.	Hutax Tooth Powder	20c
25c.	Tooth Brushes	14c.
25c.	Sanitol Face Cream	20c.

FREE

With each package of Nyal's Tooth Paste or Tooth Powder purchased Saturday, we will give absolutely FREE
A 25c TOOTH BRUSH

$2.00
Hot Water Bottles
Guaranteed for 2 years
$1.19

Cigars

10c.	Ovido	4 for 25c.
10c.	Irvings	5 for 25c.
10c.	Travellers ..	5 for 25c.
10c.	Japs	4 for 25c.
10c.	Bachelors ..	4 for 25c.
5c.	Havana Ribbon	6 for 25c.
5c.	John Bull ..	6 for 25c
5c.	Col. Steele ..	6 for 25c.

Ye Olde Fashioned HOREHOUND CANDY
17 cents lb.

Chocolate Department

When you want High Class Chocolates, come to us. We carry the best and our stock is always fresh.

Willard's, Huyler's
Nylo's

Riley's Toffee
The Famous English Toffee
40c lb.

THE BEST FACE CREAM EVER USED
is what our Lady Customers tell us about
NYAL'S FACE CREAM
25c. and 50c. Jars.

Kodaks AND Supplies

25c. Laxative Bromo Quinine .. . 17c.	Weeks' Break up a Cold Tablets 17c.	Nyal's Red Rose Cream 25c.	Nyal's Shaving Lotion 25c.	Nyal's Almond Cream 25c.	$1.00 Listerine 75c.

AGENCY

Nyal's Family Remedies

15c February Delineator 15c

Kimona Fleece Velour
SPECIAL

This Fleece Velour is a beautifully made cloth, and is specially adapted for House Dresses, Wrappers, etc. It is a nice, soft, warm cloth, and will make up nicely. It comes in colors of Red, Blue, Fawn, Rose and Pink, and sold for 20c per yard.

Special for Thurs., Fri. and Sat.
At 13c per yard

COMFORTERS For The Cold Weather

12 Only Wadded Comforters
Sold regularly for $2.50
Special For The Week End
$1.78

Good, strong and serviceable Coverings, and very nicely quilted.

Ketcheson & Earle

25c BUTTERICK FASHIONS FOR SPRING, 1916 25c

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advert'sements under this head. 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

ANTED—ATTENDANTS. APPLY ONario School for the Deaf. j19-tf

ANTED—SMART INTELLIGENT GIRLS o learn Shirt-making. Apply Deacon irt Company. 15-6td

HELP WANTED—MALE

NTED—FIRST CLASS LATHE, BORING ill and Planer hands. Toolmakers. od wages. Steady work. Canadian stinghouse Company, Limited, Hamil. Ont. d—j27

TO RENT

RENT, RESIDENCE, No. 221 CHARLES contains all modern conveniences. pply at The Intelligencer Office a25-tf

LET, THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the nk of Commerce, and also rooms in the me block and the Robertson Block, itable for offices and apartments. S. S. ler. j17-dtf

FOR SALE

SALE—FORD TOURING CAR, 1914 odel; new non-skid tires; engine lately erhauled; will sacrifice if sold this ek. Apply Box P, Intelligencer. 18-4t

R—SALE—PRIVATE SALE OF HOUSEold furniture, including coal range, on turday, Jan. 22, Monday, 24, from 10 un 6: 218 Church Street. 20-2td

Fresh Made Appetizing Confections

Chocolate Dates, 40c lb.
Date Pudding, - 25c lb.
Maple Walnut Cream, - - - 20c lb.
Neapolitan Fruit Pudding, - - 30c lb.
Humbugs, - - 20c lb.
Butter Scotch, - 20c lb.
Our Own Make

Chas. S. Clapp

CITY AND VICINITY

SPECIAL SATURDAY CANDY
Fresh chocolates "Our Own Make", c. and 30c. per lb.; Patterkrisp or e new Chocolate Chip, 40c. per lb.; rkish Delight, strictly fresh, 19c. r lb.; also a full line of Peanut risp, Chewing Taffy, Lady Carmels, arabone, etc., made fresh to-day for urday. Ed. F. Dickens & Son, The hocolate Shop.

PHOTO-DRAMA CREATION
Part 3 Sunday 2.30 and 8.30 p.m., Griffin's Theatre. Seats free. 21,22

Dr. Dormer, Osteopathic Physician. 28 Victoria Ave., Phone 73.

Ladies' Hudson Seal Coats

No. 1 Quality Lined throughout with No. 1 Brocade satin 40 inches long........Price $120.00
Muff to match " $22.00

J. T. DELANEY
29 Campbell St. Phone 797
opposite Y.M.C.A.
See Our Window
N. B. We Buy Raw Furs

OVERCOATS

Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat! We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.

Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.

ARTHUR McGIE
198 Front Street

Have the Intelligencer sent to your Home Address

CITY HALL THEATRE
Week Starting MONDAY, Jan. 24

MONDAY and TUESDAY
The Strand Musical Comedy Co.
IN
"THE COLLEGE WIDOW";
Featuring FELIX O. MARTIN and AL LANOUS, assisted by a Company of Twenty People.
Auspices XVth Regiment Band
Change of Plays Monday, Wednesday and Friday
Prices, - - - - 15c, 25c, 35c

Boston Candy Company

HOME-MADE CANDIES

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY

French Creams, with Caramels, - - - 15c per lb.
French Bonbons, with Meat Chocolates, - 20c per lb.
Peanut Crisp, - - - - - - - 10c per lb.
Peanut Cocoanut Toffee, - - - - - 15c per lb.
Plain Vanilla Strawberry and Molasses Toffee, 10c per lb.

Boston Candy Company
Front Street

SPORTING NEWS

BELLEVILLE DEFEAT QUEENS AT HOME

Won Handily in Kingston by Score of 7 to 3—Every Player At His Best

That Belleville has an intermediate hockey team of which all lovers of this sport are proud of, there is not the slightest doubt. There is also no doubt but that our boys will win this group and will be well up in the running if they are not successful in landing the coveted championship. The team have played five games thus far, this season, and of this number have secured four victories, their only defeat being at Picton.

Last night the team accompanied by a number of loyal supporters went by special train over the C. N. R. to Kingston for the purpose of crossing sticks with the Queen's team of that city. It was confidnetly expected that the game would be a battle royal, and whilst Bellevillians felt assured that there team would win, it was not expected that the victory would be of such a decisive nature as it proved to be. There was not a largs attendance at the rink, and judging from the demonstration of approval when the Belleville boys scored a goal, the latter had as many admirers present as did the opposing team.

Mr. Lou Marsh, of Toronto, who is recognized as a capable referee in all lines of sports, was master of the situation, and from an unbiased standpoint, certainly filled that position in a most satisfactory and impartial manner.

At about 8.30 the game commenced, and for a few minutes' play was exciting. It was not long, however, before one of the Belleville players placed a well directed shot in the nets much to the delight of the Belleville rooters. When the first period was ended, the score was 4 to 0 in favor of Belleville, and it was then evident, barring accident, that our boys would again have a win placed to their credit.

The second period proved to be the best period of the match in that it was more stubbornly contested by the players of both teams. The result was that both Belleville and Queen's secured one goal, thus making the score 5 to 1 in favor of Belleville.

The third perioa was an excellent period. Queen's players made a determined effort to reduce the lead of their opponents, but were unable to do so, as they were at every point of play met by foemen worthy of their steel. In this period 4 goals were scored, each teams securing 2. The result of the match was that Belleville won by a score of 7 to 3.

It would be insidious to particularize the play of any individual member of the winning team, as each did his part and all it was possible to do to secure the desired end. It can be said truthfully of all the players that they are the right persons in the right place and they know how well to play their respective positions.

The line up of the teams were as follows:

Belleville—Phillips, goal; W. Symons and Whitty, defence; Finkle, rover; Whalen, center; S. Simmonds, right wing; Mitchell, left wing.

Queen's—Smith goal; Box and Fahey, defence; Taft, rover; Wallace, center; Toland, right wing; Purvis, left wing.

NOTES

A naturally well pleased man is Mr. B. Shorey, the whole souled and good natured manager of the Belleville team.

The Belleville contingent did not arrive home until an early hour this morning, tired, but naturally elated over the result of the game.

HOCKEY RECORD

GAME POSTPONED

The junior hockey match between Belleville and Lindsay that was to have been played here to-night, has been postponed because of the condition of the ice. The game will be played here one week later, on Friday, January 28th.

The Peterboro' Electrics have defaulted both of their games with Belleville, so if the local boys win here they will be tied for the district. Hard ice will be a great help to the Belleville team as they are light and depend on their speed to win.

The Intermediates are now fairly sure of winning out in this group.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent my be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior
N. B.—Unauthorised publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.
N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—30690

RITCHIE'S

Featuring

Half Price Attractions
In The Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Department

Scores of Serviceable Dresses, Coats, Skirts and Furs Clearing At This 50 Per Cent Reduction

5 Only EVENING DRESSES Half Price

The most exclusive social function would cast favor on either of these fine evening gowns. They are all different in style but are principally sheer Chiffons over Satins. The shades are a pretty blue, white, maize, mauve and cream. These dresses we are desirous of clearing out previous to stock inventory, so offer them at just Half Price.

Reg. $25.00 for $12.50

Ladies' Silk and Serge Dresses Half Price

About two dozen in all to be cleared out previous to stock inventory. Made up of splendid quality materials in shades of brown, cream, navy, black and Copenhagen. Not this season's dresses, but good styles and all nicely trimmed. Regular prices from $8.00 to $25.00. On sale at HALF PRICE.

From $4.00 to $12.50

(Mantle Room)

Ladies' Black and Colored Coats Half Price

This offer does not mean only a few of the Coat Models selectad for quick clearance, but embraces every Ladies' Black and Colored Coat now in stock, and that means a lot, especially so early in the season, for there are still many handsome up-to-the-minute garments displayed in our showing, all strictly new models in first class materials and best shades. Just think of this:—

Regular $10.00 Coats are now $ 5.00
Regular 12.00 Coats are now 6.00
Regular 15.00 Coats are now 7.50
Regular $18.00 Coats are now $ 9.00
Regular 20.00 Coats are now 10.00
Regular 25.00 Coats are now 12.50

Or Just Half Price.

FURS--HALF PRICE

Probably never in the history of this Store has there been a greater or more sweeping sale of high class Furs. Every piece of Fur in our collection offered at just half the usual price. The showing embraces stylish Muffs, Stoles, Caperinesf etc., in fine qualities ot

MINK MARMOT THIBET COON RAT
NORTHERN SABLE STONE MARTEN

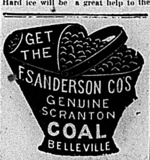
Occasionally such bargains as these can be picked up at the end of the season, but rarely in the month of January. Come in and see them; there are dazens of surprising bargains awaiting you.

Ladies' Dress Skirts Half Price

A clearing of Ladies' Skirfs, made of Serges, Panamas and Voiles—all splendid quality material and well made; not all this season's. but good styles. On sale at JUST HALF PRICE.

$5.00 Skirts for **$2.50** $6.00 Skirts for **$3.00**
$7.50 Skirts for **$3.75**

The RITCHIE Company Limited



The Best we Can Buy Carefully Prepared and Delivered

The F. S. ANDERSON CO.,
42 Bridge St.

The Beauty of Our Feed

is that there is no waste to it. Your horse will lick up the last oat or the last kernel of grain. It tastes so good to him that he wants every bit that belongs to him. So there's economy as well as satisfaction in buying your feed and grain here. Try it once and you'll try it always.

H. E. FAIRFIELD

WHY NOT FLORIDA FOR YOUR WINTER TOUR?

The attractions are unsurpassed, beautiful palm trees, warm sea bathing, orange and banana groves, golf, tarpon fishing, luxurious hotels for all pockets. Two nights only from Toronto. Winter tourist tickets now on sale. Be sure that your tickets read via Canadian Pacific Railway. Excellent service is offered via Detroit and Cincinatti. Barticulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents, or write M. G. Murphy, District Passenger Agent, Toronto, Ont.

j13,to22.

THE WEATHER.

Strong westerly winds, mild today. Sunday—Strong westerly to north westerly winds with a change to colder; a few light local snowfalls.

The Daily Intelligencer.

ESTABLISHED 1858

58 years continuous business is a guarantee for square dealing, best values and lowest prices.
FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Office Phone 2 Night Phones 260 & 635

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 81 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1916. No. 20

BIG REVENUE GAIN JUSTIFIES HIGH TARIFF

Scott, of Waterloo, Ably Defends Government Measures—Debate on Address will Occupy Some Days Yet

HON. MR. PUGSLEY MAKES A RETRACTION

Hepburn, Conservative Member for Prince Edward Clearly Disproves Charge Tnat He Acted as Middleman

OTTAWA, Ont., Jan. 21—The debate on the address will occupy the greater part of the coming week. At today's sitting speeches were delivered by Hon. Chas. Murphy, F. S. Scott, South Waterloo, and Mr. Onesiphore Turgeon, Gloucester, N.B. Mr. Murphy revamped some more or less familiar charges in connection with the shell committee and protested that the middleman was still active in the militia department, even in the purchase of boots.

Mr. Scott delivered an excellent speech which was well received by the House and added to the reputation which he acquired by his speech in the budget debate at the last session of parliament. It was observed that Sir Wilfrid Laurier remained in his seat and followed Mr. Scott's address with close attention until the house rose for dinner at six o'clock.

Mr. Turgeon developed a line of argument which more than once he has insisted upon, in parliament, namely, that minorities could best be served in keeping intact the constitution of the country. He therefore deprecated the amendment of the B. N. A. Act extending the life of parliament, which has been pracitcally agreed to.

Hepburn's Denial

Mr. Hepburn, the Conservative member of Prince Edward County, rising to a question of privilege, replied briefly to Dr. Pugsley's insinuation that he has obtained a contract for the manufacture of shells as a "go between" or "middleman."

"I have long been engaged," he said, "in the steamboat business, together with other members of my family, in connection with that business we operate machine shops and a foundry at Picton. I applied for a contract to the shell committee for our firm, and no doubt we obtained it the more readily because General Bertram knew that we were a reliable firm, able to carry out our contracts.

Not a Middleman

"I appears, however, that our plant at Picton was not equipped for manufacture of shells and our firm therefore established shops in Montreal. The suggestion that I acted as a middle man or go between has no foundation in truth and I demand that the honorable member for St. John, N.B. (Mr. Pugsley) withdraw what he said on that subject. I do not understand that any member of this parliament violates any rule or custom by being a director of a company which contracts with the imperial government. Indeed, I think that the majority of the members of both parties in both houses of parliament are in the same box as I am in that matter.

Mr. Pugsley: "And so are some members of the government. I entirely withdraw the statement that the honorable member for Prince Edward County acted as a go-between or middleman." (Applause).

Minister Justified

Mr. Scott said the event had justified everything Sir Thomas White had said in defence of last year's budget.

The finance minister had declared that the new taxes would increase our revenue by $30,000,000. It would be found at the end of the fiscal year that the increase was nearer $50,000,000. (Applause).

Scott's Charge

Mr. Scott, amid considerable laughter and applause, read an open letter from A. E. D. Morgan, to Hon. Wm. Pugsley. Mr. Morgan, who was the Conservative candidate in Richelieu in 1911, was subjected to a violent attack by Mr. Pugsley in his speech last Tuesday night as a go-between or middleman. Mr. Morgan's letter showed how baseless were the charges preferred against him and contained some amusing hints at the expense of the former minister of public works.

ARMAND LAVERGNE IS VERY CURIOUS

Puts Nine Questions Before the Quebec Legislature

QUEBEC, Jan. 21.—Mr. Armand Lavergne, Nationalist member for Montmagny, is making a personal probe to find out how much the Quebec Government has done to assist the cause of the Allies in the present war. On to-day order of the Legislative Assembly there are no less than ten motions of his, and the majority have some connection with the war. Here are the motions: (1), How much has the war cost the Province of Quebec up to date? He asks for a detailed statement. (2), Copies of all correspondence and all documents and ministerial resolutions between the Quebec Government and the Federal Government relative to the participation of Canada in the present war. (3), Copies of ministerial resolutions, documents, etc., concerning the Canadian patriotic fund. (4), A detailed statement of all subscriptions put into the hands of the provincial treasurer for the purpose of the war and for patriotic purposes. (5), Demand for copies of all correspondence between the purpose of the war and for patriotic purposes. (5), Demand for copies of all correspondence between the Government of Quebec and the Ontario Government relative to the school situation of the French-Canadian minority in Ontario. (6), Copies of correspondence, etc., relatives to the immigration of Belgians to Canada. (7) Copies of all ministerial resolutions, correspondence, etc., concerning the increased cost of living since 5th August, 1914. (8), Copies of all documents concerning the establishment of a national road from Levis to Riviere Du Loup. (9), Copies of all correspondence exchanged between the Government of Quebec and the anti-alcoholic and temperance leagues.

Huns Nearly Get Away Second Time

ST. JOHN, N.B., Jan. 21.—Seven of the German prisoners who escaped from Amherst internment camp are now in custody, four have been allowed admission to the United States, and one, Wagner, now regarded as the ringleader, is still at large.

Four of the men are now in jail here under double guards, having been brought from St. Stephen last night. These are Fred Schultz, Aug. Meyer, Hans Dollmaier and Karl Wickerman. They were kept in jail in St. Stephen, but almost succeeded in escaping again.

When a sergeant visited their cell shortly before time for the train to leave yesterday afternoon, he found that they had almost succeeded in prying open a window and Schultz said to him: "A few minutes more, damn you, and we would have been over the border into Maine."

Bearded Editor In His Den

TOLEDO, Ohia, January 21.—Captain Cornwallis-West, husband of Mrs. Patrick Campbell, the English actress, who is touring the provinces in "Pygmalion," is annoyed at American newspapers, especially those in the rural districts. Captain Cornwallis-West, who has served with honor in the King's army, was rudely escorted from an editor's' sanctum at Lima today. His escort was a blue-coated "bobby," who had been summoned by he irate moulder of public opinion in that section.

Mrs. Patrick Campbell's husband took offence at a story printed in a Lima paper, in which reference to Captain Cornwallis-West's previous matrimonial venture had been made. He asked for a retraction. "Your King and your Country need you right now!" shouted the editor, as he beckoned to a passing policeman.

Plain Talk to U.S. Opponents Of Blockade

Defender of Wilson's Policy, Senator Williams, Staunchly Exposes Allies' Cause

WARNS AGAINST BULLYING

Tells Upper Chamber Entente Would Not Sit Like Whipped Curs Before Country That Has Nothing to Bully With

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Laying aside the Mexican question, the Senate today devoted several hours to the European policies of the Administration with the warmth and bitterness that have characterized all the Senate's recent discussions of foreign affairs. The debate began with the second instalment of Hoke Smith's, of Georgia, attack on the British blockade, with the suggestion that he favored a sweeping embargo against Great Britain to bring her to terms. But the feature of the day was the defence of the President's moderate policy toward Great Britain by John Sharp Williams, of Mississippi, a prominent Democrat of the committee on foreign relations.

Mr. Williams, in his reference to the President's policies, did not remain altogether on the defensive. He attacked the Republican and Democratic critics of the President sharply, and the Republicans, at least, made no reply. Mr. Williams went further than the President has yet gone in explaining the slow progress of negotiations over the British blockade. Mr. Williams said that the Allies, if the United States opposed a blockade would not sit down "like cowardly curs and obey the ukase of a Congress backed by only 90,000 soldiers."

Life and Death Struggle

He added that the Allies were in a life and death struggle and he made his own position clear that he did not think the United States, over a mere matter of trade, should obstruct the side that was battling for the freedom of the world and which he, at least, plainly wanted to win.

The Republicans, said Mr. Williams, were bringing in resolutions trying to "nag" the President into war with Mexico, but not with Germany, though the Mexican outrages were committed by bandits, while the German outrages were the outcome of the fixed and declared policy of the German Government. The distinction in Republican minds, he said, was that they thought Mexico was little enough to be kicked, while Germany was not. He did not blame their mildness toward Germany, he said, because Germany, too, was in the death grapple and allowances should be made for them.

One of the developments of the debate was Mr. Hitchcock's statement that he had heard the confidential instructions issued to the British censors who ransacked the seized American mails. These instructions, he said, directed that business letters should be taken to a central office and copied and distributed to British business men so they could steal American trade.

Mr. Williams replied that he did not believe Great Britain was little enough or unoccupied enough for such tactics, but, in any case, he would not fight over a detail of trade. He would register a protest and settle the whole matter calmly after the war He would only shed blood for blood spilt, he said. Mr. Williams said there never was a war between two great powers where the rights of neutrals were strictly protected.

Hun Outrages Upon the Sea

"It was the Federal Navy that whipped the South," he said, "by first starving the civilian population and the army afterwards. But war is war and not a system of caressing. There was a time when Sherman was regarded as a barbarian for having burned Atlanta, and Admiral Semmes was looked upon as a pirate, but what they did was absolutely angelic in comparison with what had lately been done in the European wars. Whoever thought at that time that any assassin of the sea had a right without warning to shoot and sink men, women and children upon unarmed merchant ships?

"If the Senator from Georgia (Mr. Smith) could have his way, and the measures which he advocates were enacted, they would result in nonintercourse with the Allies unless the Allies are going to stand still like a lot of whipped curs while they are engaged in a war for life and liberty, and obey the ukase of Congress with 90,000 men in the army behind it

(Continued on page 8

RUSS SHUT GATES ON GERMAN GOODS.

(Canadian Press Special)
London, Jan. 21.—Upon the reassembling of the Russian Duma, says a Reuter despatch from Petrograd, the Minister of Finance proposes to introduce a surtax equivalent to five times the amount of the customs duty on goods of hostile belligerents, especially German, with a view to preventing their entry into Russia.

Part of Soldier's Pay Held Back

Discipline and Men's Interests will Be Served, Says Militia Department

OTTAWA, Jan. 21.—It has been found necessary in the interests of discipline and of the men themselves to withhold a portion of the pay of the troops on overseas service until their return to Canada. This statement was issued by the militia department today.

From the beginning of the year, therefore, 50 per cent. of the pay of the rank and file is withheld from those who have not made any assignment of pay.

As regards those who have assigned less than 50 per cent. of their pay, the difference only between the portion assigned and 50 per cent. of their pay is being withheld.

The pay so withheld will be paid to the men in Canada at the termination of their engagement, but the cases of men invalided home, the overseas paymaster in London is authorized to issue it before the soldiers sails, if the latter so desires.

PASSENGERS CRAWLED ASHORE FROM BOAT

River Steamer was Caught in Ice Shoves and Could Not be Released

QUEBEC, Jan. 20.—The river steamer Pilot, formerly on the ferry service between Quebec and Levis, is fast aground since early Wednesday night on the shoals of Red Island, at the entrance of the Saguenay River. She was on her way from Tadousac to Fraserville with mails and passengers when she was caught in the ice shoves The crew and passengers, in a blinding snowstorm, managed to creep ashore where they were rescued by men from the light house, who, contrary to custom, winter there this year.

The steamers Chaplain and Mahone have made unsuccessful attempts to reach the vessel, but so far have been unable to reach her. The pilot is reported lost.

Ships Destroyed During December

(Canadian Press Special)
BERLIN, Jan. 22.—The Overseas News Agency says competent German authorities state that during the month of December twenty-four ships, among which were one British Auxiliary cruiser, and two British transports, with total tonnage of 104,764 were destroyed by Allies fleet of warships.

Reliable reports about the ships destroyed by mines and collisions are still lacking and the real losses will probably total 130,000 tons.

The above despatch reads as if the German authorities were making the claim that the Allies are sinking their own ships.

4 PER CENT. ON DEPOSITS

Ald. Laponite Advocates Legislation at Ottawa

OTTAWA, Jan. 21.—Ald. Lapointe, who sits in the Commons for St. James division of Montreal, is advocating legislation this session making it permissable for banks to raise interest rates on savings deposits to 4 per cent, and also fixing the rate of interest on deposits in Post Offices and other Government savings banks at 4 per cent. He has placed on the order paper a resolution to that effect. In view of the fact that the Government is now paying 5 per cent. interest on Government loans, Mr. Lapointe believes the Government's savings banks and the banks generally throughout the country should be required, or at least allowed, to pay at least 4 per cent. on the deposits of the people.

Fugitive Spy Will Give in If Protected

Doesn't Want to Fall Into the Hands of Britain

SENDS NOTE TO THE POLICE

Igcatius Lincoln, Former M. P., Would Save His Neck

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—Captain William M. Offley, chief of the local bureau of investigation of the department of justice, to-day received a letter from Ignatius T. T. Lincoln, the confessed German spy, who escaped from a United States deputy marshal last Saturday, in which the writer offered to surrender himself at once if guaranteed immunity from prosecution on the forgery charge which caused his arrest last August.

Captain Offley declined to make public Lincoln's letter, adding that the essential part was the conditional offer to surrender.

The forgery charge upon which Lincoln was arrested was preferred by the British consulate here, and he was being held in Raymond street jail, Brooklyn, pending his extradition to England to stand trial. Lincoln escaped from Deputy Francis Johnson while they were in a Brooklyn restaurant.

Fears Execution

Lincoln, a Hungarian by birth, but a naturalized Englishman, and a former member of the British Parliament, contended after his arrest that the British authorities did not wish to try him on the forgery charge, but to execute him for his former espionage work in behalf of the German war Intelligence office. In view of this, it is suspected that his offer to surrender is conditional upon a guarantee from the United States government that the recent order for his extradition would be revoked.

The receipt of the letter spurred the various department of justice agents to redouble their efforts to catch Lincoln, who declared, in a letter published in a New York newspaper that he was not in hiding.

FOR PROHIBITION IN WAR TIME ONLY

OTTAWA, Jan. 21.—Dominion-wide prohibition during war time is advocated in a resolution of which H. P. Stevens, Conservative member for Vancouver, has given notice.

While the resolution is somewhat different from that proposed by the Dominion Alliance, it is calculated to produce practically the same result, except that it does not cover also the suggested period of three years after the war.

Mr. Stevens will move:

"That at this time, when the Empire is at war, the conservation of the wealth and the promotion of efficiency of our nation would be materially aided by the prohibition of the manufacture, importation and sale of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes, and in the opinion of this House legislation should be enacted forthwith."

Russian Princess Now a Prisoner

(Canadian Press Special)
LONDON, Jan. 22.—In a speech at Petrograd recently, Sir George Buchanan, British Ambassador, referred to a certain lady, whose name is familiar to you all, who made an attempt to persuade Russia that England had already made peace overtures to Germany. This woman is Princess Marie Vassil-Tohiskoff, a member of a noble Russian family. She is said to be the morganatic wife of Prince Liechtendstein, former Austrian Ambassador to Russia. She sent a letter to M. Rodzianko, president of the Duma, offering her services in opening peace negotiations, between the Russian and Central Empires, and the contents of the letter was turned over to the Minister of the Interior. The Princess, apparently impatient of delay, went to St. Petersburg where she was arrested and sent a prisoner to one of her estates in the south of Russia.

Kingston Man Killed by Fall

(Canadian Press Special)
KINGSTON, Jan. 22.—Robert Bunting, an employee of the Shipbuilding Company, fell from a window at his boarding house last night, suffered a fractured skull and died.

HAVOC CAUSED BY CANADIAN ARTILLERY

Are Superior to Enemy in this Branch of the Service—Many Direct Hits Scored Attest Superiority

CANADIANS CONTROL THE NEUTRAL ZONE

Enemy's Patrols Avoid "No Man's Land"—Snipers are Busy—Patrick Riel of Winnipeg is Killed

OTTAWA, Jan. 21.—Major-General Sir Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia, has received the following official communique from the Canadian general representative in France:

Canadian General Headquarters in France, via London, Jan. 2?—During the period of Jan. 7-18 there has been no material change in the general situation in front of the Canadian corps. The weather has shown decided improvement and there have been several days of brilliant sunshine.

The outstanding feature of the period has been our artillery activity. Our guns have maintained their superiority. On the fronts of both the first and second divisions we have successfully bombarded German machine gun emplacements, mine shafts and trenches. Combined shoots have been carried out by our field batteries and heavy artillery against various fortified points in the enemy line.

Scored Direct Hits

An aeroplane ranging for one of our batteries reported that a direct hit on an emplacement of an enemy eight-inch gun caused serious damage. On Jan. 7 our siege batteries registered several direct hits on an enemy mine shaft. Timber and corrugated iron were seen to fly in all directions.

On the same day [illegible] heavy projectiles were dropped into the German fire trench, causing great havoc, and on the 14th instant, our first artillery brigade completely demolished a German machine gun emplacement. On several occasions the enemy has bombarded sections of our front line with trench mortar bombs. Our retaliation has been effective. On the afternoon of the 14th, in front of our second division, we destroyed by trench mortars, fire a hundred yards of overhead cover, which consisted of quarter-inch steel plates and a row of sandbags covered with clay. The enemy had been engaged on this work for some time and had only completed it the previous night. At another point on the same afternoon, a breach of 20 feet was made clean through the enemy parapet, by our mortar shells.

On the 15th a German wiring party of over 50 men was observed and promptly dispersed by our machine gun and rifle fire.

Control "No Man's Land."

Our patrols have been active and have maintained an upper hand in "No Man's Land." On one occasion a German patrol approached our trenches, but was detected and speedily driven off. With this exception the absence of the enemy's patrols has been most marked.

"On Jan. 17 an officer's patrol discovered an enemy listening post, and although heavily fired on, succeeded in driving back the occupants towards their own trenches.

Our snipers in both divisions have done excellent work. At 11 o'clock on the morning of Jan. 15, Lieut. J. H. McLaurin and Sniper Gillies of our 16th Canadian Scottish Battalion, occupied an old German listening post and from there fired at and killed three of the enemy, of whom one was an officer.

Sniper Patrick Riel of our 8th Winnipeg Rifles Battalion was killed by shell fire on Jan. 14. He was one of the best snipers of our second infantry brigade and had been with the 8th Battalion since its formation in August, 1914. He had 29 Germans to his credit. Riel was a relative of the famous rebel, Louis Riel, and came from Port Arthur, Ont.

GERMANY SPEAKS OF PEACE WITH BELGIUM

(Canadian Press Special)
LONDON, Jan. 22.—The Frankfort Zeitung, in discussing the possibility of a separate peace between Germany and Belgium, says that as long as Belgium has not signed the London agreement regarding the making of a separate peace, she is free to do as her interests command. Belgium has untill now been considered as an object of exchange, and sensible Belgians ought to be told not to wait too long or Belgium will be considered as a good prize.

This article is supposed to be inspired.

THE DUKE OPENS MONTREAL CAMPAIGN

MONTREAL, Jan. 21.—The Duke of Connaught today formally opened the 1916 whirlwind campaign to raise $1,500,000 for the patriotic fund in a week. His Royal Highness delivered an address at the Canadian Club luncheon at the Windsor hotel urging general support to the movement.

The campaign will include tag days, house to house calls and every other known form of raising money in a hurry.

The Duke returns to Ottawa tonight after reviewing a number of military units training here.

Men don't try to escape temptation; their only fear is that some temptation should escape them.

NEGOTIATIONS ARE STILL GOING ON

(Canadian Press Special)
BERLIN, Jan. 22.—The Cologne Volks Zeitung says the reports regarding the withdrawal by Montenegro from all negotiations for peace with Austria are strongly exaggerated. Obstacles have come up, and a portion of the Montenegrin army has refused to lay down its arms, but negotiations are still in progress.

Cheese Company Report For Year

Report of Sidney Town Hall Cheese Co. from April 1st to December 20th, 1915:

Total milk received, 2,938,862 lbs.; Cheese manufactured, 262,768; Value of cheese, $40,602.53; Money paid patrons, $35,828.79; Average yield per lb. cheese 11.18 lbs.; Average selling price per lb. cheese, 15.45 cts.

Geo. Molson, Pres. and Salesman.

NORTHUMBERLAND BOY KILLED

COBOURG, Jan. 21.—An accident at Allen's Mills, in the northern part of Northumberland County, cost Carman Hubbel, 13 years of age, son of Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Hubbel, his life. He and a younger brother, Charles, were alone in the house. The latter was examining a shotgun, which was loaded. The gun was discharged and the older boy was shot in the head and instantly killed.

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIANS

8TH BATTALION.

Killed in action—Sergt. L. Higgins, Leesdale, Man.

Wounded—G. N. Still, Kerrisdale, B.C.

14TH BATTALION.

Wounded—Corp. J. Bell, Montreal.

Died—A. A. Iderson, Toronto.

19TH BATTALION.

Wounded—R. Dyet, Hamilton.

23RD BATTALION.

Seriously ill — S. Kelly, Fenelon Falls, Ont.

25TH BATTALION.

Wounded—R. Currie, Glace Bay, C.B.

42ND BATTALION.

Killed in action—G. R. Ward, Montreal.

Wounded—K. A. Ritchie, Alexandria, Ont.

Our
JANUARY SALE
Still in Full Swing

Goods Slaughtered in many cases 10 to 25 p.c. off Regular Prices

Have Cents

Save Your Dollars By Buying Here Now

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

SPECIAL BOOT BARGAINS

Marked Regardless of Cost to Clear Before Stock-Taking.

WOMEN'S GYPSY BOOTS, in Kid, Midnight Blue and Velvet, Patent and Gun Metal Laced and Buttoned, Plain Toe, or Tipped Mat or Cloth Top, all sizes. Regular $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00.

Clearing $2.98

MEN'S TAN and GUN METAL LACED and BUTTONED BOOTS, English or Nobby Toes, all sizes. Regular $5.00 and $6.00 values.

Clearing $3.45

ADAMS The Shoeman

HOCKEY STICKS
NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.

AUTOMOBILE SKATES
Made in Canada
Have you seen the New Ones?
Stronger and Lighter than ever

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO.
LET US DO YOUR PLUMBING

Raise Your Family

on our bread in the name of good health and every sanitary precaution. Our bakery is a model and our quality standard unapproached when it comes to bread baking. Sit down to the table with that eagerness which those who have sampled our bread and know that it is on the table awaiting them.

Yerex's Bakery
Phone 787
68 Sinclair St. Belleville

The Standard Bank of Canada.
Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.

GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.

Toronto, 28th December, 1915.

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch - - - JOHN ELLIOTT - - Manager

PERSIAN LAMB

We have never before been better prepared to meet the season's demand for high class Persian Lamb garments, than at present.

Why not get prices on having your Persian Jacket repaired, remodelled or lengthened? We have skins to match every coat.

G. T. WOODLEY,
Phone 421. 273 Front St.

IN and ABOUT THE CITY

ALLEGED ASSAULT

A case of alleged assault preferred against a party named Wilmot Mitchell, was to-day by Magistrate Masson enlarged for a week. The party in the case is a resident of the city.

DELIVERED LECTURES

Captain R. D. Ponton on staff duty. has this week inspected and delivered practical lectures on active service work, to overseas contingents at Perth, Smith Falls, Mattawa, Pembroke and Kingston.

SECURED SEVERAL PRIZES

At the Ottawa Winter fair which has just been brought to a close, Mr. Harford Ashley of Foxboro, who is the proprietor of the Ashley Stock Farm was successful in securing prizes for his exhibit of pure bred horses amounting to $200.

ILLEGAL SALE OF LIQUOR

At the village of Tweed yesterday. before Messrs. Bowlby, and Davis, Justice of Peace. Mr. Peter Courneyea, a hotel keeper at Stoco was found guilty of selling liquor on January 3rd, the day the municipal election was held. He was fined $40 and $11.50 costs. Mr. Carnew, County Attorney, represented the Crown in the case.

NEW FIELD OF LABOR

Mr. Green, who has been for some time the manager of the Griffin Opera House in Belleville, yesterday received instructions to leave this city for North Bay. Mr. Green left last evening for his new field. Whilst in this city, Mr. Green made many friends, who will regret to learn of his removal from here.

A LISTER INTOXICATED

George Prentis, a resident of Huntingdon township, was yesterday at Tweed before Justices of Peace, Bowlby and Davis, charged with being intoxicated whilst upon the prohibited list. The accused made a statement as to how he procured the liquor, but it was not altogether satisfactory to the court and the case was enlarged for a few days. Mr. Carnew for Crown.

REMAINS INTERRED HERE

The remains of the late Mr. Lionel Parker, a former well known Bellevillian, who died at San Juan, Porto Rico, arrived here last evening and were conveyed to the residence of his sister, Miss Parker, who resides on George street. This afternoon the funeral took place and many citizens were present at the obsequies. The body was placed in the vault at Belleville cemetery, after the burial of the Anglican church had been conducted.

THE MARKET

Owing to the inclement weather and the fact that the roads in this vicinity are at present not in the best condition for travel either by wheels or runner vehicles there was not a large attendance upon the market this morning. Good prices were realized for all articles of produce offered for sale and especially for dressed fowls. The ruling price for butter was from 33c. to 35c. per pound; fresh eggs from 34c. to 35c. per dozen; chickens from $1 to $2.00 per pair, ducks $1.75 and $2.00 per pair and geese $2 each. Potatoes were rather a scarce product and sold at from $1.65 to $1.75 per bag

* * *

A SPLENDID WAY TO REDUCE ONE'S WEIGHT

There is, perhaps, no one thing that shows the passing of our youth so much as the horrible tendency of some of us to put on too much weight after we have reached the age of 25 or 30. However young our face may appear, our figures "give us away."

The cause of this over-stoutness is that our stomachs convert the food we eat into fat because there is not enough oxygen in the blood to produce a proper combustion to destroy the fatty tissue. To reduce your weight go to a good druggist and get oil of orilene in capsule form, and take one after each meal. It is sold only in original sealed packages. Oil of orilene taken at meal-times gives you all the benefit of the food you eat, and at the same time dissolves the fatty tissue from any part of the body where there is excessive fat. In this way many have reduced their weight at the rate of about a lb. a day, and no flabbiness is left.

Any druggist can supply you or a large box will be sent on receipt of $1.00. Address D. J. Little Drug Co., Box 1240, Montreal Can.

* * *

Why do you not stop that cough by using Holden's Expectorant? For sale at Geen's. It is an old reliable remedy.

smt

* * *

Another 20 Cent Jump in Flour

OTTAWA, Jan. 21.—Flour reached its highest altitude yesterday when its price soared to $7.10 a barrel, an increase of 20 cents since the last raise in the latter part of December.

There is every prospect of a still further increase which may affect the price of bread.

Local bakers are still standing by their old prices though any further increase may cause them to reciprocate with an advance in the price of bread.

There has been an increase of 60 cents a barrel in the price of flour within the past six weeks.

* * *

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. Daniel Gallagher, Belleville, is a patient at St. Vincent de Paul Hospital.—Brockville Recorder.

* * *

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE FOR CHILDREN

Mrs. Geo. Huffman, Willington, Ont., writes:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets and can recommend them as a wonderful medicine for children. I am the mother of five and have used no other medicine for any of them" Thousands of other mothers say the same thing of the Tablets. That is why once a mother has used them for her little ones she would use nothing else. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

* * *

Chinese Rebels Win Victory

(Canadian Press Special)

PEKING, Jan. 22.—Rebels in the Province of Yunnan have defeated a body of government troops and are moving northward.

FOR PROHIBITION

To the Citizens of Belleville and County of Hastings

A petition for PROHIBITION FOR ONTARIO will be presented to you for your signature next week.

The movement is NON-PARTISAN and NON-SECTARIAN.

Let every one interested in this great PROVINCE-WIDE movement for PROHIBITION assist in every way possible in order that all in Belleville and the County of Hastings may have an opportunity to express themselves.

The petition asks:

1. That the GOVERNMENT PROHIBIT THE SALE OF LIQUOR, or,

2. In case the Government is not prepared to take such action without consulting the electorate, to submit a PROHIBITORY LAW TO A VOTE OF THE PEOPLE for their approval or disapproval.

The Committee will seek, by all means possible to secure a favorable vote upon such referendum.

For further information apply to

Earl F. Chapman,
Organizing Secretary.
Phones 279 and 395. 230 Church St., Belleville.

Pure, clean, flavory and strong, in sealed packets.

Red Rose Tea "is good tea"

An Exceptionally Fine List of
Saturday Night Bargains
At Ritchie's for To-night between 7 and 9.
Read the List on Page 8.

OVERCOATS

Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat! We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.

Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

$1,000.00 REWARD

For information that will lead to the discovery or whereabouts of the person or persons suffering from Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Mouth and Throat, Blood Poison, Skin Diseases, Bladder Troubles, Special Ailments, and Chronic or Complicated Complaints who cannot be cured at The Ontario Medical Institute, 263-265 Yonge St, Toronto. Correspondence invited

ARENA
TURNBULL ST
Game Postponed
Lindsay and Belleville Junior Game POSTPONED until FRIDAY, January 28th
BAND SATURDAY NIGHT

GRIFFIN'S OPERA HOUSE
Two Days Only, Wednesday & Thursday, Jan. 26 and 27
The Stupendous Photo Drama
QUO VADIS
In 3 Acts, 8 parts
Performance lasting 2¼ hours as presented at the Astor Theatre, N.Y., 306 consecutive sucformances; a sensational success throughout Europe and America..
Prices, 10c, 15c and 25c
Seats on sale at Doyle's.

Ladies'
Hudson Seal Coats

No. 1 Quality Lined throughout with No. 1 Brocade satin 40 inches long........Price $120.00
Muff to match " $22.00

J. T. DELANEY
29 Campbell St. opposite Y.M.C.A. Phone 797
See Our Window
N. B. We Buy Raw Furs

Ice Creepers, put on your Rubbers, 25c at the Haines Shoe House.

Try Our
Saturday Special
Chocolates
33c
JAS. WALLACE & CO.

When in Eye Trouble Don't Take Chances

There's an eye-glass house long established — with a wide experience — and an unquestionable reputation—up to date in all respects

Where you can be SURE of good service at a reasonable price.

Our Reputation for Accuracy & Reliability

has been established by over 20 years' square dealing in this community at

Angus McFee's

Comb Honey
At Wallbridge & Clarke's

1000 Sections of delicious COMB HONEY At Reasonable Prices

Dark Buckwheat Honey, 15c per section $1.70 per dozen
No. 1 White Honey, 20c per section $2.25 per dozen
Pure Cream Lucca Italian OLIVE OIL Quart Tins 75c
Boned Chicken, tins 25c & 40c
At Wallbridge & Clarke's

SINCLAIR'S SINCLAIR'S

Clearance Sale Of Ladies' Dresses

All Ladies' Dresses in Serge, Panama, Silk, Velvet, Silk Poplin, Crepe de Chene, and All-Over Lace to clear at
25 Per Cent Off Regular Prices

On Taking Stock, we have decided to clear the balance of our Ladies' and Misses' Dresses at Greatly Reduced Prices. These Dresses are all this season's styles, and are very pretty and well made.

The materials are the best qualities of Silk, Velvet, Serge, Panama, Silk Poplin, Crepe de Chene, and All-Over Laces. Colors are Navy, Copenhagen, Brown, Green and Black, and combinations of these colors in different materials. All sizes from 16 years to 41 ins. bust are included in the assortment. These are all good value at regular prices, and are Real Bargains at

25 Per Cent Off Regular Prices

VIYELLA FLANNEL.
Viyella Flannel is guaranteed unshrinkable and as the colors are absolutely fast this Pure Wool material is well suited for making Waists, Dresses, Nightgowns, etc. for Ladies' and Children, and Shirts and Pyjamas for men. Price 60c. yard.

CLOTH COATS AT HALF PRICE.
About 25 Ladies' and Misses' Colored Cloth Coats have been marked to clear at Half Price. These are all this season's styles, and the materials are good qualities of Chinchilla, Frieze, and Tweeds, in Navy, Brown, Grey and Mixed Colors. Come in and see these. To Clear at HALF PRICE.

LINEN TOWELLINGS.
In spite of the great scarcity of Linen of all kinds we are still able to show excellent values in Pure Linen Towelling in white and grey for Hand Towels and Dish Towels at 12½c. to 25c. yard.

Sinclair's | PENMAN'S HOSE 40c. and 60c. pair. | Sinclair's

January Sale

Our
10 Per Cent
Discount

SALE IS IN FULL SWING.
Stock Consists of
GENERAL DRY GOODS
BLANKETS COMFORTERS
QUILTS BLOUSES
SKIRTS, CORSETS
HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR
SWEATER COATS, for Men, Women and Children.
MEN'S FURNISHINGS.
We carry only the best brands.
10% off the whole stock, Spools, Grey Cottons and Holeproof Hosiery excepted.
YOU CAN SAVE MONEY HERE

Wims & Co

WHY NOT THE BEST?

You men who shave, just drop in when passing, and let us show you the new self adjusting and stropping
AUTO-STROP SAFETY RAZOR
500 shaves — $5.00
"GUARANTEED"

Waters' DRUG STORE

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip

Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.

Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows

F. W. L. CARRE

Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward counties.
Phone 366 276 Albert St., City

EYES BLUR
when reading?
If so; Glasses are needed to overcome the strain—let me help you.

Alex Ray, Opt. D
Eye-Sight Specialist

Hotpoint El Perco

El Perco
A PERFECT PERCOLATOR

Makes six cups of delicious coffee right at the table for less than one cent's worth of electricity. Attaches to any lamp socket and will commence percolating from cold water in 30 seconds.

LET US SHOW YOU ONE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Advertise In The Intelligencer

C.P.R. Asks Men For Grant To Patriotic Fund

Four Day's Pay to Aid Dependents Of Men At the Front

MONTREAL, Jan. 21.—The C.P.R. asks employees to give four days' pay to the patriotic fund. The following appeal on behalf of the Canadian Patriotic Fund has been telegraphed today as a "23" message, so as to reach every employee of the Canadian Pacific Railway from the Atlantic to the Pacific. The "23" message has precedence over all others. The officers and employees of the company responded in a very generous manner to an appeal from the President for the contribution of one day's pay towards the Canadian Patriotic Fund, which was inaugurated to care for the wives, children and dependents of men who so nobly volunteered to serve their country. At that time Canada had an army of thirty-three thousand men, while at present there are over two hundred thousand either on the firing line or in training, and this huge force will be increased ere long to five hundred thousand men. With such a gigantic increase in our army the demands on the patriotic fund will be almost overwhelming. It is therefore a most sacred as well as a most patriotic duty of all Canadians to replenish the patriotic fund in order that the dependents of the nation and empire may have the comforts and necessaries of life. While well aware that great numbers of officers and employees of the company have made and are making regular donations to the patriotic fund, the Canadian Pacific does not hesitate to make a further urgent appeal to its officers and employees to once again come to the rescue of the Canadian Patriotic Fund. Knowing the generosity and patriotism of the officers and employees, we feel certain they will willingly participate in another specific donation by each contributing one day's pay during the months of February, May, August and November. It is left, however, to each officer and employee to decide conscientiously whether he or she can bear the heavier burden now called for, but the company feels assured that all who can possibly do so will respond to this appeal. Form for subscription will be furnished to employees, and when properly signed the amounts will be deducted on the pay rolls for the months designated.

The Agonies Of Neuralgia

A NERVE TROUBLE, ALWAYS DUE TO WEAK, WATERY BLOOD

Only those who have been attacked with neuralgia can form the faintest idea of what its victims suffer. A tingling of the tender skin, a sharp sudden stab from some angry nerve; then piercing paroxysms of pain that is neuralgia. The cause of the trouble is disordered nerves, due to weak, watery blood The cure is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which make new, rich, red blood, and thus sooth and strengthen the disordered nerves and cure neuralgia. Mr. Louis Martin, Mildmay, Ont., says:—"I am writing to let you know the great benefit Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been to me Two years ago I was a physical wreck. My nerves were all unstrung and I suffered tortures from neuralgia, in the head and throughout the nervous system generally. I was almost unfit for work, and only managed to get along with the greatest difficulty. I doctored for about five months and in this time took over forty dollars worth of medicine without any benefit. More. I was actually growing worse, and finally had to take to my bed. My nerves got so bad that I could not turn over in bed without help and the pain was something awful. As I am a farmer you can easily see that necessary work was being neglected, so I sent for a brother who was in Alberta, to come and take charge of the work. When my brother arrived he at once urged me to try Dr Williams' Pink Pills, telling me of some cures that had come under his observation. I got half a dozen boxes and before they were all gone there was no doubt they were helping me. Altogether I used nine boxes of the Pills and by that time I was a well man, and it is impossible to say how thankful I was for my release from pain."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from any dealer in medicine or by mail, post paid, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

$850,000 SUIT LOST BY CANADIAN PACIFIC

DENVER, Jan. 21.—Cable advices were received in Denver from London to-day that McIlwee Brothers, tunnel contractors of this city, had won their suit in the Privy Council against the Canadian Pacific Railroad for $850,000 for work done in constructing the Rogers Pass tunnel through the Selkirk Mountains, in British Columbia. Through Foley Brothers and Welch & Stewart the Canadian Pacific contracted on December 18, 1913, with J. A McIlwee & Sons for the latter to drive a five-mile tunnel through the Selkirks. In addition to the price for the work, the Canadian Pacific, it is stated, agreed to pay McIlwees a bonus of $1,000 for every foot of the tunnel bored each month in excess of 900 feet. By the rapidity of their work the McIlwees in nine months, it is claimed, earned a bonus of $215,000. Then the railroad company, according to the contractors, took the contract away from them. The McIlwees sued for breach of contract, and were awarded $527,000 by the Supreme Court of British Columbia. The railroad then appealed the suit to the Dominion Court of Appeals. That body increased the award to the contractors to $850,000.

About Baby

IV.

THE best indication of proper development is a right increase in weight coupled with increase in muscular strength.

At five months Baby should be able to hold his head erect.

At seven months he will be able to sit up for a while.

When ten months he crawls, pulls himself up or stands by a chair.

Do not encourage a child to walk before he does so of his own accord.

The 'Allenburys' Foods Nos. 1, 2 and 3 provide the right nourishment for Baby step by step, and promote sturdy growth and sound development.

Within the Military Circle

BELLEVILLE

Lieut. McGie of the Machine Gun Section of the 155th Battalion, is looking for recruits for his branch of the service. The machine gun work is vrey interesting and Lieut. McGie will be found to be a capable instructor, he having been sergt.-instructor at Shorncliffe Camp, England.

Capt. Swain, Musketry Instructor of the 3rd Military Division, is in the city to-day inspecting the 80th Battalion.

Lieut. Raymond of the 155th Battalion, Deseronto, is in the city to-day.

Lieut. Ferguson of the 155th Battalion, Trenton, is in the city to-day.

Messrs. R. B. Cooper, B. Gribble, W. P. Allen, G. R. Cauldwell, T. A. Pratt, G. A. Butler, E. O. Keeler and J. Haggerty of this city, will leave shortly to enter a class in the Provisional School of Infantry, Kingston.

Col. Barragar of the P.S.I., Kingston, is spending the week-end in this city.

Q. M. S. Botsford of the 155th Battalion, left to-day for Kingston, where he will take a course at the P.S.I.

The 155th Battalion have sent 15 sergeants to Kingston to enter the School of Infantry classes.

The men of Roman Catholic faith of the 155th Batalion, will parade for church service at 10.00 a.m. to-morrow. Those of Protestant religion will parade at 10.30 a.m., and attend divine service at St. Thomas' church.

80TH BATTALION ORDERS

Officer for to-day—Lt. H. L. Birkett; for to-morrow, Lt. E. E. Bouchette.

Sergt. for to-day—Cpl. Humphries, A. Co.; to-morrow, Cpl. Eneskin, B. Co.

Corporal for to-day—L. Cpl. Morris, A. Co.; to-morrow, L. Cpl. McInnes, B. Co.

KINGSTON

Lieut. Urquhart, of the 80th Battalion, Picton, was in the city yesterday for a few hours on important business. He reports that his company in Picton are getting along nicely, and are being well treated by everybody.

Captain Driver of the A.S.C., Sergt.-Major Parker, Drivers Howlett, Macdonsld, Bedford, Ames and Hayes will leave to-day for Montreal to join the 3rd Divisional train, which will shortly go overseas. Sergt-Major Parker served 12 years in the Imperial army, saw service in South Africa, is a qualified wheeler, having taken the Woolwich course, and is also a member of the Kingston Veterans' Association. Captain Driver is a Kingston boy whose many friends will watch his overseas career with much interest.

(Napanee Beaver)

"C" Company's Bugle Band has been practising this week and will appear on the street in a few days. Four more bugles are needed, and if any citizen wishes to donate one it will be appreciated.

Two new recruits were taken on this week: Haines and Gamble of Napanee.

Screens have been put over the electric light bulbs, and it will be possible now for the boys to play indoor baseball and basketball.

Pte. Garrett, of "C" Company, was discharged this week from the Hotel Dieu, Kingston, after an illness lasting two months. He is now home on two weeks' pass.

"C" Company wish to thank the citizens for the splendid turnout to their concert last Friday evening.

The 80th Battalion have a very unique pennant. It is made up of the Battalion colors, scarlet, purple, gold and black. Cushion covers are also being made.

DEATHS

PARSON—At the home of her sister, Mrs. Carr, 8 Centre street, on Friday, Jan. 21st, 1916. Elizabeth Parson, aged 57 years.

155th Gives Social Dance

A most successful dance was given by the wives of the officers of the 155th Battalion, C.E.F., in Ramsay's last evening in aid of the regiment. The hall was beautifully decorated with flags, bunting and softly shaded lights and a splendid orchestra under the able leadership of Bandmaster Hinchey helped greatly to make the evening a perfect success.

At nine o'clock the bugle sounded the Reveillé and the guests were received by Mrs. A. P. Allen, wearing a gown of black and silver with red poppies, Mrs. J. V. Doyle in a Spanish dress of black and gold, Mrs. B. L. Hyman in black velvet and duchesse lace, Mrs. H. W. Wrightmyer in old rose crepe de chine, Mrs. H. L. Wallace in blue ninon, and Mrs. Sanford in black tulle with red roses. The ladies were kindly assisted by Misses R. Allen, G. Burton, K. Elliott, M. Vermilyea, A. McGie, M. Waters, M. Hamilton and H. Vermilyea.

Those who danced in the set of honor were as follows:

Lt.-Col. Adams	Mrs. Hyman
Major Allen	Mrs. Doyle
Major Wallbridge	Miss Hamilton
Capt. Williams	Mrs. Allen
Capt. Doyle	Mrs. Wallace
Capt. Hyman	Miss Allen
Capt. Gilroy	Miss McGie
Capt. Wrightmyer	Miss Burton

A great deal of credit is due the ladies of the regiment as a handsome sum was realized for the regiment. At supper time Lieut. Sanford, on behalf of Col. Adams, thanked the ladies, the orchestra, and Mr. Ramsay, who so kindly gave the hall.

◆

The things a woman "has heard" convince one that tears are not purely and simply ornamental.

TO QUICKLY RELIEVE SORENESS AND INFLAMMATION

Rub in a few drops of Absorbine, Jr. It is surprising how promptly it penetrates and acts—how clean and pleasant it is to use and how economical, because only a few drops are required to do the work.

In addition to being a dependable liniment, Absorbine, Jr., is a safe, powerful, trustworthy antiseptic and germicide which doubles its efficiency and its uses.

When applied to cuts, bruises, and sores, it kills the germs, makes the wound aseptically clean and promotes rapid, healthy healing. It allays pain and inflammation promptly. Swollen glands, painful varicose veins, wens, and bursal enlargements yield readily to the application of Absorbine, Jr.

Absorbine, Jr., is sold by leading druggists at $1.00 and $2.00 a bottle or sent direct post paid.

Liberal trial bottle postpaid for 10c. in stamps, W. F. Young, F.D.F., 457 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Can.

Is Life Worth Living?
It Depends Upon the Liver.

Wrong living is the cause of most physical ills and generally stomach and liver are first to suffer.

Tea and coffee drinking is a very common cause of digestive disorder, but it usually takes the user some time to fully realize it. Fact is—some people drink tea or coffee with seeming impunity, but when disturbances of the digestive organs result in headache, biliousness, irritability, and other common symptoms of caffeine poisoning, it's time for the tea or coffee drinker to look to his table beverage for the true cause.

For any tea or coffee drinker who finds that his health is wrong, but doesn't know just why, it's a good idea to quit both the tea and coffee and use

POSTUM
—the pure food-drink

Made of wheat and a small amount of molasses, Postum has a rich, snappy flavour, yet contains no caffeine (the drug in tea and coffee) nor other harmful element.

There are two forms of Postum. The original **Postum Cereal** must be boiled: **Instant Postum** is soluble in boiling water and can be made in the cup at table. Both kinds are equally delicious and the cost per cup is about the same.

A change from tea or coffee to Postum is a good move toward **right living.**

"There's a Reason"

Made in Canada. Sold by Grocers.
Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

A SNAP
For
Men and Boys

Gun Metal Buttoned and Laced Boots
Worth $3 and $3.50, now Clearing
Men's for $2.45
Boy's for $2.25

Our Stock of Winter Footwear is Complete at Popular Prices

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros.
Bargain List
For Saturday

Your dollars can be made to do double duty if you shop here tomorrow. Every article mentioned here, as well as many others on display, have been marked at most astinishing prices. Shop here if you would save money. Read:—

27-inch Swiss Embroideries direct from the mills to you at just half their regular value	35c. to 87c. yard
Dress Serges in all the leading shades, your choice of large variety at old prices	75c. up to $1.85 yard
Pillow Cases, best quality, clearing at	2 for 25c.
Special Turkish Towel clearing at	20c. pair
Children's all wool Mitts	15c. pair
Ladies' reg. 50c. Vests, white or natural, clearing at	35c.
50c. Ladies' Leather Hand Bags, clearing at	35c.
25c. box best Writing Paper, clearing at	15c.
Best quality mending Yarn, all colors,	3 skeins for 10c.

GREAT BARGAINS IN LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR SECTION.

Reg. 75c. Flannelette Nightgowns clearing at	59c.
Reg. up to $1.50 House Dresses clearing at	79c.
Reg. up to $1.25 Ladies' Lawn and Wrapperette Waists, clearing at	49c.
Reg. up to $1.00 Underskirts in variety of colors only	69c.
Reg. $1.50 Ladies' Dressing Sacques clearing at	79c.
75c. Ladies' Flannelette Underskirts clearing at	49c.
75c. Ladies' Flannelette Drawers clearing at	49c.

HERE ARE SOME ASTONISHING BARGAINS FOR THE KIDDIES TO SHARE IN.

50c. Washable Dresses clearing at	39c.
$2.50 to $3.00 Navy Blue Serge Dresses clearing at	$1.98
25c. Children's Flannelette Underskirts only	19c.
5c. Children's School Kerchiefs, clearing	3 for 10c.
25c. Children's Cashmere Hose, special	15c. pair

MARVELLOUS BARGAINS TO BE FOUND IN THE CHINA DEPARTMENT.

Reg. 25c. Water Jugs, Milk Jugs, Bon Bon Dishes, Jelly Dishes, etc., etc., clearing at	15c.
Specially arranged table of 10c. articles includes many useful, every day wants; reg. price 25c., clearing at	10c.

Graniteware Section offers you numerous bargains.

Round Roasters clearing at only	30c.
Reg. 50c. Granite Double Boilers clearing	35c.
Coal Hods, reg. 25c.; clearing	15c.
Reg. 50c. preserving Kettles clearing at	35c.
50c. Granite Coffee and Tea Pots clearing at	29c.
10 quart Granite Water Pail, reg. 50c.; clearing	39c.

Bargains in Drug Section for 1 day only.

15c. Talcum Powder for	10c.
25c. Bottle Toilet Cream for	15c.
25c. Bottle Cough Cure	15c.
25c. Tooth Paste or Powder for	15c.
Large bottle Glycerine, Castor Oil, Camphorated Oil or Olive oil for	10c.
50c. bottle best Florida Water for	39c.

McIntosh Bros

WOOLS

At the present time we have a large stock of Military and Fingering Yarns. As this Wool was secured under our old agreement, we have not had to advance our prices on this lot. Secure what you require soon.

Hockey Goods

Hockey Sticks, Hockey Gloves, Hockey Pads, Leg Guards Pucks and Skate Straps all at popular prices.

THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices 227 Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading Advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal Advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $2.00, strictly in advance.

This is the 535th day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany

GERMANY DEPRESSED.

Reports to the effect that the Germans are slowly starving are constantly being published in the press. They have been appearing since the first months of the war. It is pointed out that the Central Empires are virtually isolated, being shut off from sea communication with the outside world. This blockade undoubtedly has had a most depressing effect on the enemy, but as with all blockades, there has been a leakage, and a big one. It must not be forgotten, either, that the enemy lands produce great crops of foodstuffs, and the Governments have bestirred themselves to see that every available acre is put to use. So there has been food enough so far to go around, although the distibution has had to be controlled by Government regulation. The foe has had to husband his resources to a degree never before attempted by any power. And the situation is becoming more difficult all the time. The perfecting of the blockade should make things well-nigh intolerable in the isolated lands.

Whatever Berlin may say to the contrary, the citizens of Germany are beginning to feel the hand of war heavily upon them. Their manhood wealth is dwindling rapidly. A shortage of human material to keep the wheels of industry moving is becoming more and more apparent. There is no reserve to draw upon, unless other nations are enticed into the game of death on their side. With the decline in men there is a decline in other necessary material. It could not be otherwise with war-making on such a tremendous scale. The question is, how long can the fight be kept up against opponents some of whom have not yet begun to draw upon their reserves.

The New York World has had a representative in Germany for many months in the person of Mr. Gustav C. Roeder, a member of its staff for a quarter of a century. In a recent article Mr. Roeder stated that a great change had come over Berlin of late. Eight months ago one could hardly notice that a war was on. Today it is different. The people have come to realize what the war means. They are no longer the happy-go-lucky care-free crowd. They are stern, severely so. They are no longer a smiling crowd. They are very, very, solemn indeed. They profess to be confident of victory in the field and are determined not to yield; but they have their doubts about whether those at home can avoid collapse. The losses have been terrible, and mourning women can be seen everywhere. All know that hundreds of thousands of lives must be sacrificed before the end is in sight. Industry is upset. Iron money is in circulation, because the nickel is needed for war purposes. Silver and paper are the only other tender in use, there being as low as one mark notes in paper. Gold is never used, and is forbidden to be exported. The Government is hoarding it all. It is a sad state the Germans find themselves in, and Mr. Roeder says many of them fear the nation's nerves will be unable to stand the strain of three more years of war.

The Allies have their worries, but they are mild as compared with Germany's. They have the world to draw on for supplies, besides their own resources. There is neither shortage of food, nor lack of money, nor other materials. Their reserves are enormous. United to the end, they should win the war by making the necessary sacrifices.

MANITOBA'S PROHIBITORY BILL.

The bill to prohibit the retail sale within the province of alcholic beverages which the Norris Government has introduced in the Manitoba Legislature is a revival of an old enactment. Before 1900 there had been a pronounced demand for a law to stop the traffic in intoxicants so far as was in the power of a legislature of a province. The Government of the day, of which Mr. Hugh John Macdonald was the head, prepared a bill which in due time was adopted and became a law of the province. The measure was a strong one. It prohibited the sale or the keeping of liquor for sale by any but druggists licensed under the act. It did not presume to prevent a man from keeping a supply for personal use within his own dwelling, and it had to make provision for the use of alcohol or alcoholic substances in manufactures and for medicinal purposes; but to obtain the goods for such use a procedure akin to that required in connection with the purchase of poisons had to be followed. A penalty was provided against any physician who would give a scription or order for liquor without due reason. Clubs or societies were forbidden to keep intoxicants on their premises. Inspectors were to be appointed to enforce the act, and in order to make convictions easy certain rules of evidence held to be important in the trial of men accused of crime were abrogated. The fact that, in the opinion of the magistrate, on hearing evidence, a sale was about to take place was sufficient for a conviction. The presence of a beer pump on a subject's premises was made evidence sufficient to ensure conviction. The penalties began at $200 and might go up to $1,000, with imprisonment for from three to six months, and neither inspectors, magistrates nor judges had power to remit, suspend or compromise a penalty. The severity was felt to be necessary, probably in view of the fact that in the ordinary state of public opinion infractions would not be held in serious disesteem. The act of 1900 was challenged in the courts, but it was held to be within the power of the legislature of a province. It failed, however, It was submitted by referendum to the judgment of the people in 1902, and was condemned, probably to the satisfaction of some who helped to make it law. The revived measure, now on the way to be put on the statute books, is also to be submitted to the people, possibly with some who are supporting it hoping that again it will meet with failure. Of the result, however, no one outside of the province can speak. There has been evident in Manitoba of late a strong opinion in favor of ending the business of making and selling alcoholic beverages. The sincerity of some prominent in the discussion is open to doubt, but their presence in the ranks of the "drys" is proof that they think the "drys" are a powerful body. Manitoba may be on the verge of inaugurating an experiment of unusual interest.

GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From The Intelligencer, Jan. 22, 1868.

The Quinn who was arrested at Kingston was not a Quinn concerned in the murderous affray in this town.

We notice that the Queen has made Sir Francis B. Head a member of the Privy Council. He was sworn in on the 20th ultimo.

Late Idaho advices give news of terrible snow storm about first of January.

A letter from Three Rivers states that there are three thousand men employed in the lumber districts on the St. Maurice.

The Poets' Corner

THE ACHOCHOO ARMY

... (From the New York World.) ...

The rapid-fires may rattle
A regiment to death;
The howitzers in battle
May blow a hell-born breath.
But here at home
By Knicky's dome
One volley hits the ears—
The choo-ahchoo-ahchoochoochoo.

Pooh! for the dumdum volley
Bah! for the bomb's alarms!
Tush! for the Gallypolly
Arbitrament of arms!
They are as mild
As some sweet child
Beside the thing one fears—
The choo-ahchoo-ahchoochoochoo,
Of the Grippy Grenadiers!

There where all men are maddened,
Where trenches take their toll,
Your heart may meet a bad end,
Blown outward with your soul
But as my cough
Blows my head off,
I give, instead of cheers,
The choo-ahchoo-ahchoochoochoo,
Of the Grippy Grenadiers!

O weary-eyed battalions,
Who nasal trumpets blow!
You wear no King's medallions
For fighting with the foe.
Yet hope that dies
Now fills our eyes
With more than Europe's tears,
Hark to the choo-ahchoochoochoo
Of the Grippy Grenadiers!
......

—JOHN O'KEEFE.

Current Comment

WATCH THEM ALL

"Watch Roumania," is the warning of an Italian paper. All those Balkan states will bear watching.—St Thomas Journal.

MISREPRESENTATION

Even those who are not in favor of abolishing the Senate are in favor of abolishing such misrepresentatives as Senator Choquette.—Mail and Empire.

BACKDOWN ANYWAY

Germany has officially denied that a German submarine sank the Persia. Austria has not said whether the submarine was hers. But what matters? The less the administration at Washington learns about the affair, the less glaring will be its backdown.—Buffalo Express.

JAWBONE OF AN ASS

"The mere discussion of peace is in itself an advantage at this time," says Mr. William Jennings Bryan. Wrong again, Mr. Bryan. War has been made with the jawbone of an ass, but never peace.—Vancouver World.

A FORWARD STEP

Good roads will do more for the farmer and for rural life than almost any other conceivable physical reform. For this reason the whole Province, and the agricultural community in particular, will welcome the creation of the new Department of Public Highways. The Minister of Public Works is now Minister of Public Works and Highways. Ontario is fortunate in having available for the new position of Deputy Minister of Public Highways such an earnest, energetic and capable engineer as Mr. W. A. McLean. Provision is made for increased treasury grants for construction and maintenance purposes, and the return of peace should witness a rapid improvement of the King's highway in all parts of the Province.—Toronto News.

For long hours

To the busy man the value of OXO CUBES cannot be over-estimated. A cupful of OXO and a few biscuits provide a light, satisfying repast at any moment required, and save the time expended on a heavy meal.

To make a cup of OXO with an OXO CUBE is so quick and simple—drop an OXO CUBE into a cup of hot water—stir—and with a few biscuits lunch is ready.

An OXO CUBE in a glass of hot milk makes a pleasant change, and a most refreshing beverage during the strain of a busy day.

A CUBE TO A CUP
Tins of 4, 10, 50 and 100 Cubes.

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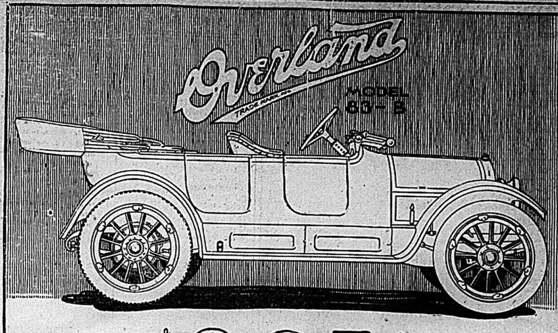

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Never before has the purchaser had so well founded, so emphatic, so conclusive a popular value-verdict to tell him which car to buy.

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It has better upholstery.

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Do as Mr. Gard

Mr. Anson A. Gard, the well known Littérateur of Ottawa, called the Wandering Yankee, says in an unsolicited testimonial for ZUTOO Tablets:

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ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

"Blackmailed"

By ARTHUR APPLIN

Author of "The Chorus Girl," etc.

(Copyright The Frank A. Munsey Co.)

"It was getting dark when five hours later Sir John awoke, and quickly making his toilet, he found his way to the dining-car, where he discovered Miss Berington sipping a cup of coffee and smoking a cigarette. They chatted together for half an hour, then he led her back to the compartment and wished her good night.

"You are not to think of getting up to-morrow morning until you're called. I have given the steward full instructions."

"I feel dreadfully guilty," she said, giving him her hand.

"I feel very happy," he replied, taking it.

As the door closed he again noticed the man he had seen staring through the window that afternoon. He was standing a little ways off in the corner, loking at Vessie with the same cynical smile on his lips.

Taking a newspaper from his pocket, Sir John planted himself with his back to the window, facing the wagon-lit. Having temporarily taken Miss Berington under his protection, he suddenly realized the full weight of his responsibilities.

Though dinner was waiting and he was hungry, he had no intention of moving away until the stranger with the unpleasant smile had taken his departure. It seemed more than likely to Sir John that he was a train-thief—or something worse.

CHAPTER II.

"Thief! Stop Thief"

The express train from Dover was nearing London. Sir John Vessie was nodding in an armchair of the Pullman car. The journey was practically over, and there was regret in his heart.

As a rule he welcomed the lights of London on his return from abroad; but now, as he raised himself and looked with sleepy eyes out of the window, a sigh escaped his lips, followed by a shiver of repulsion.

London, looking gray and desolate, in spite of the fleeting vision he occasionally caught of crowded streets and glaring lights.

In less than ten minutes the train would crawl into Charing Cross Station; he would drive to the Hotel Regent, and the following afternoon he would go down to his place in Gloucester, where his wife and family would be waiting to welcome him.

Again he sighed. Of course he was glad of the prospect of going home. He would find a great deal of work waiting for him on the estate. But it would be just the usual routine.

An interview with the head steward, a walk through the grounds with the head gardener. A long conversation with the head gamekeeper about arrangements to be made for shooting season. A list of guests to be drawn up—men he would have to invite to kill his partridges because later in the year they invited him to kill their pheasants. This was his life.

It was suddenly occurring to Sir John that this life which he had lived for the past fifteen years was really exceedingly monotonous.

He had been doing the same thing with extraordinary regularity, acting almost automatically. Indeed, he did everything that was expected of him. He was popular. He wondered vaguely whether he were loved.

And then he jerked himself into an upright position in his armchair and rubbed his eyes.

Seated at the other end of the Pullman, he saw the same sinister-featured man who had haunted him on the express-train from Homburg—the man with the bald head and black mustache. Vaguely he irritated Sir John. He felt somehow that he was partly responsible for his having lost sight of Miss Myra Berrington.

Everything had gone off quite satisfactorily until they boarded the steamer at Ostend. Then Miss Berrington had gone below to lie down—and he had not seen her since. Of course, she was on the train somewhere but he had searched each Pullman car in vain.

The porter who looked after his luggage had picked up her dressing-case and placed it with his own suit-case beside him in the compartment. He would have to find her to restore her property.

In his heart he was rather glad of the mistake the porter had made. It was a perfecaly natural one, because the dressing-case had accompanied his hand luggage throughout the journey, and when Miss Berrington had gone below on the boat she had forgotten to take it with her.

The train drew into Charing Cross Station and stopped. A porter seized his suit-case and rugs. Vessie gave him his baggage check, and then, taking Miss Berrington's dressing-case in his hand, he walked the length of the train searching for her.

To his consternation, he failed to find her anywhere. When the luggage was ready for examination, he searched the crowd surrounding it. In some mysterious way she had disappeared. She could not have boarded the train at Dover at all. Perhaps, missing her dressing-case, she had stayed behind to look for it.

His luggage was passed by the customs and put on to a taxicab. But still he waited. He lingered about until the platform was practically deserted. Then he drove to the Hotel Regent—where he always put up when his town house was closed.

He had, of course, telegraphed for rooms, and the suite he usually occupied was waiting for him—a large bedroom on the third floor and a small one used for a dressing-room adjoining. He left his heavy baggage in charge of the hall porter, and had his suit-case, rugs, and Miss Berrington's dressing-case sent up to his apartments. He remembered that she had told him she was putting up at a hotel in London.

It was just possible that she, too, patronized the Hotel Regent. He enquired at the bureau, and, after searching, the clerk told him that he had received a telegram from some one called Berrington, engaging a room for that night. But no one of that name had, as yet, arrived.

Vessie felt mightily relieved. The dainty dressing-case, with its unknown contents, had become a grave responsibility. Moreover, the unusual beauty and charm of its owner had haunted him for the past twelve hours.

He was quite conscious now that he had been playing the part of Don Quixote. For the first time in his life ramance had gently thrown her dream-woven garment across his shoulders. He owned frankly to himself that he wanted to see Miss Berrington again, to hear her voice, to take her hand before the cloak fell from his shoulders and he retired to his country estate to take up the threads of his conventional life.

Vessie knew that henceforth life would never be quite the same for him. He felt like a truant schoolboy who had climbed the great stone wall surrounding his playground, and had looked into a wonderful garden—a garden in which boys of his class were forbidden to play.

In case Miss Berrington should arrive, he gave implicit instructions to the clerk.

"Tell her that her dressing-case is safe in my possession. You had better give her the number of my rooms. Say I am exceedingly sorry we missed each other at Dover. I searched for her everywhere."

After a light meal he retired for the night. He found that the porter had placed her dressing-case in the sitting-room, and his own suit-case in the room adjoining it.

He turned the dressing-case over and looked at it almost sentimentally. Her initials were stamped in small gold letters on the face. After a moment's hesitation he left it where it had been placed. Going into the bedroom, he unlocked his suitcase, undressed, and, switching off the lights, went to bed.

He quickly fell into a deep sleep.

It might have been only a handful of minutes, it might have been an hour or two later, when he awoke with a start. Just for a moment he could not recollect where he was. He sat upright, blinking his eyes in the darkness and listening. He fancied he was still on the express-train, that he had overslept himself, and that Miss Berrington was waiting to use the wagon-lit.

Presently he heard sounds of some one moving about stealthily. Automatically he stretched out his hand and fumbled for the electric-light switch, and as he did so he remembered where he was. He slipped out of bed and stood quite still, listening.

Again he heard a stealthy movement and creaking. It seemed to proceed from the other end of the room, from the sitting-room adjoining. In an instant it flashed across his mind that he had left Miss Berrington's dressing-case there! He took a few steps forward on tiptoe, then stopped short. The sitting-room door was ajar. He fancied he saw a light.

Perhaps the porter who had placed the dressing-case there was a hotel thief...... And then suddenly he remembered the sinister-looking man who had haunted him ever since he left Homburg......

Some instinct had warned him that his presence outside the door of the wagon-lit was a menace to Miss Berrington. Vessie remembered, too, that he had seen him cross the vestibule of the hotel just when he was giving instruction to the clerk at the bureau.

Vessie took another step forward, again fumbling with one hand for the electric-light switch. He blamed himself for not noting more carefully its position before turning the lights out. He stumbled over something and nearly fell. At the same moment the light gleaming faintly beneath the door of the other room disappeared.

The thief had done his work and was making off. In a flash Vessie realized the awkwardness of his position if Miss Berrington's dressing-case was stolen while in his possession.

He leaped forward.

For an instant his progress was arrested by a sound like that of a revolver-shot. He reached the door of the adjoining room and flung it open. He could see nothing, but he knew that there was some one in the room. He stumbled forward with outstretched hands, groping like a blind man, yet prepared to come to grips with the unseen person.

He was perfectly certain now that a thief was in the room. And the object of the theft wos Myra Berrington's dressing-case. A sense of his responsibility struck him like a cold wave.

He was somewhere in the middle of the room now, his eyes straining to pierce the darkness. The flapping of the window-blind caused him to turn his head an instant. He remembered leaving the window wide open; perhaps the thief had entered that way.

Suddenly a faint gleam of light pierced the blackness. The door leading to the corridor was slowly opening. Then, against the beam of light, he saw the outline of a tall, dark figure—the gleam of a white hand and in its grasp Myra Berrington's dressing-case.

He hurled himself forward with a hoarse cry: "Thief! Stop, thief!"

Sir John reached the door just in time. It closed noisily as he brought the full weight of his body to bear upon it. At the same instant a shriek echoed through the room. Sir John felt an ice-cold hand at his throat. He seized it and forced it back; then, flinging his arms around the thief, he lifted him right off his feet and flung him onto the ground. The body struck the floor. Sir John waited a moment in case the man should attempt to rise. The figure on the floor lay quite still.

Sir John commenced to grope along the wall beside the door for the electriclight switch. He found it, and the rom became instantly illuminated. Footsteps sounded in the corridor outside. His shout of "Thief!" and the struggle had been overheard.

He bent over the prostrate figure on the ground. He was lying huddled up. It looked shapeless, sexless, sinister. Sir John turned it over, and then he started back with a cry of horror. His eyes protruded; his face became like putty.

He staggered against the door just as some one outside commenced to knock loudly upon it. Quick as lightning he turned the key. He stretched out his hand for the electric-light switch. And the room was plunged in darkness. But even then Sir John covered his face. For it was a woman he had seen lying unconscious at his feet. It was Myra Berrington!

And the knocking outside the door was redoubled. A voice demanded admitance.

To be Continued.

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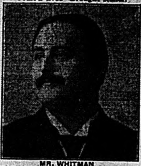

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50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

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Nearly 2,000,000 old men, women and children in Belgium are absolutely dependent on help from Britain and America. Unless we feed them, hundreds of thousands must starve to death! The

Belgian Relief Fund

has saved them so far. Administered by a wonderfully efficient neutral Commission, it has for more than a year now provided food for nearly all the Seven Million Belgians still in the country. Those who have money pay for it, but there is a steadily growing number who must be fed free.

For this at least $2,500,000 is needed monthly in contributions. Great Britain, burdened as she is, is giving all she can. The United States has responded generously, and her business men are running the Commission as public relief was never handled before. Are we in Canada, prosperous and protected from the horrors of invasion, to enjoy the plenty that has blessed us while our heroic Allies starve?

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Send your contributions weekly, monthly or in one lump sum, to Local or Provincial Committees, or to the

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$2.50 FEEDS A BELGIAN FAMILY ONE MONTH

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Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 6.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 7.30 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate points—6.25 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—†6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 5.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *3.40 a.m.

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

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Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily.

No. 16— 2.00 a.m.—Fast train, flyer, daily.

No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7.00 a.m., arrives back from Brockville, 8.30 p.m.; daily except Sunday.

No. 6—11.10 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

No. 14—12.16 p.m.—Express, daily.

No. 28— 5.45 p.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19— 2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

No. 13—4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.

No. 29— 7.50 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.

No. 27—11.30 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.

No. 1— 3.05 p.m.—International Limited, daily.

No. 7— 4.55 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO.

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	10.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North

	Leave.	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.55 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1915.

GOING EAST.

CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.50 p.m.	2.58 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

GOING WEST.

MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.10 p.m.	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

	Daily except Sunday
Going East	
Leave Toronto	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	6.32 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leave Belleville	6.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.30 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent.

Belleville Business Directory

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column or calling at The Intelligencer Business Office, full information may be obtained.

MINING.

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE

Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

"COLLIP, FLORIST."

Front Street.

Night Phone 175. Day Phone 208.

All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.

Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts.

INSURANCE.

W. H. HUDSON

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.; North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies.

Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.

Office: 17 Campbell St., Belleville. Phone 261.

CHANCEY ASHLEY

Insurance Agent

Has Removed to 229 Front Street

Next to Riggs' Music Store

THOS. STEWART

Bridge Street, Belleville.

Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON

Agent for

Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance. Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.

ROBERT BOGLE

MERCANTILE AGENCY.

Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed. Office, 28 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY

Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way. Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.

W. R. Vallance, Mgr. Phone 338.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front St., Belleville. Phone 548. LEE CHEW.

ENGINEERING.

J. D. Evans, C.E. & O.L.S.

J. W. EVANS, C.E. & M.E.

EVANS & EVANS

Civil and Mining Engineers and Ontario Land Surveyors. Belleville and Trenton.

Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker & Victoria Avenues. Telephone 389.

BUS, AUTO AND CABS

ASELSTINE'S MOTOR BUS, CAB & AUTO LIVERY

Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tired, for weddings, private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town. Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection. Phone 229.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers. Apply to

S. MASSON

Barrister, etc.

Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St., Belleville.

LEGAL.

WILLS & WRIGHT

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell St. Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates.

J. FRANKLIN WILLS, K.C.

MALCOLM WRIGHT.

NORTHRUP & PONTON

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge St. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.

W. B. NORTHRUP, K.C., M.P.

W. N. PONTON, K.C.

R. D. PONTON.

PORTER & CARNEW

Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.

E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P.

WM. CARNEW.

Solicitors for Union Bank.

MIKEL, STEWART & BAALIM

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

Belleville, Madoc and Tweed.

Solicitors for Molsons Bank.

W. C. MIKEL, K.C.

D. E. K. STEWART.

FRANK BAALIM.

W. D. M. SHOREY

Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg.

Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms.

Office: 8 Campbell St., Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England

Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

Those who forget today seldom remember tomorrow.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Adress

Announcement

Messrs. Greenleaf & Son wish to announce to their old patrons and friends that they have found it advisable to incorporate their business under Ontario Companies Act.

The new company, under the same management as heretofore, and under the firm name of GREENLEAFS, LIMITED, have purchased the property known as the Brown Foundry, together with the good will and equipment of Mr. Geo. Keith.

It is their intention to remodel these buildings and install suitable equipment to meet the growing demands of their patrons.

The Management take this opportunity of thanking their old friends and solicit their patronage in their new venture.

GREENLEAF & SON

Garage and General Machinists

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000

Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3., Saturday 10 to 3.

R TANNAHILL

Manager Belleville Branch

The Virtue of the Natural Leaf is perfectly preserved in the sealed

"SALADA" B104

packet. Young tender leaves only, grown with utmost care and with flavour as the prime object, are used to produce the famous Salada blends.

SCHOOL BOARD IN FINAL SESSION

Business For Past Year Cleaned Up—Matters of More or Less Importance Brought Forward and Desposed Of

A regular meeting of the Board of Education was held last evening for the purpose of winding up the business of the past year. It was 8.30 when business was' commenced, owing to the non-arrival of members. During the whole session there was just enough members present to form a quorum. They were as follows:

Messrs. J. Elliott, J. B. Ives, B. Mallory, S. S. Moore, L. C. Pascoe, C. M. Reid, W. C. Reid, J. J. Wims, A. E. Bailey, G. T Woodley and A. McGie.

On motion Mr. Mallory was voted to the chair in the absence of the chairman, Col. Ponton, owing to illness.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

A number of communications were read and laid upon the table for consideration.

Mr. S. A. Gardiner, truant and supply officer, wrote that he would return to the city in April—Received and filed.

A request was made for the use of the assembly room of Queen Alexandra school once a week for the bugle band in connection with Cadet Corp of the school.

On motion the request was granted.

Reports

The finance recommended the payment of a number of accounts.

The Board went into committee of the whole on communications, reports, etc. Mr. Woodley in the chair.

The various items in the Finance Committee's report, were adopted without discussion.

Truancy Report

Mr. W. H. Wrightmyer, Agent of the Children's Aid Society, reported that he had looked after 150 complaints the past year, and also investigated 158 cases of truancy. There was no child under 14 years employed during school hours.

Mr. H. J. Clarke, School Inspector, reported that during 1915, there were enrolled 186 pupils which was the largest number ever enrolled and an increase of 51 over 1914. All the available pupils were evidently registered. The average attendance during the year had been good.

A communication from Chairman Ponton re. the necessity of providing addition to the assembly room and more rooms being provided at Grier street school was referred to the next Board meeting.

After Mr. Elliott had spoken on the matter, it was decided to allow the Canadian Club of the city, the use of the Assembly room at the High school once a month, for the holding of meetings.

A request was made by officers of the 155th Bat. for the use during certain hours of the day, of the gymnasium premises in connection with the High school, for class purposes.

Mr. Elliott said a class in connection with the 155th was being formed. They need a building and he moved that the old parish hall building be granted so long as the class does not interfere with the High school Cadet Corp practice.

On motion the request was granted after Mr. Wims had spoken strongly in favor of it.

The committee rose and reported. The report was received and adopted.

Mr C. J. Panter addressed the Board in reference to a concern he represented, which made a preparation for cleaning floors, etc. It had been used in several schools in this district and he had testimonials in regards to its merits. Mr. Pascoe said that the preparation was excellent. Mr. C. M. Reid stated the preparation had been used in the Ritchie store, and it was satisfactory.

Mr. Bailey said the preparation had been used in a room in Queen Mary school, and if it was not too expensive he would be favorable to its use in all of the schools.

On motion the matter was referred to the Supply Committee.

On motion School Inspector Clarke was appointed as a member of the Library Board.

Mr. A. E. Thrasher was on motion appointed a member of the Promotion Examination Board.

Retiring Chairman

Mr. C. M. Reid moved, seconded by Mr. Woodley, that a vote of thanks expressive of the Board's appreciation of the valued services rendered during the year by the Chairman, Col. Ponton be tendered to him.

The mover spoke briefly and appropriately to the matron which was unanimously adopted.

Mr. W. C. Reid being called upon, stated he was retiring voluntarily from the Board, after having been a member for some years. His association with the Board had been most pleasant and a worthy representative was following him. He wished all the members a happy and prosperous year.

Mr. P. J. Wims, who has been the representative on the Board the past year from the Separate School Board, stated that at present he could not say whether he would be reappointed or not. All members of the Board were honorable gentlemen and every courtesy had been extended to him.

Mr. Elliott suggested that the Secretary of the Board write to the Separate School Board requesting that body to reappoint Mr. Wims.

The minutes of the session being taken as read, the Board adjourned sine die.

PALM BEACH SEWING BEE

PALM BEACH, Flo., Jan. 20.—Starting out this morning with the slogan that a million little babies in France and Belgium this winter are without enough covering to cover the poor little naked bodies of ten per cent of their number, Mrs. Edward M. Paddleford, of New York, who is spending the season at the Breakers, had by noon organized in their interest a Red Cross auxiliary among the leading society women here. They wired the New York, branch of the Red Cross for materials which will be rushed down immediately by express and pledged themselves to give their personal services throughout their stay here sewing for these infants. The hotel management turned one of the large reception-rooms, known as the Blue Room, over to them, and there will be a sewing bee there daily.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

"NO ALUM"

READ THE LABEL

Guaranteed to be the purest and best baking powder that it is possible to produce.

E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED

$30,000 AT BRIDGE IN ONE NIGHT

In Separation Suit Mrs. J. B. Elwell Says Her Husband Has Made $500,000 Out of the Game

New York, Jan. 21.—Joseph R. Elwell, a noted authority on bridge whist, according to an affidavit submitted yesterday in the Supreme Court in the suit of his wife, Helen D. Elwell, for separation, has gained $500,000 through the teaching and practice of the game in which he so excels. Mrs. Elwell avers that on one night in Newport he gathered in $30,000 in a card game.

Mrs. Elwell revealed her story in the great profits of a specialty in her application for $5,000 a year alimony. A private settlement was made outside of court.

Mr. Elwell is the author of five standard works on whist, the best known of which is 'Elwell on Bridge,' and the others deal with auction, advanced bridge, practice bridge, and tournament hands. Mrs. Elwell declared that from these his royalties have been from $5,000 to $7,000 a year. According to her estimate his services as a teacher to well-known persons of society brought him a large annual income, which at one time amounted to $18,000 from that source alone.

Coming in contact as he did with persons of influence in the financial community, Mrs. Elwell declared that her husband obtained valuable advance information and won large sums in speculating in stocks and bonds.

"He is also," she set forth, "a most successful card player, having often cleaned up from $1,000 to $10,000 in a night. On occasions he has netted bigger sums. I have known him to gather in as high as $30,000 in an evening."

Mrs. Elwell said she and her husband were married in 1900, and that about four years ago he abandoned her. Their expenses, before their separation, ran from $20,000 to $30,000 a year. They spent the summers in Southampton or Newport, paid as high as $1,800 for a cottage during the season, and employed four servants and a chauffeur. Her application stated that he lives now in luxury and pays $1,300 for his apartment and that he has a $7,000 automobile.

She was surprised, she said a few months ago, to receive from him deeds for $40,000 worth of property, which he wished her to sign. Mrs. Elwell declared that her husband has $100,000 in securities of which she knows, and that his total wealth easily amounts to half a million dollars. She said he was a member of the New York Whist Club, the Apawamis Club and the Studio Club, and also of the Travellers' Club of Paris, and that his personal expenses are large.

Before he abandoned her in 1911, Mrs. Elwell said that her husband agreed to pay the rent of the $1,800 apartment in which they lived, and to give her $250 a month. This he reduced to $175, and then she brought the proceedings for separation.

Justice Newburger ordered Mr. Elwell to pay his wife $500 in cash to pay accumulated debts, $200 a month for the support of herself and child, and $500 in counsel fees. Mrs. Elwell is also to sign the deeds for certain property which the defendant desires to sell. The parties in the suit met after the hearing and through their attorneys, W. Gibbes Whaley, appearing for the wife, and John F. McIntyre, for the defendant, an amicable settlement was reached. Mr. Elwell is at 166 West Seventy-Second Street and Mrs. Elwell lives in East Eighty-First Street.

Mr. Elwell is still teaching and after business hours many Wall Street men drift uptown to the whist clubs to sit at the feet of the expert. His fees are $10 an hour for four persons and when he was busiest, Mr. Elwell averaged about six hours of instruction a day.

Many Changes In C.P.R. Staff

MONTREAL, Que., Jan. 21.—A railway with such interests and so many ramifications as the C. P. R., requires in the more responsible positions officials who have held posts at different points in the system, and therefore a constant flux and change of agents and general agents. With the organization of the Canadian Pacific ocean services particularly in the Orient, there has been an unusually large number of changes in the Passenger Department, all with the object of strengthing the system and educating the officers to every phase of business which they may have to handle

A new passenger agency has been established at Buffalo with L. B. Hart, formerly of the New York office, as general agent. G. M. Jackson, goes from the railway at San Fancisco on the ocean service at Yokohoma, where his title is General Agent of the Passenger Department

A.J. Blainsdell, goes from St. Louis to Shanghai. A. C. Shaw has left Winnipeg to take up new duties in the Passenger Traffic Department, at Montreal. G. A. Walton, formerly of Chicago, has taken Mr. Shaw's place as General Passenger Agent at Winnipeg. T. J. Wall, formerly General Agent, Passenger Department, at Minneapolis, is transferred to Chicago and is succeded at Minneapolis by R. S. Elworthy, formerly of Chicago. M. C. Murphy, District Passenger Agent at Toronto, changes on Feby. 1st with W. B. Howard, District Passenger Agt. at St. John. All these changes mean a host of other changes which enable men who might otherwise be confined to the experience of one office to have the opportunity of other work which gives them a wider knowledge of traffic conditions over the whole system.

ASSISTANCE RENDERED

By the Dominion Department of Agriculture.

Owing to the heavy drain upon the live stock of the various warring countries of Europe, they have been forced to go abroad for supplies. The longer the war lasts the greater will be this demand. Moreover, when peace is restored, these countries will require large numbers of the various classes of animals to replenish their studs, herds and flocks. It should be borne in mind, however, that the buyers who come to this country after the war will require better animals than have been bought during war time, as they will be used largely for breeding purposes.

With this end in view, the best of the females and particularly the young stock should be kept for breeding purposes. Breeders should not fail to raise all the live stock possible at this time, in order that the country may be able to supply a large number of the animals that are certain to be needed by the warring countries. At present, however, there is an unequal distribution of live stock in the country. In certain sections there is a heavy surplus, with a corresponding scarcity in other parts. During the past year hundreds of young cattle from our Prairie Provinces have gone to the United States as stockers and feeders. These should have been kept at home, particularly the females. Sections of the West are reported as being in need of good draught horses, particularly draught mares; while, in sections of Ontario there is an over supply of this particular class.

In order to remedy these conditions the Minister of Agriculture, through the Live Stock Branch, has decided to grant liberal aid to breeders who wish to secure good breeding stock. The conditions under which aid will be given are as follows:

In the event of a number of farmers in any district of Canada wishing to co-operate for the purchase of breeding stock in carload lots from some distant section of the country, the Department will pay the travelling expenses of their duly appointed representative during the time required to effect the purchase and transport the shipment to its destination.

Should it be desired, the Live Stock Commissioner will nominate a suitable person who will be directed to accompany this representative and assist him as far as possible in buying and shipping the animals.

Persons wishing to take advantage of this offer should make full arrangements with the Live Stock Commissioner as to place and time of purchase before sending out their representative.

MADE IN CANADA

an DONCASTER ARROW COLLAR

2 for 35c

Cluett, Peabody & Co., Inc., Montreal

Strong—easy to handle

PURITY FLOUR

More Bread and Better Bread

723

Try this on your Menu

APPLES baked with a coating of sugar, served cold in the centre of a large bowl or deep plate full of Corn Flakes.

"Tis a piece that will get many an encore."

Kellogg's TOASTED CORN FLAKES

MADE IN CANADA

"Our Only Product"

120

Hair Grower and Beautifier.

Recommended by Leading Druggists Throughout Canada

Your money will be refunded without any haggling or red tape of any kind if after using Parisian Sage you do not say it's the best all round tonic and hair dressing you ever used.

That's the statement we make to every reader of this paper, and there are thousands of people in Canada who know that Parisian Sage is just what it is stated to be.

If your hair is falling out or getting thin on top Parisian Sage will stop it. It kills and banishes all disgusting dandruff germs.

One or two applications of Parisian Sage will stop scalp itching and put new life and lustre into faded, lifeless hair, making it look bright and radiant.

Parisian Sage should be used by everyone who wishes to preserve their hair, because it is the most delightful and refreshing of all hair dressings and because it keeps the scalp free from dandruff germs.

Parisian Sage cannot be equalled as a tonic for falling hair and a destroyer of dandruff germs. All druggists, 50 cents a large bottle.

For aches, pains, rheumatism, etc., try Parisian Mustard Cerate. Its effect is wonderful. Use in place of mustard plasters, poultices or hot applications. Will not blister. 25c. a tube

Boston Candy Company

HOME-MADE CANDIES

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY

French Creams, with Caramels, - - - - 15c per lb.
French Bonbons, with Meat Chocolates, - 20c per lb.
Peanut Crisp, - - - - - - - - 10c per lb.
Peanut Cocoanut Toffee, - - - - - 15c per lb.
Plain Vanilla Strawberry and Molasses Toffee, 10c per lb.

Boston Candy Company

Front Street

AMUSEMENTS

CITY HALL THEATRE
Week Starting MONDAY, Jan. 24

MONDAY and TUESDAY
The Strand Musical Comedy Co.
IN
"THE COLLEGE WIDOW"
Featuring FELIX O. MARTIN and AL LANOUS, assisted by a Company of Twenty People.
Auspices XVth Regiment Band
Change of Plays Monday, Wednesday and Friday
Prices, - - - - 15c, 25c, 35c

HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER

SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

WORRY Upsets the NERVES

Far more women than men suffer from nervous disorders. And little wonder, when you come to think of the thousand causes of worry and anxiety which come daily to the woman in the home.

Particularly to those who are nervously energetic the many demands of society, the numberless details of home life, and the exacting attention required by the children, sooner or later wear on the nervous system.

You begin to worry, and worry upsets the nerves. The more irritable the nerves become the more you worry. And thus is formed a vicious circle, and there is no end to your troubles. Since the nervous system holds in control all the functions of the body there soon arises a thousand little ills to make life a burden.

Nervous headaches, spells of indigestion, irritable temper and attacks of the blues tend to make you feel miserable. You cannot rest by day or sleep at nights, and what reserve force you have rapidly disappears.

It may not be convenient for you to get away for a change and a rest, but there is within your reach Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and there never was found a nerve restorative which could be compared to it.

Use Dr. Chase's Nerve Food regularly and you will soon be able to take a cheerful view of life, enjoy your daily work and forget to worry. For with good health comes new energy and strength, new hope and courage, happiness and success.

Women everywhere are praising this great food cure, because it lifts them out of this terrible nervous, irritable condition, and by its reconstructive influence enables the bodily organs to properly perform their natural functions.

50c a box, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

Dr. Chase's Recipe Book, 1,000 selected recipes, sent free, if you mention this paper.

The Store That's

So Different !

YOU have doubtless read and re-read many Clothing Advertisements !

You have been pestered with big type and you have been reasoned with in small type !

You have been plied with advertised reductions so unreasonable that your good sense at once stamps them as fictitious.

Here' a Store That's Different

Men's Suits and Overcoats
Exceptional Merit
$8.50, $10, $12 up to $25

We are not giving away Clothing or conducting our Store out of pure generosity to the Public.

We sell no $15 Overcoats for $7.88, nor do we sell $20.00 Suits for $10.99.

We claim to be a fair-dealing, wide-awake Clothing Houae—always giving you the best possible value for your money, and ever ready to make any wrong, right. Surely, no one will or can give you more for your money than we will give you—and you can certainly do no better than to make this YOUR CLOTHING STORE.

Quick & Robertson
THE OUTFITTERS

Good Evening!

GORMAN'S BOOT SHOP

When down street to-night, drop in the Shop and Meet me Face to Face.

BOB

"Good Morning Is my Robin Hood breakfast ready"

I am always ready for a big bowl of creamy, delicious

ROBIN HOOD PORRIDGE OATS

They make real porridge, with the real Scotch flavor. Mother likes them because they take less time to cook.
Save the coupons in the tubes for beautiful Silverware.
9

ROBIN HOOD
PORRIDGE OATS
(Pan-Dried)

WHY NOT FLORIDA FOR YOUR WINTER TOUR?

The attractions are unsurpassed, beautiful palm trees, warm sea bathing, orange and banana groves, golf, tarpon fishing, luxurious hotels for all pockets. Two nights only from Toronto. Winter tourist tickets now on sale. Be sure that your tickets read via Canadian Pacific Railway. Excellent service is offered via Detroit and Cincinatti. Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents, or write M. G. Murphy, District Passenger Agent, Toronto, Ont.

j13,to22.

A man will always follow bad examples and high heels.

Belleville Branch Of the Canadian Patriotic Fund

The Treasurer begs to acknowledge with thanks the following payments since added to the lists published up to the 15th January, 1916.

John Tower	$ 2 00
James Deacon	5 00
J. W. Barlow	10 00
Quick & Robertson	100 00
Dr. A. E. MacColl (Jan)	5 00
H. A. Naylor	5 00
Belleville Produce Company	25 00
Lt. A. G. Sandford (Jan.)	1 00
W. H. Lingham	20 00
C. J. Bowell (Jan.)	10 00
Dr. J. P. Kimmell	2 50
A Friend (A.M.S.)	15 00
J. W. Johnson M.L.A., (11th payment	10 00

Ladies' Kid and Velvet Gipsy Buttoned Boots Clearing at $2.75, January Sale. The Haines Shoe House. fs

Red Cros And Women's Patriotic Association

On January the thirteenth, eight boxes containing hospital supplies were shipped by the Association, Miss Green, convenor, to the Physics Bld., University of Toronto, to be forwarded to No. 4 Canadian General Hospital, Salonica, Greece, containing the folowing:—

32 dressing gowns, 50 surgical shirts, 20 nightingales, 12 surgeons' gowns, 25 hot water bottle covers, 36 abdominal binders, 320 dressings, 108 pads, 3,200 gauze and absorbant swabs, 48 invalid pillows, 1,000 large fluffs, 1,828 cotton bandages, 14 rolls of absorbent cotton, several bundles of tray cloths, handkerchiefs, and old linen.

The Association wishes to thank the following merchants who so kindly disposed of the song "Johnny Canuck's the Boy", which was donated by Mrs. Mulloy of Kingston and for which the Association realized twenty dollars:—Jennings and Sherry, Mr. Geen, Mr. J. V. Doyle, Mr. Riggs, Mr. Barrett and Mr. Goodsell..

The secretary of the Association received a letter from Lady Jekyll, Chairman of the Order of St. John, and the British Red Cross Society, acknowledging the receipt of six boxes sent by the Association containing Hospital supplies.

The Christmas luxuries sent by the Association to the Belleville boys in overseas battalions have been acknowledged by the following:—Arthur Johnson, Lawrence Sewell, Harold Ingram, Harold Winkins, Mr. Darling, Mr. Allen, Gerald Spafford, Pat. Yeomans, R. N. Best, Frank Ward and W. H. Hudson.

MUSIC & DRAMA

SCOTT'S PALACE THEATRE.

"The Man Who Stayed at Home," which was presented at Scott's Palace Theatre last evening was an excellent production and well deserving of the good patronage it received. It is a story of the British War Office secret service and well entrenched German spy system. It is interesting from start to finish and the clever work of the secret service gains the admiration of the entire audience.

This play is supplemented by a series of clever pen pictures that keep the audience roaring with laughter. The management are to be congratulated upon the production.

The management has promised a new and advanced style of entertainment, and the Strand Musical Comedy Co. is said to be a worthy exponent of the new epoch in popular price musical comedy with many new popular musical numbers and comedy. The Strand Musical Comedy has for its comedian in chief Felix O'Martin, who is known throughout Canada as the most amusing of Irish comedians. His talents will be particularly well displayed, not only in his characterization of the Irishman but in his exceptionally clever dancing. He is supported by an exceedingly clever chorus of 10 pretty girls who are not only singers but also clever dancers. Each and every one of the musical numbers is a distinct hit. They will present that merry musical comedy, "The College Widow." A number of specialties will be introduced by Bert Shaw and the Moran Sisters, who are known throughout Canada for their clever piano playing and dancing. Mr. Shaw has played the largest vaudeville stages in America and is noted for his trick piano playing, and the Moran Sisters for their clever dancing. If you want to spend an enjoyable evening and laugh until your sides ache, do not fail to see this production next week. 1t

A FEAST IN NERO'S ROME

Living made an art and gastronomy a study two thousand years ago.

Griffin Opera House, Wednesday and Thursday, January 26th and 27th.

The manificent elaboration of Geo. Klein's splendid photo-drama production "Quo Vadis" has attracted widespread attention all over America and not only revived tremendous interest in Sienkiewicz's famous novel which it so admirably visualizes, but also has aroused a very considerable curiosity as to the habits and customs of the Romans during the time of Nero.

The early scenes showing some of the Imperial banquets and feasts are so pretentious that many inquiries have been received from spectators for further details. According to the most authentic reports Nero and his degree and their feasts were important functions of their lives.

The following description of one of Nero's feasts some 2,000 years ago, is taken from an authentic history of the world the "chatty Petronius" having originally described the affair. To begin with, the banquet was considered incomplete in those days that did not offer a "surprise," the dinners constantly anticipating some novelty during this meal, and providing novelties was one of Nero's best accomplishments.

"As soon as the guests reclined," runs the history, a retinue of Egyptian slaves entered and washed the reveler's hands and feet in snow water. A great salver was then brought in, in the midst of which stood a bronze ass bearing silver panniers filled with black and white olives. On his back sat old Silenus pouring wine from a sack. Sausages were set in a gridiron attached to the pannier, under which, in imitation of live coals, were heaped plums and red pomegranate kernels. On the edge of the tray were oysters and snails set in a natural way among the vegetables with which they were to be eaten. In the revelation a hen of carved wood was introduced. She sat with outspread wings covering a nestful of peacock's eggs, and these were served to the guests. On being broken, each egg revealed what appeared to be an unhatched chick, but which proved to be a baccafico done in egg sauce.

The dishes of each course were removed to the music of a chant, frequently the attendants were boxed for breaking the rythm by stopping to pick up a fallen dish. The wine served in the next course was a hundred years old. At one point in the banquet the dishes were of the most ordinary pattern and vulgar finish, but these, on being lifeted, proved to be only covers for the real treasures which are concealed beneath them. A fat hare was converted into a pegasus by the addition of wings.

When the carver came he performed his duty to musical accompaniment keeping perfect time. When the great wild boar was brought in he bore on his huge tusks two baskets of palm twigs filled with dates. By the side of the huge creature lay eight pigs done up in paste by the confectioner. Further on in the banquet the ceiling opened overhead and down came a silver hoop bearing alabaster phials of perfume, coronets and other keepsakes for the guests. When the banqueters reached forth and took the fruit, which a figure of Vertummus, standing in the midst of the table, carried in his bosom, they were sprinkled with little jets of saffron water.

And so caprice followed caprice to the end of the magnificent revel until curiosity could no longer be excited and then the gourmand, who had consumed the treasure of a state, retired and slept. Seats on sale at Doyle's Prices 10c. 15c. and 25c.

Throw Away Your Eye-Glasses

A FREE PRESCRIPTION
You Can Have Filled and Use at Home

Do you wear glasses? Are you a victim of eye-strain or other eye-weaknesses? If so, you will be glad to know that there is real hope for you. Many whose eyes were failing, say they have had their eyes restored through the principle of this wonderful free prescription. One man says; after trying it: "I was almost blind; could not see to read at all. Now I can read everything without any glasses and my eyes do not water any more. At night they would pain dreadfully; now they feel fine all the time. It was like a miracle to me.' A lady who used it says: "The atmosphere seemed hazy with or without glasses, but after using this prescription for fifteen days everything seems clear. I can even read fine print without glasses." It is believed that thousands who wear glasses can now discard them in a reasonable time and multitudes more will be able to strengthen their eyes so as to be spared the trouble and expense of ever getting glasses. Eye troubles of many descriptions may be wonderfully benefited by following the simple rules. Here is the prescription: Go to J. S. McKeown's drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto. Fill a 2-ounce bottle with warm water, drop in one Bon-Opto tablet and allow to dissolve. With this liquid, bathe the eyes two to four times daily. You should notice your eyes clear up perceptibly right from the start and inflammation will quickly disappear. If your eyes are bothering you, even a little, take steps to save them now before it is too late. Many hopelessly blind might have been saved if they had cared for their eyes in time. The Valmas Drug Co., of Toronto, will fill the above prescription by mail, if your druggist cannot.

Dr. Jackson's Roman Meal is a Food, Not a Fraud.

Many so-called cereal foods are frauds. To prove it, try to live entirely upon them for a few days. Many live entirely upon Roman Meal. A recent letter from California says: Dear Dr. Jackson: A friend of mine has lived upon Roman Meal for thirteen months. His case had been pronounced hopeless. He is now in perfect health." No fraud here. Roman Meal is scientifically balanced by an expert dietitian. It's the perfect food, and positively relieves constipation. Ask your doctor. Make it in porridge, pancakes, gems. At grocers', 10c and 25c.

Made by Roman Meal Co., Toronto.

Stock-Taking Bargains during January at the Haines Shoe House. fs

Y.M.C.A. Work At the Front

This has been a military year. The flower of manhood of the British Empire has donned khaki, and the Young Men's Christian Association, as the servant of all men in need, has followed the colors to the trench, the desert, the hospital and the prison camp.

This is the concluding sentence of of the National Report for India, prepared by Paul R. Danner, and follows a vivd description of the work of the Y.M.C.A. men among not only the Indian troops that were sent to France, but the "terriers" from England that replaced them in India, the internment camps there, and the soldiers that to-day are awaiting relief in beleaguered Kut-El-Amara.

"Perhaps no troops fighting in any zone of the war to-day have greater difficulties to contend with than those up the Persian Gulf in Mesopotamia, all of whom have gone from India. Burning heat, biting sand and feverish marsh strike down more men than the bullets of the enemy Turk and the treacherous Arab. To labor for these British soldiers, five Y.M.C.A. men were sent up the Tigris and were stationed at first at Busra, and at Amara; following the troops on their fight to Bagdad."

So far as Canadian soldiers are concerned, there are nearly thirty special Y.M.C.A. representatives overseas who are devoting their whole time to the work, and 47 centres in Canada where there are winter camps located in which the Y.M.C.A.'s are engaged in physical, social and spiritual service.

The celebrated Kaufman Rubbers, with the leather inner heel to fit all shapes. The J. J. Haines Shoe House. fs

EXPORTS PROHIBITED

MELBOURNE, Australia, via London, Jan. 21.—A proclamation has been issued prohibiting all exports to the Netherlands.

"THERMOR"
THE WATERLESS
HOT BOTTLE . .

It's New! It's a Wonder!
Be Convinced! Try It!

Awarded Gold Medals at Paris, London, Berlin and numerous other Expositions.

Stay Hot 12 Hours

Used as Foot Warmer, Bed Warmer. Autos, Baby Carriages. Never too hot or too cold. Always just right. Price $3.50

The John Lewis COMPANY LIMITED

WEAK LUNGS
Bronchitis—Asthma—
Coughs — Night Sweats—
Debility
And those conditions leading to
Consumption

Some Extracts from Sworn Evidence:

Randolph E. Palmer, on Oath, says: "'Nature's Creation' is what helped me."

Charles Knoph, on Oath, says: "My night sweats stopped and my hemorrhage stopped from the first day."

Louis C. Zink, on Oath, says: "I have to thank 'Nature's Creation' that I am here to-day."

Send for Booklet containing complete statements, on Oath, from those who have used "Nature's Creation."

NATURE'S CREATION COMPANY OF CANADA, LTD.
Room 14, Cosgrave Building,
Toronto, Canada.

W. L. McKinnon, Dean H. Pettes,

OUR BUSINESS

Our Business is to supply investments at the highest rates consistent with safety, convenience and saleability. We sell to each of the following classes of investors:

1. FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS
   Banks, Trust Companies, Loan Companies, Life Insurance Companies, Fire Insurance Companies, Accident Insurance Companies, Friendly Insurance Societies, etc.
2. ESTATES
   Executors who have the handling of trust money.
3. CHURCH FUNDS
   Endowment Funds, Widows' and Orphans' Funds, Superannuated Ministers' Funds, etc.
4. PRIVATE INVESTORS
   Women, Business Men, Doctors, Retired Business Men, Bankers, Clergymen, Farmers, Lawyers, etc.

We supply large or small blocks of Municipal Bonds which may be selected to meet special needs. Our clients are so satisfied with the service we give them that they deal with us again and again.

Consult

R. W. ADAMS,
27 Campbell Street
Belleville, Ont.
Representing
W. L. McKINNON & CO.
MUNICIPAL DEBENTURES
McKINNON BUILDING
TORONTO ONT.

BANISH BILE!

A bilious condition of the system is the result of inaction of the liver, often causing severe headache through the eyes and temples, culminating sometimes in nausea and vomiting, which is frequently followed by a bilious diarrhœa.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt, when taken as directed, stimulates the peptic glands of the stomach and increases the contraction of its muscles from above downward. This action is communicated to the intestines and increases the flow of the intestinal juice, thus stimulating the ducts of the liver to pour out the bile, when it can be carried downward by the laxative action of the Salt, instead of remaining to clog up the liver and flow back into the stomach.

Thus, if a person who is subject to Biliousness and Bilious Headache will use Abbey's Effervescent Salt, the natural action of the Stomach, liver and intestine will be kept up and no bile can accumulate in the system.

Sold everywhere at 25c. and 60c.

3

Sold by J. S. McKEOWN.

Do you want to earn $10 a week or more in your own home?

Reliable persons will be furnished with profitable, all-year-round employment on Auto-Knitting Machines, $10 per week readily earned. We teach you at home, distance is no hindrance. Write for particulars, rates of pay, send 2c. stamp.

AUTO-KNITTER HOSIERY CO.
Dept. 101 257 College St. - Toronto
(Also at Leicester, England)

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORT WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family or any m over 18 years old, may homestead a qu ter section of available Dominion land Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. A plicant must appear in person at the minion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency the District. Entry by proxy may made at any Dominion Lands Agency (not Sub-Agency) on certain condition

Duties—Six months residence upon cultivation of the land in each of th years. A homesteader may live with nine miles of his homestead on a farm at least 80 acres, on certain conditio A habitable house is required exc where residence is performed in the vi ity.

In certain districts a homesteader good standing may pre-empt a quart section alongside his homestead. Pr $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each three years after earning homestead p ent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. P emption patent my be obtained as so as homestead patent, on certain cond tions.

A settler who has exhausted his hom stead right may take a purchased hom stead in certain districts. Price $3.00 p acre. Duties—Must reside six months each of three years, cultivate 50 acr and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to r duction in case of rough, scrubby or ston land. Live stock may be substituted f cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interi
N. B.—Unauthorized publication of th advertisement will not be paid for.—64

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATION

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, Yukon Territory, the North-West Terr tories and in a portion of the Province British Columbia, may be leased for term of twenty-one years at an annu rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2, acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be ma by the applicant in person to the Age or Sub-Agent of the district in which th rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must b described by sections or legal sub-divi ions of sections, and in unsurveyed terr tory the tract applied for shall be stake by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded the rights applied for are not availab but not otherwise. A royalty shall b paid on the merchantable output of th mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall fu nish the Agent with sworn returns a counting for the full quantity of me chantable coal mined and pay the royalt thereon. If the coal mining rights ar not being operated, such returns shoul be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal minin rights only but the lessee may be pe mitted to purchase whatever availab surface rights may be considered nece sary for the working of the mine at th rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application shoul be made to the Secretary of the Depar ment of the Interior, Ottawa, or to an Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY
Deputy Minister of the Interior.
N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—3069

MAIL CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on Friday, the 25th February, 1916, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week each way over Marysville Rural Route No. 1, from the 1st April next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Marysville, Lonsdale, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

H. MERRICKS,
Post Office Inspector.
Post Office Inspector's Office,
Kingston, Jan. 14th, 1916.
52A.—5m.-25-7-13 3tdj15,22,29

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN HIS MAJESTY'S SURROGATE COURT of THE COUNTY of HASTINGS, IN THE MATTER of the estate of John William Young, late of the Township of Sidney, in the County of Hastings, yeoman, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to Trustee Act, Sec. 56, Chap. 121 R.S.O. 1914, that all persons having claims against the estate of the said John William Young who died on or about the twenty-second day of December, 1915, are requested to send by post prepaid, or to deliver to the undersigned solicitors for the Executor of the estate on or before the twentieth day of February, 1916, their names, addresses and descriptions and a full statement of particulars of their claims and the nature of the security (if any) held by them duly verified by Statutory Declaration, and that after the said day the Executor will proceed to distribute the estate of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he then shall have notice.

Dated this 14th day of January A.D. 1916.
MIKEL, STEWART & BAALIM,
28 Bridge St., Belleville,
Solicitors for Executor, Selden Ketcheson.
4td j15,22,29,f5

PLAIN TALK TO U. S. OPPONENTS OF BLOCKADE

Continued From Page One.

and a fourth-rate navy. It is absurd to suppose that they would be cowardly enough to stand bullying from a nation which cannot bully, because it has nothing to bully with. To say to Great Britain and her Allies that we purpose putting an embargo on munitions of war contrary to our traditional policy unless they change their blockade, which seems to be wonderfully effective because it stops every ship—which the Civil War blockade did not do—and expect them to sit down in a fight which they believe to be for the liberty and independence of the world against a new German Empire, revamped and revarnished, is absurd. What would follow if we did? Commercial non-intercourse. Then what would become of cotton? Cut off the British, French and Italian markets, and their dependencies, and cotton would not be worth four cents the week after next.

"I dislike arguing a great international question from the standpoint of special interests, though it be my own interests. I do not think the fact that I might or might not be bankrupted by this war temporarily is a sufficient reason for undertaking to let German or English or French or Russian or Italian soldiers kill American boys summoned to the colors.

"I have come to the conclusion that the forces making for peace and liberty and honor and contract-keeping and righteousness have got somehow to whip the forces that are fighting for the other thing and I would hurl foul scorn if I ever came to the conclusion that I had no right to fight for liberty and righteousness and national independence against world domination and somebody's place in the sun if it became necessary to fight—and I am no combatant either."

RITCHIE'S SATURDAY NIGHT BARGAINS

BARRETTS AND BACK COMBS, 10c.

Large, medium and small sizes in shell and amber, worth regular 25c., on sale tonight at **10c. each.**

DRESS TRIMMINGS 5c. yard.

In Gimps, Appliques, Insertions, etc., a desirable collection; regular up to 50c. For tonight, **5c. yard.**

$2.25 POLO SCARFS, $1.50

Brushed Wool Scarfs, suitable for skating or any outing wear. All the newest shades and shapes. Reg. $2.25. Tonight, **$1.50.**

CHILDREN'S CASHMERE HOSE, 10c. PAIR.

A fine ribbed all wool quality, for sizes 4 to 6½; worth regular 25c. pair. Tonight **only 10c. pair.**

75c. and $1.00 LADIES' GLOVES. 25c. pair.

Odd lines of slightly damaged Cashmere and Chamoisette Gloves in White, Black or Natural shades; only slightly damaged such as one dome off, etc., Regular 75c. and $1 pair. Tonight, your choice, **25c. pair.**

LADIES' KID GLOVES 39c. pair.

Odd lines of dependable qualities in tan, white and grey, broken sizes, worth regular to $1.00 pair. Tonight, **39c. pair.**

AFTER SUPPER SPECIALS For To-night

Between 7 and 9

75c. DRESS MULLS, 25c. YARD.

Silk finished in Black, White, Navy and Cardinal shades, worth regular 75c. yard. Tonight **25c. yard.**

HEMMED SHEETS, $1.00 EACH.

Made of a fine quality English sheeting, free from dressing. Size 70 x 80 inches. Special value tonight, **$1 each.**

PILLOW SLIPS, 35c. PAIR

Hemmed and ready for use; well made in sizes 40, 42 and 44 inch. On sale tonight at **35c. pair.**

BATH TOWELS, 35c. PAIR.

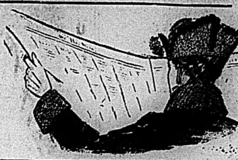
Colored Bath Towels, size 45 x 20 ins. Worth regular 20c. each. Tonight, **35c. pair.**

WHITE NAINSOOK, 10c. YARD

Also several pieces of Lawn 36 inches wide and a nice fine quality; worth regular 12½c. yard. On sale tonight, **10c. yard.**

REMNANTS.

Of Sheetings, Pillow Cotton, Flannelette, Table Linen, Shirtings, etc., marked at decidedly reduced prices for tonight.



$1.25 Ladies' Vests at 89c Garment

Fine quality all wool Winter Weight Vests, slightly imperfect or soiled. Regular $1.25. For tonight **89c. gar.**

Children's Drawers, 10c pair

Good heavy Winter Weight in natural color to fit children 2 to 4 years. Regular up to 25c. pair. For tonight, **10c. pair.**

Dressing Sacques, Etc., 25c

Made of Lawns, Muslins and Wrapperettes, usually sold as high as $1.00. Clearing out tonight at 25c.

Sale of Corsets To-night, $1.00 a pair

Standard models of the famous "American Lady" and "D. & A." makes, but lines that we are discontinuing. Corsets worth up to $1.50 pair; reduced for tonight to **$1.00 pair.**

These Four Money-Savers From The Men's Store

LINED SMOCKS 98c.

Black and Colored Moleskin materials; Regular $1.25 and $1.50, for 98c.

MEN'S TROUSERS $1.50

Dark striped Worsted Trousers for sizes 32 to 42. On sale tonight at $1.50.

BOYS' NIGHTSHIRTS 49c.

Made of a heavy Flannelette for ages 8 to 15 years. 49c.

BOYS' PYJAMAS

A fine Flannelette garment with silk frogs in front. Special for tonight, 98c.

Half Price Specials

All our Ladies' Black and Colored **COATS** Clearing tonight at **HALF PRICE**

About Two Dozen Ladies' and Misses' **SERGE DRESS SKIRTS** Clearing at **HALF PRICE**

A Collection of Silk and Serge **DRESSES** on sale tonight at **HALF PRICE**

Your choice of our entire stock of **FURS** tonight at **HALF PRICE**

The RITCHIE Company Limited

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

VICTORIA AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH.
Corner of Victoria Ave. and Pinnacle St.
Rev. Chas. Geo. Smith, B.D., Pastor.
Residence: Turnbull St. Phone 214.

11 a.m.—The Rev. Wm. McWilliams, B.A., will tell the story of his experiences as a missionary to the lumber-jacks. Mr. McWilliams is a "live-wire" with a fascinating style and manly spirit. Come and hear him, and bring the children.

3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

7 p.m.—Rev. Chas. Geo. Smith will preach—subject—"The Greatest Invitation in the Bible."

The large choir will sing the anthem—"Great and Marvellous."

All Welcome.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Rev. A. S. Kerr, M.A., Pastor.

The pastor will preach at the morning service;

11 a.m.—"False Fears."

3 p.m.—Sunday School. Ladies' and Brotherhood Bible Classes.

7 p.m.—Rev. R. M. Dickey, Toronto, will preach.

A cordial welcome to all.

THE TABERNACLE METHODIST CHURCH
Church Street.
Rev. S. C. Moore, B.A., B.D., Pastor.
Parsonage, 246 Church St. Phone 578.

10 a.m.—Morning Classes and Junior League. Leader, Mr. Thompson.

11 a.m.—Subject: The Religion of the Burning Heart."

2.30 p.m.—Sunday School. Excellent Orchestra. Alpha Club. Speaker, Mr. M. W. Mott.

7 p.m.—Subject: Christ's League of Love.
Mrs. Duff, organist.
Mrs. Grant, choir leader.

Soldiers, students and strangers warmly welcomed to all services.

WEST BELLEVILLE METHODIST CHURCH.
Corner Holloway and Dunbar Sts.
Rev. J. N. Clarry, B.A., Pastor.
Parsonage, 44 Hillside St. Phone 535.

10 a.m.—Class meetings and Junior League.

11 a.m.—Third "R" of the series of the Call to the Higher Life.

2.30 p.m.—S. S. and Adult Bible Classes.

7 p.m.—"The Secret of the Sacrificial Life of the Disciple of Jesus."

Strangers and visitors made welcome at all of the services.

CHRIST CHURCH.
(Anglican)
Rev. R. C. Blagrave, D.D., Rector.
Residence, 20 Commercial St.
3rd Sunday after Epiphany
Holy Communion .... 8 a.m.
Morning Prayer and sermon .... 11 a.m.
Sunday Schools and Bible Classes, 3 p.m.
Evensong and sermon—"Russia and Her Religion" .... 7 p.m.
Seats free. Visitors and strangers welcome.

JOHN STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Corner Victoria Ave. and John St.
Rev. E. C. Currie, Pastor.

11 a.m.—Rev. R. M. Dickey, B.A., Toronto, Field Secretary of the Reading Camp Association.

3 p.m.—The Church School.

7 p.m.—The Gospel of Hope and Help for the Morally Lame.

Mrs. A. E. MacColl, organist and choir leader.

Strangers and visitors welcome.

THE SALVATION ARMY
Pinnacle Street
11 a.m.—Holiness Meeting.
3 p.m.—Free and Easy.
7.30 p.m.—Salvation Meeting.
Sunday School—10 a.m. and 2 p.m.
Everybody welcome.
Captain and Mrs. Ruston, C.O's.

THE BELLEVILLE BUSINESS MEN'S —BIBLE CLASS.

Meets in the auditorium of the Bridge Street Methodist Church every Sunday afternoon at 2.45.

In the absence of the teacher through illness the lesson will be taken by G. F. Stewart, B.A.

Members of the 80th and 155th Battalions, students, gentlemen of leisure, and men of all occupations are cordially invited to spend an hour with this class in the study of the Bible.

E. F. DICKENS, President. F. E. O'FLYNN, Teacher.

EMMANUEL CHURCH.
Reformed Episcopal, Liturgical and Evangelical
Between Pinnacle and Church streets.
Phone 662. Rev. A. M. Hubly, Rector

11 a.m.—Pulpit Theme—The Grace of Compassion.

3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

7 p.m.—Divine service, followed by an address on The Reading Camp Association by Mr. W. R. McWilliams, B.A., of Toronto.

BETHEL HALL, FRONT STREET.
Over Lattimer's Drug Store.
Christians gather in the name of the Lord Jesus Christ.
Sunday, 11 a.m.—The Lord's Supper.
3 p.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Gospel Preaching.
SUNDAY EVENING.
Subject—The Last Days. Their Evil Character. When and How They will End.

BRIDGE STREET METHODIST CHURCH.
Organised in 1815.
Pastor, Rev. H. S. Osborne, B.A., B.D.

10 a.m.—Rev. Mr. Adams' Class. Junior Epworth League. Miss N. Yeomans, Supt.

11 a.m.—Public service. Preacher, the Rev. S. S. Sellery, M.A., B.D., Napanee.

2.30 p.m.—Sunday School. Well organized Bible Classes. A place for all. Judge Deroche, Supt.

7 p.m.—Public service. Special sermon by Rev. Mr. Sellery.

The best of music by large choir under the direction of Prof. Cameron. Miss Edna Wallace, organist.

Soldiers, students and strangers are cordially invited to come with us to these services.

Hear the Rev. Mr. Sellery.

15c February Delineator 15c

Kimona Fleece Velour SPECIAL

This Fleece Velour is a beautifully made cloth, and is specially adapted for House Dresses, Wrappers, etc. It is a nice, soft, warm cloth, and will make up nicely. It comes in colors of Red, Blue, Fawn, Rose and Pink, and sold for 20c per yard.

Special for Thurs., Fri. and Sat. At 13c per yard

COMFORTERS For The Cold Weather

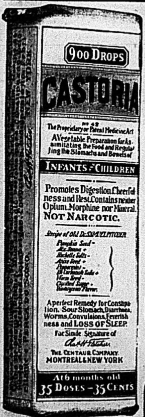
12 Only Wadded Comforters Sold regularly for $2.50

Special For The Week End $1.78

Good, strong and serviceable Coverings, and very nicely quilted.

Ketcheson & Earle

25c BUTTERICK FASHIONS FOR SPRING, 1916 25c


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
No 42
The Proprietary or Patent Medicine Act
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
THE CENTAUR COMPANY. MONTREAL & NEW YORK
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

SPORTING NEWS

BELLEVILLE HORSE BREAKS TWO RECORDS

Dayspring, Owned by W. Parks. Steps Three Fastest Heats Over Ice in Montreal

MONTREAL, Jan. 21.—Special—Dayspring, owned by W. Parks of Belleville and driven by Nat Ray, established two world's records at Mount Royal track this afternoon, the opening day of the initial ice meeting of the Black River Jockey Club. Dayspring stepped the fastest mile that has ever been recorded over an ice track, pacing the distance in 2.10 3-4, while the previous heat was paced by him in 2.13¼; 2.10 3-4 is a full second better than the previous record, while the time for the three heats is the best that has ever been shown on ice.

Dayspring is a great pacer and his performance was a most creditable one, he being given a clever drive by the one-time famous steeplechase rider. Dayspring drew the pole position for the first heat and won the race in straight heats. He was taken along at a fast clip in the initial dash, stepping to the half-mile in 1.07, with Fred Hal his nearest opponent. At the three-quarter pole the winner drew away again to win by a neck.

In the second heat Dayspring went to the half in much faster time, stepping the distance in 1.05, with Fred Hal on equal terms with him passing the half-way mark. Fred Hal assumed the lead going to the three-quarter pole, but under a clever drive Dayspring came again in the stretch and won by a neck, while Fred Hal went off his feet and was beaten for the place by Billy M.

In stepping this heat the world's record was lowered for the second time. The fractional time for the heat was 33¼, 1.05, 1.37 3-4, 2.10 3-4. In the final heat Dayspring went to the front shortly after being sent away and won in handy style.

Picton 13; 33rd 2.

Picton, Jan. 21.—Picton defeated the 33rd Battery O.H.A. intermediate team of Kingston here tonight by 13 to 2. The locals led throughout. They outplayed and outmanouvred the soldiers in every stage of the game.

In the second period the soldiers got past Scott, who played his first game tonight after arriving home from England on Wednesday. He was tendered a rousing reception by the local fans. The third period was slow and uninteresting.

Procured Liquor For Soldiers

John Gibson, who is known to many in Belleville as "Black Jack," was this morning before Magistrate Masson convicted of selling liquor without a license. It appears that yesterday afternoon, Gibson secured a bottle of whiskey for a soldier and gave it to him. In court the accused stated that he had got the liquor for the man because he represented that he was sick. A fine of $300 and $2.50 costs was imposed, or in default 3 months in the county jail at hard labor. Gibson went to jail as he was unable to pay the fine.

Arthur Mitchell, of this city, was also charged with a similar offence. He was given money to purchase a bottle of liquor for a soldier and did so. When confronted with the charge he pleaded guilty and was fined $300 and costs, or in default three months in jail. Not being able to pay the fine he will serve out the sentence.

Chocolate Confectionery Made This Week

Chocolate Pecan Bon-Bons Maple & Vanilla, 50c lb.
Cream Walnut Chocolates, Maple & Vanilla, 40c lb.
Chocolate Cherry Caramels, - - 25c lb.
Chocolate Walnut Caramels, - - 30c lb.
Cream Chocolate Caramels, - - 40c lb.
Chocolate Raisins, 50c lb.

These are Splendid Goods and Splendid Values.

Chas. S. Clapp

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 8 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED — ATTENDANTS. APPLY Ontario School for the Deaf. j19-tf

TO RENT

TO RENT, RESIDENCE, No. 221 CHARLES St.; contains all modern conveniences. Apply at The Intelligencer Office a23-tf

TO LET, THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the Bank of Commerce, and also rooms in the same block and the Robertson Block, suitable for offices and apartments. S. R. Lazier. j17-dtf

WANTED

WANTED—MAN OR WOMAN TO DIStribute War Literature. $120 for sixty days' work in your own community. Spare time may be used. Winston Company, Limited, Toronto. d18-8tw&s

WANTED—TO RENT, PIANO FOR ABOUT two months. Apply R. Snelson, 80th Battalion. 22-4td

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED — YOUNG MAN AS STENOgrapher. Apply by telephone 294 during day, or 16 Catherine St., evenings. 22-4td

WANTED—FIRST CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill and Planer hands, Toolmakers. Good wages. Steady work. Canadian Westinghouse Company, Limited, Hamilton, Ont. d—j27

CITY AND VICINITY.

All those wishing reserve seats for the Cherniavsky return concert, Feb. 4th, notify Mrs. Wagner, 178 George Street. Plan rapidly filling. 1t

Pratt's Regulator and Egg Producer —Perry.

Oyster Shell, Grit, Alfalfa—Perry.

Meat and Bone Meal—Perry.

Pratt's Poultry remedies, all kinds—Perry.

Old Hens bought.—Perry.

DANCING
The New Academy,
Mr. and Mrs. Johnstone's
Cinderella Dance.
Monday Evening, 8.30 till 12.
Class To-night.

PHOTO-DRAMA CREATION
Part 3 Sunday 2.30 and 8.30 p.m., Griffin's Theatre. Seats free. 21,22

Dr. Dormer, Osteopathic Physician, 29 Victoria Ave., Phone 73.

THE WEATHER.

Southerly winds, fair and mild.
Tuesday, southerly winds and mild.

The Daily Intelligencer.

ESTABLISHED 1858
58 years continuous business is a guarantee for square dealing, best values and lowest prices.
FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Office Phone 2 Night Phones 260 & 636

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 81 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, MONDAY, JANUARY 24, 1916. No. 21

BIG GERMAN ATTACK ON WESTERN FRONT

Broke Through French First Line Trenches But Were Soon Dislodged by Counter Attacks

LINES PIERCED BETWEEN ARRAS AND LENS

Strong German Forces Captured Trenches on Front of Several Hundred Yards—Ground Recovered Except About 200 Yards

PARIS, Jan. 23.—(Special.)—The following official communication was issued by the War Office to-night:

"In Belgium the fire of our artillery was directed on the enemy works in the region of Nieuport.

The Attack

"This morning, after the explosion of mines and a violent bombardment, the Germans carried out an attack on part of our front to the west of the road between Arras and Lens, in the region of Neuville St. Vaast. The enemy was able to penetrate on a front of several hundred metres into our first line trench and as far as the supporting trench. Our counter-attacks, delivered immediately, broke down the effort of the enemy and dislodged him from the ground which he had captured.

Hold 200 Yards

"The enemy occupied in the afternoon only about 200 yards of an advanced trench, forming a salient of our lines. Our curtain of fire and the fire of our machine guns resulted in considerable losses to the Germans.

"Between Soissons and Rheims our trench guns seriously damaged the enemy organizations at the Cholera Farm and on the plateau of Vauvierc, and exploded a munitions depot to the east of Rheims.

"In Champagne our artillery seriously damaged the enemy trenches in the region of Maisons de Champagne."

What Enemy Claims

Berlin, Jan. 23.3—The official statement to-day follows:

"Near Neuville, north of Arras, the Germans, after successful mining operations, occupied an advanced position of the enemy, 250 yards long, and captured 71 Frenchmen.

"In the Argonne the Germans occupied a section of a trench after a short engagement with hand-grenades.

"Military establishments east of Belfort were bombarded."

17-Inch Guns On Hun Ships

Section of British Press Agitated Over Fleet Armament

LONDON, January 22.—The Daily News gives prominence to an article suggesting that the Germans are preparing a naval surprise for Great Britain. The article says the Germans are arming their new battleships with 17-inch guns. The Daily News adds that it is believed the shells thrown into Dunkirk some time ago were fired by 17-inch naval guns.

The Daily Mail asserts that it knows "upon the highest authority" that the statement made by the Daily News regarding the 17-inch naval gun is true.

The writer of the Daily News article expresses fear that the British will be caught napping. He recalls that Germany and Austria concealed the overwhelming powers of the howitzers, which demolished the Belgian and Russian fortresses. Experts of the Allied nations had pooh-poohed them, but the experts were proved to be wrong.

The writer asks anxiously whether Britain has an effective answer to the German 17-inch gun. He infers that the new German battleship Hindenburg is armed with the guns and expresses the conviction that there is a reasonable probability, if not certainty, that sooner or later a German battleship squadron armed with 17-inch guns will appear in the North Sea.

"It is obvious," he adds, "that a Hindenburg armed with 17-inch guns will outclass an Invincible (the modern British battleship type) armed with smaller guns, as absolutely as the Invincible outclassed Admiral von Spee's ships off the Kalkland Islands."

Chicago Girl Commits Suicide

(Canadian Press Special)

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—Minnine Werner, aged 24, a stenographer, employed by the Railway Age Gazette plunged from the sixteenth floor of the Transportation building on Dearborn street today. The fall was broken by landing on a truck laden with paper boxes, but her skull was fractured and she received internal injuries and the doctors say she will probably die. An eye witness said he saw the girl raise the window and climb on to the ledge.

No More Aerial Recruits Wanted

(Canadian Press Special)

OTTAWA, Jan 24.—It is announced by the Canadian Naval Service Department that no further recruits are required at present for the British Aviation Service.

BETHLEHEM'S OUTPUT IS TO BE INCREASED

It Will be Turning Out 40,000 Shells Daily For the Allies In Short Time

(From Our New York Financial Correspondent.)

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—The Bethlehem Steel Company is now turning out 30,000 shells daily for the Allies, it was made known here to-day. Necessary enlargements and improvements are being made so that the output may be increased to 40,000 shells daily. It is understood that the plant will be in a position to ship an extra ten thousand shells daily within several weeks.

The company is in excellent financial condition, and this is what has made Mr. Schwab so successful in obtaining large orders from the Allies; they know that he can carry out his contracts. The company has about $45,000,000 cash and securities in its treasury.

Mr. Schwab is charging off all the investments he makes in ordnance plants and is at the same time expanding his domestic steel plant. His intention is to control the structural steel trade of the Atlantic seaboard.

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIANS

OTTAWA, Jan. 23.—The following casualties were announced today:

8TH BATTALION.

Died Jan. 21—A. Smyth, Sherbrooke, Que.

Wounded—J. A. Stewart, Druid, Sask.; P. G. Scott, Saskatoon, Sask.; A. H. MacDonald, Saskatoon, Sask.; J. Paxman, London, Ont.

10TH BATTALION.

S. Haywood, Hamilton, Ont.

16TH BATTALION.

Slightly wounded—J. Mann, Sydney, N.S.

19TH BATTALION.

Killed in action Jan. 11.—G. V. B. Sayers, Portneuf, Que.

Wounded—C. A. Henderson, Cobourg, Ont.

21ST BATTALION.

Killed in action, Nov. 10.—S. Cornego, Alderville, Ont.

Dangerously wounded—H. E. Bostock, Toronto.

Wounded—D. Hall, Hamilton; L.-Corp. H. Brown, Ottawa; J. Wilson, Kingston; M. F. Coleman, Kingston, Ont.

22ND BATTALION.

Wounded—D. Barbeau, Montreal; Calixte Choinard, Montreal; J. Dupuis, Montreal; E. Mallette, Ste. Hyacinthe, Que.; A. Barbeau, Montreal; Corp. U. Haide, Montreal.

24TH BATTALION.

Wounded—A. W. Wasson, Sherbrooke, Que.; T. Ritchie, Point St. Charles, Montreal.

Killed in action—Lieut. R. H. B. Buchanan, Westmount, Que.

25TH BATTALION.

Slightly wounded—J. W. Sullivan, Canso, N.S.

Wounded—W. Byrne, St. Peter's Bay, P.E.I.; D. MacDonald, Dominion No. 6, C.B.

26TH BATTALION.

Died of wounds—D. Merrison, Sydney, N.S.

Slightly wounded—Lieut. H. G. Wood, St. John, N.B.

27TH BATTALION.

Wounded—G. W. Robinson, Winnipeg.

29TH BATTALION.

Wounded—A. J. McEachern, Montague Bridge, P.E.I.

42ND BATTALION.

Wounded—J. D. McKay, Pictou, N.S.; T. Boland, Verdun, Que.; R. Davis, Montreal; Lance-Corp. A. B. Hall, Montreal.

Slightly wounded — H. Haybittle, West Cobalt, Ont.

46TH BATTALION.

Seriously ill—Corp. G. Paterson, Regina, Sask.

55TH BATTALION.

Dangerously ill—A. J. Caraquet, N.B.

1ST FIELD COMPANY DIVISIONAL ENGINEERS.

Severely wounded—Sapper W. R. Wiber, Kagawong, Ont.

NO. 6 CANADIAN FIELD AMBULANCE.

Wounded—J. Morgan, Montreal.

4TH ARTILLERY BRIGADE.

Killed in action—Gunner C. Thomas Winnipeg.

4TH FIELD COMPANY DIVISIONAL ENGINEERS.

Killed in action—Sapper T. R. Pearson, Vancouver B.C.

5TH FIELD COMPANY, DIVISIONAL ENGINEERS.

Wounded—Sapper E. Franchette, Montreal.

Austrians Take Two Seaports

Seek to Encircle Remnant of Montenegrin Army

1,500 SERBS SURRENDER ?

Foe Persists in Story That Montenegrins Are Also Laying Down Their Arms—Fierce Battle in Progress For Three Days South of Scutari

PARIS, Jan. 23.—(Special.)—The Austrians in their encircling movement on the remnant of the Montenegrin army have occupied the seaports of Antivari and Dulcigno.

These are Montenegro's two seaports on the Adriatic; Antivari being fourteen miles northwest of Scutari and Dulcigna crowning the rocky peninsula of Kudilie, twelve miles southwest of Scutari.

The Austrian official statement which publishes this information in Vienna to-night also states that the Montenegrins continue to lay down their arms "at numerous places," and that "on the northeastern front of Montenegro more than 1,500 Serbians have surrendered during the last few days."

Furious Battle in Progress

Meanwhile a report from Rome states that a fierce battle between the Montenegrins and Austrians has been in progress for three days to the south of Scutari. Prince Mirko is leading the Monenegrins under tragic conditions, says The Tribuna. His army, in immediate danger of being surrounded, is making desperate effects to join the advancing forces of Serbians from the south.

If the Montenegrins do not succeed in holding back the Austrians they will attempt to escape to the mountains, says The Tribuna, and there continue a guerrilla war in the hope that aid from the allies will at last come to them from the sea.

French 'Planes Bombard Monastir

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, Jan. 24.—The Havas correspondent at Saloniki says that forty-five French areoplanes bombarded Monastir yesterday, effecting considerable damage to the Ammunition depots, the General staff headquarters and the Railway station. The correspondent also says the Italian expeditionary forces in Albania is soon to be attacked. The Bulgarians are reported to be advancing towards Avlona, which is held by the Italians.

Austrian troops are said to be moving towards Durazzo where Essad Pasha is preparing resistance.

* * *

Those who resolved at New Year's not to drink champagne or take milk baths are getting along very nicely with their resoultion.

* * *

Dimples are a defect in anatomy, according to a scientist. In that case face powders are good fillers-in.

PRICE OF PAPER ENDS A DAILY.

LONDON, Jan. 23.— The Manchester Courier, established in 1825, one of the oldest Conservative daily newspapers in the provinces, has fallen a victim to the war and announces its approaching suspension, "owing to the rapid rise in the price of paper.

The Manchester Courier was purchased by Lord Northcliffe in 1904, but it was found impossible to rejuvenate the veteran journal, Northcliffe's name recently disappearing from the front of the dying enterprise.

Turks Routed By the Russians

Third Turkish Army in Caucasus Defeated in Important Battle

YEAR'S GREATEST VICTORY

Unexpected Attack by Russians Proves to be Irresistable—Greater Victory Than Sari Kamysh

PETROGRAD, Jan. 23.—Special—The defeat of the 3rd Turkish Army in the Caucasus, resulting in its retirement upon Erzerum, is regarded here as a greater victory than that at Sari Kamysh a year ago, when the same troops were so demoralized that they were only recently enabled to resume the offensive.

The entire 11th Corps and parts of the 9th and 10th of the Turkish army were engaged in the battle in neighborhood of Lake Tortum, according to the military authorities here. Behind these were concentrated the reserves from the 9th and the garrison of the Erzerum fortress. In spite of the most skilful handling of the Turkish division, however, they were unable to withstand the sudden and unexpected onrush of the Russians against the centre.

COL. HENRY B. YATES DIES IN ENGLAND

Cable Received Saturday Announces Death of Prominent Physician

MONTREAL, Jan. 22.—A short cable to Brig.-Gen. Wilson this morning from Ramsgate, England, announces the death of Lt.-Col. H. B. Yates, M.D., who has been ill for some time.

He went to England last year as Chief Medical Officer, Canadian Army Medical Corps.

Col. Henry Brydges Yates was born in Montreal on May 10, 1865, a son of the late H. Yates, civil engineer, of Lancashire, England, and Emily Sapey, of Norwich. He was educated at Charterhouse and took his B. A. at Cambridge in 1888. He graduated from McGill Medicine in 1893. In January, 1896, he married Miss Alice Mary Bunting, eldest daughter of the late C. W. Bunting, M.P., of Toronto.

He practiced his profession successfully in Montreal, rapidly earning for himself an enviable reputation. He was appointed lecturer on bacteriology, McGill and assistant in bacteriology at the Royal Victoria Hospital. He was an alderman from 1906 to 1910, and chairman of the Fire Committee. In 1906 he was apopinted Norwegian Consul at Montreal, and two years later the King of Norway conferred upon him the knighthood of St. Olaf, 1st Class. He was made an Esquire in the order of St. John of Jerusalem in 1910; a member and councillor of the Executive Committee of the Canadian Amateur Skating Association; a vice president of St. John Ambulance Association, and of the British Public Schools Association. He was appointed captain and medical officer of the 3rd Regiment Victoria Rifles in 1901, and was promoted major in 1905. In politics he was a Conservative. He was a mason, and a member of the Anglican Church. He was a member of St. James Club, of the Mount Royal Club, Club Lafontaine, Montreal Jockey Club, Canadian Club, Forest and Stream Club and various athletic and golf clubs. He had a summer residence called "Gaywood," at Cacouna.

PARLIAMENTARIAN DIES IN TORONTO

TORONTO, Jan. 24.—Mr. Andrew Semple, formerly Liberal member of Parliament for the county of Wellington, passed away at his late residence, 502 Brunswick avenue, on Saturday. Mr. Semple was in his seventy-eighth year, and had been ailing for some time.

Kut-El-Amara Sees All-Day Battle

Heavy Fighting Between British Relieving Force and Turks

WEATHER EXTREMELY BAD

Incessant Rain Causes Cessation of Hostilities—Casualties Are Very Heavy

LONDON, Jan. 23.—Heavy fighting occurred on Friday, participated in by the British army, which is attempting to reach Kut-el-Amara and the Turks. Essin, seven miles from Kut-el-Amara, was the scene of the conflicts. The British were unable to drive the Turks from their positions.

The following official statement on the Mesopotamian campaign was given out to-day, under yesterday's date:

"Sir Percy (the new Commander in Mesopotamia) reports that General Aylmer attacked the Turkish position at Essin on Friday. Fierce fighting continued through the day, with varying success. The weather throughout was atrocious, a pouring rain rendering movements of troops extremely difficult.

"Owing to the floods it was impossible to renew the attack on Saturday, and General Aylmer took up a position 1,300 yards from the trenches.

"The weather continues very bad, with incessant rain. No details regarding the casualties have been received, but they are reported to have been very heavy on both sides."

Plan to Save Irish Babies

Lady Aberdeen Starts a Movement To Raise $50,000 Here

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22—At a meeting here to-day in honor of the Earl and Countess of Aberdeen it was announced by Lady Aberdeen in behalf of Lord Aberdeen and herself that they had begun a campaign to raise $50,000 in the United States, to help save Irish babies from starvation and lack of proper medical attention. The war and other causes had made the care of Irish babies imperative if the race was to be perpetuated, said Lady Aberdeen. There was a tremendous infant mortality and a decreasing birth rate. The movement in this country, she said, would be under the auspices of the Women's National Health Association.

A letter from Cardinal Gibbons to Lady Aberdeen indorsing the movement was read at the meeting. Cardinal Gibbons said:

My Dear Lady Aberdeen—I am happy to learn of the great and good work which you have accomplished in Ireland, through co-operation with the Women's National Health Association, in combating disease, and therefore promoting the success and happiness of that beloved country. It is especially gratifying to know of the determined and successful efforts that have been made against tuberculosis, the toll of which is in so large measure in every country unnecessary.

I sincerely hope that your efforts to continue this merciful work will meet with a most hearty response from all sides and that the happy results of the future will even surpass those of the past.

Praying God to bless this undertaking and all who support it, I am,

Very faithfully yours,

J. CARD. GIBBONS.

Lord and Lady Aberdeen will leave Washington in a few days to tour Eastern and Southern States in the interest of the movement. They will go as far west as Chicago. It is expected that John D. Crimmins will be Chairman and Treasurer of the New York Committee.

Germany Again Fines Brussels

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 23.— The Echo Belge states that Gen. von Bissing, Military Governor of Belgium, has fined the city of Brussels 500,000 marks ($125,000) because the inhabitants have not revealed the name of the assassins of Oels Berode, the informer whose testimony convicted Miss Edith Cavell.

The town of Sharbeck, near Brussels, where Deroche's body was found, was also fined 50,000 marks ($12,500), the newspaper says.

* * *

German Foreign Office is preparing a document alleging atrocities by the Allies' black troops. Old stuff. Trying to head off something.

GERMAN AIR RAID ON ENGLISH COAST

Two Visits Are Made to Coast of Kent—One Man is Killed—Raid by Moonlight

AEROPLANES ARE USED FOR FIRST TIME

First Attack From the Air Made Early Sunday Morning—Second Shortly Before Noon

(Canadian Press Special)

BERLIN, Jan. 24.—Via wireless—The following announcement was made by the admiralty to-day: "A German naval aeroplane during the night of January twenty-second and twenty-third, dropped bombs on the station, barracks and docks of Dover."

LONDON, Jan. 22.—German aircraft paid two visits to the Kentish coast to-day. The first raid occurred at 1 o'clock this morning, while the second came shortly after noon. One man was killed in the first attack. The material damage was insignificant. No damage was done in the second raid, and no casualties are reported.

It is claimed by many here that large numbers of people actually saw the air raid, and that the raiders actually reached the city without, however, doing damage within its boundaries.

The War Office issued the following report this evening:

"Following an erial attack on east coast of Kent in the early hours of the morning, two hostile aeroplanes made a second attack in the same locality shortly after noon to-day.

"After coming under a heavy fire the raiders disappeared, pursued by our naval and military machines.

"The enemy effected no damage. No casualties are reported."

Raid by Moonlight

An official statement issued earlier in the day said:

"Taking advantage of the bright moonlight, a hostile aeroplane visited the east coast of Kent at 1 o'clock this morning.

"After dropping nine incendiary bombs in rapid succession the eroplane disappeared out over the North Sea.

"No naval or military damage was done, but private property suffered, the incendiary bombs causing several fires, all of which were extinguished by 2 a.m.

"According to reports made after the raid the following civilian casualties occurred:

"One man killed, and two men, one woman and three children slightly injured."

Could Not Reach London

The county of Kent forms the south-easternmost portion of England, to the south of the Thames. It includes part of the city of London, but the wording of the official statement indicates that the aeroplane did not reach the city. The point nearest London on the eastern coast of Kent is some fifty miles from the centre of the city.

A point of interest in the official account of the raid is the statement that it was made by an aeroplane. Heretofore Germany has relied principally on Zeppelins for aerial attacks on England. Of late, however, there has been much discussion in England of a new type of German aeroplane, the Fokker, which has been said to excell the aircraft of the allies. English newspapers stated last week that the British airmen were outpowered and outengined.

Harold J. Tenant, Parliamentary Under-Secretary for War, replied to this criticism in the House of Commons, ascerting that the Fokker was well adapted to defensive operations, but was incapable of making long flights.

GERMANS ISSUE OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Air Fights Reported on Different Fronts—Admit Attack on Monastir

(Canadian Press Special)

BERLIN, Jan. 24.—(wireless).—The War Office issued the following statement today. "Western front. There has been lively artillery and aeroplane actions. An enemy squadron bombarded Metz where the bombs fell on the Bishop's dwelling and on a house in the Hospital court. Two civilians were killed and eight wounded. One aeroplane was shot down and its inmates made prisoners.

"German aviators have bombarded railroad stations and military establishments behind the enemy's front. In several air engagements the Germans had the upper hand.

"At the eastern front, the German artillery shelled and set on fire a Russian railroad train, north of Dvinsk.

"On the Balkan front, an enemy air squadron, coming from Greek soil, bombarded Monastir. There were several casualties in killed and wounded among the inhabitants."

Russia And Her Religion

"Russia and Her Religion," was the subject discussed last night at Christ Church by the rector, Rev. Dr. Blagrave. A large congregation was present and all were edified by the discourse. After the usual evening and special prayers had been said and appropriate hymns rendered, the rector delivered his discourse. In his opening remarks he said it was a great comfort to know that all nations who are engaged in the present war on the side of the Allies were practically all Christian nations. The Japanese were for some time engaged in this conflict and rendered practicable services for the Allies. They are a people of high enlightment and they are well versed in the ethics of the Christian religion. The question is often asked, What is the religion of Russia? This is a great country with a population upwards of 190 millions and with ammunition and arms are able to stand this war for years and not feel it. It is virtually a country with an inexhaustible population. The divine then in an explicit manner traced the religious views of Russia in centuries which has passed, and demonstrated conclusively that it is at present a Christian country. The people are not Pagans but Christians; they accepted Christianity when it was presented to them in the proper light and spirit, and the nation as a whole became a Christian nation. What is known to-day as the Christian Orthodox Church is the universal religion of Russia. However ritualistic or even superstitious they may be they neverthless have a truthful religion. It is a religion of simple trust and faith in a supreme being, and he (the speaker) would much prefer the religion of Russia than that of Germany. We can trust a people that have such a faith as the Russians have. Their religion embodies devotion, sacrifice and faith. Press forward in faith, is the motto of the people. We thank God that a missionary church brought this Christianity to Russia and that the people accepted it and are living it out. Theirs is an implicit trust in God.

HOCKEY RECORD

SATURDAY'S RESULTS.

O. H. A. Senior.

Argonauts	5	40th Battery	4

Intermediate

Mitchell	5	Seaforth	4

N. H. A.

Torontos	3	Canadiens	1
Quebec	2	Wanderers	1

N. H. A. RECORD.

Teams.	Won.	Lost.	For.	Ag'st.
Wanderers	7	2	42	30
Quebec	6	3	37	31
Canadiens	4	5	29	30
Ottawa	3	5	23	24
Toronto	2	7	22	38

GAMES MONDAY.

O. H. A., intermediate — Hamilton at Port Colborne; Dunnville at Niagara Falls; Brantford at Paris; London Overseas at Ingersoll; 76th Battalion at Collingwood.

Junior—St. Andrew's at Pickering College (Newmarket); Markham at Aurora.

N. H. A.—Ottawa at Quebec.

Trent Valley League—Frankford at Stirling.

LAST WEEK
Of Our
Stock-Taking Sale

IMMENSE BARGAINS OFFERED FOR THIS WEEK'S SELLING.

Dress Goods Remnants on sale at Cut Prices.
Remnants of Table Linens—Half Price.
14 quart Granite Dish Pans on sale .... 25c.
12 quart Granite Dish Pans, sale .... 19c.
A few Ladies' Winter Coats, one-third off.
Ladies' Silk Blouses on sale $1.19
Ladies' all over Aprons, colored and white, on sale .... 25c.
A full line of Ladies' Cashmere Hose, on sale .... 25c, 35c, 50c.
Hundreds of bargains in many lines at Stock-taking prices.
WEEK OF BIG BARGAINS.

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

SPECIAL BOOT BARGAINS

Marked Regardless of Cost to Clear
Before Stock-Taking.

WOMEN'S GYPSY BOOTS, in Kid, Midnight Blue and Velvet, Patent and Gun Metal Laced and Buttoned, Plain Toe, or Tipped Mat or Cloth Top, all sizes. Regular $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00.

Clearing **$2.98**

MEN'S TAN and GUN METAL LACED and BUTTONED BOOTS, English or Nobby Toes, all sizes. Regular $5.00 and $6.00 values.

Clearing **$3.45**

ADAMS The Shoeman

HOCKEY STICKS
NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.

AUTOMOBILE SKATES
Made in Canada
Have you seen the New Ones?
Stronger and Lighter than ever

THE **SMITH HARDWARE** CO.
LET US DO YOUR PLUMBING

Raise Your Family

on our bread in the name of good health and every sanitary precaution. Our bakery is a model and our quality standard unapproached when it comes to bread baking. Sit down to the table with that eagerness which those who have sampled our bread and know that it is on the table awaiting them.

Yerex's Bakery
Phone 787
68 Sinclair St. Belleville

The Standard Bank of Canada.
Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.

GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.

Toronto, 28th December, 1915.

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch - - - JOHN ELLIOTT - - Manager

HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER
SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

IN and ABOUT THE CITY

CITY COUNCIL MEETING

The first regular meeting of the City Council since the inaugural session, will be held this evening.

INTOXICANT ARRESTED

The police this morning placed under arrest a party named Frank Sullivan, who was intoxicated.

LARGE TREE BLOWN DOWN

During the violent wind storm about midnight Saturday, a large willow tree was blown down on Wharf street. No damage resulted, the tree falling into the road.

ALLOWED TO GO

Phillip Reddick, a stranger in the city, was on Saturday afternoon arrested for intoxication, but subsequently was allowed his liberty.

ARTICLES FOUND

A pair of black gloves and a lady's hand bag which were found on the street on Saturday, are at the police station awaiting an owner.

SNOW AND RAIN

They get it both ways at the Mount Royal track at Montreal. On Thursday a snowstorm prevented the harness races, and on Saturday they were stopped by rain.

FOUND A WATCH

A boy on Saturday found on the street an open faced lady's watch, and immediately took it to the police station. The time piece was subsequently claimed by a young lady who resides in the city.

SERMONS APPRECIATED

In the absence of the pastor of the Bridge Street Methodist church yesterday, Rev. S. S. Sellery, M.A., B. D., of Napanee, occupied the pulpit at both services, and delivered sermons which were much appreciated.

COUNTY COUNCIL

The County Council of Hastings County will meet at 2 o'clock to-morrow afternoon in the council chamber, shire hall, in this city. The first business to be transacted is the election of a Warden, and we understand there are two or three aspirants for the office.

READING CAMP ASSOCIATION

In several of the churches of the city yesterday, addresses and discourses were given by ministers and laymen relative to the work of the Reading Camp Association. Rev. Wm. McWilliams, Rev. R. M. Dickey, B.A., of Toronto, were the principal speakers and gave instructive and inspiring addresses.

WESTPORT MAN SWALLOWED PIN

About two years ago Mr. Edward Quinn, of Westport, swallowed a pin and it never bothered him until lately. His head and neck swelled up at time and he was in much pain. Doctors could not diagnose the trouble and recently M. Quinn was taken with a coughing spell, and up came the pin in a bad state of preservation. Needless to say, Mr. Quinn was much relieved.

LOST HIS MONEY

A young man named Frank Ryan, who is a boarder in a boarding place in this city, reports to the police that on Saturday he had $27 taken from his pocket book. Ryan left the purse lying on his bed and was absent from his room for some minutes. When he returned the purse was where he left it but the money had been extracted by some person.

PROHIBITION MEETING

In the Opera House at Stirling Village, last evening a meeting was held in connection with the prohibition movement being inaugurated. Mr. R. P. Coulter, Reeve, was chairman, and addresses were given by Messrs. R. J. Graham and E. F. Chapman of Belleville. The latter spoke generally on organization work, whilst Mr. Graham spoke of prohibition and also made an earnest appeal for all young men to enlist in defence of the Empire. The spacious building was filled to the doors with an attentive audience.

DEATH OF AGED LADY

At an early hour on Sunday morning Mrs. Nancy Ryan, widow of the late Mr. James Ryan of Huntingdon Township, passed away at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Robert Chapman of Thurlow. An attack of LaGrippe was the cause of death. Deceased was one of the oldest residents of Hastings County, being in her 96th year. Mrs. Ryan had virtually spent all her life in this county. For many years she had been a member of the Methodist church. Her husband preceded her to the tomb several years ago. Four daughters survive, namely Mrs. Henry A. Rowe of Sidney, Mrs. S. C. Dennison of Napanee, Mrs. Robert Chapman and Miss Susan Ryan of Thurlow.

AFTER SICKNESS
HOW TO RECOVER STRENGTH

So many Belleville people are asking how to recover their strength after sickness that we are publishing this information for their benefit.

After grippe, pleurisy, pneumonia or any illness what you need is new strength and richer blood.

The most certain way to get this is by taking Vinol, our delicious cod liver and iron preparation (without oil). It creates strength, improves the blood, sharpens the appetite and restores the entire system to a healthy robust condition.

North Adams, Mass.—"After a long illness of pneumonia I was left in a weakened, delicate condition, and for a long time had searched for a body-builder and strength creator. I was attracted by an advertisement of Vinol, and tried a bottle, and soon noticed a vast improvement. I continued its use for a while, and am now as able bodied and strong as any man in town." Samuel Wood, North Adams, Mass.

Try a bottle of Vinol. Your money will be returned if it does not restore your vitality and strength. J. S. McKeown, Druggist, Belleville, Ont.

Within the Military Circle

BELLEVILLE

All the young men of Peterboro', without home ties, must enlist or they will lose their jobs, according to a statement made by employers in Peterboro'.

Capt. Gilmour, newly appointed adjutant of the 155th Battalion, reported for duty this morning.

Lieut. Abbott of Engineers Training Corps, Ottawa, has reported for duty, and will take charge of the signalling section of the 155th Battalion.

Capt. Bleeker of the 155th Battalion, Marmora, is in the city to-day.

A successful recruiting meeting, under the auspices of the 155th Battalion, was held in Trenton yesterday. Col. Adams, Lieut. Sanford and others were among the speakers.

Lt.-Col. Adams and staff left this afternoon for Tweed to visit the 155th Battalion quarters.

Pte. Frye, an employee of the Bell Telephone Co., has enlisted with the 155th Battalion. He is employed in the orderly room.

Quarter Master J. V. Doyle and Q. M. Sergt. Waring left for Kingston to-day to receive instructions at the S. O. O.

Bandmaster Hinchey of the 15th Regt. Band, who enlisted with the 155th Battalion, reported for duty this morning.

The 80th Battalion have formed a hockey league with the 59th Battalion, of Brockville. They have also entered teams into the Bay of Quinte League and two teams in the City League. The men will practice between 6 and 7 P.M.

The concerts held yesterday by the 80th Battalion at the Griffin's Palace Theatre, were crowded on both occasions. The war pictures, which were taken in Belgium, were very much appreciated by the audience.

KINGSTON

The sixth course of the Kingston Provisional School of Artillery opened today with attendance of about 250 officers and non-commissioned officers. soprts

Card of Thanks

The family of the late Mrs. George S. Tickell desire to express their heartfelt thanks to the many friends for their acts of kindness during her illness and expressions of sympathy extended at her demise.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mr. George I. Thomas, who has ben ill for some days is improving.

Mr. T. Smith, who was seriously ill at the Victoria Hospital, is now recovering.

E. Guss Porter, K.C., M.P., went to Napanee to-day on business.

Rev. G. Bodle is able to be out again after being confined to the house for some time.

Mr. George Boulter left to-day for a business trip to North Bay and other places in New Ontario. He will be absent from the city three or four months.

FATHER BERNARD VAUGHAN

"Wonderous Peace of Unity."

"Let the peace of God rule in your heart," (Col. iii., 15). We are fighting to-day an enemy in whose heart there seems to rule the fiend of hate. His hymn ever on his lips is hate. It is all too hateful for words. Turn from the enemy on earth to our Friend in Heaven. From Heaven there comes the canticle of peace and of praise—"Glory to God in the highest and peace to men on earth." Yes, but bear in mind, "to men of good-will." Peace is the harmony of order resulting from dissimilar elements or notes. Thus in the music of song there is harmony sung out of notes dissimilar. In the arched rainbow, too, you see the harmony of color resulting from the blend of many and varied tones. To-day among the British people, made up of so many sections, classes and masses, we recognize a wondrous peace of unity. In our united front against a common enemy we have, anyhow for the moment, forgotten our class distinction and our conflicting interests. To-day there is a harmony of peace such as is rarely to be found in a community made up of so many sections. This is one of the good things which God, who is all-mighty and all-loving, has drawn out of this life-and-death struggle, mis-called warfare. We cannot come to terms of peace with an enemy whose pride it is that he puts hate where we put love; but we must be at peace with God, with our neighbor, and with ourselves. Dwell at home in this three-fold peace while you fight the super-beast within you, and the super-man without you. Give neither any quarter, but dictate to both your terms of peace, which shall be unconditional surrender. There is something far worse than war, and that is peace with an enemy who would reduce civilization to brutalism, would Pan-Prussianise the world, which in theory means the pan-paganism of the world, and in practice the pan-brutalism of it. Remember Belgium and Poland, the Armenians and Servians, and be satisfied. We must, first of all, be at peace with God and ourselves, and then press on the fight abroad till we can dictate such terms of peace as shall assure the world that it shall be lasting and righteous, giving glory to God on high and to man on earth repose and rest from strife and struggle for existence.

Try Our
Saturday Special
Chocolates
33c

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

When in Eye Trouble
Don't Take Chances

There's an eye-glass house long established — with a wide experience — and an unquestionable reputation—up to date in all respects

Where you can be SURE of good service at a reasonable price.

Our Reputation for
Accuracy & Reliability

has been established by over 20 years' square dealing in this community

at

Angus McFee's

Comb Honey

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

1000 Sections of delicious
COMB HONEY
At Reasonable Prices

Dark Buckwheat Honey,
15c per section
$1.70 per dozen
No. 1 White Honey,
20c per section
$2.25 per dozen
Pure Cream Lucca
Italian OLIVE OIL
Quart Tins 75c
Boned Chicken, tins 25c & 40c

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

Spent Countless Nights Unable to Rest or Sleep

Was Run Down and in Terribly Nervous Condition — By Using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food Gained Regularly.

In this letter is told once more the story which comes from many thousands of women. It is the story of exhausted nerves, of a run-down system and of all the accompanying misery of sleeplessness, headaches and loss of energy and vigor.

But there is a silver lining to this cloud. There is the light of new hope and courage which comes with the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

This letter is so representative of the kind we are daily receiving that you can judge from it what you might expect from this treatment under similar circumstances.

Mrs. Conrad Schmidt, R. R. No. 1, Milverton, Ont., writes: "Two years ago last spring I was run down, had nervous prostration, and was in a terribly nervous condition. I could not sleep or eat. Could scarcely count the nights that I passed without sleep, and if I did eat, had sick headaches and vomiting spells. My limbs would swell so badly that it hurt me to walk. I would jump up in bed, awakened by bad dreams; in fact, I was so bad I thought I could not live, and started to use Dr. Chase's Nerve Food without much hope.

"It was not long before I began to improve under this treatment, and I can truthfully say it has done me a world of good. It took some time to get the nervous system restored, but I kept right on using the Nerve Food regularly, and gradually gained in health and strength. I have a fine baby boy now. He weighed 12 lbs. at birth, and though my friends were anxious after the condition I was in, I got over that fine, and now weigh 120 lbs. Before using the Nerve Food I was a mere skeleton."

You are not asked to expect miracles from Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. But if you are willing to feed back your exhausted nerves to health and strength you can depend absolutely on this great food cure to produce the desired results. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

SINCLAIR'S SINCLAIR'S

Clearance Sale Of Ladies' Dresses

All Ladies' Dresses in Serge, Panama, Silk, Velvet, Silk Poplin, Crepe de Chene, and All-Over Lace to clear at
25 Per Cent Off Regular Prices

On Taking Stock, we have decided to clear the balance of our Ladies' and Misses' Dresses at Greatly Reduced Prices. These Dresses are all this season's styles, and are very pretty and well made.

The materials are the best qualities of Silk, Velvet, Serge, Panama, Silk Poplin, Crepe de Chene, and All-Over Laces. Colors are Navy, Copenhagen, Brown, Green and Black, and combinations of these colors in different materials. All sizes from 16 years to 41 ins. bust are included in the assortment. These are all good value at regular prices, and are Real Bargains at

25 Per Cent Off Regular Prices

VIYELLA FLANNEL.

Viyella Flannel is **guaranteed unshrinkable** and as the colors are absolutely fast this **Pure Wool** material is well suited for making Waists, Dresses, Nightgowns, etc. for Ladies' and Children, and Shirts and Pyjamas for men. **Price 60c. yard.**

CLOTH COATS AT HALF PRICE.

About 25 Ladies' and Misses' Colored Cloth Coats have been marked to clear at Half Price. These are all this season's styles, and the materials are good qualities of Chinchilla, Frieze, and Tweeds, in Navy, Brown, Grey and Mixed Colors. Come in and see these. **To Clear at HALF PRICE.**

LINEN TOWELLINGS.

In spite of the great scarcity of Linen of all kinds we are still able to show excellent values in **Pure Linen Towelling** in white and grey for Hand Towels and Dish Towels at 12½c. to 25c. yard.

Sinclair's | PENMAN'S HOSE 40c. and 60c. pair. | **Sinclair's**

DON'T

Miss
Our
Discount
Sale

10 Per Cent

Off The Whole Stock

Spools, Grey Cottons and Holeproof Hosiery excepted.

Wims & Co

WHY NOT
THE BEST?

You men who shave, just drop in when passing, and let us show you the new self adjusting and stropping

AUTO-STROP
SAFETY RAZOR
500 shaves — $5.00
"GUARANTEED"

Waters' DRUG STORE

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip

Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.

Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows

F. W. L. CARRE

Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward counties.

Phone 366 276 Albert St., City

EYES BLUR

when reading?
If so; Glasses are needed to overcome the strain—let me help you.

Alex Ray, Opt. D

Eye-Sight Specialist

El Perco

A PERFECT PERCOLATOR

Makes six cups of delicious coffee right at the table for less than one cent's worth of electricity. Attaches to any lamp socket and will commence percolating from cold water in 30 seconds.

LET US SHOW YOU ONE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company

Limited

Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Advertise In The Intelligencer

LETTER RECEIVED FROM HARRY WISEMAN

Former Student in E. Guss Porter's Law Office

Belgium, January 1st, 1916.

E. Guss Porter, Esq., K.C., M.P.,
Belleville, Ontario, Canada.

Dear Mr. Porter:—

I wish to thank you ever so much for the parcel you so kindly sent me. It was unfortunately held up at the base too long to reach me by Christmas, but it arrived a couple days later and I can assure you the contents were thoroughly enjoyed, not only by myself but by my friends, Pat and Ted Yeomans. The three of us are at present living together in a little shack. The people of Belleville and elsewhere have been extremely kind to us boys out here in devoting so much of their time to making and sending comforts and I'm sure I voice the sentiments of all when I say that our Christmas has been made most merry and bright by their kindness.

I am enclosing a copy of our Christmas programme and menu which may be interesting in view of the fact that it was carried out while the Battery was in action.

With kindest regards to Mrs. Porter and Roger, and with many wishes for a happy New Year, I am, sir,

Respectfully yours,
C. H. WISEMAN.

Following is the copy of the Christmas programme and menu:—

CHRISTMAS, 1915

FIRST BATTERY
CANADIAN FIELD ARTILLERY

1914 1915

The First Battery is the Best Battery
That ever came over to fight Germany.

Officer Commanding,
MAJOR L. C. GOODEVE.

MENU

Soup
To be investigated by Water Detail.
Fish
Long wouldn't bite.
Entree
Armoured Beef et Biscuits de Chien.
Joint
Roast Hun. Flanders Spy Apple Sauce. Boeuf de Blighty.
Vegetables
Pomme de terre a la Khaki. Cabbage tete de Kronprinz.
Carrots (dug-out)
Sweets
Plum Pudding with Joffre Sauce. Apple Pie—splinter-proof.
Tickler's Jam (adhesive). Candy "Take Cover."
Allemande Nuts cracked by 1st Battery.
Cigars—Torpedo Whiffs.
Cigarettes a la Black Cat Armentieres.
Champagne from the Wood "Plug Street."
(Vintage Goodeve)
Punch.

PROGRAMME
THE GUNS

1. Mouth Organ Solo .... Sgt. P. A. Lewis
2. Lecture—Angles of Sight—Their use and abuse in the present war .... Sergt. S. C. Evans
3. Recitation—"Missing" Since the 21st of October, '15—Gunner C. J. Hall
4. Dance—Pas de Seul .... Wheeler Sgt. A. Weeks (By permission of O. C. Waggon Lines)
5. Address—"Anarchism and every other damned 'ism'"—Sgt. L. Muirhead
6. Medley—Gunner J. J. Lewis, Trumpeter G. Sealey, Cook Brig.-Gen. Wat:
7. "My Answer to the Daily Mail on the Munition Question" .... Gunner E. R. Gill
8. Lecture—"Feminism and the New Woman" ... Signaller F. L. Yeoman.
9. Recitation—From Robert W. Service .... Gunner F. E. Wootton
10. Piece de Resistance—Vocal Pyrotechnic Display—Lieut. R. G. Thackeray
11. Address—"Wild West Bad Men I Have Known" .... Signaller W. A. S.
12. Lecture—"The Forensic Manner on the 'buzzer'." .... Signaller C. H. Wiseman
13 Spasm—The Why and Wherefore of the Above Programme—an Encomium by the Perpetrator .... Sgt. L. Muirhead

Supplementary Songs, Dances, Addresses and other Detonator Pellets at discretion of Officer Commanding.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Feet of a Cat.

There is nothing especially striking about the feet of a cat except its ability always to land on them. Hold a young cat by its feet a short distance from the ground for a few seconds and then let go. The cat's back, being heavier than its feet, should strike the ground first. But it doesn't. Just as the cat is being let go it gives a quick upward thrust with its chest, and as the feet are freed they swing under it so it lands on them. In the case of the young cat that has never experienced this before it doesn't know that it is going to be dropped. If it were a long drop there would be time to think, but in the short drop the cat must act, and act immediately. In fact, it is really forehanded. The natural conclusion, then, is that this faculty in the cat is located in its feet. It is inherent in them.

Same, but Different.

Visitor — Are old Stegbauer and Schattliebner still carrying on that everlasting lawsuit of theirs about the boundary? Native—Not those two any longer, but their lawyers are. Visitor—How's that? Native—Oh, the farm belongs to them now.

USE OF OLIVE OIL.

Reasons Why It Should Have More Prominence In Cooking.

Americans are not, generally speaking, liberal enough in the use of olive oil. It should occupy a more prominent place in cooking.

Any olive oil left in the pan after frying can be filtered through cheesecloth and kept in a cool place for future use. Olive oil can be used repeatedly. It should be hot before the article to be fried is placed in the pan.

Olive oil is capable of having the temperature raised to over 600 degrees before it burns. Butter burns at a little over 200, suet at about 300 and lard at 235. It will be seen that butter is a poor frying medium, as food must be kept at too low a temperature or it scorches, while with oil the high degree quickly coats the outside of the article with a crust that prevents the oil from penetrating.

Rub the preserving kettle with olive oil to prevent fruit from burning.

Use olive oil in recipes when possible where butter is called for. It is especially delicious in soft gingerbread, salad dressing and baked beans.

A Strange Case of Trio

Story Told by a Red Cross Nurse.

By EILEEN BRENNAN

Soon after the breaking out of the great world's war I left my home to go abroad to engage in Red Cross work, spending nearly a year in that service. Shortly before returning for recuperation—for I was entirely incapacitated—I stopped one day to rest in the cottage of a peasant. The only occupant was a young woman about twenty-two years of age, whom I took for a maiden. She was dressed in what mourning she could afford, which was not much. She told me that she wore it for a lover.

Two photographs hung side by side on the wall. Each represented a fine looking young man in the uniform of a French soldier. One of the pictures was wreathed in flowers.

"Is that," I asked, pointing to the one decorated, "a picture of your lover?"

"Yes, madame."

"And the other?"

"That is my husband."

I looked at her surprised.

"I presume you married for some other reason than love?"

"No, madame; I love my husband."

"And your lover?"

"I love him, too, though he is dead."

"I see. He died. You gave your heart to another who lives."

"No, madame. I married one lover, giving him my heart. Then the other lover died, and I gave him my heart too."

"And was not your husband jealous?"

"No, madame; he loves Henri as much as I."

Hearing a stamping on the floor behind, I turned and saw a man with a wooden support for a missing leg.

"This is my husband," said the woman. "He will tell you why we both love one who loved me. Tell her, Victor."

She placed a chair in position for the poor fellow, who had evidently not long been without his missing leg; arranged his underpinning so that it would give him the least discomfort, filled a pipe with tobacco and poured out a glass of red wine for him. Taking a sip of the wine, he looked at the picture that was decorated, evidently drinking to it. Then he told me the story:

"Henri and Clochette and I were brought up together, playmates and schoolmates. Henri and I were chums and loved each other, and when we grew to manhood we both loved Clochette, but neither knew that of the other. I did not suspect that Henri loved her, for he was a very undemonstrative man and did not tell his secrets. But I have believed since his death that he loved her from boyhood. Whether he suspected that I loved her I do not know to this day.

"One day I told Henri that Clochette was my betrothed. I fancied I saw a pallor stealing over his face, but it disappeared so soon that I thought little about it. Afterward Clochette told me that he had proposed to her the day before I asked her to be my wife. I can now see what a shock my announcement must have been to him.

"But neither of us could have Clochette then, for suddenly the war broke out, and Henri and I were both called to the colors, going to the front in the same regiment. By this time I had learned that Henri had met with a great disappointment in losing Clochette, and I told him the day we were entrained for the front that in case I was killed it was my wish that he should marry Clochette; that I had expressed this wish to her and she had promised me she would accede to it.

"You see, madame, by this time I made it the interest of Henri that I should be killed. Had he been a villain he could have shot me in battle, and no one but himself would have known that he was a murderer. But I knew he was not that kind of man.

"Henri and I joined that army which extended southeastward through Belgium and along the border of France and were in the battles occurring while we were being driven back toward Paris. Then came the battle of the Marne and the subsequent fighting for the possession of Calais. During all this time neither Henri nor I received a scratch. When later we were struck Henri received his death wound and I lost my leg.

"You remember, madame, when late in September, in the second year of the war, we and the British, after four weeks sending a storm of missiles against the German trenches, moved forward along the whole line. Well, in that movement, in which it seemed to us and our enemies as if the end of the world had come, Henri advanced with the rest, and, being not only in the same regiment, but in the same company, we were near together. Once through the horrible surroundings, when I was stumbling over dead and wounded, the din of 10,000 thunderstorms beating on my eardrums, I caught sight of Henri. His eyes were momentarily fixed on me as if fearful that I would never come out of the tempest alive.

"We followed the retreating foe too fast for the rest of the line, and a number of us were cut off. Henri and I took refuge in a deserted trench. It was not a time for taking prisoners. In the first place, the enemy, as well as ourselves, were war mad, and in the second there was no way of bringing prisoners behind the lines. It became evident that Henri and I must leave our hiding place and get back to our men or be shot down.

"But the changes were so rapid that before we could make up our minds to take our chances in flight a gentle breeze from the southeast wafted a noxious cloud upon us that drove us down into the very bottom of the trench and held us there with our faces buried, our eyes closed, in the soil. Then the enemy charged upon our men, and down came the bodies of those who were shot while crossing the trench, burying us under a pile of dead and wounded.

"To be thus crushed was no better than to inhale a noxious gas, and, struggling against our covering, we reached a point where we could look about us. The gas had been blown to our own trenches and had been followed by a bayonet charge of the enemy, who had been thinned to nothingness by rapid fire guns.

"'Let us run for it,' I said to my chum.

"'No,' replied Henri. 'We would never make our lines. Do you see the enemy tumbling into those trenches not a hundred yards from us? We would have to run the gantlet of their rifles. Let us stay where we are for the present. Our men may push forward and cover us.'

"There was not now a living man in the trench where we were, though there were many dead. And yet I cannot be certain of this, for there was such a din that if there were wounded I could not hear them groan. It seemed that Satan had brought hell with him to the air as well as on the land, for, being exhausted, I lay down in the trench, and there above me I saw two aeroplanes carrying on the fight far above the heads of those murdering one another on the land. I dared not rise to get any other view, for above the trench missiles were flying so thick that not a spear of wheat would have been left standing if in the way.

"Presently the firing from our lines died down, and we heard orders given in the enemy's ranks indicating that they were about to make a charge. We knew that we must go down in that rush if we remained where we were and we must get out. There was a possibility that we might reach our lines alive, though we could not hope to do so unhit.

"'Come,' said Henri; 'we must be off. Something tells me that I shall be killed and that you will be saved. If I can do anything to insure your being spared to Clochette I shall die content. Go.'

"He pushed me out of the trench, and we ran as swiftly as our legs would carry us toward our men. During that brief flight I was conscious that Henri was running directly behind me, covering me with his body. What could I do to prevent this? Nothing. To stop and protest would only have brought death to us both. I ran on till I came within a few yards of our lines; then one of my legs was knocked from under me, and I fell. I was conscious of being picked up and carried away, but after that for some time knew nothing.

"When I came back to consciousness I asked if Henri had escaped. I was told that he had protected me from the enemy's fire till just before I fell, when he was shot through the body. Then a surgeon came and amputated my leg.

"And now you see me with a life before me that has been given Clochette by Henri. Do you wonder that we decorate his picture with flowers? Do you wonder that Clochette loves him dead as well as she loves me living? What use for me to say that I would rather have"—

The sentence was not finished, for his wife put her arms around her husband and stopped the words with a kiss.

"Now, madame," said the wife, "you understand how it is possible for an honest woman to have a lover and a husband. How could I help loving the man who gave his life that my dear husband might be returned to me?"

She brought out some simple cakes that she had made with her own hands and poured a glass of wine for each of us. We stood, about to quaff the wine, when both the husband and the wife turned to the picture of the man who had died that they might be happy with each other, and I joined them in drinking to his memory.

The episode revealed to me how imperfect is language. There are no words to express how a woman can have a lover and a husband without reproach. And yet here was a case. I left the couple not only with respect, but with heartfelt sympathy and thankfulness that the poor mutilated soldier had such a woman to cheer him.

Incidents I saw during my ministry moved me more than this, for I took the last message of many a dying soldier, but no episode affected me in the same way. There was in the sacrifice as well as in the situation something unique. And who can tell how many such sacrifices, worthy of angels have occurred in that war where the fiend reigned supreme? Well may we wonder how it can come about that the manhood of many nations is going down into the earth, and for what! Who knows?

The acquaintance I had formed, the story I had heard, seemed to me a fit climax to my ministrations to war victims. I left the couple with but one comfort—that if the man must go mutilated through life there was one to give him a happiness that perhaps would balance his misfortune. In bidding them goodby I breathed a prayer for that "federation of the world" which will pass judgment on the nations' quarrels instead of leaving them to be settled as they have been settled since the world began.

Good evening! Did you do your "bit?"

It's a cold day when January gets left.

It is apparent that the strings put out by the Patriotic Fund campaign were productive of higher notes than Max Selinski's violin.

A SNAP

For

Men and Boys

Gun Metal Buttoned and Laced Boots

Worth $3 and $3.50, now Clearing

Men's for $2.45

Boy's for $2.25

Our Stock of Winter Footwear is Complete at Popular Prices

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES

Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros.

JANUARY
CLEARANCE SALE

SEVEN more shopping days and the great sale is over—and we are to make it the best and biggest bargain week ever held in this city. Every day will be crammed with the most astonishing bargains ever seen offered. It will be to your interest to attend this sale every day.

MANUFACTURER'S SAMPLE NIGHTGOWNS

have been placed on sale at just half their regular prices. They are all made of nice fleecy English Flannelette, neatly trimmed and full size. Ladies, here is an opportunity to secure a nice nightgown for little money—

$2.00 to $2.50 Nightgowns clearing at $1.19
$1.50 Nightgowns clearing at .... 85c.

LADIES' FINE SILK WAISTS AT AMAZING PRICES.

This sale has left us with broken sizes in numerous lines of waists. In order to clear them out we are offering them at only a shadow of their former prices, consequently you will be able to secure a waist at half price and less.

$2.25 Waists clearing at .... $1.49.
$3.50 Waists clearing at $2.49

McIntosh Bros

WOOLS

At the present time we have a large stock of Military and Fingering Yarns. As this Wool was secured under our old agreement, we have not had to advance our prices on this lot. Secure what you require soon.

Hockey Goods

Hockey Sticks, Hockey Gloves, Hockey Pads, Leg Guards Pucks and Skate Straps all at popular prices.

THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

MUSKRAT COATS

Ladies' Natural American Muskrat Coats:—
40 inches long, Shawl Collar $35
45 inches long, Shawl Collar $39
50 inches long, Shawl Collar $49
Strictly No. 1 Canadian Muskrat Coats, dropped sleeves and Shawl Collar $75

JUST A FEW OF THESE COATS LEFT.

G. T. WOODLEY,

N.B.—WE BUY RAW FURS.

THE PURCHASE of one thousand dollars worth of goods from your own town or your own country, instead of purchasing outside, means the addition of one person to your town or your country instead of supporting him abroad.

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices 32 Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher

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Measurement. Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display Advertisements, 10c. per line.
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Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $2.00, strictly in advance.

This is the 537th day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany

SIR MACKENZIE BOWELL.

The Ottawa Journal, in noticing passing events in Ottawa, says:

Col. Landry, the Speaker of the Senate, gave the first of his sessional dinners last evening (Jan. 21st), and the most notable guest was Sir Mackenzie Bowell. He was in the best of form and kept up a constant fire of conversation and repartee with those around him. Sir Mackenzie is looking fresher and better than ever, and when dinner was over insisted upon helping one of his younger confreres upstairs.

RANDOM SHOTS.

The Hon. Mr. Pugsley, the most vulnerable member of the Opposition, made a vicious attack upon the Government and upon those who had had contracts for the supply of munitions of war. Among other things he charged that Sir Henry Pellatt was a director in one of the firms who was pocketing large profits. The Ottawa Journal says:

"Two days ago Mr. Pugsley stated that a certain firm had made a profit on munitions of 100 per cent. He thought Sir Henry Pellatt was a director. It turns out that Sir Henry is not, but, says Mr. Meighen, Hon. George P. Graham is. Mr. Pugsley had described this as "a hideous example."

Unintentionally this one member of the late Laurier Government described his own colleague in the late Government with being "a hideous example" of extorting a 100 per cent. out of the poor taxpayers of the Dominion in supplying munitions of war. It is but one of the vicious attacks by unprincipled politicians of the Pugsley type.

AFTER THE WAR.

Dr. George R. Parkin, organizing representative of the Rhodes Scholarship Trust, delivered an address the other day before the Hull Luncheon Club in England, which ought to stimulate leaders of thought throughout the Empire to a full sense of their responsibilities after the war is over. He said many things that have been said before but which bear repeating. Taking it for granted that the Allies are going to win he pointed out that when the war is over, if the victory is to be lasting, the people of Great Britain and of the dominions overseas must give convincing proof that they hold the Empire not merely for their own selfish interests, but for the good of the world. He thought this would not be an easy task.

Dr. Parkin explained what must now be plain to all, that the future of the world is hanging on the issue of the great struggle in Europe. After the war is over, he said, one-quarter of the land area of the world would be found under the British flag, and quite one-quarter of the world's population. He hoped that Great Britain would have established a naval supremacy such as had never been known before, and in this connection he drew attention to the fact that the British people would find themselves with a military organization such as they had never known in the United Kingdom, which would last at any rate for about ten years and could be relied upon. This was the Empire to which they had to apply their ideals and to which other ideals would be applied if the Allied arms were not successful. It was a tremendous responsibility. Germany had imagined that she was attacking a decadent race, but the war, he was convinced, would purify and elevate the nation. Much of the "rubbish of life" would be consumed in the terrible furnace of the war, and the increased sense of responsibility would go far to remove danger in the future.

The statesmen of the Empire must take a very broad view of the situation if our race is to reap the full benefit of the glorious victory which must sooner or later crown British arms. Here in Canada great problems will arise and we must grapple with them with foresight and skill. Canada, like the United States, is reaping a tremendous harvest from the war that is offset only by the casualties among the Canadian troops at the front. The war has given Canadians a new idea of the Dominion's wealth and of its resources which have yet to be developed. Not long ago The Round Table estimated the available wealth of Canada at ten billions of dollars—which, with the national income, is equal to that of the United Kingdom at the close of the Napoleonic wars. When the war is over Canada is likely to be much stronger in some ways than at the outbreak of hostilities in 1914. Financial experts already are pointing out that it is ceasing to be a debtor nation and that it may with profit lend its surplus to Great Britain. The Round Table says that in doing so, Canada would be "merely foregoing the immediate enjoyment of her profits and building up for herself a reserve abroad which would be very useful to her after the war."

Germany did not count on the dominions giving such aid to the Empire as they already have given; nor did she realize that by precipitating the war she would be stimulating the development of Britain's overseas possessions. But she has done that very thing, and although the nation is fighting an enemy who has brushed aside all ideals of chivalry, all the laws of civilization, British ideals must triumph in the end. Then and only then will the freedom of the world be assured. Having made this freedom possible it will be more than ever necessary for the Empire's leaders to guide the nation with wisdom and care. In no part of the Empire must the responsibility be underestimated.

WHAT HAS HAPPENED TO OUR DOLLAR.

The average individual is perplexed because the Canadian dollar does not buy as much as it did years ago, nor does it buy now as much as it did one year ago. In 1899 the goods then purchasable by one dollar to-day will cost $1.49. A year ago they cost $1.35. A record of prices kept officially enables The Financial Post to determine with accuracy the purchasing power of the dollar.

In July, 1914, the purchasing power had been reduced by 25.7 per cent., and in October, 1915, by 32.73 per cent., as compared with prices in 1899, so that at the dates named the equivalent value of one dollar in goods was 74 cents and 67 cents respectively.

For the same reason that the baker now gives less daily bread for a dollar, the investor wants more for lending a dollar. This is shown by the fact that the Dominion and Provincial Governments and other borrowers have had to pay more for loans in the last few years than they had around 1900.

On the basis of the present purchasing power of the Canadian dollar, an investor who bought a 30-year bond in 1899, making a similar purchase today would expect something like the following increase in the rate of interest:

4% in 1899 should expect 5.95% now.
5% in 1899 should expect 7.44% now.
6% in 1899 should expect 8.93% now.

The following table illustrates some fluctuations in the investment value of the Canadian dollar between 1905, 1910, 1914, and October, 1915, on the basis of the average wholesale price of commodities, as ascertained by the Department of Labor:

4% in 1905 equivalent to 5.20% now.
5% in 1905 equivalent to 6.50% now.
6% in 1905 equivalent to 7.80% now.
4% in 1910 equivalent to 4.78% now.
5% in 1910 equivalent to 5.98% now.
6% in 1910 equivalent to 7.17% now.
4% in 1914 equivalent to 4.42% now.
5% in 1914 equivalent to 5.54% now.
6% in 1914 equivalent to 6.63% now.

This is another illustration that gold is not wealth in itself, but simply a commodity like wheat or coal, and derives its value chiefly because it is a good means of exchange of other commodities, fairly easy to handle and hard to get except by some such exchange. Capital is symbolized by gold and demands its wages equally with labor—an increase in time of stress, a decrease when times are slack.—Financial Post of Canada.

* * *

"I have only one object—the salvation of the country. After that I shall disappear." So declares General Joffre. Another fine example of Cincinnatus going back to the plough.

One of the good results of the war so far as Canada is concerned promises to be the refining of all nickel in this country.

When one considers all that has happened in Mexico since Porfirio Diaz was driven out of it, one must admit that the old man, despot though he may have been, knew how to govern a turbulent people and was the best sort of a ruler for country like Mexico.

Britain is now more interested in winning the war than in obtaining peace. In Germany the reverse is true.

It doesn't look as though that Russian offensive was any false alarm.

We may expect reports of the capture of Villa for the next six months; by that time he may have another army.

GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From The Intelligencer, Jan. 24, 1868.

The tone of the French press as well as that of Prussia is eminently peaceful.

The value of the imports at the port of Montreal for the year 1867, amounted to the sum of $28,378,118, showing a decrease of $12,203 from the sum in 1866.

Sarah Minley, a widow, perished by fire near St. Mary's, yesterday.

The mayor of Three Rivers recently sold £40,000 Grand Trunk bonds for the sum of £3,795.

* * *

It is no longer correct to refer to the "best man" at the wedding—when the best men are enlisting.

* * *

A distant and haughty manner doesn't make it any easier to navigate a piece of slippery pavement.

The Poets' Corner

MONTENEGRO

They rose to where their sovran eagle sails,
They kept their faith, their freedom, on the height,
Chaste, frugal, savage, arm'd by day and night
Against the Turk; whose inroad nowhere scales
Their headlong passes, but his footstep fails,
And red with blood the Crescent reels from fight
Before their dauntless hundreds, in prone flight
By thousands down the crags and thro' the vales
O smallest among peoples! rough rock-throne
Of freedom! warriors beating back the swarm
Of Turkish Islam for five hundred years,
Great Tsernogora; never since thine own
Black ridges drew the cloud and broke the storm
Has breathed a race of mightier mountaineers.

—TENNYSON (1880.)

Current Comment

The Senate.

The death of Senator Riley, of British Columbia, leaves nine vacancies in the Upper Chamber, so that when they are filled the present Liberal majority will be reduced to eight. Very shortly, therefore, we will have absolute assurance that there will no longer be any such national disgrace and national calamity as occurred when the Naval Bill was defeated—a defeat for which the Laurier Liberal Senate was so shockingly to blame.—Kingston Standard.

White Slave Law and Blackmail.

A mischievous side of the Mann law is emphasized in the report from New York of the uncovering of a system of organized blackmail which has already mulcted victims of something like a quarter of a million dollars. Perhaps the victims, or most of them, are not very deserving of sympathy, and people who misconduct themselves are often exposed to blackmail even when exposure involves only disgrace and social ostracism. But the blackmailer is obviously helped by a law which arbitrarily under certain conditions makes a felony of what is in itself but a misdemeanor. In so far as the Mann Act was intended to break up interstate traffic in women it was a useful measure in a world-wide campaign, which was well under way when the war interrupted international reforms. In so far as the law is stretched beyond that legitimate purpose it has worked much evil and no good that the state could not accomplish for themselves. A trial of its workings only strengthens the case for amendment by Congress.—Springfield Republican.

A Progressive Government.

In his address to the Civic Improvement League, Mr. Hanna forecasted the early creation of a Ministry of Municipal Affairs in the Ontario Government. There is great need of a Department to supervise town-planning, regulate municipal borrowing and standardize municipal expenditures and accounting. Mr. Macdiarmid, Minister of Public Works, favors the establishment of a Department of Labor to improve the social and economic conditions of the wage-earning classes, as recommended by the Commission on Unemployment. The experience of other countries proves that effective reforms in this field can be obtained only through centralized direction and control. A Department of Public Highways has just been established with a view to the steady improvement of country roads throughout the Province. Good roads, municipal reform and the reduction of recurrent unemployment are three requisites for a happier and more prosperous commonwealth. The Hearst Government is abreast, and means to keep abreast, of the times.—Toronto News.

* * *

The Better Judge.

Some years ago the Oldham amateurs were producing one of Handel's oratorios, under the personal tuition and conductorship of the late Sir Charles Halle. Among the orchestra was the famous and gigantic bassoon player, George Seel of Ashton-under-Lyne. At the first rehearsal Halle went to George and, indicating several bars for the bassoon, told him not to play them on the night of the performance. George was inwardly boiling with indignation, but said nothing. On the night of the performance George played the banned music.

When the affair was over Halle went up to Seel in a great rage and, pointing to the notes, said, "I told you to leave them out, didn't I?"

"Aye, you did," said George, "but Handel towd me to put them in, an' he were a better judge than you."—London Answers.

Siamese Earth Eaters.

The Lastians of Siam actually eat and enjoy earth. It has never been discovered where these peculiar people contracted this habit, though it is generally believed that it probably came about in the time of a famine, when there was nothing else to be had.

However, the habit has now got such a hold upon them that old and young, rich and poor alike, indulge freely in its consumption. It is preferred when it has been acquired from the vicinity of waters so that it carries with it a taste of fish. It is made into a pasty substance and smothered into the ground in a hot fire. It can be obtained at markets and at stores and is served at dinners and at big functions of any description. In some parts of the Kongo earth is sold in the shape of apples and oranges and is given out in various colors—yellow, brown, gray and even pink, which is looked upon as a very delectable luxury.

GREAT SEAL OF CHARLES II.

Impression of One First Used by Monarch Found on State Papers.

There has just been discovered in a volume of the Clarendon State Papers at the Bodleian Library an almost perfect impression of the first Great Seal of Charles II.

The discovery, says the Bodleian Quarterly Record, supplies a gap in the series of Great Seals of England—otherwise complete except for the fourth seal of Henry VI. for French affairs—and has a special historical interest of its own. The Royal Seal of Charles I., captured at Oxford in 1646, had been defaced in Parliament that year, and its Parliamentary rival continued in sole use until the King's execution. In January, 1649, Parliament appointed a committee to take order for the framing of a new Great Seal, and in February this new Seal of the Commonwealth was brought into the House, and the old one broken up. Meanwhile the Prince of Wales, then an exile at The Hague, assumed the title of King of England and took steps to provide himself with a Great Seal of his own.

Clarendon informs us that this first Great Seal of Charles II. was lost in the defeat at Worcester, September, 1651. The British Museum charter, which was hitherto the sole evidence for its use, is dated September 18, 1649; the Bodleian example is attached to letters patent of Charles II. (on vellum) granted to Sir Edward Hyde and Francis Lord Cottington on May 10 of the same year, constituting them the King's plenipotentiaries in Spain. That it was made at The Hague is in every way probable, and it is natural to suppose that Charles II. issued orders for making a new Great Seal of England upon receiving news of his father's death.

The seal is in dark yellow wax and its diameter is exactly six inches. A portion of the obverse is missing. The impression is sharp and clear over the greater part of the surface, but there is a double imprint (due to a kind of side slip) over one side on both obverse and reverse. The obverse shows the King enthroned, wearing the mantle and collar of the Garter; the head is missing. Outside the throne are, on the dexter side a lion supporting between his forepaws a banner of St. George; on the sinister side a unicorn gorged and chained, holding a banner of St. Andrew. The reverse shows the King in Roman armor, on a prancing horse. In the field are the royal arms, encircled with an inscribed Garter; on the other side is a double rose ensigned with a crown. Between the horse's legions is a lion standing.

The legend is: "Carolos II. Dei Gratia Magnae Britanniæ Franciæ et Hiberniæ Rex Fidei Defensor."

Regimental Peculiarities.

The red and white feather worn by the Northumberland Fusiliers keeps ever green in regimental historic records the memory of the desperate fight at St. Lucia in 1778 when the men of the regiment plucked the buckles from the hats of the slain French soldiers and decorated their own with them.

The Golucestershire Regiment enjoys the distinction of wearing the "Sphinx" on the back as well as the front of their headdress. This honor was granted to them to commemorate the gallantry of the 1st Battalion (the old 28th Foot), when Colonel Paget ordered the third or rear rank to face about, and in this way they beat off the enveloping attack of the French column at Alexandria.

The Coldstream Guards took their name from the little village of Coldstream, near the borders of Scotland. They were originally known as the Coldstreamers, which is the correct way to speak of them, and not as the Coldstreams. The regiment was first raised by Monk, the "King Maker," from among the hardy borderers, who followed him anywhere and everywhere, caring very little whether they fought for Cromwell or King Charles. When the former died Monk marched the Coldstreamers to London and restored King Charles.

How a Reprieve is Arranged.

Nominally the power of reprieve and pardon belongs to the Royal prerogative. At one time it was actively exercised by the Sovereign; but now, although the act is carried out in the Sovereign's name, and with the Royal signature, the responsibility rests entirely with the Home Secretary in England, the Lord-Lieutenant in Ireland, and the Secretary of State in Scotland.

The decision is sent to the governor of the jail, who is responsible for the man after he leaves the court, and by him it is rapidly communicated to the felon in the cell. If it be an adverse decision the news is broken to him as gently as possible. When a reprieve comes the convict is summoned to the governor's room, and when he gets that order he knows at once that his prayer has been heard. The governor may say a kind word or congratulate him; but the real business is to read out the letter of the Home Secretary to the man as he stands between two warders at the other side of the table.

Historic Inn Closed.

"The Three Pigeons," one of England's oldest and most famous inns, and the sole existing tavern of Elizabethan times, was closed a few days ago by the Middlesex Licensing Justices, in accordance with a movement inaugurated some time ago by the temperance leaders to restrict the number of licensed inns.

"The Three Pigeons" was used as a background for the low comedy scenes in the "Merry Wives of Windsor," and Goldsmith's "She Stoops to Conquer," and is alluded to in Dickens' "Our Mutual Friend." The inn, perhaps, has had more literary associations than any other English tavern.

Few Doctors in Serbia.

That Serbia, a country of 3,000,000 population, has fewer than 200 doctors is a surprising revelation of the war.

* * *

We heard a man the other day questioning a woman's ability to act as a chaffeur. After watching a woman steer a baby carriage through a crowd we affirm that they are all right.

RUSKIN IN THE KITCHEN.

How He Prepared Coffee for His Guest.

Ruskin not only preached the gospel of efficiency, says the Youth's Companion, but when the exigencies of the occasion demanded he practised it also. In her entertaining book of reminiscences, "Thirteen Years of a Busy Woman's Life," Mrs. Alec Tweedie says that her father, Doctor Harley, a well known London physician, was a great friend of Ruskin's and often staid at Brantwood. One night Ruskin asked Doctor Harley whether he liked tea or coffee before he got up.

"A cup of tea," he replied.

"Why don't you choose coffee?"

"Well, to tell the truth, I have lived so much abroad that I don't fancy English coffee; it is generally so badly made."

His host said nothing. The next morning Doctor Harley was awakened, and a strong smell of coffee permeated the room. Turning to a servant, he asked, 'Is that my cup of tea?"

"No, sir, it is Mr. Ruskin's coffee."

"Mr. Ruskin's coffee! What do you mean?"

"The master was up early. He roasted the coffee himself, he ground the coffee himself, and he made the coffee himself, and he hopes you will like it."

Mayoral Curiosities.

There are several modern Dick Whittingtons among the new lord mayors and mayors of England and Wales. Councillor Charles Thomas, the new Mayor of Newport began life as a pitboy at Barnsley Colliery, while Councillor George Nicholls, who is the new Mayor of Peterborough, started work as a farm laborer, afterwards working as a navvy and helping to excavate Tilbury Docks.

Among other mayoral curiosities it might be mentioned that Alderman, William James Hughes, the Mayor of Sandwich, who is elected mayor for the thirteenth time, was presented with a black wand in accordance with an ancient custom which commemorates the death of a Danish Mayor of Sandwich, who, in A.D. 840, was killed in the battle of the Danes at Bloody Point, in the Sandwich haven.

The old custom of "weighing in" the mayor is still kept up at High Wycombe, Bucks, and Councillor John Gomm, the new mayor, submitted himself to the ordeal of the scales, while the only working journalist in the kingdom to be elected mayor is Alderman J. T. Raby, Fellow of the Institute of Journalists, who fills the mayoral chair of Lichfield.

Christening Beliefs.

There are many superstitions in England connected with the manner in which baby is carried into church for the baptismal service. It is supposed to affect the character and disposition in after-life. The nurse, or whoever carries him or her, should enter the church with the right foot, stepping briskly and dancing the baby in her arms, so that the little one shall grow up cheerful and light-hearted.

Another old-fashioned theory is that if a boy is baptized in the water previously used for a girl he will grow up feeble and effeminate; while if the case is reversed the baby girl will grow up lacking in womanly attributes. In every country white is employed for all baby garments, but where a little color is introduced the superstitious mother takes care that it is a lucky shade. Red is said to be a lucky color, pink and blue are also favorable, but green, the color of jealousy, and yellow symbolize strife.

Content With the Garter.

Lord Dufferin's story of the French stationmaster who approached him with a request that he would obtain for him a British decoration of some sort is worth re-telling. Most of the Royalties who had, so to speak, passed through his hands had conferred on him various stars and crosses, but, though he had several times been responsible for the safety and comfort of the British Sovereign, he had received no decoration in return.

"But most of our orders are given for military distinction or to civil servants," Lord Dufferin explained, soothingly. "For example, the Bath, the Star of India, and so forth."

The stationmaster looked very glum.

"There is, however,' his lordship continued, "one order that is given for no particular merit or service—the Order of the Garter."

"Ah, well," said the stationmaster, "I suppose I must be content with that!"

Why Hindu Poet Avoids Japan.

A traveler returned from India to Japan, according to the East and West News, tells why Sir Rabindranath Tagore gave up his proposed visit to the land of the Rising Sun. First, he says, because the Hindu poet, like other poets, "changes his mind frequently; second, because his tenants are suffering from want of food; third, he has become incensed at a Japanese who abused Tagore's confidence, pretending to be an admirer of the poet's most refined works, and all the while insanely addicted to London music hall songs. "He sings for hours in private, but at the top of his voice," the poet is reported to have said, with a withering expression of scorn, "what he calls 'Tippulaly!'"

Devant's Greeting.

Mr. David Devant, the famous conjurer, is now giving his wonderful performance at the leading halls and throughout the country. He sends this special message for Lord Derby's recruits:

"Dear Boys,—Lord Derby will surprise the enemy more than any conjurer when he shows them what he has up his sleeve. You are going forward like real Britons in the cause of Right, and your spirit will act like magic. Good luck and God speed you each and every one!"

* * *

Germans are said to use milk in the preparation of high explosives. Probably that is their idea of how to apply the milk of human kindness.

HIGH POWER GUNS

Long Range Weapons That Are Used in Land Warfare.

TYPES OF HEAVY ORDNANCE.

Field and Siege Guns, Howitzers and Mortars Are Very Much Akin, and It Is Difficult to Say Just Where One Ends and the Other Begins.

There is no sharp and distinct understanding on the part of the average person as to the difference or distinction between the field gun, the siege gun, the howitzer and the mortar. The precise line of distinction or mark of distinction between these classes of weapons might be difficult even for an ordnance technician to define. It is certainly difficult for a layman to tell just where the gun ends and the howitzer begins, or where the howitzer ends and the mortar begins.

Considered in a broad and general way, the special purpose of the gun was and is to destroy other guns in march or in position, to destroy troops in the open and to batter down objects behind which troops find shelter. The projectile of the gun by high powder pressure was given a high velocity and a relatively flat trajectory, which means that the shot passing from the gun to the target did not rise high above the earth or above a line joining gun and target. To withstand the powder pressure required for this work the gun was heavy in relation to the weight of the projectile. From the fact that the shot traveled in a path relatively of slight curve, its slope of fall or its angle of fall was not steep. It would go through a stone wall, or perhaps smash it, or would go deep into a dirt embankment, but it was not easy to put a shot inside a narrow deep trench, or to plant a shot so close behind an embankment as to kill men sheltered there.

The shot from the gun was good at penetration, but ineffective in searching the rear of cover. To accomplish that purpose another style of gun was devised. The pressure per square inch of powder chamber was decreased, the angle of elevation of the gun was increased, the angle of departure of the shot wsa greatly increased and the shot after reaching the summit of its path fell so steeply that if the range were known and the practice good the shot would land in a trench or fall so close behind an embankment or parapet that men would find no shelter there.

This being possible by a reduction of powder pressure per square inch of chamber surface and consequent reduction in the speed of the projectile, it was found that the weight of the gun in relation to the weight of the projectile could be diminished, thus increasing its mobility or the facility with which it could be moved from place to place.

It was found that the barrel of this gun could be very much shortened, thus effecting a saving in weight. But in making the changes in this gun instead of absolutely decreasing its weight the gunmakers enlarged its bore and increased the size of its projectile, thus increasing its efficiency. This type of gun, though not in the narrow and technical sense a "gun," is ordnance and an element of artillery and was given the specific name "howitzer."

The mortar was a gun that could give a higher angle of fire and a more plunging fire than a howitzer. It was a very short piece of ordnance, fired from a platform and held down by ropes. Forts and mortar boats used it for getting a high angle of fire and a more plunging fire with larger shell than could be had using a howitzer. The range used to be obtained by varying the power charge. At this day mortars weighing at least four tons, fitted with an elevating device and range scale and with recoil and counter recoil or recuperator devices, are hauled around on wheels, set down on a platform also carried on wheels, and producing vertical fire with a high explosive shell weighing 250 pounds with or without a delay action fuse.

The field gun for the purpose of firing over ridges, getting at troops on the reverse slope of ridges or across hills, giving to shrapnel the proper slope of fall for effective distribution and keeping the load light on the horses has veered away from the gun as developed in ship and fortress artillery and in the direction of the howitzer-like properties. Field guns have had their trails split that the breech may be further depressed, thus giving them a higher angle of fire designed for use against air craft, and in effecting a useful compromise between power and mobility the trajectory of shots from this gun is high and the slope of fall quite steep.

Guns of high power—high powder pressure, high velocity and long range—have been built to give vertical fire or nearly vertical elevation against aeroplanes or dirigibles.

So, as announced, it is not an easy question to decide just where gun, howitzer and mortar divide.

Now He Knows.

A woman with a protruding chin is quoted as saying, "It took me a good while to convince my husband that a man and wife should not be everlastingly arguing and disputing, but I finally got it through his head."

* * *

The first catalogue of the stars was published about 1590.

* * *

Lieut. Symons, of the Australian Cadets, was amazed at the eccentricities of the language used by Canadians. He would be horrified if he was to hear the expressions of some men when they come in sudden contact with the hard pavement.

Kingsbeer

Club Special & Home Brew

The Best Two Lagers Made in Canada

Consumers who cannot purchase KINGSBEER from their local dealer please address "Mail Order Department, 36 Chaboillez Square, Montreal."

"Blackmailed"

By ARTHUR APPLIN

Author of "The Chorus Girl," etc.

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CHAPTER III.

With an effort Sir John Vessie pulled himself together. The instinct of self-preservation came to his aid, forcing him to action.

With one hand pressed against the wall, he stepped over the unconscious figure at his feet. The white, upturned face gleamed in the darkness. A thought struck him that perhaps she was dead. He had used all his strength when he had thrown her. Trembling from head to foot, he crept into his bedroom and shut the door. Turning on the light, he found his dressing-gown and put it on.

He had no definite idea of what he was going to do or say. The knocking outside had to be silenced, some explanation given.

His brain was in a whirl. Reason had deserted him. He wondered if it were not all some dreadful nighmare—everything that had happened since he boarded the train at Homburg.

Automatically he drew back the bolt and opened the door leading into the corridor. The manager was standing outside, behind him a couple of servants, and a third person whom Sir John recognized with a throb of vague fear. The man with the black mustache and a bald head who had haunted him right through his journey.

He was now a part of this dreadful nightmare. The manager stepped into the room and, after glancing round, looked at Sir John. Then he beckoned to one of the servants, the fireman on night duty.

"Hope we are not disturbing you, Sir John, but the fireman reported hearing a disturbance in one of these rooms; a shriek for help."

The fireman stepped forward and touched his cap. "Sounded like a woman's voice, sir. And I heard a man shout 'Thief!' twice."

"I think you must have made a mistake," Vessie said, speaking very deliberately. "I was asleep until a moment ago."

He was conscious of listening to his own voice, of wondering what he was going to say next.

"That's very funny," the manager said, stroking his chin. "I suppose you've looked. There's no one in your sitting-room?"

Sir John stepped back. "When I first heard the knocking I went in there. There was a row going on in the street—I believe that awoke me—a woman cried out or something. I always leave my windows wide open."

The fireman looked unconvinced. "I certainly heard some one shout out 'Thief!' very distinctly."

"So did I."

Sir John turned round quickly at the sound of another voice. The sinister man with the black mustache had spoken. He was standing close to the sitting-room door.

"I dare say it was some one in the street, though," he continued, looking at Sir John. "You say you heard voices outside?"

Vessie nodded. "Undoubtedly; but I was half asleep and didn't pay much attention."

The manager moved toward the door. "I am very sorry we have troubled you, Sir John. But these jewel robberies we've had lately in London make one nervous," he laughed pleasantly. "And we have a very well-known actress staying in the hotel to-night. I believe she came over in the same boat as you did, Sir John."

The stranger with the black mustacho was the last to leave the room. He glanced over his shoulder as Vessie shut the door.

"I should think you will be glad to get home and be certain of an undisturbed night's rest, Sir John," he said meaningly.

Vessie closed the door, bolted and locked it. He stood quite still for a few moments, breathing heavily. He listened until the footstep outside had died away. Then he crossed the room and noiselessly opened the sitting-room door. He listened before entering. His heart was racing like the engine of a motor-car. His body broke out into cold a sweat as he turned on the light.

Myra Berrington was still lying on the floor; her eyes closed, but her face did not look quite such a ghastly color. Across the forehead, beneath the crown of red-brown hair, a drop of blood slowly trickled. Sir John bathed her hands and face with cold water, then fetching his flask, he forced some spirit between her lips.

Presently he saw her eyelids flicker, and a prayer of gratitude rose to his lips. A few moments later her eyes opened, and she looked at him.

"What has happened?" she asked faintly.

She made an effort to rise. Lifting her up, Vessie helped her into the armchair. She put her hand up to her forehead as if trying to remember.

"It's all right,' Sir John whispered; 'It's all right, Miss Berrington. Wait until you have recovered—then—I'll help you back to your own room."

With an effort she rose to her feet, refusing Sir John's assistance. When he tried to touch her she pushed him away. He watched her anxiously, terrified lest she faint, afraid to speak, not knowing what to say. She looked at the dressing case still lying on the floor; then she looked at Sir John. He was still trembling from head to foot.

"I remember now," she whispered. "I came to fetch my dressing case. The clerk at the bureau told me I would find it in No. 42."

"Yes. I—I—" Sir John hesitated. How was he to explain?

"The door was open. I saw my dressing-case standing on the table by the window; I entered—the wind must have blown the door to. Just as I was groping for the light some one came into the room, seized me, struck me, and threw me down."

Sir John rung his hands impotently He was terrified lest some one was still hanging around the corridor outside—lest their voices were heard.

"Miss Berrington, I implore you, wait until to-morrow. If you are sufficiently recovered, go to your own room. Don't speak of what's happened to any one. To-morrow I will explain."

"It was you!" She pointed her finger at him condemningly. "This is a plot, a trick—"

"Miss Berrington!"

There was a short silence, which to Vessie seemed an eternity. Stooping down, Myra Berrington picked up her dressing case.

"Open the door!"

He obeyed, looking at her imploringly. "You must let me see you to-morrow and explain everything. I was asleep in the next room. I heard a noise in here! I came in—in the darkness I mistook you for a thief!"

She looked at him scornfully and laughed. "You thought I was a thief. There is a proverb, 'Set a thief to catch a thief.' Perhaps you'll explain to-morrow what my dressing-case was dong in your possession?"

She swept out of the room before Sir John could stop her. He dared not follow. Slowly Sir John closed and locked the door. What she thought, what she believed, he dared not consider. He had no very clear conception of what had happened himself.

He felt guilty of some hideous crime. Fate had suddenly tripped him up, and he was floundering helplessly in a dreadful quagmire which threatened to engulf him.

A church clock struck the hour. Vessie lit a cigar and tried to steady his nerves. It was all a terrible mistake, yet quite explicable. The hotel clerk with whom he had left the message had blundered. Miss Berrington had no right to walk into any room the door of which she found open, even though she was in search of her dressing-case.

How did he know that there had not been some ulterior motive behind her action? How did he know that she was not a thief, one of those thieves who stole honor, reputation—

Yet if she refused to accept his explanation in the morning? Of course, he might have to offer her some recompense. If the affairs got into the newspaper, became public property!

He rose from his chair with a shiver, pulled the blind back from the window and looked out. A pale gray light was stealing over the roofs and spires of the city in the east. Some fifty miles away his wife was sleeping peacefully in the old Tudor mansion in Sussex. His wife and family. He had to consider them as well as himself.

No breath of scandal had ever touched his name. Every single man and woman and child on his estate looked upon him almost in the light of a little god. He could do no wrong.

His nerves were on edge. Everything seemed exaggerated and abnormal. Switching off the light he crept into bed and lay down. For a long time he tossed to and fro, but at last sleep came.

It was half-past eight when he awoke with a start. He felt more himself after a cold plunge; and the whole affair of the previous night seemed more like a bad dream than ever.

Yet he was conscious of both looking forward to, and dreading, his interview with the beautiful Myra Berrington.

The clocks were striking ten as he made his way toward the restaurant.

Sih John was crossing the corner of the lounge when suddenly he stopped dead. Some one had spoken his name. He gazed about him. The lounge was deserted. On his right, the telephone room. The voice he had heard came from one of the telephone boxes. He stood still and listened. Again he heard his name—from a woman's lips!

The voice was Myra Berrington's voice; there could be no mistake. Like all actresses, she had a remarkably clear and penetrating voice. Vessie had thought it beautiful the first time he heard it on the express train. Now—now it somehow fed the flames of suspicion and made him feel afraid—of what, he scarcely knew.

He started forward. At box No. 3 he saw Miss Berrington seated before the telephone. Her back was toward him. She had failed to close the door properly; it was swinging partly open. Sir John had no intention of eavesdropping, but he listened.

And then, like a lightning flash, he knew what was happening. Myra Berrington was telephoning to Lady Vessie! She had rung up his wife at Napperly Hall in Sussex. With what object? he asked himself, momentarily paralyzed and bereft of action. There could be only one object—revenge, blackmail!

To be Continued

WHAT CAUSES COLDS?

This question is asked every day. A cold is really a fever, not always caused by the weather but often due to disordered blood or lack of important food-elements. In changing seasons fat-foods are essential because they distribute heat by enriching the blood and so render the system better able to withstand the varying elements. This is the important reason why Scott's Emulsion should always be taken for colds, and it does more—builds strength to prevent sickness.

Scott's Emulsion contains Nature's rare strength building fats, so skillfully blended that the blood profits from every drop. It is free from harmful drugs. Sold at drug stores—always get the genuine.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 15-28

A Hundred Thousand Strong—that's the size of the army that passes every year through the factory at Niagara Falls in which Shredded Wheat is made—an army that inspects every detail in the manufacture of the cleanest, purest and best of all cereal foods. These crisp, brown, delicious little loaves of baked whole wheat have everything in them the human body needs. Try them for breakfast with hot milk or cream. Made in Canada.

Dr. Yates' Trousers.

St. Catharine's was the first Cambridge college to produce a don who dared to stagger humanity by wearing trousers. He was Dr. Lowther Yates, "a large, square man from Cumberland," suspected of radical opinions, who was master of "Cat's" during the closing years of the eighteenth century. As Yates, when vice chancellor, walked in procession to the university church, wearing trousers instead of the orthodox knee breeches, somebody shouted from a window:

Gadzoons, gadzoons,
Lowther Yates in Pantaloons!

The profane impromptu poet was captured and proved to be Yates' own nephew. "Gadzoons" was a Cumbrian expletive with which Yates was wont to express intense astonishment.—Westminster Gazette.

Luck.

Luck is the main difference between failure and success. It rises like some mysterious fairy from the chaos of events and crowns its victors with an apparently hopeless ignorance of justice.

Luck must be a woman; no man could be so fickle, so fantastic in a choice of favorites.

Luck, however, has one great virtue. Although she will desert the gambler as suddenly as she came to him, she is likely to be faithful to those of her proteges who are the steadiest workers. She appears to be on the side of the biggest battalions

A Disturbing Sound.

"There is no excuse for a man being run down by a motorcar. All he has to do is to keep his wits about him."

"Of course," replied the recent victim in sarcastic tones. "There is nothing more conducive to rational thinking than a loud 'honk' heard unexpectedly in one's rear."

Opened Her Eyes.

Clara—Can it be, Dolly, that you are to marry Mr. Smith after saying to me repeatedly that you could not endure him? Dolly—The truth is, Clara, dear, that until I heard that his aunt had died, leaving him a fortune, I was deceived in my own feelings toward him.—London Telegraph.

The Orang Outang.

To protect itself from the rain the orang outang crooks its arms over its head. The hair on the orang's upper arm points downward, while on the lower arm it points upward, the apparent purpose being to shed the rain like a thatch.

ROUGH MUSIC.

An Evildoer's Medicine, One Dose of Which Is Usually Enough.

There are more ways than one to punish evildoers. Did you ever hear of chastising a wife beater by means of "rough music?" No, this is not a reference to the phonograph record which the children have played with. It is even worse. It has been in use in the southern counties of England for at least four centuries, and it is so effective that it is likely to persist for several centuries to come. The one disadvantage of this method of punishment is that it punishes the victim quite as much as it does the guilty party. It is inflicted on men and women alike, but it is most merciless when it is directed against the henpecked husband.

When it is the consensus of opinion in the village that a man or woman has been guilty of conduct unbecoming a decent, self respecting burgher the neighbors assemble at the home of one of them, equipped with tin pans, fire shovels, pokers, kettles, pairs of iron potlids, cow horns and anything else that will make a hideous noise, and march in silence to the house of the offender. Suddenly they break forth with a raucous, deafening din. When the rest of the village has been aroused and there is a sufficiently large audience the wit of the "rough music band" lays the charge against the offender in verses that are not usually distinguished for refinement and consideration. After this has been done the band marches to every tavern in town, where the charges are repeated. One such punishment, as a rule, is sufficient.

RAIN FROM A CLEAR SKY.

An Alleged Phenomenon Linked With the Falling of Dew.

In English dictionaries we find the word serein defined as a fine rain which sometimes falls from a clear sky shortly after sunset. The word is French, but has become the international designation in meteorological works for this alleged phenomenon, which is always described as quite rare.

Has the phenomenon a real existence?

The fact that a stereotyped description of it has been passed on from one meteorological writer to another since the latter part of the eighteenth century is by no means conclusive evidence on this point, for science has perpetuated many myths by the process of reiteration.

Professor Gustav Hellmann, in a recent publication of the Russian Meteorological institute, sees in the conception of the serein merely the survival of the old fashioned belief that evening dew falls from the (clear) sky, and he finds that the serein of early French writers was identical with that "evening dampness" which was supposed to be injurious to human health.

It still remains possible that rain may sometimes fall from a clear sky, though this is not likely to be a phenomenon peculiar to the early evening. Some cases can be explained as due to the oblique falling of raindrops, carried horizontally by the wind, when the clouds from which they came have passed away.

Maeterlinck on Medicine.

M. Maeterlinck might almost be described as a poet in spite of himself. Had the desire of his heart been attained, he would have been a doctor. Some years ago he confessed to his early ambitions in a letter addressed to a French medical journal. "I never commenced the study of medicine," he wrote. "I did my duty in conforming with the family tradition which ordains that the eldest son shall be an avocat. I shall regret to my last day that I obeyed those traditions and consecrated my most precious years to the vainest of sciences. All my instincts, all my inclinations, attached me to the study of medicine, which I am more than ever convinced is the most beautiful key which gives access to the great realities of life."—London Spectator.

Youthful Genius.

Pascal wrote treatises on acoustics at twelve, at which age he was busily occupied in constructing elaborate circulating machines, and at sixteen he published his treatise on "Conic Sections," which Descartes refused to believe was not the work of a great master. John Stuart Mill was studying Greek at three, had practically mastered the language at seven and a year later was acting as schoolmaster to his younger brothers and sisters. John Ruskin actually produced a manuscript work in three volumes before he reached his seventh birthday.

Goldfish.

It may not be generally known that there is cruelty in the keeping of goldfish. Half of such captives die from sheer want of rest. As fish have eyes so formed that they cannot endure the light, in a glass vessel they are in an entirely wrong place, as is evident from the way in which they dash about and go around and around until fairly worn out.

Worse Yet.

"Why is it nobody likes Tom?"

"Oh, he's one of these 'I told you so' fellows."

"How about Bill?"

"He's worse yet. He's one of the 'I could have told you if I'd wanted to' variety."—Exchange.

Club Prognostications.

"I think it will rain before I get home."

"I know it will storm when I get there."—Baltimore American.

* * *

People who can be quite nice to the face of someone they profess to dislike could almost certainly be quite nasty behind the back of some one they profess to like.

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For Toronto and intermediate points—5.25 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 7.30 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate points—6.25 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—†6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 5.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *3.40 a.m.

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

†Deseronto only

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville Ont.

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RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily
No. 16—2.00 a.m.—Fast train, flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7.00 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m.—Express, daily.
No. 28—5.45 p.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19—2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13—4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.
No. 29—7.50 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.30 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1—3.05 p.m.—International Limited, daily.
No. 7—4.55 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'.

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	6.[illegible] a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North

	Leave.	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.56 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1915.

GOING EAST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.50 p.m.	2.18 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

GOING WEST.
MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.18 p.m.	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

Going East	Daily except Sunday
Leave Toronto	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	6.32 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leave Belleville	6.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.30 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent.

Belleville Business Directory

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column or calling at The Intelligencer Business Office, full information may be obtained.

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* * *

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* * *

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The Unarmed Pirate

How She Plundered Was a Mystery.

By F. A. MITCHEL

Lieutenant Wickersham, in command of the United States gunboat Zac Taylor, cruising in the Malay archipelago, received a wireless order from the admiral to look out for a pirate vessel that had been doing a lot of damage to shipping in the South China sea. No well defined location for the pirate was given, since it was not known. Probably the order was sent to every United States vessel cruising in that region.

The second day after receipt of the order the watch on the Taylor reported to the officer of the deck that a ship was to be seen on the starboard quarter. She was changing her course very frequently. She did not look at all like a pirate, but on account of her mysterious actions the watch thought it his duty to report her.

The commander of the Taylor ordered the ship's course changed toward the vessel in question. No sooner had this been done than the other exhibited a clean pair of heels, evidently in flight. When the gunboat came close enough to the fugitive to discern what she was like Wickersham was surprised to see a very ordinary looking vessel, as unlike a pirate as possible. There were no ports for guns or any other evidence of a capacity for fighting. About dusk the stranger ran close into shore. She was still too far for those on the gunboat to see what was doing on board of her, but since the anchor chains could be heard rattling in the hawse pipes Wickersham did not give himself any uneasiness as to her getting away from him.

By the time the Taylor had come near the vessel night had fallen, and since the latter craft showed no light the gunboat felt obliged to stand off. However, Wickersham, suspecting that she might escape him under cover of the darkness, sent a boat in command of Ensign Throckmorton to reconnoiter. The party was gone an hour. When it returned Throckmorton made a very singular report.

He had found the vessel deserted. On her were all sorts of plunder, showing that she was undoubtedly a pirate. There was no cargo unless about a thousand barrels of oil might be considered such, but it seemed rather that this might have been for fuel. And yet the furnace was constructed for coal, of which there was a scant supply.

Wickersham was puzzled. Never had be heard of a pirate unarmed, unmanned, before. Nevertheless there was abundant evidence that the vessel was the one he had been ordered to look out for. The fact that she had fled when he gave chase was alone sufficient to condemn her. As for her crew, they had doubtless gone ashore under cover of darkness.

It did not seem that there was any need to take further action till morning. The anchor of the pirate being on the bottom, there being no crew aboard to raise it and the shore to which they must have gone being eight or ten miles distant, the lieutenant decided to let the matter rest for the night and the next day go aboard the craft himself and make a personal examination. So he turned in, leaving the executive officer in charge.

When the first faint light appeared in the east the commander was awakened to be informed that the pirate had disappeared. Jumping out of his bunk, he put on a dressing gown and slippers and hurried on deck. The vessel certainly was not where she had been the night before, but the day had broken, and the man in the crow's nest reported her or a vessel very like her on the horizon. Wickersham, after bringing a glass to bear on her, pronounced her the pirate and gave orders to get up the anchor and make chase immediately.

The pirate was standing eastward along the tenth parallel of latitude, evidently making for the open sea. The gunboat managed to keep her in sight and make a small gain. During the day the lieutenant made inquiries among the crew to learn if any one had heard any sound during the night. One man said that he fancied he had heard an anchor chain being carefully slipped through a hawse pipe. He had called the attention of the officer of the deck to it, but since the officer had heard nothing himself he paid no attention to the man's report. Nevertheless Wickersham made up his mind that the pirate had slipped her anchor and sailed away without it.

The mystery worked on the men, some of whom were ignorant and superstitious, and knots were constantly gathering to discuss the strange craft, the opinion being occasionally expressed that the ship was a phantom. But this did not reach the ears of the commander, who would have taken means to quash it.

During the day a wireless message was flashed by the admiral asking if the Taylor had seen anything of the pirate. Wickersham asked for information as to the vessel that he was ordered to capture. The answer was that the admiral had no description of her. It had been reported that several vessels due at Chinese ports had not come in. The weather had been fine, therefore there was no suspicion that they had been wrecked by storm. It

Englishman, who was known to be a pirate, had bought a vessel at Canton, and it was supposed that he had fitted her up for piratical purposes. It looked as if he had captured the missing vessels and sunk them with all on board.

This information did not relieve Wickersham's perplexity. If the vessel he was chasing was the one Dixon had purchased, how had he been able to capture ships, plunder them and sink them without any armament? Nevertheless that this had been done was evident from the valuables found on the deserted unarmed ship which was now fleeing before the Taylor.

Toward the close of the second day of the chase the island of Formosa was sighted, and Wickersham began to fear that his prey would escape him by putting into some indentation or inlet along the Formosan coast. The commander of the fugitive vessel ran to within a few miles of shore, but did not put in, evidently waiting for dark in order that his pursuer might not be able to see him when he left the open water. However, reaching a convenient point for hiding, he ran into it while there was still sufficient light for Wickersham to see him.

The fact of his doing so set the lieutenant thinking. Might she not have paused in her flight, when she could have kept on, for a purpose? The fact that so many vessels had disappeared suggested that the pirate had some newfangled device for wrecking them. Might she not come out during the night and practice it on the Taylor? As soon as it was dark, taking a position off where the pirate had put in, Wickersham dropped his anchor and ordered every light on the ship put out. He would not even permit a lamp to be left burning, though covered. He resolved to remain awake during the night, ready for any emergency. However, about midnight, becoming drowsy, he went to sleep in a hammock, having given orders to be called should anything unusual occur. About 2 o'clock he was awakened and told that voices had been heard near the gunboat. Springing up, he went on deck and listened. His hearing was very acute, and he was sure that he heard a sound of oars which had been imperfectly muffled. He ordered a gun to be loaded on each of the four quarters, ready to be fired. Some of his subordinates wondered what he expected to shoot at, while the more superstitious of the crew began to fear that there was something supernatural about.

But the lieutenant ordered every man to keep perfectly silent and remained on watch himself. When the first ray of light came he descried a boat pulling directly toward the Taylor. It was a mile away, and a cable's length behind it the water seemed disturbed, as though some obstacle was moving through it. Then suddenly the lieutenant rushed to the gun that pointed toward the coming boat and stood with the lanyard in his hand, peering into the breaking darkness. Others on the deck were able to descry the moving boat, but not the object disturbing the water behind it.

Nevertheless in a few minutes all could see something that caused a cold chill to run down their spines. It was the periscope of a submarine. From it every eye was turned to their commander, who was carefully sighting the piece near which he stood. Calling to his next in command to come to him, without taking his eye off the periscope, he resigned the lanyard to him, with orders to pull it when he gave the order. When the periscope came within a hundred yards of the Taylor it slowed down and began to settle in the water.

"Fire!"

There was an explosion, and the periscope careened, showing evidence of being wrecked, then disappeared. In a few minutes the surface of the water was covered by oil. Wickersham gave a sigh of relief, which was re-echoed by every man on the Taylor.

The men in the boat turned and were pulling away lustily when a well aimed shot from another gun sent her to the bottom, leaving her crew, some dead, some wounded and some unhurt, floating on the water.

"Man a boat!" cried Wickersham.

A boat was soon pulling to the men struggling in the water. They were picked up and brought on to the Taylor. One of them was Dixon. This was his story:

He had been using the vessel he had bought to carry plunder which was secured by means of a submarine he kept with him. He would put a torpedo into a vessel, then while she was sinking board her and secure what valuables he could find. His boarding party was well armed, but seldom needed to use their weapons. After gathering the plunder he would leave the vessel and her crew to go down together, taking pains that no person lived to tell the tale. Believing that the Taylor would eventually get him, Dixon had resolved to torpedo her. Unfortunately for him, the night was dark, and he was unable to find her till daylight revealed him to his intended prey.

Wickersham reported the facts to the admiral, who directed him to hang the few pirates he had captured. The order was obeyed while the Taylor was making for the plunder ship, which was overhauled. The men, supposing that the Taylor would surely be torpedoed, took little care and did not see the gunboat until she was well on them. Then they tried to escape in boats, but were all captured and served the same punishment as the others.

The admiral's order to hang the pirates without trial enabled him to hush the matter up, which course he deemed advisable, and, although reported to Washington, the matter never got into the newspapers.

President Wilson is doing his best to keep out of the war, but we are doubtful of the ultimate result. Mrs. Pankhurst has arrived on this side.

Life in England is a queer mixture these days, but it has its compensation since the girl tram conductors came on the scene.

Woman's World

Notes on Good Form Calling

Calls, as far as the city is concerned, have passed almost into the land of oblivion. In the rush and bustle of metropolitan life few women and still fewer men find time to pay this social duty, though there are certain calls which cannot be neglected by those who pride themselves on good manners. Dinner calls must be numbered among these. To dine formally at the home of some hostess and then not pay her the compliment of a call within two weeks is a rudeness which should not be perpetrated under any circumstances.

Calls of condolence and congratulation must be observed, too, though these may take the form of leaving cards only, if one so desires.

But it is not this sort of call we are discussing today; it is the call paid to a newcomer to a community, a great many of which will be paid at just this season of the year, when a good many householders have changed their residence.

In the city no one in the new neighborhood pays the slightest attention to the newcomer. Every one is occupied with his own business and has no time to pay attention to the stranger other than to note just what kind of furniture is moved into the vacant apartment. But in the suburbs it is different. There sociability is more in evidence, and the advent of a newcomer is noted with interest.

It would seem that to make a first call upon a newcomer is very easy of accomplishment; that it is a plain rule of etiquette followed on both sides—on the side of the caller and on that of the one called upon. But here the side issues are constantly arising, simply because there is a deviation from the recognized rule on the part of the one or the other, or maybe on the part of both.

Occasionally a calling acquaintance is not established between the resident and the newcomer subsequent to the interchange of first calls. The difference in social position often accounts for this, joined to individual personality on either side, which renders anything like friendship almost impossible.

Another phase in this wide issuing subject occurs when a first call is made by an extremely vivacious woman who takes the matter of the return call being made entirely into her own hands, thus preventing things taking their own course. On her departure she will perhaps say: "You must come and see me. I am generally at home at half past 4. You must come and have tea with me." This casual invitation is taken seriously, and instead of a formal call being returned the recipient of it takes for granted that she is expected to come to tea with her new neighbor and therefore presents herself at the usual tea hours, half past 4, not asking if Mrs. G. is at home, but merely saying, "Mrs. G. expects me," and is much disconcerted when informed that Mrs. G. is not at home. Therefore she leaves cards, one of her own and one of her husband's, and returns home.

Matters between the two women are now at a deadlock. They have exchanged first calls, it is true, but the newcomer considers that she has been very cavalierly treated and is supposed to resent it and stand on her dignity. The resident is so accustomed to say the same thing to each of her new acquaintances that she never gives the matter a thought and does not think it worth while to refer to it at subsequent meetings, only wonders a little why this or that lady is so cool in her manner toward her.

THE WITCH HAT.

Another Variation of the Tall Hat So Very Popular.

A velvet brim, a pressed silk beaver crown and a rakish bow and band of novelty ribbon are the distinctive points about this modish hat. The fifth and latest variation of the tall crown is the Tipperary. This shape comes in all becoming colors, especially black.

A JAUNTY CHAPEAU.

Banana Nut Salad.

Allow a banana for each person and a tablespoonful of nuts for each banana. Peel the skin from one side of the banana, lift it out carefully, dip in salad dressing and roll in the chopped nuts; put a tablespoonful of salad dressing in the skin before returning the banana, sprinkle with more nuts; place on a lettuce leaf or an individual plate.

For the Children

A Queer Marine Animal Is the Dugong or Sea Cow.

One of the strangest of animals is the dugout, or sea cow. In general appearance the dugong resembles the familiar seal but has no hair on the body and is more nearly related to the porpoises and whales; nevertheless it is a warm blooded animal. The present specimen is nearly seven feet long and is the only one of its kind known to be preserved in any museum of the western hemisphere.

This animal is found on the shores of the Indian ocean, fifteen degrees on each side of the equator, from East Africa to Australia, and also in the Red sea. It is a marine animal which never ascends the rivers, its food consisting chiefly of seaweed and the algae found in the water. Years ago it was reported to have been found in large herds of several hundred individuals and to have been so fearless as to allow itself to be touched with the hand of man.

The flesh of the young dugong has been compared with pork, beef and veal, but the old animals are tougher and not so highly prized. The skin is smooth and thick; the upper lip is large and thick and covers prominent incisors, forming a kind of snout, something like the trunk of an elephant cut short across. The eyes are very small and are supplied with a third lid, which closes horizontally across the eye.

To its habit of raising its round head out of the water and of its great affection for its young, which it carries under the fore fin, seems to have arisen the legend of the mermaid, in allusion to which the name sirenia was given to this order of mammals.

Cause of Freckles.

Are you freckled? Those little brown spots we call freckles are seen on the skins of some people, especially after they have been exposed to the sun. If you went to the country the past summer or played out of doors a great deal you probably have freckles.

Freckles come on the hands and face because those parts of the skin are unprotected by clothes. Some people have more freckles than others. For some people the freckles disappear in a short time, while they stay on others for a long time.

The freckles are the result of the sun's action on cells of the skin, which cause those cells to produce coloring matter which remains there for a time.

Exchange.

To play this game one player is blindfolded and stands in the center. The other players sit in chairs in a circle around him. The players are numbered consecutively from one to the highest number playing.

The game starts with the blindfolded player calling out two numbers, whereupon the players with these numbers must exchange places, the blindfolded player trying to catch one of the players, so as to obtain one of the chairs.

In this game no player must go outside of the circle, but any other device may be used to escape capture, such as stooping, creeping, etc.

Estimating a Crowd.

Did you ever try to estimate the number of people in an audience or in a street throng? If you did the chances are that you came no nearer to the truth than did the man who bet there were a billion beans in a bushel. The theaters seem commodious, and they are all that is needed in some respect, but there is probably not one person in twenty who, if he did not know the number of seats, could guess within 500 of the actual capacity.—Columbus Dispatch.

BROADNESS.

To love the public, to study universal good, to promote the interest of the whole world as far as lies in our power, is the height of goodness and makes that temper which we call divine.—Shaftesbury.

Children's Place In The Home

It is a vexed question in many families as to whether the children should help in the home. Should they be called upon to contribute at all to the general comfort? Should they, in short, take all and give nothing in the way of service? In the old days girls were always supposed to busy themselves to a certain extent with the affairs of the home. They were taught by their mothers or other female relatives to take a pride in housewifery.

The boys, on the other hand, were concerned with outside things. They did contribute to the comfort of the home. They provided the larder with the necessary food, they protected the home and indeed did all that there was to be done outside the walls, being in turn waited on by the women indoors.

But we have changed all that. In very many homes nowadays we find that neither boys nor girls ever lift a finger to do a share of the work that has to be done by some one. The excuse is that they are at school; then they have their home work to do or they must go out.

There are many excuses, but in few cases would it be impossible for the children to do at least a small share of the work. Many people will exclaim here, "Oh, but what need can there be for the children to help in the home where there are good servants kept?" Of course in poor homes, where there is no maid or only one maid, it is different.

But it is not a question of poverty or wealth, this of helping in the home. The essential fact that we have to remember is that children, both boys and girls, are the better for sharing in that work which makes for the common weal. This is something that we are only too apt to overlook. Working, not for oneself, but that all may benefit, has an elevating influence.

If boys and girls are trained to do a little in order that others may benefit they will have started their life's work with the right perspective. Unfortunately too many of us are concerned from our cradles with what will benefit ourselves, and ourselves only. We forget that our actions are bound to react on others.

We are all familiar with the bored child. This fact should serve to show us that there is something wrong with the way that our children are being brought up. Why is the child dull? Why is he bored? The answer is, "Because he has not had any work to do." If there has been the allotted task to perform the time for recreation is valued.

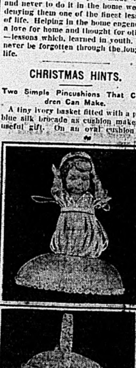
"All work and no play" is a familiar saying which we might occasionally invert, for it would explain the reason for the school holidays being times of trial to the parents and servants in so many homes.

Where there are pets kept these provide a certain amount of work for their owners, but many parents take even this labor off the children's shoulders. It is one thing to see that the animals are properly tended, but it is quite another matter to take the entire responsibility of them off those who have elected to keep them. In doing this we are harming our children and making them reckless and unreliable. In training them only to make work and never to do it in the home we are denying them one of the finest lessons of life. Helping in the home engenders a love for home and thought for others—lessons which, learned in youth, will never be forgotten through the longest life.

CHRISTMAS HINTS.

Two Simple Pincushions That Children Can Make.

A tiny ivory basket fitted with a pale blue silk brocade as cushion makes a useful gift. On an oval cushion of pale pink satin a tiny doll has been plated. Novelty ribbon makes her bodice, and a silk braid is used to bind the base.



ATTRACTIVE CUSHIONS.

SUNLIGHT SOAP

Purity! Purity! Purity!

The one dominating note that runs all through the making of Sunlight Soap is Purity. The $5,000 Guarantee you get with every single bar is not a mere advertisement. It marks a standard set for the buyers who select the choice Sunlight Soap materials—for the soap boiler—for the expert chemists—for the girls, even, who wrap and pack Sunlight. All are mindful of the Guarantee—it is a source of gratification to all the Sunlight workers.

Sunlight 5¢ Soap

Note to Editor—Not to be Released BEFORE JANUARY 22, 1916.

"THE FINEST TRIP I HAVE EVER HAD IN ANY LAND."

JUNCTION OF BULKLEY AND SKEENA RIVERS, BRITISH COLUMBIA, ON LINE OF G.T.P.

The following account of a trip through the "Norway of America," the Rocky Mountains and virgin wilderness of Northern Ontario, is from the pen of a well-known gentleman now in his eighty-fifth year.

After a five weeks' visit to some members of my family, on their fruit ranch in the State of Washington, I started out for Seattle on my return trip to Toronto. On arriving at Seattle I found the fine steamship "Prince George," on which I was to travel to Prince Rupert, ready at her dock. I was located in a very comfortable stateroom, and we left punctually at 9.30 a.m.

We arrived at Victoria at 1.15 in the afternoon, and stayed there long enough to see this beautiful "Capital of British Columbia," situated on the Southern Point of Vancouver Island. The narrows near Vancouver City were very interesting with the rugged mountain peaks and sharp pointed rocks nearby, and the swift tidal flow of water in which you can see at certain seasons of the year hundreds of salmon.

The stay at Vancouver allowed time for some social calls, and soon after midnight the "Prince George" started on her voyage north. I was up before six o'clock next morning, in time to get a view of the Coast Range of mountains on the mainland at close quarters. Vancouver Island is nearly 300 miles long, and we coasted along these shores, wild and rugged, and heavily timbered, and thick with fallen trees and underbrush. The mountains, I should judge, were from three thousand to five thousand feet high, with innumerable little bays all the way. The channel or sound between Vancouver Island and the Coast Range is only about one and one-half miles wide, and the views from the deck of the vessel are interesting and at times grand. Salmon canneries and sawmills are dotted along the shores. Occasionally we saw whales spout alongside, and schools of porpoises, while a big seal popped up his head to have a look around. The day was bright, and, taking it all together, it was the finest trip I have ever had in any land, and I predict that the Grand Trunk Pacific Coast Steamship Company will have to put on this route daily steamships to accommodate the crowd of tourists that will inevitably flock to this region to enjoy the magnificent scenery. The trip is free from all discomforts, the waters threaded being sheltered by Vancouver Island and other small islands. The steamships are models of the latest type of Atlantic greyhound, have a speed of 18½ knots an hour, are beautifully fitted up, while the food was delicious and well served.

We docked at Prince Rupert at 6 o'clock in the morning. Our train left about four hours later, eastbound, over the new line of the Grand Trunk Pacific. I did not leave the Observation Car all day, so fascinating was the scenery. The track lay alongside the Skeena River, and I could see the Coast Range of mountains on either side. We went along so smoothly that this splendidly constructed railway might have been fifty years old. Next morning we were at Prince George, and we followed the Fraser River with mountains on both sides five thousand to seven thousand feet high, lovely gorges here and there, and for miles the most glorious coloring I have ever seen. The young poplar trees were turning a rich golden yellow, and these, with an occasional spruce, added to the beauty of the landscape. For miles this solid bed of coloring continued, reminding me of the purple heather-clad mountains of Scotland and Wales, but even more brilliant. We had a passing view of Mount Robson, the highest mountain in the Canadian Rockies. We saw the ribbed sides of the giant up to his shoulders, about 10,000 feet, the crest of the peak, up another 3,700 feet, being hidden in clouds.

Mount Robson is the centrepiece of Mount Robson Park, a beautiful reserve under the control of the British Columbia Government. East of this, and just across the boundary line of Alberta, lies Jasper Park, a national reserve which has a most picturesque lake, declared by travellers to exceed in beauty any similar lake in the Canadian Rockies. Jasper Park will be a great attraction to travellers over this splendid road, to break their journey and to enjoy Alpine scenery of the finest character. We passed through Jasper Park at the end of our second day's rail journey from Prince Rupert. Next morning we were in Edmonton, and in the fine city of Saskatoon in the evening.

From Winnipeg east over the new Transcontinental line the country was very interesting to me, with its many settlements, around which were located the clearings of new farms. Passing through the northern parts of old Ontario, via North Bay and Muskoka Lakes, with charming lake and wooded scenery, we arrived at Toronto at 12.05 noon on time, five days after leaving the Pacific Ocean at Prince Rupert. Thus ended one of the most enjoyable trips I have ever experienced.

J. S. McK.

The Store That's So Different!

YOU have doubtless read and re-read many Clothing Advertisements!

You have been pestered with big type and you have been reasoned with in small type!

You have been plied with advertised reductions so unreasonable that your good sense at once stamps them as fictitious.

Here' a Store That's Different

Men's Suits and Overcoats
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$8.50, $10, $12 up to $25

We are not giving away Clothing or conducting our Store out of pure generosity to the Public.

We sell no $15 Overcoats for $7.88, nor do we sell $20.00 Suits for $10.99.

We claim to be a fair-dealing, wide-awake Clothing Houae—always giving you the best possible value for your money, and ever ready to make any wrong, right. Surely, no one will or can give you more for your money than we will give you—and you can certainly do no better than to make this YOUR CLOTHING STORE.

Quick & Robertson
THE OUTFITTERS

HISTORICAL REPORT

Presented to the Ontario Bar Association by Chairman W. N. Ponton

Belleville, January 8th, 1916.

To the President and Members of
the Ontario Bar Association:

Your Historical Committee begs to report that attention has been so focussed and concentrated upon the men who are making modern history in "the far flung battle line," that it has been difficult to stimulate interest in the archives of the past But there is among all of us an increasing realization that the glorious historical traditions of the past are being revived, that the gallant chivalry of the men of the Inns of Court which in days of old, of storm and stress rallied men for England and Empire service, has again found expression in many a roll of honour, and this time, members of the bar, solicitors and students at law of Canada are (with those of sister Dominions) exemplifying the unity of the community, and forgetting fees and the mere earning of a living, are living a life devoted to King and Country, men behind the flag as well as men behind the gun—leaders of their battalions and platoons and doing noble duty with their comrades, all fighting not merely for hearths and homes but also for the perfect law of liberty

It is historically significant too, to note in what a large share, the responsibility of state craft, the administration of complicated conditions, has fallen upon members of our profession. An analysis of the men of light and leading all over the Empire, will illustrate how members of the bar and the judiciary have risen to the occasion, with unflinching purpose and stable equilibrium.

A paper is in course of preparation on Magna Charta, and its relations to the dominions over seas, another centenary of that great charter having passed in 1915.

A paper on the history of Notaries Public, their responsible and honourable office, is being prepared, and with special reference to the astonishing revelations of the past few years, nearly every Ontario Gazette of 1915 containing the appointment of some non-professional man as a notary public. It is safe to surmise that not one out of 100 of them will have any idea of the office other than as a means of getting fees and diverting them from our already much encroached upon profession.

As part of your Committee's work, our old standby, Lt. Co. J. E. Farewell, K.C., the Veteran Crown Attorney of Ontario, will read a notable paper on personal reminiscences of interesting trials of bygone days, into which he will infuse his genial personality.

The development of the Legal History of the Province, owes much to the wonderful spirit of research of Mr. Justice Riddell, whose arduous "labours of love" have found expression not merely at home but also through the United States, establishing a standard, and promoting a better understanding among men of common origin, and similar aspiration. We append a list of his addresses and articles, and expect for our next meeting a paper from his facile and erudite pen.

Respectfully submitted,
W. N. PONTON
Chairman of Historical Committee

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is that there is no waste to it. Your horse will lick up the last oat or the last kernel of grain. It tastes so good to him that he wants every bit that belongs to him. So there's economy as well as satisfaction in buying your feed and grain here. Try it once and you'll try it always.

H. E. FAIRFIELD

AMUSEMENTS

CITY HALL THEATRE
Week Starting MONDAY, Jan. 24

MONDAY and TUESDAY
The Strand Musical Comedy Co.
IN
"THE COLLEGE WIDOW".
Featuring FELIX O. MARTIN and AL LANOUS, assisted by a Company of Twenty People.
Auspices XVth Regiment Band
Change of Plays Monday, Wednesday and Friday
Prices, - - - - 15c, 25c, 35c

HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER
SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

MUSIC & DRAMA

SCOTT'S PALACE THEATRE

Geo. W. Munro who is well known in this city as a baseball umpire, and the Flynn who will be remembered as the man with "McFadden's Flats" are presenting all this week the Strand Musical Comedy Co. at Scott's Palace Theatre.

As a popular priced show this company will be hard to beat, as it is chuck full of clean but humorous comedy. Belleville people have a surprise awaiting them in the beautiful dancing girl Detella, and Walter Pilson, as a Jew, and the Irish comedian, Martin, are hard to beat at any price.

This company is being presented under the auspices of the XVth. Regt. Band, beginning to-night and running through the week.

Palmer Coming to Griffin's Jan. 31

Frederick Palmer, the World's greatest War Correspondent, a man who has exceptional opportunities to gain information first hand, and who is the author of "My Year of The Great War," and the only officially accredited representative of the entire press of America with the British forces on the continent, will portray with moving pictures and thrilling narratives, the Great World War, at Griffin's Opera House, Belleville, Monday evening, Jan. 31st, under the auspices of the 80th Overseas Battalion, C.E.F. This will be an entertainment that the citizens of Belleville will appreciate, and a packed house is sure to greet Frederick Palmer. Capacity houses have been the rule wherever he has appeared, and Massey Hall of Toronto, and the Lyric Theatre of Hamilton, are completely sold out.

Mr. Palmer will be assisted by an orchestra of 18 pieces, under the leadership of Lieut. H. A. Stares, Mus. Bach.

The prices will be $1.00, 75c., 50c. and 25c.

AT GRIFFIN'S

No amusement spectacle that has yet been devised for the pleasure of the people of this day and age can approach in massive grandeur, dramatic intensity and impressive beauty George Kleine's remarkable photo-drama "Quo Vadis" which has created such a sensation at the Astor Theatre in New York City, in Chicago, Philadelphia, Boston and a dozen other important amusement centers and is announced for a brief engagement in this city for 2 nights, commencing Jan. 26, Griffin Opera House, with daily matinees. Seats on sale at Doyle's. Prices 10, 15 and 25c.

Many grandfathers and fathers will remember the thrill of joy they experienced while watching "Dad" in the "Father and the Boys," put one over on his sons, who thought him booked for the grave and away too slow for the modern life. Although a grand old memory of the legitimate stage, this is its first filmization, and the old play hardly knows itself in its new movie dressing. Digby Bell, one of the most experienced and versatile of stage artists, handles the leads with trained hands, and is a great factor in its potency. In addition to the above special 5 act—Geo. Ade Comedy, 3 other photoplays including western comedy and adventure photoplays will also be presented at Griffin's Palace Theatre tonight and Tuesday matinee and night.

A splendid program of photoplays has been arranged for exhibition at Griffin's Opera House to-night and Tuesday. The feature film play offering being a gripping 3-act Essanay drama entitled "Caught" with the popular screen stars Edna Mayo and Bryant Washburn in the stellar roles, in addition to the above offering, five other quality pictures, including some good comedies, will also be presented.

Laid to Rest

LIONEL M. PARKER

On Saturday afternoon the remains of Mr. Lionel M. Parker, who died at San Juan, Porto Rico, and which were brought here were laid away in the tomb at Belleville cemtery. At the sister's residence, George street, the burial services of the Anglican church were conducted by Rev. Canon Beamish, rector of St. Thomas church, who also officiated at the interment. The bearers were, Messrs. C. M. Stork, E. F. Milburn, W. Simmons, S. D. Lazier, Dr. Clinton and Dr. Leonard, of Napanee.

MRS. G. S. TICKELL

Many citizens were on Saturday in attendance at the obsequies of the late Mrs. George S. Tickell, which was an evidence of the esteem in which the deceased was held. At her late home, Church street, an appropriate service was held, conducted by Rev. H. S. Osborne, pastor of Bridge Street Methodist Church, Rev. S. C. Moore, of the Tabernacle Church, and Rev. A. M. Hubly, rector of the Reformed Emmanuel Church, assisted. At the vault at Belleville cemetery, Rev. Dr. Blagrave, rector of Christ Church, assisted, Rev. H. S. Osborne in the burial services. The bearers were, Messrs. P. C. Jones, W. S. Clarke, Frank Dolan, W. H. Day E. McBride and Tom Ketcheson.

The floral tributes were many and beautiful in design, and the contributions were as follows:

Mrs. S. Russell and the Misses Davis, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Haines, Mr. and Mrs. John Williams, Miss Maude Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Pascoe, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Archibald, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. McKnight, Mr and Mrs. C. R. Cole, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Morton, Miss Althea M. MacKay, Mr. and Mrs. John Rathman, Mr. and Mrs. George Thompson, Miss Clara Coombe, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Thomas, Sault Ste. Marie, members of the family and other friends.

DEATHS

PROCTOR—On January 20th, 1916, Flora C. Proctor, beloved wife of Dr. A. D. Proctor at the home of her father, M. Castelanos, New York.

DOONAN—In West Huntingdon, on Sunday, January 23rd, Jane Robinson Doonan, beloved wife of James Doonan.

The funeral will take place from the family residence, West Huntingdon, on Tuesday, January 25 at 2 p.m.

Why Water Quenches Thirst.

Thirst, a word of Anglo-Saxon origin and akin to the Latin torreo and our torrid or parched, describes a peculiar sensation of dryness and heat located in the tongue and throat. Artificial thirst may be produced by the passage of a current of air over the mucous membrane of these parts, but normal thirst is the consequence of a lack of liquid in the system. The agony of extreme thirst is due to the fact that all the tissues sympathize in this distress. It is then as a refreshing relief that a supply of water comes to thirsting lips, replacing what has been lost, cooling the parched palate, and rapidly removing the craving which has depressed the system. In short, water quenches thirst just because it supplies what at the moment is wanting and is most eagerly desired, so that Solomon could properly compare the gift of "cold waters to a thirsty soul" to the advent of good news. Thirst is to some extent appeased by the injection of water into the blood or body, though no fluid touches the part to which the sensation is referred.

The Things That Come Hard.

"I am happy because it is so easy for me to write," said a beginner to one of the great masters of French prose.

"Go home and pray," said the master, "that it may come hard."

It is so of writing, so of thinking, so of life. The easy thing is barely worth doing. The hard thing is worth doing, though the end be failure. A goal, to make which one fairly tugs at life and yet misses, is better than a victory softly won.

So often the man who speaks easily tells us least, while the sparing words one wrenches from a taciturn speaker are imbedded in thought. Shakespeare said that Gratiano talked more than any other man in all Venice. But he compared his speech to a bushel of chaff in which lay hidden a single grain of wheat and that not worth the finding.

Wandering of Minor Planets.

The "mislaying" of the minor planets is sometimes due to their actually failing to keep their appointments at the places where, according to calculation, they ought to be. An instance is the case of No. 153, otherwise known as Hilda. Dr. Palisa discovered her in 1875 and calculated her orbit. But attempts to find her again failed, and she was almost given up as lost until Dr. Palisa found her again in 1879—a long way, however, from where she had been expected. The discrepancy was caused by the effect upon Hilda of the attraction of Jupiter, of whom she is a comparatively near neighbor. For these little planets are scattered over a wide belt. Hilda gets within 33,000,000 miles of the orbit of Jupiter, and Aethra at times actually comes nearer to the sun than Mars ever does. —London Chronicle.

Dreams That Were.

The dunce has disappeared from the schools and is not even pointed out in the streets as erstwhile.

And the dear old man who used to drop in a few hours before supper and decline to remove his topcoat because he had but a few minutes to stop and who lingered until he was invited to eat, when he accepted, and who remained until 10 o'clock in the evening and then remarked that it was time for him "to be shovin' up the creek."

And the fine old gentleman who came in from the farm carrying a change in a pair of saddlebags. When did you ever see a pair of these bags?

And the gracious lady, the neighbor, who never baked anything good that she didn't send some over to your house? Eh?

ARENA TURNBULL ST

Band Mon., Wed. and Sat.

Postponed O. H. A. Hockey Game between Lindsay Juniors vs. Belleville Juniors. Will be played Friday, January 28th. Fast game assured.
Should Belleville win, this will tie this district.
Admission 25c. Reserved seats 35c.
Band in attendance

OVERCOATS

Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat! We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.

Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.

ARTHUR McGIE
283 Front Street

GRIFFIN'S OPERA HOUSE
Two Days Only, Wednesday & Thursday, Jan. 26 and 27
The Stupendous Photo Drama
QUO VADIS
In 3 Acts, 8 parts
Performance lasting 2¼ hours as presented at the Astor Theatre, N.Y., 306 consecutive succ formances; a sensational success throughout Europe and America..
Prices, 10c, 15c and 25c
Seats on sale at Doyle's.

Ladies' Hudson Seal Coats

No. 1 Quality Lined throughout with No. 1 Brocade satin 40 inches long........Price $120.00
Muff to match " $22.00

J. T. DELANEY
29 Campbell St. Phone 797
opposite Y.M.C.A.
See Our Window
N. B. We Buy Raw Furs

LEGION OF HONOR.

The French Order, Its Ranks and Its Limits of Membership.

The Legion of Honor is a French order for the recognition of military and civil merit, instituted by Napoleon while consul May 19, 1802, and inaugurated July 11, 1804. The decoration originally consisted of a star containing the portrait of Napoleon surrounded by a wreath of oak and laurel, with the legend, "Napoleon Empereur des Francais;" on the reverse was the French eagle with a thunderbolt in his talons and the legend, "Honneur et Patrie."

The order has been remodeled several times, the last occasion being subsequent to the downfall of the second empire. There are now five ranks or classes—ordinary chevaliers or knights, officers, commanders, grand officers, grand crosses. The profuse granting of the decoration of the order latterly brought the institution into discredit, and the number of chevaliers is now restricted to 25,000, the officers to 4,000, the commanders to 1,000, the grand officers to 200 and the grand crosses to seventy.

The star now bears a figure emblematic of the republic, with the inscription, "Republique Francaise, 1870;" on the reverse two flags, with the inscription, "Honneur et Patrie.".

Telephone Church Service.

Residents on the island of Guernsey, in the English channel, are enabled to listen to church service in their homes any Sunday evening at a charge of about 10 cents. Policemen and firemen, as well as lighthouse keepers and other government employees, who are prevented by their occupation from going to church, are furnished the telephone service free of charge. At Platte Fougere lighthouse station sometimes as many as eight persons sit down together to hear the telephone service from a church five miles away.

GET THE
F.S.ANDERSON CO'S
GENUINE
SCRANTON
COAL
BELLEVILLE

The Best we Can Buy Carefully Prepared and Delivered

The F. S. ANDERSON CO.,
42 Bridge St.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisment will not be paid for.—64388.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—33690.

WHY NOT FLORIDA FOR YOUR WINTER TOUR?

The attractions are unsurpassed, beautiful palm trees, warm sea bathing, orange and banana groves, golf, tarpon fishing, luxurious hotels for all pockets. Two nights only from Toronto. Winter tourist tickets now on sale. Be sure that your tickets read via Canadian Pacific Railway. Excellent service is offered via Detroit and Cincinatti. Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents, or write M. G. Murphy, District Passenger Agent, Toronto, Ont.

j13,to22.

Why do you not stop that cough by using Holden's Expectorant? For sale at Geen's. It is an old reliable remedy.

smt

15c February Delineator 15c

Kimona Fleece Velour SPECIAL

This Fleece Velour is a beautifully made cloth, and is specially adapted for House Dresses, Wrappers, etc. It is a nice, soft, warm cloth, and will make up nicely. It comes in colors of Red, Blue, Fawn, Rose and Pink, and sold for **20c** per yard.

Special for Thurs., Fri. and Sat.
At 13c per yard

COMFORTERS For The Cold Weather

12 Only Wadded Comforters
Sold regularly for $2.50
Special For The Week End
$1.78

Good, strong and serviceable Coverings, and very nicely quilted.

Ketcheson & Earle

25c BUTTERICK FASHIONS FOR SPRING, 1916 25c

SPORTING NEWS

SKATING

The world's greatest skater, Oscar Mathieson, of Christiania, Norway, will be seen in American rinks this winter. Mathieson put Christiania on the map before the Ford peacemakers ever thought of going abroad. He will meet some of the speediest skaters of the United States and Canada during his tour.

ROLLER SKATING

A world's record for roller skating is claimed for Anton Eglington of Chicago, who skated 15 miles in 42:16 2-5 in a sanctioned race in that city on January 7th. The former record was 15:04 2-5 made five years ago.

BASEBALL.

IN THE BARROW CIRCUIT

The affairs of the Toronto International League club are in a somewhat indefinite state. No southern training camp has yet been engaged, no tour of exhibition games arranged, and no manager appointed. These details have usually been attended to by this time of the year.

President Barrow of the league has sent out a call for a meeting of the clubs at New York on Monday. Immediately after this gathering President McCaffery will set to work to whip matters into shape for the season. There are at least a score of applications for the post of manager. In spite of the recent denial that Joe Birmingham had applied for the position, the ex-Cleveland leader is now being seriously considered. So also is Frank Shaugnessy of Ottawa. There are several other desirable applicants whose qualifications will be inquired into.

At Monday's meeting of the league in New York the unsettled conditions at Buffalo, Baltimore and Richmond will engage the attention of the magnates. The defunct Federal Leaguers who operated in International territory are not making the path of Barrow and his cohorts any too rosy.

Various interests are in the market for the Newark franchise, including syndicates headed by James A. Price, Pat T. Powers and Arthur Irwin. Barrow has set a valuation of $25,000 on the property.

CUBS SOLD

The Chicago National League club is no longer a West Side institution. Its future home will be the Federal League park on the North Side, the official transfer taking place Thursday afternoon. The scenes were laid in the Vice-President's office of the Corn Exchange Bank, and the principal role, that of delivering a certified check for $500,000 to bank officials, was enacted by Charles H. Weeghman, former Federal League mogul, who now becomes President of the combined Cub-Whale outfits.

Weeghman announced that Roger Bresnahan's contract will be taken care of. Joe Tinker announced that he had sold Infielder Walter Keating to the St. Joseph club. Keating came to the Cubs in the fall of 1913. He was drafted from the Columbus club, in the South Atlantic League. He showed a lot of class as a fielder, but did not hit enough to become a regular in the big show. He was carried throughout the 1914 season, but last year was "framed" to Rochester, in the International League.

Amendment of the rules regarding the laying out of a baseball diamond is in prospect, according to a statement by J. Heydler, secretary of the National League. According to Mr. Heydler many of the big league diamonds are incorrectly laid out, due to the failure of ground-keepers to understand the measurements, which were given in feet, inches and fractions of an inch. It is planned to simplify the method of stating the measurements.

DOG RACE

ANCHORAGE, Alaska, Jan. 21.—Taking the leaders' place in the harness when the big grey-hound collapsed, Frank Dixon dragged his dog team three blocks to the finish line last night and won a 54 mile dog sled race from Anchorage to Old Knick and return.

His time was eight hours and fourteen minutes.

Walter Howard, the favorite, was a close second.

GENERAL SPORTS

A bantamweight title isn't much to fight about, but a pair of bantams do more fighting in a round than a pair of heavyweights do in a year.

It may be true, as Jim Corbett repeats that Tom Cowler is a coming champion, but there is a suspicion that he will be a long time coming.

It isn't what you used to be; it's what you are to-day. A benefit for Kid Lavigne, former lightweight champion, drew only 800 persons and $1,500.

RITCHIE'S RITCHIE'S

ONE WEEK

Tuesday, Jan. 25, to Monday, Jan. 31

Pre-Inventory Sale

Save On Your Present And Future Needs

By Doing Your Shopping at Ritchie's During This One Week Sale

This entire week will be given over to a sweeping clearance of surplus stocks previous to the final inventory at the end of the month. It is a money saving opportunity well worth your immediate attention.

ALL LADIES' COATS HALF PRICE

This offer does not mean only a few of the Coat Models selected for quick clearance, but embraces every Ladies' Black and Colored Coat now in stock, and that means a lot, especially so early in the season, for there are still many handsome up-to-the-minute garments displayed in our showing, all strictly new models in first class materials and best shades. Just think of this:—

Regular $10.00 Coats are now $5.00
Regular $12.00 Coats are now $6.00
Regular $15.00 Coats are now $7.50
Regular $18.00 Coats are now $9.00
Regular $20.00 Coats are now $10.00
Regular $25.00 Coats are now $12.50

(See window)

7 Ladies' Suits to Sell at $3.95

Of course they are not this season's, but with a little fixing here and there they can be made into stylish garments. Five are black, one green and one purple. They are all Satin lined and the Skirts alone are worth more than $3.95. Sizes 18, 34, 36 and 38. Be on hand early and secure first choice at $3.95

Silk and Serge Dresses Half Price

About two dozen in all to be cleared out previous to stock inventory. Made up of splendid quality materials in shades of brown, cream, navy, black and Copenhagen. Not this season's dresses, but good styles and all nicely trimmed. Regular prices from $8.00 to $25.00. On sale at HALF PRICE. From .... $4.00 to $12.50

25 per cent Off Children's Coats

That means: $5.00 Coats for $3.75; $6.00 Coats for $4.70; $8.00 Coats for $6.00; $10.00 Coats for $7.50; $12.00 Coats for $9.00; $15.00 Coats for $11.75.

And the showing is very large, embracing Coats for children of all ages. The materials are the best and the shades represent all that is new for the season. Choose now and get first choice, for they will sell quickly at this remarkable reduction.

Dress Skirts Half Price

A clearing of Ladies' Skirts, made of Serges, Panamas and Voiles—all splendid quality material and well made; not all this season's, but good styles. On sale at JUST HALF PRICE—

$5.00 Skirts for $2.50
$6.00 Skirts for $3.00
$7.50 Skirts for $3.75

FURS Half Price

Clearing Out Our Entire Stock At This 50 p.c. Reduction

Probably never in the history of this Store has there been a greaer or more sweeping sale of high class Furs. Every piece of Fur in our collection offered a just half the usual price. The showing embraces sylish Muffs, Stoles, Caperines, etc., in fine qualities of MINK MARMOT, THIBET, COON, RAT, NORTHERN SABLE and STONE MARTEN. Occasionally such bargains as these can be picked up at the end of the season, but rarely in the month of January. Come in and see them; there are dozens of surprising bargains awaiting you.

Silk Curtains That were $10 and $12 $3.95

Fourteen pairs only of part Silk Casement Curtains in five pretty designs, fringed and brush edging effects, originally sold at $10 and $12. Your choice $3.95

Model Drapes Half Price

If you have been in our Drapery Department this season you have seen and no doubt admired those pretty model drapes, displayed there. These are the Drapes we place on sale at Half Price. There are Seven Drapes but only one of a kind, made up of American Repps, Art Chintz, Cretonnes and Veltours, all nicely trimmed with galloons and gimps to match. The materials from which they were made are all sold, therefore the drastic reductions. Length, 2 yards, width 51 inches.

1 $5.00 Drape for $2.50
1 $7.00 Drape for $3.50
1 $9.00 Drape for $4.50
1 $8.00 Drape for $4.00
1 $10 Drape for $5.00
1 $12 Drape for $6.00

Madras Curtains Half Price

This is an extra special offering and embraces all our plain and colored Madras Curtains. They are very suitable for any room in the home and can be used as a casement curtain if desired—standard sizes, 50 inches by 3½ yards long. The lot also includes some pretty white and colored Muslin drapes. Our range at the various prices is broken, therefore we will clear them out at JUST HALF PRICE.

Chintzes and Cretonnes, 15c yd.

36 inches wide and all desirable patterns, suitable for Draperies, Box Covers, Furniture Slip-overs, Cushions, etc. All new but not a large quantity of every pattern. Regular 30c. and 35c. yard. Your choice 15c. yard.

25 p.c. Discount Off Odd Curtains

Odd pairs, some slightly soiled, only one pair of a kind, in Nottinghams, Swiss Nets, Voiles, Marquisettes, Brussels Net, etc. Regular prices, $1.25 to $10.00, with 25 per cent. off during this month.

MEN'S SUITS ON SALE

$15.00 and $16.50 Values Clearing at $10.95

Stock taking has revealed a quantity of High Suits which we are desirous of clearing out before the final inventory at the end of the month. They are odd lines of suits, not being all sizes in any one pattern, but the lot represents a complete range of sizes from 36 to 42. All excellent values at the regular prices, in greys, or brown English tweed mixtures. Owing to the increased cost of clothing materials and trimmings, we consider this an excellent opportunity to procure a first class Suit at a bargain—$10.95. (See window)

20 per cent Discount off all Uphostery Work Charges If You Place Your Order This Week

The RITCHIE Company Limited

Sale of Furniture Coverings

COVERINGS worth 75c, $1, $1.25 and $1.50 yd. for 50c yard	COVERINGS worth $2.00, $2.25, $2.50 & $3.00 for $1.50 yd.

HOCKEY

The game between Belleville Intermediates and the Aberdeens of Ottawa, that was expected would be played to-night, has been called off.

DEFAULTED GAMES

On account of military and other reasons, the 33rd Battery team of Kingston, in the O.H.A. intermediate series, have defaulted their remaining games.

ICE RACING

A great deal of interest has been aroused in local circles over the performances of Paddy R., a former Shannonville horse, who beat the world's ice record in Toronto a short time ago, and Dayspring, owned by W. Parks of Belleville, who in turn beat that record in Montreal on Friday. These two horses met in Toronto and each won two heats and the race was laid over until the following day, Paddy R. winning out. They are expected to meet again in Ottawa during the coming week and an exciting race is anticipated. Both horses have their supporters but Dayspring is generally conceded to be the better horse. This may prove to be only loyalty to a local horse and only time will tell.

Have the Intelligencer sent to your Home Address

SEPARATE SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until 4.00 P.M., on Tuesday, February 15, 1916, for the supply of: "Brooms and Brushes," "Chain", "Coal", "Hardware", "Hose", "Oils and Greases", "Packing", "Paint and Paint Oils", "Manilla Rope", "Wire Rope" and "Steam Pipe, Valves and Fittings," for the requirements of the Departmental Dredging Plant in Ontario and Quebec during the fiscal year 1916-1917.

Each tender must be sent in a separate envelope and endorsed: "Tender for Hardware, Ontario and Quebec", "Tender for Chain, Ontario and Quebec," etc., etc., as the case may be.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures. These forms can be obtained at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, for amount stated in form of tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the contract. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, January 21, 1916.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.—90556.

j24-3td

NOTICE

For any shortage of pressure in gas service call the office—phone 69.

4,26,29

Chocolate Confectionery Made This Week

Chocolate Pecan Bon-Bons Maple & Vanilla, 50c lb.
Cream Walnut Chocolates, Maple & Vanilla, 40c lb.
Chocolate Cherry Caramels, - - 25c lb.
Chocolate Walnut Caramels, - - 30c lb.
Cream Chocolate Caramels, - - 40c lb.
Chocolate Raisins, 50c lb.

These are Splendid Goods and Splendid Values.

Chas. S. Clapp

Those who have a severe cold in the head realize acutely that the January thaw was with us.

As the days lengthen the cold strengthens—and the coal bin evaporates.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED — ATTENDANTS. APPLY Ontario School for the Deaf. j19-tf

WANTED—MIDDLE AGED WOMAN FOR housekeeper. Apply 76 Station St. 1t

WANTED—LADY BOOKKEEPER FOR OFfice. Apply by letter, stating experience and salary. Box "K" Intelligencer Office. 24-4td

WANTED—SMART INTELLIGENT GIRLS to learn Shirt-making. Apply Deacon Shirt Company. 24-6td

WANTED—MAID FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. No washing. Apply Mrs. J. W. Johnson, 153 Victoria Ave. 1t

TO RENT

TO RENT, RESIDENCE, No. 221 CHARLES St.; contains all modern conveniences. Apply at The Intelligencer Office. a23-tf

TO LET, THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the Bank of Commerce, and also rooms in the same block and the Robertson Block, suitable for offices and apartments. S. S. Lazier. j17-dtf

TO LET — COMFORTABLE ROOM AND board for one or two in private family, very central. Box 'O' Intelligencer. 24-4t

WANTED

WANTED—TO RENT, PIANO FOR ABOUT two months. Apply R. Snelson, 80th Battalion. 22-4td

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED — YOUNG MAN AS STENOgrapher. Apply by telephone 294 during day, or 16 Catherine St., evenings. 22-4td

WANTED—FIRST CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill and Planer hands, Toolmakers. Good wages. Steady work. Canadian Westinghouse Company, Limited, Hamilton, Ont. d—j27

LOST

LOST—SATURDAY MORNING, PROBABLY on market, small open-faced silver watch, with black silk fob attached. Finder kindly leave at Intelligencer Office. 24-1t,1&w

CURLING

At Belleville curling rink to-morrow afternoon and evening, a competition will take place between rinks for the district cup. Two rinks from the following clubs will compete: Belleville, Hastings, Picton, Cobourg, Colborne and Compbellford.

THE WEATHER.

Light rain to-night.
Wednesday, northwest winds, becoming colder with light snow falls or flurries.

The Daily Intelligencer.

ESTABLISHED 1858
58 years continuous business is a guarantee for square dealing, best values and lowest prices.
FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Office Phone 2 Night Phones 260 & 635

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 81 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, TUESDAY, JANUARY 25, 1916. No. 22

GERMANS MAKE VIOLENT ATTACK ON WEST FRONT

French and Belgians Repulse Strongest Attack Huns Are Able To Lunge—Regain All Lost Ground

GERMANS MAKE GREAT CLAIM OF VICTORY

Official Reports Say Claims Are Falsified—French and Belgians Hold All Ground Gained

PARIS, Jan. 24.—An extremely violent bombardment by the Germans of the Belgian line at the mouth of the Yser was reported tonight by the War Office. No less than 20,000 shells were expended by the German batteries in an attempt to smash the Belgian defences.

Final reports of the action had not reached the War Office at the hour when the midnight communique was issued. First reports stated that the German infantry attempted to debouch from their trenches, but the attack was broken up by the fire from the Franco-Belgian batteries.

This activity, coupled with reports of an action farther south along the Yser Canal, indicates preparations for a new effort to press through, with Calais as the objective. At Hetsas some German detachments tried to cross the canal, but the Belgian and French infantry, backed by the fire of the machine guns and artillery, repulsed the attackers.

A TERRIFIC BOMBARDMENT.

Paris, Jan. 24.—The following official communication was issued by the War Office tonight:

"In Belgium, near the mouth of the Yser, in the region of Nieuport, the enemy carried out an extremely violent bombardment, in the course of which he fired not less than twenty thousand shells, according to our first reports.

"The German infantry attempted in vain to attack, but was prevented by our curtain of fire, and was not able to set out from his trenches, with the exception of a few groups, which our fire immediately dispersed.

BIG ALCOHOL ORDER BY THE FRENCH

Taken in 100-Pound Lots For Artillery Use

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 24.—A $1,000,000 plant of the United States Alcohol Company, now under construction at Curtiss Bay, upon its completion in the latter part of March, will be operated principally in the output of a $25,000,000 order for an alcohol product for the French Government. Subsidiary plants controlled by the company must be pressed into service in order to fill the order in time.

That the deal has been consummated through the banking agency of J. P. Morgan & Son became known today.

The distillery, which is, or will be, one of the largest in the country, recently closed a deal for 120,000,000 pounds of alcohol product. The preparation, it is said, is used in 100-pound lots for the firing of the large French artillery pieces.

◆

Brighton Force Steadily Grows

BRIGHTON, Jan. 24.—A squad of 27 men of the 139th Battalion are now drilling in Brighton. Since the beginning of the war, Brighton has enlisted about one in every twenty-seven of population, besides subscribing generously to the Patriotic fund, Red Cross and other patriotic schemes.

This year a movement was organized to raise a war fund to cover all a guaranteed income of $600 a month for all purposes. From this income will be paid a regular monthly sum to the Canadian Patriotic Fund, the Red Cross, and the Women's Institute.

◆

Motor Expedition For Mesopotamia

MILAN, Jan. 24.—According to news received here from Constantinople, the Germans plan to organize a gigantic motor expedition to Mesopotamia, sending a large army composed of Turks and Bulgarians commanded by German and Austrian officers to attack the British forces which are threatening Bagdad.

All the motor cars available in Constantinople are being concentrated, and the army is being formed from troops released at the Dardanelles and new levies from Syria.

The expedition will be conducted on the same scale as the invasion of Belgium. Three thousand motor cars will be employed.

Quantities of floating mines will be set adrift in the Tigris, and submarines sent forward in parts will be assembled and launched for the destruction of the British transports and gunboats in the Tigris.

Why Save Only Irish Babies

LONDON, Jan. 24—Commenting on the Washington report that Lord and Lady Aberdeen announce that they are going to tour the United States for the purpose of raising $50,000 to save the lives of Irish babies, among whom the mortality owing to lack of necessaries and general conditions of war is very great, the Liberal Star says:

"This reads like another war baby myth. Ireland is no more distressed by the war than England. On the contrary, as an agricultural country, she has been doing uncommonly well, and in any case one would like to know what authority Lord and Lady Aberdeen have for appointing themselves beggars extraordinary to America."

◆

C. S. HYMAN'S HOME ROBBED OF JEWELRY

Nearly Six Thousand Dollars Worth was Taken by Burglars

LONDON, Ont., Jan. 24.—"Idlewilde" on Grand avenue, the residence of Hon. C. S. Hyman, president of the Hyman Tanning Co., Limited, and ex-minister of public works in the Dominion Cabinet, was burglarized some time last night between 8 and 11.30 with a loss of nearly $60,000 in jewelry and $155 in gold.

Mr. Hyman was out at the time, Mrs. Hyman being in the house alone with the servants. An upstairs window had been forced open and a jimmy was found by the detectives.

Among the jewels stolen were two diamond rings valued at $500 belonging to Mrs. Hyman and a $500 diamond solitaire belonging to Mr. Hyman.

◆

The average girl finds it much easier to acquire a marriage certificate than a college diploma.

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIANS

OTTAWA, Jan. 24.—The midnight list of casualties is as follows:

10TH BATTALION.
Wounded—J. Swain, Pense, Sask.
16TH BATTALION.
Wounded—Sergt. H. W. R. Gemmel, Winnipeg.
Slightly wounded — J. Alexander, Regina, Sask.
21ST BATTALION.
Died of wounds—E. H. B. Cambridge, Toronto.
Wounded — Corp. J. Grieve, Cobourg, Ont.; A. C. Whitby, Toronto.
22ND BATTALION.
Wounded—T. Depault, Upton, Que. A. Bigras, Montreal.
25TH BATTALION.
Killed in action—Company Sergt.-Major W. R. MacLeod, Bridgetown, N.S.
Wounded—Sergt. H. Yates, Sydney Mines, N.S.; E. J. Parkes, Halifax, N.S.
Suffering from shell shock—Sergt. J. F. Henry, Halifax, N.S.
Wounded seriously—G. L. Atwood, Dartmouth, N.S.
28TH BATTALION.
Dangerously wounded—Sergt. L. R. Duff, Toronto.
36TH BATTALION.
Died—S. Bottomley, Stratford, Ont.
42ND BATTALION.
Slightly wounded—T. P. Dunwoodie, Montreal.
NO. 3 GENERAL HOSPITAL.
Died—Lieut.-Col. H. B. Yates, England.

CANADIAN PRISONERS.

London, Jan. 24.—The following are now definitely located as prisoners at Muenster:—No. 61,272, Raphael Neward; 73,322, Bousher; 76,227, Nelson; 63,207; Corp. Cody. Unfortunately there is no further news of Corp. Stetham (1,403), missing after Langemarck, who was originally returned as a prisoner.

British And Russ Nearly Together

Ten Days Would Make Forces Meet If No Mishaps Occur—Turks Being Beaten Back

BOUND TO HAVE HARD FIGHT

But Will Be Happy Day When Two Forces Meet—Will Encircle Turks and Assure Victory

PETROGRAD, Jan. 24.—The Russian troops in western Persia are now so near to the British force at Kut-el-Amara that if there were no difficulties in the way it might be possible in Mesopotamia before spring and eftance, but the way lies through a mountainous country, and it does not seem possible to hope that the Russians and British will meet soon, for obviously there is a good deal of fighting still to be done.

Foe Fails in Pass

The Germans, with the Turks and their Persian sympathizers, are doing their utmost to keep the wedge between the Russians and Gen. Aylmer's forces. They have mustered energy for an attack at Kandelan Pass which has been repelled. Now in addition to the bands which have fled westward from Hamadan to Kermanshah they have secured the aid of the tribes of Luristan, a little province which lies just south of the Hamadan-Kermanshah road.

News has been received in Teheran that Nizame Sultaneh, Governor of Luristan, who had formed at the instance of the Persian oGvernment an armed force to put down brigandage among the Lurs, has gone over with his force to our enemy, but there is every reason to believe his resistance will be overcome and the British and Russian forces will at last join forces in Mesopotamia before srping and effectively bar the way of the Turks and the Germans to southern Persia. The complete and thorough collapse of the third Turkish army before Erzerum is another factor that greatly hinders the situation in Asiatic Turkey. It will be a happy day when the British and Russian forces begin to fight side by side, and it ought to contribute to a better understanding of Britain in Russia.

A Hard Fight Yet

The Times notes that the Turks appear to have stopped the Russian advance in this district, and it fears a Russian setback if Turkish reports of the retaking of Assadabad from the Russians are correct, as this would threaten the Russian occupation of Hamadan from more than one direction.

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SULTAN'S YATCH TORPEDOED BY FRENCH

German General Reported to be Aboard Yatch at Time

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 25.—An Athens despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co. says the Sultan's yacht the Erthogroat was torpedoed and badly damaged in the Bosphorus by a French submarine last month.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—A news agency despatch from Contantinople says that Marshall von der Joltz was aboard the Sultan's yacht when she was torpedoed and that he was on his way to command the Turkish army at Bagdad. Another despatch says he had been appointed to command the Turkish army in the Caucasuas.

◆

Board—French gentleman desires room and breakfast or board with German family to have opportunity of speaking German.—Ad in Chicago Tribune.

Judge Carman Dies Suddenly

Former Belleville Man Stricken With Heart Failure at St. Kitts

ST. CATHARINES, Jan. 24.—While awaiting the arrival of a street car this afternoon, Robert Baldwin Carman, County Judge of Lincoln, was stricken with an attack of heart failure. He was carried into the Niagara, St. Catharines & Toronto Railway office, where he breathed his last in a few moments.

Judge Carman had presided at the County Court to-day, continuing until 2.15, going afterwards to his home for lunch, after arranging an appointment with Mr. Cummings of the law firm of Ingersoll & Kingstone for a trip to Merriton. He was conversing with Mr. Cummings when the summons came, falling with a word on his lips.

He was born in Iroquois, Ont., in 1843. In 1872 he married Miss Cecilia Hulet, who survives him. In 1879 he was appointed Deputy Judge of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry, and in 1883 he became Junior Judge, with residence at Cornwall.

In 1900 he was appointed County Judge of Lincoln, removing to St. Catharines, and four years later accepted the additional duties of local Master-in-Chancery. He was a veteran of the Fenian Raid of 1866.

Two brothers and one sister survive: Rev. A. Carman, D.D., General Superintendent of Methodist church for many years; Dr. Philip Carman, Sirdar, B.C., and Mrs. Allan Redmond, Iroquois.

◆

Serbian Monarch Safe in Italy

Aeroplanes Drop Bombs on Dunkirk—Cargo Confiscated

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, Jan. 25.—King Nicholas, of Montenegro, with the members of his family and his staff arrived in Lyons last night.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 25.—A British official report from Dunkirk states that two aeroplanes dropped bombs on Dunkirk about six o'clock this morning. It is added that a German seaplane was forced to the water by a British machine northeast of Nieuport about eight o'clock this morning.

(Canadian Press Special)

LONDON, Jan. 25.—A statement given out today by the British Press Bureau says that among the cargo found aboard the Swedish steamship Urna, from New York to Gothenburg, and Copenhagen, are goods described on the bill of lading as fifteen cases of hammers sent from the United States to the Danish forwarding agent. They were found on examination to consist of fifteen cases, each containing bags of copper, brass and apparently aluminum filings and turnings. The consignee does not know for whom the alleged hammers are intended and the goods have been placed in the prize court.

◆

BRITISH SHIP SINKS IN MIDDLE ATLANTIC

HALIFAX, N.S., Jan. 24.—After a battle with the elements lasting more than a week the British steamer Pollentia sank in mid-Atlantic tonight. All on board were saved. News of her loss was flashed here by wireless from the Italian liner Guiseppi Verdi, which rescued the crew.

To-night, shortly after dark, the men aboard, alarmed at the rapid filling of the disabled ship, flashed signals to the Verdi, whose boats immediately responded.

A high sea was running, and the men manning the Verdi's boats were able to reach the Britisher only after a hard struggle.

When all were at last safely aboard the Verdi the Pollentia, which had been left wallowing in the trough of the sea, was seen to give a violent lurch and then disappear beneath the waves.

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Former I.T.U. Leader Dies

(Canadian Press Special)

CHICAGO, Jan. 25.—W. B. Prescott, former president of the International Typographical Union died to-day. He was born in Toronto sixty-three years ago.

Germans Make Attack on French

Heavy Attack Launched on Lines Near Arras—1,500 Yard Front Bombarded

NO GAIN MADE BY ENEMY

Expelled From Every Position Gained Within a Few Hours—Impenetrable Front on West

(Canadian Press Special)

PARIS, Jan. 25.—Afternoon statement in Belgium last night the German and French artillery branches continued to demonstrate their activity in the region of Nieuport. Further details confirm previous reports that the attack of the enemy delivered yesterday near the mouth of the Ysper river was checked by the fire of our guns, the Germans were unable to come out except at a single point where several groups were successful in penetrating into our first line of trenches. They were, however, immediately driven out after very spirited fighting.

These caused the Germans perceptible losses. In the Artois section a movement on the part of the enemy yesterday against our positions east of Neuvelle at Vaast which really in complete failed was resumed in the end of the day in greater strength. After a further series of explosions the mines, accompanied by very violent bombardment the Germans delivered an attack along a front of 1,500 yards, in an angle made by roadway from Arras to Lenze with the road from Neuville St. Vaast to the Loos. They were driven back to their lines by our fire. At two points where our trenches had been shattered by mine explosions they were successful in occupying certain craters but from most of these they were almost immediately expelled.

◆

French Drop Bombs on Metz

PARIS, Jan. 24.—In the official report to-night occurs the following:—

"On January 23 two of our groups of aeroplanes, comprising twenty-four machines, bombarded the railway stations and barracks at Metz. One hundred and thirty bombs were launched against the objects designated. The bombarding aeroplanes were escorted by two protecting squadrons, the pilots of which during the trip engaged in ten combats with Fokkers and Aviatiks.

"Our aeroplanes were violently cannonaded along the whole of their course, but returned undamaged, except one only, which was obliged to make a landing to the southeast of Metz."

CITY OF SCUTARI FALLS TO THE AUSTRIAN ENEMY

Serbs Retire to the South With All Arms—No Peace in Sight Yet For Montenegro

AUSTRIANS CLAIM IMPORTANT VICTORY

News of Scutari's Occupation Taken in London as Confirmation Of Statement That no Seperate Peace Negotiations Are Proceeding

LONDON, Jan. 21.—The Austrian occupation of Scutari appears to confirm previous statements that no negotiations are now proceeding between Austria and Montenegro, as according to the reports concerning the original Austrian offers of peace it was understood that the Montenegrins were to hold Scutari as compensation for Austria's occupation of Mount Lovcen.

Telegrams from Vienna assert that no negotiations are possible until the Montenegrins have surrendered their arms, but the situation is so obscure that Lord Robert Cecil, Parliamentary Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, had to admit in the House of Commons to-day that the Government had no actual knowledge of the present state of affairs.

DESPERATE BATTLE.

The occupation of Scutari, according to Italian reports, followed a desperate battle that had been raging for the last two days, the Montenegrins making their final violent resistance on the Tarabosch Mountains before Scutari. However, as they must have had but little artillery, most of their guns having been previously captured by the Austrians, they virtually had no means of making an effective resistance. The Austrians in their invasion are now in possession of all the ports and towns of Montenegro and in addition the most important trading towns of Albania.

Most of the Berlin newspapers discuss editorially this morning that the Montenegro peace move was merely a ruse to obtain time to improve the military position. These reports have been received here from Italian sources and the newspapers without exception refuse to give credence to them.

AUSTRIA'S OFFICIAL REPORT

The text of the Austrian statement follows:

"Scutari has been occupied by Austro-Hungarian troops. Several thousand Serbians who formed the garrison retired towards the south without resistance.

"Austro-Hungarians also have occupied Niksic, Danilograd and Podgoritza.

"The disarming of the country has been carried on up to the present without friction. At several places the Montenegrins have not even waited until the Austro-Hungarians appeared but have laid down their arms before the arrival of the troops in order to return to their homes. At other places a majority of those disarmed prefer internment to being sent home.

"The population generally has received our troops in a friendly manner and in some instances with ceremony. Riots such as occurred at Podgoritza ceased as soon as the first Austro-Hungarian detachment appeared."

Disastrous Fire At Port Hope

PORT HOPE, Jan. 24.—The bake shop and residence of Mr. Albert Hugh, Sullivan St., was almost totally destroyed by fire about 8.30 o'clock this morning.

In the bake shop four tons of flour, the electric motor, about four hundred loaves of bread and nearly all the equipment was a total loss.

Mr. Hugh has an insurance of $1,000 but this will not nearly cover his loss.

IMPORTANT MEETING OF CITY COUNCIL

Many Matters Brought Up and Discussed Before Civic Body—Duties of City Engineer And Assessor to be Inquired Into

The City Council met in regular session last evening, the members present being: Mayor Ketcheson, Aldermen St. Charles, Whalen, Smith, Woodley, Deacon, Duckworth, Earle and Platt.

During the session some matters of more or less importance were disposed of. Committees were appointed to look into the work being performed at present by the city engineer and also to look into the work of the assessor. The question of interswitching was spoken of, also the matter of the building of a C.P.R. freight shed and its probable location. Ald. Deacon suggested that an effort be made to have the rolling mills again in operation.

After the reading and confirming of the minutes of the inaugural meeting a deputation from the Belleville Poultry Association was heard.

Mr. Wm. Thomson explained the object of the visit of the deputation to the Council. The Poultry Association had recently held their fourth annual exhibit. The Association appeared before the Council and asked for a grant of $100. The prize list was increasing and in consequence more money was necessary to pay same.

Mr. J. V. Truiasch said the Association this year had to purchase more coops and the outlay was greater in consequence this year.

Mayor Ketcheson informed the deputation that the Council would consider favorably the request made and deal with the matter as liberally as possible.

Ald. Woodley said the matter would be considered by the Executive Committee.

The Council was thanked for hearing the deputation.

On motion the council went into committee of the whole on reports, communications, etc.; Ald. Whalen in the chair.

The reports of the various Civic Committees recommending the payments of a number of accounts were adopted.

The following recommendation was adopted: that the treasurer be authorized to deduct the amount of $84.00 per month from the contract price paid to McCoy Bros. for the supplying of horses and drivers to the fire department, as the drivers are now paid by the city.

Communications

Mr. T. Hogan wrote the Council that he would clean out the Grier street drain for $3.—Referred to Public Works Committee.

A communication was received asking the Council to remit the Provincial war tax levy.

The officers of the 80th Battalion asked permission to flood a rink near the Armouries twice a week without having to pay for the water.

On motion the request was unanimously granted.

A statement was presented by Mr. W. H. Patterson re extra work done on the Victoria Avenue pavement, and asking the Council to grant him 80 per cent. of the money.—Referred to the Executive Committee.

The committee rose and reported. The report was received and adopted.

Inquiries

Ald. Smith—Can the waste of water be avoided at the tank. It was overflowing.

Ald. Deacon—This was the first intimation he had of a leakage, and he would have same attended to.

Ald. Woodley—It is caused by the tank overflowing, which can be stopped at the pumphouse.

Ald. Platt—As this is to be a year of economy, is it necessary to keep the city engineer engaged at present? Was he busy at the present time?

Mayor Ketcheson—The city engineer is engaged in making a map for assessment purpose and some sewer work has to be done, also some contracts to be settled.

Ald. Woodley said he could not say at present that the services of the engineer could be dispensed with.

Ald. Duckworth said he could not see what necessity there was for two men being engaged now and it was a matter the Council should investigate.

Mayor Ketcheson—Find out what the city engineer has to do and report at the next committee meeting.

Ald. Earle said he had heard that the city engineer did private business as well as the city work.

Ald. Deacon said that the city engineer was manager of the water works department and only a paltry salary of $300 per year was paid him for this service. He thought that one man could be manager of the water works and gas department. He could never see why the city engineer

Continued on Page Two.

LAST WEEK Of Our Stock-Taking Sale

IMMENSE BARGAINS OFFERED FOR THIS WEEK'S SELLING.

Dress Goods Remnants on sale at Cut Prices.	
Remnants of Table Linens—Half Price.	
14 quart Granite Dish Pans on sale	25c.
12 quart Granite Dish Pans, sale	19c.
A few Ladies' Winter Coats, one-third off.	
Ladies' Silk Blouses on sale	$1.19
Ladies' all over Aprons, colored and white, on sale	25c.
A full line of Ladies' Cashmere Hose, on sale	25c, 35c, 50c.
Hundreds of bargains in many lines at Stock-taking prices.	

WEEK OF BIG BARGAINS.

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

SPECIAL BOOT BARGAINS

Marked Regardless of Cost to Clear Before Stock-Taking.

WOMEN'S GYPSY BOOTS, in Kid, Midnight Blue and Velvet; Patent and Gun Metal Laced and Buttoned, Plain Toe, or Tipped Mat or Cloth Top, all sizes. Regular $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00.

Clearing **$2.98**

MEN'S TAN and GUN METAL LACED and BUTTONED BOOTS, English or Nobby Toes, all sizes. Regular $5.00 and $6.00 values.

Clearing **$3.45**

ADAMS The Shoeman

HOCKEY STICKS

NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.

AUTOMOBILE SKATES

Made in Canada

Have you seen the New Ones?
Stronger and Lighter than ever

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO.
LET US DO YOUR PLUMBING

Raise Your Family

on our bread in the name of good health and every sanitary precaution. Our bakery is a model and our quality standard unapproached when it comes to bread baking. Sit down to the table with that eagerness which those who have sampled our bread and know that it is on the table awaiting them.

Yerex's Bakery
Phone 787
68 Sinclair St. Belleville

The Standard Bank of Canada.

Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.

GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.
Toronto, 28th December, 1915.

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch . . . **JOHN ELLIOTT** . . . Manager

Montreal, Jan. 24.—At three o'clock this afternoon the C.P.R. said that the liner Pomeranian was returning to Queenstown, Ireland, because of a slight trouble with her engines. The trouble was very slight, it was said.

London, Jan. 24.—Official returns show the emigration last year was the lowest on record. The Canadian figures for 1915 were 16,755, and for 1914, 73,570. In point of fact, there was no emigration at all, arrivals of British subjects from the Dominion and elsewhere actually exceeding departures by fifteen thousand.

"La Grippe" being no respecter of persons, has attacked His Majesty's Superior Court in Montreal. Acting Chief Justice Archibald, Justices Dunlop, Fortin, Mercier, Weir and Marechal were all absent this morning. The executive staff of the court house are not escaping the present epidemic, while the ranks of the lawyers are sadly depleted.

IN and ABOUT THE CITY

HAIR PINS FOUND

Two cards of bone hair pins picked up upon the street are at the police station awaiting an owner.

PAID HIS FINE

Frank Sullivan arrested on a charge of drunkenness this morning before Magistrate, pleaded guilty and was fined $3 which he paid.

A CIVIL CASE

A civil case was being tried this afternoon before his Honor Judge Deroche. The point in dispute was some lumber lands in the Northern part of the county.

A LIVELY RUNAWAY

A horse attached to a delivery wagon ran away in West Belleville, yesterday, but no particular damage was done. The animal belonged to Mr. J. W. Walker, and in its mad career, was somewhat injured.

REMANDED TO JAIL

Albert Premo on a charge of assaulting Rose Lambert and Thomas Martin on a charge of stealing a pair of boots the property of George Babcock, were this morning by Magistrate Masson, remanded to jail for a week as the Crown was not prepared to proceed with the case.

MATCH POSTPONED

The curling match scheduled to take place in Belleville today between several rinks in this district for the possession of the district cup had to be postponed, as the ice was not in a condition to play upon. Weather permitting, the match will take place on Thursday.

FOUR ENLIST FROM SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF

The four following employees of the School for the Deaf have gone into military service:—H. L. Ingram and T. A. Pratt are at the Officers' Training School, Kingston. Mr. Ingram has been with the School for the Deaf fifteen years and Mr. Pratt, five years.

Fred White is attached to the 33rd Battery and M. P. Parks has joined the 155th Battalion Band.

FELL DOWN STAIRS

Mr. John Huddleston, who resides in this city, was yesterday afternoon the victim of an accident, which fortunately was not of a serious nature. He was engaged in carrying a bag of coal up a stairway in the east Robertson Block, Front street, when he slipped and fell for some distance. At first it was feared he was seriously injured, and the ambulance was called to remove the victim to the hospital. Upon examination it was ascertained no bones were broken, but that Huddleston had hurt his back. He will be laid up for some days.

...RANDAL CRONK'S FUNERAL...

TRENTON, Jan. 24.—(Special.)—The funeral of Randal Cronk, who died of pneumonia at the age of sixty-four, was attended by the soldiers in training here for overseas, out of respect to one of his sons, who belongs to the Highlanders of Toronto. Mr. Cronk was born in Prince Edward county, the grandson of Mathias Cronk, one of the first United Empire Loyalist settlers there. Coming to Trenton a young man, he married Miss M. Scott, belonging to one of the oldest families, who survives, with three sons and four daughters, besides the mother and one sister of the deceased. Mr. Cronk was an active member of the Board of Education for twenty years, a staunch Liberal, and a member of the Masons, Workmen, Independent Foresters and Order of Home Circles.

CROSS AND CROWN — A COINCIDENCE

Colonel Archibald Ponton organized the XVth Argyll Light Infantry in 1862 and was the first commanding officer of the regiment. His grandson, Maitland Ponton, (son of the Adjutant of the Midland Battalion and was wounded in France in November, partly paralzed, and shipped to England on the ill fated Hospital ship "Anglia" which was sunk by the Germans in the Channel and he and 86 other wounded officers, men and nursing sisters, were drowned. Colonel A. A. Campbell was the second commanding officer of the XVth and his grandson, Kenneth Taylor Campbell, (son of Frank S. Campbell and of Mrs. Jennie Campbell, of Aurora) has just been awarded the British Military Cross for the gallantry he done in the field Kenneth Campbell is also the grandson of Sheriff George Taylor, so is doubly a Belleville boy. Thus the two grandsons of the two first colonels have in this war, won two undying honours, the one his cross and crown of immortality, the other the cross of his king.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

The numerous friends in Belleville and elsewhere will be deeply grieved to hear of the sudden death of Judge Carman, a former evidently of this city.

OXO CUBES in hot milk

a strengthening food for delicate and growing children.

A CUBE TO A CUPFUL

Tins of 4, 10, 50 and 100 Cubes

IMPORTANT MEETING OF CITY COUNCIL

(Continued from page 1)

should be manager of the water works department.

The matter was allowed to lay in abeyance until the order of motions was reached.

Ald. Deacon—The coroner's jury in the recent fatal accident at the G. T. R. Canifton crossing, in their verdict stated the bill boards near the track were a menace to the travelling public. Could they not be removed, or have the city no authority to do so?

Ald. Whalen—The bill boards in question are on private property. He would like to have the jury's verdict sent to the Board of Railway Commissioners.

Ald. Deacon—The Rolling Mills have been closed up for a year and a half. Could not something be done to get the mills reopened.

Mayor Ketcheson—The horse shoe department is running. It might be of use to write to headquarters at Hamilton to see if the mills would resume work and he would do so.

Introduction of Bylaws

Ald. Woodley introduced a bylaw to authorize the borrowing of $75,000 for current expenditure for the year.

After the bylaw had been read a first time the Council went into committee of the whole on bylaws; Ald. Earle in the chair.

The bylaw was passed through its various stages and numbered 2010.

Motions

Moved by Ald. St. Charles, seconded by Ald. Earle, that the city clerk be requested to write the different manufacturers of fire hose and get prices and submit same at next committee meeting of the Council.—Carried.

Ald. Whalen moved, seconded by Ald. Smith, that the Council request the Board of Health to have the lane in rear of the Tabernacle church placed in a sanitary condition, also that the board walk be replaced.

The mover spoke in support of motion, stating at present the lane was in an unsanitary condition.

Ald. Platt—Could not this matter be left with the city engineer, as the walk would have to be attended to by him.

Ald. Woodley thought it would be a good plan to have a roadway through there. Ex-Mayor Wills at one time offered to give a piece of land for a roadway, but some other land necessary to complete the road was not secured because an exorbitant price was asked for it.

The motion carried.

Ald. Woodley moved, seconded by Ald. Smith, that the treasurer be authorized to remit to the Provincial Treasurer the war tax which the city was liable for.—Carried.

Ald. Deacon moved, seconded by Ald. Smith, that the opinion of the city solicitor be secured to ascertain if the bill boards near the G. T. R. Canifton crossing, reported as a menace, can legally be removed, and if so steps be taken by the Public Works Committee.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Duckworth, seconded by Ald. Earle, that the chairman of water works, the chairman of public works and the mover be a committee to ascertain if the services of the city engineer is required at present and to report at next committee meeting.

Moved by Ald. Smith, seconded by Ald. Woodley, that the Provincial Government be memoralized to amend the Act whereby municipalities making patriotic grants may issue debentures for a period of 20 years instead of 10 at present.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Smith, seconded by Ald. Platt, that the chairman of market and city property, the chairman of public works, the chairman of light and the chairman of printing and stationary be a committee to investigate complaints made in regard to the assessment, to consider the feasibility of improving the city assessment if found advisable and report to the Council.—Carried.

Unfinished Business

Under this head Ald. Duckworth said there was great difficulty in securing a suitable carters' stand. He thought some arrangement might be made with the market leasee, where a portion of the market square might be utilized.

Ald. Deacon—We might have different stands in the city where two or three carters could stand.

The matter was left in abeyance.

Auditors' Report

Ald. Woodley said it was impossible for him to get any satisfaction from the two city auditors who were engaged last year. They have not completed their work, and state they had been unable to get certain information from the city treasurer.

Mayor Ketcheson—One of them stated to him (the speaker) there had been difficulty in getting some information from the treasurer. At the committee meeting it might be possible to have the auditors presen explain matters.

C.P.R. Freight Shed

Ald. Deacon thought the Co

Continued on Page Eight.

$4 Saved Two Fingers

The fingers were those of Mr. J. W. Besnard, of 539 Craig St. E., Montreal. He says, —"A falling beam badly smashed my hand. Two fingers were so severely crushed that the doctors said they would have to be amputated. Naturally I didn't want this, so decided to try Zam-Buk first. I applied Zam-Buk daily, and by the time I had used $4 worth, the injury was completely healed. My fingers were saved!"

Just another illustration of the healing power of Zam-Buk. Accidents will happen. It may be your turn next. Better get a box and keep it handy. Accidents are less frequent than skin diseases, and remember this—

Zam-Buk is just as good for eczema, ulcers, skin diseases, and piles, as for cuts, burns, bruises.

All druggists and stores 50c. box, or 3 for $1.25. Refuse substitutes.

ZAM-BUK

DAVIES

Corn, Peas, Tomatoes, 3 cans, 25c
Finest Pickled Pork, 18c lb.
Finest Pickled Shoulders 15c lb.
Davies' Cherry Cake .22c lb.

Try Our Saturday Special Chocolates 33c

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

When in Eye Trouble Don't Take Chances

There's an eye-glass house long established — with a wide experience — and an unquestionable reputation—up to date in all respects

Where you can be SURE of good service at a reasonable price.

Our Reputation for Accuracy & Reliability

has been established by over 20 years' square dealing in this community at

Angus McFee's

Comb Honey

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

1000 Sections of delicious
COMB HONEY.
At Reasonable Prices

Dark Buckwheat Honey,	15c per section $1.70 per dozen
No. 1 White Honey,	20c per section $2.25 per dozen
Pure Cream Lucca Italian OLIVE OIL	Quart Tins 75c
Boned Chicken, tins 25c & 40c	

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

CITY AND VICINITY

Dr. Dorner, Osteopathic Physician, 28 Victoria Ave., Phone 73.

Ladies of St. Michael's Church intend holding Social Evening in St. Michael's Academy January 27. Cards 8 to 11. Refreshments. Dancing 11 till 1. Ladies 25c., gentlemen 50c. 1t

Box plan for Chernlavsky concert will open tomorrow, Wednesday, at Scott's Theatre. Mrs. Wegner will be there all day to reserve seats. Seats going rapidly.

Help the boys in the trenches, by coming to the Patriotic Tea in Christ Church Parish Hall on Thursday, January 27th from 4 to 7. Admission 10 cents. j25-2t

SINCLAIR'S **SINCLAIR'S**

Clearance Sale Of Ladies' Dresses

All Ladies' Dresses in Serge, Panama, Silk, Velvet, Silk Poplin, Crepe de Chene, and All-Over Lace to clear at
25 Per Cent Off Regular Prices

On Taking Stock, we have decided to clear the balance of our Ladies' and Misses' Dresses at Greatly Reduced Prices. These Dresses are all this season's styles, and are very pretty and well made.

The materials are the best qualities of Silk, Velvet, Serge, Panama, Silk Poplin, Crepe de Chene, and All-Over Laces. Colors are Navy, Copenhagen, Brown, Green and Black, and combinations of these colors in different materials. All sizes from 16 years to 41 ins. bust are included in the assortment. These are all good value at regular prices, and are Real Bargains at

25 Per Cent Off Regular Prices

VIYELLA FLANNEL.

Viyella Flannel is guaranteed unshrinkable and as the colors are absolutely fast this **Pure Wool** material is well suited for making Waists, Dresses, Nightgowns, etc. for Ladies' and Children, and Shirts and Pyjamas for men. **Price 60c. yard.**

CLOTH COATS AT HALF PRICE.

About 25 Ladies' and Misses' Colored Cloth Coats have been marked to clear at Half Price. These are all this season's styles, and the materials are good qualities of Chinchilla, Frieze, and Tweeds, in Navy, Brown, Grey and Mixed Colors. Come in and see these. **To Clear at HALF PRICE.**

LINEN TOWELLINGS.

In spite of the great scarcity of Linen of all kinds we are still able to show excellent values in **Pure Linen Towelling** in white and grey for Hand Towels and Dish Towels at 12½c. to 25c. yard.

Sinclair's

PENMAN'S HOSE
40c. and 60c. pair.

Sinclair's

DON'T
Miss
Our
Discount
Sale
10 Per Cent
Off The Whole Stock
Spools, Grey Cottons and Hole-proof Hosiery excepted.

Sims & Co

WHY NOT THE BEST?

You men who shave, just drop in when passing, and let us show you the new self adjusting and stropping
AUTOSTROP
SAFETY RAZOR
500 shaves — $5.00
"GUARANTEED"

Waters' DRUG STORE

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip

Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.

Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows

F. W. L. CARRE
Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward counties.
Phone 366 276 Albert St., City

EYES BLUR when reading?
If so; Glasses are needed to overcome the strain—let me help you.
Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Eye-Sight Specialist

Hotpoint El Perco

El Perco
A PERFECT PERCOLATOR
Makes six cups of delicious coffee right at the table for less than one cent's worth of electricity. Attaches to any lamp socket and will commence percolating from cold water in 30 seconds.
LET US SHOW YOU ONE
The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Advertise in The Intelligencer

Speech of B. R. Hepburn M.P.

From the Official Debates of the 21st of January

On the 21st inst., when the House of Commons met at 3 p.m., Mr. Bernard R. Hepburn (Prince Edward), rose and said: Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of privilege. On the 18th instant, the hon. member for St. John (Mr. Pugsley) made certain observations in this House regarding my connection with shell contracts. On that particular evening I was not present in the Chamber, and I regret very much that the hon. gentleman did not tell me he was going to speak in regard to myself, or I would have made an extra effort to be present. On the following day I was out of the city and had not had an opportunity to bring the matter to the attention of the House until to-day. On page 76 of Hansard the hon. member for St. John is reported as saying:

People came here from all parts of Canada, politicians, canvassing agents committee men, influential people from different sections of the country, all clamouring for orders for shells, and among others my good friend the gentleman to whom I have referred, the member for Prince Edward County, obtained for his company a large order. His company is not engaged in the manufacture of steel. He owns a planing mill, I understand, and is engaged in the manufacture of wooden ware. I could understand if he had limited his application to shell boxes that would have been a worthy ambition which could have been fulfilled by the utilizing of his machinery. But he got an order for shells, and the people of Picton naturally supposed it would mean the creation of a local industry which might have justified him in pressing upon the Shell Committee and the Minister of Militia that he was right in using his influence to secure this order so as to enable a steel plant to be erected in my hon. friend's home town.

It is quite true that the firm of Hepburn Brothers, Limited, obtained an order for the forging and machining of shells. My brothers and myself, and my father before me, operated steamboats on the Great Lakes and river St. Lawrence for many years. In connection with what business we have maintained and operated a machine shop at Picton. We have known General Bertram, formerly chairman of the Shell Committee, for many, many years, and have transacted to our mutual satisfaction no inconsiderable amount of business with his firm. We applied to the Shell Committee for a contract for the forging and machining of shells. We were awarded a contract, not because I am a member of Parliament, but because General Bertram and the committee knew that we had a plant and could complete any contract we undertook. We believed at that time that, with certain modifications and additions, we could utilize our plant at Picton. After having obtained the order—at a price in the fixing of which we had no part, but which was at the uniform rate given to all producers of shells for the same work at that time in Eastern Canada—we discovered, on the report of a competent engineer from Montreal, that our plant at Picton could not economically be utilized in fulfilling the contract. I then obtained further expert advice, as a result of which, having regard to the point at which billets were being manufactured, and having regard also to the fact that Montreal was the labour market of Eastern Canada, we located the plant at Montreal, where we have since forged and machined shells to the satisfaction of the committee and its member for St. John will at least do me the justice of withdrawing the imputation which he has made against me on the floor of this House as being a middle man.

Mr. Pugsley: I have too much respect and too much regard for my hon. friend to be willing even to appear to do him an injustice. I was not finding any fault with him—not at all. The Minister of Labour may laugh, but it was with gentlemen occupying positions similar to that occupied by him—members of this Government—that I was finding fault, and with the Shell Committee. I dealt with my hon. friend's firm as a firm that was not engaged in the manufacture of steel, my point being that the Shell Committee had given orders to many people who had no plant, no machinery, and no experience in steel manufacturing work. I made a statement also which my hon. friend says is true; that the work was not established in Picton, but in the east end of Montreal. As I explained, my hon. friend denies only the statement that I made that he was a go-between or middleman. If my hon. friend says that that is not the position he occupied. I cheerfully accept his statement, and withdraw the statement which I made to the effect that he was a go-between or middleman. But that does not at all interfere with the argument which I was making; that the Government and the Shell Committee were to be condemned for the practice that they pursued of letting out shell contracts to people who had no plant capable of manufacturing such munitions.

There's a Subtle Charm about the delicious flavour of
"SALADA"
B106
This flavour is unique and never found in cheap, ordinary teas. Let us mail you a sample. Black, Mixed or Green.

* * *

The Inventor Says "Don't Stir It."

Dr. Jackson, the inventor of Roman Meal, says it should not be stirred while cooking. Stirring spoils flavor and destroys granulation of the porridge, one of the most valuable features of this food in the relief of indigestion.

For early breakfast make porridge while getting evening meal. Stir into boiling water, cook in double boiler or another basin for half an hour. Next morning, first thing, light gas under boiler and allow boiler to set in boiling water while you are dressing. By the time you are dressed and the table set, breakfast is ready. Follow directions, on package and it's delicious, nutritious, and relieves constipation.

Sold by grocers at 10c. and 25c.
Made by Roman Meal Co., Toronto.

* * *

WELLINGTON.

Glad to see our Insurance Agent out again, after an attack of la grippe.

W. V. Pettet was up from Picton on Thursday.

Our Jeweller, Mr. C. Burgener, has enlisted.

Mr. Gerald Noxon has also enlisted, and at Belleville.

Hog shipping was the order of the day, this week, at our C. N. station.

Our dealers are selling lots of coal these days.

Mrs. G. Hardy, of Hillier, is ill at her sister's, Mrs. R. Trumpour.

Measles are prevalent here now.

Mr. and Mrs. Allison and children, of North West, are visitors here.

Mr. and Mrs. Boone, of North West, who are now at Toronto, visited here last week.

We had another cold wave this week.

Mr. C. Smith has now charge of our Jewellery store here.

A number were at Picton on Saturday last.

Mr. W. Atkin is suffering with grip now.

Our seed house is still open here.

Mrs. Denne has returned home to Peterboro, Ont., after visiting W. P. and Mrs. Niles.

Another week of prayer at Methodist church, this coming week.

* * *

Red Cross News

The doctrine of unpreparedness has few followers even in the countries which are not actively engaged in hostilities. Exceedingly cynical indeed must be any country, which can calmly contemplate the sufferings of millions of wounded men, with no thought of organizing medical assistance.

The annual report of the Portuguese Red Cross shows that Portugal is conscious of its obligations in this matter. Since the outbreak of war the Central Committee at Lisbon has occupied itself especially with the formation of provincial branches. The number of these is now twenty-five. Their administration, as in Canada, is completely autonomous. Each branch begins its labours by the formation of a hospital unit, composed of 4 doctors, 6 trained nurses, 48 litter bearers, and in addition provided with the regulation material for the transport and surgical treatment of wounded

The chief work of the Portuguese Society has been the establishment, at Lisbon, of a Nurses Training School with a hospital annex. This hospital, which bears the name "Casa de Saude da Cduz Vermelha" or "Hospital of the Red Cross," is situated in the suburbs of Lisbon, near the Zoological garden, on the sloops of a hill from which there is an immense and splendid panorama. It is surrounded by gardens with an area of over 300,000 square feet, and has a capacity of 100 beds.

Through this and other ways much has been done to put the Red Cross work on a firm footing in the republic of Portugal. There, as elsewhere, it is realized that a country which keeps out of the world current of Red Cross activity, is a country which incurs an extreme national discredit.

* * *

INCENDIARY BOMBS.

Terrific Heat of Thermite, the Stuff With Which They Are Filled.

Incendiary bombs are one of the most fearful engines of modern warfare. The reason they throw out such a terrific heat is because they are filled with thermite.

Thermite is so hot when it is fired that it will melt iron and steel with the greatest ease and even burn its way through granite.

This marvelous substance was discovered in 1902. It is really a mixture of coarsely powdered aluminum and oxide of iron. It can't be fired by itself, but has to be started by another mixture consisting of finely powdered aluminum and barium peroxide.

The wonderful heating power of this terrible substance has been made use of all over the world in iron and steel welding. Steel joints are welded solidly together in a few moments by placing a little thermite round the joint and firing it.

The thermite mixture is as safe to handle or store as sawdust—safer, in fact. Only the special mixture or a very high temperature indeed will set it on fire. If necessary the two substances from which thermite is made can be taken separately and mixed when required, and there is no danger whatever in aluminum powder or oxide of iron, which is, practically speaking, iron rust, yet the mixture makes up one of the hottest substances known.—Pearson's Weekly.

ORKNEY ISLANDERS.

Proud of Their Norse Descent and Prefer Scenery to Trees.

Miss Elinor Root, who has been visiting in the little known Orkney islands, tells us that the natives are very proud of their Norse origin, indignantly repudiating the idea that their forbears were Scottish.

"People do not speak here with nearly so broad an accent as the people in Scotland," Miss Root remarked to her hostess, "and I notice the names do not sound Scotch—Cutt, Twatt, Flett, Cursitor, and so on. How is that?"

My hostess stiffened visibly.

"They are not Scotch. We are not Scotch. We did not come from Scotland. Have ye never heard of the Norsemen from beyond the seas? We are the descendants of them. We are not of Scotch blood. Ye do not call the Irish English; ye're not to call us Scotch!"

"I beg your pardon," I returned humbly, and to change the subject plunged into the theme of afforestation. The venture was an unfortunate one, as trees refuse to grow in the islands.

"Trees spoil the scenery," declared my hostess. "We would not have them if we could. If ye go to the southland ye cannot see anything of the scenery for the trees. We like to see scenery."—Lippincott's Magazine.

Evidently Some Mistake.

Some time ago a party named Brown had a dream, and the thing so impressed him that he gave a detailed account of it to several of his friends.

"By the way, Jim," he remarked to an acquaintance one afternoon, "did I tell you about the dream I had the other night?"

"No, I don't think you did," responded the other. "What was it about?"

"I dreamed that I was in heaven," answered Brown, with a reflective expression. "On one side there was a piano playing. On the other there was a cornet. Not far away there was a phonograph, while just beyond against there was a vio"—

"You must have been mistaken, old man," impressively broke in the other. "That wasn't heaven."

Life of a Turkish Woman.

The Turkish women are to be counted among the most industrious women of the earth. They certainly do a vast amount of work. They make carpets, screens for doors, workbags, horse clothing and blankets. A Turkish girl makes all the kibitka, or tent domestic carpets, and other household requisites before she is married. If she gets married without completing this task it is expected that she will by her own labor refund the money which her parents have given as her dowry. This dowry usually consists of 100 sheep and a certain amount of money, which a bridegroom either pays down in a lump sum to the parents of the bride to collect his friends for a succession of horse races and other sports. An important part is to decorate a camel with the handsomest trappings, which are sent to the bride's tent. On this she goes forth to receive congratulations of her relatives and friends. It is on this she is carried away by the female relatives of the bridegroom. She and her attendants feign to resist the act by throwing raw oats at the other women.

Jonathan Wild.

Nothing in the way of thieving is likely to disturb the record of Jonathan Wild, thief taker and receiver of stolen goods, who did such a flourishing business with his lost property office in the Old Bailey two centuries ago. He organized his thieves into gangs, allotting them to the different main roads to London, to churches, theaters and public functions, while a special brigade was trained for domestic service. Wild's practice when receiving stolen goods was, if possible, to inform the person who had been robbed that they had been detained by a dealer and would be restored on payment of commission. Other stolen property was warehoused, and a staff of mechanics was kept for altering watches and jewelry, which were conveyed to the continent by his own vessel. A trifling matter of the restoration of some stolen lace proved his downfall, and he was hanged at Tyburn on May 24, 1725.—London Tatler.

Lazy Tropical Laborers.

The most considerate employers of tropical labor agree with the most inconsiderate in saying that in general it is useless to attempt to spur the natives by any motive beyond the actual demands of food and shelter. Kindness and consideration on the part of the employer undoubtedly promote faithfulness, but they seem rarely to arouse ambition or energy.

It is literally true in Guatemala, for instance, that the more a native is paid the less he will work. If one day's pay will buy two days' food he will work half the time; if the pay is increased so that one day's pay will buy food for three days he will work one-third of the time. The experiment has been tried again and again, and there is practically universal agreement as to its result.—Professor Ellsworth Huntington in Journal of Race Development.

Our Oldest Wooden House.

What is said to be the oldest wooden house now standing in this country is to be seen at Dedham, Mass. It is known as the Fairbanks house and was erected 279 years ago of white pine, the walls being of logs. It has been continuously occupied and is still in good condition and quite comfortable, a testimonial to the durability of white pine as a building material.—

Strangers to Her.

"Pardon me, but can you tell me who won the half mile?" inquired the late arrival.

"I don't know, I'm sure," smiled the sweet young thing, "but I heard some one say it was Nip and Tuck at the finish, so I suppose it was either one of them."

How He Lost the Cook.

"Well, where's that cook?" demanded his wife. "Don't tell me that she wasn't on the train."

"She was on the train," timidly explained the commuter, "but I got to playing cards and a Lonelyville man won her at whist."

Learned from a Sample Nineteen Years Ago

That He Could Depend on Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills to Cure Many of the Common Ills of Life

Living eighteen miles from a drug store Mr. Carr found it necessary to keep in the house some treatment to regulate the action of liver, kidneys and bowels.

To the habit of keeping these important organs active by the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, when required, he attributes the good health of his large family.

Here, surely, is evidence of the value of these pills as a family medicine to protect the members of the family who use it from the common ills so many of which arises from constipation of the bowels and torpid condition of the liver and kidneys.

Mr. James Carr, Maynooth, Ont., writes:—"About 19 years ago I received an envelope containing two of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. I was doctoring at the time with two doctors, and as they did me no good I used the Pills, and by the time I had finished one box I was cured of the pain in the back and shoulders.

"We have great confidence in Dr. Chase's Medicines. I have a family of ten children and have never had a doctor in the house for any of them. We live eighteen miles from a drug store and find that these Pills cure nearly all the ordinary ills by regulating the liver, kidneys and bowels. That we are all well and sound I attribute to their use and I have recommended them to hundreds and given away many a box because I believe there is no medicine so good."

By awakening the action of liver, kidneys and bowels Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills cleanse the system of poisons and remove the cause of biliousness, headaches, backache, lumbago, kidney disease and rheumatism. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

FREDERICK
PALMER
GRIFFIN'S
Opera House
MON. EVE. JAN. 31
Will Portray with
Moving Pictures
and
Thrilling
Narratives
THE GREAT
WORLD WAR
Under the auspices of the
80th Overseas Battalion,
C. E. F.
Seats, $1, 75c, 50c, 25c
Plan open at Doyle's Drug Store,
Thursday, Jan. 27, at 9 a.m.

A SNAP
For
Men and Boys
Gun Metal Buttoned and Laced Boots
Worth $3 and $3.50, now Clearing
Men's for $2.45
Boy's for $2.25
Our Stock of Winter Footwear is Complete at Popular Prices
The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros.
JANUARY CLEARANCE SALE

SEVEN more shopping days and the great sale is over—and we are to make it the best and biggest bargain week ever held in this city. Every day will be crammed with the most astonishing bargains ever seen offered. It will be to your interest to attend this sale every day.

MANUFACTURER'S SAMPLE NIGHTGOWNS
have been placed on sale at just half their regular prices. They are all made of nice fleecy English Flannelette, neatly trimmed and full size. Ladies, here is an opportunity to secure a nice nightgown for little money—

$2.00 to $2.50 Nightgowns clearing at	$1.19
$1.50 Nightgowns clearing at	85c.

LADIES' FINE SILK WAISTS AT AMAZING PRICES.
This sale has left us with broken sizes in numerous lines of waists. In order to clear them out we are offering them at only a shadow of their former prices; consequently you will be able to secure a waist at half price and less.

$2.25 Waists clearing at	$1.49
$3.50 Waists clearing at	$2.49

McIntosh Bros

THIS WEEK
we are showing extra values in Ladies' Vests and Drawers, at .... 25c., 40c., 50c. per garment
These are extra values and goods at these prices are very scarce.

Initial Stationery
Just received a full stock of:—

New Initial Stationery	25c. per box
New Initial Reply Cards	25c. per box
Balance of Initial Stationery in stock of lines we are going to discontinue will be cleaned out at	19c. box

THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

MUSKRAT COATS
Ladies' Natural American Muskrat Coats:—

40 inches long, Shawl Collar	$35
45 inches long, Shawl Collar	$39
50 inches long, Shawl Collar	$49
Strictly No. 1 Canadian Muskrat Coats, dropped sleeves and Shawl Collar	$75

JUST A FEW OF THESE COATS LEFT.
G. T. WOODLEY,
N.B.—WE BUY RAW FURS.

THE PURCHASE of one thousand dollars worth of goods from your own town or your own country, instead of purchasing outside, means the addition of one person to your town or your country instead of supporting him abroad.

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, 287 Front Street.
CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal advertisements, 10c. per line, first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $2.00, strictly in advance.

This is the 538th day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany

THE CHAMPION PERVERTERS OF FACTS.

If there is one Member of Parliament who excels all his fellows in the perversion of facts and in drawing evil and dishonest inferences from slight events, it is the Hon. William Pugsley, M.P. for St. John, New Brunswick, familiarly known as "Sweet William," the result of a constant smile upon his countenance when dealing in a vicious manner with any question which he thinks will victimize a political opponent. Sophistry, innuendo and misrepresentation of facts, when dealing with political opponents, are the particular traits in his political life.

An example is to be found in a two hours' speech delivered by him the other day in the House of Commons when discussing the Address delivered by the Governor-General on the opening of the present session of Parliament.

His subject was principally the Shell Committee and their conduct in awarding contracts for the manufacture of munitions of war. Political favoritism, overcharges, middlemen, and a variety of other crimes were laid at their door. Among the charges hurled at Members of Parliament, was one charging Mr. Hepburn, Conservative member for the County oif Prince Edward, with having played the part of a "middleman" in securing a shell contract in which he was personally interested, while having no means himself of manufacturing shells, which charge he had to withdraw, declaring that he thought too much of the member for Prince Edward to do him an injustice, but had been informed so and so, and upon that Grit gossip made the charge, which he had, when Mr. Hepburn made his explanation, to swallow. That, however, was not a difficult task for a political throat of his dimensions.

A full report of the attack upon Mr. Hepburn, copied from Hansard, will be found in to-day's issue of The Intelligencer, a careful reading of which will give evidence of Pugsley's powers for special pleading when trying, after making a charge, to explain that he did not mean what he said in casting reflections upon the member for Prince Edward, intending it for the members of the Shell Committee.

Such are the tactics of "Sweet William," a former Minister of Public Works in Sir Wilfrid Laurier's Government.

He did not confine his attacks upon Mr. Hepburn, which he had to withdraw, but charged Sir Henry Pellatt with having an interest in a manufacturing company in the County of Renfrew which had secured a contract for the manufacture of shells. This charge his late colleague, the Hon. George P. Graham at once denied, by flatly singing out "No!" declaring Sir Henry had no interest in the company, nor had he interested himself in any way in securing the Refrew company a contract. The fact is, it was the Hon. George P. Graham, Pugsley's former colleague in the Laurier Government, who was the director in the company that "Sweet William" insinuated had received contracts improperly by political middlemen's influence. His only retraction, though he had been unintentionally pummeling by insinuation his own colleague, was that he had been so informed, and smiled at Mr. Graham, who was sitting beside him. Graham, knowing his man, gave little heed to what he said.

His next charge was that no Liberals in St. John, N.B., his own constituency, could get a contract, and challenged contradiction. His colleague for St. John, the Hon. Mr. Hazen, at once gave the name of a firm composed of the most prominent Liberal politicians in the city of St. John, who had received contracts, and were busily at work manufacturing munitions of war.

This did not in the least disconcert the Laurier Liberal critic. He went on as shamelessly as if he had not falsified a single fact. Liberals must be proud of him!

* * *

NICKEL REFINING.

It is a certainty that nickel ought to be refined in Canada. In addition to the economic reason for this, there has since the beginning of the war been a military reason. With special pleasure, therefore, do we hail the news that the International Nickel Company is about to establish a refinery on the Atlantic seaboard of Canada, which will complete the process of turning the raw material from Canadian mines into its final form.

Canada produces about 35 per cent. of the nickel output of the world. One of its chief uses is in toughening the steel used in the armor-plating of war vessels, and the manufacture of large guns and armor-piercing projectiles. At the outbreak of the war, it was, of course, important that no nickel should go to Germany. Happily the Dominion Government was able to make an arrangement with the International Nickel Company, by which the entire output of its refineries at Bayonne, New Jersey (fronting New York harbor), was placed under the supervision of a Canadian official, so that there was more than the word of the company to guarantee its satisfactory destination. The arrangement was approved by the British Government, and fault has never been found with the way it has worked. Hence the military reason for a transfer of the operation of refining from the United States to Canada has largely disappeared.

But the economic reason is as strong as ever. Nickel matte, a partially prepared product of the mines, is of very much less value than the perfected nickel. It is desirable that Canadian labor should get the benefit of the difference in value. For this reason it might have been well if long ago the Dominion Government had placed an export duty on nickel matte, sufficient to compel the completion of the manufacture on Canadian soil. Whenever this idea came under serious consideration, however, the International Nickel Company, which owns most of the Canadian mines, argued that the existing arrangement was the most advantageous for all concerned, and that the increase in the cost of the completed article, if it were produced wholly in Canada, would be such as to militate greatly against the success of the enterprise. Some light on this aspect of the matter is now, for the first time, given in a statement in an Ottawa despatch evidently based on technical information supplied by the manufacturers.

· 3 LEADERS ·
THE
DOW
ALES
STOUTS &
Malt Extract

Consumers who cannot purchase the Dow Brands from their local dealer, please address "Mail Order Department," 88 Chaboillez Square, Montreal.

The National Breweries Limited, Montreal

Mother's Cough!

It distresses you as much as her! Why continue to treat it by dosing the stomach (which is not ailing) with cough mixtures, syrups, tonics, and the like? You will never cure lung troubles by dosing the stomach. The Peps way is entirely different. Peps are tablets made up of Pine extracts and medicinal essences, which when put into the mouth turn into healing vapors. These are breathed down direct to the lungs, throat and bronchial tubes—not swallowed down to the stomach—which is not ailing.

Peps contain no morphia, laudanum, nor any of the poisons which are found in many of the old-fashioned syrups. Peps are, therefore, best for aged people and for young children. Peps do not disorder the stomach; they sweeten the breath, are pleasant to take, and are the latest and best that science can offer for the treatment of coughs, colds, bronchitis and allied lung troubles. 50c. all druggists and stores, or for price from Peps Co., Toronto. Remember the name—

Peps

"The establishment of a plant in Canada," we are told, "will be a considerable economic problem, as it will entail increased cost of sulphur, free oils, coke, nitre cake, fire brick, fire clay, magnesite brick, and coal. Until now the refining has been done at Bayonne, New Jersey, adjacent to the great oil refineries and chemical plants. In the ordinary process the ore mined in the mines in the Sudbury district is transported to the smelter at Copper Cliff, and is there smelted by successive stages into a product known as copper-nickel matte, containing approximately 55 per cent. of nickel, 25 per cent. copper, and 25 per cent. sulphur. All of this matte has been shipped to the Bayonne refinery, where the nickel and copper have been separated from each other, the copper being advanced to the form of electrolyte copper and sold in the market."

There is no thought of abandoning the American part of the industry. The International Nickel Company, with a capital of $62,000,000, owns 100,000 acres of nickel lands, including the town of Copper Cliff, where it has a great smelting plant. In New Jersey it has plants worth millions of dollars, and employing more than a thousand men. The Canadian refinery which will probably be in operation at the close of the war, is evidently intended to be a supplemental affair, to meet the Canadian demand for a share in the most profitable part of the business. Canada might still insist on getting the whole industry, and to this end might use her power to impose an export duty on nickel matte. But the Dominion Government, we are sure, has no desire to be unreasonable. Nickel now enters largely into structural material for bridges, into marine engines and propellor shafts, into all sorts of railway materials, etc., etc., as well as into a vast number of lines of manufacturing trades. If it really can be produced more economically in the United States than here, let water seek its level. The Canadian plant will at least demonstrate what can be done within the borders of this country. If to balance any increased cost of refining there are compensating advantages, the company will be sure to find them.

* * *

SPOKE OUT PLAINLY.

It is gratifying to learn that there is one senator at Washington who is not afraid even to use the word "conscription" in talking about unpreparedness. That man is New York State Senator James W. Wadsworth, Jr. He said before the National Civic Federation: "Our whole military history has been a distressing spectacle of waste in lives and money. For a century we have relied on the volunteer system. I, for one, have no confidence in the efficiency of a volunteer system for raising an army—not even for efficient intervention in Mexico."

Senator Wadsworth added that sending out men to fight without training was little short of murder—a thought that sane men have been trying to drill into the heads of self-sufficient congressmen and Presidents ever since the time of Light Horse Harry Lee of Revolutionary fame.

Most of the great men at Washington refer to "conscription" as if it had only to be mentioned to be abhorred. Yet the principle of conscription is recognized in our constitution and was the basis of our earliest military legislation, says the Buffalo Express. The old law required every citizen to keep himself always supplied, at his own expense, with a certain amount of military equipment and to get out and drill a certain number of times a year. That much-derided general training system had for its principal fault that it did not require enough training. But it was conscription and it did not cause any such political storm as to justify our modern office-holders in trembling with fear at the word. On the contrary, it was rather popular, as conscription is today in Australia and Switzerland.

Again, the principle of conscription exists today in the land-grant colleges, where all students are required to drill. Nor does it turn any scared and indignant youths away from those colleges.

If these politicians as a class were less afraid to face facts and speak the truth, they would find the people willing enough to listen and to approve sound arguments. There will be ten men in that state to admire Senator Wadsworth for daring to speak out plainly what he believed ought to be said to every man who will consign him to political oblivion for mentioning the awful word "conscription."

* * *

The German air raids on Britain are the best kind of recruiting schemes yet devised.

Britain says no more luxuries without tax. If they are worth having they are worth paying for.

When it comes to a battle Grand Duke Nicholas is generally on the sure side.

The Turks say they sank the Persia. Everyone expected that. The Bulgars will probably sink the next one.

A headline in one of the dailies says a "reign of terror has been inaugurated in Serbia" by the Germans. Same story wherever they go.

Easter Sunday this year will be on the 23rd of April—within two days of the latest date allotted to it. But that will not interest many half so much as the fact that it is three months to the first public holiday—Good Friday.

* * *

GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From The Intelligencer, Jan. 25, 1868.

A man who had been suffering from delirium tremens was lying on the floor in front of the fire-place of an inn, in Alton, Ont., and some young men coming in laid some shavings around his body and he was burned to death.

A little girl in Lindsay fell, smashed in her skull like an egg-shell, and is likely to recover.

A fire was discovered between two and three o'clock this morning, in the carriage shop occupied by the Messrs. Collings. The building was totally destroyed. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

* * *

Current Comment

No Terms.

The elusive Mr. Lincoln is able to send messages to the secret service, but the authorities are unable to lay their hands on him. No terms should be made with him. His surrender must be unconditional and then there must be a rigid investigation into the circumstances of his escape.—Buffalo Express.

Rumania.

Great Britain has bought up the bulk of the Rumanian grain crop, at a cost of £10,000,000. It is not meant, of course, for her own consumption, or for the western allies. All the grain they need can be had from Canada and the United States, and there is no way whereby Rumanian grain could reach them. The principal object must be to prevent that grain getting

money expended is not lost, as when expended on shells. It is a mere investment, for the grain is worth the money. A ready customer for it can be found in Russia, and if she is not prepared to pay for it at once, England can wait. The purchase is simply a military and economic coup which reflects the greatest credit on British sagacity. One of its effects will be to render easier the maintenance of neutrality by Rumania. Sympathy and commercial interest will not be pulling two different ways.—Hamilton Spectator.

The Paper Trade.

Sweden is quite angry now, because Great Britain is intercepting and searching some of her mail matter from the United States. That the scrutiny is justified is seen in the fact that on one vessel 135 pounds of postal parcels contained 1,375 pounds of sheet rubber—all sent to agents in Gothenburg, but of course intended for shipment into Germany. Having begun to retaliate, Sweden is now prohibiting the export of wood pulp. This is meant to be a severe blow to the British press, nine-tenths of whose supply of paper comes from Scandinavian raw material. But what Great Britain cannot get from Sweden, she can get from Canada. The British Empire is self-contained in nearly everything. In Newfoundland the Harmsworths have invested vast sums in paper mills, and are getting thence nearly all the paper they consume. The same principle can be applied elsewhere. Throughout Canada, or the United States too for that matter, papermakers will be glad to get orders from England. And when once a business of this kind is started, and its feasibility demonstrated, British inertia turns in its favor, and it is likely to become permanent.—Hamilton Spectator.

* * *

The Poets' Corner

Canada.

My Canada, my North Country,
Enthroned above thy lakes,
Where every maple leaf that blows
Its memory in me wakes.

It was but yesterday I saw
Thy regiments march past,
And underneath each uniform
A heart was beating fast.

The boys I went to school with,
Now far beyond the sea;
It was but yesterday they knelt
Beside some mother's knee.

To-day I watch thy regiments
As they are marching by
To see just one familiar face,
The glance from one bright eye.

My country, if I give thee all,
What have I cause to grieve?
Shall I not count myself more blest
To give than to receive?

Dear comrades, when your mother called
From far across the sea
Each heart leaped up to say its prayer
Beside that mother's knee.

I hear the sound of marching feet—
The troops are home again,
And many a heart is filled with joy
And many a heart with pain.

And each Canadian footfall
Is dearer to me far
Than tread of all the martial hosts
That ever went to war.

As from a foreign country,
Where God their souls will keep,
I hear the echo of that prayer—
"I lay me down to sleep."

—Amy Laird Castle.

* * *

RAYS FROM THE SUN.

They Become Light to Us Only Upon Striking Our Atmosphere.

The rays of light that reach us from the sun are not light in themselves. For instance, to show what is meant, suppose you were placed out in empty space, facing so that you would look sidewise at the light rays passing from the sun to the earth. You would not see them at all. You could only see them if you looked directly at the sun, so that the rays would enter your eyes and, striking upon the retina, produce there the impression of light.

The rays passing by and not entering your eyes would be invisible because in open space there is no medium like the atmosphere to scatter the rays in all directions and thus produce an illumination all around.

The sky at night is full of passing sunbeams and star beams, a vast and inextricable web of radiations, but they lie beyond the limits of the atmosphere, and only those are transformed into light which by reflection from a planet in the case of sunbeams or by coming straight into the eye from a star directly affect the nerves of vision. —Garrett P. Serviss.

Too Tired.

Frank lives in Eastern avenue. A few days ago his companion George caught his clothing on a picket fence. He was held fast, his feet a foot or two from the ground. He pleaded with Frank to release him or run for help, but Frank refused.

"Why don't you go and help George?" his mother inquired from the front porch.

"I'm just too tired," said Frank. "Yesterday I wanted him to 'shoo' my dog out of his yard, and he wouldn't do it 'cause he said he was tired. I'm just as tired as he was."

Proof Against Wasp Stings.

A Scottish naturalist in a paper on the habits of wasps tells how a blackbird will stand at the side of a hanging wasps' nest and deliberately tear it in pieces in order to get at the larvae, apparently undisturbed by the swarm of angry insects, whose vicious stings instantly put to flight the human curiosity seeker who ventures near to

HUMAN CURIOSITY.

An Evil and a Bore at Times, but, on the Whole, a Grand Quality.

Humanity has never been able to satisfy itself as to whether curiosity be a virtue or a vice. When inconvenient it is labeled as a vice; when it leads to discovery or adds to knowledge it is applauded as a virtue of the highest order. Certainly it is an instinct deeply ingrained in human nature. On it the whole of the progressive steps of childhood's career are based. The first intelligent expression of the infant is wonder; this quickly develops into active curiosity, until life becomes an enthralling and breathless voyage of discovery. Its possession is the great distinction between youth and the purlieus of age. Youth is passed when the sensation of adventure is ended, when, instead of boundless expectation and of curiosity that penetrates into all the corners of existence, a man is content to take things as they are, when eagerness gives way to complacency and questioning to the cynicism of experience.

Human curiosity may be stifled, but mercifully it never can be killed. In its best form it raises man above the level of the rest of creation; it becomes the desire to know, to penetrate to the root of things, to ascend to the stars and wrest from them their secrets, to solve the problems of the past, the present and the future. At its worst it may be low and vulgar, unworthy prying into matters which concern us not, the desire to apprehend evil as well as good, a curiosity that is morbid and unwholesome; but, taking it all in all, it is an excellent stimulant to progress.—London Academy.

AN ARAB LEGEND.

Story of the Covetous Man Who Went a Step Too Far.

The Arabs tell a story to show how a mean man's philosophy overshoots itself. Under the reign of the first caliph there was a merchant of Bagdad equally rich and avaricious.

One day he bargained with a porter to carry home for him a basket of porcelain vases for 10 paras. As they went along he said to the man: "My friend, you are young, and I am old. You can still earn plenty. Strike a para from your hire." "Willingly," replied the porter. This request was repeated again and again, until, when they reached the house, the porter had only a single para to receive.

As they went upstairs the merchant said, "If you will resign the last para I will give you three pieces of advice." "Be it so," said the porter. "Well, then," said the merchant, "if any one tells you it is better to be fasting than feasting do not believe him. If any one tells you it is better to be poor than rich do not believe him. If any one tells you it is better to walk than ride in your carriage do not believe him."

"My dear sir," replied the astonished porter, "I knew these things before. But if you will listen to me I will give you such advice as you never heard before." The merchant turned around, and the porter, throwing the basket down the staircase, said, "If any one tells you that one of your vases is unbroken do not believe him."

Seeing an Eclipse.

In December, 1870, a solar eclipse occurred, the partial phases of which M. Flammarion observed in Paris while the enemy's shells were dropping in the besieged city. The total phase of the eclipse was visible in North Africa, and Bismarck, being aware that before the war arrangements had been made for Professor Janssen to go to Africa to make scientific observations of totality on behalf of the Paris observatory, sent a message into the city offering the scientist a safe conduct.

This was politely refused by Professor Janssen, says the London Standard, but, nevertheless, he went to Africa to see the phenomenon, leaving Paris by way of the air in a balloon, thanks in large measure to the assistance of M. Flammarion in making the necessary arrangements for the aerial voyage.

Without Prejudice.

A party of young men and women, members of a sketching club, were motoring along a country road. Just within the fence on the left grew innumerable graceful stalks, each bearing globes of pale green that shaded into gray and purple.

"How enchanting!" exclaimed one young woman.

"Do tell us," said another young woman, equally enthusiastic, to a gardener standing near, "what those beau-oo-tiful things are."

"Them? Them's onions gone to seed.'

Rice In Costa Rica.

Rice is one of the most important articles of food used in Costa Rica. It is eaten at least twice a day by every inhabitant of the republic. The per capita consumption of rice in Costa Rica is thus at least 100 pounds per year and the total amount of rice consumed over 30,000,000 pounds per year.—Exchange.

Close Attachment.

"Chiggs is always seeking new attachments for his motorcar."

"He has one now that will hold him for awhile."

"What kind is it?"

"One furnished by the sheriff."

Flight of a Raindrop.

The velocity with which a raindrop falls depends on its size and the height from which it started, but ordinarily it travels a rate somewhere between three yards and six yards a second.

* * *

The trouble with the bluff that you get away with is that you're living in dread of the chap who makes it a habit to call "just for the sizes of the

IDENTIFYING CRIMINALS.

The System Devised by Bertillon and the Way It Is Worked.

Any malefactor who gets into the clutches of the law nowadays is a marked man for life if he runs up against the Bertillon system, which is a scientific method devised by M. Alphonse Bertillon for the identification of criminals. Bertillon was born in Paris in 1853. Certain measurements are taken from every convicted person, and these physical records of prisoners are kept on cards, any one of which can readily be found by an elaborate system of classification.

The measurements are taken on the left side of the subject, as they are less liable to alterations than are those on the right side. The determination of the convict's height is taken always at the same hours, because the stature may be as much as half an inch greater after a night's sleep than it is in the evening. The color of the iris of the eye and the characteristic lines made by the print of the finger are also recorded.

The following measurements are made: The length and width of head; the length of the left foot and of the middle and little fingers of the left hand; the stature of the whole body, as well as the length of its upper and lower portions; the span of the outstretched arms; the length and breadth of the left ear and the length of the left arm.

DIDN'T QUITE DODGE.

When the Elder Booth Tried to Escape a Man Who Bored Him.

Thomas R. Gould admired the elder Booth almost to adoration. The most minute and instructive account that exists of Booth's acting was written by him—a book called "The Tragedian"—and Gould's marble bust of Booth, a noble work of art (made before the comedian Flynn broke Booth's nose with a pewter pot), is the best likeness of that great actor. But Gould's assiduous personal attentions to Booth became wearisome to that eccentric man and vexed him. Peculiar discretion is sometimes requisite to those who would praise and please eminent persons. Booth, when acting in Boston, customarily lodged at an old hotel called the Albion, situated in Tremont street, at the northwest corner of Court street.

"One day," said Edwin, "my father dashed into the bedroom where I was sitting and, almost breathless, with haste, exclaimed: 'Gould! Coming up! Say I'm out,' and literally dived underneath the bed. I received Mr. Gould, who seemed surprised not to find my father (I think he had seen him rushing upstairs), and he talked with me for several minutes. Then there was a moment of silence, and my father, becoming impatient, thrust his head out from under the bed, inquiring as he did so:

"'Is that infernal bore gone yet?' Imagine the effect!"

The Voracious Cormorant.

How a cormorant dives for sea trout and gets them is told by a writer: "I had the cormorant under observation only for the space of four or five minutes, and during that short period it had captured four sea trout, all of considerable size. After being under water for a few seconds the bird would reappear with a sea trout wriggling in its bill. But in spite of the victim's desperate efforts to escape it was deftly swallowed, and after a few gulps the cormorant would resume its fishing operations. One of the sea trout gave it considerable trouble, however, for the fish struggled violently for some moments, but was deftly placed so that its head pointed down its captor's throat, and thus its own struggles assisted the bird to swallow it."

Early History of Rubber.

Rubber is first known to history as a plaything. It was during Columbus' second voyage that Herrera observed that the inhabitants of Haiti played a game with balls "made of the gum of a tree." Even as early as the beginning of the seventeenth century, however, the Spaniards used rubber to waterproof their cloaks, but the fact attracted no attention in the old world, and it was not until the eighteenth century that the rubber industry began. Early writers mention an oil extracted from rubber which was taken medicinally with cocoa.

Before and After.

Before marriage he has a duck fit if she sees him with a shave and massage that are less than two hours old or the perfect poise of his correct tie disturbed a hair's breadth, but afterward he comes to the table with his shoestrings untied, no collar on and a stubby growth of beard that would play a tune if you ran it through a music box.

Questioning Grandma.

"Grandma," inquired her little grandson the day of her arrival, "did you sleep on your face last night?"

"Of course not, dear! Why do you ask that?"

"'Cause it's all wrinkled."—Exchange.

Lost Both Ways.

"Did you get in without your wife hearing you last night?"

"No, and I didn't get in without hearing her, either."

The Addition.

Cawker—I've had another addition to my family since I saw you last.
Cumso—You don't say! Boy or girl?
Cawker—Son-in-law.

Fortune cannot take away what she did not give.—Seneca.

* * *

A man will go into any store and find what he wants; but a woman never wants anything that can be found without visiting at least four stores to

"Blackmailed"

By ARTHUR APPLIN

Author of "The Chorus Girl," etc.
(Copyright The Frank A. Munsey Co.)

CHAPTER III.—Continued

He hardly dared admit the dreadful thought that flashed across his mind. A blind rage seized him. He was goaded by a sense of injustice as well as by a reasonable fear.

He spoke as he pulled wide open the door of the box. Miss Berrington started, looked up, saw him, and smiled. Then she spoke in the transmitter of the telephone again:

"It's all right, Lady Vessie; here is Sir John. He will speak to you himself."

She turned to Vessie. "Your wife wants you, Sir John," she said quietly.

The truth stood clear and vivid now. If Vessie would, he could not hide it from himself. Myra Berrington stood before him in her true colors—an adventuress, a—

He tried to seize the receiver of the telephone in one hand, while with the other he seized Miss Berrington.

"Stand back," he cried hoarsely. "I know what you want now. This is blackmail!"

As Sir John Vessie flung that one ugly word at Myra Berrington she rose to her feet with a startled cry, her head thrown back, her fists clenched. For a moment it looked as though she were going to strike him. Vessie stepped back.

"How dare you, Sir John?" Her voice vibrated with passion. "How dare you make such an accusation. And just after what has happened—after what I suffered at your hands last night."

Vessie had spoken without thinking. He thought—the truth had come to him in a flash—Myra Berrington could not be acting! If she were, then it was superb.

He moistened his lips. "You must admit, if it isn't blackmail it looks very like it! What were you saying to my wife over the telephone? What right had you to ring her up?"

He pointed a trembling finger at the instrument as he spoke. The receiver was waving to and fro. The mouthpiece was gaping at him. With another start of horror he realized that Lady Vessie at the other end of the wire could probably hear every word they were saying. With a smothered oath he darted forward to seize the instrument and speak to her, again trying to push Miss Berrington aside, to force her out of the telephone-box.

But Miss Berrington realized his intention. She was quicker. Picking the instrument up she stepped back, holding it well out of reach. For a moment it looked as though Sir John were going to struggle for its possession.

"If you touch me I shall call for help," she whispered under her breath.

Vessie stopped, paralyzed with horror. "Hang up the receiver," he said imploringly.

He could picture his wife at the other end of the wire, seated in his study, straining her ears to try and hear what was happening; catching, perhaps, odd words here and there, recognizing his voice—then the voice of a strange woman.

For the moment he was concerned. He was altogether in Myra Berrington's power now.

"I apologize. I spoke without thinking," he stammered. "You must admit the situation was extraordinary—and after what happened last night."

Myra looked at him and laughed. The color had returned to her cheeks now; they were red as peonies. The big blue eyes shone with a dangerous light.

"Put the instrument down again. Let me speak to Lady Vessie," he pleaded; "or replace the receiver."

Still Myra Berrington smiled.

"Prove your honesty, prove that I was wrong, by doing as I ask." Vessie never raised his voice above a whisper.

Very slowly Myra turned toward the telephone, still keeping her eyes on Sir John's face. Then she held the receiver to her ear. Vessie clasped his hands together, watching her with bloodshot eyes and gaping jaws.

Lady Vessie was speaking again. He could see that by the expression on Myra Berrington's face. Every second that passed seemed like eternity.

What was his wife saying? He moistened his lips: "Let me speak to her. Let me explain—"

Myra smiled vindictively and shook her head: "It is too late!"

CHAPTER IV.

The Hawk Circles.

Suddenly Myra Berrington replaced the receiver with a click. The line was disconnected. Sir John gave a sigh of relief. He drew his hand across his forehead.

She looked at him still smilng. A strangely subtle smile. He tried to interpret it. He was torn in twain. He had doubted her honesty, now he was doubting his own. For he did not trust himself. He was afraid lest this woman's beauty had in the first place ensnared him; lest, being overcome by it, his judgment was influenced, his sense of right and wrong distorted.

"I think you had better go, Sir John, after what you've said; further conversation between us is impossible." Her voice was strangely cold and emotionless.

Vessie partly recovered his dignity. He bowed and walked toward the door leading to the lounge. Before he reached it Myra Berrington's voice stopped him.

"Just before you forced your way into the telephone box, where I was seated, I was on the point of ringing up a friend of mine. The clerk at the hotel exchange switched me onto a trunk call for you—Sir John Vessie. Before I could ring off or explain the call came through. Lady Vessie spoke to me. I was holding the line when you burst into the box and accused me of blackmail; you, of all people, to dare make such an accusation!"

Vessie tried to speak, but she held up a long white finger and stopped him.

"You have my explanation, which, doubtless, you may like to make to Lady Vessie herself when she questions you. Don't forget before you leave the hotel to-day that you have both an explanation and an apology to make me for the extraordinary affair of last night."

Again Sir John bowed, and retired. At least he was going to have an opportunity of explaining to Miss Berrington the dreadful contretemps of the previous evening. That was some consolation. But he was not satisfied. He still felt suspicious. What had Miss Berrington said to his wife?

Vessie had plenty to do before going down to Sussex, and several appointments to keep in the city, yet he did not hurry over his breakfast. With every minute that passed he began to realize more fully that he who had walked scatheless through life under an obligation to no living soul, fearing neither man nor woman, trusted by all, might now find himself in rather a tight corner.

Miss Berrington was breakfasting at a little table only a few yards away. She was wearing the same gown in which she had traveled and the same smart little French hat. Vessie found himself staring at her. The fascination now was akin to what the rat feels before the golden-eyed serpent makes a meal off him!

His breakfast almost untasted, he rose. As he passed her table he paused for an instant.

"You will find me outside near the entrance—the sooner the better."

She merely bowed, and Sir John feeling that every one, including the waiters, were staring at him, that already the affair of the previous night had got about, that perhaps his name was being linked with hers, that one of them was already suspected of being a criminal, walked unsteadily into the lounge.

He made his way to the bureau. The clerk who had booked his rooms was absent. The day clerk was on duty now. He opened the register of guests. Miss Berrington's name immediately preceded his. She had been the last to arrive. Against his name were the numbers of his rooms: 41 and 42.

It was no use questioning the clerk on duty. He dared not question the manager. While he stood at the desk trying to make up his mind what attitude he should take in his interview with Myra Berrington, a young man entered the hotel, and, going straight up to the bureau, stood beside him. Vessie was unconscious of his presence until he spoke, then he looked up quickly. For the young man asked for Miss Myra Berrington.

The clerk called a page boy, to whom the man gave his card. Vessie glanced at it: 'Mr. Ralph Humphry.'

He was a tall, slim man, rather pale, with thick, light brown hair, dark eyes, and a determined mouth. A keen, clever face. He wore a blue suit and a light Homburg hat. In one hand he held a large bunch of red roses. Sir John did not move away, he still pretended to be interested in the register.

Presently he realized that the young man was looking over his shoulder. He turned the page and shut the book guiltily.

But still he did not move. Under his hand there was evidence, damning evidence, of his guilt.

The page-boy returned and spoke to Mr. Humphry.

"Miss Berrington will be with you in one moment, sir."

Still Vessie did not move. One of the clerks asked if he was in need of anything; he shook his head. "No—I shall be leaving about midday, I expect. Room 41." He raised his voice slightly.

He fancied this young man glanced at him. A moment later he turned away and commenced to walk impatiently up and down the lounge. Vessie watched him, now and then glancing toward the doors of the restaurant. At last they opened and he saw Miss Berrington come slowly down the lounge.

The young man turned in his walk and saw her too, and in half a dozen strides was by her side.

To be Continued

VIOLENT ATTACKS OF DYSPEPSIA

Suffered Tortures Until She Tried "Fruit-a-tives"

St. Jean de Matha, Jan. 27th, 1914.

"After suffering for a long time with *Dyspepsia*, I have been made well by "Fruit-a-tives." I suffered so much that at last I would not dare to eat for I was afraid of dying. Five years ago, I received samples of "Fruit-a-tives" and after taking them I felt relief. Then I sent for three boxes and I kept improving until I was well. I quickly regained my lost weight—and now I eat, sleep and digest well—in a word, *I am fully recovered*, thanks to 'Fruit-a-tives.'

Mme. CHARBONNEAU.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

A CLEVER RUSE

By WILLIAM CHANDLER

One morning in autumn, while taking an outing in my touring car, I came upon an auto standing in the road which had evidently broken down. A man was attempting to find the break, while a woman sat in the car. I pulled up beside the couple and asked if there was anything I could do for them.

"My wife," said the man, "was going to the railroad station at Montrose to catch a train, but this mishap has delayed us. Since you are going in the opposite direction from Montrose, I conclude you will pass through Waterton."

To this I nodded assent.

"A train passes through Waterton at 3 o'clock. If you would kindly carry my wife to that station she would be in time."

"I would be pleased to take you both. There is plenty of room in my car."

"Thank you very much, but I must remain with my machine and secure a workman to fix it or get it towed to a garage."

During this brief dialogue the woman, who was veiled, remained in the car without saying a word. After my offer the man went to her and said something in a low tone. What it was I did not hear, but she appeared to give a ready assent to it, for she got out of the car; the man took up a suit case and put both her and the case in my auto. Having shut the door and given her a pressure of the hand, he nodded to me to proceed, and I started on.

It was sufficiently late in the season for fur rugs, and the lady pulled them up to her chin. She partly removed her veil, and I saw that she was young and quite pretty. But when she put on a pair of dust goggles there was very little of her face exposed. We had not gone far before we met an auto coming at a furious pace. In it were two men, the driver and another. As they passed us they slowed down, and one of them called out something that I did not hear, but the other, who was driving, turned on full speed, and they were soon lost in a cloud of dust.

We reached Waterton in half an hour, and what was my surprise to see the lady's husband standing on the station platform. He cast a quick glance at the coming train, then at my car, evidently gauging the distance of each, anxious that we should be in time. I put on full speed and reached the platform just as the train was pulling out. The man seized the suit case, which seemed to concern him more than his wife, and both hurried to the train, climbing on when it was in motion.

My route thenceforth led me back a few miles from Waterton on the road I had come to a crossroad on which I was to change direction. As I rode along I wondered how the man I had left with the broken down auto could have reached the Waterton station ahead of me. I had not had time to ask him this or what he had done with his car.

I had nearly reached the crossroad when I saw coming a car with four men in it dragging another car. By this time I had become a bit suspicious that there might be something wrong with the couple I had assisted and that possibly I might have been helping undeserving persons. Seeing the auto dragged along caused me to refrain from letting it be known what I had been doing. When the men came to a point opposite me one of them, looking hard at me, said:

"See here, young fellow, who was that woman you were driving toward Waterton awhile ago?"

I recognized him as the chauffeur of the auto I had met after taking in the lady. There was nothing to do but to tell the whole story, which was listened to with eager attention. When I had finished the man who had asked the question said to me, evidently much chagrined:

"You have helped a precious pair of thieves to get away with a big lot of plunder. You have done it either as a confederate or a fool."

"You're the fool, Simmonds," said another. "I wanted you to stop 'em, but you wouldn't wait."

"I didn't dream the woman would come back to meet us," said the other.

"It was a mighty clever trick," put in one of the others.

"Gentlemen," I said, "will you oblige me by explaining what has happened?"

This was the explanation: A butler and a lady's maid had got away with $50,000 worth of jewels. They had taken one of the autos belonging to their master and made for a station on a railroad. Being missed, they were followed by the men in the auto I had met. Their machine had broken down, and had I not assisted them they would have been captured. It was a stroke of genius on the butler's part to send the maid back to the Waterton station without him. Soon after I left him he captured a machine at the point of a pistol and made for Waterton by a cut-off that I knew nothing about.

In time the jewels were recovered, but the precious pair succeeded in keeping out of jail. I had some difficulty in clearing myself from a charge of having been accessory to the crime, but I told a straight story and furnished proofs of my respectability. This satisfied the judge, who, after giving me a long lecture on the stupidity I had displayed, kindly discharged me. It is easy for a judge on the bench to be wise.

Of Minor Importance.

"Our little Jane is becoming a more serious problem every day. I've had to get three new school dresses for her and lengthen out two skirts and buy a new school hat and school shoes and no end of other things. She keeps me busy most of the time."

"And how is she coming on in her studies?"

"Studies! Mercy, I've had no time to ask her!"

Presence of Mind.

Watching her house burn down, the woman suddenly bethought her that she had written out a check and left it lying on her desk. Fortunately she could remember the number of it—281. With rare presence of mind she at once called up the bank. "Please stop payment on check numbered 281!" she directed, with the crisp brevity characteristic of those balanced souls who know exactly what they want.

Locked Up.

"Ever been locked up?" demanded the counsel for the defendant.

"I have been," admitted the witness.

"Aha! And what had you been doing to get yourself locked up?"

"I had been doing jury duty."—London Telegraph.

A Curious Lake.

Selawik is a curious lake near the seacoast of Alaska. Tides rise and fall in the lake by reason of an underground connection with the sea. At the bottom the water is quite salt, but at the top there is a layer of perfectly fresh water.

Not the Same Man.

"See here, aren't you the same man I gave some biscuits to last week?"

"No, lady. De doctor says I'll never be de same man!"—Browning's Magazine.

No Accomplishment.

Knicker—College teaches a boy how to yell and kick. Bocker—A mule can do that and still have two legs left over.

Weighty Transaction.

A politician does not simply order a ham sandwich; he "confers" with the waiter about it.

The Connection.

Hyker—Why did you give up smoking? Pyker—In order to marry a rich widow. Hyker—I fail to see the connection. Pyker—She refused to give up her weeds unless I would give up mine. It is simple enough.—London Telegraph.

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THE ATTRACTIONS ARE UNSURPASSED.
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Through Sleepers, Montreal to Halifax.
Connection for
The Sydneys, Prince Edward Island, Newfoundland.

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TORONTO TO WINNIPEG
Leaves 10.45 p.m., Tues., Thurs., Sat.
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Tickets and sleeping car reservations. Apply E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto, Ont.

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DOUBLE TRACK ALL THE WAY
MONTREAL TO TORONTO, AND DETROIT TO CHICAGO
UNEXCELLED TRAIN SERVICE
Equipment the finest on all trains
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H. C. Thompson, City Ticket Agent, Phone 403.

T. H. Coppin, Station Ticket Agent Phone 390.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—5.25 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 7.30 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate points—6.25 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa, and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—†6.55 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 5.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *3.40 a.m.

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

†Deseronto only.

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville Ont.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily
No. 16—2.00 a.m.—Fast train, flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7.00 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m.—Express, daily.
No. 28—6.45 p.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19—2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13—4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.
No. 29—7.50 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.20 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1—3.05 p.m.—International Limited, daily.
No. 7—4.55 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'.

Going West.	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro
Mail	6.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.
Going East.	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North	Leave.	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.55 p.m.
Going South.	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.54 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1915.

GOING EAST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.50 p.m.	2.58 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

GOING WEST.
MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.12 p.m.	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

Going East	Daily except Sunday
Leave Toronto	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	6.32 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leave Belleville	6.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.30 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent.

Belleville Business Directory

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column or calling at The Intelligencer Business Office, full information may be obtained.

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Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts.

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Messrs. Greenleaf & Son wish to announce to their old patrons and friends that they have found it advisable to incorporate their business under Ontario Companies Act.

The new company, under the same management as heretofore, and under the firm name of GREENLEAFS, LIMITED, have purchased the property known as the Brown Foundry, together with the good will and equipment of Mr. Geo. Keith.

It is their intention to remodel these buildings and install suitable equipment to meet the growing demands of their patrons.

The Management take this opportunity of thanking their old friends and solicit their patronage in their new venture.

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Garage and General Machinists

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Manager Belleville Branch

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Why is it that so many ladies who are possessed of a comfortable home and a comfortable income usually have an uncomfortable amount of adipose tissue.

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Those who forget today seldom remember tomorrow.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your

STORM AND WEATHER FORECASTS FOR FEBRUARY

BY HICKS

A regular storm period is central on January the 30th, extending from January the 28th to February 4th. Astronomic causes and things to expect.

The moon is farthest south on January 30th, it is in perigee, or nearest the earth on February 1st, and in conjunction with sun and earth, or at new moon, on the 3rd. The moon will be in eclipse with the sun on the 3rd. This indicates violent electric activities. These things call for active to dangerous storms, during the last two days of January, and up to the 4th of February. By the 29th of January a low and rapidly falling barometer will be noted in western extremes, and storms of rain and thunder will organize in western and southern directions, and during the last two days of January and up to February the 4th, storms of wide sweep and marked violence will pass from western parts of the country over almost the entire continent. These storms will be over the central Mississippi Valley by Februray 1st, with rising barometer, northwest gales and a cold wave starting from the northwest. By the 1st to the 3rd, the actual storms of rain and snow will reach the eastern states and the Atlantic seaboard, and the high barometer and blizzardous snow and winds will be close on their heels rushing eastward and southward. Keep these general facts in mind, and as the period comes on consult your barometer, note the temperature, the direction of the winds, and the formation and movement of clouds, and you will not be overtaken or surprised by any kind of storms or weather changes. Tropical or West India hurricanes, with possible tornadoes in the extreme gulf states, would not be unnatural, any time during the last two days of January, and the first three to four days in February. Two to four days of severe cold, generally over the country, will attend and follow after the storms of this period. If you will give the least intelligent attention to the matter, you may know in advance just when the storms and changes will reach your locality, and whether or not they promise to be violent and dangerous.

A reactionary storm period is central on Friday, Saturday and Sunday, the 4th, 5th and 6th. The moon is on the celestial equator on the 6th. Mercury is at inferior conjunction with earth and sun on the 5th, and Uranus is also in conjunction with sun and earth on the 5th. From these and other astronomic causes that might be mentioned, it is safe to say that many disturbances in the way of storms and erratic changes are probable at this time. A sudden rise of temperature on and touching the 6th, with squalls and thunder gusts in many isolated localities, would be in conformity to the existing astronomic conditons at the time. See February earthquake forecasts. A reaction to cold, fair weather will follow from about the 6th to the 9th.

A regular storm period is central on the 10th, covering Tuesday the 8th, to Sunday the 13th. Disturbing causes and things to expect.

The moon is in quadrature, or at first quarter, on the 10th, and at extreme north declination and in apogee on the 13th. The planet Mars is in opposition, or nearest the earth for this year, on the 10th. The regular Vulcan period, is, of course, the foundation of this period, accentuated, perhaps by a solstice excitement of the planet Venus, in very close conjunction with the great planet Jupiter. As we enter this period we are to expect a decided change to warmer, beginning in the west and attended by falling barometer and growing cloudiness During the 9th to about the 11th, these conditions will advance into the great central valleys, breaking into storms of wind and rain. Meantime, rising barometer and change to snow and colder will appear west and north. From about the 11th to 13th the storm center will pass from central regions to the Atlantic seaboard, with the high barometer, snow and change to much colder following the storms into the extreme east and south. Thus, during the same period, we have the same storm period, we have the three phases of storm and weather passing in rotational order from west to east across the continent: First, warmer, threatening weather, with falling barometer, cloudiness and rain; second, change of winds westward, snow, rising barometer; third, colder and clearing weather with winds from the west and north. Knowing that this is almost an infallible order of storm movements, and weather changes, any intelligent school boy or girl should be able, with the assistance of these forecasts, to figure out, with practical precision, what day, if not what hour, when the changing phases of storm and weather will strike his or her own locality. Not only so, but with a reliable barometer at hand, also a companion Hygrometer, any one should be able to say whether or not approaching storms are going to prove violent, or be attended by heavy or little snow or rainfall.

A reactionary storm period will run its course on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the 15th to the 18th. This period will be affected by the first stages of the March, or Vernal equinox of the earth, by the opening of the mercury equinox, and by the moon's opposition to earth and sun, near the celestial equator.. Our readers will remember that the Vernal equinox is often felt in violent West India storms as early as the middle of February, and those who are exposed to the fury of such storms, along the south Atlantic and Gulf regions especially should not be unmindful of possible danger at this period. Storms of this period will reach their crisis within forty-eight hours of sunset on the 18th. Rain may be expected during the opening stage of this period, or along the eastern rim of the advancing low barometer; but rain will turn to snow, over central to northern sections, in the general swing eastward of the storm center, causing snow and sleet, as the rising barometer, westerly winds and change to colder follow up the warm and rainy areas. Should equatorial storms, with wide and intense low barometeric depressions appear in the far south, at this reactionary period, blizzards, driven by high boreal winds from the northwest, all followed by a great cold wave, may be expected on and not far from the 18th.

A regular storm period is central on the 22nd, extending over Sunday the 20th, to Friday, the 25th. Disturbing causes and things to expect.

The disturbing periods of Vulcan and Mercury have their centers together on the 22nd. The Mercury period, as may be seen by the storm diagram, extends from the 17th to the end of the month. Meantime the earth's nerval equinoctial perturbation is increasing in force. The moon is on the celestial equator on the 20th, on its way to south declination. All these facts indicate very active, if not violent, disturbances during this period. Sudden change to much warmer will appear in the west, attended by falling barometer, with possibly rain and thunder storms, as early as the 20th. Your barometer, if you will heed it, will plainly warn you of the approach and intensity of these storms, and of the time they will arrive at your locality, in their eastward sweep across the country. Wind, rain and thunder will be succeeded by snow and sleet and changes to very cold; all these phases touching progressively, during successive days of the period, in all parts of the country. Danger of equinoctial storms in the south should be apprehended during and about this period. Do not be caught napping out over the northwest. Watchfulness and preparation will do you no harm, even if dangerous storms do not materialize; if they should appear lack of caution and readiness will exact of you their toll of suffering and loss and death.

Some of our most violent storms, ending in furious blizzards, follow the full moon when it falls on or near the celestial equator, and this fact promises to prolong and greatly intensify the storms and other disturbances occuring on or about the 18th, so that a prolonged spell of stormy and hard winter weather will most probably run into, and continue throughout the regular storm period, 20th to 25th. We repeat that there is danger of very severe equinoctial storms in the south with destructive snow, sleet and cold over most interior parts of the country from about the 18th to the 25th of Februray. A cold wave, far-reaching and destructive, will be the sequel, or wind up of these great and general disturbances.

We have often called attention to the fact the planet Mercury is the "sleet god," and that almost one hundred per cent. of our great sleet storms fall within the compass of the Mercury equinoctial braces. At such times the periods begin warm and rainy, but later turn to freezing, until everything becomes coated and burdened with ice. This will prove one of those periods, and we predict that those who have charge of telephone and telegraph and electric wires, had better "stand up and take notice."

A reactionary storm period is central on the last three days of February. The moon is at last quarter on the 26th, at extreme declination south on the 27th, in perigee on the 29th. These days will bring return of low barometer, southerly winds, warmer weather, general rains. As we enter March, storms of rain, turning to sleet and snow will be disappearing eastward with cold, clearing weather following closely in their rear.

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Hardfield, N. B.

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ROBERT M. WILSON

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Has been Canada's favorite yeast for over a quarter of a century. Bread baked with Royal Yeast will keep fresh and moist longer than that made with any other, so that a full week's supply can easily be made at one baking, and the last loaf will be just as good as the first.

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Coconaut Oil Fine For Washing Hair

If you want to keep your hair in good condition, be careful what you wash it with.

Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle, and is very harmful. Just plain mulsified cocoanut oil (which is pure and entirely greaseless), is much better than the most expensive soap or anything else you can use for shampooing, as this can't possibly injure the hair.

Simply moisten your hair with water and rub it in. One or two teaspoonfuls will make an abundance of rich, creamy lather, and cleanses the hair and scalp thoroughly. The lather rinses out easily, and removes every particle of dust, dirt, dandruff, and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and it leaves it fine and silky, bright, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get mulsified cocoanut oil at most any drug store. It is very cheap, and a few ounces is enough to last everyone in the family for months

Tom Lawrence's Christmas Gift

It Was Given at a Later Christmas to Tom's Son.

By ESTHER VANDEVEER

It was Christmas morning. Tommy Lawrence, aged seven, had remained awake so long the evening before, watching for Santa Claus to come down the chimney, that he awakened late. Half opening his eyes, he looked dreamily at the ceiling and closed them again. A sound came up from below that caused him to open them again and listen intently, a sound that he had never heard before in that house.

"Bowwow!"

A dog! There could be no mistake—a sure, certain dog. Tommy's eyes lighted with a glad expectancy. Could it be that for a Christmas present he was to have a little pet barker? Of all things, he craved a real live pet, and of all live pets a dog. He gave a kick. The covers went over the foot board, and he bounded out of bed. He was looking for the first piece of clothing to put on when—

"Bow-wow-wow! Bow-wow-wow wow-wow!"

This was too much for him. He opened the door and ran downstairs in his nightie. In the dining room he found his brother, Fred, a boy of fourteen, teasing a pup. Tommy stood looking from the boy to the dog in expectant wonder. Just then his father came into the room.

"Hello, Tom!" he exclaimed. "You down already? You weren't expected However, the secret is out, and I may as well tell you that this little puppy is to be your principal Christmas gift. What do you think of him?"

What Tom thought of the dog he could not possibly express in words, so he said nothing; but, going to the dog, he laid a hand on him. Then he patted him. Then he put both arms around him and drew his cheek against his own. Finally Tom asked:

"What's his name?"

"Oh, since he is your dog you shall give him his name. What do you think of Spot?"

"I don't know," replied Tommy, still apparently lost in wonder whether it could really be true that he had a pet dog.

"Or Trip?"

"If, he's a hunting dog," suggested Fred, "I think Pointer a good name."

"Suppose we make it Wad?" said the father. "When I was a boy and we didn't have cartridges we used to ram wadding down into the barrel of the gun to keep the powder and shot in place. Which shall it be, Tom, Spot or Trip or Pointer or Wad?"

Tom couldn't possibly decide so momentous a question on such short notice, but somehow the family fell to calling the dog Wad, and his little master made it Waddie. The Lawrence home stood in the center of large grounds, and Waddie had plenty of room to roam—that is, he would have when the weather warmed up, for, being nothing but a puppy, he needed to be kept warm. He was a thoroughbred, and Tommy was obliged for awhile to yield in the matter of his treatment and his diet to others. Tom would have fed him on cake and candy had he been permitted, with an occasional feast of some highly seasoned meat. He was much distressed when told that his pet must for the present have nothing but milk.

Tom and Wad grew up together. Tom regarded Christmas as the dog's birthday, and it was celebrated accordingly. Every Christmas a cake was made and at dinner a candle for each one of Wad's birthdays put into the icing. Tom ate the cake, and Wad was given some choice bones that had been saved for the purpose. As soon as the dog was old enough to be trained to hunt he was taken out by a competent person and taught the art of assisting the huntsman. This gave Tom a desire to have a gun that he might utilize his dog, and when he was twelve years old his father consented that he should have one and accompany an experienced sportsman on a hunt. The second season it was found impossible to prevent Tom's going out with his dog and his gun unattended.

After that, when Christmas approached, Tom insisted on going to where there was some kind of game that he might increase the variety of the viands for the Christmas dinner. His hunting ceased about the 1st of November and was resumed a few days before Christmas. When, on a crisp December morning, Tom went out, with his gun, his game bag and his cartridge belt strapped about him, and called, Wad, the dog, seeing the paraphernalia, went wild with joy.

When Tom was eighteen years old and in the prime of his youth Wad was about twelve and growing very old for a dog. Still he was a beautiful animal and had always been coveted for his pure blood. He had been stolen several times, but had either found a way to get back to his master or had been returned for a reward. One day, in his old age, he disappeared, and, when several weeks had passed and he had not returned, his master reluctantly gave him up, thinking that he had met with some injury which, on account of old age, perhaps had finished him.

One morning Tom was looking over the pictures of fashionable women in a newspaper, and his attention was arrested by a picture of a pretty girl standing beside a dog. Underneath was printed, "Miss Irene Fleetwood and Her Prize Winner."

"If that isn't Wad," remarked Tom to himself, "it must be his brother. It seems that if I should call him he would jump for me."

There was a short paragraph about Miss Fleetwood and her dog, giving her address. Tom cut it out, with the picture, placing the former in his portemonnaie and the latter on his mantel. There was something in the face and figure of the girl that charmed him, and he never went into his room without standing for awhile over her picture. The dog, too, was a favorite object of inspection. The more Tom looked at the dog and studied the color marking the more he was impressed with the belief that he was Wad. Quite likely he had been stolen and sold to his present mistress.

One day Tom's curiosity led him to walk by the address given in the newspaper and inspect Miss Fleetwood's home. He found it a handsome stone front residence, with costly lace curtains in the windows. The truth is, he was as much interested in catching a glimpse of Miss Fleetwood as of the dog. He saw nothing of either on that occasion; but, finding that the house was not far out of his way on going to the business part of the town, —he now lived in the city—he frequently made his passages by that route. On one occasion while passing he saw the dog standing with his forepaws on a window sill looking out wistfully as if he desired to be free. Tom could not divert himself of the belief that he was Wad. Presently this belief was confirmed. The dog caught sight of Tom and straightway began to quiver with excitement, rubbing his nose on the windowpane as if he would force his way through. Tom stood looking till he feared his presence would be noticed; then he went on.

What should he do? It was probable that the lady had become possessed of the dog by purchase, Wad having been stolen. Should Tom claim him?—He felt rather like making the dog the means of an introduction to his mistress.

Tom finally determined on a course to pursue. Having looked into the occupancy of the houses opposite Miss Fleetwood's, he found that lodgings were to be had in one of them and engaged a room overlooking the street. He usually occupied it about the time a lady would be likely to go out in the morning or the afternoon. He saw Miss Fleetwood go out frequently, sometimes in an auto, which she drove herself, but nothing of Wad. He usually went to his point of observation in his own auto, leaving it standing by the curb while on watch.

One crisp cold morning he saw Miss Fleetwood come out of his house, leading the dog by a leash to her auto, and, placing him in the seat beside her, she drove away. In a jiffy Tom was down and out. Springing into his car, he turned on the power and followed the lady. She was evidently out for a spin, for she proceeded on a road leading to the open country. Presently Tom gave a signal that he was about to pass her, and she gave him room.

He had scarcely drawn up beside her when Wad gave a succession of joyful barks, and, before his mistress could interfere with his movements, he jumped from her side and ran beside the passing car, barking vociferously. Tom for awhile pretended not to notice him, then looked down at him with no appearance of especial interest, while the lady's interest was pronounced. She motioned for Tom to slow up. He did so, and both came to a stop.

"I would like to get my dog back into my car," she said.

"Suppose you call him?" replied Tom.

The girl opened the car door and called to the dog to come to her. Instead, he tried to climb into Tom's car.

"Will you kindly tell me," said Tom, "how you came by that dog?"

"I bought him."

"Well, you bought stolen property. He has been my dog for many years. He was a Christmas present to me when he was a puppy."

The young lady demurred. "Come, Beauty," she said; "that's a good dog: come."

Beauty, as she called him, paid no attention to her. He was sitting on his haunches looking wistfully up at Tom and wagging his tail.

"He is a perfect witness," said Tom, "to the truth of my story. I am not going to take him away from you, but if you are willing that he should return to me I will reimburse you for your pecuniary loss."

It was finally decided between the two that they should return to the lady's home. Tom put Wad into her car, but he wouldn't stay there, and she finally consented that he should ride with Tom. When they reached their destination Tom and the girl and the dog went into the house, where Tom offered to give up his claim. But Miss Fleetwood, convinced that he belonged to Tom, relinquished the right to him, refusing compensation, and Tom took him home with him. Tom not only regained his property, but formed an acquaintance on which he had set his heart. He also in time won the girl.

Wad lived to a very old age. In fact he lived to be given at Christmas to Tom's oldest son, aged four, but died that night, the boy having given him an overfeeding of plum pudding.

THE YOLK OF AN EGG.

It is Good Predigested Food, While the White is Not.

It has long been known that many persons cannot eat even perfectly fresh eggs without suffering all the symptoms of violent poisoning.

The egg has two parts—the yolk inside and the white outside. The white is the part of the egg that the chicken is made of—the part that makes the bones, the feathers and the flesh. The yolk, however, is what the chicken lives on. It is a dinner basket placed there by nature for the infant chicken. It is a little lunch put up for the young life within the egg to support it until it gets out of the shell, for the chicken must eat inside the shell as well as outside, and the yolk is a little bundle of predigested food that nature has prepared for the chicken to eat before it emerges into the world.

Thus we see that the yolk is food, whereas the white of the egg never was intended to be eaten. Really it is not fit to be eaten. It has some food value, it is true. It can be utilized under some circumstances, but it is not good food. The yolk is the only part of the egg that really is wholesome food. It is digested very quickly, too, recent investigations showing that the yolk is digested entirely in the stomach. There is some fat in the yolk, there is some protein in the yolk and some carbohydrate in the yolk, and all are digested in the stomach.

The fat of the yolk is of a peculiar kind. It is more readily digested in the stomach than any other fat, although other emulsified fats are also to some degree digested in the stomach

First Talking Machine.

The recording of vibrations of a membrane was first accomplished by Leon Scott in 1857, by the invention of what he called a "phonautograph." This is regarded as the precursor of the modern phonograph. The actual reproduction of sound was first achieved by Thomas Alva Edison in 1876 and first patented by him in 1877, the patent being dated in January of that year. There had been, of course, several experiments and improvements between. The first method of recording vibrations of a tuning fork on the surface of a drum was discovered by Thomas Young in 1807. Alexander Graham Bell and S. Tainter patented the graphophone in 1885. Emile Berliner patented the gramophone in 1887

THE SQUEEZE PLAY.

Its Success Hangs on the Batter Hitting the Ball to the Ground.

The squeeze play is one of the prettiest in baseball when successful. When it fails no play makes a ball team look more foolish. The play is best worked with one out, a runner on third and a run needed to either tie or win the game. Many of the best base runners when about to make the play create the impression that there is no intention of pulling it by taking only a fair lead off the base and standing still. The very moment the pitcher starts his movement the man on third tears for the plate.

If in any way the intention to use the play is tipped off or foreseen it is an easy matter for the catcher to break it up by calling for a waste ball that is so wide of the plate that it is impossible for the batter to bunt it. It is an easy matter to touch the base runner out and make the team trying the squeeze appear ridiculous. But a successful completion of the play usually puts the team in the field in the air and makes them look equally foolish.

The squeeze play does not call for a hard hitter or a good hitter, but it does call for a man with a good eye, a fellow who invariably hits the ball, even though it may not go safe. If the batsman bunts the ball in the air an easy double play is usually the result. If he is able to keep the ball on fair ground there is seldom a chance to stop the run at the plate. It is not necessary to have a fast man on third to make this play, for most of the play depends on the ability of the batsman to keep the ball on the ground.

UNDER AN AVALANCHE.

A Remarkable Experience and Rescue in the Italian Alps.

Human beings occasionally live through incredibly long imprisonments after their dwellings have been overwhelmed by avalanches. On March 19, 1755, avalanches buried the village of Bergemoletto, in the Italian Alps, and on April 25 three women were dug out alive from a stable in which they had been immured for thirty-seven days in the dark beneath the mass of snow which lay forty-two feet higher than the roof. With them had been buried a little boy, six goats, a donkey and some hens.

The child, the donkey and the fowls soon died, but the goats helped the women to survive, their milk supplementing the thirty or forty cakes and the pocketful of chestnuts upon which they depended for food. Hope of finding the women alive had been abandoned when far in April the brother of one had a dream in which she appealed to him for rescue.

The weather then at last made excavation possible, and the women were restored to the world and presently to health.

A lady's comment—
'Tastes better—goes farther.'
Red Rose
Tea "is good tea"

Children Cry for Fletcher's
CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhœa. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE LAST WEEK
STROUD'S JANUARY SALE
THE GREATEST ON RECORD

The Citizens of Belleville have found that
STROUD'S 20 p.c. Discount SALE
Is one of the BIGGEST Money-Saving Propositions

HIGH CLASS GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES

NOW IS YOUR CHANCE TO RENEW YOUR DISHES RIGHT THROUGH FROM THE KITCHEN, DINING ROOM, TO PARLOR AND BED ROOM

STROUD'S, THE STORE THAT MAKES A A SPECIALTY OF TEA

The Store That's So Different !

YOU have doubtless read and re-read many Clothing Advertisements !

You have been pestered with big type and you have been reasoned with in small type !

You have been plied with advertised reductions so unreasonable that your good sense at once stamps them as fictitious.

Here' a Store That's Different

**Men's Suits and Overcoats
Exceptional Merit
$8.50, $10, $12 up to $25**

We are not giving away Clothing or conducting our Store out of pure generosity to the Public.

We sell no $15 Overcoats for $7.88, nor do we sell $20.00 Suits for $10.99.

We claim to be a fair-dealing, wide-awake Clothing Houae—always giving you the best possible value for your money, and ever ready to make any wrong, right. Surely, no one will or can give you more for your money than we will give you—and you can certainly do no better than to make this YOUR CLOTHING STORE.

Quick & Robertson
THE OUTFITTERS

**Women's $4 & $5 Boots
Only $2.90**

GORMAN'S BOOT SHOP

Have You
Taken
Advantage
Of Our
January
Clearance
Sale ?

**Men's $5 & $6 Boots
Only $3.25**

The Beauty of Our Feed

is that there is no waste to it. Your horse will lick up the last oat or the last kernel of grain. It tastes so good to him that he wants every bit that belongs to him. So there's economy as well as satisfaction in buying your feed and grain here. Try it once and you'll try it always.

H. E. FAIRFIELD

AMUSEMENTS

CITY HALL THEATRE
Week Starting MONDAY, Jan. 24

MONDAY and TUESDAY
The Strand Musical Comedy Co.
IN
"THE COLLEGE WIDOW".
Featuring FELIX O. MARTIN and AL LANOUS, assisted by a Company of Twenty People.
Auspices XVth Regiment Band
Change of Plays Monday, Wednesday and Friday
Prices, - - - - - 15c, 25c, 35c

**HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER
SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS**

MUSIC & DRAMA

Frederick Palmer, the only officially accredited representative of the entire press of America with the British Forces on the Continent, and author of "My Yeor Of The War" will portray with moving pictures and thrilling narratives, the Great World War as seen by him at close range, at Griffin's Opera House, Monday evening, Jan. 31st. Frederick Palmer is being received in all the towns and cities that he visits, with the most hearty reception. His exceptional knowledge and ability to portray the events which he had the opportunity of witnessing, makes his entertainment exceptionally interesting. This concert will be one of the events of the season, and he is sure to receive just as warm a reception in Belleville as at any other place. Belleville has shown the most wonderful spirit regarding this war, both as regards sending soldiers and all the many necessaries that bring comforts to those across the seas.

Mr. Palmer is coming here under the auspices of the 80th Overseas Battalion, C.E.F., and will be assisted by an orchestra of 18 pieces, under the leadership of Lieut. H. A. Stares, Mus. Bach.

—Seats will be $1.00, 75c., 50c and 25c. Plan will be opened at Doyle's Drug store on Thursday at 9 p.m.

THE STRAND MUSICAL CO.

A crowded house greeted the Strand Musical Co. on their first appearance in this city at Scott's Palace Theatre last night, and although owing to the fact that it was necessary to coach a new piano player for the occasion, the play was rather late in starting, the crowd seemed well pleased with the performance. Their music is rather difficult to handle and requires considerable practice which was not possible with last night's performance.

Felix Martin in an Irish character and Al Lanons as an Italian, are certainly stars and kept a rapid fire comedy going all the time.

The chorus was good and worked well in spite of heavy colds.

The entire performance was clean and humorous, nothing that would be in any way objectionable being used.

The concensus of opinion was that the show was as good as has been seen in this city for some time at the price of admission.

DID NERO BURN ROME ?

Interesting questions aroused by that potent photodrama "Quo Vadis," which is to be presented at Griffin's Opera House tomorrow and Thursday matinee and night.

George Kleine's glorious photodrama production "Quo Vadis" has aroused a great deal of discussion among readers and students of history and many have broken into print on the subject. The particular incidents of interest and doubt also, are the setting on fire of Rome and the persecution of the Christians. According to Mr. Kleine's photo-drama production of Sienkiewicz's novel "Quo Vadis," Nero was a despicable character, an incendiary and a brute of the most horrible description. However, according to the most reliable historic authorities he was not quite so bad as he is pictured on the screen. Tacitus whose annals were written shortly after the episodes occurred is loath to blame Nero altogether for the burning of Rome although he admits it might have been so, as "Nero was infected with the desire to shine as a constructor" and "caused the city to be fired in order to clear the ground that he might build a new Rome." Tacitus makes it perfectly plain that improvements Nero had sought to make had been bitterly opposed by the property owners of a certain class and that they never became reconciled to the changes made after the fire, although they were all, admittedly, vastly beneficial hygenically and otherwise.

4TH CON. AMELIASBURG

Mr. and Mrs. Delbert Snider of Youngs, were on Sunday the guests of the latter's uncle, Mr. H. M. Delong.

Mrs. J. A. Switzer, of Trenton, spent the week with her sister, Mrs. D. H. Vancott, who is still confined to her bed from her severe burns.

Measles are quite prevalent in this part of the community at present.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Gibson and baby, Harry, spent Sunday at Centre, guests of Mr. Nelson Giles and daughter Mary.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Weeks, of Melville, visited the latter's mother, Mrs. Debbie Carnrike, on Sunday.

Mrs. Herman Murphy, of Consecon, spent a few days of last week with her father, Mr. Chas. Sager, who is quite ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Saxsmith, of York Road, were recent guests of Mrs. D. H. Vancott.

Mr. Bruce Irvin, wife and daughter, visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Irwin, of Young's, on Sunday.

Miss Marjorie Wood, of Mountain View, is staying with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. John Gibson.

Mrs. Arnold Rosebush, of Albury, is visiting friends in this vicinity.

Mr. S. Gibson, of Wellington, spent a couple of weeks with his mother, Mrs. Laura Terry.

Mrs. Roy Vancott spent a few days at Mountain View with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Srung.

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What a terrible world it would have been if a man had been made with two mouths and only one ear.

Former Resident Dies in Brantford

On January 18th in Brantford occurred the death of Mrs. S. W. Bradshaw at the advanced age of 82 years.

Mrs. Bradshaw was for many years a resident of this city and Mr. Bradshaw was the first manager here for the Wm. Patterson Co.

The many friends of Mrs. Bradshaw in this city will regret to hear of her death.

DEATHS

DOUGHTY—In Belleville, on Monday, January 24th, 1916, Eleanor Doughty aged 73 years and 10 months.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her son, Egbert M. Johnson, 83 Grier street, on Thursday 27th inst., at 3 o'clock. Services at the house at 2.30 p.m. Interment, Belleville cemetery.

LACKEE—In Belleville at the residence of her daughter, on Jan. 25th, Ellen Lackee, relict of the late Adam Lackee, aged 86 years.

The funeral will leave the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Jas. Potter, 102 Chatham St., on Wednesday, Jan. 26th at 6.30 a.m. to Grand Trunk station. Interment, Gananoque cemetery.

ANDERSON—Died at her residence in Ameliasburg, on Tuesday, January 25th, 1916, Theadocia, relict of the late Capt. J. W. Anderson, in the 76 year of her age.

The funeral will be held on Thursday at 2 p.m. Service at the house. Interment in the Albury cemetery.

Within the Military Circle

BELLEVILLE

Free trip to Germany. Apply at the Armouries.

The officers of the Khaki Club intend giving a dance in Johnstone's Academy on Feb. 1st.

The following N.C.O's of the 80th Battalion have left for Kingston to attend the P. S. I.: Sergeants J. A. McKay, T. W. Reif, R. A. Wing, Winters, H. S. Polk, G. H. Brook, D. Dickson, O. Charlton, Phillips, Carl, Willis, Gallaghan and O'Shea.

Col. Alger, M.O. of the 80th Battalion is confined to his bed with lagrippe.

Lieut. Cauldwell gave a lecture to the officers and N.C.O's of the 80th Battalion last evening on "Machine Gun Tactics."

The School of Infantry for the 155th Battalion will commence at 8.30 tomorrow morning. The class will be in charge of Lieut. Elliott and will be instructed by Sergt. Dowe. About 10 men of the 155th Battalion will take the course.

The strength of the 155th Battalion is now about 500.

SOLDIERS' AID COMMISSION.

At the request of the chairman of the Soldiers' Aid Commission in the Province of Ontario, the Mayor, as convenor, is inviting the heads of all the municipalities in Hastings County as well as the Parliamentary representatives and leading citizens generally to meet at the lecture room in the armouries on Friday evening, the 28th inst., at eight o'clock to form a branch of the Soldiers' Aid Commission of Hastings County, Belleville and Trenton, which branch will be subject to the Royal Commissionat Toronto, as sanctioned and authorized by order in council. The object of this branch, like the parent association, shall be to take care of and to find employment for members of the Canadian Expeditionary Force who return to Canada during the period of the war, particularly those who have returned to our county and city.

Capt. Bleecker of the 155th Battalion, Marmora, is in the city to-day and reports that the number of recruits in Marmora now totals 43. They are in charge of Lieut. Davies and are being well looked after by the young ladies of Marmora, who have established a Khaki Club which is well supplied with newspapers, magazines, games, etc.

Col. Adams, Major Allen, Capt. Hyman and Lieut. Sanford of the 155th Battalion, who left for Tweed yesterday, left that place today for Marmora and Madoc, where they will inspect the 155th Battalion quarters.

KINGSTON

An epidemic of grippe is throughout Tete du Pont Barracks, and officers and men are suffering from attacks which range from the mildest, to the most violent manifestations of this annoying winter disease.

A new eighteen pound Maxim gun has arrived from Ottawa for the use of the local artillery.

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Laid to Rest

Yesterday the remains of the late Mrs. Nancy Ryan were placed in, the vault at Victoria Cemetery, after a service had been held at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Robert Chapman, of the 8th Concession of Thurlow Township. Rev. A. M. Huffman conducted the services, which were largely attended by relatives and friends. The bearers were Messrs. W. Emerson, G. E. Lott, W. Wray, J. Graham

A Food Fact to Remember

Seventeen years ago a food was originated that combined the entire nourishment of the field grains—wheat and barley—with ease of digestion, delicious taste and other qualities of worth designed to fill a widespread human need.

To-day that food—

Grape-Nuts

has no near competitor among cereal foods in form or nutritive value, nor has it had from the start.

Grape-Nuts on the Breakfast Menu builds and maintains body, brain and nerves as no other food does. Ready-to eat, economical, appetizing.

"There's a Reason"

JOIN THE THINKERS' CLUB

Made in Canada Grocers everywhere sell Grape-Nuts

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

"THERMOR"
THE WATERLESS
HOT BOTTLE . .

It's New! It's a Wonder!
Be Convinced! Try It!

Awarded Gold Medals at Paris, London, Berlin a numerous other Expositions.

Stay Hot 12 Hours

Used as Foot Warmer, Bed Warmer. Autos, Baby Carriages. Never too hot or too cold. Always just right. Price $3.50

The John Lewis COMPANY LIMITED

ARENA
TURNBULL St

Band Mon., Wed. and Sat.

Postopned O. H. A. Hockey Game between Lindsay Juniors vs. Belleville Juniors. Will be played Friday, January 28th. Fast game assured.

Should Belleville win, this will tie this district.

Admission 25c. Reserved seats 35c.

Band in attenaance

GRIFFIN'S OPERA HOUSE
TO-MORROW & THURSDAY,
Jan. 26 and 27
The Stupendous Photo Drama
QUO VADIS
In 3 Acts, 8 parts
Performance lasting 2¼ hours as presented at the Astor Theatre, N.Y., 306 consecutive successive performances; a sensational success throughout Europe and America. Matinee daily 10 cents
Prices, 10c, 15c and 25c
Seats on sale at Doyle's.

Ladies' Hudson Seal Coats

No. 1 Quality Lined throughout with No. 1 Brocade satin 40 inches long .... Price $120.00

Muff to match $22.00

J. T. DELANEY

29 Campbell St. opposite Y.M.C.A. Phone 797
See Our Window
N. B. We Buy Raw Furs

GET
THE
F.S.ANDERSON CO'S
GENUINE
SCRANTON
COAL
BELLEVILLE

The Best we Can Buy Carefully P pared and Delivered

The F. S. ANDERSON CO.,
42 Bridge St.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORT WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family or any ma over 18 years old, may homestead a qu ter section of available Dominion land Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. A plicant must appear in person at the D minion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency f the District. Entry by proxy may made at any Dominion Lands Agency (b not Sub-Agency, on certain conditions. Duties—Six months residence upon a cultivation of the land in each of thr years. A homesteader may live with nine miles of his homestead on a farm at least 80 acres, on certain condition A habitable house is required exc where residence is performed in the vic ity.

In certain districts a homesteader good standing may pre-empt a quarte section alongside his homestead. Pri $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each three years after earning homestead pa ent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pr emption patent my be obtained as so as homestead patent, on certain cond tions.

A settler who has exhausted his hom stead right may take a purchased hom stead in certain districts. Price $3.00 p acre. Duties—Must reside six months each of three years, cultivate 50 acr and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to r duction in case of rough, scrubby or ston land. Live stock may be substituted f cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interio
N. B. Unauthorized publication of th advertisement will not be paid for.—64

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATION

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, i Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, th Yukon Territory, the North-West Terr tories and in a portion of the Province o British Columbia, may be leased for term of twenty-one years at an annua rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,5 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be mad by the applicant in person to the Agen or Sub-Agent of the district in which th rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must b described by sections or legal sub-divis ions of sections, and in unsurveyed terri tory the tract applied for shall be stake by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanie by a fee of $5 which will be refunded i the rights applied for are not available but not otherwise. A royalty shall b paid on the merchantable output of th mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall fur nish the Agent with sworn returns ac counting for the full quantity of mer chantable coal mined and pay the royalt thereon. If the coal mining rights ar not being operated, such returns shoul be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal minin rights only but the lessee may be pe mitted to purchase whatever availabl surface rights may be considered nece sary for the working of the mine at th rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application shoul be made to the Secretary of the Depart ment of the Interior, Ottawa, or to an Agent or Sub Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY
Deputy Minister of the Interior.
N. B.—Unauthorized publication of thi advertisement will not be paid for.—3

OVERCOATS

Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat! We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.

Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

Why do you not stop that cough by using Holden's Expectorant? For sale at Geen's.

ONE WEEK WHITEWEAR BARGAIN SALE

A GREAT BARGAIN FEAST OF MUSLIN UNDERWEAR and Broken Assortments of LADIES' LINGERIE BLOUSES

White Week Sale of Dainty Gowns

Dozens of high-class, handsome Night Gowns, perfect in every detail and priced exceeding low for this sale.

$1.00 Gowns	- for 78c	$1.75 Gowns	- for $1.38
1.25 „	- for 98c	2.00 „	- for 1.58
1.50 „	- for $11.8	2.50 „	- for 1.98

Drawers Priced Low

So low in fact that you'll surely want to supply your future needs.

Regular 75c -	for 53c
Regular $1.00 -	for 73c
Regular $1.25 -	for 93c
Regular $1.50	for $1.03

Brassieres

The famous Gossard Lines that will delight your eye and please your pocket-book.

Regular 75c -	for 58c
Regular $1.00 -	for 78c
Regular $1.23 -	for 98c
Regular $1.50	for $1.18

Wed., Jan. 26, to Wed., Feb. 2

Enticing Offer Of Fine Underskirts

No matter if you desire a rather modest inexpensive one, or a real good one, we have them at prices that will delight you.

Reg. $1.00 values for	78c
„ 1.25 „	98c
„ 1.50 „	$1.18
„ 1.75 „	1.38
„ 2.00 „	1.58
„ 2.50 „	1.98

Beautiful Blouses

You will be surprised at the extensive lines we are showing for this Sale, and the remarkable values we are able to offer.

THREE BIG TABLES FULL

Table No. 1

Reg. $1.25 Blouses for	97c
„ 1.50 „	$1.17
„ 1.75 „	1.27

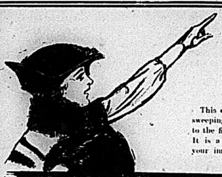
Do Not Miss This Whitewear Sale

Ketcheson & Earle

RITCHIE'S ONE WEEK RITCHIE'S

Tuesday, Jan. 25, to Monday, Jan. 31

Pre-Inventory Sale



Save On Your Present And Future Needs

By Doing Your Shopping at Ritchie's During This One Week Sale

This entire week will be given over to a sweeping clearance of surplus stocks previous to the final inventory at the end of the month. It is a money saving opportunity well worth your immediate attention.

ALL LADIES' COATS HALF PRICE

This offer does not mean only a few of the Coat Models selected for quick clearance, but embraces every Ladies' Black and Colored Coat now in stock, and that means a lot, especially so early in the season, for there are still many handsome up-to-the-minute garments displayed in our showing, all strictly new models in first class materials and best shades. Just think of this:—

Regular $10.00 Coats are now	$5.00	Regular $18.00 Coats are now	$9.00
Regular $12.00 Coats are now	$6.00	Regular $20.00 Coats are now	$10.00
Regular $15.00 Coats are now	$7.50	Regular $25.00 Coats are now	$12.50

(See window)

7 Ladies' Suits to Sell at $3.95

Of course they are not this season's, but with a little fixing here and there they can be made into stylish garments. Five are black, one green and one purple. They are all Satin lined and the Skirts alone are worth more than $3.95. Sizes 18, 34, 36 and 38. Be on hand early and secure first choice at $3.95

Silk and Serge Dresses Half Price

About two dozen in all to be cleared out previous to stock inventory. Made up of splendid quality materials in shades of brown, cream, navy, black and Copenhagen. Not this season's dresses, but good styles and all nicely trimmed. Regular prices from $8.00 to $25.00. On sale at HALF PRICE. From .... $4.00 to $12.50

25 per cent Off Children's Coats

That means: $5.00 Coats for $3.75; $6.00 Coats for $4.70; $8.00 Coats for $6.00; $10.00 Coats for $7.50; $12.00 Coats for $9.00; $15.00 Coats for $11.75.

And the showing is very large, embracing Coats for children of all ages. The materials are the best and the shades represent all that is new for the season. Choose now and get first choice, for they will sell quickly at this remarkable reduction.

Dress Skirts Half Price

A clearing of Ladies' Skirts, made of Serges, Panamas and Voiles—all splendid quality material and well made; not all this season's, but good styles. On sale at JUST HALF PRICE—

$5.00 Skirts for	$2.50
$6.00 Skirts for	$3.00
$7.50 Skirts for	$3.75

FURS Half Price

Clearing Out Our Entire Stock At This 50 p.c. Reduction

Probably never in the history of this Store has there been a greaer or more sweeping sale of high class Furs. Every piece of Fur in our collection offered a just half the usual price. The showing embraces sylish Muffs, Stoles, Caperines, etc., in fine qualities of MINK MARMOT, THIBET, COON, RAT, NORTHERN SABLE and STONE MARTEN. Occasionally such bargains as these can be picked up at the end of the season, but rarely in the month of January. Come in and see them; there are dozens of surprising bargains awaiting you.

Silk Curtains

That were $10 and $12

$3.95

Fourteen pairs only of part Silk Casement Curtains in five pretty designs, fringed and brush edging effects, originally sold at $10 and $12. Your choice $3.95

Model Drapes Half Price

If you have been in our Drapery Department this season you have seen and no doubt admired those pretty model drapes displayed there. These are the Drapes we place on sale at Half Price. There are Seven Drapes but only one of a kind, made up of American Repps, Art Chintz, Cretonnes and Veltours, all nicely trimmed with galloons and gimps to match. The materials from which they were made are all sold, therefore the drastic reductions. Length, 2 yards, width 54 inches.

1 $5.00 Drape for	$2.50
1 $7.00 Drape for	$3.50
1 $9.00 Drape for	$4.50
1 $8.00 Drape for	$4.00
1 $10 Drape for	$5.00
1 $12 Drape for	$6.00

Madras Curtains Half Price

This is an extra special offering and embraces all our plain and colored Madras Curtains. They are very suitable for any room in the home and can be used as a casement curtain if desired—standard sizes, 50 inches by 3½ yards long. The lot also includes some pretty white and colored Muslin drapes. Our range at the various prices is broken, therefore we will clear them out at JUST HALF PRICE

Chintzes and Cretonnes, 15c yd.

36 inches wide and all desirable patterns, suitable for Draperies, Box Covers, Furniture Slip-overs, Cushions, etc. All new but not a large quantity of every pattern. Regular 30c. and 35c. yard. Your choice 15c. yard.

25 p.c. Discount Off Odd Curtains

Odd pairs, some slightly soiled, only one pair of a kind, in Nottinghams, Swiss Nets, Voiles, Marquisettes, Brussels Net, etc. Regular prices, $1.25 to $10.00, with 25 per cent. off during this month.

MEN'S SUITS ON SALE

$15.00 and $16.50 Values Clearing at $10.95

Stock taking has revealed a quantity of High Suits which we are desirous of clearing out before the final inventory at the end of the month. They are odd lines of suits, not being all sizes in any one pattern, but the lot represents a complete range of sizes from 36 to 42. All excellent values at the regular prices, in greys, or brown English tweed mixtures. Owing to the increased cost of clothing materials and trimmings, we consider this an excellent opportunity to procure a first class Suit at a bargain—$10.95. (See window)

20 per cent Discount off all Uphostery Work Charges If You Placc Your Order This Week

The RITCHIE Company Limited

Sale of Furniture Coverings

COVERINGS worth 75c, $1, $1.25 and $1.50 yd. for 50c yard	COVERINGS worth $2.00, $2.25, $2.50 & $3.00 for $1.50 yd.

SPORTING NEWS

HOCKEY RECORD

Following are the O. H. A. games this week, with the exception of Monday's, which are contained in the Hockey Record:—

WEDNESDAY

Senior

Argonauts at 40th Battery.

Intermediate.

Brantford at Depot Regiment (Hamilton).

Peterborough Electrics at Cobourg St. Michael's.

Junior.

K. C. I. at Frontenacs.

Orillia at Barrie.

THURSDAY.

Intermediate.

Bowmanville at 84th Battalion.

Alliston at Collingwood.

FRIDAY.

Senior

Brockville at Queen's.

Intermediate

Queen's II. at Picton.

Peterborough Electrics at 93rd Batt

Weston at Bolton.

Port Colborne at Hamilton.

Niagara Falls at Dunnville.

Hamilton (Depot Regt.) at Paris.

Sarnia at London Overseas.

Ingersoll at Woodstock.

Junior.

Port Hope at Oshawa.

Newmarket at Aura Lee.

SATURDAY.

Senior.

Riversides at Toronto R. & A. A.

Junior

Brantford at London.

Frontenacs at K. C. I.

Pickering College at De La Salle.

MONDAY'S RESULTS.

O. H. A. Intermediate.

93rd Batt.... 4 Campbellford . . . 3

Ingersoll.... 4 London Overseas . 2

Collingwood. 6 Barrie (76 Batt.) . 2

Hamilton R. C. at Port Colborne, postponed.

Junior.

Markham at Aurora—postponed.

St. Andrew's College at Pickering College, postponed.

TRENT VALLEY LEAGUE.

Stirling........ 8 Frankford . . . 2

N. H. A.

Ottawa........ 6 Quebec 3

N. H. A. STANDING

Teams	Won.	Lost.	Goals For.	Goals Ag'st.
Wanderers . . .	7	2	42	30
Quebec . . .	6	4	40	37
Canadiens . . .	4	5	29	30
Ottawa . . .	4	5	29	27
Toronto . . .	2	7	22	38

IMPORTANT MEETING OF CITY COUNCIL

should get some definite idea where the C.P.R. Company intended to erect their freight sheds. He had heard that it would be located near South George street. A meeting of citizens should be called to discuss this important matter as it was important to the citizens.

Mayor Ketcheson—I understand the company have purchased land in West Belleville for the purpose of building a shed.

Ald. Woodley—Such is the case and the company have deeds of certain lands in West Belleville.

City Engineer Evans—A map has been prepared showing the building to be erected in West Belleville.

Interswitching

Mayor Ketcheson—A letter has been received by me from the Railway Board relative to interswitching. The plan as shown for interswitching is a feasible one. This was an importand matter and should be decided upon. The work would not be done until spring.

Ald. Earle—Is there anything being done in reference to the subway proposition?

Mayor Ketcheson—The subway matter is a serious question and will probably not be further considered until the war is over.

At this stage the Council adjourned and the members viewed a map prepared in reference to interswitching and where it was proposed to have the interswitching located.

The matter will be taken up in committee.

Annual Report Of Fire Chief Brown

Chief Brown, of the Belleville Fire Department, presented at the council meeting last night, a report for the year 1915. He referred to the lamented death of the late dearly beloved Chief Campbell, whose fatal illness was caused by the disastrous fire which destroyed the Palace Theatre and damaging other adjoining buildings entailing a loss of $13,487.50.

He (Chief Brown) took charge of the Department on February 2nd, 1915, and from that date to the end of December, there occurred 59 fires, 10 false alarms and 4 grass fires. The loss to property aggregated during this period, $16,111.70 the lowest loss being $1.25, and the highest $3700.

In accordance with my duties, I inspected thoroughly the premises of all Front street stores and on the whole found conditions not as bad as I expected. In some cases I gave orders for immediate changes to conform to the strict requirements of the fire laws.

For many years there has existed a fine spirit of co-operation and good feeling between the press, the police, the city council, the individual members of the Department and the citizens generally, which has been of real benefit in this important branch of the public service. It shall be my earnest endeavor to make the Department under the new conditions second to none in efficiency in the Province of Ontario.

I would call your attention to a request made by the late chief for 500 feet more of hose, as its need is urgent and should be attended to at once.

In conclusion I would like to express my appreciation of Chief Newton and the police force who have on all occassions co-operated with me and my men in a practicable and kindly spirit, that was both beneficial and agreeable.

I also desire to thank the mayor and the members of last year's council and the popular and efficient fire chairman for the honor conferred upon me and many generous favors.

This Changeable Weather Brings Coughs and Colds

Here are few lines of our own make of Confectionery that give relief to that tickling in the throat

Horehound Tablets,	20c lb.
Butter Scotch, - -	20c lb.
Menthol Tablets, -	30c lb.
Humbugs, - - -	20c lb.
BarleySugarTablets	20c lb.

Have Some to-day

Chas. S. Clapp

DEATH ROLL

ELEANOR DOUGHTY

Mrs. Eleanor Doughty, widow of the late Wm. Doughty, died shortly before midnight last night at the home of her son, Mr. Egbert M. Johnson, 83 Grier street, Belleville. Deceased was 74 years of age, and was born in England, being a daughter of the late Mr. T. Empson. Mrs. Doughty was twice married. She had lived in Madoc and Belleville since she was thirteen years of age. For years she had been a member of the Methodist church. Four sons and one daughter survive. The sons are Herbert H. Johnson, who resides in the West, G. E. Johnson of New York State, Eber W. and Egbert M. Johnson of Belleville. The daughter is Mrs. Fred Horton of this city.

DAVID FOSTER

Mr. David Foster, who resided at 53 South Foster Avenue, died rather suddenly last evening Deceased, who was 53 years of age, was born in England, but had resided here for some time. A wife but no family survive.

SEPARATE-SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until 4.00 P.M., on Tuesday, February 15, 1916, for the supply of: "Brooms and Brushes," "Chain", "Coal", "Hardware", "Hose", "Oils and Greases", "Packing", "Paint and Paint Oils", "Manilla Rope", "Wire Rope" and "Steam Pipe, Valves and Fittings," for the requirements of the Departmental Dredging Plant in Ontario and Quebec during the fiscal year 1916-1917.

Each tender must be sent in a separate envelope and endorsed: "Tender for Hardware, Ontario and Quebec", "Tender for Chain, Ontario and Quebec," etc., etc., as the case may be.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed

can be obtained at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, for amount stated in form of tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the contract. If the tender be not accepted the cheque

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

R. C. DESROCHERS,

Secretary

Department of Public Works,

Ottawa, January 21, 1916.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.—90556.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 5 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED—ATTENDANTS. APPLY Ontario School for the Deaf. j19-tf

WANTED—LADY BOOKKEEPER FOR OFfice. Apply by letter, stating experience and salary. Box "K" Intelligencer Office. 24-4td

WANTED—SMART INTELLIGENT GIRLS to learn Shirt-making. Apply Deacon Shirt Company. 24-6td

WANTED—KITCHEN MAID. APPLY ST. Agnes School. 25-2td

WANTED

WANTED—TO RENT, PIANO FOR ABOUT two months. Apply R. Snelson, 80th Battalion. 22-4td

TO RENT

TO RENT. RESIDENCE. No. 221 CHARLES St.; contains all modern conveniences. Apply at The Intelligencer Office a23-tf

TO LET. THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the Bank of Commerce, and also rooms in the same block and the Robertson Block, suitable for offices and apartments. S. S. Lazier. j17-dtf

TO LET—COMFORTABLE ROOM AND board for one or two in private family, very central. Box 'O' Intelligencer. 24-4t

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—YOUNG MAN AS STENOgrapher. Apply by telephone 294 during day, or 16 Catherine St., evenings. 22-4td

WANTED—FIRST CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill and Planer hands. Toolmakers. Good wages. Steady work. Canadian Westinghouse Company, Limited, Hamilton, Ont. d—j25

a member of the United States trapshooting team to the Olympic games in 1912, serving in an advisory capacity.

THE WEATHER.

Light local rain or sleet tonight and on Thursday, stationery or a little lower temperature.

The Daily Intelligencer.

ESTABLISHED 1858
58 years continuous business is a guarantee for square dealing, best values and lowest prices.
FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Office Phone 2 Night Phones 260 & 635

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 81 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1916. No. 23

HASTINGS COUNTY COUNCIL HOLDS RED-HOT MEETING

Indulged in Heated Debate Over Warden For Ensuing Year—Mr. Nugent Finally Selected by Vote of 19 to 9—Contest Was Purely Factional

The County Council of Hastings County met yesterday afternoon, all members being present, as follows:

Thurlow
Reeve—N. Vermilyea.
Deputy Reeve—G. L. Sills.

Sidney
Reeve—C. H. Ketcheson.
Deputy Reeve—J. W. Hess.

Tyendinaga
Reeve—P. McLaren.
Deputy Reeve—J. V. Walsh.

Hungerford
Reeve—James H. Clare.
Deputy Reeve—J. L. Newton.

Rawdon
Reeve—T. Montgomery.
Deputy Reeve—W. E. Hawkins.

Madoc Township
Reeve—S. Fox.
Deputy Reeve—C. Thompson.

Huntingdon
Reeve—W. Jeffrey.

Elzevir & Grimsthorpe
Reeve—James Moore.

Madoc Village
Reeve—E. C. Tufts.

Stirling Village
Reeve—R. Coulter.

Tweed Village
Reeve—S. B. Rollins.

Bancroft Village
Reeve—T. Walker.

Deseronto
Reeve—T. Naylor.

Marmora Village
Reeve—T. Gray.

Marmora & Lake
Reeve—J. Laycock.

Faraday
Reeve—U. A. Hubbell.

Monteagle & Herschel
Reeve—C. J. H. Jordison.

Dungannon
Reeve—Thos. Turriff.

Mayo
Reeve—Frank Whyte.

Bangor, Wicklow & McClure
Reeve—John Green.

Carlow
Reeve—John A. Stewart.

Tudor
Reeve—G. Gunter.

Walloston
Reeve—W. H. Nugent.

Limerick
Reeve—J. Brinklow.

The Wardenship

It was expected that there would be contest and considerable discussion over selection of a Warden and such proved to be the case. Mr. W. H. Nugent, Reeve of Walloston, was elected.

Mr. J. V. Walsh, moved, seconded

Continued on Page 7, Column 4.

PRISONERS OBJECT TO SERVICE FOR THEMSELVES

Report of U. S. Ambassador on British Prisoners in Germany

LONDON, Jan. 25.—The Official Press Bureau made public last night correspondence between Ambassador Gerard at Berlin and Ambassador Page at London concerning conditions in the interment camp at Ruhleben, Germany. Commenting on his visits at the camp, Ambassador Gerard says: es:

"The British civilians who have been interned are averse to working for themselves. Wages are paid to certain prisoners for doing fatigue work. Those averse to manual labor sit in deck chairs, listen to concerts, attend the cinema and theatrical performances and play tennis, golf, cricket, football, hockey, etc.

"The British taxpayer is paying a large sum in wages because the Ruhleben prisoners are unwilling to do the fatigue work of the camp.

"On the other hand, captured British soldiers who have been fighting in the trenches are compelled to work in the camps. Some of them are not properly clothed."

Mr. Gerard says the soldiers have no luxuries like the interned civilians, whose lot is in striking contrast.

◆

WOMAN INNKEEPER FINED FOR ILLEGALITY

WHITBY, Jan. 25.—Mrs. Mary Wilson, late proprietor of the Queen's Hotel here, was fined $20 and costs for permitting liquor to be taken off the premises in a bottle, and was found guilty of permitting the late Robert Hall, a prohibited person, to loiter on the premises; sentence for this was deferred. Her son, Allie Gates, was convicted of selling liquor to the late Robert Hall, who was killed while intoxicated. Gates did not appear, as he has enlisted and is at Kingston. Sentence was not passed on him.

FRENCH CANADIANS ARE SHOWING THEIR HANDS

Bilingualism Bound to Forge Ahead, Says Senator Landry

MONTREAL, Jan. 25.—A French-Canadian majority in Ontario was the possibility considered by Senator Philippe Landry in the course of an address on bilingualism at the Monument Nationale last night.

Senator Landry said that if the English-speaking residents of Ontario do not allow bilingual schools in the districts where the French-speaking inhabitants are in the majority, the next generation might still see the Province become bilingual. The reason would be that the Province had become French-Canadian. In New Ontario especially the numbers of their compatriots had increased to such an extent that he was sure they would be able to elect a French-Canadian member to the Dominion Parliament at the next election.

◆

RECORD FISH CATCH

BALM BEACH, Fla., Jan. 24.—A remarkable catch of fish, said to have been the largest made at Palm Beach in four years, was brought in to-day by W. L. Hodgkins of Chicago. Eighteen amberjacks, five red snappers, two sharks and a 400-pound loggerhead turtle were the trophies of his rod and line.

Washington Rejects Huns' New Proposal

Complications Arising From Lusitania's Sinking Not Straightened Out

ONE MORE U. S. NOTE

Germany to be Held to "Strict Accountability," So 'Tis Said

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25. — The United States is understood to have rejected as being partially unsatisfactory Germany's latest proposal in the Lusitania negotiations. Secretary of State Lansing, with the approval of President Wilson, is said to have so informed Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, during a conference late today, at the State Department.

The ambassador will confer again with the secretary tomorrow. It is understood he will then submit another confidential tentative proposal for a settlement, having embodied in it the requirements of the United States.

After being considered by the President and Mr. Lansing, the matter, unless present plans miscarry, will be transmitted to Berlin for the approval or rejection of the German Government.

Five or six days may elapse before it is known whether the Berlin foreign office will assume a view which coincides with that of the administration.

It was stated by excellent authority that the United States insists upon holding the German Government to "a strict accountability" for the loss of more than one hundred lives and desires that the Berlin Government admit in effect that it is liable according to law for the lives of neutrals lost in the commission of an act against a vessel of the enemy.

◆

Decisive Victory For Conscription

Bill Passes Its Third Reading in British House of Commons 383 to 36

LONDON, Jan. 25.—The military service bill passed the third reading in the House of Commons to-night by a vote of 383 to 36.

The bill was immediately sent to the House of Lords and given its first reading. The second reading will be taken in the House of Lords on Wednesday, and Parliament will be prorogued on Friday.

The fact that the minority against the bill was virtually only a third of that on its first reading is considered a great triumph for Premier Asquith and for Andrew Bonar Law, who directed its course, and although tonight's debate showed that many Labor members are still suspicious, there is no doubt that general opposition to the measure has diminished enormously since its introduction, and that the feeling of the country is strongly with the Government.

Mr. Bonar Law, in his speech winding up the debate, remarked on the wonderful change since the first reading of the bill, which, he said, was a compromise between those who thought that it went not far enough and those who believed it went too far.

◆

It takes a mighty cute pair of feet to look well in those white gatters, but every girl evidently thinks she has 'em.

AIR RAID IS FOILED BY THE BRITISH

LONDON, Jan. 25.—A German aeroplane passed over Dover at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. A British official announcement, issued tonight, says it was engaged by all the anti-aircraft guns and pursued by two British machines.

This was the third venture of the kind in two days, in the other visits bombs having been dropped on the docks, barracks and station at Dover, and on the aviation sheds at Hougham near Dover, according to Berlin.

Tonight's French official statement says: "A group of 32 French aeroplanes bombarded the enemy cantonments at Glevgell and Monastir. On the latter town more than 200 bombs were dropped by our machines."

Bishop Fallon Takes Issue With Prohibition

Stylos Campaign Dangerous Attempt to Regulate All Conduct By Statute

MENACE TO LIBERTY

Declares Principle is Same as That Involved in War Against Germans

LONDON, Ont., Jan. 25.—Bishop Fallon, head of the Roman Catholic Diocese of London, today issued a statement to the press in which he expressed opposition to the campaign now on for province-wide prohibition.

"I am opposed to the principle of prohibition in regard to the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors," runs the statement. "I regard the present agitation in Ontario as a dangerous invitation to the state to meddlesomely interfere with the rights of the citizen and as an equally dangerous attempt to regulate all human conduct by statute. We are threatened with a multiplication of the functions of the state that will grievously narrow the circle of individual rights."

He adds that the very principle for the vindication and safeguarding of which the British Empire is now engaged in its conflict with Germany, is "precisely the principle which, in my opinion, is menaced by the present attempt to force the enactment of prohibition legislation."

◆

TURNS KEY IN OFFICE DOOR AND DONS KHAKI

SMITH'S FALLS, Jan. 25.—Harwood McKim, B.A., Smith's Falls, has enlisted for overseas service. He is a graduate of the University of Toronto, and a practising lawyer in Smith's Falls, son of G. F. McKim, publisher of the Rideau Record. So impressed was he with the need of men, and yet more men, for the defence of the Empire, that he simply turned the key in his office door and went to make one of Canada's five hundred thousand. He left a good practice, but in going away yesterday he said he did not know German law and did not want to learn it, much less to practise it.

◆

Pickled tripe fritters are said to be delicious, but considering the price of eggs, for real luxury give us ham and eggs.

INTERIM REPLY HANDED THE AMERICAN EMBASSY

Formal Answer to be Made When French Government Approves Britain's Attitude

GERMANY HAS BEEN ABUSING PRIVILEGES

A Published List of Goods Found in Mail Bags Tells the Tale—Will Rely on Postal Conventions at Hague For Justification

Canadian Press Special

LONDON, Jan. 26.—The Foreign Office handed the American embassy today an interim reply to the American Protest made last month against the detension of mails, stating formal answer will be made as soon as the French Government has signified its approval of Britain's attitude. It is understood a formal reply will show that the Germans have been abusing the privileges of first class mails and the British Government will rely on postal conventions adopted at the Hague for justification of its measures.

The Foreign Office published today a list of goods found in mail-bags of three Dutch steamers, Frisia, Tubantio, and Ryndam. The list includes gold jewelery, drugs, dyes, rubber samples (amounting in one case to 75 pounds) and wool. Mail on the Ryndam was sixty per cent, newspapers, thrity per cent. propaganda literature and ten per cent. goods.

Explosion Wrecks Buffalo Factory

Seneca Street Shop Wrecked Probably by Some Form of Gas Explosion

THE DEAD NUMBER TWO

Remarkable That More Were Not Killed, For Crowded School Adjoined Lot

BUFFALO, N.Y., Jan. 25.—Two persons were killed, four seriously injured and half a dozen slightly hurt in anexplosion that wrecked the plant of the Kelker Blower company at Harrison and Wescott streets shortly before 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

The explosion was a terrific one. It shattered windows in every home for blocks around, did heavy damage in public school No. 26 just across the street, and the resulting fire destroyed four adjoining houses. All of the injured, however, were in the factory building, with the exception of two or three school children who were slightly cut.

House Searched For Documents

Member of Belgian Under Eye of Germans—Socialist Member Arrested

Canadian Press Special

PARIS, Jan. 26.—Emile Candervelde, member of the Belgian Government at Havre, has received word that his house near Brussels had been searched by German authorities, apparently for documents. The arrest by Germans in Belgium of Camille Huntsman, secretary of the International Socialist Bureau, is also announced and the two events are supposed to have some connection.

◆

ARTILLERY ACTIVITY

PARIS, Jan. 26.—Afternoon statement. In Artois district there was sustained activity on the part of the artillery in the sector of Neuville Stvaast. Last night we made an attack which enabled us to expel the Germans from one of the craters made by mine explosions of yesterday. Between Somme and Avre to the south of Chaulnes our batteries bombarded the enemy barracks at Hattencourt and destroyed an observation post near Parvillers.

There is nothing to report regarding the remainder of the front.

◆

NO EVIDENCE AT HAND

Canadian Press Special

LONDON, Jan. 26.—First Lord of Admiralty Balfour stated in the Commons to-day that the British Government had no evidence that Germany possessed 17-inch guns, but that it was not impossible.

◆

ANNOUNCEMENT TO BE MADE SOON

Canadian Press Special

LONDON, Jan. 26.—Walter Runciman, President of the Board of Trade, informed the Commons this afternoon the government was considering the best way of restricting unnecessary imports, and that an announcement to this effect be made as soon as possible.

BRITISH COMMONS TAKES UP MOTION ON GERMAN BLOCKADE

Canadian Press Special

LONDON, Jan. 26.—There was a large and keenly interested attendance of members in the Commons today wen the House met to debate on the motion regarding the German blockade, which reads as follows: "That this House having noted the volume of imports into neutral countries bordering on enemy territory of good essential to the enemy for prosecution of the war, urges the government enforce as effective a blockade as soon as possible without interfering with the normal requirements of those neutral countries for internal consumption."

ENGLISH TRADES UNIONISTS WANT HAND IN DESTINY OF CO-WORKERS

Canadian Press Special

BRISTOL, Jan. 26.—In opening here today a Trades Union Conference at which representatives of more than two million union workers attended, William Canderson, labor member of Parliament said: "We cannot have forced military service without the risk of forced industrial service. Any attempt to use this weapon to co-erect trades unionists will lead to great bitterness and end in failure. It will be a hard and bad world for the laborer after the war, unless labor takes a hand in shaping it."

ATTACKS WERE REPULSED

BERLIN, Jan. 26.—A great number of counter attacks were made by the French yesterday to recapture trenches taken by Germans east of Neuville, but they were repulsed each time after hand to hand fighting, says a statement issued today by German Army Headquarters Staff.

◆

C. B. GORDON, MONTREAL AS DEPUTY CHAIRMAN

OTTAWA, Jan. 25.—The Minister of Munitions has appointed C. B. Gordon of Montreal to be an additional deputy chairman to the Imperial Munitions Board in Canada.

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIANS

OTTAWA, Jan. 25.—The midnight list of casualties is as follows:

2ND BATTALION.
Wounded—G. H. Ross, no particulars.

8TH BATTALION
Wounded—W. Musto, l'Avenir, Que.

19TH BATTALION.
Wounded—J. Clayton, Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.
Severely wounded — H. Bowman, Hamilton, Ont.

24TH BATTALION.
Killed in action—Bernard O'Brien, Montreal; Corp. A. A. Ecclestone, Egypt.

25TH BATTALION.
Killed in action—E. Jack, Sydney, N.S.

26TH BATTALION.
Killed in action—L. Kane, St. John, N.B.

27TH BATTALION.
Wounded—T. H. Black, Winnipeg.

31ST BATTALION.
Died of wounds—R. S. Pearce, Norwood, Ont.

42ND BATTALION.
Died of wounds—W. B. Wells, Iroquois, Ont.
Killed in action—G. Turner, Hamilton, Ont.

ROYAL CANADIAN REGIMENT
Killed in action—R. Davis, Stellarton, N.S.
Wounded—T. Griffin, Halifax.
Slightly wounded—R. Mills, Montreal.

4TH ARTILLERY BRIGADE
Killed in action—Bombardier R. M. Taylor, St. Catherines, Ont.

3RD FIELD CO'Y, DIV. ENG.
Killed in action—Sapper Frank McGuinness, Montreal.

Expects to Celebrate The Kaiser's Birthday

London Looks For Serious Attempt to Break Through Lines of Allies

MUCH BOMBARDING ON

British and French Heavily Shell German Works in Belgium

LONDON, Jan. 26.—The morning papers emphasize the renewal of heavy fighting on the western front. They believe that there was a serious German attempt to break through the French lines close to the Flanders coast on Monday, and predict that German activity in the west will probably reach its highest effort on Thursday, when the German Emperor celebrates his 57th birthday.

The operations of today on the fronts in France and Belgium were practically confined to heavy shelling of the German positions at several points. British and French batteries bombarded the works of the Germans established southwest of Boesinghe in Belgium, doing serious damage to them. Several German batteries were silenced by French batteries in Artois and a German heavy battery which attempted to destroy a bridge at Berry-au-Bac was caught under the fire of a French heavy calibre gun and damaged. German positions in the Vosges were also heavily shelled.

The British guns bombarded the German lines at Ovillers-la-Boiselle, Le Bridoux and Boesinghe, exploding a store of bombs near the last-named place. Aircraft have been active on both sides with the British aviators maintaining their supremacy.

◆

Urge New Effort to Draw U.S. Settlers

OTTAWA, Jan. 25.—Representatives of Canadian colonization companies with headquarters in Canada and the United States called on Hon. Dr. Roche, Minister of the Interior, today and asked that energetic steps be taken by the government to combat the campaign now in progress in the United States against emigration to Canada, particularly with reference to land settlement in the west.

They asked that an effective publicity campaign be carried on in American papers, pointing out the advantage of land settlement in Canada, and deprecating the stories of conscription that have been published in a section of the American press.

Dr. Roche pointed out that the government was now advertising in four thousand different papers in the United States, and that in addition a meeting of the government's agents would be held at Chicago next Friday and Saturday, at which he himself would be present, and at which a progressive propaganda would be considered.

Japan Delivers A Note to China

Seven Demands Embodied Which English Papers Consider Dangerous

Canadian Press Special

LONDON, Jan. 26.—The Manchester Guardian learns from far eastern sources that the Japanese Government has delivered to Chinese ministers a note embodying seven demands which were included in the Japanese programme of last spring.

The Guardian expresses the hope that this news will be authoritatively contradicted as the demands, when previously presented, were full of danger of China's independence.

BOMB WRECKS WINDOWS IN MONTREAL HOUSES

MONTREAL, Jan. 25.— William Caron, plasterer, 470 Ontario street east, saw a tin box smoking in his store this morning. He swept it out into the street, where it exploded and seriously damaged his feet.

The explosion blew out the windows of twenty houses in the vicinity.

The affair is being investigated by the police, as Caron can supply the officers with no explanation for a bomb being placed in his store.

◆

It is reported that a U. S. Senate committee clerk fasted 30 days. Probably he's used to going hungry on the speeches of the senators.

LAST WEEK
Of Our
Stock-Taking Sale

IMMENSE BARGAINS OFFERED FOR THIS WEEK'S SELLING.
Dress Goods Remnants on sale at Cut Prices.
Remnants of Table Linens—Half Price.
14 quart Granite Dish Pans on sale .... 25c.
12 quart Granite Dish Pans, sale .... 19c.
A few Ladies' Winter Coats, one-third off.
Ladies' Silk Blouses on sale $1.19
Ladies' all over Aprons, colored and white, on sale .... 25c.
A full line of Ladies' Cashmere Hose, on sale .... 25c, 35c, 50c.
Hundreds of bargains in many lines at Stock-taking prices.
WEEK OF BIG BARGAINS.

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

SPECIAL BOOT BARGAINS
Marked Regardless of Cost to Clear
Before Stock-Taking.

WOMEN'S GYPSY BOOTS, in Kid, Midnight Blue and Velvet, Patent and Gun Metal Laced and Buttoned, Plain Toe, or Tipped Mat or Cloth Top, all sizes. Regular $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00.
Clearing $2.98

MEN'S TAN and GUN METAL LACED and BUTTONED BOOTS, English or Nobby Toes, all sizes. Regular $5.00 and $6.00 values.
Clearing $3.45

ADAMS The Shoeman

HOCKEY STICKS
NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.
AUTOMOBILE SKATES
Made in Canada
Have you seen the New Ones?
Stronger and Lighter than ever
THE SMITH HARDWARE CO.
LET US DO YOUR PLUMBING

The Standard Bank of Canada.
Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.
Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.
The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.
By order of the Board.
GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.
Toronto, 28th December, 1915.
Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch . . . JOHN ELLIOTT . . Manager

Irresistble
Is Our Cake
Guests will beg for it—children will cry for it. We bake delicious cake—plain and fancy. It's just as sweet and pure and fine in grain as cake can be. No housewife's cake can surpass ours, because we put in the costly ingredients just as she does, and take equal care in the baking.
Yerex's Bakery
Phone 787
68 Sinclair St. Belleville

CITY AND VICINITY

Help the boys in the trenches, by coming to the Patriotic Tea in Christ Church Parish Hall on Thursday, January 27th from 4 to 7. Admission 10 cents. j25-2t

Ladies of St. Michael's Church intend holding Social Evening in St. Michael's Academy January 27. Cards 8 to 11. Refreshments. Dancing 11 till 1. Ladies 25c., gentlemen 50c.

Pie Social at Centre Mission, on Friday evening, January 28 at 8 o'clock. Admission 10c. Good programme. Everybody come. 1t

Within the Military Circle

KINGSTON

The new depot batteries will be known as follows: Queen's battery will be known as the 50th battery, the 32nd battery will be continued as the 51st battery, the 33rd battery will be continued as the 52nd battery, the 34th battery will be continued as the 53rd battery. With "C" battery as a depot battery for the R.C.H.A., the city will have five batteries of artillery after the present batteries have gone overseas.

Lieut.-Col. W. J. Brown, G.S.O., has returned from an inspection tour of the 77th Batalion at Ottawa, and the 130th at Perth. He conducted examinations for the former battalion.

Major H. R. Wilson, D.A.A., and Q.M.G., has just received word that his brother Capt. D. D. Wilson had transferred to the 3rd Pioneer Battalion from the Dental Corps, which was taken to mean his early departure from England to France. Two other brothers of the popular staff-major are also in uniform. Capt. J. M. Wilson, Assistant Director of Dental Services is on the divisional staff and the fourth brother is Staff-Sergt. H. B. Wilson who is in the Chief Paymaster's office in London. All are true soldiers and doing good work in their positions. The family is from Belleville.

There is an opinion in military circles, although nothing official can be learned, that the 59th, 77th and 80th Battalions will be going overseas in the near future and used as reinforcements for the 3rd Canadian Division. The War Office has accepted the third division and reinforcements for it will have to be sent from now on. The 59th Battalion was raised in Kingston but is now at Gananoque, Brockville and Cornwall. The 77th Battalion has always been at Ottawa and the 80th was raised at Barriefield camp but is now at Belleville.

It is published that a movement is on foot, the object of which is to obtain the popular sentiment regarding prohibition. Accredited representatives of the movement may be permitted to enter barracks and quarters (with the permission of the commanding officers concerned) for the purpose of approaching troops regarding the subject.

Before the war broke out the Kingston Salvation Army Corps had thirty members with its band. There are now six members left of the thirty, the remainder are wearing khaki in Canada, in France and in England, and to keep the band together women members are being trained to fill the men's places. The twenty-four who have enlisted are distributed as follows: One with No. 1 Field Ambulance in France, one with the 38th Battalion at Bermuda, six with the 59th Battalion at Brockville, two with the 21st Battalion in France and fourteen with the 146th Battalion. There are twelve women being trained for the work and in the near future Kingston will have almost wholly a womans' band.

BELLEVILLE

The strength of the 109th Battalion, Lindsay, is now over 700.

Band Master Hinchey of the 155th Battalion, expects to begin band practice next week.

About 30 men enlisted in the 155th Battalion yesterday.

Col. Adams, Major Allen and staff of the 155th Battalion, left to-day for Picton.

Lieut. Wills of the 155th Battalion, Marlbank, reports that he has secured 15 recruits.

Lieut. Cole of the 155th Battalion, Deseronto, will be sent to Marlbank to take charge of the recruits.

Lieut. Duffin of the 155th Battalion, Trenton, reports he is having good results from the recruiting meeting held there recently.

80TH BATTALION ORDERS

Officer for to-day—Lt. A. C. Trousdale; to-morrow, Lt. J. H. Alp.
Sergt. for to-day—Cpl. Brown, A. Co.; to-morrow, Cpl. Bailey, A. Co.
Corporal for to-day—L. Cpl. Scott, A. Co.; to-morrow, L. Cpl. McInnes, B. Co.

How to Rid the Skin of Objectionable Hairs
(Aids to Beauty)
A simplified method is here given for the quick removal of hairy or fuzzy growths and rarely is more than one treatment required: Mix a stiff paste with some powdered delatone and water, apply to hairy surface and after 2 or 3 minutes rub off, wash the skin and every hair has vanished. This simple treatment cannot cause injury, but care should be exercised to get real delatone.

In And About the City

ALLEGED THEFT

Wm. Cooley, who was charged with the theft of a robe, was brought before the magistrate this morning and remanded for one week.

TOUR OF INSPECTION

Chief Brown, of the Belleville Fire Department, intends to make an inspection of the cellars and basements of the stores on Front street, and will also inspect all public buildings which he has a proper right to do under the bylaw.

CHARGED WITH THEFT

A party named Hill, who is a foreigner, was to-day on trial before Judge Deroche, charged with the theft of a quantity of silver from the Delora Mining Company premises at Delora. The case was in progress this afternoon. Mr. Carnew, County Crown, represented the Crown, and Mr. W. D. M. Shorey represented the accused.

CIVIL ACTION

Before Judge Deroche yesterday, a case of Hall vs. Orton, was tried. It was an action brought by plaintiff Hall to recover money arising out of a sale of lumber. Judgment was reserved. Mr. W. D. M. Shorey, counsel, and Mr. A. A. McDonald, solicitor for plaintiff; Mr. W. B. Tudhope of Orillia for defendant.

Highly Successful Enterainment

The Ladies' Aid of the Tabernacle Church are to be heartily congratulated on the splendid success of the unique entertainment given by them on Tuesday evening. The lecture room of the church was crowded to its utmost capacity with an attentive and appreciative audience. Every feature of the evening was in excellent taste, full of interest, and exceptionally well rendered.

The subject of the evening, "The Minister's Bride," a character sketch in five scenes, representing old-time costumes, conversations, solos, choruses and readings, afforded the finest scope for the exercise of the splendid variety of talent displayed by the artists engaged. The subject matter combined much original wit and humor with much ripe wisdom and common sense and throughout was wholesome and uplifting in moral tone and suggestion.

The "Minister" was personated by Mr. W. D. Reid with exceptional ability, with an ease and freedom of delivery and manner that brought distinction to himself and delight to all, while Mrs. Singer so graced the position of the "Minister's Bride" as to win the hearts of the entire audience as well as "most" of her husband's congregation.

Mrs. F. Nicholson as Mrs. Charity, Mrs. J. O. R. McCurdy as Mrs. Ann Sharp, and Mrs. C. W. Moat as Mrs. Jane Crab were the very embodiment of the respective characters they represented, while Mr. Alf. Burke in the character of Joe Crab, the henpecked husband, won the sympathy of all.

Mrs. A. Cole, in the character of "Mrs. Better-days," and Mrs. E. Fenn as "Mrs. See-good" proved oil on the troubled waters and cast a mantle of charity over all. Miss Verna Coleman in the role of "Miranda Meek" and Mr. Percy Mastin as "Jim Curtis," figured prominently in a humorous parsonage wedding. "Molly Charity" and "Amos Wright" were cleverly impersonated in a case of match making by Mrs. H. Moorman and Mr. A. W. Rowland.

Mrs. Duff as "Jane Heather" excelled herself in her Highland costume and her Scotch song, "Angus McDonald." This being leap year the idea was aptly and appropriately presented by Mrs. Burton Asselstine as "Jerusha Hopkins" in her leap year reading.

Miss Ruth Snell as "Miss Jones," the modest young woman, and Mr. E. A. Ridley as "Ephraim Snellgrove," the bashful young man, furnished a rich vein of humor to the evening.

Mr. Harry Moorman, in the role of "Robert Spence," the fast young man from the city, under the kindly Christian counsel of the minister and the timely solo by the "Minister's Bride," suddenly turned into a young man of new aims and promise.

Miss Helen Moore as "Maid," played her part nobly, with her quaint costume and her meek and responsive manner, while Miss Florence Davis as "Sarah Ann Smith," graced the position of accompanist of the evening and added largely to the finish of the programme by her choice selection of music.

The singing of the National Anthem closed a very bright, pleasant and profitable evening.

AMUSEMENTS

CITY HALL THEATRE
Week Starting MONDAY, Jan. 24
TO-NIGHT
George Munroe presents Felix Martin and his Musical Company in the Funny Berletta
"Casey's Mishaps"
Pretty Girls. - - - - Company of 20
Auspices XVth Regiment Band
Prices, - - - - - 15c, 25c, 35c
Matinee Saturday. Come and patronize your Band

Griffin's Palace Theatre
Tonight & Thursday
Matinee daily
Episode 11 of the great photo-play serial—
The Broken Coin
2—acts—2
WILLIAM GARWOOD AND VIOLET MERSEREAU in
Copper
2—acts—2
and 2 really good comedies—
Prices 5c. and 10c.

WARDEN-ELECT NUGENT

Mr. William H. Nugent, warden elect of Hastings county, is a gentleman who is well known in the county and by his affable manner has endeared himself to a large circle of friends. On December 25th, 1871, Christmas Day, Mr. Nugent was born at Coe Hill, Wallaston township, where he has resided all his life, excepting six years, when he was a resident at Uncle Sam's domains. For a period of 13 years the warden was clerk of Wallaston township, and for the past 6 years had been the efficient Reeve discharging his duties in a manner creditable to the municipality and himself. In religion, Mr. Nugent is an Anglican and in politics a Conservative. He is a member of two secret societies namely, the Masons and Orangemen and in these societies has occupied positions of trust. The Warden in 1894 was married to Miss Virginia Clark, of Coe Hill, and his only son, Lt. W. T. Nugent has enlisted for overseas service. That Warden Nugent will fulfill the office to which he has been elected with honor to the county and to the entire satisfaction of the county, there can not be the slighted doubt. With Mr. Nugent's numerous friends in Hastings county the Intelligencer joins in congratulations upon the honorable position he has been selected to fill.

TO QUICKLY RELIEVE SORENESS AND INFLAMMATION
Rub in a few drops of Absorbine, Jr. It is surprising how promptly it penetrates and acts—now clean and pleasant it is to use and how economical, because only a few drops are required to do the work.
In addition to being a dependable liniment, Absorbine, Jr., is a safe, powerful, trustworthy antiseptic and germicide which doubles its efficiency and its uses.
When applied to cuts, bruises, and sores, it kills the germs, makes the wound aseptically clean and promotes rapid, healthy healing. It allays pain and inflammation promptly. Swollen glands, painful varicose veins, wens, and bursal enlargements yield readily to the application of Absorbine, Jr.
Absorbine, Jr., is sold by leading druggists at $1.00 and $2.00 a bottle or sent direct post paid.
Liberal trial bottle postpaid for 10c. in stamps. W. F. Young, P.D.F., 457 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Can.

Try Our
Saturday Special
Chocolates
33c
JAS. WALLACE & CO.

THERE are no secrets in the manufacture of spectacle lenses. But there are great differences in the skill and care of lens makers and in the quality of their work.
Our system of lens making and fitting is a mechanical art brought to a high degree of perfection by care and practice.
Lenses we prescribe are made by us in our own factory that they may come up to the standard of accuracy required by
McFee's Complete Optical Service.
Angus McFee

Comb
Honey
At Wallbridge & Clarke's
1000 Sections of delicious COMB HONEY
At Reasonable Prices
Dark Buckwheat Honey, 15c per section $1.70 per dozen
No. 1 White Honey, 20c per section $2.25 per dozen
Pure Cream Lucca Italian OLIVE OIL Quart Tins 75c
Boned Chicken, tins 25c & 40c
At Wallbridge & Clarke's

What with Mrs. Pankhurst and Jane Adams on hand, the U. S. is prepared for any kind of an outbreak.

SINCLAIR'S

SINCLAIR'S
Clearance Sale Of Ladies' Dresses
All Ladies' Dresses in Serge, Panama, Silk, Velvet, Silk Poplin, Crepe de Chene, and All-Over Lace to clear at
25 Per Cent Off Regular Prices
On Taking Stock, we have decided to clear the balance of our Ladies' and Misses' Dresses at Greatly Reduced Prices. These Dresses are all this season's styles, and are very pretty and well made.
The materials are the best qualities of Silk, Velvet, Serge, Panama, Silk Poplin, Orepe de Chene, and All-Over Laces. Colors are Navy, Copenhagen, Brown, Green and Black, and combinations of these colors in different materials. All sizes from 16 years to 41 ins. bust are included in the assortment. These are all good value at regular prices, and are Real Bargains at
25 Per Cent Off Regular Prices

VIYELLA FLANNEL.
Viyella Flannel is guaranteed unshrinkable and as the colors are absolutely fast this Pure Wool material is well suited for making Waists, Dresses, Nightgowns, etc. for Ladies' and Children, and Shirts and Pyjamas for men. Price 60c. yard.

CLOTH COATS AT HALF PRICE.
About 25 Ladies' and Misses' Colored Cloth Coats have been marked to clear at Half Price. These are all this season's styles, and the materials are good qualities of Chinchilla, Frieze, and Tweeds, in Navy, Brown, Grey and Mixed Colors. Come in and see these. To Clear at HALF PRICE.

LINEN TOWELLINGS.
In spite of the great scarcity of Linen of all kinds we are still able to show excellent values in Pure Linen Towelling in white and grey for Hand Towels and Dish Towels at 12½c. to 25c. yard.

Sinclair's
PENMAN'S HOSE
40c. and 60c. pair.
Sinclair's

DON'T

Miss Our Discount Sale

10 Per Cent

Off The Whole Stock

Spools, Grey Cottons and Holeproof Hosiery excepted.

Wims & Co

WHY NOT THE BEST?

You men who shave, just drop in when passing, and let us show you the new self adjusting and stropping

AUTOSTROP SAFETY RAZOR

500 shaves — $5.00 "GUARANTEED"

Waters' DRUG STORE

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip

Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.

Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows

F. W. L. CARRE

Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward counties.

Phone 366 276 Albert St., City

EYES BLUR when reading?

If so; Glasses are needed to overcome the strain—let me help you.

Alex Ray, Opt. D.

Eye-Sight Specialist

Hotpoint El Perco

El Perco

A PERFECT PERCOLATOR

Makes six cups of delicious coffee right at the table for less than one cent's worth of electricity. Attaches to any lamp socket and will commence percolating from cold water in 30 seconds.

LET US SHOW YOU ONE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company

Limited

Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Advertise in The Intelligencer

COUNTRY CORRESPONDENCE

TO CORRESPONDENTS

The Intelligencer is constantly receiving news items from parties throughout the district who fail to attach their names to the manuscript. While items of interest, from all sections of the county are solicited, The Intelligencer positively declines to publish news that does not bear the name of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but that articles may be received in good faith—The Editor.

VICTORIA.

Church next Sunday at 2.30 p.m.

Our weather on Monday made us think that spring was near.

The Ladies' Aid met at Miss Minnie Weese's, on Friday. Next meeting at the home of Mrs. H. Pulver's on Thursday, Feb. 3rd at 2.30 p.m.

Word has been received by friends in this vicinity that Pte. D. Dinnie, who went from here with the 1st contingent, is improving in a hospital in England. He underwent an operation on his knee. While at the front he fell in a shell hole and was brought to England to improve in health. He is intending to go back to the firing line in a few weeks.

No more cases of measles around here. Those having them are improving fine, we are pleased to report.

A surprise and kitchen shower was given to Mr. Norman Weese and wife, in their new home on Friday evening about fifty gathered to spend the evening with them. They received many useful presents. The evening was spent in various games. All report splendid time

Mr. and Mrs. Lorne Brickman and Audra, spent Thursday evening at Mr. H. Sager's.

The funeral of the late James H. Weese was well attended on Sunday at Albury. Many friends and relatives gathered to pay their last tribute to the deceased who was an old and respected farmer of Ameliasburg.. Much sympathy is extended to the bereaved relatives.

Messrs. E. Brickman, L. Brickman, and W. Bush drove to Belleville on Wednesday last.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Weese called at E. Brickman's on Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Drummond and Oval spent Sunday at Mr. D. Calman's.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman Weese spent Sunday at the latter's home in Trenton.

Congratulations to Mr. and Mrs. F. Delong. It's a boy.

MASSASSAGA.

La grippe is very prevalent at present.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wheeler entertained a number of their friends on Monday and Wednesday evenings of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wannamaker, of Eldorado, spent Monday at Herb Sniders.

The W. M. S. met on Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Herb Snider. Owing to sickness and bad weather only 9 people were present. The programme was given by Mrs. Lent, Mrs. W. Osborne, Mrs. Snider, Mrs. Howatson and Mrs. R. Delong.

In the afternoon the Massassaga Red Cross made up 300 yards of cotton in roll bandages, abdominal bandages, slings and etc.

The bazaar for the Mission Band has been indefinitely postponed.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Hazzard motored to Trenton on Friday to visit their son Willet, who is leaving for Michigan in a few days.

Mrs. Rankin and daughter, Miss Geraldine, left for their home at Salmon Pt. on Friday.

The Farmers' Co-Operative Club met on Thursday night and appointed new officers as follows:—President, J. Hatfield; Vice-President, H. Snider; Sec. Treas., J. Weese. Messrs. E. G. Simonds and W. Osborne were appointed as delegates to attend the Farmers' Co-Operative Association to be held in Toronto early in February.

Mrs. Sills, of Belleville, is visiting at Wesley Parliament's.

Our snow is entirely gone and the weather seems quite like the last of March.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Huff and Norma, and Miss Traver, took Sunday dinner at G. F. Lent's.

Messrs. P. B. Hamilton and H. Jose are to call on each family with their petitions for any person over 18 years to sign who wants prohibition.

GILEAD.

Rev. Mr. Wilson preached an impressive prohibition sermon in the Methodist church, Sunday afternoon.

A number from here attended the Presbyterian church, Sunday evening. Rev. Mr. McLeod occupied the pulpit.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Balcanquel spent Sunday, the guests of friends in Belleville.

Mr. Arthur Glass, of Halston, visited at Mr. A. Lawrensons on Sunday.

Mr. T. Coulter is sick with blood poisoning in his head.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Fairman spent one night last week with Mr. and Mrs. W. Snider.

Mrs. J. F. Yorke is spending a few days at her brother's, Mr. D. Hall Latta.

CROOKSTON.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Weese Miss Stella and Clarence are visiting relatives in Point Anne.

Mr. and Mrs. George Vincent spent Saturday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Albert Badman, near Springbrook.

Mr. and Mrs. Charley Kellar spent Sunday with relatives, near Springbrook.

Miss Annie Carson returned home on Sunday from Sulphide.

Mr. Ford Elliott, of Tweed, spent Sunday in Crookston.

Mrs. James Poste, of Fuller, spent Monday afternoon iwth friends here.

The Evangelistic meetings here closed on Monday evening. Large crowds were out at all meetings.

UNRULY CHILDREN

A truant officer has declared that most such children who come under his observation are not properly nourished. Mal-assimilation of food makes children cross, puny, peevish and unruly. Our local druggist, J. S. McKeown, has in Vinol a reliable non-secret remedy for just such conditions, because it contains iron for the blood, and the medicinal extractives of fresh cod livers, aided by the nourishing properties of beef peptone, and if it fails to make weak, puny, ailing youngsters healthy and goodnatured, he will give back your money.

CARMEL.

There was no service in our church on Sunday last, but Sunday school was well attended.

Misses E. Howes and T. Gilbert took tea at Miss M. Fairman's, last Wednesday evening.

Our young people were entertained at the home of Mr. W. R. Prentice, of Foxboro, last Friday evening. All report a good time.

Mr. E. S. Gilbert is still confined to his bed.

Mr. George Vandewater is improving in health.

Quite a number from here attended the concert given in Cannifton Thursday night.

Mrs. C. Reid spent Friday in Belleville.

Mr. Frank Garrison and son, Bethany, spent one day last week at J. Vandewater's.

Mrs. S. Horton took tea at M. Jone's one night last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Robinson spent Sunday at E. S. Gilbert's.

Mr. Selden Homans spent Sunday, out of town.

6TH CONCESSION, SIDNEY

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Lott visited a friend at Glenross, on Sunday.

A number of our young people spent last Thursday evening at Mr. J. Kiernan's, Wallbridge.

Miss Lena Sine visited relatives in Trenton, over Sunday.

Mrs. J. A. Lott spent a few days, the guest of Mrs. S. E. Lane, Wallbridge.

A few from this way attended the temperance meeting at Wallbridge on Wednesday night.

Miss Alma Fox entertained a few friends on Sunday night.

Miss Alma Fox entertained a few friends on Sunday night.

Mrs. Howard Dafoe passed away on Sunday at her home in the 16th of Sidney, in her 41st year of her age, after a lingering illness. The funeral service was held in Scott's church on Tuesday afternoon, conducted by Rev. L. M. Sharpe. In addition to her husband, she is survived by one son and three daughters, Mrs. Ross, Misses Bessie, Ruby and Evelyn, all at home.

Mrs. Dafoe was a member of the Methodist church and was greatly respected and esteemed for her many admirable qualities.

The friends have the sympathy of the entire community in this their hour of sorrow.

HOLLOWAY.

The snow has nearly all disappeared in this vicinity and the wheels are the go again.

The Womans' Institute of this place, met at the home, of Mrs. Charles Spencer on Tuesday of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Kelly have returned from their trip to Richmond.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Garrison spent Monday with their daughter, Mrs. H. Townsend.

Miss Broad from Prince Edward, is visiting Miss Bessie Spencer.

Mrs. S. Elliott and Mrs. E. Elliott, spent Sunday at Mr. J. Lowery's.

Mrs. M. Hough has returned home, after spending a week with her daughter, Mrs. W. Hagen, of Berlin.

Mr. Harry Townsend has returned home, after spending a week at Demorestville.

The Rev. Mr. Smith and the Rev. Mr. Kerr, of Belleville, rendered able addresses in the Methodist church here on Thursday last entitled "To prohibit the selling of liquor during the war."

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Hamilton, of Foxboro, spent Sunday afternoon at Mr. R. Townsend's.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kelly returned home after spending a few days with friends in Madoc and other places.

Mr. and Mrs. Atwood, of Calgary, are visiting the latter's mother, Mrs. Robt. McMullen.

NILES' CORNERS

Mrs. Cregg Platt, of Wellington, spent a few days last week with her aunt, Mrs. Fred Ellis.

Glad to report Mr. and Mrs. John Teskey is better.

Mr. and Mrs. Benj. Ellis spent a few days last week with friends at Melville.

Sorry to put Mrs. Earl Ellis on the sick list.

Mrs. William Baird and children, of Wellington, spent Tuesday of last week with her sister, Mrs. Earl Ellis.

Mr. Kenny, of Consecon, and an agent from Belleville was through here on Saturday, selling machines and soliciting orders for the Singer Sewing Machine Company.

Quite a number in this locality are suffering with bad colds and la grippe.

Annual Report Of City Engineer

His Worship the Mayor and Members of the Municipal Council of the City of Belleville.

Gentlemen:

I beg to submit the following report on Public Works constructed during the year 1915.

SYNOPSIS OF REPORT.

Eleven thousand seven hundred and seventy-one square feet of sidewalk was constructed during 1915, costing 35 cents per square foot. This cost includes rent of cement mixer and interest, as well as the cost of labor and material.

PAVEMENTS.

A new Tarvia pavement has been laid on Forin street as petitioned for by the residents on this street. It is a substantial pavement and has been well built.

Victoria Avenue has also been paved from the east side of Charles Street to the Grand Trunk tracks on Pinnacle street. The grade of the hill has been lowered, and facilities to take care of the surface water put in, and proper gutters built, so that the surface water will not in future run down the sidewalk on Victoria Avenue hill as it has done each spring hitherto. The pavement was put down under petition from the residents.

I have studied the paving question carefully, and have come to the conclusion that the oiled macadam pavements such as we put down last year from the Upper Bridge to the Grand Trunk Station, and on Foster Avenue and Albert Streets, is the cheapest and best for residential streets that can be laid for the money. Five miles can be built for the same price as one mile of Tarvia or Rocmac pavement. When properly oiled twice a year I believe a good oiled macadam will last nearly as long as either of the above pavements, and the repair bill will not be much greater. The centre of the roadway must be a continuous sheet of macadam without any breaks, and it must have sufficient crown to shed the water quickly, and should be oiled with heavy road oil applied hot at least twice a year.

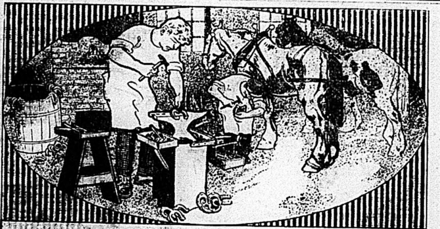
We laid last year on Station street 14,600 square yards at a cost of 18 cents per square yard; on Foster Avenue 4,200 square yards at a cost of 16½ cents per square yard. On Albert Street 2,341 square yards at a cost of 17½ cents per square yard; on North Front street 3,316 square yards at a cost of 18 8/10 cents per square yard. I would suggest that the main thoroughfares of the city be built with oiled macadam providing that petitions are received from the property owners to construct such work. The cost will not be more than 20 cents per square yard, which would mean that the owner of a 66 foot lot would pay $22 down or $2.50 per year for ten years, with a further amount of $2.00 per year for oiling. This is less than is paid for watering the street, and the water soon ruins the roadway—while oiling preserves it.

I remain,

Yours faithfully,

J. W. EVANS,

City Engineer.



Backache

The artist sketched this picture from life in a Toronto blacksmith shop, in order to get the correct pose of the smith at the anvil and shoeing a horse. Is it any wonder that the blacksmith's greatest troubles are backache and derangements of the kidneys? The constant strain on the muscles of the back and kidneys interferes with the filtering action of these organs. The uric acid poisons left in the blood cause pains and aches, backache and rheumatism, and such serious diseases as Bright's disease and hardening of the arteries result.

But it is not the blacksmith alone who is tortured by backache, for there are many occupations in which the continuous strain on the back leads to much suffering, and also to serious disease

Blacksmiths have always been strong in their praise of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and by telling others of the good results accomplished by this treatment have added much to its popularity among farmers and horsemen generally.

Being direct and prompt in their action, Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills appeal to the man of action. The liver is awakened, the bowels aroused and the kidneys strengthened by the influence of this medicine. The filtering and excretory organs lose no time in cleansing the system of the poisonous matter which gives rise to pain and disease. Constipation is overcome, kidney derangements corrected, digestion improved, and you feel fine. Put them to the test when you are feeling out of sorts. Let them prove their value. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

Dr. Chase's Recipe Book, 1,000 selected recipes, sent free, if you mention this paper.

A SNAP

For

Men and Boys

Gun Metal Buttoned and Laced Boots

Worth $3 and $3.50, now Clearing

Men's for $2.45

Boy's for $2.25

Our Stock of Winter Footwear is Complete at Popular Prices

The **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES

Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros.

JANUARY CLEARANCE SALE

SEVEN more shopping days and the great sale is over—and we are to make it the best and biggest bargain week ever held in this city. Every day will be crammed with the most astonishing bargains ever seen offered. It will be to your interest to attend this sale every day.

MANUFACTURER'S SAMPLE NIGHTGOWNS

have been placed on sale at just half their regular prices. They are all made of nice fleecy English Flannelette, neatly trimmed and full size. Ladies, here is an opportunity to secure a nice nightgown for little money—

$2.00 to $2.50 Nightgowns clearing at $1.19

$1.50 Nightgowns clearing at .... 85c.

LADIES' FINE SILK WAISTS AT AMAZING PRICES.

This sale has left us with broken sizes in numerous lines of waists. In order to clear them out we are offering them at only a shadow of their former prices, consequently you will be able to secure a waist at half price and less.

$2.25 Waists clearing at $1.49

$3.50 Waists clearing at $2.49

McIntosh Bros

THIS WEEK

we are showing extra values in Ladies' Vests and Drawers, at .... 25c., 40c., 50c. per garment

These are extra values and goods at these prices are very scarce.

Initial Stationery

Just received a full stock of:—

New Initial Stationery.................. 25c. per box

New Initial Reply Cards .... 25c. per box

Balance of Initial Stationery in stock of lines we are going to discontinue will be cleaned out at .... 19c. box

THE BEEHIVE **CHAS. N. SULMAN**

MUSKRAT COATS

Ladies' Natural American Muskrat Coats:—

40 inches long, Shawl Collar $35

45 inches long, Shawl Collar $39

50 inches long, Shawl Collar $49

Strictly No. 1 Canadian Muskrat Coats, dropped sleeves and Shawl Collar $75

JUST A FEW OF THESE COATS LEFT.

G. T. WOODLEY,

N.B.—WE BUY RAW FURS.

THE PURCHASE of one thousand dollars worth of goods from your own town or your own country, instead of purchasing outside, means the addition of one person to your town or your country instead of supporting him abroad.

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, 227 Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL,
Publisher.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal advertisements, 10c. per line, first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $2.00, strictly in advance.

This is the 539th day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany

A CLEAR CASE.

When Senator Choquette stated recently in the Senate that Great Britain might have avoided war by putting herself on the side of Russia and France against the Triple Alliance, he expressed an opinion that had been offered before, says the Daily Mail of Montreal. The Daily Mail felt surprise that the Senator had not seen and appreciated the British side of the case, as this is stated in the British official White Paper and analyzed with intelligent approval by such competent observers as Hon. James M. Beck, of the United States, Dr. E. J. Dillon, the famous journalist, and many others.

In the British White Paper, it is on record that, at the time war was in the balance, Russia's Foreign Minister, M. Sazonoff, pressed Sir George Buchanan, for an announcement by Great Britain that she would support Russia and France against Germany. Sir George replied that it would be a mistake to think "that the cause of peace could be promoted by our telling the German Government that they would have to deal with us as well as Russia and France if they supported Austria by force of arms. Their attitude would merely be stiffened by such a menace, and we could only induce her to use her influence at Vienna to avert war by approaching her in the capacity of a friend who was anxious to preserve peace. His Excellency must not, if our efforts were to be successful, do anything to precipitate a conflict. In these circumstances I trusted that the Russian Government would defer the mobilization ukase as long as possible, and that troops would not be allowed to cross the frontier even when it was issued." This is the substance, word for word, of a despatch sent by the British Ambassador at Petrograd to Sir Edward Grey, dated July 27.

In his admirable work, "A Scrap of Paper," Dr. Dillon commends the policy of Sir Edward Grey in unqualified terms. His authority to speak will not be questioned by any student of European affairs, for his knowledge of all those political questions concerned in the present war is recognized as probably greater than that of any other writer of his time. He says, regarding Sir George Buchanan's despatch:

That was a statesmanlike view, and coupled with the earnest request made by our Government to M. Sazonoff that he would have mobilization delayed as long as possible, it affords signal proof that Great Britain marched perseveringly and with steadfast tread along the road that led to peace, and strenuously exerted herself to draw all other Powers after her. That is the answer to the allegations now made by the German Government and its organs that Great Britain provoked the war. Sir Edward Grey's exertions to hinder the collision were strenuous and persistent. They failed, and could not but fail, seeing that Austria and Germany had bound themselves to carry out a set aggressive plan, and were not open either to argument or suasion.

Great Britain was not bound by her engagements under the Triple Entente to join either side of a possible European war. She was therefore, in a position to offer arbitration to Austria and Germany, and Sir Edward Grey took the initiative in doing so. It is impossible to doubt that had Britain announced common cause with France and Russia, the door would have been closed finally on arbitration, and the only alternative was war. Germany would have received an opportunity to make her favorite excuse that she was menaced and, in her excited state, would have made war at once. But Sir Edward Grey retained an admirable, disinterested poise. He branded Germany before the world as the aggressor by giving her an opportunity up to the very last to avoid the war by arbitration. He kept the machinery for arbitration ready, and had Germany not deliberately turned her back on it, this war would have been avoided.

The case is so clear, and has been set forth so often by so many competent authorities, that it is almost incredible that a member of the Senate of Canada should not have acquainted himself with the facts.

THAT BI-LINGUAL QUESTION

There seems to be a wilful ignorance among the people of Quebec on the question of teaching the French language in the public schools of Ontario. As evidence of this fact, Mr. J. G. Scott, a prominent citizen of the city of Quebec, has issued and circulated a letter setting forth the liberality of the French of that Province in the management of educational affairs, particularly in the teaching of English in their schools, and pleading for greater concessions being accorded to the French in Ontario.

A perusal of Mr. Scott's letter will convince the reader that he knows very little of the subject upon which he ventures an opinion, and asks for concessions. A contemporary, dealing with the subject matter of this circular, aptly says:

Such utterances by an English Canadian doing business in a large way among the French people have their profitable side. This is perhaps an additional reason for venturing a hasty opinion. Still it is no justification. No reasonable man, however friendly to the French language, can reach any such conclusion as that of Mr. Scott if he knows the facts of the case. Not being familiar with them, adverse criticism is a piece of assurance which approaches insolence.

On an indefinite number of occasions The Daily News has cited the requirements of the Department of Education with respect to bilingual schools. Here they are again. In a district where French is the prevailing language, the children may be taught in French for two years, at the same time receiving instruction in English. After that period has elapsed the children will know English well enough to follow instruction in that language. At the same time one hour a day may be devoted to the teaching of French reading, grammar and composition. By hearing English continuously at school and French continuously at home, the children will become truly bi-lingual.

Does this system work? The agitators declare that it must not be tried. They know it will work. Their aspiration is not to have real bi-lingual schools, but French schools, where English will be crowded out of sight altogether. They ask for the old system which, on the best of authority, was turning out pupils illiterate in two languages. In support of their violent and unreasoning demands they declare that this Province is seeking to destroy the French language, to rob the children of their mother tongue and snatch them from the arms of their Church. By insistent iteration of these empty and absurd charges they begin to believe them, and thus influence certain languid-minded English-Canadians in their neighborhood to issue foolish statements on subjects concerning which their information is wholly erroneous.

Current Comment

A Call to Canadians.

The call that is now being made for further needed subscriptions to the Patriotic Fund is deserving of the careful attention of every Canadian. It is absolutely necessary that additional money shall be raised in order to save those dependent upon the men who volunteer from want, and the progress of the new campaign to raise a sufficient sum will be watched with anxious eyes from the trenches in Northern France.

Active in the work of furthering the cause of the Patriotic Fund is His Royal Highness, the Governor-General. It is as a soldier who has done his duty, during a lengthy absence from the elaborate comforts of home, that His Highness comes before the people of Canada to-day. By his ceaseless activity in the interests of the Canadian soldiers, by exertions which would have tried the stamina of a much younger man, the Duke of Connaught has endeared himself to the Canadian people. He has travelled thousands of miles, faced most unfavorable weather conditions, and worked as hard as any man in the ranks to fit Canada's enlisted heroes for the trials of battlefield and camp. He has set an example that is already one of the proud traditions of Canadian history.

To Canadians who have followed the course pursued by His Royal Highness since the war began, the fact that he is sponsor for the appeal of the Patriotic Fund lends additional force to the conditions under which the appeal is issued. Canada owes it to the Royal leader that the wives and families of the soldiers whom he represents to-day shall not suffer by reason of the patriotic self-sacrifice of fathers and husbands.—Montreal Mail.

The Ottawa Free Press (Liberal) has become the champion of the old Shells Committee. It wants the new committee dissolved, or at least the chairman changed from Flavelle to Bertram, if the whole shell business of Canada is not to be dished. What is behind all this?—Kingston Whig.

It is said that 80 per cent. of the young men who attend the churches have enlisted. That is pretty good. The churches, then, are not the places for the recruiting meetings. The men the recruiting officers seek are not to be found there in large numbers.—Kingston Whig.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier says that the call for 500,000 men for the Canadian army is a "large order." Canada is dealing in large orders these days.—Toronto Mail and Empire.

An officers' training corps to be composed of members of Parliament is to be formed at Ottawa. This will be one body of troops for hom gas attacks should have no terrors.

GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From The Intelligencer, Jan. 26, 1868.

An Indian by the name of Moses Brant was found on Tuesday morning near Shannonville, frozen to death, the result of getting intoxicated.

A list of failures in New York City for the last four weeks exhibits aggregate liabilities of over $8,000,000, of which assets cover about one-fourth.

The excitement occasioned by the Fenian movement continues. The authorities are exceedingly watchful and arrests are made every day. Considerable feeling is created by the recent resolution of the U. S. House of Representatives declaring the sympathy of the nation with the Fenians.

The Poets' Corner

The Crown of Empire.

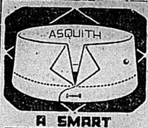
O England of our Fathers and England
of our Sons,
Along the dark horizon line the day-
dawn glory runs,
For Empire has been ours of old and
Empire ours shall be—
His grip is on the world today whose
grip is on the sea.

O England of our Fathers and England
of our Sons,
Above the roar of battling hosts the
thunder of the guns,
A Mother's voice was calling us, we
heard it oversea,
The Blood which Thou did'st give us is
the blood we spill for Thee.

O England of our Fathers and England
of our Sons,
Along the dark horizon line the day-
dawn glory runs,
For golden Peace is drawing near, her
paths are on the sea—
He grips the hearts of all mankind
who stand for Liberty.

—Frederick George Scott.
1st Canadian Division,
France, December, 1915.

Have the Intelligencer sent to your Home Address



A SMART TOOKE COLLAR

TOOKE BROS. LIMITED
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Kingsbeer

"Club Special" & "Home Brew"

The Best Two Lagers Made in Canada

Consumers who cannot purchase KINGSBEER from their local dealer please address "Mail Order Department, 36 Chaboillez Square, Montreal."

AN APPALLING LACK IN EVERYDAY LIFE

Great Need of Awakening on the Subject of Justice.

Neglect of the Principle of Justice Very Manifest in Christendom To-day—God's People Should Cultivate This Principle Carefully — Their Responsibility Great—Justice the Foundation of Character —Love the Superstructure.

PASTOR RUSSELL

Fort Wayne, Ind., Jan. 23.—Pastor Russell delivered a very impressive discourse here today. His text was, "Awake to righteousness and sin not; for some have not the knowledge of God. I speak this to your shame." (1 Corinthians 15:34.) He said in part:

This exhortation is not addressed to the world of sinners, but to Christians, as are all of the Apostolic writings. If we were to translate the text a little differently, it might better give the Apostle's thought. For instance, "Awake to a proper appreciation of justice. Do not sin against justice in your lives; for some have not a knowledge of God respecting justice, the principles of righteousness. And this is to your shame."

We who are in the School of Christ recognize that the Lord is teaching us and is preparing us for a great work in the future. The work of the Church during the incoming Age is, according to the Bible, to be kings, priests, and judges, to be God's representatives in the Messianic Kingdom. As kings, they will be sharers with our Lord Jesus in the ruling of the world. As priests, they share in the work of healing, instructing, and sympathizing with the world. As judges, they will administer justice, will give stripes or rewards to mankind, during the thousand years of Messiah's Reign. Manifestly, therefore, it is proper that whoever hopes to be of these kings, priests, and judges should now attain the qualifications of heart and mind which will make him competent for the work; for we may be very sure that God will not appoint any who are not properly qualified.

It is for this reason that God has been calling His Church out from the world during the last nineteen hundred years, and has been giving us the glorious instructions of our Lord Jesus and the Apostles and of the Law and the Prophets. All these things have been for our upbuilding in those qualities of heart and mind which will fit us for the great service to which God has called us.

But God is not testing His children according to their imperfect bodies; for He knows that we cannot do the things which we would. He is dealings with our spirits, our minds. Through the transforming influences of His Word, He is giving us a new mind; and it is this new mind which He receives into His family. This becomes the New Creature. (Romans 12: 1, 2; 2 Corinthians 5: 17.) We accept a new will, the will of God, instead of our own wills, and the Divine arrangements instead of our own plans and purposes. Thus God is dealing with us as His children, according to this new relationship into which we have come by faith and obedience; and through Christ our Lord we are reckoned perfect in God's sight.

The Knowledge of God's Will.

But how can we be perfect in will when our bodies are imperfect? We answer, as did the Apostle, "To will is present with me, but how to perform I find not." (Romans 7:18.) He did not always succeed in carrying out his will for righteousness. So it is with every one who seeks to walk in the footsteps of Jesus. We all know how to WILL right, but how to DO right is the problem.

Gradually we learn that God will not judge us according to the imperfections of our flesh; for so long as we remain faithful, these blemishes are covered with the robe of Christ's imputed righteousness. Therefore we do our best to show our Heavenly Father that we are trying hard to do right in every act, word, and thought. And since He expects every member of His family to have a perfect will, it becomes a personal question as to what is the will of God for us. So we seek diligently to prove "what is the good and acceptable and perfect will of God."

To prove what is God's will means to come to a knowledge of His will, to demonstrate it for ourselves. If we are faithful, we are progressing in this more and more as the days go by. At first we had a little knowledge, and this we put into practice. As we grew in grace and in knowledge, we became better acquainted with the will of God; and it was for us to put this increased knowledge into practice also. This knowledge of the will of God we obtained, not in any supernatural way, but through the study of the Bible.

Whoever has come into the family of God has given up his own will and accepted instead God's will. Whoever has not given up his own will to the Lord is not His child. As the Apostle declares, "If any man have not the Spirit of Christ, he is none of His." (Romans 8:9.) The spirit of Christ was the spirit of full surrender to the Father's will; and as we come to this same condition, we give up our own wills and take instead the Divine will. This we do because it is the proper course for all who desire to follow in our Redeemer's steps, and because our own wills have proved to be unsatisfactory to ourselves. Our minds and our bodies are so imperfect that we have frequently gotten into difficulty through doing our own will. Therefore we are glad to know and to do the will of God, especially since we see that it is so gracious a will.

During the present time it is the will of God that His children shall have trials, difficulties, and polishings, in order that these experiences may develop in us a Godlikeness of character, a crystalization of character, that will render us fit to be used of God in the great work which He has appointed to the Lord Jesus, that we might thus become joint-heirs with Jesus Christ our Lord in that Heavenly Kingdom which is designed of the Father for the blessing of all the families of the earth.

Justice First, Then Love.

Sometimes Christian people see the doctrine of love in the Bible, and forget that there is a lesson which precedes love. This primary lesson is the one to which we draw your attention to-day. It is the lesson of justice—righteousness. Our text really signifies, "Awake to justice!" We must all learn to distinguish right from wrong and to practise what is just, right. Justice is righteousness.

The Law of God was given to the Israelites at Mount Sinai to show what justice means. They were not asked to do anything more than justice. "Thou shalt not kill," said the Law; for to take another's life is wrong, except when God's own Law demands it. "Thou shalt not steal." To do so is wrong, unjust. "Thou shalt not bear false witness." To do so would be an injustice.

Thus we see that the Law of God given to the children of Israel amounted to this: "Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, soul, mind, and strength; and thy neighbour as thyself." To do justice to your neighbor as you wish that neighbor to do justice to you is the essence of the Law of God given to the Jews for their treatment of others.

Did God give this same Law to the Church? Yes, so far as the spirit of the Law is concerned. God's Law is over all of His creatures. But during the Law Dispensation there was a special Law Covenant which God had made with Natural Israel. No others have ever been under that Law Covenant. The Jew who could keep that Law perfectly could live forever; and, having everlasting life at his command, he might have the opportunity of becoming a part of that great antitypical Spiritual Israel which was to bless all the families of the earth. This our Lord Jesus did. Moreover, in His statement of the Divine Law to Spiritual Israel, He "has magnified the Law and made it honorable" by showing how far-reaching and comprehensive are its requirements.

No intelligent person will question the propriety of dealing justly with every one in the world. This subject has many ramifications in all the affairs of our daily life. The principle of justice enters into every transaction, even the most trivial. It applies not only to our dealings with the world at large, but with every member of our own family. The principle of justice must be recognized with our own as well as with others. If all might get this thought of the Golden Rule fixed in the mind, if each one could awake to righteousness, to justice, the whole world would be revolutionized.

Practical Application of Justice.

If this principle of justice were recognized and followed, men would not be shooting one another to-day over in Europe. On the contrary, they would be doing something better, something good one toward another, just as they would wish others to do toward them. But men are not living up to this standard of righteousness, of justice. It is entirely ignored by governments and by individuals. The general excuse for violating the Golden Rule is, "It would never do for us to grant to others what we would expect for ourselves; for others would take advantage of us; they would not do their part; they would not reciprocate." Say the British, "It would not do for us to practice the Golden Rule toward the Germans; for we do not know what they would do to us." The Germans advance the same kind of argument.

This course of conduct is not the fear of God, but the fear of man; it ignores the fear of God. God says that if Christians are afraid of men and of nations and of what these may do, we are carnal, are living according to the flesh, are like the unbelieving world. How shall we who have come into relationship with God through the Lord Jesus Christ, we who have given our lives to Him, do under such circumstances? Shall we say that we fear to trust this principle of justice in our lives, that we do not dare to carry it out in every word, thought, and act? Are we afraid to trust God and to obey Him?

God did not say that we were to observe the Golden Rule whenever others observed it toward us, and to ignore it whenever others failed to observe it toward us. On the contrary, we are to practise it on every occasion, regardless of what others do. Then we shall know that all things shall work together for good toward us, because we shall be in line with God and His arrangements. He has power to overrule in all of life's affairs. The very least that we must do is to give justice to one another; and to do so will mean a great blessing to our own characters.

Whoever is violating the principle of justice, the Golden Rule, in his home or in the Church of Christ, or in business or social relations should, if he is a Christian, examine the matter earnestly and prayerfully, and "awake to righteousness [justice], and sin not." Thus to do violence to justice is sin; and so far as our knowledge goes, it is a sin that prevails everywhere. Many have not a proper appreciation of this fact. They do not see that justice is the very foundation of all character, of all right living. It is the foundation of the Throne of God. (Psalm 89:14.) In vain does anyone practice love to his fellow creatures or even toward God while he is at the same time violating the principle of justice toward that one. Only after we have rendered justice are we at liberty to practise love toward another. Then we may do as much as we are able along the line of love. Justice first, love afterwards.

Responsibility of God's People.

Those who are children of God are expecting shortly to be made the judges of the world. As the Apostle says, "Do ye not know that the saints shall judge the world?" (1 Corinthians 6:2,3.) Moreover, God is seeking now to develop in our hearts and lives, in our characters, those principles which He desires. Therefore, unless we are just in our very hearts, unless we appreciate this principle of justice and rejoice to practise it, we shall not be fit for the Kingdom. We should not be unjust even to an animal. Every creature has its rights; and we should give each creature the rights which belong to it. The results are with God. Thus doing, shall we not be preparing our minds, our hearts, for the glorious condition which the Lord has in store for His faithful children?

We are not to think that the Kingdom of God is to be given on the basis of mercy or favor. There will be neither mercy nor favor in connection with the bestowal of the Heavenly reward. God shows mercy in connection with our sins and the weaknesses against which we are striving; but He will not allow in that Kingdom one individual whose character is not suitable. Those whom He approves for joint-heirs and rulers with our Lord Jesus must represent the principles of righteousness and must know how to apply those principles now. Whoever is not disposed to justice to such an extent as to be willing to suffer loss rather than do an injustice will not have a share in the Kingdom.

The Bible everywhere pictures God as the great Representative of Justice. If we receive a place in the Kingdom, it will be apportioned us on the basis of works, on the basis of our growth in grace, in knowledge, in character-likeness to our Lord Jesus. If we have been justified by faith in Jesus' blood, if we then have made a covenant with God, and have been begotten of His Holy Spirit, He wishes to see us go on to perfection as New Creatures. We are not to think that our Heavenly Father is uninterested in us, and that He will coldly and indifferently judge us. On the contrary, we are to remember our Lord's assurance, "The Father Himself loveth you."—John 14:21.

Some Dearer Than Others.

This is a very beautiful text—"The Father Himself loveth you." This is not said of the world. We know that God has a love for the world—"God so loved the world that He gave His Only-Begotten Son" to die for them. But our Lord is here declaring God's love for the Church, who are as dear to Him as "the apple of His eye." (Zechariah 2:8.) Just as we protect our eye lest anything should hurt it, so Jesus and His Church are very, very precious to their Heavenly Father.

From the very moment that God accepts any as His child and begets that one with His Holy Spirit, from that moment He especially loves him. He has appointed our Lord Jesus, our Redeemer, to be our Elder Brother, to take charge of us as the sons of God. He is the Head over this House of Sons, as St. Paul points out. (Hebrews 3:5, 6.) The Father loves us in much the same way that an earthly parent loves his children, and for the same reason. Yet as an earthly father may find a difference in the degree of his love toward his several children, so with God. Some are very dear children, because they are very dutiful, very obedient. So in proportion as we are zealous to do our Father's will, we have more of His love.

While the Father loves the spiritual babe, yet He does not expect as much of the babe as of the grown child. As we develop, therefore, the Father's love increases. He wishes to see us so earnest that we will seek to know what things are written in His Book, and that we will develop a character like His own. Jesus said, "Be ye like unto your Father in Hea-

a character like the Father's, and we are to become like that dear Son.

In conclusion, let us remember that if we are true, loyal children of God, all our blemishes are covered by the robe of Christ's righteousness; and if we are doing with our might what our hands find to do in this great matter of justice, dealing with all along the lines of the Golden Rule, we are showing the Father that we appreciate this principle as the foundation of his Government. Upon this sure foundation we shall build a superstructure of love. Thus shall we be blessed and made ready for the Kingdom.

"Awake to righteousness, and sin not." Does not the Apostle's injunction imply that some are not fully awake to the importance of this principle of justice? We think that this is the thought; that very few have been awake to the practise of the Golden Rule. To our understanding the great Judge is now at the door, and the final testings are very near at hand. If we are hoping to enter into the Kingdom there is little time left for character-making. This is a very solemn thought. Therefore we should take the greatest pains to find out what God requires of those who are to be kings, priests, and judges in the Messianic Kingdom, in order that we may be amongst those who will make their calling and election sure, that we may have an abundant entrance into the Kingdom of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. Then we shall see Him as He is, and shall share His glory.

See that Harry Thaw was an honored attendant at the session of the Assembly in Albany Monday. Wonder he wouldn't visit Matteawan and tip the milkman and the old watchman

POWER OF ELOQUENCE.

A Scotch Preacher Who Proved Himself a Real Spellbinder.

The magic power of eloquence to hold an audience bound as by a spell is commonly credited to the political stump speaker. But that some of this gift of fascination is to be found in the pulpit the Rev. Dr. Currier makes clear in his book, "Nine Great Preachers." To show the importance of the voice and manner in delivering the message he tells the following story of the preaching of the Rev. Dr. Guthrie of Scotland:

Guthrie possessed to an eminent degree the power of apt, impressive illustration. Joined to the witchery of his voice, it sometimes amounted to a power of enchantment. His auditors were then spellbound by it.

An amusing instance is presented in the conduct of a Highland cattle drover one day in Guthrie's congregation in Free St. John's. The man stood throughout the service in one of the crowded aisles within a few yards of the pulpit. From the first he was riveted, a pinch of snuff every now and then evincing his satisfaction. Toward the end of the sermon and just as the preacher was commencing a prolonged illustration, the stranger applied to his horn mull.

Arrested, however, he stood motionless, his hand raised with the snuff between his fingers, his head thrown back, his eyes and mouth wide open. The instant the passage was finished, and before the audience had time to recover their breath, the drover applied the snuff with gusto to his nostrils, and, forgetting in his excitement alike the place and the occasion, returned his head to the crowd behind and exclaimed, "Na, sirs, I never heard the like of that!"

That's Different.

"I know her father does not like me. He wants me to go to work in his factory."

"Well, why don't you prove your worth by going? Then there will be wedding bells and a happy ending."

"I don't know about that! It's a dynamite factory."

Definition of a Drop.

In the new British pharmacopoeia a "drop" is defined as coming from a tube of which the external diameter is exactly three millimeters, twenty such drops of water at 15 degrees C. being equivalent to one milliliter or cubic centimeter.

Nicely Flavored.

Newlywed (at dinner)—This lettuce is something fierce! Did you wash it? Mrs. Newlywed—Of course I did! And I used perfumed soap too!

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Few of us eat enough of the "Staff of Life."

Make your Bread from

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729

When You Feel It Coming

—When that old Headache sends its warning that you are going to suffer—take ZUTOO. When you feel a Cold coming on take ZUTOO. At the first sign of a pain—at the first feeling of sickness—take ZUTOO.

You will be all right in 20 minutes if it's a headache, or the next morning if it is a cold. Pain all gone, and the whole body refreshed.

Don't wait—don't take chances. Get ZUTOO Tablets to-day—and have them ready to take at the first sign of a Headache or cold and TAKE THEM.

25c a box—at dealers or by mail postpaid

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For information that will lead to the discovery or whereabouts of the person or persons suffering from Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Mouth and Throat, Blood Poison, Skin Diseases, Bladder Troubles, Special Ailments, and Chronic or Complicated Complaints who cannot be cured at The Ontario Medi-

"Blackmailed"

By ARTHUR APPLIN

Author of "The Chorus Girl," etc.

(Copyright The Frank A. Munsey Co.)

CHAPTER IV.—Continued

He took both her hands and raised one to his lips. Miss Berrington buried her face in the roses. Her cheeks reflected the color of their petals. Vessie wished he could hear what they were saying. Their attitude and the expression on the young man's face suggested that they were lovers.

Perhaps Ralph Humphry was her husband. Vessie tried to find some consolation in the idea, but failed.

He saw them walk arm in arm to a secluded seat beneath a palm-tree. He moved his position slightly so that he could see them through the branching leaves. It was obvious that they were deeply interested in one another. The young man was talking rapidly, eagerly.

Then a voice, already unpleasantly familiar, assailed his ears:

"Good morning, sir. Hope you didn't suffer from any further disturbance last night?"

He turned quickly. The sinister man with the bald head and the black mustache was facing him.

Vessie nodded curtly. "I passed a very good night, thank you."

Deliberately pushing aside Sir John, the man glanced down the register; then, strolling across to one of the writing-tables, he sat down and commenced to scribble a note. It was brief. He read it over, slipped it into an envelope which he addressed. Beckoning to a page boy, he gave it to him.

Sir John Vessie walked away.

The page boy carried the letter which had been given to him across the lounge and gave it to Miss Berrington. She took it looked at the writing, turned it over, then with a shrug of her shoulders, laid it on her lap. She had seen Sir John crossing the lounge; she guessed it came from him.

"Go on, you were telling me about the theatre," she said to Ralph Humphry.

He waited until the page boy had disappeared, then he drew his chair still closer.

"Don't you want to open your letter?"

Myra shook her head. "Oh, it's nothing; probably some journalist wants to interview me, or some tradesman wants to present me with a pair of corsets, or an inventor wants his tooth-paste advertised." She made a little moue with her red lips and sighed. "Isn't it awful? An actress in the present day gets inundated with offers for everything except an engagement."

Humphry smiled and took her hand. He caressed the long white fingers lovingly.

"Don't be silly, Ralph," she whispered. "Remember you're in public."

"Hang it all, I haven't seen you for three months."

Business first, pleasure after," she said firmly. "Now what about the theatre?"

"Well, I've got one," Humphry said, and there was a note of triumph in his voice. "Couldn't have found one more suitable for my play. It's the Ingenue. Of course they want a thousand pounds down—six weeks' rent in advance. I told them that would be all right. Between us we can scrape together fifteen hundred, can't we? You told me so before you went away."

Myra raised the roses to her face. "A thousand pounds is rather a lot of money to put down isn't it, Ralph?"

"Not when one is putting on a certainty," he replied with boyish enthusiasm. "Don't think I am cock-sure of my play. It's of you I'm thinking. You will make the play. We agreed to take the plunge. It's all or nothing. It's worth it, Myra, isn't it? If I had five thousand or fifty thousand I'd risk the lot on you."

She raised her eyes to his. And there was nothing but love and gratitude in them now. Quite different from those into which Sir John Vessie had looked.

There was a short silence. Myra again glanced round the lounge. She wondered where Vessie had disappeared. Perhaps he had run away!"

"Ralph," she said softly, "I have a confession to make."

"I have thousands," he laughed, "and I never make 'em. I don't want to hear it. You insisted we should talk business. There are half a dozen people after the Ingenue. I promised the manageemnt that it should have our decision to-day, and a check at the end of the week at latest. It's all right, isn't it?"

Myra lay back in her chair and crossed her knees. She had half a mind to send for Sir John Vessie and introduce him to Raplh Humphry. Of course, she would have to tell the latter of their meeting on the Homburg express—and what had happened since.

But the one dreadful word Vessie had hurled at her was still drumming in her ears, drumming with a strange persistence: "Blackmail! Blackmail!"

A hideous word. A repulsive thing. A crime! What could have put such an idea into Sir John's head? Myra could read most men like an open book, and the moment she had set eyes on Sir John she had summed him up fairly correctly. She knew she had made use of him from the first mainly with the idea that he might be still more useful later on. And she knew now that a series of strange events and an almost tragic mistake had placed him in her power. To what extent he was in her power she he had lost his head and made use of conjectured until the moment when that dreadful word—blackmail.

"Well, why don't you speak?" Her lover's voice recalled her. She looked at him, looked into the honest brown eyes, and she blushed. Strange thoughts had been creeping, unasked, unexpectedly into her brain. She was ashamed to think.

"I made a fool of myself in Homburg," she said abruptly.

"Myra!"

"Oh, I haven't fallen in love," she said with a forced laugh, "or anything silly of that sort. It's something worse."

Humphry shook his head. "As long as you love me nothing else matters. We will make our fortunes over this season at the Ingenue. I bet you within three months we shall be able to marry."

Myra looked at her lover and there was desperation in her eyes. "Look here, Ralph, you have got to have the truth. I couldn't hide it from you if I would. I was greedy. I felt fifteen hundred pounds was not a big enough capital on which to start. I gambled with it at Homburg—thought I could double it. Instead, I lost it."

Ralph Humphry rose from his seat, his lips apart. With an effort he controlled himself and sat down again. "Lost it? All of it?"

She shook her head. Her eyes were full now. "About seven hundred pounds. I am so ashamed of myself."

He swallowed hastily and forced a smile to his lips. "It's all right, old girl. I'll set to and write some more of my cheap books. It only means waiting another year or two. Don't worry.

Careless as to who saw her, Myra bent toward him and laid her hands on his shoulders. "You are brave. You ought to hate me. A selfish, silly little fool, that's all I am. I've ruined your chances and my own."

"It's all right, dear," he said unsteadily.

"Listen, Ralph." She crept a little closer. "Something happened to me coming from Homburg. Something happened last night. I'll tell you one day. It was all a mistake. It's quite ridiculous, in a way, though it might have been a tragedy. But something good may come out of it. Almost at once." She glanced round the lounge. "I want you to go now. I'll meet you for dinner to-night, if you like, at the Savoy. Perhaps I'll have—better news for you then. But leave me now, there's a dear, and don't ask any more questions. You've been a brick."

There were tears in her eyes. Ralph Humphry rose.

"Right you are. I'll go if you wish it. I'll look in at the Ingenue and ask them to hold on for a bit. I'm afraid it's not much use." He took her hand and kissed it again. "To-night at the Savoy, half past seven."

Myra Berrington watched him cross the lounge. She waved her hand to him as he passed through the folding doors. Then she picked up the letter the page boy had given her. She felt sure it was from Sir John Vessie. She opened it and read the contents.

"It will be to your advantage to see me for a few minutes before you take leave of Sir John Vessie—before you hear his explantion. I shall expect you in half an hour's time at 29a Escott street, Soho, Flat H. Ring the bell twice. I was the first to hear the cry of 'Thief!' and the screams for help last night. And I traveled with you on the train from Homburg. For your own sake do not fail to come.—S. D."

She scrunched the letter up in her hand. Her face went deathly white. As she raised her head she saw standing beside her a few feet away the man with a black mustache and a bald head.

To Be Continued

Hair Dressing that Makes Women's Hair Grow Radiant

Women of Canada are demanding a perfect hair tonic, one that is daintily perfumed, that is not sticky or greasy, and that will make the hair grow profusely and give it a lustre that attracts admiration.

Like their clever sisters in Paris, they have learned that a woman with scant, dull, lifeless hair grows old all too soon.

Since the introduction of Parisian Sage into Canada druggists in every town are recommending Parisian Sage because they know that it will do exactly what the makers say it will do.

Besides being a hair grower and beautifier, Parisian Sage is rigidly guaranteed to stop itching scalp, to stop hair from falling, and to banish every trace of dandruff, or money back.

Parisian Sage causes the hair to grow strong, vigorous, and lustrous because it kills the dandruff germs that infest the hair roots, which is the basis of all scalp and hair diseases, and also because it furnishes natural nourishment to the weakened and run-down hair tubes.

Parisian Sage is sold by druggists everywhere for only 50 cents a large bottle. It is fully guaranteed

For aches, pains, rheumatism, etc., try Parisian Mustard Cerate. Its effect is wonderful. Use in place of mustard plasters, poultices or hot applications. Will not blister. 25c. a tube.

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ROADS IN CHINA.

They Remind One Very Much of the Snakes in Ireland.

BECAUSE THERE ARE NONE.

What Apologies There Are For Them Are a Great Deal Like the Bed of a Stone Quarry—The Torture That Goes With a Trip In a Peking Cart.

Describing the roads, or, rather, the lack of roads, in China and the torture that is undergone by the tourist who, used to the luxurious modes of travel we may employ, trusts himself to the uncertain joys of a trip in a Peking chair, a writer in the Wide World Magazine says:

"Now, a Peking cart is a very venerable mode of progression. When our ancestors were lightly dressed in woad and had no conception of any wheeled vehicle the Chinese lady was paying her calls in the back of a Peking cart, the seat of honour under the tilt, well out of sight of the passers by, while her servant sat in front, the place of comfort, if such a word can be applied to anything pertaining to a Peking cart.

"In spite of its long and aristocratic record if there is any mode of progression more wearying and uncomfortable I have not met it. It is simply a springless board set on a couple of wheels with a wagon tilt of blue cotton over it and a place for heavy luggage behind. The Chinaman sits on the floor and does not seem to mind, but the ordinary westerner, like myself packs his bedding and all the cushions he can beg or borrow around him and then resigns himself to his fate.

"The Peking cart has one advantage people will tell you—it has nothing to break in it. But there are moments when it would be a mighty relief if something did break, for if the wood work holds together as it tosses you from side to side you yourself are one sore, bruised mass. No; I cannot recommend a Peking cart, even on the smoothest road.

"And the roads in China are not smooth. We all know the description of the snakes in Ireland. 'There are none,' and much the same might be said about the roads in China. There are so called roads, certainly, upon which the people move about, but I have seldom met one that was any better than the surrounding country, and very, very often on this journey I met roads where it was ease and luxury to move off them on to the neighboring plowed field.

"The recipe for a road there in the north seems to be: Take a piece of the country that is really too bad to plow or to use for any agricultural purpose whatever, that a mountain torrent, in fact, has given up as too much for the water, upset a stone wall over it—a stone wall with good, large stones in it—take care they never for a moment lie evenly, and you have your road.

"Leaving Peking for the eastern tombs, you go for the first two or three hours along a paved way of magnificent porportions planned and laid out as a highway should be. The great stones with which it is paved were probably put there by slave labor, how many hundred years ago I do not know, but the blocks are uneven now, some of them are gone altogether, though how a huge block of stone could possibly disappear passes my understanding, and whenever the carter could he took the cart down beside the road, where at least the dust made a cushion for the nail studded wheels, and the jarring and the jolting were not quite so terrible.

"It takes as long to get beyond the environs of Peking in a cart as it does to get out of London in a motorcar. First we passed through the Babylonish gate, and the great walls were behind us; then, outside the city, all looking dusty, dirty and khaki colored in the brilliant sunshine, were numerous small houses, and the wayside was lined with booths on which were things for sale.

"Along the roadway came an endless array of people, clad for the most part in blue cotton—men walking, men with loads slung from a bamboo across their shoulders, donkeys laden with baskets or sacks of grain, with fat Chinese on their backs. There were Peking carts, there were mules, there were ponies, and this busy throng is almost the same as it was a couple of thousand years ago.

"But it was a long, long while before I could feel I was really in the country. There was the khaki colored land, there were the khaki colored houses, built of mud apparently, with graceful tiled roofs, and blue clad people everywhere and everywhere at work.

"Always the fields were most beautifully tilled. There were no fences. The Chinese are too civilized to need fences, and when you see stone walls it is only because, since they can't be dropped off the planet into space, the stones must be disposed of somehow."

Paris For Politeness.

Translated rather crudely and literally, this is the notice in a Paris trolley car: "Messieurs the passengers descending from the carriage are urged (literally "prayed"), before renouncing the shelter which the carriage they are about to quit offers them, to assure themselves, as a preliminary, that no carriage coming in the opposite direction is in proximity."

Hope for the best, but work hard for the result.

Culture.

Culture is a slow process. It comes from long and close contacts. It is the fruit of reflection, of travail of soul and of mind. Grappling with something until the very essence of it has been extracted is a first step. Thus the tastes of essences is learned, and once learned lesser distillations do not satisfy. Then follows a growing power to discriminate, to distinguish nice values, to judge of quality, to answer to beauty, to feel the need, that what you have, though it may be little, may still be the real thing. This is culture. It is not baggage, like diplomas and degrees. It is not things seen and heard, miles traveled or books read. These are the materials for culture. They contribute to it only when they are absorbed by the mind and as really lost in it as water and lime, phosphates and ammonia must be lost in the soil if they are to enrich it and enable it to increase its yield.—Ida M. Tarbell in Woman's Home Companion.

The Battle of Chalons.

There have been so many bloody battles it is perhaps impossible to say with absolute certainty which of them all was the bloodiest, but the balance of the evidence seems to be in favor of the battle of Chalons, France, fought A. D. 451 between the Huns, under Attila, and the Romans, Goths and Franks, under the command of Aetius, the most renowned captain of his day. At the head of his 500,000 savages Attila was having everything his own way, and it looked as if Aryan civilization was destined to fall before the Tartar despotism, when suddenly, like a bolt out of the blue, Aetius fell upon the barbaric hordes and Europe was saved. It is estimated that 400,000 of the barbarians were left dead on the field.

Baked Apple Pudding.

Peel, core and cut eight apples the same as for apple sauce, put them into a stewpan with just enough water to keep them from burning and stew until they are reduced to a pulp. Weigh the pulp and to every half pound add half a pound of sugar, six ounces of butter, the rind of one lemon and six well beaten eggs. Beat these ingredients all together. Line a pudding dish with puff paste, fill with the mixture and bake half an hour. The butter should be added last; then the pudding is ready for the oven.

How to Fringe.

When fringing a table cover or anything with deep fringe first tear it up as deep as you want the fringe at intervals of a finger or so all the way across the end; then fringe out these short pieces one by one, which is a much easier way than pulling out a long thread every time, having it break and being obliged to hunt for the end with pin or needle.

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Through Sleepers, Montreal to Halifax.
Connection for
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CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—5.25 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 7.30 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate points—6.25 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—†6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 5.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *3.40 a.m.

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

†Deseronto only.

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville Ont.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily
No. 16—2.00 a.m.—Fast train, flyer, daily.
No. 33—Local for Brockville, 7.00 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m.—Express, daily.
No. 28—6.45 p.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19—2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13—4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.
No. 29—7.50 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.20 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1—3.05 p.m.—International Limited, daily.
No. 7—4.55 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'.

Going West.	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.
Going East.	**Arrive**	**Lv. Peterboro**
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North	Leave.	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.
Going South.	**Arrive**	**Lv. Madoc**
Mixed	4.56 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1915.

GOING EAST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.50 p.m.	2.58 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

GOING WEST.
MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.12 p.m.	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

	Daily except Sunday
Going East	
Leave Toronto	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	6.32 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leave Belleville	6.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.50 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent.

Belleville Business Directory

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column or calling at The Intelligencer Business Office, full information may be obtained.

MINING.

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE

Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

"COLLIP, FLORIST."

Front Street.

Night Phone 175 Day Phone 265.

All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.

Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts.

Announcement

Messrs. Greenleaf & Son wish to announce to their old patrons and friends that they have found it advisable to incorporate their business under Ontario Companies Act.

The new company, under the same management as heretofore, and under the firm name of GREENLEAFS, LIMITED, have purchased the property known as the Brown Foundry, together with the good will and equipment of Mr. Geo. Keith.

It is their intention to remodel these buildings and install suitable equipment to meet the growing demands of their patrons.

The Management take this opportunity of thanking their old friends and solicit their patronage in their new venture.

GREENLEAF & SON

Garage and General Machinists

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest.. . . . . $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3.. Saturday 10 to 3.

R TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

When a man puts a woman up on a pedestal someone else helps her down.

◆

Why is it that so many ladies who are possessed of a comfortable home and a comfortable income usually have an uncomfortable amount of adi-

INSURANCE.

W. H. HUDSON

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.; North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass, Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies. Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.

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Insurance Agent

Has Removed to 229 Front Street

Next to Riggs' Music Store

THOS. STEWART

Bridge Street, Belleville.

Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.

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Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON

Agent for

Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance. Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.

ROBERT BOGLE

MERCANTILE AGENCY.

Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed. Office, 28 Bridge Street.

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QUINTE LAUNDRY

Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way. Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.

W. R. Vallance, Mgr. Phone 336.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front St., Belleville, Phone 545. LEE CHEW.

ENGINEERING.

J. D. Evans, O.E. & O.L.S. J. W. EVANS, O.E. & M.E.

EVANS & EVANS

Civil and Mining Engineers and Ontario Land Surveyors. Belleville and Trenton.

Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker & Victoria

BUS, AUTO AND CABS

ASELSTINE'S MOTOR BUS, CAB & AUTO LIVERY

Special cars, broughams and carriages, all rubber tired, for weddings, private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town. Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre streets. Tweed Stage in connection. Phone 229.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers. Apply to

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Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St., Belleville.

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WILLS & WRIGHT

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell St. Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates.

J. FRANKLIN WILLS, K.C.
MALCOLM WRIGHT.

NORTHRUP & PONTON.

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge St. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.

W. B. NORTHRUP, K.C., M.P.
W. N. PONTON, K.C.
R. D. PONTON.

PORTER & CARNEW

Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.

E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P.
WM. CARNEW.
Solicitors for Union Bank.

MIKEL, STEWART & BAALIM

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

Belleville, Madoc and Tweed.
Solicitors for Molsons Bank.

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D. E. K. STEWART.
FRANK BAALIM.

W. D. M. SHOREY

Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg.

Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms.

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MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England

Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

Those who forget today seldom remember tomorrow.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your

BELLEVILLE POULTRY SHOW AWARDS

Prize Winners at Big Poultry Show Held in This City a Few Days Ago

MR. JARVIS' CLASSES.

White Wyandottes — Geo. Somers, Napanee, 1-2 cock, 1-2 hen, 1-3 ckrl., 1-2-4-5 pullet, 1 pen. M. F. Miller, Belleville, 3-4 cock, 3-4 hen. Lawnview Poultry Yards, Oshawa, 4 ckrl, 3 pullet. J. J. Latour, Brighton, 5 ckrl. W. G. Ketcheson, Halloway, 2 pen. Jos. Johnson, Belleville, 3 pen.

Buff Wyandottes—T. E. Sullivan, Belleville, 1 cock, 1 hen, 2 ckrl., 2 pullet. W. J. Munro, Grafton, 2 cock, 2 hen. C. H. Byam & Son, Maple, Ont., 3 cock, 3 hen, 1 ckrl., 1 pullet. E. S. Waite, Belleville, 3 ckrl.

Columbian Wyandottes—S. J. Cox, Colborne, 1 cock, 1 hen, 1 ckrl., 3 pullet. Bruce Curtis, Warkworth, 2 cock, 2 hen. Geo. Harris, Belleville, 2-3 ckrl., 1-2 pullet.

Partridge Wyandottes—Geo. Harris, 1 cock, 1-2 hen, 1 ckrl., 1 pullet, 1 pen. Lawnview, 2-3 cock, 3 hen.

Barred Rocks—J. J. Latour, 1 cock, 3 pullet. E. S. Waite, 2 cock, 3 ckrl. A. H. Watson, Madoc, Madoc, 3 cock, 1-23- hen, 1-2-4- ckrl., 1-2-4 pullet, 1 pen. Manley & Harris, Belleville, 2 pen.

White Rocks—Holland Bros., Kingston, 1-2 cock, 1 hen, 1 ckrl., 1 pullet. Herman Claus, Shannonville, 3 cock, 2-3 hen, 2-3 ckrl., 2-3-4- pullet, 1-3 pen.

Buff Rocks—Byam & Son, 1 cock, 1 hen, 2 ckrl., 1 pullet. E. S. Waite, 2 cock, 2 hen, 1 ckrl., 2 pullet. C. L. McFaul, Allisonville, 3 cock, 3 hen.

A. O. V. Rocks, Geo. Harris, 1 cock, 1 2 hen, 1-2 ckrl., 1-2 pullet.

Partridge Rocks — Thos. Moore, Belleville, 1-2-3 cocks, 1-2 hen, 1-2 ckrl., 1-2-3 pullet, 1 2 3 pen. J. H. Warrington, Cornwall, 3 hen. L. B. Forsythe, Stouffville, Ont., 3 ckrl.

Speckled Sussex—Thos. Moore, 1-2 hen, 2-3 ckrl., 1-3 pullet. A. G. Williams, Port Hope, 1-4 ckrl., 2-4 pullet.

Red Sussex—W. E. Pakenham, Norwood, 1 cock, 1-2-3 hen, 1-2 ckrl., 1-2 pullet.

Light Brahmas—Jas. Skinner, Belleville, 1-3 cock, 1-2-3-4 hen, 2 ckrl., 4 pullet. Bruce Curtis, 2 cock, 1 ckrl., 1-2-3 pullet.

Dark Brahmas—F. L. Walsh, Warkworth, 1 cock, 1 pullet. J. H. Warrington, 2 cock, 2 hen, 2 ckrl., 3 pullet. E. S. Waite, 3 cock, 2 hen, 1 ckrl., 2 pullet.

Buff Orpingtons — Walter Moore, Belleville, 1-2 cock, 1-2 hen, 1-2 ckrl., 1-2-3-4 pullet. Perry Wilson, Hillier, 3 cock, 3 hen. Dr. E. W. Hayden, Cobourg, 3 ckrl., 1 pen.

White Orpingtons—W. J. Munro, 1-2 cock, 4 hen, 1-2 ckrl. 3 pullet. J. M. Truaisch, Belleville, 3-4 cock, 1-2-3 hen, 3 ckrl., 1-2-4 pullet, 1 pen.

Blue Orpingtons—W. J. Munro, 1 cock, 3 hen, 1 pullet. Walter Moore 2 cock, 1-4 hen. C. L. McFaul, 3 cock. C. W. Martin, Northport, 2 hen, 2 3 pullet.

Black Langshans—Holland Bros., 1-3 cock, 1-3-4- hen, 1-2-3 ckrl., 1-2-3 pullet. E. S. Waite, 2 cock, 2 hen.

Black Javas—Thos. Bottrell & Son, Bowmanville, 1 cock, 2 hen, 1-2 ckrl., 1-2 pullet. J. H. Warrington, 1 hen, 1 pullet.

Partridge Cochins—J. H. Warrington, 1 cock, 1 hen. Byam & Son, 1 ckrl., 1 pullet.

Buff Cochins—Bruce Curtis, 1 cock, 2 hen. E. S. Waite, 2 cock, 1 hen, 2 ckrl., 1 pullet. Peterson Bros., Warkworth, 1 ckrl.

A. O. V. Cochins—J. H. Warrington, 1 hen. F. L. Walsh, 1 pullet.

Dark Cornish — Bottrell & Son, 1 cock, 2 hen, 1 pullet. F. L. Walsh, 2 cock, 2 hen. C. L. McFaul, 3 cock. Bruce Curtis, 1 ckrl., 2 pullet.

A. O. V. Dorkings—J. H. Warrington, 1 cock, 1 hen, 1 ckrl., 1 pullet. E. S. Waite, 2 hen. F. L. Walsh, 3 hen.

S. C. Rhode Island Reds—Wm. J. Vassau, Belleville, 1 cock. E. S. Waite, 2 cock. Geo. J. Buller, Peterborough, 3 cock, 1 hen. Daniel Cotter, Belleville, 2 hen. Jos. McNulty, Belleville, 1-3 ckrl., 2-3 pullet, 1 pen.

R. C. Rhode Island Reds—Geo. J. Buller, 1 cock, 3 hen 3 ckrl., 1 pullet. G. E. Thompson, Belleville, 1-2-4 hen, 4 ckrl., 2 3 pullet.

B. B. Red Games—Bottrell & Son, 1-2 hen, 1-2-3 ckrl., 1-2 3 pullet. J. H. Warrington, 3 hen.

American Pit Games — Bottrell & Son, 2 cock, 2 hen, 1 ckrl., 1 pullet. A. S. Large, Belleville, 1 cock.

A. O. V. Games—J. H. Warrington, 1 cock, 1 hen, 1 ckrl., 1 pullet.

Old English Games—Bruce Curtis, 1 hen, 1 pullet.

Sales Class—H. E. McKnight, Belleville, 1 cock. Vassau, 2 cock. P. G. Denike, Belleville, 3 cock.

Silver Wyandotte—S. J. Cox, Colborne, 1 cock, 2 hen. Lawnview, 1 hen, 3 ckrl. J. H. Warrington, 1 ckrl., 3 pullet. Bruce Curtis, 2 ckrl., 1-2 pullet.

Golden Wyandottes —S. J. Cox, 1 cock, 1 hen, 1 ckrl., 1 pullet. Byam & Son, 2 cock, 2 hen, 2 ckrl., 2 pullet.

TURKEYS.

Bronze—S. J. Cox, 1 old hen, 1 young hen.

White Holland—C. L. McFaul, 1 old gobbler, 1 old hen.

GEESE.

Emden—C. L. McFaul, 1 old gander, 1 old goose.

Toulouse—Bruce Curtis, 1 old gander, 1 old goose. McFaul, 2 old gander, 3 old goose. C. W. Martin, 3 old gander. S. J. Cox, 2 old goose, 2 young gander, 3 young goose. J. W. Crowhurst, Port Hope, 1-2 young goose.

A. O. V.—Bruce Curtis, 1 old gander, 2-3 old goose. C. W. Martin, 2 old gander, 1 old goose.

DUCKS.

Pekin—J. W. Crowhurst, 1 old drake, 1 old duck, 1-2-3 young drake, 1-2-3-4 young duck. Douglas Gunn, Belleville, 2 3 old drake, 2-3 old duck.

Fawn and White Indian Runner—C. L. McFaul, 1 young drake.

Rouen—F. D. Marsh, Napanee, 1 old drake, 1 old duck, 1 young drake, 1 young duck. C. L. McFaul, 2 young drake, 2 young duck. C. W. Martin, 3 old drake, 3 old duck.

A. O. V.—S. J. Cox, 1 old drake, 1 old duck, 2 young drake, 2 young duck. C. W. Martin, 2-3 old drake, 2-3 old duck. W. W. Lord, Campbellcroft, 1 young drake, 1 young duck.

MR. BILLINGS' CLASSES.

S. C. White Leghorns—J. A. Rapson, Belleville, 1 cock, 2-3-4-5 hen, 2-3 ckrl., 2 pullet, 1-3 pen. F. D. Marsh, 2 cock, 1 hen, 1 ckrl. Jas. Maguire, Kingston, 3 cock. Manley & Harris, 4 cock. A. S. Large, 3-4 pullet. H. E. McKnight, Belleville, 3 pullet, 2 pen.

R. C. White Leghorns—Geo. Somers, 1 cock. Peterson Bros., 2 cock, 2 hen. F. D. Marsh, 1 hen, 1 ckrl., 2 pullet. E. S. Waite, 2 ckrl., 1-3 pullet.

S. C. Buff Leghorns—J. F. Beattie, Brockville, 1-5 cock, 3-4 hen, 4 ckrl. P. G. Denike, 2-4 cock, 1-5 hen, 1-3 ckrl., 2-3-4 pullet, 1-2 3 pen. J. H. Warrington, 3 cock, 2 hen. W. J. Munro, 2 ckrl. Jas. Maguire, 1-5 pullet.

R. C. Buff Leghorns—Percy Wilson, 1-2 cock, 1-2-3 hen, 1-2 ckrl., 1-2 pullet. C. L. McFaul, 3 cock, 3 ckrl.

S. C. Brown Leghorns—Bruce Curtis, 1-2-3 cock, 2-3-4 hen, 3-4 ckrl., 3-4 pullet, 1 pen. F. D. Marsh, 4 cock, 2 ckrl. Lawnview, 1 hen, 1 ckrl, 1-2 pullet.

R. C. Brown Leghorns—C. L. McFaul, 1-2-4 hen, 3-4 ckrl., 2-3-4 pullet. Jas. Maguire, 3 hen. E. S. Waite, 1 ckrl. Bruce Curtis, 2 ckrl., 1 pullet.

S. C. Black Leghorns—Jas. Maguire, 1 cock, 3 ckrl., 4 pullet. Bottrell & Son, 2 cock, 3-4 hen, 4 ckrl. J. H. Warrington, 3 cock, 1 hen, 1 ckrl., 2 pullet. Lawnview, 2 hen, 2 ckrl., 1-3 pullet.

S. C. Anconas—Peterson Bros., 1-3 cock, 2-3 ckrl., 1-2 pullet, 1 pen. Bruce Curtis, 2 cock, 1 hen. E. S. Waite, 2 hen, 4 pullet. F. G. Kennedy, 1 ckrl., 3 pullet.

Blue Andalusians—W. J. Munro, 1-3 cock, 3 hen, 1 ckrl., 1 pullet. F. C. Kennedy, 2 cock, 1-2 hen, 1 pen. E. S. Waite, 2 pullet. Byam & Son, 4 hen, 3 pullet.

S. C. Black Minorcas—Thos. Moore, 1 cock, 3 hen, 3 ckrl., 2-3 pullet. Thompson & Archibald, 2 cock, 2 hen. Peterson Bros., 1 cock. Bottrell & Son, 1 hen, 1 ckrl. Dr. E. W. Hayden, 2-4 ckrl., 1 pullet.

S. C. White Minorcas—A. S. Large, 1-3 hen, 2 ckrl., 1 pen. E. T. Thompson, Belleville, 1 ckrl., 1-2-3-4 pullet.

Black Spanish—Manley & Harris, 1-2 cock, 2-4 hen. F. L. Walsh, 3 cock, 1 hen. C. L. McFaul, 4 cock.

Silver Campines—W. E. Pakenham, 1-2 hen, 1 cock, 1-2 pullet. W. W. Lord, 3 hen, 1 ckrl. C. L. McFaul, 4 hen. D. J. Corrigan, Belleville, 2-3 ckrl., 4 pullet. Bruce Curtis, 3 pullet.

Silver Polands—J. H. Warrington, 1 cock, 1 hen, 1 ckrl., 1 pullet. F. G. Kennedy, 2 cock, 2 hen.

Golden Polands—F. G. Kennedy, 1 cock, 2 hen. J. H. Warrington, 2 cock, 1 hen, 1 ckrl., 1 pullet. F. K. Walsh, 3 cock, 3 hen.

Buff Laced Polands—J. H. Warrington, 1 cock, 1 hen, 1 ckrl. F. G. Kennedy, 2 hen.

White Crested Black Polands—J. H. Warrington, 1 cock, 1 hen, 1 ckrl., 1 pullet.

Black Hamburgs—J. H. Warrington, 1 cock, 2 hen. E. S. Waite, 2 cock, 3 hen. Bruce Curtis, 3 cock, 1 hen, 1 ckrl., 1-2 pullet.

Silver Spangled Hamburgs—J. H. Warrington, 1 cock, 1 hen. Bruce Curtis, 2 cock, 3 hen, 2 pullet. F. L. Walsh, 3 cock, 2 hen, 1 ckrl., 1 pullet, 1 pen.

Silver Pencilled Hamburgs—J. H. Warrington, 1 cock, 1 hen, 1 ckrl.

Golden Pencilled Hamburgs—J. H. Warrington, 1 cock, 1 hen, 1 pullet.

Golden Spangled Hamburgs—J. H. Warrington, 1 cock, 1 hen. F. L. Walsh, 2 hen.

Dominiques—Bruce Curtis, 1-2 hen, 1-2 ckrl., 1-2 pullet.

La Fleche—J. H. Warrington, 1 cock, 1 hen, 1 ckrl., 1 pullet.

A. O. V.—W. J. Munro, 1 cock, 1 hen.

Houdans—Jas. Maguire, 1-3 cock, 1-3 hen, 3 ckrl., 2-4 pullet. Geo. Somers, 2 cock, 2 4 hen, 1 ckrl., 1 pullet. E. S. Waite, 2 ckrl.

Sultans—J. H. Warrington, 1 hen.

Silkies—J. H. Warrington, 1 cock, 1 hen. Bottrell & Son, 2 cock, 2 hen, 2 pullet. Percy Wilson, 3 cock, 1 hen. W. W. Lord, 1 ckrl., 1 pullet.

BANTAMS.

Light Brahmas—Bottrell & Son, 1-3 cock, 2-3 hen, 1-2 ckrl., 1-2 pullet. Warrington, 2 cock, 1 hen.

White Cochins—Warrington, 1 cock. W. W. Lord, 2 cock, 1 hen.

White Japanese — Warrington, 1 ckrl., 1 pullet.

White Rose Combs—Bottrell, 1 cock, 1 hen. Warrington, 1 ckrl., 1 pullet.

Black Tailed Japanese—W. W. Lord, 1 cock, 1 hen, 1 ckrl., 1 pullet. Geo. J. Buller, 2 cock, 2 hen.

Black Cochins—Bottrell, 1-2 cock, 1-2 hen, 1-2 ckrl., 1 pullet. E. S. Waite, 2 pullet.

Buff Cochins — Bottrell, 1 cock, 1 hen.

Seabrights—Bottrell, 1-2 cock, 1-2 hen 1-2 ckrl., 1 2 pullet, 1 pen.

Black Rose Combs — Bottrell, 1-2 cock, 1-2 hen, 1-2 ckrl., 1-2 pullet.

A. O. V. Bants. — Thos. Moore, 1 cock. W. W. Lord, 1 hen, 1 ckrl., 1 pullet.

GAME BANTAMS.

Black Breasted Reds—Bottrell, 2 cock, 1-2 hen, 2 ckrl., 2 pullet. Thompson & Archibald, 1 cock, 3 hen, 1 ckrl., 1 pullet, 1 pen. Warrington, 3 cock.

Brown Reds—Bottrell, 1 cock, 2-3 hen, 2 ckrl., 3 pullet. Warrington, 2 cock, 3 hen, 1 pullet. Thompson & Archibald, 1 ckrl., 2 pullet.

Silver Duckwings—Bottrell, 1 cock, 1-3 hen, 1-2 ckrl., 1-2 pullet. Warrington, 2 cock, 2 hen.

Red Pile—Bottrell, 1 cock, 2 hen 1-2 ckrl., 2-3 pullet. Thompson & Archibald, 2 cock, 1 hen. Warrington, 3 cock, 1 pullet.

Berchen—Bottrell, 1-2 cock, 1-3 hen, 1-3 ckrl., 1-2 pullet. Thompson & Archibald, 3 cock, 2 hen, 2 ckrl., 3 pullet, 1 pen.

A. O. V.—Warrington, 1 cock, 1 hen, 2 pullet. Bottrell, 1 ckrl., 1 pullet.

PIGEONS.

Fantails—F. L. Walsh, 1st pair, Thompson & Archibald 2nd pair.

Owls—Bottrell 1st pair, Thos. Moore 2nd pair.

Homers—Thos. Moore 1-2 pairs.

Archangels—Thos. Moore 1st pair, F. C. Kennedy 2nd pair.

Carriers—Thompson & Archibald 1st pair, Bottrell 2nd pair.

Pouters—Bottrell, 1-2 pairs.

Jacobins—Bottrell 1st pair.

Tumblers—Bottrell 1-2 pairs.

A. O. V.—Bottrell 1-2 pairs.

SPECIAL PRIZES.

Best exhibit of one variety in Mediterranean class—P. G. Denike. Four best birds of one variety (cock, hen, cockerel and pullet—Jas. Skinner. Best exhibit of one variety in English or French class—Walter Moore. Best exhibit of one variety in American class—Geo. Somers. Best exhibit of one variety in Asiatic class—Jas. Skinner. Best male bird from 100 miles or more from Belleville—J. H. Warrington. Best female bird from 100 miles or more from Belleville—J. H. Warrington. For collection of duck or poultry winning most points—Bottrell & Son. For best collection of one variety of ducks—W. J. Crowhurst. Best Silver Campine cockerel—W. W. Lord. Best Pit Game cock—A. S. Large. Best trio of Brown Leghorns—Lawnview. Best pair of Langshans—Holland Bros. Best pair of Columbian Wyandottes—S. J. Cox. Best White Wyandotte cock—Geo. Somers. Best S. C. Rhode Island Red Cockerel—Lawnview. Best Hamburg Hen.—Bruce Curtis. Best Blue Andalusian hen—F. G. Kennedy. Best pair of Cochins—J. H. Warrington. Best White Leghorn hen—F. D. Marsh. Best pair of Anconas—Peterson Bros. Best pair of Ducks—W. J. Crowhurst. Best pair of Partridge Rocks—Thos. Moore. Largest number of points on one breed—Thos. Moore. Best White Minorca cockerel—E. T. Thompson. Best Silver Hamburg pullet—F. L. Walsh. Best Buff Leghorn pullet—Jas. Maguire. Best Buff Wyandotte hen—T. E. Sullivan. Best male bird in largest class—J. A. Rapson. Best female bird in largest class—F. D. Marsh. Best Light Brahma cock—Jas. Skinner. Best Dark Brahma cock—F. L. Walsh. Best pair of Cochin Bantams—Bottrell. Best collection of Orpingtons—J. M. Truaisch. Best pair of Black Spanish—Manley & Harris. Best pair of Buff Wyandottes T. E. Sullivan. Best pair of Cornish—Bottrell. Best bird in the show—Bruce Curtis. Best pen by farmer from Hastings or Prince Edward counties—Herman Claus. For largest collection of birds of one variety—J. A. Rapson. For best trio of barred Rocks—A. H. Watson. Largest and best collection of Pigeons—Bottrell. Largest and best collection of Bantams—Bottrell. Best pair of Campines (silver or golden)—W. E. Pakenham. Best cock, hen, cockerel and pullet of different varieties—J. H. Warrington. Best pen in the heavy varieties—Thos. Moore. Best pen in the light varieties—P. C. Denike. Best pair of light Brahmas—Bruce Curtis. Best collection of Games—Bottrell. Largest and best collection of Buff Leghorns—P. G. Denike. Best Minorca cock and hen—Thos. Moore. Best pair of Rhode Island Reds—Geo. J. Buller. Best pair of Houdans—Jas. Maguire. Best Brown Leghorn Cockerel—Lawnview. Best pair of Buff Rocks—Byam & Son. Best pair of Sussex—Thos. Moore. Best pair of Buff Wyandottes—T. E. Sullivan. Best pair of Polands—J. H. Warrington. Best pair of Bantams other than Cochins—Bottrell. Best Buff Orpington cock—Walter Moore. Best White Rock hen—Holland Bros. Best pair of Partridge Wyandottes—Geo. Harris. Best pair of Black Cochin Bantams—Bottrell. Best pair of Silver Wyandottes—Bruce Curtis. Best Rhode Island Red hen—G. E. Thompson. Best pair of White Minorcas—E. T. Thompson. Best pair of Fantail Pigeons—F. L. Walsh.

YES—IT IS POSSIBLE TO STOP RHEUMATISM

Rheumatism is a tormenting and stubborn malady. In some cases it yields to treatment which is without avail in other cases.

The darting pains, lame muscles or stiffened joints only disappear by gradually expelling the uric acid, and so many thousands have been relieved by the blood-enriching oil-food in Scott's Emulsion that you should give it a faithful trial. Scott's Emulsion acts as a powerful blood-purifier by increasing the red corpuscles and it strengthens the organs to carry off the acids which cause the trouble.

Try Scott's Emulsion. It cannot harm. It has helped thousands and may be exactly what you need. No drugs.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 15-29

AN IMPORTANT LETTER FROM NIAGARA FALLS.

Niagara Falls, Ont.—"I was miserable, tired out and dragging around. My legs could scarcely support me. My husband had read about 'Favorite Prescription' and he got me to use it. I used four bottles and the results were surprising. I got stronger, was less nervous, my appetite improved and I felt like a new person." It is the best medicine for women I have ever heard of."—Mrs. A. C. Brown, 39 Clifton Ave., Niagara Falls, Ont.

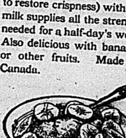
There is nothing that will bring comfort and renew hope to the invalid so surely as good news. When the vital forces are at a low ebb and everything seems useless, a ray of joy and assurance will stimulate the weary body to new effort and energy. A letter from a loved one has turned the tide in many a siege of sickness.

Doctor Pierce, of the Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., has good news for every suffering woman. Write him to-day and tell him your troubles, and he will send you just the right advice to restore you to health and bring back the roses to your cheeks, and without charge. His "Favorite Prescription" has been the rescue of thousands of suffering women. Many grateful patients have taken Dr. Pierce's advice.

Mothers, if your daughters are weak, lack ambition, are troubled with headaches, lassitude and are pale and sickly, Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription is just what they need to surely bring the bloom of health to their cheeks and make them strong and healthy.

It is not a secret remedy because its ingredients are printed on wrapper. Sold in either tablet or liquid form.

A Hot, Nourishing Meal—one that will put vim and energy into the worn-out body and fortify it against exposure—Shredded Wheat Biscuit (heated in the oven to restore crispness) with hot milk supplies all the strength needed for a half-day's work. Also delicious with bananas or other fruits. Made in Canada.



WINTER TOURS TO FLORIDA, LOUISIANA, MISSISSIPPI CALIFORNIA, ETC.

The Canadian Pacific Railway offers particularly good service to Detroit where direct connection is made for Florida, via Cincinnati and Atlantic, Ga., Jacksonville, Florida is reached second morning after leaving Detroit. Excellent connection for Florida is also made via Buffalo.

The Canadian Pacific-Michigan Central route will be found the ideal line to Chicago, where direct connection is made for the Southern States, New Orleans is reached second morning after leaving Toronto. Excellent connection is also made at Chicago for points in California, Utah, Nevadah, Texas, Arizona, etc.

The Dining, Parlor and Sleeping Car service between Toronto, Detroit and Chicago is up-to-date in every particular. Connecting lines also operate through sleeping and dining cars.

Those contemplating a trip of any nature will receive full information from any C. P. R. agent; or write M. G. Murphy, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

◆

Chasing Subs. Is Real Sport

The king of our sailors' outdoor sports just now is "chasing" submarines, says an Old Country magazine. The crews of the chasers are experts at the game.

Now, every submarine makes what the experts call a "surface wave." Even at 60 feet deep she leaves a distinct path, and 60 feet is pretty deep for any submarine to venture. Besides this plain track, there are also innumerable bubbles of air and blobules of oil continually escaping to the surface plain indication to the observant eye of a submarine hovering below.

All right—the "chaser catches the "surface wave." This spells the end for the submarine, unless a storm comes up or a fog falls. For it is merely the business of the speedier motor boat to keep above the wave, and the time has got to come when the submarine must bob up and get her bearings or see what she can see. It is all over in ten seconds.

Aeroplanes have a winning way with them, too. It is their custom to fly as slowly as possible over the shallow waters around the British coast and spy out German submarines resting on the bottom, a regular trick of theirs.

And here the aeroplane has shown its great usefulness. The shallow water that surrounds the coastlines makes it possible for the aviator to spy out the submarine as she lies, blind and immobile, on the bottom, even 100 feet deep. He notes the position and notifies the nearest patrol boat, which speed to the spot. Now it is only a case of waiting for the submarine to rise. You know the rest if you have read thus far.

Mines are anchored from the bottom at about the cruising distance of a submarine from the surface. One hit is enough. Nothing ever comes up to tell the tale. Months after, perhaps, in Germany another submarine is listed as missing—yes, missing until the sea shall give up its dead.

"Gumming the eye" is another sport. A tanker merely steams around in concentric circles at a spot on the sea frequented by submarines, and the oil gets on the glass of the periscope and shuts out the view. Then the boat must open up and let a man out on deck to clean the periscope. If a "chaser" happens to be around the submarine doesn't get a chance to submerge—of its own accord.

Canada And The Red Cross

Statistics of the Austrian Red Cross Canada's Record Can Stand Comparison

The International Red Cross bulletin gives some interesting facts about the working of the Austrian Red Cross. Up to the end of April 1915, the cash receipts amounted to 16,300,000 Kronen. Over 7,000,000 of this came from Vienna alone, and over one million was contributed from abroad, presumably for the most part from America. All accounts are inspected and the expenditure is controlled by a committee of financial experts.

Canada's contribution of approximately $6,000,000 to Red Cross Funds, considering population, bears more than favourable comparison with this Austrian contribution of $8,000,000.

An interesting item in the Austrian Society's activities is its maintenance of 3 hospital ships and 12 hospital trains. However, anything like a complete report of the Red Cross in Austria in unobtainable so that one is liable to estimate with what completeness Austria copes with its Red Cross obligation which must be of extraordinary magnitude. Brief as is this information about a hostile Red Cross Society, it should serve as a stimulus to our own Canadian Society which in the relief of the wounded should acquit itself honourably in this world Red Cross rivalry.

Those Red Cross Socks Again

There seem to be people in the country who delight in spreading any tale however unfounded, which is calculated to injure the Red Cross or any other society which is engaged in patriotic work. The absurd sock story which has been so often refuted persists in cropping up here and there throughout the whole country.

A very vigorous refutation of this baseless lie is written by Sergeant R. S. Simmons in a letter to his father in London, Ont.

"As to having to pay anything" states Sergeant Simmons, "for an article from the Red Cross or any other society, it is all utter rot. We are well fed and well clothed and it costs us nothing. These stories are nothing but damnable lies circulated by men who have never been in the firing line or are too cowardly to stand in the firing line."

Thousands of other letters could be printed substantiating this denial. People who take such stories seriously are either very incredulous or else very anxious to grasp at any straw for an excuse to escape their Red Cross duty. There is not the least doubt that the Red Cross funds are well administered.

◆

Beethoven's "Moonlight Sonata."

The story runs that Beethoven's "Moonlight Sonata"—always so called, though he so rarely gave a descriptive name to any of his works—was composed on an occasion when he had been playing to some stranger folk by chance. Walking with a friend, he overheard in a humble house some one playing with much feeling a bit of one of his sonatas. He paused to listen. In a moment the music ceased, and a girl spoke longingly of her wish to hear some really good concert. The voice was so appealing that the composer stepped without hesitation to the door and knocked. Admitted to the wondering host, he said, "I will play for you," and played wonderfully till the lamp burned out. Then with the moonlight filling the room he began to improvise—the mysterious delicate breathings of the beginning of that wonderful sonata, then the tricksy elf-like second part, and the glory of the close.

Genius Recognized.

"It's a pity that Shakespeare is dead," remarked the old playgoer.

"Yes," replied the modern manager. "What a moving picture scenario he could have written!"

Joined Right Off.

Lady (interviewing girl)—I may tell you that we are vegetarians. Girl (anxious to be hired)—That's my church, too, mum

Siruptitiously

Willie stole some maple sap,
Tasted so deliciously!
Spilt a little in his lap;
Told his ma fictitiously—
"Got it from another chap."
Mother spanked him viciously
For she saw that his mishap
Happened siruptitiously.

—H. R. Barrows, in Judge.

◆

At all events King Constantine appears to realize that Greece is in the fire.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley may mean all right in wanting an investigation into the Shell Committee's doings, but he seems to be playing a "shell" game.

Henry Ford has probably discovered that the securing of peace requires the use of more power than is ordinarily associated with his name.

The fact that cows are blamed for the shortage in the milk supply indicates that the pumps are not altogether to blame for any weakness.

Making sure of Baby's Health

It is widely known that dairy milk carries germs of disease, and so serious is the danger of infection that medical specialists repeatedly utter strong warnings. How readily young babies fall victims can well be understood.

Baby's health demands a Food free from germs.

In the 'Allenburys' Foods you have the requisite nourishment, absolutely pure, and packed in hermetically sealed tins. You prepare the Milk Foods Nos. 1 and 2 for Baby's bottle by simply adding boiled hot water.

The 'Allenburys' Foods

The pure germ-free, progressive dietary.

MILK FOOD No. 1 From birth to 3 months
MILK FOOD No. 2 From 3 to 6 months
MALTED FOOD No. 3 From 6 months onwards

The Allen & Hanburys Co. Limited, Toronto

75

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Give Your Wife an Interest

in the family's financial progress by opening a Joint Account in the Union Bank of Canada, in her name and your own. You will find it a very convenient arrangement, for then either can attend to the banking when in town, making deposits or withdrawing money. In case of death, the balance automatically goes to the survivor.

Belleville Branch — J. G. MOFFAT, Manager

LONDON, ENG., BRANCHES
6 Princes Street, E. C. West End Branch, Haymarket, S. W.

As the hall-mark on gold means pure, so

Kellogg's TOASTED CORN FLAKES

on a package is the hall-mark for breakfast foods. Our celebrated Corn Flakes are eaten by nearly all Canadians. Made from the best Southern corn, by our secret process, all the nutriment of the corn is conserved and made appetizing. A food for men and women in winter as well as in summer.

CAUTION:—Do not let your grocer "put one over you" by substituting "just as good corn flakes" for the original "Kellogg's."

"MADE IN CANADA" only by

THE BATTLE CREEK TOASTED CORN FLAKE COMPANY, LIMITED
LONDON, ONTARIO, CANADA

125

THE LAST WEEK
STROUD'S JANUARY SALE
THE GREATEST ON RECORD

The Citizens of Belleville have found that

STROUD'S 20 p.c. Discount SALE

Is one of the BIGGEST Money-Saving Propositions

HIGH CLASS GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES

NOW IS YOUR CHANCE TO RENEW YOUR DISHES RIGHT THROUGH FROM THE KITCHEN, DINING ROOM, TO PARLOR AND BED ROOM

STROUD'S, THE STORE THAT MAKES A SPECIALTY OF TEA

The Store That's So Different!

YOU have doubtless read and re-read many Clothing Advertisements!

You have been pestered with big type and you have been reasoned with in small type!

You have been plied with advertised reductions so unreasonable that your good sense at once stamps them as fictitious.

Here' a Store That's Different

Men's Suits and Overcoats
Exceptional Merit
$8.50, $10, $12 up to $25

We are not giving away Clothing or conducting our Store out of pure generosity to the Public.

We sell no $15 Overcoats for $7.88, nor do we sell $20.00 Suits for $10.99.

We claim to be a fair-dealing, wide-awake Clothing Houae—always giving you the best possible value for your money, and ever ready to make any wrong, right. Surely, no one will or can give you more for your money than we will give you—and you can certainly do no better than to make this YOUR CLOTHING STORE.

Quick & Robertson
THE OUTFITTERS

January Boot Sale

GORMAN'S BOOT SHOP

Men's
$5 and $6
Boots.
January
Clearance
Price
$3.25

The Beauty of Our Feed

is that there is no waste to it. Your horse will lick up the last oat or the last kernel of grain. It tastes so good to him that he wants every bit that belongs to him. So there's economy as well as satisfaction in buying your feed and grain here. Try it once and you'll try it always.

H. E. FAIRFIELD

Three Score and Four

64 years is a long time. A product that can hold the popularity of an entire Dominion for 64 years must be meritorious—dependable.

Eddy's Matches

Have been the same good matches since 1851. Like Eddy's Fibreware and Eddy's Washboards, they are considered Standard by all loyal Canadians under the "Made-in-Canada" Banner.

HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER
SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

IN and ABOUT THE CITY

O'BRIEN'S BRIDGE

The session of the County Council this afternon was largely devoted to a discussion of the matter of repairing O' Brien's Bridge and the expense attached to same.

RAILWAY TICKETS FOUND

The police yesterday in cleaning out one of the cells at the station, found three railway tickets which had evidently not been used. Some one who had occupied the cell recently had apparently lost the tickets.

MEETING OF CANADIAN CLUBS

All members of the Women's Canadian Club and the Men's Canadian Club are invited to hear Venerable Archdeacon Cody, Thursday evening, 27th inst., at eight o'clock in the High School on the subject, "Is Our Empire Worth Fighting For?" 26,2t

A GENEROUS ACT

At the County Council proceedings yesterday afternoon, Dr. Clinton, who is a Government Medical Health Officer, addressed the members briefly. He referred to the fact that after February 1st local medical health officers and local Boards of Health would be able to procure free from the Government laboratory anti-toxine serums, and it was essential that the offer should be accepted. Every precaution, Dr. Clinton stated, should be taken to protect the rising generation from infectious disease. Now was the time to take care of the children.

* * *

How to Save Your Eyes

TRY THIS FREE PRESCRIPTION

Do your eyes give you trouble? Do you already wear eyeglasses or spectacles? Thousands of people wear these "windows" who might easily dispense with them. You may be one of these, and it is your duty to save your eyes before it is too late. The eyes are neglected more than any other organ of the entire body. After you finish your day's work you sit down and rest your muscles, but how about your eyes? Do you rest them? You know you do not. You read or do something else that keeps your eyes busy; you work your eyes until you go to bed. That is why so many have strained eyes and finally other eye troubles that threaten partial or total blindness. Eyeglasses are merely crutches; they never cure. This free prescription, which has benefited the eyes of so many, may work equal wonders for you. Use it a short time. Would you like your eye troubles to disappear as if by magic? Try this prescription. Go to J. S. McKeown druggist, or to the nearest wideawake drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets; fill a two-ounce bottle with warm water, drop in one tablet and allow it to thoroughly dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eyes two to four times daily. Just note how quickly your eyes clear up and how soon the inflammation will disappear. Don't be afraid to use it; it is absolutely harmless. Many who are now blind might have saved their eyes had they started to care for them in time. This is a simple treatment, but marvelously effective in multitudes of cases. Now that you have been warned don't delay a day, but do what you can to save your eyes and you are likely to thank us as long as you live for publishing this prescription. The Valmas Drug Co., of Toronto, will fill the above prescription by mail if your druggist cannot.

HASTINGS COUNTY COUNCIL HOLD RED-HOT MEETING

Continued from Page One.

by Mr. Vermilyea, that Mr. G. L. Sills be Warden for 1916.

Mr. Montgomery moved, seconded by Mr. Gray, that Mr. W. H. Nugent, be Warden for 1916.

Mr. Vermilyea said he was afraid that progress would not be made in the Council if the arrangement which had been in vogue for some years, namely that a Conservative be Warden one year and a Liberal the next year, was broken. For years in the Council the Conservatives elected one as their Warden and then for a period of 9 years the Liberal being in power elected one of their number as Warden. In the year 1888 he proposed a change, namely that a Conservative be Warden one year and a Liberal the next year. If we want unanimity in the Council politics should be eliminated. What the majority wants to do now is to kick the minority out. Last year the Conservatives had the Wardenship and the Chairmanship of all committees but one, and had a majority of the members of the committee. We take the bitter dose with the best spirit we can. This is what we have to do. We ought to have the Wardenship every other year. He would like to see a true British spirit exhibited amongst the members. When the alternative system was in vogue a different spirit prevailed than in former years. He hoped for the sake of harmony that justice would prevail.

Mr. Montgomery said there were good arguments on both sides of the question. The Conservatives were in a large majority in the Council, and considered that having such a majority they were entitled to the Wardenship for two years. He did not wish to do anything but what was fair. He was an aspirant for the position but had been defeated in caucus.

Mr. Vermilyea suggested that the election of Warden be delayed until to-morrow morning and in the meantime the members get together with a view to obtaining a satisfactory arrangement. He made a motion to that effect.

Mr. C. H. Ketcheson said the Council should not be divided on party line. He did not desire to do anything wrong to the minority. There were in the Council at present 20 Conservatives and 10 Reformers, and he would favor the Reformers being recognized in committees. Nothing had been done to coerce the Reformers. He had no objection to the matter being postponed.

Mr. Vermilyea—If for 25 years there had been harmony it should not be overthrown at present. He wanted the kindest of feelings existing between all members of the Council.

Mr. Clare said that the members come to the Council to do the business of the county, and not for political purpose. He felt it would be a serious mistake to upset a long standing agreement which has existed in the Council. Other things than politics should be considered in the Council. He would favor the continuing of the system that has been in vogue for several years. British fair play is all that is asked for. There were competent men on both sides of politics in the Council and the person nominated in accordance with the old agreement was in every way competent of fulfilling the position. He would second Mr. Vermilyea's motion.

Mr. McLaren suggested that a caucus might be held and the matter setted to-day.

Mr. R. P. Coulter—We would be just as near a verdict on the morrow as we are to-day. Last year the Conservatives notified the Reformers that if they had 18 or more members they would nominate a Conservative for Warden and we have done so. There was no use delaying the matter until to-morrow. Four years ago Mr. Vermilyea introduced politics in the Council and he was doing so to-day. He was a Britisher and all he wanted was British fair play.

Mr. Vermilyea said the party principles should not be applied, as it is proposed to apply it to-day. The Reformers last year did make a proposition that whatever party was in the majority that party should have the Wardenship 3 years out of 5.

Mr. Rollins said he would agree to all things that are fair, but it was unreasonable to ask us to remain to an agreement that was made years ago. The proposition made to-day he considered was fair. He did not think the Conservatives who were 2 to 1 in Council were asking too much to name the Warden for this year.

Mr. G. L. Sills said he had the honor of being nominated for the Wardenship. The Council should come to some understanding as to the composition of the committee. An old agreement is being broken up and before it is broken some understanding as to equality of the personnel of Committees should be agreed upon. He was agreeable to any adjustment.

The motion of Mr. Vermilyea to delay the selection of a Warden was defeated.

Mr. Gunter said that for 10 years the Conservatives had been in power and had not usurped their power. All the Conservatives wanted was a fair representative according to numbers.

Mr. Montgomery suggested that a new agreement be entered into. The Conservatives should have the Wardenship this year.

Mr. Jordison was in favor of an agreement between the parties being made and make it so that it would be satisfactory to both parties.

Mr. Vermilyea strongly resented the remarks that he had brought politics into the Council.

Upon a vote being taken Mr. Nugent was elected Warden by a vote of 19 to 9.

Mr. Nugent upon taking the chair, said that words failed to express his feelings for the honor which had been conferred upon him by electing him Warden. He appreciated the honor and sincerely thanked those who had supported him for that position. He was pleased to see so many of the old members back in the Council and he would extend a hearty welcome to the new members. He was sorry that there had been such a debate and would also be sorry if it had caused any hard feelings. He had not taken part in the debate on account of being a candidate for Wardenship. He would do all that was in his power to create harmony in the Council proceedings. He had served on several committees and he did not know politically what the members were. There would be some matters of importance to be attended to at this session. A communication from Mr. McLean, Government paid commissioner, intimated that the County would receive 40 per cent for new permanent road work, and 20 per cent. for maintenance or repair work. In conclusion he would ask all members to work together in harmony for the county's welfare. (Applause).

Council adjourned until 10 o'clock Wednesday morning.

Wednesday, January 26.

MORNING SESSION

County Council resumed at 10 o'clock, Warden Nugent in the chair.

The minutes of Tuesday afternoon session were read and confirmed.

Communications

A large number of communications were read and on motion were referred to their respective committees.

An appeal for a grant to the Salvation Army for social work was made on motion. No action was taken.

It was decided to take no action in a communication to send delegates to the Public School Association Convention to be held in the city of Toronto during the month of April.

The treasurer of the county was authorized to pay the grant which was due from Hasting's County to the Campbellford High School.

Reports

Mr. Minns, School Inspector for Centre Hastings, presented a voluminous report in reference to the schools in his inspectorate.

On motion the report was laid upon the table for consideration.

Notices of Bylaws

Notices of bylaws were given to borrow money for current expenses until the taxes are collected; to appoint members of the Board of Management for the House of Refuge; to appoint a member of the audit of county justice accounts, and to appoint High School trustees, and to appoint a Bridge Committee for 1916.

Bylaws

The Council went into committee of the whole on bylaws; Mr. Montgomery in the chair.

A bylaw was passed to amend bylaw 761 relative to the changing of the year, certain debentures should run from 10 to 20 years.

The bylaw was passed through its stages and numbered 764.

Council adjourned until 2 o'clock.

* * *

Washing Won't Rid Head of Dandruff

The only sure way to get rid of dandruff is to dissolve it, then you destroy it entirely. To do this, get about four ounces of ordinary liquid arvon; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

Do this tonight, and by morning, most if not all, of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single sign and trace of it, no matter how much dandruff you may have.

You will find, too, that all itching and digging of the scalp will stop at once, and your hair will be fluffy, lustrous, glossy, silky and soft, and look and feel a hundred times better.

You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. It is inexpensive and never fails to do the work.

* * *

The man who has more money than brains naturally hasn't brains enough to show it.

* * *

Talking about preserves, wrath usually comes in family jars.

Fine Bathroom Ware

We offer you a complete line of "Out of the Ordinary" Bathroom Ware, combining Great Strength and Durability with Beauty of Design.

The absence of fancy or ornamental features renders these goods perfectly sanitary.

Guarantee

Our Guarantee of Good Workmanship, Good Plating, and Perfect Satisfaction accompanies every article.

The John Lewis COMPANY LIMITED

ARENA TURNBULL ST

Band Mon., Wed. and Sat.

Postopned O. H. A. Hockey Game between Lindsay Juniors vs. Belleville Juniors. Will be played Friday, January 28th. Fast game assured.

Should Belleville win, this will tie this district.

Admission 25c. Reserved seats 35c.

Band in attenuance

GRIFFIN'S OPERA HOUSE
TO-MORROW & THURSDAY,
Jan. 26 and 27
The Stupendous Photo Drama
QUO VADIS
In 3 Acts, 8 parts

Performance lasting 2¼ hours as presented at the Astor Theatre, N.Y., 306 consecutive successful performances; a sensational success throughout Europe and America. Matinee daily 10 cents

Prices, 10c, 15c and 25c
Seats on sale at Doyle's.

Ladies' Hudson Seal Coats

No. 1 Quality Lined throughout with No. 1 Brocade satin 40 inches long........Price $120.00

Muff to match " $22.00

J. T. DELANEY
29 Campbell St. opposite Y.M.C.A. Phone 797
See Our Window
N. B. We Buy Raw Furs

Defy Dyspepsia!

Among the symptoms of Dyspepsia or Indigestion may be mentioned a heavy, cutting pain soon after eating; a distended, full feeling of the stomach and bowels; belching of wind and flatulence; a burning sensation in the stomach, which indicates acidity; heartburn; palpitation of the heart; oppression of breathing; pain under the ribs and shoulder-blades; headache through the temples and eyes; dizziness, coated tongue and constipation; sometimes nausea or vomiting.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt is the natural specific for all these conditions. Being an antacid, it immediately relieves the acidity of the stomach and stops the fermentation. It stimulates the secretion and muscular action of the stomach and bowels, and overcomes the constipation. When its use is kept up the normal action of all the organs of digestion is re-established.

Sold everywhere at 25c. and 60c.

Sold by J. S. McKEOWN.

Death Roll

THOMAS H. ASSELSTINE

At an early hour this morning Mr. Thomas H. Asselstine, who resided at 293 Pinnacle street, suddenly passed away from an attack of heart failure. Deceased was some time ago seriously ill from pneumonia, but had recovered to such an extent as to be able to be about. Yesterday he was upon the street and half an hour before he died was apparently feeling well. Mr. Asselstine was twenty-six years of age and was born at Stratcona, Ont. He was the third son of Mr. and Mrs. John Asselstine of Belleville, and had lived here for the past 8 years. "Sunny" as he was familiarly called, had many friends in the city. A widow, but no family survive, also his parents, five brothers and two sisters, to whom will be extended the heartfelt sympathy of a large circle of friends.

DEATHS

WALSH—At his late residence West Belleville, on January 25th, 1916, Edward Walsh in his 87 year.

Funeral from above address on Friday morning at 9 o'clock to St. Michael's church and thence to St. James cemetery.

GET THE
F. S. ANDERSON CO'S
GENUINE
SCRANTON
COAL
BELLEVILLE

The Best we Can Buy Carefully Prepared and Delivered

The F. S. ANDERSON CO.,
42 Bridge St.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Preemption patent my be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—33690.

OVERCOATS

Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat! We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.

Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

spend it having a good time for 30 days, will probably succeed in being remembered. Their headaches will not soon be forgotten.

ONE WEEK WHITEWEAR BARGAIN SALE

A GREAT BARGAIN FEAST OF MUSLIN UNDERWEAR and Broken Assortments of LADIES' LINGERIE BLOUSES

White Week Sale of Dainty Gowns

Dozens of high-class, handsome Night Gowns, perfect in every detail and priced exceeding low for this sale.

$1.00 Gowns - for	78c	$1.75 Gowns - for	$1.38
1.25 „ - for	98c	2.00 „ - for	1.58
1.50 „ - for	$11.8	2.50 „ - for	1.98

Drawers Priced Low

So low in fact that you'll surely want to supply your future needs.

Regular 75c - for	53c
Regular $1.00 - for	73c
Regular $1.25 - for	93c
Regular $1.50 for	$1.03

Brassieres

The famous Gossard Lines that will delight your eye and please your pocket-book.

Regular 75c - for	58c
Regular $1.00 - for	78c
Regular $1.23 - for	98c
Regular $1.50 for	$1.18

Wed., Jan. 26, to Wed., Feb. 2

Enticing Offer Of Fine Underskirts

No matter if you desire a rather modest inexpensive one, or a real good one, we have them at prices that will delight you.

Reg. $1.00 values for	78c
„ 1.25 „	98c
„ 1.50 „	$1.18
„ 1.75 „	1.38
„ 2.00 „	1.58
„ 2.50 „	1.98

Beautiful Blouses

You will be surprised at the extensive lines we are showing for this Sale, and the remarkable values we are able to offer.

THREE BIG TABLES FULL

Table No. 1

Reg. $1.25 Blouses for	97c
„ 1.50 „	$1.17
„ 1.75 „	1.27

Do Not Miss This Whitewear Sale

Ketcheson & Earle

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 6 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED — ATTENDANTS. APPLY Ontario School for the Deaf. j19-tf

WANTED—LADY BOOKKEEPER FOR OFfice. Apply by letter, stating experience and salary. Box "K" Intelligencer Office. 24-4td

WANTED—SMART INTELLIGENT GIRLS to learn Shirt-making. Apply Deacon Shirt Company. 24-6td

WANTED—KITCHEN MAID. APPLY ST. Agnes School. 25-2td

WANTED

WANTED—TO RENT, PIANO FOR ABOUT two months. Apply R. Snelson, 80th Battalion. 22-4td

WANTED—MAN OR WOMAN TO DIStribute War Literature. $120 for sixty days' work in your own community. Spare time may be used Winston Company, Limited, Toronto. d18-8tw&s

SITUATIONS VACANT

DO YOU WANT AN EXTRA SIX TO TEN DOLLARS A WEEK?. Industrious persons will be provided with constant home work on Auto-Knitting Machines. Experience unnecessary, distance immaterial, war orders urgent. Write today for rates of pay, etc., enclosing addressed stamped envelope. Auto-Knitter Hosiery Co., Dept. 101, 257 College Street, Toronto.

TO RENT

TO LET—NEW SIX ROOMED HOUSE ON Gordon Street. Electric lights and water. Apply 78 North Front St. 26-4td

TO RENT. RESIDENCE, No. 221 CHARLES St.; contains all modern conveniences. Apply at The Intelligencer Office a23-tf

TO LET. THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the Bank of Commerce, and also rooms in the same block and the Robertson Block, suitable for offices and apartments. S. S. Lazier. j17-dtf

TO LET — COMFORTABLE ROOM AND board for one or two in private family, very central. Box 'O' Intelligencer. 24-4t

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED — YOUNG MAN AS STENOgrapher. Apply by telephone 294 during day, or 16 Catherine St., evenings. 22-4td

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill hands and machinists. Steady work. Good wages. Apply Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Peterborough, Canada. 26-6td

WANTED—FIRST CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill and Planer hands, Toolmakers. Good wages. Steady work. Canadian Westinghouse Company, Limited, Hamilton, Ont. d—127

RITCHIE'S

PRE-INVENTORY CLEARANCE Of All Surplus Stocks

And there are Only a Few Days More in which to accomplish this, as the Final Stock Inventory takes place at the close of our Business Year, Jan. 31st. Here are a Few of the Offerings.

2 Dozen DRESSES to Clear at $5.00

All of very fine Silk and Serge qualities; also a few Cashmeres. They are in splendid shades of Brown, Cream, Navy, Black, Greens, and Copenhagen. Not this season's garments, of course, but good styles. It is a certainty that they will not be long in stock at this price, so be on hand early for first choice. Regular values $12.50 to $20.00. Your choice for $5.00

Have Your Furniture RE-UPHOLSTERED NOW

And Save 20 per cent

This means a big saving, and if you have any shabby furniture to be re-upholstered, why this is your chance. During this month we are also offering some exceptional bargains on Furniture Coverings, all handsome goods and marked at prices you cannot afford to miss. (3rd Floor)

Men's Suits, $10.95

Stock taking has revealed a quantity of High Class Suits which we are desirous of clearing out before the final inventory at the end of the month. They are odd lines of suits, not being all sizes in any one pattern, but the lot represents a complete range of sizes from 36 to 42. All excellent values at the regular prices, in greys or brown English tweed mixtures. Owing to the increased cost of clothing materials and trimmings, we consider this an excellent opportunity to procure a first class Suit at a bargain—$10.95. (See window)

All Our LADIES' COATS Half Price

And that means you can buy a Coat that is marked to sell at $10 for $5; $12 Coats for $6; $15 Coats for $7.50; $18 Coats for $9; $20 Coats for $10; $25 Coats for $12.50, and $30.00 Coats for $15.00. These are not undesirable garments, but every one strictly new in the latest styles, and the best of materials. See them in the windows.

25 p.c. Discount Off All Our CHILDREN'S COATS

That means: $5.00 Coats for $3.75; $6.00 Coats for $4.70; $8.00 Coats for $6.00; $10.00 Coats for $7.50; $12.00 Coats for $9.00. $15.00 Coats for $11.75.

And the showing is very large, embracing Coats for children of all ages. The materials are the best and the shades represent all that is new for the season.

Millinery Half Price

This in cludes not only the Ladies' trimmed Millinery, but every untrimmed shape as well as all Children's Millinery. There are still many "chic" hats shown for your choosing that would be very becoming for present wear. Just think of this: For $2, $3, $4 and $5 you can buy Hats that would previously have cost you $4, $6, $8 and $10. (2nd Floor)

Home Book of Fashions

The Early Spring Number Now on Sale at Pattern Counter.

Fashions for Spring were never smarter. In this book are shown the newest ideas in the most practical form. Seventeen pages in full color, showing a careful selection of smart designs for the mother and her grown up daughter, as well as for the girl and boy.

You will need this book to help you with your Spring sewing. Get one at the Pattern Counter.

Secure your copy of "Good Dressing." It is free.

Price 25 Cents
and your own selection of a *guaranteed* 15 cent
PATTERN FREE

The RITCHIE Company Limited

FREDERICK

PALMER

GRIFFIN'S Opera House

MON. EVE. JAN. 31

Will Portray with Moving Pictures and Thrilling Narratives

THE GREAT WORLD WAR

Under the auspices of the 80th Overseas Battalion, C. E. F.

Seats, $1, 75c, 50c, 25c

Plan open at Doyle's Drug Store, Thursday, Jan. 27, at 9 a.m.

This Changeable Weather Brings Coughs and Colds

Here are a few lines of our own make of Confectionery that give relief to that tickling in the throat

Horehound Tablets,	20c lb.
Butter Scotch, - -	20c lb.
Menthol Tablets, -	30c lb.
Humbugs, - - -	20c lb.
BarleySugarTablets	20c lb.

Have Some to-day

Chas. S. Clapp

SEPARATE, SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until 4.00 P.M., on Tuesday, February 15, 1916, for the supply of: "Brooms and Brushes," "Chain", "Coal", "Hardware", "Hose", "Oils and Greases", "Packing", "Paint and Paint Oils", "Manilla Rope", "Wire Rope" and "Steam Pipe, Valves and Fittings," for the requirements of the Departmental Dredging Plant in Ontario and Quebec during the fiscal year 1916-1917.

Each tender must be sent in a separate envelope and endorsed: "Tender for Hardware, Ontario and Quebec", "Tender for Chain, Ontario and Quebec," etc., etc., as the case may be.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures. These forms can be obtained at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, for amount stated in form of tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the contract. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, January 21, 1916.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.—90556. j27-3td

MUSIC & DRAMA

"QUO VADIS" TO-NIGHT

George Kleine's glorious photo-drama production "Quo Vadis" which established a record run of six months at the Astor Theatre in New York City, has exercised a potent influence in all circles of society, religious and educational. Large theatre parties were formed from various schools and colleges and in several instances Sunday Schools attended the performances in a body. The lessons taught by these wonderful pictures are both impressive and inspiring. Mr. Kleine's production which is the only bona fide and important production of "Quo Vadis" is announced for exhibition at Griffin's Opera House tonight and Thursday matinee and night.

"BROKEN COIN" TONIGHT

The many followers of the great photo-play serial "The Broken Coin" will be pleased to hear that the 11th episode is to be presented at Griffin's Palace Theatre to-night and Thursday matinee and night. The title of this episode which contains many thrilling and unique moments, is "The Clash of Arms". The popular Belleville favorites William Garwood and Violet Mersereau will also be presented on the same programme in the unusually interesting 2 act Rex Film play entitled "Copper." Besides the above special offerings two highly amusing comedies will also be presented.

FREDERICK PALMER'S LECTURE AT GRIFFIN'S ON THE 31ST JANUARY

There are a great number of people in this city who have only heard of this great man, who have had to make their impressions of him by his interesting articles appearing in the Daily Press.

It now falls to their lot to be able to hear as well as see him at Griffin's on the 31st inst., where he appears under the auspices of the 80th "Overseas" Battalion.

His book "My Year of The Great War," which has recently appeared, has filled us on this side with a proper perspective of the way that The Great Nations are carrying on this war. It has also filled a long felt want in the homes of the men who have "Gone Over."

Just a word now in regard to the personality of this man. As a general rule, persons who are placed in the same relative position as Mr. Palmer, do not conduct themselves with the gentleness and yet firmness of this man, who, having been and having seen would be aggressive and prepossessing, not so with Mr. Palmer. He does not flaunt himself on the public, but rather he is the reverse. The press wherever he has given his lectures has been most enthusiastic in its praise of him, and we are sure that the citizens of Belleville will be like those of other cities in their reception of him.

As an added attraction the splendid 18 piece orchestra of the 80th Battalion, under the leadership of Lieut. H. A. Stares, will be in attendance during the lecture. Prices 25c., 50c., 75c., $1.00. Plan opens Thursday at Doyle's Drug Store.

Belleville Rifle Association

Last night's scores at Armouries. Highest possible score 100:

A. Harman	97
C. C. Walker	97
J. Douch	97
C. J. Symons	97
W. J. Andrews	96
J. S. Peck	95
A. R. Symons	94
H. Day	94
E. V. Brown	94
G. D. Gratton	93
M. Wright	90

A Spoon competition under class conditions will be held on Friday evening next.

WEDDING BELLS

SHARPE—TERRILL

An interesting event at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Terrill, 95 Dundas Street, Tuesday evening, was the marriage of their daughter, Miss Margaret, to Maynard Sharpe of Wooler, the Rev. A. J. Terrill of Stirling, officiating. The bride wore her travelling suit of navy blue broadcloth, with large black velvet hat. They were attended by the bride's youngest sister, Edith, who wore a suit of dark green garbardine, with large black velvet hat, and Pte. LeRoy Schryver of the 59th Battalion at Brockville. Following a dainty repast the young couple left on the 4.50 G. T. R. going west, spending their honeymoon at Toronto and Welland.

Peace hath its heroes no less than war—as the sufferers from la grippe will freely maintain.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. C. Priory, Catherine St., left this morning to visit relatives in Detroit, Mich.

Gunner E. G. Moore, 33rd Battery, C.F.A., Kingston, is home till Saturday at his father's, S. S. Moore, 188 Charles St.

Have The Intelligencer sent to your home address.

THE MARKETS

CHICAGO, Jan. 24—Big export sales, estimated at more than 2,000,000 bushels, the largest amount this season, gave notable strength today to wheat, notwithstanding depression at the start. Prices closed firm, 1-4 to 1 1-8c net higher, with May $1.33 3-4 and July $1.25 5-8. Corn finished a shade off to 1-4c up, oats unchanged to 1-4c advance and provisions at exactly Saturday's latest figures.

TORONTO DAIRY MARKET.

Butter, creamery, fresh-made, lb. squares	0 35	0 36
Butter, creamery, solids	0 34	
Butter, separator, dairy	0 33	0 34
Butter, creamery, cut sq.	0 34	0 35
Eggs, new-laid, per doz.	0 40	....
Eggs, cold-storage, doz.	0 30	0 33
Cheese, per lb.	0 19	0 19½
Honey, extracted, lb.	0 11½	0 12½

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

TORONTO, Jan. 24.—The Board of Trade official market quotations:

Manitoba Wheat (New Crop.)

No. 1 northern, $1.28, in store, Fort William.

No. 2 northern, $1.26½, in store, Fort William.

No. 3 northern, $1.23½, in store, Fort William.

Manitoba Oats.

No. 2 C.W., 47½c, in store, Fort William.

No. 3 C.W., 45½c, in store, Fort William.

Extra No. 1 feed, 45½c, in store, Fort William.

No. 1 feed, 44½c, in store, Fort William.

American Corn.

Yellow, No. 3, new, 82c, track, Toronto.

Canadian Corn.

Feed, old, 75c, nominal, track, Toronto.

Ontario Oats.

No. 3 white, 44c to 46c, according to freights, outside.

Commercial oats, 43c to 44c.

Ontario Wheat.

No. 2, winter, per car lot, $1.12 to $1.14, according to freights, outside.

Slightly sprouted and tough, according to sample, $1.06 to $1.12.

Sprouted, smutty and tough, according to sample, 98c to $1.08.

Feed wheat, 85c to 90c.

Peas.

No. 2, nominal, per car lot, $1.90, according to freights, outside.

Sample peas, according to sample, $1.26 to $1.75.

Barley.

Malting barley, 63c to 65c, according to freights, outside.

Feed barley, 57 to 60c, according to freights, outside.

Buckwheat.

Nominal, car lots, 78c to 79c, according to freights, outside.

Rye.

No. 1 commercial, 91c to 92c, according to freights, outside.

Rejected, 79c to 80c, according to sample.

Manitoba Flour.

First patents, in jute bags, $7.20, Toronto.

Second patents, in jute bags, $6.70, Toronto.

Strong bakers', in jute bags, $6.50, Toronto.

Ontario Flour.

Winter, $4.80 to $5, according to sample, seaboard, or Toronto freights, in bags, prompt shipment

Millfeed (Car Lots, Delivered).

Bran, per ton, $24, Montreal freights.

Shorts, per ton, $26, Montreal freights.

Middlings, per ton $26, Montreal freights.

Good feed flour, per bag, $1.75, Montreal freights.

Hay.

No. 1, per ton, $18 to $18.50, track, Toronto.

No. 2, per ton, $14 to $15.50, track, Toronto.

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, Jan. 24.—Receipts of live stock at the Union Yards were 2,662 cattle, 743 hogs, 178 sheep and lambs, and 111 calves.

Butchers' Cattle.

Choice, heavy steers, at $7.75 to $8.10; choice butchers' cattle, at $7.30 to $7.65; good, at $7 to $7.25; medium, at $6.65 to $6.90; common at $6 to $6.60; choice cows at $6.25 to $6.50; good cows at $5.75 to $6; medium cows at $5.25 to $5.60; common cows at $4.50 to $5; canners and cutters at $3.25 to $4.50; light bulls at $5 to $6; heavy bulls at $6.50 to $7.

Stockers and Feeders.

Choice feeders, 900 to 950 lbs., at $6.25 to $6.75; good feeders, 800 to 900 lbs., at $6 to $6.25; stockers, 700 to 800 lbs., at [illegible] stock steers and heifers at $5 to $5.25; yearlings, 600 to 650 lbs., at $6 to $6.50.

Milkers and Springers.

Choice milkers and springers at $90 to $100; good cows at $70 to $85; common cows at $45 to $60.

Veal Calves.

Choice, $10 to $10.50; good, $8 to $9.50; common, $5.50 to $7.50; heavy, fat calves, $7 to $8.50.

Sheep and Lambs.

Light sheep, $7.75 to $8.50; heavy sheep and common, $4 to $7.50; cull sheep, $4 to $5; lambs at $10.25 to $11.75; cull lambs at $7.50 to $8.50.

Hogs.

Selects, fed and watered, $9.75; 50c is being deducted for heavy, fat hogs, and thin, light hogs; $2.50 off for sows, and $4 off for stags, from prices paid for selects.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

MONTREAL, Jan. 24.—At the Montreal Stock Yards, west end market, butchers' steers and heifers were unchanged as compared with a week ago. Sales of full loads of choice steers and heifers were made as high as $7.75, while choice cows brought $6.50, and bulls $7 per hundred pounds.

Small meats active, 25c to 50c higher. Ontario lambs selling at $10.25 to $10.50. Sheep unchanged.

Choice milk-fed calves in good demand, ½c per pound higher, with sales at 10½c to 11c per pound. Grass-fed stock unchanged, at 5c to 6½c.

Hogs strong, $10.50 per hundred pounds for selected, while other grades were unchanged.

Butchers' cattle, choice, $7.75 to $8; do., medium, $6.50 to $7.50; do., common, $5.25 to $6; canners, $3.75 to $4.50; butchers' cattle, choice cows, $6.25 to $6.60; do., medium, [illegible] do., bulls, $5.50 to $7; [illegible] milkers, choice, each, [illegible] to $90; milkers, common and medium, each, $75 to $80; springers, $60 to $70.

Sheep, ewes, $6.75 to $7; bucks and culls, $6.25 to $6.50.

Lambs, $10.25 to $10.50.

EAST BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

EAST BUFFALO, Jan. 24.—Cattle—Receipts, 4400 head; steady; prime steers, $8.50 to $8.75; shipping, $7.85 to $8.40; butchers, $6.75 to $8.25; heifers, $5.75 to $7.70; cows, $3.25 to $6.50; bulls, $4.50 to $7; stockers and feeders, $5.75 to $6.75; stock heifers, $4.50 to $5.50; fresh cows and springers, steady, $50 to $100.

Veals—Receipts, 900 head; active; $4 to $12.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 18,500 head; active; heavy and mixed, $7.80; yorkers, $7.50 to $7.80; pigs, $7.25; roughs, $6.56 to $6.85; stags, $4.50 to $5.50.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 9000 head; active, lambs, $7.50 to $11.60; yearlings, $6.50 to $10.50; wethers, $8.25 to $8.50; ewes, $4 to $8, sheep, mixed, $8 to $8.25.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—Cattle—Receipts, 25,000; market weak. Beeves, $6.20 to $9.75; cows and heifers, $3.20 to $8.20; calves, $7.75 to $11.

Hogs—Receipts, 72,000; market weak; light, $7 to $7.60; mixed, $7.15 to $7.70; heavy, $7.20 to $7.80; rough, $7.20 to $7.30; pigs, $5.60 to $6.75; bulk of sales, $7.30 to $7.65.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts 17,000; market weak; lambs, native, $8.50 to $11.

It's only the tough chickens that come home to roost.

NOTICE

For any shortage of pressure in gas service call the office—phone 69. 4,26,29

At Scott's Theatre tonight Casie's Mishap, the funniest of all funny musical comedies. The show is under the 15th Regt. Band, so all be boosters and come. Don't forget we change again Friday and Mat. Sat. See ad in paper.

BULGARIANS DEFIATED

Canadian Press Special

LONDON, Jan. 26.—An Exchange Telegraph Company's despatch from Tirana, Albania via Brindisi says the advance guard of Bulgarians has been defeated by Essad Pashas forces near Elbassn.

A public-spirited citizen is sometimes one who minds everybody's business to the neglect of his own.

THE WEATHER.
East to south winds with occasional rain.
Friday—Strong southwest to west winds, clearing and colder by night.

The Daily Intelligencer.

ESTABLISHED 1858
58 years continuous business is a guarantee for square dealing, best values and lowest prices.
FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Office Phone 2 Night Phones 260 & 635

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 81 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, JANUARY 27, 1916. No. 24

GERMANS TAKEN FROM TUG

Herman Fulkandort and William Warren, German Subjects, Now Interned at St. John, N.B. Preferred Prison Life in Canada to War at Home

Canadian Press Special

ST. JOHN, N.B., Jan. 27.—Herman Fulkandort and William Warren, German subjects, were taken from the American ocean going tug Ramos here, yesterday, and removed to Amherst interment camp. Protest was made, but as the tug had entered here and was leaving for Spencer's Island, Nova Scotia, arrest was legal.

Fulkandort said he preferred to remain a prison in Canada to the end of the war before returning to Germany, whither he had been summoned. His father and three brothers have been killed, and every man from eighteen to forty-five in their little village in Saxony are already at the front.

France Pays Big Price For Use of High Explosive

Lose Four Hundred Guns Crews By Accidental Explosions Inside Weapons

U. S. IS PROFITING BY WAR

Military Observers in Fields of Operations Are Obtaining Valuable Information

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Some of the events of the war, as they bear on the use of heavy mobile artillery, were laid before the Senate Committee on Military Affairs to-day by Colonel Charles G. Treat, of the General Staff, and chairman of the board which recently studied the remodelling of the American field artillery system. Following the German system, said Colonel Treat, the General Staff was recommending the adoption of mobile howitzers as large as 16 inches in calibre, while it hoped to profit by French experience and avoid the accidents resulting from high explosive shells detonating before leaving the gun.

"Our military observers with the armies in the European war," said Colonel Treat, "are treated with the greatest consideration and been given every opportunity to get exceptional information. We are receiving information from them of the utmost value, although they will not fully report until their return on matters which might injure the armies to which they are attached.

"The observers have reported, for instance, that the 16-inch guns no

Continued on Page 3, Column 3.

CONSCRIPTION CONTESTED BY THE LABOR PARTY

Pass Resolutions Against Its Adoption by Heavy Vote—Copies of Protests Placed on Tables of Delegates—The Military Service Bill Also Condemned

Canadian Press Special

BRISTOL, Jan. 27.—Resolution protesting in Name Nation labor party against adoption of conscription in any form was passed by Labor congress today, by card vote of 1,796,000 against 219,000.

The resolution reads: "Resolved that this labor party protests emphatically against the adoption of conscription in any form, as it is against the spirit of British democracy and full of danger to the liberties of the people."

When the delegates assembled to-day, they found this resolution on their tables and also one of the Military service bills, which were designed to take the place of numerous proposals which have been made on the subject.

Other resolution placed before Congress follows: "This conference declares its opposition to the Military service bill, and in the event of it becom- hundred thousand taken prisoners.

HORSES LOST WHEN FLOE BROKE AWAY

MONTREAL, Jan. 26.—Five horses were drowned and a dozen men narrowly escaped with their lives yesterday when during ice-cutting operations on the river near Nun's Island a large floe separated from the main sheet and floated down towards St. Helen's Island. All the men managed to escape from the floe, but the horses perished. The animals seemed to realize their danger as the ice started to move, and they dashed across the ice and into the water. The horses and sleighs belonged to Simeon David, T. Trudeau and M. Leazotte, of St. Lambert.

COUNTY COUNCIL DISCUSSES O'BRIEN BRIDGE REPAIRS

Deputation Air Alleged Grievances on Expenditure—County Engineer and Foreman Defend Work Being Done

Wednesday, Jan. 26th.

Afternoon Session

Council resumed at 2 o'clock.

Mr. J. Elliott, manager of the Standard Bank, addressed the Council. He said the object of his presence was on behalf of the Canadian Club of Belleville to extend to all members of the Council an invitation to attend an address in the assembly room on Thursday night by Archbishop Cody of Toronto. He hoped all members would hear the address. The speaker referred to the county patriotic fund, stating that at present 44 women were being looked after and doubly that number would be receiving aid before this year was over. The various municipalities were doing nobly, as was also the county, but more money would be needed. Mr. Elliott also referred to the Children Aid Shelter and stated the present building had been improved and possibly would do for the next three or four years, and by this move money would be saved.

Rev. C. G. Smith addressed the Council briefly, extending a hearty invitation to the members to attend the address of Archbishop Cody.

On motion the invitation was accepted with thanks.

Warden Nugent thanked the deputation for the kind invitation which would no doubt be accepted by all members.

O'Brien's Bridge Repairs

The remainder of the afternoon session was taken up in a discussion re repairs to O'Brien's bridge, which was prolonged until 6.30.

Warden Nugent, in introducing the matter, suggested that the matter be discussed in a fair manner.

Mr. G. N. Brintnell said there had never previous to the present time been a large expenditure owing to the settling of the piers of O'Brien's bridge. He contended that the work of repairing the pier which had settled on one end, could have been done without the great expense that it has cost the county. Two bridges, he contended, had been lost where the present bridge is, by bungling of county officials. In his opinion the Council should protest the coffer dam now built about the pier. The bridge is to-day from $1000 to $2000 less in value than it was before all the expense had been placed upon it.

Mr. D. Poucher asked why he and others had been asked to appear before the Council.

Mr. Ketcheson said it was to explain some statements which had been made public through the press in regard to repairs to O'Brien's bridge.

Mr. Poucher, continuing, spoke at considerable length, defending what he had written, claiming that they were the facts.

Mr. G. L. Sills said in public he made the statement that the pier could be moved with a crowbar and he, the speaker, moved it with a bar. This was a contradiction to one statement in the paper that the pier had settled on something.

Mr. A. Moore addressed the Council and stated he wrote a letter and did suggest that an investigation be held. He considered the engineering proposition at O'Brien's bridge had cost the county too much money. In his opinion the foundation secured by the Weddell Company was a good foundation. The speaker gave a history of the bridges that had been built where the present bridge is located. If there had been anything wrong in the matter the wrong should be righted.

Mr. McLaren asked Mr. Moore where he obtained the information that he wrote in the papers, that it would cost $20,000 to make the repairs to O'Brien's bridge.

Mr. Moore—It has already cost $10,000 and it looks as if it would cost another $10,000. He had consulted an engineer in the matter. It looked to him a most unreasonable expenditure. He would suggest driving steel piles about the old piles.

Mr. Pearson said he considered

Continued on Page 3, column 2.

Hamilton Sends Fighting Parson

Assistant Pastor of Centenary Church Qualifies as Lieutenant

HAMILTON, Jan. 26.—Hamilton has a fighting parson, Rev. Charles Morgan, assistant pastor of Centenary church, who has been in full charge since Rev. G. H. Williams accepted the position of chief recruiting officer for the district, has taken out a commission in the Thirteenth Royal Regiment. It is his desire and intention to qualify himself for active service in any capacity in which he may be required, and not merely as a chaplain, and while at present his military duties will not in any way interfere with his ministerial duties he will be qualified when the opportunity offers to join an overseas battalion as a fighting man.

Rev. Mr. Morgan has long been desirous of securing an appointment as chaplain of one of the overseas battalions, but as there did not appear to be much chance of his being accepted in that capacity for some time he decided to prepare himself for service in any other capacity in which he might be required. Accordingly, he applied for a commission in the Thirteenth Royal Regiment, and this morning he was examined by the doctors and accepted. Rev. Mr. Morgan is the first Hamilton minister to offer his services in any capacity other than that of chaplain, although several other ministers, including Rev. Dr. S. Banks Nelson and Rev. W. G. Martin have expressed their willingness to do so.

British In Southern Arabian In Great Danger

Canadian Press Special

BERLIN, via wireless, Jan. 27.—Cologne Colks Zeitung publishes a story purporting to come from Cairo, that the British in southern Arabia are in a dangerous position from Arab attacks, having lost up to December 30th, fifteen thousand killed and twenty thousand wounded. Despatch gives number of British troops now at Aden at twenty thousand.

ARABS ARE ROUTED BY BRITISH FORCES

LONDON, Jan. 26.—Reuter's correspondent at Cairo, in a despatch dealing with General Wallace's victory over the Senussi tribesmen in western Egypt last Sunday, says:

"Four thousand five hundred western Arabs were engaged and driven back three miles. The British casualties were 26 men killed and 74 wounded. The enemy had about 150 men killed and 500 wounded.

FRENCH LOSSES MANY THOUSANDS

Canadian Press Special

BRISTOL, Jan. 27.—Longuet, French Socialist deputy who addressed the Labor conference to-day, on being questioned regarding French losses, said eight hundred thousand soldiers had been killed, 1,400,000 wounded, and three hundred thousand taken prisoners.

Liberals Split With Their Organ

F. B. Carvell Tries to Read Free Press Out of the Party

CALLS IT CONSERVATIVE

Free Press Denies Charge of Conservative Control and Explains Its Attitude

OTTAWA, Jan. 26.—The quarrel of the Liberal opposition with the local Liberal organ, the Free Press, grows in bitterness. The continued defence of the old shell committee by the Free Press is galling and hurtful to those Liberal members who are attacking the work of the committee on the floor of Parliament. The Free Press to-day jeers at yesterday's question from Mr. F. B. Carvell as to why the Minister of Marine did not read a complete list of shell contractors. The paper makes the statement that "all this information, in just as complete and detailed a form as Mr. Carvell suggests, was actually supplied to the Liberal Opposition last July," and proceeds to say that men sitting around Messrs. Carvell, Pugsley and MacDonald "are in possession of documents which, though confidential, would at least enlighten them if they seek only for facts."

Mr. Carvell came back at the Free Press this afternoon with the statement that the paper was under Conservative control. This is incorrect, according to information emanating from the Free Press, which is to the effect that the stock was also bought and paid for by the editor and manager of the paper, though a certain portion of the stock is pledged as security for certain advances.

Free Press Statement

The Free Press will say tomorrow with reference to Mr. Carvell's remarks about it:

"All the stock of the Ottawa Free Press is owned by Messrs. Norman Smith and William Findlay, editor and manager, respectively. It was purchased and paid for by them some years ago. A certain portion of the company's stock is held by Mr. Glyn Osler, barrister, formerly of Ottawa, and now of Toronto, but only in the usual way as collateral for a loan. Mr. Osler and clients for whom he may be acting have not the slightest voice in the editorial conduct or business management of the paper, and only to a very limited extent (sufficient to protect their security) have they any control over the company's minutes. The financial obligation can be liquidated at any time convenient to Messrs. Smith and Findlay. The Free Press has been a consistent supporter of the Liberal party during the ten years it has been edited by Mr. Norman Smith, but at the beginning of the war announcement was made that until peace was declared the policy of the paper would be independent of both political parties. The Free Press was the first to advocate the formation of a coalition government. The views of the Free Press on the Bertram shell committee are the views of its editor, and they were communicated to Sir Wilfrid Laurier last July when the criticisms first appeared."

TWO TRAINMEN KILLED IN FREIGHT COLLISION

MOOSE JAW, Sask., Jan. 26.—A pile-up between two freight trains at Pasqua, the junction of the Canadian Pacific Railway main line and the Soo Line, eight miles east of this city last night, resulted in the death of two Canadian Pacific trainmen and serious injury to three more.

R. L. Brown, yard foreman at Pasqua, and his helper, M. Moran, were instantly killed. R. E. Reardon, a stockman of High River, Alta.; Brakeman G. A. Gough and Brakeman M. Wylie were injured.

Must Keep on Killing the Germans

Our Business is to Fight, Says Father Vaughan, Until Victorious

SAVAGES FAIL TO PLAY GAME

If Stories Are Exaggerated Huns Fail to Obey War Lords

LONDON, Jan. 26.—In a speech at the Mansion House yesterday, Father Bernard Vaughn said that if Prussianized Germany would play the game according to the rules laid down by international law, he thought it would command the admiration as well as the respect of Englishmen, but the Germans had failed to play the game.

"Our business," he cried vehemently, "is to keep on killing the Germans. Somebody has to be killed, and do you think we ought to be killed in view of the motive we have gone forth to fight for? I say we have to kill a sufficient number of that tremendous army so as to entitle us to dictate terms of a peace that shall be rooted in a victory to be heard and shouted from Paris to the mammoth metropolis."

Referring to the reports of German atrocities, he said he was sometimes told that the newspapers were exaggerating. His answer was that if the Germans had not done what was charged against them, they were failing to carry out the laws laid down by their war lords—to leave women and children nothing but their eyes to weep with.

Montreal Courts Are Tied Up By the Grippe

MONTREAL, Jan. 26—Montreal has LaGrippe, and the civil courts are almost tied up with the epidemic that prevails here. The acting-Chief Justice, Sir Horace Archibald, has been confined to his house more than a week. He may be on duty next week. Mr. Justice Marechal, one of the new judges, is out of commission, too, while Judges Mercier, Weir, Fortin and Dunlop are very ill, too. Mr. Justice Dunlop is in his 81st year, and his condition is grave.

The hospitals are filled to overflowing with LaGrippe patients, and cots have been placed in the corridors.

U.S. Russian Order Not True

OTTAWA, Jan. 26.—"The Munitions Board is officially informed that there is no truth in the statements which have appeared recently to the effect that the Russian Government is negotiating the placing of orders for ten million shrapnel and high-explosive shells in the United States," says a statement issued by the Board tonight.

The Board has recently placed an order for 50,000 boxes for 4.5 brass cartridge cases. Tenders were called for, and the tenders received ranged from $1.22½ per box to $4 per box. The order was placed at the lowest price quoted.

STATEMENT UNTRUE

Canadian Press Sepiacl

TOKIO, Jan. 27.—The London report, published yesterday in the Manchester Guardian, that the Japanese Government had delivered to the Chinese Minister a note, embodying the seven demands which are included in the Japanese programme of last spring, was said by the Foreign Office today to be untrue.

SLASHES HIMSELF WITH DULL KNIFE

Canadian Press Special

MINDEN, Ont., Jan. 27.—Nathan Carr, who came here from Port Hope six months ago with his wife and six children, was lodged in jail this week, on suspicion of insanity. After examination by doctors yesterday he escaped, but was recaptured, and this morning attempted suicide by slashing himself with a dull knife. He is still alive and will be taken to Lindsay hospital.

COMFORTS FOR TROOPS

OTTAWA, Jan. 26.—With regard to the provision of comforts for Canadian troops at the front and in Great Britain there are several voluntary associations which are interesting themselves in this work. Among them are Canadian War Contingent Association and the Canadian Field Comforts Commission. The Government, according to a statement issued to-day, has not organized either of these associations, which are purely of a voluntary character, but it approves of them both and is prepared to facilitate in any way the sending forward of either of these associations anything which is contributed for the comfort of the men at the front or in Great Britain. Neither of these associations is in any other respect an official channel and any impression that either one of them has any official status except as above mentioned is entirely unfounded. The Government appreciates the good work which has been done by both associations and is prepared to assist and co-operate with both of them.

WANTS TO GIVE A MILLION TO BELGIAN RELIEF COMMISSION

American Who Raised a Cargo of Flour, and Saw It Distributed, Praises the Work Highly

Special to The Intelligencer.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—"I am able to say without reserve, that although I have had occasion in the past to inspect many methods of public relief in various countries, I have never before seen one that can compare in efficiency thoroughness and wisdom with the system now being employed in Belgium through the combined efforts of the Belgian Relief Commission and the Comite National," said Mr. William C. Edgar on his return from Belgium.

Mr. Edgar adds: "Furthermore, if I had a million or five million dollars placed at my disposal for the relief of the Belgians, I would not hesitate for a moment to put it at the command of this organization, confident that it would employ it to the best advantage of the people, and that not a dollar would be wasted, or misapplied."

It is frankly stated that Mr. Edgar went to Belgium skeptical of the efficiency with which relief was being dispensed, but his own statement above is sufficient to show that he was convinced of the value of the work being done by the Relief Committee.

Mr. Edgar's trip was in the interests of the "Northwestern Miller," of Minneapolis, a publication which raised nearly $600,000, which was applied to the purchasing of flour and sending it to Belgium.

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIANS

3RD BATTALION.
Suffering from shock—Sergt. F. E. Slater, Belleville, Ont.

8TH BATTALION.
Killed in action—P. Riel, Maniwaki, Que.

10TH BATTALION.
Died of wounds—S. Bolton, Crane Valley, Sask.

13TH BATTALION.
Severely wounded—G. Eliot, Toronto.

[illegible]TH BATTALION.
Wounded—S. E. Smith, Englehart, Ont.; Allan Brown, Seagrave, Ont.; C. Fairley, Campbellton, N.B.

16TH BATTALION.
Slightly wounded—J. L. Tennent, Winnipeg.

21ST BATTALION.
Died of wounds—C. G. Mash, Ottawa, Ont.
Died of pneumonia—G. P. White, Port Hope, Ont.
Wounded—A. Michaud, Ottawa, Ont.

22ND BATTALION.
Killed in action—John Branson, Campbellton, N.B.
Wounded—L. Morin, Longueuil.

25TH BATTALION.
Died of wounds—W. J. Nicoll, Mira Gut, C.B.
Killed in action—Sergt. L. A. Dorman, Margaretville, N.S.
Wounded—John DeVeau, Yarmouth, N.S.; Lance-Corp. R. T. Wilson, Glace Bay, C.B.; J. J. Mitchell, Halifax; L. S. Perry, Maynooth, Ont.; Albert A. Tapp, 47 Mill Street, Belleville.

35TH BATTALION.
Seriously ill—I. D. Forbes, Toronto.

42ND BATTALION.
Wounded—H. Phillips, Montreal.

49TH BATTALION.
Wounded—Q. McGarvie, South Edmonton.

No. 2 FIELD CO'Y. DIV. ENG.
Wounded—Sapper W. F. Hodgson, Montreal.

2ND CANADIAN PIONEERS BATT.
Seriously ill—Lieut.-Col. W. M. Davis, Windsor, Ont. (at Hazeley Down Camp, Winchester).

CAN. ARMY MEDICAL CORPS.
Seriously ill—H. A. Jenks, Powell River, B.C.

ONE LAD'S PATRIOTISM

Donned Long Pants and Joined The Home Guard to Do His Bit

KINGSTON, Jan. 26.—Military authorities here are being asked to send back to Cataraqui Cecil Vanalstine, thirteen years of age, who put on long trousers and enlisted in the Home Guard. He left school bound to do his "bit," and his size deceived the authorities.

EMPEROR OF AUSTRIA IN CRITICAL CONDITION

Canadian Press Special

ROME, Jan. 27.—Reports from Vatican circles say that the condition of Emperor Francis Joseph Austria, who has been ill several days, is rapidly growing worse.

* * *

A man must make the most of his opportunities or they won't make the most of him.

LAST WEEK
Of Our
Stock-Taking Sale

IMMENSE BARGAINS OFFERED FOR THIS WEEK'S SELLING.

Dress Goods Remnants on sale at Cut Prices.	
Remnants of Table Linens—Half Price.	
14 quart Granite Dish Pans on sale	25c.
12 quart Granite Dish Pans, sale	19c.
A few Ladies' Winter Coats, one-third off.	
Ladies' Silk Blouses on sale	$1.19
Ladies' all over Aprons, colored and white, on sale	25c.
A full line of Ladies' Cashmere Hose, on sale	25c, 35c, 50c.
Hundreds of bargains in many lines at Stock-taking prices.	

WEEK OF BIG BARGAINS.

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

SPECIAL BOOT BARGAINS

Marked Regardless of Cost to Clear
Before Stock-Taking.

WOMEN'S GYPSY BOOTS, in Kid, Midnight Blue and Velvet, Patent and Gun Metal Laced and Buttoned, Plain Toe, or Tipped Mat or Cloth Top, all sizes. Regular $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00.

Clearing **$2.98**

MEN'S TAN and GUN METAL LACED and BUTTONED BOOTS, English or Nobby Toes, all sizes. Regular $5.00 and $6.00 values.

Clearing **$3.45**

ADAMS The Shoeman

HOCKEY STICKS
NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.

AUTOMOBILE SKATES
Made in Canada
Have you seen the New Ones?
Stronger and Lighter than ever

THE **SMITH HARDWARE** CO.
LET US DO YOUR PLUMBING

The Standard Bank of Canada.
Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.

GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.
Toronto, 28th December, 1915.

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch . . . JOHN ELLIOTT . . Manager

Irresistble
Is Our Cake

Guests will beg for it—children will cry for it. We have delicious cake—plain and fancy. It's just as sweet and pure and fine in grain as cake can be. No housewife's cake can surpass ours, because we put in the costly ingredients just as she does, and take equal care in the baking.

Yerex's Bakery
Phone 787
68 Sinclair St. Belleville

CITY AND VICINITY

Arrangements have been made for those desirous of signing the petition for prohibition at the Y.M.C.A. any time until Monday night. Canvassers have been meeting with satisfactory results, over 90 per cent. of those canvassed having signed the petition.

Dr. Dorner, Osteopathic Physician, 28 Victoria Ave., Phone 73.

Judge Fraleck will address West Belleville Women's Institute on "Legal Rights of Women" Friday afternoon at 3.30 o'clock, in Queen Mary School.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

A SOLITARY TRAMP

The only occupant of police headquarters last night was a solitary tramp, who was comparatively a young man.

BELLEVILLE BOYS INJURED

The many friends of Sergt. F. E. Slater and Albert A. Tapp of this city, will regret to hear that the former is suffering from shock, the latter suffering from wounds. To what extent The Intelligencer has not learned.

HOME ON FINAL LEAVE

Several of the Belleville boys from the 33rd Battery at Kingston are home on final leave. They expect to receive orders to proceeds overseas in the near future.

ARRESTED HERE

Yesterday afternoon a man named John Edgecoomb was arrested in this city on advice from the Napanee police. The accused is charged with disorderly conduct and instead of waiting for his trial at Napanee came here. Chief Barrett, last evening, took Edgecoomb back to Napanee.

RIVER BREAKING UP

Owing to the mild weather which has prevailed the past few days, the ice in the river is breaking up; which is the earliest period in the memory of some of the oldest inhabitans of the city. The ice is not of any great thickness. No damage has been done up to the present time.

JUMPED THE TRACK

A mail coach on the G. T. R. from Peterborough, jumped the track four miles from Hoards station, yesterday, tearing up the rails and earth, and somewhat shaking up the passengers. The car was stripped of its contents, and left where it had landed, the train continuing on its way, arriving at Belleville three hours late. No one was injured.

THE KHAKI CLUB

The night of this week to members of the two battalions in Belleville, is Wednesday when the weekly programme is "on" at the Khaki Club.

Whatever else is on it can't hope to successfully compete with the club's programme, and if it were only possible to accommodate a few civilians at the club on Wednesdays they would soon be convinced of this fact.

While the club is always crowded from the time the first number is presented till the last one is finished, last night the condition of the streets meant that it was crowded from supper time right on.

The attractive programme was presented by Mrs. Wilmot, Miss Jean Caudwell, Miss Milburn and Mrs. Milburn.

Miss Caudwell sang "Just a weary in for you" and led the choruses of several songs in which the men have heard her before, for she has been most generous with her services. Mrs. Wilmot will be very welcome again judging by the reception her lively and faultlessly rendered numbers received. Among them were the following selections from "To-night's the night" "The Only Way," "They Didn't Believe Me," and "I'd Like to Bring My Mother." Nothing finer than these have been heard since the club opened.

Miss Milburn accompanied her father, whose numbers were Mandalay, the song, and Sons of the Sea. The latter was especially appreciated for the rare expression that only one of Mr. Milburn convictions and feelings, could give to it.

After the usual refreshments another delightful evening closed.

◆

42nd Annual Meeting of the Baptist Church

The 42nd annual meeting of the Victoria Ave. Baptist Church was held last evening in the spacious Sunday School hall of the church. In spite of prevalent sickness and sloppy weather a good number of members and friends of the congregation sat down to the supper tables at 6.30 o'clock and partook of the choice viands provided by the ladies of the Bible class. The pastor, Rev. C. G. Smith, B.D., presided over the business meeting that followed and presented a resume of the year's church work from the spiritual viewpoints Prosperity and progress marked the year 1915, and the members are to be congratulated on their splendid showing. 20 members were added to the church roll, and all the regular services have been well sustained. 20 boys from this church are engaged in the service of King and country, and the ladies are actively engaged in making comforts for the brave soldiers and their dependents.

Receipts from all departments of this church reached the splendid total of $6000.00. Of this amount $535.40 was for missions from the church, school and Young People's and Mission Circle Departments. The church mortgage fund realized the sum of $1,023.27. Special mention was made of the splendid work of Mr. Albert Blackburn as treasurer of the building fund. Mr. Blackburn took this department 6 years ago and has seen the mortgage reduced from $13,000 to $5,200 under his earnest leadership and co-operation of the members of the church. Reference was made to the splendid services rendered by Mr. W. B. Riggs as choir leader, and choir were thanked for their work during 1915. Feeling reference was made to the loss the church sustained in the death of Mrs. Jas. Riggs and Mrs. Isaac Spratt during the past year. They served the church for many years and have passed on to their Heavenly reward. The annual report from each of the churche's departments and societies were read and approved, and reflected a year of prosperity and spiritual effort. The generous services of Mr. Chas. Hart, the efficient church treasurer, was fittingly referred to upon his unanimous re-election to that office. The following officers were elected to serve the church during the year 1916.

Clerk of the Church and Treasurer of the Building Fund—Mr. Albert Blackburn.

Chairman of the Board of Ushers—Mr. W. B. Riggs.

Financial Recording Secretary—Mr. Wm. Nurse.

Church Treasurer—Mr. Chas. A. Hart.

Treasure of Church Mission Funds—Mr. James S. Peck.

Organist and Choir Leader—Mrs. Wm. R. Deeton.

Assistant Choir Leader—Mr. Jack Cookson.

Music Committee—Mrs. Deeton, Mr. Cookson and Miss Forman.

Supt. of Sunday School—Mr. P. C. MacLaurin, B.A.

During the evening Messrs. Albert and Willie Wonnacott played an instrumental duet and Mrs. MacLaurin sang a solo.

◆

PLEASING MUSICALE AT THE Y.M.C.A.

Last night saw oneof the pleasantest gatherings that has been held in the assembly room of the Y. M. C. A. for some time, when the members of the Ladies' Gymnasium class entertained about thirty members of the 80th Battalion.

The programme was a musical one, and introduced a novel method of introducing those present to each other. The guests were seated round the room, ladies and soldiers alternately. At the close of every number on the programme the guests moved to the next chair, first the ladies and then the soldiers. In this way each guest met everyone else in the course of the evening. Among those who contributed to the programme were: Miss Waters, Miss Anderson, Miss McBride, Miss Sinclair, Miss Ketcheson, Miss Yeomans, Mr. Potter and Mr. Chamberlain.

A little pleasure was added to the evening by the chaperones Mrs. Simmons, Mrs. Boyes, Mrs. Sinclair and Mrs. Ketcheson.

Miss Jones, Miss Knight and Miss Sinclair are to be congratulated on the success of the gathering as the splendid arrangements represented a great deal of time and work on the part of the committee.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gibson, 24 Hillcrest Avenue, are confined to their home by illness.

Mrs. V. J. Tully will be at home on Friday afternoon, January 28th, and afterwards on the fourth Friday of each month.

15TH RESERVE

Drill to-morrow night, Friday, at 8 o'clock sharp at Armouries. Platoon Drill and Rifle Exercise instruction will be then started.

We must have over ONE HUNDRED of the Reserve in attendance. Lay aside all other matters and be on parade to take up your drill. You may need it long before you expect. It is the duty of every citizen not actually enlisted with the Overseas forces to familiarize himself with the new drill. Instructor Dow and other competent instructors will be on parade to assist in the drill.

Remember men thi is no "Home Guard" independent Corps, but a part of the 15th Battalion under command of Lt.-Col. Barragar. The Reserve is purely a volunteer corps, but is it not better to voluntarily learn your drill than to be compelled to do so later on?

◆

MEETING OF CANADIAN CLUBS

All members of the Women's Canadian Club and the Men's Canadian Club are invited to hear Venerable Archdeacon Cody, Thursday evening, 27th inst., at eight o'clock in the High School on the subject, "Is Our Empire Worth Fighting For?" 26,2t

AMUSEMENTS

CITY HALL THEATRE
Week Starting MONDAY, Jan. 24

TO-NIGHT
George Munroe presents Felix Martin and his Musical Company in the Funny Berletta
"Casey's Mishaps"
Pretty Girls. - - - - Company of 20
Auspices XVth Regiment Band
Prices, - - - - - 15c, 25c, 35c
Matinee Saturday. Come and patronize your Band

FOR PROHIBITION

Owing to the fact that several persons have been unable to SIGN THE PETITION FOR PROHIBITION as yet, and as the time is short, arrangements have been made whereby anyone may SIGN AT THE Y. M. C. A., 29 Campbell Street.

Let everyone make an effort to SIGN AT ONCE, as all signatures must be in by Monday night.

EARL F. CHAPMAN,
Organizing Secretary.

EATS
DIRT
GILLETT'S
LYE
E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

Try Our Saturday Special Chocolates 33c

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

THERE are no secrets in the manufacture of spectacle lenses. But there are great differences in the skill and care of lens makers and in the quality of their work.

Our system of lens making and fitting is a mechanical art brought to a high degree of perfection by care and practice.

Lenses we prescribe are made by us in our own factory that they may come up to the standard of accuracy required by

McFee's Complete Optical Service.

Angus McFee

Demonstration of MacLaren's Jellies, Cream Cheese, Peanut Butter, Mustard Dressing. etc.,
At Wallbridge & Clarke's
Bridge Street Store
Balance of this Week.

Specials at Wallbridge & Clarke's
Lettuce
Celery
Parsley

Little Carrots in tins	15c
Little Red Beets in tins	15c
Pickled Red Cabbage (C. & B.)	25c
Salad Dressing Powder, pkge.	10c
Dushee's Salad Dressing, 15c, 35c & 60c	
Nosco Onion Salt	15c
Fine Paprilla, Cayenne and White Pepper	
Crosse & Blackwell's Currie Powder	
Spanish Pimentoes, tins	10c & 20c.

We would like to hear what Count von Bernstorff says to Captain von Papen the first time they meet.

SINCLAIR'S **Week End Bargains** **SINCLAIR'S**

Ladies' and Misses' Coats at Half Price

This is STOCK-TAKING WEEK at our Store, and among many other Clearing Lines we offer One Rack of Ladies' and Misses' Cloth Coats, all this season's styles, regular prices from $11.50 to $18.50,

On Sale Friday and Saturday at Half Price
Or from $5.75 to $9.25 Each

LADIES' WAISTS, ONLY 59c.
There are some odd lines of Ladies' Cashmerette, Flannel and Wool Delaine Waists, regular prices from $1.00 to $2.50 each, to clear, your choice for only **59c. each.**

WHITE WOOL BLANKETS, $3.35 PAIR
We have 10 only Pairs of these White Wool Blankets, full size 64 x 84 inches, a wonderful Blanket Bargain, on sale Friday and Saturday, for only **$3.35 a pair.**

GIRLS' COATS, $4.50 EACH.
There are about 20 Coats in this clearing lot, sizes from 10 to 15 years, all Heavy Cloth Coats, from $6.50 to $9.50 each, on sale Friday and Saturday, your choice for **$4.50.**

35c. COTTON VELOURS, ONLY 15c. YARD.
We have about 400 yards of this line of American Velours for Ladies' Kimonas, Dresses, etc., all New Designs and Colorings and regular 25c. and 35c. Goods, to clear for only **15c. per yard.**

BLACK AND COLORED COATS, ONE-THIRD OFF.
This means your choice of all our Ladies' Black and Colored Cloth Coats, including our Black Coats for Stout Figures, every Coat in our store is now offered at **one-third off regular prices.**

FLANNELETTE GOWNS, 85c.
These are regular $1.00 Gowns in Ladies' Full sizes, in a splendid quality of White and Pink Flannelette, Embroidery trimmed, Hemstitched Yokes, only **85c. each.**

CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR, 15c.
Here is a clearing lot of Children's Vests and Drawers, sizes 3 to 8 years, heavy Ribbed Vests and Drawers, to clear for only **15c. each or 25c. per suit.**

GIRL'S SERGE DRESSES, $3.00.
There are 20 Wool Serge Dresses in this lot, in Navy and Brown Serge, sizes 6 and 8 years, and all $4.50 and $5.00 Dresses, to clear for only **$3.00 each.**

Sinclair's STORE CLOSES SATURDAYS AT 7 P.M. **Sinclair's**

DON'T
Miss
Our
Discount
Sale
10 Per Cent
Off The Whole Stock
Spools, Grey Cottons and Hole-proof Hosiery excepted.
Wims & Co

FREE GIFT
of
Auto-Strop Razor
to
Soldiers.
Buy one of these Razors from us at the regular price—$5.00, and your soldier friend will receive one, with your compliments—gratis.
Let us supply your shaving needs.
Waters' DRUG STORE
213 Front St.

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip
Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.
Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows.
F. W. L. CARRE
Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward counties.
Phone 366 276 Albert St., City

EYES BLUR
when reading?
If so; Glasses are needed to overcome the strain—let me help you.
Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Eye-Sight Specialist

Hotpoint
El Perco

El Perco
A PERFECT PERCOLATOR
Makes six cups of delicious coffee right at the table for less than one cent's worth of electricity. Attaches to any lamp socket and will commence percolating from cold water in 30 seconds.
LET US SHOW YOU ONE
The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Advertise in The Intelligencer

Clean, pure and wholesome, a tea you will like.
Red Rose Tea "is good tea"

Free Distribution Of Antitoxin

Letter From the Provincial Board Of Health Announcing They Start Plan February 1

The Provincial Board of Health has pleasure in announcing that on and after February 1st, 1916, the public will be supplied, *free of charge*, through Local Boards of Health and Medical Officers of Health with the various biological products listed below. Hospitals and Physicians will be supplied direct only when they cannot obtain the products from the Local Board of Health.

1.—Smallpox Vaccine in capillary tubes.
2.—Diphtheria Antitoxin in vials.
3.—Tetanus Antitoxin in vials.
4.—Anti-Meningitis Serum in vials.
5.—Anti-Typhoid Vaccine in vials.
6.—Pasteur Preventive Treatment for Rabies at the Laboratories of the Board, No. 5 Queen's Park, Toronto.

The *early* use of Diphtheria Antitoxin, Tetanus Antitoxin and Anti-Meningitis Serum is advised.

Diphtheria Antitoxin and Tetanus Antitoxin will be supplied, *on special request*, in syringe containers for which a charge of 20 cents each will be made, and Anti-Meningitis Serum in special intra-spinal outfits at the rate of 45 cents each. The Antitoxin and Serum are supplied free, the charge being for special containers only. Cash must accompany order for containers or intra-spinal outfits. No accounts will be carried.

Since the Provincial Board of Health is undertaking this work in the hope of lowering the death rate and reducing the morbidity of communicable diseases influenced by the use of these products, every physician in the Province is required to co-operate with the Provincial Board of Health by *prompt notification of all communicable diseases.*

All communications and orders for the above should be addressed to the undersigned. Hours: 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Saturdays: 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. Phone Main 5800. Telegrams and telephone messages at other hours are not likely to be received until the following day. *These products are not to be sold.*

JOHN W. McCULLOUGH,
Chief Officer of Health.
Parliament Bldgs., Toronto, Ont.

NOTICE.

Physicians desiring supplies of Diphtheria Antitoxin and other biological products supplied free by the Provincial Board of Health should apply to the Secretary of the Local Board of Health (usually the clerk of the municipality) by whom these supplies will be kept on hand.

Local Boards of Health please bear this in mind.

Address: The Chief Officer of Health, Provincial Board of Health, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, Ont.

COUNTY COUNCIL DISCUSSES O'BRIEN BRIDGE REPAIRS

Continued from Page One.

money could have been saved in making the repairs to the bridge.

Mr. McLaren—In what way?

Mr. Pearson—The teaming for one thing he considered, had cost too much.

Mr. Vandewater said he was foreman on the repairs at O'Brien's bridge and he considered Messrs. Brintnell and Poucher did not know what they were talking about in their statement through the press. The speaker in company with Mr. L. E. Allen, county engineer, made soundings and went down 26 feet. This was about the pier that had settled. He took exception to Mr. Poucher's statement as to a large quantity of cement being rendered useless, on account of where it was stored. A few sacks, probably 12 sacks, were hardened. The pier had been settling the past three or four years. Some of the piles, there is not the slightest doubt, were broken. That the pier could be easily moved there was not the slightest doubt. As to men being paid for time they did not work such was not the case.

Mr. Vermilyea asked Mr. Vandewater if it was a fact that some of the men working on the bridge had been paid for their services by the county when they were doing other work.

Mr. Vandewater—No.

Mr. Poucher was of the opinion that to build another good arch pier and buckle the two piers together would have been a good thing to do. He thought the repairs could have been made for $500. He would say openly that what is being done to-day was not the proper way to make the repairs. The bridge had already been closed up for months and it looked as if it would be months more before it would again be opened for traffic. This was a great inconvenience to the travelling public. In his opinion the bridge was closed up before it was necessary to close it up.

Mr. L. E. Allen, county engineer, claimed that the action taken by the committee and what had already been done was right. He considered the bridge was rendered unsafe owing to the pier moving. He was surprised that the pier could not be moved so easily as it was moved with a crowbar. He thought the teams and men both did a good day's work. The foreman was instructed to check the timber and cement used in the work. He had heard it stated that everything that had been done up to the presnt was a useless expenditure, but such was not the case. Conditions such as they prevailed were explained to Mr. McLean, Deputy Minister of the Provincial Public Works Department, also Mr. Bishop of Montreal, an expert engineer and their advice had been carired out.

Mr. C. H. Ketcheson considered that the discussion had gone far enough. The Council would not ignore what had been said and the Council could draw its own conclusion in this matter. Every ratepayer has a right to make fair criticism of any work which the Council did.

Mr. D. Poucher thanked the Council for allowing the deputation to be heard in the matter.

After some questions had been asked and replied to, the Council adjourned until 10 o'clock Thursday morning.

Thursday, Jan. 27th.

Morning Session

Council resumed at 10.30; Warden Nugent in the chair.

Minutes of Wednesday's session were read and on motion were confirmed.

Considerable discussion took place in reference to a detailed report presented by the Provincial Government engineer, who made an inspection of the county improved roads. A report was also presented, which showed that it was the intention of the department to cut off considerable mileage of the present system.

Messrs. C. H. Ketcheson and T. Montgomery contended that under the proposed change injustice was being done to Sidney Township and Rawdon Township respectively.

Mr. Clare spoke in favor of the Township of Hungerford being more generously dealt with than the report showed. Some roads were contemplated being disallowed as improved roads, which he considered, was not fair to the township.

Warden Nugent suggested that a strong committee be appointed to present this matter before the proper Government officials, and see if it was not possible to have the report amended to better advantage to the county.

The plan showed that is was proposed to disallow 21½ miles of the present road system and approved of 259 decimal 15 miles.

On motion the report was allowed to lay upon the table for further discussion.

The Council went into committee of the whole on ways and means; Mr. Laycock in the chair.

After some accounts had been passed the committee rose, reported progress and asked leave to sit again.—Granted.

Council adjourned until 2 o'clock.

FRANCE PAYS BIG PRICE FOR USE OF HIGH EXPLOSIVE

(Continued from page one

longer require concrete foundations, but can be fired from a platform which is transported readily on motor tractors. The gun and its carriage make three motor tractor loads and can be assembled for use within an hour and a half. They have observed such guns being transported by motors over very bad roads. One of the troubles we learn the French are having with their high explosive shells, which carry about four times the exploding charges that ours do, is the danger that they will explode in the gun. They have lost about 400 guns and gun crews by accidents of this kind. We are now experimenting and hope to reach their efficiency and avoid this danger.

"Another fact which we have learned is that the high explosive shell is much more effective than the shrapnel in destroying the morale of troops. The shrapnel is likely to cause much heavier casualties, but the terrific explosions of the shells affect the troops so gravely that they will stop a charge or destroy a column much more quickly.

Shrapnel vs. High Explosive

"About fifty per cent. of the artillery which we are recommending for the United States army is of the three-inch type, which can be handled by six horses on almost every type of terrain. We are experimenting and hope to give it a percussion range of 10,000 yards. Owing to the lessons of the war, we expect to provide the guns with about 10 per cent. of shrapnel and 90%. High E. shell instead of 990 per cent. shrapnel as before the war. Our three-inch guns, we believe, are superior to any but the Creusot, and probably are as good as they are. The only superiority claimed for them is in taking up the recoil.

"To go with these guns for high angle fire, we recommend a 3.8 Howitzer. The next pair of guns for longer range that we ask is the 4.7 gun and the 6-inch Howitzer, to have ranges of about 14,000 yards and to carry four times the weight of projectile of the smaller guns. These guns have been built and are being tested. Incidently, we find that motor tractors for them are cheaper than horses. The next type of gun that we ask is the 7.6 Howitzer, which has also been built. We are designing a 9.5 Howitzer and hope to get authorization for 16-inch Howitzers. We are also asking munitions and gun reserves to provide for an army of 1,000,000 men for six months.

"I hope the members of the committee are as impressed as I am with the need of this field artillery. I know that we must have it to have an army that is well balanced, efficient, and able to take care of itself."

Brigadier-General Henry P. McCain, the adjutant general of the army, told the committee that not over 50,000 men a year could be enlisted, in his opinion. He does not approve of relaxing the standards to increase the number, neither does he believe that shortening the term of enlistment would help. Under the present enlistment law, he figures, that in four years from now we would have a reserve of 50,000 or 60,000 men. The War Department has no means for keeping track of these men. But he believed that they would "show up somewhere" in case of war.

"I believe the continental army could be enlisted," he said. "It would be an experiment, but it would appeal to entirely different classes of men, and I think can get the strength asked from men who would not enter either the regular army or the militia."

DRUNKARD SAVED BY A HYMN

Seven years ago an intoxicated man after tottering along Teaneck Road, finally fell on the lawn of Justice T. T. Griggs of Ridgefield Park, Hackensack, N.J., and would have slept there but for a stream of water that was turned on him. Justice Griggs helped to sober the drunkard, gave him something to eat and then listened to his story of how liquor had ruined him. During the recital a young woman in the Justice's home began playing the song "Beautiful Isle of Somewhere." The wanderer was overcome and left the house showing deep emotion.

Two days ago an auto stopped in front of Justice Grigg's home and a well dressed man alighted and asked for the Justice. He recalled the incident of seven years ago, spoke of the hymn, and said that he had then and there made up his mind to reform. He said he went to a mission in Harlem, where he was helped and later succeeded in business.

"That little girl's hymn did it," said the caller, who refused to give his name.

* * *

One of the most interesting features of the Giant's causeway is "the giant's organ." This huge "instrument" consists of a group of pillars of various lengths set apart on the side of the main cliff. The larger columns being in the center and the smaller ones tapering off on either side after the fashion of organ pipes admirably sustain the idea which the name "giant's organ" conveys.

VALLEYS OF B. C.

Fertile Tracts of Country Are Suitable for Fruit and Mixed Farming

British Columbia is not considered an agricultural province, but, in addition to the acreage already devoted to agricultural purposes, it has hundreds of thousands of highly productive land, favorable in every way to intensive development, lying as latent wealth awaiting transportation facilities. That she can and will supply her own markets in the near future is shown by the rapid development of those fertile valleys of the interior which have been lately tapped by the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway.

During last summer Mr. W. E. Scott, Deputy Minister of Agriculture in the British Columbia Government, and Mr. W. T. McDonald, live stock commissioner, made a personal investigation of the farm and live stock possibilities of central British Columbia lands, after which a most favorable report was made to the Government. A portion of Mr. Scott's report is quoted as follows:

"There have been many opinions expressed about the lands in Central British Columbia contiguous to the line of the Grand Trunk Pacific. Our observations led us conclusively to the opinion that this part of the Province is a country the future of which is assured as a stock raising and mixed farming country.

"After leaving Prince Rupert, on the line of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, there is practically no land suitable for agricultural purposes until Terrace is reached, 100 miles from Prince Rupert. Here the Kitsumgallum and Lakelse Valleys extend on each side of the Skeena River. There is probably an area of 250,000 acres of land in these two valleys suitable for agriculture.

"Considerable development has been affected lately in the Kitsumgallum Valley. The clearing here, in comparison with our coast districts, is comparatively light. The soil is very productive, and is well suited for general mixed farming purposes. Dairying, poultry raising, and small fruit and vegetable growing may be prosecuted successfully. The district is particularly well suited for growing strawberries and other small fruits, the quality of the berries being very high and realizing good prices on the Prince Rupert market.

"A very large amount of development work has been undertaken during the past year in the Bulkley Valley. The quality of a large proportion of the land is all that could be desired, and very good crops are raised thereon. Crops of oats promising to run 100 bushels to the acre were seen, and all prospects were most encouraging. Farmers are realizing that the time has arrived when they should develop their lands, and land-clearing operations are in evidence on all sides.

"We were immensely impressed with the enormous extent of good land in the Nechacho Valley, most of which can be cleared at a very low cost indeed. A large number of settlers have gone in there, and on all sides one sees signs of activity. Settlers log houses are springing up in every direction, and considerable energy is being shown by most of them in clearing their lands and getting them into crops. Fields 100 acres in extent in grain were noticed."

Mr. Scott states that there are many tracts of good agricultural land adjacent to Prince George, but that there is also a considerable area of light land which is not well suited for agricultural purposes. Continuing his report he says:

"The wonderful country visited between Hazelton and Prince George has a great future ahead of it now that transportation has been effected. It is a big country with a big future, and, as soon as times improve and conditions right themselves, a big forward movement must take place. The country traversed grows magnificent crops of timothy, oats, and barley. Wheat may also be grown successfully if care is exercised in getting the seed sown as early as possible.

Baby Afflicted With Eczema Dr. Chase's Ointment Cured

The Family Doctor Tried in Vain to Heal the Sores—Another Tribute to This Great Healing Ointment.

It may be interesting to note that Dr. Chase's Ointment was originally compounded to cure a case of eczema on a child. The disease had spread almost over the entire body and defied all the regular treatments for such troubles. The doctor was perplexed, but finally hit on the formula of Dr. Chase's Ointment, and, as many say, "it worked like a charm," healing up the nasty sores and leaving the skin soft and smooth.

That was a good many years ago, and since then many thousands of cases of eczema, both in children and adults, have been cured, until to-day Dr. Chase's Ointment is recognized as the standard cure for itching skin diseases.

Mrs. Geo. McNair, River Charles, N. B., writes as follows: "We use Dr. Chase's Ointment in our home, and would not wish for anything better for cuts, burns and bruises. A few years ago a friend of mine, whose baby was terribly afflicted with eczema, had her child treated by their own family physician, but the little one got no better. They tried several remedies, but they all proved useless in this case. Upon the advice of a neighbor, they got Dr. Chase's Ointment, and before the first box was used the child was completely cured.

"I can also recommend Dr. Chase's Nerve Food to suffering friends, who I know will be glad to learn of something to relieve their nervous trouble. You have my permission to use this letter for the benefit of others."

So soothing and healing is Dr. Chase's Ointment that relief from itching and burning comes almost as soon as the ointment is applied. The sores are cleaned by the action of this treatment, and the process of healing is soon begun. By persistent use of the ointment cure is effected. 60 cents a box, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

A SNAP
For
Men and Boys
Gun Metal Buttoned and Laced Boots
Worth $3 and $3.50, now Clearing
Men's for $2.45
Boy's for $2.25
Our Stock of Winter Footwear is Complete at Popular Prices
The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

McIntosh Bros.
JANUARY
CLEARANCE SALE
SEVEN more shopping days and the great sale is over—and we are to make it the best and biggest bargain week ever held in this city. Every day will be crammed with the most astonishing bargains ever seen offered. It will be to your interest to attend this sale every day.
MANUFACTURER'S SAMPLE NIGHTGOWNS
have been placed on sale at just half their regular prices. They are all made of nice fleecy English Flannelette, neatly trimmed and full size. Ladies, here is an opportunity to secure a nice nightgown for little money—
$2.00 to $2.50 Nightgowns clearing at $1.19
$1.50 Nightgowns clearing at .... 85c.
LADIES' FINE SILK WAISTS AT AMAZING PRICES.
This sale has left us with broken sizes in numerous lines of waists. In order to clear them out we are offering them at only a shadow of their former prices, consequently you will be able to secure a waist at half price and less.
$2.25 Waists clearing at $1.49
$3.50 Waists clearing at $2:49
McIntosh Bros

THIS WEEK
we are showing extra values in Ladies' Vests and Drawers, at .... 25c., 40c., 50c. per garment
These are extra values and goods at these prices are very scarce.
Initial Stationery
Just received a full stock of:—
New Initial Stationery.................... 25c. per box
New Initial Reply Cards .... 25c. per box
Balance of Initial Stationery in stock of lines we are going to discontinue will be cleaned out at .... 19c. box
THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

MUSKRAT COATS
Ladies' Natural American Muskrat Coats:—
40 inches long, Shawl Collar $35
45 inches long, Shawl Collar $39
50 inches long, Shawl Collar $49
Strictly No. 1 Canadian Muskrat Coats, dropped sleeves and Shawl Collar $75
JUST A FEW OF THESE COATS LEFT.
G. T. WOODLEY,
N.B.—WE BUY RAW FURS.

THE PURCHASE of one thousand dollars worth of goods from your own town or your own country, instead of purchasing outside, means the addition of one person to your town or your country instead of supporting him abroad.

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, 317 Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL,
Publisher.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal advertisements, 10c. per line, first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $2.00, strictly in advance.

This is the 540th day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany

THE PRESENT OPPOSITION IN PARLIAMENT.

The utterances and professions of the Opposition in the House of Commons during the debate on the answer to the Governor-General's speech on the opening of the present Parliament, would, if the subjects discussed were not of so serious a character, be provocative of a smile. Yet, when the whole policy of the Opposition, is considered, no smile could be expected except one of contempt. No language can be found too strong or too vicious by Opposition members, from Sir Wilfrid, the chieftain, down to his humblest echoist, in which to ridicule and condemn every expression of opinion in the past that a crisis in the affairs of the nation existed. When the Government asked Parliament for supplies with which to strengthen the Army and Navy, ridicule and contempt was thrown upon the proposition that a crisis existed. Everything was declared to be couleur de rose so far as the nation's relations with Germany were concerned. Any other view was contemptuously hurled back at the members of the Government as "lip loyalty" and an attempt to humbug and deceive the people.

Contrast all this with the utterances of the same gentlemen to-day. They now condemn the same Government for lack of forethought in not having war supplies ready to meet the emergency which existed at the time but which they declared did not exist and that the cry was only a fake. Now they are busy finding fault because, as they allege, the Niobe, that historic old tub, was not kept in repair and properly armed to prevent German ships seeking safety in American ports. The people of Canada must not be surprised if they even hear the voices of these same latter day warrior Saints vociferating condemnation of Sir Robert Borden and his Cabinet as the authors of the present war and the frightful carnage with which it is being prosecuted by the Germans. It would be no more inconsistent than the course now being pursued by them. It is to be regretted that principle and patriotism are not the ruling and guiding motives of these carpers. Instead of misrepresenting the honest endeavors of patriots to aid and assist the nation in bringing the present conflict to a successful ending, they are actuated by one thought only—and that is office.

MR. CARVELL AND THE OTTAWA FREE PRESS.

Private Business Attacked.

F. B. Carvell, M.P. for Carleton, N.B., in a speech delivered by him in the House of Commons on the 25th inst., upon the Address from the Throne, not only dealt with the Shell Committee's conduct in awarding contracts, accusing its members, and individually the members of the Government of nearly every crime in the political calendar, but fell foul of the Ottawa Free Press for daring to say a word in condemnation of the Pugsley harangue against the Shell Committee.

In referring to the Free Press' article commenting adversely upon the utterances of Mr. Pugsley, Mr. Carvell had the indecency to drag in the private business of that journal by insinuating that the publishers did not own a controlling interest in the establishment, but that it was owned by Mr. Glyn Osler, a Tory lawyer of Toronto, which accounted for the Free Press' editorial.

The owners of the Free Press deny this statement and make the following explanation:

"All the stock of the Ottawa Free Press is owned by Messrs. Norman Smith and William Findlay, editor and manager respectively. It was purchased and paid for by them some years ago. A certain portion of the company's stock is held by Mr. Glyn Osler, barrister, formerly of Ottawa and now of Toronto, but only in the usual way as collateral for a loan. Mr. Osler and clients for whom he may be acting have not the slightest voice in the editorial conduct or business management of the paper, and only to a very limited extent sufficient to protect their security have they any control over the company's minutes. The financial obligation can be liquidated at any time convenient to Messrs. Smith and Findlay. The Free Press has been a constant supporter of the Liberal party during the ten years it has been edited by Mr. Norman Smith, but at the beginning of the war announcement was made that until peace was declared the policy of the paper would be independent of both political parties. The Free Press was the first to advocate the formation of a coalition government; the views of the Free Press on the Bertram Shell Committee are the views of its editor, and were communicated to Sir Wilfrid Laurier last July when the article first appeared."

The Free Press has long supported the Liberal (in name only) party, and now learns that it has no right to have an opinion upon any subject other than that dictated by the henchmen of the Grit political combination that governs and controls it, and that no private business is too sacred to escape its fangs, if a political point is to be gained.

THE POWER OF THE PRESIDENT.

It is not generally realized in this country that if President Wilson personally wanted war with Germany he could soon have it. Constitutionally, the United States Congress can, by a majority vote, start a war; and by two-thirds vote bring it to an end. In actual practice, however, the President having full control over the diplomatic correspondence with foreign powers, can, if he chooses, so conduct that correspondence as to make war inevitable. On the other hand, if the President wishes at all costs, he can dispatch his notes with the desired tenor.

Public sentiment, it will be said, would prevent the President bringing about a war with which the people of the United States were not in agreement. Would it? As is well known, public sentiment is largely based on information supplied from official sources and it would be an easy matter to create the necessary feeling by showing how American interests were being trampled on as, let us say, in the case of Venezuela. Here in an obscure boundary dispute, about which neither Britain nor the United States really cared anything, President Cleveland went so far as to commit America to war with Britain if Britain had only seen fit to accept the challenge.

Mr. McKinley, too, could have avoided war with Spain; for, as is known, at the time the United States was making preparations Spain offered concessions that would have made for peace if the United States had wished to regard them in that light.

The President, it is true, has a Cabinet which he is obliged to consult and confer with. But as each Cabinet official is the selection of the President, the latter need not keep them long if they disagree with him. Such is the constitution of the United States.

GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From The Intelligencer, Jan. 27, 1868.

The house owned and occupied by Mr. Wm. Radcliff on part of Lot No. 11, 4th concession, Thurlow, was consumed by fire yesterday. The fire is supposed to have originated from a defect in the chimney. Loss about $1,000.

The Sheriffs of the different counties for the Province of Nova Scotia were all re-appointed.

A heavy gale passed over the counties of Scotland yesterday. Houses were unroofed, blown down, etc., and much damage done. Several lives are reported lost.

GinPills FOR THE KIDNEYS

What They Have Done

"I suffered a great many years with kidney trouble; tried several remedies, and also doctors' medicine, with no result.

Two years ago I read an ad. in a newspaper of "GIN PILLS FOR THE KIDNEYS," and sent for two boxes. They did me more good than all the medicine I had ever taken. After I used the first two I sent for two more boxes, and I am satisfied, and also know, that Gin Pills are the best kidney remedy made.

I used to have to rise three or four times in the night; now I can sleep and don't have to get up at all, thanks to GIN PILLS. Am seventy-two years old.

ALEXANDER LA DUE,
Watertown, N.Y.

50c. a box at all Druggists. Sample free upon request to

National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto.

The Poets' Corner

I'd Like to Go.

It seems to me I'd like to go
Where bells don't ring or whistles blow;
Nor clocks don't strike, nor gongs don't sound,
And I'd have stillness all around—

Not real stillness, but just the trees'
Low whispering, or the hum of bees,
Or brooks' faint babbling over stones
In strangely, softly tangled tones.

Or maybe the cricket or katydid,
Or the songs of birds in hedges hid,
Or just some such sweet songs as these
To fill a tired heart with ease.

If 'tweren't for sight and sound and smell,
I'd like the city pretty well;
But when it comes to getting rest,
I like the country lots the best.

Sometimes it seems to me I must
Just quit the city's din and dust
And get out where the sky is blue—
And, say, now, how does it seem to you?

—Eugene Field.

Current Comment

There is a revival, down at Halifax, of the call for socks for our soldiers at the front.

Of the nine candidates who have passed the second examination for medical degrees at the University of London seven were women. But the the next point is to secure the parchments, after having passed the required degrees. These men folk object to feminine encroachment.

News dispatches tell of an order placed in the United States, from Russia, for 20,000 machine guns. If the quota for our own 86th battalion doesn't precede that, it is "up to" the Militia department to know the reason why. Canadian patience is not made of india-rubber.—Hamilton Spectator. United States is getting too much of the cream.

Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia says that if the United States makes a good strong bluff England will come to her senses and allow the sacred American cotton to get through to Germany. And yet there are people in the world who insist that all diplomatic difficulties should be settled by open discussion before tribunals like the United States Senate.—Montreal Daily Star.

A Kansas woman wants to be vice-president of the United States. Why not? She would mate or "match" the beautiful femininity of Mr. President Wilson in his diplomatic dealings with the enemies and outragers of humanity, the wholesale slaughterers of United States citizens. When presidential diplomacy puts Uncle Sam in petticoats, why shouldn't a woman fill the merely ornamental position of vice-president.—Peterborough Examiner.

Austria announces officially that no submarine of hers sank the Persia. Germany keeps mum. Everybody is looking at Turkey with expectant eye, and unofficial cables have it that Turkey will shortly acknowledge that the outrage was the work of one of her undersea boats. The Teutonic diplomats have acted wisely in chosing Turkey as the destroyer of the Persia. Whatever nation admits committing the crime is in for a lot of odium, and both Germany and Austria have about all they can stand now.

Germany is apparently preparing for peace as thoroughly as she prepared for war. The recent demand of the Prussian Socialists that Belgium's independence should be restored, may safely be taken as inspired ,or at any rate authorised by the Government. Not a word is printed or shaped in the land of the unhappy Teutons without authority, and if the authorities allowed the demand in question to be circulated it was because it suited their purpose to do so. In other words, they want peace, and are carefully preparing public opinion in their own and other countries for that eventuality.—Montreal Mail.

3 LEADERS
THE
DOW
ALES
STOUTS &
Malt Extract

Consumers who cannot purchase the Dow Brands from their local dealer, please address "Mail Order Department," 38 Chaboillez Square, Montreal.

The National Breweries Limited Montreal

If Senator Nathaniel Curry has any spare time, after attending to his shell contracts, he may have occasion to enter an action for libel against the Calgary News Telegram, which, in connection with possible inquiries into munition contracts, remarks that "Senator Curry," of the Canada Car Co., and other members of the Upper Chamber engaged on war contracts, happen to be among the Liberal appointees to the Senate." But that is not all. The worst is yet to come. The same journal, in a later issue, informs the public that Senator Curry is a member of the Liberal "Advisory Committee' at Ottawa.—Journal of Commerce. Sometimes one meets with a Liberal who possesses the qualifications for such honors—but not frequently.

HIS HARD TASK.

It Wearied Him, and Yet We All Face the Same Problems.

A friend once asked an aged man what caused him to complain so often at eventide of pain and weariness. "Alas," replied he, "I have every day so much to do. I have two falcons to tame, two hares to keep from running away, two hawks to manage, a serpent to confine, a lion to chain and a sick man to tend and wait upon."

"Well, well," commented his friend, "you are busy indeed! But I didn't know that you had anything to do with a menagerie. How, then, do you make that out?"

"Why," continued the old man, "listen. Two falcons are my eyes, which I must guard diligently; the two hares are my feet, which I must keep from walking in the ways of sin; the two hawks are my hands, which I must train to work that I may provide for myself and those dependent on me as well as for a needy friend occasionally; the serpent is my tongue, which I must keep ever bridled lest it speak unseemly; the lion is my heart, with which I have a continual fight lest evil things come out of it, and the sick man is my whole body, which is always needing my watchfulness and care. All this daily wears out my strength."

CAPTURING A GIRAFFE.

The Animal Is Too Fragile to Snare in Traps or Pitfalls.

Perhaps you have often wondered about the scarcity of giraffes in public zoos. The reason that only a very few menageries can boast of this exhibit is on account of the difficulty in capturing and transporting them.

The long legged and long necked animal, keen of eye and nose and ear, can see, smell and hear a hunter miles away. Hunters cannot employ traps and pitfalls against him. His fragile legs would be crushed in a trap, and both his legs and neck would be broken in a pitfall.

There is only one way to capture a giraffe alive. He must be surrounded and chased until from sheer weariness he staggers helpless into a bamboo inclosure.

Peril lies in shipping the giraffe for his voyage on the sea. The giraffe's legs break very easily. If he slips the fragile underpinnings double under him and snap. In transferring the animal from shore to ship his long, helpless neck may become tangled in the tackle or strike a spar, mast or shroud, in which event it's all over with Mr. Giraffe.

Couldn't Leave.

They were late at the special sale and found a crowd clear out to the doors.

"Isn't it dreadful?" asked No. 1.

"Perfectly awful," replied No. 2.

"Think of cultivated, intelligent women in such a jam as that!"

"How can they endure it?"

"No woman of dignity would be caught in such a mob, and I am going right back home."

"So am I."

"Then come on. Hold on a minute, though. What's that woman saying?"

"Why, that she got three cakes of regular ten cent soap for 15 cents. Oh, Susan, how can we go home?"

"We can't. Take hold of my hand, turn your shoulder to the crowd, and we will push our way in there or die in the attempt."

Temperature of the Earth.

It has been generally believed that the temperature increased at almost a constant rate from the earth's surface toward its center, but this supposition appears to be incorrect in the light of recent experiments. In one mine the average rate of increase in temperature, carried down to 8,000 feet, was one degree for each 250 feet of descent. Various results have been obtained from measurements in other places. No temperature variations were shown between depths of 1,400 feet and 2,300 feet in the Kalgoorlie mines in Australia. These and other observations are considered as indicating that the increase of temperatures with depth in the earth is not governed by any general law.

No Royalties Called "Baby."

One noteworthy feature about royalties is that none has been called "baby." From their earliest years the royal children are always called by their names or possibly by some pet name, but an English prince or princess is never called "baby" either by relatives or by his or her nurses. From the age of five a prince is styled "sir" by his attendants and a princess "madam."—London Standard.

ONCE A BOBBY HIMSELF.

Princess Pat Sergeant Knew Something of the Business in Hand.

A big, in fact an enormous, sergeant of Princess Pat's Canadian contingent managed to dislocate traffice in Coventry street, London, recently, just about theatre time. With a woman and another soldier, he stood on the south side of the street waiting for a chance to get across. The traffic was apparently endless, as Coventry street is probably one of the most congested streets in London at just before 8 o'clock at night. The woman wisely declined to take a chance and dart between the vehicles as they sped on.

After waiting for several minutes and then seeing no apparent hope of a free chance of getting across, the sergeant authoritatively said, "Leave it to me."

He walked into the street with his hand up in a peculiar manner. The traffic instantly stopped. He then beckoned to his two companions, who made their way to the island in the middle.

On the other side of the island the sergeant again held up his hand and the traffic on that side stopped, and the soldier and the woman passed safely to the opposite sidewalk.

Meanwhile the policeman at the top of Haymarket found his traffic all mixed up. Somebody was interfering with his signals and orders.

In a fury he rushed the short distance between his point and the island, where the Canadian sergeant had been running things, and started to unload his congested epithets.

"What the blooming blazes," was as far as his anger got, when he caught sight of the sergeant's face. "Why, Bill, you old scoundrel," was the next phrase uttered in tones of kindly amazement, followed by affectionate handshakes between the two.

The sergeant, it seems, had been traffic policeman at that very spot years ago before he emigrated to western Canada, and the present Bobby was his mate.

While they shook hands and rejoiced at their unexpected meeting, the traffic along Coventry street took care of itself far a few moments.

EXPORTS HAVE GROWN.

Nearly One Hundred Million Added to Dominion's Output.

A decrease of $93,001,317 in imports and an increase of $91,283,933 in exports for the twelve months ended October is shown in a statement published by the Department of Trade and Commerce. These figures do not take into account the movement of gold, which shows a very heavy increase in the export column.

Imports for the twelve months totalled $421,584,000, of which goods to the value of $72,320 came from Great Britain, a drop of $32,700,000 in the imports of British goods. Imports from the United States amounted to $346,570,000, or $74,505,000 less than in the previous twelve months. Exports of merchandise totalled $550,548,000, including $41,455,829 of foreign produce. Exports to Great Britain amounted to $277,527,000, an increase of $73,000,000. To the United States, Canada sold goods to the value of $314,118,000; a rise of nearly $100,000,000. Imports from France dropped from $11,567,000 to $5,700,000, but exports to France increased from $8,940,000 to $27,620,000. To Belgium, Canada sent supplies of various kinds to the amount of nearly a million dollars.

The statement shows that $20,000,000 worth of hams and bacons, or about three times as much as in the previous year, went to Great Britain. It shows also that imports of tea amounted to $8,346,000, a 20 per cent. increase.

Exports of manufactures rose to $130,350,00, an increase of $65,000,000.

Laureate of the Lakes.

William Wilfred Campbell, popularly known as "The Laureate of the Lakes," is both a dramatic and lyric poet and a novelist. He was born at Berlin, Ont., in 1861, receiving his education at Toronto University and Cambridge, Mass. In 1906 he received the honorary degree of LL.D. from Aberdeen University. He was ordained in the Episcopal Church and was for a time rector of St. Stephens, N. B. In 1891 he entered the Civil Service at Ottawa, and for some years has been attached to the Dominion Archives Bureau with Dr. Doughty. He has written a great deal of verse for English, Canadian, and American magazines, his poem "The Mother" being placed by the Chicago Inter-Ocean among the gems of English literature. The same poem was referred to in Parliament in terms of commendation by Sir Wilfrid Laurier. He was presented to King Edward in 1906, and was present at the coronation in 1911. Among his best-known works are: Lake Lyrics (1899), The Dread Voyage, poems (1893), Mordred and Hildebrand, tragedies (1895), Political Tragedies (1908). Beyond the Hills of Dream, poems (1899), Collected Verse, Sagas of Vaster Britain (1906), Ian of the Orcades, historical novel (1906), Canada (in collaboration with T. C. Martin (1907), A Beautiful Rebel, historical novel (1909), The Canadian Lake Region (1910). The Scottish-American, reviewing the work of Dr. Campbell, said that as a dramatic poet he stands alone, supreme in his generation.

Logwood May Come Now.

An official announcement has been made by the Trade and Commerce Department that the situation with regard to shipment of logwood and dyes from Jamaica has been at last cleared up. Jamaica has now issued general licenses allowing the shipment of wood chips and extracts to all British, French, and United States ports. Canadian interests have been secured, in so far as is necessary for the obtaining of reasonable requirements from the United States. Logwood is permitted free exportation to Canada.

The Wisconsin Supreme Court has decided that it's libellous to call a man Judas Iscariot. There are a lot of persons getting sensitive these days.

THE DOMINION BANK

At the Forty-fifth Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of The Dominion Bank, held at the Head Office in Toronto, on 26th January, 1916, the following statement of the affairs of the Bank, as at 31st December, 1915, was submitted:

GENERAL STATEMENT

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock paid in			$ 6,000,000.00
Reserve Fund		$ 7,000,000.00	
Balance of Profits carried forward		344,439.71	
Dividend No. 133, payable 3rd January, 1916		180,000.00	
Former Dividends unclaimed		1,049.75	
			7,525,489.46
Total Liabilities to the Shareholders			$13,525,489.46
Notes in Circulation		4,995,666.00	
Deposits not bearing interest	$12,604,373.24		
Deposits bearing interest, including interest accrued to date	53,361,224.75		
		65,965,597.99	
Balances due to other Banks in Canada		379,855.02	
Balances due to Banks and Banking Correspondents in the United Kingdom and foreign countries		878,361.55	
Bills Payable		47,352.00	
Acceptances under Letters of Credit		1,215,563.49	
Liabilities not included in the foregoing		267,241.40	
Total Liabilities to the Public			73,949,637.45
			$87,475,126.91

ASSETS

Gold and Silver Coin	$ 1,626,964.01	
Dominion Government Notes	11,041,905.50	
Notes of other Banks	704,778.65	
Cheques on other Banks	3,721,594.35	
Balances due by Banks and Banking Correspondents elsewhere than in Canada	2,829,383.17	
	19,924,625.68	
Dominion and Provincial Government Securities, not exceeding market value	755,150.69	
Canadian Municipal Securities, and British, Foreign and Colonial Public Securities other than Canadian, not exceeding market value	1,167,263.29	
Railway and other Bonds, Debentures and Stocks, not exceeding market value	4,647,001.59	
Call and Short (not exceeding thirty days) Loans in Canada on Bonds, Debentures and Stocks	5,944,900.13	
Call and Short (not exceeding thirty days) Loans elsewhere than in Canada	221,459.58	
		$32,660,400.96
Other Current Loans and Discounts in Canada (less rebate of interest)	47,453,931.23	
Other Current Loans and Discounts elsewhere than in Canada (less rebate of interest)	12,329.1[illegible]	
Liabilities of Customers under Letters of Credit, as per contra	1,215,563.49	
Real Estate other than Bank Premises	18,414.74	
Overdue Debts (estimated loss provided for)	228,361.30	
Bank Premises, at not more than cost, less amounts written off	5,616,009.71	
Deposit with the Minister of Finance for the purposes of the Circulation Fund	263,900.00	
Mortgages on Real Estate sold	6,216.30	
		54,814,725.95
		$87,475,126.91

E. B. OSLER,
President.

C. A. BOGERT,
General Manager.

AUDITORS' REPORT TO SHAREHOLDERS

We have compared the above Balance Sheet with the books and accounts at the Chief Office of The Dominion Bank, and with the certified returns received from its Branches, and after checking the cash and verifying the securities at the Chief Office and certain of the principal Branches on December 31st, 1915, we certify that, in our opinion, such Balance Sheet exhibits a true and correct view of the state of the Bank's affairs, according to the best of our information, the explanations given to us and as shown by the books of the Bank.

In addition to the examinations mentioned the cash and securities at the Chief Office and certain of the principal Branches were checked and verified by us at another time during the year and found to be in accord with the books of the Bank.

All information and explanations required have been given to us and all transactions of the Bank which have come under our notice have, in our opinion, been within the powers of the Bank.

G. T. CLARKSON } of Clarkson, Gordon & Dilworth, C.A.
R. J. DILWORTH }

TORONTO, January 13th, 1916.

An Authoritative Ruling.

Mr. Sam Kydd, the well-beloved editor-in-chief of The Montreal Gazette, and Mr. E. F. Boddington, another widely-known Canadian newspaperman now on the staff of the Philadelphia Ledger, were "talking shop" as they walked along Craig street in Montreal.

"What would you say is the difference between a journalist and a newspaper man?" asked Mr. Boddington, broaching a point which has never been decided since old Caxton's staff squabbled over it.

"Well," said Mr. Kydd, "I cannot better express my ideas on the matter than by giving a concrete illustration. You see that hole?" pointing to a circular opening in the sidewalk into which a load of coal was being shovelled. "Well, if you or I stepped into that, we would go right through. But if your really truly journalist were to step in, he wouldn't go all the way. His bulging brow and massive brain-pan would refuse to pass through."—Toronto Saturday Night.

One on the Doctor.

Dr. James L. Hughes, of Toronto, tells a good story on himself. He recently made a trip to New York and at the border was interrogated as customary by the United States Immigration Agent, a thorough Irishman:

"Are you an American?" he was asked.

"Yes, and a Canadian, thank God," replied the Doctor.

"Are you remaining in the States long?" was the next query.

"No," was the reply.

"Thank God," said the Immigration Agent.

Canada's Timber Supply.

According to R. H. Campbell, Director of the Dominion Forestry Branch, Canada's present supply of commercial timber has been variously estimated to be between five hundred and seven hundred billion feet, board measure, and to cover an area of approximately 170,000,000 acres. This estimate of quantity and area refers only to timber of commercial value as saw-timber. It does not include pulpwood, firewood, tie and pole material nor small timber of any description, although this has undoubtedly a very large value.

Canadian-Japs Offer Men.

Major-General Sir Sam Hughes, Canadian Minister of Militia, has received from British Columbia a proposal to organize a regiment of Canadian Japanese for service in Europe. One thousand Japanese who have been naturalized in Canada will be enlisted at once under the proposal and sent overseas.

Not only will the ranks be made up entirely of Canadian Japanese, but the officers also will be naturalized Japanese. The full strength of the regiment will be maintained by enlistments from time to time.

Boy Scouts in Service.

In the Province of Ontario about 1,000 Boy Scouts have enlisted.

Premier an Indian Chief.

The File Hill Indians of Saskatchewan have sent Premier Borden a unique gift, a pair of Indian cuffs with ornamental bead work. Sir Robert, who is honorary chief of the band, always receives a gift from them.

"Blackmailed"

By ARTHUR APPLIN

Author of "The Chorus Girl," etc.

(Copyright The Frank A. Munsey Co.)

CHAPTER V.

The Hawk Sweeps.

Myra Berrington half rose from her seat. Then a feeling of vertigo seized her. Just for a moment she thought she was going to faint.

When she looked up again the man had disappeared.

With trembling fingers she spread out the letter and read it again: "For your own sake do not fail to come."

A threat disguised as a warning. The letter was written on the hotel notepaper. The writing was peculiar, very thick and angular; rather repulsive.

Myra Berrington was naturally sensitive and impressionable. At that moment her nerves were strung to their utmost tension, and the thick angular writing somehow suggested the trail of a slimy snake across the white page.

It was suddenly seeing the black-mustached man standing so close that had frightened her more than the letter. Her first instinct now was to tear the note up, fling it into the waste-paper basket—and forget it.

She walked across the lounge, looking right and left. The man who had been standing so close to her when she opened the letter had disappeared; he had gone in a flash just as he had come.

For the third time she read the letter. She knew quite well that it had been sent by this man with the black mustache and bald head. She had seen him at Homburg; he had followed her on the train. She had given him not a thought at the time. But now— Now she knew!

She scrunched the letter up into a tiny ball in the palm of her hand, but she did not destroy it. She did not dare. She glanced at the gold watch on her wrist. Five minutes after twelve. At half past twelve he would expect her at Escott Street, Soho. She knew the neighborhood well. It did not tend to relieve her anxiety.

She walked up to the bureau and asked to see the visitors' register. Half a dozen guests had arrived the the previous day, but she could not find a single name which would have fitted onto the initials P.D. She beckoned to one of the clerks and questioned him. She described the man who had sent her the letter.

"He was staying at the hotel last night. I do so much want to know his name, and I can't find it in the register."

Her blue eyes looked appealingly into the eyes of the clerk. He was a Frenchman and susceptible, but he shook his head.

"I know the gentleman to whom madame refers. He was here not ten minutes ago. But he has not registered; he is not staying here."

"I saw him last night—" She stopped abruptly.

The clerk smiled, spread out his hands, and shrugged his shoulders. "He is one of those gentlemen who make use of a hotel as if it were a club. Sometimes he comes day after day; then we may not see him again for a long period."

"And you don't know his name?"

The clerk shook his head. He suggested that M. Alphonse, the head waiter, might know.

Myra hesitated a moment, and her cheeks grew a shade paler. But she asked no further questions, and she hurried across the lounge toward the restaurant.

The head waiter could not help her. He did not even recognize the man she sought in spite of her minute description.

Myra made her way back to the lounge and looked through the glass dors of the smoking-room. She saw Sir John Vessie seated in an armchair, a copy of The Times lying across his knees. A heavy frown furrowed his brow. He was gazing into space. Suddenly he caught sight of her. She saw him start violently. Rising, he pushed open the smoking-room door and joined her.

"Now, Miss Berrington, I am at your service. Let us find a quiet corner somewhere and—come to an understanding."

He was putting a bold face on the matter. He led the way as he spoke toward the seat Myra had lately occuied with her lover.

"What beautiful roses—it's rather late for them, isn't it?"

Myra looked at them and smiled, but her long white hand which held the flowers was trembling nervously.

"I am afraid I must ask you to defer your explanation until this afternoon, Sir John. I have an appointment, a most important one, at half past twelve."

"I have an engagement for eleven, but I cancelled it out of courtesy to you," he replied sharply.

The fingers of Myra Berrington's left hand were working convulsively, twisting and rolling the small sheet of notepaper in the palm. She was inclined to show the letter to Sir John Vessie, to be perfectly frank with him, and to ask his advice. But the tone of his voice stopped her.

He took advantage of her hesitation, thinking perhaps that she was a little frightened.

"It must be now or not at all," he said firmly. "What I have to say will not take two minutes. I have no wish to hurt or embarass you, but—"

She laughed in his face. The laughter did not ring quite true: "You can hardly hurt me more than you have already done—physically and mentally—and as for being embarrassed—"

Vessie was impatient. He had been turning the whole affair over in his mind during the forty minutes he had been left to himself in the smoking-room. He was almost persuaded that this woman was taking advantage first of all of his kindness; then of a terrible blunder, for which she was partly responsible.

"I'm ready to do anything in my power to —er—recompense you for the unfortunate acident of last night. In the circumstances it was only natural that, when I found you talking over the telephone to Lady Vessie, I should feel suspicious and accuse you of blackmail. I shall be only too happy to withdraw the accusation, on the understanding—"

Before he could finish the sentence she stopped him with a furious gesture: "Blackmail, blackmail!" she hissed. "That word comes very quickly to your lips, Sir John Vessie. It is simply infamous of you. Do you think that I, Myra Berrington, with my name and reputation, would demean myself to a low trick of that sort?"

Vessie flushed. "Please let me explain."

"Not now," she retorted. "You must explain at my convenience! You accuse me of blackmail, but I think the boot is on the other leg. I was quite willing to believe that your kindness to me on the train was absolutely disinterested, that your brutal conduct last night was a mistake. I begin to doubt it."

Again Sir John Vessie tried to speak but she would not hear him.

"I shall return to the hotel about half past two this afternoon. I'll listen to whatever excuses or apologies you have to make then."

Turning away, she swept toward the entrance. Vessie followed her.

"Miss Berrington—it is impossible! My train leaves Victoria at three o'clock."

"I'm afraid you must catch a later one."

She told the porter to call a taxicab. Crossing to the bureau she spoke to the clerk again: "I shall be keeping my room for the next two or three days."

She walked out of the hotel. Sir John Vessie watched her get into the taxicab and drive away. His face was the color of putty. He took a couple of turns up and down the lounge, his hands clasped behind his back. He told the porter to have his heavy baggage ready shortly after one o'clock.

Going to the telephone box, he had a call put through to "090 Horsham."

Miss Berrington drove no further than the corner of Escott Street. There she stopped the cab and dismissed it, waiting until it had gone out of sight. The street was long, perfectly straight and narrow. From where she stood it appeared to end in a cul-de-sac, which perhaps accounted for the fact that, with the exception of a very old and dirty motor-car standing a little distance off, it was devoid of traffic.

There were several little restaurants bearing French and Italian names, sinister-looking newspaper shops where European journals, French cigarettes, and doubtful picture postcards were sold. For the rest the street seemed a mixture of second-rate offices and fifth-rate apartments.

Myra's heart was beating rapidly. At last she reached No 29a. She glanced over her shoulders as if she were afraid of being watched or followed. But no one paid the least attention to her. Well-dressed women were quite common even in the humblest quarter of Soho.

She mounted a flight of dirty stone steps. The knobs of half a dozen electric bells faced her on the wall. She pushed the second, Flat B, and waited. Even then she was tempted to run away, but the taunt of blackmail still echoed in her ears.

She had no idea what this man wanted with her. Common sense warned her that she was doing a foolish thing in taking any notice of his letter; but instinct told her that if she did not go to him he would most certainly follow her. The sooner she knew what he wanted and got rid o' him the better.

The front door opened a few inches and Myra saw a fat, middle-aged German woman peering at her; a large blouse open at the neck fell in ungainly folds above her waist; a red peticoat bedraggled the floor, a large plait of coarse hair had slipped from its place and fell across her shoulders.

"Flat B?" Myra asked huskily.

The woman nodded and opened the door. "Second floor, straight up."

To be Continued.

Why Tolerate Catarrh?

You have noticed, no doubt, that any cold aggravates nasal catarrh, and the flow of mucous amazes you that such objectionable matter could find lodgment in your head. To ignore this catarrh when the cold subsides is wrong because it continues to slowly injure the delicate linings of the nasal passages and clog them up.

To correct catarrh, cleanse the nostrils frequently with a solution of warm water and salt, insert vaseline on retiring, and take a spoonful of Scott's Emulsion after meals for one month. Scott's acts through the blood to feed the tissues, and contains soothing glycerine to check the inflammation and heal the sensitive membranes.

Scott's is pleasant to take.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 15-36

KIDNEY DISEASE WAS KILLING HIM

Until He Used "Fruit-a-tives" The Great Kidney Remedy

HAGERSVILLE, ONT., Aug. 26th, 1913.

"About two years ago, I found my health in a very bad state. *My Kidneys* were not doing their work and I was all run down in condition. Having seen 'Fruit-a-tives' advertised, I decided to try them. Their action was mild, and the result all that could be expected.

My Kidneys resumed their normal action after I had taken upwards of a dozen boxes and I *regained my old-time vitality*. Today, I am as well as ever."

B. A. KELLY.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

THE HUMAN FOOT.

In Its Primitive State It Was Larger Than It Is Today.

Artists say that no Greek sculptor would have ever dreamed of putting a nine inch foot on a five and one-half foot woman. The types for the classic marble figures were taken from the most perfect forms of living persons. Unquestionably the human foot, as represented by the ancient sculptors, was larger than the modern one, and, in fact, the primitive foot of all peoples whereof we have any record, either of statuary or otherwise, was considerably larger than the restricted foot of modern times.

The masculine foot, forming an approximate average of four different countries, was about twelve inches long. This would require at least a No. 10 shoe to cover it comfortably. The average masculine foot today is easily fitted with a No. 8½ shoe and is, therefore, not above ten and seven-sixteenths inches. Now, by the old sculptural rule of proportion a man five feet nine inches in height should have a foot eleven and one-half inches long, or one-sixth his height. It was of no great consequence what size sandal he wore, but he would have required a modern shoe of at least a No. 10½ for a minimum fit or a No. 11 for real comfort.

For women, allowing for the difference in the relative size of the sexes, which was about the same then as now, a woman of five feet three inches in height would have had a foot ten inches long, requiring a modern shoe of the size No. 6 as the most comfortable or a No. 5½ as the limit of comfort.

Shakespeare and Cervantes.

April 23, besides being the festival of England's national saint, says the Pall Mall Gazette, is also the anniversary of the death of both Shakespeare and Cervantes. But, though both Shakespeare and Cervantes died on April 23, 1616, there was actually an interval of ten days between the two deaths.

The explanation is that in 1616 England was still using the Julian calendar, which in Roman Catholic countries had been superseded by the Gregorian calendar in 1582. Cervantes died on a Saturday; Shakespeare died on the Tuesday falling ten days later.

A Timely Warning.

Across the line there is a peace society which is very active in its clamors against the continuance of this war.

A lady who belongs to the society sent to a Canadian friend the society emblem—an American flag, with an olive branch painted across the stars and stripes.

The Canadian studied the thing out, and, without wishing to reflect on the lady's artistic ability, wrote a note of thanks for the emblem, but added this little sting to it: "I would suggest, however, that those who paint an olive branch on the American flag should take care not to make it look like a white feather.—Canadian Courier.

◆

The Geermans tell Washington that they did not sink the Persia. All their submarines are home and all confess their innocence.

THE OLD NIPIGON LINE

PIONEER RAILWAY HAD A BRIEF AND PICTURESQUE CAREER.

It Has Served as a Line of Communication for Construction Armies of the Canadian Northern and the National Trans-Continental — Its Officials Were All Plain Men and Real Railroaders.

TO-DAY some discerning visitor to the old settlement of Red Rock — now called Nipigon — would have his curiosity aroused by a string of ties which drop from the limits of the town, down the face of a lofty and precipitous sandbank, across the Canadian Northern tracks, into the seething waters of the Nipigon River, which run at the rate of some eight miles per hour.

Talk of momentum grades, this nameless road can boast of the greatest momentum, outside of an incline railway or Swiss Funiculaire. If it were in any place that such a thing could be, one would suppose that this was a disused spur, but what business could any civilized, well conducted spur have had on the face of a sand cliff and what could the watery plunge at the bottom suggest but insanity and suicide? Up stream there is nothing but the forest, and the wild things, which make it their home, have no dealings with freight shipments, spur tracks, or industrial sidings. Down stream are Nipigon Bay and the open waters of Lake Superior, in short, the whole proposition appears freakish, if not futile.

Nor would the visitor's curiosity grow less if he came, as I did, in the search for an Indian burial mound of reputed antiquity, upon a trail winding its way through the woods back of Camp Alexander, the first portage; a trail of ties half hidden in brambles and waving grass, but still in fair condition and laid for the same obsolete type of narrow gauge as the water shute 12 miles lower down. Shades of Harriman, what is the meaning of this defunct line, apparently starting from nowhere and bound for the same place?, says a writer in Toronto Saturday Night.

The explanation is simple. While the Nipigon Forest Reserve is penetrated to-day by the transcontinental line of the Canadian Northern Railway System, in addition to which the C.P.R. crosses the river at a point where it broadens out into a land-locked arm of Lake Superior, and the N. T. R. touches the far northern shore of Lake Nipigon, there was an earlier railway to reach the heart of that picturesque and interesting region, which flourished unheeded by the outer world, and is now but a memory perpetuated by several thousands of grass grown spikes and ties.

Despite the absence of elaborate equipment, massive terminals, gilded officials, or advertising literature, its brief career was one of busy usefulness, for it served as an important line of communication for the construction armies of both the Canadian Northern Railway and the N.T.R. These lines, running from 40 to 100 miles north, and hundreds of miles east or west of the nearest distributing centres, felt the need of some more rapid method of transportation for material and supplies than the wilderness could afford, and so the Nipigon Construction Company came into being.

Building a forty-mile railroad does not appear to be much of a stunt, but the company's undertaking was more ambitious than would appear on the surface. In the first place, it is a drop of 240 feet from Lake Nipigon to Lake Superior which means an average northbound grade of more than 1 foot in a thousand, with a maximum as steep as you please. Having discovered that the only location suitable for their purpose involved a combined rail and water route, the second difficulty presented itself in the method of reaching the river, as hills rise sharply from the water's edge and the formation is generally the most solid variety of rock. Having got over this by the shortest cut, a final obstacle was presented by the river itself. Nipigon is really a chain of lakes, varying in length from three to eight miles, situated on gradually descending levels which are connected by turbulent streams that force their aggressive way through walls of rock with a resulting swiftness of current to which reference has already been made.

Finally, however, in the face of these and other difficulties of which the builders never complained and which will now certainly never be known, this first railroad through the heart of the Nipigon was completed, and direct service to the head of the Nipigon lake by water and rail for a distance of over 100 miles through the virgin forest was placed in regular operation.

Inhabitants still speak with reminiscent relish of how the Operating Department used to take a few turns with a rope round the axles of the light trucks in use and "Let her drop" into the water and the waiting scows; the return trip being made with less speed and more effort by the aid of sturdy donkey engines. We can fancy the tugs crawling across the treacherous depths of Lake Helen with the sunlight blazing on the rugged, green-clad hills and the quaint Indian mission nestling beneath their heights. We can hear, too, the jests exchanged with the strain of the clumsy scows on which are perched laden trucks. We can hear too the jests exchanged between the half-breeds and the polyglot community of some C.N.R. construction camp as the river winds its tortuous way through the marshy meadows of the Indian Reserve. Arrived at Camp Alexander the trucks are slid onto the rails which jut out over the water from an embankment flush with the level of the decks, and so the miniature train is drawn through the cool silence or sunlit glades of the forest by an important, puffing little locomotive.

◆

PORTLAND 7—VICTORIA 5

Pacific Coast hockey—Portland 7, Victoria 5; Vancouver 3, Seattle 2.

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

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OCEAN LIMITED	Leaves 7.25 p.m.	Daily Except Sat.

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Through Sleepers, Montreal to Halifax. Connection for The Sydneys, Prince Edward Island, Newfoundland.

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Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—5.25 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 7.34 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate points—6.25 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—†6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 5.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *3.40 a.m.

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

†Deseronto only

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 20 Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville Ont.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily

No. 16—2.00 a.m.—Fast train, flyer, daily.

No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7.00 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.

No. 6—11.10 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

No. 14—12.16 p.m.—Express, daily.

No. 28—5.45 p.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19—2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

No. 13—4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.

No. 29—7.50 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.

No. 27—11.29 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.

No. 1—3.05 p.m.—International Limited, daily.

No. 7—4.55 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'.

Going West.	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.
Going East.	**Arrive**	**Lv. Peterboro**
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North	Leave.	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.
Going South.	**Arrive**	**Lv. Madoc**
Mixed	4.56 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1915.

GOING EAST.

CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.50 p.m.	2.58 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

GOING WEST.

MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.12 p.m.	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

Going East	Daily except Sunday
Leave Toronto	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	6.32 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leave Belleville	5.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.30 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent.

Belleville Business Directory

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column or calling at The Intelligencer Business Office, full information may be obtained.

MINING.

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE

Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues, Telephone 399.

"COLLIP, FLORIST."

Front Street.

Night Phone 176. Day Phone 206.

All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.

Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts.

Announcement

Messrs. Greenleaf & Son wish to announce to their old patrons and friends that they have found it advisable to incorporate their business under Ontario Companies Act.

The new company, under the same management as heretofore, and under the firm name of GREENLEAFS, LIMITED, have purchased the property known as the Brown Foundry, together with the good will and equipment of Mr. Geo. Keith.

It is their intention to remodel these buildings and install suitable equipment to meet the growing demands of their patrons.

The Management take this opportunity of thanking their old friends and solicit their patronage in their new venture.

GREENLEAF & SON

Garage and General Machinists

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000

Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3., Saturday 10 to 3.

R TANNAHILL

Manager Belleville Branch

When a man puts a woman up on a pedestal someone else helps her down.

◆

Why is it that so many ladies who are possessed of a comfortable home and a comfortable income usually have an uncomfortable amount of adipose tissue.

INSURANCE.

W. H. HUDSON

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.; North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass, Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies. Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.

Office: 17 Campbell St., Belleville. Phone 261.

CHANCEY ASHLEY

Insurance Agent

Has Removed to 229 Front Street

Next to Riggs' Music Store

THOS. STEWART

Bridge Street, Belleville.

Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON

Agent for

Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance. Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.

ROBERT BOGLE

MERCANTILE AGENCY.

Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed. Office, 28 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY

Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way. Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.

W. R. Vallance, Mgr. Phone 338.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 306 Front St., Belleville. Phone 848. LEE CHEW.

ENGINEERING.

J. D. Evans, O.E. & O.L.S.

J. W. EVANS, C.E. & M.E.

EVANS & EVANS

Civil and Mining Engineers and Ontario Land Surveyors.

Belleville and Trenton.

Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker & Victoria Avenues. Telephone 389.

BUS, AUTO AND CABS

ASELSTINE'S MOTOR BUS, CAB & AUTO LIVERY

Special cars, broughams and carriages, all rubber tired, for weddings, private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town. Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection. Phone 229.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers. Apply to

S. MASSON

Barrister, etc.

Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St., Belleville.

LEGAL.

WILLS & WRIGHT

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell St., Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates.

J. FRANKLIN WILLS, K.C.

MALCOLM WRIGHT.

NORTHRUP & PONTON

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge St. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.

W. B. NORTHRUP, K.C., M.P.

W. N. PONTON, K.C.

R. D. PONTON.

PORTER & CARNEW

Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.

E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P.

WM. CARNEW.

Solicitors for Union Bank.

MIKEL, STEWART & BAALIM

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

Belleville, Madoc and Tweed.

Solicitors for Molsons Bank.

W. C. MIKEL, K.C.

D. E. K. STEWART.

FRANK BAALIM.

W. D. M. SHOREY

Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg.

Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms.

Office: 8 Campbell St., Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England

Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

Those who forget today seldom remember tomorrow.

◆

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Adress

U.S. Envious Of B.C. Progress

The activity of the lumbermen of British Columbia in co-operation with the Provincial Government in developing export markets for the lumber products of that province have not only brought definite and practical results, but have stirred up much envious anxiety among the lumbermen of the Pacific Coast States. An indication of this feeling on the part of Pacific Coast lumbermen in the United States is afforded by the testimony given recently by Hon. Joseph N. Teal, of Portland, Ore., when addressing the Federal Trade Commission in a recent hearing at Washington.

The question of Canadian competition was considered at some length by Mr. Teal, who spoke of the great cooperation between the lumbermen of British Columbia and their government, characterizing it as a regular "partnership" between the two parties. The officials in British Columbia, he said, were "progressive and awake to the opportunities of the day." Developing the idea further, he said that after the war there was little doubt that a commercial unit would be formed, just as now there was a fighting unit, the object of the commercial co-operation being to lay the foundation for a preferential tariff.

Referring to the situation in the Northwestern States in regard to Canadian competition, Mr. Teal said:—

"To the north an active, virile commonwealth, producing the same commodity and competing in the same markets, is aiding its own lumber industry in every reasonable way. British Columbia competitors enjoy not only the same rail rates to the markets in the United States, to which fact reference has been made, but by reason of the operation of our navigation laws such competitors can charter ships under any flag in normal times for delivery at any port in the United States on the Atlantic coast at from $2.50 to $3 a thousand feet less than the shipper in the United States. Some preferential tariffs are now in effect between Canada and other British colonies, and the establishment of such tariffs between all the British possessions is being urged with vigor."

Referring to the export trade situation, Mr. Teal said:—

"In the past the Pacific coast states have done by far a greater export business than has British Columbia. It must not be assumed, however, that this condition will continue unchanged.

"The war, while affecting this country as all others, has necessarily borne harder on Canada than on us. But some day—and God speed the day—the war will end, and it may be accepted as a certainty that everything an intelligent government can properly do will be done by Canada and by every other country engaged in this war, to rebuild and reconstruct their industries and to heal their commercial wounds. It would, therefore, seem that simple, ordinary prudence and business sagacity should impel the Government of the United States in like manner, and with like persistence to aid, foster and further its own industrial and commercial interests."

Mr. Teal also discussed the shingle industry, which, he said, had not been a paying one, the main cause being competition from B. C. "No branch of the lumber industry in the northwest has been the subject of more thought and discussion than that of shingles," he said, "and yet notwithstanding the product is an article of common use and the business one of some years' standing, it is putting it mildly to say that it is in a very unsatisfactory condition. Wide fluctuation in prices and unstable demands with more or less demoralization as a result, have been the history of this branch of the industry since its inception. Various reasons have been assigned in explanation, and many have studied the subject in order to find a remedy for a condition which all concede exists."

"The testimony of those engaged in the industry shows that, taken as a whole the business is not only not profitable, but is being conducted at a loss. The northwest states produce red cedar shingles. In 1912 cedar shingles represented 78.9 per cent. of the entire production of the United States, and the State of Washington produced 84.2 per cent. of the cedar shingles and 66.4 per cent. of the total shingle output of the United States."

A higher grade of shingle was made in B. C. Mr. Teal said, than in the United States. He hoped that this would continue to be the case, so that the competition on the low grade would not be so keen. However, he said, there were already some concerns in B. C. making a low grade shingle.

"The British Columbia manufacturers as yet make on the whole a higher grade shingle than is made in Washington, but some of the newer mills are now manufacturing practically the same grade. The tendency, moreover, on both sides of the line, is gradually to approach the same standards. That is, in Washington there is a decided trend towards higher grades, better grading, more careful packing, and better manufacturing, while in British Columbia there is a tendency to produce larger quantities of the medium grade."

Taking up the question of the advantage under which the British Columbia mills work as regards raw material, he said:—"There is no question but that British Columbia has a decided advantage in the raw material, it being estimated that this advantage in itself represents about 25 cents a thousand feet; also in the shingle mill about 75 per cent. of the labor is Oriental. The labor cost, besides, is somewhat less in British Columbia than in the United States. Attention has heretofore been directed to the active interest the British Columbia Government takes in promoting the lumber industry. It is but current legislative history of the United States that while formerly foreign shingle manufacturers paid 30 and 50 cents a thousand duty, shingles now enter free. The shipping laws, particularly as affecting shipments to the Atlantic coast by water, work as much hardship to shingles as to lumber; and under existing laws, with normal conditions, the British Columbia manufacturer has an undoubted advantage on shipments via the Panama Canal. While as yet the movement of American manufacturers to British Columbia has not assumed large proportions, it is, nevertheless, in progress."

Only Fine, Flavoury Teas
are used to produce the famous
"SALADA"
blends. Every leaf is fresh, fragrant full of its natural deliciousness. Sold in sealed packets only.
B 107

COUNTRY CORRESPONDENCE

MELVILLE.

Mrs. Nellie Caster, New York, who is spending a brief holiday at the home of her parents, in Trenton, is this week the guest of Mrs. Lyle Leavens, Niles' Corners.

Mrs. W. H. Anderson spent the week-end with friends in Trenton.

Mr. Stewart Kinnear and Mr. E. W. Carley spent last week in Ottawa in attendance at the Winter Fair in that city. They returned home on Saturday evening and report a most enjoyable time.

Private William Zufelt, in training at Kingston for overseas service, who has been confined in the hospital owing to throat trouble, obtained a week's leave of absence and spent the time at home.

Mr. Fred Morton made a business trip to Belleville on Thursday.

We are pleased to report that Mr. James Locklin has recovered from his recent injury.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Carley returned on Monday, after spending a few days with friends in Wooler.

This locality was in the grip of a severe winter storm last week, causing many rifts, necessitating the summoning of a brigade of snow-shovellers to make it passable on the roads. The stormy condition has been followed by warm spring-like weather, the snow has now disappeared and wheels are resumed on the highway.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Weeks spent Monday, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Moreland, South Lakeside.

Mr. Cornell, Wellington, spent Sunday with friends in our village.

Several from this locality attended the Patriotic ball in Consecon, Tuesday evening.

Mr. Fred Morton and Mr. Arthur Kinnear attended the post-nuptial reception of Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Goodmurphy, Big Island, on Saturday evening.

Private William Zufelt and Miss Vera spent Friday with friends in Wellington.

A roll of honor containing the names of the young men of Melville Sunday school, who have enlisted for overseas service, now occupies a conspicuous place in the church. The names include the following; James Palmer, Burwell Hicks, Donald Sands, James Whittaker, Eli Hooper, John Hooper, Willie Zufelt and Reginald Turvery, the first two and last two being Canadaian born and the others British born; Lieut. James, Palmer and Private Hicks, left with the first Canadian contingent; Lieut. Palmer still being on service, 'Somewhere in France" while Private Hicks, according to recent reports, has paid the great sacrifice in defence of freedom and honor. Melville is proud of her loyal sons.

A committee of ladies comprising of Mrs. Albert Carley, Mrs. D. H. Young, Mrs. Malcolm French and Mrs. John Kinnear met at the home of Mrs. W. H. Anderson, Thursday afternoon, and spent the busy hours in cutting fifty yards of material in hospital Red Cross shirts for the soldiers. The garments, ready for sewing, were distributes among several members of the W. M. S. for making.

Mrs. Herbert Zufelt entertainment most pleasantly the young ladies of her Sunday school class on Thursday afternoon. In the evening they were joined by the young men of the Progressive class with their teacher, Mrs. Carley and a pleasant time was spent by all present.

Private William Zufelt and Mr. Harold spent Sunday evening the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Kirk, Trenton.

Rev. E. Harston and Mrs. Harston spent Monday the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Morton.

Mr. James Locklin and Mr. Stewart Kinnear are canvassing this locality in the interest of the prohibition campaign inaugurated by the Committee of One Hundred to prohibit the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors throughout the province of Ontario by the first of July 1916.

"MADE IN CANADA"

an ARROW COLLAR
2 for 25 cents
CLUETT, PEABODY & CO. Inc. MONTREAL

Carvell Made Bitter Attack On Profiteers

OTTAWA, Jan. 25.—For nearly five hours in the House today Frank B. Carvell, the Liberal member for Carleton, N.B., lambasted the Borden Government. His speech sounded very much like a challenge to bring on a general election. He denounced the shell committee, the purchase of hay in New Brunswick, and finally touched upon the investigation into the purchase of horses recently held by Sir Charles Davidson at Brampton. Mr. Carvell never minces words, and his address teemed with charges of graft. He even went so far as to say that men would not enlist because of the scandalous abuse in public expenditure.

R. S. Glass, the Conservative member for East Middlesex, replied in a moderate speech. He reminded the House that Mr. Carvell had made many reckless mis-statements in the past, and had endeavored to cut down the militia expenditures within a few weeks of the time that war was declared. Sir Sam Hughes is expected to take part in the debate tomorrow, and Hon. Mr. Burrell, who was severely dealt with by Mr. Carvell this afternoon, will speak on Thursday. The debate on the address, therefore, which was expected to end to-morrow, may consume the balance of the week.

Reports Villa Wedded Again

JUAREZ, Mexico, Jan. 24.—Although three Carranza columns have been sent out to capture him, dead or alive, Francisco Villa has found time to be married and has forsaken his cavalry saddle to ride in a coach with his bride, according to Ignacio Enriquez, Civil Governor of the State of Chihuahua, who arrived here today.

At fewest two women, one now in Cuba and the other in Los Angeles, are said to claim Villa as husband, but Enriquez said he had authentic information that Villa had tarried at Bachineva, in the mountains of Western Chihuahua, long enough to marry.

The man who gave this information, Enriquez said, saw Villa only four days ago. He confirmed previous reports that Villa was boasting he "would force intervention by the United States inside of thirty days." He asserted that Villa had only a few men with him. Enriquez said that the man who made the report and forty other Villa followers had sought amnesty.

RAID BAR UNDER CHURCH

PASSAIC, N.J., Jan. 25.—A fully-equipped bar was discovered this afternoon in the basement of St. Stephen's Hungarian Catholic Church, Hird and Morris Streets, when Captain of Detectives, Benjamin F. T. Turner, who has been investigating violations of the Sunday selling law, broke into the rooms of the Hungarian Catholic Workingmen's Club.

Two men, who gave their names as Andrew Borozasky, and Andrew Molanan, who were serving drinks behind a bar to twenty-seven young men in the room were arrested. On the discovery that the club has been dispensing spirituous refreshments to its members without a liquor license, a second charge was entered against the two prisoners.

MANITOBA SENDS HELP TO ONTARIO FRENCH

WINNIPEG, Jan. 25.—Large sums of money are being raised throughout Manitoba and forwarded to Ontario to aid the French-Canadians there in the bilingual fight. The Laverandrye Club of St. Boniface has recently received $800 in donations, and it will be sent east. Sums ranging from one dollar to fifty are being contributed by the Manitoba French-Canadians.

POPE CANNOT GOVERN LAVERGNE IN POLITICS

QUEBEC, Jan. 25.—Armand Lavergne, M.L.A., gave his idea on the duty of Canadian bishops in this war at the session of the legislature.

J. M. Teller had repeated that Mr. Lavergne in a previous speech said that a certain high ecclesiastical dignitary, whom everybody recognized as the Archbishop of Montreal, was encouraging recruiting because he had not received the red cap from the Pope. Mr. Lavergne then said:

"It is not for bishops to say what we are to do regarding the wars of the empire. I take my dogmas from the church, but regarding my politics, the bishops and even the Pope cannot tell me what opinions I am to hold regarding the wars of the empire."

Ask Your Doctor
about this food formula. It's Dr. Jackson's Roman Meal, 30% whole berries of wheat; 35% whole berries of rye; both granulated, not crushed. 25% deodorized and tasteless flaxseed and 10% wheat bran. It makes delightful nut-brown porridge pancakes, bread, and all baked products. It nourishes better than meat, prevents indigestion and positively relieves constipation or "money back." At all grocers, 10 cents and 25 cents.
Made by Roman Meal Co., Toronto.

WINTER TOURS TO FLORIDA, LOUISIANA, MISSISSIPPI CALIFORNIA, ETC.
The Canadian Pacific Railway offers particularly good service to Detroit where direct connection is made for Florida, via Cincinnati and Atlantic, Ga., Jacksonville, Florida is reached second morning after leaving Detroit. Excellent connection for Florida is also made via Buffalo.
The Canadian Pacific-Michigan Central route will be found the ideal line to Chicago, where direct connection is made for the Southern States, New Orleans is reached second morning after leaving Toronto. Excellent connection is also made at Chicago for points in California, Utah, Nevadah, Texas, Arizona, etc.
The Dining, Parlor and Sleeping Car service between Toronto, Detroit and Chicago is up-to-date in every particular. Connecting lines also operate through sleeping and dining cars.
Those contemplating a trip of any nature will receive full information from any C. P. R. agent; or write M. G. Murphy, District Passenger Agent, Toronto. J26-11t

DECLARES RED HAIR BAR TO MATRIMONY

Those With Titan Locks Advised to Accept First Offer

"If you have red hair you'd better grab the first matrimonial chance which comes your way, because opportunities to marry are few and far between for those with titan locks, declared Dr. Edward T. Lazelle, of Denver, the eugenic expert.

"Red hair is one of the most pronounced matrimonial disqualifications," Dr. Lazelle added. "Girls with red hair see brown and black and yellow tressed ones being grapped up on all sides while they pine alone.

"It is the same with red-headed men. Red haired people are the weaklings of the race, too, provided they have the fair skin which generally, goes with red hair."

WOOD ALCOHOL KILLS FOUR

Since the prohibition law went into effect January 1st there have been seven deaths in Seattle from alcoholism, according to records kept by the coroner. Of this number the death of four men was due to drinking wood alcohol. One woman long addicted to drink died because she was unable to satisfy her abnormal craving for liquor after the state went "dry," and two died of overindulgence in whisky.

MONARCH AFIRE AT SEA

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—There is a report that the British ship Monarch Glasgow to Boston, is afire at sea.

3 TO 2 AGAINST PROHIBITION

ST. HYACINTHE, Que., Jan. 26.—St. Hyancinthe decided against prohibition to-day, the second day of voting on the question. Votes cast to date, 1,532; against prohibition, 922; for prohibition, 610. There is no chance of prohibition carrying.

The Ford party is coming home. Well, sneak up the back stairway and keep very quiet.

THE TONKA BEAN.

From It We Get the Perfume Known as New Mown Hay.

Grass, freshly cut or otherwise, has had nothing to do with the production of the perfume labeled "New Mown Hay." The source of the essence is really the tonka bean, found in the tropical countries of South America, chiefly in the valleys of the Orinoco, Caura and Cuchivero rivers in Venezuela and certain sections of Colombia and Brazil.

The tonka bean tree in some cases reaches a height of sixty feet. It has pinnate leaves and large panicles of flowers, which are succeeded by a pod containing a single seed. The odor, which is remarkably strong, resembles that of sweet clover new mown hay and is due to the presence of cumarin, a crystallizable, volatile, neutral substance which is soluble in alcohol or ether and somewhat so in boiling water, from which it crystallizes on cooling. The beans are often frosted with crystals of this substance, giving them the appearance of being sugar coated. The collectors in Venezuela and Colombia usually set out for the forests in February, when the fruit begins to ripen. They go up the rivers in canoes or skiffs by the hundreds, stopping wherever the trees are plentiful, and when the fruit begins to fall the pods are gathered and taken to some open space where sunshine is plentiful and there carefully crushed and the beans extracted and then spread out to dry. When thoroughly dried they are loaded into the boats and transported to Ciudad Bolivar or some other convenient port, where they are sold to the exporting merchants. Here they go through the process of crystallization by being steeped in strong rum or alcohol for about twenty-four hours and then again dried.

They lend their fragrance to high grade tobacco, fine toilet soaps, to "brilliantine" and other hair dressings and dyes, to cosmetics, to flavoring extracts used in confections and to many other things that gratify the sense of smell.

FINANCIAL SENSE.

Take Care of What You Earn and Then Invest It Wisely.

The greatest financial genius I ever knew and the richest man I ever knew personally once said to me:

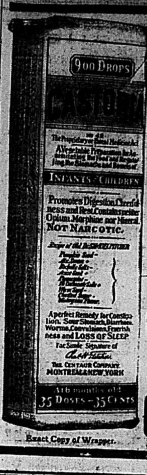
"There is no greater financial genius possible than taking care of what you earn, and there is no better or surer way of taking care of your surplus than to invest it in sound securities paying 5 or 6 per cent. And such securities are easy to find any day of any year. So any man may be a financial genius if he will exercise the simplest common sense."

I protested that it would be said of such a man that he was narrow and selfish.

"Nonsense," the financial genius replied. "I have money invested in railroads, in packing houses and in manufacturing enterprises. Could money be invested more usefully? Yet it is as safe as government bonds and pays a better rate of interest. I invest my own money, but a man without financial experience may secure safe investments without difficulty. If a man has a bank account his banker will find safe investments for him. Bankers are men of financial experience, and 99 per cent of them are intelligent and honorable. There is no excuse for a busy man losing his savings. Many women, when they come into possession of money, lose it because they invest it in schemes bankers would not trust, or else the women loan their money to men who could not borrow money at a bank. Everything in life is simple and easy if we would only accept experience and be careful of big and sentimental notions. Financial sense is knowing that certain men will promise to do certain things and fail. Therefore when you invest your savings get security. And it is no more trouble to get good security than it is to get bad if you are guided by common sense and experience."

Fat Crystals.

If small quantities of butter, lard and beef fat be separately boiled and slowly cooled for, say, twenty-four hours, the resulting crystals will show very marked differences under the microscope. The normal butter crystal is large and globular. It polarizes brilliantly and shows a well marked St. Andrew's cross. That of lard shows a stellar form, while that of beef fat has a foliated appearance. In course of time, as the butter loses its freshness, the globular crystal degenerates and gradually merges into peculiar rosette-like forms.



Promotes Digestion Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP

THE CENTAUR COMPANY. MONTREAL & NEW YORK

Exact Copy of Wrapper.
CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

A Plateau in Papua.

The most singular plateau in the world is in the island of Papua. The plateau is 6,000 feet above the sea, and there are summits towering 5,000 feet higher, but owing to the proximity of the equator the great plain is covered with luxuriant vegetation. The climate is a perpetual May, birds sing in every bush, and the only animals are a few marsupials, such as ground kangaroos and opossums. Yet this lovely region is almost deserted. The Papuans live in the sweltering coast jungles and rarely visit the uplands.

How to Win Her Heart.

We know a boy who knows girls, all right.

He's only six years old, but he observes things. We heard his mother calling him down for rudeness at play the other day, and our eavesdropping was rewarded with this:

"Billie," called the mother, "I want you to quit teasing that little girl! Aren't you ashamed of yourself?"

"Well, I got to tease somebody, an'"—

"You've got to tease somebody? That's a fine idea, I must say! And so"—

"Yes, an' she wants to be teased. If I quit she'll go play with some other little boy."

The Word "Canvassing."

How "canvassing" got its election significance is a puzzle. The word appears originally to have meant tossing in a canvas or blanket and thence generally mishandling or assaulting. "I'll canvass thee in thy broad cardinal's hat," is the Duke of Gloucester's threat to the bishop of Winchester in "King Henry VI." The next stage of meaning was that of destructive criticism, from which to thorough discussion—"canvassing" a subject—was simple enough. But how exactly did it arrive at the election sense? Dr. Johnson explained that the term meant "trying votes previously to the decision" and derived it from "canvas, as it signifies a sieve."

Certainly Foolish.

We never heard of a man who tried to free himself of a manslaughter charge by pleading guilty to murder, but an up state man tried to prove he wasn't crazy the other day by claiming he was in love.

Fixing the Blame.

The Parson—To whom am I indebted for this visit? The Bridegroom—To Mamie's mother; she thought I'd been courting her long enough and she said so.

BLACK OPALS.

These Gems Fairly Blaze With Myriad Shades of Color.

Those exquisite gems, black opals, which were practically unknown up till comparatively recently, cost more, carat for carat, than do diamonds even, while experts declare that they are infinitely more beautiful.

And in this connection it may be pointed out that the term "black opal" is distinctly misleading. It was coined to distinguish it from the familiar light opal. As a matter of fact, the black opal is alive with myriad shades of flaming splendor, from brightest tints of green glowing fire to meteoric gold or lavender that in an instant quivers to crimson or slips into molten ruby or sapphire as the angle of light alters.

Black opals are dear, not only because they are so beautiful, but because they are so rare. They are found only at one spot, a comparatively small tract of ground in New South Wales, adjoining the Queensland border.

The field is called Lightning ridge. It is a wild and desolate spot. The nearest towns to it are Walgett and Collarendabri, and it is about 500 miles from Sydney as the crow flies.

Black opal mining is about the biggest gamble extant. There is really nothing to guide the miner in selecting a likely spot. The work is hard. The shafts average forty feet in depth, and all rock has to be "bucketed" to the top. Water is scarce, food almost unobtainable. On the other hand, the prospector who is lucky enough to stumble upon a pocket of fair sized, flawless stones reaps a fortune forthwith.

Harder Still.

"Well, have you reached the point where you can assemble a motorcar?" asked Mr. Chugson.

"No, indeed," answered Mr. Johnson. "In fact, I haven't yet reached the point where I can assemble the price."

Very Simple.

"My wife is going to that masquerade ball as a simple fisher maiden."

"Going to borrow a fisher's costume from some simple maiden?"

"Not on your life. Going to have one especially constructed for $2,000.

Somebody Had to Sleep.

The doctor entered the patient's room in the morning and, according to habit, read the chart the first thing. He was a little surprised to read:

"2 a. m.—Patient very restless; nurse sleeping quietly."

THE LAST WEEK
STROUD'S JANUARY SALE
THE GREATEST ON RECORD
The Citizens of Belleville have found that
STROUD'S 20 p.c. Discount SALE
Is one of the BIGGEST Money-Saving Propositions
HIGH CLASS GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES
NOW IS YOUR CHANCE TO RENEW YOUR DISHES RIGHT THROUGH FROM THE KITCHEN, DINING ROOM, TO PARLOR AND BED ROOM
STROUD'S, THE STORE THAT MAKES A A SPECIALTY OF TEA

The Store That's So Different!

YOU have doubtless read and re-read many Clothing Advertisements!

You have been pestered with big type and you have been reasoned with in small type!

You have been plied with advertised reductions so unreasonable that your good sense at once stamps them as fictitious.

Here' a Store That's Different

Men's Suits and Overcoats Exceptional Merit $8.50, $10, $12 up to $25

We are not giving away Clothing or conducting our Store out of pure generosity to the Public.

We sell no $15 Overcoats for $7.88, nor do we sell $20.00 Suits for $10.99.

We claim to be a fair-dealing, wide-awake Clothing Houae—always giving you the best possible value for your money, and ever ready to make any wrong, right. Surely, no one can give you more for your money than we will give you—and you can certainly do no better than to make this YOUR CLOTHING STORE.

Quick & Robertson
THE OUTFITTERS

January Boot Sale

GORMAN'S BOOT SHOP

Men's $5 and $6 Boots.

January Clearance Price

$3.25

The Beauty of Our Feed

is that there is no waste to it. Your horse will lick up the last oat or the last kernel of grain. It tastes so good to him that he wants every bit that belongs to him. So there's economy as well as satisfaction in buying your feed and grain here. Try it once and you'll try it always.

H. E. FAIRFIELD

MUSIC & DRAMA

WORLD'S GREATEST WAR CORRESPONDENT GOES TO GRIFFIN'S, 31ST. JANUARY

Frederick Palmer, the World's Greatest War Correspondent, is coming to Griffin's on the 31st of January, under the auspices of the 80th "Overseas" Battaloin. He will lecture on the Great World War and show for the first time the official war films supplied by the British and French Governments.

Of special interest to Canadians is the chapter in his book, "My Year of The Great War," entitled "The Maple Leaf Folk," where he refers in glowing terms to the great work done by the Canadians, mentioning in particular the work of the Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry.

His lecture will deal not only in a general way with the Candians, but will undoubtedly go into some of the details, which will be of very great interst to us here.

The plan opened this morning, and from the appearances a full house will be sure to greet Mr. Palmer on his arrival here. There are still, however, some good seats left, which can be obtained by telephone, or a call at J. V. Doyle's. Prices 50c., 75c., and $1.00, rush seats, 25c. 80th Battalion orchestra of 18 pieces will be in attendance.

AT GRIFFIN'S

A large and interested audience greeted the great photoplay "Quo Vadis," on its first appearance here last evening at the Griffin's Opera House. This film is undoubtedly one of the best that has ever been shown here.

The photoplay goes back to the year 31 A.D., when that tyrant "Nero" held sway over the entire southern part of Europe. The most wonderful scene is where Rome is burning and all the men, women and children fleeing from the angry flames, while Nero sits on his throne gloating over his victims, quoting a favorite song. When the flames are all subdued the citizens come before "Nero" and demand that they should have the victim who caused the fire. The blame is put on the Christians. Then comes the scene of the persecution of the Christians, when they are thrust into the Arena, and are terribly mutilated by starving lions. The climax comes when "Lygia," the heroine of the play is strapped on the back of an enraged bull which is turned into the Arena. Ursus, the giant guardian of Lygia, seeing her on the back of the bull, rushes towards it and seizing it by the horns twists its neck and rescues his mistress. The audience seeing the great feat of strength, demand that "Nero" give himself up as the destroyer of Rome, but he escapes into the woods and commits suicide.

CASEY'S MISHAPS.

At Scott's Theatre last night before a large and appreciative audience the George Munro Musical Comedy show presented a laughable and amusing burletta entitled "Casey's Mishaps." All members of the company portrayed their parts well. Felix Martin as Dan Casey, the country fiddler, kept the audience continuously in laughter by his many witty sayings and antics. Bert Shaw in piano monologue was certainly good and showed that he is a player of no mean calibre. The singing by the chorus girls was excellent and they were repeatedly compelled to respond to an encore. Taken altogether it was a clean and amusing performance.

The Germans insist that they must have "milk for their babies and meat for their men and women." But who started the starvation process, anyway? We know, but we are willing to let Belgium answer.

Often Food Makes or Breaks

It all depends upon the kind. A common cause of lessened vigor of body and mind is improper eating.

Food should be selected that will supply sound, well-balanced nourishment for the physical and mental forces, and this is richly supplied by Nature in the field grains.

Grape-Nuts FOOD

contains all the nutritive elements of whole wheat and malted barley, including the vital mineral salts lacking in many foods that make up the usual dietary. These elements are imperative for building sturdy brain, nerves and muscle.

Grape-Nuts is economical, ready to eat direct from the package—pure, crisp and delicious.

"There's a Reason" for Grape-Nuts

MADE IN CANADA

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

Report of Schools In Centre Hastings

Mr. J. E. Minns, School Inspector for Centre Hastings, at the County Council session yesterday presented a lengthy report of his work in the inspectorate. The following is a synopsis of the report:

"In the first place I have been most favorably impressed with the general condition of the schools and with the character of the work which in the great majority of the cases is being done. There are in the inspectorate a fairly large percentage of experienced teachers who are capable and efficient, and the results of whose efforts are plainly visible in the spirit and love of the schools over which they preside. The equipment also of the schools generally is fairly up-to-date and shows evidence of careful supervision during past years.

"It gives me great pleasure to speak just here of the courtesy and uniform kindness shown me by my predecessor, Mr. Mackintosh, in introducing me to my new duties and in providing me at all times with such information as I required.

The lack of continuity of service in the same schools on the part of the teachers is a condition really to be deplored. There are many capable and experienced teachers even who remain but a short time in a school, thus detracting very seriously from the effectiveness of their efforts and greatly handicapping the children. The teacher's function as a developer of character depends largely upon getting into a living near relationship with child life, and to this end the element of time and continuous service are absolutely essential. It is greatly to be regretted that in a few cases at the close of the present term trustees have dispensed with the services of teachers who were doing good work in their schools and who were happy in their relations with the children, on the mere chance of securing another teacher at a few dollars less salary.

"I regret that it was necessary at the beginning of the term to remove from their positions a number of teachers (nine in all) because of not having the requisite qualifications; but in one case the trustees deliberately chose to retain the services of an unqualified teacher, with the consequent loss of their school grant, rather than comply with the regulations.

"The inspectorate has the following teachers with the following qualifications: 5 first class, 61 second, 22 third, 6 district, 3 interim, and 1 without qualification. Of this total of 98, 16 are males and 82 females

"During the year the Marmora school building was burned and a new building has since been erected on the old site without any additional cost to the ratepayers. The building is modern, but fails to provide adequate provision for future expansion.

"There is fair prospects of two and possibly three new school buildings being erected during the coming summer." Mr. Minns concluded by a reference to the changed basis of the legislative grants this year.

Annual Meeting of St. Andrews Church

Last evening the congregation of St. Andrews church held their annual meeting in the School room. The pastor occupied the chair, and Mr. Arthur McGie acted as secretary. Reports from the various organizations were read, stating the progress which had been made during the year. The membership of the church was increased by thirty-seven additions, making the entire membership 385. The attendance at the June sacrament session, reports had been the largest in many years. Fifty-five members and adherents of the church have enlisted for overseas service. The Treasurer reported that the amount raised for all purposes during the year was $5,589.26. In the ordinary revenue, there was an increase of $150.00 over last year. A reduction of $600.00 on the debt of the church was made. For missionary, benevolent and patriotic purposes approximately $1,500.00 was raised. The Sunday school reported an average attendance of two hundred, being a small increase over last year. Seventy-one prizes were awarded for regular attendance. Three diplomas for reciting the shorter Catechism and sixteen for memorizing scripture. The revenue of the Sunday school amounted to $560.53. The Brotherhood Bible Class, nothwithstanding the fact that many had enlisted, still had been able to maintain an average attendance. The adult classes both men and women made liberal contributions to Mission funds of the church. The Ladies' Aid, during the year, had raised $587.43 and had on hand a balance of $273.79. The Mission Band had a successful year under the presidence of Miss E. Holmes and the Women's Missionary Auxiliary, under Mrs. Perry. The Guild were able to purchase a lantern and put in the necessary equipment at a cost of $91.15.

The following managers were elected by ballot for the term of three years:—Mr. A. McGie, Mr. Wm. McGie, Mr. B. Mallory, Mr. W. C. Reid, Mr. W. B. Walker. The meeting closed with the national anthem

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A brilliant Brooklyinte has discovered a new epidemic, "furor Tentonicus."

IN and ABOUT THE CITY

FOUND GUILTY OF THEFT

A foreigner who goes by the name of Hill, was yesterday before Judge Deroche found guilty of stealing a quantity of silver from the Delora Mining Company's premises at Delora. Hill was sentenced to the Provincial Reformatory for 2 years less one day. Mr. Carnew, County Attorney, represented the Crown and Mr W. D. M. Shorey for the accused.

HELD REGULAR MEETING

The A.Y.P.A. of Christ Church held its regular meeting on Wednesday evening, January 26th. An athletic evening had been arranged for, but weather not permitting a social evening was spent in the Parish Hall. Rev. R. C. Blagrave, D. D., gave a brief but interesting talk on the principles of the association. Refreshments were served by Miss Panter and helpers, which brought a very pleasant evening to a close.

Letters From Belleville Boys At the Front

France, Dec. 30th, 19195.

Dear Mother:—Your card of the 9th O. K. Have been waiting till I got my boxes to thank you. A thousand thanks for you and give my most heatry thanks to all the rest who sent something. But I am sorry to say, I have not got the boxes. You better get the value of them for I will not see them. I have been since the 27th in England and I am now returning from there. I got the mittens and handkerchiefs, thanks very, very much, I needed them badly. Also the others will come in good. But do not send any more, as we are getting issued with more now. And it costs far too much to send anything here. And then have some mean, cold footed fellows of the communication line, who stays back out of reach of danger, cheat the ones who bear all the fighting and hardships of the trenches out of the parcels that we all look forward to. There is on an average, half the parcels go astray; yet the letters telling of sending them, always reach us. I saw a fine sight. An air raid was made yesterday, somewhere, 21 of our aircraft passed over our heads, sixteen or more battleplanes, the rest monoplanes. The Germans fired thousands of shells at them when they crossed their lines. It was fine to see them manoeuvering and fooling the German fire.

Will close, wishing you all a happy New Year. May it be the best living year we can have. It all remains with us. For what is life without God? And that may be the place were we will meet, and one sure thing no sin is allowed there.

With loads of love,
Your loving son,
ORMAL AIKINS.

December 31st, 1915.

Just received the sweater coat, socks and underwear O. K. The sweater, oh, it's grand. No more getting cold on sentry or listening post. Also the underwear, I see is the best. Thanks very much. I also got the papers. I see Mr. Spafford's name on them. Did he give them to you? They are appreciated very much, as we get very little reading matter out here. How is dad, and the rest? Tell Edna I won't tease her any more. By the way, I see all the Canadians who are wounded are sent back, when able to travel, for a vacation. Sounds good go to me.

With love from,
ORMAL.

Woman is Dead Paramour Held

Body Lay on Ice Below Balcony While Drunken Man Slumbered Above

MONTREAL, Jan. 26.—A coroner's inquest and the police will establish whether murder, suicide or accident caused the death of Jeanne Dorion, aged 24 years, whose body was found last night lying on the sidewalk under the third storey balcony of the flat at 2951 St. Dominique street, where she lived with Philip Lacerte. Lacerte is locked up at police headquarters pending the finding of the coroner's jury this morning. Neighbors told the police that they had heard the couple quarreling frequently, and as recently as yesterday afternoon and last evening. Lacerte had been drinking, and was to all appearances asleep when the police entered his apartment.

Joseph Aubre, of 2951 St. Dominique street, returning from a trip to a store at 9.20 last night, saw the form of a woman lying motionless on the icy walk. Closer investigation showed that the woman was lying with her head split open in a pool of blood, and that she was quite dead, and that she was a resident of three months' duration, known to her neighbors as Mrs. Lacerte, wife of Philip Lacerte.

Aubre gave the alarm, calling Dr. Bastien of 3018 St. Lawrence Boulevard, and notifying Lieutenant Dooner at the Beaubien street police station. Dr. Bastien found life to be extinct, the victim's skull having been so split as to indicate that her injury had been due to no ordinary fall. The woman's body had been carried into one of the first floor flats, and when Lieutenant Dooner and Constables Redman and Sauve arrived, they were told of the suspicions already rife among the neighbors, who only a short time before the finding of the body, had heard violent quarrelling between Mr. and Mrs. Lacerte.

Going upstairs, the police entered Lacerte's well-furnished and orderly four-room apartment. Lacerte was found in bed and apparently sound asleep. His breath showed that he had been drinking. He was told to get up and dress, and he complied grumblingly. Taken downstairs to where the woman's body lay, he at first denied ever having seen her before.

When Lieutenant Dooner informed him that he must go to the police station Lacerte burst into tears and stated that he did know the dead woman. He said that she had passed as his wife, but that they were not really married. Her name, he said, was Jeanne Dorion, she was 21 years of age, and she had come here from Gaspe. They had been living in the St. Dominique street flat only about three months. He made no further statement, and was first taken to the Beaubien street station and then to the cells at headquarters. Lacerte gives his occupation as that of a clerk in the employ of his brother, who has a store in St. Hubert street.

Coroner McMahon was notified and he ordered the body removed to the morgue. All available witnesses were ordered to appear for the inquest this morning at 10 o'clock. Lieut. Dooner and his men conducted an investigation of the premises. No signs of a struggle were found in the flat, but the door leading to the gallery was found open, satisfying the police that the woman jumped, fell or was thrown from the balcony to the solid ice thirty feet below.

The only thing many a man can enthuse over is himself.

Fine Bathroom Ware

We offer you a complete line of "Out of the Ordinary" Bathroom Ware, combining Great Strength and Durability with Beauty of Design.

The absence of fancy or ornamental features renders these goods perfectly sanitary.

Guarantee

Our Guarantee of Good Workmanship, Good Plating, and Perfect Satisfaction accompanies every article.

The John Lewis COMPANY LIMITED

ARENA TURNBULL ST.

Band Mon., Wed. and Sat.

Postponed O. H. A. Hockey Game between Lindsay Juniors vs. Belleville Juniors. Will be played Friday, January 28th. Fast game assured.

Should Belleville win, this will tie this district.

Admission 25c. Reserved seats 35c.

Band in attendance

Ladies' Hudson Seal Coats

No. 1 Quality Lined throughout with No. 1 Brocade satin 40 inches long........Price $120.00

Muff to match $22.00

J. T. DELANEY

29 Campbell St. opposite Y.M.C.A. Phone 797

See Our Window

N. B. We Buy Raw Furs

OXO CUBES

Ready in a moment

A cup of hot OXO every day is a splendid safeguard against colds and chills

A CUBE TO A CUP

Tins of 4, 10, 50 and 100 Cubes

GET THE
F. S. ANDERSON CO'S
GENUINE
SCRANTON
COAL
BELLEVILLE

The Best we Can Buy Carefully Prepared and Delivered

The F. S. ANDERSON CO.,
42 Bridge St.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent: also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent my be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—58690

OVERCOATS

Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat! We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.

Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

We all agree that love is blind when our girl falls in love with some other fellow.

ONE WEEK WHITEWEAR BARGAIN SALE

A GREAT BARGAIN FEAST OF MUSLIN UNDERWEAR and Broken Assortments of LADIES' LINGERIE BLOUSES

White Week Sale of Dainty Gowns

Dozens of high-class, handsome Night Gowns, perfect in every detail and priced exceeding low for this sale.

$1.00 Gowns	- for	78c	$1.75 Gowns	- for	$1.38
1.25 ,,	- for	98c	2.00 ,,	- for	1.58
1.50 ,,	- for	$11.8	2.50 ,,	- for	1.98

Drawers Priced Low

So low in fact that you'll surely want to supply your future needs.

Regular 75c -	for	53c
Regular $1.00 -	for	73c
Regular $1.25 -	for	93c
Regular $1.50	for	$1.03

Brassieres

The famous Gossard Lines that will delight your eye and please your pocket-book.

Regular 75c -	for	58c
Regular $1.00 -	for	78c
Regular $1.23 -	for	98c
Regular $1.50	for	$1.18

Wed., Jan. 26, to Wed., Feb. 2

Enticing Offer Of Fine Underskirts

No matter if you desire a rather modest inexpensive one, or a real good one, we have them at prices that will delight you.

Reg. $1.00	values for	78c
,, 1.25	,,	98c
,, 1.50	,,	$1.18
,, 1.75	,,	1.38
,, 2.00	,,	1.58
,, 2.50	,,	1.98

Beautiful Blouses

You will be surprised at the extensive lines we are showing for this Sale, and the remarkable values we are able to offer.

THREE BIG TABLES FULL

Table No. 1

Reg. $1.25	Blouses for	97c
,, 1.50	,,	$1.17
,, 1.75	,,	1.27

Do Not Miss This Whitewear Sale

Ketcheson & Earle

FREDERICK

PALMER

GRIFFIN'S Opera House

MON. EVE. JAN. 31

Will Portray with

Moving Pictures

and

Thrilling Narratives

THE GREAT WORLD WAR

Under the auspices of the 80th Overseas Battalion, C. E. F.

Seats, $1, 75c, 50c, 25c

Plan now open at Doyle's Drug Store.

This Changeable Weather Brings Coughs and Colds

Here are a few lines of our own make of Confectionery that give relief to that tickling in the throat

Horehound Tablets,	20c lb.
Butter Scotch, - -	20c lb.
Menthol Tablets, -	30c lb.
Humbugs, - - -	20c lb.
BarleySugarTablets	20c lb.

Have Some to-day

Chas. S. Clapp

THE DOMINION BANK REPORT A GOOD ONE

A very satisfactory statement was submitted to the Shareholders of the Dominion Bank at the Forty-fifth Annual Meeting held recently at the Head Office in Toronto. The Report showed that the Bank has made marked progress during the past year, and has taken an important part in the financing of the general business of the country.

The profits for the year were $870,266, and after making the necessary allowances for charges of management, bad and doubtful debts, and Dominion and Provincial Government taxes, the net earnings amounted to $605,123 equal to 13.40 per cent. of the Capital. Total assets reach the sum of $87,175,126 and increase of fully $7,000,000 over 1914. Current Loans show practically no change, being $17,153,000 as against $17,196,000 last year.

An interesting feature of the Report is the fact that the Cash assets amount to $19,921,625 or 27 per cent. of the liabilities to the public, while the immediately available assets show $32,660,400 or 44 per cent. of the liabilities to the public.

There is a considerable increase in the Note Circulation, due no doubt to the activity displayed by The Dominion Bank in helping to finance the Western wheat crop.

The Report constitutes a very creditable showing, and is one of the strongest ever issued by this well known institution since its incorporation 45 years ago.

Grey Declares Blockade Tight

LONDON, Jan. 26.—The result of the anxiously awaited debate in the House of Commons on the blockade question is that the British Government adheres to its existing policy.

A resolution introduced by Arthur Shirley Benn, Unionist member for Plymouth, that the entire over-oceanic traffic with Germany should be prevented by a blockade, was talked out, and the subject dropped, thus leaving the position exactly as before the debate, except that Parliament seemed more converted to the Government policy.

Interesting figures published by the War Department partly demolished the elaborate structure raised by the newspapers, and Sir Edward Grey's effective speech appeared to finish the work thus begun.

Advertise in The Intelligencer.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 8 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED — ATTENDANTS. APPLY Ontario School for the Deaf. j19-tf

WANTED—LADY BOOKKEEPER FOR OFfice. Apply by letter, stating experience and salary. Box "K" Intelligencer Office. 24-4td

WANTED—SMART INTELLIGENT GIRLS to learn Shirt-making. Apply Deacon Shirt Company. 24-6td

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill hands and machinists. Steady work. Good wages. Apply Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Peterborough, Canada. 26-6td

WANTED—FIRST CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill and Planer hands, Toolmakers. Good wages. Steady work. Canadian Westinghouse Company, Limited, Hamilton, Ont. d—j27

STRAYED

STRAYED OR STOLEN FROM 106 NORTH Front Street, white Beagle pup, tan head and ears. Any information communicate with above address. Ralph Weese. 27-2td

TO RENT

TO LET—NEW SIX ROOMED HOUSE ON Gordon Street. Electric lights and water. Apply 78 North Front St. 26-4td

TO RENT, RESIDENCE, No. 221 CHARLES St.; contains all modern conveniences. Apply at The Intelligencer Office a23-tf

TO LET, THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the Bank of Commerce, and also rooms in the same block and the Robertson Block, suitable for offices and apartments. S. S. Lazier. j17-dtf

TO LET — COMFORTABLE ROOM AND board for one or two in private family, very central. Box 'O' Intelligencer. 24-4t

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—WATER MOTOR, GLASS OFfice, two refrigerators. Must be sold and taken away in 20 days. Green's Butcher Shop, 181 Front St. 27-6td

AGENTS WANTED

AGENT WANTED AT BELLEVILLE—Crown Life Ins. Co. of Toronto want good live hustler. Liberal contract. Write to Crown Life Ins. Co., Toronto. 27-4td

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SPORTING NEWS

HOCKEY STANDING

INTERMEDIATE.

Group No. 1

	Won.	Lost.	Goals For.	Ag'st.
Belleville	5	1	38	20
Picton	3	1	25	15
Queens II.	1	3	9	18
33rd Battery	1	5	8	27

33rd Battery defaulted Jan. 22.

Group No. 2.

Peterboro' Elec	3	0	16	10
93rd Batt.	3	1	17	10
Cobourg	2	2	17	18
Campbellford	0	5	13	21

Lindsay dropped out Jan. 1.

Group No. 3

Oshawa	4	0	30	2
Bowmanville	3	0	6	2
81th Batt.	1	3	1	11
Whitby	1	5	16	23

Cobourg dropped out Jan. 1.
Whitby dropped out Jan. 22.

JUNIOR.

Group No. 1.

Kingston C. I.	2	0	16	7
Frontenacs	0	2	7	16

Group No. 2.

Port Hope	5	0	36	19
Oshawa	4	1	36	19
Cobourg	2	1	18	33
Bowmanville	0	6	12	31

Bowmanville dropped out January 13.

Group No. 3a.

Lindsay	3	0	24	6
Belleville	2	1	1	6
Peterboro'	0	4	5	15

Campbellford dropped out on January 1; Peterboro' defaulted Jan. 19.

BASEBALL

THE COMING YEAR IN BASEBALL

When Old Doc Time beckons up the highway of sport they all follow the graves and the best with the rest of the field that has served its term under the banner of the game.

So for 1916 it will be of some interest to see just how many drop from the ranks or fade into the mists where even the greatest are soon forgotten by a fickle public that only remembers what you are to-day—not what you used to be. The past counts but little in a game that moves with such swiftness, where so many come and go and where the places of those who fall are so quickly taken by others waiting for the chance.

Here are at least a few of those who may hike onward for a year or two longer—or who might also drop out before 1917 opens its docket:

No. 1. Christy Mathewson.
No. 2. Honus Wagner.
No. 3. Napoleon Lajorie.
No. 4. Edward S. Plank.
No. 5. Mordecai Brown.
No. 6. Edward Walsh.
No. 7. Hal Chase.
No. 8. Napoleon Rucker.

Five of these belong to the greatest contingent of pitchers brought forward in fifty years of play—Mathewson, Brown, Walsh, Rucker and Plank. What a staff that would have made for any club with all five in their prime!

This doesn't mean that all five are to go, but no one of the five is certain to start another campaign beyond this spring's mobilization. Mathewson is doubtful in regard to his neck and shoulder trouble, where his nerve centers are badly worn away. There is a chance that 1916 will be his closing campaign. All depends on how the old salary whip and adjacent neck muscles thaw out this spring.

Walsh has been practically out of it for two years. But last season he was able to win a game or two. 1916 will probably wind up his career. Miner Brown had a good season with the Feds, but the Three-Taloned marvel is now forty years old, and he, too, is edging toward the shadows. Ed Plank, one of the game's greatest marvels, was still almost as effective as ever, although he had passed his fortieth year. But the Gettysburg Guide is closer to the border at last. Nap Rucker has had arm trouble for the last two years, so no one can tell what 1916 will hand him before October. But of the five pitching stars mentioned, who have served an average of more than twelve years, at least three are doomed to hand in the old uniform and take their places with the birds that used to be.

The requiem has been sounded for Hans Wagner and Nap Lajoie ever since Hector was a pie-eyed pup. When we were still a toddling infant we recall that the sportive gossip of the day was to the effect that old Hans and old Larry were about through.

But each year they come back and crack the pill on the proboscis or spear the festive grounder with abandon and eclat. Still they can't go on forever. Their places in balldom's sun must soon be taken. Hans is forty-one or more. Larry is forty. They have served twenty years each on the skinned plots back of the green turfed infield. They have outlasted the average player by nearly a dozen seasons.

Both big and powerful, they have stood the strain of the game where smaller frames would have curled up. And though most of this period may go through 1916 and hold their places without a slip. But to go on the Flying Dutchman is concerned, we refuse to predict his finish until a full month has elapsed after he has turned in his uniform and nailed his old glove to the cabin wall.

As for Hal Chase, one of the greatest of all first basemen. Hal seems to be pointed toward the minor border. Hal, through his excessive flopping from spot to spot and league to league, isn't the most popular bloke in the game with the controlling powers. Most of them would be much obliged to observe Hal drop out for good, so another star is fairly sure to fade this summer.

HOCKEY RECORD

Following are the O. H. A. games this week, with the exception of Monday's, which are contained in the Hockey Record:—

THURSDAY.
Intermediate.
Bowmanville at 81th Battalion.
Alliston at Collingwood.

FRIDAY.
Senior
Brockville at Queen's.
Intermediate
Queen's II. at Picton.
Peterborough Electrics at 93rd Batt
Weston at Bolton.
Port Colborne at Hamilton.
Niagara Falls at Dunnville.
Hamilton (Depot Regt.) at Paris.
Sarnia at London Overseas.
Ingersoll at Woodstock.
Junior.
Port Hope at Oshawa.
Newmarket at Aura Lee.

SATURDAY.
Senior.
Riversides at Toronto R. & A. A.
Junior
Brantford at London.
Frontenacs at K. C. I.

Pickering College at De La Salle.

HOLDS $105,000,000 CASH

Judge Gary's Brief Review of Steel's Strong Position

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—Nearly all the eighteen members of the Steel Board were present for the dividend meeting today, and were in a cheerful mood, quite different from a year ago, when the dividend was passed because earnings had fallen to a low level and plants were working at not more than 40 per cent. of capacity. Judge Gary issued a statement saying:

"The earnings for the quarter, amounting to $51,232,788, are $5,729,084 larger than any previous quarter. As usual, they were not made up until the day of the meeting of the directors. The amount of cash in banks is about $105,000,000.

"The members of the finance committee and of the board of directors were all in favor of the declaration of the 1¼ per cent. on the common stock."

"Judge, was there any dissension among the directors while the dividend was being discussed?" the chairman was asked.

"None at all," Judge Gary replied. "The Steel directors are always unanimous on everything they vote upon."

The usual preferred stock dividend of 1¾ per cent., payable February 24 to stockholders of record January 31, was voted. The common stock dividend will be paid March 30 to holders on the books March 1.

The corporation had unfilled orders amounting to 7,806,220 tons on its books when the year ended.

Isle Royale is now producing around 900,000 pounds of copper monthly.

RITCHIE'S

PRE - INVENTORY CLEARANCE Of All Surplus Stocks

And there are Only a Few Days More in which to accomplish this, as the Final Stock Inventory takes place at the close of our Business Year, Jan. 31st. Here are a Few of the Offerings.

2 Dozen DRESSES to Clear at $5.00

All of very fine Silk and Serge qualities; also a few Cashmeres. They are in splendid shades of Brown, Cream Navy, Black, Greens, and Copenhagen. Not this season's garments, of course, but good styles. It is a certainty that they will not be long in stock at this price, so be on hand early for first choice. Regular values $12.50 to $20.00. Your choice for $5.00

Have Your Furniture RE-UPHOLSTERED NOW

And Save 20 per cent

This means a big saving, and if you have any shabby furniture to be re-upholstered, why this is your chance. During this month we are also offering some exceptional bargains on Furniture Coverings, all handsome goods and marked at prices you cannot afford to miss. (3rd Floor)

Men's Suits, $10.95

Stock taking has revealed a quantity of High Class Suits which we are desirous of clearing out before the final inventory at the end of the month. They are odd lines of suits, not being all sizes in any one pattern, but the lot represents a complete range of sizes from 36 to 42. All excellent values at the regular prices, in greys or brown English tweed mixtures. Owing to the increased cost of clothing materials and trimmings, we consider this an excellent opportunity to procure a first class Suit at a bargain—$10.95. (See window)

All Our LADIES' COATS Half Price

And that means you can buy a Coat that is marked to sell at $10 for $5; $12 Coats for $6; $15 Coats for $7.50; $18 Coats for $9; $20 Coats for $10; $25 Coats for $12.50, and $30.00 Coats for $15.00. These are not undesirable garments, but every one strictly new in the latest styles, and the best of materials. See them in the windows.

25 p.c. Discount Off All Our CHILDREN'S COATS

That means: $5.00 Coats for $3.75; $6.00 Coats for $4.70; $8.00 Coats for $6.00; $10.00 Coats for $7.50; $12.00 Coats for $9.00.. $15.00 Coats for $11.75.

And the showing is very large, embracing Coats for children of all ages. The materials are the best and the shades represent all that is new for the season.

Millinery Half Price

This includes not only the Ladies' trimmed Millinery, but every untrimmed shape as well as all Children's Millinery. There are still many "chic" hats shown for your choosing that would be very becoming for present wear. Just think of this: For $2, $3, $4 and $5 you can buy Hats that would previously have cost you $4, $6, $8 and $10. (2nd Floor)

Home Book of Fashions

The Early Spring Number Now on Sale at Pattern Counter.

Fashions for Spring were never smarter. In this book are shown the newest ideas in the most practical form. Seventeen pages in full color, showing a careful selection of smart designs for the mother and her grown up daughter, as well as for the girl and boy.

You will need this book to help you with your Spring sewing. Get one at the Pattern Counter.

Secure your copy of "Good Dressing." It is free.

Price 25 Cents and your own selection of a *guaranteed* 15 cent PATTERN FREE

The RITCHIE Company Limited

Within the Military Circle

BELLEVILLE

Dr. Harper, of Madoc, is visiting the 155th Battalion Headquarters today.

The number of recruits of the 155th Battalion now in Belleville is 150.

Band Master Hinchey was in Picton yesterday and reports good success in securing bandsmen for the 155th Battalion.

At the Prince Edward County Council meeting yesterday the officers of the 155th Battalion made an application for a grant which was favorably dealt with.

80th Battalion Orders

Bn. Orderly Officer for today, Lt. J. H. Alp; for tomorrow, Lt. J. N. Phelan.

Bn. Orderly Sergt. for today, Cpl. Bailey, A. Co.; for tomorrow A. Sgt. Vance, B. Co.

Bn. Orderly Corpl. for today, L. Cpl. McInnes, B. Co.; for tomorrow, L. Cpl. Dryden, B. Co.

KINGSTON.

Lieut. Burwash of the A. S. C. has been sent to take charge of the supply work at Belleville.

Lieut. Raby will be transferred from Belleville to the A.S.C. work in Kingston.

Captain Ponton is now employed in connection with infantry instruction in the 3rd Division.

OIL EXPLOSION CAUSES BIG FIRE

Canadian Press Special

ALBANY, N.Y., Jan. 27.—Caused by exploding oils in an Albany tire repair shop, early this morning, fire destroyed Oddfellows Hall and several office buildings. Loss, half a million.

Have the Intelligencer sent to your

THE WEATHER.

Fresh northerly winds; colder to-night, and on Saturday local snow flurries.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 81 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, JANUARY 28, 1916. No. 25

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58 years continuous business is a guarantee for square dealing, best values and lowest prices.
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GERMAN FLAG TORN DOWN

DEPUTATION OF 155TH ADDRESS COUNTY COUNCIL

A Grant of Four Thousand Asked For---Matter is Referred to Committee on Ways and Means---Deputation Receives a Hearty Welcome From Council.

Thursday, Jan. 27th.

Afternoon Session

Council resumed at 2 o'clock.

On motion the council went into committee of the whole on bylaws; Mr. Montgomery in the chair.

A bylaw was read authorizing the borrowing of $31,800 to meet current expenditure until the taxes are collected.

A bylaw to appoint two members of the council on the Board of Management for the House of Refuge was introduced. Messrs. T. Naylor and J. V. Walsh were appointed members.

A bylaw to appoint a member of the audit of the administration of justice accounts was introduced. Mr. E. W. Hawkins was appointed.

Mr. Geo. West was appointed High School trustee for Madoc High School; Mr. Wilfred Woodcock for Deseronto High School; Messrs. Walter Potts, W. Hyde and Jas. Sondercock were appointed for Trenton High School.

The committee rose, reported progress and asked to sit again.—Granted.

Asked For a Grant

A deputation representing the 155th Battalion was present to address the Council. Warden Nugent welcomed the deputation and stated the Council would be pleased to hear them.

Col. Adams, Commanding Officer of the Battalion addressed the Council The battalion, he said, was being well recruited and there was no doubt it would be a full battalion in the spring. The deputation was present to ask for a grant for recruiting and regimental purpose. There were at present 10 recruiting officers in Hastings County, and the results were excellent. The Council had granted $1,000 to the 39th Battalion, and a like sum for the 80th Battalion. The 155th Battalion was in every sense a Bay of Quinte Battalion, composed of men from Hastings and Prince Edward Counties. Prince Edward County Council had made a grant of $1,000 to the 155th Battalion. The expenses of a battalion were great and much in excess of what is granted by the Government. He would ask Hastings County for $1,500 for recruiting purposes and $2,800 for regimental purposes.

Mr. Vermilyea—What does the Government allow as expenses for recruiting purposes?

Col. Adams—The Government provides transport by rail only and does not provide for the providing of instruments for a band and other expenses which were incurred.

Mr. C. Ketcheson—If we produce the most men for the battalion from

Continued on page 7, column 4

Women Win In Manitoba

Enthusiasm in Legislature—Gives The Right Also to Sit in The Legislature

WINNIPEG, Jan. 27.—Tremendous enthusiasm signalized the third reading of the woman suffrage bill in the Legislature to-day. The galleries were filled with women who have been prominent in the movement for the political equality of the sexes, and they sang and cheered as the House unanimously passed the bill. Only one member of the Legislature, Joseph Hamelin, Conservative member for Ste Rose, had a word to say against it. He remarked that he had always been opposed to woman suffrage, not because he doubted the ability of women to judge legislation, but because votes for women might cause domestic troubles at election times. He did not, however, vote against the bill.

Right Also to Sit in House

Premier Norris had introduced the bill, but he is in Chicago. The third reading was moved by the Hon. T. H. Johnson, Minister of Public Works, who called attention to the fact that besides giving the women the vote, the bill recognizes their right to sit in the Legislature.

Mutual Compliments

After the bill had been read a third time the women rose in the galleries and sang "O Canada" with great heartiness. They they sang "For They Are Jolly Good Fellows," referring to the members of the House. Not to be outdone, the members rose and replied in like manner.

India Busy Making Shells

Munition Making Being Pushed in Government and Private Factories

LONDON, Jan. 28.—A special despach from Delhi says: Throughout the whole of India efforts to assist in securing victory for the allies are proceeding steadily. Gifts continue to flow in for the equipment of hospitals, for ambulance service, and for institutions for providing comforts for the troops. The manufacture of munitions is being keenly pushed forward, the government giving eager attention to the extension of this work, the progress of which is most encouraging. Government factories are going full blast, while all the workshops of the great railway systems of the country are similarly engaged, and most of the big private firms are lending their aid. The Mahrajahs are rushing the output of war materials.

SUBMARINES SIGHTED IN BRITISH ISLE

Canadian Press Special

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Passengers on the California, which arrived today from Liverpool, said numerous German submarines had been sighted around the British Isles the past few weeks, and their steamer was delayed one day in leaving, owing to the reported presence of submarines.

Buried Alive Rescued in Time

Canadian Press Special

SASKATCHEWAN, Jan. 28.—An Indian named "Four Months," thought to be dead, was buried by his tribesmen under three feet of earth in his shack. Twenty-four hours later close friends went to the spot and hearing sounds proceeding from the grave exhumed "Four Months," who was alive, and seems to be recovering.

British Heavy Guns Active

Some Seventeen Hundred Shrapnel Shells Fired in 24 Hours

SHARP FIGHTING NEAR NIEUPORT

Berlin Tells of Terrific Hand-to-Hand Struggle For Trenches

BERLIN, Jan. 27—Reports from France and Flanders say that a favorable turn in the weather has been followed by active fighting on the entire western front. Along nearly the whole line the roar of artillery is heard, but the heaviest fighting has been in the vicinity of Nieuport, to the north of Ypres and in the Argonne.

German patrolling parties brought back word that German artillery had done effective work against trenches of the Allies near Nieuport, The British artillery, it is said, was hardly less active than that of the Germans. On one section of the front the British fired 1,7000 shrapnel shells, 700 high explosive shells and about the same number of bombs within a period of twenty-four hours.

BRITAIN'S SINGLE AIM IS FINAL, DECISIVE VICTORY

King George's Significant Speech When Parliament Prorogued Until February 15th— The Commons Thanked For Its Liberality

LONDON, Jan. 28.—Parliament was prorogued yesterday until February 15. In the prorogation speech King George said:

"We shall not lay down our arms until we have vindicated the cause which carries with it the future of civilization."

The Royal assent giving statutory force to the military service bill, the trading with the enemy bill, and the bill prolonging the life of Parliament were concluded in the House of Lords to-day.

The speech of the King probably was the briefest on record on such an occasion, but his references to the war were regarded as highly important.

"For eighteen months my navy and army have been engaged, in concert with brave and steadfast allies, in defending our common liberties and the public law of Europe against unprovoked encroachments by the enemy," he said. "I am sustained by the determination of my people at home and overseas to carry our flag to a final decisive victory. In this struggle, forced upon us by those who hold in light esteem the liberties and covenants which we regard as sacred, we shall not lay down our arms until we have vindicated the cause which carries with it the future of civilization.

"I rely with confidence upon the loyal and united efforts of all my subjects, which have never failed me, and I pray that Almighty God may give us His blessing."

The King thanked the House of Commons for the ungrudging liberality with which it has provided for the heavy demands of the war. The speech was read by Baron Buckmaster of Cheddington, the Lord High Chancellor.

New War Credit Vote

At the resempling next month after an unusually short recess, the House of Commons, owing to the necessity for financing the war, will be engaged almost exclusively for some weeks in financial business. A new war credit vote will be necessary, as the sums already voted will be exhausted before the end of February. It is understood that the Budget will be submitted at the earliest possible moment and that it is likely to contain drastic new taxation proposals, including probably a scheme for compulsory investment in the war loan of a proportion of the earnings of the community, the aim being thus to reach the greatly enhanced earnings of workers engaged in the manufacture of munitions and other Government necessities.

PRISONERS LIBERATED BUT WILL BE ENLISTED

Kaiser Celebrates Birthday by Freeing Men From Jail, To Enter Army Against the Allies—The Act is Significant

LONDON, Jan. 28.—The Copenhagen correspondent of the Daily Mail telegraphs under yesterday's date:

"The Kaiser celebrated his birthday to-day at main headquarters, where the Austrian throne congratulated him on behalf of Emperor Francis Joseph and the Austro-Hungarian armies. Others who congratulated the Emperor in person were his brother, Prince Henry of Prussia, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollwegg, the Imperial Chancellor, and Grand Admiral von Tirpitz, the Turkish envoy and a Bulgarian deputation.

Later the Emperor and the rest of the party attended service.

"All prisoners in Germany between the ages of 18 and 55 were pardoned by the Kaiser and will be enlisted in the army."

WHOLE MINE FIELD IS WASHED ASHORE

Canadian Press Special

LONDON, Jan. 28.—The Christiania correspendent of the Daily Mail says: "Owing to the recent storms a large number of mines are ashore on the south coast of Norway and the west coast of Sweden It seems probable that a whole mine field is adrift."

NOW LORD SHAUGHNESSY

A telegram received this morning contains the following:

"Baron Shaughnessy has taken the title of Lord Shaughnessy, of Montreal, Canada, and of Ashford county, Limerick, Ireland."

BLUEJACKETS IN ANTIPHILO

PARIS, Jan. 28.—A despatch to the Matin says the French Bluejackets have occupied the small town of Antiphilo, on the coast of Asia Minor, opposite Castelorizo.

No Opposition To Extension Of Parliament

Liberals Decide After Careful Consideration to Allow Measure to Pass

OTTAWA, Ont., Jan. 27.—The Liberals have decided to allow the resolution for the extension of Parliament to pass without opposition. It is understood that after careful consideration this attitude has been decided upon by the opposition. They will make a protest against the measure being introduced so early in the session but they will not oppose the principle and there will not be active opposition.

The Liberal caucus was unable to come to any decision and the matter was left to Sir Wilfrid Laurier. He has been in frequent conference with his leaders during the past few days and it is understood that it has agreed to allow the bill to pass unanimously. Whether Sir Wilfrid will be able to carry with him the belligerent wing of his party led by Hon. William Pugsley and F. B. Carvell remains to be seen. They may refuse to be bound by this decision and insist on carrying their opposition in the House next Tuesday according to present arrangement.

The debate on the address will wind up Friday night. Monday is private members day.

STEAMER REPORTED LOST

Canadian Press Special

LONDON, Jan. 28.—British Steamer Appam, seven thousand tons, which left Daker, West Africa, January 11th, for Plymouth, is seven days overdue and believed lost. She carried 166 passengers. One of the Appam's boats with how knocked out has been found adrift.

CASUALTIES 549,467

Canadian Press Special

LONDON, Jan. 28.—In a written reply to the request for information, Premier Asquith announces the British casualties to Jan 9th, were 549,467.

CANADIAN INITIATIVE IS PRAISED BY GEN. JOFFRE

LONDON, Jan. 27.—H. M. Tomlinson, correspondent at British headquarters for a London morning paper, in a long despatch published this morning, makes the following references to the Canadian army:

"Nowhere does one find such punctiliousness on duty as in the Canadian lines. The man who owns a ranch salutes his junior or superior with even elaborate emphasis. But there is allowed a freedom of individual expression, nevertheless, which has proved so fruitful that the story of one exploit of Canadians has been circulated in the French Army by General Joffre as revealing a manner to deal with the Prussians. But it cannot be told here.

"The ideal of the Canadians generally is to get the men opposite them into such a state of mind that when our scouts openly insult them they dare not even lift their heads, and are afraid to retaliate, in case worse things happen.

"The habit of self-dependence in adversity, as practised in that young country, is proving a great habit to the Canadians. Their commanders know how to exploit it to the common good.

"When a bomb expert was required some time since—a man who could device the means of delivering the right explosive exactly where the enemy was not expecting it—this job was given to a young man who had astonished the overseas community on several occasions with his scoops as a journalist. The new expert proved no less cunning than the commander who thought of him as a likely candidate. He has since developed into a general authority on bombs.

"The Canadians, intent on worrying the enemy, have established schools where, when not at listening posts or taking part in expeditions and getting 'trench feet,' the men assemble to listen to lectures on better methods of getting their work done.

"Standing in a sea of mire, there was an old barn full of officers, with fodder stowed over their heads on rafters. And yesterday, smoking their pipes, they sat listening with me to a young major who had been thinking out a new war-like device, and wished to communicate his idea. After the lecture the men were paraded in two squads, both shouted at afike, and they marched as lightly and tenaciously as mud to the ankles would let them, to get facility in some other dodge of war, as though they were in team training for Olympian games."

An Angry Crowd Tears the Emblem From Position Despite Attempted Protection of the Police---Apology May be Tendered to Germany for the Insult---Pro-Ally Feeling Runs High.

Canadian Press Special

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—A German flag hoisted at Lausanne yesterday in honor of Em'er William's birthday, was torn down by an angry crowd, despite police efforts to protect it. Federal council of Switzerland, held an extraordinary session, at which it was decided to offer apology to Germany for the insult to the flag. Lausanne is in the French speaking section, and the popular feeling there favors the Allies.

35 Students Join Guelph Battery

Collegians, One-Third Theologs, Eager to Get Definitely Into Service

GUELPH, Jan. 27.—A most unusual addition will be made to the ranks of the 43rd Battery, which is being recruited here by Col. McCrae. On Monday next it is expected that there will be 35 students from Knox College, Toronto, added to the strength. Twelve of these are taking the theological course at Toronto. The men from Knox have made inquiries through a representative committee regarding the possibilities of the various military units. Artillery being most in favor, the committee familiarized themselves with the conditions governing the raising of new batteries in the Toronto district, under Major Richardson and others. There being no immediate opening in that direction, the men duly considered the move in the University to raise either a University Battery or an Overseas Training Battalion. Since this also appeared a trifle vague and problematical, the men composing the Knox contingent have arranged to join the Howitzer Battery in Guelph, and will report for duty on Monday, the last day of this month.

◆

The secretary of the British Launderers' Association makes the remarkable statement that with three million men in the army there are twelve million fewer collars to be dressed each week, representing a weekly loss to the trade of $250,000.

TRAVELLER HAD TOO MUCH TALK

Ventilated Opinions on War, Advocated Pro-Germanism, and Narrowly Escaped Arrest

LINDSAY, Jan. 27.—Yesterday morning a traveller from Napanee narrowly escaped arrest for treasonable utterances. He was one of those loud-mouthed fellows who like to see what a disturbance they can create by their vaporings, but his time he went a little too far under the hypnotism of his own tongue.

It seems that Tuesday evening while seated at the supper table of a local hotel he started to air his views and got into an argument, and chose as his subject the present war.

He waxed hotter and hotter and announced to the whole roomful among other treasonable utterances he would not salute the uniform, nor the king, nor the flag, nor would he fight for Great Britain, and furthermore that he believed Germany was in the right anyway.

The remarks were made pointedly, it is said, in the presence of a number of officers, who took counsel together, and in the morning the man's arrest was ordered and brought about. The traveller on arrest immediately "crawled." He said he did not know anything about his remarks the previous night and apologized most humbly. The proprietor of the hotel was called into consultation and gave the man a testimonial as to character, stating that he liked to talk merely for the sensation he could produce. The man was ill of a serious wasting disease, which had probably affected him. He was thirty-six years of age, and was born in Napanee.

He was allowed to go, but will be kept under surveillance, and the authorities of his home town, it is said, have been asked to look into the case. He was allowed to proceed to Peterborough to conduct his business. This should be a lesson to loud talkers and those fond of an argument to leave military matters alone when they would side with the enemy for the sake of an argument.

AUTHENTIC DESPATCH

The following despatch, received by Mrs. A. Tapp, of this city, speaks for itself:

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 25, 1916.

Mrs. A. Tapp,
69 Charles St., Belleville.

Sincerely regret to inform you 412,163, etc., Albert A. Tapp, 25th Battalion, officially reported admitted to No. 2 Canadian Stationary Hospital, Boulogne, January 18th. Gunshot wound in shoulder. Will send further particulars when received.

Adj.-General.

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIANS

OTTAWA, Jan. 27.—The midnight list of casualties is as follows:

7TH BATTALION:

Previously reported died of wounds, now officially reported wounded and missing since April 24—H. A. Tattrie, Toronto.

15TH BATTALION.

Seriously ill—Norman A. Smith, Armstrong, B.C.

21ST BATTALION.

Wounded—F. S. Baisdon, Lakefield, Ont.

25TH BATTALION.

Killed in action—G. W. Embree, Port Hawkesbury, N.S.

Reported wounded in error—K. Morrison, West Loch Lomond, N.S.

27TH BATTALION.

Died of wounds—William Clark, Keewatin, Ont.

49TH BATTALION.

Seriously wounded, accidentally—A. Meekins, Lower Five Island, N.S.

ROYAL CANADIAN REGIMENT.

Slightly wounded—R. Mills, Montreal.

No. 1 FIELD CO'Y, DIV. ENG.

Wounded—Sapper R. R. Greenan, Ottawa, Ont.

No. 1 CANADIAN AUTO MACHINE GUN BRIGADE.

Wounded, shell shock—Capt. J. E. Browne, Ottawa.

BORDEN'S ARMORED BATTERY.

Killed in action—J. A. Brennan, Eardley, Que.

LAST WEEK Of Our Stock-Taking Sale

IMMENSE BARGAINS OFFERED FOR THIS WEEK'S SELLING.

Dress Goods Remnants on sale at Cut Prices.	
Remnants of Table Linens—Half Price.	
14 quart Granite Dish Pans on sale	25c.
12 quart Granite Dish Pans, sale	19c.
A few Ladies' Winter Coats, one-third off.	
Ladies' Silk Blouses on sale	$1.19
Ladies' all over Aprons, colored and white, on sale	25c.
A full line of Ladies' Cashmere Hose, on sale	25c, 35c, 50c.
Hundreds of bargains in many lines at Stock-taking prices.	

WEEK OF BIG BARGAINS.

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

SPECIAL BOOT BARGAINS

Marked Regardless of Cost to Clear Before Stock-Taking.

WOMEN'S GYPSY BOOTS, in Kid, Midnight Blue and Velvet, Patent and Gun Metal Laced and Buttoned, Plain Toe, or Tipped Mat or Cloth Top, all sizes. Regular $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00.

Clearing **$2.98**

MEN'S TAN and GUN METAL LACED and BUTTONED BOOTS, English or Nobby Toes, all sizes. Regular $5.00 and $6.00 values.

Clearing **$3.45**

ADAMS The Shoeman

HOCKEY STICKS

NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.

AUTOMOBILE SKATES

Made in Canada

Have you seen the New Ones?
Stronger and Lighter than ever

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO.

LET US DO YOUR PLUMBING

The Standard Bank of Canada.

Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.

GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.

Toronto, 28th December, 1915.

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch - - - JOHN ELLIOTT - - Manager

Irresistble Is Our Cake

Guests will beg for it—children will cry for it. We have delicious cake—plain and fancy. It's just as sweet and pure and fine in grain as cake can be. No housewife's cake can surpass ours, because we put in the costly ingredients just as she does, and take equal care in the baking.

Yerex's Bakery

Phone 787
68 Sinclair St. Belleville

CITY AND VICINITY

All ladies who call on Mr. Frank Pember will receive a "Pannell of Beauties" free. j27.29 f4, 6-td j31-tw.

PHOTO-DRAMA CREATION

Part 4 Sunday 2.30 and 7.30 p.m., Griffin's Theatre. Seats free. 28,29

Despairing of persuading British workingmen to save and invest money in the British war loan, several leading bankers in London have suggested to the government the advisability of a state lottery loan on the lines of the French lottery loans.

OUR EMPIRE, IS IT WORTH FIGHTING FOR

Brilliant Address by Archdeacon Cody at Inaugural Meeting of The Canadian Club at High School Lecture Hall—Audience Highly Pleased

The opening meeting of the Canadian Club was held last night in the spacious assembly hall of the High School. By 8.15 o'clock every seat was occupied by members of the club, their wives and friends, also by officers of the 80th and 155th Battalions, and by the members of the County Council. It was the largest and most representative audience in the history of the Canadian Club. The President, Mr. D. V. Sinclair, presided, and was supported on the platform by the guest of honor and speaker of the evening, the Ven. Archdeacon Cody, of Toronto. There were present on the platform also, Mr. J. W. Johnson, M.P.P., Mayor Ketcheson, Warden Nugent, Col. Adams and Col. Ketcheson. Mr. I. L. Moore, the indefatigable secretary, presided at the door and received the tickets and subscriptions of membership, and Mr. P. C. MacLaurin, B.A., principal of the High School, took charge of the ushering.

After singing "The Maple Leaf," Mr. Sinclair introduced Dr. Cody in a felicitous speech, who was warmly greeted by the large audience. Archdeacon Cody is gifted with a magnetic personality, and possesses a voice of rare charm and strength that seems to penetrate the soul like the notes of a cathedral organ. There is a mystic halo in his manner and a religious zeal for God and righteousness and the British Empire permeated his address, even as it did the speeches of St. Francis of Assisi, or the Hebrew prophets of Israel. Dr. Cody is a modern Savonarola, combining in highest order the role of preacher and reformer with boldness and fervor. His message is a clarion call to faith in God, in our Empire and in each other in these dark and troublous days, and its value as a moral tonic and spiritual fulcrum cannot be overestimated.

Taking up his subject "The British Empire—Is it Worth Fighting For?" Dr. Cody gave a resume of the events leading up to the present war with Germany in August, 1914, and outlined in succinct fashion the surprises that Germany gave to our Empire. These he enumerated as follows: (1) Germany's preparedness and plans for war; (2) Her marvellous and sinister system of world-wide espionage; (3) Her doctrine of Kultur, which has revealed a low ethical ideal, and a mere veneer of pinchbeck civilization, with an undercurrent of brutishness and materialism that we cannot realise or express in proper terms; (4) Her utter abandon to materialism as shown in her praise and eclat over Ritschl, Trietszche, Nietszche, and Bernhardi; (5) Her utter absence of the gift of humor, and her obsession of stolid paranoiac hatred of England. Dr. Cody quoted the "Hymn of Hate" against England by Ernest Lissauer, as showing the childishness and jejune spirit of Prussianism, and pointed out the fact of the Kaiser conferring upon the author the highest decoration of the order of the Red Eagle of the fourth class, with the royal crown. As showing the German nation's utter absence of humor, and abandonment to savagery, the speaker illustrated the fact of the outspoken satisfaction of the entire German press over the "Hymn of Hate," and the Emperor's approval and decoration of the author, also the Berliner Tageblatt's childish assertion that Lissauer's poem entitles him to rank as one of the celebrities of modern times, and that the hymn itself is being actually taught in every German school to the little children. Dr. Cody quoted some of the lines of the hymn:—

"You will we hate with a lasting hate;
We will never forego our hate—
Hate by water and hate by land,
Hate of the head and hate of the hand,
Hate of the hammer and hate of the crown,
Hate of seventy millions choking down.
We love as one, we hate as one;
We have one foe, and one alone—
England."

Dr. Cody's speech at this point sparkled with delicate sarcasm, keen wit, and sly humor, as he depicted the attitude of "Tommy Atkins" towards this dull and senseless German hate. To the shilling-a-day cockney the "'ymn of 'ate" is the personification of comic opera and rollicking humor.

Turning to the surprises our Empire had given to the Germans, Dr. Cody enumerated the following:—(1) That we came into the fight at all, seeing we had only national honor to defend, and our treaty obligations to uphold, which to the stolid Hohenzollern were only a "scrap of paper." "They began the war," exclaimed Dr. Cody, "and we will end it—and end it right, and thoroughly." (2) Another surprise we gave the Germans was the exhibition of a united Empire in the face of a common foe, and the ignoring of all party lines, religious bigotry and racial animosities as by a magic "by presto!" (3) The fact that as a Christian nation we have backed up the war and fought fairly, and given our sons and ourselves freely for our ideals, was another big surprise to the Germans. "My Christian faith has not been shaken by this war, it has been infinitely strengthened," exclaimed the speaker, but," he added, "it would have perished as a mere chimera had we stepped aside and folded our arms, while a great bully beat to pulp a little brother like Belgium." (4) Another surprise we gave the Germans was the rapidity with which we gathered men, munitions, and money for this war. We have proved to that great oligarchy that in a democracy there can be—and must be—freedom and strength, liberty and justice, and that freedom can make greater sacrifices and shed richer blood, than a fettered civilization. (5) We surprised the Germans by the invincible strength and strategy of our British navy. Dr. Cody spoke at some length upon the history of naval warfare as illustrating the fact that it is in the sea-power nations must rely for final defence and victory of their cause. He also paid a splendid tribute to Admiral Jellicoe and the boys of the navy.

In a solemn and searching peroration, that was listened to in rapt silence, Dr. Cody showed that while the superficial advantages may seem to have been so far with the enemy, nevertheless the great fundamental advantages are with us, for every German plan has miscarried. They are on the verge of exhaustion in men, finance, spirit, and people are rioting in Berlin, and Maximilian Harden and every critic has been throttled by the Kaiser's mailed fist. Dr. Cody closed his speech by appealing for a renascence of charity, faith and hope, and an unfaltering belief in our Christian ideals of liberty, justice and truth.

A vote of thanks was extended to the speaker by Rev. Dr. Blagrave and Mr. J. W. Johnson, M.P.P., and enthusiastically carried by the audience.

SIDE-NOTES.

Dr. Blagrave in his motion referred to the fact that Dr. Cody preached the sermon at his ordination service in St. George's Cathedral, Kingston, thirteen years ago.

Mr. J. W. Johnson, M.P.P., credited the securing of Dr. Cody to address the club to the importunity of Mr. John Elliott.

Mr. Sinclair spoke of the enforced absence of Col. Ponton, through sickness, and declared that he was a man after Dr. Cody's own heart, and would have revelled in listening to his address. The audience heartily applauded this remark.

The High School hall lends itself finely to the idea of a Canadian Club. It is light and airy and centrally located. The pictures, maps, blackboards and screen give it an educational and didactic atmosphere. The trustees have kindly granted the use of the hall for the remainder of the season.

IN and ABOUT THE CITY

PATRIOTIC CONCERT

W. C. Mikel, K.C., addressed a large audience at a patriotic concert last night in Massey Hall, Toronto.

DEATH OF A CHILD

Joseph G. Venn, little son of Mr. and Mrs. George Venn, 27 King street, West Belleville, passed away yesterday, after an illness of several days. The child was seven years and four months old.

A CLEVER SPEAKER

On Monday next Miss M. Hinds of Toronto, Field Secretary of the Pocket Testament League, will give an address in St. Andrew's church in this city, under the auspices of the various young people's church societies of this city. Miss Hind is recognized as a clever and interesting speaker.

FIREMEN CALLED OUT

Between the hours of 4 and 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon the fire brigade was called out but fortunately their services were not required. A slight blaze broke out in a small building in connection with the roling mills, but was extinguished before any damage was done.

EARLY CHICKS

Mrs. William Lee informs us she has a hen with a brood of chicks, a rarer occurrence at this season of the year. The little fellows are all in a thriving condition and apparently enjoying the mild weather. Who can beat it?—Bancroft Times.

Try Our Saturday Special Chocolates 33c

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

THERE are no secrets in the manufacture of spectacle lenses. But there are great differences in the skill and care of lens makers and in the quality of their work.

Our system of lens making and fitting is a mechanical art brought to a high degree of perfection by care and practice.

Lenses we prescribe are made by us in our own factory that they may come up to the standard of accuracy required by

McFee's Complete Optical Service.

Angus McFee

Demonstration of MacLaren's Jellies, Cream Cheese, Peanut Butter, Mustard Dressing. etc.,

At Wallbridge & Clarke's Bridge Street Store

Balance of this Week.

Specials at Wallbridge & Clarke's

Lettuce
Celery
Parsley

Little Carrots in tins	15c
Little Red Beets in tins	15c
Pickled Red Cabbage (C. & B.)	25c
Salad Dressing Powder, pkgs.	10c
Durkee's Salad Dressing	15c, 35c&60c
Nosco Onion Salts	15c
Fine Paprika, Cayenne and White Pepper	
Crosse & Blackwell's Currie Powder	
Spanish Pimentoes, tins	10c & 20c.

A Most Extraordinary Cure of Epileptic Fits

Mother Had Appealed to Three Doctors in Vain—Cured Four Months Ago by Use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

This letter from Mrs. Noxel is endorsed by Mr. H. J. Mahaffy, druggist, Port Colborne, Ont., as being true and correct. While it reports a most remarkable cure of epileptic fits by use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, it only goes to corroborate similar cures reported by others.

Mrs. Henrietta M. Noxel, R. R. No. 1, Humberstone, Ont., writes: "I cannot help writing to you, as I want you to know what a blessing Dr. Chase's Nerve Food and Kidney-Liver Pills have been to my boy. He was taken with very violent fits, would twitch all over, his eyes would turn towards his nose, his jaws set and his lips turn almost purple. He would clench his fists tightly, become unconscious and then go into a long sleep. After several hours he would wake up sighing and so weak he could not stand. I was afraid he would die and took him to the doctor, who pronounced his case epilepsy. As his medicine was not effective and the fits continued, I took him to another doctor at Fonthill, but his medicine seemed to make him worse.

"As the boy's nerves were in such a state that he could not sit down or lie down, and the fits continued, I took him to a third doctor, who said that he would not undertake to cure epilepsy, as no doctor could cure it. That night I went home very much discouraged, and when I took my dose of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food I gave my boy a dose, and that was the first night in weeks that he slept well. I kept on giving him the Nerve Food three times a day and occasionally a Kidney-Liver Pill to keep the kidneys and bowels active. I can, with a clear conscience, say that he has not had even one fit since beginning this treatment. I give him no other medicine. He looks and feels well, and as there have been no returns of the old trouble for four months, I believe he has been cured. I can never cease to be grateful to the manufacturers of these medicines, for I am sure I would have lost my boy if it had not been for Dr. Chase's Nerve Food."

Mr. H. J. Mahaffy, druggist, Port Colborne, Ont., writes: "This is to certify that I am acquainted with Mrs. Henrietta M. Noxel, and believe that the statement she has made in regard to Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is true and correct."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, 6 for $2.50, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

AMUSEMENTS

CITY HALL THEATRE

TO-NIGHT

2 Act Roaring Farce—

"Fun in a Court-Room"

See Martin at his best.

Pretty Girls. - - - - Company of 20
Auspices XVth Regiment Band
Prices, - - - - - 15c, 25c, 35c
Matinee Saturday. Come and patronize your Band

SINCLAIR'S **Week End Bargains** SINCLAIR'S

Ladies' and Misses' Coats at Half Price

This is STOCK-TAKING WEEK at our Store, and among many other Clearing Lines we offer One Rack of Ladies' and Misses' Cloth Coats, all this season's styles, regular prices from $11.50 to $18.50,

On Sale Friday and Saturday at Half Price Or from $5.75 to $9.25 Each

LADIES' WAISTS, ONLY 59c.

There are some odd lines of Ladies' Cashmerette, Flannel and Wool Delaine Waists, regular prices from $1.00 to $2.50 each, to clear, your choice for only **59c. each.**

WHITE WOOL BLANKETS, $3.35 PAIR

We have 10 only Pairs of these White Wool Blankets, full size 64 x 84 inches, a wonderful Blanket Bargain, on sale Friday and Saturday, for only **$3.35 a pair.**

GIRLS' COATS, $4.50 EACH.

There are about 20 Coats in this clearing lot, sizes from 10 to 15 years, all Heavy Cloth Coats, from $6.50 to $9.50 each, on sale Friday and Saturday, your choice for **$4.50.**

35c. COTTON VELOURS, ONLY 15c. YARD.

We have about 400 yards of this line of American Velours for Ladies' Kimonas, Dresses, etc., all New Designs and Colorings and regular 25c. and 35c. Goods, to clear for only **15c. per yard.**

BLACK AND COLORED COATS, ONE-THIRD OFF.

This means your choice of all our Ladies' Black and Colored Cloth Coats, including our Black Coats for Stout Figures, every Coat in our store is now offered at **one-third off regular prices.**

FLANNELETTE GOWNS, 85c.

These are regular $1.00 Gowns in Ladies' Full sizes, in a splendid quality of White and Pink Flannelette, Embroidery trimmed, Hemstitched Yokes, only **85c. each.**

CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR, 15c.

Here is a clearing lot of Children's Vests and Drawers, sizes 3 to 8 years, heavy Ribbed Vests and Drawers, to clear for only **15c. each or 25c. per suit.**

GIRL'S SERGE DRESSES, $3.00.

There are 20 Wool Serge Dresses in this lot, in Navy and Brown Serge, sizes 6 and 8 years, and all $4.50 and $5.00 Dresses, to clear for only **$3.00 each.**

Sinclair's STORE CLOSES SATURDAYS AT 7 P.M. **Sinclair's**

DON'T
Miss
Our
Discount
Sale
10 Per Cent
Off The Whole Stock
Spools, Grey Cottons and Hole-proof Hosiery excepted.

Wims & Co

FREE GIFT
of
Auto-Strop Razor
to
Soldiers.
Buy one of these Razors from us at the regular price—$5.00, and your soldier friend will receive one, with your compliments—gratis.
Let us supply your shaving needs.
Waters' DRUG STORE
213 Front St.

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip

Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.

Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows.

F. W. L. CARRE
Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward counties.
Phone 366 276 Albert St., City

EYES BLUR
when reading?
If so; Glasses are needed to overcome the strain—let me help you.
Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Eye-Sight Specialist

Hotpoint
El Perco

El Perco
A PERFECT PERCOLATOR
Makes six cups of delicious coffee right at the table for less than one cent's worth of electricity. Attaches to any lamp socket and will commence percolating from cold water in 30 seconds.
LET US SHOW YOU ONE
The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Advertise in The Intelligencer

Death of Lieut. Raymond S. Carter

The news of the death of Raymond Carter came as a great shock to his friends in this community.

Mr. Carter died on Monday morning, Jan. 24th after only a few days' illness, aged 18 years, 2 months and 4 days.

The deceased was born in Picton, and was the son of the late Harry Carter and step-son of Mr. D. J. Shannon.

After finishing his education at the Picton Collegiate some two years ago he entered the employ of the Picton branch of the Montreal Bank, where he was exceptionally popular with the staff and the customers of that institution. In this capacity he proved very efficient and the bank accepted his resignation with regret when he responded to the call of his country and enlisted with the Canadian Overseas forces in November last. Since that time he has been in training for Lieutenancy at the Military School in Kingston, only completing his course and returning home on Saturday, Jan. 15th.

Before returning from Kingston he was suffering from a cold which later developed in an attack of pleurisy. He was under the doctor's care during last week and was apparently improving until on Sunday last he was taken worse and rapidly sank until the end came early on Monday morning.

The funeral was held at St. Mary Magdalene's church on Wednesday, and a large number of friends and acquaintances assembled to do honor to the departed. Interment in Glenwood cemetery.

* * *

Annual Meeting of Agricultural Society

The annual meeting of the Prince Edward County Agricultural Society was held in Shire Hall on Jan. 21st.

The annual statement and Auditor's and the financial affairs of the Society showed a healthy condition. The liabilities were reduced during the year approximately $1,200.00, $1,000.00 of which was the grant received from the County Council.

President Gough reviewed very closely the work of the past year, and pointed out that during the past as well as a few previous years a good deal of improvements had been found necessary and carried out. This would not be required for some time again, so that we should be able to curtail expenses very materially the coming year. The following officers and directors were appointed for the ensuing year:—

President—Howard Leavens.
1st Vice-President—A. J. Cundick.
2nd Vice-President—G. Ed Boulter.
Directors—W. H. Gough, H. B. Bristol, W. J. Carter, M. Gilbert, E. M. Herrington, B. R. Leavens, C. Metcalfe, D. Burlingham, H. H. Horsey.

Owing to the growth of the Society bringing about increased duties, it was the unanimous wish of the members present that application should be made to the Minister of Agriculture, for authority to increase the directorate from nine to fifteen and six others were elected to meet this requirement, if it is asnctioned by the Minister of Agriculture.—Picton Gazette.

* * *

E. B. Purtelle Elected Warden

At the first meeting of the County Council for 1916, which convened at Shire Hall on Tuesday of this week, Mr. E. B. Purtelle, Reeve of Bloomfield was elected Warden.

Mr. Purtelle has had several years' experience in municipal life and has fairly earned the honor that has come to him. He was a member of the Council for Hallowell township for a time, and for several years past has represented the village of Bloomfield in the County Council, having been elected as Reeve of that municipality for the past four years.—Picton Gazette.

* * *

BANCROFT MARBLE QUARRY BOOMING

For some time past the marble quarry just south of the town has been in operation but seemingly on a small scale, perhaps because of financial conditions and the war. However, during the past couple of weeks they have renewed vigor and are now working over time in filling rushed orders. Last week one car load was shipped and the management have another one well under way.

The quality of the product being taken out has been pronounced the best in Canada, and will in all probility give vent to a thriving industry for some time to come. There are now about 25 men employed and it is possible the force will be doubled should the demand for marble continue.

CHOIR BOY HELD FOR THEFTS FROM CHURCH

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 27.—George F. Davis, 17-year-old choir boy at the St. Mark's Episcopal Church, is in custody following the finding of church property valued at $10,000 in his home.

Davis is believed to have carried out a series of thefts at St. Mark's church for the last two years. The church is attended by many of the most prominent church men in the city. Five checks of the Farmer's Bank, of Delaware, each of them made payable to the order of George F. Davis for $1,000 and signed "St. Mark's Church, per Davis," were found in the boy's clothes.

"I stole because I wanted to have a church of my own, where I could preach my own sermons," Davis told Lieutenant of Detective Emanuel.

The vestments and ornaments which the boy stole from the church were of the richest sort.

This is new

The Peps way of treating coughs, colds, bronchitis and lung and throat troubles. How? Well, up to now people with these chest and throat troubles have swallowed cough mixtures, sickly syrups and the like, into their *stomachs*. Sore lungs and throat get no good by dosing the stomach. Peps work differently.

Peps are tablets made up of Pine extracts and medicinal essences, which when put into the mouth turn into healing vapors. These are breathed down direct to the lungs, throat and bronchial tubes —not swallowed down to the stomach, which is not ailing. Try a 50c. box of Peps for your cold, your cough, bronchitis or asthma. All druggists and stores or Peps Co., Toronto, will supply

Peps

Labor Decisively Backs the War

BRISTOL, Jan. 27.—British organized labor, on the first day of a conference which has attracted world-wide attention, out-voted the extreme Socialist anti-war, section, and adopted two resolutions expressing the patriotic resolve to carry the war through.

The first resolution carried by a vote of 1,847,000 against 206,000, and entirely approved of the action of the Parliamentary Labor party in co-operating with other political parties in the national recruiting campaign.

Another resolution pledging the conference to assist the Government in the prosecution of the war was also carried by a big majority.

* * *

The National Defence loan has produced over $2,800,000,000 according to the reports centralized at the Ministry of Finance up to the present. The returns of the principal banks, however, have not yet been fully classified.

Bargains
AT
Lattimer's
Drug Store
For Saturday

50c. Gin Pills 25c.	50c. Fruitatives 29c.	50c. Dodd's Pills 32c.	50c. Chase's Nerve Food 29c.	50c. Zam-Buk 35c.	50c. Williams' Pink Pills 32c.

Patent Medicines

25c.	Nerviline	15c.
25c.	Thomas Electric Oil	15c.
25c.	Chase's K. & L. Pills	15c.
25c.	Carter's Liver Pills	15c.
35c.	Castoria	24c.
25c.	Chase's Syrup	15c.
25c.	Woods' Norway Pine Syrup	17c.
25c.	Gray's Syrup	17c.
25c.	Four T's	17c.
25c.	Shiloh's Cough Syr.	17c.
25c.	Baby's Own Tablets	15c.
50c.	Chase's Ointment	45c.
25c.	Egyptian Liniment	17c.
$1	Scott's Emulsion	69c.
50c.	Scott's Emulsion	38c.
50c.	Pinex	37c.
$1	Pinkham's Comp.	85c.
25c.	Nature's Remedy	12c.
25c.	Abbey's Salt	17c.

15c

SOAP
3 for 25c

Extra Special

25c.	Syrup White Pine and Tar	2 for 25c.
25c.	Bromide Quinine	15c.
50c.	Emulsion Cod Liver Oil	25c.
$1	Emulsion Cod Liver Oil	50c.
50c.	Wine Cod Liver Oil	25c
$1	Wine Cod Liver Oil	69c.
25c.	Bland's Iron Pills	2 for 25c.
25c.	A. B. S. C. Tablets	2 for 25c
25c.	Witch Hazel Cream	15c
25c.	Almond Cream	15c.
25c.	Cucumber Cream	15c.

Toilet Articles

35c.	Pond's Vanishing Cream	29c
50c.	Ingram's Milkweed Cream	29c.
25c.	Violet Talcum	15c.
25c.	Sandalwood Talcum	15c
25c	Duchess Rose Talcum	15c
15c.	Glycerine Soap	3 for 25c
25c.	Shaving Lotion	17c
75c.	Rubber Gloves	49c
25c.	Tooth Paste	15c
25c.	Massage Cream	20c.
25c.	Danderine	20c.
50c.	Danderine	40c.
25c.	Sanitol Tooth Powder	20c
10c.	Wash Cloths	5c.
25c.	Hutax Tooth Powder	20c
25c.	Tooth Brushes	14c.
25c.	Sanitol Face Cream	20c.

FREE
With each package of Nyal's Tooth Paste or Tooth Powder purchased Saturday, we will give absolutely FREE
A 25c TOOTH BRUSH

$2.00
Hot Water Bottles
Guaranteed for 2 years
$1.19

Cigars

10c.	Ovido	4 for 25c.
10c.	Irvings	5 for 25c.
10c.	Travellers	5 for 25c.
10c.	Japs	4 for 25c.
10c.	Bachelors	4 for 25c.
5c.	Havana Ribbon	6 for 25c.
5c.	John Bull	6 for 25c
5c.	Col. Steele	6 for 25c.

Ye Olde Fashioned
HOREHOUND CANDY
17 cents lb.

Chocolate Department
When you want High Class Chocolates, come to us. We carry the best and our stock is always fresh.
Willard's, Huyler's
Nylo's

Riley's Toffee
The Famous English Toffee
40c lb.

THE BEST FACE CREAM EVER USED
is what our Lady Customers tell us about
NYAL'S FACE CREAM
25c. and 50c. Jars.

Kodaks
AND
Supplies

25c. Laxative Bromo Quinine . . . 17c.	Hutax Tooth Powder or Paste 20c.	Nyal's Red Rose Cream 25c.	Nyal's Shaving Lotion 25c.	Nyal's Almond Cream 25c.	$1.00 Listerine 75c.

AGENCY
Nyal's Family Remedies

A SNAP
For
Men and Boys
Gun Metal Buttoned and Laced Boots
Worth $3 and $3.50, now Clearing
Men's for $2.45
Boy's for $2.25
Our Stock of Winter Footwear is Complete at Popular Prices
The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

BARGAIN LIST
FOR THE LAST SATURDAY SALE OF OUR GREAT JANUARY CLEARANCE SALE.
The remaining days of this sale will be doubly interesting as we purpose crowding every minute of the day with such convincing bargains in our many different lines. Here is a partial list. Come Saturday for great bargains.

LADIES' SILK WAISTS.
All new up to date waists, many of them just received this week, have been put on sale.
$2.00 to $2.25 Waists, sale price $1.49
$2.75 to $3.25 Waists, sale price $2.19
$5.50 Waists, sale price $3.79

SALE OF SAMPLE FLANNELETTE NIGHTGOWNS AND LONG KIMONOS.
Reg. up to $3.00 values in Nightgowns, sale price $1.19
Reg. up to $2.50 Kimonas, sale price .... 79c.

RARE BARGAINS IN LADIES' FINE UNDERSKIRTS
Reg. up to $1.00 values in Underskirts clearing at .... 59c.
All Silk Underskirts, reg. $3.50 skirts, clearing at $1.99

CHILDREN'S DRESSES AT GREAT CLEARING PRICES.
Reg. up to $3.50 Dresses clearing at $1.98
Reg. up to $2.25 Dresses clearing at $1.39

BARGAINS IN CHINA DEPARTMENT.
Numerous pieces of Sample China, reg. up to 50c., clearing at .... 5c., 10c. & 15c.

GRANITE WEAR SECTIONS OFFER GREAT BARGAINS.
10c. Pie Plates, . 2 for 15c. Reg. 18c. Pudding Dishes .. 12c.
10c. Basins .... 2 for 15c. Reg. 18c. Mixing Bowls .. 12c.

SPECIALS IN MEN'S SECTION.
$1.25 Grey Flannel Skirts, clearing at .... 98c.
$5.50 Men's Rain Coats clearing at $4.49
$1.25 Men's Umbrellas clearing at .... 98c.

McINTOSH BROS.

THIS WEEK
we are showing extra values in Ladies' Vests and Drawers, at .... 25c., 40c., 50c. per garment
These are extra values and goods at these prices are very scarce.

Initial Stationery
Just received a full stock of:—
New Initial Stationery .... 25c. per box
New Initial Reply Cards .... 25c. per box
Balance of Initial Stationery in stock of lines we are going to discontinue will be cleaned out at .... 19c. box

THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

MUSKRAT COATS
Ladies' Natural American Muskrat Coats:—
40 inches long, Shawl Collar $35
45 inches long, Shawl Collar $39
50 inches long, Shawl Collar $40
Strictly No. 1 Canadian Muskrat Coats, dropped sleeves and Shawl Collar $75
JUST A FEW OF THESE COATS LEFT.

G. T. WOODLEY,
N.B.—WE BUY RAW FURS.

THE PURCHASE of one thousand dollars worth of goods from your own town or your own country, instead of purchasing outside, means the addition of one person to your town or your country instead of supporting him abroad.

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, 237 Front Street.

CHARLES JAMES BOWELL,
Publisher.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement. Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal advertisements, 10c. per line, first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $2.00, strictly in advance.

This is the 541st day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany

THE SHELL COMMITTEE

The clean-cut two-hour statement by Major-General Hughes in the House of Commons on Wednesday should silence the defamers of the Shell Committee, which has been made the subject of general and severe criticism by the Liberal Press and the Opposition side of the House. As portrayed by the speaker the work of the Shell Committee has been creditable to the gentlemen who constituted that body, and to Canadian industry, both those who direct the different kinds of establishments concerned and the men who work therein. The class of agitators against whom Mr. Lloyd George complained in Great Britain as seeking to limit the amount of work that should be done in a day have not been effective here in checking the production per man. High wages have been paid and capacity and skill have been well remunerated. The story is interesting. The idea of the War Office was to get shells made in the United States through Canada. General Hughes was among those who thought the work should be dne in Canada. The Shell Committee came into being. It was a business body whose members were of all political opinions. With its doings Major-General Hughes did not interfere, either as to the giving of contracts or fixing prices. The prices were fixed by the British Government. The Canadian companies and concerns interested were also readier to act than were at least some of those in the United States. In the United States some got large advances before undertaking their contracts. In Canada there was none of this. The Canadians took the risk of the business, made their experiments, and learned by their mistakes. They produced an article which received the commendation of the British authorities both as regards quality and time of delivery. They produced it at a price lower than was paid to United States industries. For 18-pounder shells the figures were $8.55 in Canada and $12.80 in the United States. As they come to better understand the work, also, the Canadian makers' prices were reduced. It is to be hoped that Major-General Hughes' critics will carefully peruse his manly reply to the uncalled for charges, and silently retire to their respective corners—out of sight.

PUGSLEY AND PARTIZANSHIP

The pink of political humbugs, the Hon. William Pugsley, after spending over two hours in denouncing what he termed "middlemen" and manufacturers for securing contracts for war supplies at enormous prices, coolly and with a sanctimonious smile declared that he had no fault to find with the manufacturer, it was only the shell committee that he blamed. It was the giver of the contracts at enormous prices and not the receiver who was to pocket the profits who was to blame. The votes of the manufacturers loomed up. He feared them; hence, a little "soft solder" was applied, fancying that would heal the wound of an act of wrong-doing. The Hon. Mr. Hazen, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, pricked that bubble, when he said: "How gently and with what soft gloves did the hon. member for St. John handle the manufacturers of this country. If Mr. Pugsley's argument meant anything, it meant that these manufacturers had employed middlemen and that they had been paid sums far in excess of the value of the work they had done, and this for political reasons."

Mr. Pugsley was not satisfied with berating the Shell Committee and the manufacturers for giving out and accepting contracts out of which fortunes were made, but he charged the Government with partizanship in awarding contracts and in the appointment of war officials. This charge Mr. Hazen combatted and proved to be untrue.

He read a list of names of Liberal directors of a number of firms in the Maritime Provinces and Canada generally which had secured contracts, among them being that of Hon. Clifford Robinson, former local leader of the Liberal party in New Brunswick.

Other Opposition members also raised the cry of partizanship. Mr. Macdonald, of Pictou, said that in his county only physicians who were Conservatives were allowed to examine recruits for active service.

Mr. Kyte, of Richmond, Nova Scotia, declared that no one could secure an appointment or a contract unless he was a Conservative.

How far this spirit of partizanship has been acted upon, this section of the Dominion can answer, each contract that has been secured in this city for, shells or boxes is held by Liberals, who are doing good work. No one will deny that this city and county are not Conservative. All we can add is, that all their orders may be duplicated, and that the profits to the manufacturers may be reasonably remunerative.

As to the doctors, no partizanship has been shown. Those who hold similar positions to those referred to by Mr. Macdonald in this city are Liberals, and are doing their important work well. No partizanship has been shown in dealing with war appointments or war contracts. The charges are but the cravings of minds who desired plunder and didn't get it.

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The Swastika Gold Mines, Limited, has been organized to develop the Swastika and other claims. A Provincial charter has been granted and the capital of the new company is $2,000,000.

A FEW OPPOSITION TIT-BITS.

Mr. E. M. MacDonald, of Pictou, criticized the Government for the fact that Canada has contributed no volunteers to the British naval service, as had Australia, New Zealanders and even South Africa.

"We have not got a single submarine in Eastern Canada," said the member for Pictou.

He also referred to one period after the war broke out, when all the British vessels guarding the Atlantic coast were down in the West Indies, leaving the coast bare of effective defence, stated that insufficient precautions were taken to guard the Halifax dockyard, and asserted that the Niobe was now being dismantled. Mr. Macdonald thought Canada should have two torpedo-boat destroyers on the Atlantic coast.

The member for Pictou went on to state that the fallacy of the idea that Canada could not build steel ships having been exploded, the Dominion ought to equip herself for transportation on the sea as on land.

Mr. Macdonald censured the Government because Canada had contributed no volunteers to the British navy and also because the Canadian navy was not in a state of efficiency when the war broke out. As a result many German vessels which could have been captured, had the Niobe been afloat, had escaped into United States waters. Mr. Macdonald also thought that torpedo boats and submarines should have been purchased for the protection of Canadian commerce on the Atlantice coast as well as Canadian transports.

With the single exception of the small vessel given to the Government by Mr. Jack Ross of Montreal, which had been converted into a torpedo-boat destroyer, there was not a single Canadian boat to protect Canadian transports. Had there been a German submarine raid on the Atlantic coast Canadian shipping would have been practically without protection save for that rendered by Australia or Britain. At the present time the Niobe was again dismantled, and a solitary policeman was on guard at the gate to the Canadian Admiralty at Halifax.

It is only necessary to point out that Mr. Macdonald, M.P. for Pictou, is Sir Wilfrid's right bower from Nova Scotia, and ONE of those who, when the question of strengthening the navy was proposed to Parliament, VOTED AGAINST the appropriation, declaring there was no emergency, nor was there any fear of a war with Germany. Now he holds the Borden Government responsible for not being prepared for war.

Can this class of partizanship, hypocrisy and chicanery be excelled in the ranks of the Pugsley following? Unfortunately Mr. Macdonald is not alone in the policy now being adopted by the present opposition in Parliament. Office is of more importance to them than the ending of the carnage now raging in Belgium and France. The great mass of the people do not share in such tactics.

◆

GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From The Intelligencer, Jan. 28, 1868.

Nicholas Dodds, of Stanstead, dropped dead yesterday while chopping in the bush.

The number of persons receiving relief in the east end of London, England, is upwards of 400,000.

George Murray of Oneida was killed by a tree falling on him last week—the nineteenth fatal accident under similar circumstances which we have noted this winter.

The Martello Tower at Dungannon, near Wexford, Ireland, was attacked by a body of Fenians who were repulsed.

◆

Current Comment

Now comes news that the Wilson administration favors, not only a tariff commission, but an anti-dumping clause. It will be quite a protectionist administration if it keeps on.—Buffalo Express.

Gen. Sam Hughes is growing in favor in Canada as his work and impartiality are properly appreciated. This is as it should be, for undoubtedly Canadians owe a debt of gratitude for the work of the Minister of Militia.—Guelph Herald.

A tax on mail order business, with increased taxes on express companies and street railways, are being considered by the Government of Manitoba. Having gone borrowing money it now has to go taxing people to pay the interest.

"Canada is united and determined to make every sacrifice for helping Britain and France to make triumphant the cause of right, of justice and of civilization. These are the sentiments of La Patrie, of Montreal, sentiments to which its readers will surely say "Hear, hear."—Mail and Empire.

Father Bernard Vaughan is as frank as Lord Fisher as to the conduct of the war when he says that "Our business is to keep on killing Germans." If enough of the enemy are killed, then victory will be in sight; and that is the goal. It is the slaying that counts in war.

The Belgian Minister to War denies indignantly that Belgium would consider a separate peace. Belgium knows that her chances of obtaining indemnity for her wrongs depend on sticking to the Allies to the last, and she may reasonably argue that when Germany begins to throw out hints about a separate peace, those chances are looking brighter.

A Brockville hockey club player has been suspended by the O. H. A. for leading a mob in an attack on a referee from Ottawa, and the club, which was not to blame in the matter, has been notified that if ample protection is not given visiting teams and officials, league hockey will be forbidden in that town. The case is not an isolated one, for there have been unpleasant incidents on the ice in numerous other towns. Why is it that certain strenuous players of games insist on acting as though their opponents were Huns to be swatted into unconsciousness, together with officials, on the slightest provocation?—Montreal Gazette.

The statement made by the Prime Minister of Sweden on Tuesday that for the sake of neutrality his country should not submit to dangerous restructions on its rights and liberty gives meaning to what Sir Edward Grey declared in the House of Commons on Wednesday on the resolution calling for a stricter blockade of the German Empire. The statements of the United States customs service are evidence that through Holland and the Scandinavian countries quantities of this continent's produce are being shipped for use in Germany. Some of it may never reach its destination. No one can doubt that some of it does.

How can the Government of Canada, without dishonor, refuse to make the Parliameneary inquiry Mr. Carvell demands into the operations of the defunct Shell Committee? During the thirteen or fourteen months of its career that committee awarded contracts calling for the expenditure of almost three hundred million dollars, a greater sum than was spent during the same period by the Dominion Government on all the public services of the country, including the raising and equipping of the Canadian overseas contingents.—Toronto Globe. It is quite evident the Globe has not digested the two-hour statement of the Minister of Militia in the Canadian House of Commons on Wednesday.

SUFFERED FROM BACKACHE, RHEUMATISM, DROPSY.

Dear Mr. Editor—I wish to tell you of a recent experience I had when suffering from backache, weak back, rheumatism, dropsy, and congestion of the kidneys. I tried a new medicine called "Anuric," which has recently been discovered by Dr. Pierce, of whose medicines and Surgical Institution in Buffalo, N. Y., you have no doubt heard for years. This medicine acted upon me in a wonderful manner. I never have taken any medicine so helpful in such quick time. I do wish anyone in need of such a remedy would give it a trial.
(Signed) G. H. HERR.

NOTE: Folks in town and adjoining counties are delighted with the results they have obtained by using "*ANURIC*," the newest discovery of Dr. Pierce, who is head of the INVALIDS' HOTEL and SURGICAL INSTITUTE, in Buffalo, N. Y. Those who started the day with a backache, stiff legs, arms and muscles, and an aching head (worn out before the day began because they were in and out of bed half a dozen times at night) are appreciating the perfect rest, comfort and new strength they obtained from Dr. Pierce's Anuric Tablets. To prove that this is a certain uric acid solvent and conquers headache, kidney and bladder diseases and rheumatism, if you've never used the "Anuric," cut this out and send ten cents to Doctor Pierce for a large sample package. This will prove to you that "Anuric" is thirty-seven times more active than lithia in eliminating uric acid—and the most perfect kidney and bladder corrector. If you are a sufferer, go to your best druggist and ask for a 50-cent box of "Anuric." You run no risk for Dr. Pierce's good name stands behind this wonderful new discovery as it has for the past half century for his "Golden Medical Discovery" which makes the blood pure, his "Favorite Prescription" for weak women and "Pleasant Pellets" for liver ills.

◆

FREE MASONS' INQUIRY RESULTS PUBLISHED

PARIS, Jan. 27.—A despatch from Havre to the Havas Agency says that the Belgian Government has completed the volume which has been under preparation in answer to the German White Book, and that it definitely disposes of German charges regarding the attitude of the people of Belgium toward German troops. It is stated that the assertions in this regard made by certain German officers were for effect in neutral countries, and that it is proved that they were unfounded. The Belgian book, which comprises 500 pages, and which will soon be distributed, contains a number of hitherto unpublished documents and the report of an inquiry carried out by international Free Masons.

◆

Construction of the largest hotel in the world, to cost $10,000,000 and contain 3,000 rooms, will begin early in 1916 in New York City, it was learned yesterday. The new structure will rise twenty-six storeys—two storeys higher than the McAlpin, and will be located somewhere near the Grand Central Station. It will occupy an entire block.

◆

The Poets' Corner

The Dogs of War.

Thus you may tally the dogs of war;
(You pay the kennel fee)
Fending your borders they range afar,
The harriers of the sea.

Grim in grey water, steel on steel,
Squat battleships sit low,
Their great guns are the bull-dog's teeth
That close upon the foe.

The armored cruisers are strong-ribbed hounds,
Swift on the trail they go.
As burrowing terriers follow the fox,
The submarines hunt below.

Slinking into the midst of dawn,
Black hull and raking stack,
The fell destroyers skulk along,
Mad dogs in a deadly pack.

Every ship with a bone in her mouth
Travels the watery track,
Guarding your goods in the East and South,
Till the keeper calls them back.

He whistles them off, and the battleships
Come sullenly to heel;
He slips the leash, and his eager hounds
Leap forth on rushing keel.

Thus you may tally the dogs of war;
(You grudge the kennel fee)
Guarding your borders they range afar,
The harriers of the sea.

—By Katharine Baker.

◆

TIRED WORKING MEN

A LOCAL DRUGGIST SUGGESTS A REMEDY FOR OVERWORKED, RUN-DOWN MEN.

The following lette from Manager Hodes recounts the experience and condition of many Belleville men. Read this letter and our offer which follows:

Brooklyn, N.Y. "I am a general office manager, and became so nervous and run-down in health that I lost my appetite and finally my health broke down completely, largely because of overwork. I tried Beef Iron and Wine, and other remedies without help. I saw Vinol advertised, and soon after taking it I noticed an improvement. I now have a hearty appetite, sleep better, feel better and have gained considerable in weight." Samuel Hodes, 501 Stone Ave.

The reason Vinol is so successful in such cases is because it contains the three oldest and most famous tonics viz.—the medicinal elements of fresh cod livers without oil, peptonate of iron and beef peptone.

We ask every run-down, over worked man in Belleville, to try a bottle of Vinol with the understanding that their money will be returned if it fails to help them as it did Mr. Hodes. J. S. McKeown, Druggist, Belleville, Ont.

◆

Billy Sunday's Usher Bitten

Billy Annoyed When Congregation Turns From Sermon to Fight

TRENTON, N.J., Jan. 27.—In a fight with a fanatic in the Billy Sunday Tabernacle tonight, Willard Vogts, an usher, was severely bitten. The disturber got one of Vogts' fingers between his teeth and almost severed it. It was during one of the most impressive parts of the evangelist's sermon that a man whose name was not ascertained, arose among the audience of 12,000 persons and shouted: "This is not Christianity! This is paganism This is a music hall!"

Ushers immediately ran to the man and evicted him after a lively tussle. The commotion irritated Sunday, but he was the least excited of anyone in the shed. He urged the audience to keep calm, and said it was not uncommon for the devils to cry against him. He added that if the ushers could not remove the trouble-maker, he would do it. When the audience persisted in looking toward the place where the fight was going on, Sunday who resumed his sermon, became angry. "Stop craning your necks!" he shouted. "If you don't I will quit preaching. You must not mind such mutts. Perhaps you thought they would do such things in Paterson but not in Trenton."

THERE IS A VAST ARMY

of men and women who really never know what it is to enjoy sound, vibrating health—who would be surprised to suddenly gain that exhilarating vitality that robust health brings.

Literally thousands without any particular sickness live in "general debility", as the doctors call it—have headaches, are tired and indifferent. To all such people we say with unmistakable earnestness—"Take Scott's Emulsion after meals for one month and allow its rare oil-food to enrich and enliven your blood, quicken your circulation, stimulate nutrition, and aid nature to develop that real red-blooded life that means activity, enjoyment, success."

Scott's Emulsion is not a drug, but a pleasant food-tonic—free from drugs. One bottle may help you.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 15-38

Kingsbeer
"Club Special" & "Home Brew"
The Best Two Lagers Made in Canada
Consumers who cannot purchase KINGSBEER from their local dealer please address "Mail Order Department, 36 Chaboillez Square, Montreal."

Have You Phoned? Do It Now
Tell Your Dealer
to send you delicious, sweet, juicy, healthful
Sunkist
California's Selected Oranges
Fine Seedless Navels. *Get a dozen today.*
Save the tissue wrappers for beautiful silverware
CALIFORNIA FRUIT GROWERS EXCHANGE
Co-operative—Non-profit
105 King Street, East, Corner Church, Toronto, Ontario (471)

Victor Records for February

A list of selections so varied and so delightful that it seems the extra Leap-Year day in the month is intended that you might have longer to enjoy them all.

They Go on Sale Today

Several which will prove big favorites are listed below. Hear them at the earliest opportunity. They are but a few of the many splendid Records which make the new Victor list an exceptional happy choice.

Ten-inch, double-sided Victor Records—90 cents for the two selections

Boat Song	John Barnes Wells	17693
Joy of the Morning	John Barnes Wells	
You'd Never Know That Old Home-Town	Collins and Harlan	17921
Out of a City of Six Million People	Ada Jones	

A Splendid Dance Record

A Perfect Day—Medley Waltz	McKee's Orchestra	35511
In Wintertime—Waltz	McKee's Orchestra	

Harry Lauder in a New Song

Rosie	Harry Lauder	70113

Wonderfully Attractive Red Seals

Bid Me Good-Bye	Sophie Braslau	64541
When the Dew is Falling	John McCormack	64497
A Warrior Bold	Herbert Witherspoon	64528

Victrola VI $33.50
With 15 ten-inch, double-sided Victor Records (30 selections, your own choice), $47
Sold on easy terms, if desired

Other Victrolas from $21 to $400 (on easy payments, if desired) at any "His Master's Voice" dealer's in any town or city in Canada. Write for free copy of our 450-page Musical Encyclopedia listing over 6000 Victor Records.

BERLINER GRAM-O-PHONE CO
LIMITED
102 Lenoir Street
MONTREAL

DEALERS IN EVERY TOWN AND CITY
ONE PRICE FROM COAST TO COAST
VICTOR RECORDS—MADE IN CANADA
LOOK FOR "HIS MASTER'S VOICE" TRADE MARK

J. V. DOYLE
DRUGGIST

"NO goods purchased abroad are cheap that take the place of our own labor and our own raw material."

"Blackmailed"

By ARTHUR APPLIN

Author of "The Chorus Girl," etc.

(Copyright The Frank A. Munsey Co.)

CHAPTER V.—Continued

Myra slipped past her through the narrow hall and commenced to climb the dark staircase. It was carpeted, threadbare in places, and looked as though it had not seen a broom for years. Instinctively she clutched her short skirt and held it higher. She ran up the stairs as if eager for the interview.

On the second floor facing her a door stood wide open; on the right against the wall was a highly colored poster advertising a cinematograph film. The scent of stale cigarette smoke filled her nostrils. It drifted in thin gray clouds through the open door.

Her courage failed her. She was on the point of retreating when a man appeared suddenly out of the mist. The man she had expected to see—he with the black mustache and the shining bald head.

He nodded and held out his hand. Automatically she took it, and a shiver of repulsion ran through her body.

"You are remarkably punctual for a woman! Come in."

His voice was unpleasantly soft and persuasive. When he spoke the sinister expression left his face; it became almost pleasant; his eyes were like those of a ferret, just as small; the same sickly color and the same blood-hunger gleaming in them.

"Sit down, Miss Berrington. I feel honored by the presence of such a famous actress." He pulled the armchair forward and Myra dropped into it. "Do you smoke?"

She shook her head. She prayed the man did not notice how her fingers trembled.

"You must be surprised I took any notice of your anonymous communication," she said, trying to speak carelessly. "But, like all women, I am dreadfully curious."

He seated himself on the edge of the table and looked at her with unpleasant familiarity as he puffed a cloud of smoke between his thin, colorless lips. She noticed that the fingers of his right hand were yellow with tobacco-smoke.

His patent boots were cracked and highly varnished. His clothes were well cut, but suffered from excessive cleaning and ironing. He wore a diamond pin in his tie. The ends of his mustache were well soaped.

"I haven't introduced myself—but a rose by any other name would smell so sweet—and you had a pretty bunch this morning. The last roses of summer, eh?"

"I told you curiosity brought me here. Unless you satisfy it quickly I shall go, Mr.——?"

"Mr. Paul Duhardt—at your service; though I hope we are going to be of mutual service to one another. If you are in a hurry, Miss Berrington, I'll come straight to the point without any preamble. I guess you're a business woman, though, as a rule, business and beauty don't go together—what!"

He changed his position, and waved a cloud of tobacco-smoke away.

" 'Gad, such a beautiful woman as you ought never to be out of an engagement. London ought to have been at your feet long ago; yes, and Paris and Berlin."

"Mr. Duhardt, what do you want?"

Duhardt threw his cigarette away and lit another. "Money," he said, extinguishing the match.

He waited a moment, but Myra Berrington was silent. He rose to his feet and stood in front of her, almost touching her, his arms folded.

"A mutual want, eh? That's what you're after—money. And, by gad, you've struck a gold mine."

"I havn't the faintest idea what you're talking about." Myra spoke under her breath.

"I saw you get onto the train at Homburg. I heard you curse the German state railways. You did it very nicely. And I watched the little game you played with Sir John Vessie. One of the prettiest comedies I've seen in my life. I don't believe there's another woman who could have done it.

"You know his reputation? Why, down in Sussex they say he won't shoot a hen pheasant until he's been introduced to it! And you had him groveling at your feet inside half an hour."

Myra Berrington rose to her feet as if to leave the room. But Paul Duhardt refused to move an inch. He blocked the way.

'You gave him the slip at Ostend, let him get on the train at Dover alone, with your dressing-case. Followed on by the last train from Dover. On inquiry at the bureau of the Hotel Regent you found that Sir John had your dressing-case in his possession. So you calmly walked into his sitting-room and—he heard some one there, thought it was a thief, and, well—you've fairly got him on toast."

He gave Myra Berrignton an opportunity of speaking, but she said nothing.

"I was passing outside in the corridor; I heard the shout of 'Thief!' Then a scream from you! Of course, I'm not sure now that Vessie didn't know something! Anyway, you worked it perfectly.

"I listened afterward outside the door; overheard every word. You are an artist, Miss Berrington, a great artist. And, by gad! you've struck a gold mine. I need not tell your that Vessie is one of the richest men in England."

Myra stepped back and leaned against the mantlepiece. She was stupefied. She had not expected anything so terrible as this.

She had been accused of blackmail by Sir John Vessie. Now she found herself in the grip of a professional blackmailer. She felt incapable of speech, incapable of action She could not think clearly.

"What has all this to do with you?" she stammered.

Paul Duhardt lit his third cigarette and once more carefully extinguished the match.

"Well, I'm afraid I mu[illegible] to let me share in your good fortune, Miss Berrington. You want money? Money means success, fame, to you. And money breeds. I want it—at the present moment more than you do. I've had my eye on Vessie for a long time, but he was too difficult a proposition for me. But you've got him in the hollow of your hand. A veritable gold mine.

"All you need do when you go back to the hotel is to 'stake your claim,' as it were. I'll do the dirty work and get the gold for you. And all I ask in return is 50 per cent. Share and share alike! Now, sit down again, and we'll go into the affair properly. What do you say?"

He looked at her and wagged his head cunningly. "It's no good being greedy and refusing! It's a fair offer I've made. Share and share alike. You can't refuse—you see I know too much!"

"But of what do I—do you—accuse Sir John?" Myra stammered.

"Of what do we accuse him!" Duhardt grinned. "You've a good choice—of assault and robbery, if you like. Dash it all, you traveled tete-a-tete with him from Homburg, shared his wagon-lit and carried on a delightfully innocent flirtation. You lose sight of him at Ostend; but he holds on to your dressing-case!

"Then you turn up at the Hotel Regent. Sir John is already there. You are told your dressing-case is in Room 11. Naturally you look for it there. Suddenly the door blows open to—a man rushes into the room and shouts 'Thief' and knocks you down. There is still evidence on your forehead of his brutality. The hotel is roused; but Sir John Vessie daren't confess what has happened."

Duhardt leaned toward her. "Neither dare you, now! It wouldn't pay, would it? Evidence! You've almost enough to hang him!"

CHAPTER VI.

The Hawk Strikes

Myra Berrington tried to laugh. She knew the ferretlike eyes of Duhardt were fixed upon her. She was afraid, or ashamed, to meet their gaze—she hardly knew which.

She did not know what to do or what to say. Her instinct at that moment was the instinct of the rabbit—when it suddenly finds it dread enemy facing it—to bolt! She could quite appreciate the feelings of that unfortunate little animal when it finds its home invaded by the ferret thirsting for blood.

The machinery of thought and action was clogged. The soft, persuasive voice of the man facing her acted like a drug. She began to argue with herself, knowing all arguments were futile. Knowing, too, that silence was fatal.

At last she forced words to her lips. She scarcely recognized her own voice.

"This is blackmail!"

An echo of Sir John Vessie when he had found her at the telephone. Had she been entirely innocent? Her conscience suddenly pricked her.

"Call it what you like," Paul Duhardt said blandly. "We are partners in it."

Again she felt tongue-tied. This man's attitude robbed her of all defense.

"Partners—with you—in blackmailing Sir John? Is that what you mean?" She jerked her head back and forced herself to look at him.

He smiled and nodded his head as if she had asked him some simple question. "That's it, exactly. But may I suggest the wisdom of calling a spade a 'horticultural implement,' even when you are discussing business with your partner?"

"Blackmail!" She flung the word in his face with all the scorn she now felt, backed up by fear and loathing of the man. "Blackmail! You brought me her to accuse me of blackmailing Sir John Vessie—you!"

With speech some courage returned. She looked Paul Duhardt up and down, from the top of his shiny bald head to his highly varnished patent boots. She had seen his prototype over and over again in the front row of the stalls when business at theaters was dull and the box-office was only besieged by deadheads. The sort of man who breakfasted and lunched at the Bodega bar, levying blackmail on the biscuit-box and the cheese-dish. The sort of man who knew the names of every chorus girl in musical comedy, who haunted billiard saloons and blackmailed the markers that they might find him pigeons to pluck.

To be Continued.

When Tosti Kissed Melba.

The first time I sang "Goodby" it was in Tosti's studio, and he played the accompaniment himself. The lines "Hush—a voice from far away;" "Listen and learn," it seems to say; "All the tomorrows shall be as today!" "The cord is frayed, the cruse is dry; the link must break and the lamp must die," I sang throughout pianissimo, with only the two slight crescendos that he had marked in the music. Stopping suddenly at the end of those phrases, Tosti kissed me and exclaimed, "That is the way I heard it!" I knew what he meant. The desire prompted by imagination in its composing had been realized. And I was very happy. — Mme. Melba in Woman's Home Companion.

Turn the Children Loose.

Turn them loose. That is the best way to develop the muscles of boys and girls. Turn them loose and let them live wild—climb trees, jump fences, chase squirrels, play with the dogs, dig in the garden, pick flowers, hop, skip and jump and do all sorts of things that a natural human animal wants to do. The trouble is, our boys and girls are tamed too much. We are all born wild and in the civilizing process have to be tamed more or less. Most of us, however, get tamed too much. We become so tamed that we are spoiled.—Good Health.

When a man puts a woman up on a pedestal someone else helps her down!

◆

Why is it that so many ladies who are possessed of a comfortable home and a comfortable income usually have an uncomfortable amount of adipose tissue.

Those who forget today seldom remember tomorrow.

A Tasty, Snappy Toast—for luncheon or evening "snack" is Triscuit, the shredded whole wheat wafer. Has the delicious, nutty flavor of baked wheat. A real whole wheat bread for any meal with butter, soft cheese or marmalade. Full of nutriment and full of "chews." As a toast for chafing-dish cookery it is a delight. Always toast it in the oven to restore crispness. Made in Canada.

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PARIS PATÉ
PARIS MEAT PATTY

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12

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Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—5.25 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 7.30 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate points—6.25 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto, and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—†6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 5.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *3.40 a.m.

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

†Deseronto only.

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville Ont.

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RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily
No. 16—2.00 a.m.—Fast train, flyer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7.00 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.10 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m.—Express, daily.
No. 28—5.45 p.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19—2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13—4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.
No. 29—7.50 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.30 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1—3.05 p.m.—International Limited, daily.
No. 7—4.55 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO.

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North

	Leave.	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.56 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1915.

GOING EAST.
CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.50 p.m.	2.58 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

GOING WEST.
MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.18 p.m.	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

Going East	Daily except Sunday
Leave Toronto	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	6.32 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leave Belleville	5.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.30 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent.

Belleville Business Directory

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column or calling at The Intelligencer Business Office, full information may be obtained.

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Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

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All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.
Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts

Announcement

Messrs. Greenleaf & Son wish to announce to their old patrons and friends that they have found it advisable to incorporate their business under Ontario Companies Act.

The new company, under the same management as heretofore, and under the firm name of GREENLEAFS, LIMITED, have purchased the property known as the Brown Foundry, together with the good will and equipment of Mr. Geo. Keith.

It is their intention to remodel these buildings and install suitable equipment to meet the growing demands of their patrons.

The Management take this opportunity of thanking their old friends and solicit their patronage in their new venture.

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BANK OF MONTREAL
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ALLIES TO WIN WAR IN YEAR

Frederick Palmer Makes This Heartening Statement — The Famous War Correspondent Addresses Great Audience

From Hamilton Herald, Jan. 26.—The American war correspondent, Frederick Palmer, who has returned from the front, faced in the Lyric theater last night an army of a very different character to those whose exploits he had come to dilate upon. It besieged the building before the doors were opened and charged for the booking office with eager anticipation. Once inside the victors in the rush for seats surrendered themselves to the enjoyment of a personal narrative of the great war. Mr. Palmer made no attempt at flights of oratory, and spoke more in a conversational tone. But he brought a message of hope and encouragement, and said he had no doubt but that the allies would win in a year. The lecture was given under the auspices of the Canadian club and Norman Slater, the president, was able to make the gratifying announcement that the Red Cross society would be the richer by the lecture to the tune of $1000.

"Not until people have been in Belgium, and know what it is to have their lives and property at stake, not until then will they realize that there is no price too high to pay to be owner of their own body and soul. I concluded that there are things worse than death—surrender of the principle which Anglo-Saxon civilization stands for, and all that Magna Charta stands for." This was Mr. Palmer's almost opening sentence. In an interesting manner he proceeded to describe the trenches, remarking that the shell he had the most respect for was the Jack Johnson, the 9.2, because they knew it was coming and were able to take cover. He praised the marvellous skill of the British aviators and described their movements over the battlefield.

He passed on to speak of the arrival of the Canadians at the front. He was mighty interested to see what they were going to do, and how they would compare with the British and French in standing up to the Germans. It was said at Salisbury that their discipline was bad. The Canadians wanted to know "why?" German soldiers, if told to pour pails of water all day long and let it run down the hill, would do it; but if the Canadians were told to do it they would want to know what was the good of it. He told one of the British officers that they did not want to fight the mud of Salisbury but the Germans. "Wait until they get into the trenches and you will be surprised how soon they will learn." After they had been in the trenches two weeks he spoke to a British brigadier, who admitted that they had discipline, but had a different way of doing things.

Mr. Palmer referred to the gallant stand made at St. Julien by the Canadians, where they showed they had the same qualities as the British regular, and not only stuck to it, but charged into it. He said the British had now got shells, and added, "My sympathies are not only on the side of the allies, but I have not the slightest doubt the allies are going to win."

He described a battle which took place the last day that he was at the front, because he said it illustrated an idea—that the British army had guns and shells. Promptly at one o'clock the guns broke out, flash upon flash, and whichever way they looked they saw flashes. The guns were firing over 2,000 yards of trenches, and the noise was so great that it gave one a headache. It was interesting, because the British had not half those guns last year. They looked to see the result of the firing, and saw an embankment of dust and smoke, as if a wall had risen up before them. At the back of those British guns was another line of firing. When spring came it would not be over three or four miles, but over many more miles along the western front they would see that shell firing, and not for three days, but for three weeks. The Germans had used machinery against flesh and blood; but the allies had now machinery, and the moment that spring arrived they could look for the overmastering supremacy of the allies.

Mr. Palmer, replying to the criticism, "Why don't the British fleet go and dig out the German fleet?" said they could not get at the German fleet unless they got at them from the air. What was the German fleet doing? That was what a great many people overlooked. The British navy had had the initiative right from the start. A British naval officer remarked to him, "Of course we have not the imagination that some of the Latin people have got, but there is one thing you may trust us for—we never get distemper." The lecturer said Sir John Jellicoe had impressed him the most of any man. He had had the greatest responsibility, and at the conclusion of the war he thought it would be admitted that he had proved worthy of it.

Mr. Palmer showed a number of interesting moving pictures taken under the direction of the French staff. In showing a review of French troops by King George he remarked that the best marching troops on the continent of Europe were the French. "These are some soldiers," he remarked, "and they gave the Germans some strafe." He quoted the remark of a German officer, who, speaking of the coolness of the British officers, said, "They walk up and down, smoking their pipes as if they were in Piccadilly." Some wonderful pictures were shown of Arab cavalry trained by the French.

Mr. Wardrope moved a vote of thanks to Mr. Palmer.

Mr. Lynch-Staunton seconded the vote, which was carried with hearty applause.

IF YOU CAN'T ENLIST

and are anxious to "do your bit," you can relieve the sufferings of the men who are spending this winter in the trenches by sending them Zam-Buk for which they are asking.

Numerous letters from soldiers at the front prove their need of it. In a letter from one of the men to his people he says: "If it is a choice between tobacco and Zam-Buk—send Zam-Buk."

Constant exposure to damp and cold, inevitable in trench life, causes rheumatism, chapped hands, cold cracks, and frost bites. Zam-Buk heals these, and a box of Zam-Buk, which can be easily carried in the pocket, will save a man much unnecessary suffering. Zam-Buk is equally effective for sore hands, caused by trench digging; and an application of Zam-Buk to the feet will prevent foot-soreness and blistering on long marches.

Sold by All druggists, 50c, 3 for $1.25, or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

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The Canadian Pacific Railway offers particularly good service to Detroit where direct connection is made for Florida, via Cincinnati and Atlantic, Ga., Jacksonville. Florida is reached second morning after leaving Detroit. Excellent connection for Florida is also made via Buffalo.

The Canadian Pacific-Michigan Central route will be found the ideal line to Chicago, where direct connection is made for the Southern States, New Orleans is reached second morning after leaving Toronto. Excellent connection is also made at Chicago for points in California, Utah, Nevadah, Texas, Arizona, etc.

The Dining, Parlor and Sleeping Car service between Toronto, Detroit and Chicago is up-to-date in every particular. Connecting lines also operate through sleeping and dining cars.

Those contemplating a trip of any nature will receive full information from any C. P. R. agent; or write M. G. Murphy, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

j26-11t

Says Serbia Will Surprise The Enemy

PARIS, Jan. 27.—The Corfu correspondent of the Petit Parisien has had an interview on the island with Nikola Pachitch, the Serbian premier, and quotes him as saying:

"The retreat of our troops from Albania to Corfu is far from completed. Those who suffered most will soon be sent to places where they will be cared for, reorganized and rearmed. As for the others, if they are kept supplied, you may be sure they will continue the campaign in Albania with vigor. They will give the enemy some unpleasant surprises, for in Albania the roads and paths can be defended by small numbers of men and it is simply a question of transports and supplies and you alone, the Allies, can solve the problem.

"Give us enough to eat and we shall head on and we shall fight. I am certain that with you and by your aid we shall triumph. I repeat that we are absolutely sure that the Allies will triumph and our one wish is to be able to contribute to the great victory."

MUST NOT INSULT

KINGSTON, Jan. 27.—Lieut.-Col. Charles A. Low, commanding the 146th Battalion here, has had to issue an order to his men that they must not use insulting remarks to those who have not enlisted. It has been brought to his attention that munition workers in locomotive works have been jeered at as slackers, and remarks have been made relating to "yellow," "cold feet" etc. This practice, the commanding officer says, must be discontinued. So far as recruiting is concerned, Kingston has contributed as high a percentage as any city or town in Canada to the various units from this district.

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25c Box
LAXACOLD TABLETS
FREE
with every 50c bottle
Nyal's Cherry Cough

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AT
The Belleville Pharmacy
The Store That Saves You Money
BRIDGE STREET
NEAR STANDARD BANK

Free Saturday Only
A NIKEL PLATED
TOOTH BRUSH HOLDER
FREE
with every
25c Tooth Brush

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25c.	Thomas' Electric Oil	15c.
25c.	Mustard Oil Liniment	17c.
25c.	Minard's Liniment	17c.
25c.	Chase's Linseed & Turpentine	16c.
25c.	Baby's Own Cough Syrup	17c.
50c.	Pinex	37c.
25c.	Nerviline	16c.
25c.	Davis' Pain Killer	18c.
25c.	Douglas' Liniment	17c.

Soaps

10c.	Castile Soap	3 for 25c.
10c.	Toilet Soaps (odd lines)	3 for 17c.
10c.	Infants' Delight Soap	3 for 21c.

WHOLE ROASTED PEANUTS
Regular 40c.
Saturday—28c. per lb.

$2.00
CHAMOIS VESTS
$1.34
Saturday Only

25c. Glycothymoline 19c.

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25c. Syrup White Pine and Tar 17c.

$1.00 Listerine 75c.

25c. Laxative Cold Tablets 15c.

25c. Williams' Tooth Paste 17c.

50c. Orlex Compound 37c.

35c. Pond's Vanishing Cream 24c.

50c. Fruitatives 29c.

25c. Kellogg's Asthma 17c.

15c. Palmolive Soap 3 for 25c.

Baby Goods

50c.	Horlick's Milk	45c.
$1	Horlick's Milk	85c.
50c.	Allenbury's Food	45c.
$1	Allenbury's Food	85c.
35c.	Robinson's Barley	25c.
50c.	Nestle's Food	45c.

$2.00
HOT WATER BOTTLE
$1.19
Saturday Only.

Cigar Specials

10c.	Milos	5 for 25c.
10c.	Travellers	5 for 25c.
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10c.	Irvings	5 for 25c.
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10c.	Ovidos	4 for 25c.
10c.	Bachelors	4 for 25c.
10c.	Japs	4 for 25c.
10c.	Harvesters	4 for 25c.
10c.	Travellers' Club	4 for 25c.
5c.	Colonel Steele	6 for 25c.
5c.	Havana Ribbon	6 for 25c.

Toilets

50c.	R. & G. Veloute Face Powder	38c.
35c.	Hudnut's Nail Enamel	24c.
25c.	Williams' Shaving Stick	18c.
25c.	Liquid Shampoo	17c.
50c.	Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur	37c.
50c.	Danderine	37c.
25c.	Danderine	18c.
35c.	Williams' Cold Cream	24c.
75c.	Hudnut's Cream	45c.
25c.	Spearmint Tooth Paste	17c.
35c.	Hudnut's Talc	24c.
15c.	Cold Cream	8c.
25c.	Crushed Rose Talc	17c.
25c.	Sanitol Talc	17c.
25c.	Blue Bird Talc	17c.

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Let us do your developing, printing, and enlarging.
Our work is right.

We Sell Nyal's Family Remedies

Czar Urged Serbia To Resist Austria

Revelations in Berlin of Ante-Bellum Correspondence Seized From Crown Prince

BERLIN, Jan. 27, via London.—Telegraphing from Budapast the correspondent of the Tageblatt says that, according to a Sofia despatch, two letters and one telegram signed by the Russian Emperor, were found among the archieves of the Serbian Crown Prince Alexander, which were recently captured by the Bulgarians.

All the documents were dated just before the outbreak of the war. The first letter advises the Crown Prince under no circumstances to yield to the demand of Austria-Hungary for the resolution of the Narodni Ocirana, a Serbian political society.

In the telegram Emperor Nicholas is said to have instructed the Serbians to reject the Austro-Hungarian ultimatum because Russia was ready to support Serbia with the force of arms.

In the second letter the Russian Emperor is declared to have pointed out the advantages which Serbia would derive in following Russia's orders. His Majesty added that Russia's armed power was being held in readiness, and he urged Serbia to resist to the last drop of blood.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—Diplomatic circles in London showed little surprise at the Berliner Tageblatt's publication of the correspondence between the Russian Emperor and Crown Prince Alexander of Serbia, but declined to comment until convinced of the authenticity of the letters and telegram.

The Russian embassy stated that the Russian Orange Book embraced all the correspondence of which it had knowledge.

It is pointed out by some of the diplomats that actual events prove that there was no conspiracy between Russia and Serbia, as Serbia gave way completely to the Austrian demands for the dissolution of the Narodni Ochrana, the Serbian political society, and stood out only against the clauses in the Austrian ultimatum which threatened the sovereignty of Serbia.

AN APPEAL TO WIVES

You know the terrible affliction that comes to many homes from the result of a drinking husband or son. You know of the money wasted on "Drink" that is needed in the home to purchase food and clothing. ORRINE has saved thousands of drinking men. It is a home treatment. No sanitarium expense. Can be given secretly. We are in earnest when we ask you to give ORRINE a trial. You have nothing to risk and everything to gain, for your money will be returned if after a trial you fail to get results from ORRINE.

ORRINE is prepared in two forms; No. 1, secret treatment; ORRINE No. 2, the voluntary treatment. Costs only $1.00 a box. Ask us for booklet. J. S. McKeown's Drug Store, Front St.

Irate Citizen Attacked Ashman

Peterboro Property Holder Strenuously Objects to Marring the Landscape Beauty

PETERBOROUGH, Jan. 27.—A garbage collector with a load of ashes was attacked by a north-end resident on Water street when the former endeavored to dump his cargo on the embankment at Goose Pond. The citizen, who lives in this immediate neighborhood, took offence at having the landscape as seen from his front window, marred by the dull grey of an ash heap. He rushed across the road and ordered the man to cease. The ash man protested, saying that he was simply following instructions. A lively contest followed this declaration and the pair could be seen through a vapor of ashes, fighting for the possession of a horse whip. Finally the citizen wrested it from the driver and the vanquished was treated to a series of lashes across the legs. In a last spasm of anger the Water street man broke the whip and cast it into the sleigh. When the smoke of battle had cleared the ash man was making a hasty retreat down the road and the conqueror was wending his way home, covered with both glory and ashes.

UNCERTAINTY AT OTTAWA

OTTAWA, Jan. 27.—Today's ministerial caucus was devoted to a discussion of the sessional programme. There was a full attendance of members under the presidency of Mr. David Henderson, the veteran member from Halton, and consideration was given to questions with which the House will be called upon to deal when the debate on the address is disposed of.

The unwillingness of the Opposition to take a definite position upon the question of an extension of the term of the present Parliament creates a situation of uncertainty as to the outcome of the session and presents possibilities which Conservative members are not disposed to disregard. Rumors of election preparations by the Opposition have been persistent during the last few days.

IN BULGARIA TO STAY

PARIS, Jan. 27.—A despatch to the Temps from Saloniki says a German municipal commission has arrived at Sofia to consult with the authorities in the Bulgarian capital with regard to the measures to be taken for organizing the municipality on German lines.

The Bulgarian Government, the correspondent adds, at the request of Germany, will present a bill in Parliament making the teaching of German obligatory in all the Bulgarian schools.

Lord Kitchener is a man not much given to humor, but he is rather fond of telling this story of a dinner which he gave to the Duke of Cambridge, when the latter was visiting Egypt. The function went off splendidly, but there was a slight delay in the middle of the meal. The next day Lord Kitchener complimented his native staff on their success, but asked what had caused the delay. "Cook, he die of cholera. Push him under table. Go on."

Within the Military Circle

KINGSTON

Major Burritt, A.D.E.S. for the 3rd Division, is in Ottawa.

Lt.-Col. Brown, G.S.O., has gone to Ottawa, and, with Major Burritt, will conduct the examinations of the Engineer's Depot at the capital.

Lieut. A. E. Asseltine, now of the 80th, has been granted his certificate of qualification as a Lieutenant.

Prov-Lent. B. G. Robertson of the 14th has qualified as a Lieutenant.

BELLEVILLE

F. H. Grant of Bancroft, has enlisted with the 155th Battalion.

Messr. R. A. Price and J. Turiff, both of Dunganno, are among those taking the N.C.O. course at the High School Gymnasium.

About eighty men in Picton and thirty in Wellington, have enlisted in the Prince Edward Company of the 155th Battalion.

Ptes. Rand and Coulter of the 80th Batalion, have been admitted to the Belleville Hospital.

Ptes. Wilson, Jarvis and J. Smith of the 80th Battalion, have been admitted to the Napanee Hospital.

Pte. Jackson of the 80th Battalion has been discharged from the Napanee Hospital.

The orders from headquarters, Kingston, contain the appointment of Capt. S. J. Gilmour as adjutant of the 155th Battalion, also the promotion of Lieut. R. E. Noble of Picton to captain.

Capt. Doyle and Capt. Hyman of the 155th Battalion, left for Stirling yesterday to secure recruits for the 155th.

Officers of the 155th Battalion will address the recruiting meeting to be held at Frankford and Wellman's Corners to-night.

Major Allen of the 155th Battalion, who has had an attack of the grippe, is back on the job again.

Lieut. Sanford of the 155th Battalion, has been recruiting for the last two days at Picton and Wellington.

The 155th Battalion are in receipt of a large consignment of supplies and are in a position to issue to any young man a good suit of the latest up-to-date clothing, viz: Khaki.

COMING

The approaching visit of
Professor Pember
of the old reliable British
Hair Goods House of
Toronto, to
Belleville, Hotel Quinte
On
Monday, Feb. 7th
1916,

Is of supreme importance to every person that is anxious to possess beautiful hair. Professor Pember will display the leading styles in all lines of hair goods.

For Ladies.—Transformations, Waves, Bangs, Pompadours, Switches, etc.

For Gentlemen

The Pember ventilated Toupee or Wig has a reputation that is world wide.
Hair and scalp treatments.
If you have trouble of any kind with the hair or scalp see Professor Pember.
Consultation Free

Our Prices are moderate. Our Goods the Best.

Remember the date, and call and secure one of our "Pannell of Beauties."

Lost Horse and Cutter in Lake

Mr. J. Munsey, of Allenwick, lost a valuable horse while driving home across Rice Lake on Saturday evening.

He had left Keene and was proceeding towards Krack Island when the ice gave way and the horse and cutter disappeared in the lake. Mr. Munsey had considerable difficulty in saving himself.

The ice on Rice Lake is in a very bad state and persons who take chances in crossing now are taking their lives in their own hands. The Brush trail laid out is particularly dangerous. The Trent River is open to the Lake.—Norwood Register.

Did Not Order Release of Gribble

OTTAWA, Jan. 27.—The Prime Minister's attention has been directed to a despatch to the effect that in reply to a delegation that waited upon him respecting the case of Gribble he had recommended to the Justice Department that Gribble be speedily set at liberty.

This statement is unauthorized and incorrect. Application for commutation of any sentence is always considered by the Minister of Justice, and the Crown acts upon his recommendation.

LABOR CONFERENCE APPROVED ACTION

Canadian Press Special

BRISTOL, Jan. 28.—The Labor Conference to-day by card vote of 1,674,000 to 269,000 approved the action of the Executive Committee of the Parliamentary Labor Party in permitting labor representatives to assume office in the Coalition Government.

Card of Thanks

Mr. Ernest McCormick desires to express his heartfelt thanks to his many friends for acts of kindness and sympathy extended to him in his recent bereavement, owing to the death of his wife.

* * *

Zeppelin raids have reduced London's fire loss, according to leading fire insurance publication, by making people careful and watchful and by training them to act instantly in time of fire danger.

The Store That's So Different!

YOU have doubtless read and re-read many Clothing Advertisements!

You have been pestered with big type and you have been reasoned with in small type!

You have been plied with advertised reductions so unreasonable that your good sense at once stamps them as fictitious.

Here' a Store That's Different

Men's Suits and Overcoats
Exceptional Merit
$8.50, $10, $12 up to $25

We are not giving away Clothing or conducting our Store out of pure generosity to the Public.

We sell no $15 Overcoats for $7.88, nor do we sell $20.00 Suits for $10.99.

We claim to be a fair-dealing, wide-awake Clothing House—always giving you the best possible value for your money, and ever ready to make any wrong, right. Surely, no one will or can give you more for your money than we will give you—and you can certainly do no better than to make this YOUR CLOTHING STORE.

Quick & Robertson
THE OUTFITTERS

Extraordinary

GORMAN'S BOOT SHOP

Ladies
Look Here
For Bargains

When Boot Buying
To-morrow visit the
Gorman Boot Shop

You will find here Boots of excellent qualities—made on comfort giving lasts—selling at remarkable low prices.

Just Note the Following
$4 and $5 Boots
For
$2.90

Here are values that will delight you. Come, let us serve you.

These Boots MUST GO, and we are paying you well to help us CLEAR THEM OUT in order to make room for Spring Goods.

See Our Windows

The Beauty of Our Feed

is that there is no waste to it. Your horse will lick up the last oat or the last kernel of grain. It tastes so good to him that he wants every bit that belongs to him. So there's economy as well as satisfaction in buying your feed and grain here. Try it once and you'll try it always.

H. E. FAIRFIELD

HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER
SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

Sixth Annual Apiculture Short Course in Ontario

This short course was held at the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, January 11th to 22nd, 1916.

Owing to war conditions a large attendance was not anticipated. On the opening day, however, there was an attendance of twenty-seven later increased to thirty-five young men and a few ladies. Practically every one of these had been previously engaged in bee-keeping. They included beekeepers owning one hundred or more colonies, sons of successful beekeepers, and in one case a beekeeper's hired man. Many different parts of Ontario were represented, also Quebec and the State of Michigan. The get-together spirit was much in evidence, and the interest shown at all the lectures was very gratifying.

It is the purpose of this course to give the underlying principles of bee nature, a knowledge of which is essential to successful bee management. Fifty-nine lectures and demonstrations were given, covering the different phases of beekeeping. Typewritten copies of each lecture outline were distributed to the class so the main points could be followed closely and carried home for future reference. As far as possible the lectures were illustrated with stereopticon views and the actual objects under discussion. Members of the class were also given laboratory practice in hive construction, and a visit was made to the apiary of a successful beekeeper in the neighborhood of the college.

One important feature of the work was the display of apiarian apparatus and implements. The educational value of this was clearly demonstrated by the keen interest shown by those present.

In conducting this course, the Provincial Apiarist, Mr. Morley Pettit, was assisted by F. W. L. Sladen, Apiculturist, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa; F. E. Millen, B.S.A., Lecturer in Apiculture and State Inspector of Apiaries for Michigan; James Armstrong, Selkirk; Vice-President of the Ontario Beekeepers' Association; also some of the apiary inspectors of Ontario. Lectures on allied subjects were given by other members of the College staff. Mr. Frank C. Pellett, State Apiarist of Iowa, paid the class a visit and lectured on beekeeping conditions in his state.

Throughout the course there were many kind words of appreciation by members of the class, and on the last day a vote of thanks was tendered Mr. Pettit and the other instructors for the valuable information received and the systematic arrangement of the work.

It is proposed to hold a Summer School for beekeepers at the Ontario Agricultural College, some time in June when bees are active and apiary practice will be possible. Persons interested should write at once for particulars to Morley Pettit, Provincial Apiarist, Guelph, Ontario.

◆

At a rough estimate, the capital wealth of the British Empire is £26,000,000 ($130,000,000,000) and its yearly income £4,000,000,000 ($20,000,000,000) according to Reginald McKenna, Chancellor of the Exchequer.

DEPUTATION OF 155TH ADDRESS COUNTY COUNCIL

(Continued from page one

Hastings County, we should only be asked for $1,000 and the County of Prince Edward should give the $4,000.

Col. Adams—The population of Prince Edward County was only 17,000, whereas the population of Hastings County was over 50,000.

Mr. Montgomery—How many officers are there from Hastings County in the 155th Battalion.

Col. Adams—There are at present 4.

Dr. Harper, medical officer and former reeve of Madoc Village, received a warm welcome as he arose to address the council and congratulated Warden Nugent upon the exalted position he occupied. In the Village of Madoc over $3,000 per month was paid out in that village by the militia. He thought the amount asked by Col. Adams was not excessive. The officers were a fine body of men and the battalion should appeal to all.

Major A. P. Allen said the 155th Batalion was purely from Hastings and Prince Edward Counties. We want money to get men and not take money away with us.

Capt. Bleecker coincided with the remarks of Col. Adams.

Major Wallbridge said the members of the 155th Battalion were ready to go to the front and do their bit, and he hoped the Council would deal liberally with the battalion.

Capt. Gilmour said there were expenses incurred in recruiting a battalion which the Government did not provide for.

On motion the matter was sent to the Ways and Means Committee.

Col. Adams thanked the members of the Council for the reception and hearing of the deputation.

Warden Nugent said the Council would deal with the matter as liberally as possible.

The National Anthem was sung and three hearty cheers were given for the 155th Battalion.

Bridge Asked For

A deputation from Northumberland County addressed the Council.

Mr. Seeley asked Hastings County Council to unite with Northumberland County Council in building a bridge about 120 feet long on the north channel of the Trent river on the boundary between Sidney and Seymour Township. The bridge was of great necessity.

Mr. Chas. Ketcheson was of the opinion that the Township of Sidney should not be considered in the matter of a boundary road. There was only about 100 acres of land belonging to the Township of Sidney involved in the island.

Mr. Rollins—What do you think a suitable bridge would cost?

Mr. Seeley—I cannot say.

Mr. McCadden addressed the Council, endorsing what Mr. Seeley had stated. He thought a wooden bridge costing probably $1,000 would be sufficient. Northumberland County, he had no doubt, would assist in the erection of the bridge.

Mr. Ketcheson considered the Township of Sidney had no particular interest in the matter. The bridge if built would be virtually for the whole benefit of Northumberland County.

On motion the matter was referred to the Ways and Means Committee.

Council adjourned until 10 o'clock Friday morning.

Friday, Jan. 28th.

Morning Session

Council resumed at 10 o'clock; Warden Nugent in the chair.

The minutes of Thursday's sessions were read and confirmed.

A petition was presented from a number of ratepayers at Rawdon Township asking for the changing of a road in the 8th and 10th concession in the township and a counter petition was presented objecting to a change of the road.

On motion the petitions were received and filed and no action was taken.

Report

The annual report of the House of Refuge Committee was presented. It showed that during 1915 there were 26 deaths, the average age of which were 80 years. Number of blind in House, 7; number of mutes in House, 5; inmates on roll, Dec. 31st, 89; average number of inmates for 1915, 89; average number of inmates previous year, 91; average age of inmates, 1915, 70; number of men in House on December 31st, 61; women, 28; number of visitors during the year 744.

Provisions consumed on table, 1915, $3,863.85; provisions consumed on table previous year, $3,528.82; value of produce from farm to House, $1,525.78; value of produce from farm to House, 1914, $1,681.60; value of live stock, $1,170.00; value of live stock, 1914, $1,007.00; total value of products of farm for 1915, $3,836.98; total value of products of farm for 1915, $3,826.96; cash paid county treasurer for sale of products, 1915, $716.15; previous year, $825.21.

Expenditures

Expenditures as per treasurer's book, $9,641.53; provisions from farm to House $1,625.73. Total cost of House for 1915, $10,567.26; total cost previous year $9,743.62; amount paid from paying inmates, 1915, $624.67; amount paid from paying inmates, 1914, $1,170.32; average cost per inmater for 1915 per week, $1.99; average cost per inmate for 1914 per week, $1.63; average cost per inmate for 1913 per week, $1.89½; average cost per inmate for 1912 per week, $2.05; average cost per inmate for 1911 per week, $2.00.

The committee recommended that another house be purchased this year.

Warden Nugent, who was chairman of the House of Refuge for 1915, reported that in August last a horse died, and it was necessary to procure another horse. As the report shows the decrease of receipts from paying patients for 1915 was about $300 less than the previous year. Provisions were also higher and these items caused an increase of expenditures over those of 1914.

The report was received and adopted.

Mr. Ketcheson moved, seconded by Mr. Hess, that Principal J. N. Bell of Frankford continuation school, be appointed to the Entrance Board of the High School with which it is affiliated.

Moved by Mr. Jordison, seconded by Mr. Green, that this Council take the matter up of securing a better mail service and passenger service between Trenton and Maynooth, as the service north of Bancroft is most deplorable, having only three mails per week. Now, we think when both Governments have granted large bonuses to the C.N.R., we demand a daily train service as it affects the rural mail delivery.

Mr. Jordison spoke strongly in favor of the motion, alleging it was almost scandulous the service which at present is in vogue. A change should be made, and especially as the railway is receiving bonuses from the Government.

Clerk Chapman said that this was an important matter and that something should be done to relieve the situation which at present prevails.

Continued on Page Eight.

Feel Out of Sorts?

It's a good idea to look for the cause!

One common, but often unsuspected cause is tea and coffee drinking. Yet some persons seem able to get along with tea or coffee—at least for a time. But when headachy, bilious days come; breakfast or some other meal doesn't taste good; and the day's work goes wrong (ever feel that way)?—then it's time to find out for sure if tea and coffee are causing the trouble in your case.

There's a subtle, cumulative drug, "caffeine," in tea and coffee that interferes with the normal functions of body, brain and nerves, and often lessens one's comfort and progress.

Suppose, for a test, you try the simple expedient of quitting tea and coffee and using well-made

POSTUM
(Made in Canada)

—a pure food-drink made of choice wheat. It has a delightful snappy flavor and is absolutely free from caffeine or any other drug.

After ten days or two weeks you will be able to decide whether to go back to tea and coffee troubles, or stick to Postum and peace and comfort.

Postum comes in two forms.

The original **Postum Cereal**—must be well boiled; 15c and 25c pkgs.

Instant Postum—doesn't require boiling, but is prepared instantly by stirring a level teaspoonful in a cup of hot water and adding cream and sugar to taste. 30c and 50c tins.

Grocers everywhere sell both kinds. Cost per cup is about the same.

"There's a Reason" for POSTUM

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

Fine Bathroom Ware

We offer you a complete line of "Out of the Ordinary" Bathroom Ware, combining Great Strength and Durability with Beauty of Design.

The absence of fancy or ornamental features renders these goods perfectly sanitary..

Guarantee

Our Guarantee of Good Workmanship, Good Plating, and Perfect Satisfaction accompanies every article.

The John Lewis COMPANY LIMITED

ARENA
TURNBULL St

Band Saturday Night

O. H. A. Junior Hockey
Lindsay vs. Belleville
Monday, January 31st
This will be the fastest game of the season, as Lindsay is a strong team.
Admission 25c. Reserved seats 35c.
Band in Attendance

Ladies'
Hudson Seal Coats

No. 1 Quality Lined throughout with No. 1 Brocade satin 40 inches long........Price $120.00

Muff to match " $22.00

J. T. DELANEY

29 Campbell St. opposite Y.M.C.A. Phone 797
See Our Window
N. B. We Buy Raw Furs

GET
THE
F.S.ANDERSON CO'S
GENUINE
SCRANTON
COAL
BELLEVILLE

The Best we Can Buy Carefully Prepared and Delivered

The F. S. ANDERSON CO.,
42 Bridge St.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY

Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—30690.

OVERCOATS

Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat! We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.

Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

Have The Intelligencer sent to your Home Address.

ONE WEEK
WHITEWEAR BARGAIN SALE

A GREAT BARGAIN FEAST OF MUSLIN UNDERWEAR and Broken Assortments of LADIES' LINGERIE BLOUSES

White Week Sale of Dainty Gowns

Dozens of high-class, handsome Night Gowns, perfect in every detail and priced exceeding low for this sale.

$1.00 Gowns - for 78c
1.25 „ - for 98c
1.50 „ - for $11.8
$1.75 Gowns - for $1.38
2.00 „ - for 1.58
2.50 „ - for 1.98

Drawers Priced Low

So low in fact that you'll surely want to supply your future needs.

Regular 75c - for 53c
Regular $1.00 - for 73c
Regular $1.25 - for 93c
Regular $1.50 for - $1.03

Brassieres

The famous Gossard Lines that will delight your eye and please your pocket-book.

Regular 75c - for 58c
Regular $1.00 - for 78c
Regular $1.23 - for 98c
Regular $1.50 for $1.18

Wed., Jan. 26, to Wed., Feb. 2

Enticing Offer Of Fine Underskirts

No matter if you desire a rather modest inexpensive one, or a real good one, we have them at prices that will delight you.

Reg. $1.00 values for 78c
„ 1.25 „ 98c
„ 1.50 „ $1.18
„ 1.75 „ 1.38
„ 2.00 „ 1.58
„ 2.50 „ 1.98

Beautiful Blouses

You will be surprised at the extensive lines we are showing for this Sale, and the remarkable values we are able to offer.

THREE BIG TABLES FULL

Table No. 1
Reg. $1.25 Blouses for 97c
„ 1.50 „ $1.17
„ 1.75 „ 1.27

Do Not Miss This Whitewear Sale

Ketcheson & Earle

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 8 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED—GIRLS OVER 18 YEARS OF age to join Musical Comedy Co. here to travel. Tuition free, also salary. Enquire Manager Musical Company, Scott's Theatre. 28-2td

WANTED — GENERAL HOUSEKEEPER. Apply 71 Station Street. 28-4td

WANTED — ATTENDANTS. APPLY Ontario School for the Deaf. j19-tf

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill hands and machinists. Steady work. Good wages. Apply Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Peterborough, Canada. 26-6td

WANTED—FIRST CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill and Planer hands, Toolmakers. Good wages. Steady work. Canadian Westinghouse Company, Limited, Hamilton, Ont. d—j27

STRAYED

STRAYED OR STOLEN FROM 106 NORTH Front Street, white Beagle pup, tan head and ears. Any information communicate with above address. Ralph Weese. 27-2td

TO RENT

TO LET—NEW SIX ROOMED HOUSE ON Gordon Street. Electric lights and water. Apply 78 North Front St. 26-4td

TO RENT. RESIDENCE No. 221 CHARLES St.; contains all modern conveniences. Apply at The Intelligencer Office a23-tf

TO LET, THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the Bank of Commerce, and also rooms in the same block and the Robertson Block, suitable for offices and apartments. S. S. Lazier. j17-dtf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—WATER MOTOR, GLASS OFfice, two refrigerators. Must be sold and taken away in 20 days. Green's Butcher Shop, 181 Front St. 27-6td

AGENTS WANTED

AGENT WANTED AT BELLEVILLE—Crown Life Ins. Co. of Toronto want good live hustler. Liberal contract. Write to Crown Life Ins. Co., Toronto. 27-4td

SPORTING NEWS

HOCKEY

The match between the Belleville and Lindsay Juniors scheduled for tonight, has again been postponed to next Monday, when it is hoped the ice will be in condition to pull the match off.

The warm weather has played havoc with sports at the local skating rink.

Anyhow, the local teams should be in the pink of condition if waiting can assist.

Hockey fans should get ready for the coming cold snap, when rooting will be in order—and strenuous rooting at that.

Brother "Dick of the rink, carries his usual smiles, even if he has had to get three sets of bills printed for the Belleville — Lindsay junior game. "Dick" always was game.

The members of the Belleville Junior and Intermediate clubs are waping their muscles and shins for decisive victories. Nothing like getting into shape, boys.

Someone told us the Lindsay boys are talking pretty loud regarding what they expect to do with the Belleville Juniors when they get at 'em. But, confidentially, we don't believe they possess the sand. We'll show 'em.

RITCHIE'S

20 Per Cent Off All
Upholstery Work
Charges

Sale of Furniture Coverings

This offer is for one more week only, and means a great saving to those who have Furniture to be re-upholstered. A phone or personal call will bring our upholsterer to you and give an estimate on your needs. Remember! 20 per cent. off all work charges. Figure up what that will save you.

This is the great money-saving chance you will ever have to buy new coverings for those pieces of Furniture that have grown shabby and faded—or perhaps curtain materials for your windows or arches, because many of the fabrics are suitable for both Furniture Coverings or Draperies. They are such splendid weaves as Silk Tapestries, Silk Brocatelles, All Wool Damasks, and Dresden Designs with Silk Stripes. Some of the lighter weight materials are washable; all absolutely fast colorings. See them in the window.

NOTE: These Febrics were boughat before the war, and if we were to buy the same materials today the regular prices mentioned above would be about double.

COVERINGS Worth 75c, $1, $1.25 and $1.50 Reduced to, yard.......... 50c

COVERINGS Worth $2, $3 25, $2.50 and $3 Reduced to, yard.......... $1.50

Silk Curtains that were Originally $10 and $12 are now $3.95

Fourteen pairs only of part Silk Casement Curtains in five pretty designs, fringed and brush edging effects, originally sold at $10 and $12. Your choice $3.95

25 p.c. Discount off all Odd Curtains

Odd pairs, some slightly soiled, only one pair of a kind, in Nottinghams, Swiss Nets, Voiles, Marquisettes, Brussels Net, etc. Regular prices, $1.25 to $10.00, with 25 per cent. off this week.

Men's Suits, $10.95

Stock taking has revealed a quantity of High Class Suits which we are desirous of clearing out before the final inventory at the end of the month. They are odd lines of suits, not being all sizes in any one pattern, but the lot represents a complete range of sizes from 36 to 42. All excellent values at the regular prices, in greys or brown English tweed mixtures. Owing to the increased cost of clothing materials and trimmings, we consider this an excellent opportunity to procure a first class Suit at a bargain—$10.95. (See window)

Millinery Half Price

This in cludes not only the Ladies' trimmed Millinery, but every untrimmed shape as well as all Children's Millinery. There are still many "chic" hats shown for your choosing that would be very becoming for present wear. Just think of this: For $2, $3, $4 and $5 you can buy Hats that would previously have cost you $4, $6, $8 and $10. (2nd Floor)

2 Dozen DRESSES to Clear at $5

All of very fine Silk and Serge qualities; also a few Cashmeres. They are in splendid shades of Brown, Cream, Navy, Black, Greens, and Copenhagen. Not this season's garments, of course, but good styles. It is a certainty that they will not be long in stock at this price, so be on hand early for first choice. Regular values $12.50 to $20.00. Your choice for $5.00

All Our LADIES' COATS Half Price

And that means you can buy a Coat that is marked to sell at $10 for $5; $12 Coats for $6; $15 Coats for $7.50; $18 Coats for $9.00, $20 Coats for $10; $25 Coats for $12.50, and $30.00 Coats for $15.00. These are not undesirable garments, but every one strictly new in the latest styles, and the best of materials. See them in the windows.

The RITCHIE Company Limited

FREDERICK
PALMER
GRIFFIN'S
Opera House
MON. EVE. JAN. 31
Will Portray with
Moving Pictures
and
Thrilling
Narratives
THE GREAT
WORLD WAR
Under the auspices of the 80th Overseas Battalion, C. E. F.
Seats, $1, 75c, 50c, 25c
Plan now open at Doyle's Drug Store,

This Changeable Weather Brings Coughs and Colds

Here are a few lines of our own make of Confectionery that give relief to that tickling in the throat

Horehound Tablets, 20c lb.
Butter Scotch, - - 20c lb.
Menthol Tablets, - 30c lb.
Humbugs, - - - 20c lb.
BarleySugarTablets 20c lb.

Have Some to-day

Chas. S. Clapp

DEPUTATION OF 155TH ADDRESS COUNTY COUNCIL

Continued from Page Two.

Mayor Ketcheson addressed the Council, stating the Government is providing a Soldiers' Aid Commission. The object is to make provisions for returned invalided soldiers who return home, and it is desired to form a Hastings County Association. He would ask the Council to co-operate in the matter, and to attend a meeting in the Armouries this (Friday) evening. Every reeve of the muncipalities would be a member of the executive.

Warden Nugent thanked Mayor Ketcheson for his presence, and stated the County Council would co-operate in the matter, which was important.

Moved by Mr. Naylor, seconded by Mr. Fox, that the clerk of the county write Mr. W. B. Northrup, K.C., M. P., asking him to look after the usual grant made on roads through the Mohawk Reserve, Tyendinaga Township, by the Indian deparment of the Dominion Government, and that the superintendent of roads of the County of Hastings be allowed to look after the spending of same.—Carried.

Nominating Committees

The Nominating Committee recommended the personnel of the committees to be as follows:

Chairman of Roads—S. Fox.

Finance Committee—R. P. Coulter.

Chairmen—J. H. Clare, R. P. Gray, N. Vermilyea and C. Thompson.

House of Refuge—J. V. Walsh, chairman, and J. Naylor.

Bridge Committee—J. A. Gunter, chairman, U. A. Hubbell, J. Moore, S. B. Rollins, E. Tufts and the Warden.

Auditor of administration of Justice Account—E. W. Hawkins.

Mr. Vermilyea thought it was undesirable that a man living in the remote part of the county as Mr. Gunter does, should be elected years after year as chairman. He contended that a representative in the more central part of the county should be appointed chairman.

Mr. Coulter said he did not seek the office as chairman of Finance, but he had by a majority of the county been asked to retain that position.

Mr. Gunter stated that he did not aspire to be chairman of the Bridge Committee. He was in the hands of the county.

In the discussion which ensued the matter of O'Brien's bridge repairs was touched upon, but not enlarged upon, as it was intended to take the matter up later.

The report of the nominating committee was adopted.

Council adjourned until 2 o'clock.

DEATH OF PRIVATE RUSSELL S. PEARCE

Mr. J. W. Pearce, Bursar, of the Ontario School for the Deaf, in Belleville, yesterday received a copy of the following telegram which was sent to his brother, Mr. J. B. Pearce, of Norwood:

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 24th, 1916.

J. B. Pearce,
Norwood:

Deeply regret to inform you 79,294, etc., Pte Russell S. Pearce 31st Battalion officially reported dead of wound, No. 4 field hospital ambulance on 27th December.

Adj.-General.

Private Russell Pearce was a nephew of Mr. J. W. Pearce, of this city, and was an unmarried man, known to many here. He was 34 years of age and enlisted with the 31st Battalion at Calgary. Deceased went to South Africa with the Canadian contingent when trouble occurred in that country. He was an athlete, being an expert lacrosse, hockey and baseball player, and his many friends in Belleville will regret to learn that his life has been sacrificed, but in a noble cause.

MUSIC & DRAMA

A BIG CROWD AGAIN AT SCOTT'S

Another treat was in store for patrons of Scott's Theatre last night, when Felix Martin was in the funny burletta "Casey's Mishaps"; his dancing was of that rare quality which demanded more and more.

Tonight Felix is in "Fun in a Courtroom," in 2 acts, and patrons who want to laugh and enjoy life should come tonight.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mr. A. N. Prest, Herchimer street, is confined to the house by illness.

Mr. F. G. Baker of Toronto, formerly of Belleville, is spending a few days in this city.

Mrs. Wm. Vincent, who is confined to her bed with an attack of heart trouble and la grippe, is improving.

Mr. John Harris (gardener) who has been confined to his bed with an attack of la grippe, is able to be about again.

During the quarter ending September 1st, fires by lightning caused a loss in Ohio of $91,163. None of the buildings destroyed were rodded. There was no record of lightning striking a rodded building.

In And About The City

A GENEROUS PROPOSITION

Mr. Montgomery, Reeve of Rawdon Township, at this morning session of the County Council, introduced a motion that a grant of $2,500 be made monthly from Hastings County during the year 1916 for patriotic purposes. The motion was referred to the Ways and Means Committee.

FAIR DATES FIXED

At Madoc Village yesterday afternoon the representatives of the Fair Associations of this district met for the purpose of fixing dates for the holding of fairs The dates for Belleville Fair was fixed for Thursday and Friday, September 14th and 15th. Mr. Charles Weese was the only delegate present from Belleville, owing to the fact that Mr. Harry Ketcheson, who was appointed to go, is ill.

LAID AT REST

Yesterday the funeral of the late Mrs. Sedwick took place from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Bradshaw, 3rd Concession of Thurlow Township, and was attended by many relatives and friends. An appropriate service was conducted at Bethany Methodist church by Rev. Mr. Wilson of Canifton. The remains were placed in the vault at Victoria cemetery. Upon the casket were a number of floral tributes. The bearers were Messrs. A. H. Easton, C. Little, R. Ketchepaw, E. W. Brown, W. H Clarke and Geo. Beer.

DEATH OF FORMER RESIDENT

Word has been received in the city announcing the death in Toronto last night of Mr. Abel Finkle, who was for many ears a most respected citizen of Belleville. Deceased was about 60 years of age and was born in this vicinity and lived here until 12 years ago when he removed to Toronto. Mr. Finkle, was a member of the Methodist church, and a man esteemed by all who knew him. A wife, two sons and one daughter survive, all of whom reside in Toronto. The daughter is Mrs. Bert Moodie. The many friends of deceased in this city will regret to learn of his demise.

C. M. SCHWAB'S BREAKDOWN

Harkens to Physicians and Refuses to Talk "Shop"

ATLANTIC City, N.J., Jan. 27.—Charles M. Schwab, steel king, motored with Mrs. Schwab from New York City here tonight. The munition magnate has been cautioned to take a complete rest since he has been reported on the verge of a nervous breakdown. Mr. Schwab has engaged an entire suite at the Hotel Traymore and refuses to see anyone on business or otherwise.

Six Mile March Through Mud and Inky Night

Lieut. A. G. Mordy, formerly accountant of the Winnipeg branch of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, in a letter "from the trenches," tells of the optimistic nature of the Canadian boys who are at the front. "Nothing daunts them," writes the Lieutenant. "I cannot adequately express my admiration for men who have been through the mud of Salisbury, the fighting at Ypres, and the drudgery of the trenches for months. With 75 lbs. to carry, no food for seven hours, they lately started out on a six mile march in pitch darkness and in a pouring rain, and they sang as they marched. I hope they will get the reception they are entitled to when they return to Canada."

Then Lieut. Mordy tells of a former Commerce boy named Blacklay, who was killed while doing duty beside an aeroplane, and says: "This war is a cruel, dirty, dastardly business, and no Hell eternal can be devised sufficient to expiate the suffering and sorrow caused by those responsible."

Talented Priest A Shoe Shine

Catholic Father Wandering in New York May Be Insane

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—Patrolman Tienkin pushed through a crowd gathered at City Hall Park this morning and found a man in the garb of a priest who carried a bootblack's box on which was printed: "I am a Catholic priest, expelled by the Mexicans. Shoe shine 5 cents."

Tienkin took the man to the station and sent for Father Diamond, of the Church of the Transfiguration, in Mott street, who acted as translator, and learned that the priest was the Rev. Peter Belanstegin, a native of Argentina. He said he had been imprisoned in Mexico for forty days and cruelly treated. He escaped at last and made his way here. He said he had been unable to get work of any kind and finally had manufactured the shoebox and with it had earned 30 cents on Monday, 5 cents on Tuesday, and $1 today. The dollar, he said, had been given to him for one shine by a customer, whose shoes already were polished until they glistened.

Father Belanstegin had a letter from R. D. Aquilor, editor of La Presna, of 24 Stone street, saying that the priest was an eminent musician and composer, and a learned man.

Father Diamond said there was no reason why a Catholic priest should be reduced to shining shoes in this city, and suggested that his sufferings in Mexico had deranged him. Father Belanstegin will be arraigned before Magistrate Levy in the Tombs Court later and remanded to Bellevue Hospital for ten days for observation as to

THE WEATHER.

Fresh easterly winds with fall of snow, turning milder with sleet or rain.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 49 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, JANUARY 29, 1916. No. 26

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TWO THOUSAND A MONTH

PROOF OF KING'S DECEIT IN POSSESSION OF ALLIES

Despatches From Rome Indicate That the Greek King May be Arrested and Taken to France

ROME, Jan. 29.—(Special.)—The allies, who are practically preventing navigation of Greek shipping, and thus have stopped Austro-German submarine warfare in the Mediterranean, have secured convincing evidence to the effect that the Greet King has favored in every possible way the operation of Austrian and German submarines, which were based at Corfu prior to the French occupation, and still are based at other Greek islands.

Submarines are also said to be based on the seaside of Constantine's villa in Athens, where gasoline is sequestered. All of this is part of the evidence in the allies' hands, showing the Hellenic ruler's complicity with the central powers. Undoubtedly this evidence will be sensationally divulged at the opportune moment, and it is bound to have the climax in the Greek situation looked for in the immediate future.

The neutral diplomat who to-day foreshadowed an invountary trip by King Constantine to France added that he had reason to believe that the exile of the Montenegrin King and his family was not self-chosen, but had been decided upon by the allies because of Austrian threats to have King Nicholas executed.

FATAL ACCIDENT NEAR DESERONTO STATION

A deaf and dumb man named Kimmerley was almost instantly killed on the C. N. R. railway, near Deseronto, shortly after noon today. The victim, it appears, was walking on the track and had no knowledge of the approaching westbound train until struck by the engine, death resulting almost instantly. The body was removed to the Deseronto station, where it was subsequently viewed by the jury empanelled on the case. The unfortunate man had for some time been a resident of Deseronto, where he was well and favorably known.

KAISER "GIVES" BULGARS BOOTY WON IN SERBIA

"Generous" Donation Makes Great Impression, Says Former Minister

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—Emperor William has presented to the Bulgarians all war materials captured by German troops in Serbia, according to an interview with the former Bulgarian Minister to Italy, M. Rizow, printed in The Dusseldorf General Anzeiger.

M. Rizow told the interviewer that the booty was "very great, comprising more than 30 cannon, numberless machine guns, tens of thousands of rifles, quantities of ammunitions, 172 baggage and hospital wagons, and sanitary material.

"The booty is worth probably thirty to forty million marks," the diplomat added, "and the generous gift has made a great impression on us."

HAS FOUR SONS IN KHAKI

CORNWALL, Jan. 28.—James Mattice, of Osnabruck Centre, has four sons at present at the front or enlisted in overseas battalions, as follows: John Mattice, enlisted with a western regiment; Clarence Mattice in Bermuda, with the 38th Battalion; Walter Mattice, in Alexandria, taking N.C.O. course for the 154th battalion; Sergt. Wilfred Mattice, 154th Cornwall.

HELD TOBACCO SHOWER

CORNWALL Jan. 28.—In response to a request for smokes from Major S. M. Gray, of Cornwall, now at the front with the 21st Battalion, the Daughters of the Empire held a showers today. A veritable avalanche of tobacco was received at the Soldiers' club rooms, and in addition to the donations in kind, the sum of $130 was realized with which to purchase more smokes.

Huns Cannot Hold Their Line

Quitting France and Belgium Within Two Months?.

GREAT VICTORY FOR RUSSIA

London Hears Erzerum is Wrested From Turks

PARIS, Jan. 28.—Among the inhabitants of invaded districts recently repatriated via Switzerland is a French business woman from Lille, who says "The last few months have been a positive nightmare. The population is confident, but suffers greatly. It gets no rations from the Germans, and is only saved from starvation by American relief.

"German officers quartered in my house declared there were no need for me to go, because they themselves would have left France and Belgium before two months had elapsed, as they could not hold their extensive line any longer. The German soldiers were in a state of abject misery. Their clothes were in rags, they had no shoes and they had meat to eat only once weekly.

"But worst of all was the plight of the horses. Their condition was pitiable. Instead of fodder, they got chopped straw mixed with sugar, but the latter the men themselves stole."

$2,302,829 For Patriotic Fund

TORONTO, Jan. 29.—Generous Toronto and York county, small and large givers and contributors from the United States contributed $2,302,829 to the "on to victory" campaign of the Toronto and York Patriotic Fund after a four days' whirlwind campaign, which was brought to a glorious close last night. The victory was a notable one. It was not only pleasing to the volunteer workers who gave up their time and labor to gather in the money, but also to the citizens, whose generosity is told in the result attained for a most worthy cause. After the fund closed last night the "trench workers" assembled in the banquet room of the old McConkey building, the headquarters of the campaign, to hear the result of their strenuous efforts.

HEAVY STORM IN THE WEST

Canadian Press Special.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—At least sixty lives have been lost in the storm which has ranged over the entire Pacific coast since early Thursday. Fully fifty have perished in the bursting of the California Mountain Water Company's dam in the Otay Valley, south of San Diego. Many more are missing.

In Oregon, Washington, Montana and Idaho there is extreme cold and snow, and railway traffic is demoralized. The storm is now moving eastward and more favorable conditions for the coast are predicted.

WIFE MURDER AND SUICIDE

WOODSTOCK, N.B., Jan. 29.—Special!—A case of wife murder and suicide is reported from Woodlawn, a Carleton county settlement near the United States border. William Wilson, aged 56, a well-to-do farmer, killed his wife with an axe and then ended his own life by hanging. He was in poor health and had been despondent of late.

MORE RUSSIAN SUCCESSES

LONDON, Jan. 28.—Erzerum, the principal city in Turkish Armenia, well fortified on modern lines, is reported to have fallen into the hands of the Russians. Official confirmation of the report is lacking. The report is, however, not doubted here in view of the steady headway made by the Russians since they launched their campaign into the interior of Armenia.

The capture of Erzerum, if confirmed, means the greatest Russian victory in Asia Minor since the outbreak of the war, overshadowing in importance the defeat of the Turks at Sari Kamish, a year ago. It is expected to have a strong moral and military effect on the operations in Mesopotamia and Persia.

The Athens' correspondent of the Daily Mail telegraphs to-night: "It is stated in reliable quarters that Persia is about to join the Allies officially."

TURKISH TROOPS ORDERED TO THE GREEK FRONTIER

Need of Reinforcements Said to Have Dolayed Attack on Salonica

PARIS, Jan. 29.—(Special.)—The fifth Turkish army that had been operating against the Entente forces at the Dardanelles has been ordered to the Greek frontier, according to news in diplomatic circles, says a despatch to the Temps to-day from Bucharest.

L'Universal says it has learned that Emperor William paid his visit to Nish recently with the object of discussing there with the Bulgarian and Austrian leaders a general attack on Salonica. The details of the plan were discussed, and a decision reached to begin the offensive soon, according to the newspaper.

Mr. Burrell Gets After Mr. Carvell

A Verbal Flogging For Liberal Critic in the Commons by Minister Of Agriculture

CHARGES WHICH RECOIL

Bourassa and Lavergne Denounced By Dr. Edwards as Men With Calloused Hearts and Blackened Blood

OTTAWA, January 28.—The House of Commons yesterday witnessed the verbal flogging of a member. It was administered by the Minister of Agriculture, Hon. Martin Burrell, and the man who suffered under it was Frank B. Carvell, Liberal member for Carleton, N.B., a man whose attempts by terrorizing the Government to render impossible the co-operation of the two parties, have darkened the records of Parliament ever since the war began. The punishment meted out to this man to-day was merciless and overwhelming.

It was this member who out-Heroded Hon. Wm. Pugsley in the recklessness of his attacks upon the work of the Shell Committee. It was he who charged the Minister of Agriculture with permitting the manipulation of hay contracts in the province of New Brunswick, and it was this charge which recoiled to-day with blasting effect upon the man who made it.

Mr. Burrell did two things. He proved from the departmental records that Mr. Carvell's charge that inferior rejected hay had, through manipulation, been accepted by Government inspectors and paid for at a high price, was contrary to the facts. He proved, again from departmental records, that Mr. Carvell had himself been guilty of one of the offences charged against the department, that of holding down the price paid for lose hay to the farmer. This had taken place in 1902 when the present member for Carleton, then the secretary-treasurer of the New Brunswick Hay Company, which was supplying hay for the troops, had established a virtual combine under which subcontractors were forbidden under pain of penalties provided in a hard and fast contract, to pay the farmers more than eight dollars a ton for their hay. The penalty was described in this remarkable contract as "punishment."

"This," said Mr. Burrell, "is the patriot who has charged me with bleeding the farmer."

The Carleton member, after a number of efforts to interrupt, efforts which were suppressed by an indignant House, sat silent in his seat, a picture of suppressed fury.

In contrast to the attitude of the Liberal Government, which refused even after the close of the South African war to permit the investigation of hay purchases for the Imperial Government, Hon. Mr. Burrell announced his personal willingness to produce all records relating to all such transactions of the conclusion of the present conflict.

Other speakers in the debate to-day were Mr. Emmanuel Devlin of Wright; Dr. J. W. Edwards, of Frontenac; and Mr. W. F. Carroll, of Cape Breton.

Dr. Edwards' speech was featured by a vigorous condemnation of the conduct of Mr. Henri Bourassa and Col. Armand Lavergne in their efforts to prevent Canada's participation in the war, and stated that it was impossible to appeal "to the calloused hearts or stir the blackened blood of Bourassa and Lavergne." He declared that it was disgracing the King's uniform that Lavergne was permited to use it.

The debate on the address will now probably last into the middle of next week.

IMMEDIATE ADVANCE ON SUEZ CANAL

Canadian Press Special.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—The Daily Mail's correspondent who made a recent trip through the Balkans, and who owing to his dark complexion, the assumption of Turkish costume, and ability as a linguist, was able to talk with all classes without exciting suspicion, says all the Turkish as well as German sentiment is for an immediate advance on the Suez Canal.

Heavy Fighting On West Front

French Recapture Crater in Neuville Region

FOE ALSO SUCCEEDS

Gains a Footing in Some Parts of Advanced French Trenches In Artois District

LONDON, Jan. 29.—The Germans have begun a great drive in Artois. Following artillery preparation lasting forty-eight hours, four successive attacks were launched to-day at different parts of the French front. They gained a footing in advanced French trenches at one point. The other attacks were repulsed, according to the Paris official report.

Still another attack against the British salient northeast of Loos resulted in a complete check for the Germans, says the British Headquarters report.

The scene of the attacks was the stretch of line from Loos to Arras, the cockpit of the most terrific fighting in previous tests of strength on the west front.

Heavy German losses are claimed by the French in actions which preceded the great drive. In one crater formed by a mine exploded to wreck the French advanced trenches near Arras 150 German bodies were counted.

The Franco-Belgian artillery violently shelled the German positions in the dunes along the Belgian coast, while British monitors shelled the Westende district.

ALL HIS SONS HAVE DONNED THE KHAKI

Mr. John Kane Sends His Boys to Do Their 'Bit'—Two Have Commissions and One a Private

KINGSTON, Jan. 28.—In the family of Mr. John E. Kane, 81 Earl street, there are three sons and all of them have joined the colors. This is an enviable record and one that is hard to equal in this city. The oldest son, Dr. John Kane, will go to England with the Ontario Hospital. He is a graduate of Queen's University of the class of 1914 and has been in New York in the large hospitals since his graduation. As a doctor he is a fully qualified man.

The second son, Capt. Carl. J. Kane, adjutant, 146th Battalion, has proven his worth as a soldier and is beloved by all his men. He is a former member of the Standard staff. The third son, Pte. Vincent Kane, is in the ranks of Queen's Stationary Hospital. He was an employee in the offices of the Canadian Locomotive Company and was on Wednesday night presented with a fine wrist watch by his former fellow employees. The three boys will go overseas to do their "bit" for the cause.

Whitby Local Option Goes Wet

Drys Lose Three Votes and Wets Gain Two on the Recount

WHITBY, Jan. 29.—Judge McGillivray made a recount this morning of the ballots cast in the recent vote on the local option by-law. By the recount supporters of the by-law lost three votes and the antis gained two votes. Three ballots marked against local option in polling subdivision No. 1, had by error been counted for the bylaw, which made a loss for the supporters and a gain for the antis. In division No. 3 a ballot previously counted for the bylaw was rejected by the Judge, making the total loss of four ballots. A gain of one was made for the bylaw in Ward Two, with a corresponding loss to the antis. The net gain for the wets was therefore two, and the net loss for the drys, three. The vote thus stands: For the bylaw, 328; against, 325, 3 4-5 votes less than sixty per cent. of the total Ten more ballots marked for would be necessary to win. James Haverson, K.C., represented the license-holders. W. E. N. Sinclair appeared for the Local Option Committee.

The County Council Makes the Above Donation for Patriotic Purposes---80th and 155th Battalions to Receive One Thousand Each.

Friday, Jan. 28.

Afternoon Session

Council resumed at 2 o'clock. Warden Nugent in the chair.

Col. Ketcheson, Commanding Officer of the 80th Battalion, addressed the Council, asking for more assistance for that Battalion. It was necessary to have more money for the 80th Battalion, which had been recruited in the district. He had the honor for some time of being the colonel of the 49th Regiment of Hastings County, and the greater portion of the officers had enlisted. He had 1,100 men under his command, and they were a creditable lot of men. There were in Belleville 650 men of the Battalion, and the expenses were great. He was a farmer of Hastings County and was willing to pay what ever extra taxes were necessary to be paid. He was proud of the 80th Battalion as the men were a fine body of men. The County Council had given him $1,000 for the 80th Battalion and he would ask for $1,500 additional to meet the necessary expenses.

Capt. Watson said the extras supplied to the men cost the battalion about $400 a month. The Government provided certain food, but the men needed a few extras and they had to be provided out of the regimental funds. There were other necessary expenses incurred which the Government did not provide for.

On motion the report was referred to the Ways and Means Committee.

A motion prevailed that a bridge which had been taken down in Rawdon Township be not sold, but be left where it is stored until the county needs it.

A motion was carried that the superintendent and chairman of roads inspect two bridges on the boundary between Monteagle and Carlow Townships and to report to the Council as to their condition and to take action if necessary.

Moved by Mr. Jordison, seconded by Mr. Green that in view of the very inefficient train service on the Trenton to Maynooth branch of the Central Ontario Railway the clerk be and is

Continued on page 7, column 3

VESSELS NOT BUILT FOR 17-IN. GUNS

Canadian Press Special.

TORONTO, Jan. 29.—Upon being asked his opinion of the story that the Germans are mounting 17-inch guns on their battleships, Frederick Palmer war correspondent and author, told the newspaper men here this morning that ships to carry such guns have not been built yet. The United States and Britain both tried out such guns. It takes Germany two and a half years to build a battleship, and they therefore cannot have ships for such big guns.

BOMB EXPLODES

Canadian Press Special.

HALIFAX, Jan. 29.—A bomb exploded during a lecture at the Military School this morning, injuring eight, two seriously.

A 22-INCH GUN

LONDON, Jan. 29.—Russian correspondents on the western front have notified Petrograd that the Germans are reported manufacturing a new 22-inch gun for use in spring campaign.

SWITZERLAND EATS HUMBLE PIE BEFORE THE KAISER

Canadian Press Special.

BERLIN, Jan. 29.—The Swiss Minister called at the Foreign Office today and expressed his Government's regret over the anti-German outbreak at Lausanne during which the German flag was torn down. The German Government expressed its thanks for Switzerland's prompt action and the incident was closed.

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIANS

OTTAWA, Jan. 28.—The midnight list of casualties is as follows:

3RD BATTALION.

Killed in action—W. Ferguson, Toronto; H. Pope, Montreal.

Died of wounds while prisoner of war in Germany—Jos. Bennett, Edmonton, Alta.

7TH BATTALION.

Wounded—T. R. Berry, Victoria, B.C.

8TH BATTALION.

Wounded—Daniel Paul, Carman Man.

14TH BATTALION.

Wounded — W. Letourneau, Ste. Familie, Que.

15TH BATTALION.

Killed in action—T. Edgar, Steelton, Ont.

16TH BATTALION.

Suffering from shock—J. C. Fuller, Winnipeg, Man.

26TH BATTALION

Severely wounded—Lieut. G. A. McCullough, Abilene, Alta.

4TH C. M. R.

Slightly wounded, returned to duty —J. S. Clayton, St. John, N.B.

WON AT SOME POINTS AND REPULSED AT OTHERS

Canadian Press Special.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—An attack by the Germans on the French front south of the Somme river yesterday along a width of several kilometers failed completely on the southern part of the line, succeeding only on the bank of the Somme against the village of Frise, it was announced today by the War Office.

BERLIN, Jan. 29.—The thousand yards of position taken were south of the village of Frise, which also was captured by the Germans.

Northeast of Neuville the Germans stormed trenches along a front of one thousand yards, capturing 27 prisoners and nine machine guns.

BERLIN, Jan. 29.—The capture of one thousand yards of French positions south of the Somme by German troops was announced today by the Army Headquarters. Prisoners to the number of 927 and thirteen machine guns were taken.

LAST WEEK
Of Our
Stock-Taking Sale

IMMENSE BARGAINS OFFERED FOR THIS WEEK'S SELLING.
Dress Goods Remnants on sale at Cut Prices.
Remnants of Table Linens—Half Price.
14 quart Granite Dish Pans on sale .... 25c.
12 quart Granite Dish Pans, sale .... 19c.
A few Ladies' Winter Coats, one-third off.
Ladies' Silk Blouses on sale $1.19
Ladies' all over Aprons, colored and white, on sale .... 25c.
A full line of Ladies' Cashmere Hose, on sale .... 25c, 35c, 50c.
Hundreds of bargains in many lines at Stock-taking prices.
WEEK OF BIG BARGAINS.

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

SPECIAL BOOT BARGAINS
Marked Regardless of Cost to Clear Before Stock-Taking.

WOMEN'S GYPSY BOOTS, in Kid, Midnight Blue and Velvet, Patent and Gun Metal Laced and Buttoned, Plain Toe, or Tipped Mat or Cloth Top, all sizes. Regular $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00.
Clearing $2.98

MEN'S TAN and GUN METAL LACED and BUTTONED BOOTS, English or Nobby Toes, all sizes. Regular $5.00 and $6.00 values.
Clearing $3.45

ADAMS The Shoeman

HOCKEY STICKS
NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.
AUTOMOBILE SKATES
Made in Canada
Have you seen the New Ones?
Stronger and Lighter than ever
THE SMITH HARDWARE CO.
LET US DO YOUR PLUMBING

Irr esistble
Is Our Cake
Guests will beg for it—children will cry for it. We bake delicious cake—plain and fancy. It's just as sweet and pure and fine in grain as cake can be. No housewife's cake can surpass ours, because we put in the costly ingredients just as she does, and take equal care in the baking.
Yerex's Bakery
Phone 787
68 Sinclair St. Belleville

CITY AND VICINITY

All ladies who call on Mr. Frank Pember will receive a "Pannell of Beauties" free. j27,29 f4. 6-td j31-tw.

PHOTO-DRAMA CREATION

Part 4 Sunday 2.30 and 7.30 p.m., Griffin's Theatre. Seats free. 28,29

Keep in mind the anniversary tea of Bridge St. Methodist church on Monday, February 14.

United meeting of Women's Institute under auspices of E. B. W. I. at the High School the coming Monday afternoon. Miss Bella Hall, directress of University Settlement, formerly agitates of advanced women's work in Winnipeg, Man. Will give an address, commencing at 4 o'clock. All women of Belleville are invited. Don't miss this address. No collection.

DANCING

Mr. and Mrs. Johnstone's
Next Select Social Dance,
will be held
Thursday Evening.

Private lessons will be given Monday evening from 7 to 11.

Newest Dances

1916 Fox Trot, Officers' Two Step, Military Two Step and Military Dip Waltz.

NOTICE

For any shortage of pressure in gas service call the office—phone 69. 4,26,29

Dr. Dorner, Osteopathic Physician, 28 Victoria Ave., Phone 73.

NOTICE—All persons having claims against the Sergeants' Mess, 80th O. S. Battalion must submit same within seven days or same will be declared void.—Sec.-Treas. 1t

BELLEVILLE RIFLE ASSOCIATION

The monthly spoon competition was held last night in the Armouries. Highest possible score 100. Result:

Class "A"

xJ. C. Wills	99
J. Douch	97
H. Day	94
A. R. Symons	92
W. J. Andrews	91
A. Harman	87
G. D. Gratton	87

Class "B"

xJ. S. Peck	95
C. C. Walker	94
C. J. Symons	93
C. J. Wills	91

xWinners of silver spoons.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY

HOME GUARD DRILL

A goodly number of citizens last night gathered at the Armouries and indulged in drill. Those present were divided into four squads and were put through drill by those in command.

CALL FOR POLICE

Last night the police answered a call to a residence in the southern part of the city, it being alleged that two men were endeavoring to gain an admittance to the house. No arrests were made as the parties had left before the police arrived upon the scene.

ENTERTAINED COUNCILLORS

The members of the County Council were last evening entertained at luncheon at the Belleville Club by Hon. H. Corby. After refreshments had been served a hearty vote of thanks was tendered to Hon. H. Corby for his generous act, which was fittingly acknowledged by the Senator.

THE MARKET

There was not a large attendance upon the market this morning and in consequence prices were rather high for all produce offered for sale. Butter sold at from 32c. to 35c. per pound; fresh eggs from 33c. to 35c. per dozen, and dressed chickens from $1.00 to $1.75 per pair, according to quality. Geese sold at $2 each, ducks from $1.50 to $2.00 per pair, and turkeys from $2.50 to $3.50 each.

LAID AT REST

The funeral of the late Edward Walsh took place from his residence on Friday morning and was largely attended. The deceased was well and favorably known in this city. He was born in Killree, Ireland, in 1829, and came to this country in 1849. He arrived in Belleville in 1850 and resided here ever since. He was a valuable and trusted employee of the Rathbun Co. for over fifty years, and was one of the best estimators of timber limits in the Dominion. He retired from business about ten years ago. The numerous floral and spiritual offerings attested to the esteem in which he was held. He leaves to mourn his loss three daughters, namely, Mrs. J. J. Sullivan, of Chicago; Mrs. J. R. Collins, of this city; Mrs. W. J. McCoy, of Ottawa, all of whom were at his bedside when he passed away. He also leaves thirteen grandchildren and ten great-grandchildren. Lt. W. E. McCoy of the Flying Corps, England, is a grandson.

Within the Military Circle

BELLEVILLE

The 80th Battalion, Belleville, has received four Colt machine guns. They have had a Lewis automatic rifle for some time, and now have their machine gun section completely equipped.

The undermentioned medical officers have been detailed by Colonel Hemming to examine recruits and to attend to the same, as follows: Dr. Galloway, Woodville, Dr. Ross, Kirkfield; Dr. Henderson, Haliburton; Dr Frost, Hinden; Dr. Johnston, Fenelon Falls; Dr. Boyd, Bobcaygeon.

The following are the members of the staff of the provisional school of infantry: Commandant, Lieut.-Col. Barragar; adjutant, Capt. Witherspoon; instructors, Lieut. Flury, Sergts. Gilliece, Dryden, Sharpe, Sucee.

Mr. David Southbrook of Marmora has enlisted with the 155th Battalion and will be engaged as one of the carpenters connected with the Battalion. Mr. Harold McWilliams of Marmora has also enlisted, and wil be employed as a tailor.

The weekly parade of the 15th Regt. Reserve was held last evening, a good number being present. The men were ably drilled by Lieut. Wallace and Sergt. Redding.

Lieut. Wills of the 155th Battalion is confined to bed with the grippe.

A patriotic meeting was held at Wellman's Corners last night. Col. Adams, Captains Gilmore, Hyman and Doyle, and Lieut. Sanford, all of the 155th Battalion, were among those who addressed the meeting.

The men of the 155th Battalion have been served out with the new winter caps.

The School of Infantry for the N. C. O's of the 155th Battalion is now in full swing. About fifty men are attending the class, which is held in the High School Gymnasium.

The County Council of Prince Edward have given a grant of $1,000 to the 155th Battalion.

Col. Hemming, of the 3rd Division, arrived in the city this afternoon and will inspect the headquarters of the local Battalions.

About Baby
V.
WHEN feeding baby by hand the same Food can be given from birth for the first months, varying the quantities from week to week.
About the fourth month something to help the formation of bone, nerve and muscle is required.
Nothing starchy is permissible till after six months, when Baby should be sturdy and firm, not too fat.
Then give a partially digested farinaceous food.
The only complete progressive dietary—the unique and ideal method—is
'Allenburys' Foods
81

A cordial invitation is extended by Col. Ketcheson of the 80th Battalion, to the citizens to attend the church parade at the Armouries at 10.30 a.m. The 80th Batt. Band will be present; also members of the 155th Battalion.

An interesting lecture was given last evening to the officers and N.C.O's of the 80th Battalion by the adjutant, Captain Watson. The subject was on "Bombs and Bomb-throwing."

Bn. Orderly Officer for today, Lt. L. C. McColl.

Bn. Orderly Officer for tomorrow, Lt. C. E. Wright.

Bn. Orderly Sergt. for today, Cpl. Beneath, B. Co.

Bn. Orderly Sergt. for tomorrow, Cpl Russell, B. Co.

Bn. Orderly Corpl. for today, Cpl. Juby, A. Co.

Bn. Orderly Corpl. for to-morrow, L. Cpl. Addy, A. Co.

BATTALION ORDERS

EXTRACT FROM "DIVISIONAL ORDERS."

Absentees without leave C.E.F.

The following copy of Order-in-Council P. C. No. 3,057 dated 6th January 1916 is published for general information:

...... H. Q. 652—1—34 ....

Where as much difficulty in the administration of the Canadian Over. Expeditionary Force in Canada and numerous failures of justice have arisen through the fact that in very many cases absentees from that force do not give themselves up or are not apprehended until after their respective units have embarked for overseas service. And whereas then the witnesses to the attestation, absence, etc., having also gone, it is difficult if not impossible to produce evidence sufficient to secure the offenders' conviction by Court-Martial.

"Therefore His Royal Highness the Governor-General-in-Council, under and in virtue of the authority of providing a more easy and ready means of bringing offenders to punishment, is pleased to make and do hereby make the following orders and regulations, namely:—

Every man of the Active Militia of Canada who without leave of his commanding officer, absents himself from his corps while it is on Active service and every soldier of the Canadian Overseas Expeditionary Force who absents himself from his unit without the leave of his commanding officer is guilty of an offence under the criminal code and on summary conviction under the provisions of part 15 of that code, is liable to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a term not exceeding two years.

Production of an attestation paper purporting to be signed by the accused and attested by a Justice of the Peace or by an officer appointed to command a battalion or other similar units of the Canadian Overseas Expeditionary Force and purporting to be an engagement by the accused to serve in the corps or the unit from which he is charged with being absent shall be sufficient proof that the accused was duly enlisted into such corps or unit; and evidence that the accused was in Canada at the time of his surrender or apprehension and a written statement purporting to be signed by the Adjutant-General of Militia, or by an assistant Adjutant-General, that the unit to which the accused was posted or belonged has departed from Canada for overseas service shall be prima facie proof that the accused is an absentee without leave from such corps or unit and shall be sufficient to cast upon the accused the onus of proving his absence from the corps or unit was not illegal.

Nothing herein shall in any way limit or affect the power of the Military authorities to proceed against rules an absentee without leave according to the rules of Military law, but an accused person shall not be liable to be tried both by a "Military Tribunal" and by a civil court, but may be tried by either of them as may be prescribed.

The military pay and allowances of everyone who has been convicted of absence without leave from his corps or from the unit to which he belongs, shall be held liable to be stopped to make good any loss or damage or destruction done or permitted by him, to any arms, ammunition, equipment, clothing, instruments, or regimental necessaries, the value of which the Minister of Militia and Defence has directed him to pay."

Prevention of Espionage

Militia order No. 515 of the 29th November 1915, is hereby promulgated for the information of all concerned:—

It is strictly forbidden to disclose to unauthorized persons any information with respect to the movements, numbers, description, condition or disposition of any of the forces, ships or war materials of his Majesty or any of his Majesty's Allies or with respect to the plans or conduct of any naval or military operations by any such forces or ships or with respect to any works or measures undertaken for or connected with or intended for the fortification or defence of any place or any information of such a nautre as is calculated to be or might be directly or indirectly useful to the enemy.

Commanding officers are directed to promulgate the foregoing instructions and to see that they are fully explained to all ranks on parade by officers commanding squadrons, batteries and companies and other units.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mr. Harry Coon, of the Bank of Nova Scotia, Toronto, is spending the week-end with his parents, in this city.

Miss Rannie, of Peterboro, is the guest of Mr. Jas. H. Packham, who is spending a few days with her brother, Mr. Hector Poste, Forin St.

Rev. Dr. Blagrave, who intended leaving town this week for a couple of weeks rest, has been prevented doing so owing to the illness of his son, Douglas, who is suffering from an attack of typhoid.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Hayes, of Toronto and Mr. J. A. Hayes, of Toronto, are spending the week-end with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hayes, Catherine Street.

How You May Throw Away Your Glasses

The statement is made that thousands wear eyeglasses who do not really need them. If you are one of these unfortunates, then these glasses may be ruining your eyes instead of helping them. Thousands who wear these "windows" may prove for themselves that they can dispense with glasses if they will get the following prescription filled at once; Go to J. S. McKeown's drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets; fill a 2-ounce bottle with warm water and drop in one Bon-Opto tablet. With this harmless liquid solution bathe the eyes two to four times daily, and you are likely to be astonished at the results right from the start. Many who have been told that they have astigmatism, eye-strain, cataract, sore eyelids, weak eyes, conjunctivitis and other eye disorders, report wonderful benefits from the use of this prescription. Get this prescription filled and use it; you may so strengthen your eyes that glasses will not be necessary. Thousands who are blind, or nearly so, or who wear glasses might never have required them if they had cared for their eyes in time. Save your eyes before it is too late! Do not become one of these victims of neglect. Eyeglasses are only like crutches and every few years they must be changed to fit the ever-increasing weakened condition, so better see if you can like many others, get clear, healthy, strong magnetic eyes through the prescription here given. The Valmas Drug Co., of Toronto, will fill the above prescription by mail, if your druggist cannot.

Try Our
Saturday Special
Chocolates
33c
JAS. WALLACE & CO.

THERE are no secrets in the manufacture of spectacle lenses. But there are great differences in the skill and care of lens makers and in the quality of their work.
Our system of lens making and fitting is a mechanical art brought to a high degree of perfection by care and practice.
Lenses we prescribe are made by us in our own factory that they may come up to the standard of accuracy required by
McFee's Complete Optical Service.
Angus McFee

Demonstration of MacLaren's Jellies, Cream Cheese, Peanut Butter, Mustard Dressing, etc.,
At Wallbridge & Clarke's
Bridge Street Store
Balance of this Week.

Specials at
Wallbridge & Clarke's
Lettuce
Celery
Parsley
Little Carrots in tins.. .. ..15c
Little Red Beets in tins 15c
Pickled Red Cabbage (C. & B.) ..25c
Salad Dressing Powder, pkge. 10c
Durkee's Salad Dressing, 15c, 35c&60c
Nosco Onion Salt.. .. ..15c
Fine Paprika, Cayenne and White Pepper
Crosse & Blackwell's Currie Powder
Spanish Pimentoes, tins 10c & 20c.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Your Home Address

SINCLAIR'S SINCLAIR'S
Clean Up Of Many Odd Lines
We have just finished our Annual Stock-Taking, and this means we have many odd lines that must be cleaned and cleared at once. Here are a few of these
Prices to Clear Every Coat in Our Store
We have about 65 Ladies' and Misses' Black and Colored Cloth Coats, every garment this season's style, sizes well assorted for regular figures, also a few Black Coats in styles designed for extra large sizes, 39 to 47 inches bust measure, regular prices from $11.50 to $27.50 each, and we place these Coats
On Sale MONDAY, 31st January, Your Choice, Exactly HALF PRICE
25 Per Cent Off Ladies' Dresses
We have a number of Ladies' and Misses' Silk, Velvet and Serge Dresses, all very smart styles, also a few Serge Dresses for Stout Figures, regular prices from $7.50 to $25.00 and we place these on sale for the first week of February at 25 per cent. off Regular Prices.
Yard Wide Silks, 59c and 89c
This is a clearing lot of Black and Colored Dress Silks, all 36 inches wide and none less than regular $1.00 Silks, while some are our $1.25 qualities, and we place these on sale in Two Lots, about 500 yards in all, to clear for only 59c. and 89c. per yard.
Sinclair's WE HAVE 1 ONLY, LADIES' PLUSH COAT TO CLEAR AT $25.00. Sinclair's

DON'T Miss Our Discount Sale

10 Per Cent

Off The Whole Stock

Spools, Grey Cottons and Holeproof Hosiery excepted.

Wims & Co

FREE GIFT of Auto-Strop Razor to Soldiers.

Buy one of these Razors from us at the regular price—$5.00, and your soldier friend will receive one, with your compliments—gratis.

Let us supply your shaving needs.

Waters' DRUG STORE

213 Front St.

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip

Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.

Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows

F. W. L. CARRE

Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward counties.

Phone 366 276 Albert St., City

EYES BLUR

when reading?

If so; Glasses are needed to overcome the strain—let me help you.

Alex Ray, Opt. D.

Eye-Sight Specialist

Hotpoint El Perco

El Perco

A PERFECT PERCOLATOR

Makes six cups of delicious coffee right at the table for less than one cent's worth of electricity. Attaches to any lamp socket and will commence percolating from cold water in 30 seconds.

LET US SHOW YOU ONE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company

Limited

Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Advertise in The Intelligencer

OBITUARY

The Passing of Mrs. James W. Anderson Of Ameliasburg

It was with feelings of the deepest regret and sorrow, the many friends of Mrs. (Capt.) J. W. Anderson learned of her death, which took place at her home in Ameliasburg, on Monday January the 25th, 1916, after an illness of upwards of two years. The deceased, whose maiden name was Theadocia Brickman, was the eldest daughter of the late Peter Brickman, of Ameliasburg. She was born in the Township , July 21st, 1840, and was in the 76th year of her age at the time of her death. On December 30th, 1857, she married Jas. W. Anderson, who predeceased her about two years ago.

The result of their marriage was a family of four children, two of whom W. E. and H. C. at home, are left to mourn the loss of an affectionate and indulgent mother. The other two members of the family, Fred and Mary having passed away some years ago. This break in the family circle was a severe loss to the mother, from which she never fully recovered. The late Mrs. Anderson in addition to her two surviving sons, leaves three sisters and two brothers, who keenly feel the loss they have sustained. Mrs. R. D. Conger, and Mrs. W. A. Clarke, of Toronto, Mrs. L. F. Sprague, Mountain View, P. Ed Co, and Wm. W. Brickman, of Trenton, and Edwin A. Brickman, of Phillips, Alberta. At an early age the deceased was converted, and has for over 60 years continued a faithful and devoted member of the Methodist church. It can truly be said of Mrs. Anderson, she lived an unselfish life, and nothing gave her more pleasure than to make sacrifices for her family and friends. She always met the wants of the needy with a generous hand, in fact her hospitality was general and nothing was omitted which would in the least degree contribute to the comfort or happiness of those about her. Her own comfort and pleasure was a secondary condition, she lived and labored for her family and friends. During the few weeks she was confined to her room, she bore her sickness with unquestionable patience, while her two sons omitted nothing which would in any way relieve her sufferings, or contribute to their mother's comfort. Her hope was in the future and her unwavering faith in the sacred promises of her Saviour, was a comfort and support at the last, when she peacefully slept away, to mingle in happy reunion with loved ones gone on before. The funeral service was held at her late residence on Thursday the 27th inst., conducted by her pastor, Rev. R. L. Edwards. The rain prevented many of the friends and acquaintances from attending to show their esteem and respect in which the deceased was held.

Beautiful floral offerings bore testimony to the affection of the donors of the departed.

The bearers were all nephews of the deceased being, J. F. and A. W. Anderson, G. W. and A. H. Anderson, Jas. R. and Ridley Anderson. The interment took place in the family plot, Albury cemetery.

FORCED ACID IN BABY S MOUTH

Four Week Old Child is Victim of Terrible Crime in New York

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Four weeks old Jules Clements died to-day from the effects of a quantity of acid forced down his throat by an unidentified man while the child was sitting in a gocart outside of a candy shop in the Bronx yesterday.

Mrs. Charles Clements, the boy's mother, had stepped into the shop, leaving her four year old daughter, Leona, to watch Jules. When the mother rushed to the street in response to the girl's screams she found that the baby's mouth, chin and neck had been burned by a strong acid and that the child was crying. "A man did it," said Leona. "He gave baby something."

Mrs. Clements later recalled that she saw a sallow skinned man, apparently about forty-five years old, walking away from the go-cart, but at the time she was too excited to carefully not the man's appearance.

The police have been unable to obtain a clue to the identity of the child poisoner and they are also at a loss for the motive for the crime.

FIRE DRIVES GIRLS FROM INDUSTRIAL REFUGE

TORONTO, Jan. 28.—General alarm sounded shortly after 8 o'clock last night called the attention of the whole fire department to a fire which broke out in the Industrial Refuge for Girls at 43 Belmont. Some ninety-two girls, inmates of the place, were quietly marched out on the lawn, where where they remained until the firemen extinguished the fire.

It was a lively blaze while it lasted, starting in the furnace room, the flames making their way up to the living-rooms of two of the matrons, near the main entrance. The fire was put out in less than half an hour. The loss is less than a thousand dollars, chiefly to clothing and personal effects of the matrons.

Rich Yet Delicate—Clean and Full of Aroma.

"SALADA" B109

is blended from selected hill-grown teas, famed for their fine flavoury qualities. Imitated yet never equalled.

Belleville Branch Of the Canadian Patriotic Fund

The Treasurer begs to acknowledge with thanks the following payments since added to the lists published up to January 22:—

Judge Deroche	$20 00
Mrs. A. W. Dickens	3 00
Mr. W. Dickens	4 00
Merchants Bank Staff (Jan.)	5 00
Miss R. G. Templeton	3 50
R. A. Bull	5 00
Belleville Lodge No. 81, I.O.O.F. (Jan.)	5 00
R. W. Adams	2 00
Employees McIntosh Bros. (Jan.)	5 10
Dr. W. J. Gibson	$25.00

Floods in Galt As River Rises

Ice Breaks up Backing Water Into Streets and Cellars

GALT, Ont., Jan. 28.—As a result of the mild weather, the ice on the Grand river here broke up during the night and the water rose several feet. It was about nine o'clock this morning when the ice reached Galt, and in less than half an hour cellars were flooded and the basements of factories along the river filled. The bridges backed the water up and part of Water street street was inundated to a depth of one to three feet. Backing up in the sewers, the water overflowed a block from the river. People in the houses surrounded by the water were taken out by the fire department and by draymen. All three municipal bridges were damaged, that at Main street faring worst. The flooring was torn up on one side. The basement wall of the Schlatbaum Block was partly torn away. Manufacturers who had stock in their basements will suffer to a considerable exent. The damage will run into thousands of dollars.

Why Dr. Jackson Objects to Bran-Gems.

They are as unbalanced as white flour. They have little nutrition. They irritate and cause catarrh of the bowels, a worse condition than the constipation they are intended to relieve. Dr. Jackson's Roman Meal is a bran—containing food, but it also contains deodorized flaxseed, whose soothing properties counteract the irritant effects of the bran. It makes delicious porridge, pan cakes, gems, cakes, and bread. It nourishes better than meat. It prevents indigestion and positively relieves constipation or "money black" Ask your doctor. At all grocers, 10 cents and 25 cents.

Made by Roman Meal Co., Toronto

TOOK FIVE ENGINES TO PULL THE TRAIN

FORT WILLIAM, Jan 28.—Not for seventeen years has Fort William been snowbound to the extent it is now. Over four feet of snow has fallen since Christmas and the big storm of yesterday and last night has demoralized all street railway and steam railroads.

The streets of the city are like canyons, huge piles of snow as high as the head of a tall man being piled on each side. C. P. R. train No. 2 from Winnipeg for Toronto, arrived at 10 o'clock this morning twelve hours late and hauled by five engines. Residents of houses on the outskirts of the city had to dig tunnels through the snow to get out this morning. The snow had drifted up to the eves of some of the cottages.

Journeyed From Cuba To Enlist

TORONTO, Jan. 28.—Dr. "Dick" Grant, the former University of Toronto and Harvard athlete, arrived in town last night to enlist in the Sportsmen's Battalion for overseas service. He came from Cuba, where he is the proprietor of a grape fruit plantation.

For fifteen years the mile record established by "Dick" Grant at Harvard withstood the assaults of the best track men developed at that institution. After quitting Harvard Dr. Grant went to the University of Minnesota, where he coached the track and field teams. More than twenty years ago Grant was a student at the University of Toronto. He and his brother Alex were prominent athletes in the Blue and White at that time.

LEAVES WIFE AND FOURTEEN CHILDREN TO FIGHT HUNS

ST. JOHN, N.B., Jan. 29.—Few recruits must cut so many ties when they leave for overseas duty as will Pte. Frederick Roberts, who has joined the 145th Battalion in Moncton.

Roberts has a wife and fourteen children to leave behind him, and his chief reason for enlisting is novel. He admits that his family is large, and he says that the more there are of them the more reason he has for going overseas to defend them.

Roberts leaves a good job to get into uniform. He is a woods-foreman, earning large pay, and the financial sacrifice counts with a family of that size. He has the physique of a fine soldier, and his experience in handling gangs of men has made him a welcome addition to the battalion.

Made Wife Beg Then Beat Her

MONTREAL, Jan. 28.—A sad case of neglect and persecution was brought to light this morning when Alexander Racicot was brought before Judge St. Cyr accused of having forced his wife to beg in the streets during the past five years, and also thrashing her whenever she would refuse to hand over all her pennies to him. For beating his wife Racicot was condemned to two months in jail, and for refusing to provide for his family he was given a term of four months in jail.

Read it in the Faces of the People You Meet

The Irritability, the Worry, the Gloom, the Despair of Nerve and Brain Troubles. The Blood is Watery, the Nerves Are Starved.

This is the age of nervous troubles, of brain fag, of heart failure, of paralysis and bodily weakness. You can read it in the faces of the people you meet.

The business man, the factory hand, the professional man, the woman in the home, all find their nervous systems giving way before the terrible strain of modern life and keen competition. Nervous force is consumed at a terrible rate, and the blood which must make good this loss becomes thin and watery, lacking in quality as well as quantity.

The whole secret of preserving health and curing disease in all such cases is to supply an abundance of rich, red blood. Stimulants may drive the heart at a more rapid pace for a time, but the breakdown will come with greater force.

The blood demands nourishment, the nerves cry for sustenance. They call for just such help as is supplied by Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, the great blood builder and nerve restorative.

In many, many thousands of cases of this kind Dr. Chase's Nerve Food has proven exactly what was needed. In using it you are not experimenting, but are supplying to the system the very ingredients from which Nature reconstructs the wasted nervous system. For this reason its cures are both thorough and lasting.

50c a box, 6 for $2.50, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

Dr. A. W. CHASE'S
NERVE FOOD
NERVOUS PROSTRATION
BRAIN FAG
HEART FAILURE

Dr. Chase's Recipe Book, 1,000 selected recipes, sent free, if you mention this paper.

A SNAP For Men and Boys

Gun Metal Buttoned and Laced Boots

Worth $3 and $3.50, now Clearing

Men's for $2.45

Boy's for $2.25

Our Stock of Winter Footwear is Complete at Popular Prices

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES

Belleville Napanee Trenton Smith's Falls

BARGAIN LIST

FOR THE LAST SATURDAY SALE OF OUR GREAT JANUARY CLEARANCE SALE.

The remaining days of this sale will be doubly interesting as we purpose crowding every minute of the day with such convincing bargains in our many different lines. Here is a partial list. Come Saturday for great bargains.

LADIES' SILK WAISTS.

All new up to date waists, many of them just received this week, have been put on sale.

$2.00 to $2.25 Waists, sale price $1.49
$2.75 to $3.25 Waists, sale price $2.19
$5.50 Waists, sale price $3.79

SALE OF SAMPLE FLANNELETTE NIGHTGOWNS AND LONG KIMONOS.

Reg. up to $3.00 values in Nightgowns, sale price $1.19
Reg. up to $2.50 Kimonas, sale price .... 79c.

RARE BARGAINS IN LADIES' FINE UNDERSKIRTS

Reg. up to $1.00 values in Underskirts clearing at .... 59c.
All Silk Underskirts, reg. $3.50 skirts, clearing at $1.99

CHILDREN'S DRESSES AT GREAT CLEARING PRICES.

Reg. up to $3.50 Dresses clearing at $1.98
Reg. up to $2.25 Dresses clearing at $1.39

BARGAINS IN CHINA DEPARTMENT.

Numerous pieces of sample China, reg. up to 50c., clearing at .... 5c., 10c. & 15c.

GRANITE WEAR SECTIONS OFFER GREAT BARGAINS.

10c. Pie Plates, . 2 for 15c. Reg. 18c. Pudding Dishes .. 12c.
10c. Basins .... 2 for 15c. Reg. 18c. Mixing Bowls .. 12c.

SPECIALS IN MEN'S SECTION.

$1.25 Grey Flannel Skirts, clearing at .... 98c.
$5.50 Men's Rain Coats clearing at $4.49
$1.25 Men's Umbrellas clearing at .... 98c.

McINTOSH BROS.

THIS WEEK

we are showing extra values in Ladies' Vests and Drawers, at .... 25c., 40c., 50c. per garment

These are extra values and goods at these prices are very scarce.

Initial Stationery

Just received a full stock of:—
New Initial Stationery........ 25c. per box
New Initial Reply Cards .... 25c. per box

Balance of Initial Stationery in stock of lines we are going to discontinue will be cleaned out at .... 19c. box

THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

MUSKRAT COATS

Ladies' Natural American Muskrat Coats:—
40 inches long, Shawl Collar $35
45 inches long, Shawl Collar $39
50 inches long, Shawl Collar $49
Strictly No. 1 Canadian Muskrat Coats, dropped sleeves and Shawl Collar $75

JUST A FEW OF THESE COATS LEFT.

G. T. WOODLEY,

N.B.—WE BUY RAW FURS.

Three Score and Four

64 years is a long time. A product that can hold the popularity of an entire Dominion for 64 years must be meritorious—dependable.

Eddy's Matches

Have been the same good matches since 1851. Like Eddy's Fibreware and Eddy's Washboards, they are considered Standard by all loyal Canadians under the "Made-in-Canada" Banner.

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, 227 Front Street.
CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal advertisements, 10c. per line, first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $2.00, strictly in advance.

'This is the 542nd day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany

THE CONSCRIPTION BILL.

The Military Service Bill, which has been attacked from many sides because of the failure of its opponents to grasp the groundwork of its purpose, not to say absolute need, may now be said to have become law. Assurance from high authority that the measure was in no way designed or intended to create "a monster in the form of a military machine which would grab all coming within its scope," was hardly necessary. The bill, as it now stands is the mildest form of compulsion for military service that any conscriptionist could imagine. It simply calls up for examination and attestation a small part of the young unmarried population of the country; it inquires into their reasons for not joining the army, makes allowances for conscientious objection, family responsibilities, and the nature of a man's occupation, and only after these amongst other conditions are observed does it make the citizen liable for service.

There could hardly have been, under such circumstances, much criticism of the measure. With three millions or more of the manhood of the country engaged in the war and hardly a family in the British Isles unaffected thereby, the fact that 300,000 or 400,000 single men demanded their own freedom no matter what happened to British freedom, would not receive much consideration from the sovereign people.

A general election on compulsion, it now appears, was quite unnecessary. The British people are intent only upon victory: they do not care greatly about the means.

FRANCHISE FOR WOMEN.

Hon. Dr. Pugsley, with an evident view to recuperating his waning popularity and political influence, has, it is said, under consideration the task of championing the cause of feminine franchise throughout the Dominion. Already he has given notice of a resolution in the House of Commons declaring that wherever a Provincial Legislature allows women to vote in Provincial elections the Federal Government shall allow them the same right in Federal elections. In other words, the resolution provides that the Provincial lists shall continue to be the basis of the Federal lists, even if women are included in the Provincial lists, as seems likely to be done in the cases of Manitoba and Alberta.

Truly the move is magnanimous and worthy only the mind of Dr. Pugsley's unequalled fertility. But we fear the effort will be fraught with many an obstacle, and ere carried to a successful issue will find the great hearted statesman in a condition of "nerves." Let us hope the end will be satisfying if it will bring him increased prominence in the world of politics. At least, when he is engaged in this effort he is doing nothing worse.

NOT SOON BUT EVENTUALLY

General Joffre has no illusions as to the length of the war. "If only the civilians will hold firm," he told a railwaymen's deputation a day or two ago, "that is the essential thing. If Frenchmen keep steady we shall have victory not immediately or even soon, but eventually."

The words are worth remembering by every Briton as well as by every Frenchman. This war is lengthening out beyond our expectations. Much sacrifice has yet to be endured by all the allied nations but it is the quality of that endurance that will win in the end. The conflict is a conflict of nations as well as of armies; it will be won by the nations that know best how to suffer, to wait and to do.

General Joffre is quietly confident. Lord Kitchener has no doubts about the outcome. The Allied armies dream never of defeat. It is for the people behind the armies to emulate their confidence.

GETTING AFTER THE SHARKS

Under the title of "More Lies to be Nailed," the Montreal Daily Star handles without gloves the tactics of certain sharks across the border who for purposes of personal aggrandizement are seeking to hedge the entrance into this country of many who desire to better their condition. While considered a belligerent country, the standard of life in Canada is far above the average citizen of the United States, the privileges greater, the social relations more cordial and the staunch, considerate backing by the Federal Government far superior to that of our neighbors. Would-be citizens of high repute are welcomed to the fair Dominion, and the hand of fair treatment is extended to all. It is refreshing to note the energy with which The Star takes up the question. It says:—

The Minister of the Interior has done well to summon a conference at Chicago of all Canadian immigration agents at present on duty in the United States. His action has been inspired by the latest of a fantastic crop of rumors concerning conditions in Canada, sent broad cast through the United States, and which unless promptly contradicted will do us much harm by restricting the flow of settlers from south of the boundary into the farm lands of the western provinces. The yarn in question is to the effect that the Federal Government contemplates putting a "war tax" of five dollars per quarter section on Dominion lands. Tacked on to this was the usual rider that conscription is about to be enacted in Canada.

Doctor Roche proposes to meet our immigration agents to talk things over, and when he is there it is to be hoped he will make a speech or publish a statement in which war conditions in this country will be accurately described. That this and other absurd canards have already had a certain effect has been shown in more ways than one. There was, for instance, a considerable falling off in the number of hunters from the United States who came north to the Maritime Provinces for the shooting this year. Americans who come to Canada know, of course, just how little the traveller is affected by the fact that this is a belligerent country as do those who read Canadian newspapers. Unfortunately these are the small minority of our neighbors. If Doctor Roche makes things quite clear when in Chicago his words will receive wide publicity and should do much good.

GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From The Intelligencer, Jan. 29, 1868

Alexander M. Sullivan, the editor of the Dublin Nation, has been arrested for printing seditious articles in his paper. He is a well-known Fenian.

The Legislature of Quebec voted $4,000 in aid of the Nova Scotia fishermen.

A meeting of the Town Council, held last evening, was adjourned till Friday night. The following members were present: Messrs. Sutherland, Diamond, Kennedy, Jones, Henderson, Watters, Tannahill, Holden, Foster, Brown, Robertson.

Current Comment

A news despatch says that the Kaiser hasn't smiled for a year. He's had no reason to smile, and there has been less smiling in the world in the past year than ever before.

Once he wanted a "place in the sun,"
And he gleefully toasted "The Day";
But the Day and the Sun.
Are now toasting the Hun,
And he's steadily dwindling away.
—From "John Bull."

A leader of Toronto society announces that for the duration of the war nothing but tea and bread and butter will be served at her "five o'clocks." And about a week from now we may get a despatch from Germany—via Sayville—describing the famine conditions prevailing in Canada.—Montreal Star.

It has been noticeable throughout the war that when the Germans are planning a new outbreak of frightfulness, they always precede the frightfulness by accusing their enemies of atrocities. At the present time they are working up another spasm of hate over their own version of the Baralong affair. What new kind of crime is there left for them to commit?—Montreal Herald.

The Northcliffe Daily Mail lays down a peculiarly immoral doctrine in its criticism of Sir Edward Grey: "Wars are won by men who refuse to be bound by judicial niceties—who are determined to stick at nothing in order to win." Was not this the spirit of Prussianism which tore up the "scrap of paper"?—Toronto Globe. Very true; but consider what Sir Edward is contending with in the present war.

The spectacle of the times is the exposure of the shell business by the Ottawa Citizen, a Conservative paper, and the defence of it by the Ottawa Free Press, which is a Liberal paper. The thing is inexplicable.—Kingston Whig. An equally interesting spectacle is the avidity with which the average Liberal paper grasps an opportunity to denounce that which it cannot personally use to profit.

LONGFELLOW

A SMART
TOOKE COLLAR
LIGHTWEIGHT
TOOKE BROS LIMITED MONTREAL

The Poets' Corner

Out-Door Air.

Breather of hope upon the face that grieves,
Redd'ner of paleness, mocker at despair,
Playground of happy wings that upward fare,
Lover of violets and sodden leaves,
Of roses running to the cottage eaves,
And hay-fields sweet'ning in the sunny glare,
Companion of the heart that knows no care,
And of the budding boughs and bursting sheaves;
Though armed with weapons of the icy North,
Or red with dropping leaves, or fair with flakes,
Or scorched with sun, or wistful in the rain,
Out of my cell your spirit calls me forth,
Out to the splendid open, where the aches
And hurts of life are bathed and healed again.
—Ethelwyn Wetherald.

PAINFUL SWOLLEN VEINS
Quickly Relieved and Reduced

Mrs. R. M. Remler of Federal, Kansas writes an interesting account of her success in reducing a severe case of enlarged veins that should be encouraging to others similarly afflicted. She suffered with badly swollen and inflamed veins (in fact one had broken), for more than seven years before she became acquainted with Absorbine Jr., and used it. Absorbine, Jr., was faithfully applied for several weeks and, to quote from her letter, "The large knots in the veins left, it was all nicely healed, and has not bothered me since.'

Absorbine, Jr., is an antiseptic liniment—healing, cooling, and soothing. Safe and pleasant to use. $1.00 and $2.00 at your druggist's or postpaid. Liberal trial bottle postpaid for 10c. in stamps. W. F. Young, P.D.F. 457 Lymans Bldg. Montreal, Can.

Canadians Fortify The Suez Canal

Trenches and Rows of Forts Parallel Waterway, Berlin Reports

BERLIN, Jan. 28—A despatch from Naples to The Cologne Gazette transmits a description of the extensive fortifications and other works along the Suez Canal as told by travellers arriving at the Italian port aboard the steamship Montebello from Bombay.

The work of constructing the fortifications is said to be in the hands of British, Indians and Canadians. Trenches and several rows of forts parallel with the canal and a road is being built from Suez toward Ismailia, an Egyptian town equi-distant from the Red Sea and the Mediterranean Sea.

The Red Sea is being patrolled by torpedo boats with the latest quick-firing artillery. The travellers say that precautions are being taken so that if the British troops are defeated on one bank of the Nile they will be enabled to concentrate and strengthen themselves on the other bank.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

MAGIC
BAKING
POWDER
CONTAINS NO ALUM

NO ALUM
MADE IN CANADA
E.W.GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED.
WINNIPEG TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL

Three Germans Were Removed

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Details of the removal of three German passengers from the steamship Zacapa at Kingston on the outward voyage were told to-day when the steamer returned to this port. Three British officers boarded the Zacapa and after examining the passports of all passengers and questioning the crew, ordered Mr. and Mrs. Herman and J. Davids ashore. The two men were sent to a detention camp while the woman was permitted to remain at Kingston.

The British officers allowed Mrs. Schulzer, the stewardess on the Zacapa, to remain on board as she had taken out her first United States citizenship papers.

FARM AND DAIRY

LADY SHAUGHNESSY'S DINNER STORY.

I wonder if Lady Shaughnessy will mind very much if I tell a story which though it is at Her Ladyship's expense, is thoroughly relished by her. The dinner guests had all arrived at the Shaughnessy residence, in perfect time, as of course a dinner invitation demands. But they waited and waited wondering more and more as the minutes passed, a very natural feeling of uneasiness arose. Lady Shaughnessy herself left the room to see what was wrong. She stopped aghast in the hallway when she heard the voice of her cook at the telephone. "Hello, hello, is that ——'s shop?" she was asking, then, "Well, it's Lady Shaughnessy speaking. Where the h——'s them potatoes?"—Beck's Weekly.

A LUCKY DECISION.

One day a Montreal girl decided she would take the Government course and become a nurse, and qualify for her Lieutenancy. So she went down to Halifax when she was "off a case," and passed her examinations. That was in June, 1914. Who in Canada ever dreamed of war then But war broke out in a month's time and she was immediately called upon for war service. She went to England in the early autumn and has been on active service ever since. Then one day she received a sudden call, a very special call. Her patient was none other than her King, His Majesty, King George. So you know of course at once that the lucky nurse was Miss Vivienne Tremaine. Now she is rather wondering just what she will do after the war. Her friends say that her fortune is made. She could settle in New York and set her own prices. For name me the New York multi-millionaire who wouldn't want the King of England's nurse to care for him in his sickness.

Begins to look as if the groundhog might be drowned and never get a chance to see the outside world again.

Two developments which most of us devoutly desire, the end of the war and the end of the grippe epidemic.

3 LEADERS
THE DOW
ALES
STOUTS &
Malt Extract

Consumers who cannot purchase the Dow Brands from their local dealer, please address "Mail Order Department," 38 Chaboillez Square, Montreal.

The National Breweries

Some Liberals Court Election

One Section of the Party Would Have an Appeal to the Country

FORCING GOVERNMENT

Province of Quebec the Reason For The Apparent Desire For a General Election

OTTAWA, Jan. 28.—Despite the promise of political harmony contained in the speeches of Sir William Laurier and Mr. Michael Clark at the outset of the debate on the address, there are indications that a determined attempt is being made by a section of the Opposition, if not by the Opposition as a whole, to bring about a general election. Tactics which have been pursued by the Opposition since the opening of the session show either a decision to force the Government to the country or an extraordinary condition of disunion in the party itself. The speeches of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the member for Red Deer, and Hon. Frank Oliver were moderate in tone and indicated no intention not to attack, but to offer such reasonable criticism as might assist the Government in carrying on the business of the country under war conditions.

That intention has not been apparent in the speeches of such Liberals as Hon. William Pugsley, E. M. MacDonald and Mr. Carvell, which abounded in wild assertions involving charges against the Government, the Shell Committee and the Davidson commission, although the report of Sir Charles Davidson has not been presented to the House and his investigation has not been concluded. To what extent these attacks have the countenance and endorsation of the official leader of the Opposition is not known, but the history of the last ten days has shown that Sir Wilfrid Laurier is either in accord with the conduct of his maritime lieutenants or is unable to restrain them.

The purpose of the attacks made by Messrs. Pugsley, Carvell and MacDonald has been obviously to weaken the confidence of the country in the Government and two weeks have been consumed in pursuit of this object. It is well known that the central Liberal organization at Ottawa, which is under the direct control of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, has distributed tons of campaign literature during the past year. The whole trend of the Liberal conduct since the session opened has been at variance with the statement of Sir Wilfrid Laurier that he "would never seek to open the gates of office with a bloody key."

The apparent Liberal desire to bring about an election is said to be based upon the belief that the province of Quebec can be relied upon to rally to the support of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and that the agitation in that province with regard to the bilingual schools in Ontario can be used effectively against the Government. It is believed also that the Liberals rely strongly upon the strength of the foreign vote in the western province and expect that large numbers of men in the expeditionary force in Great Britain and France will be unable to poll their votes under the Soldier's Votes Act of last session, an eventuality which Opposition members believe would be of great advantage to the Liberal cause should a general election be brought about.

UNIFORMITY LACKING

There seems to be too much lack of uniformity in the different classes of farm products marketed; at least, the purchaser is often able to keep the price down because the goods are not uniform in quality. This is one feature in which our producers could aid in strengthening the demand, and certainly increase prices on many commodities sold. The buyer will pay a premium, every time, for the high-quality product. If fruit is being sold, it should be carefully graded, and that of a certain grade should be as nearly identical, from one end of the country to the other, as it is possible to get it, and, every time, it would pay to keep the quality for grade high. In selling eggs from the farm, grading pays. If the eggs are carefully elected according to size and color and sold in this manner, the total sum of money received for them in one year will be higher than if they were all thrown in indiscriminately without attention being paid to these matters. It has been amply proven that grading cream is the only sure way of making the best butter. Denmark has proven that uniformity in the bacon hog pays, for by it the Danes captured the British market, and their bacon sold at a premium on that market. If the farmer has a carload of potatoes to sell, or if a number of neighbors wish to club together and ship a carload or more tubers, the smaller price must always be taken if the carload is made up of several varieties and is not uniform in size, color and quality. Even the breeder of pure-bred stock makes a better name for his herd if the calves in that herd each year show uniformity in all his products, from the grain which he grows to the finished articles which he sells.

COMING

The approaching visit of
Professor Pember
of the old reliable British
Hair Goods House of
Toronto, to
Belleville, Hotel Quinte
On
Monday, Feb. 7th
1916.

Is of supreme importance to every person that is anxious to possess beautiful hair. Professor Pember will display the leading styles in all lines of hair goods.

For Ladies.—Transformations, Waves, Bangs, Pompadours, Switches, etc.

For Gentlemen

The Pember ventilated Toupee or Wig has a reputation that is world wide.
Hair and scalp treatments.
If you have trouble of any kind with the hair or scalp see Professor Pember.
Consultation Free

Our Prices are moderate. Our Goods the Best.

Remember the date, and call and secure one of our "Pannell of Beauties."

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

UNION BANK OF CANADA

When will You Save If you don't Save NOW?

Though your salary or income will no doubt increase, so will your expenses—and many find that the latter more than keep pace with the former. Now is the time to start a Reserve Fund—and the Savings Department of the Union Bank of Canada is the place to keep it.

Deposit the extra you have on hand now—you can open an account with any sum, down to one dollar—and draw interest on it.

Belleville Branch — J. G. MOFFAT, Manager

LONDON, ENG., BRANCHES
6 Princes Street, E. C. West End Branch, Haymarket, S.W.

The Standard Bank of Canada.

Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.
GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.
Toronto, 28th December, 1915.

Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch - - - JOHN ELLIOTT - - - Manager

ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

"Blackmailed"

By ARTHUR APPLIN

Author of "The Chorus Girl," etc.

(Copyright The Frank A. Munsey Co.)

CHAPTER VI—Continued

But Mr. Paul Duhardt was smiling at her as he read her thoughts. She could not run away. She could only crouch back in her seat. It required all her strength not to shriek aloud.

Duhardt once again balanced himself on the edge of the table.

"Nerves rather shaky this morning, eh! Miss Berrington."

"If you don't let me go I shall call for the police." It was a feeble threat, an expiring effort.

"Don't be silly and don't bluff," Duhardt retorted coolly. "We are in the same boat; we must pull together. You're a woman of the world. If you hadn't been I should have gone to work another way. Hang it all, I'm treating you very well. I am being generous. But if you put difficulties in the way you may force me to become greedy. .. .. Now then; you left old Vessie at the hotel?"

Miss Berrington moistened her lips. Duhardt nodded.

"He'll be walking up and down the lounge sweating from every pore of his skin until you return. Of course, he'll put up some sort of a fight; you must expect that. But, as I dare say you have already discovered, it's the really innocent man who is easily convinced of his guilt, and the honest man who is terrified of being thought dishonest."

"Sir John has done nothing which he need be in fear of. I have done nothing .. .. .. It was an accident.. .. .. Of course, if it became public property—"

She stopped, realizing that already she was on the defensive. Duhardt threw the end of his cigarette away, and drawing forward a chair planted himself exactly in front of Myra. His varnished patent-leather boots touched the toes of her suede shoes. With the yellow-stained fingers of his left hand he emphasized his words by tapping on her knee:

"Look here, my dear girl, we can't waste any more time. Let's put our cards on the table. What do you want out of Sir John?"

"Nothing. I swear it."

Duhardt gave an impatient shrug of the shoulders. "Well, I do! I've told you not to waste any more time; perhaps I ought to have said don't tell any more lies. The moment you spotted Vessie in the train at Homburg you made up your mind he should be useful to you. When you sat chatting together in his wagon-lit with the blinds pulled down I heard you tell him that you had lost money at the Casino. Has he made you an offer yet?"

"An offer? What for?"

"To recompense you for his assault—for knocking you down last night. Why, the trip from Homburg to Dover is enough in itself. But last night that little scene at the hotel fairly capped it. Perhaps you arranged it yourself. Planned exactly what would happen and gambled on it."

Myra stared at him in horror, unable to reply.

Dudhart laughed in the back of his throat. "Between us we've got enough evidence to absolutely ruin Vessie or to drive him out of the county which his family has adorned for the last three generations.

"Questions asked in Parliament; Sir John forced to resign. His eldest son gives up his commission in the Guards and his youngest son is kicked out of Eton."

Myra Berrington wrung her hands. "But he is innocent, I tell you. He did not mean to hurt me. And he kept the affair secret because—"

Duhardt chuckled. "That's just it! That's what makes the game so easy. If he were guilty—" He gave a twirl to his mustache and winked. "If he were guilty of any crime he would fight like the devil. Probably face the music and brazen it out. No, it's the innocent man or woman who always tumbles into the trap and pays for his innocence. My chance has just come. .. .. We are going to flourish, Myra!"

She rose and pushed back her chair. She understood at last exactly what Paul Duhardt wanted. She had fallen into the trap. She crossed the room, and reaching the door, held the handle firmly in one hand while she faced him.

"You think I'm going to blackmail Sir John Vessie? Then I refuse. You can do your worst. I'll go straight to Scotland Yard and interview the police and you'll be arrested."

Duhardt smothered a yawn. "Suppose I got to Scotland Yard first?"

Myra understood the covert threat in the suggestion.

"But there are other people besides the Commissioner of Police to whom I might go; Lady Vessie for instance, or Mr. Ralph Humphry, your lover."

Myra's arms dropped to her sides. Shel eaned against the door for support.

"It is remarkable how apt people are to believe evil of their friends. And love itself breeds suspicion. I don't suppose the guard of the express train from Homburg cherishes any feelings of affection for you. Or the steward who looked after the wagon-lit which Sir John occupied. The porter at the hotel or the fireman who heard the cry of 'Thief!' and the shriek for help."

Suddenly, Duhardt rose from his seat, and crossing the room put his arm around Myra, supporting her. He led her back to the armchair. Opening a cupboard, he poured some brandy into a wine glass, which he gave her to drink. He smoked a cigarette, waiting until she recovered.

"Rather a close morning. Thunder in the air," he said laconically. "Now then, shall we get to business?"

Myra Berrington covered her face with her hands. "What do you want me to do?"

Duhardt cleared his throat and walked the length of the room and back. He moved quietly and swiftly. "It's a case of you and I against Vessie, or of I alone against you, Vessie, and Mr. Humphry. I'm not sure if the latter scheme would not be the most profitable for me. But it would be complicated. Besides, I like working with a woman, and such a beautiful one."

"You said you wanted money. How much?" Myra spoke between her teeth as if she were biting off the words, as if the taste of them were gall and wormwood in her mouth.

"Money is only the means to an end. I am ambitious just as you are. I hate being idle. You want money so that you may marry the man you love, the man who worships the very ground you walk on."

Myra Berrington trembled. Her hands still covered her face. Between her long fingers tears slowly trickled.

Duhardt twirled the soaped ends of his black mustache. "You want money, too, to produce the play he has written at a West-End theatre. London has refused to realize what a really brilliant actress you are. That is bad luck, because I've seen you have got genius, my dear young woman. You know it, too, and it's making you crabbed and sour because you can't use it, can't get a chance of showing it.

"But your chance has come at last. The hour has struck. If it hadn't been for me you might have turned your back on this wonderful chance—it's my odds you would have botched it. But with me at your back, why, you've got the ball at your feet."

"How much do you want?" Her voice rose tremulously.

"I told you fifty per cent. We share and share alike. Half or whatever comes out of the Vessie gold mine."

Turning around, he fumbled in the drawer of the bureau, and taking a book, laid it on the table.

"Listen to this," he cried, dropping his voice. "Sir John Vessie's estate in Sussex is valued at £325,000. That is merely the land and houses he owns. He has got pictures and plate, and his wife has jewels worth double that amount. She has also an income of her own of about £7,000 a year.

"His income from all sources is over £25,000. And he has a controlling interest in the Hatchet Brewery Company. He makes a bit out of his racing stable, too. Just a few thousands, nothing worth mentioning, and he don't mention it either, not to the income-tax assessors. You may call it £40,000 a year. Think of the capital required to bring in that. A gold mine, I said; better than any gold mine."

He closed the book with a snap and put it back on the bureau. The expression on his face had changed, the timbre of his voice had altered. His features no longer looked cynical nor his expression sinister. But the blood hunger in the ferrety eyes was stronger than ever.

He took a watch from his pocket and looked at it. "What time does Sir John expect you at the hotel?"

Myra Berrington dropped her hands onto her lap. She rested her head wearily against the back of her chair. Her face was like parchment. Her red-brown hair made a vivid blot of color in the dingy apartment. She saw Duhardt faintly through a cloud of quivering pale-gray smoke.

"I told him half-past two."

Duhardt nodded. "Time you were going then. Better have a bit of lunch first and a small bottle of wine with it. And don't look scared. Work him your own way. Don't force things. If he still seems keen—but no, I think he's scared. You had better come down to bed-rock and talk business."

"Business!"

"Tell him you want capital for your theatre. You must keep me out of it. Makes it easier for you. But I guess he'll know I'm in the background, though he mustn't know we have ever met. I shall just hover round and keep his nerves on edge."

He stood beside her and laid his hands on her shoulders. "You need not be afraid; I shall play the game as long as you're straight with me. Mr. Humphry need know nothing; he shan't have a chance of suspecting anything. I'll keep right out of the way until things are fairly started."

To be Continued.

SHARP ATTACK REPULSED

Dangerous Condition Relieved Just In Time By "Fruit-a-tives"

MR. F. J. CAVEEN

682 Gerrard St. East, Toronto.,

For two years, I was a victim of *Acute Indigestion and Gas In The Stomach.* It afterwards attacked my Heart, and I had pains all over the body, so I could hardly move around. I tried all kinds of medicines but none of them did me any good. At last, acting on the advice of a friend, I decided to try 'Fruit-a-tives'. I bought the first box last June, and now I am well, after using only three boxes. I recommend 'Fruit-a-tives' to anyone suffering from Indigestion, no matter how acute". FRED J. CAVEEN.

Simple Indigestion often leads to *Heart Attacks, Catarrh of the Stomach and constant distress of mind and body.* If you are bothered with any Stomach Trouble, and especially if Constipation troubles you, take 'Fruit-a-tives'.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

TAUGHT SERBS TO FIGHT

That French troops are fighting side by side with Serbians is a reminder how the present Serbian army was in its origin, largely a French product. It was Col. Modain, a French officer lent by Napoleon III., who, in 1863, took in hand the organization of the Serbian forces. Col. Mondain remained in Serbia for six of seven years and under his tuition French drill and French uniforms—even that hideous "bonnet de police," which the French army itself rejected with scorn—were adopted by the Serbian soldiers. That the Serbs thought highly of their foreign drill master is evident from the fact that he was appointed to the double post of minister of war and commander-in-chief.

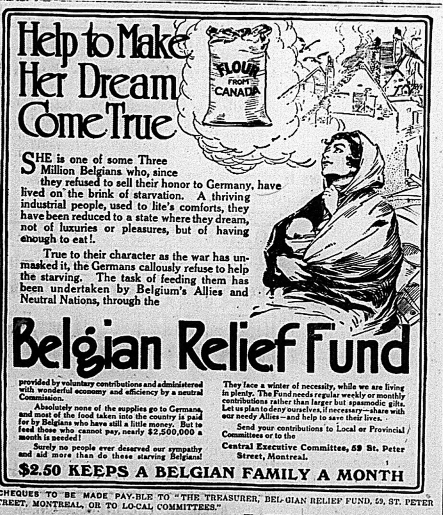
$500,000 Fire In Albany, N.Y.

ALBANY, N.Y., Jan. 27.—Fire which broke out in the Albany Tire Repair Shop in the entire of the business district from exploding oils at 3 o'clock this morning, destroyed the company's building and spread to adjoining buildings with a loss estimated at half a million dollars.

Among the buildings destroyed were the Albany City Tire Repairing Company, Oddfellows' Hall, and several office buildings which housed the New York State Automobile Club. A portion of the Municipal Gas Company's building was also destroyed.

NO DIVINITY STUDENTS

KINGSTON, Jan. 27.—The Educational Committee of Diocese of Ontario reported to the Synod Executive to-day that the war is taking available men for the ministry. One divinity student who was preparing for orders donned khaki and went overseas, and the committee has not a single other student in view. Promising young men destined for the church have responded to the call of the country.



Help to Make Her Dream Come True

SHE is one of some Three Million Belgians who, since they refused to sell their honor to Germany, have lived on the brink of starvation. A thriving industrial people, used to life's comforts, they have been reduced to a state where they dream, not of luxuries or pleasures, but of having enough to eat!.

True to their character as the war has unmasked it, the Germans callously refuse to help the starving. The task of feeding them has been undertaken by Belgium's Allies and Neutral Nations, through the

Belgian Relief Fund

provided by voluntary contributions and administered with wonderful economy and efficiency by a neutral Commission.

Absolutely none of the supplies go to Germans, and most of the food taken into the country is paid for by Belgians who have still a little money. But to feed those who cannot pay, nearly $2,500,000 a month is needed!

Surely no people ever deserved our sympathy and aid more than do these starving Belgians!

They face a winter of necessity, while we are living in plenty. The Fund needs regular weekly or monthly contributions rather than larger but spasmodic gifts. Let us plan to deny ourselves, if necessary—share with our needy Allies—and help to save their lives.

Send your contributions to Local or Provincial Committees or to the

Central Executive Committee, 59 St. Peter Street, Montreal.

$2.50 KEEPS A BELGIAN FAMILY A MONTH

"CHEQUES TO BE MADE PAY-BLE TO "THE TREASURER, BEL-GIAN RELIEF FUND, 59, ST. PETER STREET, MONTREAL, OR TO LO-CAL COMMITTEES."

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

Bonaventure Union Depot

OCEAN LIMITED	Leaves 7.25 p.m.	Daily Except Sat.

Montreal, Quebec, St. John, Halifax.

Maritime Express	8.16 a.m.	DAILY

Through Sleepers, Montreal to Halifax. Connection for The Sydneys, Prince Edward Island, Newfoundland.

The NATIONAL

TORONTO TO WINNIPEG

Leaves 10.45 p.m., Tues., Thurs., Sat. Arr. 3.50 p.m., Thurs., Sat., Mon. Tickets and sleeping car reservations.. Apply E. Tiffin, General Western Agent, 51 King St. East, Toronto, Ont.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

DOUBLE TRACK ALL THE WAY MONTREAL TO TORONTO, AND DETROIT TO CHICAGO

UNEXCELLED TRAIN SERVICE

Equipment the finest on all trains

WINTER TOURS TO CALIFORNIA, AND ALL PACIFIC COAST POINTS, FLORIDA, TEXAS, NEW ORLEANS, ETC.

Winter tour tickets now on sale, Low Fares. Choice of routes. Stop-over privileges allowed.

H. C. Thompson, City Ticket Agent, Phone 403.

T. H. Coppin, Station Ticket Agent Phone 390.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 3.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 1.30 p.m., 7.34 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate points—6.25 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington, Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—16.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 5.10 p.m., *3.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *3.40 a.m.

Daily except Sunday, unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

†Deseronto only

J. A. Patterson, City Ticket Agent, 243 Front Street, Belleville, Ont.

L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville Ont.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily

No. 16—2.00 a.m.—Fast train, flyer, daily.

No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7.00 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.

No. 6—11.10 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

No. 14—12.16 p.m.—Express, daily.

No. 28—5.45 p.m.—Local, passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19—2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

No. 13—4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.

No. 29—7.50 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.

No. 27—11.20 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.

No. 1—3.05 p.m.—International Limited, daily.

No. 7—4.55 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'.

Going West.

	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro
Mail	5.20 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.

Going East.

	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North

	Leave.	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.

Going South.

	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.56 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1915.

GOING EAST.

CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.50 p.m.	2.58 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

GOING WEST.

MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.12 p.m.	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

	Daily except Sunday
Going East	
Leave Toronto	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	6.32 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leave Belleville	5.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.30 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent.

MAIL CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on Friday, the 25th February, 1916, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week each way over Marysville Rural Route No. 1, from the 1st April next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Marysville, Lonsdale, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

H. MERRICKS,
Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office,
Kingston, Jan. 14th, 1916.
52A.—5m.-25-7-13 3tdj15,22,29

When a man puts a woman up on a pedestal someone else helps her down.

Belleville Business Directory

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column or calling at The Intelligencer Business Office, full information may be obtained.

MINING.

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE

Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

"COLLIP, FLORIST."

Front Street.

Night Phone 176 Day Phone 206.

All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.

Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts.

Announcement

Messrs. Greenleaf & Son wish to announce to their old patrons and friends that they have found it advisable to incorporate their business under Ontario Companies Act.

The new company, under the same management as heretofore, and under the firm name of GREENLEAFS, LIMITED, have purchased the property known as the Brown Foundry, together with the good will and equipment of Mr. Geo. Keith.

It is their intention to remodel these buildings and install suitable equipment to meet the growing demands of their patrons.

The Management take this opportunity of thanking their old friends and solicit their patronage in their new venture.

GREENLEAF & SON

Garage and General Machinists

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000
Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3.. Saturday 10 to 3.

R TANNAHILL
Manager Belleville Branch

INSURANCE.

W. H. HUDSON

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.; North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass; Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies. Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.

Office: 17 Campbell St., Belleville. Phone 261.

CHANCEY ASHLEY

Insurance Agent

Has Removed to 229 Front Street

Next to Riggs' Music Store

THOS. STEWART

Bridge Street, Belleville.

Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON

Agent for

Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance. Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.

ROBERT BOGLE

MERCANTILE AGENCY.

Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed. Office, 28 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY

Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way. Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.

W. R. Vallance, Mgr. Phone 336.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front St., Belleville. Phone 848. LEE CHEW.

ENGINEERING.

J. D. Evans, C.E.&O.L.S. J. W. EVANS, C.E.&M.E.

EVANS & EVANS

Civil and Mining Engineers and Ontario Land Surveyors. Belleville and Trenton.

Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker & Victoria Avenues. Telephone 192.

BUS, AUTO AND CABS

ASELSTINE'S MOTOR BUS, CAB & AUTO LIVERY

Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tired, for weddings, private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town. Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection. Phone 229.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers. Apply to

S. MASSON

Barrister, etc.

Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St., Belleville.

LEGAL.

WILLS & WRIGHT

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell St. Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates.

J. FRANKLIN WILLS, K.C.
MALCOLM WRIGHT.

NORTHRUP & PONTON

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge St. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.

W. B. NORTHRUP, K.C., M.P.
W. N. PONTON, K.C.
R. D. PONTON.

PORTER & CARNEW

Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.

E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P.
WM. CARNEW.

Solicitors for Union Bank.

MIKEL, STEWART & BAALIM

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

Belleville, Madoc and Tweed.

Solicitors for Molsons Bank.

W. C. MIKEL, K.C.
D. E. K. STEWART.
FRANK BAALIM.

W. D. M. SHOREY

Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg.

Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms.

Office: 8 Campbell St., Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England

Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

In spite of the troubles that have beset fraternal insurance there are over two hundred fraternal orders in the United States that show over one million of insurance in force. With the insurance held by numerous smaller concerns, there is an aggregate of about $9,000,000,000 of this kind of insurance still in force.

Those who forget today seldom remember tomorrow.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Adress

Two German Emperors In The East

"Uncle Dudley," in the Boston Globe, Roots Into History and Digs up Much Interesting Information

A few days ago William II held a review of his troops in Belgrade, once the capital of fallen Serbia. Past the German Emperor marched the gray-clad troops who had made their way over the Danube, conquering as they marched.

William is not the only German Emperor who has reviewed troops in Belgrade.

Seven and a quarter centuries ago Frederick I reviewed 100,000 German knights in the same city, with much the same feeling of pride in an enlarged Germany and an East at his mercy.

Because we are accustomed to look only a short distance into the past we have come to think of Germany as having been small until the genius of Bismarck welded the little German States into one.

Germany was once much larger than it is to-day, even with all the territory now held by German arms counted as a part of the Empire.

Once most of Europe was Germany. The story of the Empire which Frederick Barbarossa founded is both interesting and important in the light of what is happening to-day.

The father of Frederick was merely Duke of Swabia, but Frederick had an uncle, Conrad III, King of Germany, and by 1152, when Frederick was 31, he had succeeded both his father and his uncle. This was a promising beginning, especially as his blood combined that of Guelfs and Ghibellins, two of the most important families of the Middle Ages, with the powerful line of the Hohenstaufens.

Frederick was carefully educated to be a King. He was intelligent, resolute, eloquent, with a remarkable memory, religious and charitable. In the second crusade he was almost the only personage to emerge with credit. He took Charlemagne as his model and aimed to rule Europe and the Church.

His first work was to establish himself as German Emperor. By the time he had completed this task his Empire included almost all that is now Germany and the Austrian Empire. Prussia was outside, as was Hungary. Poland was tributary. Brussels and Rheims were just over the border, but Holland, Switzerland and that part of Southern France called Provence were parts of the Empire. In addition, all of Italy except that south of Rome was ruled by Frederick.

The cities to the north of Italy gave him no end of trouble. They formed a league for defense and it took a German army to smash the league. Milan was the strongest of them all, and so Milan was subjected to imperial reprisal.

After its capture Frederick and his knights withdrew and the punishment was delegated to Italians who had once been conquered by the Milanese. There were no big guns in those days and the cities were built of stone.

It took a week of hard work to blot out Milan. In seven days walls, towers and churches all were gone. A heap of stones was left. The inhabitants were disarmed, scattered and left to agricultural pursuits. The heavy indemnity required of the city made rehabilitation impossible and the Emperor seized for himself the best lands.

Frederick went to Rome for his coronation, reviving the tradition of the Roman Emperors. He brought along as an offering to this authorities a certain Arnold of Brescia, an Italian cleric, who had studied philosophy and striven to apply the principles he had imbibed to political life. Arnold was slain, his body burned and his ashes, scattered over the waters of the Tiber.

As Emperor, Frederick devoted himself to the remarking of Germany. He had revenues and armies at his command and his rule became famous for art and letters. Toward the end the Lombard cities were again troublesome, and finally the Emperor signed a truce with them by which they were given the right to choose their own rulers, but he still retained his suzerainty and received from them fixed taxes.

In the year 1189 Frederick proclaimed universal peace in his dominions and resigned the Government to Henry, his eldest son, in order to crusade to the Holy Land. With him went 100,000 German knights, very efficient troops in those days, as German soldiers are today. They won great victories at Philomelium and Iconium, but the Emperor never returned from the East. He was drowned in a small stream in Cilicia in 1190. His burial was at Tyre.

Although he had accomplished much, his Empire fell to pieces under his successors. He was a man of the past. Great forces which he did not understand were rising to overthrow the Empire he had built and had controlled so brilliantly. The church was asserting its independence of temporal rulers. Nationality was coming to its birth. The common people especially of the cities, were demanding the right to govern themselves.

William II knows the legend of Frederick as every Germany knows it. William has sought to make an Empire almost as great as that of Frederick. He, too, has gone to the East, but he is on better terms with the Turks than was Frederick. They are his allies.

Uncle Dudley.

HEALTH WRECKED THROUGH LA GRIPPE

IT GENERALLY LEAVES THE PATIENT DEBILITATED AND AN EASY VICTIM TO OTHER DISEASES

One of the foremost medical writers says: "It is astonishing the number of people who have been crippled in health for years after an attack of la grippe or influenza." The real danger from this disease, which sweeps over Canada every winter, is during convalescence, when the characteristic symptoms, the fever, the catarrh, the headache and the depression of spirits pass away. Grip leaves behind it weakened vital powers, thin blood, impaired digestion and oversensitive nerves—a condition that makes the system an easy prey to pneumonia, bronchitis, rheumatism, nervous prostration and even consumption. It is a condition that calls most emphatically for a tonic for the blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a tonic especially adapted to meet this need as they purify and enrich the blood. They tone up the nerves and give vigor, strength and health to the debilitated system. Mrs. Howard D. Chaffey, Indian Island, N. B., says: "For several winters in succession I was attacked and badly run down. In each case I used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills with the most beneficial results. Last winter when the trouble was again prevalent I took the precaution of fortifying my system with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and escaped the trouble, while many of my neighbors were down with it. In fact I enjoyed the best of health all spring and feel sure this medicine will so fortify the system as to prevent the trouble."

These Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or may be had by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

CHILD'S WISDOM EXCEEDS THAT OF CHANCELLORS

PARIS, Jan. 27—"My presence and that of my family and my Government here," said King Nicholas of Montenegro to a special correspondent of The Journal in Lyons, "shows my unbounded confidence that France will protect me from calumny. I do not need to make any apology. My grandson, Prince Humbert, Crown Prince of Italy, when I saw him in Rome the other day, asked me why I was sad. I replied, 'Your grandfather is a beaten man.' The child, saddened, then asked: 'You had nothing to eat in your country?' Thus my eleven-year-old grandson summed up the causes of our defeat better than the diplomatists and the Chancellors have done."

GinPills FOR THE KIDNEYS

Perhaps Your KIDNEYS

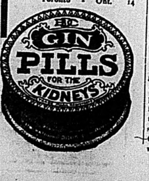
are out of order. Make the doctor's test. Examine your urine. It should be a light straw color—if it is highly colored, reddish or deep orange—if the odor is strong or unusual—if "brick dust" or mucus is present, look to the kidneys. They are out of order.

Get GIN PILLS at once, and take them regularly.

Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, pain in the back, groin or hips—all point to weakness in the kidney or bladder action, and the pressing necessity for GIN PILLS.

Gin Pills are worth their weight in gold because they drive these pains clean out of the system. They only cost 50 cents a box, with the absolute guarantee of satisfaction or your money back. Six boxes for $2.50, or a free treatment if you write to

National Drug & Chemical Co., of Canada, Limited
Toronto - Ont. 14



Gen-Townshend Driving Turks

LONDON, Jan. 28.—Gen. Townshend, commanding the British force invested at Kut-el-Amara, in Mesopotamia, has reported that the Turks have evacuated their trenches on the land side of the defences at Kut and have retired generally speaking, to about a mile from the British entrenchments, it was officially announced here today.

No change in the situation was reported by General Aylmer, commanding the British column that has been marching to the relief of the Kut-el-Amara garrison.

WINTER TOURS TO FLORIDA, LOUISIANA, MISSISSIPPI CALIFORNIA, ETC.

The Canadian Pacific Railway offers particularly good service to Detroit where direct connection is made for Florida, via Cincinnati and Atlantic, Ga., Jacksonville, Florida is reached second morning after leaving Detroit. Excellent connection for Florida is also made via Buffalo.

The Canadian Pacific-Michigan Central route will be found the ideal line to Chicago, where direct connection is made for the Southern States, New Orleans is reached second morning after leaving Toronto. Excellent connection is also made at Chicago for points in California, Utah, Nevadah, Texas, Arizona, etc.

The Dining, Parlor and Sleeping Car service between Toronto, Detroit and Chicago is up-to-date in every particular. Connecting lines also operate through sleeping and dining cars.

Those contemplating a trip of any nature will receive full information from any C. P. R. agent; or write M. G. Murphy, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

J26-11t

FIREWOMEN

In a certain well-regulated household the last thing done each night before the family went to bed was the filling of two buckets with water from the well. The neighbors jeered. This custom was kept up 11 years. In the 11th year those two buckets of water made the difference between a petty blaze and the burning down of the house.

Mr. John A. O'Keefe, the Metropolitan Fire Prevention Commissioner, says that fire-prevention in the house is largely the woman's job. And so saying, he produces a set of practical precautions — things not to do; not to leave matches where they can do mischief; not to let rubbish collect in corners; not to hang clothes too near a stove; not to hang curtains near a gas jet; not to carry a lighted lamp or candle into a closet; not to let flues go uninspected and not to let furnace or stove get overheated.

He also provides a set of rules for caution with kerosene which are worth careful study. It would not be a bad plan to memorize these and teach children to do the same.

Another good rule is this: always on leaving a room with a lighted lamp or lantern, turn and look back to see that nothing is afire. Like the buckets aforementioned, this precaution may be needless 999 times. The 1000th time it may "save your bacon"—and your house.—Boston Globe.

FRENCH WOMEN DRAFTED FOR REAL ARMY

PARIS, Jan. 27.—"Women must replace auxiliary soldiers in the army clothing stores, uniform repair shops, hospitals and, so far as possible, in the shell-making factories," says Gen. Gallieni in a statement made public this evening.

Rigid instructions to this effect have been sent to the military authorities throughout France.

"An initial experiment in tentatively replacing men with women," Gen. Gallieni says, "has proved completely successful, especially in office work in the Ministries. The time has come to draft the women for real army work."

Learn from Brunswick, Me., that Samuel Freeman Morse has had a revelation nominating him "Noah's peer" and intrusting him with the information that on February 2 the thrones of three kingdoms will be destroyed by an earthquake. It is a long time to wait. Can the peer tell us who will win the next hockey game

ALLIES HAVE STEEL BAND AROUND GERMANY

Frederick Palmer Declares That They Can and Surely Will Win the War

"The German Empire in Europe is surrounded by a band of steel. It is a relentless band of steel that has not a weak spot, and which extends even into the Balkans. Germany must continue to at all times attack. When she fails to attack she will be on the defensive and beaten. What will the Kaiser say to German people, when he returns to them and tells them that he is able to attack no more. The Allies shells will be pouring into his lines to a greater number than ever. In London to-day there is a spirit of gloom. But I venture to predict that a year from now the horizon will be of a different glow, and those who are gloomy to-day will be the fellows to say, I told you so."

These were words by Frederick Palmer, world renowned war correspondent, during his lecture in the Lyric Theatre last evening. A writer who has gone through many campaigns, Frederick Palmer is indeed an authority on the war and having come but a short while ago from visiting the different fronts, and from witnessing too frequent scenes of the war, his talk was graphic indeed, and prompted W. H. Wardrope, K. C., who moved a vote of appreciation, to declare that Mr. Palmer's lecture "has been the most interesting, the most eloquent and the most satisfactory talk on the war that Hamilton people have had an opportunity to listen to.—Hamilton Times, Jan. 26.

Mr. Palmer lectures in Belleville, on Monday evening, January 31st.

DRINK HABIT

RELIABLE HOME TREATMENT

The ORRINE treatment for the Drink Habit can be used with absolute confidence. It destroys all desire for whiskey, beer or other alcoholic stimulants. Thousands have successfully used it and have been restored to lives of sobriety and usefulness. Can be given secretly. Costs only $1.00 per box. If you fail to get results from ORRINE after a trial, your money will be refunded. Ask for free booklet telling all about ORRINE. J. S. McKeown, Druggist, Belleville, Ont.

Plea From Admiral Beatty

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 27.—Vice-Admiral Sir David Beatty, commander of the first British battle-cruiser squadron, whose ships defeated the Germans in the North Sea, has made a stirring appeal for a great religious revival in England as a necessary step to victory in the war. In a letter read at the annual convention of the Society for the Propagation of Christian Knowledge he writes:

"Surely Almighty God does not intend this war to be just a hideous fracas of blood-drunken orgy. There must be a purpose in it; improvement must come out of it. In what direction? France has already shown us the way and has risen out of her ruined cities with a revival of religion that is wonderful. Russia has been welded into a whole, and religion plays a great part. England still remains to be taken out of the stupor of self-satisfaction and complacency into which her flourishing condition has steeped her. Until she can be stirred out of this condition, until a religious revival takes place, just so long will the war continue.

"When she can look on the future with humbler eyes and a prayer on her lips, then we can begin to count the days towards the end. Your society is helping to this end, and so is helping to bring the war to a successful end."

JUST LIKE THE GIRLS

Katherine and Margaret found themselves seated next to each other at a dinner party and immediately became confidential.

"Molly told me that you told her that secret I told you not to tell her," whispered Margaret.

"Oh, isn't she a mean thing!" gasped Katherine. "Why, I told her not to tell you!"

"Well," returned Margaret, "I told her I wouldn't tell you she told me—so don't tell her I did."

A Merry Time In An Old Barn

Providing entertainment for Canadian soldiers near the trenches in an old barn at night, without heat or light, is one of the interesting experiences of a Y.M.C.A. officer, as related in a letter just received from France.

"Recently a Colonel sent in a request for a night's entertainment for his men, but added that it might be wise to send some one in advance to view his accommodation, as all he had was an old barn," he writes. "We found the officers and all the men assembled in the old barn, and although without heat or light, we had a merry evening. The piles of last year's straw served as desirable seats for a large number, the loft made a serviceable gallery, while the overhead beams were crowded with those who wanted uninterrupted views. The curtain was suspended among the cobwebs and the pathescope machine mounted on a couple of bully beef boxes, while the gramophone was honored with a small table borrowed from a farm house.

"No audience at a famous theatre could have enjoyed the evening better than those chaps. When the phonograph played pieces they knew they all joined in, and several times during the evening they enlivened the barn with selections that were not known when the First Division left Canada. Eight rolls of films were shown, and when at the close of the evening the Colonel called for cheers for the Y.M.C.A., they made the rafters ring, and an officer from the column, who accompanied me, said: 'The 'Y' sure has a place in the hearts of those men.'

"Five nights a week are spent in this way, and so far the column have loaned me a car so that places can be reached. They average eight miles from this central 'Y'.

"Recently I asked an officer from an Ontario town to accompany me on one of these trips and operate the machine, which he gladly did. At the close of the evening he said: "Do you know, the last time I was in the 'Y' they put me out for using bad language, and there I've run through six films and haven't sworn once'."

Already Beaten And Knows It

LONDON, Jan. 28.—At the annual meetings of eight important banks yesterday the financial situation was reviewed by the nation's leading authorities. All were optimistic, but all emphasized the necessity of economy, both public and private.

Of the various views Lord Inchcape's carry the most weight, for he is a commercial as well as a financial authority, being a great ship-owner, head of the Peninsular & Oriental and other lines, an insurance director and a director of the Suez Canal. He said:

"Germany is already beaten irretrievably and she knows it. Her losses in men and material are stupendous—she is eating herself up, blazing away her resources and soldiers on impregnable lines.

"Our present taxation is now bringing in 400,000,000 pounds sterling ($2,000,000,000) annually. We will probably have to provide another 200,000,000 annually by taxes or a reduction of private and public extravagance.

"The standard of living must go down. The nation must work harder and spend less."

In the Sick-room

Many a patient has recovered health by the help of OXO. It frequently succeeds where other foods fail, on account of the ease with which it can be assimilated.

OXO CUBES are always ready, always just right. With their aid a cup of OXO can be made *fresh* at any moment, while beef-tea takes hours to prepare.

For invalid delicacies, too, OXO CUBES are splendid. So much so, that many nurses now use them almost exclusively for that purpose instead of meat.

A CUBE TO A CUP
Tins of 4, 10, 50, and 100 Cubes.

OXO CUBES

An easy name to remember. A hard tea to forget.

Red Rose Tea "is good tea"

Ladies!
Think well of the grocer
who handles
PURITY FLOUR
More Bread and Better Bread
18

Tremendous Demand for Hair Tonic

Parisian Sage is Guaranteed to Grow Hair

Parisian Sage has been so honestly advertised that its tremendous sales have surprised and even astonished dealers everywhere.

The idea that advertising copy must exaggerate the merits of the goods it aims to sell is false, and the sales of Parisian Sage prove it.

Parisian Sage won't grow hair on bald heads; it isn't guaranteed to grow hair on bald heads.

But if your hair is thin; if it is falling out or splitting at the ends; if your scalp itches and you are bothered with dandruff, the makers of Parisian Sage guarantee it to put an end to these troubles or money back.

PARISIAN SAGE

Parisian Sage makes hair grow if used before the hair root is dead. It kills the dandruff germs and stops itching scalp. It nourishes the hair roots and falling hair ceases. It puts vitality into the hair and gives it a radiant lustre.

Sold for only 50 cents a large bottle by druggists everywhere.

For aches, pains, rheumatism, etc., try Parisian Mustard Cerate. Its effect is wonderful. Use in place of mustard plasters, poultices or hot applications. Will not blister. 25c. a tube.

3 out of 5
WHY?
Kellogg's
TOASTED
CORN
FLAKES
MADE IN CANADA

Corn is a building food, and Kellogg's made it good to the taste. Little boys and girls found it hard to struggle with heavier foods that had no more nourishment. Perhaps that is why three mothers in five feed their children Kellogg's Corn Flakes.

TOASTED
Kellogg's CORN FLAKES
MADE IN CANADA
130
"Our Only Product"

AMUSEMENTS

CITY HALL THEATRE

TO-NIGHT

2 Act Roaring Farce—

"Fun in a Court-Room"

See Martin at his best.

Pretty Girls. - - - - Company of 20

Auspices XVth Regiment Band

Prices, - - - - 15c, 25c, 35c

Come and patronize your Band

By special request of the Scott Theatre management the Monroe Amusement Co. are playing on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday next. Same popular prices, *with a change of show nightly*. Monday night show—THE SALESMAN (Musical Comedy).

GRIFFIN'S OPERA HOUSE

ONE NIGHT ONLY—Friday, Feb. 4

Geo. McManus' Cartoon Musical Sensation.

BRINGING UP FATHER

NOVEL SURPRISES GALORE

MIRTH MUSIC GIRLS

The Funniest Musical Play Ever Written.

40 PEOPLE 20 SONG HITS

EVERY LINE A LAUGH EVERY DANCE A JOY

The Original Number One Company

TORONTO WORLD SAYS: The Best Musical Comedy seen here in years. Don't miss it.

LONDON FREE PRESS SAYS: Full of Good, Clean Comedy, Pretty Girls, Funny Comedians and Tuneful Music.

PRICES: 25c, 50c, 75c, $1, Boxes $1.50

THIS IS NOT A MOVING PICTURE

The Store That's So Different !

YOU have doubtless read and re-read many Clothing Advertisements !

You have been pestered with big type and you have been reasoned with in small type !

You have been plied with advertised reductions so unreasonable that your good sense at once stamps them as fictitious.

Here' a Store That's Different

Men's Suits and Overcoats
Exceptional Merit
$8.50, $10, $12 up to $25

We are not giving away Clothing or conducting our Store out of pure generosity to the Public.

We sell no $15 Overcoats for $7.88, nor do we sell $20.00 Suits for $10.99.

We claim to be a fair-dealing, wide-awake Clothing Houae—always giving you the best possible value for your money, and ever ready to make any wrong, right. Surely, no one will or can give you more for your money than we will give you—and you can certainly do no better than to make this YOUR CLOTHING STORE.

Quick & Robertson
THE OUTFITTERS

How Do You Do?

GORMAN'S BOOT SHOP

Are We
Going
To See
You
To-night?

The Beauty of Our Feed

is that there is no waste to it. Your horse will lick up the last oat or the last kernel of grain. It tastes so good to him that he wants every bit that belongs to him. So there's economy as well as satisfaction in buying your feed and grain here. Try it once and you'll try it always.

H. E. FAIRFIELD

MUSIC & DRAMA

BRINGING UP FATHER

A treat of unusual proportions is promised at Griffin's Theatre next Friday night, Feb. 4, where the successful Cartoon Comedy in three acts, "Bringing Up Father" is underlined to hold the boards. This merry concoction of mirth, melody and songs is based on the popular comics of George McManus' and is sponsored by Manager G. Hill whose name needs scant introduction to followers of local theatricals. The play is out of the beaten path and has been universally praised by critics all over the country, because of its original features, treatment of theme, catchy music, novelties, surprises and all around entertaining qualities. Dullness has not been permitted to find access into its ranks while the dialogue and situations are so spirited and effervescent that one must always be on the alert to catch the good things that the action and plot unfold. A strong and competent company has been engaged and no details have been overlooked to make the offering one to be remembered and enjoyed. This is the original company, numbering 40 people, carrying a 60 ft. baggage car load of special scenery and electrical effects.

ANOTHER BIG CROWD

A treat was in store for the patrons of Scott's last night, when the Hunroe Musical Company played "Fun in a Court Room." Felix Martin as the Judge, kept the crowd in one roar of laughter. Good music and dancing made up an excellent show. Owing to the great success of the Monroe Musical Company this week, contracts have been signed with the Scott's Theatre for the first three days next week, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, at the same prices, 15c. 25c, and 35c. An entire change of programme is promised. Watch the ads in this paper in next issue.

* * *

Don't blame Villa too much for getting married every few weeks. Maybe he's joined the Mormon colony and fallen a victim of leap year.

Two Thousand A Month

(Continued from page one

hereby authorized to take the matter up with the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada and request the Board to send its inspector to Maynooth to meet Reeves Jordison, Green, Walker and Hubbell, at a date to be fixed by the Board, and one week notice to be given of said meeting.—Carried.

It was moved by Mr. S. Fox, seconded by Judson A. Gunter, that the Reeve of Sidney, Thurlow, Tyendinaga, Rawdon, Huntingdon, Hungerford, Marmora, Madoc, Lake, Elzevir and Tudor be a committee re proposed changed in the Approved Roads System of Hastings County, said Reeves to first consult their township Councils if they consider advisable, and met at the clerk's office, Shire Hall, on Monday, February 21st, at 1 P.M., and to place any corrections considered necessary before the Deputy Minister of Highways when at the Good Roads Association, and that the clerk be hereby authorized to have copies of all letters and schedules in conection with the matter made and forwarded to the above named Reeves, also to procure blue print copies of the map in connection with the same and forward along with other papers to each Reeve mentioned.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. S. Fox, seconded by Mr. S. B. Rollins, whereas considerable discussion has taken place in reference to O'Brien's Bridge repairs, none of which reflects in any way on the committee or engineers having same in change.

Resolved that this Council hereby expresses its implicit confidence in the committee having same in charge and hereby requests said committee to carry on the work of repairs to O'Brien's Bridge and piers as they in their best judgment deem advisable, and the treasurer is hereby authorized to pay the chairman's orders for any work in connection therewith.—Carried.

Messrs. J. Elliott and A. E. Bailey addressed the Council in reference to the Children's Aid Society and requested the county give a grant to the extent of $1,000. The present building had been greatly improved and would no doubt be ample for two or three years to come.

The expenses had been considerable and the county was asked to assist.

Mr. Bailey stated that it was desirable that the County Council have a representative upon the Board of Management.

Mr. Hawkins eulogized Mr. Bailey and others who were engaged in the worthy work.

Mayor Ketcheson spoke in support of the request made. The Children's Aid Society he considered, was doing a good work. The present building would be handed over to the Society if the city and county united in the matter.

A committee consisting of the Warden, Messrs. C. Ketcheson, M. Vermilyea and Mr. Coulter was appointed to confer with the Children's Aid Society and do what is considered best in the county's interest.

On motion the Committee of Ways and Means resumed; Mr. Laylock in the chair.

On motion of Mr. Jordison grants amounting to $800 were passed to numerous schools in the northern part of the county.

The usual grant towards assisting in making repairs upon roads in the northern part of the county was made.

On motion of Mr. Ketcheson, seconded by Mr. Rollins, the special grants to the continuations classes in schools in the county was laid over to the June session.

A motion made by Mr. White, seconded by Mr. Hubbell, that a special grant of $75 be made to assist in repairing a bridge in Mayo Township, was laid over until the June session.

A motion prevailed that a grant of $199.55 be made on a road in Marmora Township, being an equivalent to the Government grant.

Grants Made

The request of the 155th Battalion for a grant of $1,500 for recruiting purposes and $2,500 for regimental purposes, was considered.

Mr. Vermilyea was in favor of giving $1,000, the same as was given the 80th Battalion.

Mr. C. Ketcheson thought the money should be given for recruiting purposes. If the battalion wants money for regimental purposes and needs it, we can give it to them later on.

Mr. Coulter was in favor of granting $1,000 to the 155th Battalion for recruiting purposes.

Mr. Vermilyea—Does not the Government provide the means for recruiting?

Mr. Naylor—Give $1,000 now and let it be used as it is needed. If the Battalion is here in June and want more money we will possibly give it to them.

Mr. Coulter—The battalion is not up to its strength and the money is needed for recruiting purposes and should, he thought, be so used.

Mr. Clare—Make a grant for recruiting and regimental purposes.

The motion to make the grant for recruiting and regimental purposes prevailed.

The request of Col. Ketcheson for $1,500 for regimental purposes was considered.

Mr. Vermilyea—We have already given the 80th Battalion $1,000, and we should not make a further grant. He moved that no action be taken on the request made.

Mr. Coulter spoke in support of making a grant of $1,000 to the 80th Battalion. We should give and not question. His taxes were over a dollar a day but he would pay them if they were $2 a day. Let us do our duty. If we don't fight let us pay.

Mr. Vermilyea—The Minister of Militia says everything is provided, and he has issued a circular to that effect.

Mr. C. Ketcheson said Col. Ketcheson was making a great sacrifice and would go overseas to fight for us. He (the speaker) last year had by Providence been blessed, and the receipts of his farm were doubled.

Mr. Rollins spoke in support of the grant being made.

Warden Nugent would support a grant, and he would support any grant for such a purpose. This year he did not expect to make a profit from his business.

Messrs. Montgomery and Gray both spoke strongly in support of a grant to the battalion.

Mr. Vermilyea—Let us give with prudence; give liberally, but justly.

Mr. Montgomery—Everything I sold last year off my farm brought me more money and I should give it willingly for such purpose.

A motion to give $1,000 prevailed.

Moved by Mr. Montgomery, seconded by Mr. Fox, that the County Council of Hastings give a grant of $2,500 per month for the year 1916 for partiotic purposes.

Mr. Montgomery said he was almost ashamed at the smallness of the grant. It should not be cut in the least but go through as it is. Other counties were giving most generously for this worthy cause.

Mr. Ketcheson moved in amendment that the Council grant $1,000 a month until June and if then it is necessary to make a greater grant we will do it.

Mr. Montgomery—In different counties throughout the Province from 2 to 4 mills and the assessment of the county has been added to raise money for this purpose.

Mr. Rollins was in favor of Mr. Montgomery's motion. The necessities demand liberal contribution. Men at the front need everything that can be provided for them. This patriotic fund must be liberally subscribed to.

Mr. Vermilyea was in favor of Mr. Ketcheson's suggestion. If at the June session it is thought that more money is needed, then we can give it. The Red Cross Fund should not be overlooked.

Mr. McLaren—I intend to vote for Mr. Montgomery's motion.

Mr. Fox—This is a worthy cause and should be supported.

Mr. Coulter said it was calculated that there would be a demand of $14,000,000 for the patriotic fund for the year 1916. The Red Cross Fund will be looked after by the minor municipalities. He told the ratepayers of his municipality that there would be an increase of 2 mills on the taxes this year and they would be disappointed if they did not have to pay the same.

Mr. Montgomery—I will make an amendment to my motion that the grant be $2000 a month until the June session.

Mr. Tufts—The representative ratepayers of Madoc Village had virtually given him (the speaker) a free hand in making any grants for patriotic purposes.

The motion of Mr. Montgomery as amended, was voted upon and carried.

On motion the committee rose and reported progress and asked leave to sit again—Granted.

Council adjourned until 9 o'clock Saturday morning.

TO REDUCE YOUR WEGIHT EASILY AND QUICKLY

If you are over-stout the cause of your over-stoutness is lack of oxygen-carrying power in the blood and faulty assimilation of food. Too little is being made into the harder tissue of muscle and too much into little globules of fat. Therefore you should correct the mal-assimilation and increase the oxygen-carrying power of the blood. To do this, go to any good druggist and get oil of orilene, only sold in original packages and in capsule form, and take one capsule after each meal and one at bedtime toill your weight is reduced to what it should be on all parts of the body. The effect of oil of orilene in capsule form is remarkable as a weight reducer and it is perfectly safe.—E. J. T.

Any druggist can supply you or a large size box will be sent on receipt of $1.00. Address D. J. Little Drug Co., Box 1240, Montreal, Can.

MONTHLY MEETING OF WOMAN'S INSTITUTE

The regular meeting of the West Belleville Women's Institute was held Friday afternoon in Queen Mary school.

Judge Fraleck gave a very interesting and instructive address on Legal Rights of Women, dealing with the rights of women from the early ages when women had no rights to the present day, when women have practically the same rights as men, with the exception of franchise.

Mrs. W. Campbell gave a paper on Home and Home Influences, which was very much appreciated by the audience. The speaker had every point well thought out, and delivered the paper in a very affective manner.

Miss S. Walton gave a piano solo in her usual pleasing way.

The president explained the home nursing and St. John's Ambulance Course which will be sent here by the Ontario Government, through the Women's Institute.

These lectures will be given by Dr. Caroline Brown and will start about February 14th.

The St. John's Ambulance class will be held in the afternoon and the general class in the evening. Anyone wishing to take these courses should commence at once with president or secretary of any one of the institutes.

An examination will be given and a certificate awarded to the St. John's Ambulance class.

NO MEDICINE TO EQUAL BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Mrs. E. Cutler, St. Lazare, Man., writes:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets for the past ten years for my five children and can truthfully say there is no medicine to equal them." The Tablets regulate the bowels and stomach, cure constipation and indigestion, expel worms and make teething easy. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

IN and ABOUT THE CITY

CONCLUDED ITS LABOR

The County Council at noon to-day completed the work for the January session. The session was one of the most important that has been held for some time.

DRAWS 117 MILAGE

Speaking of the size of Hastings County, our councilman draws on the finances for 117 miles' travel. And some have the impudence to aver that Hastings can be placed in a shoe-box He really comes from where they lie up the North Sun.

LAID AT REST

Yesterday afternoon a number attended the obsequies of the late Mr. Thomas H. Asselstine of Belleville. At the family residence, Pinnacle street, Rev. S. C. Moore, pastor of the Tabernacle Methodist church, conducted an appropriate service. The remains were placed in the vault at Belleville cemetery. That the deceased had many friends was evidenced by the numerous beautiful tributes placed upon the casket. The bearers were Messrs. G. Ballantyne, H. Burke, H. Rooney, Ed, Penny, A. and J. Mattis.

Fine Bathroom Ware

We offer you a complete line of "Out of the Ordinary" Bathroom Ware, combining Great Strength and Durability with Beauty of Design.

The absence of fancy or ornamental features renders these goods perfectly sanitary...

Guarantee

Our Guarantee of Good Workmanship, Good Plating, and Perfect Satisfaction accompanies every article.

The John Lewis COMPANY LIMITED

ARENA TURNBULL ST

Band Saturday Night

O. H. A. Junior Hockey
Lindsay vs. Belleville
Monday, January 31st
This will be the fastest game of the season, as Lindsay is a strong team.
Admission 25c. Reserved seats 35c.
Band in Attendance

RED CROSS AND PATRIOTIC ENTERTAINMENT

GRIFFIN'S OPERA HOUSE
THURSDAY, Feb. 3

Miss Lottie Tillotson
of Hawaii.
Entertainer of World-wide reputation.
Excellent programme of vocal and instrumental music by our best local talent.
80th Overseas Battalion Orchestra under direction of Mr. Howard.
Reserved seats 35 cents for all ground floor and two front rows in balcony. Rest of house 25 cents. Plan open on Tuesday at Doyle's Drug Store.

Ladies' Hudson Seal Coats

No. 1 Quality Lined throughout with No. 1 Brocade satin 40 inches long ...... Price $120.00
Muff to match " $22.00

J. T. DELANEY
29 Campbell St. Phone 797
opposite Y.M.C.A.
See Our Window
N. B. We Buy Raw Furs

W. L. McKinnon, Dean H. Pettes.

Convince Yourself.

We do not ask anyone to make an investment through us unless they see clearly for themselves that the security behind such an investment is, beyond all question, more than sufficient.

The securities we specialize in are five times as safe as a conservative first mortgage or a corporation or an industrial bond.

The record of municipal bonds in Canada is particularly satisfactory to the investing public.

There is no class of security outside of government bonds which have so good a history.

Consult—

R. W. ADAMS,
27 Campbell Street
Belleville, Ont.

Representing
W. L. McKINNON & CO.
MUNICIPAL DEBENTURES
McKINNON BUILDING
TORONTO ONT.

Defy Dyspepsia!

Among the symptoms of Dyspepsia or Indigestion may be mentioned a heavy, cutting pain soon after eating; a distended, full feeling of the stomach and bowels; belching of wind and flatulence; a burning sensation in the stomach, which indicates acidity; heartburn; palpitation of the heart; oppression of breathing; pain under the ribs and shoulder-blades; headache through the temples and eyes; dizziness, coated tongue and constipation; sometimes nausea or vomiting.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt is the natural specific for all these conditions. Being an antacid, it immediately relieves the acidity of the stomach and stops the fermentation. It stimulates the secretion and muscular action of the stomach and bowels, and overcomes the constipation. When its use is kept up the normal action of all the organs of digestion is re-established.

Sold everywhere at 25c. and 60c.

Sold by J. S. McKEOWN.

GET THE
F. S. ANDERSON CO'S
GENUINE
SCRANTON
COAL
BELLEVILLE

The Best we Can Buy Carefully Prepared and Delivered

The F. S. ANDERSON CO.,
42 Bridge St.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent my be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—30690.

OVERCOATS

Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat! We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.

Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

Have The Intelligencer sent to your Home Address.

ONE WEEK WHITEWEAR BARGAIN SALE

A GREAT BARGAIN FEAST OF MUSLIN UNDERWEAR and Broken Assortments of LADIES' LINGERIE BLOUSES

White Week Sale of Dainty Gowns

Dozens of high-class, handsome Night Gowns, perfect in every detail and priced exceeding low for this sale.

$1.00 Gowns	- for	78c	$1.75 Gowns	- for	$1.38
1.25 „	- for	98c	2.00 „	- for	1.58
1.50 „	- for	$11.8	2.50 „	- for	1.98

Drawers Priced Low

So low in fact that you'll surely want to supply your future needs.

Regular 75c	- for	53c
Regular $1.00	- for	73c
Regular $1.25	- for	93c
Regular $1.50	for	$1.03

Brassieres

The famous Gossard Lines that will delight your eye and please your pocket-book.

Regular 75c	- for	58c
Regular $1.00	- for	78c
Regular $1.23	- for	98c
Regular $1.50	for	$1.18

Wed., Jan. 26, to Wed., Feb. 2

Enticing Offer Of Fine Underskirts

No matter if you desire a rather modest inexpensive one, or a real good one, we have them at prices that will delight you.

Reg. $1.00	values for	78c
„ 1.25	„	98c
„ 1.50	„	$1.18
„ 1.75	„	1.38
„ 2.00	„	1.58
„ 2.50	„	1.98

Beautiful Blouses

You will be surprised at the extensive lines we are showing for this Sale, and the remarkable values we are able to offer.

THREE BIG TABLES FULL

Table No. 1

Reg. $1.25	Blouses for	97c
„ 1.50	„	$1.17
„ 1.75	„	1.27

Do Not Miss This Whitewear Sale

Ketcheson & Earle

FREDERICK
PALMER
GRIFFIN'S
Opera House
MON. EVE. JAN. 31
Will Portray with
Moving Pictures
and
Thrilling
Narratives
THE GREAT
WORLD WAR
Under the auspices of the
80th Overseas Battalion,
C. E. F.
Seats, $1, 75c, 50c, 25c
Plan now open at Doyle's
Drug Store,

This Changeable Weather Brings Coughs and Colds

Here are a few lines of our own make of Confectionery that give relief to that tickling in the throat

Horehound Tablets,	20c lb.
Butter Scotch, -	- 20c lb.
Menthol Tablets,	- 30c lb.
Humbugs, - -	- 20c lb.
BarleySugarTablets	20c lb.

Have Some to-day

Chas. S. Clapp

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN HIS MAJESTY'S SURROGATE COURT of THE COUNTY of HASTINGS. IN THE MATTER of the estate of John William Young, late of the Township of Sidney, in the County of Hastings, yeoman, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to Trustee Act, Sec. 56, Chap. 121 R.S.O. 1914, that all persons having claims against the estate of the said John William Young who died on or about the twenty-second day of December, 1915, are requested to send by post prepaid, or to deliver to the undersigned solicitors for the Executor of the estate on or before the twentieth day of February, 1916, their names, addresses and descriptions and a full statement of particulars of their claims and the nature of the security (if any) held by them duly verified by Statutory Declaration, and that after the said day the Executor will proceed to distribute the estate of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he then shall have notice.

Dated this 14th day of January A.D. 1916.
MIKEL, STEWART & BAALIM,
28 Bridge St., Belleville.
Solicitors for Executor, Selden Ketcheson.
4td:j15,22,29;f5

Do you want to earn $10 a week or more in your own home?

Reliable persons will be furnished with profitable, all-year-round employment on Auto-Knitting Machines, $10 per week readily earned. We teach you at home, distance is no hindrance. Write for particulars, rates of pay, send 2c. stamp.

AUTO KNITTER HOSIERY CO.
Dept. 101b 27 College St. - Toronto
[illegible] Leicester, England)

Zutoo

Will cure any headache in 20 minutes, will nip a cold in the bud, will relieve the monthly pains of women, and in every case it Leaves you Feeling Good.

MADE IN CANADA

an DONCASTER
ARROW
COLLAR
2 for 25c
Cluett, Peabody & Co., Inc., Montreal

Hiram Maxim has invented a silencer for locomotives: Now who will make a soft pedal for the early morning milkman?

SPORTING NEWS

HOCKEY

If this cold snap keeps going, the ice will be in prime condition for the Belleville—Lindsay game Monday night in the local rink.

Undoubtedly there will be something doing when our boys get after the up-country team on Monday night. Already we can see the puck spinning for its destination with the speed if a bullet.

Some one from Lindsay says it will be a walk-over for the visitors. Well, we are on hand with a wad that says it won't.

Anything doing among the Intermediates? Now is the time to harden up the muscles—while the ice is good.

Hockey throughout the district has been nil for a week or more, but now that colder weather is promised by Uuncle Solon, we may look for a renewal of energy.

Brother "Dick" felt three degrees happier when he arose this morning and saw frost on the windows. Do you wonder?

The boys will probably have a try out tonight in preparation for Monday night's game. Go to it boys.

The Soldiers' Aid Commission

A representative meeting was held in the Lecture Room of the Armouries last evening to establish a branch of the Soldiers' Aid Commission of the Province of Ontario for the district, consisting of Hastings, County, City of Belleville and town of Trenton. The object of this branch will be to take care of and to find employment for members of the Canadian Expeditionary Force who return to Canada during the period of the war, particularly those who have returned to this district, and to assist, advise and co-operate with the Soldiers' Aid Commission and other local committees and organizations to attain these objects and to do all things which may be incidental and auxiliary thereto.

Upon motion His Worship Mayor Ketcheson occupied the chair and J. F. Wills, K.C., acted as secretary, pro tem.

The proposals and correspondence with the Secretary were read and discussed, and upon motion of Warden Nugent, seconded by Reeve Naylor, of Deseronto, it was unanimously determined to establish a branch of the commission in this district upon the lines suggested by Secretary Cochrane of Toronto.

The meeting then proceeded with the adoption of a constitution for the Branch as suggested by Secretary Cochrane with a few slight variations adaptable to this community.

It was determined that this branch should have representatives in every portion of the district whose known public activities would ensure their active sympathy in this most worthy cause.

The election of officers was then proceeded with and resulted as follows: Hon. Presidents—Hon. Sir Mackenzie Bowell, K.C.M.G., Hon. Senator Corby; President—E. Guss Porter, K.C., M.P.; Vice-Presidents—W. B. Northrup, K.C., M.P., J. W. Johnson, M.P.P., Sandy Grant, M.P.P., J. R. Cook, M.P.P., Warden W. H. Nugent, Mayor H. F. Ketcheson, Mayor W. Ireland. Executive Committee—The Reeves of the municipalities of the County of Hastings, Robert Weddell, Geo. Collins (Trenton), Mayor E. A. Rixen (Deseronto), H. F. Coyle (Supt. G.T.R.), H. W. Ackerman, Lt.-Col. Marsh, W. B. Deacon, J. Elliott, W. C. Springer, J. A. Higgs (Rolling Mills), S. E. Carman, C. J. Bowell and J. O. Herity. Secretary-Treasurer, A. M. Chapman (County Clerk).

In accordance with the constitution of the commission the following committes were elected for this branch for the ensuing year: Chairman, E. Guss Porter, K.C., M.P.; Vice-Chairman, J. F. Wills, K.C.; Sec.-Treas., A. M. Chapman; Finance Committee, C. Ketcheson (Reeve of Sidney), Mayor Ireland, Reeve Naylor, J. Elliott. Employment Committee, Mayor Ketcheson, Robt. Weddell (Trenton), Henry Bleecker (County Superintendent), Mayor Rixen (Deseronto), and W. B. Deacon.

The local branch of the commission have the assurance of the support and active sympathy of the representatives and the people themselves in every part of this district, and "a helping hand" from time to time when the returned soldier needs it, is what they ask.

Your hens have commenced to lay. Keep them at it by supplying their needs: Poultry regulator, Meat and Bone Meal, Grit, Shell, Charcoal, Alfalfa, etc., etc.

GEO. PERRY, Bridge Street.

RITCHIE'S

SATURDAY NIGHT BARGAINS

This Splendid List For To-night's Selling Between 7 and 9

Pillow Slips 35c pair

Hemmed and ready for use; well made in sizes 40, 42 and 44 inches. On sale tonight at 35c. pair.

Bath Towels 35c pair

Colored Bath Towels, size 45 x 20 ins. Worth regular 20c. each. Tonight, 35c. pair

WHITE NAINSOOK, 10c. YARD.

Also several pieces of Lawn, 36 inches wide, and a nice fine quality; worth regular 12½c. yard. On sale tonight, 10c. yard.

BARRETTS AND BACK COMBS, 10c.

Large, medium and smal sizes in shell and amber, worth regular 25c., on sale tonight at 10c. each.

DRESS TRIMMINGS, 5c. YARD.

In Gimps, Appliques, Insertions, etc., a desirable collection; regular up to 50c. For tonight, 5c. yard.

30c. SHEETING, 19c. YARD.

8/4 and 9/4 Unbleached Sheeting, plain only, qualities worth up as high as 30c. yard; all at one price tonight, only 19c. yard.

HUCK TOWELS, 25c. PAIR.

Very fine quality Huck Towels in fringed and hemmed, all white with red borders, very special for tonight's selling at 25c. pair.

Grey Cotton 8c yard

40 inch Grey Cotton in a fine even weave, free from specks, very special value tonight, 8c. yard or 13 yards for $1.00.

Tea Towels 2 for 25c

Pure Linen Tea Towels, with Red Border that sell regularly at 15c. each straight—your choice tonight only, 2 for 25c.

Exceptional Bargains

$1.00 CORSETS, 79c.

Made of good strong Coutil, and a splendid fitting model, usually sold at $1.00 a pair. Tonight only 79c. pair.

BLOUSES, 39c.

In Voiles, Prints and Linens, all good styles and regularly sold as high as $1.25. Tonight, 39c.

85c. UNDERWEAR, 69c.

Vests and Drawers, slightly imperfect, some only soiled through handling. Regular value 85c. Tonight, 69c.

CHILDREN'S PYJAMAS, $1.00.

Duckling Fleece Material in fancy pattern pattern, for ages 6 to 12 years. Regular $1.50; on sale tonight, $1.00.

(Mantle Room)

Pattern Dresses At Drastic Bargains For To-night

4 ONLY AT $1.50. Semi-made Embroidery Dress Patterns, made of pure Linen and Indian Head, worth regularly up to $10; on sale tonight at $1.50.

6 ONLY AT $1.90. White and Black Net Pattern Dresses, semi-made and best quality net used in the making; worth regularly up to $15.00. Tonight, $1.90. (Dress Goods Counter)

COATS, HALF PRICE.

Your choice of our entire stock of Ladies' Black and Colored Coats tonight and all next week at Just Half Price.

SKIRTS, HALF PRICE.

Not this season's but good styles, made of Serges, Panamas and Voiles; on sale tonight at Just Half Price.

DRESSING SACQUES, 50c.

Made of a fine quality Wool Eiderdown in pale blue, pink, etc., slightly soiled, regular up to $2.00; on sale at 50c.

WATCH FOR THE BLUE PRICE CARDS.

These Four Money-Savers From The Men's Store

LINED SMOCKS 98c.

Black and Colored Moleskin materials; Regular $1.25 and $1.50, for 98c.

MEN'S TROUSERS $1.50

Dark striped Worsted Trousers for sizes 32 to 42. On sale tonight at $1.50

BOYS' NIGHTSHIRTS 49c.

Made of a heavy Flannelette for ages 8 to 15 years. 49c.

BOYS' PYJAMAS

A fine Flannelette garment with silk frogs in front. Special for tonight, 98c.

The RITCHIE Company Limited

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BRIDGE STREET METHODIST CHURCH.

Organised in 1812.
Pastor, Rev. H. S. Osborne, B.A., B.D.

11 a.m.—Public service. Sermon by the Pastor. Subject: "Spiritual Perils."

2.30 p.m.—Sunday School. Well organized Bible Classes. A place for everybody. Judge Deroche, Supt.

7 p.m.—Public service. Preacher, the pastor. Subject: "The Moral Basis of Practical Efficiency."

Prof. D. A. Cameron, choir leader.
Miss Wallace, organist.

Soldiers, students, strangers are invited and will be made welcome at all these services.

VICTORIA AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH.

Corner of Victoria Ave. and Pinnacle St.
Rev. Chas. Geo. Smith, B.D., Pastor.
Residence: Turnbull St. Phone 214.

11 a.m. preacher—Rev. Harry E. Stillwell, B.A. Mr. Stillwell is a noted authority on Missions, and has travelled the globe in their interests. Come and hear an eloquent sermon.

3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes. Yokefellows' Class for Men.

7 p.m. preacher—Rev. Chas. Geo. Smith. Subject: "The Clean Heart."

Mrs. William R. Deeton, organist and choir leader.

Special gospel music by large choir. Soloist, Miss Margaret Brown. Miss Brown will sing "A Clean Heart" at the evening service. Come and hear it.

A hearty welcome to all.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Rev. A. S. Kerr, M.A., Pastor.

The pastor will preach at both services.
11 a.m.—"If Thou Knewest."
3 p.m.—Sunday School and Adult Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—"What is a Christian"
A cordial welcome to all.

THE TABERNACLE METHODIST CHURCH

Church Street.
Rev. S. C. Moore, B.A., B.D., Pastor.
Parsonage, 246 Church St. Phone 578.

10 a.m.—Morning Classes and Junior League. Leader, Mr. Thompson.

11 a.m.—Rev. H. C. Prest, B.A., of Toronto, will preach.

2.30 p.m.—Sunday School. Excellent Orchestra. Alpha Club.

7 p.m.—The Pastor will preach. Subject—"The Hand, the Head, the Heart."

Mrs. Duff, organist.
Mrs. Grant, choir leader

Soldiers, students and strangers warmly welcomed to all services.

WEST BELLEVILLE METHODIST CHURCH.

Corner Holloway and Dunbar Sts.
Rev. J. N. Clarry, B.A., Pastor.
Parsonage, 44 Hillside St. Phone 575.

10 a.m.—Class Meetings and Junior League.

11 a.m. and 7 p.m. The pastor will preach on themes in keeping with the special services which have been in progress during the past two weeks, and which will continue each evening of this week, Saturday excepted. The public are cordially invited and will be made welcome.

2.30 p.m.—Sunday School and Adult Bible Classes. Excellent orchestra in attendance.

CHRIST CHURCH.

(Anglican)
Rev. R. C. Blagrave, D.D., Rector.
Residence, 80 Commercial St.
5th Sunday After Epiphany.

Holy Communion	8 a.m.
Morning Prayer and Sermon	11 a.m.
Sunday Schools and Bible Classes	3 p.m.
Evensong and sermon	7 p.m.

The Rector will conduct services and preach.

Seats free. Visitors and strangers welcome.

JOHN STREET, PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Corner Victoria Ave. and John St.
Rev. S. C. Currie, Pastor.
11 a.m.—The Minister.
3 p.m.—The Church School.
7 p.m.—"How to Combat Evil."
Mrs. A. E. MacColl, organist and choir leader.
Stranger and visitors welcome.

THE SALVATION ARMY

Pinnacle Street.
11 a.m.—Holiness Meeting.
3 p.m.—Free and Easy.
7.30 p.m.—Salvation Meeting.
Sunday School—10 a.m. and 2 p.m.
Everybody welcome.
Captain and Mrs. Ruston, C.O s.

THE BELLEVILLE BUSINESS MEN'S BIBLE CLASS.

Meets in the auditorium of the Bridge Street Methodist Church every Sunday afternoon at 2.45.

Lesson—Acts iii. Questions for discussion:—

1.—The advantages of prayer meeting.
2.—The science of giving.
3.—Wayside Ministries.
4.—Are there miracles today? If not, why?

Soldiers, civilians, visitors to the city and students are invited to study the Bible that mother used to read to her boys.

E. F. DICKENS, President. F. E. O'FLYNN, Teacher.

EMMANUEL CHURCH.

Reformed Episcopal, Liturgical and Evangelical.
Between Pinnacle and Church streets.
Phone 682. Rev. A. M. Hubly, Rector
4th Sunday After Epiphany.

11 a.m.—Divine Service. Pulpit theme—The Murderer; The Minister; The Martyr.

3 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

7 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Praise. Meditation: Divine Life and Its Food.

Seats are free. There is a place and a welcome for you.

BETHEL HALL, FRONT STREET.

Over Lattimer's Drug Store.
Christians gather in the name of the Lord Jesus Christ.
Sunday, 11 a.m.—The Lord's Supper.
3 p.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Gospel Preaching.
SUNDAY EVENING.
Subject—Jonah and the Whale. What the "Great Fish" story teaches.

$1,000.00 REWARD

For information that will lead to the discovery or whereabouts of the person or persons suffering from Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Mouth and Throat, Blood Poison, Skin Diseases, Bladder Troubles, Special Ailments, and Chronic or Complicated Complaints who cannot be cured at The Ontario Medical Institute, 263-265 Yonge St., Toronto. Correspondence invited

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 8 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED—GIRLS OVER 18 YEARS OF age to join Musical Comedy Co. here to travel. Tuition free, also salary. Enquire Manager Musical Company, Scott's Theatre. 28-2td

WANTED — GENERAL HOUSEKEEPER. Apply 71 Station Street. 28-4td

WANTED — ATTENDANTS. APPLY Ontario School for the Deaf. j19-tf

LADIES WANTED TO DO PLAIN AND light sewing at home, whole or spare time; good pay; work sent any distance, charges paid. Send stamp for particulars. National Manufacturing Co., Montreal. 6td&w

WANTED—SMART INTELLIGENT GIRLS to learn Shirt making. Apply Deacon Shirt Company. j24-7td

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill hands and machinists. Steady work. Good wages. Apply Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Peterborough, Canada. 26-6td

WANTED—FIRST CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill and Planer hands, Toolmakers. Good wages. Steady work. Canadian Westinghouse Company, Limited, Hamilton, Ont. d—j27

TO RENT

TO LET—NEW SIX ROOMED HOUSE ON Gordon Street. Electric lights and water. Apply 78 North Front St. 26-4td

TO RENT, RESIDENCE, No 221 CHARLES St.; contains all modern conveniences. Apply at The Intelligencer Office a23-tf

TO LET, THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the Bank of Commerce, and also rooms in the same block and the Robertson Block, suitable for offices and apartments. S. S. Lazier. j17-dtf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—WATER MOTOR, GLASS OFfice, two refrigerators. Must be sold and taken away in 20 days. Green's Butcher Shop, 181 Front St. 27-6td

AGENTS WANTED

AGENT WANTED AT BELLEVILLE—Crown Life Ins. Co. of Toronto want good live hustler. Liberal contract. Write to Crown Life Ins. Co., Toronto. 27-4td

WANTED—MAN OR WOMAN TO DIStribute War Literature. $120 for sixty days' work in your own community. Spare time may be used. Winston Company, Limited, Toronto. d18-8tw&s

OLEMNTRA	BEUQCE	OTOROTN	PNIENGIW

Can you arrange the above sets of jumbled letters into the names of four well known large canadian cities? If so, you can share in the distribution of the prizes below. It is no easy task, but by patience and perseverance you can probably make out 2 or 3 of them. To the person who can make out the largest number we will give the sum of One Hundred Dollars. To the person making out the second largest number the sum of fifty dollars. To the person making the third largest number the sum of thirty dollars. To the person making the fourth largest number the sum of twenty dollars. Should two persons send answers equally correct, the first two prizes will be divided between them (each receiving $75.00). Should three send in equally correct answers, the first three prizes will have to be divided (each receiving $60.00). Should four persons send equally correct answers, the whole sum of $200.00 will be equally divided (each receiving $50.00) and so on in like proportions, provided they comply with a simple condition about which we will write as soon as answers are received. We do not want a cent of your money when you answer this advertisement. If you can find any of the names, write us to-day enclosing stamp for our reply. Do not delay.

$200 IN CASH And Number of Valuable Premiums GIVEN AWAY FREE

Address: CANADIAN MEDICINE CO., Dept. 2 Montreal, Que.

ADVERTISE IN THE INTELLIGENCER

THE WEATHER
Occasional rain [illegible] becoming colder tonight. Tuesday st[illegible] westerly winds, fair and much colder.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 49 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, MONDAY, JANUARY, 31, 1916. No. 27

ESTABLISHED 1858
58 years continuous business is a guarantee for square dealing, best values and lowest prices.
FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING
TICKELL & SONS CO.
Office Phone 2 Night Phones 260 & 835

1916

MULE TRANSPORT TORPEDOED BY GERMAN SUBMARINE
BRIGADIER - GENERAL FOUND DEAD HANGING TO HIS BED

Why Shell Orders Are Being Held From Canada

Delivery of Original $169,000,000 Worth Has Hardly Yet Commenced

OTHER REASONS ARE GIVEN

Shell-Loading Plants Must be Established—Empty Cases Already in Advance of Requirements

OTTAWA, Jan. 29.—The Imperial Munitions Board today issued a statement which defines the present position of the munitions industry in Canada. The statement explains why comparatively few new orders are being placed in the Dominion and why the board and the manufacturers are co-operating in an effort to have existing orders filled at lower prices than those which prevailed during the first year of the war. The facts of the situation as contained in today's statement are as follows:

"First as regards orders. During the months of October and November [illegible] orders for munitions were placed in Canada amounting in the aggregate to $169,000,000. Delivery of these orders has not yet commenced, except in one or two cases. These orders were intended to be spread over a longer period. It is not to be expected, therefore, that fresh orders would be given until the old ones were running out. That is the explanation of the fact that only $7,000,000 of additional orders were received in December and January.

"Moreover, out of the orders for munitions placed in Canada previous to Oct., 1915, less than one-half had been filled at the end of the year. The balance remained to be executed at that date, and in nearly all cases, deliveries were overdue, in some cases much overdue. This was the case in orders taken as a whole, although some individual manufacturers may have finished their portion. It is not reasonable to expect further large orders to be placed in this country until part, at any rate, of the arrears on delivery of existing orders has been made up.

Empty Shells Not Needed

"There is one other important point to be mentioned. Most of the capacity which has been developed in Canada is for machining and turning out of eighteen-pounder shell bodies. This is the quickest part of the work connected with shell-making and requires less capital expenditure and less specially trained labor than the other processses. It is possible to develop a large capacity for this class of work quietly, and this has been done in Canada. But at the same time, the same thing has been done in Great Britain. Consequently, in both countries the present capacity for turning out and machining empty shell bodies of the smaller sizes is in excess of all possible requirements. But these empty shells are of no use until they have been loaded and fitted with fuses, which must also be loaded. In Canada there are only two shell loading plants in operation and another one under construction. There is no fuse-loading plant at all. The establishment of one has been begun and is being pushed forward as quickly as possible. But at best it will be several months before it can be in operation. Meanwhile, the loading and fuse-making plants of Great Britain are fully occupied in completing the shells which are turned out on the spot. At the present moment there are quantities of empty shells which have been sent from Canada which are piled up waiting until they can be loaded, and supplied with fuses.

"It is evidently a waste of money to increase the output of empty shell bodies beyond the capacity for loading and fuse fitting. The only way in which the capacity of Canada for turning out shell bodies could be kept fully employed, pending the time when the shells can be completed in this country, would be for some of the plants which are now occupied on similar work in Great Britain to be shut down.

FORMER OFFICAL DEAD

Canadian Press Special.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—Sir Clements Markham, former President of the Royal Geographical Society, is dead at the age of 85.

TWO PERSONS MURDERED ONE FATALLY INJURED

Automobile Party Held up and Brutally Beaten—Motive of Attack Robbery—Occupants of Prominent Family—Robbers Made Good Their Escape

Canadian Press Special.

BUFFALO, N.Y., Jan. 31.—Two persons were murdered, another probably fatally injured, and a fourth severely beaten up in an automobile hold-up on Orchard Park road, near this city, early today. The murderers escaped.

The victims are: Mrs. Agnes Leiper, aged 67, shot dead through [illegible]; her son Frederick, beaten to death with a blunt instrument; her daughter Grace's skull is fractured, and will die; Hon. Edward Leiper was left senseless on the road. They are members of a prominent family. The motive of the crime was robbery. They had stopped the motor south of the railroad crossing, when the hold-up men set upon them.

ALLIES OCCUPY GREEK FORT ON KARABURUN PENINSULA

Canadian Press Special.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—A Reuter despatch from Saloniki says the occupation by the Allies of the Greek fort on the Karaburun Peninsula was due to the fact that a few days ago a German submarine approached to within a few miles of the entrance of the channel leading to Saloniki and torpedoed a transport conveying mules. The transport was beached and a majority of the mules saved.

JUSTIFIES OUR CONDUCT

London Times Comment on Wilson's New York Speech

LONDON, Jan. 29.—The London morning newspapers express enthusiastic approval of President Wilson's speech before the Railway Business Association in New York on Thursday night. The Times says:

"Only those who have not followed the development of political ideas in the mind of President Wilson will be surprised by the language of his address. No honest man, whose views have been formed chiefly by abstract thought and academic study, can escape the bracing influence of responsible contact with the facts. The formal jutisfication of our conduct in asserting with our whole strength what Sir Edward Grey recently called the transcending cause for which the Allies are fighting.

It brings all that is best in American opinion into complete harmony with ours and contains a pledge that minor technical controversies that will inevitably arise between the Entente Allies and the United States will be settled in an amicable spirit."

WEARY OF LIFE COMMITTED SUICIDE

Canadian Press Special.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—Brigadier General Sir Rollo Grimston, equerry to the King, was found dead in London on Saturday, hanging to a bed rail with a handkerchief twisted around his neck, according to a story in Lloyd's Weekly News. He had been suffering from neurasthenia.

FARMERS' BANK JUDGMENT

Those Holding Stock at Winding-up Must Pay "Double Liability"

TORONTO, Jan. 29.—If a judgment pronounced by Mr. Justice Lennox at Osgood Hall today is sustained, it will mean that those who subscribed to Farmers' Bank stock and held it at the time of the winding up in January, 1911, will have to pay in the neighborhood of $500,000 under the double liability. His Lordship sustains the decision of the official referee in two test cases in which J. R. Lindsay, of Georgetown, and Mrs. Maria Allison contended that they were not contributories because the organization was never properly incorporated as a bank. It is held that it is too late, after enjoying the fruits of the shares, to say that the issue of the charter to the bank was irregular.

Fall of Burner Cost $5,000

PEMBROKE, Jan. 29.—The loss caused by the toppling over of the Colonal Lumber Company's steel burner is estimated at $5,000. It is to be rebuilt at once, and the company hope to have it ready for use when the mill opens in the spring.

The burner had been the cause of much bother to the company all summer. On Friday seven men had begun to re-brick the interior and had pulled out a number of bricks, thereby weakening the burner. It began to sway, and the men had barely time to get out of the way when it crashed to the ground.

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIANS

OTTAWA, Jan. 30.—The list of casualties is as follows:

3RD BATTALION.
Wounded—E. Cottingham, Swansea, Ont.
14TH BATTALION.
Suffering from shock—H. Campbell, Toronto.
Severely wounded—B. E. Goinias, Point Sapin, N.B.
15TH BATTALION.
Wounded—W. H. Spaul, Clarksburg, Ont.
16TH BATTALION.
Severely wounded—J. P. Cowley, Vancouver, B.C.
19TH BATTALION.
Wounded—Lance-Corp. S. E. Fallis, Toronto.
Seriously ill—R. Young, Ottawa.
21ST BATTALION.
Severely wounded—Lieut. W. J. S. Sharp, Ottawa.
24TH BATTALION.
Killed in action—W. J. Cole, Montreal; Corp. A. McKenna, Montreal.
25TH BATTALION.
Killed in action, Jan. 16—W. B. Bawe, Sydney, N.S.
27TH BATTALION.
Slightly wounded—Sergt. E. E. Andrews, St. James, Man.; Corp. W. Fisher, Winnipeg, Man.
29TH BATTALION.
Accidentally wounded (seriously)—N. J. Paton, Vancouver, B.C.
39TH BATTALION.
Died—John Shaw, Toronto.
42ND BATTALION.
Wounded—W. H. Jones, Montreal; A. J. Ancliffe, Lachine, Que.
47TH BATTALION.
Seriously ill—C. P. Blake, Yonadon, Fort Haney, B.C.
54TH BATTALION.
Seriously ill—F. Carpenter, Natal, B.C.
3RD CAN. DIV. SIG. CO'Y.
Died—Corp. J. Stoley, Mara, B.C.
NO. 5 STATIONARY HOSPITAL.
Dangerously ill—D. S. Gollan, Morewood, Ont.
No. 5 DEPOT UNITS OF SUPPLY.
Dangerously ill—N. E. Stoddard, Montreal.

To Join Forces With British

Success Near Kandalanski Pass Puts Them Near Persian Gulf

START MOVE IN NORTH

Big Column of Czar Rapidly Making for Upper Tigris Valley

PETROGRAD, Jan. 30.—The Russian Caucasian operation is widening, fan-like, to the westward, southwestward and southward, with the possibility, according to semi-official opinion, of a juncture being formed with the British Mesopotamia expedition.

The Russian advance is pushing west of Melazghert, where the important town of Khynysskala, 50 miles south of Erzerum, has been captured. At the same time progress is reported in the direction of Van and likewise toward Urumiah, where it is officially announced that the Turks have been repulsed with heavy losses. Further southeast, in the region of the Kandalanski Pasas, southwest of Hamadan, another Russian victory is reported.

Although a broken mountainous country intervenes, the latter positions are not far removed from the head of the British expedition at Kut-el-Amara. It is pointed out that the Turks evidently fear a junction, this being indicated by the retreat towards Mush of a large part of their army that was recently reported to have been routed, the evident purpose of the move being to cover Bitlis and Diarzekar.

It is admitted that the recent successes of the Russians in the Caucasus operations are thus far not of great strategic importance, but are regarded as having an important moral effect upon the Turkish troops which, military observers point out, readily stampede in an open campaign.

Napanee Ladies Honored Abroad

One a Musical Progidy in California The Other An Author In Liverpool

NAPANEE, Jan. 29.—Mrs. Hester A. Lake, 3 Adelaide Terrace, Liverpool, writes to the Express:

A few years ago there lived in Napanee two cousins, Miss Frank McKim, at her home, and Miss Myrtle E. Lake, with her uncle, the late John A. Shibley.

Later, they both married, Miss McKim one of her own townsmen, Mr. Boyes, and Miss Lake, James Richardson, Liverpool, Eng. Since that time they have never met.

In an extract in your paper, which reached me this past week, I read of Miss Shibley Boyes, San Jose, California, aged twelve, a musical prodigy, who charmed her audience with her wonderful performance on the piano, and they predict a brilliant future for her.

At this time I was mailing to you and my friend in Napanee the Liverpool papers criticising a book written by a girl of twelve, Miss Dorothy Richardson. They say of her and her book, "The Joy of Youth," a prodigy by a prodigy, as you will read.

These two young girls, the one in America and the other in England, can claim as their grandparents—Miss Dorothy Richardson, the late Jacob Shibley, Newburgh, and Miss Boyes (his sister), the late Mrs. Nelson McKim.

FRENCH BEATEN BACK

Canadian Press Special.

BERLIN, Jan. 31.—The French have been making repeated attempts to regain ground recently lost by them near Reuville, the army headquarters announced today, but all their attacks have been beaten off, the Germans still holding their newly-won trenches.

MAGNIFICENT CONTRIBUTION

Canadian Press Special.

MONTREAEL, Jan. 31.—The Patriotic Fund campaign closed today with a total for Montreal of $2,500,000.

GERMAN DETACHMENT ENGULFED IN MARSHES

Unusual Flood of Hidden Waters Wrecks the Enemy's Works And Cut Off the Soldiers—Many Perish

LONDON, Jan. 31.—(Special)—A Reuter despatch from Petrograd says that prisoners taken during the last few days by the Russians confirm reports of the terrible condition of the German troops in Pinsk marshes, where a rapid thaw released such vast quantities of subterranean water that all the enemy works have been wrecked as completely as if they had been bombarded by heavy batteries.

Not only have thousands of caissons, quantities of munitions, and numerous guns been engulfed, the despatch says, but various entrenched detachments of troops, and often large ones, have been cut off, and, having been unable to extricate themselves from the marshy labyrinth, they perished miserably.

BROUGHT BACK PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE CAMP IN FLAMES

Canadian Press Special.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—An Exchange Telegraph Co. despatch from Saloniki says the Bulgarian camp near Lake Doiran was entirely destroyed when French aeroplanes dropped two hundred bombs on it. Five hundred tents were burned, and many Bulgarians killed or wounded. Aviators brought back photographs of the camp in flames.

Rock Fragments Blind Austrians

Pathetic Scenes in Vienna Hospital —Teutons Seek Food From Turks

LONDON, Jan. 31.—The Daily Mail's special correspondent, who returned recently from an extended tour of the Central Empires and the Near East, writes: "The pinch of hunger felt in Vienna and Italy's entrance into the war, both resulting from the intervention of Great Britain, made the people of the Austrian capital much more hostile against Britain than they were during my visit at the end of last May.

"The humorous side of the situation is that, while the people of Turkey expect to get food from Austria and Germany, the people of Austria and Germany expect to get food from Turkey.

"I visited the largest hospital in Vienna—perhaps the largest in the world—the Wiener Allgemeines Krankenhaus, where one of the saddest sights was presented by two halls filled with blind, most of whom had lost their eyesight through rock splinters caused by high explosives from the Italian Isonzo front.

"The head of the hospital told me that the immense number of 70,000 Austrians were blinded during six months by these rock fragments. He regarded the problem of their employment after the war as insuperable."

LINER BATTERED BY PUMICE STONE FROM VOLCANIC OUTBREAK

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—Pumice stone, presumably from a submarine disturbance were mixed with the waves which battered the Oceanic Steamship company's liner Sierra during a hurricane, three days out from Sydney, N.S.W., according to a report made by the captain of the steamer.

Captain Koughan said that a few hours before leaving Sydney, Jan. 5, it was reported to him that seismographs there registered violent disturbances at sea.

The Sierra, he said, must have passed over the seat of the volcanic outbreak. For hours the ship was in a sea of pumice, pieces varying in size from a marble to a hat being thrown on deck by the waves.

SIX MONTHS FOR STEALING CHICKENS

A St. Catharines Man in Trouble After Discharge From Army

ST. CATHARINES, Jan. 30.—The discovery of some forty chickens and one turkey unfit for use on St. Catharines market Saturday led to the arrest of Richard Johnson, who in the afternoon was convicted of stealing them. Johnson, who was given an indeterminate sentence of not less than six months and not more than two years on the Prison Farm, maintained that he had bought the poultry in Dunnville. Some months ago he was before the late Judge Carman, and was allowed to go on his promise to enlist, which he did, but he was afterwards discharged from the battalion. Clinton Bowman, a young married man, who offered the chickens for sale, said that Johnson had offered him $5 to dispose of the fowl. Bowman was fined $25 for selling the poultry, which was unfit for consumption.

Attacked With Hand Grenades

Canadian Press Special.

PARIS, Jan. 31.—(Afternoon statement)—To the north of Arras the enemy last night at a point southwest of Hill 140 delivered two futile attacks with hand grenades.

At Champagne our artillery bombarded the German trenches north of Prosnes, causing explosions at four different points on the enemy's front. In the Argonne there has been fighting with mines at Haute Chevauchee. We responded to the explosion of the German mine by a counter-mining operation which destroyed the underground gallery occupied by the enemy.

Fifteen Months For Sedition

CALGARY, Alta., Jan. 29.—Fifteen months' imprisonment was the sentence imposed by Judge Simmons at Red Deer on John Reid, Socialist candidate for the Legislature, on the charge of sedition, he having stated publicly that the British were just as bad as the Germans and advising people not to enlist or give to patriotic funds. Reid is British born and is a Boer war veteran.

CHINESE REVOLUTIONISTS ACTIVE GOVERNOR OF KIVEICHOW FLEES

Canadian Press Special.

PEKIN, Jan. 31.—The province of Kwiechow is in full rebellion. Twelve thousand soldiers from that province are reported to be marching with Yunnanese revolutionists upon Chung King. The Governor of Kweichow was forced to flee a fortnight ago, and communications have been interrupted.

Steamers Collide One Abandoned

Liner Philadelphia, Badly Damaged is Putting Back to Liverpool

OTHER CREW RESCUED

Boat From Philadelphia, With Seven Men is Missing

LONDON, Jan. 31.—The American Line steamer Philadelphia has been in collision with the Liverpool steamer Ben Lee, 12 miles south of Carnarvon Bay. Lloyd's reports the Philadelphia putting back to Liverpool under her own steam. The Philadelphia sustained considerable damage to her upper structure, several boats and the main top mast being carried away. Nobody on board the Philadelphia was injured.

The collision of the Ben Lee and the Philadelphia, which was outward bound from Liverpool for New York, occurred about 9.30 o'clock Saturday night. The Ben Lee speedily became water-logged. Her crew was rescued by the Cork steamship Randon, and landed at Holyhead. One seaman on the Ben Lee was badly injured.

A later report given out by Lloyd's said that one member of the crew was missing from the Ben Lee, but the others had been landed. When the crew left the Ben Lee her decks were awash. A boat containing seven men, which left the Philadelphia with the object of assisting the Ben Lee has not returned, according to the Central News. A number of trawlers are searching for it.

SHOULD BE LOOKED UPON WITH SUSPICION

A report from the Provincial Analyst on samples of water sent from the city water supply, calls attention to the large number of Colon Bacilli present and states that "such water must be looked upon with great suspicion, as it contains large quantities of inorganic impurities." The local Medical Officer of Health states that this is the most unsatisfactory report he has ever received regarding the local water supply. It is probably due to the unusually large amount of rain falling on the ice and frozen ground and washing surface and sewer impurities into the bay, not only in this immediate locality, but from Belleville to Trenton and from Trenton all the way up the Trent river. This water should be thoroughly boiled and cooled aagin before using.

Paris Dark Last Night Warning Sounded

PARIS, Jan. 31.—(Special)—At 9.40 last night firemen dashed through the street sounding warning of another Zeppelin raid. In a few minutes the capital was entirely dark. Crowds remained in the boulevards watching the skies for the appearance of a German aircraft. The Place de l'Opera, which is generally brilliantly lighted, was suddenly thrown into darkness, and policemen carrying poles hurried through the streets extinguishing the gas lights.

ITALY WILL CONTINUE CAMPAIGN IN ALBANIA

Canadian Press Special.

BERLIN, Jan. 31.—Reports at Vienna state that Italy has decided to continue her campaign in Albania, and is said to have landed an additional infantry division and several batteries of heavy artillery at Avlona.

DEATH RESULT OF BURNS

Canadian Press Special.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—The fire department announces that the death of Sir Clements Markham was the result of burns received in a fire which started on the second floor of his house.

REMNANT WEEK

This week we clear up all Short Ends and Remnants in every department in the Dry Goods line at easy prices.

There are ends of Dress Goods, Silks, Satins, Sateens, Linings, Wrapperettes, Flannelettes, Ducks, Towellings, Tickings, Muslins, Ginghams, Table Linens, Sheetings, Cottons, etc.

There are many odd lots of Whitewear, such as Skirts, Blouses, Underwaists, Underwear, Gloves, Hosiery, Aprons and scores of lines in Men's Furnishings at clearing prices.

WM. McINTOSH & Co.

SPECIAL BOOT BARGAINS

Marked Regardless of Cost to Clear Before Stock-Taking.

WOMEN'S GYPSY BOOTS, in Kid, Midnight Blue and Velvet, Patent and Gun Metal Laced and Buttoned, Plain Toe, or Tipped Mat or Cloth Top, all sizes. Regular $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00.

Clearing $2.98

MEN'S TAN and GUN METAL LACED and BUTTONED BOOTS, English or Nobby Toes, all sizes. Regular $5.00 and $6.00 values.

Clearing $3.45

ADAMS The Shoeman

HOCKEY STICKS

NEW Goods FRESH from the Mills.

AUTOMOBILE SKATES

Made in Canada

Have you seen the New Ones?

Stronger and Lighter than ever

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO.

LET US DO YOUR PLUMBING

Irresistble
Is Our Cake

Guests will beg for it—children will cry for it. We have delicious cake—plain and fancy. It's just as sweet and pure and fine in grain as cake can be. No housewife's cake can surpass ours, because we put in the costly ingredients just as she does, and take equal care in the baking.

Yerex's Bakery

Phone .787
68 Sinclair St. Belleville

Palmer Takes Guelph by Storm

(Guelph Mercury)

Frederick Palmer, probably one of the best known war correspondent who has covered incidents in connection with the present war, spoke in Norfolk St. Methodist church last evening, under the auspices of the Red Cross Society. Above all else, Mr. Palmer is an optimist. His descriptive powers are good. He never gets excited. He speaks as a man whose temperament has been mellowed and seasoned by seeing and experiencing things that few men see or hear.

Mr. Palmer's description of the helpless state of Belgium; of the heroism of the people in throwing their little army in the path of the great German war machine; of the scenes that had made it plain to him that the German army was no place for him, though he would have been welcomed there, made a story that was at once interesting and of the most gripping variety.

Palmer is very frank in stating that at one time the British and their allies were defeated. They didn't know it. At that time London was all optimism, and there was no cause for it. Now conditions at the front are all right, and the grand fleet is right on the job, and London has the dumps.

Mr. Palmer is a good speaker, with a very decided Americanism in his accent. He was given a splendid hearing, and the applause was liberal and frequent. The Red Cross Society are to be congratulated on having made it possible for Guelph to hear Frederick Palmer.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. S. C. Moore, Church street, is confined to her home by illness.

Arthur Young 257½ Ann St., is able to be out again, after his recent severe illness.

Mr. Geo. Brown, Albion Street, has returned home from Toronto after attending the funeral of his brother-in-law, the late A. W. Finkle.

Referee Lang, of this city, officiated with credit at the K. C. I. and Frontenacs Junior O. H. A. game Saturday night.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Address

IN and ABOUT THE CITY

MUFF FOUND

A lady's muff found on the market on Saturday is at the police station, awaiting an owner.

A RUNAWAY

On Saturday afternoon, a runaway occurred on Dundas street, but fortunately the horse was captured before doing any damage.

SACRED CONCERTS

At the Princess Theatre, Front St., Sunday afternoon and evening, sacred concerts were held under the auspices of the 155th Battalion. They were largely attended and the programme given, gave general satisfaction.

BLAZE AT TRENTON

At the town of Trenton last evening a bakeshop belonging to Mr. Holsey, was badly damaged by fire. The premises are a portion of the Cooley estate and the damage done is covered by insurance. The fire is supposed to have been caused by an over-heated oven.

A LIQUOR CASE

On Friday at Tweed village before Messrs. Bowlby and Doris J. P's Geo. Prentis was found guilty of being intoxicated whilst upon the prohibited list and Felex Chappelle, bartender, was found guilty of supplying liquor to Prentis. The former was fined $10 and costs and the latter was fined $10 and costs.

SETTLEMENT OF CASE

William Cooley, a young man, who was accused of stealing a robe from the McLaughlin garage on Coleman street, was this morning tried before Police Magistrate Masson. The case was satisfactory arranged by the accused, making restitution of the robe and paying all costs in the proceedings. Mr. Carnew, County Attorney, represented the Crown.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL

Thomas Martin, a stranger in the city, who was arrested recently at Campbellford on a charge of stealing a pair of boots from George Babcock, was today, by Magistrate Masson, committed for trial at a higher court. Mr. Carnew, County Attorney, represented the case on behalf of the Crown

ALLEGED ASSAULT

Albert Premo, who was charged with assaulting Rosa Lambert in the city, was this morning before Magistrate Masson. The result of the inquiry was that the accused was allowed his liberty, upon promising to be of good behaviour and paying all costs.

ASKING ABOUT HER SISTER

Mrs. Anna Barris, of Oswego, N.Y., has written to the Chief of Police, Belleville, asking for information about her sister, Mrs. John Baker, from whom she has not heard of for some years. Mrs. Barris states in her communication that the last she heard of her sister, she, was residing on John street, Belleville, Ontario. If Mrs. Baker is still residing in this city she can communicate with Chief Newton, who can give the address of her sister.

Y. M. C. A. NOTES

Saturday afternoon was "free day" over at the Y.M.C.A. when about fifty little fellows (all kinds and conditions) enjoyed themselves to the full in the Gym. All kinds of games and stunts were played then the boys had what they looked to be in sad need of a right good bath and swim.

The Sunday morning meeting for older boys is proving a great success. They boys showing their interest by their regular attendance. Practical subjects are being taken up.

All boys and girls intending to try for the Life Saving Certificate must attend the classes this week without fail in order to be ready for the examinations to be held early in February.

St. Andrew's and Christ Church play the first game on Friday night. John St. and St. Michaels, play the second game. First game starts 7.45 sharp.

Belleville Boys Acknowledge Gifts

Bramshott Camp, England, Jan. 17, 1916.

Editor Intelligencer,

Dear Sir:—The Belleville boys serving in the 8th C. M. R. at present under going training in England, wish to thankfully acknowledge through your paper, the receipt of the Xmas boxes sent by the ladies of the Patriotic League. The pleasing variety of gifts which the boxes contained were all most acceptable and were appreciated both for their own usefulness and for the proof they gave of the thoughtfulness for our welfare. When we have finished our task on the continent of Europe, we hope to return speedily and thank the givers face to face.

At present we are all well and in good spirits.

Signed on behalf of the Belleville boys in our regiment,

GIFTS ACKNOWLEDGED

From O. C. No. 2 Canadian
General Hospital.
To Mrs. C. J. Bowell, 161 Albert St.,
Belleville, Ont., Canada.

My dear Mrs. Bowell,—On behalf of No. 2 Canadian General Hospital I beg to acknowledge and thank you sincerely for the very acceptable gifts which have recently been received from you and your Belleville friends. These gifts are particularly useful and show great taste in their selection. I understand from some of my friends at home that you sent us boxes of hospital goods last year. These, I regret to say, went astray, and were never received by us. We have been working here since last March, and have treated about 11,000 cases. The little extras in the way of hospital comforts and preserved fruit kindly donated by friends go far to cheer and revivify those who have shown such self-sacrifice and devotion in the interests of their country.

Again thanking you and the other kind friends associated with you in your good work, I am,

Yours gratefully,
J. W. BRIDGES, Col.
O.C. No. 2 Canadian General Hospital
Jan. 14, 1916.

Although Col. Bridges did not get the boxes mentioned in the above letter, another hospital did, and Mrs. Bowell has heard from them.

Mrs. Bowell has heard from gifts sent Geo. Phillips, Edgar Dean, letters from Mr. Hugh Parker in Shorncliffe, Mr. Harry Parker, in the trenches, a letter published in this paper from Mr. Weller, and a letter from Capt. Adjt. O'Flynn, and the regimental card. In fact Mrs. Bowell has heard from all her boxes and parcels, small or large, that have been sent away.

Frederick Palmer At Griffins Tonight

To-night the citizens of Belleville will have the opportunity of hearing Frederick Palmer, the great war correspondent, relate in thrilling narratives the "Great World War" as seen by him when at the front. He will show a great number of "moving pictures," which will illustrate his stories. Without a doubt this will be one of the greatest events of the season. Frederick Palmer has been received in a most hospitable manner—wherever he has appeared. Because of his excellent entertainment and his wonderful personality, he could fill houses twice the size of those he has lectured in. There will be two hundred rush seats at 25 cents. There are still a few reserved seats left. Come early. An orchestra of eighteen pieces will assist at this entertainment.

Within the Military Circle

BELLEVILLE

The concerts held by the 155th Battalion yesterday afternoon and evening at Griffin's Front Street theatre were very successful. Four films were shown and a number of selections were given by an orchestra composed of members of the 155th Brass Band.

Lt.-Col. Adams of the 155th Batt., spent Sunday in Picton.

Lieut. Wills, of the 155th Batt., reported for duty this morning.

The members of the 155th Batt., were present at the 80th Batt. Church parade held in the Armouries yesterday.

A pleasing event took place at Rednersville, Saturday evening, when two members of the 155th Batt.—Ptes. Dempsey and Wilder—were presented with wrist watches. Mr. N. Parliament, M.P.P., delivered a stirring speech, which was greatly appreciated by those present.

The 155th Band expect to begin practising this week.

Lieut. Kelly, of the 155th Batt., visited Kingston yesterday.

Lieut. Hamly, of the 155th Batt., left for Picton yesterday.

More recruits are needed for the 155th Machine Gun section. An effort will be made to have only Belleville boys in this section.

Captain P. Ketcheson, of the 80th Battalion, received a cable yesterday from his brother, Sergt. Allan Ketcheson, of the 39th Battalion, now in England, stating that he had been commissioned as a lieutenant, and Sergt. Wm. H. Wallace had also been commissioned as a lieutenant.

Having so much April weather thrust into January suggests the shivery thought that April may be punctuated with January blasts.

AMUSEMENTS

GRIFFIN'S Palace Theatre

Filmplays changed MONDAY. WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY.
TONIGHT and TUESDAY
Matinee Daily
WILLIAM GARWOOD
in the fascinating and novel modern drama.
LORD JOHN IN NEW YORK
4—acts—4
Other quality pictures, includ-some splendid comedies.
Prices 5c. and 10c.

GRIFFIN'S OPERA HOUSE

Filmplays changed MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY.
TOMORROW NIGHT ONLY
BETWEEN SAVAGE & TIGER
6—acts—6
A wild animal story teeming with excitement and adventure.
FORD CANADIAN MONTHLY
A review of Canadian events also selected program of comedy and varied photoplays.
Prices 5c. and 10.

Try Our Saturday Special Chocolates 33c

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

THERE are no secrets in the manufacture of spectacle lenses. But there are great differences in the skill and care of lens makers and in the quality of their work.

Our system of lens making and fitting is a mechanical art brought to a high degree of perfection by care and practice.

Lenses we prescribe are made by us in our own factory that they may come up to the standard of accuracy required by

McFee's Complete Optical Service.

Angus McFee

Demonstration of MacLaren's Jellies, Cream Cheese, Peanut Butter, Mustard Dressing. etc.,

At Wallbridge & Clarke's
Bridge Street Store
☞ Balance of this Week. ☜

Specials at Wallbridge & Clarke's

Lettuce
Celery
Parsley
Little Carrots in tins.. .. ..15c
Little Red Beets in tins 15c
Pickled Red Cabbage (C. & B.) ..25c
Salad Dressing Fowder, pkgs. .. .10c
Durkee's Salad Dressing, 15c, 35c&60c
Nosco Onion Salt.. .. ..15c
Fine Paprika, Cayenne and White Pepper
Crosse & Blackwell's Currie Powder
Spanish Pimentoes, tins 10c & 20c.

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Your Home Adaress

SCOTT'S THEATRE
FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 4th

Famous Russian Artist's Return Concert

LEO
CHERNIAVSKY
Violinist

IAN
CHERNIAVSKY
Pianist

MICHEL
CHERNIAVSKY
'Celloist

ALEX.
CHERNIAVSKY
Accompanist

Box Plan open all day Tuesday, Feb. 1st, Scott's Theatre
Prices, 50c, $1.00

GRIFFIN'S OPERA HOUSE
Next Friday
Feb. 4th
One Night Only
Tne Original Number One Company of

Brining Up Father
40 people 20 song hits
Prices 25 50 75 $1 Boxes $1.50
Seats Wed. at Doyle's
This is Not a Moving Picutre

SINCLAIR'S SINCLAIR'S

Clean Up Of Many Odd Lines

We have just finished our Annual Stock-Taking, and this means we have many odd lines that must be cleaned and cleared at once. Here are a few of these

Prices to Clear Every Coat in Our Store

We have about 65 Ladies' and Misses' Black and Colored Cloth Coats, every garment this season's style, sizes well assorted for regular figures, also a few Black Coats in styles designed for extra large sizes, 39 to 47 inches bust measure, regular prices from $11.50 to $27.50 each, and we place these Coats

On Sale MONDAY, 31st January, Your Choice, Exactly HALF PRICE

25 Per Cent Off Ladies' Dresses

We have a number of Ladies' and Misses' Silk, Velvet and Serge Dresses, all very smart styles, also a few Serge Dresses for Stout Figures, regular prices from $7.50 to $25.00 and we place these on sale for the first week of February at 25 per cent. off Regular Prices.

Yard Wide Silks, 59c and 89c

This is a clearing lot of Black and Colored Dress Silks, all 36 inches wide and none less than regular $1.00 Silks, while some are our $1.25 qualities, and we place these on sale in Two Lots, about 500 yards in all, to clear for only 59c. and 89c. per yard.

Sinclair's

WE HAVE
1 ONLY, LADIES' PLUSH COAT
TO CLEAR AT $25.00.

Sinclair's

WIMS'
10 Per Cent
Discount
Sale
Will Close
in
A Few Days
10 p.c.
Off the whole
Stock

Wims & Co

FREE GIFT
of
Auto - Strop Razor
to
Soldiers.

Buy one of these Razors from us at the regular price—$5.00, and your soldier friend will receive one, with your compliments—gratis.
Let us supply your shaving needs.

Waters' DRUG STORE
213 Front St.

Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip

Makes any old or new window or door draft proof, dust proof, and easily operated.

Costs less, is much more efficient, lasts longer and saves the bother of double doors and windows

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Agent for Hastings and Prince Edward Counties.
Phone 366 276 Albert St., City

EYES BLUR
when reading?
If so: Glasses are needed to overcome the strain—let me help you.

Alex Ray, Opt. D.
Eye-Sight Specialist

El Perco
A PERFECT PERCOLATOR
Makes six cups of delicious coffee right at the table for less than one cent's worth of electricity. Attaches to any lamp socket and will commence percolating from cold water in 30 seconds.
LET US SHOW YOU ONE

The Trenton Electric and Water Company
Limited
Oswald H. Scott Local Mgr.

Advertise in The Intelligencer

WAR JUST BEGINNING SAYS LLOYD GEORGE

British Minister of Munitions is Absolutely Confident of Victory

LONDON, Jan. 28.—"I think that for us the war is only beginning," said Mr. David Lloyd George, Minister of Munitions, in an interview today with the London correspondent of The Milan Secolo, "but I am absolutely confident of victory because, although we all have made mistakes in the past, Britain and her Allies are now taking counsel together and will be stronger because they are united. By next spring we shall have for the first time more munitions than the enemy and our superiority in men is unquestioned. Besides this, Germany's financial position is growing worse daily."

The Minister of Munitions said that Great Britain has 2,500 factories with 1,500,000 men and 250,000 women turning out war munitions, and for the first time Britain has more munitions than the enemy. He says, that Great Britain will have 4,000,000 men under arms in the spring.

Indian Father And Son Enlist

Mr. Michael Williams, a full-blooded Iroquois Indian, who originally came from the St. Regis reservation, Quebec, but who has been living for some time at Verona, has enlisted in the 146th battalion, and is going overseas to fight for Britain and Canada. His son Mitchell Williams, a young Indian of 18 years, has also enlisted, and will accompany his father to the front with the 146th. The father and son are both enthusiastic over the prospects of doing their part for home and Empire, and are not satisfied with enlisting themselves, but are out looking for recruits. They have already secured two others, and now Verona has ten recruits for the 146th.

The Indian appreciates the privileges he enjoys under a British flag, and feels it his duty to do something for the flag and country that has done so much for him. Among the first to fall in the ranks of the 21st battalion in Belgium was an Indian from Rice Lake who left all to go out and fight the battle of civilization and who frequently called at the office of The Standard, and expressed himself as proud of the privilege of going out and doing his "bit."—Kingston Standard.

HUNS CAUGHT IN FLOODS

Trenches and Fortifications Swept Away on Russian Front

LONDON, Jan. 28.—A despatch to the Daily Telegraph from Petrograd says:

"A thaw in the Oginski Canal district has caused the Rivers Shara and Jasiolda to flood the country, sweeping away trenches and fortifications which the Germans built when the ground was frozen hard, according to a telegram received here from Minsk.

"All the railways and roads have been turned into swamps, and the German temporary field railways have been washed away. The Germans are working waist-deep in the water trying to extricate their guns, keeping up a heavy and protective rifle fire meanwhile.

"It is said that the washing away of a bridge at Lida, Government of Vilna, caused the wreck of a troop-train, in which a hundred persons were killed or injured.

"There are many cases of scurvy among the prisoners taken on this front."

WOMAN FINED FOR SHIPPING RUBBER

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Mrs. Annie Dekkers, recently indicted by the Federal Grand Jury on charges of being implicated with Edward Weber and others in a conspiracy to ship rubber from this country to eGrmany under false manifests, was to-day arraigned in the federal district court and pleaded guilty.

Judge Clayton fined her $250, saying that she was more culpable than Richard Wohlberg, one of the defendants who pleaded guilty and was fined $100. Mrs. Dekkers was ill at the time the other defendants were arraigned.

CANADIANS MENTIONED BY GENERAL HAMILTON

LONDON, Jan. 29.—The following Canadians are mentioned in General Sir Ian Hamilton's despatches issued tonight, dealing with the operations in the Dardanelles: Lieut. H. W. Mann, Royal North Lancashires, killed in October, served several years with Northwest Mounted Police; Major C. M. Stephen, Army Ordance Department, graduated in Kingston in 1896, served in South Africa, receiving the Queen's medal and two clasps; Captain A.S.C. Rogers, East Yorkshire and Sixty-First Pioneers, killed, graduated in Kingston, 1910.

TORONTO LADY IS DECORATED FOR COURAGE

LONDON, Jan. 29.—We are authoritatively informed that the recent decoration of Miss Laura Ryerson of Toronto, as Lady of Grace of St. John of Jerusalem, was in recognition of her "courage, fortitude and unselfish devotion in the Lusitania disaster."

Miss Ryerson is a daughter of Surgeon-General Ryerson. She and her mother were passengers on the ill-fated Lusitania when the vessel was torpedoed and her mother was among the lost.

MRS. PANKHURST TO VISIT TORONTO

Mrs. Pankhurst is coming to Toronto about the end of February. The Suffragists' War Auxiliary has secured her services and those of Mr. Chedo Izatovich, late Minister for Serbia at the Court of St. James, both to speak on Serbian Relief. Mr. Izatovich is touring with Mrs. Pankhurst in the interests of the Serbians, and he will doubtless address some men's organizations while he is in Toronto as well as speaking with Mrs. Pankhurst for the Suffragists' War Auxiliary.

IF!

By Bartholomew F. Griffin.

(Described by Literary Digest as one of the best anti-war poems that have appeared in recent years.)

Suppose 'twere done!
The lanyard pulled on every shotted gun;
Into the wheeling death-cluth sent.
Each millioned armament,
To grapple there
On land, on sea, and under, and in air!
Suppose at last 'twere come—
Now, while each bourse and stop and mill is dumb
And arsenals and dockyards hum—
Now all complete, supreme,
That vast, Satanic dream —

Each field were trampled soaked,
Each stream dyed, choked,
Each leaguered city and blockaded port
Made famine's sport;
The empty wave
Cathedral, castle, gallery smoking fell
'Neath bomb and shell;
In deathlike trance
Lady industry, finance;
Two thousand years'
Bequest, achievement, saving, disappears—
In blood and tears,
In widowed woe
That slum and palace equal know,
In civilization's suicide—
What served thereby, what satisfied?
For justice, freedom, right, what wrought?
Naught!—

Save, after the great cataclysm, perhaps
On the world's shaken map
New lines, more near or far,
Binding to king or czar
In festering hate
And passion, but and pride made satiate;
And just a trace
Of lingering smile on Satan's face!

—Boston News Bureau

Did you ever notice how much the motorist rises in your estimation if he pauses in his mad rush to give you a lift

Even Hospital Treatment For Kidney Disease Failed

Well-known Commercial Traveller Says That Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills Undoubtedly Cured Him.

News of his recovery from kidney disease will be welcomed by the many friends of Mr. L. D. Griffin throughout the lower townships and the adjoining district of the United States.

Mr. Griffin has travelled this section for 35 years and what he says will be accepted, as proven by all who know him best.

He tells in his letter how relief was obtained by treatment in Sherbrooke and Montreal hospitals, but the old kidney trouble returned again and again until by the persistent use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills cure was effected. As he says, these pills "undoubtedly did the work."

Mr. L. D. Griffin, Bulwer, Compton county, Quebec, writes:—"I can add one more statement of kidney disease cured by Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. For about twenty years I was bothered more or less with the kidneys, then the disease became worse and I was sick in bed for one year, took doctor's medicine to no avail, and on his advice went to Sherbrooke Hospital, where I was benefited, but the old trouble returned and I tried a Montreal hospital. Got a little better, but the help was only temporary, and I was soon bad again.

"On the advice of a friend, I began to use Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and I now thank that friend, for today I am as free from kidney disease as I ever was in my life. I owe the cure to Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, for they undoubtedly did the work. I am 68 years old and have spent 35 years as a traveller calling on the drug trade. Everywhere I am told that Dr. Chase's medicines are the best sellers and give the best satisfaction of any medicines on the market. Shall be glad to answer any questions in regard to my cure if people care to write me."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25 cents a box, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Company, Limited, Toronto.

Canadian Timber Wanted in Britain

Exceptional prosperity has fallen to the lot of the timber trade in Britain as a result of the war. With Russia and other northeastern sources of supply practically cut off and heavy war demands, available timbers have found a ready and profitable market. In reviewing the situation at the close of the year Churchill and Sims, London, state that "with an early winter the competition from the north of Europe is already suspended for the next few months, and the shortage that exists in the supplies of whitewood must be made up from the lower ports of Canada." The war has produced the almost unknown phenomenon in the timber trade of continuously rising markets in all branches of soft woods. Canadian shipments of spruce assumed greater prominence than usual during the latter half of the year, and London buyers were enabled in part to satisfy urgent calls for stock from them. Ocean rates were 60 to 65 per cent. higher than normal. Of sawn wood, deals, battens, boards and ends Canada shipped to London 5,301,000 pieces in 1915, compared with 2,738,000 in 1914, and it is estimated that consumption was 4,883,000 pieces. Total importations to London from all countries were 62,417,000 pieces, as against 59,450,000 in 1914 and estimated consumption 61,225,000 pieces.

WELLINGTON.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Stevenson spent last Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Jas. MacDonald.

Mr. F. McMahon is here on a visit from Saskatoon.

A number are ill with la grippe, measles and mumps, also whooping cough.

Rev. Dr. Archer gave a sermon to our soldiers last Sunday morning in the Methodist church.

Mass was held last Sunday at St. Frances, of Rome, R. C. church, Belleville road by Rev. A. Carson.

Mrs. Gideon Tripp, is ill with a stroke at her home.

Miss Sarah Greer died on Monday Mrs. A. McFaul died on Thursday, both were aged ladies.

Mr. W. Atkin is very ill.

Mr. W. F. McFaul is also very ill.

Miss A. Salisbury, spent last Sunday at Crofton.

Mr. Garratt, also Mrs. Fox attended a funeral at Trenton, a day last week.

Mr. Archard has cut his foot very bad while chopping ice around a fish-shanty.

LARGEST MILK BOTTLE IN THE DOMINION OF CANADA

The bottle (it belongs to the City Dairy, Toronto), stands on a steel tower 75 feet high, it is made of boiler iron ¼ inch thick, its diameter is 13 feet at the bottom and 6½ feet at the top, and the top of the bottle is 107 feet from the ground. Four men can stand shoulder to shoulder on the top, and 24 men can stand on the balcony with their backs against the bottle. The bottle is 32½ feet from the balcony to the top, and has a capacity of 25,000 gallons, and when filled the bottle and tower weigh 236,000 pounds. The tower and bottle is to provide a head of water for fire protection.

Managing Director Potter says that this is the only City Dairy bottle that ever contains water.

FRONTENAC GRANTS $30,000

KINGSTON, Jan. 29.—Special—A grant of $30,000 was made to the Canadian Patriotic Fund by Frontenac County Council this afternoon. The Council also contributed $500 to the funds of the 146th Battalion.

WINTER TOURS TO FLORIDA, LOUISIANA, MISSISSIPPI CALIFORNIA, ETC.

The Canadian Pacific Railway offers particularly good service to Detroit where direct connection is made for Florida, via Cincinnati and Atlantic, Ga., Jacksonville, Florida is reached second morning after leaving Detroit. Excellent connection for Florida is also made via Buffalo.

The Canadian Pacific-Michigan Central route will be found the ideal line to Chicago, where direct connection is made for the Southern States, New Orleans is reached second morning after leaving Toronto. Excellent connection is also made at Chicago for points in California, Utah, Nevadah, Texas, Arizona, etc.

The Dining, Parlor and Sleeping Car service between Toronto, Detroit and Chicago is up-to-date in every particular. Connecting lines also operate through sleeping and dining cars.

Those contemplating a trip of any nature will receive full information from any C. P. R. agent; or write M. G. Murphy, District Passenger Agent, Toronto. j26-11t

Financial

The market of the week in the Porcupine and Cobalt issues has been comparatively dull with reactionary tendencies and there have been few outstanding features. This dullness has, however, a singular resemblance to the dullness which prevailed for the fortnight immediately preceding the inauguration of the tremendous markets of December, and I firmly believe that this comparative quietude of the market presages a resumption of active and advancing markets in the very near future.

It is also to be borne in mind that a market such as we have had this week is very sensitive to bear attacks and such reactions as have occurred have been solely the result of this form of manipulation. Such forced reactions have nothing whatever to do with the mines themselves and need not in anywise be construed as grounds for nervousness. This is, emphatically not a market to sell in.

The sudden burst of activity and the consequent rapid advance of prices which eventuated at the end of November came almost without warning after a period of dullness. Those who purchased stocks during the dull period secured exceptional profits. This market is repeating itself and the well-informed are making purchases now—before the second advance begins.

There now seems to be no question but that an attempt will be made by certain interests to wrest the control of Temiskaming from the present management, but I doubt very much that this opposition can be worked up to a point which could be regarded as formidable by those now in control. It is my opinion that the directorate may safely rest upon their accomplishments and feel assured of the entire support of the shareholders—even those who are inclined to feel disgruntled on the subject of dividends. So far as dividends are concerned, I pointed out a fortnight ago, that the policy of the management was development first and dividends later; and that this sound, conservative mining practice is hardly open to question. The Temiskaming has an ambitious programme before it, and money must be in hand to carry it through.

There seems to be every reason to expect that most important ore bodies will be encountered on the lower contact of the diabase sill. There is no need to go into geological detail, suffice it to say that the LaRose, Kerr Lake, Drummond and other mines encountered their greatest values on the lower contact, which, however, in the case of these mines was encountered much nearer the surface than will be the case on Temiskaming, where it occurs at between 1,600 and 1,700 feet. The location of ore bodies at this point will immeasurably enhance the value of and prolong the life of the mine.

The annual report of the company will show the past year to have been the best in the history of the mine, shipments having amounted to 1,456,791 ounces, while 1,664,081 ounces was broken down in the mine. Production cost was appreciably below 20 cents per ounce. Officials of the company state that owing to the irregularity of the ground, an accurate estimate of ore reserves is impossible, so that no figures appertaining to this feature will appear in the report.

Everything considered, Temiskaming is one of the best silver stocks on the list and purchasers at around current low levels are practically assured of excellent profits within a very short time. Buy Temiskaming.

THE LABOR SITUATION

The labor problem is with us again, and in a most aggravated form. If all signs hold true, it will be harder to get farm help, experienced or inexperienced, in 1916 than in any one of the last ten years. The surplus men of the cities, who might have been available for farm work now that English immigration has practically ceased, have joined the ranks. The rest are busy in munition factories. To a greater extent than is generally believed, the boys from the back concessions also have been volunteering for service abroad.

And now the call comes for 275,000 additional men. From where are they to come? "From the rural districts," answer the recruiting officers in chorus. For the most part these recruiting officers, city, men, know nothing rural conditions. They do not realize that the cities have already swallowed up a big percentage of country boys, until now there is no surplus labor in the country, young or old. A recent census taken on one concession line, seven miles long, in the township of Peel, in Wellington Co., Ont.—and it was a good concession—discovered just three men of military age, unmarried and physically fit, and in all there were close to 30 families on the concession. We have it on good authority that in the county of Victoria, which is largely rural, there are only 2,400 men of military age, both married and single, and that if Victoria contributes its share to Canada's half million soldiers, they will have to part with 1,400 men. In many rural sections, every rural young man who enlists leaves a 100-acre farm unworked or only half worked. Is it the part of wisdom to take these workers from the land?—Farm and Dairy.

RUBBERS. RUBBERS.

There is Nothing in the Rubber Line to Equal the Celebrated

KAUFMAN RUBBERS

Styles to Fit all Shapes of Shoes
With the New Leather Inner Heels.

Try a Pair and Save Money in the Extra Wear

Sole Agents in Our 4 Towns.

The J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES
BELLEVILLE NAPANEE TRENTON SMITH'S FALLS

McIntosh Bros.'
Special Sale
OF
Swiss Embroidery

They are all direct from the mills to you, and secured by us at a very low figure, consequently we are asked to pass them along to you at just one-third their regular prices.

They are all very dainty designs, and as high as the famous Alps in quality.

If you are wanting Edgings, Strappings, Beadings, Flouncings or Insertions of any kind it will pay you to see these.

Great Clearing Sale
OF COMFORTERS, FLANNELETTE BLANKETS, ETC.
$2.25 Comforters, fine filling with best quality of Art Chintz covering. Special ... $1.75
We have a few pairs of Flannelette Blankets that are clearing at great bargain prices.

McIntosh Bros.

THIS WEEK
we are showing extra values in Ladies' Vests and Drawers, at .... 25c., 40c., 50c. per garment
These are extra values and goods at these prices are very scarce.

Initial Stationery
Just received a full stock of:—
New Initial Stationery........ 25c. per box
New Initial Reply Cards .... 25c. per box
Balance of Initial Stationery in stock of lines we are going to discontinue will be cleaned out at .... 19c. box

THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

MUSKRAT COATS
Ladies' Natural American Muskrat Coats:—
40 inches long, Shawl Collar $35
45 inches long, Shawl Collar $39
50 inches long, Shawl Collar $49
Strictly No. 1 Canadian Muskrat Coats, dropped sleeves and Shawl Collar $75
JUST A FEW OF THESE COATS LEFT.

G. T. WOODLEY,
N.B.—WE BUY RAW FURS.

The Standard Bank of Canada

Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 101.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and at its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders of record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.
GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.
Toronto, 28th December, 1915.
Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.
Belleville Branch - - - JOHN ELLIOTT - - - - Manager

Daily Intelligencer.

Printed and published every afternoon except Sundays, for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) in the City of Belleville, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their offices, 287 Front Street.
CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, Publisher.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Measurement, Agate—14 lines to the inch.
Display advertisements, 10c. per line.
Reading advertisements, 15c. per line.
Legal advertisements, 10c. per line, first insertion, 5c. per line subsequent insertions.
Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon usual contract rates.
Minimum space, 10 lines.
Births, 25c. each insertion. Marriages, 50c. each insertion. Deaths or funeral notices, either singly or combined, $1.00.
Rates for condensed advertisements will be found elsewhere.
Business cards by the year at low rates.
Further information may be obtained at The Intelligencer business office.
Weekly Intelligencer to the United States, $2.00, strictly in advance.

This is the 544th day that the British Empire has been at war with Germany.

AS OTHERS VIEW US.

According to a Montreal despatch to New York, says the Monetary Times, "Canada is in the icy grip of the coldest weather ever known," and "snow has fallen in enormous volumes." The snowfall is also "the greatest in history," and the temperature has been for a week at a time "from 40 to 60 degrees below zero." Street car services, motor traffic and taxi-cab service "are well nigh impossible," and "the terrific weather" will increase the expenses and cut heavily into the earnings of all the railways.

For the benefit of those in the United States who shivered at the thought of the horrible climatic ordeal which we were supposed to be undergoing, it may be pointed out that across the way, a New York firm is excavating for an eight storey office building and proposes to continue operations throughout the winter. The chief drawback to date has been the rain! We had a few days of a cold snap a week ago, but unfortunately it did not last. White River, the Ontario town in a draught, has two ambitions in life, namely, to forward trains east and west and to hold the record for low temperatures. So, it is always cold at White River, where the Montreal correspondent must have been raised. In the northern parts of the western provinces there have been some cold dips but not severe enough to take the smile out of the Westerner or the possibilities out of the country, or to frost bite the record crop achievements of Western Canada.

The Montreal correspondent of the Wall Street Journal should take a drop of ginger wine, put on a pair of warm socks, and trim a few shavings off his imagination. If his weather story was aimed at railroad stocks it is interesting to note that the aggregate increase in the earnings of our three transcontinentals for the past three weeks of January compared with the corresponding period of last year is $2,704,620.

THE HYPHENATED CANDIDATES.

Yes, yes, by all means, run somebody as the candidate of the American Germans and their non-German sympathizers, says the New York Times. Call him the Candidate of the Aggrieved. The grievance of the American Germans is notorious. They will never, never forgive the American people and their President for failing to ratify, confirm, and approve everything Germany has done in the war. We do not know who the candidate will be. Champ Clark's name is impudently used, but he would indignantly spurn the dishonor. But leaving the first place blank, this should be the arrangement:

For Vice-President, Dr. Hexamer of Germany. Platform—Gott strafe England; freedom of the underseas for the U-boats, and no meddling; no export of munitions unless Germany can get hers; three hours daily of German Kultur in the common schools; one term for our hyphen President, and then turn the United States into a German colony.

Mr. Bryan, of course, would be Chairman of the Hyphenate National Committee. There is unlimited money available for this campaign. "It was asserted yesterday," says The Sun, "that more than $2,000,000 a week is being collected in this country through singing societies, turnvereins, and other organizations." That is in addition to the hundred millions already on deposit in the great German bank organized here on the basis of the resources withdrawn from the American banks which participated in the Anglo-French loan. The names of Hexamer, Weismann, Koelble are prominent in the literature of the propaganda. We hope the organizers of the hyphen boom won't overlook Jeremiah O'Leary. But their great reliance is W. J. Bryan.

THE NEW WAR FLEET

If at last the German fleet comes out to fight in the North Sea, desperately trying to cut a strangling blockade, it will not be the fleet that took shelter in the Kiel Canal at the opening of the war, nor will the British fleet that meets it be that which then made its rendezvous in the Firth of Forth. Though secrecy has been preserved as far as possible respecting the transformations that have been going on behind the scenes, the re-arming of ships with guns of larger calibre and longer range, and the launching of ships that outclass their predecessors, have been assumed as matters of course. It is long since we were told that the vessels under the command of Prince Henry of Prussia were being prepared to equal, if not surpass, the most powerful British dreadnought, Queen Elizabeth, with her fifteen-inch guns. And now it is asserted by London newspapers that seventeen-inch guns of twenty-mile range are being mounted on the new German battleships. If so, a difficult promlem in the prevention or absorption of concussion and recoil must have been solved, and the lighter steel which was sought for the larger gun must have been produced. Guns such as the seventeen-inch howitzers that demolished the Belgian and Russian forts might have shaken ships to pieces, but the scientific artillerist may not yet have reached his limit in the combination of greater power with less weight. The British admiralty is silent regarding new guns. But it is understood to have been launching new super-dreadnoughts at the rate of almost one a month ever since the war began. This is the chief reason why Parliament has voted 50,000 more men for the navy. The recent vessels probably have nothing under 15-inch guns in their main batteries. Sir John Jellicoe will be well prepared when he gets a chance to fight Germany's new battleship squadron.

Current Comment

Paris has more news of bread riots in Berlin, in which women and children are said to have been killed. Of course, these stories are always denied from German sources.

Now rest we calm in the Motherland
In grief and in endless loss,
For the Lion knows that the Cubs will stand
Steel true to St. George's Cross.
—Toronto News.

The New York Herald says that a canvass of the senate shows that the Shackleford pork-barrel highways bill will be defeated in the Upper House. There ought to be enough American patriotism in the country to defeat also about 200 of the representatives who voted for it.

Jess Willard, heavyweight champion, has been offered $25,000 to box ten rounds with Jim Coffey in Madison Square Garden. This rate of $2,500 for one round of sparring looks high for war time. The old game of prize-fighting must be looking up again. Perhaps it is about to recover completely from the blow Jack Johnson gave it when he humbled the white man's pride.—Montreal Gazette.

According to the Athens correspondent of the London Mail, Germany's idea of magnanimous separate peace terms for Serbia would be the acceptance by the Serbians of Prince Eitel Friedrich as their king and some enlargement of the boundaries of the kingdom at the expense of Austria. The Austrians must wonder occasionally what they are supposed to be fighting for.

The Japanese Government, according to London reports, has renewed its demands on China. That peculiar land, which desires only to be left alone to work out its own salvation, should be used to demands by this time, for they come its way whether the world is at peace or at war, and whether the Chinese are governed as a republic or as a monarchy.

The London police have warned the public to keep strictly under cover whenever an air raid is in progress. This probably means for one thing, that when next the pirates come they will be given a very hot reception by the defence fleet.

It is said that about $62,000,000 in gold will have to be paid by Germany to clean up its paper circulating in Holland. Sending more paper will not help much at the present rate of exchange. The Dutch want to see the color of the boasted Reichsbank gold.—Mail and Empire.

Like too many others of the protests which the United States has sent to Great Britain, the note of Secretary Lansing on the interference with mail is much too general and indefinite to permit any fair opinion as to whether we have a real and serious grievance.—Buffalo Express.

The British labor conference has voted in favor of seeing the war through, but against conscription in any form. They would better give their fellow-workmen in the trenches a chance to vote and see how they come out.

GLIMPSES INTO THE PAST

From The Intelligencer, Jan. 31, 1868

A despatch from Cork announces that Marcus Adams, a head centre of the Fenian Brotherhood, was arrested in that city last evening.

A fire occurred on Lake St., Chicago, last night. Loss $30,000.

While 300 men, women and children were crossing the Ohio river on foot, near St. Louis, the ice broke lose from the shore. It seemed as though there would have been a terrible loss of life if the ice had not floated close to a steamer from which boards were pushed out and everyone was saved.

The Empire Mine, Madoc is now yielding over $21 to the ton.

The Poets' Corner

Moscow.

(By Fedor Nikolaevich, translated by N. H. Dale.)

Wondrous city, ancient city,
Thou enfoldest in thy walls
Villages and smiling suburbs,
Churches, palaces and halls.

Thou art girt by grassy meadows,
Gay with gardens, rich in flowers;
Seven the hills are which thou crownest
With thy temples, with thy towers.

Thou enfoldest like a parchment
Written by a giant hand,
And beside thy little river
Thou art glorious now and grand.

Many are they ancient churches
Towering like the Northern pine;
Where can eyes see streets so noble,
Mother Moscow, as are thine?

Once a captive and dishonored,
In thine embers thou didst lie!
Now arisen from thine ashes
Changless, lift thy head on high!

Flourish through the countless ages,
Moscow! many-towered town,
Thou art central heart of Russia,
Russia's glory, Russia's crown!

Although he doesn't get the credit for it, the little man who sprinkles sand on a slippery sidewalk is doing more to make this a better world than the yaps who get themselves quoted at great length in the newspapers and whose pictures glare at you from the pages of the magazines.

Strange, isn't it, that none of the February magazines have a heart interwoven in its cover design?

A BLAZE IN JAPAN

Yelling Mobs Throng the Streets When a Fire Starts.

IN A FRENZY OF EXCITEMENT

Every Native In Town Makes a Mad Dash For the Scene of the Conflagration and Chaos Reigns Supreme. Even a Small Fire Is a Big Event.

A fire is a great event in Japan. One would think that, inasmuch as the flimsy construction of the Japanese houses and their packing together make fires of almost daily occurrence—in the cities, at any rate—fires would have lost a portion of their novelty during the ten or fifteen centuries Japan has regularly been burning down. They have not, though. When the fire bell begins to toll the whole population goes to the fire.

I was in a jinrikisha in Yokohama on my way to the railroad station when I heard the clangor of a bell and the coolie who was drawing me shouted: "Kwaji! Kwaji!"—or what sounded like that—and displayed strong evidences of breaking into a gallop.

"Sore wa nanigesuka?" I inquired politely, remembering from my phrase book, "What is that?"

"Kwaji!" he shouted. "Kwaji!"

And so it fell out that we went to the fire—the coolie, the jinrikisha and myself—for I had no words to stop him except a very uncertain "Tomaru!" And he did not choose to tomaru.

The coolie galloped down one street and up another, and in ten minutes I was in the midst of 20,000 people clad in every style of Japanese dress, and all running backward and forward. Not a man walked. All ran. They were so interested and excited that I thought they must be shareholders in the shanties which were burning.

A man dashed wildly to one end of the street elbowing people out of his way, stepping on them, pushing against them, and then he stopped, emitted a wild screech and dashed back again. I say one man did that. In reality a thousand did it on each of the four sides of the block in which the fire was, unconcernedly and in a casual and unhampered manner, demolishing some small houses.

Other thousands—many of them—ran this way a few steps and that way a few steps, all hy-ahi-ing. Not a man stood still except myself, and I soon got away, for the Japanese, frenzied with excitement, were bumping into me from all sides.

Presently the firemen came. They dashed in from all quarters of the city, dragging little hose carts painted red and flying white and red flags.

The hydrants in Yokohama are in manholes below the surface of the street. The firemen joined in the milling throng. They ran back and forth, too, and the spectators ran back and forth after them. There was much shouting and gesticulation. Every fireman, whether regular or volunteer, seemed to be a chief. They all gave orders that nobody obeyed, like a volunteer fire outfit in a country village at home.

There were ten or fifteen minutes of this running back and forth and shouting by the firemen; then some tiny streams of water began to sprinkle on the fire. Also, a few big engines began to squirt. Meantime the firemen were paying no attention to the houses on fire, but were trying to keep other houses from burning. A few of them tore slates from adjacent roofs and cast them indiscriminately into the crowd. Women with bundles of household belongings straggled out of the houses that might catch fire. More thousands came. For four blocks each way the streets were packed from wall to wall with excited people, all running back and forth and all shouting.

I had to club my coolie with my cane to make him start with me to the station, and he looked backward over his shoulder all the way. I was depriving him of a real pleasure—taking something out of his life by not allowing him to stay and help put out that fire.

It seems almost superfluous to say I missed my train or that the jinrikisha man, bowing and smiling, remarked, "I am sorrow for you!" However, that made me later in getting back that night, and as I went up dark and deserted Water street in Yokohama I heard music ahead of me—a kind of music and tune that sounded familiar.

Presently I overtook the musician. He was a Japanese youth, stumping along on his wooden clogs, wearing a derby hat and clad in a kimono, and he was playing on a mouth organ "Shall We Gather at the River?" Wherein was illustrated and exemplified the old and the new Japan.

Cutting.

He—Do you know, I have of late fallen into the habit of talking to myself.

She—I wondered why you were looking so fearfully bored.

Hard to Please.

"My wife has finicky tastes."

"Yes?"

"Never wants strawberries till the season's over and doesn't care to see a show until after it has left town."

A Thorough Job.

"Muh wife mar'd me to refawm me, sah," stated Brother Hilsondigger, "and I'm so plumb bodaciously refawmed dat I wouldn't marry ag'in if I done lived to be as old as Methoozelum!"—Judge.

A Doctor's Story

By WILLIAM CHANDLER

One of my patients was a Miss Young, an orphan, whose uncle had called on me to visit her.

I attended Miss Young for some time, during which I not only made no headway in improving her condition, but lost ground. I noticed that whenever I called the nurse was in the sickroom and never left it during my visit. One day while I was with the patient, having asked the nurse to get me something from the bathroom adjoining and she was absent a few seconds, Miss Young's face suddenly assumed a pained expression, and she whispered in my ear, "She's killing me." She had barely time to say this and resume her usual expression when the nurse returned.

Of course I gave no sign to Miss Hazard, the nurse, of what had been communicated to me, but I saw at once that something must be done to free my patient from her ministration. I called up Mr. Van Orden, the uncle, and told him over the phone that I was not satisfied with his niece's nurse and would not be responsible for my patient unless she were replaced by another of my own choosing. I received no definite reply, but before my next visit was informed that since the patient had lost ground under my treatment he had decided to call in another physician. My services would no longer be required.

Putting together what my patient had told me and my dismissal at attempting to get rid of the nurse, I made up my mind at once that something was wrong. But I dared not act without more information and resolved to proceed cautiously. I soon came to the conclusion that I had better act with my successor in the case and sent my office assistant to watch the house and discover who had succeeded me. She reported that a recent graduate, a Dr. Vernon, had called at the house, and I at once made an appointment to meet him and put him in possession of all that I knew about the strange condition of affairs.

Vernon, possessing this knowledge, had a great advantage, since it was not known that he had it, and he could thus the better take steps to make more discoveries. We arranged that I should make inquiries as to who the parties were and secure such other information as was possible. Vernon was to do what he could by way of investigation in the sickroom. I learned that Miss Young was an heiress and that her uncle was her guardian till she came to be twenty-one years old, when the estate would pass into her own keeping.

Vernon found means to communicate with the patient by insisting that the nurse get something for him that would require her going to the kitchen, and he learned that the medicine he was giving had a taste that it should not have. He gave Miss Young a vial, which she concealed under the bedclothes, and when about to take a dose she sent the nurse to the bathroom for a glass of water. While she was gone the patient emptied the medicine into the vial, and when the doctor called again he took it away with him.

That evening Vernon and I in my laboratory investigated the contents of the vial and found traces of a slow poison. The secret was out—the guardian was killing his ward. Investigations made by Vernon, who was by this time much interested in the case, as well as his patient, revealed the fact that with Miss Young out of the way Van Orden would be sole heir-at-law to her estate.

The question now arose, What should be our next step? Should we inform the victim of this conspiracy of her danger or have the suspected parties arrested without her knowledge? Vernon told me that his patient was in a nervous condition, bordering on collapse, and recommended that we act without consulting her. To this I assented.

That same morning Van Orden was arrested, and Miss Hazard was called out of the sickroom and also taken into custody. A new nurse whom I had selected was ready to take her place and at once entered upon her duties. Vernon and I were in the house at the time of the arrests and entered the sickroom with the new nurse. The patient saw at once that she had been delivered from the tyranny under which she had been slowly dying and greeted us with a smile of supreme relief. Had I not been a married man I should have been disgruntled at seeing the look she gave Vernon, for it was plain that she had given him her heart.

"Oh, doctor," she said to him when she knew all that we thought best to tell her, "how much I owe you!"

"Where do I come in?" I asked.

"And you, too, of course."

Our patient was not told that an attempt had been made to poison her, and that her uncle and nurse had been arrested charged with the crime until she had recovered her health. Her recovery was hastened by the especial attentions, or, rather, the devotion of Dr. Vernon, and before she was informed as to what had occurred they were engaged.

Van Orden jumped his bail and disappeared. Miss Hazard's counsel succeeded in having her acquitted because the prosecution failed to prove that she had any motive for the crime. Nevertheless it was known that her motive was a large share of the fortune her employer was trying to secure, or at least a promise of it.

HARD ON THE NERVES.

War Has Had a Marked Effect on Repose of Soldiers.

It is being noted by genial hosts in Great Britain, anxious to show hospitalities to returned soldiers, that though bravely determined as ever, the war-worn heroes have suffered badly from the strain upon their nerves.

By way of illustration the following incident is recorded:

"I was out shooting the other day with a young lieutenant who was wounded at Ypres," said a well-known sportsman yesterday. "He was a crack shot in a pheasant-drive—before the war—and I never knew anybody with such a neat hand among the snipe, which means quick snapshot shooting, a cool head, and balanced judgment. But Lieut. ——, though he had completely recovered from his wounds, and is now, in fact, on his way back to business, made a very poor show in his day's shooting with me. We were walking through one of the avenues of a wood, and I noticed all the time that my companion was looking nervously to left and right of him and treading softly as a cat. Then suddenly he burst out laughing. 'I confess,' he said, 'that I have a mortal dread of trees since that affair at Givenchy, when the Germans let fly with their machine-guns out of the wood.

"Then they came out into the open again and at the corner of the wood, barely two hundred yards distant, half a dozen guns blazed away.

"Lieut. —— immediately dived for cover.

"The impulse was too strong, and though the lieutenant apologized for it afterwards, he qualified his apology by remarking that since the war began he confessed to the strongest respect for the ostrich, which, he declared, was surely the wisest of all birds."

How to "Go Sick" Successfully.

At the military hospital attached to the barracks at D——, says a writer in an English publication, all soldiers who wish to see the doctor assemble each morning at the door of the doctor's surgery. There used to be a great deal of malingering, or "swinging the lead," as the soldiers call it, among the sufferers. This has been effectively stopped by the following notice, which has been affixed to the surgery door:

Hints to those who, for one reason or another, wish to "go sick."

1. Don't swing smartly to attention and walk briskly up to the medical officer when you have chosen an injured kneecap.
2. Don't forget that sprained wrists and ankles are always swollen.
3. Don't, on emerging from "the presence," let your friends shout "Any luck?"

Those wishing for further advice should apply for my various illustrated pamphlets. The most popular are:

1. How to raise and lower your temperature.
2. How to strengthen and weaken your pulse.
3. How to get a bad tongue.
4. How to get a very bad tongue (price 1s).
5. How to make your joint swell.
6. Paleness.
7. Useful illnesses, their duration, symptoms, and remedies.

Escorted Her Anyway.

While Robert Browning and his son Barrett were living alone in Florence the son gave one afternoon an exhibition of his new paintings in the family drawing room. To Mr. Browning was assigned the task of meeting the guests. Late in the afternoon, when the room was well filled, there appeared at the drawing room door a woman whose face was familiar. Yet Mr. Browning could not recall her name, and he judged from her appearance that she was not an invited guest.

There was embarrassment on both sides for a moment, and then the woman said eagerly: "Oh, please, Mr. Browning, I'm the cook. Mr. Barrett said as I was to come and see his pretty pictur's."

Whereupon Mr. Browning, offering his arm, showed her about the room with all the attention that he could have bestowed upon a reigning queen.

A Horse's Medal.

A Russian artillery horse won a bronze medal at Plevna. Orders were given for some ammunition wagons to be hurried to a spot that meant crossing the enemy's zone of fire. All the time shells were crashing among the horses, bringing them down in heaps and frightening such as escaped. Times without number did the Russian drivers, sparing neither whip nor spur, attempt to urge the horses forward, but they stood cowed and shivering with fright. Some were blindfolded; but the effect was the same, and only one horse showed any willingness to go. Thereupon the driver jumped down, and, cutting the traces of the other horses, drove the willing one at full gallop through the fire. The wagon passed through without exploding, and after the war the horse was decorated in the manner described and the driver promoted.

Exact Thomas.

Thomas Hoar, the devoted servant upon whom Gilbert White, the English naturalist, depended to carry out his garden plans and to look after his comfort in many ways, was noted for his exactness. Mr. H. C. Shelley, in "Gilbert White and Selborne," gives an amusing illustration.

There was one occasion when Thomas came to report, "Please, sir, I've been and broke a glass."

"Broke a glass, Thomas! How did you do that?"

"I'll show you, sir," he rejoined as he disappeared for a moment. Returning with a glass in his hand he let it fall on the floor, remarking:

"That's how I broke it, sir."

"There, go along, Thomas; you are a great fool," said his master, adding to himself, "and I was as great a one for asking such a foolish question."

A TRAGIC RETREAT

When the Afghans Lured the British Into the Jaws of Death.

THE EVACUATION OF KABUL

Of 16,000 Persons Who Left the City Under Pledge of Safety Only One Man, Except a Few Prisoners Taken, Escaped Massacre.

In this wondrous day of wire and wireless we learn, half across the world, the events of the day almost instantaneously, and the very elements carry abroad the news. It is more than romance; it is miracle, but a miracle that may banish forever from the pages of the future historian and romancer one of the most dramatic figures of the past—the messenger bringing first news from the battlefield.

Long even before Pheidippides of Marathon ran to Athens from the immortal battlefield, cried "Victory!" and fell dead the messenger held a place in myth and chronicle that he has maintained for centuries. Sometimes he is merely the swiftest rider or runner, sometimes a hero of the fight, chosen as an honor to bear glad tidings; sometimes a hard pressed refugee, sometimes even a lone survivor.

Lady Elizabeth Thompson Butler, the distinguished woman painter of wartime scenes, of which "The Roll Call" is most famous, once illustrated in a less known painting one of the most tragic episodes in the history of modern England—the arrival of Dr. William Brydon at Jalalabad, Jan. 13, 1842. Her terrible little picture shows the young Scotch surgeon, dazed, desperate, exhausted, clinging half conscious to his wearied horse as the walls of the city loom in sight.

He had come from Kabul, through the mountains, in midwinter, one of a retreating army of British and native troops, accompanied by swarms of attendants and camp followers. With them at first were also nine English women, wives of officers, including Florentia, Lady Sale, wife of Sir Robert Sale, the commander at Jalalabad, and his daughter. There were also fourteen children. A long, intricate and hideous series of blunders, treacheries and murders had brought the tremendously outnumbered British in Kabul to the point where evacuation of the city and acceptance of a promised safe conduct to Jalalabad seemed to their leaders the best that could be hoped for, and the retreat began.

But the Afghans did not keep their word, and soon there were no leaders. Before the march was half over many were slain and conditions were so hopeless that the others yielded to a proposal to surrender the commanding general himself, General Elphinstone, together with the women and children, into the care of the Afghan chief, Akbar Khan, as hostages, but not until the Kurd Kabul was passed.

The gorge of the Kurd Kabul is a five mile ravine between high mountains, so narrow, lofty and grim that in winter the sun scarcely reaches its depths. That January it was deep in snow, the rocks were glazed with ice, and upon every mountain slope, in every crevasse, behind every bowlder, lurked the fanatic Afghan tribesmen with their long guns and long knives. Weary, crowded, half crippled by frost, the confused and formless masses struggling through the gloomy canyon soon lost all semblance of an army, as the slaughter soon lost all semblance of battle. It became simply the massacre of a rabble, and the snow grew red.

"Three thousand men," says the historian Sir J. W. Kaye, "fell under the fire of the enemy or dropped down paralyzed and exhausted to be slaughtered by Afghan knives. And amid these fearful scenes of carnage, through a shower of matchlock balls, rode English ladies on horseback or in camel panniers, sometimes vainly endeavoring to keep their children beneath their eyes and then losing them in the confusion and bewilderment of the desolating march."

After the general became a captive with the women the rout and slaughter increased in horror. The Jugdulluk pass succeeded the Kurd Kabul; a dark, steep, winding track ascending high among frowning crags, and barricaded at its narrowest point. It was a trap. The fugitives were caught beyond escape. A mere handful emerged alive.

Within sixteen miles of Jalalabad only six of these remained. Before those sixteen miles were covered five of the six had been killed by straggling marauders.

Dr. Brydon alone, one man out of 16,000, reached the goal and bore the awful news.

Later, when England awoke and avenged, the women and children and a few prisoners were rescued. Dr. Brydon himself lived to share and survive the famous siege of Lucknow, another terrible episode in his country's history, but one as honorable and inspiring as the retreat from Kabul was humiliating and disastrous

Concentrated Sun Rays.

Archimedes once arranged a number of mirrors so as to bring the rays of the sun to a point called a focus, which means a hearth. The heat thus gathered together from the sunshine is said to have been sufficent to set fire to the Roman ships, which were besieging the harbor of Syracuse.

He who feasts every day, feasts no day.—C. Simmons.

We see that after the war Germany will offer a vast field for the products of America. "She will need almost everything," says the president of the Trade Association in Berlin, and goods from this country may replace those formerly bought from Russia, Great Britain and France." Another sprat to catch a mackerel. Secretary Lansing will now send another

note to Great Britain.—N. Y. Telegram.

A couple of Chicago physicians pro

taking a dose of the other's deadliest. The truth of how they fool their patients may come out at last. If in earnest they'd go after one another's

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By ARTHUR APPLIN

Author of "The Chorus Girl," etc.

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(CHAPTER VI.—Continued)

She looked at him then. All the fight had gone out of her. She had been listening against her will, as it were, yet fascinated by everything he said, realizing in some terrible, subconscious way that she was going to obey him. She had no choice in the matter.

There was no way out.

Presently she heard herself speak. "Suppose he refuses?"

"If you don't suppose such a thing he won't refuse. Anyhow he can't—and you know it."

Duhardt's hand gripped her shoulder tightly. "Why not own up, Miss Berrington? From the moment you found yourself talking to him in the wagon-lit on the German express you made up your mind that he should be useful to you. Didn't you now? Out with it—own it."

"Yes—perhaps I did. There is no harm in that. I thought he might be useful, interested."

Duhardt smiled, and turning on his heel, crossed the room. "That's all right, you'll know how to tackle him. Make it easy for him first. Just suggest that he invests, say £10,000 in your theatrical venture."

"Ten thousand—"

"A flea-bite. He'll write you a check before he leaves the hotel. Better make it an open check. When he is gone you'll come back here. I'll be waiting for you, say, at four o'clock."

He opened the door. Myra rose to her feet. Her gloves had fallen to the ground. She picked them up and crossed the room unsteadily.

"You have over an hour in which to get a bit of lunch. And don't forget the bottle of wine. I'll keep out of the way, but I shall not be far off in case you want me. And you'll be back here at four o'clock—earlier if possible."

She felt his hand take hers. It felt like the claw of a bird—hard, bony. She walked down the stairs with difficulty, holding to the banister. She waited in the street outside until a taxicab had passed. Hailing it, she drove to a small restaurant in Dean street. She tried to eat, but the food choked her. She heard herself laugh as she drank the wine. She was doing just as Paul Duhardt had told her.

She propped a newspaper up in front of her table, for she was terrified lest some one who knew and recognized her come into the restaurant.

At a quarter past two she paid her bill and drove back to the Hotel Regent.

She felt better. The wine perhaps had gone to her head and drugged her senses. She felt she did not care. She would get the money if she could. And she knew that Duhardt had spoken the truth when he said Sir John Vessie would pay. Yes, he would pay up all right, even to the extent of ten thousand pounds!

She looked around the lounge of the hotel, but he was not there. She looked into the smoking room. She waited a little while, then she inquired at the bureau.

The clerk told her that Sir John Vessie had left at one o'clock. He was not expected back!

CHAPTER VII.

Napperley Hall.

The clerk repeated his information that Sir John Vessie had left shortly after one o'clock. Myra Berrington stared at him, dazed for a moment. Then she asked him if he had left any message for her. The clerk shook his head. She inquired for letters. There were none.

She turned away almost with a sense of relief. He had gone, gone out of her life just as suddenly as he had come into it. She tumbled into an armchair in the lounge and lay back with her eyes closed trying to collect her thoughts.

She still had the bunch of roses which Ralph had given her; they were beginning to droop and fade. She pressed the red petals against her white face. She brushed them with her lips. If he suspected or mistrusted her.

It was only during the last twelve hours that she realized how much she loved him. Ralph was more to her than anything else in the world. Even more than work or ambition. And they had always come first.

In a spirit of adventure, and with the instincts of coquetry, she had trifled with and risked all three, and they were still in danger. In about an hour's time she would have to meet Paul Duhardt again. She started to her feet, the temporary feeling of relief she had experienced giving way to a feeling of fresh terror. Duhardt would probably insist on her following Sir John.

Crossing to one of the writing tables she opened Whitaker's Peerage and feverishly commenced to hunt for Sir John Vessies' name. She knew he had an estate in Sussex, for he had told her he was going down there. She ran her fingers down the page.

'Vessie, Sir John, Bart., M.P. . . . 25, Knightsbridge, S. W. . . . Napperley Hall, Horsham, Sussex. . . . Clubs: White's, Constitutional, Junior Carlton. . . .

Myra threw the book aside and picked up the A.B.C. Vessie had told her he was going to catch a train about half past two. She glanced at the clock; it was now within a minute of that time. She looked up the Horsham trains. There was one leaving Victoria at two o'clock, another at about three o'clock.

He had probably caught the earlier train, yet there was just a chance he was going by the three o'clock. It was obvious he had left the hotel to avoid her. He was running away—because he was frightened of her!

Myra was beginning to feel more normal now, though her brain was still in a whirl. But she was no longer under the influence of Paul Duhardt. Leaving the hotel she took a cab and drove to Victoria Station.

She had made up her mind to brazen the whole thing out to Sir John Vessie. To confess the whole truth—for she had something to confess. She was not entirely innocent.

Duhardt had made her feel like the lowest of criminals. And she wanted to get right with herself as well as with Sir John Vessie, so that she could look the man she loved in the face, take his hand and press her lips to his without feeling that she had betrayed him. Duhardt might still succeed in blackmailing, but at least her conscience would be clear.

She reached Victoria and hurried on to the platform. There were five minutes before the train was due to start. She searched, but Sir John was not among the crowd of passengers. She looked into each first-class compartment, then waited, facing the barrier, eagerly watching every man who passed it.

The guard waved his flag; the train crept out of the station. She watched it until it was out of sight. She felt that her fate was sealed. She steeled her heart. She would just have to go through with it. She would do as Paul Duhardt commanded.

She heard herself laugh in a strange unnatural way as the taxicab took her back to the Hotel Regent. Ten thousand pounds was a lot of money. It was obvious Sir John was frightened, that was why he had run away!

She began to make her plans. After all, Duhardt could not do anything without her help. He might ruin her reputation as a woman, increasing its value as an actress. He might set Ralph against her and break her heart.

Again she heard herself laugh Ten thousand pounds! Five thousand would silence Duhardt, buy him off for good and all. With the other five thousand she would take the Ingenue Theatre and produce their play. It could hardly fail. The part had been written for her. She knew she could not fail!

She entered the hotel and sat down in the lounge. At half past seven Ralph would be waiting for her at the Savoy. The management of the Ingenue would not keep the date open much longer for her. She wondered how quickly she could get the money out of Vessie; she would have to tell her lover that she had interested him in their scheme, that he was putting money into it.

Ralph could hardly object to that. Suddenly she felt her body break out into an icy bath of perspiration. A wave of unreasoning terror seized her. Raising her eyes she saw Paul Duhardt crossing the lounge. To her surprise he sat down at a table a little distance off, and gave an order to a waiter, who brought him liquor and a cigar.

Myra sat quite still trying to control the trembling of her limbs. Paul Duhardt had smoked his cigar half way through before he rose from his seat. After glancing round the lounge he strolled to Myra Berrington's side.

"It's not four o'clock yet; what are you doing here?" she asked, trying to steady her voice.

"You'll always find me handy in case you want me when business is on. Have you seen Vessie?"

He has gone."

"Gone. You haven't seen him?"

"I was here at twenty past two. I asked the bureau; they told me he left about one o'clock. I went to the station in the chance of his catching the three o'clock train. But he was not on the platform, so I came back here."

Myra drew her breath quickly. Again she felt unable to look Duhardt in the face.

"You shouldn't have followed him," he said bruskly. "He left no letter or message?"

"Not a word."

Duhardt smiled and rubbed his tobacco-stained fingers together. "Good. He's scared. I summed him up pretty correctly. He's one of those clever fools who are born to be bled." He pulled out his watch and looked at it. "What time does the two o'clock train get to Horsham?"

"About half past three I think."

Duhardt nooded. "He'll motor from there to Napperley Hall. Family waiting to meet him.? Swell guests in the house for the partridge shooting. Gad, I shouldn't mind a day or two in Sir John's coverts! You must put a trunk call through and ring him up just as he's sitting down to dinner. In the country usually at half past seven."

Myra was nervously dragging off her long, white gloves. "I can't. It's impossible. I'm—I'm dining out."

(To be continued)

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There is pleasure at every stage in the use of Sunlight. In the washing—for the work is greatly lightened. In the ironing—for the clothes have such a fresh, sweet air of newness. In the wearing—for the clothes have inherited the exquisite purity of Sunlight itself — and are clean indeed.

A $5,000 guarantee attests the purity of Sunlight Soap. All grocers sell it.

5c

12

Chinese Fathers.

A Chinese father has the supreme right of life and death over his children and is not amenable to any law in this respect.

Although the world is full of suffering, it full of the overcoming of it.—Keller.

Norway Hotel System.

There is a capital hotel system in vogue in certain parts of Norway. In villages where no hotel exists one of the more prominent inhabitants is subsidized by the Norwegian government and in return is bound to provide accommodation for not fewer than four travelers. He may take in more if he chooses, but four is the minimum. The accommodation and food supplied are excellent and the charges moderate.

Garden Society.

"Why is the lily so haughty?" inquired the mushroom. "She barely nods to the rest of us."

"She is very proud," explained the ivy. "She regards you as an upstart and me as a climber."

Leatherback Turtle.

A marine creature hard to keep alive in captivity is the leatherback turtle. The leatherback is a sea turtle, and it is the biggest of all the turtles. It grows to weigh a thousand pounds or more, six or eight times as much as a man.

Quite the Contrary.

"Does your wife husband your resources?"

"Not while she's trying to husband our daughters."

Good luck is but another name for common sense.

Court Humor.

A legal journal gives the following instances of humor in German courts:

In Berlin an ironworker was sent to prison because he had laughed at a policeman. It appears that as this man was proceeding along a street one day his risibilities were aroused by the sight of a particularly stout policeman giving chase to a dog. The offender was promptly haled to court and "sent up" for scandal.

A German in attempting to board a moving train fractured his leg. After six months in a hospital he was discharged, whereupon the state railway department at once prosecuted him for "infringement of regulations." He was fined a sum equivalent to $5.

Upon entering an omnibus a man trod on the foot of a woman, who was so incensed by the incident that she remarked that he walked like a hen. For this term of reproach the lady was fined 20 marks.

Very Simple.

"My wife is going to that masquerade ball as a simple fisher maiden."

"Going to borrow a fisher's costume from some simple maiden?"

"Not on your life. Going to have one especially constructed for $2,000.

Somebody Had to Sleep.

The doctor entered the patient's room in the morning and, according to habit, read the chart the first thing. He was a little surprised to read:

"2 a. m.—Patient very restless; nurse sleeping quietly."

Australia's Military Boys.

Australian boys begin their military career at the age of twelve years, when they enter the ranks of the "junior cadets" and drill under the instruction of their schoolteachers. Their target practice is limited to shooting what is popularly known as the "twenty-two" rifle.

At the age of fourteen the schoolboy is graduated into the "senior cadets," and here his military training begins in dead earnest. He learns to care for his rifle, which the government furnishes to him. The state also gives him an olive drab military uniform. He learns the movements of squad and company formations and learns to deploy as skirmishers.

The Australian schoolboy becomes a soldier irrespective of his own wishes in the matter, or those of his parents. Truancy officers, such as in this country, watch the attendance at school in Australia, hale into court the parents of boys who are absent from their military drill, and it is not an infrequent occurrence for heavy fines to be levied on parents who are indifferent to their sons' military education.—

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Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

For Toronto and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 2.40 a.m.

Trenton, Wellington, Picton and intermediate points—6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 7.50 p.m.

Marmora, Bannockburn, Bancroft and intermediate points—6.25 a.m.

Deseronto and Napanee—10.55 a.m., 2.20 p.m., 9.25 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

For Marmora, Bannockburn and Coe Hill—1.10 p.m.

For Kingston, Brockville, Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—2.20 p.m.

For Napanee, Yarker, Smith's Falls, Ottawa—*2.40 a.m., 2.20 p.m.

Trains arrive from Toronto and intermediate points—2.20 p.m., *2.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Picton, Wellington Trenton and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 9.25 p.m.

From Napanee, Deseronto, and intermediate stations—†6.25 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 5.10 p.m., *2.40 a.m.

From Bancroft, Bannockburn, Marmora and intermediate stations—6.05 p.m.

From Coe Hill and intermediate stations—10.55 a.m.

From Brockville Jct., Smith's Falls, Ottawa and intermediate stations—5.05 p.m. *2.40 a.m.

Daily except Sunday unless otherwise marked.

*Daily.

†Deseronto only.

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L. W. Buller, Station Agent, Belleville Ont.

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RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Time of departure from Belleville station.

Going East.

No. 18—12.30 a.m.—Mail train daily.
No. 16—2.00 a.m.—Fast train, Syer, daily.
No. 32—Local for Brockville, 7.00 a.m.; arrives back from Brockville, 8.50 p.m.; daily except Sunday.
No. 6—11.16 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 14—12.16 p.m.—Express, daily.
No. 28—5.45 p.m.—Local, passenger, daily except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 19—2.15 a.m.—Mail and Express, daily.
No. 13—4.35 a.m.—Limited Express, daily.
No. 29—7.50 a.m.—Local passenger, daily except Sunday, leaving Toronto 6.00 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.25 p.m.
No. 27—11.30 a.m.—Passenger, daily except Sunday.
No. 1—3.05 p.m.—International Limited, daily.
No. 7—4.55 p.m.—Mail and Express, daily.

BELLEVILLE AND PETERBORO'.

Going West.	Leave.	Ar. Peterboro
Mail	5.30 a.m.	8.00 a.m.
Passenger	6.00 p.m.	8.50 p.m.
Going East.	Arrive	Lv. Peterboro
Mixed	10.55 a.m.	8.20 a.m.
Mail	4.15 p.m.	1.30 p.m.

BELLEVILLE AND MADOC.

Going North	Leave.	Ar. Madoc
Mixed	12.11 p.m.	1.50 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.50 p.m.
Going South.	Arrive	Lv. Madoc
Mixed	4.56 p.m.	3.20 p.m.
Mixed	9.15 a.m.	7.15 a.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

General Change of Time, Oct. 31, 1915.

GOING EAST.

CHICAGO-MONTREAL THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Wolverine" Daily
Leave Toronto	9.15 a.m.	11.30 p.m.
Leave Belleville	12.50 p.m.	2.58 a.m.
Arrive Montreal	6.30 p.m.	8.55 a.m.

GOING WEST.

MONTREAL-CHICAGO THROUGH SERVICE.

	"Canadian" Daily	"Dominion" Daily
Leave Montreal	8.45 a.m.	10.00 p.m.
Leave Belleville	2.18 p.m.	4.00 a.m.

TORONTO-OTTAWA THROUGH SERVICE.

Going East	Daily except Sunday
Leave Toronto	1.45 p.m.
Leave Belleville	6.32 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa	10.00 p.m.
Going West	
Leave Ottawa	1.15 p.m.
Leave Belleville	6.32 p.m.
Arrive Toronto	9.30 p.m.

S. Burrows, C. P. R. Agent.

Belleville Business Directory

The Professional Fraternity of our city will find an advertisement under this head an exceptionally advantageous investment, the returns hitherto obtained making the extremely moderate rates but normal. By consulting our price list in another column or calling at The Intelligencer Business Office, full information may be obtained.

MINING.

BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE

Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Office and laboratory corner of Bleecker and Victoria Avenues. Telephone 399.

"COLLIP, FLORIST."

Front Street.

Night Phone 175. Day Phone 206.

All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season.

Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty, shipped to all parts.

Announcement

Messrs. Greenleaf & Son wish to announce to their old patrons and friends that they have found it advisable to incorporate their business under Ontario Companies Act.

The new company, under the same management as heretofore, and under the firm name of GREENLEAFS, LIMITED, have purchased the property known as the Brown Foundry, together with the good will and equipment of Mr. Geo. Keith.

It is their intention to remodel these buildings and install suitable equipment to meet the growing demands of their patrons.

The Management take this opportunity of thanking their old friends and solicit their patronage in their new venture.

GREENLEAF & SON

Garage and General Machinists

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

Capital, all paid up . . $16,000,000

Rest $16,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on sums of $1.00 and upwards at current rates.

Banking hours, 10 to 3.. Saturday 10 to 3.

R TANNAHILL

Manager Belleville Branch

Canada is now turning out 1,100,000 shells monthly. About 4,800,000 shells have been shipped to Britain, and orders on hand are for about 18,000,000 additional. The 300 factories now engaged in the work will be busy for nearly a year on the business in hand, if the war continues so long.

INSURANCE.

W. H. HUDSON

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.; North British & Mercantile Ins. Co.; Sun Fire; Waterloo Mutual; Lloyd's Plate Glass, Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., and other companies.

Farm and City property insured in first class and reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Land valuator and agent for selling, renting and purchasing property. Rents collected.

Office: 17 Campbell St., Belleville. Phone 241.

CHANCEY ASHLEY

Insurance Agent

Has Removed to 229 Front Street

Next to Riggs' Music Store

THOS. STEWART

Bridge Street, Belleville.

Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected in the oldest and most reliable companies.

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Stocks and bonds bought and sold.

R. H. KETCHESON

Agent for

Queen Fire Insurance Co.; York Fire Insurance Co.; Inter-State Live Stock Insurance. Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.

ROBERT BOGLE

MERCANTILE AGENCY.

Insurance, Real Estate, Loans Negotiated, Accountant, Auditor, Estates Managed. Office, 28 Bridge Street.

LAUNDRY.

QUINTE LAUNDRY

Work done by the Quinte Laundry is guaranteed to be satisfactory in every way. Shirts, Collars and Cuffs our specialty. Family work done by the dozen.

W. R. Vallance, Mgr. Phone 336.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

Please try this public new first class laundry now opened. All work done up guaranteed, if not satisfactory no charge, and all cheap prices. Best clean laundry in the city. Goods called for and delivered. 356 Front St., Belleville. Phone 848. LEE CHEW.

ENGINEERING.

J. D. Evans, O.E. & O.L.S.

J. W. EVANS, C.E. & M.E.

EVANS & EVANS

Civil and Mining Engineers and Ontario Land Surveyors. Belleville and Trenton.

Belleville Office: Corner Bleecker & Victoria Avenues.. Telephone 266.

BUS, AUTO AND CABS

ASELSTINE'S

MOTOR BUS, CAB & AUTO LIVERY

Special cabs, broughams and carriages, all rubber tired, for weddings, private driving or funerals. The finest turnouts in town. Office and stables, cor. Moira and Centre Streets. Tweed Stage in connection. Phone 229.

MONEY.

Private money to loan on mortgages on farms and other real estate, at lowest rate of interest, on terms to suit borrowers. Apply to

S. MASSON

Barrister, etc.

Over Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge St., Belleville.

LEGAL.

WILLS & WRIGHT

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: 15 Campbell St. Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates.

J. FRANKLIN WILLS, K.C.

MALCOLM WRIGHT.

NORTHRUP & PONTON

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners. Offices: North Bridge St. Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages.

W. B. NORTHRUP, K.C., M.P.

W. N. PONTON, K.C.

R. D. PONTON.

PORTER & CARNEW

Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office: Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.

E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P.

WM. CARNEW.

Solicitors for Union Bank.

MIKEL, STEWART & BAALIM

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

Belleville, Madoc and Tweed.

Solicitors for Molsons Bank.

W. C. MIKEL, K.C.

D. E. K. STEWART.

FRANK BAALIM.

W. D. M. SHOREY

Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Ameliasburg.

Money to loan on mortgages on easy terms.

Office: 8 Campbell St., Belleville.

MEDICAL.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.R.C.S., England

Office and Residence: Corner of Bridge and George Streets; three streets east of the Post Office.

Those who forget today seldom remember tomorrow.

Have The Intelligencer Sent to Your Home Adress

O. H. A. LIST OF GAMES

Many postponements of O. H. A. games were caused by the soft weather of last week, and teams in the running will be compelled to play at short notice and with little intermission, so as to complete the schedule. Here are the games arranged for tonight:

MONDAY.
Intermediate.
93rd Battalion at Cobourg St. Michaels.
Peterboro' Electrics at Campbellford
84th Batt. at Bowmanville.
Weston at Brampton.
Hamilton at Port Colborne.
Niagara Falls at Dunnville.
Hamilton (C.M.R.) at Brantford.
Collingwood at Alliston.
Owen Sound at Wiarton.
Junior.
Port Hope at Oshawa.
Aura Lee at Newmarket.
Stratford at Berlin.
Lindsay at Belleville postponed.

TO RUN-DOWN WOMEN

DETROIT WOMAN TELLS HOW TO REGAIN STRENGTH

Detroit, Mich. "I was in such a run-down condition I had no ambition to do anything. I had a chronic cough and cold and nothing seemed to give me any relief, and I was gradually getting worse, until a friend advised me to try Vinol, which I did. After the first day or two it seemed to put new life into me, the tired worn-out feeling began to disappear, I regained my appetite and was able to get a good night's rest. The cough gradually wore away, and I am now feeling like myself again, so that I can do all my housework and go about my duties as usual. Vinol is certainly a wonderful medicine." Mrs. W. E. Waters, Derolt, Mich.

Vinol restores health and strength in conditions like this, because in a natural manner it increases the appetite, tones up the digestive organs, enriches the blood and strengthens every organ in the body.

We guarantee that Vinol will do the same for any run-down person in Belleville, or give back their money. J. S. McKeown, Druggist, Belleville, Ont.

BIRTHS

DICKENS—At the General hospital on Tuesday, January 25th, 1916, to Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Dickens, a daughter.

Laid at Rest

The funeral of the late Gerald Jos. Venn, who died on Thursday last, took place from his mother's residence, King St., on Saturday morning, at 9. a.m. to St. Michaels church, where the funeral service was conducted by the Rev. Father Killeen. A large number of the school children were at the church to pay their last respects to their deceased classmate, who was well liked by them all. After the service at the church, the body was conveyed to St. James cemetery, where it was placed in the vault. The interment to take place later. The late Gerald Venn was 7 years and 4 months of age.

ESPONSIBILITY RESTS WITH THE ALLIES

All Matters will be Dealt With in Name of All Allies

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The London correspondent of the New York Herald cabled yesterday as follows:

I am in a position to state that henceforth in all matters, including the blockade, the seizure of contraband mails, the submarine policy and other moot questions, replies to notes from the United States and other neutrals will be in the names of all the Allies, including Belgium, Serbia and Montenegro; that France, Russia, Italy and Great Britain accept full and joint responsibility for all war measures and that the motto of all the Allies from now until the end of the war will be that of the Three Guards, "One for all, all for one."

BEGS PAIR OF SHOES

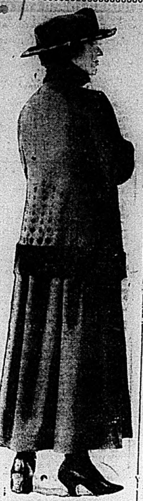
Kingston War Prisoner in Germany Needs Footwear

Pte. Gordon Byron, who formerly resided at 12 Corrigan street, Kingston, has written a very pathetic letter home from Germany begging that a pair of shoes be sent him immediately. It would be inferred that the German authorities do not seem over anxious to supply the prisoners of war they take with proper footwear, and it shows what the character of the Huns really is when such a letter has to be written home. Through the generosity of American Consul, F. S. S. Johnson, some articles of clothing are being sent, but it takes such a letter as that received from Pte. Byron to bring the urgent need of clothing home to Kingstonians. The Red Cross Society, it is understood, is forwarding the shoes. —Whig.

Villa started as a brigand, became a popular leader, had his day and is now back where he started, except that he's got something coming to him.

SMARTNESS ITSELF.

A Grateful Variation From the Suit of Popular Flares.



SEAL AND SIMPLICITY.

Full skirted and box coated, this smart suit is featured in tan colored gaberdine. The bottom of the short coat is edged with seal, as are the cuffs. A choker collar of seal fastens snugly, and the patch pocket and back of the coat are embroidered with disks of tan silk, different sizes of them giving an interesting detail.

Rebuked by a Donkey.

John and James were tramping through a dusty lane one day when they spied a little toad in the road.

"Look, look!" exclaimed John. "Here is a toad. Let's stone him."

"Why?" asked James. "He isn't hurting you, is he?"

"No; but it would be fun to see him jump. Come on, see if you can aim straight."

James felt that it would be wrong to hurt the innocent thing, but John had often called him "baby" and "coward," so to avoid a repetition of these remarks he took up a stone and was about to throw it when a donkey cart came up the lane. The cart was well laden, and the donkey's burden was heavy, but the donkey trudged on, his head down, and thus it happened that the animal spied the toad almost under his foot. He stopped short and kept his foot up until the toad hopped safely out of his way. Then the donkey moved on with his load.

James dropped the stone without attempting to aim.

"Rebuked," he cried, "rebuked by a donkey! I say, John, that donkey has more horse sense than you and I."

"Yes," answered John, blushing for shame, "that donkey has taught us a lesson in kindness to dumb creatures."

Hul Gul.

A very good game to play is hul gul. The players are supplied with an equal amount of beans. The leader takes a certain amount in his or her hand and says: "Hul gul, hand full. How many?" Each player guesses how many beans the leader holds in his fist. If the player guesses more than is in the hand he must give the difference; if less, the leader must give him the difference. At the end of fifteen minutes the game is finished. The beans are counted, and the player who has the lesser number of beans is the loser and pays a forfeit to the leader. The person having the most beans is the leader for the next game.

Saturday.

Saturday is named from Saturn, a very disagreeable god of the southland. He was so unpleasant that the people made his day a holiday to make it pleasanter. The last day of the week is Saturn-day. Now, spell it and then leave off the "n" at the end and there you have Satur-day. In the olden days this was a disagreeable day, but we feel very differently about it nowadays, don't we?—John Martin's Book.

He (passionately)—I would go to the ends of the earth for you!
She (calmly)

He Did.

"They say he got rich quick."

"Yes. His wealthy uncle died from heart disease."

The Proper Weapon.

"I'd like to drive that old miser to terms." "Then why not use a screw driver?"

STOOD BY THE COMPANY

When the late Lord Strathcona was stationed at Mingan, , H. B. post on the Gulf of St. Lawrence, the post burned down during his absence. When he returned he found that the staff had flung themselves zealously into the task of saving his personal belongings, rather than those of the Company. t shows a curious trait in his character that he at once proceeded to fling his own clothing, books, and other effects upon the flames, remarking.

"Let them go too, if the Company's goods are gone!"

THOMAS LEOPOLD WILLSON,

Canadian Scientist Was the Discoverer of Cheap Acetylene Gas.

The death of Mr. Willson at the somewhat untimely limit of fifty-five removes one of our eminent Canadian scientists from the arena of research and discovery. He was born at Princeton, Ontario, and was educated at the Hamilton Collegiate Institute, where he displayed the bias toward original research that became strongly developed throughout an active life. His most interesting discovery was a method of producing acetylene gas both cheaply and abundantly, and of utilizing it for illuminating purposes. This discovery was in some measure accidental, but only a trained scientific intelligence could have discerned the practical importance of the outcome of an accidental combination of circumstances.

Acetylene gas had been known as a laboratory product long before Mr. Willsons' discovery, but when it was analytically produced the compound used in conjunction with water—petassium carbide or sodium carbide—was too limited in quantity to enable the gas to be generated in sufficient abundance for common use. While using an electric furnace to fuse carbon and calcium for some other purpose altogether Mr. Willson was disappointed with the result, which proved to be not what he expected. He threw the hot fused mass into cold water to cool it, and noticed that gas with the familiar garlic odor of acetylene began to pass off into the air. This was the necessary hint to the trained thinker and practised experimenter. He discovered that the calcium and carbon separated in contact with water, and that the carbon of the carbide united with the hydrogen of the water to form acetylene, while the calcium of the carbide united with the oxygene of the water to form lime.

By one of the curious coincidences in the history of research, the same discovery was made almost contemporaneously by Moissan in France: a fact which obscured somewhat the prestige due to Mr. Willson. The latter devoted himself for some time to inventing and perfecting mechanical devices for the practical use of acetylene as an illuminator. Both prussic acid and sugar have been made from acetylene, and so has alcohol, so pure as to cause a surmise whether it might not be produced in sufficient quanaitites to displace the more or less toxic alcohol of commerce.—Toronto Globe.

BLEW HIS MEMORY AWAY

Canadian Soldiers' Story of What a German Shell Did For Him.

Gunner Thomas F. Trusler of the Third brigade, Field artillery, Canadian forces, who is in New York, got too close to a big German shell in the battle of Vlamartinge in Belgium, just before the battle of Ypres, and forgot everything in his life before.

Trusler, who is from Montreal, says all he remembers of his twenty-two years of life dates from a day he awoke in a hospital at Shorncliffe, England, and wanted to know why he wasn't at the front. He couldn't tell what his name was, nor where he came from. He was told that he had been entered on the hospital lists as Private Howard Trusler, and it was by that name that he went back to the front and joined another Canadian artillery company, only to have his left leg shattered by a shell and be sent back to an English hospital. When convalescent he was sent back to Montreal, where his papers showed he came from.

His relatives had been notified, he says, and his uncle went to Quebec to meet the Scandinavia, the ship on which he had sailed, but when his uncle greeted him the soldier told him he didn't know him. When he reached Bonaventure station, in Montreal, his parents met him, but got the same cold reception. He was taken all over the city to his old haunts, but he knew none and had to begin all over making acquaintances.

When he went to war he was engaged, and on his return was taken to see his fiancee.

"I couldn't remember ever having seen her," said Trusler, "but if I wrote some of the letters she received from places I had been, I guess I was all right as a lover."

Canada's Asbestos Trade.

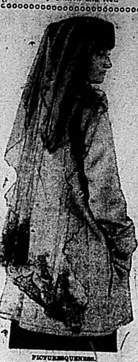
Closing of the German and Austrian markets and abnormal sea freights adversely affected the international asbestos trade in 1915. Germany and Austria could not obtain Russian asbestos. Even if they had access to Russian supplies they could not have benefited thereby, for the material produced by the Russian mines is unsuited for weaving purposes and could not be used for automobile parts. Inferior grades of asbestos—shingle and board stock—were confronted by curtailed allied markets and by stagnation in American and Canadian building trades, but those producers so situated that they could supply crude, and cater to the demand for short fibres, had no difficulty in getting satisfactory prices, provided delivery were made to the Allies. Sales of crude hit high spots, and it is to be noted that asbestos—Canadian asbestos—played an important part in the construction of those guns, more especially of the French, which have wrought havoc with enemy entrenchments. For months the chief trouble was in securing space in transatlantic vessels at rates not altogether prohibitive.

After Forty Years.

York township some forty years ago issued a cheque for $100 and again in 1870 another one for $20. In whose favor the present officials do not know, because all the records were destroyed by fire in 1881. But just now Mr. W. A. Clarke, the Township Clerk, received word that the two cheques were lying as unclaimed balances at the Receiver-General's office, Ottawa. For some unknown reason they had never been cashed. The cheques will be returned to the township and may be kept as curios.

A NEW FAD.

A "War Bride" Veil in Navy Chiffon and Net.



PICTURESQUENESS.

Over a navy velvet, close turban is draped in graceful folds a long net veil beautifully finished across the bottom with a rose pattern done in points. In addition a shorter one of chiffon is thrown back from the face, hanging about half the length of the long veil. These novelties come in all popular shades and are very piquant.

MEALS FOR MEN.

Some Masculine Peculiarities Worth Heeding For the Sake of Harmony.

"Now, that's the kind of dinner I like," said a big business man after dining at a friend's—"no frills, no pastry, and yet the whole dinner fine and dandy. Why don't more women make meals like that instead of all those dinky little dishes?"

The conversation following brought out further points of difference between men meals and women meals, the ornate, the complex, the really disguised foods which she herself relishes with delight.

Several men have these peculiarities: One has for breakfast, morning after morning, a bowl of top milk and white bread, with eggs in different forms; another lunches on rice dishes or the plainest of stews, and all men seem to like the dinner consisting of the following: A good strong cup of bouillon or plain soup, a steak or chops with peppers or mushrooms, a plain salad with French dressing and salted wafers and perhaps pie, with a strong cheese. These are not the plats preferred by madame. She it is who likes the nameless dishes of entrees, the devilled and pastrified meats or pates. She it is who likes the elaborate and creamed vegetable. She it is whose chief delight is the complex fruit salad with sweet dressing and the still sweeter cake and comfit dessert.

Now, this is but a plea for women to understand the tastes of men and not cook for them what in reality the women like most themselves. We believe that this century old fiction that man has a capricious appetite is disproved by fact and that most men prefer the plainer, less elaborate dishes. We believe also that most of man's superior strength lies in the secret of his more wholesome feeding. We feel like believing that woman, too, might attain this superior strength if she also ate more plainly and spent less time in making concoctions. "Feed the brute," yes, but what he really wants, and then eat it ourselves, so we may attain his superior strength and physique in order to be shoulder high with him when that great wave of equality comes.

A Retreat For the Kiddies.

Every child needs some corner to call his own. No matter how young he may be, no matter how restricted the home space, he should have some refuge from adult interference. Few city homes and apartment houses are built so that a whole room can be turned over to a child for his exclusive use.

It is often possible, however, to give the child a corner in the living room or one of the sleeping rooms in which to keep his toys and where he may play undisturbed.

The result of such a scheme is that, instead of the toys being scattered all over the house, they are assembled in one spot, and the mother's work is lessened.

Low shelves, arranged like built-in bookcases, make an excellent storage place for playthings. It is imperative that the toys be arranged in an orderly manner, so the child can find a particular toy he wishes without disturbing the rest.

By tacking a strip of denim the color of the paper along the wall it is possible to protect the paper from finger marks, and at the same time it offers a place for the child to pin his drawings or the pictures that appeal to his taste.

Children love individual possessions, and often a plant or flower will add greatly to the appearance of the child's corner and at the same time will be a source of pride.

WATCHING PRICES.

R. H. Coats' Work in Labor Department Has Been Invaluable.

Thanks to Mr. R. H. Coats, late editor of the Labor Gazette and now promoted to the position of Dominion statistician, we have a record of the course of wholesale prices in practically all articles of consumption, and covering the whole Dominion, for a full quarter-century. More than that, we have a carefully calculated average of these prices for the decade 1890-1900, and this average constitutes the "Index number" for Canada, the gauge by which all wholesale prices in this country may now be measured. If one wishes to consider the subject only cursorily, he will find all the facts he needs in the Labor Gazette for July last, but if a more careful study is intended, the volume entitled "Wholesale Prices, Canada, 1914," should be consulted. Both are published by the Labor Department, Ottawa.

In the boom times of several years ago, the rise in prices was an annoyance. People complained of it, but were too busy to do more than complain. Now that economy is the one great word of command, the question of prices will have to be faced and dealt with. And, pending any action that may be taken by the public at large, it will be money in the pocket of any individual to consider this question of prices with a view to reaching conclusions for his own guidance.

The main chart, so to speak, of this system of price reporting is a diagram showing by a line the course of wholesale prices for the last twenty-five years. Beginning slightly above what afterwards proved to be the average for the decade, prices fell rapidly from 1890 to 1897, when they touched eight points below. Almost the whole of this decline was recovered in one steady rise before the beginning of 1900. In that year there was another slight reaction, followed by another long and steady rise which, by the year 1907, had carried prices twenty-six points above the average. A fall of five points was recorded within two years thereafter, and that was the last seen of decline. Up to the end of 1914 there was a rise to thirty-six points above the index number, and the monthly reports since then have shown that that rise continued during the first half of the present year, reaching a fraction over forty-seven points above the average in June.

These, of course, are general averages, and indicate no more about the details of local prices than the figures of average rainfall foretell whether to-morrow will be fair or showery. War conditions greatly disturb prices, and may make the average higher or lower than the normal. But a fair consideration of prices as given in these reports will help any man to plan more intelligently his own budget for the year and therefore his general scheme of living. Many economies can be effected through knowing what the course of prices has been and how prices are affected by events and conditions.

Buttons From Clam Shells.

Canada has natural resources of which little is known. One of these, which is of but recent development, is the clam-shell fishery. In many of the inland streams, large quantities of shells may be found. From the Grand river, in South-Western Ontario, alone no less than 165 tons of the clam or washboard shell have been taken. Other species found in the Grand river are the mucket shell and sand shell.

A use has been found for these shells in the manufacture of fresh water pearl buttons. For this purpose, from two to three hundred tons are used annually, a considerable portion of which comes from the United States. These shells have a market value of from $14 to $25 per ton. The fishing for the shells is done under license from the Ontario Fisheries and Game Department, under a royalty of one dollar per ton.

The button discs are cut from all parts of the shell, some of the discs being 11-16 of an inch in thickness. They are afterwards split to the required thickness for buttons.

After the discs are cut from the shell, there is still a use found for what might be considered a factory waste. The perforated shell is ground up and sold for chicken grit, for which it is admirably adapted.

There is no doubt that, were it generally known that the shells have a market value, a much larger supply could be secured from the inland streams in other parts of the country.

Placing the Responsibility.

To the recruiting officer and medical officer of Major E. G. M. Cape's heavy Siege Battery in Montreal, there came last week a bantam Englishman. Physically fit in every other particular, his size disqualified him, and he was regretfully informed that he could not be accepted. His vigorous claim that the measuring machine was at fault failed to convince the officers, and his almost tearful pleading that the regulations be strained a point also found them obdurate. Turning wrathfuly away, he launched his final shot. "Garn!" he ejaculated. "'Ave it yer own wye, but if yer gory battery gets gory well licked, don't blyme me, that's all!"—Saturday Night.

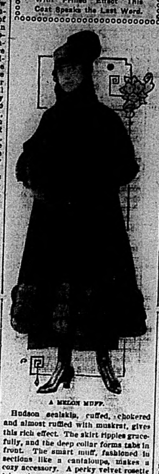
Lakes and Farm Land.

Millions of acres of land now under water in the North-west will, within the earlier years to come, be redeemed for farming uses by means of irrigating and drainage plans. All the states and provinces bordering on the Great Lakes have laws favoring this addition to land holdings. The Province of Manitoba has, under a new law, organized its first irrigation district covering 18,000 acres. Thus the irrigated area spreads farther and farther north, and the unused waters are brought in to make agriculture immeasurably more certain than under the olden plan of waiting on the weather to supply the needed moisture.

Advertise in The Intelligencer

A REAL LUXURY.

With Frilled Effect This Coat Speaks the Last Word.



A MELON MUFF.

Hudson sealskin, cuffed, chokered and almost ruffled with muskrat, gives this rich effect. The skirt ripples gracefully, and the deep collar forms tabs in front. The smart muff, fashioned in sections like a cantaloupe, makes a cozy accessory. A perky velvet rosette trims the pressed black beaver hat.

AFTER THEATER SUPPER.

Is there anything more welcome to the average person with good digestion than an invitation out to supper after the theater, and is there any place more delightful to give a little affair of this kind than at your own home, where all can laugh and talk as much as they please without disturbing any one? The following menu is one easily prepared, therefore welcome to the maidless housekeeper: Shrimps a la Newburg on toast, cheese and crackers, nuts and olives, coffee or wine.

Lobster a la Newburg is also delicious. Use the daintiest cloth or luncheon set on the table. When serving the lobster a la Newburg remove the meat carefully from the shell, wash the shell, put little paper doilies in it, then serve the olives, radishes and green onions from this. It may be filled instead with flowers.

Recipe for shrimp and lobster a la Newburg: One large lobster or one can of shrimps (meat cut into half inch squares), one-half cupful cream, three eggs, one tablespoonful butter, red pepper, salt and nutmeg; melt butter, add fish, allow it to simmer five minutes, mix eggs, cream, pepper, salt and nutmeg together; stir into fish, then stir mixture until it thickens; add last one-half cupful of sherry if desired.

Cultivate Neatness.

Tidiness is one of the most attractive of feminine qualities. It is also one of the rarest. Early and persistent must be the training which carries the girl into womanhood with her "bump of neatness" well developed.

Unless inherently fastidious during school days she is liable to drift into careless habits which she never outgrows.

One girl may have a trick of leaving shoes about her room. As a child she was permitted to do this, and as she grew older the untidy custom was never abandoned for the simple reason that she herself did not notice anything unusual about it and probably nobody else took the trouble to correct her. Another slovenly habit is leaving a bunch of combings in the comb or on the dressing table. Constant vigilance on a woman's part is necessary in these small matters if she would be thought really tidy.

CREAM WALNUT CAKE.

Sift together three times a cupful of sugar, one and a half cupfuls of flour, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Break an egg into measuring cup, fill cup with milk, beat well into dry ingredients and add three tablespoonfuls of melted butter. Beat all well and bake in layer cake pans.

Walnut Cream For Filling—One and a half cupfuls of milk, scalded; an egg well beaten, a scant half cupful of sugar, a dessertspoonful each of flour and cornstarch, a quarter teaspoonful of salt. Mix all with egg, add to milk and cook in double boiler until quite thick. When cool flavor with vanilla and add a cupful of hickory nuts ground fine through a meat chopper. Spread on cake. If you prefer use a white frosting on top and decorate with whole nut meats.

Unconsciously, perhaps, but in reciting these immortal words, "She was a vampire and he was a boob," that New York lawyer appears to have laid the foundation for a whale of a movie scenario.

A GREAT TUNNEL.

C.P.R. Mountain Tube Through Rogers Pass is Now Complete.

Another great Canadian railway achievement was completed a few days ago when the two heads of the marvelous Rogers Pass tunnel in the Rockies met, says the Canadian Courier. A new grade-conquering underground highway passed from an engineering feat to a railway fact. The greatest railway tunnel in Canada and one of the greatest in the world will be in operation next autumn. The Rogers Pass double-track tunnel was decided upon in order to overcome difficult grades between mileages 78.6 and 91.5 on the mountain subdivision of the C.P.R. The western portal is 326 miles east of Vancouver, the eastern 1,056 miles west of Winnipeg. The length of the tunnel is 50 feet over five miles. It runs through Mt. Macdonald and under Rogers Pass. Since April, 1915, 3,200 men have been working to complete the tunnel for traffic as early as possible. That the work was practically completed in 1915 is a tribute to the engineering and construction staffs of the world's greatest transportation system. It was a stupendous task. A traffic highway five miles long, 29 feet wide, and 26 feet high had to be blasted through solid rock. The tunnel was designed for double-track laid on rock ballast, to be operated with oil-burning steam locomotives.

The primary purpose of this tremendous tunnel was to reduce the C. P. R. summit of the Selkirks, 4,324 feet above sea level, and to do away with nearly five miles of snow sheds necessary on account of the snow-slides in that part of the Selkirks. The tunnel reduces the summit about 540 feet and shortens the old line 4.3 miles. The tunnel was driven double, the first example of that kind of tunnel construction on this continent. A small bore 8 ft. 6 in. by 8 ft. was made 50 feet to one side of the centre line of the main tunnel, and its floor about 6 feet above the main floor line. The "Pioneer" heading and one or more centre headings were driven simultaneously. After the Pioneer had been driven 1,000 feet at the east end a cross cut was run to the spot where the centre of the main tunnel was to be and from that point new headings were begun in each direction. All "muck" had to be brought up this incline and out through the Pioneer.

A FISH MARKET.

Big Opportunities for Business Have Arisen in Australia.

Opportunities for marketing the product of Canadian fisheries, "the most extensive in the world," in Australia, are treated in a report received by the Trade and Commerce Department from Commissioner Ross, of Melbourne. He states that there is a serious shortage in canned fish in Australia, advantage of which has already been taken by some New Brunswick packers to introduce canned sardines and herrings. However, the amounts exported are very small in comparison with the great demand that now exists in Australia for Canadian fish, says Mr. Ross, and he regrets that "no concerted effort has yet been made to develop the inshore or coastal industry by canning fish for export overseas."

Although Canada has quantities of fish, however, there is lacking the tonnage to carry them. Commissioner Bickerdike, of England, deals with this subject in a report just received. He states that at the present moment there is a famine in merchant ships for which the success of the British fleet, rather curiously, is partly responsible. Great Britain's navy has captured or driven off the sea some 2,800 vessels of an aggregate tonnage of 6,500,000, possessed by Germany and Austria-Hungary, as well as 202 ships of 123,000 tons under the Turkish flag. By its success the fleet thus reduced the amount of shipping available for the carrying trade of the world, since the mercantile marine of Russia, which embraced 1,254 ships of over 1,000,000 tons, has been imprisoned to a considerable extent owing to conditions in the Baltic Sea. The British Admiralty also has over 2,000 vessels requisitioned for carrying troops and stores and 2,300 auxiliary craft engaged in patrol services. The requirements of the French and Italian navies have also put a heavy drain on their merchant marine.

The Crop of 1915.

It is beyond question that 1915 has been the banner year in the history of western Canada as far as the yield of all produce of the soil is concerned. The prices in respect to grain have been well in excess of the average obtained during the past ten years, and the present grain crop has brought more money to western Canada than any previous one.

The yield of grain has been large in every locality in the west, and in some cases phenomenally so. Reports would indicate in portions of Alberta and Saskatchewan a yield of wheat of over sixty bushels to the acre, and it has been well said that we have this year garnered not one crop but two. As to what effect this crop has had on the prosperity of the individual farmer it is difficult to say.

A Strathcona Story.

Lord Strathcona was fond of telling this story of a Highland chief, The Macnab, a pioneer on the upper Ottawa. "On one occasion Macnab entertained Sir George Simpson and a number of leading fur traders of Highland origin. Some surprise was expressed that Simpson should have occupied the seat at one end of the board, and a Mr. McKenzie the other end.

"At last some one inquired: 'Macnab, why are ye no at the head o' your ain table?'

"The host turned upon his questioner and answered with great dignity:

"'Mr. MacPherson, I'd hae ye ken weel that where The Macnab sits, there is the head o' the table!'"

It looks like an awful libel on mother when a New Yorker sues to recover damages for losing a tooth when he engulfed his face in a cake that was advertised as "the kind that mother used to make."

The Store That's So Different !

YOU have doubtless read and re-read many Clothing Advertisements !

You have been pestered with big type and you have been reasoned with in small type !

You have been plied with advertised reductions so unreasonable that your good sense at once stamps them as fictitious.

Here' a Store That's Different

Men's Suits and Overcoats
Exceptional Merit
$8.50, $10, $12 up to $25

We are not giving away Clothing or conducting our Store out of pure generosity to the Public.

We sell no $15 Overcoats for $7.88, nor do we sell $20.00 Suits for $10.99.

We claim to be a fair-dealing, wide-awake Clothing Houae— always giving you the best possible value for your money, and ever ready to make any wrong, right. Surely, no one will or can give you more for your money than we will give you—and you can certainly do no better than to make this YOUR CLOTHING STORE.

Quick & Robertson
THE OUTFITTERS

GORMAN'S BOOT SHOP

MEET ME FACE TO FACE

The Beauty of Our Feed

is that there is no waste to it. Your horse will lick up the last oat or the last kernel of grain. It tastes so good to him that he wants every bit that belongs to him. So there's economy as well as satisfaction in buying your feed and grain here. Try it once and you'll try it always.

H. E. FAIRFIELD

AMUSEMENTS

CITY HALL THEATRE
TO-NIGHT
2 Act Roaring Farce—
The Salesman

Pretty Girls, - - - - - Company of 20
Auspices XVth Regiment Band
Prices, - - - - 15c, 25c, 35c
Come and patronize your Band

By special request of the Scott Theatre management the Monroe Amusement Co. are playing on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday next. Same popular prices, *with a change of show nightly*. Monday night show—THE SALESMAN (Musical Comedy).

HAVE THE INTELLIGENCER
SENT TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

THE LOYALTY OF INDIA

The Effect of War on Missions—Splendid Address by Rev. Harry Stillwell B. A. at the Baptist Church

In spite of the inclement weather a large audience assembled at the Baptist Church yesterday morning to listen to an address by Rev. Harry Stillwell, a noted Baptist missionary and traveller, and one of the leading authorities on the Orient and the problems of the far East. Mr. Stillwell is home on furlough and expects to return to India next fall, where he is the Principal of a High School at Cocanada, having 600 young men—Brahmins and Christians—in residence. Mr. Stillwell declared that there are no pro-Germans or pacifists in India. He said that India, under the fostering wing of Great Britain, continues to move steadily forward in the path of national progress. Already she possesses 35,000 miles of railway, which carry every year 350,000,000 passengers; 72,000 miles of telegraph, and 88,000 miles of canals, which irrigate 48,000,000 acres of land. The "unrest" of a few years ago has ebbed and died, to be followed by a wave of passionate loyalty and devotion to the British Raj, which has thrilled the Empire and astonished the whole world. The enthusiasm with which the great ruling princes have offered to place the whole resources of their kingdoms at the disposal of the Government, and the eagerness with which all classes have clamored for a share in the defence of the Empire, are a fine tribute to the just and magnanimous rule of the great Christian nation, under the folds of whose flag so many once divided and warring peoples now live in peace and brotherhood. This outburst of loyalty is a convincing reply to the multitude of detractors who have of recent years carried on a campaign of slander and abuse of British rule in India. Yet we do not hesitate to affirm, said the speaker, that were it not for the presence of the more than 3,000 missionaries in India and the work they and their predecessors have done in creating new ideals and in welding the bonds between the British Government and the native people, this remarkable demonstration would have been impossible. That this is not merely the ex parte judgment of overwrought missionary enthusiasts may be proved from the public statements of some of the greatest of British statesmen. For example, Lord Bryce, the distinguished diplomat and historian, writes: "The longer one stays in India, the more evidence one has that the future well-being of this country and, above all, the extension, permanence and quality of British influence depend largely on the progress of Missions." And Sir Augustus Rivers Thompson, Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, writes: "Christian missionaries have done more real lasting good to the people of India than all other agencies combined. They have been the salt of the country and the true saviours of the Empire." Similar testimony in almost identical language might be quoted from Sir Mackworth Young, Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab, and Lord Lawrence, one of the greatest of India's Viceroys.

Christianity is touching the deepest springs of India's life, and great social and intellectual, as well as religious movements are coming to birth, which are completely revolutionizing Indian society. There is now an insistent demand for a new social order, in which the old inequality so long perpetuated by caste shall be done away. A new social conscience is demanding the abolition of the nautch, early marriage, polygamy, legalized prostitution, and intemperance. Movements looking toward religious reform are springing up here and there (all of them the indirect, if not direct, results of Missions), one of the most notable being the movement among the Sikhs of the Punjab.

Speaking of the war and its effect on foreign missions, Mr. Stillwell said that a conflict which disturbs the social, moral, commercial and political equilibrium of the whole world, should have a profound effect upon the missionary enterprise, goes without saying. When it is remembered that the countries engaged in this Titanic struggle, together with their colonies and dependencies, embrace a population of 950,000,000 and occupy three-fourths of the territory of the globe; that the nations involved, with the exception of Turkey, are at least professedly Christian; that the resources of these nations are being drained at the rate of $50,000,000 a day; that Mission fields have been the scene of great battles; that hundreds of native Christians, especially in Asiatic Turkey, have already been put to the sword; that many missionaries have been summoned to the colors by their respective countries, while others have been arrested and interned, leaving hundreds of native workers without pastoral care; that station after station has had to be abandoned, hospitals, schools and dispensaries closed or abridged in their operations, and all advance movements halted—some faint idea of the dislocation caused by the war may be imagined.

It need hardly be remarked, too, said Mr. Stillwell, that the war has had a very disturbing effect upon the minds of both Christians and non-Christians on the foreign field. The faith of the former has been sorely tried, while to the latter the spectacle of so-called Christian nations in deadly conflict presents a moral enigma they are utterly unable to solve. Unquestionably the prestige of Christianity as a world force has suffered a temporary eclipse, while thousands intellectually convinced of its truth are hesitating about openly identifying themselves with the Christian religion, until the issue between the nations is finally settled. Perhaps in no part of the Mission field does this phase of the situation assume a more serious aspect than in India where, our missionaries inform us, in the minds of the people Christianity and the Government are one, and consequently the downfall of one would mean the collapse of the other. This fact alone should furnish a fresh stimulus to prayer and effort that the cause of the Allies may triumph. The speaker reiterated that the people of India, from the wealthiest Rajah to the lowest fellaheen, were loyal to the great British Empire, and that all Germany's attempts to sow the seeds of sedition, and religious bigotry had signally failed, and had indeed proved a veritable boomerang—for the Indians, with their hot, passionate hearts, were literally pleading to be allowed to fight the battles of their great sovereign, King George V. These Sikhs and Gurkhas and Bengalese make fine sldiers, and are proving their loyalty in Egypt, Mesopotamia, and Persia in valorous fashion today. Mr. Stillwell believes that after this war is over we will witness a wonderful epoch of missionary zeal and world-brotherhood, and he urged the church to adopt a policy of preparedness and to get on a war footing.

Address And Presentation

On Tuesday, January 25, over one hundred friends of everywhere gathered at the home of Mr. John Donnan and family to bid them good-bye as they are to leave here on Thursday 28th inst., for to spend the remainder of their days with their sons and daughters at Saskatoon, Sask. After the gathering came to order the Rev. Mr. Huffman read the following address.

To Mr. and Mrs. John Donnon,
Plainfield, January 25th, 1916.
And Mrs. Helen Commins.
Dear Friends;

There are very few changes which have occurred in the old community of Plainfield which have caused greater surprise than the one about to take place in your departure to your new home in the Western country. Yet in the ruling of an all-wise providence the unexpected is continuallly occurring in the lives of individuals communities and nations.

If sentiment alone was sufficient to determine our lot ere is no doubt that at this age you would prefer to remain the little time, still alloted to you in this place where you have spent so many merry years and where you are so well and intimately known. But kind providence acting through your boys has made it possible for you to spend the remaining time of your life near your own, surrounded by all the comforts that they are able to furnish. This will show the compensation for the love in parting with so many old friends and neighbors and for Mrs. Commins, who faces the world with her little family. We cannot but feel that the burden of raising her family will be greatly lessened living as she will, near those who can care for her. The advantages to get education for the family will be such as any of us might wish for our boys and girls at the same time. We regret her leaving us. We need not multiply words to express the esteem in which you are held in our presence here too high, speaks louder than anything we may say. We ask you Mr. John Donnan to except this gold headed cane, Mrs. Donnan this wool komano also this sweater coat. Mrs. Helen Commins, this purse as an expression of our esteem and good will at this time and with these go our prayers and best wishes for a safe journey to your new home and trust that you all may be spared many years to enjoy your new home in the city of Saskatoon and we are sure that though separated here for a season, we shall meet by and by over the river where we all have so many waiting to greet us.

Signed on behalf of the friends,
Rev. Huffman, D. Poucher, M. Tummon, A. Moore.

After which speeches were made by Rev. Mr. Huffman, D. Poucher, A Moore, M. Tummon.

After tea was served all joined in singing, "There's a better Land than this." After wishing Mr. and Mrs. Donnon and Mrs. Commins and family farewell and a safe journey and many days of pleasure in their western home., the gathering broke up at 11 p.m.

DEATH OF MRS. JAMES DONNAN

At the family residence, West Huntingdon, on Sunday night, Jan. 23rd, there passed away Jane Robinson, beloved wife of Mr. James Donnan. Mrs. Donnan was one of the oldest residents of this vicinity. She came to West Huntington from Ireland in 1871, and was married in 1875 to Mr. James Donnan. To them eight children were born, all of whom reached home to see their mother laid away in her last resting place.

Mrs. Donnan was a member of the Presbyterian church in Ireland, and united by certificate with St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, West Huntingdon.

Throughout her life she took a deep interest in all kinds of church work, being always ready to lend a hand in anything that would further her Master's cause.

Mrs. Donnan was the centre of a happy home which drew many to share in its generous hospitality. She will be greatly missed both in church and social life.

The following daughters and son survive her, who, together with her husband, are left to mourn the loss of a faithful and devoted wife and mother:—Mrs. Reid (Isabelle), Sidney; Mrs. Scott (Mary), Lowell, Mass.; Mrs. Cottom (Margaret), Parry Sound, Mrs. Devolin (Blanche), Madoc Matilda, New York, and Eliza, Sam and Nellie at home. There are nine grandchildren.

MUSIC & DRAMA

BRINGING UP FATHER

Not even excepting the famous Floradora Sextette, has there ever been gathered together in one musical comedy company, such a galaxy of beautiful women, as is to be seen in Gus Hill's stage presentation of George McManus's newspaper cartoon piece, 'Bringing Up Father,' which is scheduled for appearance at Griffin's Opera House next Friday night, for a stay of one night only. Their matchless beauty is augmented by costumes from the emporiums of Worth, of Paris, Hayden and Mme Rhue, of New York, who were given carte blanche to dress these women in the latest costume creations. This special feature of the production is calculated to attract the women, and place before their eyes the very latest satorial wrinkles. 20 tuneful song hits are introduced during the performance.

India, home of the dark men, always has had a fascination for us, and any photo reproduction of life in India is always sure to prove popular and unusually interesting, and the management of Griffin's Opera House announce that they have been fortunate in booking the massive Geo. Kleine 6-reel photoplay entitled "Between Savage and Tiger" for exhibition tomorrow night only, this photodrama teems with excitement and adventure throughout the entire 6 reels and has proven one of the most gripping wild animal stories shown in some time. As a special extra attraction for Tuesday and Wednesday, The Ford Canadian Monthly, which includes a review of all the important Canadian events for month will also be shown and includes the following interesting events, recent Ice Races at Delormier Park, Montreal, Harry Lauder the famous Scotch comedian arriving in Hamilton, 86th and 120th battalions of Hamilton in sham battle, also showing same battalions in action with platoons, and hand grenade practice. A review of 10,000 Canadian troops in Toronto by The Duke of Connaught, and many other interesting Canadian events, besides the above offerings some highly amusing comedies will be presented.

The fascinating novel in 4 acts universal feature "Lord John in New York" has been selected as the feature offering at Griffin's Palace Theatre, to-night and Tuesday, matinee and night. This splendid photoplay, which features William Garwood, who is ably supported by a cast of unusual excellence, is being offered in addition to a program of sure to please comedies.

CHERNIAVSKY TRIUMPH

A splendid audience at Massey Hall greeted the Cherniavsky Trio on the occasion of their local debut on Saturday night. These accomplished Russian artists scored an indisputable triumph. They created a profound impression with their first ensemble number, the Mendelssohn Trio, No. 1 for planoforte, violin and 'cello, a favorite work with amateur players. Each of the brothers has abundant technique, greatness and resonance of tone, and plays with the abandon and vigor of youth. Their concerted work in the Mendelssohn number, as in a group of three small numbers, as arranged by Widor, Schubert and Brahms, revealed a mutual understanding of sympathy in the rendering. One does not often hear chamber trios played by professional artists from Europe, and the musical treat offered was of a specially welcome nature. The most brilliant string trio that has appeared in Toronto consisted of Ysaye, Marteau and Gerardy, and for piano and strings trio Lachaume as pianist. The Cherniavskys proved themselves to be accomplished soloists. Leo contributed the first movement of Tschaikowsky's exacting violin concerto, a movement bristling with most difficult passage work; Mischel gave Golterman's violincello concerto in A minor, and Jan, the pianist, two Chopin numbers and the virtuso fantasia in Rigoletto, by Liszt. These selections gave the brothers ample opportunity to display their facile execution with bow and the left hand.

The concert was for the benefit of the Citizens' Recruiting League, and was under their auspices. One may add that the artists were recalled two or three times after each number.

From the Toronto "Globe" Nov 15, 1915.

Fine Bathroom Ware

We offer you a complete line of "Out of the Ordinary" Bathroom Ware, combining Great Strength and Durability with Beauty of Design.

The absence of fancy or ornamental features renders these goods perfectly sanitary..

Guarantee

Our Guarantee of Good Workmanship, Good Plating, and Perfect Satisfaction accompanies every article.

The John Lewis COMPANY LIMITED

ARENA TURNBULL ST

Band Tues. Thurs. Sat.

O. H. A. HOCKEY
Lindsay Juniors
vs.
Belleville Juniors
Wednesday, February 2
This game will be played Wednesday night, ice or no ice.
Admission 25c. Reserved seats 35c.
Band in Attendance

GET
THE
F.S.ANDERSON CO'S
GENUINE
SCRANTON
COAL
BELLEVILLE

The Best we Can Buy Carefully Prepared and Delivered

The F. S. ANDERSON CO.,
42 Bridge St.

RED CROSS AND PATRIOTIC ENTERTAINMENT
GRIFFIN'S OPERA HOUSE
THURSDAY, Feb. 3
Miss Lottie Tillotson
of Hawaii.
Entertainer of World-wide reputation.
Excellent programme of vocal and instrumental music by our best local talent.
80th Overseas Battalion Orchestra under direction of Mr. Howard.
Reserved seats 35 cents for all ground floor and two front rows in balcony. Rest of house 25 cents. Plan open on Tuesday at Doyle's Drug Store.

Ladies'
Hudson Seal Coats

No. 1 Quality Lined throughout with No. 1 Brocade satin 40 inches long...... Price $120.00
Muff to match $22.00

J. T. DELANEY
29 Campbell St. Phone 797
opposite Y.M.C.A.
See Our Window
N. B. We Buy Raw Furs

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent my be obtained as soon as homestead patent on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—30690.

OVERCOATS

Now is the season to order your Winter Overcoat! We are showing a very complete stock at prices within reach of all.

Also Tweed Suitings in all new shades and colourings.

ARTHUR McGIE
208 Front Street

ONE WEEK
WHITEWEAR BARGAIN SALE

A GREAT BARGAIN FEAST OF MUSLIN UNDERWEAR and Broken Assortments of LADIES' LINGERIE BLOUSES

White Week Sale of Dainty Gowns

Dozens of high-class, handsome Night Gowns, perfect in every detail and priced exceeding low for this sale.

$1.00 Gowns - for 78c
1.25 „ - for 98c
1.50 „ - for $11.8
$1.75 Gowns - for $1.38
2.00 „ - for 1.58
2.50 „ - for 1.98

Drawers Priced Low

So low in fact that you'll surely want to supply your future needs.

Regular 75c - for 53c
Regular $1.00 - for 73c
Regular $1.25 - for 93c
Regular $1.50 for $1.03

Brassieres

The famous Gossard Lines that will delight your eye and please your pocket-book.

Regular 75c - for 58c
Regular $1.00 - for 78c
Regular $1.23 - for 98c
Regular $1.50 for $1.18

Wed., Jan. 26, to Wed., Feb. 2

Enticing Offer Of Fine Underskirts

No matter if you desire a rather modest inexpensive one, or a real good one, we have them at prices that will delight you.

Reg. $1.00 values for 78c
„ 1.25 „ 98c
„ 1.50 „ $1.18
„ 1.75 „ 1.38
„ 2.00 „ 1.58
„ 2.50 „ 1.98

Beautiful Blouses

You will be surprised at the extensive lines we are showing for this Sale, and the remarkable values we are able to offer.

THREE BIG TABLES FULL

Table No. 1
Reg. $1.25 Blouses for 97c
„ 1.50 „ $1.17
„ -1.75 „ 1.27

Do Not Miss This Whitewear Sale

Ketcheson & Earle

TO-NIGHT
Griffin's Opera House
FREDERICK
PALMER
Will Portray with Moving Pictures and Thrilling Narratives
The Great World War
Seats, $1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion and one cent for each additional word; 4 insertions 75 cents; 6 insertions, $1.00 invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales, which will be published at two cents per word. Count 8 marks and figures (123) as one word each.

FEMALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED — GENERAL HOUSEKEEPER. Apply 71 Station Street. 28-4td

WANTED — ATTENDANTS. APPLY Ontario School for the Deaf. j19-tf

WANTED—SMART INTELLIGENT GIRLS to learn Shirt making. Apply Deacon Shirt Company. j24-7td

AGENTS WANTED

AGENT WANTED AT BELLEVILLE—Crown Life Ins. Co. of Toronto want good live hustler. Liberal contract. Write to Crown Life Ins. Co., Toronto. 27-4td

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS LATHE, BORING Mill hands and machinists. Steady work. Good wages. Apply Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Peterborough, Canada. 26-6td

TO RENT

TO RENT, RESIDENCE, No 221 CHARLES St.; contains all modern conveniences. Apply at The Intelligencer Office. a23-tf

TO LET, THE LARGE SHOP AND PREMises on Campbell Street, adjoining the Bank of Commerce, and also rooms in the same block and the Robertson Block, suitable for offices and apartments. S. S. Lazier. j17-dtf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—WATER MOTOR, GLASS OFfice, two refrigerators. Must be sold and taken away in 20 days. Green's Butcher Shop, 181 Front St. 27-6td

FARM FOR SALE—LOT ONE, SEVENTH Concession Tyendinaga, 2 miles from Latta P.O., 90 acres land, buildings in good shape. Apply W. M. or J. A. Goodfellow, Latta. j31-6td;2tw

HOUSE FOR SALE—BRICK HOUSE SEVEN rooms, in good repair, large lot, fruit trees, barn. Apply to J. A. Roblin, 176 West Moira Street. j31-6td

This Changeable Weather Brings Coughs and Colds

Here are a few lines of our own make of Confectionery that give relief to that tickling in the throat

Horehound Tablets, 20c lb.
Butter Scotch, - - 20c lb.
Menthol Tablets, - 30c lb.
Humbugs, - - - 20c lb.
BarleySugarTablets 20c lb.

Have Some to-day

Chas. S. Clapp

NOTICE

THE WATER SUPPLIED BY CITY WATER WORKS SHOULD BE THOROUGHLY BOILED BEFORE USING

This is due to the impure condition reported by the Public Analyst for Ontario, and notice will be given of any change.

(Singned) Horace A. Yeomans,
Medical Officer of Health.

SPORTING NEWS

HOCKEY

Another slump in the cold weather has caused a third postponement of the hockey match scheduled for tonight; but keep you eye on Wednesday night, and make no other dates for that date. You'll see a game, ice or no ice, that will be a snapper.

Canada's Crops

OTTAWA, Jan. 19.—The final returns of the yield, quality and value of the grain crops of Canada for the season, 1915 have been issued from the census and statistics office. They are compiled from the reports of agricultural correspondents throughout Canada. For the three northwest provinces a large number of returns estimating the yield per acre of wheat, oats, barley rye and flax were also received from the rural postmasters and brought into the compilation.

Yield of Grain Crops

As a result of the returns of the average yields per acre, made after threshing, the total yields of the grain crops in bushels for the season of 1915 compared with 1914 are as follows:—Wheat 376,303,600, as against 161,280,000 in 1914; oats 520,103,000 as against 313,078,000, barley 53,331,300 as against 36,201,000, rye 2,394,100 as against 2,016,800 peas 3,478,850 as against 3,362,500, beans 733,400 as against 797,500; buckwheat 7,175,900 as against 8,626,000, flaxseed 10,628,000 as against 7,175,200, mixed grains 17,523,100 as against 16,382,500 and corn for husking 14,368,000 as against 13,924,000 bushels. The average yields per acre in 1915 are, in bushels as follows. The figures placed in brackets representing the yields of 1914 for comparison:—Fall wheat 29.41 (21.41); spring wheat 28.93 (15.07); all wheat 28.98 (15.67); oats 45.76 (31.12); barley 35.33 (24.21); rye 21.31 (18.12); peas 17.73 (17.64); beans 16.70 (18.20); buckwheat 22.88 (24.34); flaxseed 13.10 (6.62); mixed gains 37.54 (35.36); and corn for husking 56.72 (54.39.)

The average yields per acre for 1915, as now definitively returned, and consequently the estimated total yields, are thus larger than the two previous estimates published by the census and statistics office, viz., the "preliminary" estimate of August 31 and the "provisional" estimate of September 30. For the principal grain crops the total yields represent the most abundant harvest in the history of Canada. With regard to wheat and oats this result is due to a double cause; expansion of the acreage by special effort as a consequence of the war and an exceptionally favourable season giving for Canada the highest average per acre on record.

Quality of Grain Crops

The quality of the grain crops in 1915, as determined by the weight in lb. per measured bushel, is, with the exception of one or two crops, superior to that of last year and is also superior to the average of the last five years. The weights per bushel for 1915 are as follows: Fall wheat 59.71 lbs., spring wheat 60.31 lb., all wheat 60.19 lb., oats 38.61 lb., barley 48.26 lb., rye 56.32 lb., peas 60.74 lb., beans 59.61 lb., buckwheat 48.02 lb., flax 55.28 lb., mixed grains 44.98 lb. and corn for husking 56.32 lb.

Values of Crops

The values are estimated from local market prices as returned by the crop reporting correspondents of the Census and Statistics office. For wheat in 1915 the average price per bushel for the whole of Canada is about 10 cents less than that of last year and about 10 cents more than that of the quinquennial average. The total values of the principal grain crops of 1915 are as follows: Wheat $312,569,700, beans $176,894,700, barley $26,704,700, rye $1,899,900, peas $5,730,700, beans $2,206,800, buckwheat $5,913,000, flaxseed $15,965,000, mixed grains $10,034,700, corn for husking fodder crops, particulars of which were published last November, the total value of the field crops of Canada in 1915 amounts to nearly $800,000,000 comprising grain crops $568,161,900, potatoes and sugar beets $36,739,500, and fodder crops $192,768,100.

Wheat, Oats, Barley and Flax in the ….. ..Northwest Provinces …….

In the three northwest provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the production of wheat in 1915 is estimated at 342,948,000 bushels as compared with 140,958,000 bushels in 1914, of oats at 334,840,600 bushels, in 1914, of oats at 334,840,600 bushels compared with 150,843,000 of barley at 35,317,200 bushels compared with 19,535,000 bushels and flax at 10,559,000 bushels compared with 7,083,00 bushels.

Bud, a Boston terrier, owned by W. B. Pinney, an employee of the Southern New England Telephone Company, at Winsted, Conn., and a member of the Volunteer Fire Brigade, can distinguish his master's telephone call—two rings—from the other numbers on the 316 line.

Calls For More Canadian Troops

Twenty Thousand Additional Men To Sail Soon—Dominion to Equip Soldiers

OTTAWA, Jan. 30.—Britain has asked for the despatch across the Atlantic of 20,000 additional Canadian fighting men. Nearly twice the number are ready, and within the next two or three months twenty more Canadian battalions will encamp in England and to wait the summons to the front.

Major-General Sir Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia, made the announcement in an interview with the newspapermen tonight. While the plans for the transportation of the troops cannot, of course, be made public, it is understood that the Admiralty has made arrangements which wi l mean as little delay as possible. The Minister gave no intimation to-night as to individual battalions likely to be chosen, other than wou.d be made solely upon merit, but it is generally conceded that the camp under the command of General Logie at Toronto will furnish its share, as will probably the camps at London and Kingston.

Supply Own Machine Guns ….

Sir Sam Hughes also announced that Canada will supply her own troops with machine guns, and that all Canadian machine guns would be "pooled" iwth the British guns. Col. David Carnegie of the Shell Committee was, the Minister stated, now at the front making observations with a view to guiding the Government in further preparation and purchase of munitions.

Sir Sam is enthusiatsic over the outlook for raising the Canadian army to half a million men. Within the past few days he stated he had received offers from Regina, which city is sending 2,500 additional men. Swift Current, Saskatchewan, has offered to raise a battalion, an offer which has been accepted, while Mr. Edward King has written from the Peace River District offering to bring down a battalion from that northern outpost. The Minister has also availed himself of this offer.

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Sundays Despatches

Brief Reviews of Conditions in the Several War Zones

Canadian Press Special

LONDON, Jan. 30.—It is announced that Sir Percy Lake has joined General Aylmer's Relief Force, which is still held up by floods on the Tigerus

Reports from Kut-el-Amara indicate the situation at camp is satisfactory.

A despatch from Paris this evening, states property damaged by the Zeppelin raid will be considerable. Reports from the western front state that fierce artillery fighting has resumed in Artois region and along the Somme.

Petrograd reports the Russian army in Causasus continue to dislodge the Turks from their positions.

A Saloniki despatch reports the allied troops have taken possession of Cape Karabura on the Black Sea.

Athens reports an allied air raid on a Bulgar camp at Lake Doiran where many were killed and wounded and much damage done.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—British official last night reports heavy German bombardment in Loos region, and capture of several saps by British.

Paris official reports French continue to reoccupy trenches captured by the Germans in Artois yesterday.

A Berlin War Office announcement admits the French have recaptured much ground taken by the Germans at Frize. The announcement also admits the German offensive was stopped on reaching the British lines.

despatch from Paris at noon reports German Zeppelins raided Paris last night and this morning. A fleet of aeroplanes and the fort guns engaged them. As far as known there are ten killed and thirty injured. Many explosions and fires are reported.

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$2,379,854 For Patriotic Fund

Campaign Closes in Blaze of Enthusiasm, With Collections Nearly Million Over Mark

Montreal's whirlwind campaign to raise $1,500,000 for the Patriotic Fund concluded last night in a blaze of enthusiasm, when reports up to date showed that nearly an additional million dollars had been raised, the total collections reported amounting to $2,379,854. This brings the amount given to well beyond the two million dollar mark, without counting the expected city donation of $250,000. The final returns were brought to these huge figures by the achievement of the Day's Pay Committee, under Mr. J. W. McConnell, which reported no less than $427,048. It is expected that a number of other reports will come in within the next few days, which may bring the final total well on towards $2,500,000, as occurred on the opening campaign in the fall of 1914, when returns received after the close of the regular campaign added considerably to the fund.

RITCHIE'S

20 Per Cent Off All
Upholstery Work
Charges

Sale of Furniture Coverings

This offer is for one more week only, and means a great saving to those who have Furniture to be re-upholstered. A phone or personal call will bring our upholsterer to you and give an estimate on your needs. Remember! 20 per cent. off all work charges. Figure up what that will save you.

This is the great money-saving chance you will ever have to buy new coverings for those pieces of Furniture that have grown shabby and faded—or perhaps curtain materials for your windows or arches, because many of the fabrics are suitable for both Furniture Coverings or Draperies. They are such splendid weaves as **Silk Tapestries, Silk Brocatelles, All Wool Damasks, and Dresden Designs with Silk Stripes.** Some of the lighter weight materials are washable; all absolutely fast colorings. See them in the window.

NOTE: These Febrics were boughat before the war, and if we were to buy the same materials today the regular prices mentioned above would be about double.

COVERINGS Worth 75c, $1, $1.25 and $1.50 Reduced to, yard,………. 50c

COVERINGS Worth $2, $3.25, $2.50 and $3 Reduced to, yard,………. $1.50

Silk Curtains that were Originally $10 and $12 are now $3.95

Fourteen pairs only of part Silk Casement Curtains in five pretty designs, fringed and brush edging effects, originally sold at $10 and $12. Your choice ………………………… $3.95

25 p.c. Discount off all Odd Curtains

Odd pairs, some slightly soiled, only one pair of a kind, in Nottinghams, Swiss Nets, Voiles, Marquisettes, Brussels Net, etc. Regular prices, $1.25 to $10.00, with **25 per cent. off this week.**

Men's Suits, $10.95

Stock taking has revealed a quantity of High Class Suits which we are desirous of clearing out before the final inventory at the end of the month. They are odd lines of suits, not being all sizes in any one pattern, but the lot represents a complete range of sizes from 36 to 42. All excellent values at the regular prices, in greys or brown English tweed mixtures. Owing to the increased cost of clothing materials and trimmings, we consider this an excellent opportunity to procure a first class Suit at a bargain—$10.95.
(See window)

Millinery Half Price

This in cludes not only the Ladies' trimmed Millinery, but every untrimmed shape as well as all Children's Millinery. There are still many "chic" hats shown for your choosing that would be very becoming for present wear. Just think of this: For $2, $3, $4 and $5 you can buy Hats that would previously have cost you $4, $6, $8 and $10.
(2nd Floor)

2 Dozen DRESSES to Clear at $5

All of very fine Silk and Serge qualities; also a few Cashmeres. They are in splendid shades of Brown, Cream, Navy, Black, Greens, and Copenhagen. Not this season's garments, of course, but good styles. It is a certainty that they will not be long in stock at this price, so be on hand early for first choice. Regular values $12.50 to $20.00. Your choice for ……………………… $5.00

All Our LADIES' COATS Half Price

And that means you can buy a Coat that is marked to sell at **$10 for $5; $12 Coats for $6; $15 Coats for $7.50; $18 Coats for $9.00, $20 Coats for $10; $25 Coats for $12.50, and $30.00 Coats for $15.00.** These are not undesirable garments, but every one strictly new in the latest styles, and the best of materials. See them in the windows.

The RITCHIE Company Limited

Germans Win And Lose Attacks

"A Belgian told me the sign on the station at Ostend had been taken down and the legend 'Calais' substituted," writes a captain in the Army Service Corps to a Toronto friend, adding, "The German women evidently thought that Calais was taken, for they forwarded packages of socks and things to our brave soldiers who have captured Calais. These went through Holland to England to be trans-shipped to Calais. He claimed to have actual possession of some of them. It was a curious mistake!

"The Belgians I have met are very charming people, and they simply do not regard the Germans as belonging to the human race.

" had and interesting visit to an aeroplane hangar a little time ago. One machine had just come back from France and had a number of holes patched up where fragments of a shell had pierced it. Apparently quite a bearing space can be destroped without bringing the plane down.

Too Popular

"The flight captain said that when one is being shelled, it seems as if the whole enemy army is devoting its entire aatention to bringing down that particular machine. . He also told me it was very difficult to hit anything and sometimes the bombs missed the object aimed at by a mile. It is good news, for it will be difficult to hit our trucks."

The captain is stationed in England at present. He reports that one of the camps near them was shelled during the raids in the fall because a light was left burning in a guard tent for a short time. That gave the raiders a mark. The authorities always seem to know when a raid is coming, for word comes from headquarters to douse all lights, or "lights out" sounds on the bugles and is taken up by the bugles of the various guards."

Impregnable Front

Speaking of the situation on the Western front, the letter says, "Apparently we are so well entrenched that it is impossible for the micreants to advance. All agree as to the vast supply of ammunition, etc., stored there, so we evidently are prepared for any contingency."

"Eggs here are three shillings a dozen, and a lot of other things have gone up. There is a widespread belief that the merchants soak the Canadian soldiers very hard, and I think there is a lot in it."

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Capt Bingay of Port Arthur Dead

PORT ARTHUR, Jan. 30.—Word has been received here that Capt. L. W. Bingay has died at a military hospital in Etaples, France, from gunshot wounds received in action two weeks ago. He was Captain of Port Arthur Company, 8th Battalion, first contingent. Captain Bingay, who was a Nova Scotian by birth and of U. E. Loyalist stock, served in the South African war. He was news editor of The Evening Chronicle of this city. Mrs. Bingay was with him when he died.